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REPORT OF SOIL, SOIL VAPOR, AND GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

Corwood Car Wash UST Site 6973 Village Parkway Dublin, California

GA Project No. 106-02-03

Prepared for:

Mr. Roger Woodward R. L. Woodward Industries, Inc. P O Box 2688 Dublin, CA 94568

Prepared by:

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March 19, 2001

May 2 4 2001

March 19, 2001

Alameda County Department of Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, 2nd Floor Alameda, CA 94502

Attention:

Eva Chu

Subject:

Report of Soil, Soil Vapor, and Groundwater Sampling

Corwood Car Wash UST Site, 6973 Village Parkway

Dublin, California

GA Project No. 106-02-03

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Gribi Associates is pleased to submit this report on behalf of R. L. Woodward Industries, Inc. documenting soil, soil vapor, and groundwater sampling conducted at the at the Corwood Car Wash underground storage tank (UST) site located at 6973 Village Parkway in Dublin, California. This investigation included: (1) The drilling and sampling of two soil borings, IB-3 and IB-4, at the site using direct-push coring equipment; (2) The collection of one soil vapor sample, VS-1, beneath the car wash cashier's kiosk; and (3) The drilling, installation, and sampling of one groundwater monitoring well, MW-1, at the site. The goal of the investigation was to provide additional site characterization in order to move the site towards regulatory site closure.

Both soil and groundwater analytical results from this and previous investigations indicate that low-permeability silts and clays beneath the site have resulted in limited impacts to soil and groundwater from past UST-related hydrocarbon releases at the site. The only hydrocarbon constituent detected in downgradient borings IB-3 and IB-4, located near the south project site property line, was low levels of Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE) in grab groundwater samples from these borings. The grab groundwater sample from the easterly boring IB-3, located downgradient (south-southeast) from the former east fuel dispenser, contained 0.390 parts per million (ppm) of MTBE. The grab groundwater sample from the west boring IB-4, located downgradient from the former project site USTs, contained 0.084 ppm of MTBE. These levels of MTBE are relatively low and do not indicate a widespread MTBE problem. This conclusion is bolstered somewhat by the apparent downgradient natural attenuation of MTBE, from 1.7 ppm and 1.8 ppm in the respective former east dispenser and UST areas, to 0.390 ppm and 0.084 ppm in respective downgradient borings IB-3 and IB-4.

While the grab groundwater sample from previous boring IB-1, located immediately south from the former east fuel dispenser, contained 750 ppm of Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel (TPH-D), the groundwater sample from newly-installed well MW-1, located immediately adjacent to IB-1, contained no detectable TPH-D. Thus, while the result from previous boring IB-1 may have suggested significant diesel-range impacts to groundwater (including possible free product), the

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results from MW-1 show that the groundwater result from IB-1 was not representative of true groundwater conditions. In fact, these results conform with our experience, which has shown that grab groundwater samples collected from direct-push borings that have passed through hydrocarbon-impacted soils often result in erroneously high hydrocarbon concentrations in the grab groundwater samples.

The soil vapor sample, VS-1, collected beneath the cashier's kiosk at about three feet in depth contained levels of gasoline constituents that are well below established Risk-Based Screening Levels (RBSLs) for vapors at three feet in depth (Application of Risk-Based Screening Levels and Decision Making at Sites With Impacted Soil and Groundwater, San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board, August 2000, Table E-2). Vapor sample VS-1 contained only 16 micrograms per cubic meter (ug/m³) of Benzene, and the RBSL for soil gas immediately below a building floor (commercial receptors, fine grained soils) is 280,000 ug/m³.

Based on the obvious lack of significant risk to both current and future environmental and human heath receptors, we recommend that this site be reviewed for regulatory site closure. Whereas some residual hydrocarbons remain in source areas beneath the site, low-permeability soils appear to have limited downgradient migration of these hydrocarbons. Further, given past UST removal and overexcavation activities at the site, there is little likelihood that conditions will change at this site in the future.

We appreciate the opportunity to present this report for your review. Please call if you have questions or require additional information.

Very truly yours.

James E. Gribi Registered Geologist California No. 5843

JEG/ct Enclosure No. 5843

Mr. Roger L. Woodward

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Gribi Associates is pleased to submit this report on behalf of R. L. Woodward Industries, Inc. documenting soil, soil vapor, and groundwater sampling conducted at the at the Corwood Car Wash underground storage tank (UST) site located at 6973 Village Parkway in Dublin, California (see Figure 1 and Figure 2). This investigation included: (1) The drilling and sampling of two soil borings, IB-3 and IB-4, at the site using direct-push coring equipment; (2) The collection of one soil vapor sample, VS-1, beneath the car wash cashier's kiosk; and (3) The drilling, installation, and sampling of one groundwater monitoring well, MW-1, at the site. The goal of the investigation was to provide additional site characterization in order to move the site towards regulatory site closure.

1.1 Site Background

Corwood Car Wash previously operated two unleaded gasoline USTs, located in a common excavation cavity on the northwest side of the site. The UST system was apparently installed in about 1968, and it is our understanding that diesel fuel was also stored in the USTs at some time in the distant past. In March 1991, the UST system was completely retrofitted with state-of-the-art leak prevention and monitoring devices, including interior tank linings, overfill/overspill protection, and a sophisticated leak detection monitoring system.

Previous investigations at the site included: (1) The drilling and sampling of several borings in the early 1990s immediately adjacent to project site USTs; (2) The installation of three groundwater monitoring wells, MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3, at the site in 1993; and (3) Monitoring of the three project site wells in June 1993 and in October 1995. Results of these investigations indicated some residual diesel-range hydrocarbons in subsurface soils immediately surrounding the project site USTs, but only low concentrations of diesel-range hydrocarbons in groundwater in downgradient (south-southeast) well MW-2, with no significant concentrations of Benzene. Note that soil and groundwater samples from these investigations were not analyzed for MTBE. Based on results of these previous investigations, regulatory site closure was granted for this site in 1996. The three groundwater monitoring wells were subsequently decommissioned by pressure grouting.

On January 31, 2000, both project site USTs were removed from the site in accordance with Alameda County Department of Environmental Health requirements. In addition, approximately 3,800 gallons of hydrocarbon-impacted groundwater was pumped from the excavation cavity for offsite disposal. Also, approximately 350 tons of hydrocarbon-impacted soil, primarily backfill material, was excavated and removed from the site. After backfilling with clean imported pea gravel, the UST excavation cavity and piping and dispenser excavations were re-surfaced with concrete to match existing surface grade.

Results from soil and groundwater samples collected from the UST removal cavity, together with previous results from soil and groundwater investigations conducted at the site, seem to suggest that although some releases, primarily diesel, occurred from the USTs, these releases remained in the backfill sands for the most part and did not migrate appreciably into native silts and clays surrounding the USTs. Two grab water samples collected from the open UST cavity contained relatively high levels of both diesel- and gasoline-range hydrocarbons, with detections of both Benzene and MTBE. However, given that these samples were collected from an open pit while excavation activities were occurring, we do not believe that these results are representative of true groundwater conditions beneath the site.

Soil samples collected adjacent to removed fuel dispensers indicated no significant releases adjacent to the former west dispenser, and moderate levels of diesel-range hydrocarbons, with no significant level of gasoline-range hydrocarbons, adjacent to the former east fuel dispenser. Given that diesel was only stored in the USTs in the distant past, as well as the apparent aged quality of the gasoline-range hydrocarbons in the east dispenser soil samples, it appears that releases associated with the project site USTs and fuel dispensers occurred in the distant past, prior to UST system upgrades, which included installing secondary containment beneath each dispenser.

On March 3, 2000, Gribi Associates drilled and sampled two soil borings, IB-1 and IB-2, at the site using direct-push coring equipment. Both soil and grab groundwater samples from IB-1, located in an expected downgradient (south-southeast) direction from the former east dispenser island, contained detectable levels of both gasoline- and diesel-range hydrocarbons. In addition, the grab groundwater sample from IB-2, located in an expected downgradient (south-southeast) direction from the former fuel USTs, contained detectable levels of both gasoline- and diesel-range hydrocarbons. However, the laboratory chromatograms for these samples seem to show that the gasoline-range hydrocarbon results in these samples are primarily due to interference from diesel-range hydrocarbons. Thus, soil and groundwater impacts relative the former Corwood Car Wash UST system appear to be primarily related to past diesel releases. Given that diesel was only stored in the USTs in the distant past (probably in the early to mid-1970s), it appears that the majority of releases associated with the USTs occurred in the distant past, prior to UST system upgrades which included installing interior fiberglass linings in both of the USTs.

The only exception to this appeared to be the detection of a low level (0.53 ppm) of MTBE in the IB-2 grab groundwater sample. This MTBE detection was significantly lower than MTBE levels of 5.4 ppm and 1.7 ppm encountered in grab groundwater samples collected from the former UST excavation cavity during tank removal activities. These results seem to suggest minimal downgradient migration of MTBE.

On March 20, 2000, Gribi Associates submitted a workplan to Alameda County Department of Environmental Health. This workplan proposed (1) Installing one groundwater monitoring well downgradient (south-southeast) from the former east fuel dispenser: (2) Conducting quarterly groundwater monitoring of the newly-installed well for approximately two quarters; (3) Drilling and sampling two soil borings downgradient from previous borings IB-1 and IB-2; (4) Conducting soil vapor sampling beneath the Corwood Car Wash cashier's kiosk; and (5) Conducting a Risk-Based Corrective Action (RBCA) assessment for the project site. This workplan was approved by the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health on March 31, 2000.

1.2 Scope of Work

Gribi Associates was contracted by R. L. Woodward Industries to conduct the following scope of work:

	Task 1	Conduct prefield activities.
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- Task 2 Conduct soil vapor sampling.
- Task 3 Drill and sample two soil borings.
- Task 4 Drill, install, and sample one groundwater monitoring well.

- Task 5 Conduct laboratory analyses.
- Task 6 Prepare report of findings.

These tasks were conducted in accordance with the approved workplan and with guidelines contained in *Tri-Regional Board Staff Recommendations for Preliminary Evaluation and Investigation of Underground Tank Sites*, (August 10, 1990) and *LUFT Field Manual*, (October 18, 1989).

1.3 Limitations

The services provided under this contract as described in this report include professional opinions and judgments based on data collected. These services have been provided according to generally accepted environmental protocol. The opinions and conclusions contained in this report are typically based on information obtained from:

- 1. Observations and measurements made by our field staff.
- 2. Contacts and discussions with regulatory agencies and others.
- 3. Review of available hydrogeologic data.

2.0 DESCRIPTION OF FIELD ACTIVITIES

On January 5, 2001, Mr. Jim Gribi of Gribi Associates conducted soil and soil vapor sampling, and drilled and installed on groundwater monitoring well at the site. The newly-installed well was purged and sampled by Mr. Gribi on January 8, 2001.

2.1 Prefield Activities

Prior to implementing field activities, written approval was obtained from the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health. Also, a soil boring and monitoring well installation permit was obtained from Alameda County Zone 7 Water Agency. A copy of this permit is contained in Appendix A. In addition, boring and well locations were marked with white paint and Underground Services Alert (USA) was noted more than 48 hours prior to field activities. Also, a private underground utility locator cleared proposed boring and well locations prior to drilling. Prior to initiating drilling activities, a Site Safety Plan was prepared, and a tailgate safety meeting was conducted with all site workers.

2.2 Drilling and Sampling of Investigative Soil Borings

The locations of the two investigative soil borings, IB-3 and IB-4 are shown on Figure 2. Based on the expected south-southeasterly groundwater flow direction beneath the site, the two borings were sited near the south-southeast project site property line.

The two investigative soil borings were drilled to a depth of about 20 feet below surface grade using direct-push hydraulically-driven soil coring equipment. This coring system allowed for the retrieval of almost continuous soil cores, which were contained in a clear plastic acetate tube, nested inside a stainless steel core barrel. After the core barrel was brought to the surface and exposed, the core

was examined, logged, and field screened for hydrocarbons by a qualified Gribi Associates scientist using sight and smell. Boring logs for both soil borings are contained in Appendix B. Following completion, the two investigative borings were grouted to match existing surface grade using a cement\sand slurry.

Subsurface soils were sampled at approximately four-foot intervals starting at about eight feet in depth. After the sample and core barrel were raised to the surface, each sample was collected as follows: (1) The filled acetate tube was exposed for visual examination; (2) The selected sample interval was collected by cutting the sample and acetate plastic tubing to the desired length (typically about six inches); (3) The ends of the selected sample were quickly wrapped with Teflon sheets or aluminum foil, capped with plastic end caps, labeled and wrapped tightly with tape; and (4) The sealed soil sample was labeled and immediately placed in cold storage for transport to the analytical laboratory under formal chain-of-custody. All coring and sampling equipment was thoroughly cleaned and decontaminated between each sample collection by triple rinsing first with water, then with dilute tri-sodium phosphate solution, and finally with distilled water.

Following completion of soil sampling activities, 3/4 inch diameter Schedule 40 PVC well casing was placed in each boring, with 0.01-inch slotted well screen from about 20 feet to five feet in depth, followed by blank well casing to above surface grade. Grab groundwater samples were then collected from each of the borings using the clean stainless steel bailer as follows: (1) Laboratory-supplied containers were completely filled directly from the bailer with a minimum of agitation; (2) After making sure that no air bubbles are present, each container was then tightly sealed with a Teflon-lined septum; and (3) Each container was then labeled and placed in cold storage for transport to the analytical laboratory under formal chain-of-custody. All sampling equipment was thoroughly cleaned and decontaminated between each sample collection by triple rinsing as described above.

2.3 Vapor Sample Collection

One soil vapor sample, VS-1, was collected inside the Corwood Car Wash cashier's kiosk at the approximate location shown on Figure 2. The field log for this vapor sample is contained in Appendix C. This soil vapor sample was collecting using the following method:

- A small hole (approximately 1-1/2-inch diameter) was cut in the concrete slab, exposing the underlying subgrade. Base rock was removed, exposing native soils.
- An AMS Gas Vapor Probe was driven approximately three feet below surface grade, and retracted to allow for vapor sampling.
- The vapor probe was purged and the vapor sample was collected using a six-liter, laboratory clean-certified Summa Canister™ supplied by Air Toxics, Ltd. The Summa Canister was evacuated at the laboratory to about 29 inches of mercury (Hg) vacuum pressure, and, as soil vapors entered the Summa Canister during sampling, the vacuum pressure decreased to 3.5 inches Hg vacuum pressure. A flow controller calibrated and supplied by the analytical laboratory was used to allow sampling over at least a one hour period (for sample VS-1, the Summa Canister was left open for 1.5 hours due to low permeability clays beneath the site).
- The vapor probe was extracted, and the concrete slab was patched to meet preexisting conditions.

■ The vapor sample, VS-1, was transported to the analytical laboratory under formal chain-of-custody.

2.4 Installation and Sampling of Monitoring Well

The location of monitoring well MW-1 is shown on Figure 2. Well MW-1 was sited immediately adjacent to previous boring IB-1, immediately downgradient (south-southeast) from the former east fuel dispenser.

Monitoring well MW-1 was drilled to a total depth of about 20 feet below surface grade using hollow stem auger equipment. Soils from each well boring were logged by Mr. Jim Gribi, R.G. using sight and smell. A soil boring log for MW-1 is included in Appendix B. Soil cuttings from the well boring were placed in sealed DOT-approved 55-gallon drums pending laboratory analytical results.

Soil samples were collected from MW-1 at 6.0 feet, 11.0 feet, and 16.0 feet in depth. Undisturbed soils were sampled in advance of the auger as follows: (1) A two-inch inside diameter California-style split spoon sampler was driven into undisturbed soil ahead of the drill bit; (2) The sampler was raised quickly to the surface and the brass liners exposed; (3) The brass liner containing the most undisturbed soil was quickly sealed with aluminum foil and plastic end caps, labeled, and wrapped tightly with tape; and (4) The sealed soil sample was placed immediately in a cooler with crushed ice for transport to the analytical laboratory under formal chain-of-custody. All sampling equipment was thoroughly cleaned and decontaminated between each sample collection by triple rinsing as described previously in this report.

Well MW-1 was constructed using two-inch diameter Schedule 40 threaded PVC casing according to the following specifications: (1) 0.020-inch slotted well casing was placed from approximately 20 feet to five feet in depth; (2) Filter sand was placed around the casing to a depth of approximately four feet below grade; (3) A one foot bentonite seal was placed above the filter sand to approximately three feet below grade; and (4) The remaining annulus was grouted using a cement/sand slurry (bentonite less than five percent) to approximate grade. The top of the well was enclosed in a traffic-rated locking box set in concrete slightly above grade. Well construction details are included with the well boring log in Appendix B.

On Monday, January 8, 2001, newly-installed well MW-1 was purged and sampled using a clean PVC bailer. Well purging consisted of purging the well of at least three well volumes before sampling. During well purging, groundwater was periodically monitored for presence of free-floating product and odor, pH, specific conductance, temperature and visible clarity. After these parameters had stabilized, groundwater was sampled in the following manner: (1) Three 40-ml glass VOA vials and two 0.5 liter amber bottles were completely filled with a minimum of agitation; (2) When no air bubbles were visible, each container was tightly sealed with a Teflon-lined septum; and (3) Each container was labeled and placed in cold storage for transport to the analytical laboratory under formal chain-of-custody. A groundwater sampling data sheet for MW-1 is contained in Appendix D. All purged groundwater was stored onsite in a sealed 55-gallon drum.

2.5 Laboratory Analysis of Soil, Soil Vapor, and Groundwater Samples

The soil vapor sample was analyzed for the following parameters with two-week turn around on results.

USEPA Method TO-14 Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and Xylenes (BTEX)

This method provides for a benzene detection level of 2.4 ug/m³. Laboratory analysis of the soil vapor sample was conducted by Air Toxics, Ltd., a California-certified analytical laboratory.

Six soil samples (two samples each from the two soil borings and one monitoring well boring) and three groundwater samples (one grab groundwater sample each from the two investigative borings and one groundwater sample from MW-1) were analyzed for the following parameters.

USEPA 8015M Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline (TPH-G) USEPA 8020/602 Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes (BTEX) USEPA 8020/602 Methyl-t-butyl Ether (MTBE) USEPA 8015M Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel (TPH-D)

In addition, the three groundwater samples were analyzed for the following parameters.

USEPA Method 8260B Oxygenates (TBA, MTBE, DIPE, ETBE, TAME)

All soil and water analyses were conducted by Acculabs, Inc., a California-certified analytical laboratory, with standard turnaround on results.

3.0 RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

3.1 General Subsurface Conditions

Native soils encountered in borings IB-3, IB-4, and MW-1 were generally similar, consisting primarily of grey clays and silts, with occasional thin sandy layers. In well boring MW-1, grey green very fine silty sands (possible fill materials) were encountered from about three feet to six feet in depth. In the southeast boring IB-3, grey green fine- to medium-grained sands were noted from about 17.5 feet to 20 feet total depth.

Groundwater was encountered in the southeast boring IB-3 at about 17.5 feet and rose to about 12 feet in depth. In the southwest boring IB-4, groundwater was not observed during coring, but rose to about 11 feet in depth after a few minutes. Groundwater was encountered in the MW-1 well boring at about nine feet in depth.

Grey green hydrocarbon staining and moderate to strong hydrocarbon odors were noted in sands and clays in well boring MW-1 from about three feet to nine feet in depth. No free product was encountered in well MW-1, and purged groundwater from MW-1 exhibited slight hydrocarbon odors. No hydrocarbon odors or staining were noted in soils or groundwater from investigative borings IB-3 and IB-4.

3.2 Results of Laboratory Analyses

Soil, soil vapor, and groundwater analytical results are summarized in Table 1. In addition, soil and groundwater results from this and previous recent UST removal and investigative activities are depicted on Figure 3 and Figure 4, respectively. Laboratory data reports and chain-of-custody records for soil, soil vapor, and groundwater analyses are contained in Appendix E.

Table 1 SUMMARY OF SOIL, GROUNDWATER, AND SOIL VAPOR ANALYTICAL RESULTS Corwood Car Wash UST Site									
Sample	Sample Concentration								
' ID	Depth	TPH-D	TPH-G	В	T	E	<u> </u>	MTBE	OXY
Soil Samples				Mill	igrams Per I	Kilogram (mg	g/kg)		
IB-3.2	12.0 ft	<1.0	<1.0	<0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	<0.0050	< 0.050	
IB-3.4	17.5 ft	<1.0	<1.0	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.050	
IB-4,3	15.0 ft	<1.0	<1.0	<0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.050	
IB-4.4	18.0 ft	<1.0	<1.0	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	< 0.050	
MW-1.1	6.0 ft	4,600	850	<0.50	1.5	4.0	2.8	<5.0	
MW-1.2	11.0 ft	<1.0	<1.0	<0.0050	< 0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.050	
Groundwater	Samples			Mill	ligrams Per l	(/tas K ilogram (mg	Një) C	"	-
IB-3W	(11.0 ft)	< 0.050	0.150	< 0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.390	< 0.005
IB-4W	(12.0 ft)	<0.050	<0.050	<0.0005	< 0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.084	<0.005
MW-1	(8.28 ft)	<0.050	0.670	0.00082	0.017	0.028	0.120	1.70	<0.025
Soil Vapor Sai	Soil Vapor Sample			Miero	grams Per C	Cubic Meter (ug/m³)		
VS-1	3.0 ft		**	16	20	21	33.3		**
Vapor RBSL	A artigov Zos Oblikaz			2.8 x 10 ⁵	2.4 x 10°	6.3 x 10 ⁸	4.5 x 10 ⁴	194 4 77	

TPH-D - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel
TPH-G - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline

B - Benzene

T - Toluene

E - Ethylbenzene

X - Xylenes

MTBE - Methyl-t-butyl ether

OXY = Oxygenates (except MTBE), including Ter-Butanol (TBA), Di-isopropyl Ether (DIPE), Ethyl-t-butyl Ether (ETBE), and Tertamyl Methyl Ether (TAME).

<1.0 = Not detected above the expressed value.

Vapor RBSL = Soil gas Risk-Based Screening Levels for protection of indoor air quality (commercial receptors; fine-grained soils), as contained in (Application of Risk-Based Screening Levels and Decision Making at Sites With Impacted Soil and Groundwater, San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board, August 2000, Table E-2). Soil gas RBSLs are applicable to soil gas concentrations immediately below the building floor.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS

Both soil and groundwater analytical results from this and previous investigations indicate that low-permeability silts and clays beneath the site have resulted in limited impacts to soil and groundwater from past UST-related hydrocarbon releases at the site. The only hydrocarbon constituent detected in downgradient borings IB-3 and IB-4, located near the south project site property line, was low levels of Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE) in grab groundwater samples from these borings. The

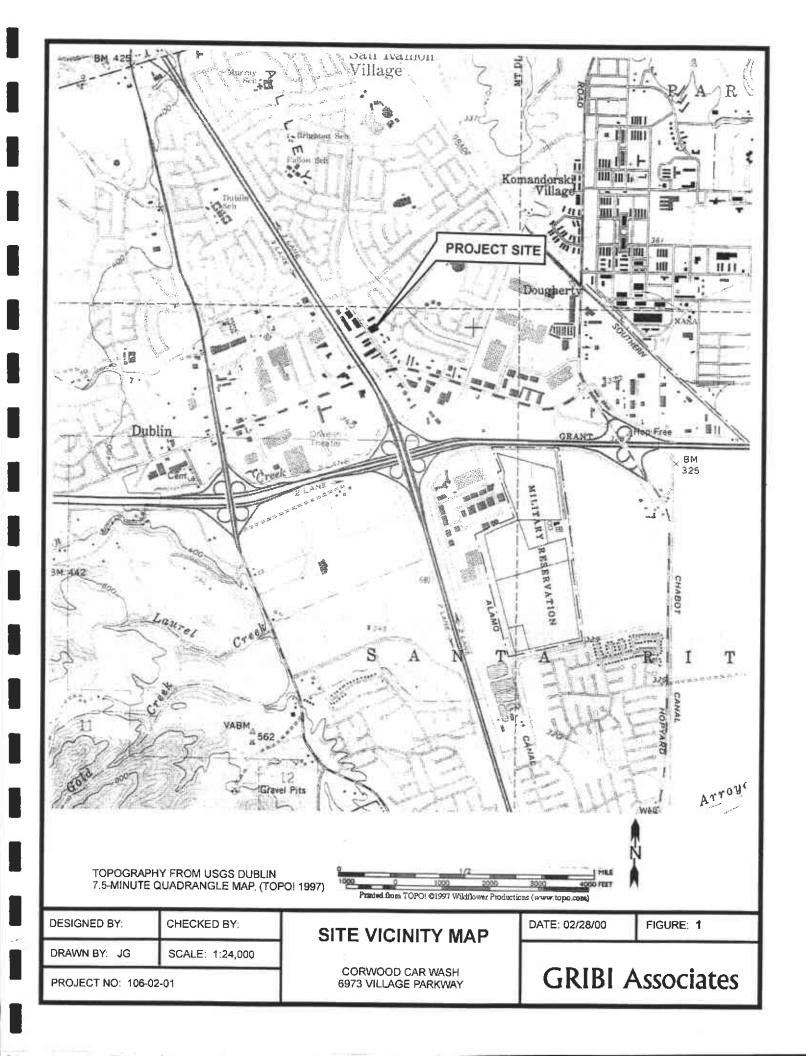
grab groundwater sample from the easterly boring IB-3, located downgradient (south-southeast) from the former east fuel dispenser, contained 0.390 parts per million (ppm) of MTBE. The grab groundwater sample from the west boring IB-4, located downgradient from the former project site USTs, contained 0.084 ppm of MTBE. These levels of MTBE are relatively low and do not indicate a widespread MTBE problem. This conclusion is bolstered somewhat by the apparent downgradient natural attenuation of MTBE, from 1.7 ppm and 1.8 ppm in the respective former east dispenser and UST areas, to 0.390 ppm and 0.084 ppm in respective downgradient borings IB-3 and IB-4.

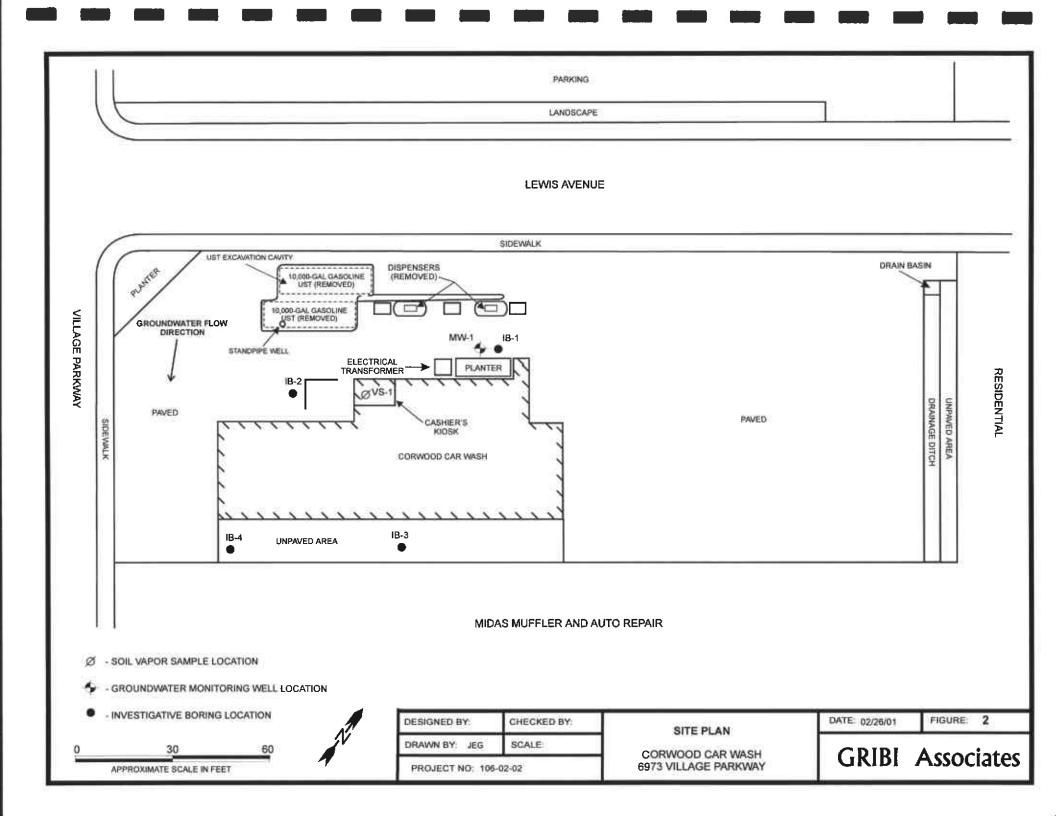
While the grab groundwater sample from previous boring IB-1, located immediately south from the former east fuel dispenser, contained 750 ppm of Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel (TPH-D), the groundwater sample from newly-installed well MW-1, located immediately adjacent to IB-1, contained no detectable TPH-D. Thus, while the result from previous boring IB-1 may have suggested significant diesel-range impacts to groundwater (including possible free product), the results from MW-1 show that the groundwater result from IB-1 was not representative of true groundwater conditions. In fact, these results conform with our experience, which has shown that grab groundwater samples collected from direct-push borings that have passed through hydrocarbon-impacted soils often result in erroneously high hydrocarbon concentrations in the grab groundwater samples.

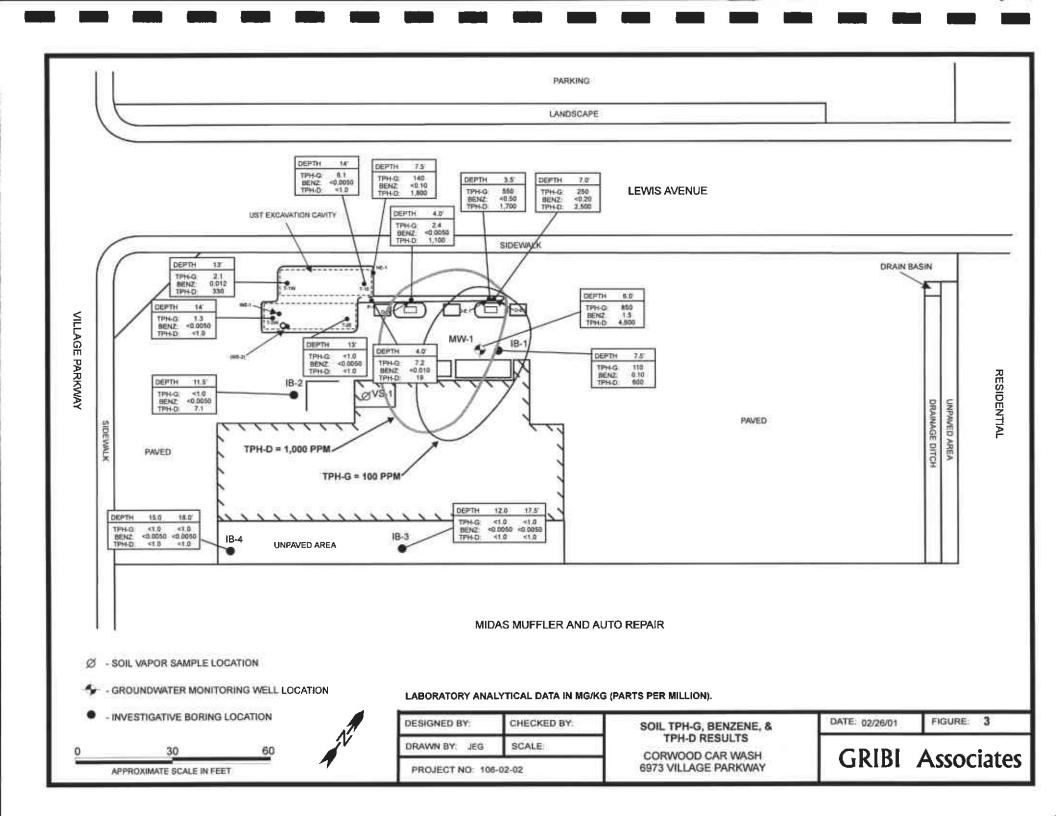
The soil vapor sample, VS-1, collected beneath the cashier's kiosk at about three feet in depth contained levels of gasoline constituents that are well below established Risk-Based Screening Levels (RBSLs) for vapors at three feet in depth (Application of Risk-Based Screening Levels and Decision Making at Sites With Impacted Soil and Groundwater, San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board, August 2000, Table E-2). Vapor sample VS-1 contained only 16 micrograms per cubic meter (ug/m³) of Benzene, and the RBSL for soil gas immediately below a building floor (commercial receptors, fine grained soils) is 280,000 ug/m³.

5.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the obvious lack of significant risk to both current and future environmental and human heath receptors, we recommend that this site be reviewed for regulatory site closure. Whereas some residual hydrocarbons remain in source areas beneath the site, low-permeability soils appear to have limited downgradient migration of these hydrocarbons. Further, given past UST removal and overexcavation activities at the site, there is little likelihood that conditions will change at this site in the future.







APPENDIX A SOIL BORING AND WELL PERMIT



ALAMEDA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

5997 PARKSIDE DRIVE

PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 94588-5127

PHONE (925) 484-2600 FAX (925) 462-3914

January 4, 2001

Mr. Jim Gribi Gribi Associates 1350 Hayes Street, #C-14 Benicia, CA 94510

Dear Mr. Gribi:

Enclosed is drilling permit 21008 for a monitoring well construction project at 6973 Village Parkway in Dublin for Corwood Car Wash. Also enclosed are current drilling permit applications for your files.

Please note that permit condition A-2 requires that a well construction report be submitted after completion of the work. The report should include drilling and completion logs, location sketch, and permit number. Please submit the original of your completion report. We will forward your submittal to the California Department of Water Resources.

If you have any questions, please contact me at extension 235 or Matt Katen at extension 234.

Sincerely,

Wyman Hong

Water Resources Technician II

Enc.

P:\WRE\GPOs\GPO1\GPO1.MONTTORING.wpd



ZONE 7 WATER AGENCY

5997 PARKSIDE DRIVE PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 94588-5127 VOICE (925) 484-2600 X235 FAX (925) 462-3914

DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATION

FOR APPLICANT TO COMPLETE	FOR OFFICE
LOCATION OF PROJECT CON CAR WASH	PERMIT NUMBER 21008 WELL NUMBER 3S/1W 1C7
California Coordinates Source ft. Accuracy± ft. CCN ft. CCE ft. APN	PERMIT CONDITIONS Circled Permit Requirements Apply
CIJENT Name Address DO Dex 7500 Phone 125/828-519 Zip 94568 APPLICANT Name Grad Association Address 1350 Haves ST C-14 Phone 7a7/748-7743 City Association Cathodic Protection Cathodic Protection Water Supply Contamination Wall Destruction PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY WELL USE New Domestic Industrial DRILLING METHOD: Mud Rotary Air Rotary = HSAuger X (1281) Cable DRILLING METHOD: Mud Rotary Air Rotary = HSAuger X (2 barings) DRILLER'S LICENSE NO WELL PROJECTS Drill Hole Dismeter Surface Seal Depth Mumber of Bonngs Hole Diameter Surface Seal Depth Maximum Depth D	A GENERAL 1. A permit application should be submitted so as to arrive at the Zone 7 office five days prior to proposed starting date. 2. Submit to Zone 7 within 80 days after completion of permitted work the original Department of Water Resources Water We Drillers Report or equivalent for well projects, or drilling log and location sketch for geotechnical projects. 3. Permit is void if project not begun within 90 days of approving date. 8. WATER SUPPLY WELLS 1. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of cement grout placed by tremie. 2. Minimum seal depth is 50 feet for municipal and industrial well or 20 feet for domestic and irrigation wells unless a lesser depth is specially approved. 3. An access port at least 0.5 inches in diameter is required on the wellhead for water level measurements. 4. A sample port is required on the discharge pipe near the wellhead. 6. GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS INCLUDIN PIEZOMETERS 1. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of cement grouplaced by tremie. 2. Minimum seel depth for monitoring wells is the maximum depth practicable or 20 feet. 6. GEOTECHNICAL Backfill bore hole with compacted cuttings of shall be used in place of compacted cuttings. 6. CATHODIC. Fill hole above anode zone with concrete placed in tremia. 6. WELL DESTRUCTION. See attached. 6. SPECIAL CONDITIONS
I hereby agree to comply with all requirements of this permit and Alameda County Ordinance No 23-88 APPLICANT'S SIGNATURE Date 12-26-00	Approved Wyman Hong Date 1/4/01 8/8/9

APPENDIX B
SOIL BORING LOGS

BORING NUMBER: MW-1 LOG OF WELL BORING **GRIBI** Associates

SHEET 1 OF 1

BORING LOCATION:

SOUTH OF DISPENSER

BORING TYPE: INVESTIGATIVE BORING

PROJECT NAME: CORWOOD CAR WASH

PROJECT NUMBER: 106-02-03

START DATE: 01/05/01

COMPLETION DATE: 01/05/01

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: GREGG DRILLING

DRILLING METHOD: HOLLOW STEM AUGER

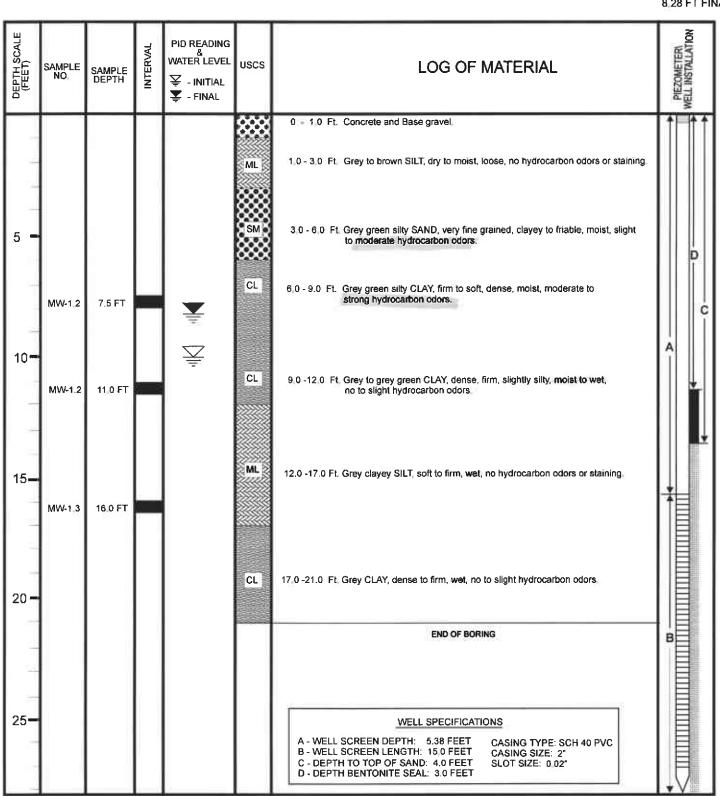
BOREHOLE DIAMETER: 6-1/2 INCH

COMPLETION METHOD: WELL

BORING TOTAL DEPTH: 21 FEET

GROUNDWATER TOTAL DEPTH: 12 FT INITIAL

8,28 FT FINAL



BORING NUMBER: BORING LOCATION:

IB-3

SOUTHEAST

LOG OF WELL BORING

SHEET 1 OF 1

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: GREGG DRILLING

DRILLING METHOD: DIRECT PUSH

BOREHOLE DIAMETER: 2-1/2 INCH

COMPLETION METHOD: GROUTED

BORING TOTAL DEPTH: 20 FEET

GROUNDWATER TOTAL DEPTH: 17.5 FT INITIAL

12.0 FT FINAL



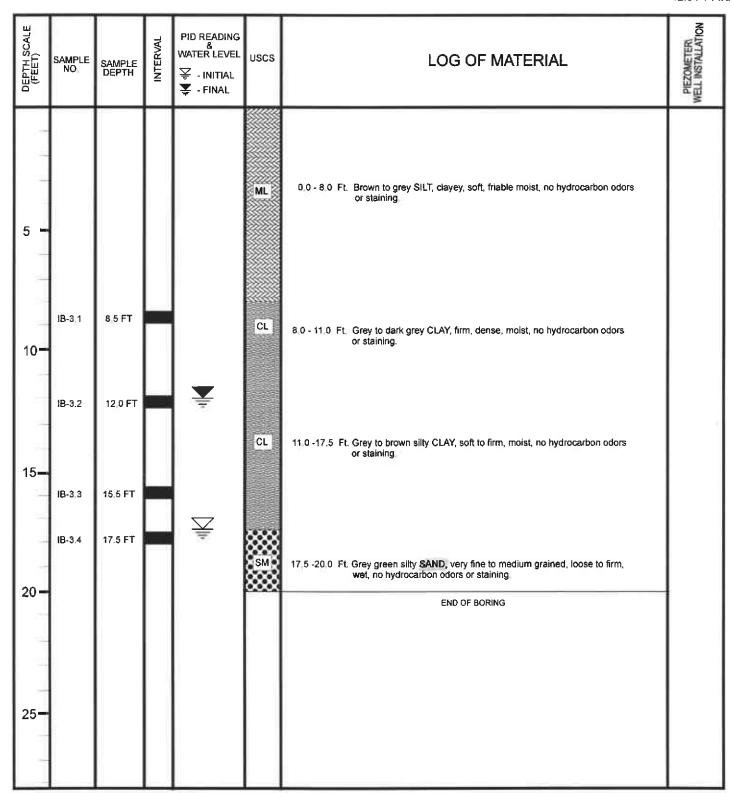
BORING TYPE: INVESTIGATIVE BORING

PROJECT NAME: CORWOOD CAR WASH

PROJECT NUMBER: 106-02-03

START DATE: 01/05/01

COMPLETION DATE: 01/05/01



BORING NUMBER:

IB-4

LOG OF WELL BORING **GRIBI** Associates

SHEET 1 OF 1

SOUTHWEST

DRILLING METHOD: DIRECT PUSH

BORING LOCATION:

BOREHOLE DIAMETER: 2-1/2 INCH

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: GREGG DRILLING

BORING TYPE: INVESTIGATIVE BORING

COMPLETION METHOD: GROUTED

PROJECT NAME: CORWOOD CAR WASH

BORING TOTAL DEPTH: 20 FEET

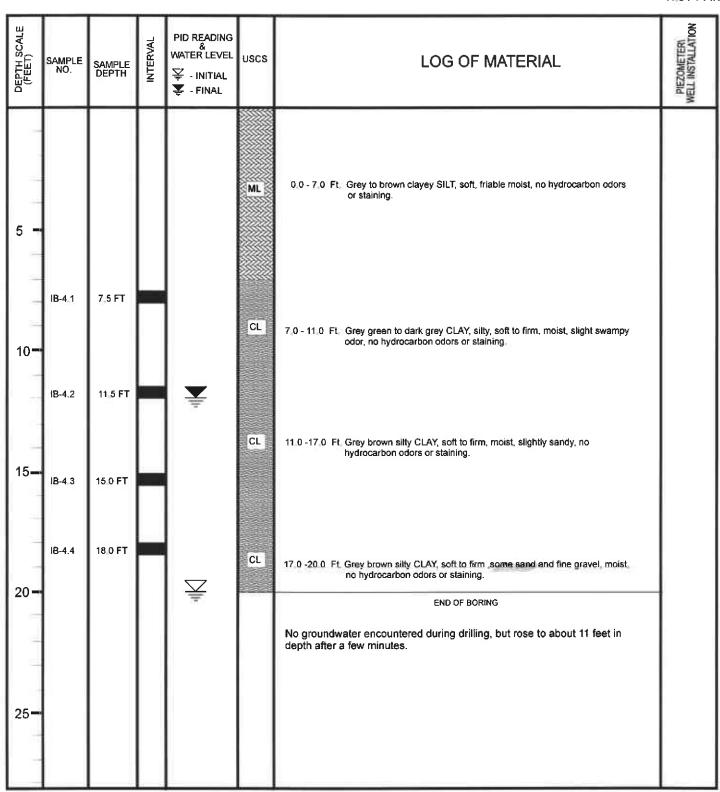
PROJECT NUMBER: 106-02-03

START DATE: 01/05/01

COMPLETION DATE: 01/05/01

GROUNDWATER TOTAL DEPTH: NONE INITIAL

11_0 FT FINAL



APPENDIX C SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING FIELD LOG

Cor wood CW 15,00 36'. 9:54 30" Hg 10"4" 10:04 765" 10:14 23,0 10:24 19.5 15.5 10:34 125 10:44 9.5 10:54 8.0 11:04 6/2 10:14 5.0 11:25

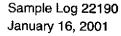
APPENDIX D GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FIELD LOG

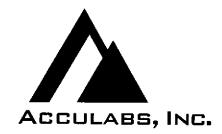
				, and a second		
GROUNDWA	ATER SAMPL	ING RECORD	···	. •	GRIBI Associates	
Well No. MW-/				Well Loc.		
Project Name Cora pool CW				Project No.		
Date 1/9/01 Time				OC Elevation	GW Elevation	
Depth to Water 9-28 NO FP				Well Depth Well Diameter		
Purge Water,	2": Wtr Column	X 0.163 X 3 =	F	Purge Water, 4": Wtr Column X 0.653 X 3 =		
Purge/Sample	Method		l.	Lab Analyses		
Weather Cond	ditions			aboratory		
Time	Volume Purged	Temp.	Cond.	рН	Visual	
Ú	501	ZZ 73		C 72	C/C = C	

Time	Volume Purged	Temp.	Cond.	pН	Visual
0	53,1	4.73		5,72	CIT 56 45
2	591	4.73 4.64		5 4	
4	13	Ę	= 369		may ary en his
(j	61.9	5,12	7 43	5,62	
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<u> </u>					
Remarks					
				N ₂	

APPENDIX E

LABORATORY DATA REPORTS AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORDS





Jim Gribi Gribi Associates 1350 Hayes Street, #C-14 Benicia, CA 94510

Subject:

11 Soil & 2 Water Samples

Project Name:

Corwood CW

Project Number:

Dear Mr. Gribi,

Chemical analysis on the samples referenced above has been completed. Summaries of the data are contained on the following pages. Sample(s) were received under documented chain-of-custody. USEPA protocols for sample storage and preservation were followed.

Acculabs - Davis is certified by the State of California (# 2330), the State of Arizona (AZ0583) and the State of Nevada (CA00039-2000-32). If you have any questions regarding procedures or results, please call me at 530-757-0920.

Sincerely,

Tom Kwoka



Sample Log 22190

MTBE (Methyl-t-butyl ether) By EPA Method 8020/602

From : Corwood CW Sampled: 01/05/01 Received: 01/05/01 Matrix: Soil

SAMPLE	Date Analyzed	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value _{=g/kg}
MW-1.1 (6.0')	01/16/01	(5.0)	<5.0
MW-1.2 (11.0')	01/13/01	(.050)	<.050
IB-3.2 (12.0')	01/13/01	(.050)	<.050
IB-3.4 (17.5')	01/13/01	(.050)	<.050
IB-4.3 (15.0')	01/13/01	(.050)	<.050
IB-4.4 (18.0')	01/13/01	(.050)	<.050

Approved By:

Tom Kwoka

Lab Director



Sample Log 22190

MTBE (Methyl-t-butyl ether) By EPA Method 8020/602

From : Corwood CW Sampled: 01/05/01 Received: 01/05/01

Matrix : Water

SAMPLE	Date Analyzed	(MRL) ug/L	Measured Value ug/L
IB-3W	01/13/01	(12.5)	390
IB-4W	01/13/01	(5.0)	100

Approved By:

Tom (Kyoka Lab Director



Sample Log 22190 22190-01

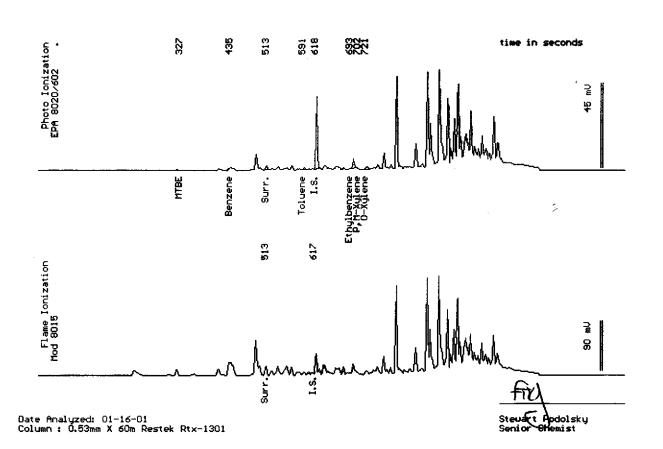
Sample: MW-1.1 (6.0')

From : Corwood CW Sampled: 01/05/01 Dilution: 1:100

Matrix : Soil

Run Log : 2199Q

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value mg/kg		
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylenes TPH as Gasoline	(.50) (.50) (.50) (.50) (100)	<.50 1.5 4.0 2.8 850		
Surrogate Recovery	7	*** D	iluted	Out





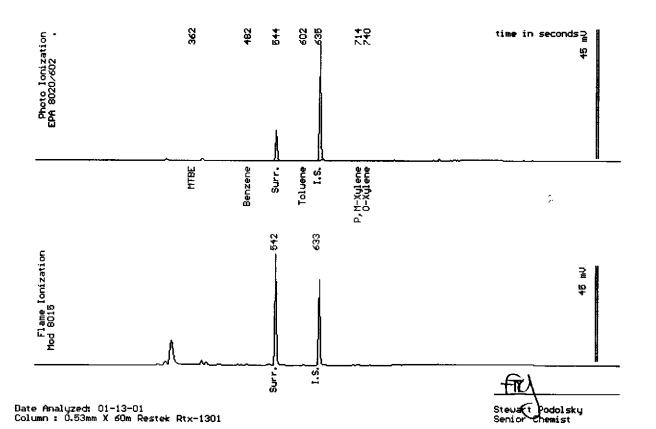
Sample Log 22190 22190-02

Sample: MW-1.2 (11.0')

From : Corwood CW

Sampled: 01/05/01 Dilution: 1:1 Run Log: 21990

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value mg/kg
Benzene	(0050)	. 0050
Toluene	(.0050) (.0050)	<.0050 <.0050
Ethylbenzene Total Xylenes	(.0050) (.0050)	<.0050 <.0050
TPH as Gasoline	(1.0)	<1.0
Surrogate Recovery	,	98 %





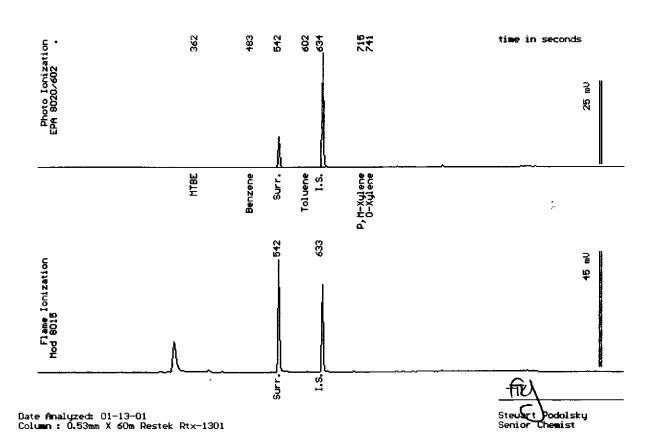
Sample Log 22190 22190-05

Sample: IB-3.2 (12.0')

From : Corwood CW

Sampled: 01/05/01 Dilution: 1:1 Run Log: 21990

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value mg/kg
•	(0050)	
Benzene	(.0050)	<.0050
Toluene	(.0050)	<.0050
Ethylbenzene	(.0050)	<.0050
Total Xylenes	(.0050)	<.0050
TPH as Gasoline	(1.0)	<1.0
Surrogate Recovery	7	98 %





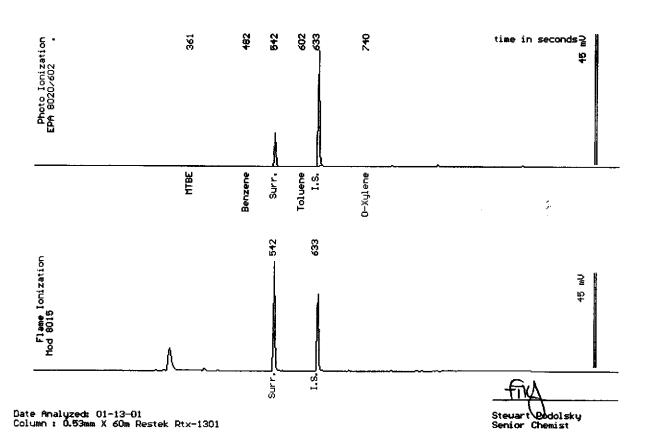
Sample Log 22190 22190-07

Sample: IB-3.4 (17.5')

From : Corwood CW Sampled : 01/05/01

Dilution: 1:1 Run Log: 21990

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value mg/kg
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylenes TPH as Gasoline	(.0050) (.0050) (.0050) (.0050) (1.0)	<.0050 <.0050 <.0050 <.0050 <1.0
Surrogate Recovery	,	103 %





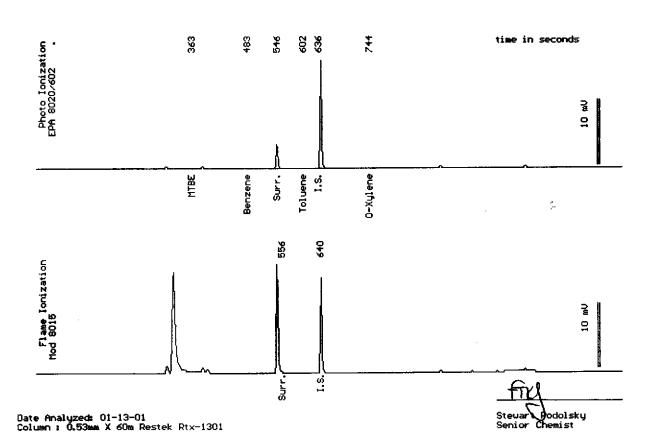
Sample Log 22190 22190-10

Sample: IB-4.3 (15.0')

From : Corwood CW Sampled : 01/05/01

Dilution: 1:1 Run Log: 21990

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value mg/kg
Benzene	(.0050)	<.0050
Toluene	(.0050)	<.0050
Ethylbenzene	(.0050)	<.0050
Total Xylenes	(.0050)	<.0050
TPH as Gasoline	(1.0)	<1.0
Surrogate Recovery		99 %





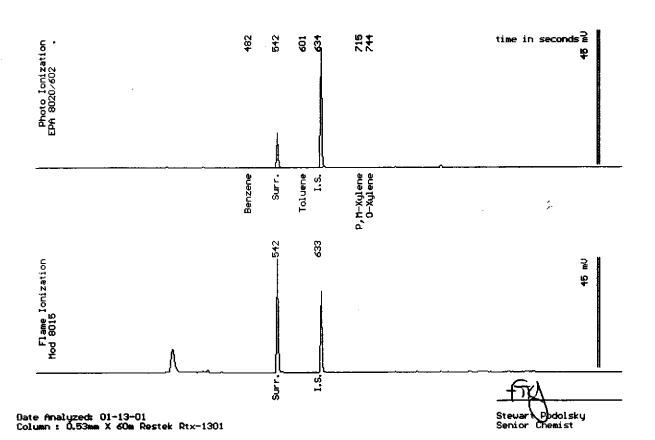
Sample Log 22190 22190-11

Sample: IB-4.4 (18.0')

From : Corwood CW Sampled : 01/05/01

Dilution: 1:1 Run Log: 21990

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value mg/kg
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Benzene	(.0050)	<.0050
Toluene	(.0050)	<.0050
Ethylbenzene	(.0050)	<.0050
Total Xylenes	(.0050)	<.0050
TPH as Gasoline	(1.0)	<1.0
Surrogate Recovery		101 %





Sample Log 22190 22190-12

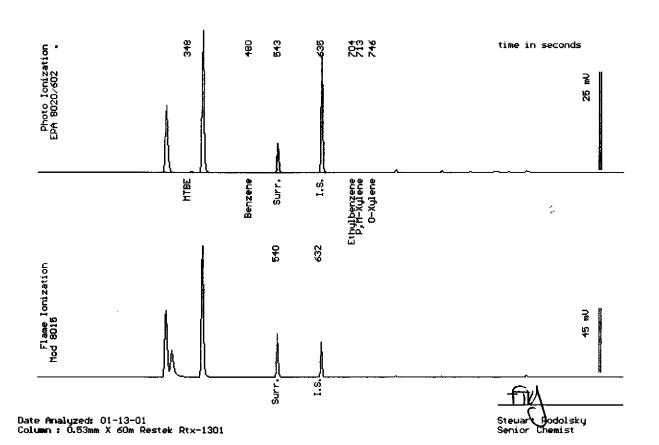
Sample: IB-3W

From : Corwood CW

Sampled: 01/05/01 Dilution: 1:1 Run Log: 21990

Matrix : Water

Parameter	(MRL) ug/L	Measured Value ug/L
Benzene	(.50)	<.50
Toluene	(.50)	<.50
Ethylbenzene	(.50)	<.50
Total Xylenes	(.50)	<.50
TPH as Gasoline	(50)	150
Surrogate Recovery	7	99 %





Sample Log 22190 22190-13

Sample: IB-4W

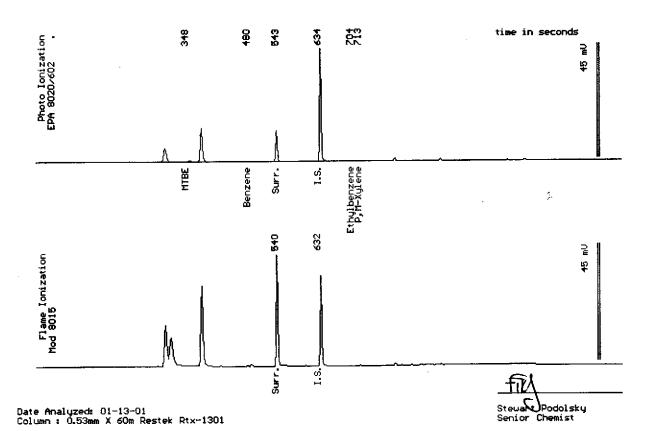
From : Corwood CW Sampled : 01/05/01

Dilution: 1:1

Matrix : Water

Run Log : 21990

Parameter	(MRL) ug/L	Measured Value ug/L
Benzene	(.50)	<.50
Toluene	(.50)	<.50
Ethylbenzene	(.50)	<.50
Total Xylenes	(.50)	<.50
TPH as Gasoline	(50)	<50
Surrogate Recovery	7	102 %





January 16, 2001 Sample Log 22190

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QC Report for EPA 8020 & Modified EPA 8015 Run Log: 2199N,O

From : Corwood CW

Sample(s) Received: 01/05/01

Parameter	Matrix Spike % Recovery	Matrix Spike Duplicate % Recovery	RPD
Benzene	104	95	9
Ethylbenzene TPH as Gasoline	101 122	9 5 9 8	7 22
* RPD = Relative Percen	nt Difference		
Parameter	Laboratory Co % Reco		
Benzene	9	1	
Ethylbenzene Gasoline	94 127		
Parameter	Method Blank		
Benzene	<0.0050 mg/Kg	1	
Toluene	<0.0050 mg/Kg		
Ethylbenzene	<0.0050 mg/Kg		
Total Xylenes	<0.0050 mg/Kg		
TPH as Gasoline	<1.0 mg/Kg		





RPD *

3 2 7

January 16, 2001 Sample Log 22190

QC Report for EPA 8020 & Modified EPA 8015 Run Log: 2199M,N

From : Corwood CW

Sample(s) Received: 01/05/01

Parameter	Matrix Spike % Recovery	Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery
Benzene	97	94
Ethylbenzene TPH as Gasoline	97 116	96 108
* RPD = Relative Percent	t Difference	
Parameter	Laboratory Co. % Reco	
Benzene Ethylbenzene Gasoline	9 9 10	6
Parameter	Method Blank	
Benzene	<0.50 ug/L	
Toluene	<0.50 ug/L	
Ethylbenzene	<0.50 ug/L	
Total Xylenes	<0.50 ug/L	
TPH as Gasoline	<50 ug/L	





Sample Log 22190 22190-01

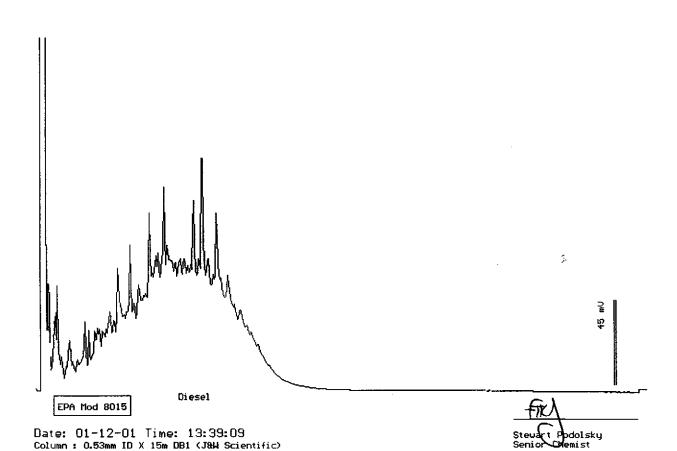
Sample: MW-1.1 (6.0')

From : Corwood CW Sampled : 01/05/01

Extracted: 01/11/01 QC Batch: DS010102 Dilution: 1:50 Run Log: 7486B

Matrix : Soil

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value mg/kg
TPH as Diesel	(50)	4600





Sample Log 22190 22190-02

Sample: MW-1.2 (11.0')

From : Corwood CW Sampled : 01/05/01

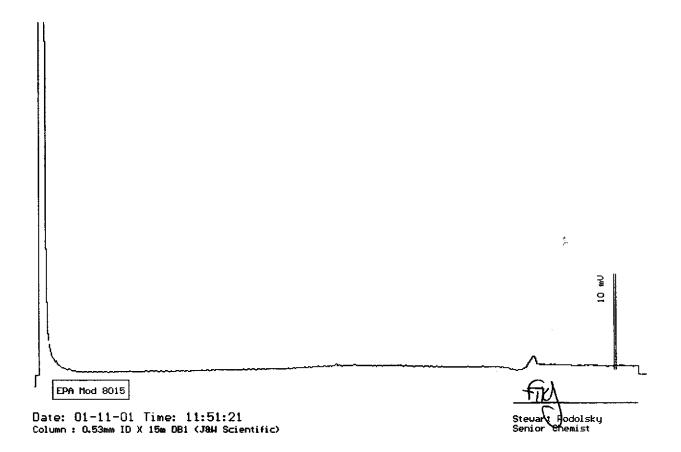
Extracted: 01/11/01 Dilution: 1:1

Matrix : Soil

QC Batch : DS010102

Run Log : 7486A

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value mg/kg
TPH as Diesel	(1.0)	<1.0





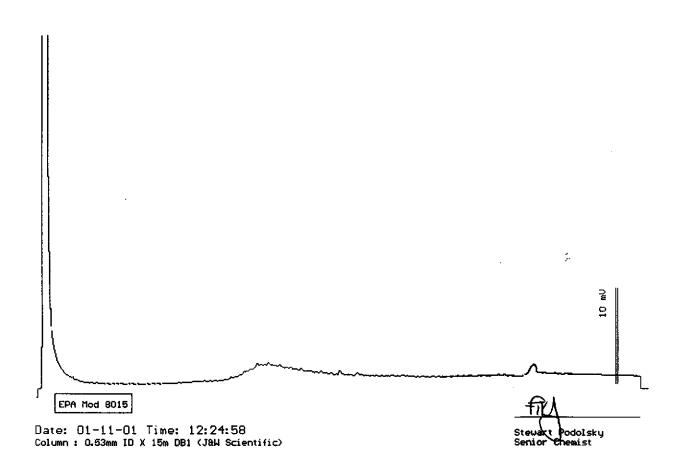
Sample Log 22190 22190-05

Sample: IB-3.2 (12.0')

From : Corwood CW Sampled : 01/05/01

Extracted: 01/11/01 QC Batch : DS010102 Dilution: 1:1 Matrix: Soil Run Log: 7486A

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value mg/kg
TPH as Diesel	(1.0)	<1.0





Sample Log 22190 22190-07

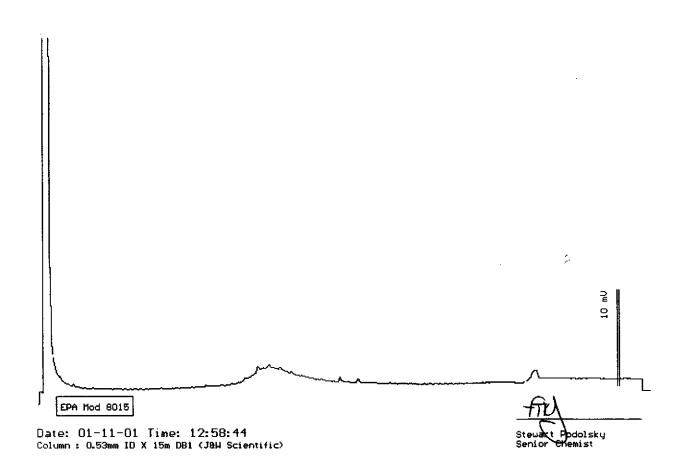
Sample: IB-3.4 (17.5')

From : Corwood CW Sampled : 01/05/01

Extracted: 01/11/01 QC Batch : DS010102 Dilution : 1:1 Run Log : 7486A

Matrix : Soil

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value mg/kg
TPH as Diesel	(1.0)	<1.0





Sample Log 22190 22190-10

Sample: IB-4.3 (15.0')

From : Corwood CW Sampled : 01/05/01

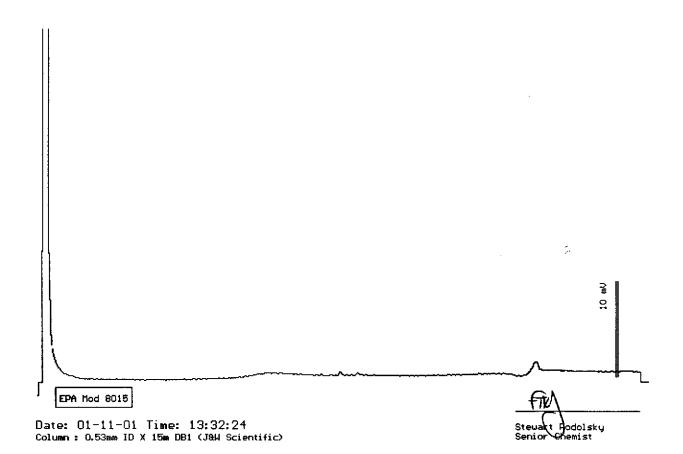
Extracted: 01/11/01 Dilution: 1:1

Matrix : Soil

QC Batch : DS010102

Run Log : 7486A

Parameter	(MRL) mg/kg	Measured Value mg/kg
TPH as Diesel	(1.0)	<1.0





Sample Log 22190 22190-11

Sample: IB-4.4 (18.0')

From : Corwood CW Sampled : 01/05/01 Extracted: 01/11/01

Dilution: 1:1

Matrix : Soil

QC Batch : DS010102

Run Log: 7486A

acrix : Soil

Parameter (MRL) mg/kg Measured Value mg/kg

TPH as Diesel (1.0) <1.0

EPA Hod 8015

Date: 01-11-01 Time: 14:06:08
Column: 0.53mm ID X 15m DBI (JBH Scientific)

Senior Orienist



Sample Log 22190 22190-12

Sample: IB-3W

From : Corwood CW Sampled : 01/05/01 Extracted: 01/09/01

Dilution: 1:1

Matrix : Water

QC Batch : DW010101

Run Log : 7485I

Parameter (MRL) $_{ug/L}$ Weasured Value $_{ug/L}$ TPH as Diesel (50) <50

EPA Mod 8015

Date: 01-09-01 Time: 12:47:49
Column: 0.53mm ID X 15m OB1 (Jak) Scientific)

Stewart Podolsky Senior Plemist



Sample Log 22190 22190-13

Sample: IB-4W

From : Corwood CW Sampled : 01/05/01

Extracted: 01/09/01 Dilution: 1:1

Matrix : Water

QC Batch : DW010101

Run Log : 7485I

Measured (MRL) ug/L Value ug/L Parameter <50 TPH as Diesel (50)

全 ទ EPA Mod 8015

Date: 01-09-01 Time: 13:21:24 Column: 0.53mm ID X 15m DB1 (J&W Scientific)

Stewart Podolsky Senior Chemist Senior



Acculabs Inc. - Davis

TPH Diesel by 8015 Mod QC Report

Matrix: Soil

Date Extracted: 1/5/01

QC Batch: DS010102

Date Analyzed: 1/5/01

QC Limits Set:7/27/00

	Spike Conc LCS	
Parameter	mg/Kg	% Rec
TPH as Diesel	33	91

Matrix spike	Matrix spike dup	
% Rec	% Rec	RPD
79	103	26.4

Control Chart Limits		
Lower Upper		
70	130	

	MDL	Measured Value
Method Blank	mg/Kg	mg/Kg
TPH as Diesel	(1.0)	<1.0
TPH as Motor Oil	(10)	<10

Spiked Sample ID: 22179-01

Tom Kovoka

Laboratory Director

C:\EXCEL\QC\Ds010102



Acculabs Inc. - Davis

TPH Diesel by 8015 Mod QC Report

Matrix: Water

Date Extracted: 1/3/01

QC Batch: DW010101

Date Analyzed: 1/3/01

QC Limits Set: 7/27/00

	Spike Conc	LCS	LCSD	
Parameter	ug/L	% Rec	% Rec	RPD
TPH as Diesel	1000	99	103	4.0

Control Chart Limits		
Lower Upper		
70 130		

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	MDL	Measured value
Method Blank	ug/L	ug/L
TPH as Diesel	(50)	<50
TPH as Motor Oil	(100)	<100

Tom Kwoka

Laboratory Director



EPA 8260B Oxygenates

Sample Name : IB-3W

Project Name

: Corwood CW

Project Number

Sample Date

: 01/05/01

Date Analyzed

: 01/12/01

Date Received: 01/05/01

Dilution

: 1:10

Sample Matrix : Water

Lab Number

: 22190-12

Parameter	MRL	Measured Conc.	Units
tert-Butanol	200	<200	ug/L
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	50	390	ug/L
Diisopropyl ether	50	<50	ug/L
Ethyl-tert-butyl ether	50	<50	ug/L
tert-Amylmethyl ether	50	<50	ug/L
Dibromofluoromethane		122	% Recovery

MRL = Method Reporting Limit Conc. = Concentration

B = Analyte was detected in Method Blank.

E = Concentration exceeded calibration range.

Approved By:



EPA 8260B Oxygenates

Sample Name : IB-4W

Project Name

: Corwood CW

Project Number

: 01/05/01

Sample Date Date Analyzed

: 01/10/01

Date Received: 01/05/01

Dilution

: 1:1

Sample Matrix : Water

Lab Number

: 22190-13

Parameter	MRL	Measured Conc.	Units
tert-Butanol	20	<20	ug/L
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	5.0	84	ug/L
Diisopropyl ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L
Ethyl-tert-butyl ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L
tert-Amylmethyl ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L
Dibromofluoromethane		80	% Recovery

MRL = Method Reporting Limit Conc. = Concentration

B = Analyte was detected in Method Blank.

E = Concentration exceeded calibration range.

Approved By:

Acculabs - Davis



EPA 8260B QC Report - Oxygenates

Matrix: Water

QC Batch: OW010110

Date Analyzed: 1/10/01

QC Limits Set: 11/3/00

Spike Data

		r		1
	Spike Conc	LCS	LCSD	
Parameter	ug/L	% Rec	% Rec	RPD
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	50	115	105	9.1

Method Blank Data

		Measured	
Parameter	MRL	Concentration	Units
tert-Butanol	20	<20	ug/L
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L
Diisopropyl Ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L
tert-Amylmethyl Ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L

Quality Control Data

	Control Chart Limits		
Surrogate Compounds	Lower	Upper	
Dibromofluoromethane	67	140	

Tork Kwoka Laboratory Director

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Acculabs - Davis



EPA 8260B QC Report - Oxygenates

Matrix: Water

QC Batch: OW010112

Date Analyzed: 1/12/01

QC Limits Set: 11/3/00

Spike Data

-F				
	Spike Conc	LCS	LCSD	
Parameter	ug/L	% Rec	% Rec	RPD
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	50	118	122	3.6

Method Blank Data

		Measured	
Parameter	MRL	Concentration	Units
tert-Butanol	20	<20	ug/L
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L
Diisopropyl Ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L
tert-Amylmethyl Ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L

Quality Control Data

	Control Chart Limits		
Surrogate Compounds	Lower	Upper	
Dibromofluoromethane	67	140	

Torn Kwoka
Laboratory Director

Acculabs inc. 2218A 22190 [] 3902 E. University Dr. Phoenix AZ 85034 602-437-0979 Fax 437-0826 [] 710 E. Evans Blvd. Tucson AZ 85713 Report 520-884-5811 Fax 884-5812 [] 2020 W. Lone Cactus Dr. Phoenix AZ 85027 Due Date: 602-780-4800 Fax 780-7695 1 4663 Table Mountain Dr. Golden CO 80403 303-277-9514 Fax 277-9512 [] 992 Spice Islands Dr. Sparks NV 89431 702-355-0202 Fax 355-0817 11046 Olive Drive #2 Davis CA 95616 530-757-0920 Fax 753-6091 PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY INFORMATION Client Gribi Associates Address 1350 Hayes Street, Ste C-14 System Name City, State & Zlp Benicia, CA 94510 PWS No. Report to State/EPA Y N Jim Gribi Contact POE No. DWR No. 707/748-7743 CORWOOD CW Phone Project Name Collection Point 707/748-7763 Fax Project Number Collector's Name P.O. Number Fax Results Page Location (City) of SAMPLE TYPE CODES **Analyses** C S DW = drinking water TB = travel blank Compliance Requested ä ø WW = waste water SD = solidMonitoring m ij MW = monitoring well SO = soil Υ N HW = hazardous waste SL = sludge TURNAROUND TIME REQUESTED 8 n Standard Lab Director T ė Approval RUSH ¥ D Special CLIENT'S SAMPLE ID/LOCATION Date Time Spl. No. 01 MW-1.1 (6.0')1/5/01 S 1 50 MW-1.2 (11.0")1/5/01 S 03 MW-1.3 (16.0)1/5/01 S 1 04 IB-3.1 (8.5)1/5/01 S 1 IB-3.2 (12.0)1 Х 1/5/01 S 05 06 IB-3.3 1 (15.5')1/5/01 S IB-3.4 (17.5')1/5/01 S 1 X 07 IB-4.1 (7.5')08 S 1 1/5/01 09 1 IB-4.2 S (11.5)1/5/01 lo (15.0')1lX IB-4.3 S 1/5/01 H IB-4.4 S 1lX (18.0)1/5/01 [2 **IB-3W** W 5 lχ 1/5/01 (3 W 5 IB-4W 1/5/01 Instructions/Comments/Special Requirements: Samples Religqdished BV ∧, Samples Received By SAMPLE RECEIPT Date Time 15:02 Received Cold N **Custody Seals** Υ Ν Seals Intact Υ Ν No. of Containers Acculabs' terms are: Net 40. (Payment must be received by the date shown on the invoice or any discount is void)

Lab Number

ACCULABS, INC.

j.

Sample Log 22204 January 18, 2001

Jim Gribi Gribi Associates 1350 Hayes Street, #C-14 Benicia, CA 94510

Subject:

1 Water Sample

Project Name:

CORWOOD CW

Project Number:

Dear Mr. Gribi,

Chemical analysis on the samples referenced above has been completed. Summaries of the data are contained on the following pages. Sample(s) were received under documented chain-of-custody. USEPA protocols for sample storage and preservation were followed.

Acculabs - Davis is certified by the State of California (# 2330), the State of Arizona (AZ0583) and the State of Nevada (CA00039-2000-32). If you have any questions regarding procedures or results, please call me at 530-757-0920.

Sincerely,

Tom Kwoka



Sample Log 22204

MTBE (Methyl-t-butyl ether) By EPA Method 8020/602

From : CORWOOD CW Sampled: 01/08/01Received: 01/10/01

Matrix : W	ater Date Analyzed	(MRL) ug/L	Measured Value ug/L
MW-1	01/17/01	(25)	800

Approved By:

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Tom Kwoka Lab Director



Sample Log 22204

Sample: MW-1

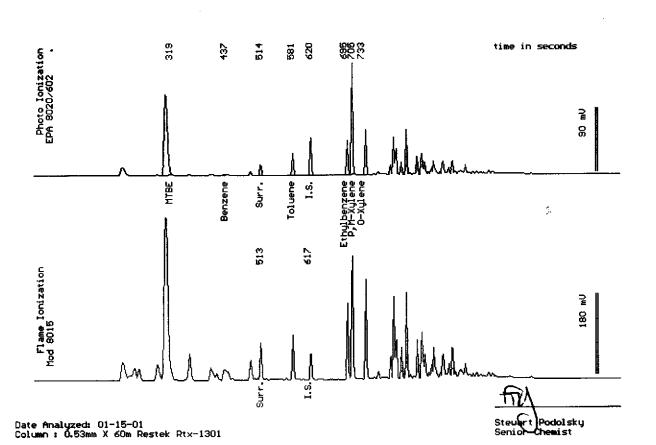
From : CORWOOD CW Sampled : 01/08/01

Dilution: 1:1

Matrix : Water

Run Log: 2199P

Parameter	(MRL) ug/L	Measured Value ug/L
Benzene	(.50)	.82
Toluene	(.50)	17
Ethylbenzene	(.50)	28
Total Xylenes	(.50)	120
TPH as Gasoline	(50)	670
Surrogate Recovery	7	105 %





January 18, 2001 Sample Log 22204

2

QC Report for EPA 8020 & Modified EPA 8015

Run Log: 2199T From: CORWOOD CW

Benzene

Gasoline

Ethylbenzene

Sample(s) Received: 01/10/01

Parameter	Matrix Spike % Recovery	Matrix Spike Duplicate % Recovery	RPD *
Benzene	102	102	0
Ethylbenzene	99	101	2
TPH as Gasoline	110	107	3
* RPD = Relative Pero	ent Difference		
Parameter	Laboratory Co. % Reco		

Parameter	Method Blank
Benzene	<0.50 ug/L
Toluene	<0.50 ug/L
Ethylbenzene	<0.50 ug/L
Total Xylenes	<0.50 ug/L
TPH as Gasoline	<50 ug/L

Tom Nerotea Lab Airector

95

98

92



Sample Log 22204 22204-01

Sample: MW-1

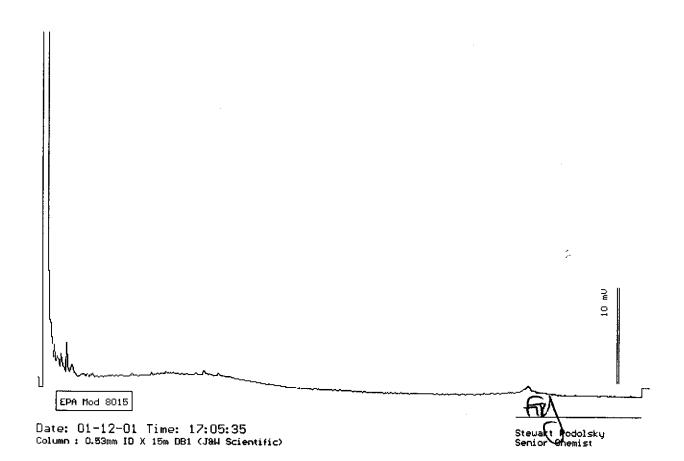
From : CORWOOD CW Sampled : 01/08/01

Extracted: 01/11/01

Dilution : 1:1 Matrix : Water QC Batch : DW010102

Run Log : 7486C

Parameter	(MRL) ug/L	Measured Value ug/L
TPH as Diesel	(50)	<50





Acculabs Inc. - Davis

TPH Diesel by 8015 Mod QC Report

Matrix: Water

Date Extracted: 1/11/01

QC Batch: DW010102

Date Analyzed: 1/12/01

QC Limits Set: 7/27/00

	Spike Conc	LCS	LCSD	
Parameter	ug/L	% Rec	% Rec	RPD
TPH as Diesel	1000	98	102	4.0

Control Chart Limits		
Lower Upper		
66	127	

41

	MDL	Measured value
Method Blank	ug/L	ug/L
TPH as Diesel	(50)	<50
TPH as Motor Oil	(100)	<100

TomeKwoka

Laboratory Director



EPA 8260B Oxygenates

. MW-1 Sample Name

Project Name

: CORWOOD CW

Project Number :

Sample Date : 01/08/01 Date Analyzed : 01/12/01 Date Received: 01/10/01

Dilution

: 1:5

Sample Matrix : Water

Lab Number

: 22204-01

5.

Parameter	MRL	Measured Conc.	Units
tert-Butanol	100	<100	ug/L
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	25	1700	ug/L
Diisopropyl ether	25	<25	ug/L
Ethyl-tert-butyl ether	25	<25	ug/L
tert-Amylmethyl ether	25	<25	ug/L
Dibromofluoromethane		101	% Recovery

MRL = Method Reporting Limit Conc. = Concentration

B = Analyte was detected in Method Blank.

E = Concentration exceeded calibration range.

Approved By:

Acculabs - Davis



EPA 8260B QC Report - Oxygenates

Matrix: Water

QC Batch: OW010112

Date Analyzed: 1/12/01

QC Limits Set: 11/3/00

Spike Data

	Spike Conc	LCS	LCSD	
Parameter	ug/L	% Rec	% Rec	RPD
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	50	118	122	3.6

Method Blank Data

		Measured	
Parameter	MRL	Concentration	Units
tert-Butanol	20	<20	ug/L
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L
Diisopropyl Ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L
tert-Amylmethyl Ether	5.0	<5.0	ug/L

Quality Control Data

	Control Chart Limits		
Surrogate Compounds	Lower	Upper	
Dibromofluoromethane	67	140	

Tom Kwoka
Laboratory Director

3.

Acculabs inc. Lab Number 22204 [] 3902 E. University Dr. Phoenix AZ 85034 602-437-0979 Fax 437-0826 [] 710 E. Evans Blvd. Tucson AZ 85713 520-884-5811 Fax 884-5812 Report [] 2020 W. Lone Cactus Dr. Phoenix AZ 85027 602-780-4800 Fax 780-7695 Due Date: 1 4663 Table Mountain Dr. Golden CO 80403 303-277-9514 Fax 277-9512 [] 992 Spice Islands Dr. Sparks NV 89431 702-355-0202 Fax 355-0817 [] 1046 Olive Drive #2 Davis CA 95616 530-757-0920 Fax 753-6091 PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY INFORMATION Client Gribi Associates Address 1350 Hayes Street, Ste C-14 System Name City, State & Zip Benicia, CA 94510 PWS No. Report to State/EPA Y N Contact Jim Gribi POE No. DWR No. Phone 707/748-7743 Project Name CORWOOD CW Collection Point Fax 707/748-7763 Project Number Collector's Name Fax Results N Page P.O. Number of Location (City) SAMPLE TYPE CODES **Analyses** S ¢ DW = drinking water TB = travel blank Compliance Requested o WW = waste water SD = solid Monitoring m Ħ MW = monitoring well SO = soil Ü SL = sludge HW = hazardous waste TURNAROUND TIME REQUESTED e n Standard Lab Director ø Approval RUSH 2/3/00. PM ŝ p Special CLIENT'S SAMPLE ID/LOCATION Date Time Spl. No. 01 MW-1 5X W 1/8/01 8:15 Instructions/Comments/Special Requirements: Samples Relinquished SAMPLE RECEIPT Time 7 Samples Received By Received Cold Υ Ν **Custody Seals** Υ N Seals Intact N No. of Containers Acculabe' terms are. Net 40. (Payment must be received by the date shown on the invoice or any discount is void)

WORK ORDER #: 0101103

Work Order Summary

CLIENT:

Mr. Jim Gribi

Gribi and Associates 1350 Hayes Street

Suite C-14

Benicia, CA 94510

PHONE:

707-748-7743

FAX: 707-748-7763

DATE RECEIVED:

1/24/01

DATE COMPLETED:

1/8/01

BILL TO:

Mr. Jim Gribi

Gribi and Associates 1350 Hayes Street

Suite C-14

Benicia, CA 94510

P.O. # NR

PROJECT#

108-02-02 Corwood CW

FRACTION #

NAME VS-1

01A02A

Lab Blank

TEST

TO-14 TO-14

RECEIPT VAC/PRES.

3.0 "Hg NA

Certfication numbers: CA ELAP - 1149, NY ELAP - 11291, UT ELAP - E-217, AZ ELAP - AZ0567

180 BLUE RAVINE ROAD, SUITE B FOLSOM, CA - 95630 (916) 985-1000 . (800) 985-5955 . FAX (916) 985-1020

LABORATORY NARRATIVE TO-14

Gribi and Associates Workorder# 0101103

One 6 Liter Summa Canister sample was received on January 08, 2001. The laboratory performed analysis via EPA Method TO-14 using GC/MS in the full scan mode. The method involves concentrating up to 0.5 liters of air. The concentrated aliquot is then flash vaporized and swept through a water management system to remove water vapor. Following dehumidification, the sample passes directly into the GC/MS for analysis. See the data sheets for the reporting limits for each compound.

During the five point calibration, two low-level standards are used. The low-level standard for TO-14 compounds is spiked at 0.5 ppbv and represents the reporting limit for these compounds. The low-level standard for the non-TO-14 compounds is spiked at 2.0 ppbv and represents the reporting limit for these compounds. The TO-14 compounds are present in both standards but are excluded from reporting in the 2.0 ppbv standard since a lower level is already included in the curve.

Method modifications taken to run these samples include:

Requirement	TO-14	ATL Modifications
Internal standard retention times.	Not specified.	Within 0.50 minutes of most recent daily CCV internal standards
Internal standard recoveries.	Not specified.	Within 40% of the daily CCV internal standard area for blanks and samples.
Internal standard retention times.	Not specified.	Within 0.50 minutes of most recent daily CCV internal standards
Internal calibration criteria.	Not specified.	RSD of 30% or less for standard compounds, 40% or less for non-standard and polar compounds
Continuing calibration verification criteria	Not specified.	70 - 130% for at least 90% of standard compounds, 60 - 140% for at least 80% of non-standard and polar compounds
Response factor for quantitation.	Average response factor (ICAL).	Average response factor (ICAL).

Receiving Notes

There were no receiving discrepancies.

Analytical Notes

There were no analytical discrepancies.

Definition of Data Qualifying Flags

Seven qualifiers may have been used on the data analysis sheets and indicates as follows:

B - Compound present in laboratory blank greater than reporting limit(background subtraction not performed).

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- J Estimated value.
- E Exceeds instrument calibration range.
- S Saturated peak.
- Q Exceeds quality control limits.

- \boldsymbol{U} Compound analyzed for but not detected above the reporting limit.
- N The identification is based on presumptive evidence.

j.

AIR TOXICS LTD.

SAMPLE NAME: VS-1

ID#: 0101103-01A

EPA METHOD TO-14 GC/MS FULL SCAN

Compound	Det, Limit (ppbv)	Det. Limit (uG/m3)	Amount (ppbv)	Amount (uG/m3)
Benzene	0.74	2.4	4.8	16
Toluene	0.74	2.8	5.3	20
Ethyl Benzene	0.74	3.3	4.8	21
m,p-Xylene	0.74	3.3	6.2	27
o-Xylene	0.74	3.3	1.4	6.3

Surrogates	%Recovery	metnoa Limits		
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	122	70-130		
Toluene-d8	99	70-130		
4-Bromofluorobenzene	96	70-130		

<u>,</u>

AIR TOXICS LTD.

SAMPLE NAME: Lab Blank

ID#: 0101103-02A

EPA METHOD TO-14 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name: Dil. Factor:	g011104 1.00		Date of Collection: NA Date of Analysis: 1/11/01		
Compound	Det. Limit (ppbv)	Det. Limit (uG/m3)	Amount (ppbv)	Amount (uG/m3)	
Benzene	0.50	1.6	Not Detected	Not Detected	
Toluene	0.50	1.9	Not Detected	Not Detected	
Ethyl Benzene	0.50	2.2	Not Detected	Not Detected	
m,p-Xylene	0.50	2.2	Not Detected	Not Detected	
o-Xylene	0.50	2.2	Not Detected	Not Detected	

Container Type: NA - Not Applicable

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	106	70-130	
Toluene-d8	98	70-130	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	87	70-130	



Sample Transportation Notice

Relinquishing signature on this document indicates that sample is being shipped in compliance FOLSOM, CA 95630-4719 with all applicable local, State, Federal, national, and international laws, regulations and (916) 985-1000 FAX: (916) 985-1020 ordinances of any kind. Air Toxics Limited assumes no liability with respect to the collection, handling or shipping of these samples. Relinquishing signature also indicates agreement to hold harmless, defend, and indemnify Air Toxics Limited against any claim, demand, or action of any kind related to the collection, handling, or shipping of samples, D.O.T. Hotline (800) 467-4922

180 BLUE RAVINE ROAD, SUITE B

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Contagt Person JIM Grib Company Drib! ASSOCIA Address 1350 Heyes*C-14 Phone 707748-7743	ATES	PO	ject info: . # ect #	Turn Arou Normal	ıJ	- 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10
Lab Field Sample I.D.	Date & Time	Analyses R	lequested	Canister Initial	Pressure / Final	Vacuum Receipt
i~ V5-1	V5/01: 11:25	TO-14 BTE	×	30	5	3.0"Hg
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Relinquished By: (Signature) Date/Time 14, 08 Relinquished By: (Signature) Date/Time	Received By: (Signature) Date/	Time	os:			
Shipper Name Air I Lab Use ()のら (注をイント) Only (らくん) こ	Bill # Opened By	(-8-01 (100 y: Temp. (°C)	Condition Custody Sec		Work Ord	der #