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Subsurface Investigation and ASTM RBCA Health Risk Assessment

Former J & R Automobile Dismantlers 819-823 East 12<sup>th</sup> Street Oakland, California

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Prepared by:

Blymyer Engineers, Inc. 1829 Clement Avenue Alameda, CA 94501 Client:

Robert Mintz Design Studio 3215 Clement Street, No. 203 San Francisco, CA 94121

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Blymyer Engineers, Inc.

y: Jake F

Mark E. Detterman C.E.G. Senior Geologist

Michael S. Lewis

Vice President, Technical Services

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#### 1.0 Introduction

#### 1.1 Background

Blymyer reviewed Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) and Phase II Environmental Site Investigation reports prepared by Basics Environmental (Basics) in 1996. In the Phase I ESA, Basics documented the presence of heavy oil contamination (surface staining and distressed vegetation) in an unpaved area behind the building at the subject site. Basics also determined that a cleanup order had been issued for this contamination by the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency (ACHCSA) in 1991, and that the subject site was shown as an active site on the Regional Water Quality Control Board's Fuel Leak List.

Basics performed a subsurface investigation in the unpaved area which consisted of the installation of four soil bores (B1 through B4, Figure 2) to a depth of 16 to 19 feat below ground surface (bgs). Soil samples were collected at 0.5 feet, 5 feet, 10 feet and 15 feet bgs in each soil bore. Grab groundwater samples were collected from three of the soil bores. All samples were analyzed for Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TRPH; EPA Method 418.1) and the five metals associated with leaking underground fuel tanks (LUFT; cadmium, chromium, lead, nickel and zinc). Concentrations of TRPH up to 19,000 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) and lead up to 870 mg/kg were detected in the soil samples collected at 0.5 feet bgs. TRPH concentrations were non-detectable in the soil samples at 5 feet bgs, indicating that the heavy oil contamination observed during the Phase, IESA was limited to near-surface soil. TRPH was found in two of the soil bores at a depth of 10 feet bgs and in one of the grab groundwater samples. Basics attributed the deeper soil and groundwater contamination to another source, possibly a former sump located in the unpaved area.

The ACHCSA issued a "Second Notice of Violation," dated March 21, 2001, requesting a technical workplan to delineate soil and groundwater contamination at the site. The letter requested submittal of a workplan by April 23, 2001.

On June 27, 2001, Blymyer Engineers issued a workplan entitled *Phase II Subsurface Investigation Workplan* to the ACHCSA. The ACHCSA approved the workplan, with modifications, in a letter entitled *Work Plan Approval*, dated July 2, 2001. The ACHCSA requested an additional soil bore be advanced in, or near, the former sump and that the grab groundwater samples be collected in non-preserved bottles. Blymyer Engineers responded in a letter to the ACHCSA entitled *Modified Bore Locations for Phase II Subsurface Investigation Workplan*, dated July 11, 2001. In the referenced Blymyer Engineers letter, bore B8 was relocated to the depression identified as the former sump, in that it would be reasonably considered a worst-cast location. The referenced letter also included a fifth bore (B9) at the former location of B8, and the collection of two soil samples at a depth of 2 feet bgs in bore B9 and B7, in an attempt to limit the vertical depth of elevated metal concentrations. These modifications were verbally accepted by the ACHCSA in a telephone conversation on July 24, 2001.

#### 1.2 Site Conditions

The property is located in the city of Oakland, Alameda County, California (Figure 1). It is bounded on the northeast by 12<sup>th</sup> Street and on the southeast, southwest, and northwest by commercial buildings. Across 12<sup>th</sup> Street are located additional commercial buildings. The property is located approximately 1,650 feet north of the Brooklyn Basin of the Alameda - Oakland Estuary. The site is predominately unpaved, with a relatively small concrete slab located in the northeastern portion of the site, immediately adjacent to the 12<sup>th</sup> Street sidewalk.

#### 1.3 Proposed Scope of Work

The following proposed scope of work for the subsurface investigation was contained in the workplan and subsequent revisions:

 Prepare a technical workplan for submittal to the ACHCSA to describe the work and to document standard operating procedures.

- Obtain a drilling permit from the Alameda County Public Works Agency and contact
   Underground Service Alert (USA) for utility clearance.
- Prepare a site-specific health and safety plan to outline potentially hazardous work conditions
   and contingencies for an emergency.
- Drill four soil bores to a depth of 15 feet bgs using a Geoprobe direct-push rig as indicated in the workplan, and subsequent revisions.
- Drill a fifth soil bore to a depth of 2 feet bgs using a Geoprobe direct-push rig as indicated in the workplan revision.
- Field screen and collect soil and grab groundwater samples for laboratory analysis and for lithologic description.
- Backfill the soil bores with concrete grout upon completion.
- Analyze soil and grab groundwater samples as indicated in the workplan, and subsequent revisions.
- Perform a Tier II risk assessment using the data collected in the subsurface investigation to determine site-specific target levels (SSTLs) to be used as cleanup levels for soil and groundwater at the site.
- Prepare a final report to document the results of the subsurface investigation and risk assessment.

#### 2.0 Environmental Setting

## 2.1 Regional Geology and Hydrogeology

The site is located in the gently sloping East Bay Plain of the San Francisco Bay Area, approximately 1,650 feet north of the Brooklyn Basin of the Alameda - Oakland Estuary at an approximate elevation of 18 feet National Geodetic Vertical Datum.

The San Francisco Bay Area is a region dominated by northwest trending topography, located in the Coast Range Province of California. The topography of the region reflects activity of a major fault system that includes the San Andreas Fault Zone on the west side of San Francisco Bay and the Hayward Fault at the base of the Berkeley Hills on the east side of the Bay, which defines the base of the Berkeley Hills. Rock types in the region range from Jurassic age sedimentary, metamorphic, and plutonic basement to Quaternary alluvium (Norris and Webb, Geology of California, 1990).

The property is located on the Temescal Formation and consists of alluvium derived from the Franciscan rocks of the nearby Berkeley and Oakland Hills. The alluvium is a pale to dark yellow-orange that is composed of clayey gravel, sandy silty clay, and sand-clay-silt mixtures. It overlays the Alameda Formation that consists of continental and marine sediments. (Radbruch, Areal and Engineering Geology of the Oakland West Quadrangle, California, 1957).

The regional groundwater flow direction generally ranges towards the Alameda - Oakland Estuary. At the present time the Brooklyn Basin to the south on the estuary is the closest point on the bay front; however, the shoreline previously approached to within 800 feet of the site to the west-southwest at a now infilled minor tributary to the estuary and likely locally influences groundwater. The subject site is situated within the former margins of this tributary.

# 2.2 Climate

The East Bay Plain exhibits a Mediterranean-type climate with cool, wet winters and warmer, dry summers. Mean annual precipitation in Oakland is 25.42 inches. Mean monthly rainfall is 4.03 inches in January and 0.05 inches in August. Mean maximum temperatures are 54.5 degrees Fahrenheit (°F) in January and 70.6°F in July; mean minimum temperatures are 43.4°F in January and 56.8°F in July; average temperatures are 49°F in January and 63.7°F in July (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Monthly Station Normals of Temperature, Precipitation, and Heating and Cooling Degree Days 1961-1990, 1990).

#### 3.0 Data Collection

#### 3.1 Soil Bore Installation

(BS through \$ 7 and 6-9)

On August 7, 2001, Blymyer Engineers installed four soil bores to depths ranging between 20 to 24 feet bgs at the site (Figure 2), and a fifth bore to a depth of 2.5 feet bgs. The bores were installed after submitting a Drilling Permit Application to the ACPWA to obtain a drilling permit. A copy of the permit is enclosed as Appendix A. The soil bores were drilled by Gregg Drilling, Inc. using a Geoprobe hydraulic push system. Soil was collected continuously in isobutylene sleeves and soil samples were collected for description at changes in lithology in each soil bore. Soil samples were field-screened for organic vapors using a Photoionization Detector (PID) and lithologically described using the Unified Soil Classification System. Groundwater was encountered in each bore at between approximately 14 to 13.5 feet bgs, but field stabilized at higher elevations depending on the length of time the bore was allowed to remain open. Soil samples were selected for laboratory analysis based upon depth and elevated PID readings.

The workplan specified that soil samples would be collected at 5, 10, and 15 feet bgs. This was modified slightly in the field if soil was not recovered from those depth intervals, or if an elevated PID response or heavily stained soil was in close proximity to these pre-specified intervals. Letter modifications to the workplan by the ACHCSA and Blymyer Engineers also specified the collection of soil samples at a depth of 2 feet bgs in bores B8 and B9 in an attempt to limit the depth of soil impacted by elevated metal concentrations. Bore B8, placed at the location of the depression identified as a sump, was required to be relocated in the field several feet outside the depression due to very poor recovery. The initial (within the sump) location was logged as B8a and the relocated position was logged as B8b. Additionally, because the intent of the 2 foot bgs soil sample for metal analysis was to determine typical metal content at the 2 foot depth at the site, the highly impacted soil encountered in bores B8a and B8b would preclude an understanding of that aspect of the contamination. As a consequence, the 2 foot bgs soil sample for metal analysis to have been collected from bore B8 was collected in bore B7. Soil descriptions and PID results are shown in the soil bore logs, included as Appendix B.

A temporary PVC well screen was placed in each deeper soil bore in order to collect grab groundwater samples for laboratory analysis. When obtained, the grab groundwater sample from each bore was noted as turbid. After collection of the groundwater samples, all soil bores were backfilled with bentonite grout. The soil cuttings from the advancement of the soil bores were contained in labeled, DOT-approved, 5-gallon pails. The pails were stored on-site pending proper disposal by the client. All soil and groundwater samples were collected in accordance with previously forwarded Blymyer Engineers Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs).

## 3.2 Soil and Groundwater Analytical Methods

The soil and groundwater samples were sent to McCampbell Analytical, Inc. (McCampbell), a California-certified laboratory located in Pacheco, California. The soil and groundwater samples were analyzed on a standard 5-day turnaround time for TRPH using EPA Method 418.1 and the five LUFT metals using EPA Method 6010. The grab groundwater samples were filtered by the laboratory prior to analysis. The two soil samples and two grab groundwater samples with the highest TRPH concentrations were additionally analyzed on a standard 5-day turnaround for Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) using EPA Method 8240 and Semi-VOCs (SVOCs) using EPA Method 8270. Soil sample B9-2, collected for metals analysis, was additionally analyzed for TRPH. Additionally, soil samples B6-5 and B6-15 were analyzed for Total Organic Carbon (TOC) in support of the generation of a Tier II risk assessment.

Due to an elevated limit of detection for SVOCs in the soil samples with elevated TRPH results, an additional soil sample (B8B-10) was submitted for analysis of SVOCs. B8B-10 was selected based on elevated, but slightly lower, TRPH concentrations.

Analytical results for the soil samples are summarized in Tables I and II, while analytical results for groundwater samples are summarized in Table III. Copies of the laboratory reports are included as Appendix C.

## 3.3 Soil Geotechnical Analysis Methods

Soil samples from bores B6 and B7 were also submitted to Cooper Testing Laboratory (Cooper) in Mountain View, California, for geotechnical parameters in support of a Tier II risk analysis for the site. Sample B6-17-18, variously described by the Cooper as clayey sand to sandy silt, was submitted for analysis for moisture density, porosity, and percentage moisture. Sample B7-16.5-17.5, described as a clay with sand, was submitted for analysis for hydraulic conductivity. The results of the testing are summarized in Table IV, and the laboratory report is attached as Appendix D.

#### 4.0 Data Interpretation

## 4.1 Site Geology, Hydrogeology, and Contaminant Observations

The upper portion of the soil horizon at the site was underlain by a minimum of 6 feet of silty clay; however, the silty clay or clayey silt did extend to a depth of 15.5 feet bgs in B6. At a depth of 9.5 to 10 feet bgs in bore B6, the silty clay contained over 50 percent oyster (?) shell fragments. Beneath the silty clay in soil bores B5, B7 and B8b, a clayey gravel was encountered at approximate depths of 6.0, 7.5, and 11.5 feet bgs, respectively. The clayey gravel was composed of up to an estimated 80% of fine to medium grained angular gravel. The bottom of the clayey gravel was encountered at the depths of 10.5, 11, and 15 feet bgs, respectively. In these bores, a second silty clay was encountered beneath the clayey gravel to depths of 13, 12, and 18 feet bgs, respectively. In bore B7 additional clayey gravel, with an interbed of silty sand was found to a depth of 15.5 feet bgs. Beneath the silty clay in bores B5, B6, and B8b, and the clayey gravel in B7, an intermix of more granular bedding units which ranged from silty sand, clayey silt, clayey gravel, and poorly graded fine grained sand was encountered. Groundwater was generally associated within these more granular units; however, in B6 groundwater was encountered in the clay 1.5 feet above the contact with the more granular units. It is suspected, but not confirmed, that groundwater is confined. For detailed lithologic descriptions, please refer to the soil bore logs included in Appendix B.

Bores B5 and B6 were placed outside the area of visibly stained surface soil. Significant discoloration of soil was not noted in these two bores. Bore B6 did however contain a light greenish-brown sandy gravel layer at a depth of 16.0 to 16.5 feet bgs. It could not conclusively be determined if this coloration was related to the migration of contaminants along this water-bearing unit.

Bores B7, B8a, B8b and B9 were placed within the area of discolored surface soil. There was no vegetation within this area (Figure 2). The black surface stained soil extended to an approximate depth of 3.5 feet in bore B7. Bore B9 was drilled and sampled to a total depth of 2.5 feet bgs, but did not appear to extend below the surface staining.

A potential void was encountered at an approximate depth of 5.5 to 7.0 feet in bore B7. Immediately below this void or soft soil, the silty clay was oily and stained black. At 8 feet bgs a trace of metal, potentially dragged down hole, was noted in the recovered soil core. At a depth interval between 8.5 to 10.5 feet bgs a gray-brown clayey gravel with low PID responses was encountered. This unit appeared to somewhat limit the vertical migration of contaminants. Within, and more strongly beneath, the clayey gravel an unknown odor was reported by the driller. A moderately elevated PID response was also noted beneath the clayey gravel, and the soil became greenish in color. One-inch amorphous blobs of black stained soil were observed in the recovered cores in the depth range of 13 to 15.5 feet bgs. A silty clay at a depth of 16.5 to 17.5, within the water-bearing zones encountered in the bore, appeared to vertically limit the observed greenish discoloration.

Bore B8a was placed within the depression previously identified as a likely sump. The potential sump is depressed approximately one foot below adjacent grade. Bore B8a was pushed to a total depth of 12 feet bgs; however, minimal recovery was obtained over the total depth. Based on the minimal recovery, the entire bore appeared to consist largely of fill. The upper several feet appeared to consist of glass, brick, and metal, and was very oily. At an approximate depth of 5 feet bgs, dominantly red brick was encountered. At an approximate depth of 7 feet bgs, the recovered fill consisted of paper, wood, and other organics. What soil was recovered was very slick with oil, and stained black. Below a depth of 10 feet, the only recovery was a thick black goo coating the liner. Strong odors were present below a depth of approximately 6 feet bgs. The driller reported settling under foot as he worked in and around the likely sump. Bore B8b was drilled within 3 feet of the depression in order to obtain the required soil samples.

Discolored soil was pervasive in bore B8b. At a depth of approximately 3.5 feet bgs the black surface staining was replaced by a dark to medium green discoloration of the soil. A sweet odor was noted. The green discoloration essentially extended to the total explored depth of the bore, 24 feet bgs. A sheen was noted on groundwater, encountered at a depth of 18.5 feet bgs. Elevated PID responses were noted through out the explored depth of the bore, including below groundwater.

# 4.2 Discussion of Soil Sample Analytical Results

Analysis for TRPH in all soil samples has yielded detectable concentrations in all near surface soil samples collected at the site at a depth of approximately 0.5 feet bgs (Table I). The concentrations range from low concentrations (26 and 32 mg/kg) in bores B5 and B6 located outside the area of stained and distressed vegetation, to higher concentrations (330 and 54,000 mg/kg) in bores B7 and B8b, located within the stained area. Previously installed bores B1 through B4 (located inside and outside the black stained area) also detected TRPH in all soil samples collected at the 0.5-foot depth (Table I). Although the 0.5-foot soil sample from bore B2 was mapped as outside the zone of staining, detectable TRPH was elevated (4,400 mg/kg).

The state of California has promulgated regulations that define hazardous contaminant concentrations in a solid material. A material is considered a toxic material when concentrations are over either the Soluble Threshold Limit Concentration (STLC) or over the Total Threshold Limit Concentration (TTLC). In general, a rule-of-thumb is utilized when contaminant concentrations are above the STLC, but below the TTLC. Because there is a 10-fold dilution in the STLC analysis of a solid material, the rule-of-thumb generally holds that if that contaminant concentration is under 10X the STLC, the material will not be hazardous by the STLC analysis. With respect to the analysis of metals at the site, the STLC and TTLC concentrations are listed at the bottom of Table II.

All soil samples were submitted for analysis for the five LUFT metals (Table II). Elevated concentrations were only present in near surface soil samples from the stained area (B1, B3, B4, B7, and B8), and from the area of bore B2. In general, lead appears to be present at concentrations over one or more of the regulatory defined concentrations (STLC or TTLC) in the near surface soil sample (0.5 feet bgs) at all locations within the stained area, and also at the location of B2. Additionally, cadmium, chromium, lead, nickel and zinc were present at elevated concentrations in soil sample B8b-0.5. Except for zinc, all metals were present in this soil sample at levels above the 10X STLC rule-of-thumb value. Lead was present over the TTLC.

With two exceptions, cadmium was only detected in the surface stained soil samples. Cadmium was rarely detected in subsurface soil (B6-10 and B8b-15), and then at low concentrations.

Based on elevated TRPH concentrations, three soil samples were submitted for analysis for VOCs and SVOCs in attempt to quantify worst-case concentrations of these chemicals. Initially two soil samples were submitted; however, the limits of detection were too elevated for use in a risk assessment evaluation. Submittal of the third sample resulted in lower limits of detection. Due to the consistent elevated TRPH concentrations in bore B8b, all three soil samples selected were from this bore.

The only VOCs detected were toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes. Toluene was detected at concentrations of 50 and 140 micrograms per kilogram ( $\mu g/kg$ ) in two samples. Ethylbenzene was detected at concentrations ranging between 30 and 1,400  $\mu g/kg$ . Total xylenes were present at concentrations between 110 and 11,000  $\mu g/kg$ . Benzene was not detected at limits of detection of between 5.0 and 100  $\mu g/kg$ . VOCs have not previously been analyzed at the site. Detection of these compounds suggest that gasoline or diesel may have been used and disposed of at the site. The significant increase in toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes at a depth of 15 feet may suggest a second, non-dumping source may be impacting the site, such as a fuel underground storage tank (UST).

The only SVOCs detected were 2-methylnaphthalene and naphthalene. 2-methylnaphthalene was present at concentrations of 0.36 and 6.0 mg/kg in soil samples B8b-10 and B8b-15, respectively. Naphthalene was present at concentrations of 0.38 and 7.2 mg/kg in soil samples B8b-10 and B8b-15, respectively. SVOCs have also not previously been analyzed at the site.

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) analysis was conducted on two soil samples in an attempt to determine background TOC concentrations in support of a Tier Π risk analysis for the site. Soil samples B6-5 and B6-15 were selected based on nondetectable TRPH results and lack of discoloration of the soils. The results were 715 and 260 mg/kg, respectively.

## 4.3 Discussion of Groundwater Sample Analytical Results

TRPH was present in the grab groundwater samples collected from bores B5, B6, B7, and B8b (Table III) at concentrations ranging from 1.5 to 2,000 milligrams per liter (mg/L). The lowest concentrations were in groundwater obtained from bores B6 and B7, the highest was in bore B8b. Of the five LUFT metals, only cadmium was present in groundwater at a concentration of 0.0061 mg/L, in bore B8b. This concentration is slightly above the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 0.005 mg/L. Unpreserved grab groundwater was filtered of sediment paies to analysis, thus the results are representative of metal concentrations in groundwater and not of the sediment suspended in the groundwater. The only VOCs detected in groundwater at the site were benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (BTEX). The chemicals were present in groundwater obtained from B8b at concentrations of 1,700, 2,500, 790, and 4,100 micrograms per liter ( $\mu$ g/L), respectively. These concentrations are above their respective MCLs; however, the laboratory noted that the groundwater sample contained over 5% suspended sediment. Thus the analysis may represent analyte concentration of the suspended sediment, rather than in groundwater. Conversely, sheen was observed on groundwater at this location (and at the location of bores B2 and B3, previously installed). Only ethylbenzene was present in groundwater obtained from bore B7. Other than 2methylnaphthalene and naphthalene, no SVOCs were detected in groundwater at the site. These compounds were present in groundwater collected from bore B8 at concentrations of 280 and 430  $\mu$ g/L, respectively. The SVOC analysis resulted in moderately elevated limits of detection.

#### 5.0 Initial Risk Evaluation

# 5.1 Risk Evaluation Using the Oakland Risk-Based Corrective Action Program

In order to conduct the risk assessment at the site, Blymyer Engineers initially proposed to use the model entitled RBCA Tool Kit by Groundwater Sciences, Inc. of Houston, Texas. This model utilizes equations directly out of the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) 1739-95 document entitled Standard Guide for Risk-Based Corrective Action Applied at Petroleum Release Sites and dated November 1995. However, in order to determine if other, simpler risk assessment programs might be appropriate for the site, use of the Oakland Risk-Based Corrective Action (ORBCA) was investigated. The ORBCA program has also adopted the ASTM standard to city specific criteria and data, with several critical assumptions.

The initial action required to the determine if the use of the ORBCA program would be appropriate at the site is to complete the *Oakland RBCA Eligibility Checklist* form. Eight criteria must be met in order to allow use of the program at a particular site. A minimum of two of the eight criteria could not be satisfied definitively. They are as follows:

- Removal of the sump may not remove all sheen-generating soil (Criteria 2; Groundwater samples B2-W and B3-W contained a lighter than water sheen per laboratory notes).
- Removal of the primary source, the sump, may reduce the number of Chemicals of Concern (COC) to six from an identified total of seven (Criteria 3; cadmium, lead, BTEX, and naphthalene are identified as the COC at this site). A maximum of five COC are allowable with use of the ORBCA program.

The use of the ORBCA program appears inappropriate at this site. A copy of the form is enclosed in Appendix E.

# 5.2 Risk Evaluation Using the RWQCB Risk-Based Screening Levels

The San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board (SF-RWQCB) has also issued a risk-based decision making document (Application of Risk-Based Screening Levels and Decision Making to Sites With Impacted Soil and Groundwater, dated August 2000). This was also reviewed for appropriateness of use at the subject site. A principal assumption for use of the Tier I Lookup Tables contained in the document is that the number of COC is limited to five. This precludes use of the document at this site.

#### 6.0 ASTM RBCA Health Risk Assessment

#### 6.1 Overview

This health risk assessment (HRA) has been conducted to evaluate the potential of soil and groundwater contamination to adversely impact the health of future onsite residential occupants or construction workers (Figure 1). Blymyer Engineers has used the most recent update (January 23, 2001) of the model entitled RBCA Tool Kit for Chemical Releases, Version 1.3a, by Groundwater Sciences, Inc. of Houston, Texas, which completes all calculations required in the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) standard PS-104 Standard Provisional Guide for Risk-Based Corrective Action (ASTM, 1998).

Blymyer Engineers has utilized existing data from the site in an attempt to determine the degree of health risk the residual chemical concentrations pose. It is the understanding of Blymyer Engineers that the tentative plan for redevelopment at the site consists of a three-story building with a largely commercial first floor, a single residential unit also located on the first floor, and four residential units on each of the second and third floors of the building. It is understood that within a prescribed period of time, the residential units will be sold to the future residents. As a consequence of the residential occupancy, the risk assessment has utilized conservative residential standards rather than less conservative commercial standards.

Existing soil and groundwater sample analytical results were utilized in conducting the assessment, and published, but conservative, chemical and soil parameter data were assumed where such input was required by the modeling program. These areas are discussed below.

Twelve chemicals or elements were encountered in soil or groundwater at the subject site. The risk assessment modeled risk for eleven of these Chemicals of Concern (COC). This included the volatile organic compounds (VOCs) benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (BTEX); the semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) naphthalene and 2-methylnaphthalene (the latter as

naphthalene, see bleow); total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons (TRPH, as aliphatic carbon compounds in the C21 to C34 range); and the metals cadmium, chromium (Cr<sup>3+</sup>), nickel, and zinc, which have a known association with used motor oil.

Lead is the twelfth contaminant encountered at the site. Health risks associated with lead cannot be modeled by computer programs due to the lack of a published Reference Dose (RfD) for lead by the Federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Exposure to a concentration of a contaminant below the RfD is considered safe. At the present time the EPA has not been able to establish that minimum concentration for lead. As a consequence, reliance on an alternative method to define a Site Specific Target Level (SSTL) has been followed.

Blymyer Engineers assumed risk to a number of potential receptors; an anticipated future residential occupant of the proposed building in outside and inside locations; a construction worker potentially exposed to subsurface contaminants during utility installation or modifications; a residential occupant exposed to un-remediated surface soil; a commercial worker at the adjacent restaurant to the northwest exposed to dust and vapor emissions; a commercial worker passing the facility on the sidewalk on the west side of 12<sup>th</sup> Street exposed to dust and vapor emissions; and a residential occupant located within 200 feet of the site, due to the mixed use of the area, exposed to dust and vapor emissions, and groundwater ingestion. Groundwater ingestion was assumed in the latter case as a conservative measure due to the known existence of very old hand dug groundwater wells in the local vicinity, at known and unknown locations. Utility workers were assumed to be exposed to dermal contact with impacted soil, inhalation and ingestion of impacted soil dust and vapors, and groundwater vapors. Onsite incidental ingestion of groundwater was not assumed, nor modeled, as it is considered to be an unlikely occurrence.

Blymyer Engineers used a Hazard Quotient (HQ) of 1.0 for individual health risks related to non-carcinogenic chemicals, a Hazard Index (HI) of 1.0 for cumulative health risks related to non-carcinogenic chemicals, an individual health risk of 10<sup>-6</sup> for individual carcinogenic chemicals, and a total health risk of 10<sup>-5</sup> for carcinogenic chemicals for potential receptors, consistent with current industry practice and Alameda County Health Care Services Agency (ACHCSA) standards.

#### 6.2 Overview of Subsurface Geology

When drilled in September 1996 and August 2001, the near-surface vadose zone sediments were mostly damp with an increase in moisture with depth. Sediments in the vadose zone are typically silty clays. The upper portion of the soil horizon at the site was underlain by a minimum of 6 feet of silty clay; however, the silty clay or clayey silt did extend to a depth of 15.5 feet bgs in bore B6. At a depth of 9.5 to 10 feet bgs in bore B6, the silty clay contained over 50 percent shell fragments. Beneath the silty clay in bores B5, B7 and B8b, a clayey gravel was encountered at approximate depths of 6.0, 7.5, and 11.5 feet bgs, respectively. The clayey gravel was composed of up to an estimated 80% of fine to medium grained angular gravel. Field observations suggested that sufficient clay was present in this unit to significantly decrease the permeability of the gravel unit; however, no laboratory tests were conducted to quantify this observation. It is likely that unobserved preferential pathways may be present as a result of the increase in grain size. The bottom of the clayey gravel was encountered at depths of 10.5, 11, and 15 feet bgs, respectively. In these bores, a second silty clay was encountered beneath the clayey gravel to depths of 13, 12, and 18 feet bgs, respectively. In bore B7 additional clayey gravel, with an interbed of silty sand was found to a depth of 15.5 feet bgs. Beneath the silty clay in bores B5, B6, and B8b, and the clayey gravel in B7, an intermix of more granular bedding units which ranged from silty sand, clayey silt, clayey gravel, to poorly graded fine grained sand was encountered. Groundwater was generally associated with these more granular units; however, in bore B6 groundwater was encountered in the clay 1.5 feet above the contact with the more granular units. It is suspected, but not confirmed, that groundwater is confined. For detailed lithologic descriptions, please refer to the soil bore logs included in Appendix B.

#### 6.3 Risk Assessment Data Input and Output Screens

The RBCA Tool Kit for Chemical Releases consists of a series of screens that facilitate the input of site-related data, and subsequent data output. These are discussed in some detail below in order to document site-specific inputs, modifications, and outputs of standard modeling assumptions employed in the program.

#### 6.3.1 Main Screen

Site location, name, and other relevant data is input on the Main Screen. Selection of Tier 1 or Tier 2 analysis is made. The subject site required a Tier 2 analysis. Calculation options are also selected in this screen. Calculation of Baseline Risk is selected if source zone concentrations are known. Calculation of Cleanup Standards is selected based on selected target risks (ie. individual health risk of 1 in a million [10<sup>-6</sup>]). Both options were selected for this modeling effort.

A series of data entry and review screens is accessed from the Main Screen. As a consequence of the selection of both modes of risk calculation, input was required in each of the data input screens. A printout of the Main Screen is enclosed in Appendix F.

#### 6.3.2 Exposure Pathway Input

In the Exposure Pathway Identification screen, health risk exposures with documented or potentially complete pathways are identified, classified as to onsite or offsite location, and the distance to the receptors is input. There are essentially three main exposure pathways; groundwater, surface soil, and air exposure. Copies of the input screen for these pathways are included in Appendix F and the resultant output Exposure Pathway Flowchart is also attached in Appendix F. It should be noted that input boxes which printout with a black background are locked by the program based on other input criteria, either program-specified or user-specified.

#### 6.3.2.1 Groundwater Exposure

The proposed building will be supplied by city water. As a consequence, onsite exposure to groundwater is considered an incomplete pathway. In order to provide protection to groundwater resources and to attempt to preclude degradation of groundwater beneath adjacent properties, an offsite exposure at the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL), set at appropriate state or federal levels, was identified to be coincident with the nearest assumed downgradient property boundary. This was

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defined to be at a distance of 30 feet west from the source (input distances are in metric, typically centimeters). For the purposes of the risk assessment, it was assumed that the sump is the dominant or sole source of groundwater contaminants at the site. Thus all distances were measured from the center of the sump. Additionally, a second offsite receptor was assumed to be present. Groundwater ingestion was assumed in the latter case as a conservative measure due to the known existence of very old hand dug groundwater wells in the local vicinity, at known and unknown approximate locations. It is unknown if these wells remain, or are operational, after so many years of publicly supplied water. For the purposes of the modeling program, it was assumed that the nearest downgradient house, from the sump source, has an operational well. The nearest downgradient house is at an approximate distance of 200 feet, at the intersection of 10th Street and 8th Avenue, west of the site; or along 9th Avenue south of the site. Groundwater exposure modeling evaluated both impacted groundwater, and leaching from impacted soil to groundwater for the completed pathways.

#### 6.3.2.2 Surface Soil Exposure

Onsite commercial ingestion and dermal contact to surface soil was considered a complete pathway for the purpose of modeling risk to a construction worker excavating soil in the vicinity of the release. It is assumed that the construction worker will be exposed at the time of remedial actions at the site, or in the event that residual contamination can be allowed to remain onsite. This assumption precludes residential exposure to surface soil either through remediation, or through a partial capping of residually impacted areas at the site with a permanent structure such as a building.

#### 6.3.2.3 Air Exposure

Multiple air exposure pathways were evaluated as a part of the modeling effort. An offsite commercial receptor pathway was assumed to be present in order to model risk to sidewalk traffic along 12<sup>th</sup> Street, the nearest downwind potential receptor during construction activities. This was defined to be at a distance of 25 feet from the sump source. A commercial receptor was selected forthis pathway in order to conservatively model the transient nature of sidewalk traffic (commercial

receptors are assumed to be exposed for eight hours each work day). This receptor was evaluated for outdoor air pathways including volatilization to ambient outdoor air from all soils (surface and subsurface), from groundwater, and from particulate emissions from surface soils.

An onsite residential receptor was evaluated for indoor and outdoor air pathways including volatilization from all soils and from groundwater. This was conducted in order that any risk from residual impacted soil or groundwater would be accounted for in the modeling program. Risks associated with completed indoor air pathways are typically the risk pathways that limit available remedial options.

## 6.3.3 Exposure Factors and Target Risk Limits

This screen, attached in Appendix G, is accessed through the Exposure Pathway Identification screen, allows modification of standard ASTM exposure parameters, risk goal calculation options, and target health risk limits. The ASTM parameters correspond to the Reasonable Maximum Exposure (RME) values specified in EPA guidance (EPA, 1991). These parameters include the averaging time for carcinogens and non-carcinogens, body weight, exposure durations, exposure frequency, dermal exposure frequency, skin surface area (assuming 70 year life span; skin surface of an infant, child, and adult), ingestion rate of water, ingestion rate of soil, age adjustment of these two items, and soil-to-skin adherence factor. Site-specific modifications were not made to the exposure parameters. Risk goal calculations were requested for both individual and cumulative risk goals.

Site-specific modifications were not made to the target health risk limits. Blymyer Engineers used the standard Hazard Quòtient (HQ) of 1.0 for individual health risks related to non-carcinogenic chemicals, a Hazard Index (HI) of 1.0 for cumulative health risks related to non-carcinogenic chemicals, an individual health risk of 10<sup>-6</sup> for individual Class A and B carcinogenic chemicals, a cumulative health risk of 10<sup>-5</sup> for Class A and B carcinogenic chemicals, and an individual health risk for 10<sup>-5</sup> for Class C carcinogenic chemicals for potential receptors (Classes A and B refer to known or probable carcinogens, whereas Class C refers to possible carcinogens). This is consistent with current industry practice and ACHCSA standards. A printout of these data is included in Appendix G.

#### 6.3.4 Source Media Chemicals of Concern

This screen allows selection of site-specific COC, leads to a screen that allows modification or input of additional COC relevant to the site, and leads to two additional screens that allow input of site-specific concentrations of the COC in groundwater and soil.

## 6.3.4.1 Selection and Modeling of Site-Specific COC

The program contains a database of over 100 chemicals from which to draw. The chemical database was modified in order to include California-specific chemical parameters for bearene. This specifically included the California Environmental Protection Agency (CalEPA) cancer potency factor (slope factor) of 0.1 kg-day/mg, in comparison to the EPA slope factor of 0.029 kg-day/mg, and the lower limit of detection for benzene required by CalEPA. User-specified custom chemical database output files are included in Appendix G, as is a copy of the chemical data output files for all selected COC (physical property data, toxicity data, and miscellaneous data files used in the risk assessment).

Health risks associated with lead cannot be modeled by computer programs due to the lack of a published Reference Dose (RfD) for lead by the EPA. Exposure to a concentration of a contaminant below the RfD is considered safe. The quantification of risk requires comparison to a RfD. At the present time the EPA has not been able to establish the minimum concentration for lead. Assumed RfD can be input, but are a matter of negotiation with a regulatory agency. As a consequence, and rather than pursue a negotiated approach, SF-RWQCB promulgated remedial goals, unless otherwise negotiated, will be relied on as an alternative method to define a Site Specific Target Level (SSTL) for lead.

Additionally, because a RfD has also not been promulgated for 2-methylnaphthalene, the chemical has been modeled in this program as naphthalene. In order to accomplish this, the detected concentrations of these two similar chemicals were added together and the total concentration was reported as naphthalene.

for sheden sol, we only soil door from 23 feet box .
Use 950/0 UCL.

## 6.3.4.2 Site-Specific Analytical Data Sets

There are two methods for entering representative media concentrations for COC at a site. A user can directly enter the representative concentration for each chemical, or a user can enter all appropriate site analytical data and allow the program to calculate the maximum concentration, the statistical mean (geometric or arithmetic; industry standard and more conservative, respectively), or the Upper Confidence Level (UCL) on the mean. The UCL percentile can also be modified by the user. The user can then select which of these calculations is most representative of the source zone concentrations.

For the purposes of this modeling effort, the definition of the "source zone" was used in two manners. Specifically, the entire site should be considered as the source for surface particulate emission and chemical volatilization due to the extensive near surface contamination documented at the site. Conversely, the sump should be considered as the representative source zone for groundwater contamination (worst-case) as only in the vicinity of the sump did extensive contamination extend from the surface to groundwater, and below. In both cases, the representative concentrations for both soil and groundwater were modeled with the geometric mean. Because there was only one "representative" groundwater sample from the location of the sump, the groundwater mean was also the worst-case or maximum concentration encountered at the site. Copies of the groundwater analytical data inputs are attached in Appendix H. Also attached in Appendix H are copies of the data output files with the program-calculated maximum, mean, and UCL on mean concentrations for groundwater. Copies of the soil analytical data inputs are attached as Appendix I. Copies of the soil analytical output files, with program-calculated maximum, mean, and UCL on mean concentrations for soil, are attached in Appendix I.

# **6.3.5 Transport Modeling Options**

This screen allows site-specific modeling options to be input. These modeling options include vertical transport in the surface soil column, lateral air dispersion, and groundwater dilution attenuation

factors. Factors included in the soil column vertical transport subset are outdoor air volatilization factors, indoor air volatilization factors, and soil-to-groundwater leaching factors. ASTM default models were utilized for vertical transport in the soil column and in the lateral air dispersion sections; however, because it is reasonable to anticipate biodegradation of the organic COC, first-order biodegradation decay was allowed in the groundwater dilution attenuation section, rather than only groundwater dispersion (no biodegradation). The surface soil zone was estimated to be 3 meters in thickness, an ASTM default thickness. Because impacted soil is predominantly present above an approximate depth of 2 feet this was judged to be conservative (excluding sump source zone) and would allow volatilization and particle emission from a depth of approximately 10 feet bgs. ASTM default half-lives were utilized for the organic chemicals encountered at the site. There were no default half-life values for the inorganic metal COC. Since metals are elements and decay is essentially not recognized in inorganic materials a half-life of 1.0E+6 days (2,739.7 years) was the input utilized for these COC. As an additional conservative measure it should be noted that the Domenico model implemented in the RBCA Tool Kit assumes degradation is proportional to "total concentration" (i.e., both dissolved in groundwater and sorbed to soil) as opposed to dissolved-phase concentrations only. A printout of these screens is attached as Appendix J, as is a copy of the output file screen for the COC half-lives.

#### 6.3.6 Site-Specific Soil Parameters

This screen allows site-specific soil parameters to be input. These parameters include soil source zone and surface soil column characteristics. The depth to the water-bearing unit was input as 15 feet bgs, as a typical depth. It should be noted that depth to water in the field ranged between 14 to 18.5 feet bgs in August 2001. It is assumed that these differences were the result of local variations in lithology and a confined aquifer fluctuating in response to the pressure release at the location of the borehole. The base of the affected soil was input as 24 feet, based on the analytical data at borehole B8b. This is overly conservative assumption as elevated metal concentrations are not in contact with groundwater. An average length and width of 115 feet by 35 feet, respectively, was utilized to calculate the affected surface soil area. The dominant wind flow direction was assumed to be

northeast, across the longest dimension of the site (essentially the direction of B5 to B1). Because the groundwater flow direction is not precisely known at the site, it was assumed to be southwest across the site (essentially B1 to B5), to maximize the potential exposure. Because analysis was not conducted for all soil parameters for which direct entry is possible in the program, it was elected to select the predominant soil type for the site within the program. Silty Clay was identified as the most appropriate vadose zone soil encountered at the site based on the bore logs and site-specific laboratory data as previously discussed. Rainfall was directly input based on the average rainfall for the Oakland Museum climate station over the period of October 1970 to December 2000 which is available under the Western U.S. Climate Historical Summaries section of the Western Region Climate Center website (http://www.wrcc.dri.edu/index.html). A printout of the parameters used in this project is included in Appendix K. All user specified inputs appear with a white background; however, the Partitioning Parameters are ASTM default parameters re-input as user-specified parameters. These parameters were used as a conservative measure.

#### 6.3.7 Site-Specific Groundwater Parameters

This screen allows site-specific groundwater parameters to be input. These parameters include water-bearing unit data, groundwater plume source zone, dispersion, and discharge to surface water input parameters. The hydraulic conductivity corresponds to site-specific data whereas the gradient is an ASTM default. The effective porosity is very conservative, as it is essentially impossible for effective porosity to match total porosity (site-specific soil parameter screen) in a silty clay unit. Sorption parameters are ASTM default parameters. The default groundwater pH is conservative as slightly acid pH values will lead to higher leaching of contaminants. Although the sump source will be assumed to be removed at a point in the future, residual effects such as the groundwater source width will remain. A 6.5-foot-thick mixing zone was utilized in order to account for groundwater fluctuations as documented by a significant zone of impacted soil below the water table in bore B8b. The ASTM default was used to calculate groundwater dispersion. Groundwater discharge to surface water was not an identified complete pathway, and thus was not calculated. A printout of this screen is attached in Appendix K.

#### 6.3.8 Site-Specific Air Parameters

This screen allows site-specific air parameters to be input. These parameters include outdoor and indoor air pathway parameters. All outdoor air pathway parameters are ASTM default, or user-specified in a previous screen, and thus are locked on this screen. Only residential indoor pathways were calculated in this scenario. Building volume/area ratio, foundation area and foundation perimeter parameters are site-specific. These were derived from the preliminary structure design forwarded by Robert Mintz Design Studio. The parameters are for the individual ground floor residential unit, rather than the structure as a whole. A copy of the proposed tentative layout is attached in Appendix K. The remainder of the building parameters are ASTM default or locked parameters. A printout of the screen is attached in Appendix K.

A complete summary of input parameters discussed above (competed exposure pathways, exposure parameters, target risks, modeling options, and surface, subsurface soil column, building, groundwater, and transport parameters) is included in Appendix K.

## 6.4 Modeling Results; Baseline Risk Levels and Site Specific Target Levels

Based on the data inputs as outlined above, the modeling program calculated individual COC and cumulative baseline risks for carcinogens and non-carcinogens, and SSTL for surface soil, subsurface soil, and groundwater at the site. Please recall that the following discussion pertains to all identified COC at the site, except lead.

#### 6.4.1 Baseline Health Risk Summary

Appendix L contains the printouts for baseline health risks. There is a set of summary tables, each more detailed than the previous data summary table. The *Baseline Risk Summary-All Pathways* is the first data table contained in Appendix L. It lists baseline carcinogenic risks and baseline toxic effects for carcinogen and non-carcinogen contaminants, respectively, for onsite exposures only. For

carcinogens, it lists maximum individual value, the appropriate individual target risk (10<sup>-6</sup>), the cumulative total value, and the appropriate cumulative total risk (10<sup>-5</sup>). For non-carcinogens it lists the maximum individual value, the appropriate individual hazard quotient limit (1.0), the cumulative total value, and the appropriate total hazard index limit (1.0) for all completed pathways (outdoor air, indoor air, soil exposure, and groundwater exposure pathways). Careful study of the table indicates that the carcinogenic target risks and toxic hazard quotient and hazard indexes are all exceeded in only a single pathway, the groundwater pathway. Since groundwater is not a complete pathway onsite, these exposures are located offsite. Further specific details follow and are based on the tables following this initial summary table.

The Cumulative Risk Worksheet follows the Baseline Risk Summary-All Pathways summary table. It lists all individual COC values, not just the maximum individual value, for all carcinogens and non-carcinogens for both onsite and offsite receptors. It also provides a cumulative value in each category for identified completed pathways. Again the carcinogenic target risks and toxic hazard quotient and hazard indexes are not exceeded onsite, but as indicated on page three of the table, both the property line MCL exposure and potential residential hand dug well exposure target, at a distance of 200 feet, exceed the carcinogenic target risk and toxic hazard quotient and hazard indexes target risks. The only chemical that exceeds these risks is benzene.

Behind these two tables are the complete set of program-generated exposure concentration and intake calculations for each of the complete pathways (outdoor air, indoor air, soil exposure, and groundwater pathways) and the resultant pathway risk calculations which are summarized on the preceding summary tables discussed above. Slight program-generated discrepancies will be noted in the risk calculations between each of these various sets of data. These discrepancies are under one order of magnitude and do not affect the end result (risks significantly below target risk goals). Again, only in the last potentially completed offsite pathway, a groundwater MCL protective goal and a potential hand dug well pathway at a residential unit, have target risks been exceeded. These are very conservative assumptions.

## 6.4.2 Tier 2 Transient Domenico Analysis

As discussed above, first-order biodegradation was allowed in the modeling effort. As a result the program generated a series of printouts that graphed the impact to groundwater from contaminant concentrations in soil and also in groundwater vs. both distance and time from the source (via groundwater transport). This effort found that the point of exposure (POE) concentration limits (set previously at a property line MCL maximum contaminant exposure at 30 feet, and a residential health-based exposure limit at a distance of 200 feet) were not exceeded from contaminants leaching from the soil. For contaminants currently documented to be in groundwater at the site, only benzene impacted groundwater above targets. At the property line POE (the MCL) and the potential residential exposure locations, exposure was estimated to be in approximately 0.1 and 0.5 years after the initial release. The timing of the release at the site is unknown. This suggests that both locations may have already been exposed; however, there was not a significant indication of this in the other grab groundwater analytical sample (B7W) collected during the investigation. Because the groundwater samples were grab samples it is possible that the samples represent higher than typical groundwater contaminant concentrations. No other contaminants exceeded the MCL at the property line, or target risks at the residential dwelling at a distance of 200 feet from the sump source. The Tier 2 Domenico Groundwater Modeling Summary table and the 20 data sheets with the referenced graphs are attached as Appendix M.

## 6.4.3 Site-Specific Target Level Summary

SSTL calculations were completed by the program and are included in Appendix N. Three summary tables are included in Appendix N. A careful review of the summary table of SSTL values for soil indicates that existing onsite soil concentrations are below program generated SSTL for soil; thus (excluding lead) no COC requires mitigation in onsite soil. Review of the summary table for SSTL values for groundwater indicate that to prevent offsite groundwater quality from exceeding the MCL standard for benzene, maximum concentrations of benzene in groundwater onsite would need to be reduced from 1.7 mg/L to 3.9 micrograms per liter ( $\mu$ g/L). Again the reported groundwater concentration for benzene may be the result of a non-representative grab groundwater sample. A review of the summary table for SSTL values for TPH for soil and groundwater indicates that the appropriate target level for TPH exceeds the residual saturation value for pure product in soil, and also exceeds the solubility for pure product in groundwater; thus reduction of TPH concentrations is not required from a health risk reduction viewpoint.

In support of the summary tables discussed above, and located behind them in Appendix N, are twelve pages of Chemical-Specific Tier 2 Cleanup Summaries, containing further detail relevant to the data summarized in the three summary tables.

#### 6.5 Selection of a Lead SSTL

As discussed previously, the EPA has not promulgated a RfD for lead, required for risk analysis and generation of an SSTL. As a consequence, an alternative remedial SSTL has been relied upon. The SF-RWQCB has promulgated residential and commercial/industrial cleanup goals for lead in soil. The residential and commercial/industrial cleanup goals for lead in soil has recently been revised by the SF-RWQCB (SF-RWQCB, December 2001), based on a Department of Toxic Substance Control (DTSC) screening level of 255 mg/Kg and 750 mg/Kg, respectively (CalEPA, 2001).

According to Dr. Roger Brewer, Associate Engineering Geologist at the SF-RWQCB (personal communication, January 10, 2002), the agency has moved away from the use of a cap at residential sites impacted by lead due to neglect of restrictions on the property deed intended to prohibit removal of caps. The SF-RWQCB may still accept residual lead concentrations at residential sites over these remedial goals, on a site-specific basis, provided the residual contamination is capped by a building. Because the site is intended to be redeveloped as a joint residential/commercial facility, the 255 mg/Kg goal is the appropriate remedial SSTL, unless otherwise negotiated with the SF-RWQCB.

#### 7.0 Conclusions

#### 7.1 Subsurface Investigation Conclusions

The following conclusions can be made from the data generated during the subsurface investigation at the site:

- Five soil bores with temporary groundwater monitoring wells were installed to augment data collected during the initial assessment of contaminants at the site, and to attempt to determine worst-case contaminant concentrations in support of a Tier II risk assessment. Full delineation of the lateral and vertical extent of impacted soil and groundwater at the site were not necessarily a part of this investigation, and were not determined; however worst-case contaminant delineation was achieved.
- Detectable concentrations of TRPH are present in all near surface soil at the site, and appear to extend up to an approximate depth of 3.5 feet bgs. Elevated concentrations of TRPH are present within the stained area of distressed vegetation, and additionally at bore B2.
- Discolored soil is present to a depth of approximately 3.5 feet and again from 10.5 feet bgs
  to 16.5 feet bgs in bore B7. A zone of relatively non-discolored soil appears to separate the
  two zones. A similar separation of discolored soil has previously been observed in bores B2,
  B3, and B4.
- A very soft, potential void was encountered at a shallow depth during the installation of bore
   B7. A bit of metal and dark oily blobs were also noted at depth in this bore and may also suggest additional fill (or sumps) may have previously been present at the site.
- Except for minor layers, discolored soil is present from the surface to total depth in bore B8b.

- Bore B8a appeared to encounter fill and highly impacted soil to the total explored depth of 12 feet bgs.
- Except for the surface detection of TRPH in bores B5 and B6, and a thin, potentially
  discolored, water-bearing zone in bore B6, soil from bores B5 and B6 appeared to be largely
  non-impacted.
- Elevated concentrations of each of the five LUFT metals are present in the vicinity of the depression identified as a sump (B8). These concentrations are above 10X the STLC value or above the TTLC for some of the metals.
- Near surface stained soil (bores B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B7, and B8) consistently contained lead concentrations over one or more regulatory value (STLC or TTLC).
- Toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes were the only detectable VOCs present in heavily impacted soil samples. This suggests that gasoline or diesel may have been used and disposed of at the site.
- The significant increase in toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes at a depth of 15 feet in bore B8b may suggest a second, petroleum-fuel-related source is impacting the site.
- The only SVOCs detected at the site were 2-methylnaphthalene and naphthalene.
- TRPH was present in all grab groundwater samples submitted for analysis. Elevated concentrations were present in bore B8b. Elevated concentrations of BTEX were present only in the grab groundwater sample collected from bore B8b. These compounds were present above their respective MCLs; however the laboratory noted that the groundwater sample contained over 5% suspended sediment. This may indicate that the higher result is

representative of the suspended sediment rather than dissolved concentrations in groundwater.

- Only cadmium was present in one filtered, non-preserved grab groundwater sample, at a
  concentration slightly above the MCL. No other metals were detected in the groundwater
  samples.
- Use of the ORBCA or SF-RWQCB risk assessment programs is inappropriate at this site.

#### 7.2 ASTM RBCA Health Risk Assessment Conclusions

The following conclusions can be made from the data generated from the health risk evaluation of the contaminants at the site:

- Two principal assumptions were employed to generate the risk evaluation:
  - Preclusion of residential soil exposure by remedial actions and/or capping
  - On- or off-site groundwater ingestion is not a complete pathway, except at a relatively unlikely exposure at a hypothetical old hand dug well
- For all modeled contaminants, health-based risks including carcinogenic target risks and toxic
  hazard quotient and hazard indexes were not exceeded onsite, and are significantly below the
  appropriate risk goal.
- With first-order biodegradation allowed, only the groundwater source (sump) concentration
  of benzene exceeded offsite POE limits at the property line (MCL limit) and at the unlikely,
  but potential, residential hand dug well POE.
- In order to eliminate offsite degradation of groundwater over MCL concentrations, a reduction in groundwater benzene source concentrations from 1.7 mg/L to 3.9 μg/L would.

be required. This also eliminates the residential occupant exposure to groundwater via a hand dug well.

Lead has been excluded from this analysis due to the lack of a published Reference Dose (RfD) for lead by the EPA. The SF-RWQCB promulgated remedial goals have been relied on as an alternative method to define a SSTL for lead. To meet these concentration limits, a reduction in the concentration of lead to 255 mg/Kg at the site would be required, unless otherwise negotiated with the SF-RWQCB.

#### 8.0 Recommendations

Based on the data, Blymyer Engineers recommends the following actions be taken:

- Three permanent groundwater monitoring wells should be installed to monitor downgradient contaminant concentrations. This will allow actual benzene concentrations in groundwater to be monitored. The installation of the wells should be coordinated with future site improvements; in particular with respect to the footprint of the future planned building, and in conjunction with future anticipated remedial efforts.
- A geophysical survey should be conducted to help determine if an UST is present onsite, and to help determine if other sumps or fill areas are present onsite.
- A Feasibility Study should be performed to evaluate remedial alternatives for lead in the near surface soil at the site.
- A copy of this report should be forwarded to the following agency for review:

Alameda County Health Care Services Agency Department of Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, 2nd Floor Alameda, CA 94502-6577 Attention: Ms. Eva Chu

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#### 9.0 References

- American Society for Testing and Materials, Standard PS-104 Standard Provisional Guide for Risk-Based Corrective Action, 1998
- Basics Environmental, Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, California, May 22, 1996
- Basics Environmental, Phase II Environmental Site Investigation, 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, California, September 25, 1996
- Blymyer Engineers, Inc, Phase II Subsurface Investigation, Workplan, 819-823 East 12th Street, Oakland, California, June 27, 2001
- CalEPA, Interim Guidance for Evaluating Lead-Based Paint and Asbestos Containing Materials at Proposed School Sites, California Environmental Protection Agency, Department of Toxic Substance Control, July 23, 2001
- Environmental Protection Agency, Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Volume 1, Human Health Evaluation Manual Supplemental Guidance: Standard Default Exposure Factors, Interim Final, OSWER Directive 9285.6-03, NTIS No. PB91-921314, 1991
- SF-RWQCB, Application of Risk-Based Screening Levels and Decision Making To Sites With Impacted Soil and Groundwater, Interim Final, December 2001

## Table I, Results of Soil Sample Hydrocarbon, VOC, and SVOC Analysis BEI Job No. 201064, Robert Mintz Design Studio 819-823 East 12th Street, Oakland, California

	<b>.</b>	T	T			Kiano, Camonii			T
Sample I.D.	Depth	Sample Date	EPA Method 418.1			VOCs fethod 8240 <sup>1</sup>		SVOCs EPA Method 8270	TOC EPA Method 9060
	(feet)		TRPH (mg/Kg)	Benzene (μg/Kg)	Toluene (μg/Kg)	Ethylbenzene (µg/Kg)	Total Xylenes (µg/Kg)	(mg/Kg)	(mg/Kg)
B1-1*	0.5	9/16/96	600	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B1-2*	5	9/16/96	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B1-3*	10	9/16/96	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B2-1*	0.5	9/16/96	4,400	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B2-2*	5	9/16/96	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B2-3*	10	9/16/96	5,300	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B3-1*	0.5	9/16/96	19,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B3-2*	5	9/16/96	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B3-3*	10	9/16/96	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B4-1*	0.5	9/16/96	89	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B4-2*	5	9/16/96	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B4-3*	10	9/16/96	340	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B5-0.5	0.5	8/7/01	32	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B5-5	5	8/7/01	13	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B5-10	10	8/7/01	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B5-15	15	8/7/01	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

## Table I, Results of Soil Sample Hydrocarbon, VOC, and SVOC Analysis BEI Job No. 201064, Robert Mintz Design Studio 819-823 East 12th Street, Oakland, California

Sample I.D.	Depth	Sample Date	EPA Method 418.1			VOCs lethod 8240 <sup>1</sup>		SVOCs EPA Method 8270	TOC EPA Method 9060
	(feet)		TRPH (mg/Kg)	Benzene (μg/Kg)	Toluene (μg/Kg)	Ethylbenzene (µg/Kg)	Total Xylenes (µg/Kg)	(mg/Kg)	(mg/Kg)
B6-0.5	0.5	8/7/01	26	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B6-5	5	8/7/01	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	715
B6-10	10	8/7/01	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B6-15	15	8/7/01	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	260
B7-0.5	0.5	8/7/01	330	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B7-2	2	8/7/01	NA i	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B7-7.5	7.5	8/7/01	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B7-10	10	8/7/01	<10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B7-14.5	14.5	8/7/01	2,400	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B8B-0.5	0.5	8/7/01	54,000	<10	50	30	240	<8.0 to 40	NA
B8B-5.5	5.5	8/7/01	1,100	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B8B-10	10	8/7/01	600	<5.0	<5.0	58	110	<0.33 to 1.6 <sup>2</sup>	NA
B8B-15	15	8/7/01	7,900	<100	140	1,400	11,000	<1.0 to 5.0 <sup>3</sup>	NA
B9-2	2	8/7/01	54	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Table I, Results of Soil Sample Hydrocarbon, VOC, and SVOC Analysis; continued

Notes:	EPA =	Environmental Protection Agency
	mg/Kg =	milligrams per kilogram (parts per million)
	$\mu$ g/Kg =	micrograms per kilogram (parts per billion)
	VOC =	Volatile organic compounds
	SVOC =	Semi-volatile organic compounds
	TOC =	Total Organic Carbon
	NA =	Not analyzed
	N/A =	Not applicable
	* =	Collected by Basics Environmental in 1996
	B7-15 =	Sample number: e.g. Bore 7 at a depth of 15 feet below grade surface
•	1 =	All other VOC analytes were non-detectable at elevated limits of detection. Please see the laboratory report for details.
·	<sup>2</sup> =	2-Methylnaphthalene and Naphthalene detected at 0.36 and 0.38 mg/Kg, respectively. All other SVOC analytes were non-
i de la companya de		detectable at the indicated elevated limits of detection.

detectable at the indicated elevated limits of detection.

2-Methylnaphthalene and Naphthalene detected at 6.0 and 7.2 mg/Kg, respectively. All other SVOC analytes were non-

Results in **bold** indicate detectable concentrations.

## Table II, Results of Soil Sample Metal Analysis BEI Job No. 201064, Robert Mintz Design Studio 819-823 East 12th Street, Oakland, California

		0427-04	O DANK LE O	treet, Oakian	u, Camorina		
Sample	Depth	Sample Date			EPA Method	6010	
I.D.	(feet)		Cd (mg/Kg)	Cr (mg/Kg)	Pb (mg/Kg)	Ni (mg/Kg)	Zn (mg/Kg)
B1-1*	0.5	9/16/96	0.72	34	270	26	320
B1-2*	5	9/16/96	<0.5	29	6.0	15	20
B1-3*	10	9/16/96	<0.5	31	4.3	36	36
B2-1*	0.5	9/16/96	7.3	40	870	39	1,100
B2-2*	5	9/16/96	<0.5	8.1	<3.0	10	6.3
B2-3*	10	9/16/96	<0.5	37	8.2	34	41
B3-1*	0.5	9/16/96	3.8	40	750	43	650
B3-2*	5	9/16/96	<0.5	25	10	40	17
B3-3*	10	9/16/96	<0.5	38	5.4	48	40
B4-1*	0.5	9/16/96	0.6	33	83	25	77
B4-2*	5	9/16/96	<0.5	27	5.0	17	20
B4-3*	10	9/16/96	<0.5	40	5.5	43	34
B5-0.5	0.5	8/7/01	<0.5	28	16	19	43
B5-5	5	8/7/01	<0.5	26	6.3	26	22
B5-10	10	8/7/01	<0.5	31	7.6	63	37
B5-15	15	8/7/01	<0.5	20	6.0	32	34
B6-0.5	0.5	8/7/01	<0.5	32	9.8	23	19
B6-5	5	8/7/01	<0.5	29	6.9	36	30
B6-10	10	8/7/01	0.70	37	5.8	58	44
B6-15	15	8/7/01	<0.5	25	5.9	48	49
B7-0.5	0.5	8/7/01	0.95	26	270	43	220
B7-2	2	8/7/01	<0.5	33	8.4	24	21
B7-7.5	7.5	8/7/01	<0.5	33	7.0	27	15
B7-10	10	8/7/01	<0.5	24	7.9	24	14
B7-14.5	14.5	8/7/01	<0.5	30	6.6	27	33

#### Table II, Results of Soil Sample Metal Analysis BEI Job No. 201064, Robert Mintz Design Studio 819-823 East 12th Street, Oakland, California

		T					
Sample I.D.	Depth	Sample Date			EPA Method	6010	
1.D.	(feet)		Cd (mg/Kg)	Cr (mg/Kg)	Pb (mg/Kg)	Ni (mg/Kg)	Zn (mg/Kg)
B8B-0.5	0.5	8/7/01	52	110	3,100	240	2,100
B8B-5.5	5.5	8/7/01	<0.5	41	12	15	23
B8B-10	10	8/7/01	<0.5	33	9.8	64	42
B8B-15	15	8/7/01	0.57	35	74	28	43
B9-2	2	8/7/01	<0.5	28	11	30	21
	1000						
STLC	N/A	N/A	1.0	5	5.0	20	250
TTLC	N/A	N/A	100	2,500	1,000	2,000	5,000

Notes: EPA = Environmental Protection Agency

mg/Kg = milligrams per kilogram (parts per million)

B7-15 = Sample number: e.g. Bore 7 at a depth of 15 feet below grade surface

N/A = Not applicable

STLC = Soluble Threshold Limit Concentration (Title 26, State of California)

TTLC = Total Threshold Limit Concentration (Title 26, State of California)

Cd = Cadmium
Cr = Chromium
Pb = Lead

Pb = Lead Ni = Nickel Zn = Zinc

\* = Collected by Basics Environmental in 1996

Results in **bold** indicate concentrations ten times above the respective STLC value. Shaded results indicate concentrations above the respective TTLC value.

## Table III, Results of Grab Groundwater Sample Hydrocarbon, VOC, SVOC and Metals Analysis BEI Job No. 201064, Robert Mintz Design Studio 819-823 East 12th Street, Oakland, California

			,	•	117-023 East 12	Succe, O	ikiano, Camoi	ma				
Sample I.D.	Sample Date	EPA Method 418.1		VOCs EPA Method 8240 <sup>1</sup>				EPA Method 6010				
		TRPH	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total	8270	Cd	Cr	Pb	Ni	Zn
		(mg/L)	(μg/L)	(μ <b>g/</b> L)	(μg/ <b>L</b> )	Xylenes (μg/L)	(μg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)
B2-W*	9/16/96	2,0002,4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.005 <sup>uf</sup>	<0.005 <sup>uf</sup>	0.13 <sup>uf</sup>	0.16 <sup>uf</sup>	<0.05 <sup>uf</sup>
B3-W*	9/16/96	132,4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.005 <sup>uf</sup>	<0.005 <sup>uf</sup>	0.077 <sup>uf</sup>	0.060 <sup>uf</sup>	0.073 <sup>uf</sup>
B4-W*	9/16/96	<1.02	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.005 <sup>uf</sup>	0.007 <sup>uf</sup>	0.082 <sup>uf</sup>	0.080 <sup>uf</sup>	0.11 <sup>uf</sup>
B5W	8/7/01	41 <sup>2</sup>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.005	<0.02	<0.005	<0.05	<0.05
B6W	8/7/01	1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.005	<0.02	<0.005	<0.05	<0.05
B7W	8/7/01	4.8 <sup>2</sup>	<1.0	<1.0	7.6	<1.0	<10 to 50	0.0061	<0.02	<0.005	<0.05	<0.05
B8W	8/7/01	2,000 <sup>2</sup>	1,700	2,500	790	4,100	<25 to 125 <sup>3</sup>	<0.005	<0.02	<0.005	<0.05	<0.05
										17 70		
MCLs	N/A	N/A	1.0	150	700	1,750	various	0.005	0.05	0.015 <sup>5</sup>	0.1	5 <sup>6</sup>
100000000000000000000000000000000000000												

Table III Results of Grab Groundwater Sample Hydrocarbon, VOC, SVOC and Metals Analysis; continued

Notes	: EPA	=	Environmental Protection Agency			
	VOC	=	Volatile organic compounds			
	SVOC	=	Semi-volatile organic compounds	MCLs	=	Maximum Contaminant Level
	*	=	Collected by Basics Environmental in 1996			
	mg/L	=	milligrams per liter (parts per million)	$\mu$ g/L	=	micrograms per liter (parts per billion)
	N/A	=	Not applicable	NA	=	Not analyzed
	Cd	=	Cadmium	Cr	=	Chromium
	Co	=	Cobalt	Pb	=	Lead
	Ni	=	Nickel	Zn	=	Zinc
	uf	=	Unfiltered groundwater sample			
	1	=	All other VOC analytes were non-detectable	at eleva	ated lin	nits of detection. Please see the laboratory report for details.
0	2	=	Laboratory notes that the liquid sample conti			
£ 100	3	=				430 $\mu$ g/L, respectively. All other SVOC analytes were non-detectable at
\$ 95	0		the indicated elevated limits of detection.			
*)	4	=	Laboratory notes indicate a lighter than water	r immis	cible sl	neen is present
	5	=	Federal level			

Results in **bold** indicate detectable concentrations.

California Secondary MCL

Shaded results indicate concentrations above the respective MCL value.

## Table IV, Results of Geotechnical Soil Sample Analysis BEI Job No. 201064, Robert Mintz Design Studio 819-823 East 12th Street, Oakland, California

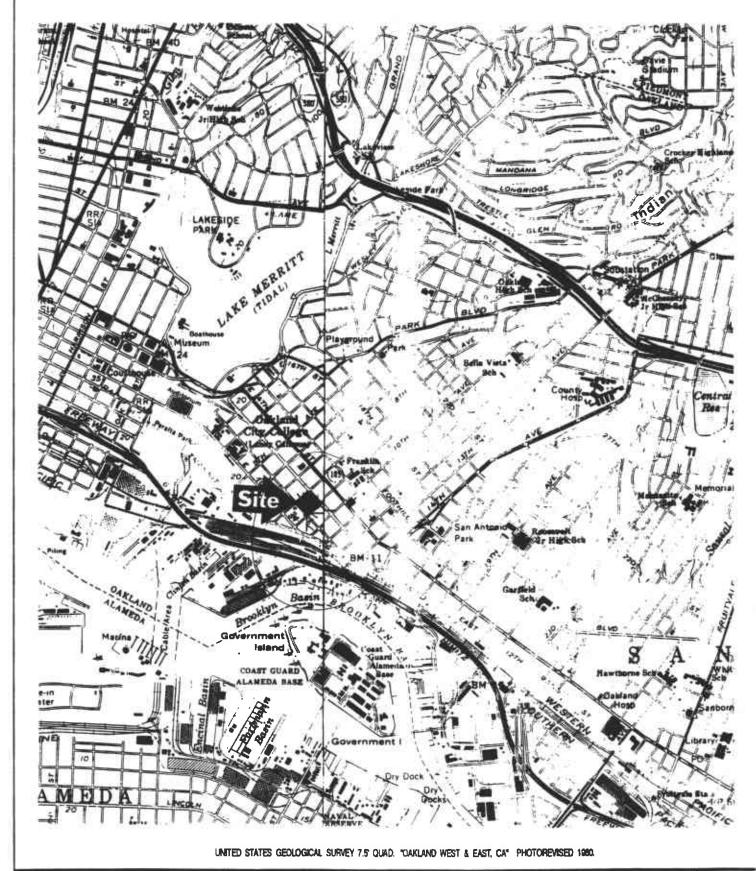
Sample I.D.	Depth	Sample Date	Soil Description	Hydraulic Conductivity	Moisture Density	Porosity	Percent moisture
	(Feet)			cm/sec	pounds/ cubic foot	Percent	Percent
B6-17-18	17 to 18	8/7/01	Brown Clayey Sand to Brown Sandy Silt	NA	105.6	36.9	22.1
B7-16.5-17.5	16.5 to 17.5	8/7/01	Brown Clay with sand	8 X 10 <sup>-8</sup>	NA	NA	NA

#### Notes:

cm/sec = centimeters per second

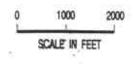
B6- 17-18 = Bore 6 at a depth of 17 to 18 feet below grade surface

NA = Not analyzed



LC BLYMYER ENGINEERS INC.

8E JOS NO. 201084 DATE 6/25/01





SITE LOCATION MAP

823 EAST 12TH STREET OAKLAND, CA FIGURE

1

# EAST 12TH STREET FORMER J&R AUTOMOBILE DISMANTLERS EXISTING CONCRETE SLAB AREA OF DISTRESSED VEGETATION BE RESTRICTED TO THE ORIGINAL USE FOR WHICH THEY WERE PREPARED. PART, IS PROHIBITED WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF BLYMTER ENGINEERS, INC. FORMER SUMP AUTO MAINTENANCE FACILITY **⊕**B86 RESTAURANT FORMER VEHICLE STORAGE AREA AREA OF DISTRESSED VEGETATION WAREHOUSE SCALE: 1"=20"-0" LEGEND SITE PLAN FIGURE BLYMYER ENGINEERS, INC. ROBERT MINTZ DESIGN STUDIO **BLYIMYER ENGINEERS BORES** 819-823 EAST 12TH STREET OAKLAND, CA

PREVIOUS BAGICS ENVIRONMENTAL BORRES

BEI JOB NO.

201064

DATE

6-25-01

LT\ACAD\2001DWG\201084\201084FRG2 \$-25-01

Alameda County Public Works Agency Drilling Permit

JUL-25-2001 08:51 PUBLIC WORKS

# ALAMEDA COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY

WATER RESOURCES SECTION
199 ELMHURST ST. HAYWARD CA. 94544-1394 PHONE (510) 670-5554 FAX (516)782-1939

#### DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATION

FOR APPLICANT TO COMPLETE	FOR OFFICE USE
OCATION OF PROJECT SIT- BAS EAST IN STRAFT	PERMIT NUMBER WO 1-584
Cablert Ch	AFA
	PERMIT CONDITIONS Circled Pennis Requirements Apply
TYPE OF PROJECT Well Construction Cathodic Protection Water Supply Manitoring  PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY WELL USE New Domestic Municipal Industrial  DRILLING METHOD: Mud Rolary Cable  Other  Mud Rolary Cable  Other  Mud Rolary  Ca	A. GENERAL  1. A permit application should be submitted to as to entire at the ACPWA office five days prior to proposed starting date.  2. Submitted ACPWA within 60 days after completion of permitted original Department of Water Resources—Well Completion Report.  3. Fermit is void if project not begun within 90 days of approval date  8. WATER SUPPLY WELLS  1. Minimum surface seel thickness is two inches of central grout placed by tremis.  2. Minimum seed depth is 50 feet for municipal and industrial wells in 10 feet for domestic and brigation wells in less a lesser depth is specially approved.  C. GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS  1. Minimum surface seel thickness is two makes of centent grout placed by tremis.  2. Minimum surface seel thickness is two makes of centent grout placed by tremis.  2. Minimum seed depth for monitoring wells is the maximum depth practicable or 20 feet.  D. EOTECHNICAL  Backfill bore hole by freme with cement grout or eastest grouts and maxime. Upper two-three feet replaced in kind or with compacted cumnes.  E. CATHODIC  Fill hole anded zond with concrete placed by tremis.  7. WELL DESTRUCTION  See attached requirements for destruction of shallow wells. Send a map of work site. A different permit application is required for wells desper than 45 feet.  G. SPECIAL CONDITIONS
Drill Hole Diameter 2 in. Maximum Casing Diumeter 1 in. Depth 18 ft. Surface Seal Depth 18 ft. Owner's Well Number 35.86.81,8	NOTE: One application must be submitted for each well or well destruction. Multiple beings on one application are acceptable for gentechnical and consumination investigations.
Maximum Hole Diameterin. Depthft.  ESTIMATED STARTING DATE\$7 0 1  ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE\$7 0 1  hereby agree to comply with all requirements of this permit and Alameda County Ord  APPLICANT'S SIGNATURE	APPROVED

					L CONSTRUCTION LOGS  ASSIFICATION SYSTEM
	MAJOR DI		LU	SOIL CL	ALCOTTORNES COMO PRODUCTION
	MAJON DI	VISIONS			TYPICAL NAMES
S Z		CLEAN GRAVEL WITH LESS THAN 5% FINES	GW		WELL GRADED GRAVEL, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES
SULS 200 SEYE	GRAVEL		GP	000	POORLY GRADED GRAVEL, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES
GRAINED SOILS B LARGER THAN NO 200 SEVE	MORE THAN HALF OF COARSE FRACTION IS LARGER THAN HO 4 SIEVE SIZE	GRAVEL WITH OVER 12% FINES	GM	0.00	SILTY GRAVEL, GRAVEL-SAND-SILT MIXTURES
GHAINED S LARGER THAN N		FINES	GC	12	CLAYEY GRAVEL, GRAVEL-SAND-CLAY MIXTURES
5 1		CLEAN SAND WITH LESS THAN	sw		WELL GRADED SAND, GRAVELLY SAND
COARSE WORE THAN HALF	SAND	5% FINES	SP	• • • • • •	POORLY GRADED SAND, GRAVELLY SAND
3 5	MORE THAN HALF OF COARSE PRACTION IS SMALLER THAN NO. 4 SIEVE SIZE	SAND WITH OVER 12% FINES	SM	147 × 147	SILTY SAND, SAND-SILT MIXTURES
			sc		CLAYEY SAND, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES
SEVE	SUTAR	ID CLAY	ML		INORGANIC SILT, ROCK FLOUR, SANDY OR CLAYEY SILT OF LOW PLASTICITY
SOILS	SILT AND CLAY		CL	///	INORGANIC CLAY OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY, SANDY, OR SILTY CLAY (LEAN)
			OL		ORGANIC SILT AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAY OF LOW PLASTICITY
OC 22	6U.T. A.				INORGANIC SILT, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACIOUS FINE SANDY OR SILTY SOIL, ELASTIC SILT
PINE G	LIQUID LIMIT GR	ID CLAY	СН		INORGANIC CLAY OF HIGH PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY, SANDY OR SILTY CLAY (FAT)
BPO46			он		ORGANIC CLAY, ORGANIC SILT OF MEDIUM TO
HIG	HLY ORGAN	NIC SOILS	PT		PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS
				FILL	MATERIALS
			С	V FF Y	CONCRETE
			F	1277544	FILL
			A	100000	ASPHALT
		WE	LLC	ONSTE	AUCTION MATERIALS
	CEMENT				
	BENTO	NITE			
	FILTER	SAND		****	

WELL CONSTRUCT	ION MATERIALS
CEMENT GROUT	
BENTONITE	
FILTER SAND	SEE ABOVE FOR CONORETE SYMBOL

NON-COHE	SIVE SOILS*	COHESIN	COHESIVE SOILS*				
SANDS & GRAVELS	BLOWS PER FOOT	SHITS AND CLAYS	BLOWS PER FOOT	STRENGTH TONS/BO FT			
VERY LOOSE	0 - 4	VERY SOFT	0 - 2	0 - 1/4			
LOOSE	4 - 10	SOFT	2 - 4	1/4 - 1/2			
MED. DENSE	10 - 30	MEDIUM STIFF	4 - 8	1/2 - 1			
DENSE	30 - 50	STIFF	8 - 16	1 - 2			
VERY DENSE	OVER 50	VERY STIFF	16 - 32	2 - 4			
		HARD	OVER 32	OVER 4			

SAMPLE INT	ERVAL SYMBOLS
CORED/RECOVERED	CORED/RECOVERED/SAMPLED/ANALYZED
CORED/ NO RECOVERY	N/A NON APPLICABLE/NOT AVAILABLE
CORED/RECOVERED/SAMPLED	

#### SOIL BORE & WELL CONSTRUCTION LOG: B5 Page I of I Job No.: 201084 Orilling Company: Gregg Drilling, Inc. BLYMYER Clent Robert Mintz Design Studio **Orller:** Paul Site: 189 - 823 12th Avenue **Oriting Equipment:** Geoprobe ENGINEERS.INC. Oakland, Callfornia Sample Nethod: Macro-core Sali Bare Clamater: 1.75 Inch in. Date Orlled: August 7, 2001 Logged By: M. Detterman Total Depth Drilled: 20.0 ft. Well Completion Bepth: 1t. Depths in feet Initial Water Depth: 9 14.0 ft. Component Size/Type From To Stabilized Water Depth: I Intervals Surface Completion: Surface Seat Classification Annular Seal: (mdd) Unified Soil 20.00 Seat Grout .00 Blows/8 Sand Pack: Sample **Bottom Seal:** P.1.D. Water Blank Casing: Log Screened Casing: LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION 0 SILTY CLAY, medium brown, dry 3,0 10% 1/8-inch rounded gravel CL Grades light gray -5 14 CLAYEY GRAVEL, light gray, 20% clay, cherty gravel. 1/8 - 1/4-inch, damp GC 10 -10 0.7 GRAVELLY CLAY, light gray, to gravelly silt, 70% tines, CL 14.0 CLAYEY SAND, light brown, medium to coarse grained SC 15 sand, 20% clay, moist to wet - 15 GC CLAYEY GRAVEL, grades orange brown, 1/8 - 1/4 inch, SP SAND, light brown, poorly graded line sand, flows, wet GC CLAYEY GRAVEL, light brown, 1/8 - 1/4-inch, subangular, wet CL SILTY CLAY, light brown, very plastic, wet 20 20 SAND, orange brown, poorly graded, fine to medium grained, wet Boring terminated at 20.0 feet 25 - 25

#### SOIL BORE & WELL CONSTRUCTION LOG: B6 Page I of I Jab No.: 201084 Orlling Company: Gregg Orlling, Inc. BLYMYER Client Robert Mintz Design Studio Oriller: Paul Site: 189 - 823 12th Avenue Orlling Equipment: Geoprobe ENGINEERS, INC. Oakland, California Sample Nethod: Nacro-core Date Orlied: August 7, 2001 Sall Bore Clameter: 1.75 inch in. Logged By: M. Detterman Total Depth Orlled: 20.0 ft. Well Completion Depth: 1t. Initial Water Depth: \$\quad 14.0 ft. Depths in feet Component Size/Type From To Stabilized Water Depth: I Intervals Surface Completion: Surface Seat Class fication (mdd) Annular Seal: (EE) Unified Soil ڬ Grout 20.00 BIOWS/6 Sand Pack: Sample Graphic Depth **Bottom Seal:** P.I.D. Water Blank Casing Log Screened Casing: LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION 0 0.3 SILTY CLAY, medium brown, vegetation rootlets Trace 1/4 inch rounded gravel CL 0.6 5 SILTY CLAY, grades light brown, 10% medium grained 5 sand, low plasticity, damp SILTY CLAY, light green brown, moderate plasticity, CL increase in sand content 0.7 10 SILTY CLAY, black, 50% oyster (?) shell fragments, -10 CL partings with water SANDY CLAY, 25% fine to medium grained sand, 10% 1/4 to 1/2-inch soft rock/gravel, angular fragments CL U.U SILTY CLAY, grades drange brown, maist 14.0 15 CĻ 15 0.7 CLAYEY SAND, orange brown, 20 - 30% fine grained. SC GC moist to wet SM SANDY GRAVEL, light green brown, 1/4-inch angular, CL 15% line to coarse sand, wet SILTY SAND, light green brown, line to medium SM grained, wet 20 SILTY CLAY, light green brown, wet to moist 20 SILTY SAND, orange brown, fine to medium grained, wet Boring terminated at 20.0 feet 4d 1783 25 25

#### SOIL BORE & WELL CONSTRUCTION LOG: B7 Page I of I Jab Na.: 201084 Orilling Company: Gregg Drilling, Inc. BLYMYER Clent Robert Mintz Design Studio Oriller: Paul **Ortling Equipment:** Geoprobe Site: 189 - 823 12th Avenue Sample Method: Macro-core Oakland, California Sall Barn Clameter: 1,75 Inch in. Date Orlled: August 7, 2001 Total Depth Orlind: 20.0 ft. Logged By: M. Detterman Initial Water Depth: 7 15.5 ft. Well Completion Depth: ft. Depths in feet Component Size/Type Stabilized Water Cepth: I From Intervals Surface Completion: Surface Seat Classification (wdd) Annular Seal: $\Xi$ Soll ₽ Seat Grout 00 20.00 Sand Pack: Sample Unified Depth **Bottom Seal:** P.I.D. Blank Casing: L09 Screened Casing LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION 0 SILTY CLAY, black stained, very oily CL Grades dark to medium brown, poor recovery Moist at 3.5 feet, 10% fine gravel, plastic clay 5 -5 CL Trace recovery 5.5 to 7 feet, void?, (oily?) CL SILTY CLAY, black, stained, very moist to wet 1.4 CLAYEY GRAVEL, gray brown, 40 - 60% fine to medium gravel, trace metal at 8 feet, dragged from above? Unknown adar, maist 0.7 10 -10 SILTY CLAY, light green, plastic, unknown odor CL reported by driller GC CLAYEY GRAVEL, light green, 40 - 60% time to medium SM SILTY SAND, dark green, fine grained, moist CLAYEY GRAVEL, dark green, fine to coarse, with 15 -15 partings and 1-inch blobs of black stained soil (not sticky), maist 15.5 SP Sweet odar CL SAND, light green, fine grained, wet SILTY CLAY, light gray brown, plastic SM SILTY SAND, light orange brown, line grained, flows. 20 20 SILTY CLAY, light grey brown, plastic Boring terminated at 20.0 feet

25

25

# BLYMYER ENGINEERS, INC.

## SOIL BORE & WELL CONSTRUCTION LOG: B8a

Page I of I

Jab Na.: 201084

Clent Robert Mintz Design Studio

Site: 189 - 823 12th Avenue Oakland, California

Date Orlled: August 7, 2001 Lagged By: M. Detterman

Orilling Company: Gregg Orilling, Inc.

Orller: Paul

**Orifling Equipment:** Geoprabe Sample Nethod: Macro-core Sall Bare Diameter: 1.75 inch in. Total Deoth Orlled: 12.0 1t.

			_		Logged By: M. Dett			Depth Dr			_
				Well Completion C Component Size/T	lepth: ft. Type	Depths in leet From To		Water Do zed Wate			
Depth (ft.)	Blows/6 in.	P.I.D. (ppm)	Sample Intervals	Surface Completion Surface Seal: Annular Seal: Seal: Grout Sand Pack: Bottom Seal: Blank Casing: Screened Casing:	NE THOLOGIC DES	.00 12.00 CRIPTION	Unified Soil Classification	Graphic Log	Water Depth		
0					100t below grade		1	IAP VAP 4			Γ
		16.3	Н					1117111			ŀ
		_	H	FILL, glass,	brick ,metal,very oil;	ý		1111111		8	-
			Ш					::::::::		8	-
		19.8		Collid and brie	ok minumat sonovosv			1117111		8	
_			W	3010 180 011	ck, minimal recovery			::::::::			
5			V	No recovery.	, very soft			-		8	r
			$\dagger$			ck, gooy soil (trace),	F	*****			1
			H	strong odor	,,,,	, 900) 50					F
			1					1117111		8	F
		_	11					a source		8	Ļ
10			Ш	No recovery	Other than liner co.	ating of black goo.		1007211	ij		L
10			1	nasty odor	Circle tright lines con	ating of block goo,		24444		🛭	
				Oriller report	s settling under foo	at .		200755-0		8	F
				Boring termin	nated at 12.0 feet			14-74-4	i		r
			Н								1
			$\vdash$								ŀ
15		_	L								ŀ
											ŀ
											L
											I
									الله الماري الله الماري	perchange.	-
20									HALL C	DO CHE	-
		-						100		ARK E. O	-
								tas II	N		-
								2.4	. ENG	PEERNG	-
								911	GE	× 1/2	
									\$9		
25									1		-
		_			. **						-

# BLYMYER

## SOIL BORE & WELL CONSTRUCTION LOG: B8b

Ortling Company: Gregg Orilling, Inc.

Page I of I

Oriller: Paul

Orilling Equipment: Geoprobe Sample Method: Macro-core Soil Bore Diameter: 1.75 inch in. Total Depth Orilled: 24.0 ft.

Job No.: 201084 Clent: Robert Mintz Design Studio Site: 189 - 823 12th Avenue Oakland, California

Date Drilled: August 7, 2001

Logged By: M. Detterman Initial Water Depth: \$\foatie\ 18.5 ft. Well Completion Depth; 1t. Depths in feet Component Size/Type To Stabilized Water Depth: I From Intervals Surface Completion: Surface Seat Classification (mdd) Annular Seal: Seat Grout 24.00 Sand Pack: Graphic Unitled Depth P.1.D. **Bottom Seal:** Blank Casing: Screened Casing: LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION 0 SILTY CLAY, black stained, very oily CL Grades medium brown, web-like stingers of black stained sail 359 CLAYEY SILT, dark to medium ofive green, sweet odor, 5 -5 418 ML -10 10 252 CLAYEY GRAVEL, dark green, line to medium gravel, 30% clay, moist 345 -15 15 SILTY CLAY, light tan brown, plastic CL GC GRAVELLY CLAY, dark green, fine to medium gravel. 30% gravel, damp CL SILTY CLAY, light tan brown, plastic CLAYEY SILT, dark green, with increased sand at 18.5 18.5 feet, wet, sheen on sample liner 293 20 20 SILTY CLAY, tan to dark green mottled CL CLAYEY SILT, dark green with trace tan mottling ML SAND, dark green, line grained, wet, sheen on sample SP ML CLAYEY SILT, dark green, wet DETTERMAN Shoe tip mottled dark green and tan, with trace fine 25 Boring terminated at \$4,0 feet

## BLYMYER ENGINEERS, INC.

SOIL BORE & WELL CONSTRUCTION LOG: B9

Orlling Company: Gregg Drilling, Inc.

Page I of I

Oriter: Paul

Orilling Equipment: Geoprobe Sample Nethod: Macro-core Salt Bare Diameter: 1.75 inch in. Total Depth Orilled: 2.5 ft.

Site: 189 - 823 12th Avenue Oakland, Calitornia Date Orlied: August 7, 2001

Clent Robert Mintz Design Studio

Lagged By: M. Detterman

Job No.: 201084

Well Completion Depth: ft. Depths in feet Initial Water Depth: 3 Component Size/Type From Stabilized Water Depth: I Intervals Surface Completion: Surface Seat Classification Annular Seal: Depth (ft.) Seat Grout 00 2.50 Sand Pack: Sample Graphic P.I.D. **Bottom Seal:** Water Depth Blank Casing Log Screened Casing LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION 0 SILTY CLAY, dark brown, oil stained CL Boring terminated at 2.5 leet 5 - 5 10 -10 15 - 15 20 - 20 25 - 25

Analytical Laboratory Report, McCampbell Analytical, Inc., dated August 15, and August 17, 2001



## McCAMPBELL ANALYTICAL INC.

110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553-5560
Telephone: 925-798-1620 Fax: 925-798-1622
http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Client Project ID: #201064	Date Sampled: 08/07/01
	Date Received: 08/08/01
Client Contact: Mark Detterman	Date Extracted: 08/08/01
Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 08/08/01
	Client Contact: Mark Detterman

08/15/01

Dear Mark

Enclosed are:

- 1). the results of 22 samples from your #201064 project,
- 2). a QC report for the above samples
- 3). a copy of the chain of custody, and
- 4). a bill for analytical services.

All analyses were completed satisfactorily and all QC samples were found to be within our control limits.

If you have any questions please contact me. McCampbell Analytical Laboratories strives for excellence in quality, service and cost. Thank you for your business and I look forward to working with you again.

Edward Hamilton, Lab Director

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http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Blymyer Engineers, Inc.

Client Project ID: #201064

Date Sampled: 08/07/01

Date Received: 08/08/01

Client Contact: Mark Detterman

Date Extracted: 08/08/01

Client P.O:

Date Analyzed: 08/08/01

Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Oil & Grease (with Silica Gel Clean-up) by Scanning IR

Spectrometry\*

EPA method 418.1 or 9073; Standard Methods 5520 C&F

Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TRPH⁺	% Recovery Surrogate
74373	B8B-10	s	600	94
74374	B8B-15	s	7900	*
74375	B9-2	S	54	92
74376	B5W	w	41,i	91
74377	B6W	w	1.5	90
74378	B7W	w	4.8,i	90,
74379	B8W	w	2000,i	*
			,	
Reporting Limit us	nless otherwise	w	1.0 mg/L	
stated; ND means no the reporting	ot detected above ng limit	s	10 mg/kg	

<sup>\*</sup> water samples are reported in mg/L, wipe samples in mg/wipe, and soils and sludges in mg/kg

<sup>\*</sup> At the client's request or the laboratory's discretion, one or more positive samples may be run by direct injection chromatography with FID detection. The following comments pertain to these GC results: a) gasoline-range compounds (C6-C12) are present; b) diesel range compounds (C10-C23) are present; c) oil-range compounds (>C18) are present; d) other patterned solvent (?); e) isolated peaks; f) GC compounds are absent or insignificant relative to TRPH inferring that complex biologically derived molecules are the source of IR absorption; h) a lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment.



<sup>\*</sup> surrogate diluted out of range or not applicable to this sample

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<a href="http://www.mccampbell.com">http://www.mccampbell.com</a> E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Alameda, CA 94501   Client Contact: Mark Detterman   Date Extracted: 08/08-08/09/4   Client P.O:   Date Analyzed: 08/08-08/09/4   EPA method 624 or 8240   Client ID   B7W	A 94501  24 or 8240  Lab ID  Client IE  Matrix	
Client P.O:   Date Analyzed: 08/08-08/09/NE	24 or 8240 Lab ID Client IE Matrix	
Compound   Concentration*   Reporting Limit   Compound   Matrix   Compound   Concentration*   Reporting Limit   Compound   Matrix   Matr	Lab ID Client IE Matrix	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Client II Matrix	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Matrix	
CompoundConcentration*CompoundConcentration*Acetone (b)ND $5.0$ $25$ cis-1,3-DichloropropeneND $1.0$ BenzeneND $1.0$ $5.0$ trans-1,3-DichloropropeneND $1.0$ BromodichloromethaneND $1.0$ $5.0$ Ethylbenzene $7.6$ $1.0$ BromoformND $1.0$ $5.0$ Methyl butyl ketone (d)ND $1.0$ BromomethaneND $1.0$ $5.0$ Methylene Chloride (e)ND $2.0$ $2.0$		
W         S         W           Acetone (b)         ND         5.0         25         cis-1,3-Dichloropropene         ND         1.0           Benzene         ND         1.0         5.0         trans-1,3-Dichloropropene         ND         1.0           Bromodichloromethane         ND         1.0         5.0         Ethylbenzene         7.6         1.0           Bromoform         ND         1.0         5.0         Methyl butyl ketone (d)         ND         1.0           Bromomethane         ND         1.0         5.0         Methylene Chloride (e)         ND         1.0		
Benzene         ND         1.0         5.0         trans-1,3-Dichloropropene         ND         1.0           Bromodichloromethane         ND         1.0         5.0         Ethylbenzene         7.6         1.0           Bromoform         ND         1.0         5.0         Methyl butyl ketone (d)         ND         1.0           Bromomethane         ND         1.0         5.0         Methylene Chloride (e)         ND         1.0	oound Con	
Bromodichloromethane         ND         1.0         5.0         Ethylbenzene         7.6         1.0           Bromoform         ND         1.0         5.0         Methyl butyl ketone (d)         ND         1.0           Bromomethane         ND         1.0         5.0         Methylene Chloride (e)         ND         1.0		
Bromoform ND 1.0 5.0 Methyl butyl ketone (d) ND 1.0  Bromomethane ND 1.0 5.0 Methylene Chloride (e) ND<2.0 1.0		
Bromomethane ND 1.0 5.0 Methylene Chloride <sup>(e)</sup> ND<2.0 1.0	romethane	
Carbon Disulfide ND 1.0 5.0 Methyl ethyl ketone (f) ND 2.0	ne	
	fide	
Carbon Tetrachloride ND 1.0 5.0 Methyl isobutyl ketone (g) ND 1.0-1	chloride	
Chlorobenzene ND 1.0 5.0 Styrene (k) ND 1.0	ne	
Chloroethane ND 1.0 5.0 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane ND 1.0	;	
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether <sup>(c)</sup> ND 1.0 5.0 Tetrachloroethene ND<2.0 1.0	l Vinyl Ether <sup>(c)</sup>	
Chloroform         ND         1.0         5.0         Toluene (f)         ND         1.0		
Chloromethane ND 1.0 5.0 1,1,1-Trichloroethane ND 1.0	ne	
Dibromochloromethane ND 1.0 5.0 1,1,2-Trichloroethane ND 1.0	romethane	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene ND 1.0 5.0 Trichloroethene ND 1.0	benzene	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene ND 1.0 5.0 Trichlorofluoromethane ND 1.0	benzene	

Comments: i

1,4-Dichlorobenzene

1,1-Dichloroethane

1,2-Dichloroethane

1,1-Dichloroethene

cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

1,2-Dichloropropane

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

<sup>(</sup>b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.



Vinyl Acetate (m)

Vinyl Chloride (n)

Xylenes, total (0)

Toluene-d8

Dibromofluoromethane

4-Bromofluorobenzene

5.0

1.0

1.0

5.0

5.0

111

110

99

ND

ND

ND

Surrogate Recoveries (%)

<sup>\*</sup>water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

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http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Blymyer Engineers, Inc.	Client Project ID: #201064					Date Sampled: 08/07/01  Date Received: 08/08/01					
1829 Clement Avenue											
Alameda, CA 94501	Client C	Contact	: Mark	Detterman	Date I	Date Extracted: 08/08-08/09/01					
		Client P	.0:		Analyzed: 08/08-08/09/01						
Volatile Organics By GC/MS EPA method 624 or 8240								<u>.</u>			
Lab ID											
Client I	<del>D</del>				B8W						
Matrix	$\dashv$	<u>-</u>			W						
			Reportin	e Limit				Reporting Limit			
Compound	Conc	entration*	W S		Compound		Concentration*	w	S		
Acetone (b)	N	(D<50	5.0	25	cis-1,3-Dichloropropen	e	ND<50	1.0	5.0		
Benzene		1700	1.0	5.0	trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ne	ND<50	1.0	5.0		
Bromodichloromethane	N	√D<50	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene		790	1.0	5.0		
Bromoform	ND<50		1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (d)		ND<50	1.0	5.0		
Bromomethane	N	VD<50	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride(e)		ND<75	1.0	5.0		
Carbon Disulfide	- N	ND<50	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone (f)		ND<50	2.0	10		
Carbon Tetrachloride	- N	ND<50	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (g)		ND<50	1.0•	5.0		
Chlorobenzene	ND<50		1.0	5.0	Styrene (k)		ND<50	1.0	5.0		
Chloroethane	ND<50		1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		ND<50	1.0	5.0		
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether(c)	her <sup>(c)</sup> ND<50		1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene		ND<50	1.0	5.0		
Chloroform			1.0	5.0	Toluene <sup>(Î)</sup>		2500	1.0	5.0		
Chloromethane	Chloromethane ND<50		1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		ND<50	1.0	5.0		
Dibromochloromethane	mochloromethane ND<		1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		ND<50	1.0	5.0		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND<50		1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene		ND<50	1.0	5.0		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND<50		1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane		ND<50	1.0	5.0		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ì	VD<50	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acetate (m)		ND<50	5.0	25		
1,1-Dichloroethane	1	VD<50	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (n)		ND<50	1.0	5.0		
1,2-Dichloroethane	1	ND<50	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total (o) 4100		1.0	5.0			
1,1-Dichloroethene	1	ND<50	1.0	5.0	Surro	gate F	lecoveries (%)				
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1	ND<50	1.0	5.0	Dibromofluoromethane	:			09		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1	ND<50	1.0	5.0	Toluene-d8				110		
1,2-Dichloropropane ND<50			1.0	5.0	4-Bromofluorobenzene				100		

<sup>\*</sup>water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

<sup>(</sup>b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.



Comments: i

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

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		T			<u> </u>				_		
Blymyer Engineers, Inc.		Client Project ID: #201064					Date Sampled: 08/07/01				
1829 Clement Avenue					Date 1	Date Received: 08/08/01					
1829 Clement Avenue		ļ									
Alameda, CA 94501		Client C	Contact	: Mark	Detterman	Date .	Extracted: 08/08/	01			
		Client P.O: Date Analyzed: 08/09-									
		v	olatile	nics By GC/MS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
EPA method 624 or 8240 Lab ID					74371	*-					
					B8B-0.5						
Client I	υ <u> </u>				S S						
Matrix	<u> </u>						· · · · ·	Reporting Limit			
Compound	Conc	entration*		ng Limit	Compound		Concentration*	W	S		
Acetone (b)	3.0	D <120	5.0	S 25	cis-1,3-Dichloroprope	ne.	ND<10	1.0	5.0		
		D<120 D<10	1.0	5.0	trans-1,3-Dichloroproj		ND<10	1.0	5.0		
Benzene Bromodichloromethane			1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene		30	1.0	5.0		
	ND<10 ND<10		1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (d			1.0	5.0		
Bromoform Bromomethane		D<10	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride <sup>(e)</sup>		ND<10 ND<10	1.0	5.0		
Carbon Disulfide		D<10	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone (f)		ND<10	2.0	10		
Carbon Disunde		ID<10	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (g)		ND<10	1.0 .	5.0		
Chlorobenzene		ID<10	1.0	5.0	Styrene (k)		ND<10	1.0	5.0		
Chloroethane	ND		1.0	5.0	1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane		ND<10	1.0	5.0		
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether <sup>(c)</sup>		D<10	1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene		ND<10	1.0	5.0		
Chloroform		D<10	1.0	5.0	Toluene (1)		50	1.0	5.0		
Chloromethane			1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		ND<10	1.0	5.0		
Dibromochloromethane		ID<10 ID<10	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		ND<10	1.0	5.0		
		ID<10	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene		ND<10	1.0	5.0		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	<u> </u>		1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluorometha	ne	ND<10	1.0	5.0		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND<10		1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acetate (m)		ND<10	5.0	25		
1,1-Dichloroethane	N	VD<10	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (n)		ND<10	1.0	5.0		
1,2-Dichloroethane	N	ID<10	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total (o)		240	1.0	5.0		
1,1-Dichloroethene	N	ND<10	1.0	5.0	Surr	ogate l	Recoveries (%)		ı		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	N	VD<10	1.0	5.0	Dibromofluoromethat	ne		9	)4		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	N	ND<10	1.0	5.0	Toluene-d8			1	05		
1,2-Dichloropropane	VD<10	1.0	5.0	4-Bromofluorobenzer	ne		l	80			

<sup>&</sup>quot;water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

<sup>(</sup>b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.



\_Edward Hamilton, Lab Director

Comments:

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Blymyer Engineers, Inc.	Clie	nt Project	: ID: #2	01064	Date Sampled: 08/07/01  Date Received: 08/08/01				
1829 Clement Avenue				Da					
Alameda, CA 94501	Clie	nt Contac	t: Mark	Detterman Da	Date Extracted: 08/08/01				
	Clie	nt P.O:		Da	Date Analyzed: 08/09-08/10/01				
Volatile Organics By GC/MS  EPA method 624 or 8240									
Lab ID				74374					
Client l	D			B8B-15					
Matrix				S	_				
		Repor	ing Limit	Compound	Concentration*	Reportin	g Limit		
Compound	Concentratio	" W	S	Compound	Concentration	W	S		
Acetone (b)	ND<120	5.0	25	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND<100	1.0	5.0		
Benzene	ND<100	1.0	5.0	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND<100	1.0	5.0		
Bromodichloromethane	ND<100	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene	1400	1.0	5.0		
Bromoform	ND<100	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (d)	ND<100	1.0	5.0		
Bromomethane	ND<100	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride(e)	ND<100	1.0	5.0		
Carbon Disulfide	ND<100	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone (f)	ND<100	2.0	10		
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND<100	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (g)	ND<100	1.00	5.0		
Chlorobenzene	ND<100	1.0	5.0	Styrene (k)	ND<100	1.0	5.0		
Chloroethane	ND<100	1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND<100	1.0	5.0		
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether(c)	ND<100	1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene	ND<100	1.0	5.0		
Chloroform	ND<100	1.0	5.0	Toluene (1)	140	1.0	5.0		
Chloromethane	ND<100	1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND<100	1.0	5.0		
Dibromochloromethane	ND<100	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND<100	1.0	5.0		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND<100	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene	ND<100	1.0	5.0		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND<100	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND<100	1.0	5.0		

#### Comments:

1,4-Dichlorobenzene

1,1-Dichloroethane

1,2-Dichloroethane

1,1-Dichloroethene

cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

1,2-Dichloropropane

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

ND<100

ND<100

ND<100

ND<100

ND<100

ND<100

ND<100

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

<sup>(</sup>b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.



Vinyl Acetate (m)

Vinyl Chloride (n)

Xylenes, total (o)

Toluene-d8

Dibromofluoromethane

4-Bromofluorobenzene

25

5.0

5.0

101

90

5.0

1.0

1.0

ND<100

ND<100

Surrogate Recoveries (%)

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553-5560 Telephone: 925-798-1620 Fax: 925-798-1622

http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Blymyer Engineers, Inc.	Client Project ID: #201064	Date Sampled: 08/07/01		
1829 Clement Avenue		Date Received: 08/08/01		
Alameda, CA 94501	Client Contact: Mark Detterman	Date Extracted: 08/08/01		
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 08/08/01		

	Client P.O: Date Analyz						/zed: 08/08/01			
EPA method 625 and 3510 or 8		Semi-V	olatile	Organics By GC/MS						
Lab ID	270 and 5550			74371						
Client ID				B8B-0.5						
Matrix	<del> </del>			8						
Manix							Report	ng Limit		
Compound	Concentration*	W	ng Limit S	Compound		ntration	W	S		
Acenaphthene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Di-n-octyl Phthalate	1	D<8.0	10	0.33		
Acenaphthylene	™ND<8.0	10	0.33	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine		D<8.0	10	0.33		
Anthracene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Fluoranthene		D<8.0	10	0.33		
Benzidine	ND<40	50	1.6	Fluorene		D<8.0	10	0.33		
Benzoic Acid	ND<40	50	1.6	Hexachlorobenzene		D<8.0	10	0.33		
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Hexachlorobutadiene		D<8.0	-10	0.33		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene		D<40	50	1.6		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Hexachloroethane		D<8.0	10	0.33		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	N	D<8.0	10	0.33		
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Isophorone	N	D<8.0	10	0.33		
Benzyl Alcohol	ND<16	20	0.66	2-Methylnaphthalene		D<8.0	10"	0.33		
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	ND<8.0	10	0.33	2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)		D<8.0	10	0.33		
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	ND<8.0	10	0.33	3 &/or 4-Methylphenol (m &/or p		D<8.0	10	0.33		
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Naphthalene		D<8.0	10	0.33		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	ND<8.0	10	0.33	2-Nitroaniline	E	D<40	50	1.6		
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	ND<8.0	10	0.33	3-Nitroaniline		D<40	50	1.6		
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	ND<8.0	10	0.33	4-Nitroaniline		D<40	50	1.6		
4-Chloroanaline	ND<16	20	0.66	2-Nitrophenol		D<40	50	1.6		
4-Chloro-3-methylpheno	ND<8.0	10	0.33	4-Nitrophenol		D<40	50	1.6		
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Nitrobenzene		D<8.0	10	0.33		
2-Chlorophenol	ND<8.0	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodimethylamine		D<8.0	10	0.33		
4-Chlorophenyi Phenyi Ether	ND<8.0	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine		D<8.0	10	0.33		
Chrysene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine		D<8.0	10	0.33		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Pentachlorophenol		D<40	50	1.6		
Dibenzofuran	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Phenanthrene		D<8.0	10	0.33		
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Phenol	N	D<8.0	10	0.33		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Pyrene	3	D<8.0	10	0.33		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	N	D<8.0	10	0.33		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	N	D<8.0	10	0.33		
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	ND<16	20	0.66	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	N	D<8.0	10	0.33		
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Comments: j						
Diethyl Phthalate	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Surrogat	e Recoveries (%	)				
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND<8.0	10	0.33	2-Fluorophenol			#			
Dimethyl Phthalate	ND<8.0	10	0.33	Phenol-d5						
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND<40	50	1.6	Nitrobenzene-d5	-		"			
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND<40	50	1.6	2-Fluorobiphenyl			82			
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	2,4,6-Tribromophenol						
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND<8.0	10	0.33	p-Terphenyl-d14			"			

<sup>\*</sup>water samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / STLC / SPLP extracts in ug/L

DHS Certification No. 1644



ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis.

<sup>\*</sup> surrogate diluted out of range

h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i)liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; j) sample diluted due to high organic content

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http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Blymyer Engineers, Inc.	Client Project ID: #201064	Date Sampled: 08/07/01
1829 Clement Avenue		Date Received: 08/08/01
Alameda, CA 94501	Client Contact: Mark Detterman	Date Extracted: 08/08/01
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 08/08/01

#### Semi-Volatile Organics By GC/MS

EPA method 625 and 3510 or 82	270 and 3330			71274			
Lab ID				74374			
Client ID				B8B-15			
Matrix				S			
Compound	Concentration*	Reporting Limit		Compound	oncentration		ing Limit
Compound	Concemnation	W	S	Compound		W	S
Acenaphthene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Di-n-octyl Phthalate	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Acenaphthylene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Anthracene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Fluoranthene	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Benzidine	ND<5.0	50	1.6	Fluorene	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Benzoic Acid	ND<5.0	50	1.6	Hexachlorobenzene	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND<5.0	50	1.6
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Hexachloroethane	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Isophorone	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Benzyl Alcohol	ND<2.0	20	0.66	2-Methylnaphthalene	6.0	10"	0.33
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	ND<1.0	10	0.33	2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	ND<1.0	10	0.33	3 &/or 4-Methylphenol (m &/or p-Cresol)	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Naphthalene	7.2	10	0.33
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	ND<1.0	10	0.33	2-Nitroaniline	ND<5.0	50	1.6
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	ND<1.0	10	0.33	3-Nitroaniline	ND<5.0	50	1.6
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	ND<1.0	10	0.33	4-Nitroaniline	ND<5.0	50	1.6
4-Chloroanaline	ND<2.0	20	0.66	2-Nitrophenoi	ND<5.0	50	1.6
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND<1.0	10	0.33	4-Nitrophenol	ND<5.0	50	1.6
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Nitrobenzene	ND<1.0	10	0.33
2-Chlorophenol	ND<1.0	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND<1.0	10	0.33
4-Chlorophenyi Phenyl Ether	ND<1.0	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Chrysene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylarnine	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Pentachlorophenoi	ND<5.0	50	1.6
Dibenzofuran	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Phenanthrene	ND<1.0	10	0.33
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Phenol	ND<1.0	10	0.33
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Pyrene	ND<1.0	10	0.33
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND<1.0	10	0.33
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND<1.0	10	0.33
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	ND<2.0	20	0.66	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND<1.0	10	0.33
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Comments:			
Diethyl Phthalate	ND≺1.0	10	0.33	Surrogate Recover	es (%)		
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND<1.0	10	0.33	2-Fluorophenol		82	
Dimethyl Phthaiate	ND<1.0	10	0.33	Phenol-d5		*	
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND<5.0	50	1.6	Nitrobenzene-d5		97	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND<5.0	50	1.6	2-Fluorobiphenyl		75	
2.4-Dinitrotoluene	ND<1.0	10	0.33	2,4,6-Tribromophenol		#	
2,7*Diminotolucite							

<sup>\*</sup>water samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / STLC / SPLP extracts in ug/L

DHS Certification No. 1644



ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis.

<sup>&</sup>quot; surrogate diluted out of range

h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i)liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; j) sample diluted due to high organic content

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http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Blymyer Engineers, Inc.	Client Project ID: #201064	Date Sampled: 08/07/01
1829 Clement Avenue		Date Received: 08/08/01
Alameda, CA 94501	Client Contact: Mark Detterman	Date Extracted: 08/08-08/09/01
,	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 08/08-08/09/01

### Semi-Volatile Organics By GC/MS

EPA method 625 and 3510 or 8270 and 3550

Lab ID		74378							
Client ID				B7W					
Matrix				W					
	Reporting Limit		ng Limit		oncentration	Reporting Limit			
Compound	Concentration*	ncentration* W S Compound		oncentration	W	S			
Acenaphthene	ND	10	0.33	Di-n-octyl Phthalate	ND	10	0.33		
Acenaphthylene	ND	10	0.33	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	ND	10	0.33		
Anthracene	ND	10	0.33	Fluoranthene	ND	10	0.33		
Benzidine	ND	50	1.6	Fluorene	ND	10	0.33		
Benzoic Acid	ND	50	1.6	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	10	0.33		
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND	10	0.33	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	10	0.33		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND	10	0.33	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	50	1.6		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND	10	0.33	Hexachloroethane	ND	10	0.33		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND	10	0.33	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND	10	0.33		
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND	10	0.33	Isophorone	ND	10	0.33		
Benzyl Alcohol	ND	20	0.66	2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	10-	0.33		
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	ND	10	0.33	2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	ND	10	0.33		
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	ND	10	0.33	3 &/or 4-Methylphenol (m &/or p-Cresol)	ND	10	0.33		
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether	ND	10	0.33	Naphthalene	ND	10	0.33		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	ND	10	0.33	2-Nitroaniline	ND	50	1.6		
4-Bromophenyi Phenyi Ether	ND	10	0.33	3-Nitroaniline	ND	50	1.6		
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	ND	10	0.33	4-Nitroaniline	ND	50	1.6		
4-Chloroanaline	ND	20	0.66	2-Nitrophenol	ND	50	1.6		
4-Chloro-3-methylpheno	ND	10	0.33	4-Nitrophenol	ND	50	1.6		
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	10	0.33	Nitrobenzene	ND	10	0.33		
2-Chlorophenol	ND	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	10	0.33		
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	ND	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	10	0.33		
Chrysene	ND	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodi-π-propylamine	ND	10	0.33		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND	10	0.33	Pentachlorophenol	ND	50	1.6		
Dibenzofuran	ND	10	0.33	Phenanthrene	ND	10	0.33		
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	ND	10	0.33	Phenol	ND	10	0.33		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	10	0.33	Pyrene	ND	10	0.33		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	10	0.33	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	10	0.33		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	10	0.33	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol ND		10	0.33		
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	ND	20	0.66	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	10	0.33		
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	10	0.33	Comments: i					
Diethyl Phthalate	ND	10	0.33	Surrogate Recover	es (%)				
2.4-Dimethylphenol	ND	10	0.33	2-Fluorophenol		41			
Dimethyl Phthalate	ND	10	0.33	Phenol-d5		30			
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND	50	1.6	Nitrobenzene-d5		52			
2.4-Dinitrophenol	ND	50	1.6	2-Fluorobiphenyl		44			
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	10	0.33	2,4,6-Tribromophenol		37			
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	10	0.33	p-Terphenyl-d14		33			
L			ď						

<sup>\*</sup>water samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / STLC / SPLP extracts in ug/L

DHS Certification No. 1644

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis.

<sup>\*</sup> surrogate diluted out of range

h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i)liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; j) sample diluted due to high organic content

Blymyer Éngineers, Inc.	Client Project ID: #201064	Date Sampled: 08/07/01
1829 Clement Avenue		Date Received: 08/08/01
Alameda, CA 94501	Client Contact: Mark Detterman	Date Extracted: 08/08-08/09/01
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 08/08-08/09/01
	Semi-Volatile Organics By GC/N	48

EPA method 625 and 3510 or 8270 and 3550

Lab ID				74379							
Client ID	B8W										
Matrix				W							
2	Concentration*	Reportin	Compound		oncentration	Reporting Limit					
Compound	Concentration	W	S	Сотроина	ONCERTALION	W	S				
Acenaphthene	ND<25	10	0.33	Di-n-octyl Phthalate	ND<25	10	0.33				
Acenaphthylene	ND<25	10	0.33	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	ND<25	10	0.33				
Anthracene	ND<25	10	0.33	Fluoranthene	ND<25	10	0.33				
Benzidine	ND<125	50	1.6	Fluorene	ND<25	10	0.33				
Benzoic Acid	ND<125	50	1.6	Hexachiorobenzene	ND<25	10	0.33				
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND<25	10	0.33	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND<25	10	0.33				
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND<25	10	0.33	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND<125	50	1.6				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND<25	10	0.33	Hexachloroethane	ND<25	10	0.33				
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND<25	10	0.33	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND<25	10	0.33				
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND<25	10	0.33	Isophorone	ND<25	10	0.33				
Benzyl Alcohol	ND<50	20	0.66	2-Methylnaphthalene	280	10.4	0.33				
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	ND<25	10	0.33	2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	ND<25	10	0.33				
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	ND<25	10	0.33	3 &/or 4-Methylphenol (m &/or p-Cresol)	ND<25	10	0.33				
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether	ND<25	10	0.33	Naphthalene	430	10	0.33				
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	ND<25	10	0.33	2-Nitroaniline	ND<125_	50	1.6				
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	ND<25	10	0.33	3-Nitroaniline	ND<125	50	1.6				
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	ND<25	10	0.33	4-Nitroaniline	ND<125	50	1.6				
4-Chloroanaline	ND<50	20	0.66	2-Nitrophenol	ND<125	50	1.6				
4-Chloro-3-methylpheno	ND<25	10	0.33	4-Nitrophenol	ND<125	50	1.6				
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND<25	10	0.33	Nitrobenzene	ND<25	10	0.33				
2-Chlorophenol	ND<25	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND<25	10	0.33				
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	ND<25	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND<25	10	0.33				
Chrysene	ND<25	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	ND<25	10	0.33				
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND<25	10	0.33	Pentachlorophenoi	ND<125	50	1.6				
Dibenzofuran	ND<25	10	0.33	Phenanthrene	ND<25	10	0.33				
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	ND<25	10	0.33	Phenol	ND<25	10	0.33				
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND<25	10	0.33	Pyrene	ND<25	10	0.33				
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND<25	10	0.33	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND≺25	10	0.33				
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND<25	10	0.33	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND<25	10	0.33				
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	ND<50	20	0.66	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND<25	10	0.33				
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND<25	10	0.33	Comments: i							
Diethyl Phthalate	ND<25	10	0.33	Surrogate Recover	es (%)						
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND<25	10	0.33	2-Fluorophenol							
Dimethyl Phthalate	ND<25	10	0.33	Phenol-d5		*					
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND<125	50	1.6	Nitrobenzene-d5		48					
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND<125	50	1.6	2-Fluorobiphenyl		41					
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND<25	10	0.33	2,4,6-Tribromophenol							
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND<25	10	0.33	p-Terphenyi-d14		"					

<sup>\*</sup>water samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / STLC / SPLP extracts in ug/L

DHS Certification No. 1644

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis.

<sup>&</sup>quot; surrogate diluted out of range

h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i)liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; j) sample diluted due to high

Blymyer Engineers, Inc.	Client Project ID: #201064	Date Sampled: 08/07/01						
1829 Clement Avenue Alameda, CA 94501		Date Received: 08/08/01						
	Client Contact: Mark Detterman	Date Extracted: 08/08/01						
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 08/08/01						
LUFT Metals*								

EPA analy Lab ID	client ID	/200.7, 239.2 Matrix	Extraction	Cadmium	Chromium	Lead	Nickel	Zinc	% Recovery Surrogate
74358	B6-0.5	s	TTLC	ND	32	9.8	23	19	103
74359	B6-5	S	TTLC	ND	29	6.9	36	30	104
74360	B6-10	S	TTLC	0.70	37	5.8	58	44	97
74361	B6-15	S	TTLC	ND	25	5.9	48	49	103
74362	B5-0.5	s	TTLC	ND	28	16	19	43	101
74363	B5-5	S	TTLC	ND	26	6.3	26	22	102
74364	B5-10	s	TTLC	ND	31	7.6	63	37	100
74365	B5-15	S	TTLC	ND	20	6.0	32	34	104
74366	B7-0.5	s	TTLC	0.95	26	270	43	220	101
74367	B7-2.0	s	TTLC	ND	33	8.4	24	21	103
74368	B7-7.5	s	TTLC	ND	33	7.0	27	15	102
74369	B7-10	s	TTLC	ND	24	7.9	24	14	103
74370	B7-14.5	s	TTLC	ND	30	6.6	27	33	102
Dono	ing Limit unless	s	TTLC	0.5 mg/kg	0.5	3.0	2.0	1.0	
otherv	vise stated; ND ot detected above	w	TTLC	0.005 mg/L	0.02	0.005	0.05	0.05	
the r	eporting limit		STLC, TCLP	0.01 mg/L	0.05	0.2	0.05	0.05	

<sup>\*</sup> water samples are reported in mg/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / STLC / SPLP extracts in mg/L

i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~2 vol. % sediment; this sediment is extracted with the liquid, in accordance with EPA methodologies and can significantly effect reported metal concentrations.



<sup>&</sup>quot; Lead is analysed using EPA method 6010 (ICP) for soils, STLC & TCLP extracts and method 239.2 (AA Furnace) for water samples

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>o</sup> EPA extraction methods 1311(TCLP), 3010/3020(water,TTLC), 3040(organic matrices,TTLC), 3050(solids,TTLC); STLC - CA Title 22

<sup>©</sup> DISTLC extractions are performed using STLC methodology except that deionized water is substituted for citric acid buffer as the extraction fluid. DISTLC results are not applicable to STLC regulatory limits.

extraction fluid. DISTLC results are not applicable to STLC regulatory limits.

# surrogate diluted out of range; N/A means surrogate not applicable to this analysis

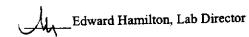
<sup>&</sup>amp; reporting limit raised due to matrix interference

Di Calana I	Client Project ID: #201064	Date Sampled: 08/07/01
Blymyer Engineers, Inc. 1829 Clement Avenue	Chem Project ID. #201004	Date Received: 08/08/01
Alameda, CA 94501	Client Contact: Mark Detterman	Date Extracted: 08/08/01
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 08/08/01
	LUFT Metals*	

Lab ID	client ID	Matrix	Extraction	Cadmium	Chromium	Lead	Nickel	Zinc	% Recovery Surrogate
74371	B8B-0.5	S	TTLC	52	110	3100	240	2100	105
74372	B8B-5.5	S	TTLC	ND	41	12	15	23	102
74373	B8B-10	S	TTLC	ND	33	9.8	64	42	100
74374	B8B-15	S	TTLC	0.57	35	74	28	43	101
74375	B9-2	S	TTLC	ND	28	11	30	21	103
74376	B5W	W	Dissolved	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	N/A
74377	B6W	w	Dissolved	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	N/A
74378	B7W	w	Dissolved	0.0061	ND	ND	ND	ND	N/A
74379	B8W	W	Dissolved	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	N/A
				3					
Report	ing Limit unless	s	TTLC	0.5 mg/kg	0.5	3.0	2.0	1.0	
otherv means n	wise stated; ND ot detected above	w	Dissolved	0.005 mg/L	0.02	0.005	0.05	0.05	
the r	the reporting limit		STLC, TCLP	0.01 mg/L	0.05	0.2	0.05	0.05	

<sup>\*</sup> water samples are reported in mg/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / STLC / SPLP extracts in mg/L

i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~2 vol. % sediment; this sediment is extracted with the liquid, in accordance with EPA methodologies and can significantly effect reported metal concentrations.



<sup>&</sup>quot; Lead is analysed using EPA method 6010 (ICP) for soils, STLC & TCLP extracts and method 239.2 (AA Furnace) for water samples

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>o</sup> EPA extraction methods 1311(TCLP), 3010/3020(water,TTLC), 3040(organic matrices,TTLC), 3050(solids,TTLC); STLC - CA Title 22

<sup>@</sup> DISTLC extractions are performed using STLC methodology except that deionized water is substituted for citric acid buffer as the extraction fluid. DISTLC results are not applicable to STLC regulatory limits.

extraction fluid. DISTLC results are not applicable to STLC regulatory limits.

# surrogate diluted out of range; N/A means surrogate not applicable to this analysis

<sup>&</sup>amp; reporting limit raised due to matrix interference

110 2nd Ave. South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553-5560 Telephone: 925-798-1620 Fax: 925-798-1622

http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

## **QC REPORT**

EPA 8015m + 8020

Date: 08/08/01

Extraction: EPA 5030

Matrix: Soil

%Recovery Concentration: mg/kg RPD Compound **Amount** MSD Sample Spiked Instrument: SampleID: 80801 92 1.5 ND90.1 100.00 91.5 Surrogate1 0.5 93 93 19.3 19.4 20.80 ND **TRPH** 

> $\% \text{ Re covery} = \frac{\text{(}MS - Sample\text{)}}{AmountSpiked} \cdot 100$  $RPD = \frac{(MS - MSD)}{(MS + MSD)} 2100$

RPD means Relative Percent Deviation

2 -

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## **QC REPORT**

VOCs (EPA 8240/8260)

Date: 08/08/01-08/09/01

Extraction: EPA 5030

Matrix: Soil

		Concent	ration:	ug/kg	%Reco	very	
Compound	Sample	MS	MSD	Amount Spiked	MS	MSD	RPD
SampleID: 80701					Instrument	GC	C-4
Surrogate	ND	101.0	105.0	100.00	101	105	3.9
Toluene	ND	51.5	49.5	50.00	103	99	4.0
Benzene	ND	43.5	42.5	50.00	87	85	2.3
Chlorobenzene	ND	44.0	42.0	50.00	88	84	4.7
Trichloroethane	ND	42.5	41.5	50.00	85	83	2.4
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	59.0	57.5	50.00	118	115	2.6

 $\% \text{ Re covery} = \frac{\left(MS - Sample\right)}{AmountSpiked}$  $RPD = \frac{(MS - MSD)}{(MS + MSD)} \cdot 2 \cdot 100$ 

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## **QC REPORT**

SVOCs (EPA 8270/625/525)

Date: 08/08/01-08/09/01	Extraction	ı: N/A			Matrix: 5	Soil	
	<del></del> "	Concent	ration:	ug/kg	%Reco	very	
Compound	Sample	MS	MSD	Amount Spiked	MS	MSD	RPD
SampleID: 80801		·			Instrument	<u>:</u> G	C-8
Surrogate1	ND	980.0	940.0	1000.00	98	94	4.2
Pyrene	ND	590.0	540.0	1000.00	59	54	8.8
Pentachlorophenoi	ND	1010.0	1010.0	2000.00	51	51	0.0
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	610.0	570.0	1000.00	61	57	6.8
4-Nitrophenol	ND	1910.0	1930.0	2000.00	96	97	1.0
Acenaphtene	ND	690.0	630.0	1000.00	69	63	9.1
4-Chloro-3-metylphenol	ND	1400.0	1470.0	2000.00	70	74	4,9
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	ND	650.0	610.0	1000.00	65	61	6.3
N-nitroso-di-n-propyl	ND	800.0	800.0	1000.00	80	80	0.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	710.0	670.0	1000.00	71	67	5.8
2-Chlorophenol	ND	1400.0	1370.0	2000.00	70	69	2.2
Phenoi	ND	1170.0	1160.0	2000.00	59	58	0.9

% Re covery = 
$$\frac{(MS-Sample)}{AmountSpiked} \cdot 100$$

$$RPD = \frac{(MS-MSD)}{(MS+MSD)} \cdot 2400$$

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## **QC REPORT**

## **LUFT**

Date: 08/08/01-08/09/01

Extraction: TTLC

Matrix: Soil

		Concent	ration:	mg/kg	%Reco	very	RPD
Compound	Sample	MS	MSD	Amount Spiked	MS	MSD	RPD
SampleID: 80801					Instrument	P-1	AA
Surrogate1	· ND	101.6	103.1	100.00	102	103	1.5
Copper	ND	4.9	5.0	5.00	98	99	1.6
Zinc	ND	5.2	5.2	5.00	104	104	0.2
Lead	ND	4.9	5.1	5.00	99	101	2.4
Nickel	ND	5.0	5.0	5.00	100	99	0.4
Chromium	ND	5.2	5.3	5.00	104	106	2.6
Cadmium	ND	5.3	5.3	5.00	106	106	0.7

% Re covery =  $\frac{(MS-Sample)}{AmountSpiked} \cdot 100$ RPD= $\frac{(MS-MSD)}{(MS+MSD)} \cdot 2\cdot100$ 

RPD means Relative Percent Deviation

Alpha / Analytical Laboratories Inc.

860 Waugh Lane, H-1, Ukiah, California 95482

e-mail: clientservices@alpha-labs.com • Phone: (707) 468-0401 • Fax: (707) 468-5267

31 August 2001

McCampbell Analytical

Attn: Ed Hamilton

110 2nd Ave. South, #D7

Pacheco CA, 94553-5560

RE: BEI

Work Order: A108455

Enclosed are the results of analyses for samples received by the laboratory on 08/24/01 11:24. If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Shari Speaka

Sheri L. Speaks Project Manager

Alpha Analytical Laboratories Inc.

860 Waugh Lane, H-1, Ukiah. California 95482

e-mail: clientservices@alpha-labs.com • Phone: (707) 468-0401 • Fax: (707) 468-5267

#### CHEMICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

Page 1 of 4

McCampbell Analytical 110 2nd Ave. South, #D7 Pacheco CA, 94553-5560

Attn: Ed Hamilton

Project No: -

Project ID: BEI

Report Date: 08/31/01 10:59

Order Number A108455

Receipt Date/Time 08/24/2001 11:24 Client Code **MCCLAB** 

Client PO/Reference

ANALYTICAL REPORT FOR SAMPLES

	IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF				
Sample ID	Laboratory ID Ma	atrix	Date Sampled	Date Received	
B6 - 5 (74359)	A108455-01 So	ii	08/07/01 09:25	08/24/01 11:24	
B6-15 (74361)	A108455-02 So	il	08/07/01 09:50	08/24/01 11:24	

Alpha Analytical Laboratories Inc.

860 Waugh Lane, H-1, Ukiah, California 95482

08/31/01 10:59

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#### CHEMICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

Page 2 of 4

McCampbell Analytical 110 2nd Ave. South, #D7 Pacheco CA, 94553-5560

Attn: Ed Hamilton

Report Date: Project No: -

Project ID: BEI

Order Number A108455

Receipt Date/Time 08/24/2001 11:24

Client Code MCCLAB

Client PO/Reference

		Alpha A	nalytical	Laborato	ries, Inc.			
	METHOD	BATCH	PREPARED	ANALYZED	DILUTION	RESULT	PQL	NOTE
B6 - 5 (74359) (A108455-01)		,	Sample Ty	pe: Soil		Sampled: 08/07/01 09:25		
Organic Carbon by 9060			•					
Total Organic Carbon	EPA 9060	AH12709	08/27/01	08/30/01	1	715 mg/kg	1.00	
B6 - 15 (74361) (A108455-02) Organic Carbon by 9060			Sample Ty	pe: Soil		Sampled: 08/07/01 09:50		
Total Organic Carbon	EPA 9060	AH12709	08/27/01	08/30/01	1	260 mg/kg	1.00	

alpha Analutical I

Alpha Analytical Laboratories Inc.

860 Waugh Lane, H-1, Ukiah, California 95482

08/31/01 10:59

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#### CHEMICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

Page 3 of 4

McCampbell Analytical 110 2nd Ave. South, #D7 Pacheco CA, 94553-5560

Attn: Ed Hamilton

Report Date: Project No:

Project ID: BEI

Order Number A108455 Receipt Date/Time 08/24/2001 11:24

Client Code MCCLAB Client PO/Reference

Organic	Carbon	hv	9060	- Quality	Control
Olyanic.	Cal DUII	DA	3000	- www.	COILLIO

				Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Flag
Batch AH12709 - EPA 3060A Ci	r6Digest				-					
Blank (AH12709-BLK1)				Prepared	1: 08/27/0	1 Analyz	zed: 08/30	0/01		
Total Organic Carbon	ND	1.00	mg/kg							
LCS (AH12709-BS1)				Prepared	i: 08/27/0	1 Analyz	zed: 08/30	0/01		
Total Organic Carbon	5900	1.00	mg/kg	6250		94.4	85-115		• • •	
LCS Dup (AH12709-BSD1)				Prepared	i: 08/27/0	1 Analya	zed: 08/3	0/01		
Total Organic Carbon	5670	1.00	mg/kg	6250		90.7	85-115	3.98	20	
Duplicate (AH12709-DUP1)	Sou	rce: A108	455-01	Prepared	i: 08/27/0	1 Analya	zed: 08/3	0/01		
Total Organic Carbon	630	1.00	mg/kg		715	<del></del>		12.6	20	



Alpha Analytical Laboratories Inc.

860 Waugh Lane, H-1, Ukiah, California 95482

e-mail: clientservices@alpha-labs.com • Phone: (707) 468-0401 • Fax: (707) 468-5267

#### CHEMICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

Page 4 of 4

McCampbell Analytical

110 2nd Ave. South, #D7 Pacheco CA, 94553-5560

Attn: Ed Hamilton

Report Date:

08/31/01 10:59

Project No:

Project ID: BEI

Order Number A108455

Receipt Date/Time

Client Code

Client PO/Reference

08/24/2001 11:24

MCCLAB

#### **Notes and Definitions**

DET

Analyte DETECTED

ND

Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit

NR

Not Reported

dry

Sample results reported on a dry weight basis

**RPD** 

Relative Percent Difference

PQL

**Practical Quantitation Limit** 

Report To: Gina A Project #: 27173		012	BM 1 Proje				なな					-	<u> </u>				. A	N.		YSI	IS I	E	QU	ES	T				$\neg$	$\dashv$	ı •
Project Location:	SAM	PLING	1	T			TR		7.	ME.	THOI	<b>D</b>					stay designation														COMMENT
SAMPLE ID	SAM	r Ling	E	1513		MLA	IR		P	LES	ERV	ED					rival Pish BioA : & 3 Spine Ski												51		*36 hr haid ( piense dechiari
	Dute	Time	# Centainers	Type Centainer	Water	Seli	Air	Other	Ico	HCI	HDNO,	Other	Asbestoe	000	Suffide	Cyamide	96h State % Sur Plat Headenismow	20C	тос	Arrenoria	TICN	Alkalinty	Turbidity	Nitrace	Fish Bionesay	Flouride	Coliform	Chloride	General Minerals	EPA	
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B6-15	↓	01:50	1	$  \overline{\gamma}$		X		1	X	_		_		1					X								<u> </u>	ightharpoons	$\prod$		74361
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Relinquished By:	7/01 Date:	11,27 Time:		W4		~	/ح	20	21	_	_																				- <del>-</del>

27173 ZBei20 1829 Clement Avenue **CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD** 74358 FAX (510) 865-2594 (510) 521-3773 Alameda, CA 94501 PROJECT NAME/LOCATION 74359 TURNAROUND TIME: 5/37 DAY(S) TPH AS DIESEL (MOD EPA 8015) SEMILYDC (BA 625/1770) 74360 REMARKS: ITXE (EPA 8020/602) WC (ETA 62 (THE) TRPH (EPA 418.1) F OF CONTAINEDS 74361 74362 SAMPLE NAME/LOCATION DATE 74363 B6-0.5 87/01 965 74364 425 Highest values for TRP 940 74365 950 74366 B5-05 1010 B5-5 1015 74367 B5-10 1020 74368 B5-15 1015 74369 B7-0.5 1035 1045 74370 -7.5 1050 74371 1055 1005 74372 **€** 1150 1200 RESULTS AND INVOICE TO: REQUESTED BY: DATE / TIME RECEIVED BY: (SIGNAPARE) RELINCUISMED BY: (SIGNATURE) RECEIVED FOR LABORATORY BY: (SIGNATURE) REMARKS: DATE / TIME RELINCUISHED BY: (SIGNATURE) DATE / TIME

1 1	BLYMY ENGINEERS, 1829 Clement Avenu Alameda, CA 94501	INC.	(I	BE) FAX (510) 865-25	<sub>94</sub> CHAIN	OF CUS	TOD	Y RI	CORD	)				PAGE	2 of 2
	201064 SAMPLERS (SIGNATURE) DATE	PROJECT HAM	E/LOCATION	SAMPLE NAME/LOCATION		≠ OF CONTAINERS	TPH AS GASOLINE + BTXE (MOD EPA 8015/8070)	THI AS DIESEL (MOD BY 1015)	VICTORY (2 CT)	TEH (EA 418.1)		LUFTMEK (S)	a de la constante de la consta	TURNAROUND TIME: 5/3	23
	8/7/01	1215 1225 1255	X 	138B-10 138B-15 139-2	· (a)	lim.		(	<b>%</b>	$\frac{\chi}{\chi}$			74373 74374 74375	3	AN WIN
+ +5 +5 +5		1000 1050 1115 1245		B5W B6W B8W	(A:	44		,	*	+	,	<b>V</b>	74376 74377 74378		
	<b>V</b>	1130 1140		B8-05 B8-75									74379	Hold	
													74380 74381		
	REQUESTED BY:  RELINQUISHED BY: (STE	ا ا		DATE/THAE (8/8/0 122/1		12 33 NATURES		$\mathcal{K}$	D INVOICE T		MARKS:	(23)	DATE ATIME	RECEIVED W. LSIGNATURE)	Mey
	KETINDHIZHED BA (210	NATURE)	keps I	DATE/TIME	RECEIVED FOR LABORATORY BY: (SIG		. / ~	PAIC /				io ,			



		<u> </u>			Date S	Sampled: 08/07/0	1		
Blymyer Engineers, Inc.	Client	Project	ID: #20	01064					
1829 Clement Avenue				.	Date F	Received: 08/08/	01		
Alameda, CA 94501	Client	Contact	: Mark	Detterman	Date E	extracted: 08/17/	01		
,	Client	P.O:		1	Date A	nalyzed: 08/17/	01		
		Volatile	Огда	nies By GC/MS					
EPA method 624 or 8240									
Lab ID				74373					
Client l	ID			B8B-10					
Matrix				S	<del></del>				
C1	Concentration*	Reportin	ıg Limit	Compound	- 1	Concentration*	Reportin	g Limit	
Compound	Concentration .	w	S	Compound			W	S	
Acetone (b)	ND<35	5.0	25	cis-1,3-Dichloropropend	e	ND	· 1.0	5.0	
Benzene	ИD	1.0	5.0	trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ne	ND	1.0	5.0	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene		58	1.0	5.0	
Bromoform	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (d)		ND	1.0	5.0	
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride(e)		ND	1.0	5.0	
Carbon Disulfide	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone (1)		ND	2.0	10	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone	(g)	ND	1.0	5.0	
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene (k)		ND	1.0	5.0	
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroetha	ne	ND	1.0	5.0	
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether(c)	ND	1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene		ND	1.0	5.0	
Chloroform	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene (1)		ND	1.0	5.0	
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0	
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	e i	ND	1.0	5.0	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acetate (m)		ND	5.0	25	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (n)		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total (0)		110	1.0	5.0	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0			lecoveries (%)			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Dibromofluoromethane	;		<u> </u>	03	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene-d8			<u> </u>	00	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	4-Bromofluorobenzene	}	<u> </u>	9	98	
		_	-						

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

<sup>(</sup>b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.



Comments:

Client Project ID: #201064	Date Sampled: 08/07/01
	Date Received: 08/08/01
Client Contact: Mark Detterman	Date Extracted: 08/17/01
Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 08/17/01

Semi-Volatile Organics By GC/MS

EPA method 625 and 3510 or 8270 and 3550

Lab ID				74373	<del>,</del>		
Client ID	<u> </u>			B8B-10			
Matrix				S			
Comment	Concentration*	Reporti	ng Limit	Compound	oncentration		ng Limit
Compound	Concentration*	W	S			W	s
Acenaphthene	ND	10	0.33	Di-n-octyl Phthalate	ND	10	0.33
Acenaphthylene	ND	10	0.33	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	ND	10	0.33
Anthracene	ND	10	0.33	Fluoranthene	ND	10	0.33
Benzidine	ND	50	1.6	Fluorene	ND	10	0.33
Benzoic Acid	ND	50	1.6	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	10	0.33
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND	10	0.33	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	10	0.33
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND	10	0.33	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	50	1.6
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND	10	0.33	Hexachioroethane	ND	10	0.33
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND	10	0.33	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND	10	0.33
Вепго(а)ругеле	ND	10	0.33	Isophorone	ND	10	0.33
Benzyl Alcohol	ND	20	0.66	2-Methylnaphthalene	0.36	10	0.33
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	ND	10	0.33	2-Methylphenol (c-Cresol)	ND	10	0.33
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	ND	. 10	0.33	3 &/or 4-Methylphenol (m &/or p-Cresol)	ND	10	0.33
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether	ND	10	0.33	Naphthalene	0.38	10	0.33
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	ND	10	0.33	2-Nitroaniline	ND	50	1.6
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	ND	10	0.33	3-Nitroaniline	ND	50	1.6
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	ND	10	0.33	4-Nitroaniline	ND	50	1.6
4-Chloroanaline	ND	20	0.66	2-Nitrophenol	ND	50	1.6
4-Chloro-3-methylpheno	ND	10	0.33	4-Nitrophenol	ND	50	1.6
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	10	0.33	Nitrobenzene	ND	10	0.33
2-Chlorophenol	ND	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	10	0.33
4-Chlorophenyi Phenyi Ether	ND	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	10	0.33
Chrysene	ND	10	0.33	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	ND	10	0.33
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND	10	0.33	Pentachlorophenol	ND	50	1.6
Dibenzofuran	ND	10	0.33	Phenanthrene	ND	10	0.33
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	ND	10	0.33	Phenol	ND	10 10	0.33
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	10	0.33	Pyrene	ND	10	0.33
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	10	0.33	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	10	0.33
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	10	0.33	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND ND	10	0.33
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	ND	20	0.66	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	10	0.33
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	10	0.33	Comments:			
Diethyl Phthalate	ND	10	0.33	Surrogate Recover	ies (%)		,
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	10	0.33	2-Fluorophenoi		98	
Dimethyl Phthalate	ND	10	0.33	Phenol-d5		97	
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND	50	1.6	Nitrobenzene-d5		101	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	50	1.6	2-Fluorobiphenyl		104	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	10	0.33	2,4,6-Tribromophenol		91	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	10	0.33	p-Terphenyl-d14		117	

<sup>&</sup>quot;water samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / STLC / SPLP extracts in ug/L

DHS Certification No. 1644

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis.

<sup>\*</sup> surrogate diluted out of range

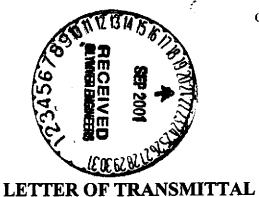
h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i)liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; j) sample diluted due to high organic content

27173 PAGE 2 OF 2 CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD 1829 Clement Avenue FAX (510) 865-2594 (510) 521-3773 Alameda, CA 94501 TURNAROUND TIME: 5/3/4 PROJECT NAME/LOCATION DAY(S) 108# REMARKS: TTE (EPA 1020/162) MOC (EPA 624 8240) OF CONTAINEDS SAMPLE HAME/LOCATION DATE 74373 11 iner 1215 74374 1225 74375 1255 I Aula MOCO 74376 1030 74377 BW 1115 B8W 74378 1245 x B8-05 x B8-75 1130 WYD 74379 74380# 74381H RESULTS AND INVOICE TO: REQUESTED BY: RECEIVED BY: (SIGNATURE DATE / TIME RELINQUISMED BY: (SIGNATURE) REMARKS: DATE / TIME RECEIVED FOR LABORATORY BY: (SIGNATURE) DATE / TIME RELINDUISHED THE (SIGNATURE) Pereived

Appendix D

Geotechnical Laboratory Report, Cooper Testing Laboratory, dated September 18, 2001





#### COOPER TESTING LABORATORY

1951 Colony St., Unit X, Mountain View, CA 94043

Tel: 650 968-9472 Fax: 650 968-4228

1360-D Industrial Ave., Petaluma, CA 94952

Tel: 707 765-2589 Fax: 707 765-1227

email: cooper@coopertestinglabs.com

www.coopertestinglabs.com

TO:

Blymyer Engineers Inc.,

1829 Clement Ave.,

Alameda, CA 94501

Attn: Mark

DATE:

September 18, 2001

PROJECT:

201064 / Robert Mintz

CTL#:

176-003

ENCLOSED:

Laboratory soil test data.

**REMARKS**:

David R. Coope

COOPER TESTING LABS

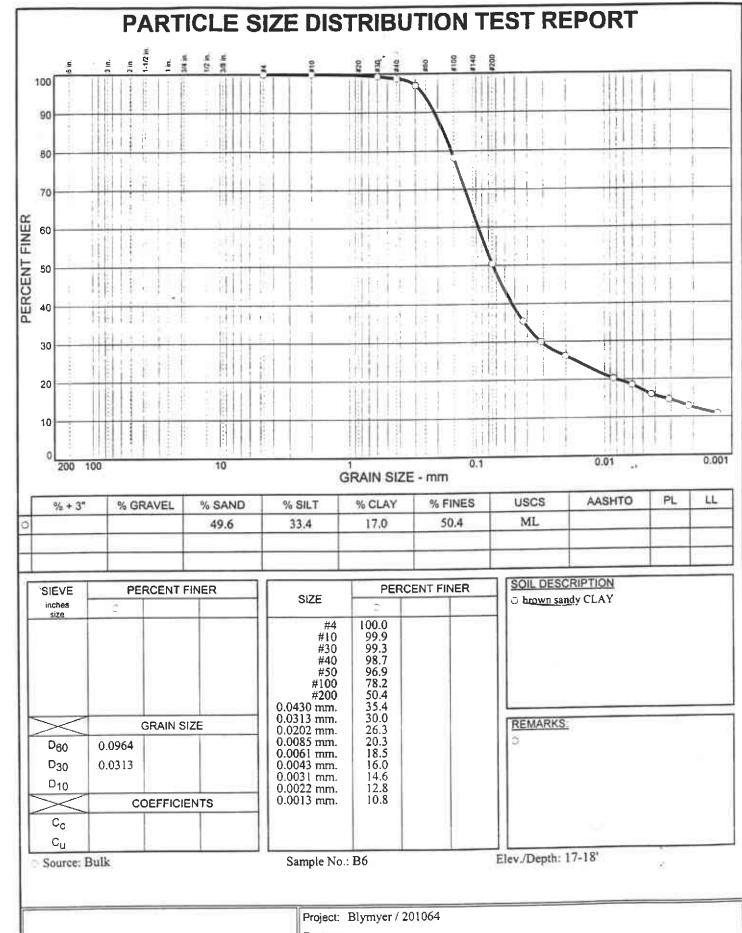
176-003 1829 Clement Avenue **CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD** Alameda, CA 94501 (415) 521-3773 PROJECT NAME/LOCATION TPH AS DIESEL (MOD EPA 8015) 201064 TURNAROUND TIME: DAY(S) SAMPLERS (SIGNATURE) SEMI-YOC (EPA 625/8270) Permos 4:1:4 REMARKS: VOC (EPA 624/8240) BIXE (EPA 8020/602) TRPH (EPA 41B.1) # OF CONTAINERS GRAB DATE SAMPLE-NAME/LOCATION TIME 된 945 Blo-105-12 950 BB-14-15 B6-17-18 955 - 11.5-12075 1225 REQUESTED BY: RESULTS AND INVOICE TO: RELINQUISHED, BY: (SIGNATURE) RECEIVED BY: (SIGNATURE) RELINQUISHED BY: (SIGNATURE) DATE / TIME RECEIVED BY: (SIGNATURE) RELINCUISHED BY: (STENATURE) RECEIVED FOR LABORATORY BY: (SIGNATURE) DATE / TIME REMARKS: YELLOW: BEI, After Lab Signs WHITE: Accompany Sample PINK: Original Sampler

# Hydraulic Conductivity ASTM D 5084 Cooper Testing Lab, Inc.

Date: 09/14/01 Job No: Sample: B-7 176-003 DC By: Depth,ft: 16.5-17.5' Client: Blymyer brown CLAY w/sand Soil: Project: 20164 Remolded To: Max. Hydraulic Sample Pressures: Gradient: 13 Top Cap: 58 psi Cell: 63.5 psi Bot. Cap: 59 psi Method C: Falling Head / Rising Tailwater \*B: = 1.0K,cm/sec Date / Elapsed Min Head, (cm) Start of Test 98.33 9/9 0  $7.0 \times 10E-8$ 1029 96.53 9/10 95.33 8.3 x 10E-8 1456 9.0 x 10E-8 94.33 1759 8.4 x 10E-8 93.33 9/11 2459 2813 8.3 x 10E-8 92.73 7.5 x 10E-8 9/12 91.33 3677 7.8 x 10E-8 90.93 3905

	Average Permeability:	8 x 10E-8 cm/sec
Sample Data:	Initial	Final
Height, in	2.97	2.96
Diameter, in	1,64	1.64
Area, in2	2.11	2.11
Volume in3	6.27	6.25
Total Volume, cc	102.71	102.46
Volume Solids, cc	54.30	54.30
Volume Voids, cc	48.41	48.17
Void Ratio	0.89	0.89
Porosity, %	47.13	47.01
Saturation, %	96.88	97.16
Specific Gravity	2.70 Assum	ned 2.70
Wet Weight, gm	193.5	193.4
Dry Weight, gm	146.6	146.6
Tare, gm	0.00	0.00
Moisture, %	32.0	31.9
Dry Density, pcf	89.1	89.3

Remarks: \*B=Delta Pore Press/Delta Cell Press (indication of saturation).



COOPER TESTING LABORATORY

Feature:

÷ .

Project No.: 176-003

### COOPER TESTING LABS

## MOISTURE DENSITY - POROSITY DATA SHEET

Job # Client Project/Location Date	176-003 Blymyer 201064 09/11/01	÷		
Boring #	B6			
Depth (ft)	-17-18			
Soil Type	brown clayey SAND		E	
Specific Gravity	2.68			
Volume Total cc	104.768			.,
Volume of Solids	66.101			
Volume of Voids	38.667			
Void Ratio	0.585			
Porosity %	36.9%			
Saturation %	101.2%			
Moisture %	22.1%			
Dry Density (pcf)	105.6			

Remarks

Appendix E
Oakland RBCA Eligibility Checklist form

### Oakland RBCA Eligibility Checklist

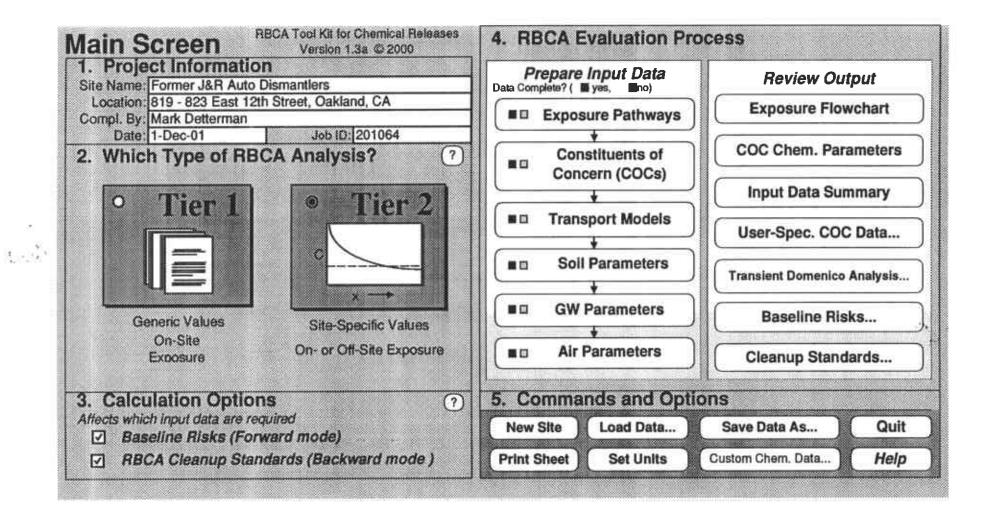
The Oakland Tier 1 RBSLs and Tier 2 SSTLs are intended to address human health concerns at the majority of sites in Oakland where commonly-found contaminants are present. Complicated sites—especially those with continuing releases, ecological concerns or unusual subsurface conditions—will likely require a Tier 3 analysis. The following checklist is designed to assist you in determining your site's eligibility for the Oakland RBCA levels.

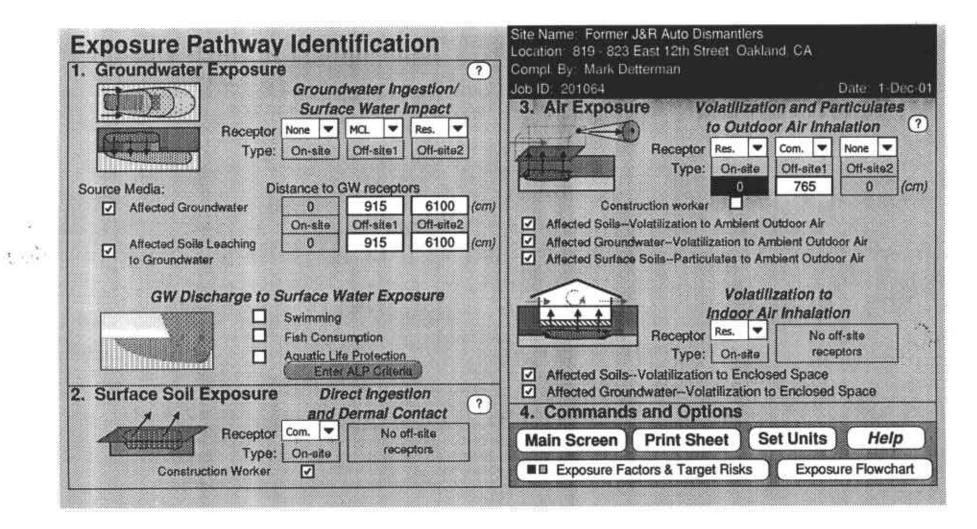
_		ATTIC	NO		
_	CRITERIA	YES	NO		
	Is there a continuing, <i>primary</i> source of a chemical of concern, such as a leaking container, tank or pipe? (This does <i>not</i> include residual sources.) Is there any mobile or potentially-mobile free product?		X		
3.	greater than the lowest applicable Oakland RBCA level?	$\boxtimes$			
	Are there any preferential vapor migration pathways—such as gravel channels or utility corridors—that are potential conduits for the migration, on-site or off-site, of a volatilized chemical of concern?  Do both of the following conditions exist?	$\boxtimes$			
6.	<ul> <li>(a) Groundwater is at depths less than 300 cm (10 feet)</li> <li>(b) Inhalation of volatilized chemicals of concern from groundwater in indoor or outdoor air is a pathway of concern but groundwater ingestion is not*</li> <li>Are there any existing on-site or off-site structures intended for future use</li> </ul>		$\boxtimes$		
	where exposure to indoor air vapors from either soil or groundwater is of concern and one of the following three conditions is present?  (a) A slab-on-grade foundation that is less than 15 cm (6 inches) thick  (b) An enclosed, below-grade space (e.g., a basement) that has floors or walls				
.0	less than 15 cm (6 inches) thick (c) A crawl space that is not ventilated		$\boxtimes$		
7.	Are there any immediate, acute health risks to humans associated with contamination at the site, including explosive levels of a chemical?		$\boxtimes$		
8.	such as endangered species, wildlife refuge areas, wetlands, surface water				
476	bodies or other protected areas?				
*If groundwater ingestion is a pathway of concern, the associated Oakland RBCA levels will be more stringent than those for any groundwater-related inhalation scenario, rendering depth to groundwater irrelevant in the risk analysis.					

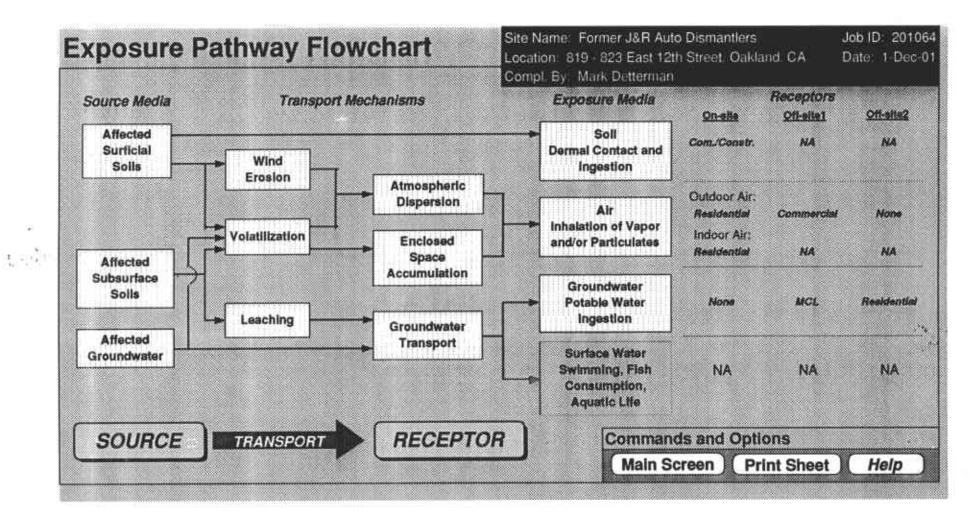
If you answer "no" to all questions, your site is eligible for the Oakland RBCA levels. If you answer "yes" to any of the questions, your site is *not* eligible for the Oakland RBCA levels at this time.

Appendix F

Printouts: Main Screen, Exposure Pathway Identification, and Exposure Pathway Flowchart

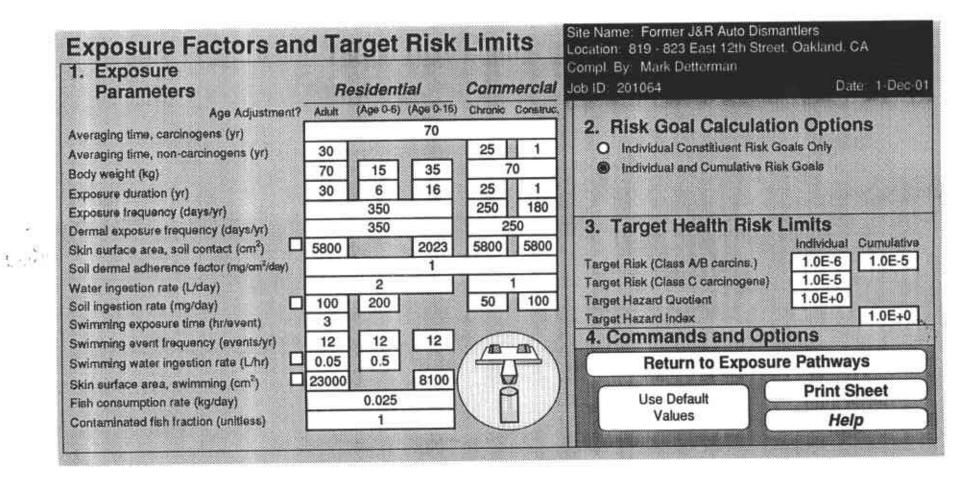






Appendix G

Printouts: Exposure Factors and Target Risk Limits, User-Specified Custom Chemical Database, and Chemical data for Selected COCs



User-Specified Cust	om Chemical	Databas	e		Toxicity Data	Value	Referen
osci-openinea oan	Juli Giloimbai		Ť.,		EPA weight of evidence	A 🔻	]
Chemical Name BenzeneCA					Oral slope factor (1/[mg/kg/day])	0.1	PS
CAS No. 71-43-2	Type	A	~		Dermal slope factor (1/[mg/kg/day])	0.02989691	TX
Physical Properties		Value	Refere	uce	Inhalation unit risk factor (1/[µg/m³])	8.2857E-06	PS
Molecular weight (g/mol)		78.1	PS	~	Oral reference dose (mg/kg/day)	0.003	R
Solubility @ 20-25°C (mg/L)	100 THE RESERVE	1750	PS	-	Dermal reference dose (mg/kg/day)		
Vapor pressure @ 20-25°C (mml	lg)	95.2	PS	-	Inhalation reference conc. (mg/m²)	0.00595	R
Henry's Law constant @ 20°C	O (atm-m³/mol)	0.22888633	PS	-	Dermal Exposure		
	unitless (-)			2	Dermal relative adsorption factor (-)	0.5	D
lonization/dissociation constants (r	H unite):				Dermal permeability coefficient (cm/hr)	0.021	
acid pKa	base pKb			-	Lag time for dermal exposure (hr)	0.26	
Scrption coefficient (log L/kg)	log Kod	1.77	PS	-	Critical dermal exposure time (hr)	0.63	
	O log Kd		1		Relative contribution of perm, coeff. (-)	0.013	
Diffusion coefficient in air (cm²/s)	350	0.088	PS	-	Regulatory Standards		
Diffusion coefficient in water (cm²/e)		0.0000098	PS	-	Groundwater MCL (rng/L)	0.001	]'
Miscellaneous Param			•		Air PEL/TWA (mg/m³)	3.25	
Analytical Detection Limits:	6				Aquatic life prot. criterion (mg/L)		
Groundwater (mg/L) 0.001	s 🔻 Soil (mg/kg)	0.005	s	-	Commands and Options		
First-Order Decay Half Lives (day	s):				Close Restore	Print	
Saturated 720	Unsaturated	720	Н	v	Update Value	Sheet	Help
Bioconcentration Factor (-)	1	12.6		-	Refs.		

#### CHEMICAL DATA FOR SELECTED COCS

**Physical Property Data** 

						Diffu	sion		le le	og (Koc) or					Vapor						
			Molecul	ar		Coeffi	clents			log(Kd)		Henry's	Law Constant		Pressu	T-	Solub ilit	у			
			Weigh	ŧ	ın air		in wate	r	(6	20 - 25 C)		(0	29 - 25 C)		(@ 20 - 20	5 C)	(@ 20 - 25	C)			
	CAS		(g/mol	•}	(cm2/e)		(cm2/s)			log(L/kg)		(atm-m3)			(mm H <sub>S</sub>	)	(mg/L)		acid	bese	
Constituent	Number	type	MW	ref	Dair	ref	Dwat	ref		partition	ref	mol	(unitiess)	ref		ref		ref	pKs	pKb	70
BenzeneCA*	71-43-2	A	78.1	PS	8.80E-02	PS	9.80E-06	PS	1,77	Koo	PS	5.55E-03	2.29E-01	PS	9.52E+01	PS	1.75E+03	PS	- E-		
Toluene	106-88-3	A	92.4	5	8.50E-02	A	9.40E-06	A	2.13	Koc		6.30E-03	2.60E-01	A	3.00E+01	4	5.15E+02	29			-
Ethylberizene	100-41-4	A	106.2	PS	7.50E-02	PS	7.80E-06	PS	2.56	Koc	PS	7.88E-03	3.25E-01	PS	1.00E+01	PS	1.69E+02	PS	84		-
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	A	106.2	- 5	7.20E-02	A	8.50E-06	A	2.38	Koc	٨	7.03E-03	2.90E-01	A	7.00E+00	4	1.98E+02	- 5		1.7	
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	0-00-0	T	400		1.00E-01		1.00E-05	+	8.80	Koc		1.76E+02	7.26E+03	*:	8.36E-04	- 2	2.50E-06	2±	34	-	. 9
Naphthalene	91-20-3	PAH	128.2	P8	5.90E-02	PS	7.50E-06	PS	3.30	Koc	PS	4.83E-04	1.99E-02	PS	2.30E-01	PS	3.10E+01	PS			
Cadmium	7440-43-9	N	112.41	PS	0.00E+00	- 6	0.00E+00	-	1.68	Kd	PS	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	PS	0.00E+00	PS	8.51E+05	27	19	3	5.4
Chromium (III)	16065-83-1	N	52		0.00E+00		0.00E+00		f(pH)	Kd	30	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.1	0.00E+00		1.67E+05	27		,	
Lead*	7439-92-1	- 3	207.2	A	+	*	+	. 9.		Koc	5.40	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	A	0.00E+00	-	8.D0E-01	Α.	194	134	
Mickel	7440-02-0	N	58.69		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	-	f(pH)	Kd	30	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	14	1.73E+05	27			-
Zinc	7440-66-6	N	65.39	14	0.00E+00	*	0.00E+00	- 22	f(pH)	Kd	30	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	+3	0.00E+00	14	6.06E+05	27	124	134	1.4

São Namo: Former J&R Auto Dismuntlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Job ID: 201064

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

#### CHEMICAL DATA FOR SELECTED COCs

**Toxicity Data** 

		Referen	ce Dose		Reference C	Conc		Slope i	Factors		Unit Blak Fa	otor		
		(mg/k	g/day)		(mg/m3	)		1/(mg/i	cg/day)		1/(µg/m3)			
			(mg/kg/day)						1/(mg/kg/day)				<b>EPA Weight</b>	le le
Constituent	Orei RID orei	ref	Dermal RfD dermal	ref	Inhalation RIC Inhal	ref	Oral SF_oral	ref	Dermal SF dermal	ref	inhalation URF inhal	ref	of Evidence	Constituent Carcinogenic 7
BenzeneCA*	3.00E-03	A		140	5 95E-03	B	1.00E-01	PS	2.99E-02	TX	8.29E-06	PS	A	TRUE
Toluene	2.00E-01	A,R	1.60E-01	TX	4.00E-01	A.R	- 121		- 25	40	- 20		D	FALSE
Ethylbenzene	1 00E-01	PS	9.70E-02	TX	1.00E+00	PS				+33	*:	* 1	D	FALSE
Xylene (mixed isomers)	2.00E+00	A,R	1.84E+00	TX	7.00E+00	A	- 3				- 5	23	D	FALSE
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	2.00E+00	T		•	-	T				*.		-	D	FALSE
Naphthalene	4.00E-01	PS	3.56E-01	TX	1.40E+00	PS		- 1		+			D	FALSE
Cadmium	5.00E-04	PS	+	-	2.20E+01	31				=+:	1.80E-03	PS	B1	TRUE
Chromium (III)	1.50E+00	R	1.96E-02	TX		-				+		- 2		FALSE
Lead*	+	*.	-	-		-				+ .			D	FALSE
Nicke	2.00E-02	R	- 2	-		-				-	4.80E-04	31	Α.	TRUE
Zinc	3.00E-01	R	6 00E-02	TX	14.					+11		+ .	D	FALSE

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Di Site Location; 819 - 823 East

#### Miscellaneous Chemical Data

		Maximum	Time-Wei Average Wo		Aquatio L Prot. Crite		Blocon- centration
	c	ontaminant Level	Criter	ia			Factor
Constituent	MCL (mg/L)	sef	TWA (mg/m2)	tef	AGL (mg/L)	ref	(L-wet/kg-fish)
BenzeneCA*	1.00E-03	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3.25E+00		-		12.6
Toluene	1.00E+00	56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)	1.47E+02	ACGIH			70
Ethylbenzene	7.00E-01	56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)	4.35E+02	PS		-	1
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1.00E+01	56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)	4.34E+02	ACGIH	+		1
TPH - Aligh >C21-C34							1
Naphthelene		•	5.00E+01	PS	+:	*	430
Cadmium	5.00E-03	56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)	2.00E-01	PS	3.70E-03	33	1
Chromium (III)	1.00E-01	56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)	5.00E-01	NIOSH	5.50E-01	33	4
Load*	1.50E-02	-EPA	5.00E-02	OSHA			
Nickel	1.00E-01	57 FR 31776 (17 Jul 92)	5.00E-02	ACGIH	1:40E+00	33	1
Zinc	5.00E+00	Secondary MCL			1.10E-01	33	1

<sup>\* =</sup> Chemical with user-specified Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dir

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Di-Site Location; 819 - 823 East

#### CHEMICAL DATA FOR SELECTED COCS

Miscellaneous Chemical Data

	Dermal		We	ter Dermei Per	mesbility Data									
	Relative	Dermal	Lug time for	Critical	Relative	Water/Skin			Detection	i.jmite		Hei	lf Life	
	Absorp.	Permeability	Dermal	Exposure	Contr of Derm	Deam Adsorp		Groundw	eler	Soli		(First-Or	der Decay)	
	Factor	Coeff.	Exposure	Time	Perm Coeff	Factor		(mg/L	)	(mg/kg	)	(d	inys)	
Constituent	(unitless)	(cm/hr)	(hr)	(hr)	(unitiess)	(cm/event)	tel		ref		ref	Seturated	Unsaturated	ref
BertzeneCA*	0.5	0.021	0.26	0.63	0.013	7.3E-2	D	0.001	S	0.005	S	720	720	H
Toluene	0.5	0.045	0.32	0.77	0.054	1.6E-1	D	0.002	S	0.005	S	28	28	Н
Ethylbenzene	0.5	0.074	0.39	1.3	0.14	2.7E-1	D	0.002	S	0.005	S	228	228	Н
Xylene (mixed isomers)	0.5	0.08	0.39	1.4	0.16	2.9E-1	D	0.005	S	0.005	S	360	360	H
TPH - Aligh >C21-C34	0.05	+			*					+:			.*:	
Naphthalene	0.05	0.069	0.53	2.2	0.2	2.7E-1	D	0.01	32	0.01	32	258	258	H
Cadmium	0	0.001				3.0E-3	D	0.001	S	0.004	8			
Chromium (III)	0	0.001				3.0E-3	D	0.01	S	0.007	S	9	+	
Lead*		0.000004						0.005		3	-			
Nickel	0	0.0001		-		3.0E-4	D	0.05	S	0.015	S	-		- 34
Zinc	0	0.0006		- 4	- 90	1.8E-3	D	0.005	S	0.002	S		*	

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Di Site Location: 819 - 823 East Printouts: Representative COC Concentrations in Source Media (Groundwater)

# **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT**

**User-Specified COC Data** 

# REPRESENTATIVE COC CONCENTRATIONS IN SOURCE MEDIA

Representative COC Concentration

-	Groundwater	Soils (	0 - 730 cm)
value (mg/L)	note	value (mg/kg)	note
1.7E+0		2.5E-3	
2.5E+0		2.6E-2	
7.9E-1		1.3E-1	
4.1E+0		6.6E-1	
2.0E+3		7.3E+1	
7.1E-1		3.1E+0	
0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	4.3E-1	
0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	3.3E+1	
0.0E+0	unfilter. samples excluded	1.7E+1	
0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	3.2E+1	
0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	4.7E+1	
	1.7E+0 2.5E+0 7.9E-1 4.1E+0 2.0E+3 7.1E-1 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0	value (mg/L) note  1.7E+0 2.5E+0 7.9E-1 4.1E+0 2.0E+3 7.1E-1 0.0E+0 4 unfiltered gw samples 0.0E+0 4 unfiltered gw samples 0.0E+0 unfilter. samples excluded 0.0E+0 4 unfiltered gw samples	value (mg/L)         note         value (mg/kg)           1.7E+0         2.5E-3           2.5E+0         2.6E-2           7.9E-1         1.3E-1           4.1E+0         6.6E-1           2.0E+3         7.3E+1           7.1E-1         3.1E+0           0.0E+0         4 unfiltered gw samples         4.3E-1           0.0E+0         4 unfiltered gw samples         3.3E+1           0.0E+0         unfilter. samples excluded         1.7E+1           0.0E+0         4 unfiltered gw samples         3.2E+1

# \* = Chemical with user-specified data

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Job ID: 201064

# **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT**

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

1 of 1

		TIER 2	GROUNDW	ATER CON	ICENTRATION I	DATA SUMMAF	ay
		Analytical Method			Dete	cted Concentra	itions
CONSTITUE	NTS DETECTED	Typical Detection	No. of	No. of	Maximum	Mean	UCL on Mea
CAS No.	Name	Limit (mg/L)	Samples	Detects	Conc. (mg/L)	Conc. (mg/L)	Conc. (mg/L
71-43-2	BenzeneCA*	1.0E-03	1	1	1.7E+00	1.7E+00	NA
108-88-3	Toluene	1.0E-03	1	1	2.5E+00	2.5E+00	NA
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	1.0E-03	1	1	7.9E-01	7.9E-01	NA
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	1.0E-03	1	1	4.1E+00	4.1E+00	NA
0-00-0	TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	1.0E+00	1	1	2.0E+03	2.0E+03	NA
91-20-3	Naphthalene	1.0E-02	1	1	7.1E-01	7.1E-01	NA
7440-43-9	Cadmium	5.0E-03	1	0	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	NA
16065-83-1	Chromium (III)	2.0E-02	1	0	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	NA
7439-92-1	Lead*	5.0E-03	1	0	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	NA
7440-02-0	Nickel	5.0E-02	1	0	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	NA
7440-66-6	Zinc	5.0E-02	1	0	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	NA

<sup>\* =</sup> Chemical with user-specified data

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantler	S	Job ID: 201064	Commands	and Options	
ocation: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oal Compl. By: Mark Detterman	kland, CA	Date: 1-Dec-01	Main Screen	Print Sheet	Help
Source Media	Consti	tuents of Conce	•	$\overline{2}$	Apply Raoult's Law
COC Select: Sort List: ?	Groun	ndwater Source Zone	Soil S	ource Zone	Mole Fraction
Add/Insert Top MoveUp  Delete Bottom MoveDown	Enter Direc		Enter Directly	■□ Enter Site Data	in Source Material
	(mg/L)	note	(mg/kg)	note	(-)
BenzeneCA*	1.7E+0		2.5E-3		
Toluene	2.5E+0		2.6E-2		
Ethylbenzene	7.9E-1		1.3E-1		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	4.1E+0		6.6E-1		
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	2.0E+3		7.3E+1		
Naphthalene	7.1E-1		3.1E+0		
Cadmium	0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	4.3E-1		
Chromium (III)	0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	3.3E+1		
Lead*	0.0E+0	unfilter, samples excluded	1.7E+1		
Nickel	0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	3.2E+1		
Zinc	0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	4.7E+1		

RBCA Tool Kit for Chemical Releases, Version 1.3a

Commands and Options	Marie Control	Disense State Committee Co		er J&R Auto D 23 East 12th S			: 20106- 1-Dec-0
Return Print Sheet	Help	Compl. B	y: Mark	Detterman			
Groundwater Soul	rce Zoi	ne Co	ncer	tration	Valuetone	All in spellings in	UCL Percentil
Calculator	Paste Defaults			Estimated	(	Mean Option	95%
Constituent	Detection Limit	No. of Samples	No. of Detects	Distribution of Data	Max. Conc.	Mean Conc.	UCL or Mean
	(mg/L)				(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)
BenzeneCA*	1.0E-3	1	1		1.7E+0	1.7E+0	NA
Toluene	1.0E-3	- 1	1	T0#1 =	2.5E+0	2.5E+0	NA
Ethylbenzene	1.0E-3	1	1		7.9E-1	7.9E-1	NA
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1.0E-3	Ť	1	150 T	4.1E+0	4.1E+0	NA
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	1.0E+0	1.	1	35	2.0E+3	2.0E+3	NA
Naphthalene	1.0E-2	1	1	-8	7.1E-1	7.1E-1	NA
Cadmium	5.0E-3	1	0	■ #3	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	NA
Chromium (III)	2.0E-2	- #	0	20	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	NA
Lead*	5.0E-3	1	0	# ■	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	NA
Nickel	5.0E-2	1	0	¥:	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	NA
Zinc	5.0E-2	1	0	*	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	NA
* = Chemical with user-specif	ied data	THE PERSON	PT PT	世界では世界の	750 -63	THE PERSON	<b>原建立</b>

#### Enter Analytical Data from Groundwater Source Zone (up to 50 Data Points)

(up	to 50 Data	Points)									Α	nalytical Da	ta
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
ID	B2-W	B3-W	B4-W	B5W	B6W	B7W	B8W						
Date	16-Sep-96	16-Sep-96	16-Sep-96	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01						

(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)						
						1.70E+0						
						2.50E+0						
						7.90E-1						
						4.10E+0						
						2.00E+3						
						7.10E-1						
						< 0.005						
						< 0.02						
						<0.005						
						<0.05						
						<0.05						

								A	nalytical Da	ıta		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)									

									Α	nalytical Da	ita	
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)										

40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
mg/L)	(mg/L)									

# Appendix I

Printouts: Representative COC Concentrations in Source Media (Soil)

# RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT

**User-Specified COC Data** 

# REPRESENTATIVE COC CONCENTRATIONS IN SOURCE MEDIA

Representative COC Concentration

		nepresentative C	oc concentration	
CONSTITUENT	,	Groundwater	Solls	(0 - 730 cm)
	value (mg/L)	note	value (mg/kg)	note
BenzeneCA*	1.7E+0		2.5E-3	
Toluene	2.5E+0		2.6E-2	
Ethylbenzene	7.9E-1		1.3E-1	
Xylene (mixed isomers)	4.1E+0		6.6E-1	
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	2.0E+3		7.3E+1	
Naphthalene	7.1E-1		3.1E+0	
Cadmium	0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	4.3E-1	
Chromium (III)	0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	3.3E+1	
Lead*	0.0E+0	unfilter. samples excluded	1.7E+1	
Nickel	0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	3.2E+1	
Zinc	0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	4.7E+1	

# \* = Chemical with user-specified data

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

1, 4

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Job ID: 201064

# **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT**

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Completed By: Mark Detterman

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

1 of 1

		Analytical Method			Data	cted Concentra	tione
CONSTITUE	NTS DETECTED	Typical Detection	No. of	No. of	Maximum	Mean	UCL on Mear
CAS No.	Name	Limit (mg/kg)	Samples	Detects	Conc. (mg/kg)	300.727210	
71-43-2	BenzeneCA*	5.0E-03	3	0	0.0E+00	2.5E-03	2.5E-03
108-88-3	Toluene	5.0E-03	3	2	1.4E-01	2.6E-02	8.8E-01
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	5.0E-03	3	3	1.4E+00	1.3E-01	4.3E+00
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	5.0E-03	3	3	1.1E+01	6.6E-01	4.2E+01
0-00-0	TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	1.0E+01	29	16	5.4E+04	7.3E+01	1.9E+02
91-20-3	Naphthalene	3.3E-01	2	2	1.3E+01	3.1E+00	NA
7440-43-9	Cadmium	5.0E-01	30	8	5.2E+01	4.3E-01	6.3E-01
16065-83-1	Chromium (III)	5.0E-01	30	30	1.1E+02	3.3E+01	3.8E+01
7439-92-1	Lead*	3.0E+00	30	29	3.1E+03	1.7E+01	3.1E+01
7440-02-0	Nickel	2.0E+00	30	30	2.4E+02	3.2E+01	3.9E+01
7440-66-6	Zinc	1.0E+00	30	30	2.1E+03	4.7E+01	7.1E+01

<sup>\* =</sup> Chemical with user-specified data

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantl	ers	Job ID: 201064	Commands	and Options	
ocation: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Compl. By: Mark Detterman	akland, CA	Date: 1-Dec-01	Main Scree	n Print Sheet	Help
Source Media	Consti	tuents of Conce	The second spin	(3)	Apply Raoult's Law ?
COC Select: Sort List: ?	Groun	ndwater Source Zone	Soil S	ource Zone	Mole Fraction
(Add/Insert) Top MoveUp	Enter Direc	etly Enter Site Data	Enter Directly	■□ Enter Site Data	in Source Material
Delete Bottom MoveDown	(mg/L)	note	(mg/kg)	note	(-)
BenzeneCA*	1.7E+0		2.5E-3		
Toluene	2.5E+0		2.6E-2		
Ethylbenzene	7.9E-1		1.3E-1		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	4.1E+0		6.6E-1		
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	2.0E+3		7.3E+1		
Naphthalene	7.1E-1		3.1E+0		
Cadmium	0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	4.3E-1		
Chromium (III)	0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	3.3E+1		
Lead*	0.0E+0	unfilter, samples excluded	1.7E+1		
Nickel	0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	3.2E+1		
Zinc	0.0E+0	4 unfiltered gw samples	4.7E+1		

RBCA Tool Kit for Chemical Releases, Version 1.3a

Commands and Options		STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN		ner J&R Auto I			20106
Return Print Sheet	Help			23 East 12th Detterman	Street, Oa	akland@a:	1-Dec-0
Soil Source Zone	Conce	ntrati	on C	alculat	or	des desires	UCL Percentil
	Paste Defaults		92	Estimated	(	Mean Option	95%
Constituent	Detection Limit	No. of Samples	No. of Detects	Distribution of Data	Max. Conc.	Mean Conc.	UCL or Mean
	(mg/kg)				(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
BenzeneCA*	5.0E-3	3	0	Normal	0.0E+0	2.5E-3	2.5E-3
Toluene	5.0E-3	3	2	Lognormal	1.4E-1	2.6E-2	8.8E-1
Ethylbenzene	5.0E-3	3	3	Lognormal	1.4E+0	1.3E-1	4.3E+0
Xylene (mixed isomers)	5.0E-3	3	3	Lognormal	1.1E+1	6.6E-1	4.2E+1
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	1.0E+1	29	16	Lognormal	5.4E+4	7.3E+1	1.9E+2
Naphthalene	3.3E-1	2	2	Lognormal	1.3E+1	3.1E+0	NA
Cadmium	5.0E-1	30	8	Lognormal	5.2E+1	4.3E-1	6.3E-1
Chromium (III)	5.0E-1	30	30	Normal	1.1E+2	3.3E+1	3.8E+1
Lead*	3.0E+0	30	29	Lognormal	3.1E+3	1.7E+1	3.1E+1
Nickel	2.0E+0	30	30	Lognormal	2.4E+2	3.2E+1	3.9E+1
Zinc	1.0E+0	30	30	Lognormal	2.1E+3	4.7E+1	7.1E+1
* = Chemical with user-specif	ied data	100 100	80.01 - PRIT	<b>がだった。</b>	41 41 15	11 X 1 X 1 1 X 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	表现任 新

Enter Analytical Data from
Soll Source Zone
(up to 50 Data Points)

(up	to 50 Dat	a Points)									A	nalytical Da	ta
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
ID	B1-1	B1-2	B1-3	B2-1	B2-2	B2-3	B3-1	B3-2	B3-3	B4-1	B4-2	B4-3	B5-0.5
Date	16-Sep-96	7-Aug-01											

| (mg/kg) |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| 6.00E+2 | <10     | <10     | 4.40E+3 | <10     | 5.30E+3 | 1.90E+4 | <10     | <10     | 8.90E+1 | <10     | 3.40E+2 | 3.20E+1 |
| 7.20E-1 | <0.5    | <0.5    | 7.30E+0 | <0.5    | <0.5    | 3.80E+0 | <0.5    | <0.5    | 6.00E-1 | <0.5    | <0.5    | <0.5    |
| 3.40E+1 | 2.90E+1 | 3.10E+1 | 4.00E+1 | 8.10E+0 | 3.70E+1 | 4.00E+1 | 2.50E+1 | 3.80E+1 | 3.30E+1 | 2.70E+1 | 4.00E+1 | 2.80E+1 |
| 2.70E+2 | 6.00E+0 | 4.30E+0 | 8.70E+2 | <3.0    | 8.20E+0 | 7.50E+2 | 1.00E+1 | 5.40E+0 | 8.30E+1 | 5.00E+0 | 5.50E+0 | 1.60E+1 |
| 2.60E+1 | 1.50E+1 | 3.60E+1 | 3.90E+1 | 1.00E+1 | 3.40E+1 | 4.30E+1 | 4.00E+1 | 4.80E+1 | 2.50E+1 | 1.70E+1 | 4.30E+1 | 1.90E+1 |
| 3.20E+2 | 2.00E+1 | 3.60E+1 | 1.10E+3 | 6.30E+0 | 4.10E+1 | 6.50E+2 | 1.70E+1 | 4.00E+1 | 7.70E+1 | 2.00E+1 | 3.40E+1 | 4.30E+1 |

										ΑΑ	nalytical Da	ıta
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
B5-5	B5-10	B5-15	B6-0.5	B6-5	B6-10	B6-15	B7-0.5	B7-2	B7-7.5	B7-10	B7-14.5	B8B-0.5
7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01	7-Aug-01
(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	30.0 30.0						25.007/240-11	21-21-2207	DECEMBER ASSE			<0.010
												5.00E-2
												3.00E-2
												2.40E-1
1.30E+1	<10	<10	2.60E+1	<10	<10	<10	3.30E+2		<10	<10	2.40E+3	5.40E+4
<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	7.00E-1	<0.5	9.50E-1	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	5.20E+1
2.60E+1	3.10E+1	2.00E+1	3.20E+1	2.90E+1	3.70E+1	2.50E+1	2.60E+1	3.30E+1	3.30E+1	2.40E+1	3.00E+1	1.10E+2
6.30E+0	7.60E+0	6.00E+0	9.80E+0	6.90E+0	5.80E+0	5.90E+0	2.70E+2	8.40E+0	7.00E+0	7.90E+0	6.60E+0	3.10E+3
2.60E+1	6.30E+1	3.20E+1	2.30E+1	3.60E+1	5.80E+1	4.80E+1	4.30E+1	2.40E+1	2.70E+1	2.40E+1	2.70E+1	2.40E+2
2.20E+1	3.70E+1	3.40E+1	1.90E+1	3.00E+1	4.40E+1	4.90E+1	2.20E+2	2.10E+1	1.50E+1	1.40E+1	3.30E+1	2.10E+3

#### **Analytical Data** 38 39 34 36 37 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 35 B9-2 B8B-5.5 B8B-10 B8B-15 7-Aug-01 7-Aug-01 7-Aug-01 7-Aug-01 (mg/kg) < 0.005 < 0.100 < 0.005 1.40E-1 5.80E-2 1.40E+0 1.10E-1 1.10E+1 1.10E+3 6.00E+2 7.90E+3 5.40E+1 7.40E-1 1.32E+1 < 0.5 5.70E-1 < 0.5 < 0.5

 $1,\dots,\frac{N}{2}$ 

 4.10E+1
 3.30E+1
 3.50E+1
 2.80E+1

 1.20E+1
 9.80E+0
 7.40E+1
 1.10E+1

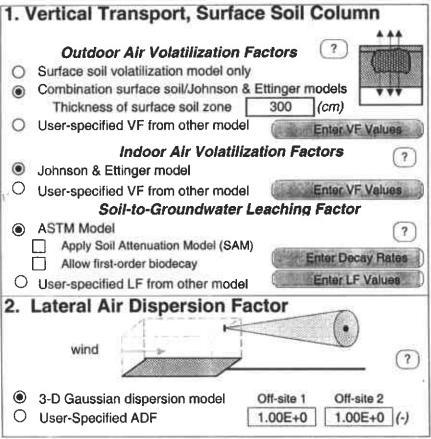
 1.50E+1
 6.40E+1
 2.80E+1
 3.00E+1

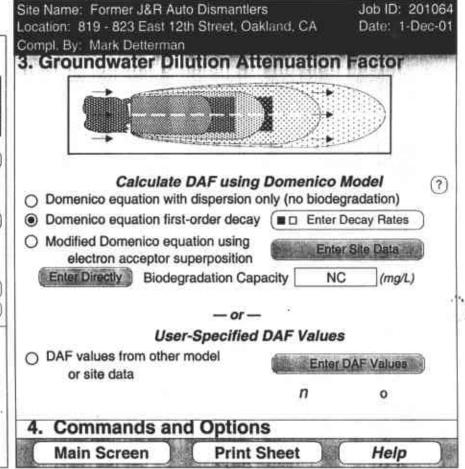
 2.30E+1
 4.20E+1
 4.30E+1
 2.10E+1

40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
(mg/kg)										
									8	

Appendix J
Printouts: Transport Modeling Options

# **Transport Modeling Options**





RBCA Tool Kit for Chemical Releases, Version 1.3a

Mark Detterman nstituent Half-Life Va	alues	Paste Default		Print Shee
	Saturat	ed Zone First-Order Decay	Unsatur	ated Zone First-Order Deca
Constituent	Half-Life	Coeffecient	Half-Life	Coeffecient
	(day)	(1/day)	(day)	(1/day)
BenzeneCA*	7.2E+2	9.6E-4	7.2E+2	9.6E-4
Toluene	2.8E+1	2.5E-2	2.8E+1	2.5E-2
Ethylbenzene	2.3E+2	3.0E-3	2.3E+2	3.0E-3
Xylene (mixed isomers)	3.6E+2	1.9E-3	3.6E+2	1.9E-3
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	1.0E+6	6.9E-7	1.0E+6	6.9E-7
Naphthalene	2.6E+2	2.7E-3	2.6E+2	2.7E-3
Cadmium	1.0E+6	6.9E-7	1.0E+6	6.9E-7
Chromium (III)	1.0E+6	6.9E-7	1.0E+6	6.9E-7
Lead*	1.0E+6	6.9E-7	1.0E+6	6.9E-7
Nickel	1.0E+6	6.9E-7	1.0E+6	6.9E-7
Zinc	1.0E+6	6.9E-7	1.0E+6	6.9E-7

**RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT** 

**User-Specified COC Data** 

# **CONSTITUENT HALF-LIFE VALUES**

CONSTITUENT	Saturated Zone Half-Life (days)	Unsaturated Zone Half-Life (days)
BenzeneCA*	720	720
Toluene	28	28
Ethylbenzene	228	228
Xylene (mixed isomers)	360	360
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	1000000	1000000
Naphthalene	258	258
Cadmium	1000000	1000000
Chromium (III)	1000000	1000000
Lead*	1000000	1000000
Nickel	1000000	1000000
Zinc	1000000	1000000

# \* = Chemical with user-specified data

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

1,000

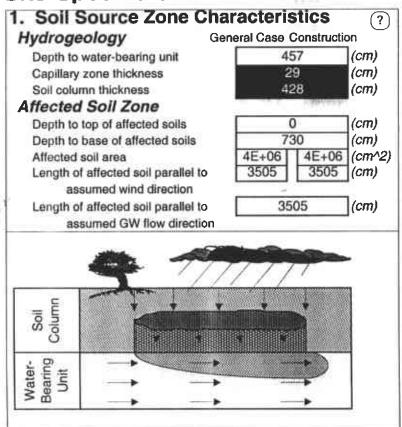
Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

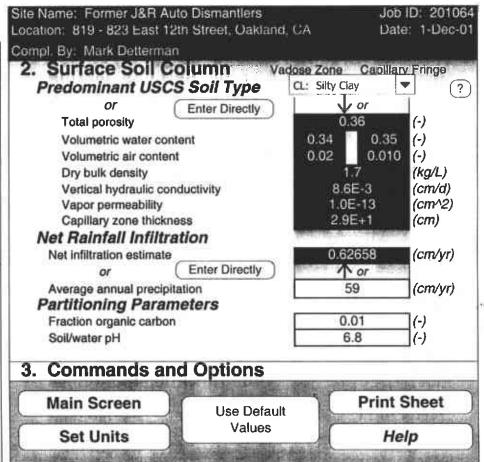
Job ID: 201064

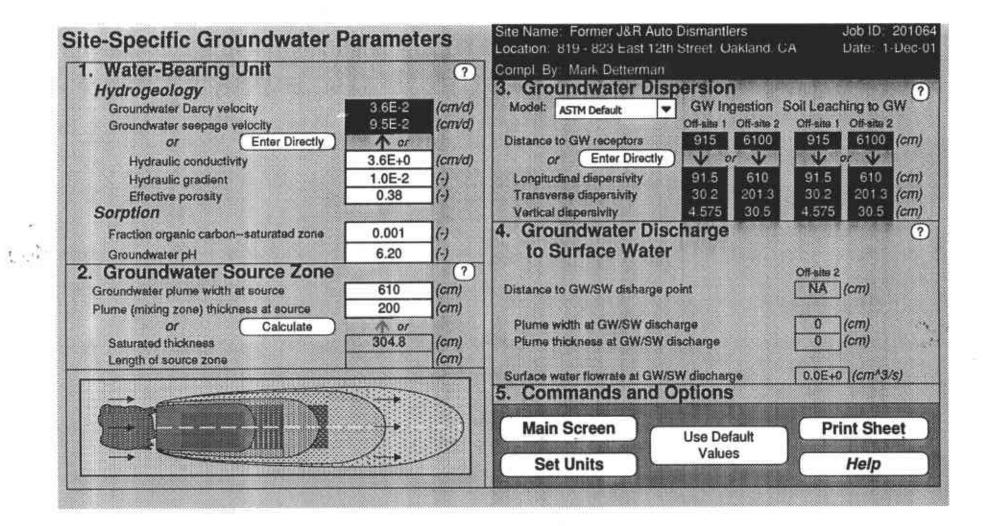
Appendix K

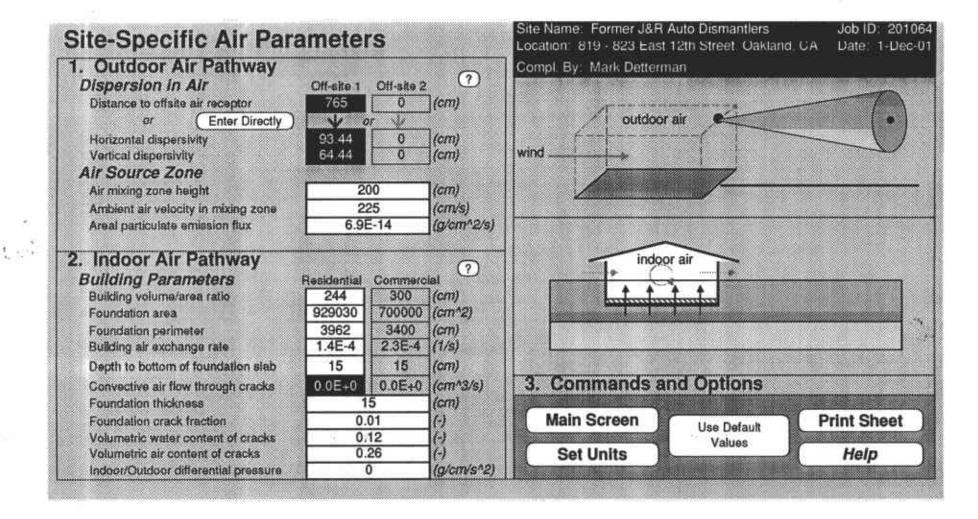
Printouts: Site-Specific Soil Parameters, Site-Specific Groundwater
Parameters, Site-Specific Air Parameters, Preliminary Building
Layout, and Input Parameter Summary Sheet

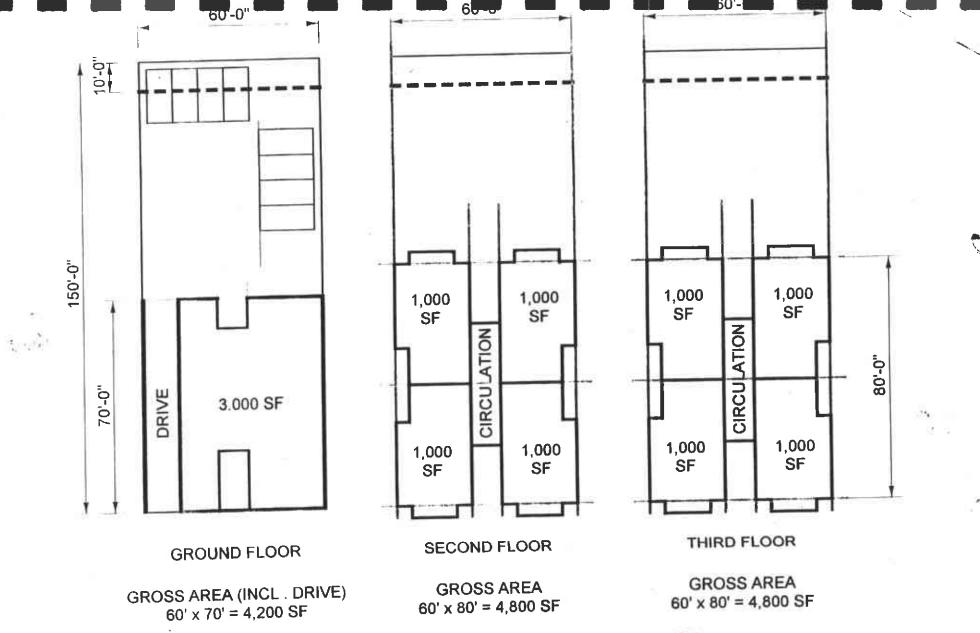
# **Site-Specific Soil Parameters**











SUM GROSS AREA = 4,200 + 4,800 + 4,800 = 13,800 SF

EIGHT 3 BR UNITS (SMALL BEDROOMS) OVER 3,000 SF COMMERCIAL SPACE

819 EAST 12TH STREET, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

ROBERT MINTZ DESIGN STUDIO MARCH 21, 2001

#### **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT**

#### Input Parameter Summary

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismansers Site Location 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Man Detterman Date Completed 1-Dec-01

Job ID 201064

1 OF 1

Exposur	e Perameters		Residential		Commerci	el/Industriel
AT <sub>c</sub>	Averaging time for caronogens (yr)	Adult 70	(1-0yra)	(1-16 xm)	Choose	Continu
AT <sub>n</sub>	Averaging time for non-carcinogens (yr)	30			25	1
BW	Both weight (kg)	70	15	- 35	70	
ΕĐ	Exposure duration (y/)	30	6	16	25	1
	Averaging time for vapor flux (yr)	30			25	1
F	Exposure frequency (days/yr)	350			250	180
EF <sub>D</sub>	Exposure frequency for dermal exposure	350			250	
R.	Ingestion rate of water (L/day)	2			1	
R.	Ingestion rate of soil (ingritay)	100	200	ALCOHOL:	50	100
SA.	Skin surface area (dermal) (cm*2)	5800		2023	5800	5800
vI .	Soil to skin adherence factor	1		W. C. T.	1	
Tswan	Swimming exposure time (hi/event)	3				
EV <sub>swim</sub>	Swimming event frequency (events/yr)	12	12	12		
Rum	Wallet ingestion white swimming (L/hr)	0.05	0.5	+13-1-1		
SA <sub>swm</sub>	Skirl surface area for swimming (cm*2)	23000		6100		
Rish	Procession rate of fish (kg/yr)	0.025		1447-175-1		
Figure.	Contaminated fish fraction (unifiess)	1				

Complete Exposure Pathways and Receptors	On-eite	Off-site 1	Off-eite 2
Groundwater:			
Groundwater Ingestion	None	Commercial	Residental
Soil Leaching to Groundwaler Ingestion	None	Commercial	Residentia
Applicable Surface Water Exposure Routes			
Swimming			NA
Fish Consumption			NA
Aqualic Life Protection			NA
Soil.			
Direct inges on and Dermal Contact	Com /Constr		
Outdoor Air:			
Particulates from Surface Soits	Residential	Commercial	None
Volatilization from Soils	Residential	Commercial	None
Volatilization from Groundwaler	Residential	Commercial	None
Indoor Air:			
Volatilization from Subsurface Soils	Residential	NA	NA
Volatitization from Groundwater	Residential	NA	NA

Receptor Distance from Source Media	On-eile	Off-sile 1	Off-site 2	(Unite)
Groundwater receptor	NA.	915	6100	(cm)
Soil leaching to groundwater receptor	NA	915	6100	(cm)
Outdoor air inhalation receptor	0	765	NA	(cm)

Target I	featth Risk Values	Individual	Cumulative	
TR.	Target Risk (class A&B carcinogens)	1.0E-6	1.0E-5	
TR.	Tarust Risk (class C carcinogens)	1.0E-5		
THO	Taruri Hazard Quotient (non-carcinogenic risk)	1.0E+0	1.05+0	

RBCA ler	Tier 2
lutdoor air volatilization model	Surface & subsurface models
ndoor air votatitization model	Johnson & Ettinger model
Sol leaching model	ASTM leaching model
Use soil attenuation model (SAM) for leachate?	No
Air dilution factor	3-D Gaussian dispersion
Groundwater dilution-attenuation factor	Domenico model w/ biodeg

NOTE NA = Not applicable

Surfec	e Parameters	General Construction	(Unite)
A	Source zone area	3.7E+6 NA	(cm^2)
W	Length of source-zone area paratiel to wind	3 5E+3 NA	(cm)
Wgw	Lungth of source-zone area parallel to GW flow	3 5E+3	(cm)
Uar	Ambient air velocity in mixing zone	2 3 € + 2	(cm/s)
δ <sub>n</sub>	Air missing zone height	2 0E+2	(cm)
P.	Areal particulate emission rate	6.9E-14	(g/cm/2/s)
L	Thickness of affected surface suis	3.0E+2	(cm)

Surfec	e Soll Column Perameters	Value			(UNITE)
Ticag	Capillary zone thickness	2.9E+1			(cm)
h,	Vadose zone thickness	4.3E+2			(cm)
$\rho_n$	Soil bulk density	1.7E+0			(p/cm^3
f <sub>oc</sub>	Fraction organic carbon	1 0E-2			(-)
O <sub>T</sub>	Soil total porosity	3 6E-1			(-)
K <sub>vii</sub>	Vertical hydraulic conductivity	8 6E-3			(cm/d)
k,	Vapor permeability	1.0E-13			(cm^2)
Lga	Depth to groundwater	4 6E+2			(cm)
L,	Depth to top of affected soits	0.0E+0			(cm)
Lippon	Depth to base of affected soils	7 3E+2			(cm)
Launa	Thickness of affected soils	7 3E+2			(cm)
pН	Soll/groundwater pH	6 8E+0			(-)
		capitlary	vadose	toundation	
G <sub>m</sub>	Volumetric water content	0.35	0.34	0.12	(-)
O <sub>m</sub>	Volumetric air contant	0.01	0.02	0.26	(-)

Bulldh	ng Parametera	Residential	Residential Commercial	
Le	Building volume/area ratio	2.44E+2	NA	(cm)
Ac	Foundation area	9 29E+5	NA	(cm*2)
Xcrk	Foundation perimeter	3 96E+3	NA	(cm)
ER	Building air exchange rate	1.40E-4	NA	(10)
Lak	Foundation thickness	1.50E+1	NA	(cm)
Zerb	Depth to bottom of foundation slab	1.50E+1	NA	Comb
П	Foundation crack fraction	1.00E-2	NA	(1)
dΡ	Indoor/outdoor differential pressure	0 00E+0	NA	(g/cm/s/til
C <sub>a</sub>	Convective air flow through slab	0.00E+0	NA	46m*3/s0

iround	twater Perameters	Value	(Units)
ō,	Groundwater moving zone depth	2.0E+2	(cm)
f <sub>1</sub>	Net groundwater infitration rate	6.3E-1	(cm/yr)
Uge	Groundwater Darcy velocity	6.9E+0	(crrv'd)
V <sub>Per</sub>	Groundwater seepage velocity	1.8E+1	(cm/d)
K,	Saturated hydrautic conductivity	6.9E+2	(cm/d)
ı	Groundweter gradient	1.0E-2	(-)
S.	Width of groundwater source zone	6 1E+2	(cm)
Sa	Depth of groundwater source zone	2 0E+2	(cm)
U <sub>mil</sub>	Effective porosity in water-bearing unit	3 6E-1	(-)
( <sub>00-6a)</sub>	Fraction organic carbon in water-bearing unit	1.0E-3	(-)
ρH <sub>eal</sub>	Gepundwieter pH	6.2E+0	(-)
	Biodegradation considered?	1st Order	

ranaport Parameters		Off-site 1	Off-site 2	Off-eite 1	Off-site 2	(Circlin)	
Laters	Groundwater Trensport	Occupation	tops://commercia.com	Soil Leaching to OW			
LEX	Longitudinal dispersivity	9.2E+1	6 1E+2	9 2E+1	6.1E+2	(cm)	
шy	Transverse dispersivity	3 0E+1	2 0E+2	3 0E+1	2 0E+2	(cm)	
ca <sub>p</sub>	Vertical dispersivity	4.6E+0	3.1E+1	4 6E+0	3.1E+1	(cm)	
Lateral Outdoor Air Transport		Sull to Outdoor Air Inhal.		QW to Outdoor Air Inhal.			
$\sigma_{\mathbf{y}}$	Transverse dispersion coefficient	8.3E+1	NA	9.3E+1	NA:	(cm)	
o <sub>z</sub>	Vertical dispersion coefficient	6.4E+1	NA	6.4E+1	NA .	(cm)	
ADF	Air dispersion factor	1.0E+0	NA	1.0E+0	NA.	- (4)	

Surfec	e Weter Parameters	Off-site 2	(Units	
Cher	Surface water flowrate	NA	(cm/3/s)	
Wie	Width of GW plume at SW discharge	NA	(con)	
P <sub>im</sub>	Thickness of GW plume at SW discharge	NA	(cm)	
DFew	Groundwater-to-surface water dilution (actor	NA	(-)	

Appendix L

Printouts: Baseline Risk Summary- All Pathways, Cumulative Risk Worksheet, Outdoor Air Exposure Pathways, Indoor Air Exposure Pathways, Soil Exposure Pathway, and Groundwater Exposure Pathways

#### RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT

**Baseline Risk Summary-All Pathways** 

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

1 of 1

		BASELINI	CARCINOG	ENIC RISK			BASELI	NE TOXIC E	FFECTS	
	Individual	COC Risk	Cumulative	COC Risk	Risk	Hazard	Quotient	Hazar	d Index	Toxicity
EXPOSURE PATHWAY	Maximum Value	Target Risk	Total Value	Target Risk	Limit(s) Exceeded?	Maximum Value	Applicable Limit	Total Value	Applicable Limit	Limit(s) Exceeded
OUTDOOR AIR	EXPOSURE P	ATHWAYS								
Complete:	1.3E-9	1.0E-6	1.4E-9	1.0E-5		2.2E-4	1.0E+0	3.1E-4	1.0E+0	
INDOOR AIR E	XPOSURE PAT	HWAYS								
Complete:	9.4E-7	1.0E-6	9.4E-7	1,0E-5		4.4E-2	1.0E+0	4.6E-2	1.0E+0	
SOIL EXPOSUR	RE PATHWAYS								18	
Complete:	8.0E-10	1.0E-6	8.0E-10	1.0E-5		1.1E-3	1.0E+0	2.1E-3	1.0E+0	
GROUNDWATE	R EXPOSURE	PATHWAYS								
Complete:	4.4E-4	1.0E-6	4.4E-4	1.0 <b>E</b> -5		4.1E+0	1.0E+0	4.2E+0	1.0E+0	
SURFACE WAT	TER EXPOSUR	E PATHWAY:	s							
Complete:	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	
									4	
CRITICAL EXP	OSURE PATHV									
	4.4E-4	1.0E-6	4.4E-4	1.0E-5	_	4.1E+0	1.0E+0	4.2E+0	1.0E+0	
	Ground	dwater	Groun	dwater		Groun	dwater	Groun	ndwater	

#### RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT

**Cumulative Risk Worksheet** 

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Job ID: 201064

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

1 OF 3

#### **CUMULATIVE RISK WORKSHEET**

CONSTITUENTS OF CONCERN		Representative Concentration			
CAS No.	Name	Soil (mg/kg)	Groundwater (mg/L)		
71-43-2	BenzeneCA*	2.5E-3	1.7E+0		
108-88-3	Toluene	2.6E-2	2.5E+0		
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	1.3E-1	7.9E-1		
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	6.6E-1	4.1E+0		
0-00-0	TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	7.3E+1	2.0E+3		
91-20-3	Naphthalene	3.1E+0	7.1E-1		
7440-43-9	Cadmium	4.3E-1	0.0E+0		
16065-83-1	Chromium (III)	3.3E+1	0.0E+0		
7439-92-1	Lead*	1.7E+1	0.0E+0		
7440-02-0	Nickel	3.2E+1	0.0E+0		
7440-66-6	Zinc	4.7E+1	0.0E+0		

riopos	ed CRF
Soil	GW
	Ŷ.
	_

Resultant Target Concentration					
Soil	Groundwater				
(mg/kg)	(mg/L)				
2.5E-3	1.7E+0				
2.6E-2	2.5E+0				
1.3E-1	7.9E-1				
6.6E-1	4.1E+0				
7.3E+1	2.0E+3				
3.1E+0	7.1E-1				
4.3E-1	0.0E+0				
3.3E+1	0.0E+0				
1.7E+1	0.0E+0				
3.2E+1	0.0E+0				
4.7E+1	0.0E+0				

Cumulative Values:

#### RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT

**Cumulative Risk Worksheet** 

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Job ID: 201064

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, (Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, C/Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Cumulative Target Risk 1.0E-5

2 OF 3

#### **CUMULATIVE RISK WORKSHEET**

#### **ON-SITE RECEPTORS**

Target Hazard Index: 1.0E+0

					011 011 - 11				
	r	Outdoor Air Exposure: Indoor Air Exposure: Soil Exposure:					posure:	Groundwater Exposure: None Target Risk Target HQ 1.0E-6 / 1.0E-5 1.0E+0	
CONSTITUENTS OF CONCERN		Residential Target Risk: Target HO: 1 0E-6 / 1.0E-5 1.0E+0		Residential Target Risk: Target HQ 1.0E-6 / 1.0E-5 1.0E+0		Commercial Target Risk: Target HQ 1.0E-6 / 1.0E-5 1.0E+0			
CAS No.	Name	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Quotient	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Quotient	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Quotient	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Quotient
71-43-2	BenzeneCA*	1.3E-9	6.3E-5	9.4E-7	4.4E-2	8.0E-10	2.4E-5		
108-88-3	Toluene		7.1E-6		1.1E-3		4.7E-6		
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene		1.4E-5		2.2E-4		4.0E-5		
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)		9.6E-6		2.1E-4		1.0E-5		
0-00-0	TPH - Aliph >C21-C34						1.2E-4		
91-20-3	Naphthalene		2.2E-4		1.7E-4		2.9E-5		
7440-43-9	Cadmium	1.7E-12	1.0E-13	0.0E+0	0.0E+0		4.2E-4		
16065-83-1	Chromium (III)						1.1E-5		
7439-92-1	Lead*								
7440-02-0	Nickel	3.4E-11		0.0E+0			7.9E-4		
7440-66-6	Zinc						7.6E-5		
	Cumulative Values:	1.4E-9	3.1E-4	9.4E-7	4.6E-2	8.0E-10	1.5E-3	0.0E+0	0.0E+0

Indicates risk level exceeding target risk

**Cumulative Risk Worksheet** 

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Job ID: 201064

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, (Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

3 OF 3

#### **CUMULATIVE RISK WORKSHEET**

Cumulative Target Risk 1 0E-5 Target Hazard Index: 1 0E+0

Groundwater DAF Option | Domenico - First Order

#### OFF-SITE RECEPTORS

		OFF-SITE RECEPTORS										
	Γ		Outdoor A	ir Exposure:			Groundwal	er Exposure:				
CONSTITUENT	TS OF CONCERN	Commercial (765 cm) Target Risk Target HQ 1.0E-6 / 1.0E-5 1.0E+0		No Target Risk 1.0E-6 / 1.0E-5	ne Target HQ 1.0E+0	Commerci Target Risk: 1.0E-6 / 1.0E-5	al (915 cm) Target HQ: 1.0E+0	Residentia Target Risk: 1 0E-6 / 1 0E-5	i (6100 cm) Target HQ: 1.0E+0			
CAS No.	Name	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Quotient	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Quotient	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Quotient	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Quotient			
7.1-43-2	BenzeneCA*	9.0E-10	5.1E-5			4.4E-4	4.1E+0	5.3E-5	4.1E-1			
108-88-3	Toluene		6.0E-6				1.7E-2		6.6E-6			
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene		1.2E-5				4.1E-2		9.4E-4			
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)		8.2E-6				1.3E-2		6.7E-4			
0-00-0	TPH - Aliph >C21-C34						1.6E-11		6.4E-34			
91-20-3	Naphthalene		1.9E-4				4.1E-3		6.2E-6			
7440-43-9	Cadmium	1.0E-12	7.3E-14				3.8E-4		5.0E-5			
16065-83-1	Chromium (III)						2.6E-19		1.1E-37			
7439-92-1	Lead*											
7440-02-0	Nickel	2.1E-11					8.3E-4		1.1E-4			
7440-66-6	Zinc						8.3E-5		1.1E-5			
	Cumulative Values:	9.3E-10	2.7E-4	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	4.4E-4 =	4.2E+0	5.3E-5 =	4.2E-1			

indicates risk level exceeding target risk

1 OF 7

#### TIER 2 EXPOSURE CONCENTRATION AND INTAKE CALCULATION

OUTDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATI	HWAYS			-	(CHECKED IF	D IF PATHWAY IS ACTIVE)				
SURFACE SOILS (0 - 300 cm):		2				-				
VAPOR AND DUST INHALATION	1) Source Medium		•	lue (m^3/kg)	3) Exposure Medium					
			Rece	eptor		(	Outdoor Air: POE Co	nc (mg/m^3) (1)/(2	)	
	Soil Conc.	On-site	e (0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)	On-site	e (0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)	
Constituents of Concern	(mg/kg)	Residential	Construction Worker	Commercial	None	Residential	Construction Worker	Commercial	None	
BenzeneCA*	2.5E-3	1.5E+5		1.4E+5		1.6E-8		1.8E-8		
Toluene	2.6E-2	2.2E+5		2.0E+5		1.2E-7		1.3E-7		
Ethylbenzene	1.3E-1	3.7E+5		3.3E+5		3.7E-7		4.0E-7		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	6.6E-1	2.9E+5		2.7E+5		2.2E-6		2.5E-6		
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	7.3E+1	6.1E+6		5.5E+6		1.2E-5		1.3E-5		
Naphthalene	3.1E+0	9.5E+5		8.7E+5		3.3E-6		3.6E-6		
Cadmium	4.3E-1	1.9E+11		1.9E+11		2.3E-12		2.3E-12		
Chromium (III)	3.3E+1	1.9E+11		1.9E+11		1.8E-10		1.8E-10		
Lead*	1.7E+1	1.9E+11		1.9E+11		9.4E-11		9.4E-11		
Nickel	3.2E+1	1.9E+11		1.9E+11		1.7E-10		1.7E-10		
Zinc	4.7E+1	1.9E+11		1.9E+11		2.5E-10		2.5E-10		

NOTE: NAF = Natural attenuation factor POE = Point of exposure

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

2 OF 7

OUTDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHW	AYS							
SURFACE SOILS (0 - 300 cm):								
/APOR AND DUST INHALATION (cont'd)		4) Exposur (EF*ED)/(ATX	e Multiplier 965) (unitiess)		<ol><li>Average Inha Concentration</li></ol>	lation Exposure (mg/m^3) (3) X (4)		
	On-site	(0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)	On-site	(0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)
Constituents of Concern	Residential	Construction Worker	Commercial	None	Residential	Construction Worker	Commercial	None
BenzeneCA*	4.1E-1		2.4E-1		6.7E-9		4.4E-9	
Toluene	9.6E-1		6.8E-1		1.1E-7		9.0E-8	
Ethylbenzene	9.6E-1		6.8E-1		3.5E-7		2.8E-7	
Xylene (mixed isomers)	9.6E-1		6.8E-1		2.2E-6		1.7E-6	
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	9.6E-1		6.8E-1		1.2E-5		9.1E-6	
Naphthalene	9.6E-1		6.8E-1		3.2E-6		2.5E-6	
Cadmium	4.1E-1		2.4E-1		9.6E-13		5.7E-13	
Chromium (III)	9.6E-1		6.8E-1		1.7E-10		1.2E-10	
Lead*	9.6E-1		6.8E-1		9.0E-11		6.4E-11	
Nickel	4.1E-1		2.4E-1		7.2E-11		4.3E-11	
Zinc	9.6E-1		6.8E-1		2.4E-10		1.7E-10	

NOTE:	AT = Averaging time (days)	EF = Exposure frequency (days/yr)	ED = Exposure duration (yr)	

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

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## TIER 2 EXPOSURE CONCENTRATION AND INTAKE CALCULATION

OUTDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHWAYS				(CHECKED IF	PATHWAY IS AC	CTIVE)		
SUBSURFACE SOILS (300 - 730 cm):								
VAPOR INHALATION	1) Source Medium	3) Exposure Medium						
			Receptor		Outdoor Air: POE Conc. (mg/m^3) (1) / (2)			
	Soil Conc (mg/kg)	On-site (0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)	On-site (0 cm)	Olf-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)	
Constituents of Concern	(aa)	Residential	Commercial	None	Residential	Commercial	None	
BenzeneCA*	2.5E-3	9.8E+3	8.2E+3		2.6E-7	3.1E-7		
Toluene	2.6E-2	9.8E+3	8.2E+3		2.7E-6	3.2E-6		
Ethylbenzene	1.3E-1	9.8E+3	8.2E+3		1.4E-5	1.6E-5		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	6.6E-1	9.8E+3	8.2E+3		6.8E-5	8.1E-5		
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	7.3E+1	9.8E+3	8.2E+3		7.5E-3	9.0E-3		
Naphthalene	3.1E+0	9.8E+3	8.2E+3		3.2E-4	3.8E-4		
Cadmium	4.3E-1	NA	NA					
Chromium (III)	3.3E+1	NA	NA					
Lead*	1.7E+1	NA	NA					
Nickel	3.2E+1	NA	NA					
Zinc	4.7E+1	NA	NA					

NOTE: NAF = Natural attenuation factor

POE = Point of exposure

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

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OUTDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHWAYS						
SUBSURFACE SOILS (300 - 730 cm): VAPOR INHALATION (cont'd)	0.5	Exposure Multiplie			age Inhalation Exp entration (mg/m^3) (3	
	On-site (0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)	On-site (0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)
Constituents of Concern	Residential	Commercial	None	Residential	Commercial	None
BenzeneCA*	4.1E-1	2.4E-1		1.0E-7	7.5E-8	
Toluene	9.6E-1	6.8E-1		2.5E-6	2.2E-6	
Ethylbenzene	9.6E-1	6.8E-1		1.3E-5	1.1E-5	
Xylene (mixed isomers)	9.6E-1	6.8E-1		6.5E-5	5.6E-5	
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	9.6E-1	6.8E-1		7.2E-3	6.2E-3	
Naphthalene	9.6E-1	6.8E-1		3.1E-4	2.6E-4	
Cadmium	4.1E-1	2.4E-1				
Chromium (III)	9.6E-1	6.8E-1				

NOTE: AT = Averaging time (days) EF = Exposure frequency (days/yr) ED = Exposure duration (yr)

6.8E-1

2.4E-1

6.8E-1

9.6E-1

4.1E-1 9.6E-1

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Lead\*

Nickel

Zinc

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

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OUTDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHWA	YS		-	(CHECKED IF	PATHWAY IS AC	TIVE)							
GROUNDWATER: VAPOR	Exposure Concentration	Exposure Concentration											
INHALATION	1) Source Medium	2)	NAF Value (m^3 Receptor	/L)		Exposure Mediu POE Conc. (mg/m/							
Constituents of Concern	Groundwater Conc. (mg/L)	On-site (0 cm)	Olf-site 1 (765 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (0 cm) None	On-site (0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (0 cm) None						
BenzeneCA*	1.7E+0	1.4E+7	1.4E+7		1.2E-7	1.2E-7							
Toluene	2.5E+0	1.4E+7	1.4E+7		1.8E-7	1.8E-7							
Ethylbenzene	7.9E-1	1.6E+7	1.6E+7		4.8E-8	4.8E-8							
Xylene (mixed isomers)	4.1E+0	1.6E+7	1.6E+7		2.6E-7	2.6E-7							
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	2.0E+3	4.3E+3	4.3E+3		4.6E-1	4.6E-1							
Naphthalene	7.1E-1	2.1E+7	2.1E+7		3.4E-8	3.4E-8							
Cadmium	0.0E+0	NA	NA										
Chromium (III)	0.0E+0	NA	NA										
Lead*	0.0E+0	NA	NA										
Nickel	0.0E+0	NA	NA										
Zinc	0.0E+0	NA	NA										

NOTE: NAF = Natural attenuation factor POE = Point of exposure

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

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OUTDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHWAYS		*8				
GROUNDWATER: VAPOR						
INHALATION (cont'd)	200	Exposure Multiplic xED)/(ATx365) (unitie			rage Inhalation Exp entration (mg/m^3) (3	
	On-site (0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)	On-site (0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)
Constituents of Concern	Residential	Commercial	None	Residential	Commercial	None
BenzeneCA*	4.1E-1	2.4E-1		5.0E-8	3.0E-8	
Toluene	9.6E-1	6.8E-1		1.7E-7	1.2E-7	
Ethylbenzene	9.6E-1	6.8E-1		4.6E-8	3.3E-8	
Xylene (mixed isomers)	9.6E-1	6.8E-1		2.5E-7	1.8E-7	
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	9.6E-1	6.8E-1		4.5E-1	3.2E-1	
Naphthalene	9.6E-1	6.8E-1		3.3E-8	2.3E-8	
Cadmium	4.1E-1	2.4E-1				
Chromium (III)	9.6E-1	6.8E-1				
Lead*	9.6E-1	6.8E-1				
Nickel	4.1E-1	2.4E-1				

NOTE: AT = Averaging time (days) EF = Exposure frequency (days/yr) ED = Exposure duration (yr)

6.8E-1

9.6E-1

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Zinc

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

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#### TIER 2 EXPOSURE CONCENTRATION AND INTAKE CALCULATION

#### **OUTDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHWAYS**

TOTAL PATHWAY EXPOSURE (mg/m+3)

(Sum average expsosure concentrations from soll and groundwater routes.)

	On-site	e (0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)
Constituents of Concern	Residential	Construction Worker	Commercial	None
BenzeneCA*	1.6E-7	-	1.1E-7	
Toluene	2.8E-6		2.4E-6	
Ethylbenzene	1.4E-5		1.2E-5	
Xylene (mixed isomers)	6.7E-5		5.7E-5	
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	4.5E-1		3.2E-1	
Naphthalene	3.1E-4		2.6E-4	
Cadmium	9.6E-13		5.7E-13	
Chromium (III)	1.7E-10		1.2E-10	
Lead*	9.0 <b>E</b> -11		6.4E-11	
Nickel	7.2E-11		4.3E-11	
Zinc	2.4E-10		1.7E-10	

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed 1-Dec-01

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# OUTDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHWAYS (CHECKED IF PATHWAYS ARE ACTIVE) CARCINOGENIC RISK

TIER 2 PATHWAY RISK CALCULATION

	(1) EPA Carcinogenic			arcinogenic 9 (mg/m^3)		(3) Inhalation Unit Risk		٠, ,	al COC Risk ) x 1000	
	Classification	On-site	e (0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)	Factor (µg/m^3)^-1	On-sit	e (0 cm)	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)
Constituents of Concern		Residential	Construction Worker	Commercial	None		Residential	Construction Worker	Commercial	None
BenzeneCA*	A	1.6E-7		1.1E-7		8.3E-6	1.3E-9		9.0E-10	
Toluene	D									
Ethylbenzene	D									
Xylene (mixed isomers)	D									
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	D									
Naphthalene	D							(4		
Cadmium	B1	9.6E-13		5.7E-13		1.8E-3	1.7E-12		1.0E-12	
Chromium (III)										
Lead*	D									
Nickel	A	7.2E-11		4.3E-11		4.8E-4	3.4E-11		2.1E-11	
Zinc	D									

Total Pathway Carcinogenic Risk = 1.4E-9 9.3E-10

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

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## TIER 2 PATHWAY RISK CALCULATION

#### **OUTDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHWAYS**

## (CHECKED IF PATHWAYS ARE ACTIVE)

#### TOXIC EFFECTS

		S. M. S.	Toxicant e (mg/m^3)		(6) Inhalation Reference			dual COC otient (5) / (6)	
	On-site	Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)	Conc. (mg/m^3)	On-site (0 cm)		Off-site 1 (765 cm)	Off-site 2 (0 cm)	
Constituents of Concern	Res dential	Construction Worker	Commercial	None		Residential	Construction Worker	Commercial	None
BenzeneCA*	3.8E-7		3.1E-7		6.0E-3	6.3E-5		5.1E-5	
Toluene	2.8E-6		2.4E-6		4.0E-1	7.1E-6		6.0E-6	
Ethylbenzene	1.4E-5		1.2E-5		1.0E+0	1.4E-5		1.2E-5	
Xylene (mixed isomers)	6.7E-5		5.7E-5		7.0E+0	9.6E-6		8.2E-6	
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34									
Naphthalene	3.1E-4		2.6E-4		1.4E+0	2.2E-4		1.9E-4	
Cadmium	2.2E-12		1.6E-12		2.2E+1	1.0E-13		7.3E-14	
Chromium (III)									
Lead*									
Nickel									
Zinc									

Total Pathway Hazard Index =

3.1E-4 2.7E-4

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

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INDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHWAYS		(CHECKED IF PATHWAY IS ACTIVE)								
SOILS (0 - 730 cm): VAPOR										
INTRUSION INTO ON-SITE BUILDINGS	1) Source Medium	2) NAF Value (m²3/kg) Receptor	3) Exposure Medium Indoor Air: PDE Conc. (mg/m²3) (1) / (2)	<ol> <li>Exposure Multiplier (EFxED)/(ATx365) (unificate)</li> </ol>	5) Average Inhalation Exposure Concentration (mg/m^3) (3) X (4)					
Constituents of Concern	Soil Conc. (mg/kg)	Residential	Residential	Residential	Residential					
BenzeneCA*	2.5E-3	1.9E+2	1.3E-5	4.1E-1	5.3E-6					
Toluene	2.6E-2	3.8E+2	6.8E-5	9.6E-1	6.5E-5					
Ethylbenzene	1.3E-1	1.1E+3	1.3E-4	9.6E-1	1.2E-4					
Xylene (mixed isomers)	6.6E-1	7.0E+2	9.5E-4	9.6E-1	9.1E-4					
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	7.3E+1	2.7E+5	2.7E-4	9.6E-1	2.6E-4					
Naphthalene	3.1E+0	1.8E+4	1.8E-4	9.6E-1	1.7E-4					
Cadmium	4.3E-1	NA NA		4.1E-1						
Chromium (III)	3.3E+1	NA NA		9.6E-1						
Lead*	1.7E+1	NA		9.6E-1						
Nickel	3.2E+1	NA		4.1E-1						
Zinc	4.7E+1	NA.		9.6E-1						

100							
- 1	NOTE	AT - Avisenging tions (efficie)	EF = Exposure frequency (days/yr)	ED - Evenouse duration (w)	NAE - Natural attenuation factor	POE - Point of eveneurs	
- 1	TWOTE	A1 = Averaging inne (days)	Er = Exposore requericy (dayaryr)	CD = Exposure ouramon (yr)	IANE - LABIDIAL STICLIDSTON ISCHOL	FOE = Foilit of exposure	
	Cita Name: For	mor IED Auto Dicementare			Date	Completed 1-Dec-01	

Site Location; 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Completed By Mark Detterman

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INDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHWAY	S		(CHECKED IF PATHWAY IS ACTIVE)							
GROUNDWATER: VAPOR INTRUSION	Exposure Concentration	Exposure Concentration								
INTO ON-SITE BUILDINGS	1) Source Medium	2) NAF Value (m/3/L) Receptor	3) Exposure Medium Indoor Air POE Conc. (mg/m/l) (1) / (2)	4) Exposure Multiplier (EFxED)(ATx365) (unitiess)	<ol> <li>Average Inhalation Exposure Concentration (mg/m<sup>2</sup>3) (3) X (4)</li> </ol>					
Constituents of Concern	Groundwater Conc. (mg/L)	Residential	Residential	Residential	Residential					
BenzeneCA*	1.7E+0	6.5E+3	2.6E-4	4.1E-1	1.1E-4					
Toluene	2.5E+0	6.6E+3	3.8E-4	9.6E-1	3.6E-4					
Ethylbenzene	7.9E-1	7.6E+3	1.0E-4	9.6E-1	9.9E-5					
Xylene (mixed isomers)	4.1E+0	7.3E+3	5.6E-4	9.6E-1	5.4E-4					
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	2.0E+3	2.0E+0	1.0E+3	9.6E-1	9.6E+2					
Naphthalene	7.1E-1	1.0E+4	7.0E-5	9.6E-1	6.7E-5					
Cadmium	0.0E+0	NA		4.1E-1						
Chromium (III)	0.0E+0	NA		9.6E-1						
Lead*	0.0E+0	NA		9.6E-1						
Nickel	0.0E+0	NA		4.1E-1						
Zinc	0.0E+0	NA		9.6E-1						

NOTE	AT = Averaging time (days)	EF = Exposure frequency (days/yr)	FD = Exposure duration (vr)	NAF = Natural attenuation factor	POE = Point of exposure	
17027750	ni - nitoraging anno (ostja)	en - exhaustre neductol (selection)	mb - mbagain animon (hi)	THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING MICH.		
and in the first state of the same of the	A Section Association (Section 2)				Bets Commission & Bes 04	

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantiers Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

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INDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHWAYS	
	TOTAL PATHWAY EXPOSURE (mg/m*2) (Sum average expansure concentrations from soil and groundwater routes.)
Constituents of Concern	Residential
BenzeneCA*	1.1E-4
Toluene	4.3E-4
Ethylbenzene	2.2E-4
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1.4E-3
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	9.6E+2
Naphthalene	2.4E-4
Cadmium	
Chromium (III)	
Lead*	
Nickel	
Zinc	

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oaklanc Job ID: 201064

Completed By: Mark Detterman

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INDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHWAYS			CHECKED IF PATHWAYS	ARE ACTIVE)	
-			CARCINOGENIC RISK		
	(1) EPA Carcinogenic	(2) Total Carcinogenic Exposure (mg/m³3)	(3) Inhalation Unit Risk Factor	(4) Individual COC Risk (2) x (3) x 1000	
Constituents of Concern	Classification	Residential	(Jay 111 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 /	Residential	
BenzeneCA*	A	1.1E-4	8.3E-6	9.4E-7	
Toluene	D				
Ethylbenzene	D				
Xylene (mixed isomers)	D				
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	D				
Naphthalene	D				
Cadmium	B1		1.8E-3		
Chromium (III)	*				
Lead*	D				
Nickel	A		4.8E-4		
Zinc	D				

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantiers
Site Location. 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA
Completed By, Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 Job ID: 201064

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## TIER 2 PATHWAY RISK CALCULATION

INDOOR AIR EXPOSURE PATHWAYS

■ (CHECKED IF PATHWAYS ARE ACTIVE)

TOXIC EFFECTS

		1 0071150 867 1 8657 1 86		
	(5) Total Toxicant Exposure (mg/m^3)	(6) Inhalation Reference Concentration	(7) Individual COC Hazard Quotient (5) / (6)	
Constituents of Concern	Residential	(mg/m^3)	Residential	
BenzeneCA*	2.6E-4	6.0E-3	4.4E-2	
Toluene	4.3E-4	4.0E-1	1.1E-3	
Ethylbenzene	2.2E-4	1.0E+0	2 2E-4	
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1.4E-3	7.0E+0	2.1E-4	
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34				
Naphthalene	2.4E-4	1.4E+0	1.7E-4	
Cadmium	0.0E+0	2.2E+1	0.0E+0	
Chromium (III)				
Lead*				
Nickel				
Zinc				

Total Pathway Hazard Index =

4.6E-2

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

TIER 2 PATHWAY RISK CALCULATION

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SOIL EXPOSURE PATHWAY					(CHECKED IF PATH	WAY IS ACT	IVE)		
				CARCI	NOGENIC RISK				
	(1) EPA Carcinogenic	The state of the s	Total Carcinogenic     (b) via Dermal Contact		(d) via Dermai Contact	0.000	oe Factor yday)^-1	(4) Individua (2a)*(3a) + (2t)*(3b)	# COC Risk (20)x(3a) + (20)x(3b)
Constituents of Concern	Classification Comme		ercial Construction Worker		(a) Oral (b) Dermal		Commercial	Construction Worker	
BenzeneCA*	A	4.4E-10	2.5E-8	2.5E-11	1.0E-9	1.0E-1	3.0E-2	8.0E-10	3.3E-11
Toluene	D								
Ethylbenzene	D								
Xylene (mixed isomers)	D								
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	D								
Naphthalene	D						11:		
Cadmium	B1								
Chromium (III)									
Lead*	D								

\* No dermal slope factor available—oral slope factor used

Total Pathway Carcinogenic Risk = 8.0E-10 3.3E-11

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location, 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By Mark Detterman

Nickel Zinc

> Date Completed 1-Dec-01 Job ID: 201064

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#### TIER 2 PATHWAY RISK CALCULATION

SOIL EXPOSURE PATHWAY

#### (CHECKED IF PATHWAY IS ACTIVE)

TOXIC EFFECTS

				TOXIC EFFEC	15			
	(5) Total Toxicant Intake Rate (mg/kg/day)						(7) Individual CO	Hazard Quotient
	(a) via ingestion	(b) via Dermal Contact	(c) via Ingestion	(d) via Dermal Contact	Reference Do	ise (mg/kg-day)	(5a)/(6a) + (5b)/(6b)	(5c)/(6a) + (5d)/(6b)
Constituents of Concern	Commercial		Construction Worker		(a) Oral (b) Dermal		Commercial	Construction Worker
BenzeneCA*	1.2E-9	7.1E-8	1.8E-9	7.1E-8	3.0E-3	3.0E-3*	2.4E-5	2.4E-5
Toluene	1.3E-8	7.4E-7	1.8E-8	7.4E-7	2.0E-1	1.6E-1	4.7E-6	4.7E-6
Ethylbenzene	6.6E-8	3.8E-6	9.5E-8	3.8E-6	1.0E-1	9.7E-2	4.0E-5	4.0E-5
Xylene (mixed isomers)	3.2E-7	1.9E-5	4.7E-7	1.9E-5	2.0E+0	1.8E+0	1.0E-5	1.0E-5
TPH - Allph >C21-C34	3.6E-5	2.1E-4	5.2E-5	2.1E-4	2.0E+0	2.0E+0*	1.2E-4	1.3E-4
Naphthalene	1.5E-6	8.9E-6	2.2E-6	8.9E-6	4.0E-1	3.6E-1	2.9E-5	3. <b>0E</b> -5
Cadmium	2 1E-7	0.0E+0	3.1E-7	0.0E+0	5.0E-4	5.0E-4*	4.2E-4	6.1E-4
Chromium (III)	1.6E-5	0.0E+0	2.4E-5	0.0E+0	1.5E+0	2.0E-2	1.1E-5	1.6E-5
Lead*								
Nickel	1.6E-5	0.0E+0	2.3E-5	0.0E+0	2.0E-2	2.0E-2*	7.9E-4	1.1E-3
Zinc	2.3E-5	0.0E+0	3.3E-5	0.0E+0	3.0E-1	6.0E-2	7.6E-5	1.1E-4

<sup>\*</sup> No dermal reference dose available-oral reference dose used

Total Pathway Hazard Index =

1.5E-3 2.1E-3

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers
Site Location 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA
Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 Job ID: 201064

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GROUNDWATER EXPOSURE PA	THWAYS	(CHECKED IF PATHWAY IS ACTIVE)							
SOILS (0 - 730 cm): LEACHING TO	7/								
GROUNDWATER INGESTION	1) Source Medium	3	2) NAF Value (L/kg) Receptor			3) Exposure Medium  Groundwater: POE Conc. (mg/L) (1)(2)			
Constituents of Concern	Soil Conc. (mg/kg)	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential		
BenzeneCA*	2.5E-3		2.5E+2	6.8E+3		1.0E-5	3.7E-7		
Toluene	2.6E-2		2.5E+3	1.8E+7		1.0E-5	1.4E-9		
Ethylbenzene	1.3E-1		1.7E+3	2.0E+5		8.1E-5	6.7E-7		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	6.6E-1		9.3E+2	5.0E+4		7.1E-4	1.3E-5		
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	7.3E+1		9.0E+20	6.2E+43		8.2E-20	1.2E-42		
Naphthalene	3.1E+0		2.0E+4	3.6E+7		1.6E-4	8.7E-8		
Cadmium	4.3E-1		2.3E+4	4.8E+5		1.9E-5	9.1E-7		
Chromium (III)	3.3E+1		8.4E+17	5.6E+36		4.0E-17	6.0E-36		
Lead*	1.7E+1		NA	NA					
Nickel	3.2E+1		1.9E+4	3.9E+5		1.7E-3	8.2E-5		
Zinc	4.7E+1		1.8E+4	3.8E+5		2.6E-3	1.2E-4		

NOTE: NAF = Natural attenuation factor POE = Point of exposure

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

2 OF 5

TIER 2	EXPOSURE CONCENTRATION AND INTAKE CALCULATION

GROUNDWATER EXPOSURE PATHWAYS

GROUNDWATER INGESTION (cont'd)		4) Exposure Multiplie exerxed)(8WxAT) (LAg-	64	<ol> <li>Average Daily Intake Rate (mg/kg/day) (3) x (4)</li> </ol>		
Constituents of Concern	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential
BenzeneCA*		3.5E-3	1.2E-2		3.5E-8	4.3E-9
Toluene		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		1.0E-7	3.9E-11
Ethylbenzene		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		7.9E-7	1.8E-8
Xylene (mixed isomers)		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		7.0E-6	3.6E-7
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		8.0E-22	3.2E-44
Naphthalene		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		1.6E-6	2.4E-9
Cadmium		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		1.9E-7	2.5E-8
Chromium (III)		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		3.9E-19	1.6E-37
Lead*		9.8E-3	2.7E-2			
Nickel		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		1.7E-5	2.3E-6
Zinc		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		2.5E-5	3.4E-6

NOTE: AT = Averaging time (days) ED = Exposure duration (yr) IR = Ingestion rate (mg/day) EF = Exposure frequency (days/yr) BW = Body weight (kg)

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

3 OF 5

GROUNDWATER EXPOSURE PATH	WAYS				(CHECKED IF PATHWAY IS ACTIVE)			
GROUNDWATER: INGESTION								
	1) Source Medium	2	) NAF Value (unitle Receptor	95)		3) Exposure Medium Groundwater: POE Conc. (mg/L) (1)/(2)		
Constituents of Concern	Groundwater Conc. (mo/L)	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential	
BenzeneCA*	1.7E+0		1.4E+0	3.7E+1		1.3E+0	4.5E-2	
Toluene	2.5E+0		7.1E+0	5.2E+4		3.5E-1	4.9E-5	
Ethylbenzene	7.9E-1		1.9E+0	2.3E+2		4.2E-1	3.4E-3	
Xylene (mixed isomers)	4.1E+0		1.6E+0	8.4E+1		2.6E+0	4.9E-2	
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	2.0E+3		6.2E+11	4.3E+34		3.2E-9	4.6E-32	
Naphthalene	7.1E-1		4.3E+0	7.8E+3		1.7E-1	9.1E-5	
Cadmium	0.0E+0		1.3E+0	2.7E+1		0.0E+0	0.0E+0	
Chromium (III)	0.0E+0		2.0E+9	1.3E+28		0.0E+0	0.0E+0	
Lead*	0.0E+0		1.3E+0	2.5E+1		0.0E+0	0.0E+0	
Nickel	0.0E+0		1.3E+0	2.6E+1		0.0E+0	0.0E+0	
Zinc	0.0E+0		1.3E+0	2.6E+1		0.0E+0	0.0E+0	

NOTE: NAF = Natural attenuation factor POE = Point of exposure
Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

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TIER 2	EXPOSURE CONCENTRATION AND INTAKE CALCULATION

#### **GROUNDWATER EXPOSURE PATHWAYS**

GROUNDWATER INGESTION (cont'd)

		<ol> <li>Exposure Multiplie EFxED/(BWxAT) (L/kg)</li> </ol>	221	5) A	(verage Daily Intake (mg/kg/day) (3) x (4)				
Constituents of Concern	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential			
BenzeneCA*		3.5E-3	1.2E-2		4.4E-3	5.3E-4			
Toluene		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		3.4E-3	1.3E-6			
Ethylbenzene		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		4.1E-3	9.4E-5			
Xylene (mixed isomers)		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		2.6E-2	1,3E-3			
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		3.2E-11	1.3E-33			
Naphthalene		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		1.6E-3	2.5E-6			
Cadmium		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		0.0E+0	0.0E+0			
Chromium (III)		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		0.0E+0	0.0E+0			
Lead*		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		0.0E+0	0.0E+0			
Nickel		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		0.0E+0	0.0E+0			
Zinc		9.8E-3	2.7E-2		0.0E+0	0.0E+0			

NOTE: AT = Averaging time (days) ED = Exposure duration (yr) IR = Ingestion rate (mg/day)

BW = Body weight (kg) EF = Exposure frequency (days/yr)

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Completed By: Mark Detterman Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

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#### TIER 2 EXPOSURE CONCENTRATION AND INTAKE CALCULATION

#### **GROUNDWATER EXPOSURE PATHWAYS**

#### MAXIMUM PATHWAY INTAKE (mg/kg/day)

(Maximum intake of active pathways soil leaching & groundwater routes.)

Constituents of Concern	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1 Commercial	Off-site 2 Residential
BenzeneCA*		4.4E-3	5.3E-4
Toluene		3.4E-3	1.3E-6
Ethylbenzene		4.1E-3	9.4E-5
Xylene (mixed isomers)		2.6E-2	1.3E-3
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34		3.2E-11	1.3E-33
Naphthalene		1.6E-3	2.5E-6
Cadmium		1.9E-7	2.5E-8
Chromium (III)		3.9E-19	1.6E-37
Lead*			
Nickel		1.7E-5	2.3E-6
Zinc		2.5E-5	3.4E-6

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

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GROUNDWATER EXPOSURE PATH	WAYS				(CHECKED IF PATH	IWAYS ARE	(CTIVE)	
				C	ARCINOGENIC RISH	<		
Constituents of Concern	(1) EPA Carcinogenic	(2) N In	Maximum Carcino Itake Rate (mg/kg/d	genic ay)	(3) Oral Slope Factor		(4) Individual CO( Risk (2) x (3)	
	Classification	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1	Off-site 2 Residential	(mg/kg-day)^-1	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1	Off-site 2 Residentia
BenzeneCA*	A		4.4E-3	5.3E-4	1.0E-1		4.4E-4	5.3E-5
Toluene	D							
Ethylbenzene	D							
Xylene (mixed isomers)	D							
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	D							
Naphthalene	D							
Cadmium	B1							
Chromium (III)								
Lead*	D							
Nickel	A							
Zinc	D							

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

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#### TIER 2 PATHWAY RISK CALCULATION

#### **GROUNDWATER EXPOSURE PATHWAYS**

#### (CHECKED IF PATHWAYS ARE ACTIVE)

TOXIC EFFECTS

		) Maximum Toxic Itake Rate (mg/kg/d		(6) Oral Reference		(7) Individual COC Hazard Quotient (5) / (6)			
Constituents of Concern	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1	Off-site 2 Residential	Dose (mg/kg/day)	On-site (0 cm) None	Off-site 1	Off-site 2 Residential		
BenzeneCA*		1.2E-2	1.2E-3	3.0E-3	8	4.1E+0	4.1E-1		
Toluene		3.4E-3	1.3E-6	2.0E-1		1.7E-2	6.6E-6		
Ethylbenzene		4.1E-3	9.4E-5	1.0E-1		4.1E-2	9.4E-4		
Xylene (mixed isomers)		2.6E-2	1.3E-3	2.0E+0		1.3E-2	6.7E-4		
TPH - Aliph >C21-C34		3.2E-11	1.3E-33	2.0E+0		1.6E-11	6.4E-34		
Naphthalene		1.6E-3	2.5E-6	4.0E-1		4.1E-3	6.2E-6		
Cadmium		1.9E-7	2.5E-8	5.0E-4		3.8E-4	5.0E-5		
Chromium (III)		3.9E-19	1.6E-37	1.5E+0		2.6E-19	1.1E-37		
Lead*									
Nickel		1.7E-5	2.3E-6	2.0E-2		8.3E-4	1.1E-4		
Zinc		2.5E-5	3.4E-6	3.0E-1		8.3E-5	1.1E-5		

Total Pathway Hazard Index =

4.2E+0 4.2E-1

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantiers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Printouts: Domenico Groundwater Modeling Summary

## Tier 2 Domenico Groundwater Modeling Summary

Site Name; Former J&R Auto Dism: Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oal Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

1 OF 2

## DOMENICO GROUNDWATER MODELING SUMMARY

OFF-SITE GROUNDWATER EXPO	OSURE PATHWAYS		(CHECKED IF PATH	WAY IS ACTIVE)							
SOILS LEACHING TO GROUNDWATER:								126			
INGESTION	1) Source Medium	2) Steady-state Expension Coundwater: Programme 2015	osure Concentration OE Conc. (mo/L)		entration Limit OE Conc. (mg/L)				POE Conc. Limit (""" if yes); Time (yr)		
Constituents of Concern	Soil Conc. (mg/kg)	Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential	Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residentia	0	off-site 1 915 cm) Immercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential			
BenzeneCA*	2.5E-3	1.0E-5	3.7E-7	2.9E-3	8.5E-4		NA		NA		
Toluene	2.6E-2	1.0E-5	1.4E-9	2.0E+1	7.3E+0		NA		NA		
Ethylbenzene	1.3E-1	8.1E-5	6.7E-7	1.0E+1	3.7E+0		NA		NA		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	6.6E-1	7.1E-4	1.3E-5	2.0E+2	7.3E+1		NA		NA		
TPH - Allph >C21-C34	7.3E+1	8.2E-20	1.2E-42	2.0E+2	7.3E+1		NA		NA		
Naphthalene	3.1E+0	1.6E-4	8.7E-8	4.1E+1	1.5E+1		NA		NA		
Cadmium	4.3E-1	1.9E-5	9.1E-7	5.1E-2	1.8E-2		NA		NA		
Chromium (III)	3.3E+1	4.0E-17	6.0E-36	1.5E+2	5.5E+1	0	NA		NA		
Lead*	1.7E+1						NA		NA		
Nickel	3.2E+1	1.7E-3	8.2E-5	2.0E+0	7.3E-1		NA		NA		
Zinc	4.7E+1	2.6E-3	1.2E-4	3.1E+1	1.1E+1		NA		NA		

NOTE: POE = Point of exposure

## Tier 2 Domenico Groundwater Modeling Summary

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismi Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oal Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

2 OF 2

#### **DOMENICO GROUNDWATER MODELING SUMMARY**

OFF-SITE GROUNDWATER EXPOSU	IRE PATHWAYS	(CHECKED IF PATH	WAY IS ACTIVE)	
GROUNDWATER:				
INGESTION	1) Source Medium	Steady-state Exposure Concentration	3) POE Concentration Limit	4) Time to Reach POE Conc. Limit

INGESTION	1) Source Medium	2) Steady-state Exp	osure Concentration	<ol><li>POE Conc</li></ol>	entration Limit	1	<ol><li>Time to Reach POE Conc. Limit</li></ol>				
		Groundwater: P	OE Conc. (mg/L)	Groundwater: P	OE Conc. (mg/L)	Co	nc reaches limit	. (.m. N	"" If yes) ; Time (yr)		
Constituents of Concern	Groundwater Conc. (mg/L)	Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential	Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial	Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential		Off-site 1 (915 cm) Commercial		Off-site 2 (6100 cm) Residential		
BenzeneCA*	1.7E+0	1.3E+0	4.5E-2	2.9E-3	8.5E-4		5.3E-2		4.6E-1		
Toluene	2.5E+0	3.5E-1	4.9E-5	2.0E+1	7.3E+0		NA		NA		
Ethylbenzene	7.9E-1	4.2E-1	3.4E-3	1.0E+1	3.7E+0		NA		NA		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	4.1E+0	2.6E+0	4.9E-2	2.0E+2	7.3E+1		NA		NA		
TPH - Allph >C21-C34	2.0E+3	3.2E-9	4.6E-32	2.0E+2	7.3E+1		NA		NA		
Naphthalene	7.1E-1	1.7E-1	9.1E-5	4.1E+1	1.5E+1		NA		NA		
Cadmium	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	5.1E-2	1.8E-2		NA		NA		
Chromium (III)	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	1.5E+2	5.5E+1		NA		NA		
Lead*	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	9.0E+99	9.0E+99		NA		NA		
Nickel	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	2.0E+0	7.3E-1		NA		NA		
Zinc	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	3.1E+1	1,1E+1	0	NA		NA		

NOTE: POE = Point of exposure

#### **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS** Completed By: Mark Detterman Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Job ID: 201064 Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 1 of 11 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA BenzeneCA\* Constiuent: Source Medium: Affected Soils Leaching to Groundwater Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source Time (yr) 1.0 Off-site1 Off-site2 (for given time) Residential Commercial 150 750 900 1350 Distance (cm) 300 450 600 1050 1200 1500 915 6100 Conc. (mg/L) 1.4E-5 1.4E-5 1.4E-5 1.3E-5 1.3E-5 1.2E-5 1.0E-5 9.0E-6 7.8E-6 6.7E-6 5.8E-6 1.0E-5 t = 1.0 yr1.6E-7 1.4E-5 1.0E-5 6.7E-6 Steady-state 1.4E-5 1.4E-5 1.3E-5 1.3E-5 1.2E-5 9.0E-6 7.8E-6 5.8E-6 1.0E-5 3.7E-7 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 2.9E-3 8.5E-4 1.0E-4 - Steady-state Conc. (mg/L) - t = 1.0 yr 1.0E-5 - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit - + + · · · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-6 Distance0 400 0 200 600 1000 1200 1400 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) Time (yr) 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 Time to Reach Conc. Limit (yr) 0.0E+0 1.2E-5 x = 750 cmConc. (mg/L) 0.0E+0 1.0E-5 Off-site1 NA Off-site1 (915 cm) 0.0E+0 3.7E-7 3.7E-7 3.7E-7 3.7E-7 3.7E-7 3.7E-7 3.7E-7 Off-site2 (6100 cm) 3.7E-7 3.7E-7 3.7E-7 Off-site2 NA 2.0E-5 —C x = 750 cm 1.5E-5 Conc. (mg/L) Off-site1 (915 cm) 1.0E-5 -Off-site2 (6100 cm) - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 5.0E-6 + - · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 0.0E+0 5 10 Time:(yr) 20 25 30

#### **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS** Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Completed By: Mark Detterman Job ID: 201064 Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA 2 of 11 Constiuent: Toluene Affected Soils Leaching to Groundwater Source Medium: Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source 1.0 Off-site1 Off-site2 Time (yr) (for given time) Commercial Residential Distance (cm) 0 150 300 450 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Conc (mg/L) 7.3E-5 5.3E-5 3.9E-5 2.9E-5 2.1E-5 1.5E-5 1.1E-5 7.4E-6 5.1E-6 3.6E-6 2.5E-6 1.0E-5 1.4E-9 1 = 1.0 yr 1.1E-5 5.1E-6 3.6E-6 Steady-state 7.3E-5 5.3E-5 3.9E-5 2.9E-5 2.1E-5 1.5E-5 7.4E-6 2.5E-6 1.0E-5 1.4E-9 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 2.0E+1 7.3E+0 1.0E-4 - Steady-state Conc. (mg/L) - t = 1.0 yr 1.0E-5 - Off-site1 Conc.Limit + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-6 200 400 600 Distance0 1000 1200 1400 Concentration vs. Time 750 Distance (cm) (for given distance from source) 15 18 27 Time to Reach Time (yr) 3 6 9 12 21 24 30 1.5E-5 1.5E-5 1.5E-5 1.5E-5 1.5E-5 1.5E-5 1.5E-5 1.5E-5 Conc. Limit (yr) x = 750 cm0.0E+0 1.5E-5 1.5E-5 Off-site1 (915 cm) 0.0E+0 1.0E-5 1.0E-5 1.0E-5 1.0E-5 1.0E-5 1.0E-5 1,0E-5 1,0E-5 1.0E-5 1.0E-5 Off-site1 NA Off-site2 (6100 cm) 0.0E+0 1.4E-9 Off-site2 NA 2.0E-5 - = 750 cm1.5E-5 Conc. (mg/L) Off-site1 (915 cm) 1.0E-5 -- Off-site2 (6100 cm) ■ - · Off-site1 Conc.Limit 5.0E-6 + - · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 0.0E+0 0 5 10 Time5(yr) 20 25 30

#### **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT** TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS Completed By: Mark Detterman Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Job ID: 201064 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 3 of 11 Constluent: Ethylbenzene Affected Soils Leaching to Groundwater Source Medium: Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source Time (yr) 1.0 Off-site1 Off-site2 Residential (for given time) Commercial Distance (cm) 150 300 450 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Conc (mg/L) t = 1.0 yr1.5E-4 1.4E-4 1.3E-4 1.3E-4 1.1E-4 9.8E-5 8.2E-5 6.8E-5 5.5E-5 4.5E-5 3.6E-5 8.1E-5 5.2E-8 1.5E-4 1.4E-4 1.3E-4 1.3E-4 1.1E-4 9.8E-5 8.3E-5 6.9E-5 5.7E-5 4.7E-5 3.8E-5 B.1E-5 6.7E-7 Steady-state POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 1.0E+1 3.7E+0 1.0E-3 -Steady-state Conc. (mg/L) - 1 = 1.0 yr 1.0E-4 - Off-site1 Conc.Limit - - + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-5 200 400 600 Distance0 1000 1200 1400 0 Concentration vs. Time 750 Distance (cm) (for given distance from source) 15 18 21 24 27 30 Time to Reach Time (yr) 3 6 9 12 Conc. Limit (yr) 9.8E-5 9.8E-5 9.8E-5 9.8E-5 x = 750 cm0.0E+0 9.8E-5 9.8E-5 9.8E-5 9.8E-5 9.8E-5 9.BE-5 Conc. (mg/L) 0.0E+0 8.1E-5 8.1E-5 8.1E-5 8.1E-5 8.1E-5 8.1E-5 8-1E-5 8.1E-5 8.1E-5 8.1E-5 Off-site1 NA Off-site1 (915 cm) Off-site2 0.0E+0 6.3E-7 6.7E-7 6.7E-7 6.7E-7 6.7E-7 6.7E-7 6.7E-7 6.7E-7 6.7E-7 NA Off-site2 (6100 cm) 6.7E-7 1.0E-4 8.0E-5 - x = 750 cm Conc. (mg/L) Off-site1 (915 cm) 6.0E-5 - Off-site2 (6100 cm) 4.0E-5 - - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 2.0E-5 - - + - · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 0.0E+0 5 20 25 0 10 Times(yr) 30

#### **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT** TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Completed By: Mark Detterman Job ID: 201064 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 4 of 11 Xylene (mixed isomers) Constiuent: Affected Soils Leaching to Groundwater Source Medium: Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source Time (yr) 1.0 Off-site1 Off-site2 (for given time) Residential Commercial Distance (cm) 150 300 450 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Conc (mg/L) 1.1E-3 1-1E-3 1.0E-3 1.0E-3 8.3E-4 7.2E-4 t = 1.0 yr9.3E-4 6.2E-4 5.2E-4 4.4E-4 3.7E-4 7.1E-4 1.8E-6 Steady-state 1.1E-3 1.1E-3 1.0E-3 1.0E-3 9.3E-4 8.3E-4 7.2E-4 6.2E-4 5.3E-4 4.4E-4 3.8E-4 7.1E-4 1.3E-5 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 2:0E+2 7.3E+1 1.0E-2 - Steady-state Conc. (mg/L) - t = 1.0 yr 1.0E-3 - Off-site1 Conc.Limit - - + - · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-4 0 200 400 600 Distance0 1000 1200 1400 Concentration vs. Time 750 Distance (cm) (for given distance from source) Time (yr) 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 Time to Reach Conc. Limit (yr) 8.3E-4 x = 750 cm0.0E+0 8.3E-4 8.3E-4 8.3E-4 8.3E-4 8.3E-4 8.3E-4 8.3E-4 8.3E-4 8.3E-4 Conc. (mg/L) 7.1E-4 0.0E+0 7.1E-4 7.1E-4 7.1E-4 7.1E-4 7.1E-4 7.1E-4 7.1E-4 7.1E-4 Off-site1 Off-site1 (915 cm) 7.1E-4 NA Off-site2 (6100 cm) 0.0E+0 1.3E-5 Off-site2 NA 9.0E-4 8.0E-4 - x = 750 cm 7.0E-4 (mg/L) 6.0E-4 Off-site1 (915 cm) 5.0E-4 4.0E-4 3.0E-4 - - - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 2.0E-4 - - + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-4 0.0E+0 0 5 10 Timec(yr) 20 25 30

#### **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT** TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS Completed By: Mark Detterman Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Job ID: 201064 Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 5 of 11 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA TPH - Aliph >C21-C34 Constiuent: Source Medium: Affected Soils Leaching to Groundwater Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source Time (yr) 1.0 Off-site 1 Off-site2 (for given time) Commercial Residential 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Distance (cm) 0 150 300 450 Conc. (mg/L) 5.1E-8 0.0E+0 l = 1.0 yrSteady-state 5.1E-8 8.4E-12 5.6E-14 1.1E-15 3.7E-17 1.7E-18 1.1E-19 8.0E-21 6.9E-22 6.9E-23 7.8E-24 8.2E-20 1.2E-42 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 2.0E+2 7.3E+1 1.0E-7 1.0E-8 - Steady-state (mg/L) 1.0E-9 -- t = 1.0 yr 8 1.0E-10 - - - W - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 1.0E-11 - - + - · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-12 400 Distance0 1000 1200 1400 0 200 600 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) Time (yr) 0 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 Time to Reach Conc. Limit (yr) 0.0E+0 x = 750 cmOff-site1 (915 cm) 0.0E+0 Off-site1 NA 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Off-site2 Off-site2 (6100 cm) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E + 00.0E+0 0.0E + 00.0E+0 NA 9.0E-4 8.0E-4 -C- x = 750 cm 7.0E-4 6.0E-4 O Off-site1 (915 cm) 5.0E-4 Off-site2 (6100 cm) 4.0E-4 3.0E-4 Off-site1 Conc.Limit 2.0E-4 - - + - · Off-site2 Conc Limit 1.0E-4 0.0E+0 5 10 TimeE(yr) 20 25 30 0

#### RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS Completed By: Mark Detterman Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Job ID: 201064 6 of 11 Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Constiuent: Naphthalene Source Medium: Affected Soils Leaching to Groundwater Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source 1.0 Time (yr) Off-site1 Off-site2 (for given time) Commercial Residential Distance (cm) 0 150 300 450 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Cone (mg/L) 6.8E-4 4.3E-4 3.2E-4 1.2E-4 6.7E-5 3.5E-5 1.8E-5 9.1E-6 8.8E-15 i = 1.0 yr5.5E-4 2.1E-4 4.6E-6 6.3E-5 Steady-state 6.8E-4 5.5E-4 4.4E-4 3.6E-4 2.8E-4 2.2E-4 1.6E-4 1.2E-4 8.9E-5 6.6E-5 4.9E-5 1.6E-4 8.7E-8 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 4.1E+1 1.5E+1 1.0E-3 -Steady-state Sonc. (mg/L) 1.0E-4 - t = 1.0 yr · · Off-site1 Conc.Limit 1.0E-5 - + + - · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-6 400 200 600 Distance0 1000 1200 1400 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) Time (yr) 0 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 Time to Reach Conc. Limit (yr) x = 750 cm0.0E+0 2.2E-4 Conc. 1.6E-4 1.6E-4 1.6E-4 1.6E-4 1.6E-4 Off-site1 Off-s te1 (915 cm) 0.0E+01.6E-4 1.6E-4 1.6E-4 1.6E-4 1.6E-4 NA Off-s te2 (6100 cm) 0.0E+0 1.0E-8 7.5E-8 8.6E-8 8.7E-8 8.7E-8 8.7E-8 8.7E-8 8.7E-8 8.7E-8 8.7E-8 Off-site2 NA 3.0E-4 2.5E-4 -C x = 750 cm Sonc. (mg/L) 2.0E-4 -- Off-site1 (915 cm) 1.5E-4 -Off-site2 (6100 cm) 1.0E-4 - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 5.0E-5 + - · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 0.0E+0 0 5 10 Times(yr) 20 25 30

#### RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT **TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS** Completed By: Mark Detterman Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Job ID: 201064 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 7 of 11 Cadmium Constiuent: Source Medium: Affected Soils Leaching to Groundwater Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source 1.0 Time (yr) Off-site 1 Off-site2 (for given time) Commercial Residential Distance (cm) 150 300 450 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Conc (mg/L) 2.5E-5 7.3E-13 2.8E-21 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 1 = 1.0 yr0.0E+0 0.0E+0 2.5E-5 2.5E-5 2.5E-5 2.0E-5 1.5E-5 1.3E-5 Steady-state 2.5E-5 2.4E-5 2.2E-5 1.7E-5 1.1E-5 1.9E-5 9.1E-7 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 5.1E-2 1.8E-2 1.0E-4 1.0E-5 - Steady-state 1.0E-6 1.0E-7 - 1 = 1.0 yr 1.0E-8 1.0E-9 1.0E-10 - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit - · + - · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-11 1.0E-12 400 Distance0 Ö 200 600 1000 1200 1400 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) Time (yr) 3 6 15 18 21 12 27 30 Time to Reach Conc. Limit (yr) 0.0E+0 8.6E-7 x = 750 cm1.3E-18 1.7E-11 4.0E-9 6.0E-8 3.0E-7 1.8E-6 3.0E-6 4.5E-6 6.2E-6 Off-site1 (915 cm) 0.0E+0 1.1E-21 4.1E-13 3.2E-10 9.0E-9 6.5E-8 2.4E-7 6.0E-7 1.2E-6 2.0E-6 3.0E-6 Off-site1 NA Off-site2 (6100 cm) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 3.0E-22 3.4E-20 1.4E-18 2.6E-17 Off-site2 NA 7.0E-6 6.0E-6 - x = 750 cm 5.0E-6 Off-site1 (915 cm) 4.0E-6 -Off-site2 (6100 cm) 3.0E-6 - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 2.0E-6 - + + - · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-6 0.0E+0 0 5 10 TimeE(yr) 20 25 30

#### **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS** Completed By: Mark Detterman Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Job ID: 201064 Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA 8 of 11 Chromium (III) Constiuent: Source Medium: Affected Soils Leaching to Groundwater Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source 1.0 Time (yr) Off-site1 Off-site2 (for given time) Commercial Residential 150 300 450 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Distance (cm) 0 Conc (mg/L) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0,0E+0 8.0E-8 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 t = 1.0 yrSteady-state 8.0E-8 1.2E-10 2.1E-12 8.9E-14 5.7E-15 4-8E-16 5.0E-17 5.9E-18 7.9E-19 1.2E-19 2.0E-20 4.0E-17 6.0E-36 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 1.5E+2 5.5E+1 1.0E-7 1.0E-8 - Steady-state (mg/L) 1.0E-9 - 1 = 1.0 yr 2 1.0E-10 Off-site1 Conc.Limit 1.0E-11 - - + - · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-12 0 200 400 600 Distance 0 1000 1200 1400 Concentration vs. Time 750 Distance (cm) (for given distance from source) Time (yt) 0 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 Time to Reach Conc. Limit (yr) x = 750 cm0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Conc. (mg/L) Off-site1 (915 cm) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Off-site1 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+00.0E+0 0.0E+0 0-0E+0 NA Off-site2 (6100 cm) 0.0E+0 Off-site2 NA 7.0E-6 6.0E-6 - x = 750 cm(mg/L) 5.0E-6 - Off-site1 (915 cm) 4.0E-6 Off-site2 (6100 cm) 3.0E-6 ₩ - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 2.0E-6 - - + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-6 0.0E+0 d 0 5 10 TimeE(yr) 20 25 30

#### **TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS**

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Job ID: 201064

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Time (yr)

1.0

750

10 of 11

Constiuent:

Nickel

Source Medium:

Affected Soils Leaching to Groundwater

Biodegredation:

1st Order

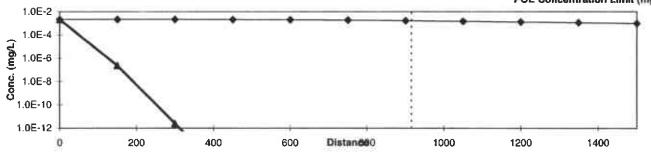
## Concentration vs. Distance from Source

(for given time)

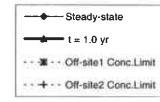
tor given time	-1											
Distan	ce (cm)	0	150	300	450	600	750	900	1050	1200	1350	1500
t = 1.0 yr	일	2.2E-3	2.4E-7	2.5E-12	2.7E-17	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	0.0É+0	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	0.0E+0
Steady-state	රි ළී	2.2E-3	2.2E-3	2.2E-3	2 1E-3	2.1E-3	1.9E-3	1.7E-3	1.5E-3	1.3E-3	1.2E-3	1.0E-3

Off-site1	Off-site2
Commercial	Residential
915	6100
0.0E+0	0.0E+0
1.7E-3	8.2E-5
2.0E+0	7.3F-1

POE Concentration Limit (mg/L)



Distance (cm)



#### Concentration vs. Time

(for given distance from source)

Tin	ne (yr)	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
x = 750 cm	6 T	0.0E+0	1.0E-10	1.4E-6	3.2E-5	1.4E-4	3.4E-4	5.8E-4	8.3E-4	1.1E-3	1.2E-3	1.4E-3
Off-site1 (915 cm)	§ §	0.0E+0	1.3E-12	1,5E-7	7.2E-6	4.7E-5	1.4E-4	2.9E-4	4.6E-4	6.4E-4	8.2E-4	9.7E-4
Off-site2 (6100 cm)	٥٤	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	1.4E-20	2.9E-17	5.1E-15	2.0E-13	3.3E-12	2.8E-11	1.6E-10



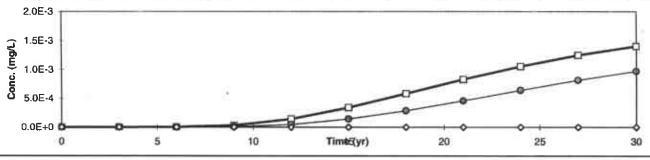
Off-site1 NA
Off-site2 NA

Off-site1 (915 cm)

Off-site2 (6100 cm)

- - - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit

-D- x = 750 cm



#### **TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT** Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Completed By: Mark Detterman Job ID: 201064 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 11 of 11 Constiuent: Zinc Source Medium: Affected Soils Leaching to Groundwater Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source Time (yr) 1.0 Off-site 1 Off-site2 Commercial Residential (for given time) 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Distance (cm) 0 150 300 450 600 750 Conc (mg/L) 3.3E-3 3.1E-7 2.8E-12 2.6E-17 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 t = 1.0 yr2.0E-3 1.7E-3 2.6E-3 1.2E-4 Steady-state 3.3E-3 3.3E-3 3.3E-3 3.3E-3 3.1E-3 2.9E-3 2.6E-3 2.3E-3 1.5E-3 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 3.1E+1 1.1E+1 1.0E-2 1.0E-4 - Steady-state Conc. (mg/L) 1.0E-6 - t = 1.0 yr 1.0E-8 - - - W -- Off-site1 Conc.Limit 1.0E-10 - - + - · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-12 1000 1200 1400 200 400 600 Distance0 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) Time to Reach Time (yr) 0 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 Conc. Limit (yr) x = 750 cm0.0E+0 1.2E-10 1.8E-6 4.4E-5 2.1E-4 4.9E-4 8.5E-4 1.2E-3 1.6E-3 1.9E-3 2.1E-3 6.7E-4 9.4E-4 1.2E-3 1.4E-3 Off-site 1 NA 0.0E+0 1.5E-12 2.0E-7 9.8E-6 6.7E-5 2.0E-4 4.1E-4 Off-site1 (915 cm) 0.0E+0 1.4E-20 2.9E-17 5.4E-15 2.3E-13 3.8E-12 3.4E-11 1.9E-10 Off-site2 NA 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Off-site2 (6100 cm) 3.0E-3 2.5E-3 ——— x = 750 cm 2.0E-3 Off-site1 (915 cm) 1.5E-3 Off-site2 (6100 cm) - - - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 1.0E-3 - - + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 5.0E-4 0.0E+0 Timte(yr) 20 25 30 0 5 10

#### **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS** Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Completed By: Mark Detterman Job ID: 201064 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 1 of 11 Constiuent: BenzeneCA\* Source Medium: Affected Groundwater Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source 1.0 Off-site1 Off-site2 Time (yr) (for given time) Commercial Residential Distance (cm) 0 150 300 450 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Сопс (тд/L) 1.7E+0 1.7E+0 1.6E+0 1.6E+0 1.4E+0 1.3E+0 1.1E+0 9.6E-1 8.3E-1 7.2E-1 1.3E+0 1.9E-2 t = 1.0 yr1.7E+0 Steady-state 1.7E+0 1.7E+0 1.7E+0 1.6E+0 1.6E+0 1.4E+0 1.3E+0 1.1E+0 9.6E-1 8.3E-1 7.2E-1 1.3E+0 4.5E-2 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 2.9E-3 8.5E-4 1.0E+1 1.0E+0 - Steady-state Conc. (mg/L) 1.0E-1 t = 1.0 yr 1.0E-2 - Off-site1 Conc.Limit - + - · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-3 1.0E-4 200 400 600 Distance0 1000 1200 1400 0 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) 12 15 18 24 27 Time (yr) 0 3 6 9 21 30 Time to Reach Conc. Limit (yr) x = 750 cm 0.0E+0 1.4E+0 Conc 0.0E+0 1.3E+0 Off-site1 Off-site1 (915 cm) 0.1 Off-site2 (6100 cm) 0.0E+0 4.5E-2 Off-site2 0.5 2.0E+0 -C x = 750 cm 1.5E+0 Conc. (mg/L) - Off-site1 (915 cm) 1.0E+0 Off-site2 (6100 cm) - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 5.0E-1 + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 0.0E+0 10 20 25 5 15 30 Time (yr)

#### RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT **TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS** Completed By: Mark Detterman Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Job ID: 201064 Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 2 of 11 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Toluene Constiuent: Source Medium: Affected Groundwater Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source 1.0 Off-site1 Off-site2 Time (yr) (for given time) Commercial Residential 150 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 Distance (cm) 450 600 6100 Conc (mg/L) 1.3E+0 5.2E-1 3.6E-1 1.7E-1 1.2E-1 2.5E+0 1.8E+0 1.0E+0 7.3E-1 2.5E-1 8.5E-2 3.5E-1 4.7E-5 l = 1.0 vrSteady-state 2.5E+0 1.8E+0 1.3E+0 1.0E+0 7.3E-1 5,2E-1 3.6E-1 2.5E-1 1.7E-1 1.2E-1 8.5E-2 3.5E-1 4.9E-5 7.3E+0 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 2.0E+1 1.0E+1 - Steady-state Conc. (mg/L) 1.0E+0 t = 1.0 yr - - - Off-site 1 Conc.Limit 1.0E-1 - + + - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-2 200 Distance0 0 400 600 1000 1200 1400 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) Time (yr) 3 6 9 12 15 18 24 27 30 Time to Reach Conc. Limit (yr) 0.0E+0 5.2E-1 5.2E-1 5.2E-1 5.2E-1 5.2E-1 5.2E-1 5.2E-1 5.2E-1 5.2E-1 x = 750 cmConc. (mg/L) 5.2E-1 0.0E+0 3.5E-1 Off-site1 NA Off-site1 (915 cm) 0.0E+0 4.9E-5 4.9E-5 4.9E-5 4.9E-5 4.9E-5 4.9E-5 4.9E-5 4.9E-5 Off-site2 (6100 cm) 4.9E-5 4.9E-5 Off-site2 NA 6.0E-1 5.0E-1 -□--- x = 750 cm (mg/L) 4.0E-1 ------ Off-site1 (915 cm) 3.0E-1 ◆── Off-site2 (6100 cm) 2.0E-1 - - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit - · + · · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-1 0.0E + 05 10 Times(yr) 20 25 30

#### RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS Completed By: Mark Detterman Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Job ID: 201064 Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 3 of 11 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Ethylbenzene Constiuent: Affected Groundwater Source Medium: Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source Time (yr) 1.0 Off-site1 Off-site2 (for given time) Commercial Residential Distance (cm) 0 150 300 450 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Conc (mg/L) 7.9E-1 7.4E-1 6.9E-1 6.4E-1 5.8E-1 5.0E-1 4.2E-1 3.5E-1 2.9E-1 2.3E-1 1.8E-1 4.2E-1 2.7E-4 t = 1.0 yrSteady-state 7.9E-1 7.4E-1 6.9E-1 6.4E-1 5.8E-1 5.0E-1 4.3E-1 3.5E-1 2.9E-1 2.4E-1 2.0E-1 4.2E-1 3.4E-3 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 1.0E+1 3.7E+0 1.0E+0 - Steady-state Conc. (mg/L.) - t = 1.0 yr - - - W - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit - - + - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-1 200 400 Distance0 1000 1400 0 600 1200 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) Time (yr) 0 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 Time to Reach 0.0E+0 5.0E-1 Conc. Limit (yr) x = 750 cm0.0E+0 4.2E-1 4.2E-1 4.2E-1 4.2E-1 4.2E-1 4.2E-1 4.2E-1 4.2E-1 4.2E-1 Off-site 1 Off-site1 (915 cm) 4.2E-1 NA 0.0E+0 3.2E-3 3.4E-3 3.4E-3 3.4E-3 3.4E-3 3.4E-3 3.4E-3 Off-site2 (6100 cm) 3.4E-3 3.4E-3 3.4E-3 Off-site2 NA 6.0E-1 5.0E-1 ——— x = 750 cm 4.0E-1 Off-site1 (915 cm) 3.0E-1 -0--- Off-site2 (6100 cm) 2.0E-1 - - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit - - + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-1 0.0E+0 5 10 TimeE(yr) 20 25 0 30

#### **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS** Completed By: Mark Detterman Job ID: 201064 Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 4 of 11 Xylene (mixed isomers) Constiuent: Source Medium: Affected Groundwater Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source Time (yr) 1.0 Off-site 1 Off-site2 (for given time) Commercial Residential 150 900 Distance (cm) 450 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Conc. (mg/L) 4.1E+0 3.8E+0 3.7E+0 2.7E+0 4.0E+0 3.4E+0 3.1E+0 2.3E+0 1.9E+0 1.6E+0 1 = 1.0 yr1.4E+0 2.6E+0 6.6E-3 Steady-state 4.1E+0 4.0E+0 3.8E+0 3.7E+0 3.4E+0 3.1E+0 2.7E+0 2.3E+0 1.9E+0 1.6E+0 1.4E+0 2.6E+0 4.9E-2 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 2.0E+2 7.3E+1 1.0E+1 - Steady-state Conc. (mg/L) - t = 1.0 yr - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit - - + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E+0 0 200 400 600 Distance0 1000 1200 1400 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) Time (yr) 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 Time to Reach Conc. Limit (yr) x = 750 cm0.0E+0 3.1E+0 Conc. (mg/L) 0.0E+0 2.6E+0 2.6E+0 2.6E+0 2.6E+0 2.6E+0 Off-site1 (915 cm) 2.6E+0 2.6E+0 2.6E+0 2.6E+0 2.6E+0 Off-site1 NA 4.9E-2 Off-site2 (6100 cm) 0.0E + 04.6E-2 4.9E-2 4.9E-2 4.9E-2 4.9E-2 4.9E-2 4.9E-2 4.9E-2 Off-site2 4.9E-2 NA 4.0E+0 3.5E+0 -0- x = 750 cm 3.0E+0 2.5E+0 Off-site1 (915 cm) 2.0E+0 Off-site2 (6100 cm) 1.5E+0 - - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 1.0E+0 - - + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 5.0E-1 0.0E+0 5 10 TimeS(yr) 20 25 30

### **TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS**

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Time (yr)

1.0

750

Job ID: 201064

5 of 11

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Constiuent:

TPH - Aliph >C21-C34

Source Medium:

Affected Groundwater

Biodegredation:

1st Order

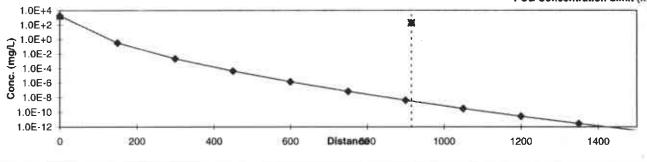
# Concentration vs. Distance from Source

(for given time)

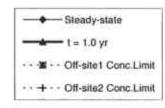
or given thin	given time;											
Distan	ce (cm)	0	150	300	450	600	750	900	1050	1200	1350	1500
t = 1.0 yr	5 5	2.0E+3	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	0.0E+0	0.0E+0						
Steady-state	ပြင့်	2.0E+3	3.3E-1	2.2E-3	4.2E-5	1.4E-6	6.9E-8	4.2E-9	3.1E-10	2.7E-11	2.7E-12	3.1E-13

Off-site1	Off-site2		
Commercial	Residential		
915	6100		
0.0E+0	0.0E+0		
3.2E-9	4.6E-32		
2 DE +2	7.95.1		

POE Concentration Limit (mg/L)



Distance (cm)



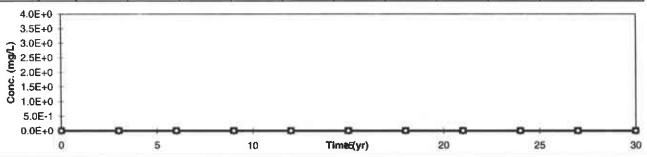
#### Concentration vs. Time

(for given distance from source)

TI	me (yr)	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
x = 750 cm	.: T	0.0E+0										
Off-site1 (915 cm)	Jug J	0.0E+0										
Off-site2 (6100 cm)	0.5	0.0E+0										

Time	to Reach	
Conc.	Limit (yr)	

Off-site1 NA Off-site2 NA



-C x = 750 cm Off-site1 (915 cm) -Off-site2 (6100 cm) - - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit · · + · · Off-site2 Conc.Limit

#### RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS Completed By: Mark Detterman Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Job ID: 201064 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 6 of 11 Constiuent: Naphthalene Source Medium: Affected Groundwater Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source Time (yr) 1.0 Off-site t Off-site2 (for given time) Commercial Residential Distance (cm) 0 150 300 450 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Conc. (mg/L) 7.1E-1 5.7E-1 4.6E-1 3.3E-1 2.2E-1 1.3E-1 7.0E-2 3.7E-2 1.9E-2 9.5E-3 t = 1.0 yr4.8E-3 6.6E-2 9.2E-12 Steady-state 7.1E-1 5.7E-1 4.6E-1 3.8E-1 3.0E-1 2.3E-1 1.7E-1 1.3E-1 9.3E-2 6.9E-2 5.1E-2 1.7E-1 9.1E-5 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 4.1E+1 1.5E+1 1.0E+0 --- Steady-state 20nc. (mg/L) 1.0E-1 - t = 1.0 yr--- - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 1.0E-2 -- + - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-3 200 400 0 600 Distance0 1000 1200 1400 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) Time (yr) 0 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 Time to Reach Conc. Limit (yr) x = 750 cm0.0E+0 2.3E-1 Off-site1 (915 cm) 0.0E+0 1.7E-1 1.7E-1 1.7E-1 1.7E-1 1.7E-1 1.7E-1 1.7E-1 1.7E-1 1.7E-1 Off-site1 1.7E-1 NA Off-site2 (6100 cm) 0.0E+0 1.1E-5 7.9E-5 9.0E-5 9.1E-5 9.1E-5 9.1E-5 9.1E-5 9.1E-5 9.1E-5 9.1E-5 Off-site2 NA 3.0E-1 2.5E-1 -C x = 750 cm (mg/L) 2.0E-1 Off-site1 (915 cm) 1.5E-1 - Off-site2 (6100 cm) 1.0E-1 - Territain - Ter 5.0E-2 - - + - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 0.0E+0 5 10 TimtE(yr) 0 20 25 30

#### **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT** TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Completed By: Mark Detterman Job ID: 201064 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 7 of 11 Constiuent: Cadmium Source Medium: Affected Groundwater Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source Time (yr) 1.0 Off-site 1 Off-site2 (for given time) Commercial Residential Distance (cm) 0 150 300 450 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Conc. (mg/L) t = 1.0 yr0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Steady-state 0.0E+0 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 5.1E-2 1.8E-2 1.0E+0 1.0E-2 - Steady-state 1.0E-4 -1 = 1.0 yr1.0E-6 - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 1.0E-8 - - + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-10 1.0E-12 200 400 600 0 Distance0 1000 1200 1400 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) Time (yr) 0 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 Time to Reach x = 750 cm 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Conc. Limit (yr) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Off-site1 (915 cm) 0.0E+0 Off-site t NA Off-site2 (6100 cm) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E + 00.0E+0 0.0E+0 0-0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Off-site2 NA 3.0E-1 2.5E-1 -C x = 750 cm 2.0E-1 -Off-site1 (915 cm) 1.5E-1 - Off-site2 (6100 cm) 1.0E-1 Off-site1 Conc.Limit 5.0E-2 - - + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 0.0E+0 d 0 5 10 TimeE(yr) 20 25 30

#### **TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT** Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Completed By: Mark Detterman Job ID: 201064 Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 8 of 11 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Constiuent: Chromium (III) Source Medium: Affected Groundwater Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source 1.0 Off-site1 Off-site2 Time (yr) (for given time) Commercial Residential 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Distance (cm) 0 150 300 450 Conc. (mg/L) 0.0E+0 t = 1.0 yr0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Steady-state 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 1.5E+2 5.5E+1 1.0E+0 1.0E-2 - Steady-state 1.0E-4 t = 1.0 yr 1.0E-6 - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 1.0E-8 · · + · · Off-site2 Conc Limit 1.0E-10 1.0E-12 400 600 Distan660 1000 1200 1400 0 200 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) Time (yr) 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 30 Time to Reach 0 Conc. Limit (yr) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 x = 750 cm0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Conc. (mg/L) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E + 00.0E+0 Off-site1 NA Off-site1 (915 cm) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Off-site2 NA 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E + 0Off-site2 (6100 cm) 0.0E+00.0E+0 0.0E + 03.0E-1 2.5E-1 x = 750 cm(mg/L) 2.0E-1 Off-site1 (915 cm) 1.5E-1 1.0E-1 · · · · ■ · · Off-site1 Conc Limit · · + · · Off-site2 Conc Limit 5.0E-2 0.0E+0 o 20 25 0 5 10 Times(yr) 30

#### **TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT** Completed By: Mark Detterman Job ID: 201064 Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers 10 of 11 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 Nickel Constiuent: Affected Groundwater Source Medium: Biodegredation: 1st Order Off-site1 Off-site2 Concentration vs. Distance from Source Time (yr) 1.0 Commercial Residential (for given time) 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 450 600 Distance (cm) 150 300 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Conc (mg/L) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 t = 1.0 yr0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E + 0Steady-state POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 2.0E+0 7.3E-1 1.0E+0 1.0E-2 - Steady-state 1.0E-4 - t = 1.0 yr 1.0E-6 - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 1.0E-8 - - + · · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-10 1.0E-12 1000 1200 1400 200 400 600 Distance0 0 Concentration vs. Time Distance (cm) 750 (for given distance from source) 30 Time to Reach 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 Time (yr) Conc. Limit (yr) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E + 00.0E + 00.0E+0 x = 750 cmConc. (mg/L) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Off-site1 NA 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E + 00.0E+0 0.0E+0 0,0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+00.0E+0 Off-site1 (915 cm) Off-site2 0.0E+0 NA 0.0E+0 Off-site2 (6100 cm) 3.0E-1 2.5E-1 x = 750 cm (mg/L) 2.0E-1 Off-site1 (915 cm) 1.5E-1 - - - W - - Off-site1 Conc Limit 1.0E-1 · · + · · Off-site2 Conc.Limit 5.0E-2 0.0E+0 a 10 20 25 30 0 5 TimeE(yr)

#### **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT TIER 2 TRANSIENT DOMENICO ANALYSIS** Completed By: Mark Detterman Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Job ID: 201064 Date Completed: 1-Dec-01 11 of 11 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Zinc Constluent: Affected Groundwater Source Medium: Biodegredation: 1st Order Concentration vs. Distance from Source Time (yr) 1.0 Off-site1 Off-site2 Residential Commercial (for given time) Distance (cm) 0 150 300 450 600 750 900 1050 1200 1350 1500 915 6100 Conc (mg/L) 0.0E+0 t = 1.0 yr0.0E + 00.0E+0 0.0E+0 Steady-state POE Concentration Limit (mg/L) 3.1E+1 1.1E+1 1.0E+0 1.0E-2 - Steady-state 1.0E-4 t = 1.0 yr1.0E-6 Off-site1 Conc.Limit 1.0E-8 - - + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 1.0E-10 1.0E-12 200 400 600 Distance0 1000 1200 1400 Concentration vs. Time 750 Distance (cm) (for given distance from source) 18 27 30 Time to Reach Time (yr) 0 3 6 9 12 15 21 24 Conc. Limit (yr) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 x = 750 cm0.0E+0 0.0E+0 Off-site 1 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 NΑ Off-site1 (915 cm) Off-site2 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 NA Off-site2 (6100 cm) 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 3.0E-1 2.5E-1 x = 750 cm Sonc. (mg/L) 2.0E-1 Off-site1 (915 cm) 1.5E-1 ->--- Off-site2 (6100 cm) - - - - Off-site1 Conc.Limit 1.0E-1 - - + - - Off-site2 Conc.Limit 5.0E-2 0.0E+0 25 0 5 10 TimeE(yr) 20 30

Appendix N

Printouts: Soil SSTL Values, Groundwater SSTL Values, Calculation of SSTL Values for TPH, Chemical-Specific Tier 2 Cleanup Summary (10 chemicals)

						RBCA SITE	ASSESSME	NT							
Site Name Fo	ormer J&R Auto Dismantlers	Core I	Completed By	Mark Detterman			Job ID: 2	01064							-03/01-
Site Location	819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oaklan	d, GA	Date Complete	a: 1-Dec-01											1 OF
SOIL (0 - 730 cm) SSTL VALUES				Target Risk (Clase A & 8) 1 CE 6  Target Risk (Clase C) 1 0E 5  Groundwater DAF Option Domenico - First Order  Target Hazard Occione 1 0E 40									unj		
							r Complete Exp	cause Pathways (*							
			x s	of Leaching to Gro Ingestion	undeater	X Soil Vol. to Indoor Air	x		ration and Surface ates to Outdoor Ar			Soil Inhalation, Dermal Contact	Applicables	5511	Required CF
CONSTITUENTS OF CONCERN Concentration		Circelle Off-site 1 (0 cm) (S15 cm)		(8100 cm)		On-ai	he (C um)	Cff-erte 1 (765 cm)	(II om)	On-site	(0 cm)	SSTI.	Extended?	Only if yes	
CAS No.	Name	(mg/kg)	None	Commercial	Residential	Residentes	Finidental	Construction	Commercial	Nune	Commercial	Construction	(mg/kg)	*#* il yes	lant
71-43-2	BenzeneCA*	2.5E-3	NA	7.0E-1	5.8E+0	5.7E-2	2.9E+0	NA.	4.0E+0	NA.	3.0E+0	7.6E+1	5.7E-2		<1
108-88-3	Toluene	2.6E-2	NA.	>8.0E+2	58.0E+2	1.6E+2	>8.0E+2	NA	>8.0E+2	NA	5.3E+3	5.5E+3	1.6E+2		<1.
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	1.3E-1	NA	>6.5E+2	>6.5E+2	>6.5E+2	>6.5E+2	NA.	>6.5E+2	NA	3 3E+3	3.3E+3	3.3E+3		<1
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	6.6E-1	NA	>5.2E+2	>5.2E+2	>5.2E+2	>5.2E+2	NA.	>5.2E+2	NA	6.2E+4	6.3E+4	6.2E+4		<1
0-00-0	TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	7.3E+1	NA	>1.6E+1	>1.6E+1	NC	NC	NA.	NC	NA	NC	NC	>1.8E+1		NA:
91-20-3	Naphthalene	3.1E+0	NA.	>6.2E+2	>6.2E+2	>6.2E+2	>6.2E+2	NA NA	>6.2E+2	NA	1.0E+5	1.0E+5	1.0E+5		<1
7440-43-9	Cadmium	4.3E-1	NA	1.2E+3	8.7E+3	>4.9E+7	2.5E+5	NA:	4.2E+5	NA	1.0E+3	7.1E+2	7.1E+2		<1
16065-83-1	Chromium (III)	3.3E+1	NA	>3.0E+11	>3.0E+11	NC	NC:	NA:	NC	NA	NC	NC	>3.0E+11		NA.
7439-92-1	Lead*	1.7E+1	NA	NC	NC	NC	NC-	NA.	NC	NA	NC NC	NC	NC		NA.
7440-02-0	Nickel	3.2E+1	NA	3.9E+4	2.9E+5	>1.1E+7	9.4E+5	NA	1.6E+6	NA.	NC	NC	3.9E+4		<1
7440-66-6	Zinc	4.7E+1	NA	5.6E+5	4.1E+6	NC	NC	NA	NC	NA	NC	NC	5.6E+5	0	<1

">" indicates risk-based target concentration greater than constituent residual saturation value. NA = Not applicable. NC = Not calculated.

#### RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT Job ID: 201064 Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers Completed By: Mark Detterman 1 OF 1 Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA Date Completed, 1-Dec-01 Target Risk (Class A & B) 1 0E-6 GROUNDWATER SSTL VALUES Target Risk (Class C) 1 0E-5 Groundwater DAF Option Domenico - First Order (One-directional vert. dispersion) Target Hazard Quotient 1 0E+0 SSTL Results For Complete Exposure Pathways ("X" if Complete) GW Vol. to Groundwater Volatilization X Groundwater Ingestion Required CRF Indoor Air to Outdoor Air Applicable SSTL On-site Off-side 1 Off-side 2 On-site On-site Off-site 1 Off-site 2 SSTL Exceeded 7 Representative CONSTITUENTS OF CONCERN Concentration (915 cm) (6100 cm) (0 cm) (765 cm) Only if "yes" (0 cm) (0 cm) (0 cm) CAS No. Commercial Residential Residential Residential Commercial None (mg/t.) "#" if yes left Name (mg/L) None 1.7E+0 BenzeneCA\* 71-43-2 NA 3.9E-3 3.2E-2 1.9E+0 >1.8E+3 >1.8E+3 NA 3.9E-3 4.4E+2 2.5E+0 NA 1.5E+2 >5.2E+2 >5.2E+2 >5.2E+2 >5.2E+2 NA 1.5E+2 108-88-3 Toluene <1 7.9E-1 Ethylbenzene NA 1.9E+1 >1.7E+2 >1.7E+2 >1.7E+2 >1.7E+2 1.9E+1 100-41-4 NA <1 4.1E+0 1330-20-7 Xylene (mixed isomers) NA >2.0E+2 >2.0E+2 >2.0E+2 >2.0E+2 >2.0E+2 NA >2.0E+2 NA 2.0E+3 0-00-0 NA >2.5E-6 NC NC NC NA >2.5E-6 NA TPH - Aliph >C21-C34 >2.5E-6 7.1E-1 91-20-3 Naphthalene NA >3.1E+1 >3.1E+1 >3.1E+1 >3.1E+1 >3.1E+1 NA >3.1E+1 NA 0.0E+0 7440-43-9 Cadmium NA 6.6E-2 5.0E-1 >6.5E+5 >6.5E+5 >6.5E+5 NA 6.6E-2 <1 0.0E+0 Chromium (III) NA >1.7E+5 >1.7E+5 NC NC NC NA >1.7E+5 NA 16065-83-1 0.0E+0 NA NC NC NC NC NC NA NC NA. 7439-92-1 Lead\* 0.0E+0 7440-02-0 Nickel NA 2.6E+0 1.9E+1 >1.7E+5 >1.7E+5 >1.7E+5 NA 2.6E+0 <1 .

2.9E+2

NC

3.9E+1

NA

0.0E+0

7440-66-6

Zinc

\* = Chemical with user-specified data

NC

NA

NC

<1

3.9E+1

<sup>&</sup>quot;>" indicates risk-based target concentration greater than constituent solubility value.

NA = Not applicable.

NC = Not calculated.

#### RBCA Tool Kit for Chemical Releases, Version 1.3a

### **RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT**

**TPH Criteria SSTL Worksheet** 

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Job ID: 201064

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

1 OF 1

### **CALCULATION OF SSTL VALUES FOR TPH**

			Mass Fractions		Representative	Concentrations Calculated Concentr		ntration Limits Applicable		e SSTL Values	
CONSTITUENTS OF CONCERN			Soil	Groundwater	Soil	Groundwater	Residual Soll Concentration	Solubility	Solls (0 - 730 cm)	Groundwater	
CAS No.	Name		(-)	(-)	(mg/kg)	(mg/L)	(mg/kg)	(mg/L)	(mg/kg)	(mg/L)	
0-00-0	TPH - Aliph >C21-C34		1.0E+0	1.0E+0	7.3E+1	2.0E+3	1.6E+1	2.5E-6	>1.6E+1	>2.5E-6	
= Chemical	with user-specified data			* *************************************							
		Total	1.0E+0	1.0E+0	7.3E+1	2.0E+3	Total 7	PH SSTL value	>Res	>Sol	

<sup>&</sup>quot;>" indicates risk-based target concentration greater than constituent residual saturation value.

NC = Not calculated.

### Chemical-Specific Tier 2 Cleanup Summary

**Chemical Parameters** 

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Job ID: 201064

1 of 12

Constituent:	BenzeneCA*		CAS No.:	71-43-2
	Site-Specific	Target Level (	SSTL) Concer	trations
		0	0# ***	4

	Site-Specific	: Target Level (S: On-site	STL) Concentration Off-site1	ns Off-site2
Groundunt	er Ingestion	Olivano	OII-Site /	OII-SREE
	Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Desidential (C100
	THQ = 1e+0	1.1.1.1		Residential / 6100
SSTL <sub>gw</sub> (mg/L)		NA	4.2E-1	4 1E+0
	TR = 1e-6	NA NA	3 9E-3	3.2E-2
	ng to Groundwater in			
	Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	NA	7.5E+1	7.4E+2
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NA NA	7.0E-1	5 8É+0
Surface So	li inhalation, ingestio	n,Dermal Contact		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Com./Constr. / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL <sub>ss</sub>	THQ = 1e+0	9.6E+1		
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	3.0E+0		
Outdoor Air	r Inhalation			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
R0EL <sub>air</sub>	THQ = 1e+0	6.2E+0	8.7E+0	NA.
$(\mu g/m^3)$	TR = 1e-6	2 9E-1	4.9E-1	NA
Soli Volatili	ization/Particulates to	Outdoor Air Inhai	ation	
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None-
SSTL,	THQ = 1e+0	6.1E+1	7.1E+1	NA
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	2.9E+0	4.0E+0	NA
Groundwat	er Volatliization to Ou	rtdoor Air inheletio	n	
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	>1.8E+3	>1 8E+3	NA
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	>1 BE+3	>1.8E+3	NA
Indoor Air I	nhalation			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
RBEL	THQ = 1e+0	6.2E+0		
(µg/m³)	TR = 1e-6	2.9E-1		
Soil Voiatili	ization to Indoor Air li	nhaiation		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL,	THQ = 1e+0	1.2E+0	1	
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	5.7E-2		
Groundwat	er Volatilization to inc	door Air Inhalation		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
	THQ = 1e+0	4.0E+1	1	, -
			I	

	Units	Residential	Commercial	Construction
Cross-Med	lia Transfer Factors			
VF <sub>ss</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	6.5E-6	7.1E-6	NA
VF <sub>samb</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	1.0E-4	1.2 <b>E-4</b>	NA
VF <sub>wamb</sub>	(m3-wat/m3-air)	7.2 <b>E-8</b>	7.2E-8	NA
VF <sub>seesp</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	5.2E-3	NA	NA
VFween	(m3-wat/m3-air)	1,5E-4	NA	NA
LF	(kg-soil/L-wat)	All exposu	res: 5.5E-3	NA

1.9E+0

	Units	On-Site	Off-Site1	Off-Site2
Lateral Transpo	ert Factors			
DAFgw	(•)	NA	1 4E+0	3 7E+1
DAFs/gw	(-)	NA	1.4E+0	3 7E+1

	Units	Value	Reference
Physical P	roperties	MILL	
MW	(g/mol)	7.8E+1	PS
Sol	(mg/L)	1.8E+3	PS
P <sub>vap</sub>	(mmHg)	9.5E+1	PS
H <sub>atm</sub>	(atm-m³/mol)	5 6E-3	PŜ
pK <sub>a</sub>	(log[mol/mol])		(4)
рК₀	(log[mol/mol])	52	
log(K <sub>∞</sub> )	(log[L/kg])	1.8E+0	PS
Deir	(cm²/sec)	8.8E-2	PS
D <sub>mat</sub>	(cm²/sec)	9 8E-6	PS
Toxicity Di	eta		= 5
Wt of Evd		A	
SF <sub>o</sub>	(1/[mg/kg/day])	1.0E-1	PS
SFa	(1/[mg/kg/day])	3.0E-2	TX
URF	(1/[µg/m³})	8.3E-6	PS
RID.	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-3	A
RID,	(mg/kg/day)	-	
RfC,	(mg/m³)	6.0E-3	A
Dermai Exp	posure Parameters		
RAF <sub>d</sub>	(mg/mg)	5.0E-1	D
K <sub>ν</sub>	(cm/hr)	2.1E-2	
tau <sub>d</sub>	(hr/event)	2 6E-1	
L <sub>orm</sub>	(hr)	6 3E-1	
В	(-)	1.3E-2	
Regulatory	Standards		
MCL	(mg/L)	1.0E-3	5,000
TWA	(mg/m³)	3.3E+0	
AQL	(mg/L)		
Miscellane	ous Parameters		-
ADL <sub>9w</sub>	(mg/L)	1.0E-3	S
ADL,	(mg/kg)	5 0E-3	S

7.2E+2

7.2E+2

Н

Н

(d)

(d)

	Units	Value
Derived P.	arameters	
Н	(L-wat/L-air)	2.3E-1
K <sub>sw</sub>	(L-wat/kg-soil)	1_3E+0
C <sub>201</sub>	(mg/kg-soil)	1.4E+3
C <sub>sat,vap</sub>	(µg/m³-air)	4.0E+8
D <sub>eff,s</sub>	(cm²/sec)	1.1E-5
D <sub>eff,crk</sub>	(cm²/sec)	6.9 <b>E-</b> 3
D <sub>eff,cap</sub>	(cm²/sec)	1.0 <b>E-</b> 5
D <sub>eff,we</sub>	(cm²/sec)	1.1E-5
R <sub>sat</sub>	(-)	1_3E+0
Runsal	(-)	3.9E+0
Z	(cm/event)	7 3E-2

(mg/L)

TR = 1e-6

1 .

t<sub>1/2 unsat</sub>

MCL ref = -

Notes: 1) NA = Not applicable; NC = Not calculated.

<sup>2)</sup> Definitions and references presented on page 12 of 12.

### Chemical-Specific Tier 2 Cleanup Summary

**Chemical Parameters** 

Units

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Job ID: 201064

2 of 12

Reference

S

S

Н

2.0E-3

5.0E-3

2.8E+1

2.8E+1

Constituent: Toluene CAS No.: 108	-88-3
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Site-Specific Target Level (SSTL) Concentrations On-site Off-site1 Off-site2				
Groundwat	er Ingestion			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	NA	1.5E+2	>5.2E+2
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC
Soil Leachi	ng to Groundwater in	gestion		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSπ.,	THQ = 1e+0	NA	>8.0E+2	>8.0E+2
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NA	NÇ	NC
Surface Sol	li inhalation: ingestio	n.Dermal Contact		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Com./Constr. / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL <sub>sa</sub>	THQ = 1e+0	5 3E+3		
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC		
Outdoor All	r Inhalation			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
RBEL	THQ = 1e+0	4.2E+2	5 BE+2	NA
(µg/m³)	TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA
Soil Volatiil	zation/Particulates to	Outdoor Air Inhail	etion	
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL,	THQ = 1e+0	>8 0E+2	>8 0E+2	NA
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC NC	NC	NA
Groundwat	er Volatilization to Oc	itdoor Air Inhalatio	n	
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTLgw	THQ = 1e+0	>5.2E+2	>5.2E+2	NA
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA .
Indoor Air I	nhalation			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
RBEL	THQ = 1e+0	4.2E+2		
(µg/m³)	TR = 1e-6	NC		
Soil Volatili	ization to Indoor Air I	nhalation		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	1.6E+2	İ	
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC NC		
Groundwat	er Volatilization to in	door Air inhalation		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	>5.2E+2		
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NC		

	Units	Residential	Commercial	Construction
Cross-Med	lia Transfer Factors			
VF <sub>sa</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	4 6E-6	5.0E-6	NA
VF <sub>samb</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	1 0E-4	1 2E-4	NA
VF <sub>warmb</sub>	(m3-wat/m3-air)	7.0E-8	7 0E-8	NA
VF <sub>seso</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	2 6E-3	NA	NA NA
VF	(m3-wat/m3-air)	1.5E-4	NA	NA
LF	(kg-soil/L-wat)	All exposu	res: 2.8E-3	NA

	Units		On-Site	Off-Site1	Off-Site2
Lateral Transport Factors					
DAFgw	(-)	Ţ	NA	7 1E+0	5 2E+4
DAFs/gw	(·)	1	NA	7_1E+0	5.2E+4

Physical P	roperties		
MW	(g/mol)	9.2E+1	5
Sol	(mg/L)	5.2E+2	29
P <sub>vao</sub>	(mmHg)	3.0E+1	4
H <sub>etm</sub>	(atm-m³/mol)	6.3E-3	A
pK <sub>a</sub>	(log[mol/mol])	-	( <u>*</u> 5
pK <sub>b</sub>	(log[mot/moi])	-	
log(K <sub>oc</sub> )	(log[L/kg])	2.1E+0	A
Dair	(cm²/sec)	8.5E-2	A
Dunat	(cm²/sec)	9.4E-6	A
Toxicity Da	te		
Wt of Evd		D	
SF,	(1/[mg/kg/day])	•	06
SF₄	(1/[mg/kg/day])	-	
URF,	(1/[µg/m³])	-	
RfD <sub>a</sub>	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-1	A,R
RfD <sub>a</sub>	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E-1	TX
RfC;	(mg/m³)	4.0E-1	A,R
Dermal Exp	posure Parametere		
RAF <sub>d</sub>	(mg/mg)	5.0E-1	D
K <sub>p</sub>	(cm/hr)	4 5E-2	
tau <sub>d</sub>	(hr/event)	3.2E-1	
L <sub>ort</sub>	(hr)	7.7E-1	
В	(-)	5,4E-2	
Regulatory	Standards		
MCL	(mg/L)	1.0E+0	•
TWA	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.5E+2	ACGIH

(mg/L) Miscellaneous Parameters

(mg/L)

(mg/kg) (d)

AQL

ADL<sub>ow</sub>

ADL,

t<sub>1/2,sat</sub> t<sub>1/2 unsai</sub>

	Units	Value
Derived Pa	srameters	
Н	(L-wat/L-air)	2.6E-1
K <sub>sw</sub>	(L-wat/kg-soil)	6 4E-1
Csal	(mg/kg-soil)	8.0E+2
C <sub>sal,vap</sub>	(µg/m³-air)	1.5 <b>E+8</b>
Detts	(cm²/sec)	9.1E-6
D <sub>eff,crit</sub>	(cm²/sec)	6 6E-3
D <sub>eff,cap</sub>	(cm²/sec)	8.6E-6
D <sub>eff,ws</sub>	(cm²/sec)	9_1E-6
R <sub>sat</sub>	(-)	1.6E+0
R <sub>unsat</sub>	(-)	7.7E+0
Z	(cm/event)	1.6E-1

14 ...

<sup>(</sup>d) MCL ref = 56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)

Notes: 1) NA = Not applicable; NC = Not calculated.

<sup>2)</sup> Definitions and references presented on page 12 of 12.

#### Chemical-Specific Tier 2 Cleanup Summary

Chemical Parameters

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Job ID: 201064

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

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	it: Ethylbenzene		CAS No.: 100-4	1 4
	Site-Specific	Target Level (SS	STL) Concentration	ns
		On-site	Off-site1	Off-site2
Groundwate	r ingestion			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 61
SSTLgw	THQ = 1e+0	NA	1 9E+1	>1.7E+2
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC
Soil Leachli	ng to Groundwater in	gestion		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 61
SSTL,	THQ = 1e+0	NA	>6.5E+2	>6.5E+2
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC
Surface Sol	l Inhelation, ingestio	n,Dermal Contact		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Com./Constr. / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL.,	THQ = 1e+0	3.3E+3		
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC		
Outdoor Air	Inhalation			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
RBEL,	THQ = 1e+0	1.0E+3	1.5E+3	NA
$(\mu g/m^3)$	TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA
Soli Volatili:	zation/Particulates to	Outdoor Air Inhail	etion	
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	>6.5E+2	>6.5 <b>E</b> +2	NA
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA
Groundwate	r Volatilization to O	itdoor Air Inhalatic	n	
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	>1.7E+2	>1.7E+2	NA
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA.
indoor Air l	nhaletion			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
RBEL	THQ = 1e+0	1.0E+3	1	
$(\mu g/m^3)$	TR = 1e-6	NC		
Soli Voletlii	zation to indoor Air i	nhalation	-11	
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL,	THQ = 1e+0	>6.5E+2	1	
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC		
Groundwate	er Volatilization to in	door Air Inhalation		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	>1,7E+2	1	
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NC		
			Commercial	

	Units	Residential	Commercial	Construction
Cross-Med	lia Transfer Factors			
VF <sub>ss</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	2.7E-6	3.0E-6	NA
VF <sub>samb</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	1.0E-4	1.2E-4	NA
$VF_{wamb}$	(m3-wat/m3-air)	6.1E-8	6,1E-8	NA
VF <sub>sesp</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	9.5 <b>E-</b> 4	NA	NA
VF <sub>weeto</sub>	(m3-wat/m3-air)	1.3E-4	NA	NA
LF	(kg-soil/L-wat)	All exposu	res: 1.1E-3	NA

	Units	On-Site	Off-Site1	Off-Site2
Lateral Transport Factors				
DAFgw	(-)	NA.	1.9E+0	2.3E+2
DAFs/gw	(-)	NA NA	1.9E+0	2.3E+2

	Units	Value	Reference
Physical F	Properties	7391	
MW	(g/mol)	1 1E+2	PS
Sol	(mg/L)	1_7E+2	PS
P <sub>vao</sub>	(mmHg)	1.0E+1	PS
H <sub>atm</sub>	(atm-m³/mol)	7.9E-3	PS
рКа	(log[mol/mol])	•	
pK₅	(log[mol/mol])	-	
log(K <sub>cc</sub> )	(log(L/kg])	2.6E+0	PS
Dair	(cm²/sec)	7.5E-2	P\$
Dwat	(cm²/sec)	7 8E-6	PS
Toxicity D	ate		
Wt of Evo	l.	D	
SF.	(1/[mg/kg/day])	*	120
SF₀	(1/[mg/kg/day])	- 5	3
URF,	(1/ <b>[µg</b> /m³])	- 0	
RtD <sub>o</sub>	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-1	PS
RfD <sub>d</sub>	(mg/kg/day)	9.7 <b>E-2</b>	TX
RfC,	(mg/m³)	1.0E+0	PS
Dermal Ex	posure Parameters		
RAF <sub>d</sub>	(mg/mg)	5 0E-1	D
Κ <sub>p</sub>	(cm/hr)	7.4E-2	
tau <sub>d</sub>	(hr/event)	3.9E-1	
t <sub>oni</sub>	(hr)	1_3E+0	
В	(-)	1.4E-1	
Requistor	y Standarda		
MCL	(mg/L)	7.0E-1	•
TWA	(mg/m³)	4.4E+2	PS
AQL	(mg/L)		
Miscelland	eous Parameters		
ADL <sub>gw</sub>	(mg/L)	2 0E-3	S
ADL,	(mg/kg)	5.0E-3	S

2.3E+2

2.3E+2

н

(d)

t<sub>1/2,sat</sub>

1<sub>1/2</sub> unsual

	Units	Value
Derived Pa	prameters	
Н	(L-wat/L-air)	3.2E-1
K <sub>sw</sub>	(L-wat/kg-soil)	2.6E-1
C <sub>sal</sub>	(mg/kg-soil)	6.5E+2
C <sub>sal,vap</sub>	(µg/m³-air)	5.8E+7
D <sub>eff,s</sub>	(cm²/sec)	6.4E-6
D <sub>eH,crk</sub>	(cm²/sec)	5.9E-3
D <sub>ell,cap</sub>	(cm²/sec)	5. <b>7€-6</b>
D <sub>ell,ws</sub>	(cm²/sec)	6.3E-6
Raal	(-)	2.6E+0
R <sub>unsat</sub>	(-)	1.9E+1
Z	(cm/event)	2.7E-1

<sup>(</sup>d) MCL ref = 56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)

Notes: 1) NA = Not applicable; NC = Not calculated.

<sup>2)</sup> Definitions and references presented on page 12 of 12.

### Chemical-Specific Tler 2 Cleanup Summary

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Job ID: 201064

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Reference

Site-Specific	Target Level (SS On-site	STL) Concentration Off-site1	ns Off-site2
Groundwater Ingestion	5		
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSTL <sub>ow</sub> THQ = 1e+0	NA	>2.0E+2	>2.0E+2
(mg/L) TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC
Soll Leaching to Groundwater in	ngestion		
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSTL, THQ = 1e+0	NA	>5.2E+2	>5.2E+2
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC
Surface Soil Inhalation, ingestio	n,Dermal Contact		
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Com/Constr. / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL <sub>ss</sub> THQ = 1e+0	6.2E+4		
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6	NC		
Outdoor Air inhalation			
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
RBEL <sub>ar</sub> THQ = 1e+0	7.3E+3	1.0E+4	NA
$(\mu g/m^3)$ TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA
Soil Volatilization/Particulates to	Outdoor Air Inhei	etion	
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL THQ = 1e+0	>5.2E+2	>5.2 <b>E</b> +2	NA
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA NA
Groundwater Volatilization to O	utdoor Air inhalatio	n	
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL <sub>gw</sub> THQ = 1e+0	>2.0E+2	>2 0E+2	NA
(mg/L) TR = 1e-6	NCNC	NC	NA
indoor Air inhaistion			
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site Receptors	
RBEL <sub>air</sub> THQ = 1e+0	7 3E+3		
(µg/m³) TR = 1e-6	NC		
Soll Volatilization to Indoor Air i	nhalation		
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL <sub>a</sub> THQ = 1e+0	>5.2E+2		
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6	NC		
Groundwater Volatilization to in	door Air Inhalation		
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL <sub>gw</sub> THQ = 1e+0	>2 0E+2		
(mg/L) TR = 1e-6	NC		

	Units	Residential	Commercial	Construction
Cross-Med	lia Transfer Fectors			
VF <sub>ss</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	3.4E-6	3.7E-6	NA
VF <sub>samb</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	1.0E-4	1.2E-4	NA
$VF_{wamb}$	(m3-wat/m3-air)	6.4E-8	6 4E-8	NA
VF <sub>sesp</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	1.4E-3	NA	NA
VF <sub>wee</sub>	(m3-wat/m3-air)	1 4E-4	NA	NA
LF	(kg-soil/L-wat)	All exposu	res: 1 7E-3	NA

	Units	On-Site	On-Site1	Off-Site2
Lateral Transport Factors				
DAFgw	(-)	NA.	1.6E+0	8 4 <b>E</b> +1
DAFs/gw	(-)	NA.	1.6E+0	8,4E+1

Chemical	Parameters
Units	Value

Physical P	roperties	5 30120	100
MW	(g/mol)	1.1E+2	5
Sol	(mg/L)	2.0E+2	5
P <sub>vap</sub>	(mmHg)	7.0E+0	4
H <sub>alm</sub>	(atm-m³/mol)	7.0 <b>E-</b> 3	A
pK,	(log[mol/mol])	-	- 10
pK <sub>b</sub>	(log[mol/mol])	83	3.0
log(K <sub>oc</sub> )	(log(L/kg])	2.4E+0	A
Dair	(cm²/sec)	7.2E-2	A
D	(cm²/sec)	8.5E-6	A
Toxicity Da	eta		100.0
Wt of Evd		D	
SF.	(1/{mg/kg/day})	•	7.0
SF,	(1/[mg/kg/day])	-	
URF,	(1/[µg/m³])	•	- 25
RfD.	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+0	A,R
RfD <sub>d</sub>	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E+0	TX
RfC,	(mg/m³)	7.0E+0	A
Dermai Exp	posure Parameters		
RAF <sub>d</sub>	(mg/mg)	5.0E-1	D
K <sub>p</sub>	(cm/hr)	8.0E-2	
taud	(hr/event)	3.9E-1	
t <sub>ent</sub>	(hr)	1.4E+0	
В	(-)	1.6E-1	1
Regulatory	Standards		
MCL	(mg/L)	1.0E+1	•
TWA	(mg/m³)	4.3E+2	ACGIH
AQL	(ma/L)		
Miscellane	ous Parameters		
ADL <sub>ow</sub>	(mg/L)	5 0E-3	s
ADL,	(mg/kg)	5.0E-3	S
t <sub>1/2,sal</sub>	(d)	3.6E+2	н
† <sub>1/2 unwet</sub>	(d)	3 6E+2	H

MCL ref = 56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)

	Units	Value
Derived P	arameters	
Н	(L-wat/L-air)	2.9E-1
K <sub>sw</sub>	(L-wat/kg-soil)	3.8E-1
C <sub>sal</sub>	(mg/kg-soil)	5 2E+2
$C_{\text{sal},\text{vap}}$	(µg/m³-air)	4.0E+7
Delts	(cm²/sec)	7.4E-6
Delf crk	(cm²/sec)	5 6E-3
D <sub>eff,cap</sub>	(cm²/sec)	7 0E-6
D <sub>eff,wa</sub>	(cm²/sec)	7.4E-6
$R_{\rm sal}$	(-)	2.1E+0
<b>H</b> unsal	(-)	1,3E+1
Z	(cm/event)	2.9E-1

Notes: 1) NA = Not applicable; NC = Not calculated.

### Chemical-Specific Tier 2 Cleanup Summary

Chemical Parameters

Unite

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Job ID: 201064

Value

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Reterence

Constituent: TPH - Aliph >C21-C34	CAS No.:	0-00-0
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	Site-Specific	Target Level (\$5	STL) Concentratio	ns			
		On-site	Off-site1	Off-site2			
Groundwat	er Ingestion						
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100			
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	NA	>2.5E-6	>2.5E-6			
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC			
Soil Leachi	Soil Leaching to Groundwater Ingestion						
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100			
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	NA	>1.6E+1	>1.6E+1			
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC			
Surface So	ii inhalation, ingestio	n,Dermal Contact					
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Com/Constr. / 0	No Off-site	Receptors			
SSTL <sub>ss</sub>	THQ = 1e+0	5.8E+5	ì				
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC					
Outdoor Al	r inhalation						
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None			
RBELsir	THQ = 1e+0	NC	NC	NA			
(µg/m³)	TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA			
Soli Volatili	ization/Particulates to	Outdoor Air Inhala	ation				
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None			
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	NC	NC	NA			
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA			
Groundwat	er Volatilization to O	utdoor Air Inhalatio	n				
Aeceptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None			
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	NC	NC'	NA			
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA			
Indoor Air I	inhalation						
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors			
RBEL	THQ = 1e+0	NC					
(µg/m³)	TR = 1e-6	NC					
Soll Volatil	ization to indoor Air i	nhalation					
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors			
SSTLs	THQ = 1e+0	NC					
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC NC					
Groundwal	er Volatilization to in	door Air Inhalation					
	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors			
\$STL <sub>gw</sub>	THQ = 1e+0	NC					
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NÇ					

	Units	Residential	Commercial	Construction
Cross-Med	lia Transfer Factors			
VF <sub>ss</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	1.6E-7	1 8E-7	NA
VF <sub>samb</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	1.0E-4	1 25-4	NA
$VF_{wamb}$	(m3-wat/m3-air)	2.3E-4	2.3E-4	NA
VF <sub>seep</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	3.7E-6	NA	NA
VF <sub>wee</sub>	(m3-wat/m3-air)	5.0E-1	NA	NA
LF	(kg-soil/L-wat)	All exposur	es: 6.9E-10	NA

	Units	On-Site	Off-Site1	Off-Site2
Lateral Transport Factors				
DAFgw	(-)	NA NA	6.2E+11	4 3E+34
DAFs/gw	(•)	NA NA	6.2E+11	4 3E+34

Physical P	roperties		LIST
MW	(g/mol)	4.0E+2	
Sol	(mg/L)	2,5E-6	
P <sub>vap</sub>	(mmHg)	8.4E-4	
H <sub>atm</sub>	(atm-m³/mol)	1.8E+2	
ρK <sub>a</sub>	(log[mol/mol])	>	(E)
ρK <sub>b</sub>	(log[mol/mol])		190
log(K <sub>oc</sub> )	(log[L/kg])	8.8E+0	3.0
Daw	(cm²/sec)	1.0E-1	100
D	2		5965
Toxicity Da	rta		
Wt of Evd	4	D	
SF <sub>o</sub>	(1/[mg/kg/day])	•	
SFd	(1/[mg/kg/day])	•	
URF;	(1/[µg/m³])	-	3.5
RfD₀	(mg/kg/day)	2 0E+0	Т
RfD,	(mg/kg/day)	F#	
RfC,	(mg/m³)		Т
Dermal Ex	posure Parameters		
RAF <sub>d</sub>	(mg/mg)	5 0E-2	
K <sub>p</sub>	(cm/hr)	-	
tau <sub>d</sub>	(hr/event)	3	
t <sub>ort</sub>	(hr)		
В	(-)	•	
Regulatory	Standards		
MCL	(mg/L)	12	330
TWA	(mg/m³)	24	-
AQL	(mg/L)	14	

ADL

ADL,

t<sub>1/2,881</sub>

Miscellaneous Parameters

(mg/L) (mg/kg)

(d)

(d)

	Units	Value
Derived P	arametera	
Н	(L-wat/L-air)	7.3E+3
K <sub>sw</sub>	(L-wat/kg-soil)	1.6E-7
C <sub>sat</sub>	(mg/kg-soil)	1.6E+1
Csativap	(µg/m³-air)	1.8 <b>E+</b> 4
D <sub>eff,s</sub>	(cm²/sec)	1.7E-6
D <sub>eff,crk</sub>	(cm²/sec)	7.8E-3
D <sub>eff,cap</sub>	(cm²/sec)	1.7E-7
D <sub>eff ws</sub>	(cm²/sec)	1.1E-6
R <sub>sat</sub>	(-)	2.8E+6
R <sub>unset</sub>	(-)	3.2E+7
Z	(cm/event)	

Notes: 1) NA = Not applicable; NC = Not calculated.

2) Definitions and references presented on page 12 of 12.

1.

t<sub>1/2 unsat</sub>

MCL ref = -

### Chemical-Specific Tier 2 Cleanup Summary

**Chemical Parameters** 

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Job ID: 201064

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Constituent: Naphthalene CAS No.

and, CA Date Completed. 1-De

CAS No.: 91-20-3

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Constituent. Naphtha	ILCIIC		CAS NO 31-20	r-3
Site-S <sub>l</sub>	ecific	Target Level (SS	STL) Concentratio	ns Off-site2
Groundwater Ingestion		011 0110	0.1 0110 1	0.1 01102
Receptor Type / Distance	a (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSTL <sub>ow</sub> THQ = 1e+0	s (GIII)	NA	>3.1E+1	>3.1E+1
(mg/L) TH = 1e-6		NA NA	NC NC	NC NC
Soil Leaching to Grounds	cater lo		INC	NO
Receptor Type / Distance	-	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSTL THQ = 1e+0	701.17	NA	>6.2E+2	>6.2E+2
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6	- 1	NA.	NC	NC
Surface Soil Inhalation, In	oustlor	.Dermei Contact		
Receptor Type / Distance			No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL <sub>a</sub> THQ = 1e+0	1	1.0E+5		
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6		NC		
Outdoor Air Inheletion	_			
Receptor Type / Distance	e (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
RBEL <sub>av</sub> THQ = 1e+0		1.5E+3	2.0E+3	NA
$(\mu q/m^3)$ TR = 1e-6		NC	NC	NA
Soil Volatilization/Particul	ates to			
Receptor Type / Distance	e (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL THQ = 1e+0	-	>6.2E+2	>6.2E+2	NA.
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6		NC	NC	NA
Groundwater Volatilization	n to Ou	tdoor Air Inhalatio	n	
Receptor Type / Distance	(cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL <sub>ow</sub> THQ = 1e+0		>3.1E+1	>3.1E+1	NA
(mg/L) TR = 1e-6		NC	NC	NA
indoor Air Inhalation				
Receptor Type / Distance	e (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
RBEL <sub>air</sub> THQ = 1e+0		1.5E+3		
$(\mu g/m^3)$ TR = 1e-6		NC		
Soil Volatilization to Indoo	or Air in	halation		
Receptor Type / Distance	e (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL <sub>s</sub> THQ = 1e+0		>6.2E+2		
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6		NC		
Groundwater Volatilization	n to ind	loor Air Inhalation		
Receptor Type / Distance	e (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
$SSTL_{gw}$ THQ = 1e+0		>3.1E+1		
(mg/L) TR = 1e-6		NC		
Units		Residential	Commercial	Construction
Cross-Media Transfer Fac	tors			
VF <sub>ss</sub> (kg-soil/m3-a	_	1 1E-6	1 2E-6	NA
VF <sub>samb</sub> (kg-soil/m3-s		1.0E-4	1 2E-4	NA
VF <sub>wamb</sub> (m3-wat/m3-		4 8E-8	4 8E-8	NA
VF <sub>sesp</sub> (kg-soil/m3-a		5.7E-5	NA NA	NA
VF (m3-wat/m3-		9 8 <b>E</b> -5	NA.	NA.
Trib meaning				.,,,,

	Units	Value	Referen
Physical P	roperties		135400
MW	(g/mol)	1.3E+2	PS
Sol	(mg/L)	3.1E+1	PS
P <sub>vap</sub>	(mmHg)	2.3E-1	PS
H <sub>atm</sub>	(atm-m <sup>3</sup> /mol)	4.8E-4	PS
рК,	(log[mol/mol])	· ×	59.0
рКь	(log[mol/mol])		
$log(K_{oe})$	(log[L/kg])	3.3E+0	PS
Dair	(cm²/sec)	5.9E-2	P\$
D <sub>wat</sub>	(cm²/sec)	7.5 <b>E-6</b>	PS
Toxicity De	sta		
Wt of Evd		D	
SF,	(1/[mg/kg/day])	(*	2
SFd	(1/[mg/kg/day])	•	-
URF;	(1/[µg/m³])	25	
RfD,	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-1	PS
$RfD_d$	(mg/kg/day)	3.6E-1	TX
RfC <sub>i</sub>	(mg/m³)	1.4E+0	PS
Dermal Exp	posure Parameters		
RAF	(mg/mg)	5.0E-2	D
Κ <sub>p</sub>	(cm/hr)	6 9E-2	
tau <sub>d</sub>	(hr/event)	5.3E-1	
t <sub>oni</sub>	(hr)	2.2E+0	
В	(-)	2.0E-1	
Regulatory	Standards		
MCL	(mg/L)		
TWA	(mg/m³)	5.0E+1	PS
AQL	(mg/L)	- 12	
Miscellane	ous Parameters		
ADL <sub>gw</sub>	(mg/L)	1.0E-2	32
ADL,	(mg/kg)	1.0E-2	32
t <sub>1/2,981</sub>	(d)	2.6E+2	н
t <sub>1/2 unsat</sub>	(d)	2.6E+2	Н

	Units	Value
Derived Pa	arameters	
Н	(L-wat/L-air)	2.0E-2
K <sub>sw</sub>	(L-wat/kg-soil)	5 0E-2
C <sub>set</sub>	(mg/kg-soil)	6 2E+2
C <sub>sat,vap</sub>	(µg/m³-air)	1.6E+6
D <sub>eff,s</sub>	(cm²/sec)	8 1E-5
D <sub>eff crit</sub>	(cm²/sec)	4 6E-3
D <sub>elf,cap</sub>	(cm²/sec)	8 BE-5
D <sub>ell,ws</sub>	(cm²/sec)	8 1E-5
R <sub>sat</sub>	(-)	9 9E+0
Runsat	(-)	1,0E+2
Z	(cm/event)	2.7 <b>E-</b> 1
Y		

(kg-soil/L-wat)

Lateral Transport Factors

Units

(-)

(-)

LF

DAFgw

DAFs/gw

On-Site

NA

NA

All exposures: 2 2E-4

Off-Site 1

4 3E+0

4 3E+0

NA

Off-Site2

7 BE+3

7 BE+3

.

Notes: 1) NA = Not applicable; NC = Not calculated.

<sup>2)</sup> Definitions and references presented on page 12 of 12.

### Chemical-Specific Tier 2 Cleanup Summary

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Job ID: 201064

Constituent: Cadmium CAS No.: 7440-43-9

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Constituen	it: Cadmium	CAS No.: 7440-43-9		
	Site-Specific	Target Level (SS	STL) Concentration	ns
	·	On-site	Off-site1	Off-site2
Groundwate	r Ingestion			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSTL <sub>yw</sub>	THQ = 1e+0	NA	6 6E-2	5.0E-1
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC
Soli Leachin	g to Groundwater In	gestion	urus -	
Receptor 1	Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSTL,	THQ = 1e+0	NA	1.2E+3	8.7E+3
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC
Surface Soll	Inhelation, Ingestio	n,Dermal Contact		
Receptor 1	Type / Distance (cm)	Com./Constr. / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL,	THQ = 1e+0	7.1 <b>E</b> +2		
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC		
Outdoor Air	Inhalation			
Receptor 1	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
RBEL	THQ = 1e+0	>0.0E+0	>0.0E+0	NA
(µg/m³)	TR = 1e-6	>0 0E+0	>0 0É+0	NA
Soil Volatiliz	ation/Particulates to	Outdoor Air Inhail	ition	
Receptor 1	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	>4 9E+7	>4.9E+7	NA
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	2.5E+5	4.2E+5	NA NA
Groundwate	r Volatilization to Ou	ttoor Air Inhalatio	n	
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL <sub>gw</sub>	THQ = 1e+0	NC	NC	NA
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA
indoor Air In	heletion			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
RBEL <sub>ar</sub>	THQ = 1e+0	>0.0E+0		
(µg/m³)	TR = 1e-6	>0.0E+0		
Soii Voletiliz	ation to Indoor Air li	nhalation		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Aeceptors
SSTL,	THQ = 1e+0	NC		
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC		
Groundwate	r Volatilization to Inc	door Air Inhalation		
Receptor *	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTLgw	THQ = 1e+0	NC		
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NC		

	Units	Residentia)	Commercial	Construction
Cross-Mea	ila Transfer Factors			
VF <sub>sa</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	NÇ	NC	NA
VF <sub>samo</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	NC	NC	NA
$VF_{wamb}$	(m3-wat/m3-air)	NC	NC	NA
VF <sub>sesp</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	NC	NA	NA
VF <sub>weso</sub>	(m3-wat/m3-air)	NC	NA	NA
LF	(kg-soil/L-wat)	All exposu	res: 5.7E-5	NA

Units	On-Site	Off-Site1	Off-Site2
ort Factors			
(-)	NA	1 3E+0	2 7E+1
(·)	NA NA	1.3E+0	2 7E+1
	(·)	(·) NA	(-) NA 1 3E+0

	Chemical Pa		
	Units	Value	Reference
Physical F	Properties		
MW	(g/mol)	1.1E+2	PS
Sol	(mg/L)	6.5E+5	27
P <sub>vap</sub>	(mmHg)	0.0E+0	PS
H <sub>atm</sub>	(atm-m³/mol)	0.0E+0	PS
pK <sub>a</sub>	(log[mol/mol])	~	3.0
pK₅	(log[mol/mól])	196	
$log(K_d)$	(log[L/kgj)	1.9E+0	PS
Dak	(cm²/sec)	0.0E+0	2.03
D <sub>wat</sub>	(cm²/sec)	0.0E+0	3.93
Toxicity D	eta		
Wt of Evd		B1	
SF.	(1/[mg/kg/day])	19	
SFd	(1/[mg/kg/day])		1 .
URF;	(1/[µg/m³])	1.8E-3	PS
RfD,	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-4	PS
RfD <sub>d</sub>	(mg/kg/day)	82	
RIC,	(mg/m³)	2.2E+1	31
Dermal Ex	posure Parameters		
RAF <sub>d</sub>	(mg/mg)	0.0E+0	D
K <sub>o</sub>	(cm/hr)	1 0E-3	
tau <sub>d</sub>	(hr/event)	-	
t <sub>ent</sub>	(hr)	(i)	
В	(-)		
Regulator	y Standards		
MCL	(mg/L)	5 0E-3	1
TWA	(mg/m³)	2,0E-1	PS
AQL	(mg/L)	3.7E-3	33
Miscellane	ous Parameters		
ADL	(mg/L)	1 0E-3	S
ADL,	(mg/kg)	4.0E-3	s
1 <sub>1/2,set</sub>	(d)	74	5(0)
t <sub>1/2 uneal</sub>	(d)		

<sup>\*</sup> MCL ret = 56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)

	Units	Value
Derived Pa	erameters	
н	(L-wat/L-air)	0.0E+0
K <sub>sw</sub>	(L-wat/kg-soil)	1_3E-2
C <sub>sat</sub>	(mg/kg-soil)	4 9E+7
C <sub>sat,vap</sub>	(µg/m³-air)	0.0E+0
D <sub>eff,s</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0!
D <sub>eff crk</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0I
D <sub>eff cap</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0!
D <sub>eff,wa</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0!
R <sub>sat</sub>	(-)	3.4E+2
Runsar	(-)	3 8E+2
Z	(cm/event)	3.0E-3

Notes: 1) NA = Not applicable; NC = Not calculated.

### Chemical-Specific Tier 2 Cleanup Summary

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Job ID: 201064

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Constituent: Chromium (III)

indoor Air inhalation

RBEL<sub>ar</sub>

 $(\mu g/m^3)$ 

SSTL

(mg/kg)

SSTL

(mg/L)

Receptor Type / Distance (cm)

THQ = 1e+0

Soil Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Receptor Type / Distance (cm)

THQ = 1e+0

THQ = 1e+0

TR = 1e-6

Groundwater Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation

TR = 1e-6

Receptor Type / Distance (cm)

TR = 1e-6

CAS No.: 16065-83-1

No Off-site Receptors

No Off-site Receptors

No Off-site Receptors

300

Constituent. Circinian (ii	CAS NO.: 10005-03-1						
Site-Specific Target Level (SSTL) Concentrations							
	On-site	Off-site1	Off-site2				
Groundwater Ingestion							
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100				
SSTL <sub>gw</sub> THQ = 1e+0	NA	>1.7E+5	>1.7E+5				
(mg/L) TR = 1e-6	NA NA	NC	NC				
Soil Leaching to Groundwater Is	ngestion						
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100				
SSTL <sub>a</sub> THQ = 1e+0	NA	>3.0E+11	>3.0E+11				
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC				
Surface Soil inhalation, ingestio	n,Dermel Contact						
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Com /Constr / 0	No Off-site	Receptors				
SSTL <sub>ss</sub> THQ = 1e+0	2.1E+6						
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6	NC						
Outdoor Air inhalation							
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None				
RBEL <sub>ar</sub> THQ = 1e+0	NC	NC	NA				
$(\mu g/m^3)$ TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA				
Soil Volatilization/Particulates to	Outdoor Air Inhai	ation					
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None				
SSTL <sub>a</sub> THQ = 1e+0	NC	NC	NA				
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA				
Groundwater Volatilization to O	utdoor Air Inhalatic	iyi					
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None				
SSTL <sub>gw</sub> THQ = 1e+0	NC	NC	NA				
(mg/L) TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA.				

	Units	Residential	Commercial	Construction
Cross-Med	lia Transfer Factors			
VF <sub>ss</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	NC	NC	NA
VF <sub>samb</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	NC	NC	NA
VF <sub>wamb</sub>	(m3-wat/m3-air)	NC	NC ,	NA.
$VF_{sesp}$	(kg-soil/m3-air)	NC	NA	NA
VF <sub>ween</sub>	(m3-wat/m3-air)	NC	NA	NA
LF	(kg-soil/L-wat)	All exposu	res: 2.4E-9	NA

Residential / 0

NC

Residential / 0

NC

Residential / 0

NC

NC

	Units	On-Site	Off-Site1	Off-Site2
Lateral Transpo	ort Factors			
DAFgw	(-)	NA	2.0E+9	1.3E+28
DAFs/gw	(-)	NA NA	2.0E+9	1.3E+28

Chemical Parameters							
	Units	Value	Reference				
Physical F	Physical Properties						
MW	(g/mol)	5.2E+1					
Sol	(mg/L)	1_7E+5	27				
P <sub>vap</sub>	(mmHġ)	0.0E+0	293				
Halm	(atm-m³/mol)	0.0E+0					
pK <sub>a</sub>	(log[mol/mol])	82					
ρK₀	(log[mol/mol])	S¥					
log(K <sub>d</sub> )	(log(L/kg))	f(pH)	30				
Dair	(cm²/sec)	0.0E+0	500				
Due	(cm²/sec)	0.0E+0					
Toxicity D	eta						
Wt of Evd	l.						
SF.	(1/[mg/kg/day])	- 12	300				
SF₀	(1/[mg/kg/day])	39	100				
URF,	(1/[µg/m³])	38					
RID,	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+0	R				
RłD₄	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-2	TX				
RIC;	(mg/m³)	(±					
Dermal Ex	posure Parameters						
RAF <sub>d</sub>	(mg/mg)	0.0E+0	D				
K <sub>p</sub>	(cm/hr)	1.0E-3					
tau <sub>d</sub>	(hr/event)	25					
t <sub>ent</sub>	(hr)	•					
В	(-)						
Regulator	y Standards						
MCL	(mg/L)	1.0E-1	•				
TWA	(mg/m³)	5.0 <b>E</b> -1	NIOSH				
AQL	(mg/L)	5.5E-1	33				
	ous Parameters						
ADL <sub>g₩</sub>	(mg/L)	1.0E-2	\$				
ADL,	(mg/kg)	7.0E-3	S				
t <sub>1/2,sat</sub>	(d)	-	•				
t <sub>1/2 unsel</sub>	(d)	-	(4)				

<sup>\*</sup> MCL ref = 56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)

	Units	Value
Derived P.	arameters	
Н	(L-wat/L-air)	0 0E+0
K <sub>sw</sub>	(L-wat/kg-soil)	5.5E-7
C <sub>sat</sub>	(mg/kg-soil)	3.0E+11
C <sub>sal,vep</sub>	(µg/m³-air)	0.0E+0
D <sub>eff,s</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/01
D <sub>eff,crk</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0!
D <sub>ett,cap</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#D(V/0!
D <sub>eff,wa</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#OIV/0!
R <sub>set</sub>	(-)	1.9E+6
R <sub>⊔nsat</sub>	(-)	2 1E+6
Z	(cm/event)	3.0E-3

Notes: 1) NA = Not applicable; NC = Not calculated.

### Chemical-Specific Tier 2 Cleanup Summary

Chemical Parameters

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Job ID: 201064

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Constituent: Nickel			CAS No.: 7440-	-02-0
	Site-Specific	Target Level (S	STL) Concentratio	ns
		On-site	Off-site1	Off-site2
Groundwal	er Ingestion			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	NA	2.6E+0	1.9E+1
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC
Soll Leachi	ing to Groundw <mark>ater</mark> in	gestion		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSTL,	THQ = 1e+0	NA	3.9E+4	2.9E+5
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC
Surface So	il inheletion, ingestica	r,Dermal Contact		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Com./Constr. / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	2 8E+4	1	
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC		
Outdoor Ai	r inhalation			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
ABEL <sub>ar</sub>	THQ = 1e+0	NC	NC	NA
$(\mu g/m^3)$	TR = 1e-6	>0,0E+0	>0 0E+0	NA
Soli Volatili	ization/Particulates to	Outdoor Air Inhal	ation	
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL,	THQ = 1e+0	NÇ	NC	NA
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	9.4E+5	1.6E+6	NA
Groundwal	ter Volatilization to Ou	tdoor Air Inhalatio	M	
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTLgw	THQ = 1e+0	NC	NC	NA
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA
Indoor Alr	inhalation			
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
RBEL <sub>air</sub>	THQ = 1e+0	NC		
(µg/m³)	TR = 1e-6	>0.0E+0		
Soll Volatili	ization to Indoor Air Ir	nhalation		
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	NC		
(mg/kg)	TR = 1e-6	NC		
Groundwel	ter Volatilization to inc	loor Air Inhalation	4	
Receptor	Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL	THQ = 1e+0	NC		
(mg/L)	TR = 1e-6	NC		

	Units	Residential	Commercial	Construction
Cross-Med	ila Transfer Factors			
VF <sub>es</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	NC	NC	NA
VF <sub>samb</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	NC	NC	NA
$VF_{wamb}$	(m3-wat/m3-air)	NC	NC	NA
VF <sub>sesp</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	NC	NA	NA
VF <sub>weso</sub>	(m3-wat/m3-air)	NC	NA	NA
LF	(kg-soil/L-wat)	All exposu	res: 6.7E-5	NA

	Units	On-Site	Off-Site1	Off-Site2
Lateral Transport Factors				
DAFgw .	(-)	NA	1.3E+0	2 6E+1
DAFs/gw	(-)	NA	1.3E+0	2.6E+1

	Units	Value	Reference
Physical P	Properties		CHOST
MW	(g/mol)	5.9E+1	
Sol	(mg/L)	1.7E+5	27
P <sub>vap</sub>	(mmHg)	0.0E+0	14
H <sub>atm</sub>	(atm-m³/mol)	0.0E+0	
pK <sub>a</sub>	(log[mol/mol])	-	- 10
рК <sub>ь</sub>	(log[mol/mol])		
$log(K_d)$	(log(L/kg))	f(pH)	30
Dair	(cm²/sec)	0.0E+0	
David	(cm²/sec)	0.0E+0	296
Toxicity D	ata		
Wt of Evo		Α	
SF。	(1/[mg/kg/day])	-	
SF <sub>d</sub>	(1/[mg/kg/day])	-	
URF,	(1/[µg/m³])	4.8E-4	31
RfD,	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-2	R
$RfD_d$	(mg/kg/day)	-	
RfC <sub>i</sub>	(mg/m³)		
Dermal Ex	posure Parameters		
RAF <sub>d</sub>	(mg/mg)	0.0E+0	D
K <sub>p</sub>	(cm/hr)	1.0E-4	
tau <sub>d</sub>	(hr/event)		
t <sub>ent</sub>	(hr)	-	
8	(-)	•	
Regulator	y Standards		
MCL	(mg/L)	1.0E-1	•
TWA	(mg/m³)	5 0E-2	ACGIH
AQL	(mg/L)	1_4E+0	33
	ous Parameters		
ADL <sub>gw</sub>	(mg/L)	5.0E-2	\$
ADL,	(mg/kg)	1.5E-2	S
t <sub>1/2,set</sub>	(d)		-
t <sub>UZ urusal</sub>	(d)		-

MCL ref = 57 FR 31776 (17 Jul 92)

	Units	Value
Derived Pa	arameters	
Н	(L-wat/L-air)	0.0E+0
K <sub>sw</sub>	(L-wat/kg-soil)	1. <b>5</b> E-2
C <sub>sal</sub>	(mg/kg-soil)	1.1E+7
C <sub>sal,vap</sub>	(μg/m³-air)	0.0€+0
D <sub>elf s</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0!
Delt crit	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0!
D <sub>eff,cap</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0!
D <sub>eff,ws</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0!
P <sub>sal</sub>	(-)	2.0E+2
Ĥ <sub>unsat</sub>	(-)	2.2E+2
Z	(cm/event)	3 0E-4

Notes: 1) NA = Not applicable; NC = Not calculated.

#### Chemical-Specific Tier 2 Cleanup Summary

**Chemical Parameters** 

Units

Site Name: Former J&R Auto Dismantlers

Completed By: Mark Detterman

Site Location: 819 - 823 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA

Date Completed: 1-Dec-01

Job ID: 201064 11 of 12

Reference

Constituent: Zinc

CAS No.: 7440-66-6

Site-Specific	: Target Level (SS	STL) Concentratio	ns
	On-site	Off-site1	Off-site2
Groundwater Ingestion:			
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSTL <sub>gw</sub> THQ = 1e+0	NA	3.9E+1	2.9E+2
(mg/L) TR = 1e-6	NA -	NC	NC
Soil Leaching to Groundwater In	gestion		
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	None	Commercial / 915	Residential / 6100
SSTL <sub>s</sub> THQ = 1e+0	NA	5.6 <b>E</b> +5	4_1E+6
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6	NA	NC	NC
Surface Soil Inhalation, Ingestio	n,Dermai Contact		
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Com./Constr. / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL <sub>ss</sub> THQ = 1e+0	4.3E+5		
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6	NC		
Outdoor Air inhalation			
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
ABEL <sub>ar</sub> THQ = 1e+0	NC	NC	NA
$(\mu g/m^3)$ TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA
Soil Voiatilization/Particulates to	Outdoor Air inhaid	stion	
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL, THQ = 1e+0	NC	NC	NA
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA
Groundwater Volatilization to Ou	itdoor Air Inheletio	n	
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	Commercial / 765	None
SSTL <sub>gel</sub> THQ = 1e+0	NC	NC	NA
(mg/L) TR = 1e-6	NC	NC	NA
Indoor Air Inhalation			
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site Receptors	
RBEL <sub>air</sub> THQ ≈ 1e+0	NC		
(μg/m³) TR = 1e-6	NC NC		
Soli Volatilization to indoor Air li	nhalation		
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL <sub>s</sub> THQ = 1e+0	NC		
(mg/kg) TR = 1e-6	NC		
Groundwater Volatilization to Inc	Soor Air Inhalation		
Receptor Type / Distance (cm)	Residential / 0	No Off-site	Receptors
SSTL <sub>gw</sub> THQ = 1e+0	NC		
(mg/L) TR = 1e-6	NC		

	Units	Residential	Commercial	Construction
Cross-Med	lla Transfer Factors			
VF <sub>ss</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	NC	NC	NA
VF <sub>samb</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	NC	NC	NA
VF <sub>wamb</sub>	(m3-wat/m3-air)	NC	NC	NA NA
VF <sub>seep</sub>	(kg-soil/m3-air)	NC	NA	NA
VFween	(m3-wat/m3-air)	NC	NA	NA
LF	(kg-soil/L-wat)	All exposu	res: 7.0E-5	NA

	Units	On-Site	Off-Site1	Off-Site2
Lateral Transport Factors				
DAFgw	(-)	NA	1.3E+0	2.6E+1
DAFs/gw	(-)	NA	1.3E+0	2.6E+1

Physical F	Properties				
MW	(g/mol)	6_5E+1	14		
Sol	(mg/L)	6.1E+5	27		
P <sub>vap</sub>	(mmHg)	0.0E+0	14		
H <sub>atm</sub>	(atm-m³/mol)	0 0E+0	100		
pK.	(log[mol/mol])	3.5	100		
pK <sub>b</sub>	(log[mol/mol])		183		
log(K₀)	(log[L/kg])	f(pH)	30		
Dair	(cm²/sec)	0.0E+0	(40)		
D	(cm²/sec)	0.0E+0	(6)		
Toxicity D	ata				
Wt of Evd		D			
SF.	(1/[mg/kg/day])				
SFd	(1/[mg/kg/day])	9.0	1.0		
URF,	(1/[µg/m³])				
RfD,	(mg/kg/day)	3,0€-1	R		
RfD <sub>d</sub>	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-2	TX		
RtC <sub>i</sub>	(mg/m³)		<u> </u>		
Dermai Ex	Dermai Exposure Parameters				
RAF <sub>d</sub>	(mg/mg)	0.0E+0	D		
K <sub>o</sub>	(cm/hr)	6,0E-4			
tau <sub>d</sub>	(hr/event)				
t <sub>ent</sub>	(hr)				
В	(-)				

5.0E+0

1.1E-1

5.0E-3

2.0E-3

33

S

s

Regulatory Standards

(mg/L)

(mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

(ma/L) Miscellaneous Parameters

(mg/L)

(mg/kg)

(d) (d)

MCL

TWA

AQL

ADLgw

ADL,

	Units	Value
Derived P	arameters	
Н	(L-wat/L-air)	0.0E+0
K <sub>sw</sub>	(L-wat/kg-soil)	1 6E-2
C <sub>sat</sub>	(mg/kg-soil)	3 8E+7
C <sub>sat,vap</sub>	(µg/m³-air)	0.0E+0
D <sub>eff,s</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0!
D <sub>eff,crk</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0!
D <sub>eff,cap</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0!
D <sub>eff,wa</sub>	(cm²/sec)	#DIV/0!
R <sub>sat</sub>	(-)	2.0E+2
R <sub>unsar</sub>	(-)	2.2 <b>E+2</b>
Z	(cm/event)	1.8E-3

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<sup>\*</sup> MCL ref = Secondary MCL

Notes: 1) NA = Not applicable; NC = Not calculated.

<sup>2)</sup> Definitions and references presented on page 12 of 12.