GRIBI Associates

FACSIMILE TRANSMITTAL

Date:

MARCH 9, 2000

To:

EVA CHU

ALAMEDA COUNTY

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

From:

JIM GRIBI

Phone:

(707)748-7743

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(707)748-7763

Number of pages, including this transmittal page

38

Eva.

Attached please find a draft report for the soil boring investigation at the Corwood Car Wash site in Dublin. Please call to discuss, or if you have questions or need additional info.

Thanks!

Fax No.: (510)337-9335

Jim

REPORT OF SOIL AND GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION

Corwood Car Wash 6973 Village Parkway Dublin, California

GA Project No. 106-02-01

Prepared for:

R. L. Woodward Industries, Inc. P O Box 2688 Dublin, CA 94568

Prepared by:

Gribi Associates 1350 Hayes Street, Suite C-14 Benicia, CA 94510 (707)748-7743

March 9, 2000

GRIBI Associates

Geological and Environmental Consulting Services பாக்கால் அருந்தில் அருந்தில் நடிக்க அளிக்கால் அருந்தில் நடிக்க நடிக்க அளிக்கால் அருந்தில் நடிக்க நடிக்க அளிக்கால் அருந்தில் நடிக்க நடிக்க அளிக்கால் அருந்தில் நடிக்க நடிக்க அளிக்க நடிக்க நடிக

March 9, 2000

Alameda County Department of Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, 2nd Floor Alameda, CA 94502

Attention:

Eva Chu

Subject:

Report of Soil and Groundwater Investigation

Corwood Car Wash, 6973 Village Parkway

Dublin, California

GA Project No. 106-02-01

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Oribi Associates is pleased to submit this report on behalf of R. L. Woodward Industries, Inc. documenting a soil and groundwater investigation conducted at the at the Corwood Car Wash facility at 6973 Village Parkway in Dublin, California. The soil and groundwater investigation included the drilling and sampling of two soil borings, IB-1 and IB-2, at the site using direct-push coring equipment. The goal of the investigation was to assess soil and groundwater conditions in an expected downgradient (south-southeast) direction from previously removed underground storage tank (UST) system components in order to address regulatory site closure.

Both soil and grab groundwater samples from IB-1, located in an expected downgradient (south-southeast) direction from the former east dispenser island, contained detectable levels of both gasoline- and diesel-range hydrocarbons. In addition, the grab groundwater sample from IB-2, located in an expected downgradient (south-southeast) direction from the former fuel USTs, contained detectable levels of both gasoline- and diesel-range hydrocarbons. However, the laboratory chromatograms for these samples, which are presented in the laboratory data report, seem to show that the gasoline-range hydrocarbon results in these samples are primarily due to interference from diesel-range hydrocarbons. Thus, soil and groundwater impacts relative the former Corwood Car Wash UST system appear to be primarily related to past diesel releases. Given that diesel was only stored in the USTs in the distant past (probably in the early to mid-1970s), it appears that the majority of releases associated with the USTs occurred in the distant past, prior to UST system upgrades which included installing interior fiberglass linings in both of the USTs.

The only exception to this appears to be the detection of a low level (0.53 ppm) of MTBE in the IB-2 grab groundwater sample. This MTBE detection is significantly lower than MTBE levels of 5.4 ppm, and 1.7 ppm encountered in grab groundwater samples collected from the former UST excavation cavity. These results seem to suggest minimal downgradient migration of MTBE.

Alameda County Department of Environmental Health March 9, 2000 Page 2

It should be noted that laboratory analytical results from grab groundwater samples are generally not representative of true groundwater conditions and can oftentimes be artificially high, particularly where hydrocarbon impacts to subsurface soils are significant. Thus, while laboratory results from the IB-1 grab groundwater sample are very high, we believe that groundwater in the boring was cross contaminated as soil coring proceeded through hydrocarbon-impacted soils.

We appreciate the opportunity to present this report for your review. Please contact us if you have questions or require additional information.

Very truly yours,

Stanton Stubbs Environmental Scientist James E. Gribi Registered Geologist California No. 5843

JEG:ee Enclosure

e Roger Woodward, R. L. Woodward Industries, Inc.

 $File : C \land MyFiles \land Reports \land Corwood SELrp \}. wpd$

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Appendix A Drilling Permit
Appendix B Soil Boring Logs
Appendix C Laboratory Data Report and Chain-of-Custody Record

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report documents a recently-completed soil and groundwater investigation conducted at the Corwood Car Wash site located at 6973 Village Parkway in Dublin, California (see Figure 1 and Figure 2). The soil and groundwater investigation included the drilling and sampling of two investigative soil borings, IB-1 and IB-2, at the site using direct-push coring equipment. The goal of the investigation was to assess soil and groundwater conditions in an expected downgradient (south-southeast) direction from previously removed underground storage tank (UST) system components in order to address regulatory site closure.

1.1 Site Background

Corwood Car Wash previously operated two unleaded gasoline USTs, located in a common excavation eavity on the northwest side of the site. The UST system was apparently installed in about 1968, and it is our understanding that diesel fuel was also stored in the USTs at some time in the distant past. In March 1991, the UST system was completely retrofitted with state-of-the-art leak prevention and monitoring devices, including interior tank linings, overfill/overspill protection, and a sophisticated leak detection monitoring system..

On January 31, 2000, both USTs were removed from the site in accordance with Alameda County Department of Environmental Health requirements. In addition, approximately 3,800 gallons of hydrocarbon-impacted groundwater was pumped from the excavation cavity for offsite disposal. Also, approximately 350 tons of hydrocarbon-impacted soil, primarily backfill material, was excavated and removed from the site. After backfilling with clean imported pea gravel, the UST excavation cavity and piping and dispenser excavations were re-surfaced with concrete to match existing surface grade.

While stockpiled soil samples contained moderate levels of predominantly diesel-range hydrocarbons, UST pit bottom samples contained low to nondetectable levels of all hydrocarbon constituents. These results, together with previous results from soil and groundwater investigations conducted at the site in the past, seem to suggest that although some releases, primarily diesel, occurred from the USTs, these releases remained in the backfill sands for the most part and did not migrate appreciably into native silts and clays surrounding the USTs. Given that diesel was only stored in the USTs in the distant past (probably in the early to mid-1970s), it appears that releases associated with the USTs occurred in the distant past, prior to UST system upgrades which included installing interior fiberglass linings in both of the USTs.

A soil sample collected at four feet in depth adjacent to the western fuel dispenser, contained a moderate level of diesel-range hydrocarbons, with no significant level of gasoline-range hydrocarbons. Soil samples collected at about four feet and seven feet in depth adjacent to the east fuel dispenser contained both diesel- and gasoline-range hydrocarbons, with no detectable Benzene, Toluene, or MTBE in these samples. Given that diesel was only stored in the USTs in the distant past, as well as the apparent aged quality of the gasoline-range hydrocarbons in the east dispenser soil samples, it appears that releases associated with the fuel dispensers occurred in the distant past, prior to UST system upgrades, which included installing secondary containment beneath each dispenser.

Two water samples collected from the UST excavation cavity following tank removal contained relatively high levels of both diesel- and gasoline-range hydrocarbons, with detections of both Benzene and MTBE. However, we do not believe that these results are representative of true groundwater conditions beneath the site. The first water sample was collected directly from the UST cavity after excavation for soil sampling and prior to water purging. The second sample was collected after 3,800 gallons of water had been purged, but also then after at least 150 tons of hydrocarbon-impacted soil had been excavated from the UST cavity. Thus, both of these water samples were obviously tainted by excavation activities and are not representative of true groundwater conditions.

On February 28, 2000, Gribi Associates submitted a draft UST removal report entitled Report of Underground Storage Tank Removal Activities, Corwood Car Wash. On February 28, 2000, Alameda County Department of Environmental Health issued a letter recommending that at least two soil borings be drilled and sampled to assess groundwater quality downgradient from removed UST system components.

On March 1, 2000, Gribi Associates submitted a workplan to Alameda County Department of Environmental Health proposing the drilling and sampling of two soil borings at the site using direct-push coring equipment. This workplan was approved Alameda County Environmental Health Services on March 1, 2000, with the provision that grab groundwater samples be additionally analyzed for oxygenates.

1.2 Scope of Work

Gribi Associates was contracted by Shattuck Avenue Associates to conduct the following scope of work:

- Task 1 Conduct prefield activities.
- Task 2 Conduct drilling and sampling activities.
- Task 3 Conduct laboratory analyses.
- Task 4 Prepare report of findings.

These tasks were conducted in accordance with the approved workplan and with guidelines contained in *Tri-Regional Board Staff Recommendations for Preliminary Evaluation and Investigation of Underground Tank Sites*, (August 10, 1990) and *LUFT Field Manual*, (October 18, 1989).

1.3 Limitations

The services provided under this contract as described in this report include professional opinions and judgments based on data collected. These services have been provided according to generally accepted environmental protocol. The opinions and conclusions contained in this report are typically based on information obtained from:

- 1. Observations and measurements made by our field staff.
- 2. Contacts and discussions with regulatory agencies and others.
- 3. Review of available hydrogeologic data.

2.0 Description of Field Activities

Drilling and sampling activities were conducted on Friday, March 3, 2000. All activities were conducted in accordance with applicable State and Federal guidelines and statutes.

2.1 Prefield Activities

Prior to implementing field activities, written approval was obtained from the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health. Also, a soil boring installation permit was obtained from Alameda County Zone 7 Water Agency. A copy of this permit is contained in Appendix A. In addition, a private underground utility locator cleared proposed boring locations prior to drilling. Prior to initiating drilling activities, a Site Safety Plan was prepared, and a tailgate safety meeting was conducted with all site workers.

2.2 Location of Borings

The locations of the two soil borings, IB-1 and IB-2 are shown on Figure 2. Based on the expected south-southeasterly groundwater flow beneath the site, one boring, IB-1, was sited immediately south-southeast from the former east fuel dispenser, and the other boring, IB-2, was sited south-southeast from the former UST excavation cavity.

2.3 Drilling and Sampling of Investigative Soil Borings

The two investigative soil borings were drilled to a depth of about 15 feet below surface grade using direct-push hydraulically-driven soil coring equipment. This coring system allowed for the retrieval of almost continuous soil cores, which were contained in a clear plastic acetate tube, nested inside a stainless steel core barrel. After the core barrel was brought to the surface and exposed, the core was examined, logged, and field screened for hydrocarbons by a qualified Gribi Associates scientist using sight and smell. Boring logs for both soil borings are contained in Appendix B. Following completion, the two investigative borings were grouted to match existing grade using a cement\sand slurry.

Subsurface soils were sampled at approximately four-foot intervals starting at four feet in depth. After the sample and core barrel were raised to the surface, each sample was collected as follows: (1) The filled acetate tube was exposed for visual examination; (2) The selected sample interval was collected by cutting the sample and acetate plastic tubing to the desired length (typically about six inches); (3) The ends of the selected sample were quickly wrapped with Teflon sheets or aluminum foil, capped with plastic end caps, labeled and wrapped tightly with tape; and (4) The sealed soil sample was labeled and immediately placed in cold storage for transport to the analytical laboratory under formal chain-of-custody. All coring and sampling equipment was thoroughly cleaned and decontaminated between each sample collection by triple rinsing first with water, then with dilute tri-sodium phosphate solution, and finally with distilled water.

Following completion of soil sampling activities, 3/4 inch diameter Schedule 40 PVC well easing was placed in each boring, with 0.01-inch slotted well screen from about 15 feet to five feet in depth, followed by blank well easing to above surface grade. Grab groundwater samples were then collected from each of the borings using the clean stainless steel bailer as follows: (1) Laboratory-supplied containers were completely filled directly from the bailer with a minimum of agitation; (2) After making sure that no air bubbles are present, each container was then tightly scaled with a Teflon-lined septum; and (3) Each container was then labeled and placed in cold storage for transport to the analytical laboratory under formal chain-of-custody. All sampling equipment was thoroughly cleaned and decontaminated between each sample collection by triple rinsing as described above.

2.4 Laboratory Analysis of Soil and Water Samples

One soil sample and one grab groundwater sample from each boring, for a total of two soil samples and two grab groundwater samples, were analyzed for the following parameters:

USEPA 8015M Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline (TPH-G) USEPA 8020/602 Benzenc, Toluene, Ethylbenzenc, Xylenes (BTEX) USEPA 8020/602 Methyl-t-butyl Ether (MTBE) USEPA 8260B Oxygenates

All analyses was conducted by Acculab, Inc. a California-certified analytical laboratory, with two-week turnaround on results.

3.0 RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

3.1 General Subsurface Conditions

Native soils encountered in borings IB-1 and IB-2 were generally similar, consisting primarily of grey clays and silts, with occasional thin sandy layers. Groundwater was encountered in boring IB-1 at about six feet in depth and in boring IB-2 at about nine feet in depth.

Grey to olive grey hydrocarbon staining with moderate to strong hydrocarbon odors were noted in clayey soils in boring IB-1 from about one foot in depth down to total depth. Dark grey hydrocarbon staining with moderate to strong hydrocarbon odors were noted in clayey soils in boring IB-2 from about seven feet in depth to total depth. Grab groundwater from boring IB-1 exhibited strong hydrocarbon odors and sheens, and grab groundwater from boring IB-2 exhibited slight to moderate hydrocarbon odors with no hydrocarbon sheens.

3.2 Results of Laboratory Analyses

Soil and water analytical results are summarized in Table 1. The laboratory data report and chain-of-custody record for soil and groundwater analyses is contained in Appendix C.

Table 1 SUMMARY OF SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS Corwood Car Wash UST Site										
Cample	Sample	Sample			Concer	itration, millig	rams per kilog	rani (man		
Sample ID	Туре	Depth	TPH <u>-D</u>	1'PH•G	В	T	E	X	MTBE	OXY
111-1.2	Soil	7.5 R	60 0	1101	0.10	0.13	0.34	0.24	<0.010	<0.010
1B-1W	Water	(6.0 ft)	758	501	16	<5.0	66	8.8	-20	<0.0050
18-2.3	Soit	U.5 ft	7.1	<1.0	< 0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.050	<0.0050
IB-2W	Water	(9,0 ft)	15	8i.G	0.024	<0.010	0.041	<0.010	0.53	<0.0050

TPH-D = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel TPH-G = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasolinc OXY - Oxygenates (except MTBE), including Ter-Butanol (TBA), Disopropyl Ether (DIPE), Ethyl-t-butyl Ether (ETBE), Tert-imyl Methyl Ether (TAME), and Lead Scavengers 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB) and 1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)

4.0 CONCLUSIONS

Both soil and grab groundwater samples from IB-1, located in an expected downgradient (south-southeast) direction from the former east dispenser island, contained detectable levels of both gasoline- and diesel-range hydrocarbons. In addition, the grab groundwater sample from IB-2, located in an expected downgradient (south-southeast) direction from the former fuel USTs, contained detectable levels of both gasoline- and diesel-range hydrocarbons. However, the laboratory chromatograms for these samples, which are presented in the laboratory data report, seem to show that the gasoline-range hydrocarbon results in these samples are primarily due to interference from diesel-range hydrocarbons. Thus, soil and groundwater impacts relative the former Corwood Car Wash UST system appear to be primarily related to past diesel releases. Given that diesel was only stored in the USTs in the distant past (probably in the early to mid-1970s), it appears that the majority of releases associated with the USTs occurred in the distant past, prior to UST system upgrades which included installing interior fiberglass linings in both of the USTs.

The only exception to this appears to be the detection of a low level (0.53 ppm) of MTBE in the IB-2 grab groundwater sample. This MTBE detection is significantly lower than MTBE levels of 5.4 ppm and 1.7 ppm encountered in grab groundwater samples collected from the former UST excavation cavity. These results seem to suggest minimal downgradient migration of MTBE.

It should be noted that laboratory analytical results from grab groundwater samples are generally not representative of true groundwater conditions and can oftentimes be artificially high, particularly where hydrocarbon impacts to subsurface soils are significant. Thus, while laboratory results from the IB-1 grab groundwater sample are very high, we believe that groundwater in the boring was cross contaminated as soil coring proceeded through hydrocarbon-impacted soils.

B ≈ Benzene

T = Tuluene

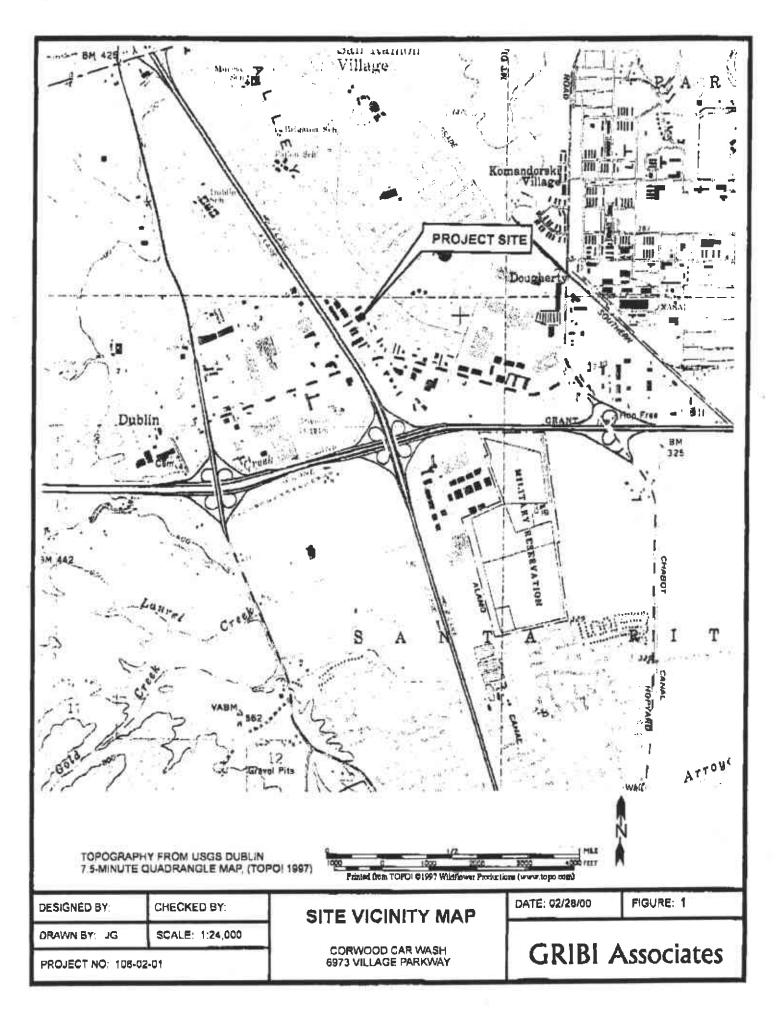
E. Ethylbenzene

X ~ Xylenes

MTBE = Methyl-t-butyl Ether

<0.010 = Not detected above the expressed value.

⁼ Laboratory data report states "Product is not typical gasoline."



APPENDIX A DRILLING PERMIT



ALAMEDA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

5997 PARKSIDE DRIVE

PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 84588-5127

PHONE (925) 484-2600 | Ax (925) 462-3914

March 2, 2000

Mr. Jim Gribi Gribi Associates 1350 Hayes Street, Suite C-14 Benicia, CA 94510

Dear Mr. Gribi:

Enclosed is drilling permit 20026 for a contamination investigation at 6973 Village Parkway in Dublin for Corwood Car Wash.

Please note that permit condition A-2 requires that a report be submitted after completion of the work. The report should include drilling and completion logs, location sketch, and permit number. Please submit the original of your completion report. We will forward your submittal to the California Department of Water Resources.

If you have any questions, please contact me at extension 235 or Matt Katen at extension 234.

Sincerely,

Wyman Hong

· Mijman Hong

Water Resources Technician II

Enc.

MAR-01-00 11:32 AM



ZONE 7 WATER AGENCY

5007 PARKBIDE DRIVE, PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 84688-5127 PHONE (610) 484-2500 X236

DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATION

FOR APPLICANT TO COMPLETE	FOR OFFICE USE
LOCATION OF PROJECT COLDES CAR WAS H	PERMIT NUMBER 20026
6973 Village Arkingy, Dublin CA	WELL NUMBER
California Caprdinates Source 11. Accuracy ± 11.	PERMIT CONDITIONS
AFN	Circled Permit Requirements Apply
CLENT R L WOODWARD INDUSTRIES	
Address PO Rox 2688 Phone 325/828-5 5 5 City Dublin CH 2ip 94568 APPLICANT Name DIM GLIB Fax 707/748-7763 Acdress 1350 Haves STORT ATRC-14 Phone 707/748-7743 City Benicia CA 712 Phone 707/748-7743	A. GENERAL 1. A permit application should be submitted so as to arrive at the Zone 7 office five days prior to proposed starting date. 2. Submit to Zone 7 within 80 days after completion of permitted work the original Department of Water Resources Water Well Drillers Report or equivalent for wall projects, or drilling logs and location skatch for geotuchnical projects. 3. Permit is void if project not begun within 90 days of approvel
TYPE OF PROJECT Well Construction Cathodic Protection Welter Supply Monitoring George Contamination Well Destruction	date. 9. WATER SUPPLY WELLS 1. Minimum surface east thickness is two inches of cament group placed by trams. 2. Minimum seel depth is 50 feet for municipal and industrial walls of 20 feet for gamestic and tragation walls unless a lasser depth is specially approved.
PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY WELL USE New Domestic	C. GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS INCLUDING PIEZOMETERS 1. Minimum surface easi thickness is two Inches of cement grout placed by tremis. 2. Minimum seal depth for monitoring walls is the maximum depth practicable of 20 feet.
DRILLING METHOD. Mud Retery I Air Rotery C Auger Cable U Other E Captobe	D. GEOTECHNICAL Backfill bors hold with competted curings of heavy bentonite and upper two feat with competted material in heavy bentonite and upper two feat with competted material in heavy bentonite and upper two feat with competted contention. Itemsed comers
DAILLER'S LICENSE ND. 48545 (Greg Andry)	grout shall be used in place of competted cuttings. CATHODIC. Fill halo above anode zone with constate placed by
WELL PROJECTS Drill Hale Diameter In. Maximum Cosing Diameter In. Depthft. Surface Soul Depthft. Number	F. WELL DESTRUCTION. See ettached. G. SPECIAL CONDITIONS
SECTECHNICAL PROJECTS Number of Borings Hale Diameter Meximum 20 ft.	and the state of t
ESTIMATED STARTING DATE 3/3/00 ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE 3/3/00	Approved Wyman Hong Deta 3/2/00
I haraby agree to comply with all requirements of this parmit and Alamede County Ordinance No. 73-68.	10199
SIGNATURE DETO 3/1/80	

APPENDIX B
SOIL BORING LOGS

LOG OF WELL BORING

GRIBI Associates

SHEET 1 OF 1

BORING NUMBER BORING LOCATION: EAST

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: GREGG DRILLING

DRILLING METHOD: DIRECT PUSH

BOREHOLE DIAMETER 2-1/2 INCHES

COMPLETION METHOD: GROUTED

BORING TOTAL DEPTH: 15 FEET

GROUNDWATER TOTAL DEPTH: 6.0 FEET

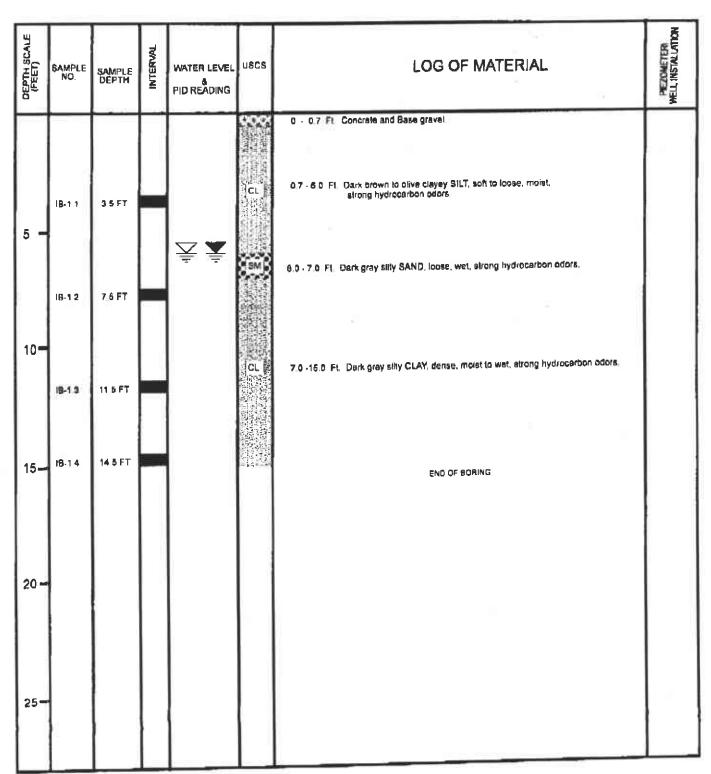
BORING TYPE: INVESTIGATIVE BORING

PROJECT NAME: CORWOOD CARWASH

PROJECT NUMBER: 106-02-02

START DATE: 03/03/00

COMPLETION DATE: 03/03/00



BORING NUMBER:

BORING LOCATION:

LOG OF WELL BORING

GRIBI Associates

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: GREGG DRILLING

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: GREGG DRILLING

DRILLING METHOD: DIRECT PUSH BOREHOLE DIAMETER: 2-1/2 INCHES

SHEET 1 OF 1

COMPLETION METHOD: GROUTED

BORING TOTAL DEPTH: 15 FEET

GROUNDWATER TOTAL DEPTH: 9.0 FEET

BORING TYPE: INVESTIGATIVE BORING

IB-2

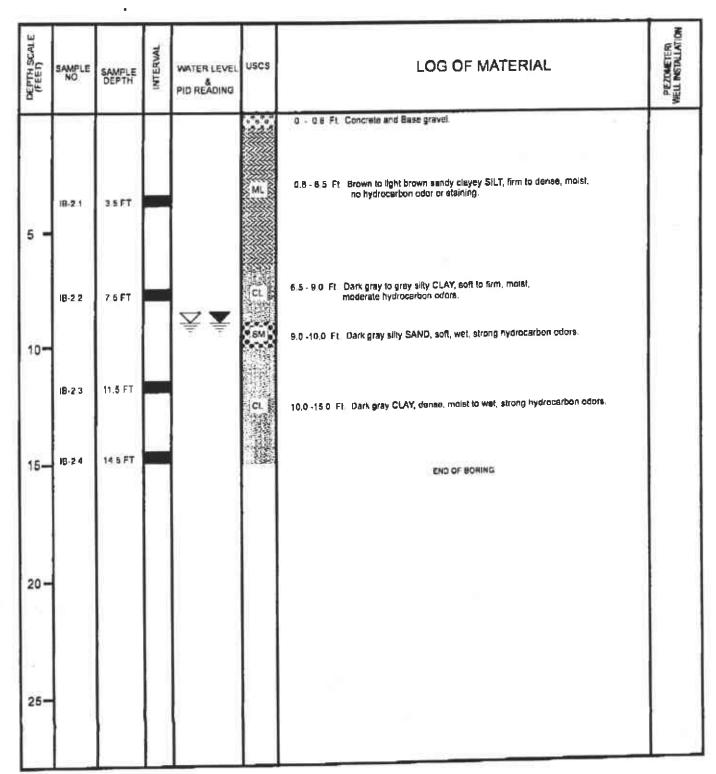
WEST

PROJECT NAME: CORWOOD CARWASH

PROJECT NUMBER: 106-02-02

START DATE: 03/03/00

COMPLETION DATE: 03/03/00



APPENDIX C

LABORATORY DATA REPORT AND CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD



Acculabs Inc.

Fax Transmission

To:	Ja Gribi		Date:	3-7-00	····
At:			No. of	ي ل	.,
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From:	Ton Lucke		Original		
Re:			Original Malled:	Y N	
	Originating Location:	Acculabs Inc. Oavis Phone: 530-757- Fax: 530-753-			
Comments:	Samples still	o pribeen	natien	· perun.	
IR	3-1.2 (7.5) for	TPH-GOS/B	TEX		
IB	-IN For TE	H-Dievel			
			t	Date:	
Reply:					
Davis/Sacrame	ento Dure	inga	Golden		Sparks/Reno

MAR-08-00 WED 12:29 PM ACCULABS DAVIS

FAX NO. 530 753 6091

P. 01/04



Acculabs Inc.

Fax Transmission

To:	Jim Gribi	W	Date:	3-8-0	<u> </u>
At:			No. of	NEG 4	 <i>i</i>
Fax:	- /		Pages:	NB	
From:	Ton Kwoke		Original		i -
Re:			Mailed:	Y N	·
	Originating Location:	Acculabs inc. Davis Phone: 530-75 Fax: 530-75	7-0920 33-6091		
	Suples 51		catle	c term	٠
IP	5-1.2 (7.5) fo	- TPH-Gas/	BTOX		
IB	-IW for T	PH-Diesel			
				Date:	
Reply:					
Davis/Sacrame	nto Du	rango	Galden		Sparks/Reno 201.1E



Acculabs Inc.

Davis

Sample Log 21107

MTBE (Methyl-t-butyl ether) By EPA Method 8020/602

From : CORWOOD CW (Proj. # 106-02-01)

Sampled: 03/03/00 Received: 03/03/00 Matrix: Soil

SAMPLE	Date Analyzed	(MRL) ag/kg	Measured Value *g/sq
IB-1.2 (7.5')	03/07/00	(1.0)	<1.0
IB-2.3 (11.5°)	03/06/00	(.050)	<.050

Approved By:

KWOKE Lab Director

2, 03/04



Acculabs Inc.

Davis

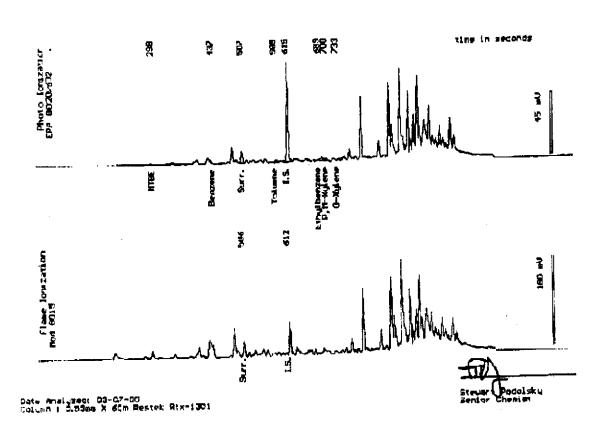
Sample Log 21107 21307-02

Sample: IB-1.2 (7.5')

From : CORWOOD CW (Proj. # 106-02-01)

Sampled: 03/03/00 Dilution: 1:20 Matrix: Soil Run Log : 2188D

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kq	Measured Value mo/ko
~~~~ <u>~~~</u>		
Henzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylenes TPH as Gasoline	(:10) (:10) (:10) (:10) (:20)	.10 .13 .34 .24 110 *
Surrogate Recover	y typical gasoline.	98 %





# Acculabs Inc.

Davis

Sample Log 21107 21107-07

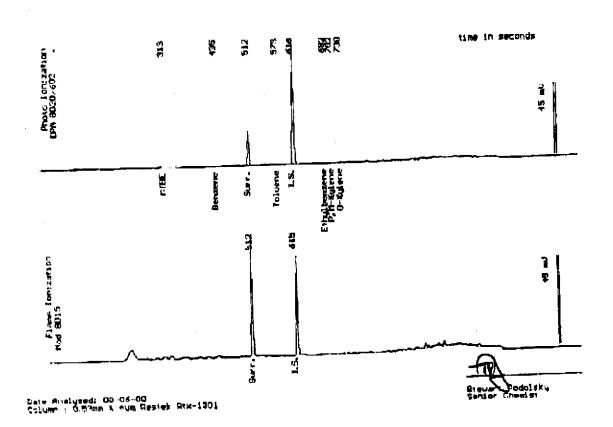
Sample: 1B-2.3 (11.5')

From: CORWOOD CW (Proj. # 106-02-01)
Sampled: 03/03/00
Dilution: 1:1
Run Log

Run Log : 2188C

Matrix : Soil

Parameter	(MRL) mq/kq	Measured Value eg/ko
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylenes TPH as Gasoline	(.0050) (.0050) (.0050) (.0050) (1.0)	<pre>0050 &lt;.0050 &lt;.0050 &lt;.0050 &lt;1.0 103 %</pre>
Surrogate Recover	У	103 4



P. 04/15



# Acculabs inc.

Davis

Sample Log 21107

MTBE (Methyl-t-butyl ether) By EPA Method 8020/602

From : CORWOOD CW (Proj. # 106-02-01)

Sampled: 03/03/00 Received: 03/03/00

Matrix : Water

Matrix	: Møfel	Date		Measured Value 09/c
SAMPLE		Analyzed	(MRL) ue/L	+4,440 09/2
IB-1W		03/06/00	(50000)	<50000
TB-2W		03/06/00	(100)	270

Approved By:

Tom Kwoka Lab Director

2, 05/15



# Acculabs Inc.

Davis

Sample Log 21107 21107-09

Sample: IB-1W

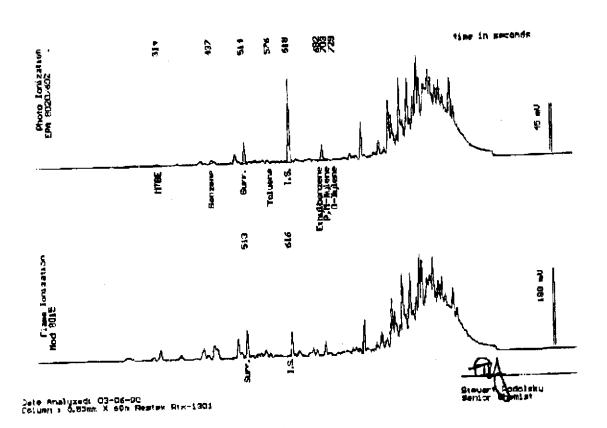
From : CORWOOD CW (Proj. # 106-02-01)

Sampled : 03/03/00

Dilution: 1:10000 Matrix ; Water

Run Log : 2188B

Parameter	(MRL) ug/s	Measured Value ag/l.
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylenes TPH as Casoline	(5000) (5000) (5000) (5000) (50000)	16000 <5000 66000 8800 50000 *
Surrogate Recovery	/ typical gasoline.	104 %





### Acculabs Inc.

Davis

Sample Log 21107 21107-10

Sample: IB-2W

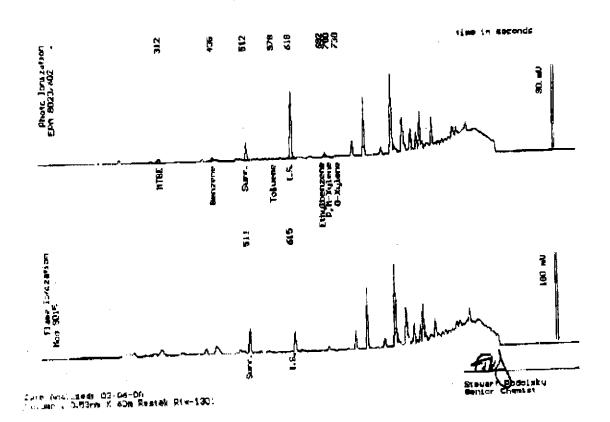
Prom : CORWOOD CW (Proj. # 106-02-01)

Sampled: 03/03/00

Run Log : 2188B Dilution: 1:20

Matrix : Water

Parameter	(MRL) wa/r	Agine mir Mesenter
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylenes TPH as Gasoline	(10) (10) (10) (10) (1000)	24 <10 41 <10 8000
surrogata Recover	y	101 \$



FAX NO. 530 753 6091

P. 07/15



Acculabs Inc.

Davis

Sample Log 21107 21107-02

Sample: IB-1.2 (7.51)

From : CORWOOD CW (Proj. # 106-02-01) Sampled : 03/03/00

Extracted: 03/06/00 Dilution: 1:5

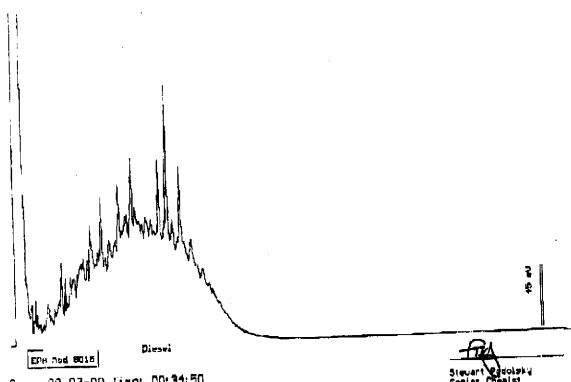
QC Batch : DS000301

Matrix : Soil

Run Log : 7462G

Measured

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Value marks
TPH as Diesel	(5.0)	600



Date: 03-07-00 lime: 00:34:50 Chlum: 0.53mm 10 X 15m 891 (JSH Selentific)

P. 08/15



# Acculabs Inc.

Davis

Sample Log 21107 21107-07

Sample: IB-2.3 (11.5')

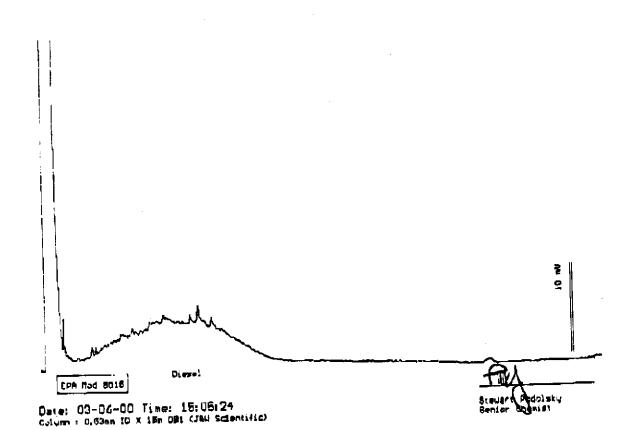
From : CORWOOD CW (Proj. # 105-02-01)
Sampled : 03/03/00
Extracted: 03/06/00 QC Batch
Dilution : 1:1 Run Log

QC Batch : D5000301

Run Log : 7462F

Matrix : Soil

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value mg/kg	
TPH as Dicsel	(1.0)	7,1	



2,04/04



# Acculabs Inc.

Davis

TPH as Diesel

Sample Log 21107 21107.09

Sample: IB-1W

From : CORWOOD CW (Proj. # 106-02-01)
Sampled : 03/03/00
Extracted: 03/06/00 QC Batch

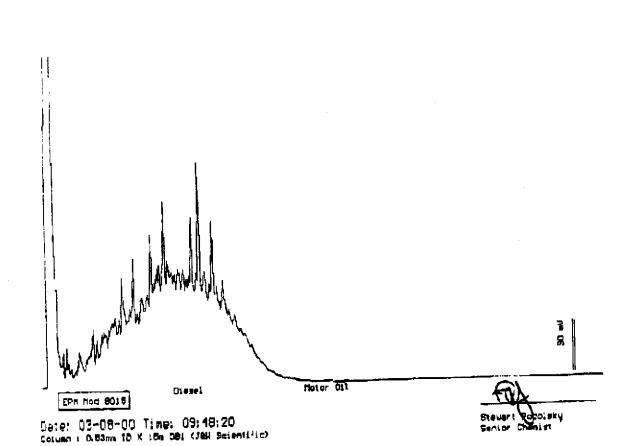
(3200)

Dilution: 1:63

QC Batch : DW000301 Run Log : 7462H

Matrix : Water

Measured Value 49/4 (MRL) ug/L Parameter 750000



2.09/15



### Acculabs Inc.

Davis

Sample Log 21107 21107-10

Sample: IB-2W

From : CORWOOD CW (Proj. # 106-02-01)

Sampled: 03/03/00 Extracted: 03/06/00

Dilution: 1:9 Matrix: Water

QC Batch : DW000301

Run Log : 7462GG

Parameter

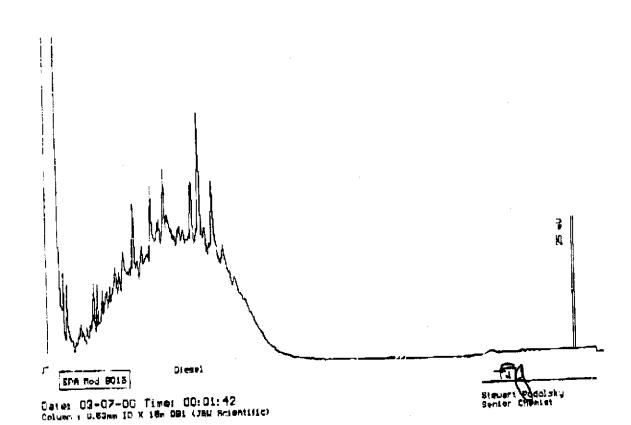
(MRL) ug/L

Maasured Value 10/1

TPH as Diesel

(45C)

15000



2, 10/15

Acculabs Inc.

March 6, 2000

QC Report TPH Diesel by 8015 Mod

QC Batch: DS000301

Matrix: Soil

### Spike and Spike Duplicate Results

Matrix Spike (*Rec) Spik	Matrix RP e Dup. (*Rec) *
No recovery due of spiked sampl	to high concentration. See LCS data.
l Spike	
Laboratory Control Spike (*Rec)	
97	
	Measured
MDL(mg/Kg)	Value(mg/Kg)
(1.0) (10)	<1.0 <10
	No recovery due of spiked sampl  Spike  Laboratory Conspike (*Recovery Conspike)  MDL(mg/Kg)

Tom Kycka Lab Director MAP-07-00 TUE 05:37 PM

2, 11/15



# Acculabs Inc.

Davis

### **EPA 8260B Oxygenates**

Sample Log 21107 March 97, 2000

Sample Name

: IB-1.2 (7.5")

Project Name

: CORWOOD CW

Project Number : 106-02-01

Sample Date

: 03/03/00

Date Analyzed

103/06/00

Oate Received ; 03/03/00

Dilution

; 1:2

Sample Matrix : Spil

Lab Number : 21107-02

	MBL	Measured Conc.	Units
Paramoler	0.040	< 0.040	mg/Kg
tert-Butanol	0.010	< 0.010	mg/Kg
Methyl-ten-bulyl ether	0.010	< 0.010	mg/Kg
Disopropyl ether	0.010	< 0.010	mg/Kg
Ethyl-ten-butyl ether ten-Amylmethyl ether	0.010	< 0.010	mg/Kg
Dipromotiupromethane		113	% Recovery

MRL = Method Reporting Limit Conc. = Concentration

B = Analyte was detected in Method Blank.

2 - Concuntration exceeded calibration range.



MAR-07-00 TUE 65:37 PM ACCULABS DAVIS

FAX NO. 530 753 8081

P. 12/15



### Acculabs Inc.

Davis

### **EPA 8260B Oxygenates**

Sample Log 21107 March 07, 2000

Sample Name

: 19-2.3 (11.6")

Emject Name

: CORWOOD CW

Project Number : 106-02-01

Sample Date

: 03/03/00

Date Analyzed

: 03/06/00

Date Received : 03/03/00

Dilution

: 1:1

Sample Matrix : Soil

Lab Number : 21107-07

O complex	MRL	Meagured Conc.	Units
Parameter	0.020	<0.020	mg/Kg
teri-Butanol	0.0050	0.0088	mg/Kg
Methyl-tert-butyl ether Disopropyl ather	0,0050	<0.0050	mg/Kg
Ethyl-tert-butyl ether	0.0050	<0.0050	mg/Kg
tert-Amylmethyl ether	0.0050	<0.0050	mg/Kg
Dibromotlyoromethene		109	% Recovery

MRL = Method Reporting Limit Conc. = Concentration

B = Analyta was detected in Method Blank.

E = Concentration exceeded calibration range.



FAX NO. 530 753 6081

2,01/01



### Acculabs Inc.

### **EPA 8260B Oxygenates**

Sample Log 21107 March 07, 2000

Sample Name ; IB-1W

Project Name

: CORWOOD CW

Project Number

: 105-02-01

Sample Date

: 03/03/00

Date Analyzed

: 03/06/00

Date Received : 03/03/00

Dilution

: 1:1000

Sample Matrix : Water

Lab Number

: 21107-09

Parameter	MRL	Measured Conc.	Unita
tert-Butanol	20000	<20000	ug/L
Methyl-tert-butyl ather	5000	<5000	ug/L
Diisopropyl ether	5000	<5000	ug/L
Ethyl-tert-butyl ether	5000	<5000	ug/L
tert-Amylmethyl ether	5000	<5000	ug/L
Dibramofluoromethane		109	% Recovery

MRL = Method Reporting Limit | Conc. = Concentration

B = Analyte was detected in Method Blank.

E = Concentration exceeded calibration range.

Арэгочед Ву

2, 14/15

ACCULABS DAVIS MAR-07-00 TUE C5:38 PM



# Acculabs Inc.

### **EPA 8260B Oxygenates**

Sample Log 21107 March 37, 2000

Sample Name

, IB-2W

Project Name

: CORWOOD CW

Project Number : 106-02-01

Sample Date

: 03/03/00

Date Analyzed

: 03/06/00

Date Received : 03/03/00

Dilution

, 1:5

Sample Matrix : Water

Lab Number

; 21107-10

December.	MAL	Measured Conc	Units
Parameter tert-Butunoi	100	<100	ug/L
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	25	530	ນ໘/L
Disapropyl ether	25	<25	ug/L
Ethyl-ten-butyl ether	25	<25	ug/L
tert-Amylmethyl ather	25	<25	ug/L
Oihramolluoromethane		128	% Recovery

MRL = Method Reporting Limit Conc. - Concentration

B = Analyte was detected in Melhod Blank.

E × Concentration exceeded calibration range.

P. 15/15

FAX NO. 530 753 8091

Lab Number Acculabs inc. Z 1107 602-437-0979 Fax 437-0826 [ ] 3902 E. University Dr. Phoenix AZ 85034 Report 520-884-5811 Fax 884-5812 | ] 710 E. Evens Blvd. Tueson AZ 85713 Due Dale: 602-780-4800 Fax 750-7695 [ ] 2020 W. Lone Caclus Dr. Phoenix AZ 85027 | 1 4553 Table Mountain Dr. Golden CO 80403 303-277-9514 Fax 277-9512 702-366-0202 Fax 355-0917 1 3992 Spice Islands Dr. Sparks NV 89431 530-757-0920 Fax 753-8091 1 1046 Olive Drive #2 Davis CA 95615 Public water supply information Gribi Associates Client System Name 1350 Hayes Street, Ste C-14 Address Report to State/EPA Y N PWS Na. Benicia, CA 94510 City, State & Zip DWR No. POE No. Jim Gilbi Contact Collection Point CORWOOD CW 707/748-7743 Project Name Phone 106-67-01 Collectors Name Project Number 707/748-7763 Location (City) Pac Results Page o' P.O Number Analyses SAMPLE TYPE CODES ¢ Requested Compliance TB = travel blank DW = drinking water D 7 Menitoring SD - eplid WWW = waste water SO = soil MW = monitoring wall N HW = hazardous weate St. = studge TURNARQUND TIME REQUESTED Leb Director Standard Approval ¥ 3/7/00 RU5H Specie Spi. No Ome Time CLIENTS SAMPLE ID/LOCATION 01 S 2/1/00 (3.5)B-1.1 02. 1 X 6 2/1/00 (7.5)18-1.2 03 5 1 2/1/00 (11.5)IB-1.3 04 X S 18-1.4 (14.5)05 X 1 5 (3.5)15-2.1 06 1 S (7.5)IB-2 2 07 X 1 X 8 (11.5)IB-2 3 Ø 1 6 (14.5)IB-2.4 09 5 X X W **IB-1W** ı 5 X X **IB-2W** Instructions/Comments/Special Requirements: Samples Relinquished By Samples Received by Time Date SAMPLE RECEIPT 3/0 1445 Received Cold Y Y Ν Custody Seals N Seals Intact Y No. of Containers Acculabal terms are: Net 40 (Payment must be received by the eate shown on the invelop of any placount is void)