

91 107 15 000 68 November 14, 1991

Alameda County Dept. of Environmental health Hazardous Materials Division 80 Swan Way, #200 Oakland, Ca 94612

Attn: Mr. Ravi Arulanantham

Re: Lew Doty Cadillac

6301 Scarlett Court, Dublin Phase II Investigation Report

Dear Mr. Arulanantham:

Enclosed is a copy of the Phase II Investigation Report for the above referenced location. Copies have been forwarded to all of the appropriate agencies and interested parties.

The report should be self explanatory, but if you have any questions please call (510) 831-1957.

It has been a pleasure working with you on this project

Cordially submitted,

Stephen R. Clark

Principal

SRC/pdk



PHASE II GROUND WATER INVESTIGATION

Lew Doty Cadillac 6301 Scarlett Court, Dublin, CA

Report Date: November 13, 1991

Dale G. Wilder

Certified Engineering Geologist

No. 001054 CERTIFIED ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST

EG-001054

Stephen R. Clark Project Geologist

PHASE II GROUND WATER INVESTIGATION Lew Doty Cadillac 6301 Scarlett Court, Dublin, CA

Report Date: November 13, 1991

I. INTRODUCTION

The above referenced location (refer to Figure 1) (hereafter referred to as the property or the subject site) has been recommended by the Alameda County Dept. of Environmental Health for geotechnical ground water monitoring. pH7 Environmental was retained by BCC Bancorp, the property owner, to install one additional monitoring well and perform quarterly sampling. The purpose of the investigation is to analyze ground water for potential contamination.

All geotechnical work has been performed under the direct supervision of Mr. Dale Wilder. Mr. Wilder is a State of California Certified Engineering Geologist (CEG) (refer to Introduction Attachments). Geotechnical field work was performed by Stephen R. Clark, staff geologist (refer to Introduction Attachments).

In order to present the data in a clear, understandable order, the work will be presented chronologically. Some aspects of the work were performed more or less concurrently, but the divisions of effort should be clear. Chain of custody forms, laboratory results, permits, work plans and regulatory agency authorizations are included in the attachments associated with the following divisions of effort:

- I. INTRODUCTION
- II. CASE HISTORY
- III. GROUND WATER INVESTIGATION
 - A. Geology and Hydrology
 - B. Work Plan
 - C. Drilling and Sampling
 - D. Monitoring Well Installation
 - E. Monitoring Well Development, and Water Sampling Protocol
 - F. Laboratory Analyses of Soil and Water Samples
 - G. Hydrology and Water Level Measurements
- IV. CONCLUSIONS
- V. RECOMMENDATIONS
 - A. Drill Cuttings Disposal
 - B. Purge Water Storage
 - C. Quarterly Sampling

II. CASE HISTORY

In August of 1991, one (1) underground fuel storage tank was removed from the subject site (refer to Figure 2). Soil samples taken from the tank location yielded non-detectable levels of analyzed components (refer to Case History Attachments - memo dated



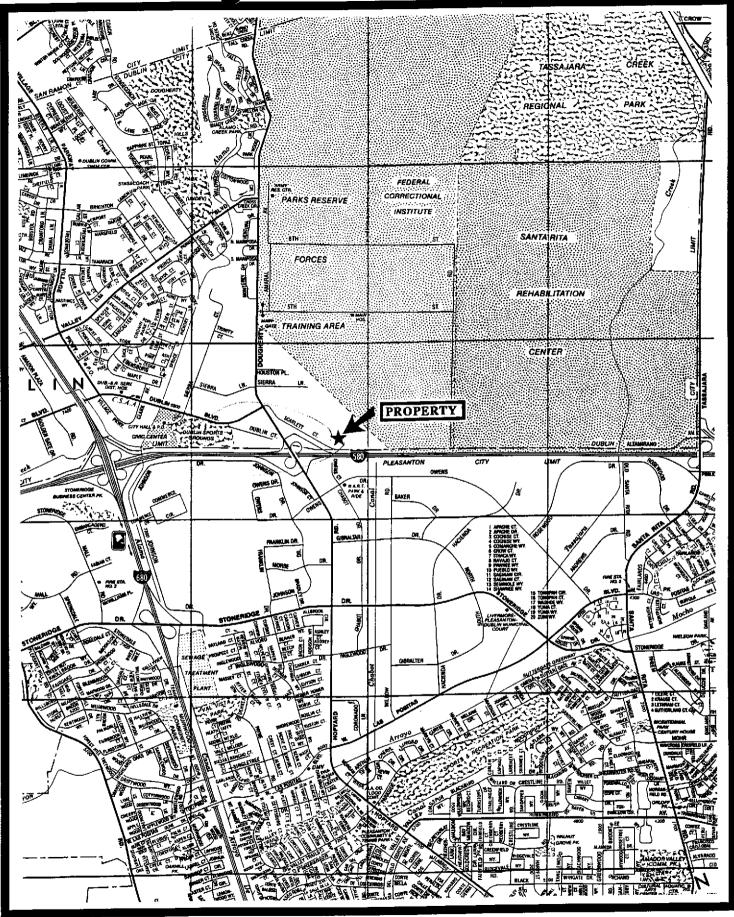


Figure 1



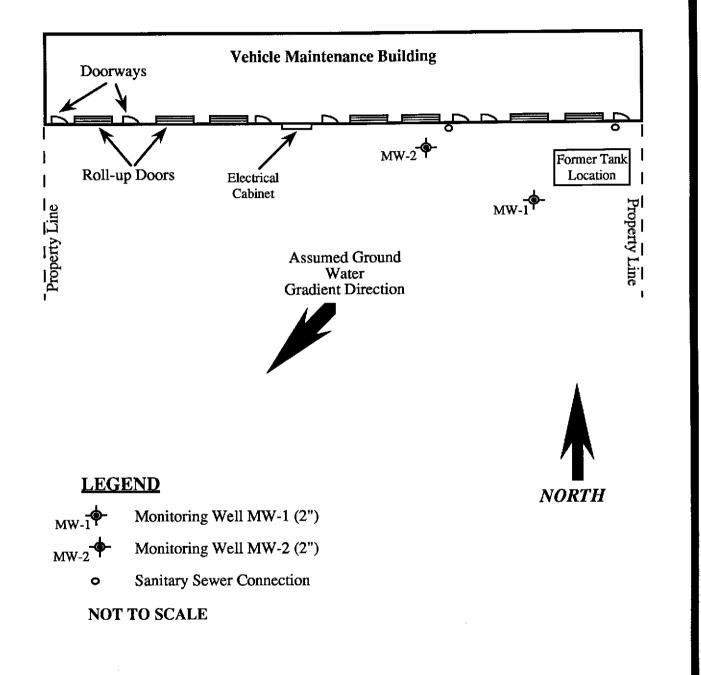


Figure 2

September 4, 1991). A leaking tank form was not completed by the Alameda County Dept. of Environmental Health, and this case is not being regarded as a leaking underground fuel tank site by that Department.

Concurrently with the tank removal, waste oil contaminated soil was removed along the entire length of a french drain which occurred immediately adjacent to the south side of the Vehicle Maintenance building. The work was performed by Exceltech of Fremont, CA. Two (2) sewer connections in front of the building were observed as probable dumping points for the oil (refer to Figure 2). Based upon these observations, Mr. Arulanantham of the Alameda County Dept. of Environmental Health recommended that a new monitoring well be installed to monitor the westernmost sewer connection, and that the existing monitoring well be activated to monitor the easternmost sewer connection (refer to Case History Attachments - memo dated September 4, 1991).

III. GROUND WATER INVESTIGATION

III. A. Geology and Hydrology

The property is underlain by a thick alluvial sequence. Subsurface materials are composed of silty clays to silty sands with stringers of interbedded gravels. The subsurface materials are characteristic of sedimentation on a gently sloping alluvial fan in the latter stages of development. This relatively low energy environment hosted shallow streams which typically carried finer deposits. The streams tended to shift rapidly, reworking older sediments and creating disconnected deposits of sands, clays, and small gravels. A general downward coarsening of materials is characteristic of alluvial deposits where the energy is decreasing with time (generally the climate becoming more arid), or where the source of the material is receding from the depositional area due to erosion.

The surface of an unconfined water table forms an inclined plane which flows slowly toward lower elevations on the plane. The direction and inclination of the surface of the water table define the ground water gradient, but localized influences such as active wells can cause perturbations in the direction. Generally, the ground water gradient conforms to the downward slope of the topography. The general direction of the gradient in this part of the Amador Valley is south to southwest. The depth to the water table beneath the property was measured at 8 feet on October 19, 1991.

III. B. Work Plan

At the request of Mr. Ravi Arulanantham, Alameda County Health Care Services, a geotechnical work plan was developed by pH7 Environmental and submitted to Mr. Arulanantham on October 8, 1991 for approval. The work plan was given verbal approval by Mr. Arulanantham on October 14, 1991. A monitoring well permit application was applied for by pH7 Environmental and issued by Zone 7 Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District on October 10, 1991 (refer to Ground Water Investigation Attachments).

III C. Drilling and Sampling

In order to analyze ground water samples for potential contamination, one monitoring well was installed on October 17, 1991 under permit from Zone 7 Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District. The monitoring well (MW-2) was installed



within ten (10) ft of the westernmost sanitary sewer connection (refer to Figure 2). MW-2 is to be utilized to monitor the western sanitary sewer connection, and the existing monitoring well (MW-1) will be utilized to monitor the sanitary sewer connection on the east end of the building (refer to Figure 2).

The soil cuttings generated during drilling were stockpiled on plastic plastic sheeting until receipt of the analytical results.

Drilling of the monitoring well was accomplished using a mobile drilling rig with eight inch diameter hollow stem augers. The well was drilled to a depth of eighteen (18) feet to allow for the emplacement of the well casing in a prescribed geometry in relation to the standing water level (SWL). This two foot upward shift in the well construction was a minor deviation from the original work plan necessitated by the presence of the SWL two (2) feet higher than anticipated.

During drilling, a geologist from pH7 Environmental directed the field operations and logged the soil samples as they were obtained using the Unified Soil Classification System (refer to Figures 3, 4, and 5). One soil sample was collected at a depth of five (5) ft in the unsaturated zone using a modified California sampler with a brass sample tube. The ends of the brass tube were covered with aluminum foil, then plastic end caps, and finally wrapped with a suitable tape. The soil sample was then immediately double plastic bagged to prevent possible dilution, and placed on ice for transport to a DHS certified laboratory (Med-Tox in Pleasant Hill). The soil sample was analyzed for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline (TPHg) utilizing EPA Method 5030 GCFID, BTEX utilizing EPA Method 8020, and extractable hydrocarbons utilizing EPA Method 3550. Formal sample chain-of-custody records were maintained (refer to Ground Water Investigation Attachments).

IV. D. Monitoring Well Installation

The monitoring well was drilled to a total depth of 18.0 feet. It was constructed of 2-inch diameter, factory threaded and slotted, Schedule 40 PVC casing and screen resting on filter pack material 1.0 ft above the bottom of the hole (refer to Figure 6). The slotted interval of ten (10) feet total length extends one (1) ft above the SWL in order to accommodate seasonal fluctuations in the water table. Additionally, the filter sand (#3) was installed one (1) ft above the slotted interval in order to accommodate seasonal fluctuations in the water table. Blank 4-inch Schedule 40 casing forms the upper portion of monitoring well. A one (1) ft bentonite seal caps the filter sand, and the remaining annulus was grouted to surface with neat Portland cement.

The top of the monitoring well was enclosed in a locking field cover to prevent vandalism which in turn was enclosed in a heavy duty, traffic cover with the top set slightly above grade to prevent surface infiltration, or contamination.

IV. E. Monitoring Well Development, and Water Sampling Protocol

Well development was performed by pH7 Environmental on October 23, 1991. The well was developed by mechanical pumping using a vented surge block to remove suspended sediment and settle the sand pack (refer to Ground Water Investigation Attachments).

A minimum of twenty four (24) hours after well development was allowed to elapse before water sampling in order to allow for the separation and accumulation of free product. The well was developed on October 23, 1991 and the samples were obtained from both MW-1



PROJECT: 6301 Scarlett Court, Dublin

Date Drilled: October 15, 1991

Remarks: Vertical datum - None

Type of Boring: 6" hollow stem auger

(see legend sheet for sampler types and laboratory tests)

Hammer: 140 pounds/30 " fall

Logged by: S. R. Clark

Lithologic Log of Monitoring Well MW-2

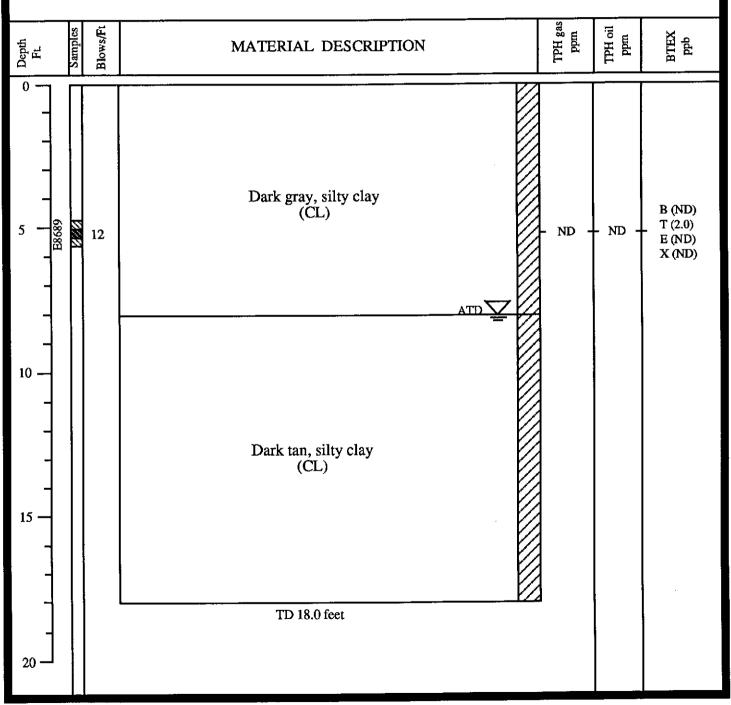


Figure 3



PROJECT: 6301 Scarlett Court, Dublin

Date Drilled: October 15, 1991

Remarks: Vertical datum - N/A

Type of Boring: 6" hollow stem auger

Hammer: 140 pounds/30 " fall

Logged by: S. R. Clark

Lithologic Log Legend Sheet

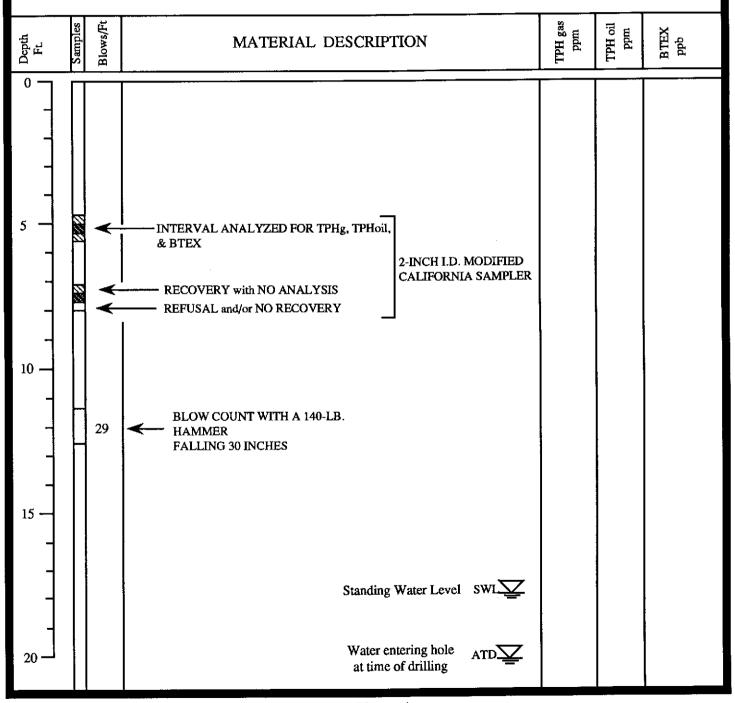


Figure 4



UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

	MAJOR I	DIVISIONS	TYPICAL NAMES				
	GRAVEL		GW		WELL GRADED GRAVEL, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURE		
ILS	MORE THAN HALF OF THE COARSE FRACTION IS LARGER THAN No. 4		GP		POORLY GRADED GRAVEL, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURE		
GRAINED SOILS			GM		SILTY GRAVEL, GRAVEL-SAND-SILT MIXTURE		
	SIEVE SIZE	OVER 12% FINES	GC		CLAYEY GRAVEL, GRAVEL-SAND-CLAY MIXTURE		
	SAND	CLEAN SAND WITH LESS THAN	sw		WELL GRADED SAND, GRAVELLY SAND		
COARSE	MORE THAN HALF OF THE COARSE	5% FINES	SP		POORLY GRADED SAND, GRAVELLY SAND		
700	FRACTION IS SMALLER THAN No. 4	SAND WITH	SM		SILTY SAND, GRAVEL-SAND-SILT MIXTURE		
	SIEVE SIZE	OVER 12% FINES	SC		CLAYEY SAND, GRAVEL-SAND-CLAY MIXTURE		
m	•				INORGANIC SILT, ROCK FLOUR, SANDY OR CLAYEY SILT WITH LOW PLASTICITY		
OILS 200 SIEVE	SILT AND CLAY LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 50		CL		INORGANIC CLAY OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY, SANDY OR SILTY CLAY (LEAN)		
NED SC IS < No. 2	ELQUID ELIVIII ELOU IIIAN 30				ORGANIC CLAY AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAY OF LOW PLASTICITY		
RAI					INORGANIC SILT, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS FINE SANDY OR SILTY SOIL, ELASTIC SILT		
FINE G MORE THAN	SILT AN LIQUID LIMIT GR		СН		INORGANIC CLAY OF HIGH PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY, SANDY OR SILTY CLAY (FAT)		
MC					ORGANIC CLAY OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY, ORGANIC SILT		
HIC	GHLY ORGANIC SO	OILS	PT		PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS		
	KEY TO T	TEST DATA			Shear Strength, psf		
E	EI - Expansion Index TxUU - Unconsolida Consol - Consolidation TxCU - Consolidated						
					320 (2000)		
	Ender Emilia (m. 10)		ted Drained Direct Shear 320 (2600)		320 (2000)		
	IVS - Laboratory V			ear	2750 (2000) 470		
PI	•	UC - Unconfined	Compre	ssion	700		
Sz Gs	•	UC(P) - Laboratory I	Penetron	neter	2000 *		
G	- "Undisturbed Sampl	e"			700 •		
		•					
	Notes: (1) All strength tests on 2.8" or 2.4" diameter samples unless otherwise indicated * Compressive Strength						



PROJECT: 6301 Scarlett Court, Dublin Alameda County Permit #91593 Drilled and constructed by: Bay Area Exploration, Suisun, CA Designed by S. R. Clark Completion Date: October 17, 1991 Construction of Monitoring Well MW-2 Water Tight Traffic Rated, Tamper Well Cap **Proof Security Cover** Blank Casing 2" Diameter Grout Bentonite Seal SWL@8ft Borehole Wall (8" Diameter) · 10 Filter Pack (#3 Monterey Sand) Well Screen (2" Diameter, 0.01" Slots) 15 15 Annular Space (minimum - 3 inches) Horizontal Not To Scale **Bottom Plug** 20

Figure 6



and MW-2 on October 25, 1991. Water finding and gas finding paste were utilized to test for free product prior to sampling, but none was detected. Three borehole volumes of water were purged from each well by bailing before samples were taken using a Teflon sampling bailer. Care was taken during purging to minimize potential aeration. The field parameters of pH, electrical conductivity, and temperature were monitored, recorded and observed to essentially stabilize during purging before the water was sampled (refer to Table I). Water discharged during purging operations was stored on-site in 55 gallon drums until final disposal. Disposal of the purge waters is the responsibility of the land owner.

TABLE I
Field Parameters During Well Purging

Well	<u>Date</u>	Well Volumes	Temperature (f)	pН	Conductivity (umhos)
MW-1	10/25/91	0 1 2 3	69.5 70.1 69.4 69.5	6.86 7.64 7.25 7.02	0.73 0.76 0.76 0.76
Samples I	E 8692 (TP H	oil) and E8693 (T	PHg & BTEX)	·	
MW-2	10/25/91	0 1 2 3	69.5 70.1 69.4 69.5	6.86 7.64 7.25 7.02	0.73 0.76 0.76 0.76

Samples E8690 (TPH oil) and E8691 (TPHg & BTEX)

Note - No free product measured with gasoline & water finding paste.

Water samples were collected using a clean Teflon bailer equipped with a ball valve and new cotton cord. The bailer was decontaminated before sampling by washing in a trisodium phosphate solution followed by a distilled water rinse. Samples were carefully decanted into 40 ml volatile organic analysis container (VOA) sample bottles and one liter amber bottles provided by the laboratory, placed in a shipping cooler with ice, and transported to Med-Tox in Pleasant Hill, CA. It was ensured that no air bubbles or head space were present in the full sample bottles. Chain of custody procedures were observed (refer to Ground Water Investigation Attachments). Laboratory analyses were EPA Methods 5030 and 8015 for TPH as gasoline and BTEX respectively, and EPA Method 3550 for waste oil.

III. F. Laboratory Analyses of Soil and Water Samples

One (1) soil sample from the 5-5.5 ft depth interval in MW-2 was submitted to the laboratory for TPH_g, BTEX, and TPH _{oil} analyses. All analytes were Non Detect (ND) except for toluene which yielded a value of 2 parts per billion (ppb) (refer to Table II). Water samples from both wells contained no identified analytes. However, two (2) unknown compounds were detected in the water samples from both wells (refer to Ground Water Investigation Attachments).

TABLE II

Summary of Laboratory Results

Well	<u>Depth</u>	Sample Type	TPH oil	TPHg	<u>Benzene</u>	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	<u>Xylene</u>
MW-2	5-5.5	Soil	ND	ND	ND	2	ND	ND
MW-1	N/A	Water	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW-2	N/A	Water	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

Results are in parts per million (ppm), excepting toluene in parts per billion (ppb)

ND = Not Detected

III. G. Hydrology and Water Level Measurements

MW-2 was essentially dry to a depth of eight (8) ft where the unconfined phreatic water table was encountered. The water levels in MW-1 and MW-2 were 8.04 ft and 8.39 ft below the tops of their respective well casings on October 25, 1991. The wells have not been surveyed, but visually MW-2 appears to be slightly higher than MW-1 so the depth to the SWL in each well may be roughly equivalent.

IV. CONCLUSIONS

The soil sample from the 5-5.5 ft depth interval in MW-2 contained 2 parts per billion toluene. No other hydrocarbon contamination was detected in the soil sample.

The water in the monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-2 contained no detectable hydrocarbon or BTEX contamination on October 25, 1991. Two unknown compounds were detected in the water samples from both monitoring wells.

V. RECOMMENDATIONS

V. A. Drill Cuttings Disposal

Two (2) parts per billion toluene were detected in the soil sample from MW-2. No other identified contaminants were detected in the soil sample or the water from either well. The approximate 5 cubic feet of drill cuttings from MW-2 has been exposed to the atmosphere during the last month of very warm weather and should be well aerated. Therefore, pH7 Environmental recommends that the drill cuttings from MW-2 be disposed on-site without the implementation of any further remedial measures.



V. B Purge Water Storage

Ground water purged during well development and sampling has been stored in 55 gallon DOT approved drums in a safe position adjacent to the maintenance building. The water from each well has been placed in separate barrels.

A small quantity of contaminated water can legally be stored up to one year before manifested disposal. At this time, there is no identified contamination in the water. However, if the unknown compounds in the wells are identified as a hazardous material, then disposal of the water under manifest may be eventually necessary.

pH7 Environmental recommends that the barrels remain in their present location and utilized for the storage of the waters purged during the remaining quarterly samplings.

V. C. Quarterly Sampling

In accordance with the requirements of Mr. Ravi Arulanantham, quarterly water sampling and chemical analyses for TPH as gasoline, TPH as oil, and BTEX will be performed and reported for a period of two years. At the end of the first year, pH7 Environmental will negotiate with the property owner for an additional year of quarterly sampling to satisfy the requirements of the Alameda County Health Care Services.

Mr. Arulanantham has been informed of the presence of the two unknown compounds in the water samples from both wells. He has requested that the compounds be identified using EPA Method 8240 (GC/MS) if they occur in the next quarterly sampling.

cc: Mr. Ravi Arulanantham, Alameda County Health, Oakland

Mr. Craig A. Mayfield, Zone 7 Water District, Pleasanton

Mr. Eddy So, RWQCB, Oakland

Mr. Rene' Brochier, Bishop Hawk Real Estate, Santa Clara

Mr. Robert Heasman, CCB Bancorp, C/O Price Waterhouse, Victoria B. C.



Introduction Attachments

Stephen R. Clark

Geologist Registered Environmental Assessor

Mr. Stephen R. Clark received his Bachelors of Science degree in Geology from California State University at Sacramento in 1976. In 1987 he became a State of California Registered Environmental Assessor. In the past Mr. Clark has applied his technical expertise extensively in the public and private sectors. His numerous accomplishments include:

- Currently the founder and President of pH7 Environmental, San Ramon, CA.
- Served as Operations Manager for EnviroGroup, Lafayette, California with
 qualifications and experience in the practice of industrial hygiene. Two years of field
 experience encompassed environmental assessments for property transfers, asbestos
 surveys and removal surveillance, "sick building syndrome" investigations, pesticide
 surveys, and site surveys for hazardous materials including installation of monitoring
 wells. Laboratory duties included extensive analyses of bulk samples for asbestos
 content.
- Characterized nuclear weapons test emplacement holes over a span of eight years at the Nevada Test Site for Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, including structural geologic interpretation and material property analyses.
- Served as the general manager for Gasch & Associates, a geophysical/geology consulting firm in Sacramento. Performed engineering geophysics, ground water investigations, well installations, and hydrologic testing for a period of three years.

CERTIFICATIONS

State of California Registered Environmental Assessor (REA - 01334)

Certificate in Hazardous Materials Management; U. C. Davis; 1991

Accredited Asbestos Inspector, Management Planner, Response Planner, EPA

Optical Mineralogy and Microscopic Identification of Asbestos, 1988

PUBLICATIONS

"Structural Analysis with Borehole Gravity - A Case History", Society of Exploration Geophysicists International Conference, Las Vegas, Nevada, 1984

"Oriented Logging Tools at the Nevada Test Site", 3rd Containment Symposium, Idaho Falls, Idaho, 1985

Dale G. Wilder Professional Hydrogeologist Certified Engineering Geologist Professional Civil Engineer

Mr. Dale G. Wilder received his Bachelors of Science degree in Geology from Brigham Young University in 1966, and Masters of Civil Engineering degree from Brigham Young in 1968.

In the past Mr. Wilder has applied his technical expertise extensively in the private and public sectors. He has broad experience as an engineering geologist and civil engineer, with extensive experience in supervision and project management, including budgets, cost control, schedules, planning, hiring, contracts, contractor selection, quality assurance programs, and public and governmental interfacing. His numerous accomplishments include:

- · Assessment of hazardous waste disposal sites.
- Foundation analyses of commercial buildings, small high rise apartments, and private residences.
- Underground waste repository studies, including geologic characterization, geotechnical instrumentation, data analysis, and comparison of rock response to prediction by models.
- Development of ground water for large municipal water supplies.
- · California "special seismic study zone" fault studies.

CERTIFICATIONS

Certification as an Engineering Geologist, State of California.
Professional Civil Engineer, State of California.
Professional Geologist, State of Georgia.
Professional Engineer, State of North Carolina.
Professional Hydrogeologist, American Institute of Hydrogeologists.

PROFESSIONAL MEMBERSHIPS

AEG - Association of Engineering Geologists, currently on ground water committee.

ASCE - American Society of Civil Engineers.

NWWA - National Water Well Association, currently on Radioactive Waste Management Committee.

MGLS - Charter member of Minerals and Geotechnical Logging Society.

Case History Attachments white -env.health yellow -facility pink -files

ALAMEDA COUNTY, DEPARTMENTOF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

80 Swan Way, #200 Oakland, CA 94621 (415) 271-4320

Hazardous Materials Division Inspection Form

jage 1

	Site ID#	Site Nan	no Old Lew Doty Cadallac Today's Date 9,4,91
	Site Address	63	01 Scarlett Cerut EPA ID#
į		ublin	zip <u>4568</u> Phone 532-7484
=			Inspection Categories:
}	MAX Amt. Stored > 5001t Hazardous Waste general	ted per mon	th?
	he marked Items repres	ent violatio	ns of the Callf. Administration Code (CAC) or the Health & Safety Code (HS&C)
I.A	GENERATOR (Title 22) 1. Waste (0 2. EPA ID 3. > 90 days 4. Label dates 5. Blennia	* 66471 66472 66508 66508 66493	10day I had a meeting with Mr. Robe E. Brochier and Bob
Manifeti	6. Records 7. Correct 8. Copy sent 9. Exception 10. Caples Rec'd	66492 66484 66492 66484 66492	Defley regarding this project.
M E	11. Treatment 12. On-site Otsp. (H.S.&C.) 13. Ex Haz. Waste	66371 26189.5 66570	Mas present at the Duslin Site this morning and inspected the remedial
Prevention	14. Communications 15. Asia Space 16. Local Authority 17. Maintenance 18. Training	67121 67124 67126 67120 67105	Morning and inspected the remediate Works. I have also carefully reviewed
Contin. gency	19. Prepared 20. Name List 21. Copies 22. Emg. Coord. Tmg.	67140 67141 67141 67144	the final soil rendesistan report
Confainen, Tanks	23. Condition 24. Compatibility 25. Maintenance 26. Imposition 27. Buffer Zone 28. Tank inspection 29. Containment 30. Safe Storage 31. Freeboard	67241 67242 67243 67244 67246 67259 67251 67251	The Tank results all Show N.D. for all the components analysed. Based on the Soil Core Sampling it appears at brevant, there is no
I.B 1	TRANSPORTER (Title 22) 32. Applic./insurance 33. Comp. Cert./CHP insp. 34. Containers	66428 66448 66465	Significant contamination left underneath the main building.
Manifest	35. Vehicles 36. EPA ID #s 37. Correct 38. HW Delivery 39. Records	66465 66531 66541 66543 66544	However this office recommends to install a new monitary well and to activate the existing monitary
21 00 00 Rev 6/8			well. These two munitering wells
	Contact:		Inspector: A.R. anulananthan
)	Signature: 2	PENE RENE	Brocker Signature: - R. Andersalte

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I.B

ALAMEDA COUNTY, DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

80 Swan Way, #200 Oakland, CA 94621

	(415) 271-4320
Н	azardous Materials Division Inspection Form
Site ID# Site	Name Old Lew Doty Cabillac Today's Date 9,4,91
Site Address	6301 Scarlett Count EPA ID#
CIty	Uslin zip 94 Phone
MAX Amt. Stored > 500lbs/55 Hazardous Waste generated pe	- I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
The marked Items represent vi	olations of the Callf. Administration Code (CAC) or the Health & Safety Code (HS&C)
1. Waste ID 6647 2. EPA ID 6647 3. > 90 days 6656 4. Label dates 6656 5. Blennial 6648 7. Correct 6648 8. Copy sent 6649 9. Exception 6649 11. Treatment 12. On-site Disp. (H.S.&C.) 2618 13. Ex Haz. Waste 6557 14. Communications 6712 15. Alsie Space 6712 16. Local Authority 6712 17. Maintenance 6712 18. Training 6710 19. Prepared 6714 21. Compatibility 6714 22. Emg. Coord, Ting. 67144 22. Emg. Coord, Ting. 67243 23. Condition 67243 24. Compatibility 67242 25. Maintenance 67243 26. Inspection 67245 27. Butter Zone 67257 29. Containment 67257 30. Safe Storage 67257	Must as be monitered every 3 months for the first two years. Further moniters in any be necessary depend on the nature and extent of Contamin. Yecommendations: 1. Based on the analytical results no further Soil removal is necessary. 2. Continue to moniter the two wells for two more years.
TRANSPORTER (Title 22) 32. Applic./Insurance 6642833. Comp. Cert./CHP Insp. 6644834, Containers 66465	Will require firther remediation
35, Vehicine 66465 36, EPA ID #4 66531 37, Correct 66541 38, HW Delivery 66543 39, Records 66544	
40. Name/ Covers	RENÉ BROCHIER FIET René Brochier Inspector: A.R. Avulananthan René Burhusignature: A.R. A. Charletter

Ground Water Investigation Attachments



permit and Alameda County Ordinance No. 73-68.

APPLICANT'S

SIGNATURE

ALAMEDA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

5997 PARKSIDE DRIVE

PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 94588

(415) 484-2600

DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATION

FOR APPLICANT TO COMPLETE	FOR OFFICE USE
LOCATION OF PROJECT 630/ SCARLETT CT. DUBLIN CA 94568 (DLD (EW DOTY CAPILLAC)	PERMIT NUMBER 91593 LOCATION NUMBER
CLIENT Nome CCB BANCORP C/O PRICE WATREHOUSE, SUFE Address 880 DeuGLAS ST Phone GOA 383 4191 City VICTORIA B.C. Zip VBW 287	GZO PERMIT CONDITIONS Circled Permit Requirements Apply
APPLICANT Name PH7 ENUIRONMENTAL Address 1821/ BULNOCK CYN RD Phone 510 831 1957 City SAN DATION Zip 94583 TYPE OF PROJECT Well Construction Geotechnical Investigation	A. GENERAL 1. A permit application should be submitted so as to arrive at the Zone 7 office five days prior to proposed starting date. 2. Submit to Zone 7 within 60 days after completion of permitted work the original Department of Water Resources Water Weil Drillers Report or
Cathodic Protection General Water Supply Contemination Monitoring Well Destruction PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY WELL USE Domestic Industrial Other Dunicipal Irrigation	equivalent for well projects, or drilling logs and location sketch for geotechnical projects. 3. Permit is void if project not begun within 90 days of approval date. B. MATER HELLS, INCLUDING PIEZOMETERS 1. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of cement grout placed by tremie.
ORILLING METHOD: Mud Rotary Air Rotary Auger Cable Other DRILLER'S LICENSE NO522/25 (C57)	 Minimum seal depth is 50 feet for municipal and industrial wells or 20 feet for demestic and irrigation wells unless a lesser depth is specially approved. Minimum seal depth for monitoring wells is the maximum depth practicable or 20 feet.
WELL PROJECTS Drill Hole Diameter 6 in. Maximum Casing Diameter 2 in. Depth 25 ft. Surface Seal Depth 7 ft. Number /	C. GEOTECHNICAL. Backfill bore hole with compacted cut- tings or heavy bentonite and upper two feet with com- pacted material. In areas of known or suspected contamination, tremied cement grout shall be used in place of compacted cuttings. D. CATHODIC. Fill hole above anode zone with concrete
GEOTECHNICAL PROJECTS Number of Borings Maximum Hole Diameter In. Depth ft.	placed by tremie. E. WELL DESTRUCTION. See attached.
ESTIMATED STARTING DATE 10/19/91	Approved Wayman Hong Date 10 Oct 91
I hereby agree to comply with all requirements of thi	Approved Wyman Hong Date 10 Oct 91 Wyman Hong

MONITORING WELL DEVELOPMENT

6301 Scarlett Court, Dublin October 23, 1991

PHYSICAL PARAMETERS

Monitoring Well Number	MW-2
Diameter of Well (inches)	2.00
Total Depth of Well (ft)	16.66
Depth Datum Reference	Top of Casing
Depth to Free Product (ft)	N/A
Depth to Ground Water (ft)	8.43
Ground Water in Well Column (gals)	1.34
Total Water Purged (gals)	40.00
Manway or Stovepipe	Manway
Water Tight or Not (yes of no)	Yes
Type of Well Column Seal	Brass Locking

WELL PURGING DATA

WELL FUNGING DATA					
TIME	pН	TEMP °f	CONDUCTANCE µmhos	WATER CONDITION	GALLONS PURGED
0830	7.2	74.1	1,900	Tan,silty	5.0
0850	7.1	73.6	1,800	Tan,silty	5.0
0910	6.9	73.4	1,800	Tan,silty	5.0
0930	7.0	72.8	1,900	Tan,clearing	5.0
0950	6.9	72.1	1,800	Tan,clearing	5.0
1010	6.8	71.7	1,800	Tan,clearing	5.0
1030	6.9	71.5	1,700	Slightly tan	5.0
1050	7.0	71.7	1,700	Slightly tan	5.0

ANALYTICAL SERVICES

DOHS CERTIFICATION NO: E772



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

PAGE 1 OF 4

PH7 ENVIRONMENTAL

18211 BOLLINGER CANYON RD.

SAN RAMON, CA 94583

ATTN: STEVE CLARK

CLIENT PROJ. ID: 6301 SCARLETT CT.

DUBLIN

REPORT DATE: 10/28/91

DATE SAMPLED: 10/17/91

DATE RECEIVED: 10/18/91

MED-TOX JOB NO: 9110156

ANALYSIS OF: SOIL SAMPLE

Sample Identification Client Id. Lab N		Extractable Hydrocarbons as Oil (mg/kg)
E8689 01A	ND	ND
Detection Limit	10	20

Method: 3550 GCFID

Instrument: E

Date Extracted: 10/21/91 Date Analyzed: 10/21/91

ND = Not Detected

Andrew Bradeen, Manager Organic Laboratory

Results FAXed 10/24/91



PH7 ENVIRONMENTAL

CLIENT ID: E8689

MED-TOX LAB NO: 9110156-01A

CLIENT PROJ. ID: 6301 SCARLETT CT, DUBLIN MED-TOX JOB NO: 9110156 DATE ANALYZED: 10/21/91

DATE SAMPLED: 10/17/91 DATE RECEIVED: 10/18/91

INSTRUMENT: H

REPORT DATE: 10/28/91

BTEX AND HYDROCARBONS (SOIL MATRIX)

METHOD: EPA 8020, 5030 GCFID

	CAS #	CONCENTRATION (ug/kg)	DETECTION LIMIT (ug/kg)
Benzene	71-43-2	ND	1
Toluene	108-88-3	2	1
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ND	1
Xylenes, Total	1330-20-7	ND	3
PURGEABLE HYDROC	ARBONS AS:		
Gasoline		ND mg/kg	0.2 mg/

ND = Not Detected



QUALITY CONTROL DATA

PH7 ENVIRONMENTAL

CLIENT PROJECT ID: 6301 SCARLETT CT., DUBLIN

MED-TOX JOB NO: 9110156



PAGE 3 OF 4

DATE EXTRACTED: 10/21/91

DATE ANALYZED: 10/21/91

CLIENT PROJ. ID: 6301 SCARLETT CT.

DUBLIN

MED-TOX JOB NO: 9110156 SAMPLE SPIKED: 9110130-04A

INSTRUMENT: E

MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY SUMMARY TPH EXTRACTABLE SOILS METHOD 3550 GCFID (SOIL MATRIX; EXTRACTION METHOD)

ANALYTE	Spike Conc. (mg/kg)	Sample Result (mg/kg)	MS Result (mg/kg)	MSD Result (mg/kg)	Average Percent Recovery	RPD
Diesel	84.8	ND	61.2	61.6	72.4	0.7

CURRENT QC LIMITS (Revised 08/15/91)

<u>Analyte</u>	Percent Recovery	<u>RPD</u>
Diesel	(60.3-106.9)	19.7

MS = Matrix Spike

MSD = Matrix Spike Duplicate

RPD = Relative Percent Difference

ND = Not Detected



PAGE 4 OF 4

DATE ANALYZED: 10/21/91

MED-TOX JOB NO: 9110156

SAMPLE SPIKED: 9110156-01A

INSTRUMENT: H

MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY SUMMARY METHOD TPHBTS 5030 w/GCFID/8020

ANALYTE	Spike Conc. (ug/kg)	Sample Result (ug/kg)	MS Result (ug/kg)	MSD Result (ug/kg)	Average Percent Recovery	RPD
Benzene Toluene	23.5 103	ND 1.7	24.5 108	26.8 119	109.2 110.2	9.0 9.7
Hydrocarbons as Gasoline	1040	ND	940	983	92.5	4.5

CURRENT QC LIMITS (Revised 08/15/91)

<u>Analyte</u>	Percent Recovery	RPD
Benzene	(80.0-125.2)	9.6
Toluene	(82.7-119.1)	10.2
Gasoline	(54.0-120.1)	14.8

MS = Matrix Spike
MSD = Matrix Spike Duplicate

RPD = Relative Percent Difference

ND = Not Detected

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ANALYTICAL **SERVICES**



DOHS CERTIFICATION NO: E772

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

PAGE 1 OF 5

PH7 ENVIRONMENTAL

18211 BOLLINGER CANYON RD.

SAN RAMON, CA 94583

ATTN: STEVE CLARK

CLIENT PROJ. ID: 6301 SCARLETT CT.

DUBLIN

REPORT DATE: 11/07/91

DATE SAMPLED: 10/25/91 DATE RECEIVED: 10/25/91

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS

REQUESTED: 10/29/91

MED-TOX JOB NO: 9110199

ANALYSIS OF: WATER SAMPLES

	entification . Lab No.	Extractable Hydrocarbons as Diesel (mg/L)	Extractable Hydrocarbons as Oil (mg/L)
E8690 E8692	01A 03A	ND ND	ND ND
Detection	Limit	0.05	0.1

Method: 3510 GCFID

Instrument: E

Date Extracted: 11/01/91 Date Analyzed: 11/01/91

ND = Not Detected

Andrew Bradeen, Manager Organic Laboratory

Results FAXed 11/05/91



PH7 ENVIRONMENTAL

CLIENT ID: E8691

CLIENT PROJ. ID: 6301 SCARLETT CT., DUBLIN MED-TOX JOB NO: 9110199

DATE SAMPLED: 10/25/91

DATE RECEIVED: 10/25/91 REPORT DATE: 11/07/91

MED-TOX LAB NO: 9110199-02A

DATE ANALYZED: 10/28/91

INSTRUMENT: F

BTEX AND HYDROCARBONS (WATER MATRIX)

METHOD: EPA 8020, 5030 GCFID

	CAS #	CONCENTRATION (ug/L)	DETECTION LIMIT (ug/L)
Benzene	71-43-2	ND	0.3
Toluene	108-88-2	ND	0.3
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ND	0.3
Xylenes, Total	1330-20-7	ND	1
PURGEABLE HYDROC	ARBONS AS:		
Gasoline		ND mg/L	0.05 mg/L

ND = Not Detected

Note: Two unknown compounds detected (low ppb level).



PH7 ENVIRONMENTAL

CLIENT ID: E8693 MED-TOX LAB NO: 9110199-CLIENT PROJ. ID: 6301 SCARLETT CT., DUBLIN MED-TOX JOB NO: 9110199

MED-TOX LAB NO: 9110199-04A

DATE SAMPLED: 10/25/91

DATE ANALYZED: 10/28/91

DATE RECEIVED: 10/25/91

INSTRUMENT: F

REPORT DATE: 11/07/91

BTEX AND HYDROCARBONS (WATER MATRIX)

METHOD: EPA 8020, 5030 GCFID

	CAS #	CONCENTRATION (ug/L)	DETECTION LIMIT (ug/L)
Benzene	71-43-2	ND	0.3
Toluene	108-88-2	ND	0.3
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ND	0.3
Xylenes, Total	1330-20-7	ND	1
PURGEABLE HYDROC	CARBONS AS:		
Gasoline		ND mg/L	0.05 mg/L

ND = Not Detected

Note: Two unknown compounds detected (low ppb level).



QUALITY CONTROL DATA

PH7 ENVIRONMENTAL

CLIENT PROJECT ID: 6301 SCARLETT CT., DUBLIN

MED-TOX JOB NO: 9110199



PAGE 4 OF 5

DATE EXTRACTED: 11/01/91 DATE ANALYZED: 11/01/91

CLIENT PROJ. ID: 6301 SCARLETT CT.

DUBLIN

MED-TOX JOB NO: 9110199 SAMPLE SPIKED: D.I. WATER

INSTRUMENT: E

MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY SUMMARY TPH EXTRACTABLE WATERS METHOD 3510 GCFID (WATER MATRIX; EXTRACTION METHOD)

ANALYTE	Spike Conc. (mg/L)	Sample Result (mg/L)	MS Result (mg/L)	MSD Result (mg/L)	Average Percent Recovery	RPD
Diesel	0.636	ND	0.541	0.486	80.7	10.7

CURRENT QC LIMITS (Revised 08/15/91)

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Percent Recovery</u>	<u>RPD</u>
Diesel	(49.3-101.4)	29.0

MS = Matrix Spike

MSD = Matrix Spike Duplicate

RPD = Relative Percent Difference

ND = Not Detected



PAGE 5 OF 5

DATE ANALYZED: 10/28/91

MED-TOX JOB NO: 9110199

SAMPLE SPIKED: 9110199-02A

INSTRUMENT: F

MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY SUMMARY METHOD 5030 w/GCFID/8020 (WATER MATRIX)

ANALYTE	Spike Conc. (ug/L)	Sample Result (ug/L)	MS Result (ug/L)	MSD Result (ug/L)	Average Percent Recovery	RPD
Benzene Toluene	14.5 61.9	ND ND	15.8 67.5	14.7 62.7	105.2 105.2	7.2 7.4
Hydrocarbons as Gasoline	519	ND	451	492	90.8	8.7

CURRENT QC LIMITS (Revised 08/15/91)

<u>Analyte</u>	Percent Recovery	<u>RPD</u>
Benzene	(77.7-118.0)	10.3
Toluene	(80.7-116.2)	10.1
Gasoline	(72.5-110.7)	13.6

MS = Matrix Spike

MSD = Matrix Spike Duplicate

RPD = Relative Percent Difference

ND = Not Detected