

July 11, 1988

JUL2 71988 4

PAZARDOUS MA**TERIALS/** Waste program

Mr. Walter Kaczmarek
The Martin Company
6475 Christie Street #406 500
Emeryville, CA 94611

Subject: Classification of an Asphalt-Like Waste

Material Found on the Marketplace and Nielson

Site in Emeryville, CA

Dear Mr. Kaczmarek:

At the request of The Martin Company, Aqua Terra Technologies, Inc. (ATT) has evaluated the hazardous waste characteristics of the asphalt-like material found in soil and a floating material on groundwater at the Marketplace and Nielson sites in Emeryville, California. The hazardous criteria used in this evaluation are those described in the California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 22, Section 66680 et. seq.

Aqua Terra Technologies Consulting Engineers & Scientists

2950 Buskirk Avenue Suite 120 Walnut Creek, CA 9 4 5 9 6 415 934-4884

BACKGROUND

The Marketplace and Nielsen sites are contiguous sites in Emeryville. The Marketplace site has been a site of historic industrial use since the 1800s. Site conditions left from the historic use by a floor and roof covering manufacturer (The Parrafine Companies/PABCO) are well documented in two previous reports on file with Alameda County. A Woodward-Clyde report, "Assessment of Subsurface Contaminants Marketplace Property, Emeryville California" was filed An Earth Metrics report, "Draft Work Plan for in 1982. Soils Contamination Characterization of Marketplace Site in Emeryville California" was filed in 1987 and updated again in 1988. The Nielson Truck Terminal site also has been the subject of previous investigations (Woodward-Clyde report, "Environmental Assessment Former Nielsen Freight Line Site and Adjacent Parcel, Emeryville California"). All historic underground fuel and waste oil tanks have been removed, as of 1987. A report was filed by Woodward-Clyde at the time of tank closure. A subsequent report by Earth Metrics, "Soil and Groundwater Contaminant Investigation for the Former Nielson Freight Lines Site in Emeryville, California" and Final Tank Closure Permit Application were filed in 1988.

These reports address three separate contaminant issues: gasoline in site soil, diesel fuel in site soil, and an asphalt-like material in site soil. The asphalt-like material has been identified in two deposits, the larger of which is located in the northeast corner of the Marketplace site. All contamination investigation reports on file with the Alameda County, from 1982 on, have acknowledged the presence of this asphalt-like material. Recently, on May 2, 1988, the Alameda County Hazardous Materials Unit suggested that this asphalt-like material may be a potential hazard.

On May 20, 1988, ATT submitted to the Alameda County Hazardous Waste Unit a plan to evaluate the hazardous waste characteristics of this asphalt-like material. Sample collections, analysis, results, and conclusions of the hazardous waste characterization are presented below.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS

Four representative sampling locations were identified in the plan to evaluate hazardous waste characteristics (Attachment A, Plate 1). Soil samples containing the asphalt-like material were collected from Test Pit 6 which is located adjacent to Test Pit 7 (this sample was designated E1 (TP6) (#7) on the chain of custody and E1 on the laboratory reports) and soil boring EM4 (EM4). A sample of floating material (WS) was collected from Well The third suggested soil sampling location adjacent to soil boring EM2 was not sampled because construction materials stacked at this location obstructed excavation. The three samples collected represent various concentrated forms of the asphalt-like substance. The three sampling locations are also representative of the apparent distribution of this substance on the Marketplace and Nielsen sites.

At the Test Pit 6 and EM4 locations, a backhoe was used to uncover the asphalt-like material in soil. Soil samples were collected by hand with a Teflon coated spatula. A floating product sample from Well 5 was collected with a Teflon bailer. Sufficient sample volume from each site was collected to fill two eight-ounce prewashed glass sample containers with Teflon lined closures. One container of each sample was submitted to Sequoia Analytical Laboratory for chemical and physical analyses and the second was submitted to

ATT for bioassay testing. Samples were transported and stored chilled and were accompanied during all steps of the process with the appropriate chain of custody documentation.

Each of the these samples was analyzed for hazardous waste characteristics listed in Title 22 of the CCR Sections 66680 et seq. Specific analyses included:

- o Volatile organic chemicals with library search (EPA Method 8240)
- o Semivolatile organic chemicals with library search (EPA Method 8240)
- o CCR 17 heavy metals by inductively coupled argon plasma spectrometry (EPA Method 6010) and atomic absorption graphite furnace (EPA 7000 series)
- o Ignitability (according to the method described in CCR Title 22, Section 666702)
- o Corrosivity (according to the method described in CCR Title 22, Section 66708)
- o Aquatic bioassay (according to the method described in CCR Title 22, Section 66696)

The asphalt-like material is not unstable and does not react violently with water, or form explosive mixtures with water or appear to generate toxic gases, vapors, or fumes, when mixed with water. The material is also not explosive. Therefore, in our opinion the asphalt-like material is not reactive because the material does not meet any of the criteria listed in Section 66705 of Title 22.

The chemical analyses and bioassay testing were conducted by Sequoia Analytical Laboratory and ATT, respectively. The laboratories are certified by the State of California Department of Health Services for the hazardous waste analyses performed.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The analytical results for samples of the asphalt-like material are presented in Attachment 2. The bioassay results are presented in Attachment 3. A discussion of the results and an evaluation of hazardous waste characteristics of the samples are presented below.

A waste may be classified as hazardous or nonhazardous as authorized in Section 66305 of Article 11, Title 22 of the CCR. If a waste meets any of the criteria of Article 11, it may be classified as hazardous. Any waste which is hazardous pursuant to any of the criteria must be managed in accordance with the provisions of Subchapter 30. However, an exception to this requirement is that any waste classified as a special waste under Section 66746 may be managed as a Special Waste under Section 66746.

Ignitability

The results of the ignitability test showed that the three samples of the asphalt-like materials which were tested had flashpoints greater than 60°C. These samples do not cause fire through friction and are not classified oxidizers according to CFR 173.151. The results indicate that samples E1, EM4, and W5 do not meet the criteria for ignitability according to Section 66702 of Title 22.

Reactivity

The asphalt-like material is not unstable, does not react violently with water, or generate toxic fumes when mixed with water. This material also is not explosive. Therefore, samples E1, EM4 and W5 do not meet the criteria for reactivity according to Section 66705 of Title 22.

Corrosivity

The corrosivity test based on pH showed that all samples were within the neutral range (7 to 8.8). Therefore, samples E1, EM4, and W5 do not meet the pH criteria of less than or equal to 2 or greater than or equal to 12.5 for corrosivity according to Section 66708 of Title 22.

Toxicity Criteria

The results of the Nitric Acid digestion for the Total Threshold Limit concentration (TTLC) showed that concentrations of metals extracted from the three samples were substantially less than the TTLC for these metals. To evaluate the Soluble Threshold Limit Concentration (STLC) criteria, the measured concentrations were divided by 10 and compared to STLC

values. This approach assumes that 100 percent of the metals extracted with nitric acid will also be extracted with the STLC procedure and that concentrations will be diluted 10:1 as described in the Waste Extraction Test (Section 66700). This interpretation is conservative. The adjusted concentrations for all samples are well below the STLC values.

Volatile organic chemicals were detected only in soil sample EM4. Acetone was measured at 2500 micrograms/kilogram (ug/Kg) and methylene chloride at 800 ug/Kg. Acetone and methylene chloride have not previously been identified in soil samples from the Market Place and Nielson sites. These chemicals are used in various extraction procedures and are common contaminants resulting from laboratory exposures. There is, however, no conclusive evidence that measured concentrations of acetone and methylene chloride are an artifact of laboratory contamination.

Acetone and methylene chloride are listed in Title 22, Section 66680 as hazardous for their potential ignitability. The ignitibility test results previously described demonstrate that sample EM4 is not hazardous according to ignitability criteria. Methylene chloride is also listed in Section 66680 as hazardous according to its potential toxicity. The calculated oral LD50 for methylene chloride was calculated according to the equation provided in Section 66696. The RAT LD50 was 2000 milligrams/kilogram (mg/Kg) (Health Assessment Document for Dichloromethane (methylene chloride) EPA 600/87-004F). The calculated oral RAT LD50 value is 2.5×10^{11} mg/Kg. The calculated acute oral LD50 for methylene chloride is greater than 5000 mg/Kg critical value therefore, methylene chloride in the waste sample does not meet the toxic and hazardous waste criteria according to Section 66696 (a) (1) of Title 22. Methylene chloride was the only halogenated volatile organic compound detected. The concentration of methylene chloride (800 ug/Kg) measured in sample EM4 is far less then the criteria concentration of 1000 mg/Kg for total halogenated organic compounds according to Section 66900 (e) of Title 22.

The only priority pollutant organic compound detected in the mass spectrometry scan for semivolatile organic compounds in the asphalt-like material samples was 2-methylnaphthalene (220 mg/Kg). This compound was

detected only in the sample W5. Five additional petroleum constituents associated with asphalt were also identified in the library scan of this sample. The identified compounds are trimethyldodecane, dimethylnaphthalene, trimethylnaphthalene, tetramethylpentadecane, and tetra-methylhexadecane. None of the six semivolatile chemicals identified is included in the list of chemical names in Section 66680 of Title 22.

The results of the bioassay tests on samples E1, EM4 and W5 indicated that the 96-hour LC50 for fathead minnows was greater than 500 mg/L. Therefore, samples E1, EM4 and W5 do not meet the criteria for toxicity under Section 66696 (a) (4).

CONCLUSION

Based upon the analysis of the soil and floating material samples of the asphalt-like substance from the Marketplace and Nielson sites, this material can not be classified as hazardous according to the criteria set forth in CCR, Title 22, Article 11. Therefore, this material can be managed as a nonhazardous waste according to California CCR.

If you have any questions or comment or require any additional information, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Very truly yours,

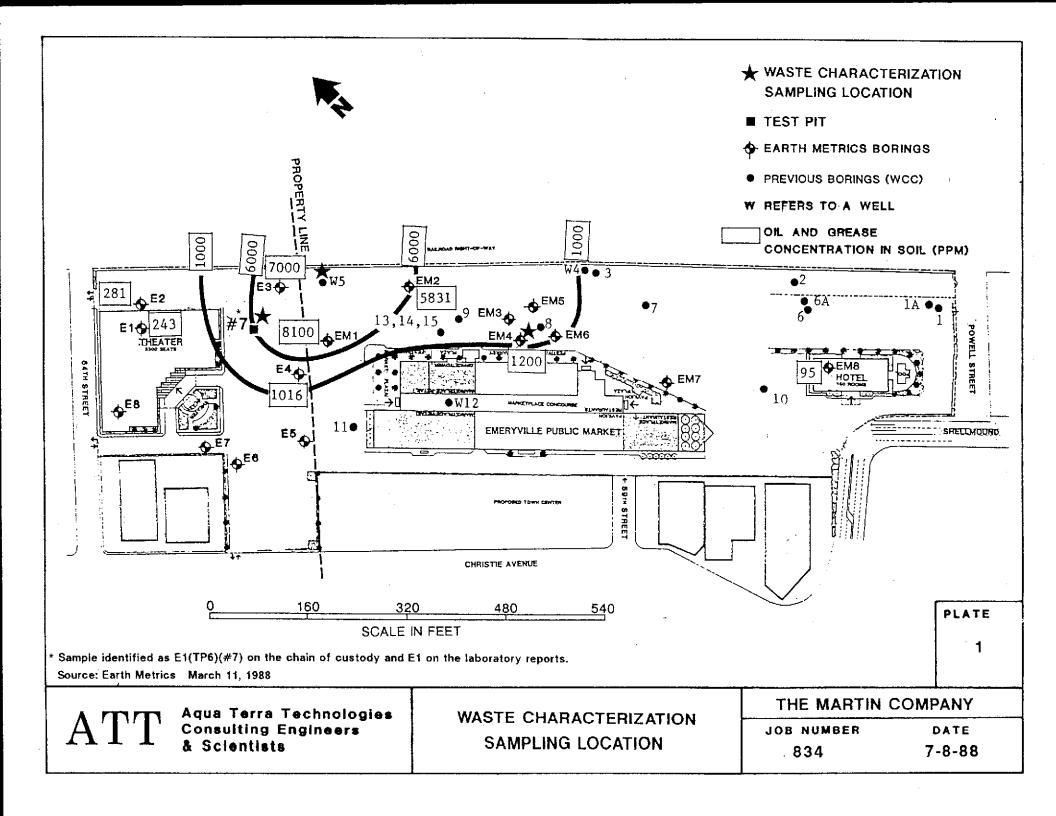
AQUA TERRA TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Patrick Sheehan, Ph.D.

Environmental Toxicologist

PJS/pd

Attachments





Date Sampled: 06/06/88
Date Received: 06/24/88
Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number	Sample Description	Ignitability Flashpoint, C
8061961	Liquid, W5	90
8061962	Soil, Em4	, > 110
8061963	Soil, El	> 110

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY



Date Sampled: 06/06/88
Date Received: 06/24/88
Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number	Sample Description	pH (Corositivity)
8061961	Liquid, W5	7.0
8061962	Soil, Em4	8.8
8061963	Soil, El	7.0

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

Date Sampled: 06/06/88
Date Received: 06/24/88
Date Extracted: 06/28-30/88
Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number: 8061961

Sample Description: Liquid, W5

WASTE EXTRACTION TEST INORGANIC SUBSTANCES

	STLC,	STLC, mg/L		TTLC, mg/kg-wet wt.	
Analysis	Limit	<u>Result</u>	Limit	Resuit	
Antimony	15	· <u> </u>	500	< 5	
Arsenic	5		500	1.3	
Asbestos			10,000		
Barium	100		10,000	1.7	
Beryllium	0.75		75	< 0.1	
Cadmium	1	<u> </u>	100	0.13	
Chromium (VI)	5	_	500	< 0.05	
Chromium (III)	560		2,500	0.75	
Cobalt	80		8,000	< 0.1	
Copper	25	<u>-</u>	2,500	0.35	
Fluoride	180		18,000		
Lead			1,000	2.9	
Mercury	0.2		20	< 0.01	
Molybdenum	350	<u>-</u>	3,500	< 5	
Nickel	20	<u> </u>	2,000	3.5	
Selenium	1		100	0.26	
Silver	5		500	< 0.1	
Thallium	7		700	< 5	
Vanadium	24		2,400	5,1	
Zinc	250		5,000	1-4	

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

Date Sampled: 06/06/88

Date Received: 06/24/88

Date Extracted: 06/28-30/88

Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number: 8061962

Sample Description: Soil, Em4

WASTE EXTRACTION TEST INORGANIC SUBSTANCES

	STLC,	mg/L	TTLC, mg/kg-wet wt.		
Analysis	Limit	Result	Limit	Result	
Antimony	15		500	< 5	
Arsenic	5		500	6.1	
Asbestos	-	_	10,000		
Barium	100		10,000	66	
Beryllium	0.75		75	0.38	
Cadmium	1		100	0.22	
Chromium (VI)	5	_	500	< 0.05	
Chromium (III)	560	-	2,500	17	
Cobalt	80		8,000	5.9	
Copper	25	<u>-</u>	2,500	49	
Fluoride	180	_	18,000		
Lead	5	<u></u>	1,000	9.5	
Mercury	0.2	<u></u>	20	0.058	
Molybdenum	350		3,500	< 5	
Nickel	20		2,000	31	
Selenium	1		100		
Silver	. 5	<u> </u>	500	0.47	
Thallium	. 7		700	< 5	
Vanadium	24		2,400	42	
Zinc	250		5,000	_200	

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

A32

Date Sampled: 06/06/88

Date Received: 06/24/88

Date Extracted: 06/28-30/88

Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number: 8061963

Sample Description: Soil, El

WASTE EXTRACTION TEST INORGANIC SUBSTANCES

	STLC,	mg/L	TTLC, mg/	TTLC, mg/kg-wet wt.	
Analysis	Limit	Result	Limit	Result	
Antimony	15		500	< 5	
Arsenic	5		500	10	
Asbestos		-	10,000	_	
Barium	100		10,000	130	
Beryllium	0.75		75	0.30	
Cadmium	1		100	0.30	
Chromium (VI)	5	-	500	< 0.05	
Chromium (III)	560	_	2,500	30	
Cobalt	80		8,000	6.3	
Copper	25		2,500	16	
Fluoride	180	-	18,000	_	
Lead	5		1,000	0.95	
Mercury	0.2		20	0.038	
Molybdenum	350		3,500	< 5	
Nickel	20	-	2,000	28	
Selenium	1		100	0.51	
Silver	5	_	. 500	0.28	
Thallium	7	-	700	< 5	
Vanadium	24	_	2,400	- 27	
Zinc	250	_	5,000	110	

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY



Date Sampled: 06/06/88 Date Received: 06/24/88 Date Analyzed: 07/05/88 Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number: 8061961

Sample Description: Liquid, W5

VOLATILE ORGANICS by MASS SPECTROMETRY

tion Limit,	μg/kg	Sample	Results, µg/kg
50000			N.D.
10000			N.D.
10000	* * * * * * * * * *		N.D.
10000			N.D.
10000	• • • • • • • •		N.D.
50000			N.D.
10000			N.D.
50000			N.D.
50000			N.D.
 10000			N.D.
 50000			N.D.
 50000			N.D.
 50000			N.D.
 10000			N.D.
10000			N.D.
 10000			N.D.
10000			N.D.
10000			N.D.
 10000			N.D.
		10000	10000

Method of Analysis: EPA 5030/8240

Analytes reported as N.D. were not present above the stated limit of detection.

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

Aqua Terra Technologies Date Sampled: 06/06/88 2950 Buskirk ave., Suite 120 Date Received: 06/24/88 Walnut Creek, CA 94596 Date Analyzed: 07/05/88 Attn: Patrick Sheehan Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number: 8061962 Sample Description: Soil, EM4

VOLATILE ORGANICS by MASS SPECTROMETRY

Analyte	Detection Limi	t, μg/kg Sample	Results, µg/kg
Acetone			2500
Benzene	100		H.D.
Bromodichloromethane	100		N.D.
Bromoform	100		n.D.
Bromomethane			и.в.
2-Butanone			11.D.
Carbon disulfide	100		Ħ.D.
Carbon tetrachloride	100		N.D.
Chlorobenzene			N.D.
Chlorodibromomethane	100		N.D.
Chloroethane	100		N.D.
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	500		N.D.
Chloroform			N.D.
Chloromethane	100		N.D.
1,1-Dichloroethane	100		N.D.
1,2-Dichloroethane	100	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	N.D
1,1-Dichloroethene			H.D.
Total-1,2-Dichloroethene			N.D.
1,2-Dichloropropane	100		N.D.
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	100		N.D.
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	100	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	н.р.
Ethylbenzene			N.D.
2-Hexanone			N.D.
Methylene chloride			800
4-Methy1-2-pentanone			N.D.
Styrene	100		N.D.
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	100		N.D.
Tetrachloroethene			N.D.
Toluene			N.D.
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	100		N.D.
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	100		N.D.
Trichloroethene	100		N.D.
Trichlorofluoromethane	100		N.D.
Vinyl acetate	100		N.D.
Vinyl chloride			N.D.
Total Xylenes	100		N.D.

Method of Analysis: EPA 5030/8240

Analytes reported as N.D. were not present above the stated limit of detection.

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

Aqua Terra Technologies Date Sampled: 06/06/88 2950 Buskirk ave., Suite 120 Date Received: 06/24/88 Walnut Creek, CA 94596 Date Analyzed: 07/05/88 Attn: Patrick Sheehan Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number: 8061963 Sample Description: Soil, El

VOLATILE ORGANICS by MASS SPECTROMETRY

Analyte	Detectio	n Limit,	µg/kg	Sample	Results,	μg/kg
Acetone		500			N.D.	
Benzene		100			N.D.	
Bromodichloromethane		100			N.D.	
Bromoform		100			N.D.	
Bromomethane		100			N.D.	
2-Butanone		500			N.D.	
Carbon disulfide		100			N.D.	
Carbon tetrachloride		100			N.D.	
Chlorobenzene		100			N.D.	
Chlorodibromomethane		100			N.D.	
Chloroethane		100			N.D.	
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether		500			N.D.	
Chloroform		500			N.D.	
Chloromethane		100			N.D.	
1,1-Dichloroethane		100			N.D.	
1,2-Dichloroethane		100			N.D.	
1,1-Dichloroethene		100			N.D.	
Total-1,2-Dichloroethene		100			N.D.	
1,2-Dichloropropane		100			N.D.	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		100			N.D.	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		100			N.D.	
Ethylbenzene		100			N.D.	
2-Hexanone		500			N.D.	
Methylene chloride		500			N.D.	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		500			И.Д.	
Styrene		100			N.D.	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		100			N.D.	
Tetrachloroethene		100			N.D.	
Toluene		100			N.D.	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		100			N.D.	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		1.00			N.D.	
Trichloroethene		100			N.D.	
Trichlorofluoromethane		100			N.D.	
Vinyl acetate		100			N.D.	
Vinyl chloride	• • • •	100			N.D.	
Total Xylenes		100			N.D.	

Method of Analysis: EPA 5030/8240

Analytes reported as N.D. were not present above the stated limit of detection.

ŞEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

Date Sampled: 06/06/88
Date Received: 06/24/88
Date Extracted: 06/30/88
Date Analyzed: 06/30/88
Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number

8061961

Sample Description

Liquid, W5

SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS by MASS SPECTROMETRY

Acenaphthene. μg/kg μg/kg Acenaphthylene. 200000 N.D. Anthracene. 200000 N.D. Benzidine. 5000000 N.D. Benzoic acid. 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)anthracene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(b)fluoranthene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(k)fluoranthene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(g,h,i)perylene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)pyrene. 200000 N.D. Benzyl alcohol. 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether. 200000 N.D.	Analyte	Detection Li	mit 9	ample Results
Acenaphthylene. 200000 N.D. Anthracene. 200000 N.D. Benzidine. 5000000 N.D. Benzoic acid. 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)anthracene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(b)fluoranthene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(k)fluoranthene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(g,h,i)perylene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)pyrene. 200000 N.D. Benzyl alcohol. 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 200000 N.D.				µg∕kg
Anthracene 200000 N.D. Benzidine 5000000 N.D. Benzoic acid 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)anthracene 200000 N.D. Benzo(b)fluoranthene 200000 N.D. Benzo(k)fluoranthene 200000 N.D. Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)pyrene 200000 N.D. Benzyl alcohol 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 200000 N.D.	Acenaphthene	200000		N.D.
Benzidine 5000000 N.D. Benzoic acid 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)anthracene 200000 N.D. Benzo(b)fluoranthene 200000 N.D. Benzo(k)fluoranthene 200000 N.D. Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)pyrene 200000 N.D. Benzyl alcohol 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 200000 N.D.	Acenaphthylene	200000		N.D.
Benzoic acid. 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)anthracene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(b)fluoranthene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(k)fluoranthene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(g,h,i)perylene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)pyrene. 200000 N.D. Benzyl alcohol. 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 200000 N.D.	Anthracene	200000		N.D.
Benzo(a)anthracene 200000 N.D. Benzo(b)fluoranthene 200000 N.D. Benzo(k)fluoranthene 200000 N.D. Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)pyrene 200000 N.D. Benzyl alcohol 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 200000 N.D.				N.D.
Benzo(b)fluoranthene 200000 N.D. Benzo(k)fluoranthene 200000 N.D. Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)pyrene 200000 N.D. Benzyl alcohol 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 200000 N.D.	Benzoic acid	200000		N.D.
Benzo(k)fluoranthene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(g,h,i)perylene. 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)pyrene. 200000 N.D. Benzyl alcohol. 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane. 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether. 200000 N.D.	Benzo(a)anthracene	200000		N.D.
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 200000 N.D. Benzo(a)pyrene 200000 N.D. Benzyl alcohol 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 200000 N.D.	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	200000		N.D.
Benzo(a)pyrene 200000 N.D. Benzyl alcohol 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 200000 N.D.	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	. 200000		N.D.
Benzyl alcohol	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	. 200000		N.D.
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 200000 N.D. Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 200000 N.D.	Benzo(a)pyrene	. 200000		N.D.
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	Benzyl alcohol	. 200000		N.D.
Dad (L - O. Lot of Child L - Child	Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	. 200000		N.D.
	Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	. 200000		N.D.
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether 200000 N.D.	Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	. 200000		N.D.
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1000000 N.D.	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	. 1000000		N.D.
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether 200000 N.D.	4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	. 200000		N.D.
Butyl benzyl phthalate 200000 , N.D.	Butyl benzyl phthalate	200000		N.D.
4-Chloroaniline	4-Chloroaniline	200000	···	N.D.
2-Chloronaphthalene				N.D.
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol				N.D.
2-Chlorophenol	2-Chlorophenol	200000		N.D.
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether 200000 N.D.				N.D.
Chrysene 200000 N.D.	Chrysene	. 200000		N.D.
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene				N.D.
Dibenzofuran 200000 N.D.				N.D.
Di-N-butyl phthalate N.D.				N.D.
1,3-Dichlorobenzene 200000 N.D.	- "			N.D.
1,4-Dichlorobenzene			********	N.D.
1,2-Dichlorobenzene 200000 N.D.				N.D.
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine				N.D.
2,4-Dichlorophenol				N.D.
Diethyl phthalate 200000 N.D.				N.D.
2,4-Dimethylphenol 200000 N.D.				N.D.
Dimethyl phthalate 200000 N.D.				N.D.
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol				N.D.
2,4-Dinitrophenol	— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			*
2,4-Dinitrotoluene				N.D.
2,6-Dinitrotoluene				и.р.



Aqua Terra Technologies

<u>Sample Number</u>

8061961

Sample Description

Liquid, W5

SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS by MASS SPECTROMETRY

<u>Analyte</u>	Detection Li	mit Sa	ample Results
	μg/kg		μg/kg
Di-N-octyl phthalate	200000		N.D.
Fluoranthene			N.D.
Fluorene			N.D.
Nexachlorobenzene			N.D.
Hexachlorobutadiene			N.D.
			N.D.
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene			N.D.
Hexachloroethane		• • • • • • • • • • • •	N.D.
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	
Isophorone			N.D.
2-Methylnaphthalene			220000
2-Methylphenol		• • • • • • • • • • •	N.D.
4-Methylphenol			N.D.
Naphthalene			N.D.
2-Nitroaniline	200000		N.D.
3-Nitroaniline	200000		N.D.
4-Nitroaniline	200000		N.D.
Nitrobenzene	200000		N.D.
2-Nitropheno1	200000		N.D.
4-Nitrophenol		, ,	N.D.
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine			N.D.
N-Nitroso-di-N-propylamine			N.D.
Pentachlorophenol			N.D.
Phenanthrene			N.D.
Phenol			N.D.
Pyrene			N.D.
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	• •		N.D.
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol			N.D.
**			N.D.
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	200000		H + D =

Method of Extraction: EPA 3580 Method of Analysis: EPA 8270 Analytes reported as N.D. were not present above the stated limit of detection. SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

Date Sampled: 06/06/88

Date Received: 06/24/88

Date Extracted: 06/29/88

Date Analyzed: 06/30/88

Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number

Dimethyl Naphthalene

Sample Description

500000

8061961

Liquid, W5

SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS by MASS SPECTROMETRY
Non-Calibrated Compounds

Analyte Concentration μg/kg

Trimethyl Dodecane 1100000

Trimethyl Naphathalene 2000000
Tetramethyl Pentadecane 1400000

Tetramethyl Hexadecane 2700000

Method of Analysis: EPA 8270 & "Open Scan"

NOTE: All identifications are tentative and concentrations are estimates based upon spectral comparison to the EPA/NIH library. Positive identification or specification between isomers cannot be made without retention time standards.

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY



Aqua Terra Technologies 2950 Buskirk Ave., Suite 120 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

Attn: Patrick Sheehan

Date Sampled: 06/06/88
Date Received: 06/24/88
Date Extracted: 06/29/88

Date Analyzed: 06/30/88

Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number

8061962

Sample Description

Soil, EM4

SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS by MASS SPECTROMETRY

Analyte	Detection	Limit	Sample Results
	μg/kg		µg/kg
Acenaphthene			N.D.
Acenaphthylene	. 20000		N.D.
Anthracene	. 20000		N.D.
Benzidine	500000	******	N.D.
Benzoic acid			N.D.
Benzo(a)anthracene	. 20000		N.D.
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	. 20000		N.D.
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	. 20000		N.D.
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	20000		N.D.
Benzo(a)pyrene	. 20000		N.D.
Benzyl alcohoł	20000		N.D.
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	. 20000		N.D.
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	. 20000	-	N.D.
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether			N.D.
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate			N.D.
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether			N.D.
Butyl benzyl phthalate	20000		N.D.
4-Chloroaniline	20000		N.D.
2-Chloronaphthalene	20000		N.D.
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol		. , . ,	N.D.
2-Chlorophenol		*****	N.D.
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether			N.D.
Chrysene			N.D.
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene			N.D.
Dibenzofuran			N.D.
Di-N-butyl phthalate	100000		N.D.
1,3-Dichlorobenzene			N.D.
1,4-Dichlorobenzene			N.D.
1,2-Dichlorobenzene			N.D.
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine			N.D.
2,4-Dichlorophenol			N.D.
Diethyl phthalate			N.D.
2,4-Dimethylphenol			N.D.
Dimethyl phthalate			N.D.
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol			N.D.
2,4-Dinitrophenol			N.D.
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			'
2,6-Dinitrotoluene			N.D.



Aqua Terra Technologies

Sample Number

8061962

Sample Description

Soil, EM4

SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS by MASS SPECTROMETRY

Analyte	Detection	Limit	Sample Results
	μg/kg		μg/kg
Di-N-octyl phthalate	20000		N.D.
Fluoranthene			N.D.
Fluorene	. 20000		N.D.
Hexachlorobenzene	. 20000		N.D.
Hexachlorobutadiene	. 20000		N.D.
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	20000		N.D.
Hexachloroethane	. 20000		N.D.
<pre>Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene</pre>	20000		N.D.
Isophorone	. 20000		N.D.
2-Methylnaphthalene	20000		N.D.
2-Methylphenol	20000		N.D.
4-Methylphenol	20000		N.D.
Naphthalene	20000		N.D.
2-Nitroaniline	. 20000-		N.D.
3-Nitroaniline	20000		N.D.
4-Nitroaniline	. 20000		N.D.
Nitrobenzene	20000		N.D.
2-Nitrophenol	20000		N.D.
4-Nitrophenol	. 20000		N.D.
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	. 20000		N.D.
N-Nitroso-di-N-propylamine	. 20000		N.D.
Pentachlorophenol	. 20000		N.D.
Phenanthrene	. 20000		N.D.
Phenol	. 20000		N.D.
Pyrene	. 20000		N.D.
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	. 20000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	N.D.
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol			N.D.
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	20000		N.D.

Method of Extraction: EPA 3550 Method of Analysis: EPA 8270 Analytes reported as N.D. were not present above the stated limit of detection.

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

Aqua Terra Technologies 2950 Buskirk Ave., Suite 120

Walnut Creek, CA 94596 Attn: Patrick Sheehan Date Sampled: 06/06/88

Date Received: 06/24/88 Date Extracted: 06/29/88

Date Analyzed: 06/30/88

Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number

Sample Description

8061962

Soil, EM4

SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS by MASS SPECTROMETRY Non-Calibrated Compounds

Analyte

Concentration

μg/kg

No additional peaks > 500 μg/kg were identified by the Mass Spectral library.

Method of Analysis: EPA 8270 & "Open Scan"

NOTE: All identifications are tentative and concentrations are estimates based upon spectral comparison to the EPA/NIH library. Positive identification or specification between isomers cannot be made without retention time standards.

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

Aqua Terra Technologies 2950 Buskirk Ave., Suite 120 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

Attn: Patrick Sheehan

Date Sampled: 06/06/88 Date Received: 06/24/88 Date Extracted: 06/29/88 Date Analyzed: 06/30/88 Date Reported:

Sample Number

8061963

Sample Description

07/05/88

Soil, El

SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS by MASS SPECTROMETRY

Analyte	Detection	Limit	Sample Results
	μg/kg		μg/kg
Acenaphthene	10000		. N.D.
Acenaphthylene	10000		. N.D.
Anthracene	. 10000		. N.D.
Benzidine	250000		. N.D.
Benzoic acid	10000		. N.D.
Benzo(a)anthracene	10000		. N.D.
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	10000		. N.D.
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	10000		. N.D.
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10000		. N.D.
Benzo(a)pyrene	10000		. N.D.
Benzyl alcohol	10000		. N.D.
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	10000		. N.D.
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	10000		. N.D.
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	10000		. N.D.
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50000		. N.D.
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	10000		. N.D.
Butyl benzyl phthalate	10000		N.D.
4-Chloroaniline	10000		N.D.
2-Chloronaphthalene	10000		. N.D.
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	10000		. N.D.
2-Chlorophenol	10000		. N.D.
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	10000		. N.D.
Chrysene	10000		. N.D.
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	10000		. N.D.
Dibenzofuran	10000		. N.D.
Di-N-butyl phthalate	50000		. N.D.
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	2,0000		. N.D.
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10000		. N.D.
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10000		. N.D.
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	50000		. и.р.
2,4-Dichlorophenol	10000		. N.D.
Diethyl phthalate	10000		. N.D.
2,4-Dimethylphenol	10000		. N.D.
Dimethyl phthalate	10000		. N.D.
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	50000		. N.D.
2,4-Dinitrophenol	50000		. N.D.
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	10000		. N.D.
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	10000		. N.D.

Aqua Terra Technologies
Sample Number
8061963

Sample Description

Soil, El

SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS by MASS SPECTROMETRY

Analyte	Detection L	<u>imit</u>	Sample Results
	μg/kg		μg/kg
Di-N-octyl phthalate			
Fluoranthene	. 10000		. N.D.
Fluorene	. 10000		. N.D.
Hexachlorobenzene	. 10000		. N.D.
Hexachlorobutadiene	. 10000		, N.D.
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	. 10000		. N.D.
Hexachloroethane	. 10000		. N.D.
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	. 10000		N.D.
Isophorone	. 10000		. N.D.
2-Methylnaphthalene	10000		. N.D.
2-Methylphenol	. 10000		. N.D.
4-Methylphenol	. 10000		. N.D.
Naphthalene	. 10000		N.D.
2-Nitroaniline	. 10000		. N.D.
3-Nitroaniline	. 10000		. N.D.
4-Nitroaniline	. 10000		. N.D.
Nitrobenzene	. 10000		. N.D.
2-Nitrophenol	. 10000		. N.D.
4-Nitrophenol	50000		. N.D.
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine			. N.D.
N-Nitroso-di-N-propylamine			N.D.
Pentachlorophenol	. 50000		. N.D.
Phenanthrene			. N.D.
Phenol	= =		. N.D.
Pyrene			. N.D.
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			. N.D.
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	20002		. N.D.
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	1000		N.D.

Method of Extraction: EPA 3550 Method of Analysis: EPA 8270 Analytes reported as N.D. were not present above the stated limit of detection.

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

Aqua Terra Technologies 2950 Buskirk Ave., Suite 120

Walnut Creek, CA 94596 Attn: Patrick Sheehan Date Sampled: 06/06/88

Date Received: 06/24/88

Date Extracted: 06/29/88 Date Analyzed: 06/30/88

Date Reported: 07/05/88

Sample Number

Sample Description

8061963

Soil, El

SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS by MASS SPECTROMETRY
Non-Calibrated Compounds

Analyte

Concentration

μg/kg

No additional peaks $> 500~\mu\text{g/kg}$ were identified by the Mass Spectral library.

Method of Analysis: EPA 8270 & "Open Scan"

NOTE: All identifications are tentative and concentrations are estimates based upon spectral comparison to the EPA/NIH library. Positive identification or specification between isomers cannot be made without retention time standards.

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY



Date Sampled: 06/06/88

Date Received: 06/24/88

Date Analyzed: 07/01/88

Date Reported: 07/07/88

POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS -

Sample <u>Number</u>	Sample Description	Detection Limit µg/kg	Sample <u>Result</u> µg/kg	PCB Species (If Present)
8061961	Liquid, W5	100,000	N.D.	-
8061962	Soil, Em4	20,000	N.D.	-
8061963	Soil, El	10,000	N.D.	_

Method of Analysis: EPA 8270

Analytes reported as N.D. were not present above the stated limit of detection. SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

2950 Buskirk Avenue, Suite 120 Walnut Creek, CA 94596 415 934-4884

ATT

CHAIN OF SAMPLE CUSTODY RECORD

Collector: Took Mille Date Sampled: 10-6-88 Time: Location of Sampling: Emergially location - W-5	12 Ep
Project Number: Survey Number: Sample Type: Floating Product Container Type and Condition: pt. wide wasta jacs Contract Laboratory Record/Name:	
Sample ID Field Information Field Information FIELD INFORMATION FIELD INFORMATION FIELD INFORMATION	
Analysis Requested: FPA 8240, 8270, 6010, 7000. THANITABULTY CORSIVITY	Serigs
Results Needed By:	. 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (
Contact and results to be sent to: ATRICA SHEEMAN Travel Blank: Yes No Travel Blank to be Analyzed Separately: Yes	17
Duplicate Samples: Yes No Duplicates to be Analyzed Separately: Yes No Cleaning Blank to be Analyzed Separately: Yes Background Background Soil Sample to be Soil Sample: Yes No Analyzed Separately:	les // No
Chain of Custody:	/es /_/No
Courier Lab Field Fersonnel Courier Date	

ATT

July 11, 1988

Mr. Walter Kaczmarek The Martin Company 6425 Christie Street #406 Emeryville, CA 94608

Subject: Toxicity Test Results of Sample 864(E1), 865(EM1), and 866(W5).

Dear Mr. Kaczmarek:

This letter report presents the toxicity test results for fathead minnow (<u>Pimephales promelas</u>) exposed to concentrations of samples of asphalt-like substance in soil and viscous asphalt-like liquid collected from the Marketplace and Nielsen sites in Emeryville, California.

Aqua Terra Technologies Consulting Engineers & Scientists

2950 Buskirk Avenue Suite 120 Walnut Creek, CA 9 4 5 9 6 415 934-4884

METHODS

All tests were conducted according to Aqua Terra Technologies (ATT) hazardous waste aquatic toxicity test protocol based on Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 16th Edition, American Public Health Association, 1986, and certified by the State of California Department of Health Services (copy of certificate attached). The asphalt-like substance in soil and viscous asphalt-like liquid samples were tested at three concentrations, 250 mg/L, 500 mg/L, and 750 The soil samples were thoroughly mixed into dechlorinated tap water using a wrist-action shaker. The liquid sample was mechanically mixed directly with dechlorinated tap water. All treatments were run in duplicate with 10 fish per three liter tank and a total of 20 fish per treatment. Tests for soil sample 864(E1) and 865(EM1) were conducted June 6 through June 10, Test for the liquid sample 866(W5) were conducted June 20 through June 24, 1988. Fish were acclimated in the test laboratory for 6 to 7 days prior to their use Temperature was controlled at 20 ± 2°C in these tests. and photoperiod regulated at approximately 16-hours light and 8-hours dark.

Fish mortality and the following physical and chemical variables were monitored during the 96-hours test: temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen concentration, water hardness and alkalinity.

TEST RESULTS

No fish mortality occurred in the dilution water control or in sample treatments of samples 864(E1) and 865(EM4). Fish mortality did occur in all sample treatments of Sample 866(W5). Twenty five percent fish mortality occurred in the 250 mg/L treatment, five percent in the 500 mg/L treatment, and 40 percent in the 750 mg/L treatment of Sample 866. The raw data from tests are summarized in the attached data sheets.

Test results indicate that the 96-hour LC50 values for the asphalt-like soil and liquid samples are greater than 500 mg/L The soil samples 864(E1) and 865(EM4) and liquid sample 866(W5) therefore, do not meet the acute aquatic toxicity test criteria (96-hour LC50 \leq 500 mg/L) for identification of a material as hazardous according to the specification in the California Code of Regulation (CCR), Title 22, Section 66696.

Should any questions arise as to test procedures or results, do not hesitate to call.

Very truly yours,

AQUA TERRA TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Patrick J. Sheehan, Ph.D.

Laboratory Director

PJS/pc

Enclosures: Bioassay Data Sheets

Temperature Traces Chain of Custody

Invoice Certificate

Aqua Terra Technologies 2950 Buskirk Avenue Walnut Creek, CA 94596 415 934-4884

LIENT:	fT	ne Mai	rtin (Compar	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				A	LIENI.	ION:	<u>Mr</u>	. Walt	er K	aczma)	<u>cek</u>				
EAMPLE I	D#: _	conti	<u>rol</u>	SAMPI	LE DES	SCRIP	MOPI	d:	ilutio	on wat	ter			_ TEX	FIING	DATE	S: <u>0</u> 6	5/06/8	38 to	06/10	<u>3/88</u>	
			Mond INI'	day TAL					uesda 1 -HO U	_			edneso 8 -HO UI	_			nursda 2 -HO UI	-			riday 6 —HOU I	
TEST CONC mg/L		Hard mg/L		pН	DO mg/L		Live			Temp		рН	DO mg/L		Live		DO mg/L	_	Live	_	DO mg/L	Temp cc
control	70	45	10	7.72	9.2	22	10	7.73	9.2	*	10	7.76	8.5	*	10	7.78	8.6	*	10	7.87	8.6	*
control			10	7.76	8.9	22	10	7.52	8.9	*	10	7.50	8.7	*	10	7.55	8.3	*	10	7.50	8.3	*
				,	:																	
						}																
est Spe	cies_	fath	ead m	innow			_ A	vg Le	ngth_	3.8	<u>.</u>	_cm	Max :	Lengt	h	4.5	a	Min	Leng	th	3.3	c
ource o		10	/tank	,																		
cclimat	ion I	ank	% Dea	d <u>0</u>	A	∞ l.	Tank '	Water	dec	hlori	nated	tap	Accl	. Per				\circ	ž .		A 1	
EMARKS:						reco	ording	on d	isc.						Т	ECHNI	CIAN:		MC.			19.
6 hr I.0 5% Conf													I	ABORA	TORY	DIREC	TOR;	Patr	Paterick S	uk (heeha	<u>Shu</u> in, Ph	D
ercent	Survi	val _	N	/A																	,	-

Aqua Terra Technologies 2950 Buskirk Avenue Walnut Creek, CA 94596 415 934-4884

Patrick Sheehan, PhD

CLIENT:	The Martin Company	ATTENTION:	Mr. Walter Kaczmarek	
			3.7	

SAMPLE ID#: 864 (E1) SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: asphalt-like substance in soil TESTING DATES: 06/06/88 to 06/10/88

			Mond INI	day FIAL					iesday 1—HOUI	•			edneso 3 -HO UI	_			nursda 2 -H OUI	_			riday 6 -HO UI	14
TEST CONC mg/L	Alk mg/L	Hard mg/L	Live	Hq	DO mg/L	Temp ∝C	Live	~	DO mg/L		Live		DO mg/L	Temp oc	Live	Hq	DO mg/L		Live		DO mg/L	Temp oC
250 #3			10	7.55	8.5	22	10	7.54	8.5	*	10	7.68	8.9	*	10	7.75	8.8	*	10	7.77	8.0	*
250 #4			10	7.40	7.9	22	10	7,20	7.6	*	10	7.38	7.6	*	10	7.45	8.0	*	10	7.44	8.0	*
500 #5			10	7.49	7.9	22	10	7.37	7.6	*	10	7.53	8.2	*	10	7.45	8.1	*	10	7.47	7.5	*
500 #6	!		10	7.46	8.1	22	10	7.19	7.5	*	10	7.36	7.6	*	10	7.63	6.5	*	10	7.65	7.8	*
750 #7		i	10	7.46	8.4	22	10	7.42	8.2	*	10	7.34	8.2	*	10	7.75	8.1	*	10	7.50	7.7	*
750 #8			10	7.61	8.5	22	10	7.77	8.2	*	10	7.55	9.2	*	10	7.92	8.9	*	10	7.95	7.8	*

Test Species <u>fathead minnow</u>	_ Avg Length_	3.8 cm	Max Length	4.5	_cm	Min Lengt	h <u>3.3</u>	cm
Source of Test Species Thomas Fish Co	mpany Avo	g Wt. 0.70	_gm Max Wt	1.25	_gm	Min Wt	0.44	gm
	ion Water <u>dechl</u>	lorinated tap	Test Soln Vol	3L D	epth	17cm Ac	eration bu	<u>bble</u>
Acclimation Tank % Dead 0 Accl.	Tank Water <u>dec</u> l	nlorinated tap	Accl. Period_	7 days A				g C
REMARKS: '*continuous temperature reco	rding on disc.			TECHNICI	AN:	Patrice	a Chu	mg
96 hr IC50 greater than 500 mg/L						Patricia (niang (
95% Confidence Limits N/A			LABORATORY	DIRECTO	DR: _	Yatru	d Shu	<u>~</u>

Percent Survival N/A

Aqua Terra Technologies 2950 Buskirk Avenue Walnut Creek, CA 94596 415 934-4884

CLIENT:	The Martin Company	ATTENTION:	Mr.	Walter	<u>Kaczmarek</u>	
---------	--------------------	------------	-----	--------	------------------	--

SAMPLE ID#: 865(EM4) SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: asphalt-like substance in soil TESTING DATES: 06/06/88 to 06/10/88

			Morx INI'	lay FIAL					uesday 4 -HOU I	•			edneso 3-HOU		•		nursda 2—HOUR	_			riday 6—HOUI	- 11
CONC	Alk mg/L	Hard mg/L	Live	pН	DO mg/L		Live	рН	DO mg/L		Live	рH	DO mg/L		Live	рH	DO mg/L	Temp oC	Live	pН	DO mg/L	Temp ∝
250 #9			10	7.51	8.3	22	10	7.67	8.3	*	10	7.70	9.0	*	10	7.75	9.2	*	10	7.78	8.8	*
250 #10			10	7.62	8.5	22	10	7.72	8.5	*	10	7.80	9.2	*	10	7.90	9.1	*	10	7.93	8.4	*
500 #11			10	7.38	8.9	22	10	7.65	8.8	*	10	7.71	9.2	*	10	7,76	9.1	*	10	7.80	8.9	*
500 #12			10	7.38	8.0	22	10	7.67	7.9	*	10	7.71	9.1	*	10	7.77	9.0	*	10	7.80	9.0	*
750 #13			10	7.38	7.7	22	10	7.65	7.6	*	10	7.70	9.1	*	10	7.76	9.0	*	10	7.75	8.5	*
750 #14			10	7.55	8.5	22	10	7.73	8.2	*	10	7.78	9.0	*	10	7.84	8.9	*	10	7.84	8.5	*

Test Species fathead minnow	Avg Length	3.8 cm	Max Length	4.5 cm	Min Length	<u>3.3</u> cm
Source of Test Species Thomas Fish C 10/tank	ompany Avg	Wt 0.70	_gm Max Wt	1.25 gm	Min Wt 0	.44 \ gm
Species Density 20/treatment Dilu	tion Water <u>dechlo</u>	orinated tap	Test Soln Vol	3L Depth	17cm Aerati	on bubble
Acclimation Tank % Dead 0 Accl.	Tank Water dech	lorinated tap			ΔΛ ⁻	
REMARKS: '*continuous temperature rec	ording on disc.				Patricia Chian	
96 hr LC50 <u>greater than 500 mg/L</u>				i	Not.	11 1

95% Confidence Limits N/A

Percent Survival N/A

LABORATORY DIRECTOR:

Aqua Terra Technologies 2950 Buskirk Avenue Walnut Creek, CA 94596 415 934-4884

TIENT: _	ľľ	he Mai	rtin (Compar	אַר						_ A	TENT.	ION:	Mr.	. Walt	er Ka	aczmai	<u>rek</u>		-		
SAMPLE II	D#:	conti	<u>rol</u>	SAMP	LE DES	SCRIP.	TON:	d:	ilutio	on wat	ter			TE	STING	DATES	S: <u>0</u> 6	5/20/8	88 to	06/2	4/88	
			Mon:	day FIAL					uesda: 4 -H OU	y R			edneso 8-HOUI	_			nursda 2 -HO U	-			riday 6 -HO UI	l I I
TEST CONC mg/L		Hard mg/L		рН	DO mg/L		Live	рH	DO mg/L	-	Live		DO mg/L		Live	_	DO mg/L		Live	Hq	DO mg/L	Temp oC
control	70	45	10	7.84	8.1	20	10	7.64	8.7	*	10	7.49	8.2	*	10	7.56	7.8	*	10	7.47	8.5	*
control			10	7.70	8.2	20	10	7.57	8.4	*	10	7.49	7.9	*	10	7,56	8.0	*	10	7.52	8.0	*
		:																				
l'est Spe	cies_	fath	ead m	innow		·	_ A	vg Le	ngth_	3.5		_cm	Max	Lengt	h	4.4		Min	Leng	th	3.0	cm
Source o	f Tes		cies_ /tank		as Fi	sh Co	mpany		_ Av	g Wt_	0.	51	_gma :	Max W	t <u> </u>	.06	gm	Min	. W t	0	.31	gm
Species	Densi	t <u>y 20</u>	/trea	tment	·	Dilut	ion W	ater_	dech	lorin	ated	tap_	Test	Soln	Vol_	3L_	Dept	h 17c	<u>m</u> A	erati	on bu	bble_
Acclimat	ion I	ank	% Dea	<u>d</u> 0	A	∞ l.	Tank '	Water	dec	<u>hlori</u>	nated	tap	Accl	. Per								
REMARKS:			÷	-		reco	rding	ond	lisc.						T	ECHNI	CIAN:	Patr	icia i	Chian	<u>Uu</u> g	ans
96 hr I.C 95% Conf													I	ABORA	TORY :	DIREC	TOR:	Patr	atru- ick s	l heeha	hain, Ph	D

Percent Survival N/A

Aqua Terra Technologies 2950 Buskirk Avenue Walnut Creek, CA 94596 415 934-4884

Patrick Sheehan, PhD

CLIENT:	<u>The Martin</u>	Company		ATTENTION:	<u>Mr.</u>	Walter	<u>Kaczmarek</u>	·	_
SAMPLE TD#:	866 (W5)	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	viscous aspha	lt-like liquid	Į	TESTIN	DATES:	06/20/88 to 06/24/88	

Monday INTTIAL						Tuesday 24 -H OUR				Wednesday 48-HOUR			Thursday 72—HOUR				Friday 96—HOUR					
TEST CONC mg/L	Alk mg/L	Hard mg/L	Live	рН	DO mg/L	_	Live	рH	DO mg/L		Live	рH	DO mg/L		Live	рH	DO mg/L		Live	pН	DO mg/L	Temp oc
250 #3			10	7.72	8.3	22	10	7.53	8.3	*	10	7.61	8.2	*	10	7.70	8.6	*	8	7.68	8.6	*
250 #4	'		10	7.75	8.2	22	9	7.54	8.4	*	9	7.51	8.3	*	7	7.62	8.1	*	7	7.67	8.1	*
500 #5			10	7.78	8.9	22	10	7.62	9.0	*	9	7.55	8.5	*	9	7.68	8.6	*	9	7.71	8.6	*
500 #6			10	7.78	8.8	22	10	7.65	9.1	*	10	7.58	8.6	*	10	7.65	8.6	*	10	7.69	8.5	*
750 #7			10	7.73	9.2	22	9	7.65	9.0	*	9	7.63	8.0	*	6	7.58	8.4	*	4	7.70	8.3	*
750 #8			10	7.70	8.3	22	10	7.54	8.6	*	10	7.50	8.6	*	9	7.50	8.2	*	8	7.58	8.2	*

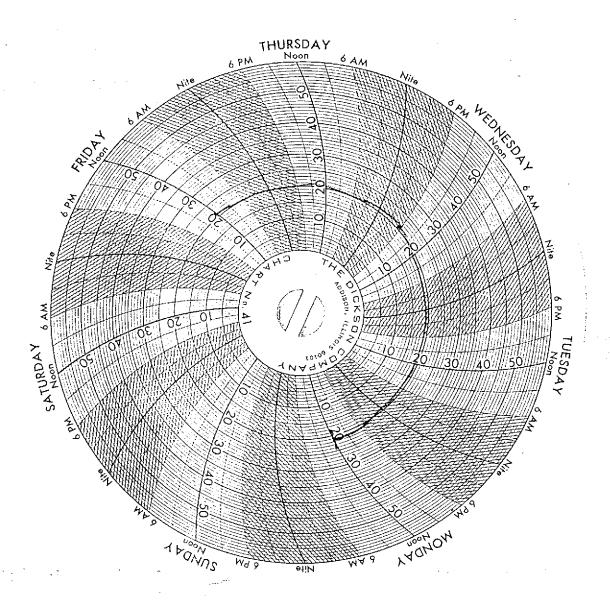
Test Species fathead minnow	Avg Length	3.5 ca	Max	Length_	4.4	cm	Min Leng	th	<u>) can</u>
Source of Test Species Thomas Fish Compa 10/tank	any Avg	Wt 0.51	gm	Max Wt	1.06	gm	Min Wt_	0.31	gm
	n Water <u>dechlo</u>	orinated tar	Test	Soln Vo	1_3L_	Depth	17cm A	eration <u>t</u>	<u>oubble</u>
Acclimation Tank % Dead 0 Accl. Tar	nk Water <u>dechl</u>	lorinated ta	ip Accl						
REMARKS: '*continuous temperature record	ing on disc.				TECHNI	CIAN:	Patricia	MA O Chiang	rang
96 hr IC50 <u>greater than 500 mg/L</u>							1	0	

LABORATORY DIRECTOR:

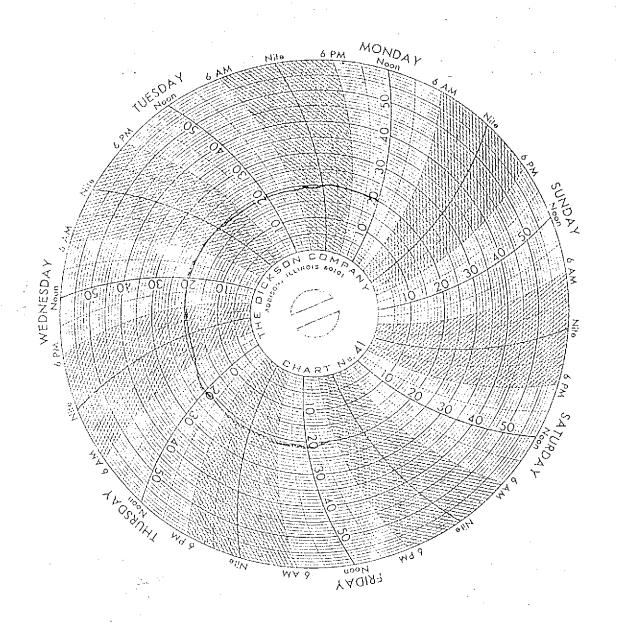
Percent Survival N/A

95% Confidence Limits N/A

Sample 864, 865 June 6-10, 1988



Control Sample 866 06/20-06/24



STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

HAZARDOUS WASTE TESTING LABORATORY CERTIFICATE

is hereby granted to

Aqua Terra Technologies, Inc.

to conduct analysis of hazardous waste in the following test categories:

Aquatic Toxicity Testing

This Certificate is granted in accordance with provisions of Article 8.5, Chapter 6.5, Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code.

,Certificate No. 169

Expiration Date March 2, 1989



Issued at Berkeley, on March 3, 1987

by Koleghens

Chief, Hazardows Materials Laboratory Section

CHAIN OF SAMPLE CUSTODY RECORD

Collection: AQUATERRA TECH Date Sampled: 6-6-8	38 Time: 1200
Lixation of Sampling: Emeryville	·
Project Humber: 843 Survey Mumber: Comple Type: GROUNDWATER SOVE	
Container Type and Condition: Contract Laboratory Record/Mame: ATT	
Sample ID Field Information EM 4 Sole	
W.5 GROUNDWATER	
E1 (TP6)(#7) SOIL	
Analysis Requested: BIDASSAY	
Results Nexast By:	
Contact and results to be sent to: PATRICK SHEEHAN	
Travel Blank: /// Yes /// No Travel Blank to be Analyzed Separat	tely: / / Yes / No
Duplicate Samples: / / Yes / / No Duplicates to be Analyzed Separate	Ly: / / Yes / / No
Cleaning Blank: // Yes / / No Cleaning Blank to be Analyzed Separat	cely / / Yes / / No
Background Background Soil Sample to be Soil Sample: // Yes // No Analyzed Separately:	/_/ Yes /_// No
Chain of Custody:	
1-28 Mill 1/6	88
Field Personnel With	/ Date
Courier	(Nate
a. Lab	Cate