ERAS

20861 Wilbeam Ave., Ste. 4

Environmental, Inc.

Castro Valley, CA 94546

(510) 247-9885 facsimile: (510) 886-5399

May 21, 2003

Mr. Francis Rush Rush Property Group 2200 Adeline Street, #350 Oakland, CA, 94607

Postalt* Fax Note 7671	Date W of pages
TO BARNEY CHAN	From Myd Stario
Co /Dept.	Co. 1
Phone #	Phone #
Fex* 337-9335	Fax #

Subject: Informal Summary of Subsurface Investigation and Recommendation 1549 32nd Street, Oakland, CA
Project Number 02-006, Task 02

Dear Mr. Rush:

This letter presents an informal summary of the analytical results for samples taken during the subsurface investigation and proposes areas for removal of soil as corrective action. This letter does not provide a comprehensive detailing of the investigation procedures nor does it include all of the chemical results of all of the samples. That information will be needed to receive final case closure from the Alameda County Health Services Agency (ACHSA) and the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), and will be presented as a formal report that ERAS is still preparing.

However, in recognition of your need to proceed with corrective action in a timely manner, this letter provides key information regarding the contaminants that present environmental risk issues and a map showing the estimated area that will require removal of soil.

Groundwater Flow

Groundwater was found to flow to the west-northwest under the site with a gradient of about 0.03 foot/foot (3%). The Figure Groundwater Elevation Map - April 9, 2003 is attached to this letter.

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

Vault Samples

Six samples of oil covered sand or gravel from vaults were analyzed for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) by EPA Method 8015M. The analyses indicate that all the vaults but one contained only or predominantly hydraulic oil. The last vault (Vault F) located in the northern portion of the building contained motor oil. The results of the analyses are summarized in Table 1.

PAGE 02

1549 32nd Street May 16, 2003 Page 2

Groundwater Samples

In groundwater samples from the current investigation, only concentrations of TPH-hydraulic oil exceeded the RWQCB Risk-Based Screening Levels (RBSLs) for groundwater that is not potential drinking water (640 µg/L for hydraulic oil). The Figure Estimated Extent of TPH in Groundwater shows the estimated horizontal extent of concentrations of dissolved TPH-hydraulic oil above 640 µg/L. (Note: this RBSL is based on threat to aquatic life. The ceiling value RBSL based on odor etc is 5,000 µg/L). This figure shows two areas of concern, the area in the north portion of the current building, and the other near the southeast corner of the current building. The inferred contours incorporate results from both the current investigations and previous investigations. The area of TPH in groundwater above the RBSL does not appear to have advanced offsite to the west, and only a short distance to the east. The results of the analyses are summarized in Table 4.

Soil Samples

In soil samples from the current investigation, only concentrations of TPH-hydraulic oil exceeded the RWQCB Risk-Based Screening levels for soil contamination that may leach to groundwater (1,000 mg/kg for hydraulic oil). The attached Figure Estimated Extent of TPH in Soil shows the area in which soil is estimated to contain concentrations of TPH-hydraulic oil above 1,000 mg/kg. These areas incorporate analytical results from the current investigation as well as results of previous investigations. The figure shows two areas of concern, the area in the northern area of the building around boring E-5, and an area covering the south-east and central portions of the current building. The results of the analyses are summarized in Table 2.

Metals

The soil and groundwater samples were analyzed for chromium, copper and nickel. None of the soil samples were found to contain concentrations of these metals above the Oakland surface soil RBSLs for residential land use. However, one of the groundwater samples (E-5) was found to exceed the Oakland RBSLs for chromium and copper, and all groundwater samples were found to exceed the Oakland RBSL for nickel. The analytical results for nickel did not show a correlation between the nickel concentrations in soil and groundwater samples collected from the same boring.

The Figure Estimated Extent of Nickel in Groundwater is attached to this letter. The areas of highest nickel concentration in groundwater are in the northern and central portions of the site and seem to echo the distribution of TPH-hydraulic oil in groundwater, therefore residual oil in the soil appears to be the most likely source of nickel in groundwater. Only the vault sample Vault G was tested for metals, and was found to contain some nickel. The figure shows that the area of dissolved nickel above the Oakland RBSL (0.1 mg/L) appears to have advanced only a short distance offsite. The results of the analyses are summarized in Tables 3 and 5.

1549 32nd Street May 16, 2003 Page 3

Other Suspected Contaminants

None of the vault samples were found to contain PCBs, PAHs or VOCs. Some VOCs were detected in soil and groundwater samples. However, all VOCs detected were found at concentrations below Oakland residential RBSLs, for those compounds for which RBSLs exist.

Recommended Corrective Action

The estimated areas of soil and groundwater contamination above the RBSLs show that contamination does not appear to have advanced far offsite to the west. Thus, ERAS does not believe this contamination is likely to advance much further down-gradient in the future. Therefore, ERAS recommends removal of contaminated soil that appears to be the source of contamination to the groundwater. The attached Figure Estimated Area of Excavation shows estimated excavation and confirmatory soil sample locations that is estimated will remove the soil with TPH-hydraulic oil concentrations above 1,000 mg/kg, except where limited to the east by the property boundary. This target concentration is based on the RWQCB RBSL for soil contamination leaching to groundwater that is not potential drinking water, and on a telephone conversation between Barney Chan of ACDHS and Dave Siegel of ERAS on 14 March 2003. It is assumed that the removal of residual TPH in the soil will also remove the bulk of the source of metals to the groundwater.

The recommended excavation includes removal of all of the vaults. Note the figure indicates the soil that <u>might</u> have to be removed. The actual extent will be based on visual observations and confirmation sampling that should be performed as the remediation project proceeds. Soil should be removed as close to the building walls as is safe to protect the stability and integrity of the structure. In addition, there is a line of roof support columns that trend east-west across the southern area. Excavation activities should not undermine these column footings.

Soil should be excavated to a <u>maximum</u> depth of 9 feet bgs. Sidewall samples should be collected at 7 feet bgs as this appears to be the horizon with the highest TPH concentrations. Confirmation samples should be analyzed for Fuel Scan – Extractable by EPA Method 8015 modified. If TPH above 1,000 mg/kg is detected in confirmation samples, excavation should continue in those directions unless limited by the presence of a building wall ,the property boundary or the support column feetings.

Note that the planned remediation activities will likely not be able to remove all of the impacted soil and water. Therefore, some amount of contaminated soil will remain following redevelopment. However, it appears that this will be contamination devoid of volatile constituents and will be largely confined to a depth below the surface and/or groundwater. This remaining contamination should not pose a threat to future occupants of the planned development.

· Will need deed restriction

1549 32rd Street May 16, 2003 Page 4

ERAS hopes that the above information will help you proceed with your project. If you have any questions, please call me at (510) 247-9885

Very truly yours,

ERAS Environmental, Inc.

David Siegel, Geologist, REA II

President, ERAS Environmental, Inc.

Attachments

Tables 1-5

Figure 2 - Groundwater Elevation Map - April 9, 2003

Figure 7 - Estimated Extent of TPH in Soil

Figure 8 - Estimated Extent of TPH in Groundwater

Figure 9 - Estimated Extent of Nickel in Groundwater

Figure 10 - Estimated Areas of Excavation

TABLE 1. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR TPH IN VAULTS

1549 32nd Street, Oakland, CA

		TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS				
SAMPLE ID	DATE SAMPLED	Motor	Diesel	Hydraulic Oil		
	Laboratory Method	mg/kg 6016 MQD	mgn¥q 8015 MOD	ர்தாழ் 8015 MOD		
Vault E.	04/01/03	<6,500	<500	18,000		
Vault F	04/01/03	93	<5	<65		
Vault G	04/01/03	<13	<1	18		
Vault H	04/01/03	<13,000	<1,000	29,000		
Vault I	04/01/03	<13,000	1,100	43,000		
Vault J	04/01/03	<65	<5	110		

<6,500 = Not detected above the laboratory method reporting limit.

TABLE 2. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR TPH AND VOC IN SOIL

1549 32nd Street, Oakland, CA

		TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS			VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS									
SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE DEPTH (N)	DATE SAMPLED	Gasoline	Dissel	Hydraulic	1,2,4-TMB	1,3,5-TMB	1,2,-DCB	1,4-008	Chlaro- benzane	Methylone Chloride	Napthalene	Toluene	Total Xylenes
		Unite Laboratory Melhod	GC-MI	mpRq sore woo	1015 MOD					5700				
P2-1	3.0-3.5	04/01/03	<50	8.1	<13	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	<5	<5	<5
	11.0-12.0	04/01/03	<50	12	<13	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	<5	<5	45
PZ-2	1.0-2.0	04/03/03	<50	<1	80	<5	<5	≪5	<5	<5	<25	<5	<5	45
1.2.2	11.5-12.0	04/03/03	<50	<1	20	<5	<5	≪5	<6	<5	<25	₹5	45	<5
E-5	2.5-3.5	04/02/03	310	<100	3,400	20	13	<12.5	<12.5	<125	462.5	150	<12.5	23
	11.0-12.0	04/02/03	<50	3.6	<13	≪5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	<5	<5	<6
E-6	4.0-5.0	04/01/03	<50	<20	640	<5 €	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	<5	<5	45
	8.5-9.0	04/01/03	<50	<20	2,000	<5	<5	<5	≪5	45	<25	<5	<5	<5
E-7	4.0-5.0	04/01/03	58	4.8	<13	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	₹25	<5	<5	<5
E-1	11.0-12.0	04/01/03	<50	<1	<13	<5	<5	<5	<5	≪5	₹5	<5	<5	1 1 1 1 1 1 1
E-8	4.0-5.0	04/01/03	51	<25	<312.5	1 45	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	<5	<5	≪ ≪
	11.0-12.0	04/01/03	<50	9.8	<13	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	<5	<5	<6
E-9	1.0-2.0	94/02/03	<50	<50	1,500	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	23	<5	<5
E-8	11.0-12.0	04/02/03	<50	<1	<13	<5	<5	<5	< 5	<5	<25	<5	<5	<5
E-10	3.0-4.0	04/01/03	280	<100	3,700	15	17	<12.5	<12.5	<12.5	<62.6	84	15	13
E-IU	11.0-12.0	04/01/03	<50	<1	26	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	2700	<5	<5	<5
E-11	4.0-4.5	04/02/03	120	<10	220	<5	<5	53	5.7	5.7	<25	5.9	<5	<5
	10.0-11.0	04/02/03	<50	9.0	<13	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	6	<5	<5
E-12	2.0-3.0	04/02/03	<60	<1	<13	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	<5	<5	<5
E-14	11.0-12.0	04/02/03	<50	<1	<13	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	<5	<5	<5
E-13	2.0-3.0	04/02/03	<50	2.6	<13	<5	<5	<5	≪5	<5	<25	⋖5	<5	<5
D-12	11.0-12.0	04/02/03	<50	<1	<13	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	<5	<5	<5
	RBSL -	City of Oakland								620	21'	1,200	9,000,000	54,000,00
		RBSL - RWQCB	400	500	500			1,000	130				3,53,55	

NOTES

<50 = Not detected above the lationalory method reporting firml. RBSI. = Risk-Based Screening Level for Residential Land Use.

RWOC8 = Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region.

1,2,4-TMB = 1,2,4-Trimethylbercome.

1,3,5-TMB = 1,3,5-Trimethylbergene.

1,2-DCB = 1,2-Dichloroberzene.

1,4-DCB = 1,4-Dichlorobenzene.

* ingestion of groundwater impacted by leachate.

TABLE 3. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR METALS IN SOIL

1549 32nd Street, Oakland, CA

	SAMPLE DATE DEPTH (ft) SAMPLED		METALS				
SAMPLE ID			Chromlum	Copper	Nickel		
		United Leboratory Method	60108	170/Kg 6010B	17g/Kg 5010B		
PZ-1	3.0-3.5	04/01/03	27	9.1	24		
F.A1	11.0-12.0	04/01/03	25	20	58		
PZ-2	1.0-2.0	04/03/03	31	16	27		
1.7.4	11.5-12.0	04/03/03	34	15	72		
E-5	2.5-3.5	04/02/03	35	14	26		
2-0	11.0-12.0	04/02/03	28	19	54		
E-6	4.0-5.0	04/01/03	33	15	25		
E-0	8.5-9.0	04/01/03	30	13	21		
E-7	4.0-5.0	04/01/03	37	16	34		
E-/	11.0-12.0	04/01/03	38	19	75		
E-8	4.0-5.0	04/01/03	27	9.4	22		
E-0	11.0-12.0	04/01/03	37	16	41		
E-9	1.0-2.0	04/02/03	35	20	32		
E-0	11.0-12.0	04/02/03	40	17	63		
E-10	3.0-4.0	04/01/03	28	10	17		
E-10	11.0-12.0	04/01/03	41	24	54		
E-11	4.0-4.5	04/02/03	30	30	26		
61111	10.0-11.0	04/02/03	46	29	130		
E-12	2.0-3.0	04/02/03	43	19	33		
E-12	11.0-12.0	04/02/03	42	21	56		
E-13	2.0-3.0	04/02/03	38	19	32		
E-13	11.0-12.0	04/02/03	45	18	120		
Vault G	3.0-4.0	04/01/03	33	11	32		
	RBSL	City of Oakland	74,000	2,800	1,500		

NOTES

RBSL = Risk-Based Screening Level Tier 1 for City of Oakland, Residential Land Use. Chromium RBSL for Cr(H).

TABLE 4. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR TPH IN GROUNDWATER

1549 32nd Street, Oakland, CA

		TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS			
SAMPLE ID	DATE SAMPLED	Diesel	Hydraulic Oli		
	Units Laboratory Method	ug/L 8015 MQD	119/L 8015 (MOD		
₽Z-1	04/01/03	<50	<250		
PZ-2	04/03/03	<50	<556 ₌		
E-5	04/02/03	<570	5,300		
E-6	04/01/03	130	<338		
E-7	04/01/03	<50	<250		
E-8	04/01/03	<77	<385		
E-9	04/02/03	<58	890		
E-10	04/01/03	<63	670		
E-11	04/02/03	<118	890		
E-12	04/02/03	<50	<250		
E-13	04/02/03	<67	<333		
	RBSL - RWQCB	500	500		

NOTES:

<50 = Not detected above the laboratory method reporting limit.

RBSL = Risk-Based Screening Level for Residential Land Use.

RWQCB = Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region.

were sayles Siltered ?

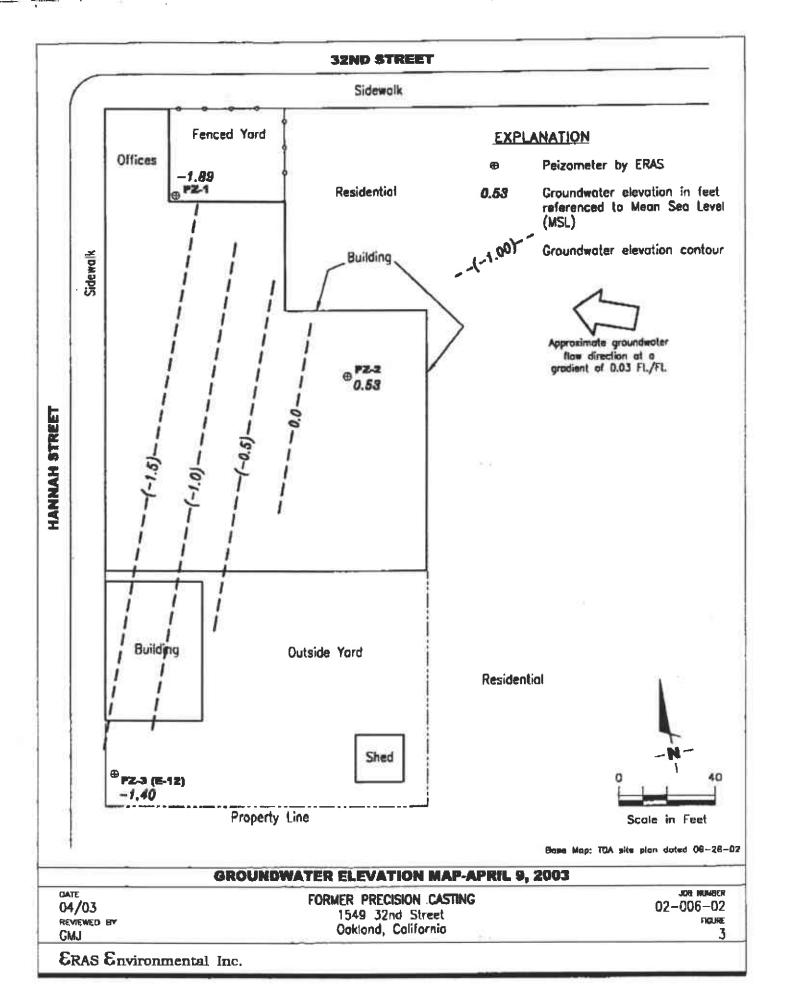
TABLE 5. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR METALS IN GROUNDWATER

1549 32nd Street, Oakland, CA

		METALS				
SAMPLE ID	DATE SAMPLED	Chromium	Copper	Nickel		
	Units Laboratory Method	mg/L 200.7	mg/L 200.7	mg/L 200.7		
PZ-1	04/01/03	0.79	0.57	1.4		
PZ-2	04/03/03	1.4	1.00	2.6		
E-5	04/02/03	2.9	3.6	6.6		
E-6	04/01/03	0.40	0.40 0.32			
E-7	04/01/03	3.0	2.9	7.2		
E-8	04/01/03	1.1	0.79	2.3		
E-9	04/02/03	1.3	1.0	2.5		
E-10	04/01/03	0.83	0.61	1.6		
E-11	04/02/03	2.2	2.0	5.7		
E-12	04/02/03	2.0	1.2	2.8		
E-13	04/02/03	1.5	1.2	3.5		
RØSL	- City of Oakland	1.6	1.3	0.1		

NOTES:

RBSL = Risk-Based Screening Level Tier 1 for City of Oakland, Residential Land Use. Chromium RBSL for Cr(III).



32ND STREET 8,300 TPH-mo (2.5) **EXPLANATION** 3,400 TPH-ha (2.5-3.5) Soil Boring ERAS Enviro ND 2,000 PZ-1 Soil Sample by Enrest -(8.5-9)New soil boring & peizometer by ERAS Enviro Boring into vault New Proposed Building Footprint Ground Floor Footprint 80 TPH-ho (1-2) Live/Work Area Footprint 3,300 TPH-mo (10) 110 TPH-ho and TPH-mo concentrations in mg/Kg, HANNAH STREET (1-8)depth in feet bgs _1.000 ND Isoconcentration contour TPH in mg/Kg 2,100 TPH-ma (3) 1,500 TPH-ho (1-2) ND Not Detected **E-8**⊕ ND Pit D 88-2 BOURCE ND 3,700 20,800 TPH-ho TPH-mo (3-4)220 TPH-ho (4-4.5)ND 40

Base Map: TDA site plan dated 08-26-02

Scale in Feet

ESTIMATED EXTENT OF TPH IN SOIL

DATE 05/03 REVIEWED BY GMJ

FORMER PRECISION CASTING 1549 32nd Street Oakland, California JOB NUMBER 02-006-02 FIGURE

FIGURE 7

32ND STREET

EXPLANATION Soil Boring ERAS Enviro 5,300 TPH-ho Soil Sample by Enrest Groundwater Sample by Enrest New soil boring & peizometer by ERAS Enviro Boring into vault New Proposed Building Footprint ND 88-1 Ground Floor Footprint 77,000 Live/Work Area Footprint PH-mo **670** TPH-ho and TPH-mo 四-7日 concentrations in ug/L ND Isoconcentration contour 890 74,000 TPH TPH in ug/L TPH-ho ND Not Detected 870 ND @ TPH-ho 5.780,000 890 TPH-mo TPH-ho 40 Scale in Feet

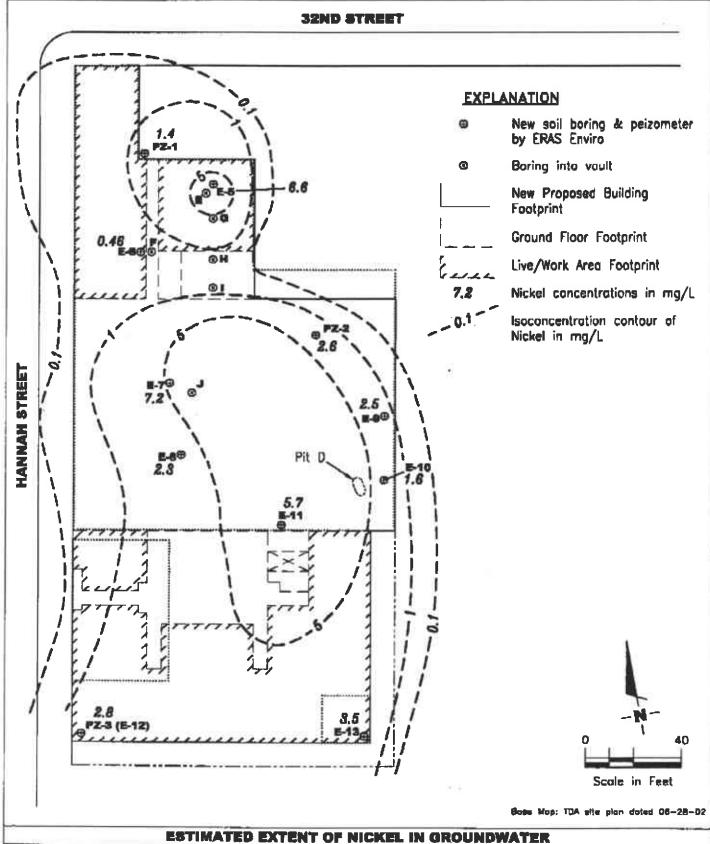
Sees Map: TDA site plan dated 05-28-02

ESTIMATED EXTENT OF TPH IN GROUNDWATER

DATE 05/03 REVIEWED BY GMJ

HANNAH STREET

FORMER PRECISION CASTING 1549 32nd Street Oakland, California JOH HUMBER 02-006-02 FYEURE 8



DATE 05/03 REVIEWED BY GMJ

FORMER PRECISION CASTING 1549 32nd Street Oakland, Celifornia

JOB MINISER 02-006-02 FIGURE

9

32ND STREET EXPLANATION New soil boring & peizometer by ERAS Enviro Boring into vault New Proposed Building Footprint Graund Floor Footprint Live/Work Area Footprint 01 Proposed area of excavation of soil and location of confirmatory soil samples in sidewall (7' bgs) at bottom (9' bgs) HANNAH STREET PZ-3 (H-12) Scale in Feet Bose Map: TOA wite plan dated 05-25-02

ESTIMATED AREAS OF EXCAVATION

DATE 05/03 REVIEWED BY GMJ

FORMER PRECISION CASTING 1549 32nd Street Oakland, California JOH HUMBER 02-006-02 FIGURE 10