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PRELIMINARY SOIL INVESTIGATION
SUPER BLOCK
RAILROAD AVENUE
LIVERMORE, CALIFORNIA
FOR
THE JONATHAN GROUP, INC.

November 6, 1987

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Job No. 1387.200.1



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The Jonathan Group, Inc. 2682 Bishop Drive, Suite 212 Bishop Ranch 2 San Ramon, California 94583-2338

Attention: Mr. Stephen G. Johnson

Subject: Preliminary Soil Investigation

Super Block Railroad Avenue

Livermore, California

Gentlemen:

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## INTRODUCTION

This report presents results of our preliminary soil investigation for the subject project. The site is located on the south side of Railroad Avenue between P and L Streets in Livermore, California. The site is shown in relation to the City of Livermore on the Vicinity Map, Plate 1.

We understand that tentatively the site will be developed with commercial structures at each end of the site with the middle portion for attached housing units and associated parking and landscape areas. We have assumed for this report that the buildings will be one and two stories in height with no unusual foundation loadings.

The purpose of this investigation is to characterize the general site soil conditions and discuss findings which may impact on the development of the site. Our scope of services consisted of performing a site reconnaissance, drilling seven boring, limited laboratory testing, engineering review of the results, and preparation of this report. Further investigation will be required for final design.

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## SITE HISTORY AND DEVELOPMENT

There is an existing commercial building in the southwest corner of the site, and poles and fencing for a Christmas tree lot in the northwest corner. The rest of the site is vacant except for three small slabs near the center of the site, a slightly larger slab in the northeast corner, and a pile of fill in the southeast corner.

## EXPLORATION DETAILS

We explored subsurface soil conditions at the subject site, by drilling seven borings to depths of about 20 feet. We determined the boring locations, shown on the Site Plan, Plate 2, by pacing from existing surface features. These locations should be considered accurate only to the degree implied by the methods used.

Our representative logged the borings and obtained relatively undisturbed soil samples at various depths. The boring logs, showing soil classifications, blow counts, and sample depths are presented on Plates 3 through 9. The soils are classified according to the Unified Soil Classification system described on Plate 10.

In our laboratory, we re-examined the samples to verify the field classifications and selected representative samples for testing. Laboratory testing consisted of Atterberg Limits tests to confirm the classification. The test results are presented on Plate 10.

### SITE CONDITIONS

In general, our test borings showed competent alluvium, somewhat coarse-grained, underlying the site. Except in Boring B-4, it was not possible to clearly define the presence of fill although the surface has been graded. In Boring B-4, asphalt and concrete debris and charred wood fragments were encountered in the soil to a depth of about 5 feet. Also in Boring B-4 a layer of soft silt was encountered from a depth of about 12} feet to 17 feet.

We did not assess the pile of fill at the southeast corner of the site as part of this investigation. No free groundwater was encountered but some of the samples recovered near the bottom of the boring were wet. The free groundwater level is expected to fluctuate with weather conditions and time of year.

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### CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The results of this preliminary investigation indicate the soils at this site should generally provide adequate support for the tentatively planned buildings and roadways. Design concerns at this site are the existing fill and soft layers at depth.

The drilling at Boring B-4 shows the presence of debris, but it is not possible to accurately assess the amount of debris by drilling, and a heavy concentration of debris can interfere with construction. Although the other borings did not clearly indicate fill, the results of Boring B-4 suggest that there may be other fill areas on the site.

A layer of soft silt was encountered in Boring B-4. It is anticipated that his layer would likely not be extensive, but this should be confirmed. If the layer is of limited extent and there is only minor grading and no unusual foundation loads, this layer is not expected to cause design problems.

## Seismic Considerations

The San Francisco Bay area is recognized by geologists and seismologists as one of the most active seismic regions in the United States. The significant earthquakes which occur in the Bay Area are associated with crustal movements along well-defined active fault zones.

The subject site is not within a currently designated State of California Special Studies Zone for active faults (State of California, 1982). Of the major faults in the area, the Calaveras fault is located approximately 71 miles southwest of the site, while the Hayward and San Andreas fault zones are located approximately 15 and 33 miles, respectively, southwest of the site.

Several smaller faults are located in relatively close proximity to the site. The Las Positas fault is a high angle, northeast trending fault located approximately 2 miles southeast of the site. The Greenville fault is a northwest trending strike-slip fault located approximately 4½ miles northeast of the site. Both faults are considered potentially active. The Mocho fault has been mapped as underlying the alluvial and colluvial deposits of the Livermore Valley. However, its existence is largely inferential and there is no evidence for recent faulting.

Although research on earthquake prediction has greatly increased in recent years, seismologists have not yet reached the point where they can say when and where an earthquake will occur. Nevertheless, on the basis of these recent studies, it is reasonable to assume that the proposed structures will be subjected to at least one moderate to severe earthquake during their design life.

## Additional Soil Engineering Services

Before finalizing plans for the site, a design level geotechnical investigation should be performed. This investigation should be for the purposes of development of criteria for site grading, foundation design and pavement design. This investigation should include an assessment of fill on the site, and soft layers at depth.

## INVESTIGATION LIMITATIONS

Our investigation is based on a surface reconnaissance, seven borings, laboratory testing and engineering analysis. The materials encountered in the borings are believed to be generally representative of the total area; however, soil conditions may vary in character between borings. The conclusions and recommendations contained herein are professional opinions derived in accordance with the current standards of soil engineering practice; no other warranty is expressed or implied.

Respectfully submitted,

BERLOGAR GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANTS

W. Patrick Stewart

Frank perlogar

RCE 20/383 Exp. 9/30/89

WPS/FB:laj/cgm/1159 ·

Attachments: Plate 1 - Vicinity Map

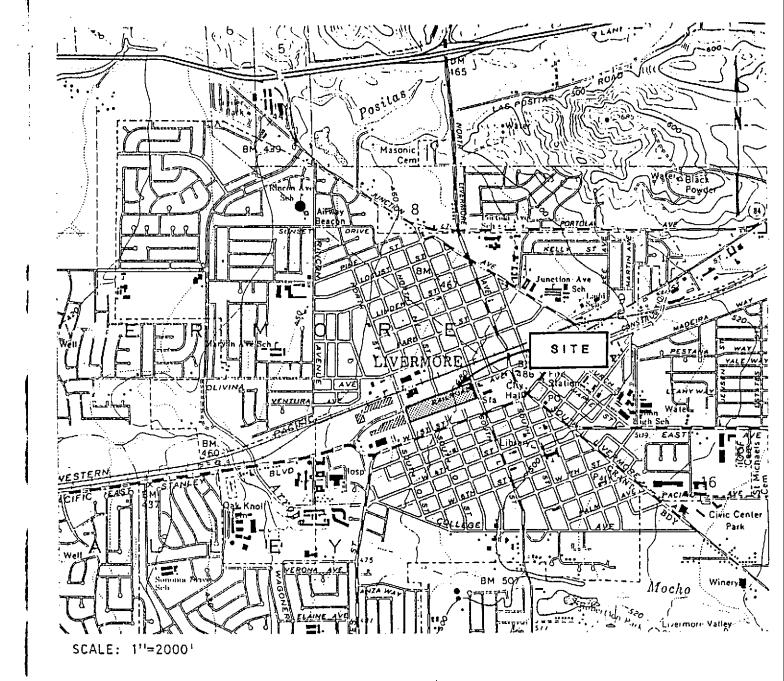
Plate 2 - Site Plan

Plates 3 through 9 - Boring Logs

Plate 10 - Unified Soil Classification System

Plate 11 - Atterberg Limits Test Data

Copies: Addressee (6)



# VICINITY MAP

SUPER BLOCK

RAILROAD AVENUE

LIVERMORE, CALIFORNIA

FOR

THE JONATHAN GROUP, INC.

REFERENCE:
PORTION OF U.S.G.S. 71 MINUTE
TOPOGRAPHIC QUADRANT, LIVERMORE,
CALIFORNIA; DATED 1961 AND PHOTOREVISED 1980, AT A SCALE OF
1:24,000

ORING LOG -B-1

٠.	1387.200.1	IG LOG ———		11/2/87
	Super Block			N:
	Solid Flight Auger	DATUM:		
SAMPLER TYP 2.5" ID Spl	•	DRIVE WEIGHT - LB 140	HEIGHT	Γ OF FALL — IN 30
Standard Pe	netration Test	140		30
				·

	idald	renetia			
BLOWS PER FT.	MOISTURE CONTENT %	ORY UNIT WEIGHT p.c.f.	DEPTH IN FEET	USCS CLASSI- FICATION	DESCRIPTION
38				ML	SANDY SILT, gray-brown, dry to moist, hard some fine grained gravel  SANDY CLAY, red-brown, moist, very stiff
				CF	some fine to coarse grained gravel
85			5-	SP	GRAVELLY SAND, gray-brown, dry to moist, very dense fine to coarse grained, trace clay
25				1	medium dense
50/	,		10-		very dense
					<del>-</del> -
60, 6"			15-	Z	below 16 feet fine grained
70 6"	' 1		20-		Boring terminated at 20% feet No free water encountered during drilling
-			-		<b>-</b> ∤

BORING LOG \_\_\_\_\_

IOS NUMBER.	1387.200.1	DATE DRI	11/2/87	
	Super Block			•••
	Solid Flight Auger	DATUM: _		
SAMPLER TYP 2.5" ID Spl		DRIVE WEIGHT — LB 140	. HEIGHT O	F FALL — IN
Standard Pe	netration Test	140		30

	<del></del>	renetia			
BLOWS PER FT.	MOISTURE CONTENT %	DRY UNIT WEIGHT p.c.f.	DEPTH IN FEET	USCS CLASSI- FICATION	DESCRIPTION
				SC	CIAYEY SAND, gray-brown, dry to moist, medium dense trace gravel
53			<u>1</u>	SP:	GRAVELLY SAND, light gray-brown, dry to moist, dense trace clay
57			5	7	very dense
37				/\ - - -	
75			10-		
				-	moist below 124 feet, medium dense little clay
28			15-	CL	SANDY CLAY, light red-brown, moist to wet, very stine trace gravel
				SC	CLAYEY SAND, light gray-brown, wet, very dense trace gravel
102 9"	<i>\</i>		20-		Boring terminated at 194 feet No free water encountered during drilling
L	1	<u></u>		1	DI ATR A

PLATE 4

	BOR	ING LOG —	-3		
JOB NUMBER:	1387.200.1		DATE DRILLED:		11/2/87
	Super Block			ELEVATION:	
	Solid Flight Auger		•	<b>-</b> -	
SAMPLER TYPE 2.5" ID Spl		DRIVE WEIG	SHT — LB 40	HEIGHT O	F FALL — IN 30
Standard Per	netration Test	. 14	40		30

		renetra			140 30
BLOWS PER FT.	MOISTURE CONTENT %	DRY UNIT WEIGHT p.c.f.	DEPTH IN FEET	USCS , CLASSI- FICATION	DESCRIPTION
71				ML	SANDY SILT, gray-brown, dry, hard trace gravel, porous
		·		SP	GRAVELLY SAND, gray-brown, dry to moist, dense trace clay
46					
40			5- <del> </del>    -		
			-		
15			_	1	·
13			10-	cr	SILTY CLAY, light gray-brown, moist, stiff trace sand
			_		
22					
			15		
			-	CL	SANDY CLAY, light gray-brown, moist to wet, very stiff
33					trace gravel, minor dark brown mottling
			20-		Boring terminated at 20 feet No free water encountered during drilling

	•			В	ORING	G LOG	•		
JOB I	NUMBE		7.200.	1	-		DATE DRILI	.ED:	11/2/87
JOB N	VAME:	Sup	er Blo	ck			SURFACE E	LEVATION:_	
DRIL	L RIG	Sol:	id Fli	ght Aug	er	<del></del>	DATUM:	**	
	LER T	YPE: Split Ba	arrel		·	DRIVE WEIG	SHT — LB	HEIGHT OF	FALL — IN 30
Sta	ındard	Penetra	ition '	Test	,	14	0		30
BLOWS PER FT.	MOISTURE CONTENT %	DRY UNIT WEIGHT P.C.f.	DEPTH IN FEET	USCS . CLASSI- FICATION			DESCRIPTION		·
33				sc	moist,	CLAYEY SAND W medium dense	<b>!</b>		dry to
33			<u>I</u>	SM	FILL: medium	SILTY SAND WI m dense	TH GRAVEL, (	gray-brown,	moist,
25			11		concre	ete and asphal	t debris, cl	narred wood	fragments
			5-	GP	SANDY t	GRAVEL, light trace clay	gray-brown	, dry to moi	st, dense
46			10-	CL.	SANDY	CLAY, gray-br some fine grai	own, moist, ned gravel	hard	
		·	-						
5			15-	ML	CLAYEY	SILT, light trace sand, po	yellow-brown rous	n, wet, soft	:
				CL	t	CLAY, light y			et, hard
56			20		Boring	ittle gravel terminated a e water encoun	t 20 feet		

## BORING LOG -

JOB NUMBER:	1387.200.1	DATE DRILLED		11/3/87
	Super Block			
DRILL RIG:	Solid Flight Auger	DATUM:		
SAMPLER TYPE 2.5" ID Spl:	• •	DRIVE WEIGHT — LB 140	HEIGHT O	F FALL — IN 30
Standard Per	netration Test	140		30

Standard Fenetration lest				140	30
MOISTURE CONTENT %	DRY UNIT WEIGHT p.c.f.	DEPTH IN FEET	USCS. CLASSI. FICATION	DESCRIPTION	
			CL	SANDY CLAY, gray-brown, dry to moist, l trace gravel, porous	nard
		5	SP	dense	
		10-	ML	CLAYEY SILT, light yellow-brown, dry to occasional traces of sand, porous	o moist, hard
		15	CL	SANDY CLAY, red-brown, moist, hard some gravel	
		20-	SP	dense trace silt and clay	
			MOISTURE CONTENT% CONTENT WEIGHT WEIGHT P.C.I.	MOISTURE CONTENT% CON	BROKEN BY

## BORING LOG -B-6

JOB !	NUMBI	1387 ER:	.200.1		DATE DRI	LLED:11/3/87
	NAME:	Supe	r Bloc	ek		ELEVATION:
	L RIG	Soli	d Flig	ght Aug		
	PLER 1	ΓΥΡΕ: Split Ba	rrel		DRIVE WEIGHT — LB 140	HEIGHT OF FALL — IN
Sta	ndard	Penetra	tion T	lest	140	30
BLOWS PER FT.	MOISTURE CONTENT %	DRY UNIT WEIGHT p.c.f.	DEPTH IN FEET	USCS CLASSI- FICATION	DESCRIPTION	
104				CL	SANDY CLAY, gray-brown, dry t trace gravel, slightly p	o moist, hard orous
42		·	5-1	SP	GRAVELLY SAND, light red-brown trace clay	n, moist, medium dense
85/ 10"					very dense	
			10	CL	SANDY CLAY, light gray-brown, trace gravel	moist, hard
50/ 5*			15-	SP	GRAVELLY SAND, light gray-brown bright orange mottling, to	wn, moist, very dense trace clay
80				CL	SANDY CLAY, light yellow-brown trace gravel	n, moist, hard
			20		Boring terminated at 20 feet	

PLATE 8

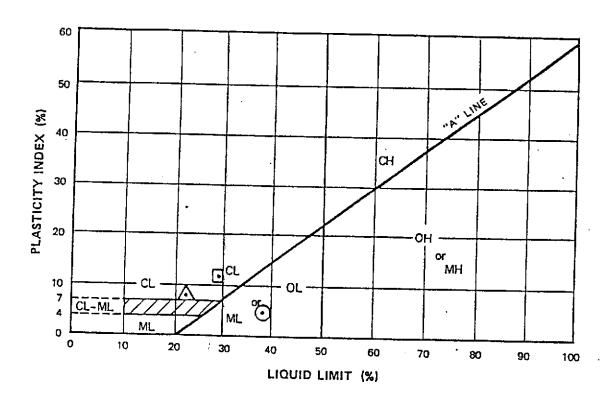
•	BORIN	G LOG		
JOB NUMBER:	1387.200.1	DATE DRILLED:		11/3/87
JOB NAME:	Super Block		ELEVATION:	
	Solid Flight Auger			
SAMPLER TYP 2.5" ID Spl	·	DRIVE WEIGHT - LB	HEIGHT O	F FALL — IN
Standard Pe	netration Test	140 .		30

Standard	Penetra	tion 1	Cest	140	30
BLOWS PER FT. MOISTURE CONTENT %	DRY UNIT WEIGHT p.c.f.	DEPTH IN FEET	USGS CLASSI- FICATION	DESCRIPTION ,	•
100/ 3" 55		7	CL	SANDY CLAY, gray-brown, dry to moi: some gravel	st, hard
32		5	SP	GRAVELLY SAND, gray-brown, moist, o trace clay	dense
50/ 6*		10-/		very dense little clay	
95		15-	SC	CLAYEY SAND, red-brown, moist, very some gravel  SANDY CLAY, light yellow-brown, montrace gravel  below 18 feet some gravel	
100/		20-		Boring terminated at 21 feet No free water encountered during dr	cilling PLATE 9

	MAJOR DIV	ISIONS	CLASSIFI CATION	TYPICAL NAMES	
COARSE GRAINED SOILS MORE THAN HALF IS LARGER THAN # 200 SIEVE		CLEAN GRAVELS WITH LITTLE OR NO FINES	GW	WELL GRADED GRAVELS GRAVEL - SAND MIXTURES	
	GRAVELS MORE THAN HALF COARSE FRACTION IS LARGER THAN NO. 4 SIEVE SIZE		GP	FOORLY GRADED GRAVELS; GRAVEL - SAND MIXTURES	
		GRAYEL WITH	GM	SILTY GRAVELS, FOORLY GRADED GRAVEL - SAND - SILT MIXTURES	
			GC	CLAYEY GRAVELS, POORLY GRADED GRAVEL - SAND - CLAY MIXTURES	
	SANDS MORE THAN HALF COARSE FRACTION 19 SMALLER THAN NO. 4 SIEVE SIZE	CLEAN SANDS WITH LITTLE OR NO FINES	sw	WELL GRADED JANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS	
			SP	FOORLY GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS	
		EANDS WITH OVER 12% FINES	SM	SILTY SANDS, FOORLY GRADED SAND - SILT MIXTURES	
			SC	CLAYEY BANDS, FOORLY GRADED SAND - CLAY MIXTURES	
FINE GRAINED SOILS MORE THAN HALF IS SMALLER THAN			ML	INDRGANIC SILTS AND VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR, SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS, OR CLAYEY SILTS WITH SLIGHT FLASTICITY.	
	SILTS AND CLAYS		CL	INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, SILTY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS.	
		· 	OL	ORGANIC CLAYS AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY	
		,	мн	INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACIOUS FINE SANDY OR SILTY SOILS, ELASTIC SILTS	
	SILTS AND LIQUID LIMIT GRE		СН	INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAYS	
			ОН	ORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY, ORGANIC SILTS	
	HIGHLY ORGAN	IC SOILS	Pt	PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SILTS	

# UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

Blows per ft. Moisture Content	Dry Unit Weight (PCF)	Depth in feet USCS Classifi-		DESCRIPTION		
NOTE: Soi dry, moist, estimated to optimum, reand wet of moisture ed	ontent, respectated spils are to be within		<u>₹</u>	Bulk sample  2.5" I.D. Split Barrel Sample  2.8" I.D. Shelby Tube Sample  No sample recovered  Standard Penetration Test Interval.  Well defined stratum change.  Gradual stratum change  Interpreted stratum change  Apparent ground water level at data noted. Seasonal weather conditions, site topography, etc., may cause changes in water level Indicated on logs		

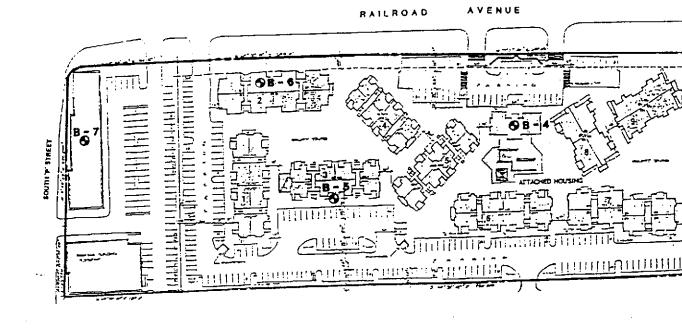


SYMBOL	BORING NO.	DEPTH, FT.	LIQUID LIMIT, %	PLASTICITY INDEX, %	USCS SYMBOL
0	B-4	3-3½	38	5	ML
Δ	B-5	1-2	22	8	CL
	B-7	2-3½	29	12	CL
		j			

ATTERBERG LIMITS TEST DATA

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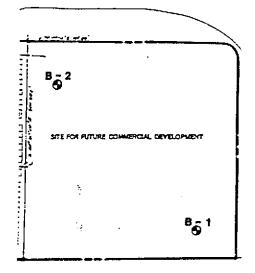


EXPLANATION
LIMITS OF INVESTIGATION

 $^{\mathrm{B}}\bar{\mathfrak{S}}^{7}$  TEST BORING LOCATION

REFERENCE: BASE PLAN SUPPLIED BY CLIENT





# SITE PLAN

SUPER BLOCK
RAILROAD AVENUE
LIVERMORE, CALIFORNIA
FOR

THE JONATHAN GROUP, INC

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