ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INVESTIGATION
REPORT
GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY
GENERAL TIRE, INC.
1201 14TH AVENUE
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

February 16, 1994

Report Prepared for:

General Tire, Inc. One General Street Akron, Ohio 44329-0001

ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT GENERAL TIRE, INC. 1201 14TH AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Jonas & Associates Inc. Job No. GT-211

Prepared by

Ms. Romena Jonas Principal Geologist

Jonas & Associates Inc.

1056 Dale Place

Concord, California 94518

(510) 676-8554

Reviewed by:

Dr. Jeffrey Sullivan

Registered Geologist #4942

ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY

GENERAL TIRE, INC. 1201 14TH AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

February 16, 1994

Prepared for:

General Tire, Inc. One General Street Akron, Ohio 44329-0001

Prepared by:

Jonas and Associates Inc. Concord, California (510) 676-8554

TABLE OF CONTENTS ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY GENERAL TIRE, INC. 1201 14TH AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

		<u>Page</u>
TABLE (OF CONTENTS	i
EXECUT	TIVE SUMMARY	. 1
1.0 INT	RODUCTION	. 2
1.1	SITE DESCRIPTION	. 2
1.2	BACKGROUND	. 2
1.3	SCOPE OF WORK, OBJECTIVES, AND REPORT ORGANIZATION	
1.3	3.1 Scope of Work	. 6
	3.2 Objectives of the Site Investigation	
	3.3 Report Organization	
2.0 ENV	VIRONMENTAL SETTING	. 8
2.1	GEOGRAPHY	. 8
2.2	CLIMATE	. 8
2.3	REGIONAL GEOLOGY	. 8
2.4	REGIONAL HYDROGEOLOGY	. 9
2.5	SURFACE WATER	. 9
3.0 FIE:	LD INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES	. 10
3.1	REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO DRILLING	. 10
3.2	SOIL SAMPLING AND MONITORING WELLS INSTALLATION,	
	SAMPLING, AND ANALYSIS	. 10
	2.1 Soil Sampling and Analysis	. 10
3.:	2.2 Groundwater Monitoring Wells Construction, Development,	
	Sampling and Analysis	. 12
	3.2.2.1 Well Development	. 14
	3.2.2.2 Sample Collection Procedures and Analysis	
3.3	QUALITY CONTROL SAMPLES	
3.4	DECONTAMINATION AND POST-SAMPLING PROCEDURES	
3.5	SAMPLE DOCUMENTATION	
3.6	SAMPLE SHIPMENT	. 17
3.7	MONITORING WELLS SURVEY	. 17

TABLE OF CONTENTS^{Continued} ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY GENERAL TIRE, INC. 1201 14TH AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

4.1 SC 4.2 GI 4.3 QU	ANALYSIS
5.0 CONCL	USIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
6.0 REFER	ENCES 28
LIST OF FIG	<u>GURES</u>
Figure 1-1 Figure 1-2 Figure 3-1 Figure 4-1 Figure 4-2 Figure 4-3	Regional Site Location Map Facility and Area Map Locations of Groundwater Monitoring Wells Soil Sampling Results Groundwater Sampling Results 20 Groundwater Elevations and Gradient on October 5, 1993 23
Table 1-1	March 1992 Groundwater Analytical Results for MW-1, Detected Chemicals
Table 1-2 Table 3-1 Table 3-2 Table 3-3	March 1992 Oil Analytical Results for Hydraulic Reservoirs 6 September 1993 Soil Sample Laboratory Analyses 12 Well Construction Details 13 September 1993 Groundwater Levels and Free Product Measurements 15
Table 3-4 Table 3-5 Table 4-1 Table 4-2 Table 4-3	Comparison of Analytical Results of Field Duplicate Samples

TABLE OF CONTENTS^{Continued} ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY GENERAL TIRE, INC. 1201 14TH AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

LIST OF APPENDICES

and a subject to the

- Appendix A Drilling Permit, Water Well Driller's Reports and Well Logs for Monitoring Wells MW-2 and MW-3, General Tire Oakland Facility
- Appendix B Non-Hazardous Waste Transport Forms
- Appendix C Laboratory Analytical Reports and Chain-of-Custody Forms, General Tire Oakland Facility
- Appendix D Elevation Survey Results, Kier & Wright Civil Engineers & Surveyors, Inc., November 22, 1993, General Tire Oakland Facility
- Appendix E Summary Tables of 1993 Groundwater and Soil Samples Analytical Results, General Tire Oakland Facility

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY

During a Phase I and II Environmental Site Assessment of General Tire's Oakland facility, groundwater contamination was identified. To address the groundwater contamination at the subject site, General Tire, Inc., retained Jonas & Associates Inc., (J&A) to conduct an environmental site investigation.

The objectives of the site investigation were to: 1) determine if soil beneath the site has been contaminated; 2) identify the groundwater gradient; and 3) determine the quality of groundwater entering the General Tire Oakland facility. To meet the objectives, three boreholes were drilled, and soil samples were collected and tested for various parameters. Two of the boreholes were converted to groundwater monitoring wells. The wells were developed. Later they were purged and groundwater samples were collected from the two new and one existing monitoring wells. The samples were analyzed for various suspected chemicals. Well elevations were surveyed to Mean Sea Level and their locations tied to City of Oakland Monuments. The groundwater gradient has been determined to be towards south/southeasterly direction.

The chemicals of concern are halogenated organic compounds (VOCs). VOCs have been detected in both groundwater and soil samples collected from the upgradient well MW-2. VOCs have been detected in the downgradient monitoring well MW-1. However, detected chemicals in the upgradient well are higher in concentrations than the downgradient well.

According to General Tire, Inc., the detected VOCs have not been used at the subject facility when it was active. There are no known underground storage tanks at the facility.

Based on the information assembled during this investigation, at the General Tire Oakland facility, it appears that the existing contamination probably originated off-site and proceeded to migrate beneath the subject site. Of the seven halogenated organic compounds detected, five may be due to the degradation of parent compound PCE, which it is typically used in dry cleaning operations.

Therefore, General Tire, Inc., would like to request that Alameda County Health Care Services identify other Potential Responsible Parties (PRP); and relieve General Tire, Inc., of any further environmental investigations at this site. Sites undergoing environmental investigations located within a one-half mile radius of General Tire Oakland facility were identified and presented in an Environmental Site Investigation Work Plan dated June 4, 1993. This Work Plan was submitted to the Alameda County Health Care Services in June 1993.

SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY 1201 14th Avenue, Oakland, California

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 SITE DESCRIPTION

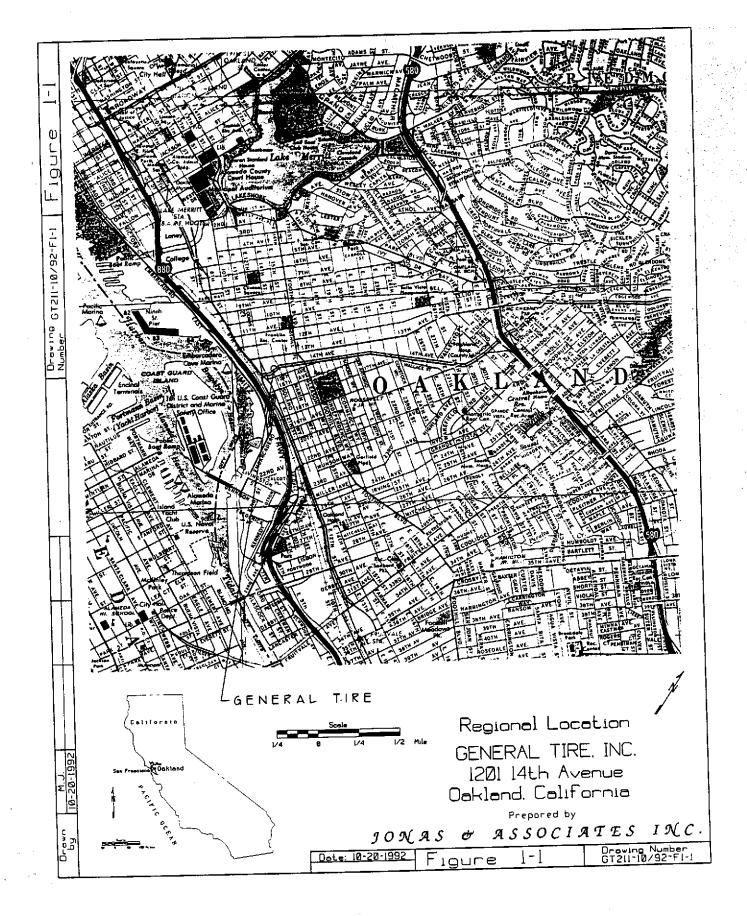
The General Tire Oakland facility is located at 1201 14th Avenue, in the City of Oakland, County of Alameda, California. On the property is a single story, irregularly shaped building of approximately 9,400 square feet. It was built in 1960 and is situated along the north edge of a triangular shaped lot with dimensions of approximately 126' by 248' by 279'. Currently the facility is vacant. When active, the business was primarily tire repair and sales with some minor auto repair (EMG 1990).

The facility is in a mixed commercial and residential area. A dry cleaner with onsite dry cleaning is adjacent to the facility to the north. Across 14th Avenue to the south is a restaurant located in what appears to have been a gas station. To the west are several sets of railroad tracks and the Nimitz Freeway; beyond the freeway is the Port of Oakland. To the east, on the corner of East 12th Street and 14th Avenue, is Armstrong Tire, which appears to operate a business similar to General Tire, Inc. Figure 1-1 is a regional site location map. Figure 1-2 is a facility map. In the remaining portion of the report, the General Tire Oakland facility will also be referred to as the subject site or facility.

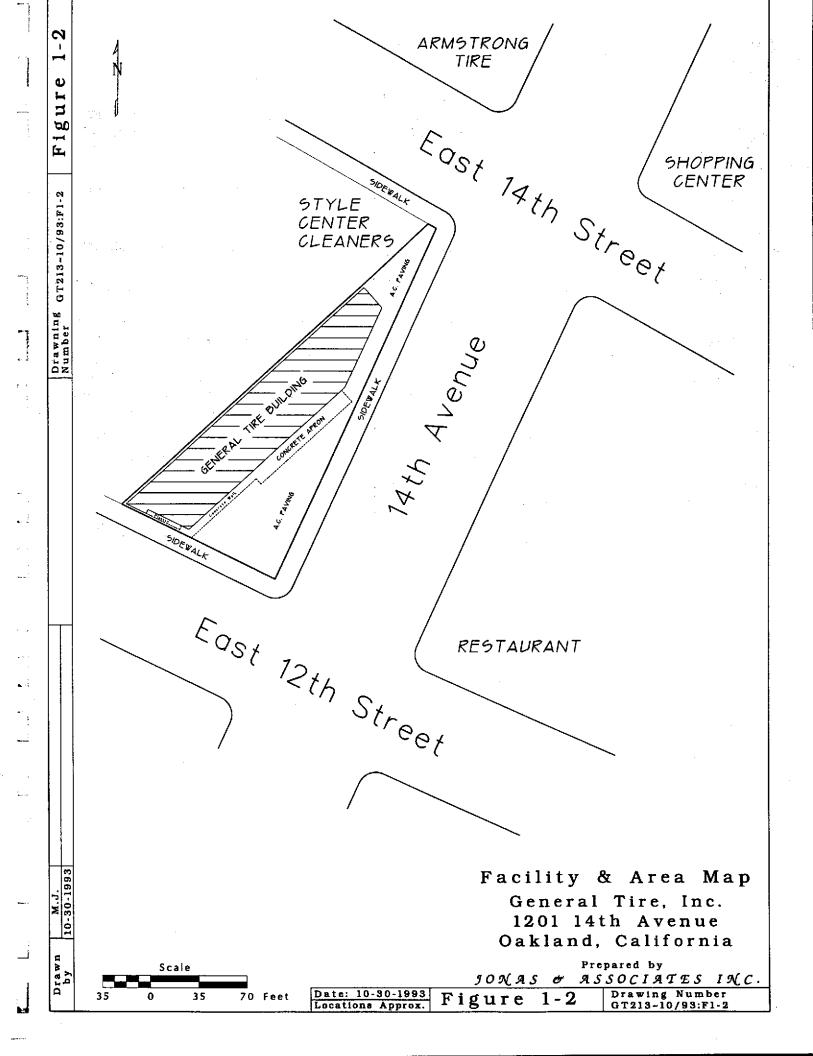
1.2 BACKGROUND

A Phase I Environmental Site Assessment was performed by Environmental Mitigation Group (EMG), in 1990. EMG found that hydraulic fluid was used at that facility. Hydraulic fluid (which was stored below ground) was used to operate two post lifts. During EMG's site visit, the two post lifts were said to be inoperable. Liquid was also reported to have been present in the pits between the posts.

The facility was placed for sale in 1991. In March of 1992, a prospective buyer retained H⁺GCL to perform a Phase II Investigation of the property. The purpose of the Phase II Investigation, as identified by H⁺GCL, was to determine if groundwater and hydraulic fluid on the site contained polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), chlorinated solvents, or petroleum hydrocarbons and to determine whether asbestos containing material was present on the site. H⁺GCL made the following recommendations:



_ }



- 1. Installation of a groundwater monitoring well on the property, and sampling and analysis of the groundwater for PCBs, chlorinated solvents, and petroleum hydrocarbons.
- 2. Sampling and analysis of the hydraulic fluid reservoirs on the property for PCBs.
- 3. Sampling of suspect asbestos-containing materials present on the site.

1992 Monitoring Well Installation and Groundwater Sampling and Analysis

In March of 1992, the prospective buyer requested H⁺GCL install a monitoring well in front of the building to assess groundwater quality. The monitoring well was constructed of 2.0 inch inner diameter, flush jointed, Schedule 40 PVC risers attached to factory perforated 0.020 inch slotted PVC well screen sections. A groundwater sample was obtained from the well and analyzed for the presence of pesticides and PCBs by EPA Method 3510/3520, volatile halogenated organic compounds by EPA Method 8010, and total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel by modified EPA Method 8015. Table 1-1 presents the analytical results.

Table 1-1
March 1992 Groundwater Results for MW-1

Sample	Analysis	Constituent	Results (ppm) ¹
MW-1	TPH ² VOCs ³	diesel 1,1-dichloroethane cis-1,2-dichloroethene trans-1,2-dichloroethene 1,1,1-trichloroethane trichloroethylene	0.190 ppm 0.015 ppm 0.019 ppm 0.004 ppm 0.003 ppm 0.012 ppm

¹ ppm = parts per million

1992 Sampling and Analysis of Hydraulic Fluid Reservoirs

Samples were also collected by H⁺GCL from two of the six hydraulic fluid reservoirs located in the garage area of the building on the site. These samples were analyzed for PCBs, by EPA Method 3580/8080. Table 1-2 presents the oil analytical results for hydraulic reservoirs.

² TPH = Total petroleum hydrocarbons (EPA Method 8015)

³ VOCs = Volatile halogenated organic compounds (EPA Method 8010)

Table 1-2
March 1992 Oil Analytical Results for Hydraulic Reservoirs

Sample	Analysis	Constituent	Results
01-Oil	PCBs 8080/3580	Aroclor 1232	6.4 ppm ¹
02-Oil	PCBs 8080/3580	PCBs	ND^2

¹ ppm = parts per million.

300

1.3 SCOPE OF WORK, OBJECTIVES, AND REPORT ORGANIZATION

1.3.1 Scope of Work

To address the suspected groundwater contamination at the subject site, General Tire, Inc., retained Jonas & Associates Inc., (J&A) to perform the following tasks:

- Task 1 Assist in regulatory notification
- Task 2 Perform a historical review of records/files on surrounding sites of concern
- Task 3 Prepare a site investigation work plan
- Task 4 Conduct site investigation and prepare a site investigation report

Tasks 1, 2, and 3 have been completed. A notification report was submitted to the Alameda County Health Care Agency (ACHCA) on February 5, 1993. Results of the Task 2 study are presented in an Environmental Site Investigation Work Plan, dated June 4, 1993. This Work Plan was submitted to the ACHCA. In a correspondence dated July 12, 1993, ACHCA requested that General Tire, Inc., incorporate additional tasks in the Work Plan. On July 19, 1993, as an addendum to the Work Plan, J&A, on behalf of General Tire, Inc., addressed and incorporated ACHCA's request for an expanded scope of work. The Work Plan and its addendum were approved by ACHCA (verbal approval in August 1993). In September 1993, J&A initiated Task 4 (site investigation and report preparation) of the scope of work. This report completes Task 4 of the investigation.

1.3.2 Objectives of the Site Investigation

The objectives of the site investigation were to: 1) determine if soil beneath the site has been contaminated; 2) identify the groundwater gradient; and 3) determine the quality of groundwater entering the General Tire Oakland facility. To meet the objectives, three boreholes were drilled, and soil samples were collected and tested for various parameters. Two of the boreholes were converted to groundwater monitoring wells.

² ND = Not detected above the method detection limit.

The recent site investigation results have been evaluated. Environmental settings, and a detailed discussion of the site investigation are discussed in the remaining portion of this report.

1.3.3 Report Organization

This Environmental Site Investigation Report contains the following six sections and five appendices:

Section 1.0 <u>Introduction</u>, provides a site description; background; objectives of the site investigation; and report organization.

Section 2.0 <u>Environmental Settings</u>, presents geography; climate; regional geology; regional hydrogeology; and surface water.

Section 3.0 <u>Field Investigation Procedures</u>, includes requirements prior to drilling; soil sampling and monitoring wells installation, sampling, and analysis; quality control samples; decontaminations and post-sampling procedures; sample documentation; sample shipment; and monitoring wells survey.

Section 4.0 <u>Data Analysis</u>, presents soil and groundwater sampling results.

Section 5.0 <u>Conclusions and Recommendations</u>, provides a summary of conclusions and recommendations for future actions.

Section 6.0 <u>References</u>, presents list of documents used in preparation of this report.

Appendices A through E include water well driller's reports, permits and well logs for monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-3; non-hazardous waste transport forms; laboratory analytical reports and chain-of-custody forms; elevation survey results; and summary tables of 1993 Groundwater and soil samples analytical results.

2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

2.1 GEOGRAPHY

The site is located at 1201 14th Avenue, Oakland, California, in the northwest portion of Alameda County. Local land use includes commercial, light industrial, and residential. The general topography in the area of the site is relatively flat.

2.2 CLIMATE

The climatic pattern in the San Francisco Bay Area is characterized by partly cloudy moderate summers without significant precipitation, and mild winters with precipitation from passing storms.

Temperatures at the site area are moderated by San Francisco Bay. Average mean monthly temperatures range from approximately 43° F to 70° F. The warmest month tends to be September and the coolest is January.

Average annual precipitation south of the site at the Oakland airport is 18.7 inches. Approximately 95 percent of regional precipitation occurs October through April, and is primarily associated with storm system moving eastward. Morning drizzle is relatively common during the summer. Snowfall is rare.

2.3 REGIONAL GEOLOGY

Oakland is located in the Coast Ranges geomorphic province, at an average elevation of 70 feet. The area is tectonically active being situated between the Hayward Fault on the east and the San Andreas Fault on the west. The underlying bedrock consists of Mesozoic volcanic and meta-volcanic rocks found throughout the Coast Ranges.

Geologically, the depositional history within the San Francisco Bay Area is relatively young (less than two to three million years old). Deposition along the flanks of local uplands was largely controlled by repeated variations in sea level and precipitation. Changes in sea level were caused by the cyclic advance and retreat of continental ice during the last ice age, which ended approximately 10,000 years ago. During the last Pleistocene glacial period, sea level was 300 to 400 feet lower than what it is today (Halley et al. 1979). A 400 foot lowering of sea level would have San Francisco Bay receding beyond the Golden Gate. During the ice age, local climate was probably wetter. All of these events contributed to changing sedimentation patterns, with a possible coarsening of clastics downslope due to a lowering of the hydraulic baselevel during the ice age and increased precipitation. Alternatively, during periods of high sea level the San Francisco Bay rose into the valleys, and finer-grained estuarine sediments were deposited. Generally, alluvial deposits are coarser in the uplands and fine downslope. In the San Francisco Bay Area alluvial fan sediments

interface with estuarine marsh deposits along the border of the current and prehistoric Bay.

Dominant processes depositing local sediments were probably alluvial, fluvial, and estuarine. Superimposed on the alluvial, fluvial, and estuarine processes was cyclic Pleistocene glaciation, causing the dramatic changes in sea level and significant variation in regional precipitation. This depositional history probably has resulted in a complex sedimentary sequence characterized by irregular interbedding and interfingering of coarse- and fine-grained deposits. Because the site is located close to San Francisco Bay, many of the more recent and shallow sediment are probably fine-grained and characteristic of lower fan deposits and estuarine marshes. Coarser sediments may have been deposited in the ancestral drainage.

2.4 REGIONAL HYDROGEOLOGY

The hydrogeology of the region is quite complex, with the upper 15 to 25 feet consisting of fill deposited during the dredging operations that created the Brooklyn Basin. Dark organic mud is dominant, but lenses of sand and silt occur at various elevations. Water bearing zones in the fill material have been reported to be continuous across the area. Groundwater level at this area is encountered at depths varying between six and ten feet below the ground surface dependent on tide and seasonal conditions. Data from various nearby sites indicate the groundwater flow direction beneath the Oakland estuary fringe varies greatly. The regional variance of the flow direction may be attributable to the complex, anisotropic stratigraphy beneath the estuary fringe (ERM-West, 1989).

2.5 SURFACE WATER

The facility is located approximately 1,000 feet northeast of Brooklyn Basin, which connects with San Francisco Bay through the Oakland Inner Harbor. No ponds are located on or adjacent to the subject property. Lake Merritt is located approximately one mile northwest of the facility. The closest stream course is Sausal Creek, which is located approximately 1.2 miles east of the property.

3.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

The scope of work for this project included drilling, soil sampling, installation and development of two groundwater monitoring wells; sampling and analysis of soil from a borehole adjacent to MW-1; and sampling and analysis of the existing groundwater monitoring well. This section of the report presents procedures used for drilling, soil sampling, well installation, and groundwater sampling and analysis.

3.1 REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO DRILLING

The locations of existing underground utility lines were determined prior to drilling activities. This determination was made through discussions with the facility owner and through consultation with the utility district. Approval to install the monitoring wells was obtained from the County. Appendix A contains water well driller's reports and permits for monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-3.

3.2 SOIL SAMPLING AND MONITORING WELLS INSTALLATION, SAMPLING, AND ANALYSIS

3.2.1 Soil Sampling and Analysis

On September 7, 1993, Advance Drilling Co., Inc., drilled three boreholes to a depth of 16.5 feet below ground surface (bgs). Two of the boreholes were constructed as groundwater monitoring wells. The other borehole was only used for collection of soil samples. Figure 3-1 shows the borehole locations. Three soil samples were collected from each borehole, at depths of 5', 10', and 15' feet bgs. Soil samples were collected using a modified California split spoon drive sampler fitted with clean 2-inch diameter brass tubes. Samples were submitted to ChromaLab, Inc., (ChromaLab) for laboratory analysis. Soil sample numbers, depths and analyses performed are summarized in Table 3-1.

Two of the boreholes (MW-2 and MW-3) were converted to groundwater monitoring wells. The boreholes were drilled utilizing a hollow-stem auger. Hollow-stem auger drilling is accomplished through use of a hollow central shaft with an attached spiral scroll. Each section of the auger is aligned so that a continuous scroll is formed. A bit is attached at the bottom of the first auger flight. Cuttings created by the bit are removed by the scroll as the auger stem is turned. This method is suitable for relatively shallow drilling in unconsolidated formations. The cuttings were collected in 55-gallon drums, labeled and later transported to B&J Landfill, 6426 Hay Road, Vacaville, California for land disposal. Non-Hazardous Waste Transport Forms are included in Appendix B.

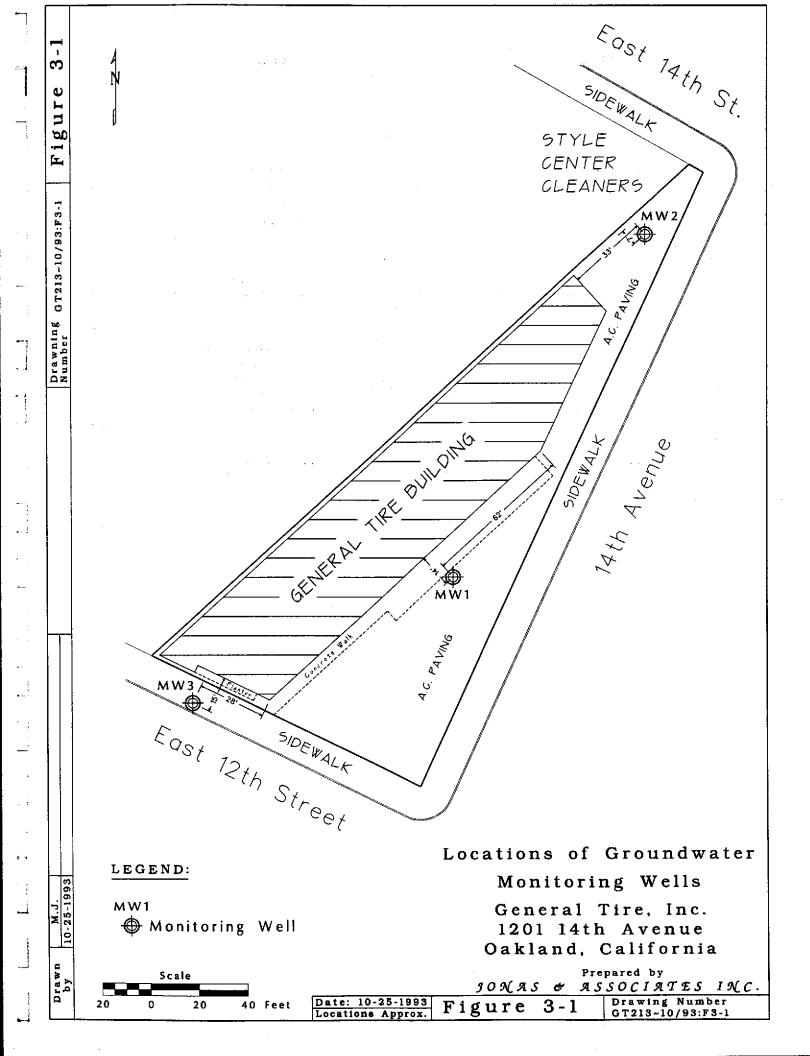


Table 3-1
September 1993 Soil Sample Laboratory Analyses
General Tire Oakland
Oakland, California

Sample Number	Date Sampled	Sample Depth (feet)	Sample Analysis
B1-5'	9/7/93	5'	PCBs (EPA Method: 8080)
B1-10'	9/7/93	10'	
B1-15'	9/7/93	15'	
MW2-5'	9/7/93	5',	Total extractable petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel, kerosene, motor oil (TEPH-d,k,mo) - EPA Methods 3510/8015; Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPH-g), benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene and total xylenes (BTEX) - EPA Method 5030/8015/8020; and Volatile Halogenated Organic Compounds (VOCs) - EPA Method 8010
MW2-10'	9/7/93	10'	
MW2-15'	9/7/93	15'	
MW3-5'	9/7/93	5'	TEPH-d,k,mo; TPH-g; BTEX; and VOCs
MW3-10'	9/7/93	10'	
MW3-15'	9/7/93	15'	

3.2.2 Groundwater Monitoring Wells Construction, Development, Sampling and Analysis

The two groundwater monitoring wells were completed with a 10-foot long PVC screen, 4 inches in diameter, with a 0.02-inch slot size. The screen was connected to a section of 5-foot long PVC riser pipe. In order to anticipate the possibility of floating product, the screen was extended approximately 2 feet above the water table. All joints were flush threaded and no solvents or cements were used on the PVC. Well logs are presented in Appendix A. A filter pack consisting of silica #3 sand was placed in the annular space at the well screen and carried 2 feet above the top of the screen. A bentonite seal, ½ foot thick and composed of one-half inch pellets, was placed above the sand pack, and the remaining annular space was filled with a neat cement-bentonite grout. Frequent measurements with a steel tape were made during placement of materials to ensure that proper amounts of material were placed and that seals were properly positioned. The grout consisted of neat Portland cement modified with bentonite to reduce shrinkage. The ratio of cement to bentonite was approximately 20:1 on a weight basis. The grout was tamped regularly to avoid

formation of voids. Table 3-2 summarizes well construction details for the two new wells and the existing well which was installed by a previous consultant in 1992.

Table 3-2 Well Construction Details General Tire Oakland Oakland, California

	Date	Casing	~Depth in feet bgs				Borehole	
Well Completed Number	ll Completed Diameter Screen	Sand Pack	Bentonite Seal	Portland Cement ¹	Borehole	Diameter		
MW-1	3/1992	2"	5'5" - 15' 6"	3'5" - 16' 5"	2'- 3'5"	1/4 - 2'	16'5"	8
MW-2	9/7/1993	4"	5½ - 15½	5 - 161/2	41/2 - 5	1/4 - 41/2	16½	81/2"
MW-3	9/7/1993	4"	5½ - 15½	5 - 161/2	41/2 - 5	1/4 - 41/2	16½	81/2"

note: 1) Portland Cement mixed with ~5% bentonite for plasticity.

2) bgs = below ground surface.

When constructing the wells, maximum effort was made to avoid contamination of the well construction materials. The PVC construction materials were assumed to be procured clean from the fabricators. The procedures listed below were followed to prevent contamination:

- » Clean screens and casings were utilized;
- » All filter-pack material were added directly from the bag (spilled material was not taken from the ground and placed in the boring);
- » The steel tape used to sound for depth during installation was steam-cleaned prior to boring installation;
- » No foreign material was allowed to enter the well casing during construction;
- » Frequent sounding were made when placing the filter pack, bentonite, and grout into the annular space; and
- » Recorded all final measurements, problems, and comments in the field log book.

3.2.2.1 Well Development

When well construction was complete and the grout column was cured for a minimum of 24 hours, well development was performed by use of a submersible pump. Well development was initiated by lowering a submersible pump into the well. The pump was placed in the center of the well screen. Approximately five well volumes were removed during development. Well volume was calculated using the formula:

$$V = \pi(h/4) \{D_c^2(1-n) + nD_p^2\}$$

where

V = volume of standing water in borehole and well, ft³

 $\pi = 3.14$

 $D_p = diameter of boring, ft$

D_c = diameter of well casing, ft

n = porosity of the filter pack, decimal fraction

h = height of standing water in well, ft

The variable h is determined by subtracting the depth to water from the total well depth. The value for n is assumed at 0.3. To convert the well volume to gallons, V is multiplied by 7.48 gallons per cubic feet. Water level is measured with an electronic sounding device.

To develop the monitoring wells they were pumped until the discharge was relatively clear, colorless, and free of particulates. Water from equipment steam-cleaning and development were stored in 55-gallon drums, labeled and later transported to Gibson Environmental for treatment. Appendix B contains the Water Transport Form from Gibson Environmental.

3.2.2.2 Sample Collection Procedures and Analysis

On September 14, 1993, the monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-3 were developed by Advance Drilling Co., Inc. On October 5, 1993 the three groundwater monitoring wells were purged by Jonas & Associates Inc. Prior to purging, a clear bailer was used to collect a sample from each monitoring well. The sample was inspected in the field for floating product, odor, and sheen. Free product was not observed in any of the wells.

After checking for free product, the wells were then purged using a bailer. At least three saturated well volumes of water was removed. During purging, field measurements of the groundwater temperature, conductivity, and pH was made and

recorded periodically. Water samples for laboratory analysis were not collected until temperature, conductivity, and pH stabilized. Table 3-3 includes groundwater levels and free product measurements.

Table 3-3 September 1993 Groundwater Levels and Free Product Measurements General Tire Oakland Oakland, California

Date	Well ID	Water Level from Top of Casing:		Free Product
		Depth	Elevation	
10/5/93	MW-1	8.73'	9.56'	no free product
10/5/93	MW-2	6.80	13.38'	no free product
10/5/93	MW-3	10.5'	9.05'	no free product

Notes - * Elevation with respect to Mean Sea Level (M.S.L.) and Kier & Wright survey.

After purging the standing water from the wells, they were then sampled with a bailer. One sample per well was collected and submitted for chemical analysis. A duplicate sample was collected from monitoring well MW-2 for laboratory analysis. Samples were collected in glass vials, specifically designed to prevent the loss of volatile constituents from the samples. The glass vials were carefully filled and checked to insure that no head space existed in sample containers. Presence of head space would result in volatilization of volatile constituents. All bottles were labeled before filling to prevent misidentification. Once filled, samples were placed in an ice chest with ice packs. Each cooler contained sufficient ice packs to ensure that proper temperature of 4° Celsius was maintained and were packed in a manner to prevent damage to sample containers. Field Chain-of-Custody records, completed at the time of sample collection, accompanied the samples inside the cooler for shipment to ChromaLab, a State-certified analytical laboratory located in San Ramon, California. All coolers were picked-up by a representative from Chromalab within 24 hours after sampling.

Four groundwater samples submitted to ChromaLab were analyzed for Total TPH-d (EPA Methods 3510 and 8015), and VOCs (EPA Method 601). Appendix C includes all the raw laboratory analytical data.

3.3 QUALITY CONTROL SAMPLES

For quality control, one duplicate groundwater sample was collected from monitoring well MW-2 and submitted for laboratory analysis. In addition, the

laboratory also performed a matrix spike. Both the duplicate and the matrix spike samples were analyzed for the entire suite of parameters listed in Section 3.2.2.2, "Sample Collection Procedures and Analysis". Table 3-4 presents detected analytical results for both of MW-2's groundwater samples.

Table 3-4
Comparison of Analytical Results of
Field Duplicate Samples
General Tire Oakland

Detected Chemical Constituent	Chemical Concentrations (ppm) ¹ Sample MW-2	Chemical Concentrations (ppm) Sample Number MW-d
kerosene	0.49	0.11
motor oil	0.7	ND<0.5 ²
vinyl chloride	0.0015	ND<0.0005
1,1-dichloroethene	0.001	0.0009
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	0.031	0.029
trichloroethene	0.046	0.041
tetrachloroethene	0.040	0.040

 $^{1 \}text{ ppm} = \text{parts per million}.$

3.4 DECONTAMINATION AND POST-SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Decontamination of equipment took place in a specific decontamination zone designated at the site. Drilling and sample equipment were decontaminated prior to initial use and at the completion of sampling activities. All non-disposable equipment were decontaminated according to the procedures summarized below:

- » Manual scrub with non-phosphate soap solution plus tap water wash;
- » Fresh water rinse;
- » Distilled/deionized water rinse;
- » Air dry; and
- » Distilled/deionized water rinse.

 $^{^{2}}$ ND<0.5 = Not detected above the method detection limit of 0.5 ppm.

3.5 SAMPLE DOCUMENTATION

Sample documentation included field logbooks, sample labels, and Chain-of-Custody records. All field documentation was written legibly in waterproof ink. Errors were crossed out with a single line, initialed, and dated; they were not obliterated. Each sample was assigned a unique identification number that allows retrieval of information regarding the sample.

SAMPLE SHIPMENT 3.6

The J&A Technical Manager notified the Sales Manager at ChromaLab a week before sampling was scheduled to begin, so that the laboratory could prepare and ship the necessary coolers and sample bottles to the field team in advance. The samples were received by ChromaLab within 24 hours of sampling.

Samples were packaged for shipment in a cooler chilled with bags of ice. Foam padding was used to protect sample containers. The original Chain-of-Custody record was placed in a plastic pouch affixed to the inside lid of the cooler. The Field Manager retained a copy of the form. When possession of the samples was transferred, the individuals relinquishing and accepting custody wrote their names. the names of their organizations, and the time and date of custody transfer on the Chain-of-Custody record. Appendix C contains the laboratory analytical reports and Chain-of-Custody records.

MONITORING WELLS SURVEY 3.7

On November 22, 1993 all three monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-3) were surveyed by Kier & Wright Civil Engineers & Surveyors, Inc. Appendix D of this report presents the documentation associated with the results of the survey. The locations of the wells were identified using the City of Oakland Benchmark No. 1521, 15th Avenue and 14th Street. Table 3-5 provides a summary of the well survey data.

Table 3-5 Monitoring Well Survey Data General Tire Oakland Oakland, California

Well	Easting	Northing	M.S.L.1 Elevation
MW-1	1495579.17	474023.22	Top PVC ² : 18.29' rim ³ : 18.58'
MW-2	1495664.73	474169.72	Top PVC: 20.18' rim: 20.77'
MW-3	1495474.96	473977.93	Top PVC: 19.55' rim: 19.99'

rim = North rim of box.

M.S.L. = Mean Sea Level.
Top PVC = Top north edge of PVC casing.

4.0 DATA ANALYSIS

4.1 SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS

As stated previously three soil samples were collected from three boreholes. Samples were collected from depths of 5, 10, and 15 feet below ground surface (bgs). The samples from the monitoring well boreholes were analyzed for TPH-g; TEPH-d,k,mo; BTEX; and VOCs. Appendix E includes summary tables of all the laboratory analytical results. Table 4-1 includes chemicals detected in the soil samples analyzed.

Figure 4-1 shows the borehole locations and detected chemical concentrations. As illustrated in Figure 4-1, PCBs were not detected in the three soil samples collected from borehole B1. This borehole was drilled adjacent to MW-1 for the purpose of determining if the soil may have been impacted by any potential leaks from the hydraulic lifts. This analysis was performed at ACHCS' request.

Two of the soil samples (MW2-5' and MW2-10') collected from the borehole of MW-2 contained cis-1,2-DCE (0.0059 mg/kg - 0.24 mg/kg); TCE (0.0066 mg/kg - 0.36 mg/kg); and PCE (0.073 mg/kg - 0.11 mg/kg). As shown in Table 4-1, these detected chemical concentrations were higher in the deeper sample (MW2-10') than the shallower one (MW2-5'). In addition, in MW2-10', trans-1,2-DCE (0.0087 mg/kg) and TEPH-mo (18 mg/kg) were also detected. These parameters were not detected in MW2-5'. Soil sample MW2-15' did not contain any analyzed chemicals.

Soil samples collected from MW-3 borehole did not contain any VOCs. TEPH-mo at a concentration of 18 mg/kg was detected in the shallow MW3-5' soil sample.

As illustrated in Table 3-3, minimum and maximum depths to the groundwater were measured at 6.9 feet bgs in MW-2 and 10.5 feet bgs in MW-3. It should be noted that the soil samples with detected chemicals were collected from depths immediately above the water table (depth of 10 feet bgs). Chemicals were not detected in the soil samples collected below the water table (depth of 15 feet).

4.2 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING RESULTS

As stated previously, three groundwater samples from monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-3 were collected and analyzed for TPH-d, and VOCs. Appendix E includes summary tables of all the analytical results. Table 4-2 presents a summary of detected chemicals.

Table 4-1 September 1993 Soil Results General Tire Oakland Oakland, California

Sample I.D.	Analysis	Constituent	Results (mg/kg)
B1-5'	PCBs	PCBs	ND ¹
B1-10'	Same as B1-5'	Same as B1-5'	ND
B1-15'	Same as B1-5'	Same as B1-5'	ND
MW2-5'	VOCs TEPH-d,k, mo TPH-g	cis-1,2-DCE TCE PCE All other parameters tested for	0.0059 mg/kg 0.0066 mg/kg 0.073 mg/kg ND
MW2-10'	Same as MW2-5'	cis-1,2-DCE TCE PCE trans-1,2-DCE TEPH-mo All other parameters tested for	0.24 mg/kg 0.36 mg/kg 0.11 mg/kg 0.0087 mg/kg 18 mg/kg ND
MW2-15'	Same as MW2-5'	All parameters tested for	ND
MW3-5'	Same as MW2-5'	TEPH-mo All other parameters tested for	18 mg/kg ND
MW3-10'	Same as MW2-5'	All parameters tested for	ND
MW3-15'	Same as MW2-5'	All parameters tested for	ND

note:

TEPH-d, k, mo = Total Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons as diesel, kerosene and motor oil (3550/8015)

VOCs = Volatile Halogenated Organic Compounds (EPA Method 8010)

cis-1,2-DCE = cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

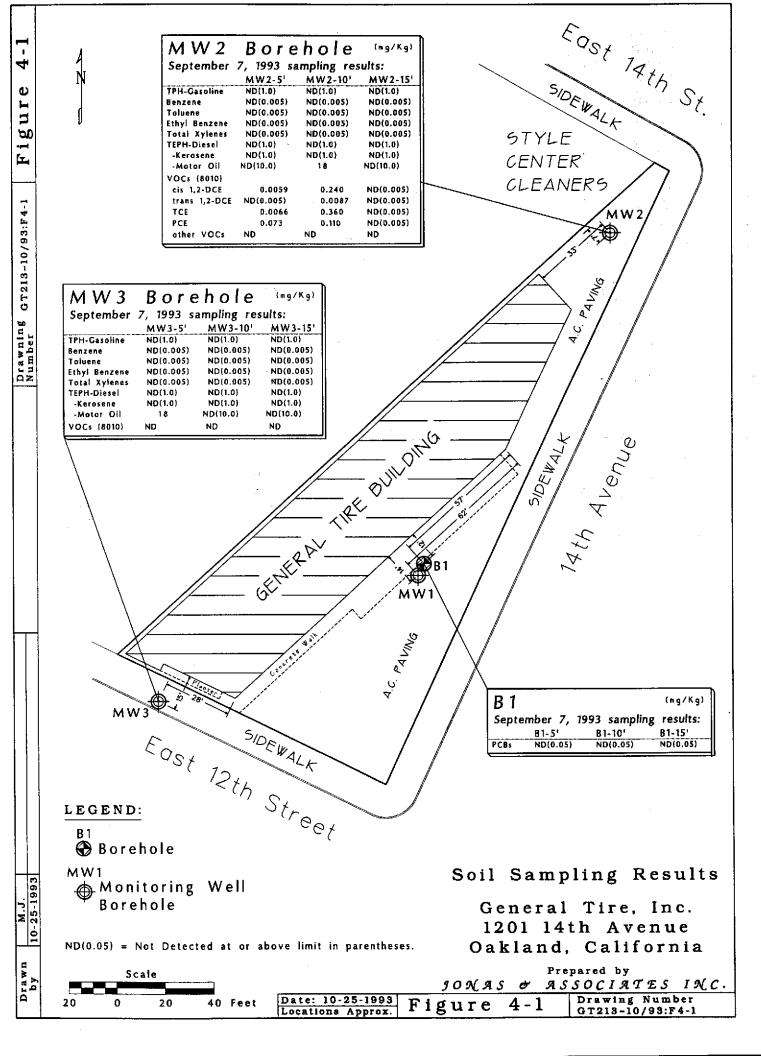
TCE: Trichloroethene

trans-1,2-DCE = trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

PCE = Tetrachloroethene

ND1 = Not detected above the method detection limit.

Figure 4-2 presents the well locations, detected chemicals and their concentration levels. Figure 4-3 shows the groundwater elevations and gradient. As illustrated in Figure 4-3, groundwater flows in the south/southeasterly direction. MW-1 is considered a downgradient well, and MW-2 an upgradient well. Cis-1,2-DCE was detected in both MW-1 and MW-2; with concentrations being higher in MW-2 than



MW-1. 1,1-DCA was only detected in MW-1. VC, TCE, PCE, TEPH-k, and TEPH-mo were only detected in MW-2. None of the chemicals tested for were detected in MW-3.

Table 4-2 September 1993 Groundwater Results General Tire Oakland Oakland, California

Sample I.D.	Analysis	Constituent	Results (ppm)
MW-1	VOCs TEPH-d,k, mo	cis-1,2-DCE 1,1-DCA All other parameters tested for	0.007 0.0013 ND ¹
MW-2	Same as MW-1	cis-1,2-DCE 1,1-DCE TCE PCE VC TEPH-mo TEPH-k All other parameters tested for	0.031 0.001 0.046 0.040 0.0015 0.7 0.490 ND
Mw-3	Same as MW-1	All the parameters tested for	ND

notes:

TEPH-d, k, mo = Total Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons as diesel, kerosene and motor oil (3550/8015)

VOCs = Volatile Halogenated Organic Compounds (EPA Method 8010)

cis-1,2-DCE = cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

TCE: Trichloroethene

trans-1,2-DCE = trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

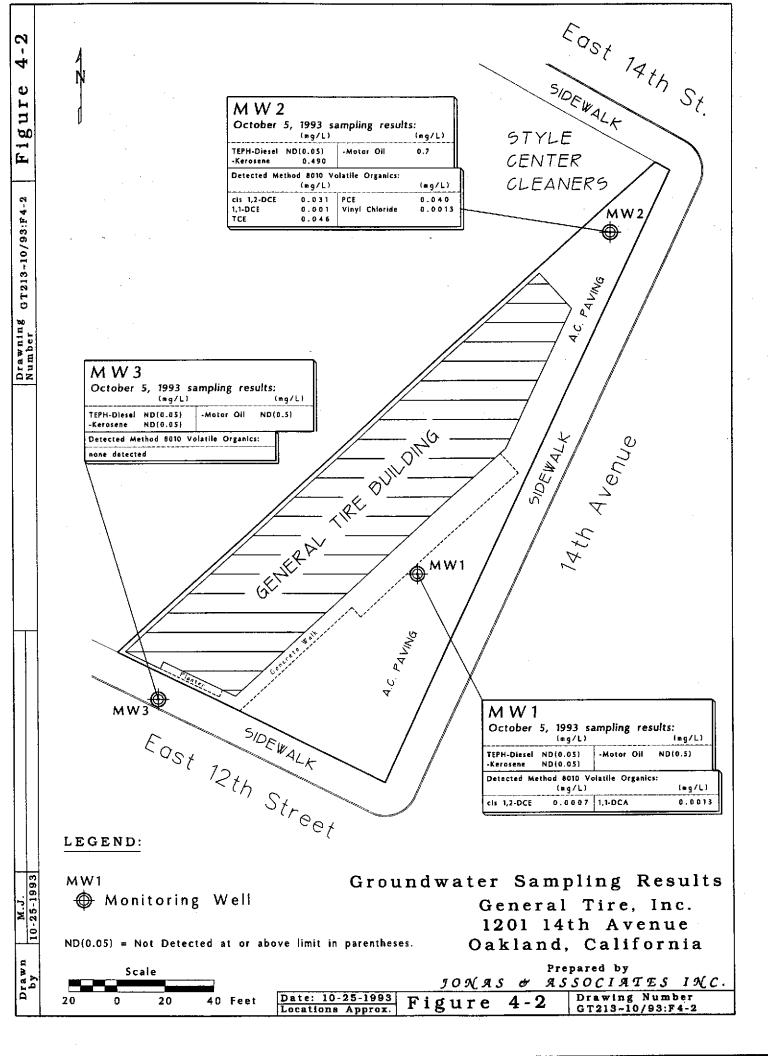
PCE = Tetrachloroethene VC = Vinyl Chloride DCA = 1,1-Dichloroethane

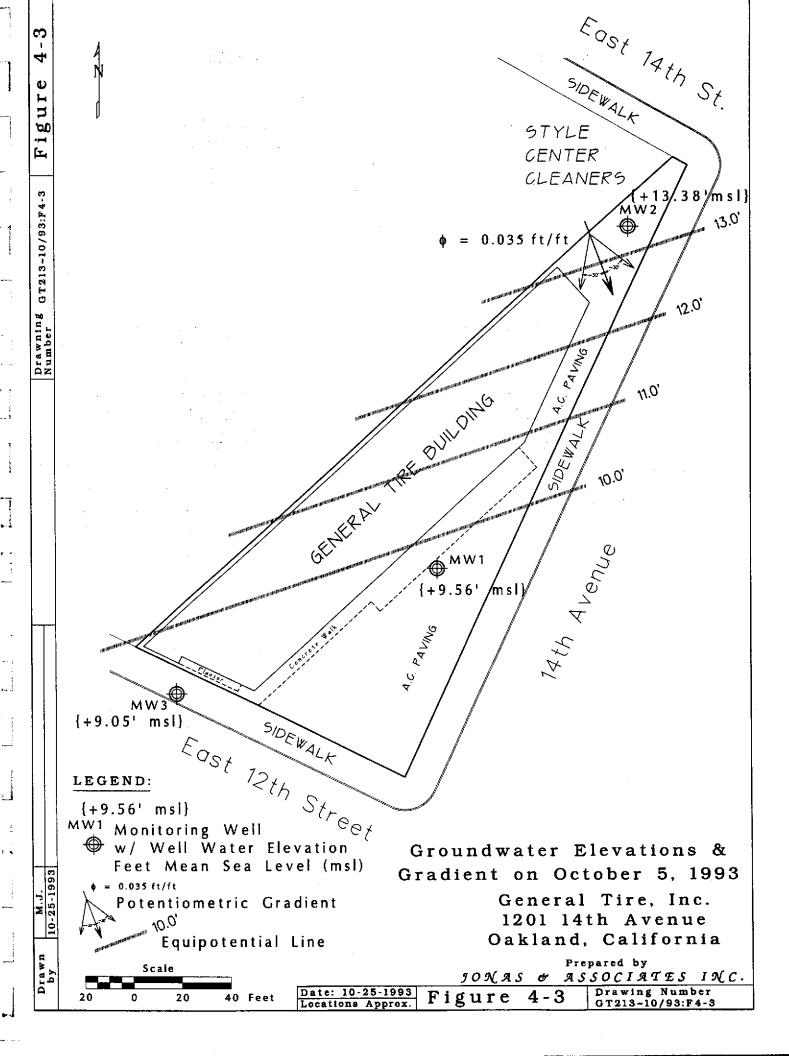
ND1 = Not detected above the method detection limit.

4.3 QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS OF POTENTIAL CONTAMINANT SOURCES AND MOVEMENT

Table 4-3 lists the detected analytes in the soil and groundwater and their concentration ranges. According to General Tire, Inc., none of the solvents detected were used on-site.

As presented in Section 4.1 of this report, with the exception of 1,1-DCA, all the detected parameters were observed in the soil and groundwater samples collected





from monitoring well MW-2. MW-2 is considered an upgradient well; therefore, it appears that contaminants may be coming from off-site sources. With the exception of TEPH-k, TEPH-mo, and possibly 1,1-DCA, all of the compounds detected may be potential degradation products of PCE.

Table 4-3
1993 Soil and Groundwater
Sampling Results
Detected Chemicals and Concentration Ranges
General Tire Oakland Facility
General Tire Oakland

Detected	Detected	Detected	Detected
Chemical	Concentration	Concentration	Location
Constituent	Ranges in Soil (ppm) ¹	Ranges in Groundwater (ppm)	
cis-1,2-DCE	0.0059 - 0.240	0.0007 - 0.031	MW-1 & MW-2
1,1-DCE	ND^2	0.001	MW-2
trans-1,2-DCE	0.0087	ND	MW-2
1,1-DCA	ND	0.0013	MW-1
PCE	0.073 - 0.110	0.040	MW-2
TCE	0.0066 - 0.360	0.046	MW-2
VC	ND	0.0015	MW-2
TEPH-k	ND	0.490	MW-2
TEPH-mo	18	0.7	MW-2 & MW-3

 $^{^{1}}$ ppm = parts per million.

The degradation pathways of chlorinated aliphatic compounds may be through a combination of abiotic and biotic steps (Vogel, et al., 1987). The exact micro environment necessary for each individual step is still a topic open to on-going research. Biotic steps require microorganisms, whereas abiotic steps do not require microbes. Abiotic processes take place on mineral surfaces or in solution where proper conditions exist. Both biotic and abiotic steps take place under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. As examples applicable to this site, there are two possible degradation pathways of chlorinated aliphatic compounds which may explain the occurrence of certain compounds found in the soil and groundwater beneath the site.

² ND = Not detected above the method detection limit.

The relationship for the chlorinated ethenes at the site is summarized as:

(1) PCE \rightarrow TCE \rightarrow 1,1-DCE or cis-1,2-DCE or trans-1,2-DCE \rightarrow VC

An alternative pathway which can produce chlorinated ethenes from ethanes can be summarized as:

(2) 1,1,1-TCA
$$\rightarrow$$
1,1-DCA \rightarrow cis-1,2-DCE \rightarrow trans-1,2-DCE \rightarrow chloroethane(CE) \rightarrow VC

Of the seven halogenated organic compounds detected in 1993, five may be due to the degradation of parent compound PCE. PCE is typically used in dry cleaning fluid; degreasing and drying metals and other solids; solvent for waxes, greases, fats, oils, gums; manufacturing printing inks and paint removers; preparation of fluorocarbons and trichloroacetic acid; vermifuge; heat-transfer medium; and organic synthesis (Montgomery, 1991).

1,1-DCA was detected only in groundwater sample from MW-1, and it was not detected in any of the soil samples. The sources of 1,1-DCA is currently unknown. However, as presented above, 1,1-DCA may be degradation product of a parent compound 1,1,1-TCA. 1,1,1-TCA was detected in MW-1 during the 1992 groundwater sampling event. During the 1993 sampling round, 1,1,1-TCA was not detected above the reported detection limit. Typical uses of 1,1,1-TCA are: organic synthesis; solvent for metal cleaning of precision instruments; textile processing; aerosol propellants; and pesticide (Montgomery, 1991).

As stated previously, according to General Tire, Inc., these chemicals have not been used at the subject facility. Based on the information assembled during this investigation, at the General Tire Oakland facility, it appears that the existing contamination probably originated off-site and proceeded to migrate beneath the subject site. Possible pathways for off-site source(s) to impact General Tire's facility are:

- » groundwater transport;
- » transport through capillary fringe;
- » vapor transport from groundwater to vadose zone; and
- » neighboring vadose zone source(s) spreading onto General Tire's facility.

TEPH-mo was detected at a concentration of 18 mg/kg in two of the soil samples collected from MW-2 and MW-3 from a depth of 10 feet and 5 feet, respectively. Typically TEPH-mo concentrations detected in soil below 100 mg/kg are not considered significant. TEPH-mo and -k were detected in the upgradient well MW-2 and not in the downgradient well MW-1 or MW-3. Therefore, it may also be possible that these chemicals are also migrating underneath the General Tire Oakland facility from upgradient, off-site sources.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

September 1993 Soil Investigation Results:

- 1. Volatile halogenated organic compounds have been detected in two of the soil samples collected from the MW-2 borehole only. Detected concentrations were higher in the deeper sample than the shallower one.
- 2. TEPH-mo has been detected at a concentration of 18 mg/kg in two of the soil samples collected from MW-2 and MW-3 from a depth of 10 feet and 5 feet, respectively. Typically in soil, TEPH-mo concentrations less than 100 ppm are not considered significant.
- 3. Soil contamination was not detected in any of the soil samples collected from the depth of 15 feet bgs.
- 4. PCBs were not detected above the method detection limits in any of the three soil samples collected from borehole B1.

September 1993 Groundwater Investigation Results:

- 1. Volatile halogenated organic compounds have been detected in groundwater monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-2.
- 2. TEPH-k and TEPH-mo were detected in MW-2.
- None of the chemicals tested for were detected in MW-3.
- 4. Water level elevations with respect to M.S.L. were between 9.05 feet (MW-1) and 13.38 feet (MW-2).
- 5. Minimum and maximum depths to the groundwater were measured at 6.9 feet bgs in MW-2 and 10.5 feet bgs in MW-3.
- 6. Groundwater gradient appears to be toward south/southeasterly direction.
- 7. MW-2 appears to be the upgradient and MW-1 the downgradient wells.

8. MW-2 is located adjacent to Style Center Cleaners, a dry cleaning operation.

As reported by General Tire, Inc., the detected volatile halogenated organic compounds were not used at the subject facility while it was active. Based on the readily available documents reviewed there seems to be no underground fuel storage tanks at the subject site.

Based on the information assembled during this investigation at the General Tire Oakland facility, it appears that the existing contamination probably originated offsite and proceeded to migrate beneath the subject site via any of the following potential pathways: groundwater transport, transport through capillary fringe, vapor transport from groundwater to vadose zone, and neighboring vadose zone source spreading on the subject site.

Of the seven halogenated organic compounds detected, five may be due to the degradation of parent compound PCE, which it is typically used in dry cleaning operations.

Based on the results of this investigation, General Tire, Inc., would like to request that Alameda County Health Care Services identify other Potential Responsible Parties (PRP); and relieve General Tire, Inc., of any further environmental investigations at this site.

6.0 REFERENCES

- A.C.C. Environmental Consultants, October 9, 1992. Tank Closure Report, Peralta Community College -Maintenance Yard.
- Alameda County, Department of Environmental Health, May 4, 1990. Inspection Report.
- Alameda County, Department of Environmental Health, May 4, 1990. Inspection Report.
- Alameda County, Department of Environmental Health, May 4, 1990. Inspection Report.
- Alameda County, Department of Environmental Health, May 6, 1991. Hazardous Materials Management Plan.
- Alameda County, Health Care Services Agency, June 5, 1991. Facility Questionnaire.
- Alameda County. March 4 1985. Hazardous Waste Generator Inspection and Compliance Report.
- Barney M. Chen, Hazardous Materials Specialist, Alameda County, July 18, 1990. Letter to Mr. James Oliver, PES Environmental. Reference: Soil and Groundwater Investigation at East 12th Street and 14th Avenue, Oakland.
- Barney M. Chen, Hazardous Materials Specialist, Alameda County, October 29, 1991. Letter to Mr. George Brooks, Manager Environmental Control, Crowley Maritime Corporation.
- Baseline Environmental consulting, april 12, 1989. Report Tank Removal and Remediation Activities.
- Baseline Environmental Consulting, December 1991. Report on Underground Storage Tank Removals.
- Canonie Environmental Services Corp., April 3, 1989. Completion Report Underground Storage Tank Removal.

- ChromaLab, Inc., January 11, 1994, Correspondence from Jill thomas, Quality Assurance Manager at ChromaLab, Inc., to Romena Jonas, Project Manager, Jonas & Associates Inc.
- Clayton Environmental Consultants, September 1992. Revised Work Plan for Subsurface Investigation at Liquid Carbonic Corporation.
- Department of Health Services, August 24, 1988. Preliminary Assessment Recommendations for Further Action.
- Environmental Management Inc., December 7,1987. Notification of hazardous waste discharge by Crosby & Overton.
- Environmental Mitigation Group, December 13, 1990. Phase I Environmental Assessment Report, Commercial Tire Company, 1201 14th Avenue, Oakland, California.
- EPA, SF, 8/11/1989. TSCA#6 PCB Investigation. Inspection Report.
- ERM-West, May 1989. Remedial Investigation Report for Embarcadero Cove State Superfund Site.
- ERM-West, May 19, 1989. Risk Assessment for Embarcadero Cove State Superfund Site.
- H⁺GCL, April 1992. Phase II Investigation, 1201 14th Avenue, Oakland, California.
- J. G. McTague, Chevron, September 4, 1985. Letter to Mr. Dale Boyer, Regional Water Quality Control Board.
- Mardo Kaprealian, Kaprealian Engineering Inc., January 13, 1987. Letter to Mr. Paul Paradiso, Paradiso construction Company.
- Mark Youngkin, geologist, Environmental Technology, August 14, 1989. Letter to Mr. Ed Bronstein, American Ink Products.
- Merck Index, Ninth Edition, Merck & Co., Inc.
- Notification to Counties of Hazardous Waste Discharge, January 31, 1991.

- Rafat Shahid, chief, Hazardous Materials Division, Alameda County, May 25, 1988.

 Letter to Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co.
- Rafat A. Shahid, chief, Hazardous Materials Division, Alameda County, July 21, 1988. Letter to Mr. Robert A. Stolzman, Harding Lawson associates, Inc.
- Sanborn Insurance Map, Oakland, 1903 and 1928.
- Steve Jones, Operations Manager, Rhodes-Jamieson, July 25, 1985. Letter to Mr T.M. Gerow, Alameda County Health agency.
- Triangle Environmental, Inc., January 26, 1991. Precision Tank and Line Test Results.
- Versar Inc.. May 6, 1992. Preliminary Investigation and Evaluation Report
- Versar Inc., June 13, 1991. Site Investigation Work Plan, Pacific Dry Dock and Repair Yard II.
- Versar Inc.. October 2, 1990. Site assessment Report for Pacific Dry Dock and Repair Yards 1 and 2".
- Vogel, Timothy M., Craig S. Criddle, and Perry L. McCarty. 1987. Transformations of halogenated aliphatic compounds. Environmental Science and Technology., Vol. 21, No. 8, August 1987 pgs 722-736., Copyright American Chemical Society.

Appendix A
Drilling Permit, Water Well Driller's Reports and Well Logs for
Monitoring Wells MW-2 and MW-3
General Tire Oakland Facility



ZONE 7 WATER AGENCY

5997 PARKSIDE DRIVE PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 94588

VOICE (510) 484-2600 FAX (510) 462-3914

DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATION

FOR APPLICANT TO COMPLETE	FOR OFFICE USE				
LOCATION OF PROJECT 1201 14th Avenue	PERMIT NUMBER 93509				
Oakland, CA 94606 MH-2 & MW-3	LOCATION NUMBER				
CLIENT Name General Tire Inc. Address One General Street Voice City Akron. Ohio Zip 216-798-2537 Photo APPLICANT Name Jonas & Associates Inc.					
1056 Dale Place Fax 510-680-6511 Address Voice City Concord, CA Zp 94518 Type OF PROJECT Well Construction Geotechnical Investigation Cathodic Protection General Water Supply Contamination	A permit application should be submitted as as to arrive in Zone 7 office five days prior to proposed starting date. 2. Submit to Zone 7 within 60 days after completion of permit wherk the original Department of Water Resources Water Drivers Report or equivalent for well Projects, or drilling a single location sketch for geotechnical projects. 3. Permit is void if project not begun within 90 days of appreciate.				
Monitoring X Well Destruction PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY WELL USE Domestic Incustrial Crimer Monitoring Municipal Prigation MW-2 DRILLING METHOD: Mud Rotary Air Rotary Auger X Cable Other	E. WATER WELLS, INCLUDING PIEZOWETERS 1. Minimum aurilace seal thickness is two inches of cement placed by tremis.				
DESILER & L'OENSE NO. 607458 (C-57) WELL PROJECTE Drie note Dismoser 8.5 in Maximum Caring Dismoser 4 in Dispt 12.7 in Sunder 5.0 in Sunder	shall be used in place of compacted cuttings D. CATHODIC. Fill hole above anode cone with current placed traming E. WELL DIESTRUOTION. See anamed.				
ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE 9/7/93	M: m2 A r				
I terreby agree to comply with all requirements of this paymin and Alameda County Ordinance No. 73-66	Norman home				

CONFIDENTIAL

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DWR WELL COMPLETION REPORT (WELL LOGS)

REMOVED

CONFIDENTIAL

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DWR WELL COMPLETION REPORT (WELL LOGS)

REMOVED

DRILLING LOG

Borehole #: B 1 Site: General Tire

Oakland (GT-213)

Sheet: 1 of 1

Driller: Advance Drilling Co. Inc. Rig: CME-75

Method: Hollow Stem Auger

Surface Elev.: @MW1 18.58' msl Boring Depth: 16.5 feet bgs Screen Depth: no screen

Started: September 7, 1993 Finished: September 7, 1993 Location: ~5' NE of MW1

Field Supervisor: Romena Jonas Supervising Engineer/Geologist: Dr. Jeff Sullivan, R.G.

Note: Borehole located approximately 5 feet northeast of MW1.

	-:-					
Construction Details	Depth Below Surface (ft.)	Sample Depth Interval (ft.)	Lab. Sample I.D. 6		Soil Description & Classification Notes	5 .
					0-4" ASPHALT, surface.	
	-				4'-5': SANDY SILTY CLAY (CL), ~30% very time sand to coarse sand, with ~70% moderatre brown (5YR 3/4) silt and clay.	
Coment/Bentonite		I	81.5		5'-5.5': SANDY SILTY CLAY (CL), ~30% very time saind to coarse sand, with ~70% olive black (5Y 2/1) sit and clay.	,
8.5° Borehole	10'	1	B1-10'		10'-10.5' SILTY CLAY (CL.), moist, moderate vellowish brown (10YR 5/4) ~40% coarse silt and ~60% clay, with minor (15%) subrounded gravel.	
65 Base of vorenois	15'	ſ	81.15		15-15-5: SILTY CLAY (CL), once balck (5Y 2/1) sit and clay, with minor (5%) very time sand and subrounced gravel Base of borehole	
	20'					
		1				
			<u> </u>		:	
			*			
				i		
				İ		

DRILLING & CONSTRUCTION WELL LOG

M W 2 Well #: Site: General Tire

Oakland (GT-213)

Sheet: 1 of 1

Driller: Advance Drilling Co. Inc. Rig: CME-75 Started: September 7, 1993 Finished: September 7, 1993 Location: north of building

Method: Hollow Stem Auger

Surface Elev.: TopPVC:20.18';Lid/gs:20.77' Boring Depth: 16.5' bgs Screen Depth: 5.5'-15.5' bgs

Field Supervisor: Romena Jonas Supervising Engineer/Geologist: Dr. Jeff Sullivan, R.G.

Construction Details	Depth Below Surface (ft.)	Sample Depth Interval (ft.)	Lab. Sample I.D. #	G.W. Depth Z. drilling W/casing	Graphic Log	Soil Description & Classification	Notes
Well cap Cement/Bentonite Dlank 4' PVC casing Dentonite	- - - - - 5'		MW2-5*	_ 🔀		0-4" ASPHALT, surface. 4"-5" SANDY SILTY CLAY (CL), "30% very fine sand to coarse sand, with "70% moderate brown (5YR 3/4) silt and clay 5"-5.5" SILTY SANDY GRAVEL (GM), "60% subangular gravel, "40% very coarse sand, and olive black (10G 4/2) silt, with minor (5%) clay.	6.80° Well water depth on 10/5/93
- 8.5° Borehole - 4° PVC Screen 0.020° slot	10'	J	MW2-10'	×		10'-105': SANDY SILTY CLAY (CL), moist, moderate yellowish crown (IOYR 5/4) and grayish green (IOG 4/2) ~35% coarse silt, ~55% clay, and ~10% very time sand.	12T First Water on 9/7/93
5 5 Well car 16.5 Dave of borehole.	15'	:	MW2.15*	:		15'-15.5' SILTY CLAY (CL), moist olive plack (5Y 2/1) silt and clay, with minor (5%) very fine sand Some wood chips	
	20'		•		The same of the sa		

DRILLING & CONSTRUCTION WELL LOG

M W 3 Well #: Site: General Tire

Oakland (GT-213)

Driller: Advance Drilling Co. Inc. Rig: <u>CME-75</u> Started: September 7, 1993 Finished: September 7, 1993 Location: south of building

Method: Hollow Stem Auger

Surface Elev.: TopPVC:19.55';Lid/gs:19.99' Boring Depth: 16.5' bgs Screen Depth: 5.5'-15.5' bgs

Field Supervisor: Romena Jonas Supervising Engineer/Geologist: Dr. Jeff Sullivan, R.G.

Sheet: 1 of 1

Note:_

Depth Lab. Sample
1.D. #
G.W. Depth

\$\times \text{drilling}\$
\$\times \text{w/casing}\$ Below e (ft.) 3 Log Sample D. Interval (Depth Be Surface Graphic Construction Details Soil Description & Classification Notes Well cap 0-4": ASPHALT, surface 4"-5": SANDY SILTY CLAY (CL), "30% very fine sand to coarse sand, with "70% moderate brown (5YR 3/4) silt and clav Cement/Bentonite Blank 4° PVC casma **Bentomte** 5'-5.5': CLAYEY SAND (SC), moist, ~90% _ 5' MW3-1 subangular to subrounded sand, ~10% light brown (5YR 5/6) clay. 85' Dorehole 10-10.5 SILTY SLAN (SL), ouve black (5Y 2/1) oilt and clay, with minor (55%) very fine sand MW3-10 4' PVC Screen 101 ĺ and subrounded grave. 10.51 Wel water depth on 10/5/93 K 0 020' slot -#3 Sand 15-15.5 SILTY CLLY (CL), moist, 145% coarse sit and 155% aarly vellowish brown (IOYR 4/2) clay 15' Wel car -Bose of borenole Bane of porenois 16.5 _ 20'

Appendix B Non-Hazardous Waste Transport Forms DEL.

NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE TRANSPORT FORM

			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
GENERATOR IN	FORMATIO!		• •
NAME:	GENERAL TIR	B INC.	
ADDRESS:	ONE GENERAL	L ST.	
CITY, STATE, ZIP:	AKRON, OHIO	33329 PHONE #:	
ренситтом от вол	. SOIL GENERATED I	CURING TRENCHING, DRILLING, OR EXCAVATION EVENT.	
	•	a la	
THE CONTRACTOR CERTIFIES TO	LAT THEN ADE.	Typed or printed full name & signature)	12/17/53
AS DESCRIBED IS NON-HAZARD	ous	(Typed or printed full name & signature)	(Deta)
SITE INFORMA	TION		•
STA#	IWM JOB #	ADDRESS	CY
1201-14TH	30904-DS	1201 14TH AVE., OAKLAND, CA	.75
	_		
0			
1			
2		TOTAL CU. YARDS:	.75
•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TRANSPORTER	INFORMAT	ION	
NAME:	INTEGRATED	WASTESTREAM MANAGEMENT, INC.	
ADDRESS:	950 AMES AV	В.	
CITY, STATE, ZIP:	MILPITAS, CA	95035 PHONE #: (408) 942-8955	
TRUCK ID#: 57/	Dump	(Typed or printed full name & signature)	1-12.99 (Date)
	n mana da ma		
TSD FACILITY			
NAME:	B & J LANDF		
ADDRESS:	6426 HAY RD		
CITY,STATE,ZIP:	VACAVILLE,	CA 95687 PHONE #: (707) 448-2945	
BILL TO: APPROVAL #:	0/160	(Typed or printed full name & signature)	(Date)

{TF }

TF NUMBER: 4402-7

WATER TRANSPORT FORM

	GENERATOR II	NFORMATION	1		•	, ,
	NAME:	GENERAL TIR	E INC.			
	ADDRESS:	ONE GENERAL	. st			
	CITY,STATE,ZIP:	AKRON, OHIO	33329		PHONE #:	
	DESCRIPTION OF WATS	OENERLATED DURING TO	TED DURING SAMPLING OF DEVICE BRITISH AND TON TORI MYTORICARES	NO WELLS. GROUND WATER	PRELLS, AUGER EMEATE FROM AQUIPER PERFORMANCE	whole
	THE GENERATOR CERTIFIES TO AS DESCRIBED IS NON-HAZARD		(Typed or printed	Mc/Op//4	MALY MALY	(Date)
	SITE INFORMA	TION			i. — ; — (i. ; . , . , . ,	هيد الأسوال والمن مدان هيد عادد
	STA #	IWM JOB#		ADDRESS	٠.	GALS
ì	1201-14TH	30903-DW	1201 14TH AVE	OAKLAND, CA		70
2						
4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
5						
6						
7				 		
9						
10						
					TOTAL GALLONS:	75
	TRANSPORTER	INFORMATIO	NC			
	NAME:	INTEGRATED \	WASTESTREAM MAI	NAGEMENT, INC.		
	ADDRESS:	950 AMES AVE				
	CITY,STATE,ZIP:	MILPITAS, CA	95035		PHONE #; (408) 942-	8955
	TRUCK ID #:/0_2	Fe fo	Typed or printed	full name & signatur	este outour	/-//-/ (Date)
	TSD FACILITY	NFORMATIO	N			
	NAME:	GIBSON ENVIR	ONMENTAL			
	ADDRESS:	475 SEAPORT B	LVD			
	CITY.STATE.ZIP:	REDWOOD CIT	Y. CA 94063		PHONE #: (415) 368-	5511
	RELEASE #:	13374		H MERINE full name & signature	fort might	/-//- 5-7 (Date)
					GC2 44636	•

Appendix C Laboratory Analytical Reports and Chain-of-Custody Forms General Tire Oakland Facility

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

September 14, 1993

ChromaLab File#: 9309091

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Atten: Romena Jonas

Project: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Project#: GT-213

Submitted: September 7, 1993

re: One sample for Volatile Halogenated Organics analysis.

Sample: MW2-5' Matrix: SOIL

Lab #: 14854-761 Sampled: September 7, 1993 Analyzed: September 8, 1993

Method: EPA 8010

		REPORTING	BLANK	BLANK SPIKE
	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	RESULT
ANALYTE	(ug/Kg)	(ug/Kg)	(ug/Kg)	(%)
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.		N.D.	
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	. 5	N.D.	
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	555555	N.D.	·
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5 .	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.		N.D.	108
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	100	N.D.	
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	5.9	5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	Ń.D.	5	N.D.	
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	${ t N.D.}$	5	N.D.	
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROETHENE	6.6	5	N.D.	94
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
2-CHLOROETHYL VINYL ETHER	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TETRACHLOROETHENE	73	5	N.D.	97
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	$\mathbf{N} \cdot \mathbf{D}$.	
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	$\mathbf{N} \cdot \mathbf{D}$.	
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	103
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	រ ិសសភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភ	Ŋ.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
FREON 113	N.D.	5	N.D.	

ChromaLab, Inc.

Analyst

Eric Tam, Lab Director

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

September 14, 1993

ChromaLab File#: 9309091

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Atten: Romena Jonas

Project: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Project#: GT-213

Submitted: September 7, 1993

re: One sample for Volatile Halogenated Organics analysis.

Sample: MW2-10' Matrix: SOIL

Lab #: 14855-761 Sampled: September 7, 1993 Analyzed: September 8, 1993

Method: EPA 8010

		REPORTING	BLANK	BLANK SPIKE
•	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	RESULT
ANALYTE	(ug/Kg)	(ug/Kg)	(ug/Kg)	(%)
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.		N.D.	
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5 5 5 5 5 5 5	N.D.	
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	# #
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	.5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.		N.D.	108
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	100	N.D.	
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	8.7	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	240	5	N.D.	<u></u> ,
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	Ñ.D.	5	N.D.	·
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROETHENE	360	5	N.D.	. 94
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
2-CHLOROETHYL VINYL ETHER	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
TETRACHLOROETHENE	110	5	Ŋ.D.	97
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
CHLOROBENZENE	Ŋ.D.	5	N.D.	
BROMOFORM	Ŋ.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	Ŋ.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	103
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	Ŋ.D.	ž	Ŋ.D.	
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	Ŋ.D.	សសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសស សសសសសសសសសសសស	N.D.	= =
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	Ŋ.D.	วั	N.D.	= =
FREON 113	N.D.	5	N.D.	

ChromaLab, Inc.,

Analyst

each-

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

September 14, 1993

ChromaLab File#: 9309091

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Atten: Romena Jonas

Project: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Project#: GT-213

Submitted: September 7, 1993

re: One sample for Volatile Halogenated Organics analysis.

Sample: MW2-15' Matrix: SOIL

Lab #: 14856-761 Sampled: September 7, 1993 Analyzed: September 8, 1993

Method: EPA 8010

		REPORTING	BLANK	BLANK SPIKE
	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	RESULT
ANALYTE	(ug/Kg)	(uq/Kq)	(ug/Kg)	(%)
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	555555	N.D.	
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	. 5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5 %	N.D.	108
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	100	N.D.	
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	- - '
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	 ,
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5	N.D.	-
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	94
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
2-CHLOROETHYL VINYL ETHER	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	97
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	103
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	លាននានានានានានានានានានានានានានានានានានា	N.D.	
FREON 113	N.D.	5	N.D.	- -

ChromaLab, Inc.

Analyst

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

September 14, 1993

ChromaLab File#: 9309091

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Atten: Romena Jonas

Project: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Submitted: September 7, 1993

Project#: GT-213

re: One sample for Volatile Halogenated Organics analysis.

Sample: MW3-5' Matrix: SOIL

Lab #: 14851-761 Sampled: September 7, 1993 Analyzed: September 8, 1993

Method: EPA 8010

		REPORTING	BLANK	BLANK SPIKE
	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	RESULT
ANALYTE	(ug/Kg)	(ug/Kg)	(ug/Kg)	(%)
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.		N.D.	- -
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	555555	N.D.	
VINYL CHLORIDE BROMOCHLOROMETHANE CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
VII. VII. VII. VII. VII. VII. VII. VII.	N.D.	5	N.D.	- -
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.		N.D.	108
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	100	N.D.	
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROETHANE CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
Chibolica Oldi	14.12.	5	N.D.	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	${\tt N}$. ${\tt D}$.	
TRICHLOROETHENE 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5	${\tt N}.{\tt D}.$	
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
2-CHLOROETHYL VINYL ETHER	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE		5	N.D.	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	103
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	Ŋ.D.	ភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភភ	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
FREON 113	N.D.	5	N.D.	- -

ChromaLab, Inc.

Analyst

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

September 14, 1993

ChromaLab File#: 9309091

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Atten: Romena Jonas

Project: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Project#: GT-213

Submitted: September 7, 1993

re: One sample for Volatile Halogenated Organics analysis.

Sample: MW3-10' Matrix: SOIL

Lab #: 14852-761 Sampled: September 7, 1993 Analyzed: September 8, 1993

Method: EPA 8010

		REPORTING	BLANK	BLANK SPIKE
	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	RESULT
ANALYTE	(ug/Kg)	(ug/Kg)	(ug/Kg)	(%)
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.		N.D.	- -
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5 5 5 5 5 5 5	N.D.	
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	. 5	N.D.	
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5 .	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	108
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	100	N.D.	
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	- -
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	${\tt N}.{\tt D}.$	94
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	- -
2-CHLOROETHYL VINYL ETHER	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE		5	N.D.	
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	97
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	${\tt N}.{\tt D}.$	5	N.D.	
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	<u></u>	N.D.	
BROMOFORM	N.D.	ž	Ŋ.D.	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE		5	Ŋ.D.	103
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	មានមានមានមានមានមានមានមានមានមានមានមានមាន	N.D.	
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	Ŋ.D.	5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	ב	N.D.	·
FREON 113	N.D.	5	N.D.	

ChromaLab, Inc.

Analyst

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

September 14, 1993

ChromaLab File#: 9309091

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Atten: Romena Jonas

Project: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Project#: GT-213

Submitted: September 7, 1993

re: One sample for Volatile Halogenated Organics analysis.

Sample: MW3-15' Matrix: SOIL

Lab #: 14853-761 Sampled: September 7, 1993 Analyzed: September 8, 1993

Method: EPA 8010

•		REPORTING	BLANK	BLANK SPIKE
	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	RESULT
ANALYTE	(ug/Kg)	(ug/Kg)	(ug/Kg)	(%)
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.		N.D.	
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5 5	N.D.	·:
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	- 5	N.D.	 .
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5 5 5 5	N.D.	- -
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	· _ -
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.		N.D.	108
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	100	N.D.	
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	·
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5	N.D.	- -
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5 .	N.D.	
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	94
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
2-CHLOROETHYL VINYL ETHER	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	97
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	103
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	Ŋ.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	Ŋ.D.	ឆេតមមមមម្ភាមមមមម្ភាមមមមម្ភាមមមមម្ភាមមមមម្ភាមម	Ŋ.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	Ŋ.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
FREON 113	N.D.	5	${ t N.D.}$	·

ChromaLab, Inc.

Analyst

Mala

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

September 14, 1993

ChromaLab File#: 9309091

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Atten: Romena Jonas

Project: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Project#: GT-213

Submitted: September 7, 1993

re: One sample for Volatile Halogenated Organics analysis.

Sample: DRUM-MW3 Matrix: SOIL

Lab #: 14861-761 Sampled: September 7, 1993 Analyzed: September 8, 1993

Method: EPA 8010

		REPORTING	BLANK	BLANK SPIKE
	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	RESULT
ANALYTE	(ug/Kg)	(uq/Kq)	(ug/Kg)	(%)
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.		N.D.	
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	ភភភភភភភ	N.D.	
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	: 5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	. 5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.		N.D.	108
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	100	N.D.	
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	• • .
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	<u></u>
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	94
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5 :	N.D.	'
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
2-CHLOROETHYL VINYL ETHER	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	 -
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	97
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	${\tt N}$. ${\tt D}$.	5	N.D.	103
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	ស សសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសសស	N.D.	← −
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	
FREON 113	N.D.	5	N.D.	

ChromaLab, Inc.

Analyst

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

September 13, 1993

ChromaLab File No.: 9309091

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Attn: Romena Jonas

RE: Four soil samples for PCB analysis

Project Name: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Project Number: GT-213

Date Sampled: September 7, 1993 Date Submitted: September 7, 1993 Date Extracted: September 13, 1993 Date Analyzed: September 13, 1993

RESULTS:

Sample I.D.	PCB (mg/Kg
B1-5'	N.D.
B1-10'	N.D.
B1-15'	N.D.
DRUM B1	N.D.
BLANK	N.D.
DETECTION LIMIT	0.05
METHOD OF ANALYSIS	8080

ChromaLab, Inc.

Alex Tam

Analytical Chemist

Eric Tam

2239 Omega Road, #1 • San Ramon, California 94583 510/831-1788 • Facsimile 510/831-8798

Chain of Custody

917192

														DAT	E	1 / 1			PAGE	<u>-45_</u>		OF =	<u> </u>
PROJECT ROMENCE 3	iona 5			,	-						AN	ALYSIS	S HEP	TAC							·		
COMPANY Jonas & Associa	ates Inc.			_			ဖွ	1				-	418.1)							18			
1056 11 11	D			3013)		ARCMATICS (02, 3020)	ğ		S C						Zn, Ni					14			g .
				8 (5030, 30 502,3020)	3015)	4 6	3	ଥିବ	28	אַן			ABLE (EPA			ļ	Ę		0	S	K	0	₩
Concord, CA 9/	4518 <u> </u>	·	l e	503	8	58	Š	N N	3.5	EĂ	æ		4 5 5		Æ	٦	5		Σ	F	1	<u>ب</u>	₹₹
SAMPLERS (SIGNATION)	(PH	IONE NO)	98	10 E	<u> 3</u>	4 8	₹ 6	5 3	1.82 82	18 C	ရှိ ရွိ	6	N N		Cd, Cr, Pb.	Ξ.	뒭	 _	7	1	187.EX	8080	83
	·	,	8 8	ESC.	. Diesel 3510/3550,	B 2	H 8	H 2	562	~ 0 8 년	8 8	IOLS 604, 8040)	S E			₹	F 5	[호호	Ö	CABLE MIONIDORS	6		6 Y
Romana 8na (510)	676-8554		98	TPH - Gasoline (5030, 9 watex (EPA 502,3020	10.8	PURGEABLE ARI STEX (EPA 602, 3	PURGEABLE HALOCARBONS (EPA 601, 8010)	VOLATILE DAGANICS (EPA 624, 8240, 524.2)	3ASE/NEUTAALS, ACID: (EPA 625/627, 8270, 525)	TOTAL OIL & GREASE (EPA 5520 E&F)	PESTICIDES/PCB (EPA 608, 8080)	PHENOLS (EPA 604. 8	TOTAL RECOVERA		METALS:	CAM METALS (17)	PRIORITY POLLUTANT METALS (13)	EXTRACTION (TCLP, STLC)	TEPH-d, K, M	125	3	33	NUMBER OF CONTAINER
		LAMIM	1.00	n n n	HC.	<u> </u>	E 4	9.2	A.S.	55	EST	E A	0 2		*	3	문합	[변경]	0	3/2	2	PC 18	38
SAMPLE ID. DATE	TIME MATHIX	LAB IU.		, ^-	ļ <u>. </u>	n m	<u>v. m</u>	> "	m W	Ę W	T (2)	n ==)- I		Σ	ò	αΣ	iù E	155	0		0	
Drum-MWB 9/7/93 12	2:35 Soil																		1	1	1		11
11111	301						 						ļ				 	\vdash	1	 '-	 	├ ─┤	┟┷┨
DIVM- B1 /4	2:45			•					•]										\	
; []			ļ	1-			1—											\vdash		1	 	\vdash	
DEUM-MW2 12	2:50 1			 		ļ		ļ		L		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	ļ	↓	1	1	'		
						ļ			1							İ			ļ.) <u> </u>	
l -			 -	ļ .			ļ			ļ		 					 	ļ	 -	 	-		
							1									·					l .		
				 			 		}			1			 			+-	 	1			
		J	ļ						l	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 		l	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	l		
]											
·			ļ <u> </u>			_									l	ļ	.	↓	<u> </u>	ļ	ļ <u>.</u>	<u> </u>	
					1				Ì														
			·				\ 			 		 -	·		 		·	+	-	╁	 -	+-+	
			1						1														
PROJECT INFORMATION	SAMP	E RECEI	ÞΤ		الباجاء الم	ŲŒŪISI	IED BY		1	·········· 1	. RE	LINQUI	SHED.B	Υ	1		2. 1	RELINO	UISHE	D BY		بحصا	3.
PROJECT NAVIF	TOTAL NO OF COM	YTAINERS		3	de) 	۱ مد		11	11.							l		. * 5		1.		^ · .
General Tire-Ookland	THAIR OF CUSTOD	Y SEALS			(BIGN	ATURE)	4	BAC	7	45 (TIME) (SH	GNATURE	=)			ŗ	TIME) (SIGNATU	JRE)	3.32			(TIME)
GT-213										7/93	3							•					
CHAPPING IT 115	MECO GOOD CON		יייי		LUIN.	TED NAM	ME)			(DATE	(Pf	SINTED N	AME)			(C	PATE) (PRINTED	NAME				(DATE)
Pick-up	CONFORMS TO RE	COPD			Jos	as_8	k.Ass	socia	ates.	.Inc.		OMPANY)											
ChromaLab. Inc.	, , ,				}								,					COMPAN					
SPECIAL RESTRICTIONS - OFFICERS	,		•		HEC	EIVED E	Y			ָּן יַּ	1. RE	CEIVED	UY				2. 1	RECEIVI	EUBY(ク	(LABOH	AT URY	1	3.
						4 71 100-4							· 					25		al	LALL.	16	<u>S</u> _
					Cocin	ATURE				(TIME		GNATURE	E)			(i	TIME) (SIGNATU	IRE)			· 4-2	(TAME)
1			*		0.13051	TED NAM	VE)			(DATE	E) (PF	AINTED M	AME)			<u></u>	ATE)	PRINTED	NAME:	MI		_Z_	71
ł					1		,			,	-, , .					,-	"""' I '	7			1	!	fourt

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

September 14, 1993

ChromaLab File No.: 9309091

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Attn: Romena Jonas

RE: Eight soil samples for Gasoline and BTEX analysis

Project Name: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Project Number: GT-213

Date Sampled: Sept. 7, 1993 Date Submitted: Sept. 7, 1993

Date Analyzed: Sept. 13, 1993

RESULTS:

				Ethyl	Total
Sample	Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes
I.D.	(mg/Kg)	(μ g/Kg)	(µg/Kg)	(µg/Kg)	(µq/Kq)
MW2-5'	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N D
MW2-10'	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D. N.D.
MW2-15'	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
MW3-5'	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
MW3-10'	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
MW3-15'	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
DRUM-MW2	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
DRUM-MW3	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
BLANK	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
SPIKE RECOVERY	108%	97%	98%	95%	95%
DUP SPIKE RECOVERY		100%	101%	100%	99%
DETECTION LIMIT	1.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
METHOD OF ANALYSIS	5030/8015	8020	8020	8020	8020

ChromaLab, Inc.

Analytical Chemist

Eric Tam

Laboratory Director

CC

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

September 14, 1993

ChromaLab File No.: 9309091

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Attn: Romena Jonas

RE: Eight soil samples for TEPH analysis

Project Name: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Project Number: GT-213

Date Sampled: Sept. 7, 1993

Date Submitted: Sept. 7, 1993

Date Extracted: Sept. 11, 1993

Date Analyzed: Sept. 11, 1993

RESULTS:

Sample	Kerosene	Diesel	Motor Oil
I.D.	(mg/Kg)	(mg/Kg)	(mg/Kg)
MW2-5'	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
MW2-10'	N.D.	N.D.	18
MW2-15'	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
MW3-5'	N.D.	N.D.	18
MW3-10'	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
MW3-15'	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
DRUM-MW2	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
DRUM-MW3	N.D.	9.3	50
BLANK	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
SPIKE RECOVERY		95%	
DUP SPIKE RECOVERY		95%	
DETECTION LIMIT	1.0	1.0	10.0
METHOD OF ANALYSIS	3550/8015	3550/8015	3550/8015

ChromaLab, Inc.

Alex Tam

Analytical Chemist

Eric Tam

Laboratory Director

CC

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

September 14, 1993

ChromaLab File#: 9309091

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Atten: Romena Jonas

Project: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Submitted: September 7, 1993

Project#: GT-213

re: One sample for Volatile Halogenated Organics analysis.

Sample: DRUM-MW2

Matrix: SOIL

Lab #: 14862-761

Sampled: September 7, 1993 Analyzed: September 8, 1993

Method: EPA 8010

		REPORTING	BLANK	
ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	LIMIT (ug/Kg)	RESULT (ug/Kg)	RESULT (%)
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.		N.D.	7.51
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	555555	N.D.	
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	Ñ.D.	Š	N.D.	
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	108
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	100	N.D.	
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	14	5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	- -
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	- -
TRICHLOROETHENE	12	5	N.D.	94
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	· — —
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
2-CHLOROETHYL VINYL ETHER	N.D.	5	N.D.	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	. 5	N.D.	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	${\tt N.D.}$	5	N.D.	
TETRACHLOROETHENE	75_	5	N.D.	97
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5	N.D.	
BROMOFORM	Ŋ.D.	5	Ŋ.D.	100
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	Þ	N.D.	103
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	សភាភាភាភាភាភាភាភាភាភាភាភាភាភាភាភាភាភាភា	N.D.	
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	ב	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE FREON 113	N.D.	٥	N.D.	
FREON 113	N.D.	5 .	N.D.	

ChromaLab, Inc.

were a comment of the second

Analyst

and the same of th

- 809091 - Сътемт: ЭОМАВ

[0146.1

09/14/93

CHROMALAB, INC.

2239 C REF: 13185

13185 Order # 1718

Chain of Custody

									-				-			DAT	E	//	PI.	<u></u>	PAGE			OF 🎿	<u> </u>
PROJ. NIGR	Romena 3	ona				Į.							AN	ALYSIS		DAT		انباز							
COMPANY	Jonas & Associ	ates	Inc.				ľ		မှု						418.1)							*		<u></u>	
ADDRESS	1056 Dale Plac	e.				8 8		ន	BG	_	ပြည့်			}			ž					habarbass		'	g,
Prince III	Concord, CA 9	8151			İ	9,50	3015)	MAT 020)	ठ्ठ	4ICS 24.2)	, 52 C	ASE			ABLE (EPA		b, Zn,		12		0	ě	X	1 1	3
SAMPLERS (CIC)		1,7 1,17	40	HONE NO)	ne 1015)	505	. Diesei 3510/3550,	A R.C.	1 4 6	1G.51	327	GRE F)	0 €	_ĝ	VER ONS		Cd, Cr, Pb,	13	13		-	3	7.EX	1	EV SV
_	=		(* *	HUNE HU J	Gassoline 5030, 801	asciir (EP.	15 SE	8 4 9 4	A 28	98	10TA	수 8일 8일	DES/	8040)	ECO ARB			ALS	55	15 5 S (5)	d, K,	(46k	100	200	E
Ronem	(510) سينزون	676-	-8554			1 _ "	(C) 88	PURGEABLE ARCMATICS BTEX (EPA 502, 8020)	PURGEABLE HALOCARBONS (EPA 501, 8010)	VOLATILE ORGANICS (EPA 624, 8240, 524.2)	BASE/NEUTAALS, ACIOS (EPA 525/627, 8270, 525)	TOTAL OIL & GREAS (EPA 5520 E&F)	PESTICIDES/PCB (EPA 608, 8080)	PHENOLS (EPA 604. 8	TOTAL RECOVERA		METALS	CAM METALS (17)	PRICRITY POLLUTANT METALS (13)	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	14	60,	40	600	NUMBER G
SAMPLE	ID. DATE	TIME	MATHIX	LAB ID.	HGT.	Line in the second	1 0 1 0	10. E	P. P. E. E. E. E. E. E. E. E. E. E. E. E. E.	Š Č	8.48 (CP.)	TOT GB)	PES (FP.	PHG (6.9)	탈		MET	CAM	P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	EXTRACTION (TCLP, STLC)	H de	(80%)	F-HAT	Z~	 ₹ 6
MW3-5	9/7/93	9:00	Soil																		1	T	1		١
Mw 3 - 10			1																		1	1	1		1
MW3-15																					1	1	1		1
MW2-5	7/7/93 1		1																		1	1	1		1
MW2-10'	7/7/93 10	0:20	30:1					<u></u>														1	1		1
MW2/51	9/7/73 14		١,																		1	1	I		1
81-5	9/7/93/		i																					1	1
81-10	7/7/93/		1																					1	1
81-15	9/7/93 /		Soil																					1	1
PROJECT NAME	TINFORMATION	1	SAMP	PLE RECEI	ÞŤ		DE LIF	HQUISE	HEU BY				- 1	LINQUI	SHEDE	ĮΥ			2. 1	RELINO	UISHE) BY		-	3.
General	Tire - ookland		NO OF CO			9	1 1/2	mu	und	77a	0 4	1:45							· .				<u> </u>		
GT-213	Fire - oakland		or custo			ļ	170	ATUME;	n Z	Sane	9 صا			GNATURE	4)			, Ņ	TIME) ((SIGNATU	JHE)		in e lagare	The second	(TIME)
CONTRACTOR IN THE				NDITION/COI	ID	· · ·	(শেগা	HED NAN	ME)			(DATE	E) (P17	INTED N	AME)			(0	DATE) (PRINTED	(3MAN C				(DATE)
Pick-up		rag pig	DRMS 10 M	ECORD		l	Jor (cov	DAS_6	&_Ass	socia	ıtes.	Inc	100	DMPANY)						COMPAN	NY)				
	ab. luc.	<u> </u>					PECI	EIVED E	ВУ				1. RE	CEIVEC	BY				. 2. F	RECEIVI	ED BY	(LABOR	ATORY	,	3.
SPECIAL INSTR	पुरास्थाः ८ व्यक्त मृद्ध			-			1							·						B.	1.	m	del	716	:57
							(BIGN	NATURE)				(T#MI	E) (SK	GNATURE	E)			(I	TIME) (SIGNATU	JRE)	7/		1.	(TME)
							กลเก	ITED NA	ME)			(DATI	E) (PP	- PINTED N	IAME)			(0)	DATE) (I	PRINTED	NAME)	CAF	100	7	THE
1																		-		14	in	A 1	TAIL		

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

October 13, 1993

ChromaLab File No.: 9310075

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Attn: Romena Jonas

RE: Four water samples for TEPH analysis

Project Name: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Project Number: GT-213

Date Sampled: October 5, 1993 Date Submitted: October 6, 1993
Date Extracted: October 8, 1993 Date Analyzed: October 8, 1993

RESULTS:

Sample	Kerosene	Diesel	Motor Oil
1.D.	(μg/L)	(μg/L)	(mg/L)
MW-1	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
MW-2	490*	N.D.	0.7
MW-3	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
MW-D	110*	N.D.	N.D.
BLANK	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
SPIKE RECOVERY		123%	
DUP SPIKE RECOVERY		115%	
DETECTION LIMIT	50	50	0.5
METHOD OF ANALYSIS	3510/8015	3510/8015	3510/8015

*Unknown hydrocarbon found in early Kerosene quantified as Kerosene.

ChromaLab, Inc.

Alex Tam

Analytical Chemist

Eric Tam

Laboratory Director

CC

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

October 13, 1993

ChromaLab File#: 9310075

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Atten: Romena Jonas

Project: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Project#: GT-213

Submitted: October 6, 1993

re: One sample for Volatile Halogenated Compounds analysis.

Sample: MW1-10593 Matrix: WATER

Lab #: 24248-1116 Sampled: October 5, 1993 Analyzed: October 12, 1993

Method: EPA 601

		REPORTING	BLANK	BLANK SPIKE
·	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	RESULT
ANALYTE	(uq/L)	(uq/L)	(ug/L)	(%)
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	0.5 0.5	N.D.	
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	·
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	. 0.5	N.D.	118
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	20	N.D.	
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	0.70	0.5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	1.3	0.5	N.D.	
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5 0.5	N.D.	
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	- -
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	101
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	- -
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	N.D.	0.5		
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	0.5 0.5	N.D.	
CIS-1, 3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5		
TETRACHLOROETHENE	Ŋ.D.	0.5		106
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	Ŋ.D.	0.5	Ŋ.D.	
CHLOROBENZENE	Ŋ.D.	0.5	N.D.	
BROMOFORM	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	104
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
FREON 113	N.D.	0.5	Ŋ.D.	
LIGON TTO	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	

ChromaLab, Inc.

David Wintergrass

Chemist

Eric Tam

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

October 13, 1993

ChromaLab File#: 9310075

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Atten: Romena Jonas

Project: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Submitted: October 6, 1993

Project#: GT-213

re: One sample for Volatile Halogenated Compounds analysis.

Sample: MW2-10593 Matrix: WATER

Lab #: 24249-1116 Sampled: October 5, 1993 Analyzed: October 12, 1993

Method: EPA 601

		REPORTING	BLANK	BLANK SPIKE
5-	D TO A TOTAL M	-		
3 3 7 3 7 3 7 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	RESULT
ANALYTE	(ug/L)	(ug/ <u>L</u>)	<u>(ug/L)</u>	(왕)
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
VINYL CHLORIDE	1.5	0.5	N.D.	
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	1.0	0.5	N.D.	118
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	20	N.D.	
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	31	0.5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
CÁRBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROETHENE	46	0.5	N.D.	101
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE		0.5	N.D.	·
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
TÉTRACHLOROETHENE	40	0.5	N.D.	106
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	Ñ.D.	0.5	N.D.	
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
BROMOFORM	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	104
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	- -
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
FREON 113	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	

ChromaLab, Inc.

David Wintergrass

Chemist

Eric Tam

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

October 13, 1993

ChromaLab File#: 9310075

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Atten: Romena Jonas

Project: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Submitted: October 6, 1993

Project#: GT-213

re: One sample for Volatile Halogenated Compounds analysis.

Sample: MW3-10593

Matrix: WATER

Lab #: 24250-1116 Sampled: October 5, 1993 Analyzed: October 12, 1993

Method: EPA 601

		REPORTING	BLANK	BLANK SPIKE
	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	RESULT
ANALYTE	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(왕)
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	Òς	Ñ.D.	
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	N.D.	- -
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	.
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	- -
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	118
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N D	. 20.	N.D.	
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	- - -
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	() 🛰	N! ()	- -
CHLOROFORM	Ν.D.	0.5555555555555555555555555555555555555	N.D.	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	101
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	N.D.	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	U.5	N.D.	106
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE CHLOROBENZENE	Ŋ.D.	0.5	N.D.	
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
BROMOFORM	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	104
I, 3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	. 0.5	Ŋ.D.	
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	0.5		
	N.D.	0.5	Ŋ.D.	
FREON 113	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	

ChromaLab, Inc.

David Wintergrass Chemist Eric Tam

Environmental Laboratory (1094)

5 DAYS TURNAROUND

October 13, 1993

ChromaLab File#: 9310075

JONAS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Atten: Romena Jonas

Project: GENERAL TIRE-OAKLAND

Submitted: October 6, 1993

Project#: GT-213

re: One sample for Volatile Halogenated Compounds analysis.

Sample: MWd-10593 Matrix: WATER

Lab #: 24251-1116 Sampled: October 5, 1993 Analyzed: October 12, 1993

Method: EPA 601

·		REPORTING	BLANK	BLANK SPIKE
	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	RESULT
ANALYTE	(uq/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(%)
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	Ñ.D.	
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	.
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	0.90	0.5	N.D.	118
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	20	N.D.	- '-
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	 -
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	29.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	Ŋ.D.	·
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	0.5	Ŋ.D.	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	Ŋ.D.	
TRICHLOROETHENE	41_	0.5	Ŋ.D.	101
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	Ŋ.D.	0.5	N.D.	
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	Ŋ.D.	
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	N.D.	0.5	Ŋ.D.	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
TETRACHLOROETHENE	40	0.5	N.D.	106
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
BROMOFORM	N.D.	0.5	N.D. N.D.	104
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	104
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	0.5		
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	0.5 0.5	N.D. N.D.	
FREON 113	N.D.	0.5	N.D.	
LUDON II2	N.D.	U.D	IN . D .	

ChromaLab, Inc.,...

David Wintergrass

Chemist

Eric Tam

2239 Omega Road, #1 • San Ramon, California 94583 510/831-1788 • Facsimile 510/831-8798

- 61001	13609	
Chain o	Custody	L

																DATE	_10	/05/	/93_	F	'AGE _	1	0)F	1
PROJ. MGR. Romena	a Jonas					,							AN	ALYSIS	RE	турм	· #:	93	100	75					
COMPANY JONAS	& ASSOC	LATES	INC.			ଜୁ		<u>,,</u>	SNO							LIE		JO	NAS						
AGONESS 1056 DE	ale Pla	ce				, 8015) 20)	6	Ĕ	4 4 8	ហឆា	ACIDS 0, 525)	쌣			y; 1	DUE:			/13	/ 93					11
Concor	d, Cali	fornia	94518		۔ ا	8 8	\@	9020	g	2 3	N R	EAS				REF:	13								
MPLERS (SIGNATURE)			(Pł	IONE NO.)	TPH - Gesoline (EPA 5030, 8015)	TPH - Gasoine (5030, WBTeX (EPA 902,802	05550	PURGEABLE AROMATICS BTEX (EPA 602, 8020)	PURGEABLE HALOCARBONS (EPA (1903)	VOLATILE ORGANICS (EPA 624, 8240, 524.2)	BASE/NEUTRALS, A (EPA 625/627, 8270,	TOTAL OIL & GREAS (EPA 5520 E&F)	PESTICIDES/PCB (EPA 608, 8080)	PHENOLS (EPA 604, 8040)	TOTAL RECOVER HYDROCARBOL		ა წ	TALS (1	PRICHTY POU	P G	1				8
onas & Associa	tes Inc	. (51	0) 676	-8554	7 X S	¥ 19	15 X	HGEA EX (E!		12 % 12 %	SENE 3 A 625	TAL 0	STICI PA 606	F SO	TAL F		METALS	CAM METALS	TALS	EXTRACTION (TCLP, STLC)					NUMBER
SAMPLE ID.	DATE	TIME	MATRIX	LAB ID.	F 10	1= 3	12.60	5.2	50	30	A E	5 @	H (ii)	T 0	유축		Z.	ঠ	g 3	ğΕ			 		ž
W1-10593	10/5/ 9	3	Water			<u> </u>	x		x						<u> </u>										4
72-1059 3	10/5/ 9	12:20	Water				X	<u> </u>	x			ļ		<u> </u>											4
-3 -10593	10/5/ 9	10;50	Water		ļ	<u> </u>	X		X					ļ									_		4
id -10593	10/5/93	12:25	Water				х		x																4
			<u> </u>				<u> </u>							<u> </u>											_
			<u> </u>				ļ																	_	_
Š						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-		ļ	-		<u> </u>		ļ	<u>. </u>				.		.		_	_
	ļ			<u> </u>		.	-		ļ	<u> </u>	·			ļ <u>.</u>	ļ					.					 -
1			1	1		ļ	1	İ				-			ľ		ł	ļ			1				l
PROJECT INFORM	MATION	, ,	SAME	LE RECE	PΤ		RELI	NQUISI	IEO BY				1. RE	ringu	SHED	3Y	<u></u>		2	RELINO	UISHE	D BY	<u> </u>		
ogciww∈: e neral Tire - ()akland	\ <u>-</u>	NO. OF CO			16	Вол	ena. Kruaej	Jona		11:	39	_ _	GNATUR					TIME)	SIGNATU	100				(Title)
CARCT NUMBER:		CHAIN	OF CUSTO	DY SEALS			١Ž	MENA MED HAA	to	040	10/4	 (102	ic) 153	GIATOR	C)			'	''''E'	BOWIE	ine)			•	41.000
T-213 HTT 10 HO.		·		HOITION/CO	LD		PPIN	ITED NAM		1	10/6	(DA1	(F)	NOTED 1	IAME)			(C	DATÉ)	PRHIEC) HAME)				CAT
Leik-up A:		CONFI	DAMS TO A	ECORD		<u> </u>		Das (& As	soci	ates	Inc		01.004.44	 .	 -									
romalab		~~~												OMPANY		 				COMPA					
PODAL INSTRUCTIONS/C	OMMENTS:						1 766	EIVED (3 7				` '"	ECEIVE								(LABOR			***
							4012)	(ATURE)				(TIA	/E) (S	GNATUR	E)			(TIME	SIGNATI	FET	101	י אות ח		(南) (少)
							PPM	ITED NA	ME)		.,	(DA	TE) P	PINTED	IAMEI	,		•	DATE)						PAT
							(COA	IPANY)					— jo	UMPAHI)		·		·	(YR) 기기: 7	mā i ā	iþ. J	!!Ç÷ ,.		

Appendix D
Elevation Survey Results
Kier & Wright Civil Engineers & Surveyors, Inc.
November 22, 1993
General Tire Oakland Facility



KIER & WRIGHT

Civil Engineers & Surveyors, Inc.

November 22, 1993 Job No. 93586

Mr. Romena Jonas Jonas & Associates, Inc. Environmental Consultants 1056 Dale Place Concord, CA 94518

RE: GENERAL TIRE FACILITY

Dear Romena:

As you have requested we have surveyed the 3 monitoring wells at the General Tire Facility in Oakland. The elevations were surveyed to Mean Seal Level and their locations tied to City of Oakland Monuments.

If we can be of further service or if you have any questions, please do not hesitate to give us a call.

Sincerely,

KIER & WRIGHT

Ken Porter

KRP/rl

Enclosure

Table of Elevations & Coordinates on Monitoring Wells General Tire, Inc. 1201 14th Avenue Oakland, California

Well No.	Northing	Easting	Elevation
MW-1	474023.22	1495579.17	18.58 at punch on N. rim of box 18.29 at notch in PVC casing
MW-2	474169.72	1495664.73	20.77 at punch on N. rim of box 20.18 at notch in PVC casing
MW-3	473977.93	1495474.96	19.99 at punch on N. rim of box 19.55 at notch on in PVC casing
Benchmark:		rete curb centerli	, 15th Avenue and 14th Street. ne at return Northeast corner of

Elevation = 32.84 M.S.L.

Basis of Bearings and Coordinates:

The bearing South 51° 55' 03" East taken on the monument line of East 12th Street between the City of Oakland Monument located 11 feet North of the centerline of East 12th Street and 11 feet West of the centerline of 14th Avenue (coordinate values North 473900.35 / East 1495592.99) and the City of Oakland Monument located 11 feet North of the centerline of East 12th Street and 11 feet West of the centerline of 16th Avenue (coordinate values North 473520.89 / East 1496077.24) was taken as the basis of all bearings and coordinates shown hereon.

Appendix E
Summary Tables of 1993 Groundwater and Soil Samples
Analytical Results
General Tire Oakland Facility

GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS SEPTEMBER 1993

Table S1 GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS - METHOD: 5030/8015/8020/3550

{milligrams chemical per kilogram soil}

Sample I.D.	Sampling Date	Depth (feet)	Matrix	Lab	TPH Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl Benzene	Total Xylenes	TEPH Diesel	TEPH Kerosene	TEPH Motor Oil
MW2-5'	9/7/93	5'	soil	CrLab	ND(1.0)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0,005)	ND(1.0)	ND(1.0)	ND(10.0)
MW2-10'	9/7/93	10'	soil	CrLab	ND(1.0)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(1.0)	ND(1.0)	18
MW2-15'	9/7/93	15'	soil	CrLab	ND(1.0)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(1.0)	ND(1.0)	ND(10.0)
MW3-5'	9/7/93	5'	soil	CrLab	ND(1.0)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(1.0)	ND(1.0)	18
MW3-10'	9/7/93	10'	soil	CrLab	ND(1.0)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0,005)	ND(1.0)	ND(1.0)	ND(10.0)
MW3-15'	9/7/93	15'	soil	CrLab	ND(1.0)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(1.0)	ND(1.0)	ND(10.0)
Drum-MW2	9/7/93	Composite	soil	CrLab	ND(1.0)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(1.0)	ND(1.0)	ND(10.0)
Drum-MW3	9/7/93	Composite	soil	CrLab	ND(1.0)	ND(0.005)	ND (0,005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	9.3	ND(1.0)	50

notes: CrLab: Chromalab Inc.

ND(0.005) = Not Detected above the laboratory detection limit in parentheses.

NA = Not Analyzed.

TPH: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

TEPH: Total Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons

Table S2 GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS VOLATILE ORGANICS - METHOD: 8010 {milligrams chemical per kilogram soil}

Sample I.D.	Sampling Date	Depth (feet)	Matrix	Lab	Bromodichloro- methane		Bromo- chloromethan	Carbon e Tetrachloride	Chloro- benzene	Chloro- ethane	2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	Chloroform	Chloro- methane
MW2-5'	9/7/93	5'	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)
MW2-10'	9/7/93	10'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)
MW2-15'	9/7/93	15'	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)
MW3-5'	9/7/93	5'	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)
MW3-10'	9/7/93	10'	şoil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)
MW3-15'	9/7/93	15'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)
DRUM-MW2	9/7/93	Composite	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0,005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)
DRUM-MW3	9/7/93	Composite	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)

notes: CrLab: ChromaLab Inc.

ND(0.005) = Not Detected above the laboratory detection limit in parentheses.

Table S2^{con't} GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS VOLATILE ORGANICS - METHOD: 8010 {milligrams chemical per kilogram soil}

Sample I.D.	Sampling Date	Depth (feet)	Matrix	Lab	Dibromo- chloromethane	1,2-Dichloro- benzene	1,3-Dichloro- benzene	1,4-Dichloro- benzene	1,1-Dichloro- ethane	1,2-Dichloro- ethane	1,1-Dichloro- ethene		cis-1,3-Di- chloropropene	trans-1,3-Di- chloropropene
MW2-5'	9/7/93	5'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)
MW2-10'	9/7/93	10'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)
MW2-15'	9/7/93	15'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)
MW3-5'	9/7/93	5'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)
MW3-10'	9/7/93	10'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)
MW3-15'	9/7/93	15'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)
DRUM-MW2	9/7/93	Composite	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)
DRUM-MW3	9/7/93	Composite	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0,005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0,005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)

notes: CrLab: Chromalab Inc.

ND(0.004) = Not Detected above the laboratory detection limit in parentheses.

Table S2^{con†} GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS VOLATILE ORGANICS - METHOD: 8010 {milligrams chemical per kilogram soil}

Sample I.D.	Sampling Date	Depth (feet)	Matrix	Lab	Freon	Methylene Chloride	1,1,2,2-Tetra- chloroethane		1,1,1-Tri- chloroethane	1,1,2-Tri- chloroethane	Tri- chloroethene	Trichlorofluoro- methane
MW2-5'	9/7/93	5'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.1)	ND(0.005)	0.073	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	0.0066	ND (0.005)
MW2-10'	9/7/93	10'	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.1)	ND (0.005)	0.110	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	0.360	ND (0.005)
MW2-15'	9/7/93	15'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.1)	ND (0,005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)
MW3-5'	9/7/93	5'	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.1)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)
MW3-10'	9/7/93	10'	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.1)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)
MW3-15'	9/7/93	15'	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.1)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)
DRUM-MW2	9/7/93	Composite	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.1)	ND (0.005)	0.075	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	0.012	ND(0.005)
DRUM-MW3	9/7/93	Composite	soll	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.1)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)

notes: CrLab: Chromalab Inc.

ND(0.005) = Not Detected above the laboratory detection limit in parentheses.

Table S2^{cont} GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS VOLATILE ORGANICS - METHOD: 8010 {milligrams chemical per kilogram soil}

Sample I.D.	Sampling Date	Depth (feet)	Matrix	Lab	Vinyl Tr Chloride	ans-1,2-Dichloro- ethene	Cis-1,2-Dichloro- ethene	
MW2-5'	9/7/93	5'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	0,0059	
MW2-10'	9/7/93	10'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	0.0087	0.240	
MW2-15'	9/7/93	15'	soil	CrLab	ND(0,005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	
MW3-5'	9/7/93	5'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	
MW3-10'	9/7/93	10'	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	
MW3-15'	9/7/93	15'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	
DRUM-MW2	9/7/93	Composite	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	0.014	
DRUM-MW3	9/7/93	Composite	soil	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	

notes: CrLab: Chromalab Inc.

ND(0.005) = Not Detected above the laboratory detection limit in parentheses.

Page S3-1/1

Table S3 GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY SOIL SAMPLE RESULTS PCBs - METHOD: 8080 {milligrams chemical per kilogram soil}

Sample I.D.	Sampling Date	Depth (feet)	Matrix	Lab	PCBs
B1-5'	9/7/93	5.	soil	CrLab	ND(0.05)
B1-10'	9/7/93	10'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.05)
B1-15'	9/7/93	15'	soil	CrLab	ND(0.05)
DRUM B1	9/7/93	Compos	ite soil	CrLab	ND(0.05)

notes:

CrLab: Chromalab Inc.

ND(0.05) = Not Detected above the laboratory detection limit in parentheses.

GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS OCTOBER 1993

Table GW1 GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS - METHOD: 3510/8015 {parts per million}

Sample I.D.	Sampling Date	Water Elevatio (feet)	f n Matrix	Lab	TEPH Diesel	TEPH Kerosene	TEPH Motor Oil
MW1-10593	10/5/93	9,56'	water	CrLab	ND(0.05)	ND(0.05)	ND(0.5)
MW2-10593	10/5/93	13.38'	water	CrLab	ND (0.05)	0.490	0.7
MW3-10593	10/5/93	9.05	water	CrLab	ND(0.05)	ND(0.05)	ND(0.5)
MWd-10593	10/5/93		water	CrLab	ND (0.05)	0.110	ND(0.5)

notes:

CrLab: Chromalab Inc.

ND(0.05) = Not Detected above the laboratory detection limit in parentheses.

TEPH = total extractable petroleum hydrocarbon

Page GW2-1/4

Table GW2 GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS VOLATILE ORGANICS - METHOD: 8010 {parts per million}

Water

Sample I.D.	Sampling Date	Elevatior (feet)	n Matrix	Lab	Bromodichloro- methane		Bromo- chloromethane	Carbon Tetrachloride	Chloro- benzene	Chloro- ethane	2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	Chloroform	Chloro- methane
MW1-10593	10/5/93	9.56'	water	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)
MW2-10593	10/5/93	13.38*	water	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)
MW3-10593	10/5/93	9.04'	water	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)
MWd-10593	10/5/93		water	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)

notes:

CrLab: ChromaLab Inc.

ND(0.005) = Not Detected above the laboratory detection limit in parentheses.

Table GW2^{cont} GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS VOLATILE ORGANICS - METHOD: 8010 {parts per million}

Sample I.D.	Sampling Date	Water Elevation (feet)		Lab	Dibromo- chloromethane	1,2-Dichloro- benzene	1,3-Dichloro- benzene	1,4-Dichloro- benzene	1.1-Dichloro- ethane	1,2-Dichloro- ethane	1,1-Dichloro- ethene			trans-1,3-Di- chloropropene
MW1-10593	10/5/93	9.56'	water	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	0.0013	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)
MW2-10593	10/5/93	13.38	water	CrLab	ND(0,005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	0.001	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)
MW3-10593	10/5/93	9.04'	water	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)
MWd-10593	10/5/93		water	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	0.0009	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)

notes:

CrLab: Chromalab Inc.

ND(0.004) = Not Detected above the laboratory detection limit in parentheses.

Page GW2-3/4

Table GW2cont GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS VOLATILE ORGANICS - METHOD: 8010 {parts per million}

MW2-10593 10/5/93 13.38' water CrLab ND(0.005) ND(0.1) ND(0.005) 0.040 ND(0.005) ND(0.005) 0.046 ND(0.005	Sample I.D.	Sampling Date	Water Elevation (feet)		Lab	Freon	Methylene Chloride			1,1,1-Tri- chloroethane	1,1,2-Tri- chloroethane		Trichlorofluoro- e methane
	MW1-10593	10/5/93	9.56'	water	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.1)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)
MW3-10593 10/5/93 9.04' water CrLab ND(0.005) ND(0.1) ND(0.005) ND(0.005) ND(0.005) ND(0.005) ND(0.005) ND(0.005	MW2-10593	10/5/93	13.38'	water	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.1)	ND(0.005)	0.040	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	0.046	ND(0.005)
	MW3-10593	10/5/93	9.04'	water	CrLab	ND (0.005)	ND(0.1)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)
MWd-10593 10/5/93 water CrLab ND(0.005) ND(0.1) ND(0.005) 0.040 ND(0.005) ND(0.005) 0.041 ND(0.005	MWd-10593	10/5/93		water	CrLab	ND (0,005)	ND(0.1)	ND (0.005)	0.040	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)	0.041	ND(0.005)

notes:

CrLab: Chromalab Inc.

ND(0.005) = Not Detected above the laboratory detection limit in parentheses.

Table GW2^{con't} GENERAL TIRE OAKLAND FACILITY GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS VOLATILE ORGANICS - METHOD: 8010 {parts per million}

MW1-10593 10/5/93 9.56' water CrLab ND(0.005) ND(0.005) 0.0007 MW2-10593 10/5/93 13.38' water CrLab 0.0015 ND(0.005) 0.031	Sample	Sampling	Water Elevation Matrix		Lab	Vinyl Trans-1,2-Dichloro-		Cis-1,2-Dichloro-
MW2-10593 10/5/93 13.38' water CrLab 0.0015 ND(0.005) 0.031	I.D.	Date	(feet)			Chloride	ethene	ethene
	MW1-10593	10/5/93	9.56'	water	CrLab	ND(0,005)	ND (0.005)	0.0007
MW3-10593 10/5/93 9.04' water CrLab ND(0.005) ND(0.005) ND(0.005)	MW2-10593	10/5/93	13.38'	water	CrLab	0.0015	ND(0.005)	0.031
	MW3-10593	10/5/93	9.04	water	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND (0.005)
MWd-10593 10/5/93 water CrLab ND(0.005) ND(0.005) 0.029	MWd-10593	10/5/93		water	CrLab	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	0.029

notes:

CrLab: Chromalab Inc.

ND(0.005) = Not Detected above the laboratory detection limit in parentheses.