

Soil and Ground-Water Investigation for Property at 14500 East 14th Street San Leandro, California

> September 14, 1989 1596

> > Prepared for:

Ms. Coramarie Maskell Allenbaugh 10 Waverly Court Alamo, California 94507



LEVINE-FRICKE

10/3/87



LEVINE-FRICKE CONSULTING ENGINEERS AND HYDROGEOLOGISTS

September 25, 1989

LF 1596

Mr. Ariu Levi Alameda County Health Agency Department of Environmental Health 470 27th Street, Room322 Oakland, California 94612

Subject: Enclosed Report on Soil and Ground-Water Investigation

at 14500 East 14th Street, San Leandro, California

Dear Mr. Levi:

Enclosed is the report titled "Soil and Ground-Water Investigation for Property at 14500 East 14th Street, San Leandro, California" prepared by Levine Fricke for the owner of the subject property, Ms. Coramarie Allenbaugh. The work completed by Levine Fricke, as presented in that report, was undertaken pursuant to our proposal dated February 23, 1989, which was previously submitted to you under letter dated May 15, 1989.

Also enlcosed is our proposal titled "Proposal for Further Hydrogeologic Investigations at 14500 East 14th Street, San Leandro, California" dated August 30, 1989. Levine Fricke has recently received client approval to complete the proposed work, and anticipates that completion of a report presenting the results of the further hydrogeologic investigations will be complete by early December 1989, at which time we will forward a copy of the report to you.

Please give me a call if you have any questions with regard to the enclosed information.

Sincerely,

Gregson W. Taylor

Senior Project Hydrogeologist

enclosures

cc: Ms. Coramarie Allenbaugh

Mr. John Lyons, Landels, Ripley & Diamond

Mr. Howard Hatayama, Department of Health Services

Mr. Steve R. Ritchie, Regional Water Quality Control Board



LEVINE·FRICKE CONSULTING ENGINEERS AND HYDROGEOLOGISTS

September 14, 1989

LF 1596

Ms. Coramarie Maskell Allenbaugh 10 Waverly Court Alamo, California 94507

Subject: Enclosed Report on Soil and Ground-Water Investigation for Property at 14500 East 14th Street San Leandro, California

Dear Coramarie:

Enclosed is the subject report which was prepared in accordance with our proposal for soil and ground-water investigation, dated February 23, 1989.

At your request, we have evaluated several alternative remedial measures for the site. We can discuss these issues more fully after your review of this report.

Please call either of the undersigned if you have any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Gregson W. Taylor

Senior Project Hydrogeologist

Thomas M. Johnson, R.G. Principal Hydrogeologist

cc: Mr. John Lyons,

Landels, Ripley & Diamond

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Septmber 14, 1989

LF 1596

SOIL AND GROUND-WATER INVESTIGATION FOR PROPERTY AT 14500 EAST 14th STREET SAN LEANDRO, CALIFORNIA

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Maskell Oil Property (the "Property") is located at 14500 East 14th Street in San Leandro, California, and consists of approximately 2-2/3 acres. The Property is located approximately one-half mile southwest of Interstate 580. Until operations ceased in October 1988, the Property had been used to store and distribute petroleum fuels for approximately the prior fifty years.

There are six storage tanks at the Property: four approximately 10,000-gallon above-ground fuel storage tanks (two diesel, one premium gasoline and one regular gasoline); one underground 550-gallon waste oil tank; and one underground 550-gallon tank used for vapor recovery. These tanks have reportedly been used at the Property for at least the past fifty years. However, the waste oil tank is the only tank still being used.

In December 1988, Hageman-Schank, Inc. completed a preliminary soil and shallow (water table) ground-water investigation at the Property (Hageman-Schank, 1988). That limited investigation revealed that several petroleum hydrocarbons, including diesel fuel, gasoline and motor oil, have affected soil and ground water to depths of about 30 feet below the ground surface. Hageman-Schank also reported the possible presence of floating petroleum hydrocarbons on the ground-water surface beneath portions of the Property.

In light of the findings of the Hageman-Schank investigation, the owners of the property, Market Land and and the Hageman-Schank requested Levine Fricke, Inc. to review the Hageman-Schank report and prepare a proposal for additional soil and ground-water investigations at the Property. Ms. Allenbaugh and Ms. Phillips have retained Levine Fricke to complete the site investigation as outlined in Levine Fricke's proposal dated February 23, 1989.

1.1 Objectives

The objective of the investigation, as presented in the Levine Fricke February 23, 1989 proposal, was to complete subsurface investigations in the vicinity of the above-ground and underground petroleum storage tanks and in the vicinity of the fuel dispensing pumps to assess the potential impacts of those facilities, if any, on surrounding soil and ground water. Additionally, selected areas of the Property which had visible surface staining (e.g., petroleum staining), as well as the area adjacent to the concrete washing pad, also were investigated.

1.2 Scope of Work

The Scope of Work proposed by Levine Fricke was developed to provide data to assess the presence and possible extent of fuel hydrocarbons in soil and ground water beneath the Property. The Scope of Work included the following tasks:

- 1) field inspection and background and record review
- 2) completion of soil borings
- 3) drilling and installing five monitoring wells
- 4) developing and sampling new monitoring wells
- 5) laboratory analysis of selected soil and ground-water samples
- 6) measuring ground-water elevations and product thickness, if present, in the monitoring wells
- 7) preparation of site figures showing the results of these field investigations

2.0 FIELD INSPECTION

Field inspections of the Property and surrounding area were conducted by Levine Fricke personnel during February and March 1989 to observe general area features and identify potential indications of usage, storage, handling and/or disposal of hazardous materials. This included walk-through inspections of the Property and a drive-by survey of the surrounding properties.

Personal observations and interviews with longtime employees and tenants provided information on the following subjects: 1) site history and usage; 2) locations of various fuel lines, water lines, and underground tanks and their contents; 3) areas of previous fuel leaks/spills; and 4) washing and rinsing of tanker trucks reportedly hauling PCB-containing oils on the concrete wash pad in the southeast portion of the Property.

3.0 BACKGROUND AND RECORD REVIEW

Levine Fricke personnel reviewed pertinent regulatory records concerning the Property and reported contamination cases within a one-half-mile radius of the Property to identify potential environmental hazards on the subject property, and off-site problems that might affect the Property. Sources used in this review were:

- o North Bay Toxics List (revised in January 28, 1989).
- o Department of Health Services Abandoned Site Program Information System (ASPIS, February 1, 1989).
- o California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) List of Reported Fuel Leaks for Alameda County (revised December 23, 1988)
- o U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Information System (CERCLIS) List (printed January 13, 1989)
- o Expenditure Plan for the Hazardous Substances Cleanup Bond Act of 1984
- o State of California Hazardous Waste and Substances Site List (Cortese) July 1988

These publications listed a number of sites located within a one-half-mile mile radius of the Property, primarily on the periphery of the investigated area. The identified sites are located primarily in the industrial area to the southwest (downgradient) of the Property. No known sites of potential environmental hazards were identified in the areas to the east and southeast (upgradient areas) of the Property, which are primarily residential.

4.0 GEOLOGY

4.1 Regional Geology

The Property is located approximately 3 miles northeast of San Francisco Bay and approximately 1.6 miles southwest of Lake Chabot. The ground surface in the vicinity slopes gradually toward San Francisco Bay located to the southwest. The northwest trending Hayward fault is located three-quarters of a mile northeast of the Property.

Sediments underlying the Property are classified as Quaternary alluvium. The alluvium consists of Holocene to late Pleistocene unconsolidated to weakly consolidated silts, sands and gravels (Borcherdt, Gibbs, and Lajoie, 1975).

4.2 Site Geology/Cross Sections

Five shallow (less than 40 feet in depth) monitoring wells were drilled and installed during April 1989. In addition, seven shallow (less than 10 feet in depth) soil borings were drilled or hand-augered during March and April 1989. A discussion of procedures used during drilling and well installation and during completion of the soil borings is presented in Appendix A. Lithologic and well construction logs for each monitoring well and lithologic logs for the two drilled soil borings are included in Appendix B.

Geologic cross-section locations A-A' and B-B' are shown on Figure 3; the cross sections are included as Figures 4 and 5, respectively. These cross sections illustrate near-surface geologic conditions (depths less than 40 feet) beneath the Property, and include lithologic information for the borings completed by Levine Fricke during March and April 1989 and by Hageman-Schank during December 1988. Cross section A-A' depicts near-surface conditions from the southern portion of the Property (well LF-2) to the northern portion of the Property (LF-5). Cross section B-B' extends from east (well LF-3) to west (LF-4) across the Property.

Shallow (depths less than 38 feet) sediments underlying the Property consist of unconsolidated interbedded clay, silt, sand and gravel. Near-surface sediments from the surface to depths ranging from 9 to 12 feet below the ground surface generally consist of silty clay and clayey silt. Below these depths, coarser-grained silty sands, silty gravels and sandy gravels interbedded with finer-grained silty clays and clayey silts generally were encountered. Thicknesses of these coarser-grained sediments vary from 3 feet in well LF-3 to approximately 9 feet in well LF-4. These coarser-grained sediments typically extend to depths of 10 to 25 feet below the surface and appear to thin toward the north. Below these depths, finer-grained clayey silts underlain by silty clays were encountered to the total depths of the borings (33 to 38 feet).

5.0 GROUND-WATER ELEVATION AND FLOW DIRECTION

Ground-water elevations and floating petroleum hydrocarbon (product) thickness, where present, were measured in each of the newly installed monitoring wells on April 5, 6, 25 and May 9, 1989 (Table 1). Depth to ground water on April 25, 1989 varied

from 24.34 feet (well LF-3) to 24.76 feet below the ground surface (well LF-2); corresponding ground-water elevations ranged from 24.65 to 24.90 feet above mean sea level (msl).

Ground-water elevations measured on April 25, 1989 are shown graphically in Figure 6. Ground-water elevations and product thicknesses measured on April 25, 1989 also are shown on cross sections A-A' and B-B' (Figures 4 and 5). Ground-water elevations in well LF-5, which had measurable floating product, have been corrected to account for the thickness of the floating product.

Ground-water elevations measured on April 25, 1989 indicate that the shallow (less than 38 feet) ground-water flow direction beneath the Property is generally toward the west. The ground-water gradient was calculated to be 0.002 ft/ft (a decrease of 0.002 vertical feet per 1 horizontal foot).

Measurable floating product was present in three wells on April 25, 1989. Measured thicknesses of floating product on April 25, 1989 varied from trace amounts in LF-2 to 0.94 feet in LF-5 (Table 1). The distribution of floating product measured on April 25 is depicted on geologic cross sections A-A' and B-B' (Figures 4 and 5).

6.0 SOIL QUALITY RESULTS

Soil samples were collected for chemical analysis during March and April 1989. Details of sample collection protocol are provided in Appendix A. Selected soil samples were collected from the borings for wells LF-1 through LF-5 and from borings S-4, S-5, and S-7. Selected soil samples were analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as gasoline and diesel using EPA Method 8015; benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylene (BTEX) using modified EPA Method 8020; and oil and grease using EPA Method 503D. Selected soil samples from borings S-1 and S-2 and a surface sample from Sump 1 were analyzed for TPH as diesel using EPA Method 503E, oil and grease using EPA Method 503D, and polychlorinated biphenyls using EPA Method 8080. Selected soil samples from the borings for wells LF-1, LF-2, and LF-5 also were analyzed for total lead using EPA Method 7420. Analytical results for soil samples are summarized in Table 2. Laboratory data sheets for soil samples analyzed are included in Appendix C.

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

Concentrations of TPH as diesel ranged from of 24,000 ppm at a depth of 1 foot in boring S-5 to 62 ppm at a depth of 3 feet in boring S-5. Elevated concentrations of TPH as diesel also were detected in samples collected from the boring for well LF-5

(18,000 ppm; depth of 23 feet), the boring for well LF-3 (17,000 ppm; depth of 18 feet), and surface sample Sump 1 (18,000 ppm). TPH as diesel was not present above analytical detection limits in soil samples collected from the borings for well LF-2 (depth of 23 feet) and S-7 (depth of 8 feet). Concentrations of TPH as gasoline were detected above analytical detection limits only in one sample collected from the boring for well LF-2 (2,600 ppm; depth of 23 feet).

Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes

Concentrations of BTEX compounds in analyzed soil samples were generally below analytical detection limits, except soil samples collected from the boring for well LF-1 at a depth of 23 feet (which contained ethylbenzene at 80 ppm and xylenes at 260 ppm). In addition, toluene was detected as follows: 3 ppm in samples collected from the boring for well LF-3 at a depth of 18 feet; 0.819 ppm in samples collected from the boring for well LF-4 at a depth of 23 feet; 0.140 ppm in samples collected from boring S-4 at a depth of 1.5 feet; 0.030 ppm in samples collected from boring S-7 at a depth of 8 feet; and 0.008 ppm in samples collected from boring S-5 at a depth of 1 foot.

Oil and Grease

Oil and grease were detected at elevated concentrations in both surface and near-surface (depth of 3 feet) soil samples. Concentrations of oil and grease in samples collected from boring S-5 ranged from 39,000 ppm (depth of 1 foot) to 200 ppm (depth of 3 feet). A slight decrease in oil and grease concentrations with depth also was noted in boring S-2 (2,700 ppm at a depth of 2 feet, and 2,000 ppm at a depth of 3.5 feet). Elevated concentrations of oil and grease were also reported in surface sample Sump 1 (36,000 ppm).

Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Aroclor 1260 was the only polychlorinated biphenyl present above analytical detection limits. Aroclor 1260 was detected in the surface sample Sump 1 (1.3 ppm) and a sample collected from boring S-2 (0.09 ppm; depth of 2 feet).

Total Lead

Total lead was detected in selected soil samples analyzed ranging from 9 ppm in the boring for LF-2 (depth of 23 feet) to 6 ppm in the boring for well LF-5 (depth of 23 feet) (Table 2).

7.0 GROUND-WATER QUALITY

7.1 Ground-Water Sampling and Analyses

One round of ground-water samples was collected on April 6, 1989 from monitoring wells LF-1 through LF-5. Ground-water samples collected from each well were analyzed for TPH as gasoline, diesel, and waste oil using EPA Method 8015 and for BTEX using modified EPA Method 602. Ground-water samples from wells LF-1, LF-2 and LF-5 were also analyzed for total lead using EPA Method 7420. Laboratory data sheets for analyzed ground-water samples during this investigation are included in Appendix C. Table 3 summarizes analytical data for ground-water samples collected. Table 4 presents ground-water sampling data for each of the wells sampled. Details of sample collection protocol are presented in Appendix A.

7.2 Ground-Water Quality Results

Analytical data for ground-water samples collected from the recently installed monitoring wells at the Property revealed the presence of elevated concentrations of TPH as diesel and BTEX compounds were present in shallow ground water beneath portions of the Property. TPH as gasoline, waste oil, and total lead were not detected above analytical detection limits in ground-water samples analyzed.

7.2.1 Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) as Diesel

TPH as diesel was detected at elevated concentrations in ground-water samples collected from wells LF-4 (340 ppm), LF-1 (180 ppm), LF-2 (98 ppm), and LF-5 (59 ppm) located along the southern and western boundaries of the Property. A low concentration (0.5 ppm) of TPH as diesel was detected in well LF-3.

7.2.2 Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes (BTEX)

Analytical results for ground-water samples collected revealed that BTEX compounds were present in ground-water samples collected from all wells except well LF-3, located in the east-central portion of the Property. The highest concentrations of these compounds are as follows: benzene at 1.6 ppm in LF-2; ethylbenzene at 1.1 ppm in LF-1; and xylenes at 0.470 ppm in LF-2. Toluene was not present above analytical detection limits in ground-water samples analyzed.

8.0 INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

The results of this investigation have revealed that petroleum hydrocarbons have affected soil and ground water in the vicinity of the above-ground fuel storage tanks in the southern portion of the Property (wells LF-1, LF-2 and LF-4) and in the vicinity of the remote fuel dispensing pump island in the western portion of the Property (well LF-5). Additionally, petroleum hydrocarbons have affected soil at locations where surface spillage appears to have occurred along the eastern portion of the Property (well LF-3 and borings S-1, S-2 and S-5), and the western portion of the Property (boring S-4).

The following sections provide discussions and interpretations for the soil and ground-water quality results presented above.

8.1 Interpretation of Soil-Quality Results

Soil samples collected and analyzed during this investigation have revealed three areas of the Property where soil contains significant concentrations (greater than 80 ppm) of petroleum hydrocarbons. The first area is in the eastern portion of the Property (Figure 7) where elevated concentrations of oil and grease (39,000 ppm in boring S-5) were reported at a depth of 3.5 In addition, TPH as diesel was detected at elevated concentrations in boring S-5 (24,000 ppm at 1 foot depth) and well LF-3 (17,000 ppm at 18 feet). The presence of elevated concentrations of TPH as diesel and oil and grease in shallow sediments may be due to historical use of portions of the Property to park trucks which may have leaked various motor fuels and lubricants. Elevated concentrations of TPH as diesel in the samples collected from the boring for well LF-3 at a depth of 18 feet also may be related to larger spills/leaks that occurred in other areas of the Property.

A second area in which petroleum hydrocarbons have affected soil is in the vicinity of the four large above-ground fuel storage tanks in the southern portion of the Property (Figure 7). Analytical results of soil samples collected at a depth of 23 feet from the borings for wells LF-1 and LF-2 revealed elevated concentrations of TPH as diesel (320 ppm in LF-1) and TPH as gasoline (2,600 ppm), xylenes (260 ppm) and ethylbenzene (80 ppm) in LF-2. Elevated concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons in this area are most likely related to spills/leaks in the vicinity of the above-ground fuel storage tanks.

A third area where soils were found to be affected by petroleum hydrocarbons is in the northwestern portion of the Property in the vicinity of the remote fuel pumping island (Figure 7). Elevated concentrations of diesel (18,000 ppm at a depth of 23 feet) in the boring for well LF-5 most likely reflect

leaks/spills at the pump island. Elevated concentrations of diesel (700 ppm) and oil and grease (1,200 ppm) at a depth of 1.5 feet in boring S-4 suggest isolated surface spills.

A soil sample collected at a depth of 8 feet in boring S-7, located adjacent to the underground storage tank in the southeastern portion of the Property, revealed only low concentrations of toluene (0.030 ppm). A sample of the contents of the tank was collected and laboratory analysis results indicated that the tank contained gasoline. The results of the one soil sample collected adjacent to the tank suggest that gasoline stored in the tank does not appear to have affected shallow soil adjacent to the tank.

Based on interviews with current tenants of the Property, soil samples were collected from the area in the vicinity of the concrete wash pad and analyzed for polychlorinated biphenyls (Figure 8). Analytical results for soil samples analyzed for PCBs revealed low concentrations (less than 1.5 ppm) in the vicinity of the wash pad. These results suggest that PCBs have not significantly impacted shallow soil in this area of the Property.

Analysis of soil samples collected from the borings for LF-1, LF-2 and LF-5 (depth of 23 feet in each boring) for total lead revealed concentrations ranging from 6 ppm (LF-5) to 9 ppm (LF-11) (Figure 9).

8.2 Interpretation of Ground-Water Quality Results

Ground-water samples collected from the five monitoring wells indicate that shallow ground water beneath the western and southern portions of the Property has been affected by petroleum hydrocarbons (Figure 10). Analytical results for these samples indicate that petroleum hydrocarbons affecting shallow ground water are primarily diesel and BTEX compounds; TPH as gasoline were not present above analytical detection limits in ground-water samples analyzed.

Elevated concentrations of TPH as diesel (greater than 98 ppm) were detected in ground-water samples collected from monitoring wells located downgradient of the above-ground fuel storage tanks and the remote fuel dispensing pump island, indicating that these facilities appear to have experienced leaks and/or spills in the past. Additionally, elevated concentrations of benzene (greater than 0.200 ppm) were detected in ground-water samples collected from wells LF-1 and LF-2, located downgradient of the above-ground tanks, suggesting that the tanks may have had leaks and/or

spills of gasoline in the past. Petroleum hydrocarbons do not appear to have affected shallow ground water in the vicinity of well LF-3, located upgradient of the above-ground fuel storage tanks.

8.3 Floating Petroleum Hydrocarbons

Floating petroleum hydrocarbons were measured in well LF-5 (0.94 feet) on April 25, 1989. Measured thickness of floating product in well LF-5 increased to 1.58 feet on May 9, 1989. It is assumed that the floating product is diesel fuel, based on analytical results of soil and ground-water samples collected at this location. The fuel dispensing pump island appears to be the probable source of the floating product (diesel).

9.0 CONCLUSIONS

Analytical results for soil and ground-water samples collected during this investigation have revealed that petroleum hydrocarbons have affected the eastern, southern and western portions of the Property. Specifically, these results revealed: 1) elevated concentrations (up to 24,000 ppm) of diesel in soil in the vicinity of wells LF-1, LF-3, LF-4 and LF-5, borings S-1, S-2, S-4 and S-5, and surface sample Sump 1; 2) elevated concentrations (up to 2,600 ppm) of gasoline in soil in the vicinity of well LF-2; 3) elevated concentrations (up to 260 ppm) of BTEX compounds in soil in the vicinity of wells LF-2 and LF-3; 4) elevated concentrations (up to 39,000 ppm) of oil and grease in soil in the vicinity of borings S-1, S-2, S-4 and S-5, and surface sample Sump 1; 5) the presence of floating product in the vicinity of well LF-5; and 6) elevated concentrations of diesel and BTEX compounds in shallow ground water in wells LF-1, LF-2, LF-4 and LF-5. The most likely sources for the elevated concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons are the four large above-ground tanks in the southern portion of the Property, the remote pump island in the northwestern portion of the Property and parked trucks throughout the Site.

10.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

It appears, based on information collected during this investigation, that further investigations are needed to better assess the lateral extent of petroleum hydrocarbons beneath and immediately downgradient of the Property. Additionally, it appears likely that some form of remedial action will be required to mitigate the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons in soil, and possibly ground water, beneath the Property. Further investigations should provide additional data needed to complete an evaluation of remedial action alternatives for the Property. Additional

work activites to further evaluate hydrogeologic conditions as they relate to the above issues should include: (1) aerial photograph review and well canvass; (2) additional soil sampling in the vicinity of the concrete washing pad to assess the presence and lateral extent of PCBs in shallow soil; and (3) drilling and installation of six shallow ground-water monitoring wells to assess the lateral extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in shallow soil and ground water.

11.0 REFERENCES

- Hageman-Schank, 1988. "Environmental Site Characterization, 14530 East 14th Street, San Leandro, California,"

 December 23.
- Levine Fricke, 1989. "Proposal for Soil and Ground-Water Investigation For Property at 14500 East 14th Street, San Leandro, California," February 23.

TABLE 1

GROUND-WATER ELEVATION AND PRODUCT THICKNESS MEASUREMENTS

		April 5, 1989			April 6, 1989		5, 1989	May 9, 1989		
Well No.	Well Elevations Top of Casing (feet - MSL)	(feet)	(feet - MSL)	(feet)	(feet - MSL)	(feet)	Ground- Water Elevations (feet - MSL)	(feet)	(feet - NSL)	
LF-1	49.29	0	24.62	. 0	24.62	0	24.76	0	24.62	
LF-2	49.49	0	24.65	0	24.63	TRACE	24.73	Đ	24.68	
LF-3	49.24	0	24.86	0	24.85	0	24.90	0	24.75	
LF-4	50.09	0	24.46	0	24.47	0.01	24.65	0	24.54	
LF-5	49.26	0	24.90	0	24.92	0.94	24.86*	1.58	24.65	

NM = not measured

MSL = mean sea level

^{* =} Ground-water elevation corrected for floating petroleum hydrocarbons assuming specific gravity of 0.84

TABLE 2

CONCENTRATIONS OF TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS A GASOLINE AND AS DIESEL,

BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENES, POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS AND TOTAL LEAD IN SOIL SAMPLES

(concentrations expressed in parts per million)

Sample No.	Sample Depth (feet)	Sample Date	Lab	EPA Method	Polychlorinated biphenyls (Aroclor 1260)	8enzene	Toluene	Ethyl - benzene	Xylenes	TPH as	TPH as Diesel	Oil and Grease	
S1a	1.5	27-Mar-89	M-T	8080/503D/503E	<0.05	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	530	1,700	NA
S2a	2	27-Mar-89	M-T	8080/503D/503E	0.09	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,600	2,700	NA
\$2b	3.5	27-Mar-89	M-T	8080/5030/503E	<0.05	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,200	2,800	NA
S4a	1.5	27-Mar-89	M-T	8020/8015/503D/503E	NA	<0.001	0.140	<0.001	<0.003	<0.2	700	1,200	NA
S5a	1	27-Mar-89	м-т	8020/8015/503D/503E	NA	<0.001	0.008	<0.001	<0.003	<0.7	24,000	39,000	на
S5b	3	27-Mar-89	M-T	8015/503E/5030	NA .	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	62	200	NA
s-7/8	8	4-Apr-89	M-T	8020/8015	NA	<0.001	0.030	<0.001	<0.003	<0.2	<10	NA	NA
Sump 1	sfc.	27-Mar-89	M-T	8080/503D/503E	1.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	√ 18,000	36,000	MÁ
LF-1/23	23	4-Apr-89	M-T	8020/8015/7420	NA	<1.000	<1.000	<1.000	<3.000	<300	320	NA	7 🧇
LF-2/23	23	3-Apr-89	M-T	8020/8015/7420	NA	<1.000	<5.000	80	260	2,600	<3,000	NA	9
LF-3/18	18	5-Apr-89	M-T	8020/8015	NA	<1.000	3.000	<2.000	<10.000	<20,000	17,000	<1000	NA
LF-3/22	22	5-Apr-89	M-T	8020/8015	NA	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.020	<400	420	, NA	NA
LF-4/23	23	4-Apr-89	M-T	8020/8015	NA	<0.500	0.810	<0.500	<2.000	<400	350	NA	NA
LF-5/23	23	3-Apr-89	M-T	8020/8015/7420	NA	<1.000	<3.000	<6.000	<10.000	<20,000	18,000	NA	6

NA= not analyzed

M-T= Med-Tox Associates

TABLE 3

CONCENTRATIONS OF AROMATIC ORGANIC COMPOUNDS AND TPH DETECTED IN GROUND-WATER SAMPLES COLLECTED ON APRIL 6, 1989

(All concentrations expressed in parts per million, ppm)

					Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons						
Sample No.	Date Sampled	Lab	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl-		Oit and Gasoline Diesel Grease		- Oit and Grease	Total Lead	
					benzene	Xylenes					
LF-1	6-Apr-89	M-T	0.200	<0.010	1.190	0.140	<200	180	<0.5	<0.01	
LF-2	6-Apr-89	M-T	1.600	<0.0005	0.290	0.470	<100	98	<0.5	<0.01	
LF-3	6-Apr-89	M-T	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.002	<0.1	0.5	<0.5	NA	
L##4	6-Apr-89	H-T	0.100	<0.100	0.200	<0.360	<400	340	<0.5	NA	
du jālies te	6-Apr-89	M-T	<0.200	<0.050	<0.200	<0.300	<300	340 530	<0.5	NA	
LF-5	6-Apr-89	M-T	0.050	<0.003	<0.003	0.040	<60	59	<0.5	<0.01	
Blanks											
LF-3FB	6-Apr-89	M-T	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.002	<0.1	NA	NA	NA	

ND= not detected

NA= not analyzed

M-T= Med-Tox Associates

Analytical Methods for each sample include EPA Method 8015 and EPA Method 602.

LF-1, LF-2, and LF-5 were analyzed for lead (EPA Method 7420).

TABLE 4

GROUND-WATER SAMPLING DATA
APRIL 6, 1989

WELL	DATE SAMPLED	WELL VOLUME (GALLONS)	GALLONS Extracted		SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE (micromhos/cm)	TEMPERATURE (deg C)	WATER CLARITY
LF-1	6-April-89	1.35	13.5	6.97	1420	22.6	MUDDY
LF-2	6-April-89	2.04	20	6.82	2190	22.1	CLOUDY
LF-3	6-April-89	1.37	15	7.21	1180	20.5	MUDDY
LF-4	6-April-89	1.16	12	6.87	1980	20.3	MUDDY
LF-5	6-April-89	1.55	15	6.98	1410	20.0	CFONDA

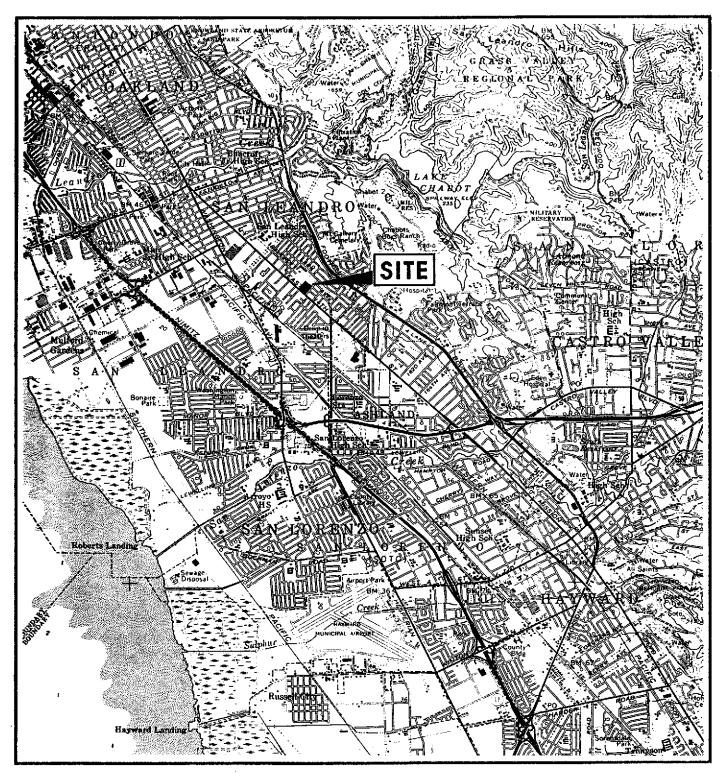




Figure 1: SITE VICINITY

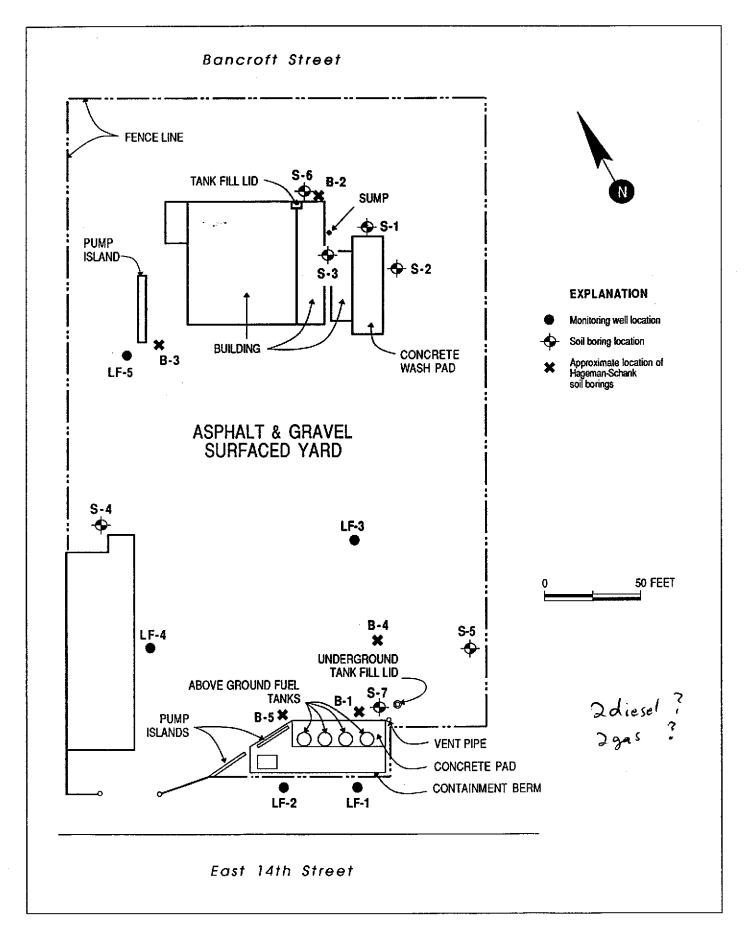


Figure 2: SITE MAP SHOWING LOCATIONS OF MONITORING WELLS AND SOIL BORINGS

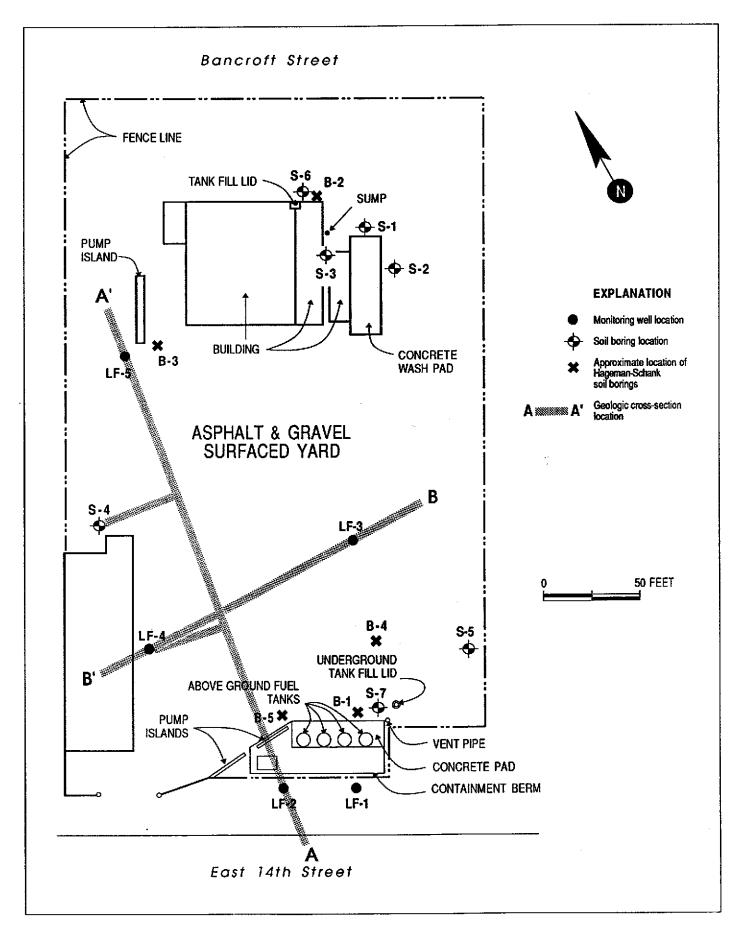
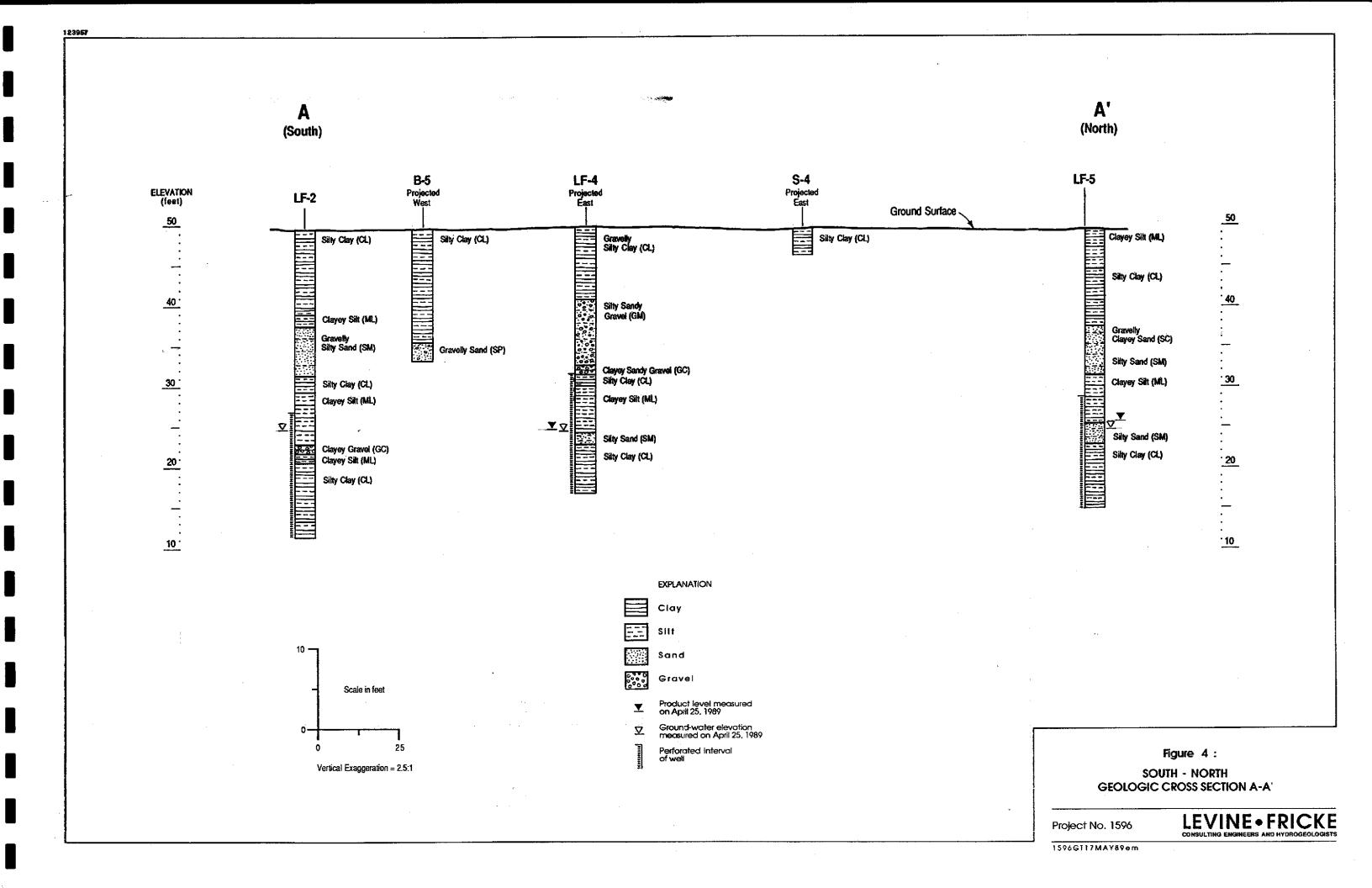


Figure 3: GEOLOGIC CROSS-SECTION LOCATIONS



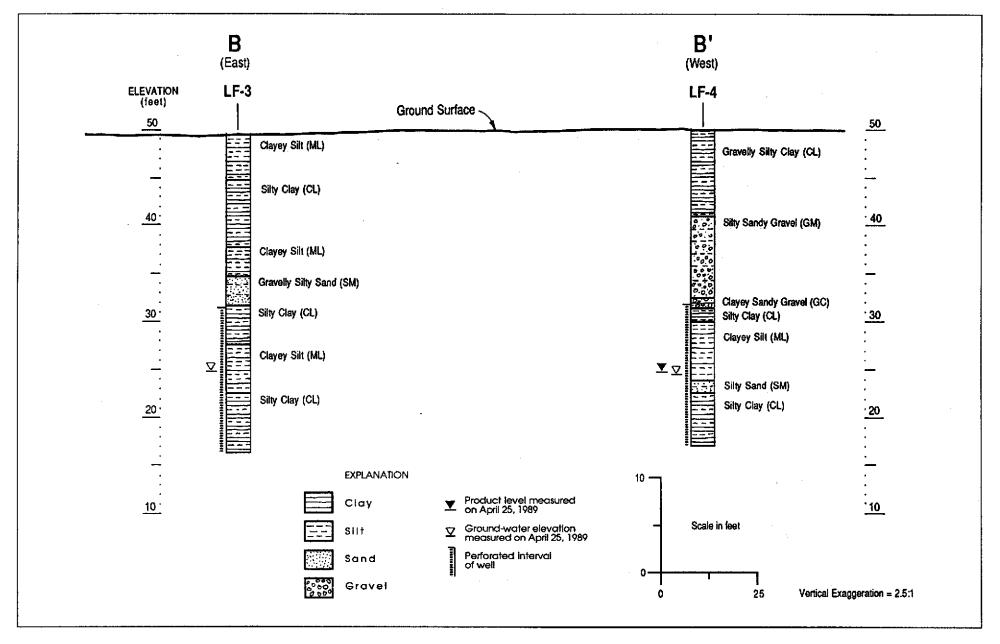


Figure 5: EAST - WEST GEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION B-B'

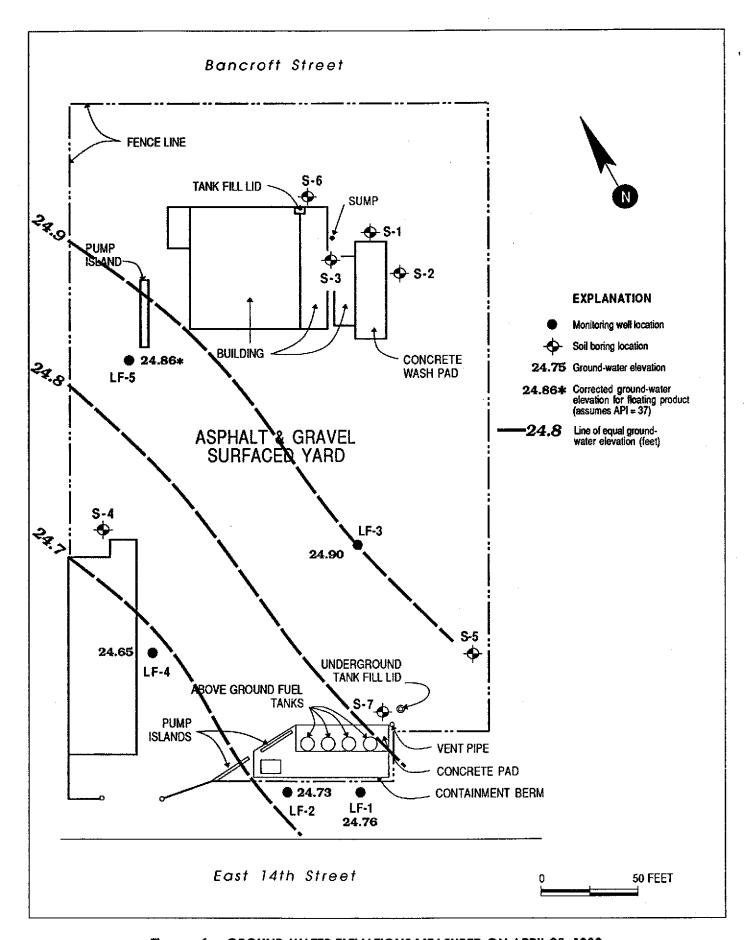


Figure 6: GROUND-WATER ELEVATIONS MEASURED ON APRIL 25, 1989

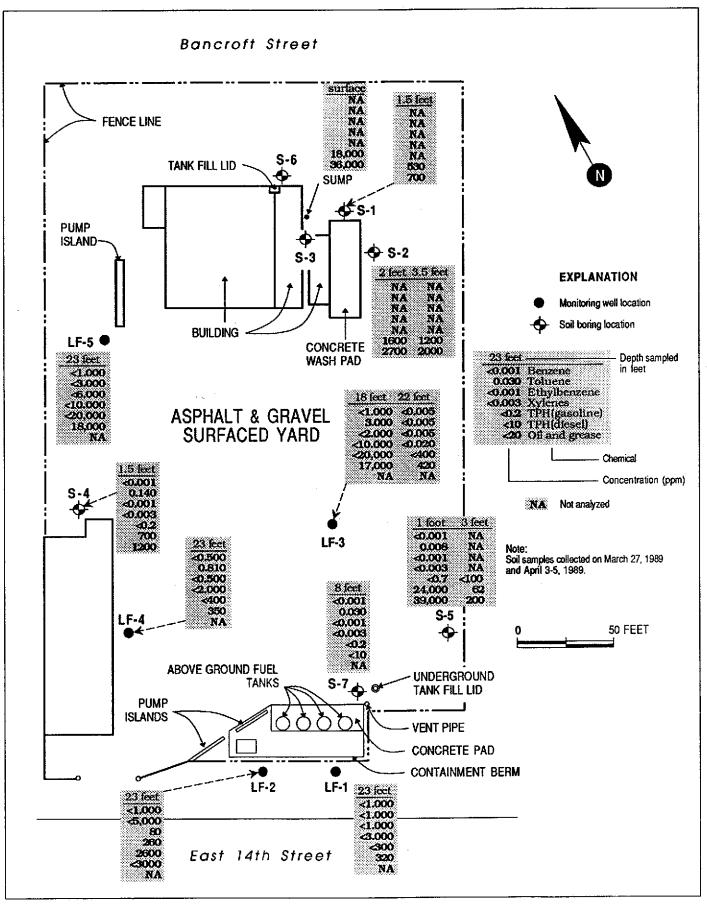


Figure 7 :CONCENTRATIONS OF BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE, XYLENES AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS DETECTED IN SOIL (results in ppm)

Project No. 1596

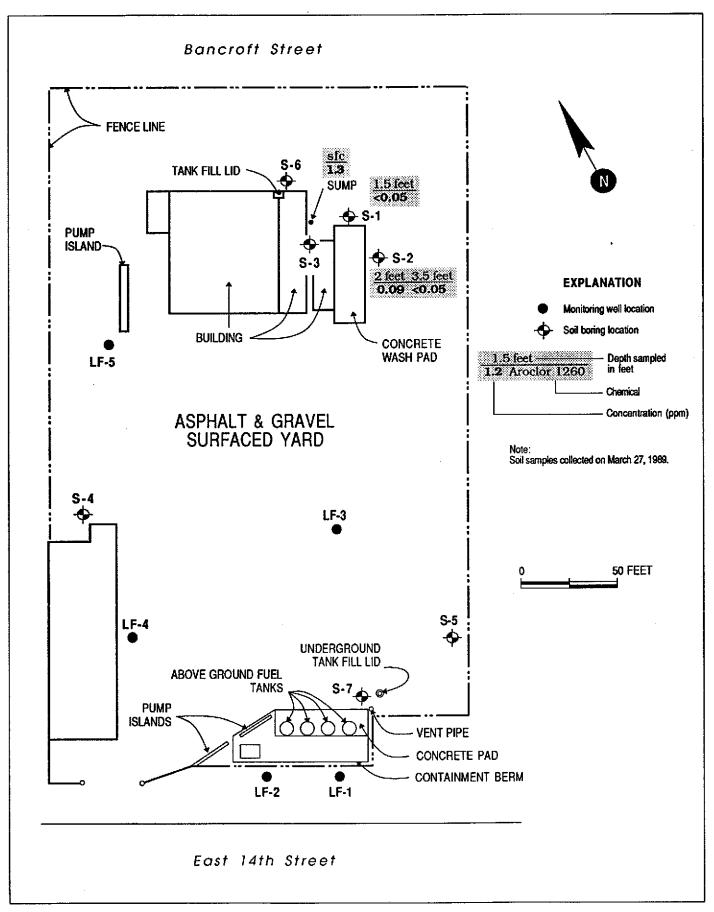


Figure 8: CONCENTRATIONS OF POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (AROCLOR 1260) DETECTED IN SOIL (results in ppm)

Project No. 1596

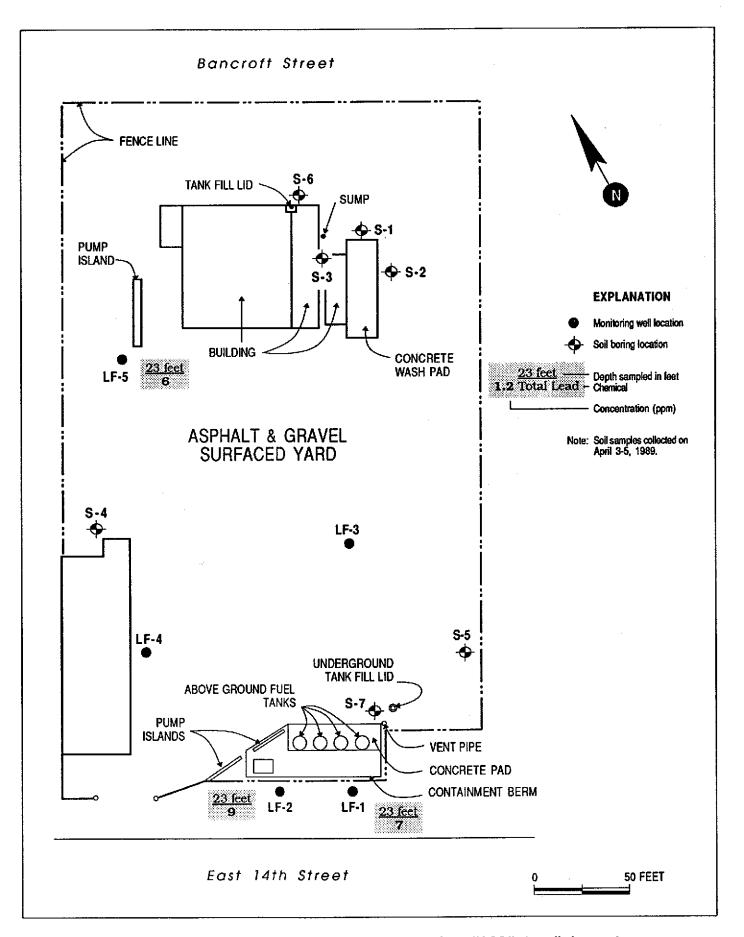


Figure 9: CONCENTRATIONS OF TOTAL LEAD DETECTED IN SOIL (results in ppm)

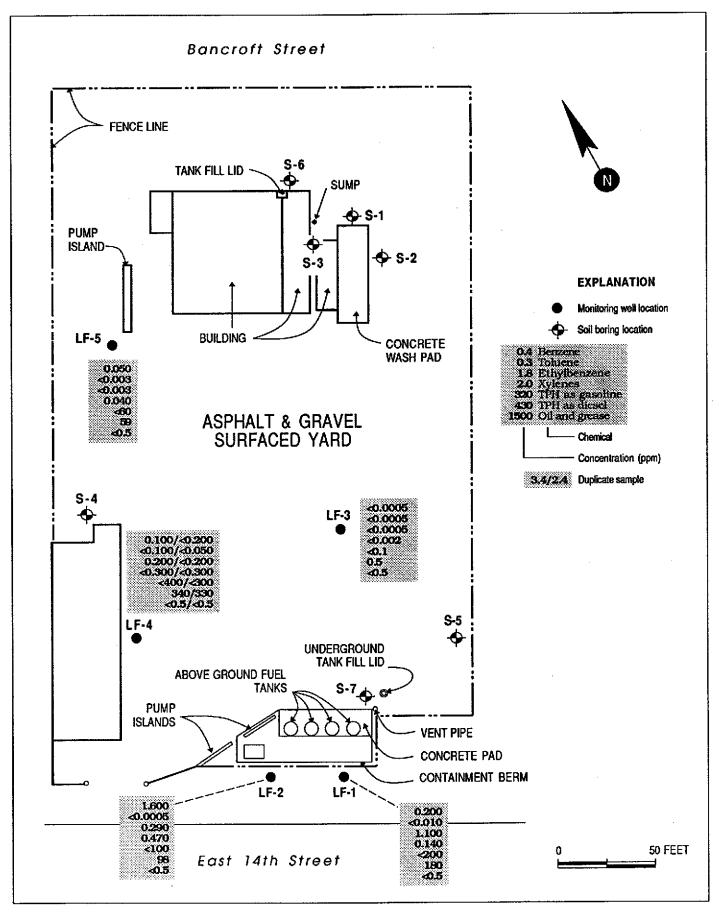


Figure 10: CONCENTRATIONS OF BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE, XYLENES AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS DETECTED IN GROUND WATER (results in ppm)

Project No. 1596

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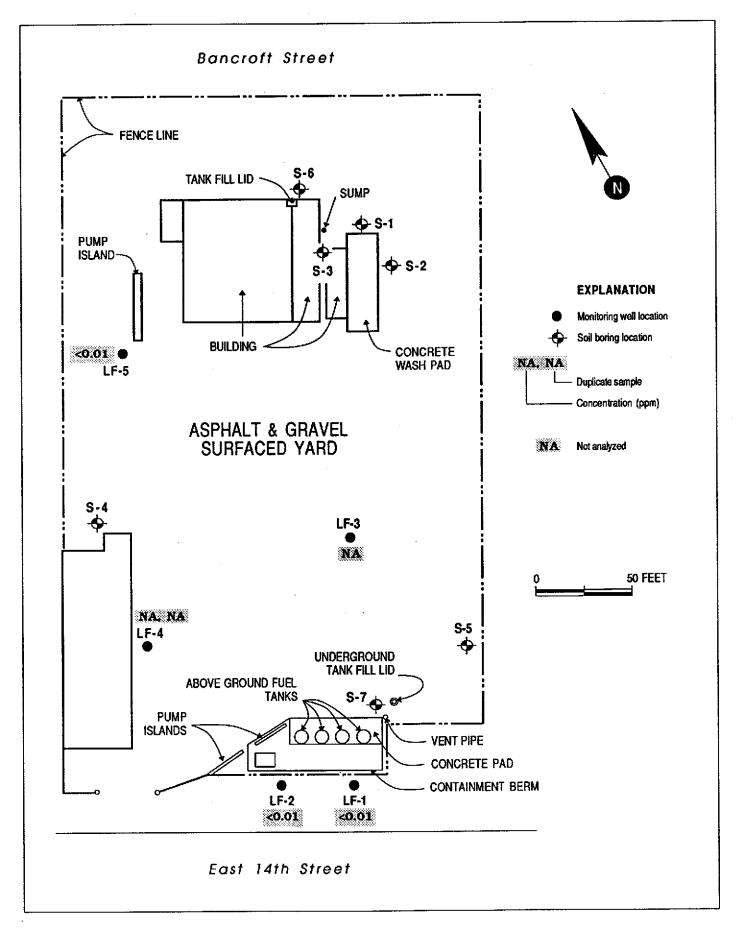


Figure 11 : CONCENTRATIONS OF TOTAL LEAD DETECTED IN GROUND WATER (results in ppm)

APPENDIX A FIELD PROCEDURES

APPENDIX A

FIELD PROCEDURES

Well Drilling and Installation

Five shallow wells (33 to 39 feet deep) were drilled and installed from April 3 to 5, 1989 by Hew Drilling Company, Inc., of Palo Alto, California, using the hollow-stem auger method. All field activities during drilling, including well construction, well development, and sampling were performed under the supervision of a Levine Fricke registered geologist.

The hollow-stem auger method, with 8-inch outside diameter augers, was used to complete drilling of the borings to the desired total depth. Soil samples were collected, described, and lithologically logged during the drilling of each boring using the continuous-core sampling method. Soil samples also were collected from selected borings for possible chemical analysis. These samples were collected in laboratory-supplied glass jars directly from the continuous-core sampler. After collection, a lid was fastened to the jar and the lid was wrapped with electrical tape to obtain a tight seal. The jar was then placed in a chilled cooler for transport by Levine Fricke personnel to Med-Tox Associates of Pleasant Hill, California.

Shallow soil samples were collected on March 27, 1989 using a stainless steel hand auger. The hand auger was cleaned with Alconox, a laboratory-grade detergent, and rinsed with distilled water between each use.

Well Construction

Each newly installed well was constructed by installing 2-inch-diameter, schedule-40 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) casing; the perforated interval of each well consists of 0.020-inch machine slotted perforations. The screened interval of each well was selected based on lithologic data obtained during soil sampling. A sand pack of number 3 Monterey sand was then placed above the screened interval, extending approximately two feet above the Approximately one to two feet of bentonite pellets perforations. were placed above this sand pack as a seal. Levels of sand and bentonite in the well annulus were confirmed during well construction by sounding with a weighted tape. The remaining annular space above the bentonite seal was grouted with a cement-bentonite slurry. All equipment was steam-cleaned before use in each boring. The well casings also were steam-cleaned prior to installation.

Well Development and Sampling

Five wells, numbered LF-1 through LF-5 were developed and sampled for chemical analysis on April 6, 1989. Each well was developed in order to clear silt and sand from the well and to establish better hydraulic communication between the well and the surrounding sediments. Wells were developed by purging at least ten well volumes of water from the well and until the parameters being monitored (pH, specific conductance and temperature) had stabilized. All water evacuated during development was placed in on-site 55 gallon drums which were sealed.

The five wells were sampled for TPH as gasoline and BTEX, and these samples were placed in 40 ml vials; two vials from each well. Each well also was sampled for TPH as diesel, and these samples were placed in one-liter amber bottles. LF-1, LF-2 and LF-5 also were sampled for Total Lead, and these samples were placed in one-liter plastic bottles. All samples were collected using a Teflon bailer. Before each use the Teflon bailers were washed with Alconox, steam-cleaned and fitted with new polypropylene rope.

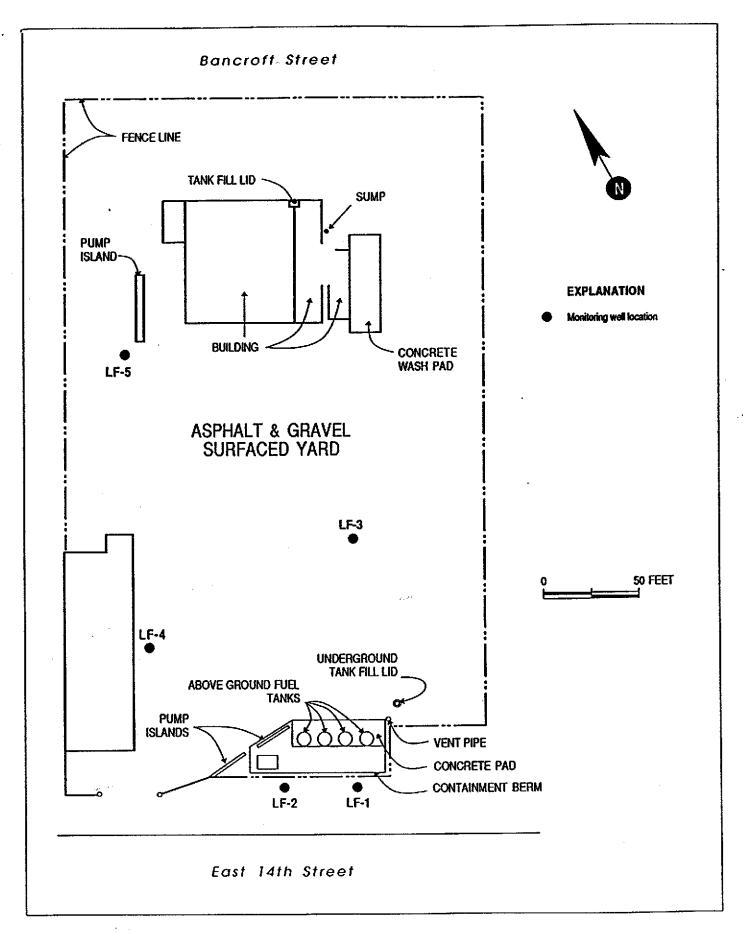
One bailer blank was collected as a quality control check of sampling procedures. The blank sample was prepared by pouring distilled water into a clean Teflon bailer and then into a sample bottle.

Samples were stored in a cooler and kept cold with ice during sampling. Samples were then transported by Levine Fricke personnel to Med-Tox Associates of Pleasant Hill, California for analysis.

Product Thickness and Ground-Water Elevation Measurements

Product thickness, where present, and ground-water elevation measurements were taken in each well using an electric oil/water interface probe graduated in 0.01-foot increments. Well elevations were surveyed by Nolte and Associates of San Jose, California, to the nearest 0.01-foot and tied to benchmarks located near the Property.

APPENDIX B LITHOLOGIC AND WELL CONSTRUCTION LOGS



SITE MAP SHOWING LOCATIONS OF MONITORING WELLS

Project No. 1596

LEVINE • FRICKE CONSULTING ENGINEERS AND HYDROGEOLOGISTS

eecaccasassaa	WELL CON	ISTRUCTION	00 000308000000000000000000000000000000	***************	LITHOLO)GY		*******************	**********
epth, feet	CHRISTY BOX	LOCKING CAP	Graphic Log		Descrip	tion		nple Penetration and Rate rival (Blows/ft.)	PID Ambien Sampk
	6/4	7+2	5000000000	ASPHALT, CO	NCRETE.				7
	[3]			SILTY CLAY (CI low plasticity.	.), very dark brown (roots.	10YR 2/2), dry. soft,	*****		
*****	[3	2-INCH DIAMETER		, ,	brown (10YR 3/6) b	elow 3 feet.	*****		
*****	[3]	BLANK PVC CASING	= - <i>6</i>				*****		
5	12	[3		SETY CLAY (CI	.), dark yellowish bro	wn (10YR 3/4), drv.	5		
*****	[3]	[2]		medium stiff, r	medium plasticity. to high plasticity, co		*****		
*****	[3]	[3]	<u>==</u>	sandy lenses.	roots at 7 feet. I sandy clasts at 7.5				
164161	13	1 3			a dollary crosses on 210	10 0 1001.	*****		_
	13	CEMENT			Y CLAY (CL), dark y		10		
10	13	ekonı			, stiff, medium plasti subrounded clasts		10		
******	13	13	===		·		10000		
*****	t d	13	==	CLAYEY SILT (N loose, local re		own (10YR 4/6), dry,	****		
*****	13	13					******		
 15	[3	13					15		
		BENTONITE SEAL			(SC), dark yellowish	brown (10YR 3/6).	-		
101011		SEAL		moist, very loc			rtiss		
			===	CLAYEY SILT (N soft, some cic	/L), dark greenish gr ists, slight petroleum	ay (5G4/1), moist, codor.	*****		0004
191 144			===	SILTY CLAY (CI	.), dark gray (5Y 4/1)	, moist, soft to	****		0.0/0.4
20				medium stiff, (medium plasticity, v strong petroleum o	ertical petroleum-	20 LF1	/20	0.0/234
		24NCH DIAMETER PERFORATED							
194494		PVC CASING (0.020-inch					*****		
		slots)					LF1	/23	0.0/363
124400							abello		0.0/367
25				Wet, more nu 24 feet.	merous petroleum-	stained veins at	25		,
GR 	OUND-WATER LEVEL						****		
		NO. 3 MONTEREY		SILTY CLAY (CI	.), brown (10YR 4/3).	moist, medium			
194994		SAND PACK		stiff, medium i	to high plasticity, loosts, vertical petrole	al subrounded	****		0.0/132
,,,e,,				dogueose cua	on, terrious ponoio		*****		
30			-===		•		30		
				SILTY CLAY (CI	L), brown (10YR 4/3),	stained to dark	****		
				plasticity, blo	(58G 4/1), wet, med cks sandy aggrega	lium stiff, medium les locally, vertical			
14444	经	BOTTOM CAP		petroleum-sto	ained veins.		****		0.0/207
******		BOITOM OF	*****	BOTTOM OF B	ORING AT 33.2 FEET	•	16444		
35		CASING AT 33.2 FEET	-				35		
			1	Well Permit No.	89177	EXPLANAT	ION		
			De	ate well drilled:	4 April 1989	Clay	90000000	Continuous Core	•
			De	ate water level measured:	6 April 1989	SIII	**	Sampler Sample retainer	d
	#=====================================	-1 0		Well elevation:	49.29 feet	Sand		for analysis	
	Approved by	:		LF Geologist:	Charles Pardini	ever Gravel	PIC	Photoionization detector	

Figure B-1 : WELL CONSTRUCTION AND LITHOLOGY FOR WELL LF-1

Project No. 1596

LEVINE-FRICKE CONSULTING ENCANCEPTS AND HYDROGEOLOGISTS

**********	MEIT COV	ISTRUCTION		LITHOLOGY								
Depth, feet	CHRISTY BOX	LOCKING CAP	Graphic Log	Description		Sample No. and Interval	Penetration Rate (Blows/ft.)	PID Ambient/ Sample				
	6/5	7-2	30333333	ASPHALT, CONCRETE, GRAVEL FILL.								
*******	1 73	1 3			40000							
*******	13	13			*****							
-	183	k2			12344							
-	12	F 3		SILTY CLAY (CL), dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4), dry, medium stiff, medium plasticity, local subrounded	*****							
5	t1	11		clasts up to 1/4-inch diameter, roots and root pores	5							
EP410710	<u> </u>	2-INCH DIAMETER		locally, rare oxidized sandy lenses.	****							
Lentanca	F3	BLANK PVC CASING		The state of the s	*****							
	12	11										
********	<u>k</u> 3	ta -			*****			-				
10	F7	1 3			10							
<u></u>	12	1/2										
********	13	ti)	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	 CLAYEY SAND (ML), dark greenish gray (5GY 4/1), moist, soft, very low plasticity, roots, local angular to 	****			0.0/1.9				
	[2]	CEMENT		subangular clasts <1/2-inch diarneter, slight				0.0,1.2				
********	12	13		petroleum odor.	****			0.0/4.6				
*******	ta	tid .		GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), dark greenish gray (5G 4/1), moist, very loose, many angular to round clasts up to	*****							
15	[3]	k2		1/2-inch diameter, strong petroleum odor.	15							
	12	1 3		Gravel layer at 13 feet, gravel layer, subrounded to rounded clasts up to 1/4-inch diameter.								
	13	14	7	• •	_							
******	63	<u> 1</u> 3		Abundant quartzose sand grains, local sitty tenses, som subrounded clasts up to 1-inch diameter, strong	6	LF2/18		0.0/194				
*******	54		- 13 KAN	petroleum odor.	84444	,		·				
****** ***		BENTONITE SEAL		SILTY CLAY (CL), dark greenish gray (5G 4/1), moist, soft,	20							
20				medium plasticity, very strong petroleum odor.	20							
********			-===	CLAYEY SLT (ML), dark greenish gray (5G 4/1), moist, sof to medium stiff, low to medium plasticity, very strong	t							
*****	₩.	≟ ⊗	===	petroleum odor.	****							
*******		24NCH	<u>===</u>		****	LF2/23		0.0/413				
******		DIAMETER			****							
25		PERFORATED PVC CASING			25							
_		(0.020-inch slots)						*				
GI	ROUND-WATER LEVEL				*****							
*******			20,000	 CLAYEY GRAVEL (GC), dark greenish gray (5G 4/1), wet, very loose, subrounded to rounded closts, very 	*****	LF2/27.5	 	0.0/316				
elitri w		MONTEREY		strong petroleum odor.	***							
*******		SAND PACK		CLAYEY SILT (ML), dark greenish gray (5G 4/1), moist, sof	t """		,					
30		■ ※	-==	to medium stiff, low to medium plasticity, very strong petroleum odor.	30							
<u></u>		3 ⊗		V	1001							
*******			= = =	SILTY CLAY (CL), light olive-brown (2.5Y 5/6), wet, soft to medium stiff, medium plasticity, gray petroleum	****	LF2/32	3 5	0.0/423				
******	₩ 1			discoloration in vertical sandy lenses, gray mottling,	*****							
		■ Ø	===	strong petroleum odor.	·							
20101101	[. % E	⊒∴ √1		Blue-gray (5Y 5/1) below 32 feet.	***		88					

Approved by: Tall

Figure B-2A: WELL CONSTRUCTION AND LITHOLOGY FOR WELL LF-2

Project No. 1596

WELL CONSTRUCTION LITHOLOGY Penetration Rate (Blows/tt.) Sample PID Depth, feet Graphic Ambient/ Description No. and Interval Log Sample NO. 3 MONTEREY SAND PACK Very stiff to hard below 36 feet. 0.0/293 LF2/37 BOTTOM CAP BENTONITE PELLET BOTTOM OF 2-INCH BORING AT 37.7 FEET. 40 BOTTOM OF CASING AT 37.7 FEET Well Permit No. 89177 **EXPLANATION** Date well drilled: 3 April 1989 Clay Continuous Core Sampler Date water level SIIt measured: 6 April 1989 Sample retained Sand for analysis Well elevation: 49.49 feet **Photoionization** Gravel LF Geologist: Charles Pardini detector Approved by: They

Figure B-2B: WELL CONSTRUCTION AND LITHOLOGY FOR WELL LF-2 (conf'd)

Project No. 1596

LEVINE-FRICKE CONSULTING ENCANCERS AND HYDROGEOLOGISTS

***********	WELL CONSTRU	JCTION		LITHOLOGY				
Depth, feet	CHRISTY BOX LOC	CKING CAP	Graphic Log	Description	N	ample o, and nterval	Penetration Rate (Blows/ft.)	PID Ambient/ Sample
		- 2-INCH DIAMETER BLANK PVC CASING - CEMENT GROUT		ASPHALT, GRAVEL FILL. CLAYEY SLT (ML), black (7.5YR N/2), dry, soft, very low plasticity, localized gray mottling. Dark yetlowish brown (10YR 4/6) at 3.5 feet. SLTY CLAY (CL), dark yetlowish brown (10YR 3/6), dry, very stiff, low plasticity. Dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) at 6 to 6.5 feet. CLAYEY SLT (ML), dark greenish gray (5G 4/1), dry, soft, low plasticity, very slight petroleum odor. GRAVELLY SLTY SAND (SM), dark greenish gray (5GY 4/1), molst, loose, rounded to subangular clasts up to 1-inch diameter, strong petroleum odor.	5 10		(Blows/It.)	
26	GROUND-WATER LEVEL	2-INCH DIAMETER PERFORATED PVC CASING (0.020-inch slots) NO. 3 MONTEREY SAND PACK		plasticity, coarse grains increase with depth, strong petroleum ador. CLAYEV SILT (ML), dark greenish gray (5GY 4/1), moist, soft, low to medium plasticity, strong petroleum ador. Wet at 24 feet. Subrounded clasts up to 1/4-inch diameter at 26 to 27 feet. SILTY CLAY (CL), dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4), moist, stiff, medium to high plasticity, local gray mottling.	20 20 20 25 25 25	F3/22		0.0/31.5 0.0/7.8 0.0/9.2
35		— BOTTOM CAP BOTTOM OF CASING AT 32,9 FEET	Đơ	2-Inch thick sandy lens at 31 feet, wet. BOTTOM OF 2-INCH BORING AT 32.9 FEET. Well Permit No. 89177 EXPLANA ate well drilled: 4 April 1989 Clay		Cont	Nous Core	
	Approved by: Tea	Jl		water level measured: 6 April 1989 Well elevation: 49.24 feet LF Geologist: Charles Pardini Stitt Gravet	1	Sam for a	pter iple retained inalysis tolonization ector	

Figure B-3 : WELL CONSTRUCTION AND LITHOLOGY FOR WELL LF-3

Project No. 1596

LEVINE-FRICKE CONSULTING EMERGES AND HYDROGEOLOGISTS

20000000000	WELL CONSTRU	UCTION	LITHOLOGY							
Depth, feet	CHRISTY BOX LOX	CKING CAP	Graphic Log	Description		Sample No. and Interval	Penetration Rate (Blows/ti.)	PID Ambien Sompk		
15 20 25	ROUND-WATER LEVEL	- 2-INCH DIAMETER BLANK PYC CASING - CEMENT GROUT - BENTONITE SEAL - 2-INCH DIAMETER PERFORATED PYC CASING (0.020-inch slots)		ASPHALT, GRAVEL FILL. GRAVELLY SILTY CLAY (CL), very dark gray/sh bro (2.5Y 3/2), dry, medium stiff, medium plasticity, k gray mottling, subrounded to rounded clasts up 1/2-inch diameter, oxidized sandy zones locally. At 7 to 8 feet, stiff to very stiff, low plasticity, some roots and root pores, many subrounded to rous clasts up to 1/4-inch diameter. Color change to very dark gray (SY 3/1) below? SILTY SANDY GRAVEL (GM), dark gray/sh brown (dry, loose, rounded to angular clasts up to 1-inc diameter, local oxidized zones. CLAYEY SANDY GRAVEL (GC), dark greenish gray (SGY 4/1), molst, loose, rounded to angular clasts one rore, hypical clasts range from 1/8- to 1/4-inch diameter. SILTY CLAY (CL), very dark gray/sh brown (2.5Y 3/7) molst, medium stiff, medium plasticity, petroleu stained veins and mottling throughout, petroleu codor. CLAYEY SILT (ML), dark greenish gray (SGY 4/1), it soft, very low plasticity, local coarse-grained le local subrounded clasts up to 1/8-inch diameter petroleum odor. SILTY SAND (SM), dark gray (SY 4/1), wet, loose, inclividual clasts up to 1/8-inch diameter, strong petroleum odor. SILTY CLAY (CL), olive-gray (SY 4/2), molst, medium plasticity, local petroleum odor. SILTY CLAY (CL), olive-gray (SY 4/2), molst, medium stained lenses and vertical veins increase with veins and lenses at 30 feet.	sts up to impered and impered	LF4/19 LF4/23 LF4/25		00 / 00 0.0/45 0.0/192		
35	 	BOTTOM CAP BOTTOM OF CASING AT 32.9 FEET	12001		35			0.0/365		
	Approved by: To	<u></u>		te well drilled: 4 April 1989 te water level measured: 6 April 1989 Velt elevation: 50.09 feet	KPLANATION lay iiit and travel	Sar Sar for PID Pho	ntinuous Core npler mple retained analysis otoionization tector	1		

Figure B-4 : WELL CONSTRUCTION AND LITHOLOGY FOR WELL LF-4

Project No. 1596

LEVINE-FRICKE CONSULTING ENGINEERS AND HYDROCECUCOSTS

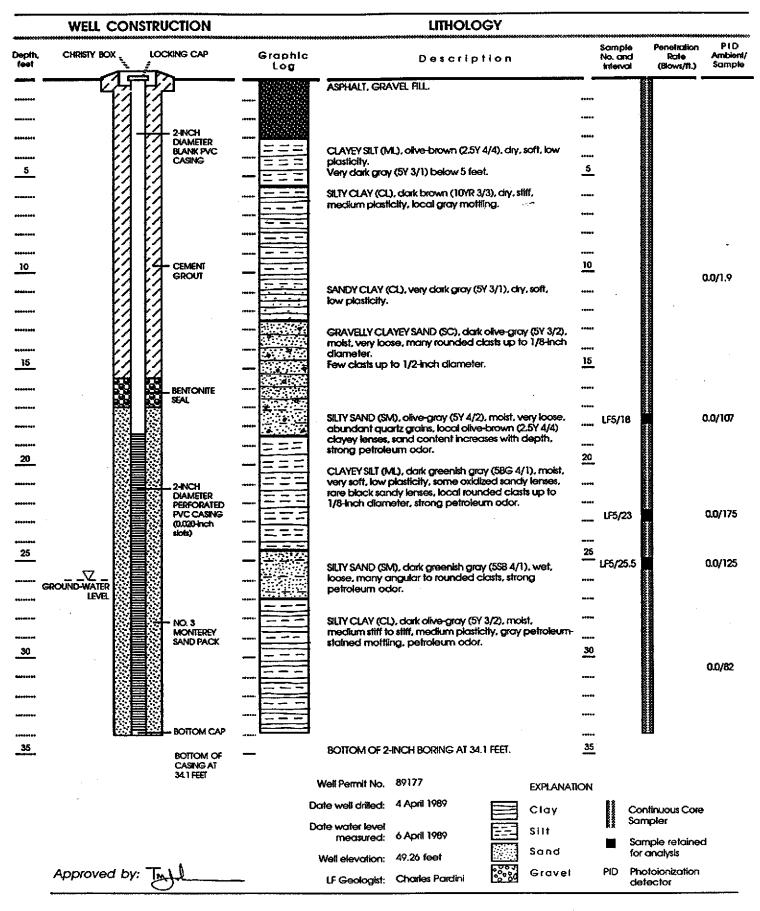


Figure B-5: WELL CONSTRUCTION AND LITHOLOGY FOR WELL LF-5

Project No. 1596

LEVINE-FRICKE CONSULTING ENGINEERS AND INTOPPOSED LOSS TS

Figure B-6: LITHOLOGY AND SAMPLE DATA FOR SOIL BORING S-6 & S-7

Project No. 1596

APPENDIX C LABORATORY CERTIFICATES





ENVIRONMENTAL & OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH SERVICES

1596

3440 Vincent Road ● Pleasant Hill, CA 94523 ● (415) 930-9090

LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORT

LEVINE-FRICKE

1900 POWELL ST., 12TH FL.

EMERYVILLE, CA 94608

GREG TAYLOR ATTN:

CLIENT PROJECT NO:

REPORT DATE: 04/24/89

DATE SAMPLED: 03/27/89 DATE RECEIVED: 03/28/89

DATE EXTRACTED: 04/10/89 04/10-12/89 DATE ANALYZED:

MED-TOX JOB NO: 8903214

ANALYSIS OF:

SIX SOIL SAMPLES FOR OIL & GREASE; FOUR SOIL SAMPLES FOR POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS; TWO SOIL SAMPLES FOR BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM

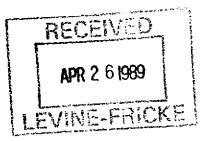
HYDROCARBONS; ONE PRODUCT FOR CHARACTERIZATION

Sample Identi Client Id.	fication Lab No.	Oil & Grease (mg/kg)	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (mg/kg)	Product Characterization
S1a	01A	1,700	530	
S2a	03A	2,700	1,600	
S2b	04A	2,000	1 \200	
_S2b_Sump1	06A	36,000	18,000	
S4a	07A	1,200	700	
S5a	09A	39,000	24,000	
V6T1	11A			Gasoline
Detection lim	it	100	100	NA
Method		SM 503D	SM 503E	GC-FID

NA = Not Applicable

Michael Lynch, Manager Organic Laboratory

Results FAXed to Greg Taylor 04/14/89





PAGE 2 OF 7

LEVINE-FRICKE CONSULTING

CLIENT ID: Sla

CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 03/27/89 DATE RECEIVED: 03/28/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8903214-01A

MED-TOX JOB NO: 8903214 DATE EXTRACTED: 04/06-11/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/11/89

REPORT DATE: 04/24/89

EPA METHOD 8080

POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS

AROCLOR		CAS #	CONCENTRATION (mg/kg)	DETECTION LIMIT (mg/kg)
Aroclor	1016	12674-11-2	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1221	11104-28-2	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1232	11141-16-5	. ND	0.05
Aroclor	1242	53469-21-9	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1248	12672-29-6	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1254	11097-69-1	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1260	11096-82-5	ND	0.05

ND = Not detected at or above indicated method detection limit

Analytical Method: EPA 8080, SW-846 3rd Edition, 1986



PAGE 3 OF 7

LEVINE-FRICKE CONSULTING

CLIENT ID: S2a

CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 03/27/89 DATE RECEIVED: 03/28/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8903214-03A

MED-TOX JOB NO: 8903214

DATE EXTRACTED: 04/06-11/89 DATE ANALYZED: 04/11/89

REPORT DATE: 04/24/89

EPA METHOD 8080

POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS

AROCLOR		CAS #	CONCENTRATION (mg/kg)	DETECTION LIMIT (mg/kg)
Aroclor	1016	12674-11-2	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1221	11104-28-2	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1232	11141-16-5	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1242	53469-21-9	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1248	12672-29-6	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1254	11097-69-1	ND .	0.05
Aroclor	1260	11096-82-5	0.09	0.05

ND = Not detected at or above indicated method detection limit

Analytical Method: EPA 8080, SW-846 3rd Edition, 1986



PAGE 4 OF 7

LEVINE-FRICKE CONSULTING

CLIENT ID: S2b

CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 03/27/89 DATE RECEIVED: 03/28/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8903214-04A

MED-TOX JOB NO: 8903214

DATE EXTRACTED: 04/06-11/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/11/89 REPORT DATE: 04/24/89

EPA METHOD 8080

POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS

AROCLOR		CAS #	CONCENTRATION (mg/kg)	DETECTION LIMIT (mg/kg)
Aroclor .	1016	12674-11-2	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1221	11104-28-2	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1232	11141-16-5	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1242	53469-21-9	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1248	12672-29-6	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1254	11097-69-1	ND ·	0.05
Aroclor	1260	11096-82-5	ND	0.05

ND = Not detected at or above indicated method detection limit

Analytical Method: EPA 8080, SW-846 3rd Edition, 1986



PAGE 5 OF 7

LEVINE-FRICKE CONSULTING

CLIENT ID: Sump 1 CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 03/27/89 DATE RECEIVED: 03/28/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8903214-06A MED-TOX JOB NO: 8903214 DATE EXTRACTED: 04/06-11/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/11/89 REPORT DATE: 04/24/89

EPA METHOD 8080

POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS

AROCLOR		CAS #	CONCENTRATION (mg/kg)	DETECTION LIMIT (mg/kg)
Aroclor	1016	12674-11-2	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1221	11104-28-2	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1232	11141-16-5	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1242	53469-21-9	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1248	12672-29-6	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1254	11097-69-1	ND	0.05
Aroclor	1260	11096-82-5	1.3	0.05

ND = Not detected at or above indicated method detection limit
Analytical Method: EPA 8080, SW-846 3rd Edition, 1986



CLIENT ID: S4a

CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 03/27/89 DATE RECEIVED: 03/28/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8903214-07A MED-TOX JOB NO: 8903214

DATE ANALYZED: 04/04/89

REPORT DATE: 04/24/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 8020, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP)

	CONCENTRATION (ug/kg)	DETECTIO LIMIT (ug/kg)		
Benzene	ND	1		
Toluene	140	1 .		
Ethylbenzene	ND	1		
Xylenes	ND	3		

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS:

Gasoline

ND mg/kg 0.2 mg/kg



CLIENT ID: S5a

CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 03/27/89 DATE RECEIVED: 03/28/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8903214-09A MED-TOX JOB NO: 8903214

DATE ANALYZED: 04/04/89

REPORT DATE: 04/24/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 8020, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP)

	CONCENTRATION (ug/kg)	DETECTION LIMIT (ug/kg)
Benzene	ND	1
Toluene	8	1 .
Ethylbenzene	ND	1
Xylenes	ND	3

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS:

Gasoline

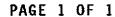
ND mg/kg 0.7* mg/kg

Elevated detection limit due to presence of hydrocarbons heavier than those typically contained in gasoline.

8903314 CHAIN OF CUSTODY / ANALYSES REQUEST FORM



Project No.: 1596					Field	_			3/41/4// 340						
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52a		1425	03 A				,	Z	X			AME.	EXTICHCTABLES		mpleTED
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530		1455	05 A					,		•		X		ואכנטספ	
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Sample Col	lector:		LEVINE-FRIC	CKE	<u></u>				Analy	tical	Lab	ograto	Dry: A		·····
1900 Powell Street, 12th Floor					,		MA	7-1	oxl Assoc.						
			Emeryville,		18						ı W	י ע	U/- 1100C.		
	(415) 652-4500							<u>L.</u>							





ENVIRONMENTAL & OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH SERVICES

3440 Vincent Road Pleasant Hill, CA 94523 • (415) 930-9090 • FAX# (415) 930-0256

LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORT

LEVINE-FRICKE

1900 POWELL ST. 12TH FL.

EMERYVILLE, CA 94608

05/23/89 REPORT DATE:

DATE SAMPLED: 03/27/89 DATE RECEIVED: 03/28/89

ANALYSIS REQUESTED: 04/27/89

ATTN: **GREG TAYLOR** DATE EXTRACTED: 04/29-05/09/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/29-05/09/89

CLIENT PROJECT NO: 1596 MED-TOX JOB NO:

8904168

RECEIVED

MAY 2 4 1989

ANALYSIS OF: ONE SOIL SAMPLE FOR OIL & GREASE AND TOTAL

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Sample Identi	fication	Oil & Grease	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons As Diesel [*]	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons As Waste Oil
Client Id.	Lab No.	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
\$56	01A	200	ND	62	ND
Detection lim	it	100	100	10	60
Method		SN503D	SM503E	EPA 8015	EPA 8015

MD = Not detected at or above indicated method detection limit

* This sample contains what appears to be "weathered" diesel, which includes higher molecular weight hydrocarbons than those typically contained in a diesel fuel

Michael Lynch, Organic Laboratory

Results FAXed to Charles Pardini 05/11/89.

SEATTLE

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Lab Copy (Green)

Shipping Copy (White)

CHAIN OF CUSTODY / ANALYSES REQUEST FORM

Project No.	: 15	96			Field I	ogt	ook	No.:			Da	ite: -	3/27/89 Serial No		S
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52b		1440	04 A					X	>			_	194NG EPAV	NETHW-50	70 (E (D)
53a		1455	05 R									X .		- MECUBE	
Sump 1		1400	06 A					X	X)(35°)	
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,			Emeryville, (415) 652-	0a 346 4500						"					
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IVIRONMENTAL & OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH SERVICES

3440 Vincent Road Pleasant Hill, CA 94523 • (415) 930-9090 • FAX# (415) 930-0256

LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORT

LEVINE-FRICKE 1900 POWELL ST. 12TH FL.

EMERYVILLE, CA 94608

ATTN: GREG TAYLOR

CLIENT PROJECT NO: 1596 REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

DATE SAMPLED: 04/03-04/89

DATE RECEIVED: 04/05/89

MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904019

ANALYSIS OF:

THREE SOIL SAMPLES FOR BTXE, TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS, AND LEAD; TWO SOIL SAMPLES FOR

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Sample Identif Client Id.	ication Lab No.	Lead (mg/kg)
LF-5/23	02A	6
LF-2/23	03 ^A	9
LF-1/23	06A	7
Detection Limit	t	1
EPA Method		7420

Organic Laboratory

Results FAXed to Greg Taylor 04/20/89

RECEIVED APR 28 1989



CLIENT ID: LF-5/23 CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/03/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/05/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904019-02A MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904019

DATE EXTRACTED: 04/17/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/08-18/89 REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 8020, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

	CONCENTRATION (ug/kg)	DETECTION LIMIT (ug/kg)
Benzene	ND	1,000
Toluene	ND	3,000
Ethylbenzene	ND	6,000
Xylenes	ND	10,000
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS	5:	·
Gasoline	ND mg/kg	20,000 m
Diesel	18,000 mg/kg	10 m
Waste Oil	ND mg/kg	20 m



CLIENT ID: LF-2/23 CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/03/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/05/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904019-03A MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904019 DATE EXTRACTED: 04/17/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/16-18/89

REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 8020, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

	CONCENTRATION (ug/kg)	DETECTION LIMIT (ug/kg)
Benzene	ND	1,000
Toluene	ND	5,000
Ethylbenzene	80,000	1,000
Xylenes	260,000	3,000
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS A	: AS:	
Gasoline	2,600 mg/kg	200
Diesel	ND mg/kg	3,000
Waste Oil	ND mg/kg	20



CLIENT ID: LF-1/23 CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/04/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/05/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904019-06A MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904019 DATE EXTRACTED: 04/17/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/08-18/89

REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 8020, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

	CONCENTRATION (ug/kg)	DETECTION LIMIT (ug/kg)
Benzene	ND.	1,000
Toluene	ND	1,000
Ethylbenzene	ND	1,000
Xylenes	ND	3,000
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS	AS:	
Gasoline	ND mg/kg	300
Diesel	320 mg/kg	10
Waste Oil	ND mg/kg	20



CLIENT ID: LF-4/23 CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/04/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/05/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904019-08A MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904019

DATE EXTRACTED: 04/17/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/09-18/89

REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 8020, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

	CONCENTRATION (ug/kg)	DETECTION LIMIT (ug/kg)
Benzene	ND	500
Toluene	810	500
Ethylbenzene	ND	500
Xylenes	ND	2,000
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Gasoline	ND mg/kg	400
Diesel	350 mg/kg	10
Waste Oil	ND mg/kg	20



CLIENT ID: S-7/8 CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/04/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/05/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904019-10A MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904019 DATE EXTRACTED: 04/17/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/09-18/89

REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

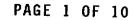
BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 8020, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

	CONCENTRATION (ug/kg)	DETECTIO LIMIT (ug/kg)	
Benzene	ND	1	
Toluene	30	1	
Ethylbenzene	ND ·	1	٠
Xylenes	ND	3	
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS	5:		
Gasoline	ND mg/kg	0.2	mg/l
Diesel	ND mg/kg	. 10	mg/l
Waste Oil	ND mg/kg	20	mg/l

Desi N-				·										0_/	$\frac{1}{2}$	
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SAMPLE NO.	DATE	TIME	LAB SAMPLE NO.	NO. OF CON - TAINERS	SAMPLE TYPE		\4\\	Gr. Art			2 tere		4019/15th/		EMARK	S
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LF-2/23		1310	<u>0,3</u> A					×	×	×						
LF-2/18		1300	041								-	X				
LF-2/27.	. 🖖	1325	05 A									X				
LF-1/23	4/4	900	06A					×	×	×				····		
LF-1/20		900	071									X				
LF-4/23		1135	08 A					X	×							•
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THAIN OF CUSTODY / LYSES REQUEST FORM





ENVIRONMENTAL & OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH SERVICES

3440 Vincent Road Pleasant Hill, CA 94523 • (415) 930-9090 • FAX# (415) 930-0256

LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORT

LEVINE-FRICKE 1900 POWELL ST., 12TH FL.

EMERYVILLE, CA 94608

ATTN: GREG TAYLOR

REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

DATE SAMPLED: 04/05-06/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/06/89

DATE EXTRACTED: 04/07-19/89 DATE ANALYZED: 04/10-18/89

CLIENT PROJECT NO: 1596

MED-TOX JOB NO:

8904035

ANALYSIS OF:

TWO SOIL SAMPLES FOR BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS; THREE WATER SAMPLES FOR BTXE, TOTAL

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS, AND LEAD; FOUR WATER SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Sample Ident	ification	Lead
Client Id.	Lab No.	(mg/L)
LF-1	06E	ND
LF-2	07E	ND
LF-5	11E	ND
Detection li	nit	0.01
EPA Method		7/120

ND = Not detected at or above indicated method detection limit

Michael Lynch, Organic Laboratory

Results FAXed to Greg Taylor 04/25/89



7420



CLIENT ID: LF-3/18 CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/05/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/06/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904035-02A MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904035 DATE EXTRACTED: 04/19/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/10-24/89

REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 8020, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

·	CONCENTR/ (ug/kg)		DETECTI LIMIT (ug/kg	
Benzene	ND		1,000	
Toluene [.]	3,000		1,000	
Ethylbenzene	ND		2,000	
Xylenes	ND		10,000	
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS	AS:			
Gasoline	ND	mg/kg	20,000	m
Diesel	17,000	mg/kg	500	m
Waste Oil	ND	mg/kg	1,000	m



CLIENT ID: LF-3/22 CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/05/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/06/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904035-03A MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904035 DATE EXTRACTED: 04/19/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/10-24/89

REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 8020, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

	CONCENTR/ (ug/kg)		DETECTION LIMIT (ug/kg)		
Benzene	ND		5		
Toluene	ND		5		
Ethylbenzene	ND		5		
Xylenes	ND		20		
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS	AS:				
Gasoline	ND	mg/kg	400	mg/k	
Diesel	420	mg/kg	10	mg/k	
Waste Oil	ND	mg/kg	20	mg/k	



CLIENT ID: LF-1

CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/06/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/06/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904035-06C MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904035

DATE EXTRACTED: 04/07/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/08, 10/89 REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

EPA 602, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

	CONCENTRA (ug/l		DETECTION LIMIT (ug/L)
Benzene	200	,	10
Toluene	ND		10
Ethylbenzene	1,100	·	10
Xylenes	140		40
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS A	S:		
Gasoline	ND	mg/L	200 mg
Diesel	180	mg/L	0.3 m g
Waste Oil	ND	mg/L	0.5 mg



CLIENT ID: LF-2

CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/06/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/06/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904035-07C

MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904035 DATE EXTRACTED: 04/07/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/08-10/89

REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 602, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

	CONCENTRATION (ug/L)	DETECTION LIMIT (ug/L)
Benzene	1,600	0.5
Toluene	ND	0.5
Ethylbenzene	290	0.5
Xylenes	470	2
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS A	s:	
Gasoline	ND mg/L	100 mg/
Diesel	98 mg/L	0.3 mg/
Waste Oil	ND mg/L	0.5 mg/



CLIENT ID: LF-3

CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/06/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/06/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904035-08C

MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904035 DATE EXTRACTED: 04/07/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/08-10/89

REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 602, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

	CONCENTRATION (ug/L)	DETECTION LIMIT (ug/L)
Benzene	ND	0.5
Toluene	ND	0.5
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.5
Xylenes	ND	2
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS	S:	
Gasoline	ND mg/L	0.1 mg/L
Diesel	0.5 mg/L	0.3 mg/L
Waste Oil	ND mg/L	0.5 mg/L



CLIENT ID: LF-3FB CLIENT JOB NO: 1596 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904035-09A MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904035

DATE SAMPLED: 04/06/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/06/89 DATE ANALYZED: 04/08/89 REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 602, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP)

		CONCENTRATION (ug/L)	DETECTION LIMIT (ug/L)
Benzene		ND	0.5
Toluene	• •	ND	0.5
Ethylbenzene		ND	0.5
Xylenes		ND	2

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS:

Gasoline

ND mg/L

0.1 mg/L



CLIENT ID: LF-4 CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/06/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/06/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904035-10C MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904035 DATE EXTRACTED: 04/13/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/10-18/89

REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 602, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

	CONCENTR (ug/		DETECTION LIMIT (ug/L)
Benzene	100		100
Toluene	ND		100
Ethylbenzene	200		100
Xylenes	ND		300
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS A	s:		
Gasoline	ND	mg/L	400 mg/
Diesel	340	mg/L	0.3 mg/
Waste Oil	ND	mg/L	0.5 mg/



CLIENT ID: LF-5

CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/06/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/06/89

MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904035-11C

MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904035 DATE EXTRACTED: 04/13/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/08-12/89

REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 602, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

•	CONCENTRATION (ug/L)	DETECTION LIMIT (ug/L)	
Benzene	50	3	
Toluene	ND	3	
Ethylbenzene	ND	3	
Xylenes	40	10	
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS	S:		
Gasoline	ND mg/L	60 mg/L	
Diesel	59 mg/L	0.3 mg/L	
Waste Oil	ND mg/L	0.5 mg/L	



CLIENT ID: LF-6 (LF-4 DOPULATE)

CLIENT JOB NO: 1596

DATE SAMPLED: 04/06/89 DATE RECEIVED: 04/06/89 MED-TOX LAB NO: 8904035-12C

MED-TOX JOB NO: 8904035 DATE EXTRACTED: 04/13/89

DATE ANALYZED: 04/12-18/89

REPORT DATE: 04/27/89

BTXE AND TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

METHOD: EPA 602, 8015 (PURGE & TRAP AND EXTRACTION)

	CONCENTRAT	
Benzene	ND	200
Toluene	ND	50
Ethylbenzene	ND	200
Xylenes	ND	300
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS A	ıs:	
Gasoline	ND m	ng/L 300 mg/
Diesel	330 m	g/L 0.3 mg/
Waste Oil	ND m	g/L 0.5 mg/

R-45E R-3-5-3

CHAIN OF CUSTODY / ANALYSES REQUEST FORM

8904035

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METHOD OF SHIPMENT: Hand-delivered	DATE	TIME LAB COMM	ENTS:		
LEVINE FRICKE LEVINE check one) 300000000000000000000000000000000000	E•FRICKE sterly Place, Seach, CA 9266 55-1390	Suite 103 60	ical Laboratory: MLd-Tox (Pink)	FORM NO	. 86/COC/AR