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5450 E. HOME AVENUE FRESNO, CALIFORNIA 93727

May 31, 1994

Susan L. Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services Agency Department of Environmental Health 80 Swan Way, Rm. 200 Oakland, California 94621

Re: Submittal of Underground Storage Tank Case Closure Report 1295 67th Street, Emeryville, California

Dear Ms. Hugo:

Enclosed is the document entitled "Underground Storage Tank Case Closure Report" for the facility at 1295 67th Street in Emeryville, California. This report is submitted to you on behalf of Copper & Brass Sales, Inc., pursuant to letters sent by your agency on March 30 and June 22, 1993.

This report is submitted to complete the requirements for case closure. Based on evaluations of the data and information presented in this report, we recommend that the ACHCSA proceed with case closure.

To the best of my knowledge, the information in the attached report is accurate and I concur with the conclusions and recommendations contained in the report.

Since we currently have an agreement with a buyer to purchase the property upon completion of case closure, we would appreciate your immediate attention and reponse to this report. Please call me should you have any questions or comments regarding this document.

Sincerely.

George T. Blandino General Manager

Enclosure

cc: Rich Hiett, RWQCB

# UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK CASE CLOSURE REPORT 1295 67th Street Emeryville, California

May 31, 1994 AZ119-001

Prepared for:
Copper and Brass Sales, Inc.
1295 67th Street
Emeryville, CA 94608

## **AZURE ENVIRONMENTAL**

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5/31/94 Date

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#### SIGNATURE PAGE

All hydrogeologic and geologic information, conclusions, and recommendations contained in this report have been prepared by a California Registered Geologist.

Jeff Hennier

Principal Hydrogeologist

California Registered Geologist (4605)

May 31, 1994 AZ119-001

# UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK CASE CLOSURE REPORT 1295 67th Street Emeryville, California

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Underground Storage Tank Case Closure ("Closure") Report is submitted on behalf of Copper and Brass Sales, Inc. (C&BS), for the facility at 1295 67th Street ("the Site") in Emeryville, California (Figure 1). Remedial investigations were conducted at the Site pursuant to the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency's (ACHCSA) request for a preliminary site assessment (PSA), contained in their letter to C&BS dated March 30, 1993. The PSA was conducted and a report submitted to the ACHCSA on August 30, 1993. Subsequent ground-water monitoring was conducted and quarterly reports submitted to the ACHCSA pursuant to their request contained in a letter to C&BS dated June 22, 1993.

This report contains a comprehensive summary of the remedial investigation and quarterly ground-water monitoring data collected at the Site. This report presents our evaluation of the data collected at the Site and rationale for recommending case closure.

#### 1.1 Site Description

The Site is located at 1295 67th Street in Emeryville, approximately 1/2 mile east of the San Francisco Bay (Figure 1). The Site is located in an industrial area and the property is entirely covered by the site building and concrete paved parking areas, with the exception of a small landscaped area along 67th Street. C&BS built the present facility in 1964 and occupied the Site during the period between 1964 and July 1993. Their operations at the facility involved the distribution of various types of non-ferrous metal rod and tubing. The building is currently occupied by Ciserve, Inc..

The ground surface in the Site vicinity is approximately 30 feet above mean sea level and slopes gently toward the Bay. Due to the Site's proximity to the Bay, shallow-depth sediments at the Site consist of fine-grained silt and clay sediments deposited in tidal marsh and estuarine environments.

One 2,000-gallon capacity underground storage tank (UST) was previously located at the western boundary of the Site (Figure 2). The UST was reportedly installed in 1973 and was used to store diesel until October 1992. The tank was removed from the Site in December 1992. No other USTs are known to be present at the Site.

#### 1.2 Background and Summary of Previous Investigations

In December 1992, K.T.W. & Associates (KTW) conducted UST removal and soil sampling activities at the Site. These activities are described in KTW's report entitled "Tank Closure Report," prepared on December 29, 1992 (see Appendix A). Results of soil sampling conducted during tank removal activities are summarized in Table 1.

KTW reported the presence of fuel hydrocarbons in soil samples collected from below the east and west ends of the former UST at a depth of 9 feet below grade. Chemical analysis of the soil samples indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as diesel (up to 1,800 ppm) and as gasoline (up to 6.5 ppm), benzene (up to 0.390 ppm), toluene (up to 0.380 ppm), ethylbenzene (up to 1.20 ppm) and total xylenes (up to 2.90 ppm). KTW reported that "a small amount of water with a sheen of free product" was present in the excavation pit. After collecting the soil samples, KTW reportedly removed an additional 75 cubic yards of soil from north, south and east walls of the excavation pit.

On February 22, Riedel Environmental Services (Riedel) collected verification soil samples from the north, south, east and west excavation walls at depths of 8 feet below ground surface. Analysis of the soil samples indicated fuel hydrocarbons were not detected, with the exception of 13 ppm of diesel found in the sample collected from the east excavation wall. A water sample collected from the excavation-pit detected relatively low concentrations of TPH as gasoline (0.120 ppm) and benzene (0.001 ppm). On April 27, the tank excavation was backfilled with imported fill.

Based on these results, the ACHCSA requested that a PSA be conducted at the Site in a letter to C&BS dated March 30, 1993.

#### 2.0 SOIL AND GROUND-WATER INVESTIGATION FIELD METHODS

As required by the ACHCSA, remedial investigations at the Site were conducted in accordance with the Regional Water Quality Control Board's (RWQCB) "Tri-Regional Board Staff Recommendations For Preliminary Evaluation and Investigation of Underground Tank Sites" (August 1990) and ACHCSA guidelines. Descriptions of the investigation methods used at the Site are described below.

#### **Borehole Drilling and Soil Sampling Methods**

Soil boring B-1 and well boring MW-1 were drilled by Gregg Drilling on July 16, 1993 using truck-mounted drilling rig equipped with hollow-stem augers. Prior to conducting drilling activities, a survey of underground utilities was conducted by Underground Service Alert (USA) and by a private utility locating company (downUnder Technologies) to clear the boring and well locations for drilling access.

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All drilling activities were conducted under the supervision of a California Registered Geologist. All down hole drilling and sampling equipment was steam cleaned prior to use at each drilling location to prevent potential cross-contamination between locations. Boring B-1 was backfilled with cement-bentonite grout after completion of drilling.

Soil samples were collected at approximately 2-1/2-foot intervals for lithologic description and possible chemical analysis. The lithologic log for soil boring B-1 is included in Appendix B. Soil samples were collected from the boring by driving a clean, 2-inch diameter split spoon sampler lined with clean brass tubes, ahead of the hollow-stem auger into undisturbed soil. The samples were analyzed in the field for the presence of volatile hydrocarbons using an OVM.

Two samples per boring were submitted to an analytical laboratory for chemical analysis. The soil sample selected for chemical analysis (B-1-8) was secured by placing thin Teflon sheeting and plastic caps over the ends of each sample tube. The samples were placed in a chilled cooler for transport to the analytical laboratory under strict chain-of-custody procedures.

#### **Monitoring Well Construction**

A ground-water monitoring well was installed in well boring MW-1. The monitoring well was constructed using flush-threaded, 2-inch-diameter polyvinyl chloride (PVC) casing with factory-slotted well screens. All drilling equipment, sampling tools, and well casing were steam cleaned before use.

The well casing was placed in the completed well boring through the hollow stem auger. Fifteen feet of slotted PVC casing was placed in the borehole, extending between depths of 5 to 20 feet below the ground surface. A filter pack of appropriately graded sand was placed in the annular space between the hollow-stem auger and the slotted PVC well casing as the auger was gradually removed from the borehole. Bentonite was placed above the filter pack to isolate the perforated interval from material above and prevent the entrance of grout into the filter pack. A cement-bentonite grout was poured above the bentonite seal to prevent surface water infiltration into the well annulus. A locking cap was placed over the top of the well casing to protect the well's integrity. A watertight well enclosure was placed over the top of the well and set slightly higher than the surrounding grade for visibility and protection from truck traffic at the Site.

#### Monitoring Well Survey and Water-Level Measurement

Following well installation, the top-of-casing elevation of the well was established to the nearest one-hundredth of a foot by a licensed surveyor. A water-level measurement was collected from the well on July 29, 1993. Quarterly depth to water measurements were collected using an electric water-level meter. Ground-water elevation was calculated based on the measured depth to ground water.

#### Well Development

The newly installed well was developed within 3 days of completing well installation activities. The well was developed by bailing to remove sediment from around the screened interval and enhance hydraulic communication with the surrounding formation. Observations of the quality and clarity of water withdrawn, and measurements of water temperature, pH and specific conductivity were recorded during this process. The well was developed until the above parameters stabilized. Approximately 10 well volumes were removed during well development.

#### **Ground-Water Sampling**

The well was sampled on a quarterly basis beginning in July 1993. Prior to sampling, the well was purged by bailing to remove static water in the well. Observations of the quality and clarity of water withdrawn, and measurements of water temperature, pH and specific conductivity were recorded during this process. The well was purged until the above parameters stabilized. Approximately 3 to 5 well volumes were removed during well purging.

Ground-water samples were collected using a clean Teflon bailer and gently poured into laboratory supplied containers which were appropriate for the type of analyses performed on the sample. Samples to be analyzed for TPH as gasoline and BTEX were placed in four 40-milliliter VOA containers. Samples to be analyzed for diesel were placed in 2 one-liter amber containers. The containers were filled so as to exclude air bubbles, in order to minimize potential volatilization of chemical compounds in the samples. The water samples were placed in a chilled cooler immediately after collection for transport to the laboratory.

#### **Drilling and Sampling Waste Storage**

Waste soil generated during borehole drilling activities was temporarily stored at the Site in 55-gallon drums. The waste soil was transported and properly disposed at the B&J Landfill in Vacaville by Integrated Wastestream Management, Inc. of Milpitas. Purge water generated during well sampling activities is temporarily stored at the Site in 55-gallon drums. Appropriate options for disposal of purge water will be evaluated after completion of site closure activities.



#### 3.0 RESULTS OF SOIL AND GROUND-WATER INVESTIGATIONS

#### 3.1 Soil Sampling Results

#### 3.1.1 INTRODUCTION

On July 16, 1993, Azure Environmental collected soil samples from a soil boring (B-1) located approximately 10 feet east of the east sidewall of the tank excavation pit (Figure 2). Descriptions of sediments encountered in the boring are included in the lithologic log presented in Appendix B.

Soil boring B-1 was drilled to a total depth of 9 feet below grade. Soil samples for chemical analysis were collected from the boring at 5 and 8 feet below grade. No petroleum hydrocarbon odor or evidence of visual staining was noted in the samples. Since previous sampling from the excavation pit indicated diesel was detected in a sample collected at a depth of 8 feet, the soil sample collected at a depth of 8 feet in boring B-1 was selected for chemical analysis.

#### 3.1.2 RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLE ANALYSIS

In accordance with the RWQCB's Tri-Regional Guidelines, the soil sample from boring B-1 was analyzed for TPHd (EPA Method 3550), TPHg (EPA Method 5030), and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX; EPA Method 8020). Sampling analysis results are summarized in Table 1.

Sample analysis results indicate that fuel hydrocarbons were not detected in the soil sample collected from boring B-1.

#### 3.2 Ground-Water Sampling Results

#### 3.2.1 INTRODUCTION

On July 16, 1993, monitoring well MW-1 was installed at a location within 6 feet southwest of the former UST (Figure 2). Descriptions of sediments encountered in the well boring and details of monitoring well construction are included in the lithologic log for well MW-1 presented in Appendix B.

The objective of the ground-water investigation was to assess the extent of fuel hydrocarbons in ground water at and in the general downgradient direction from the former UST location. The well was drilled to a depth of 20 feet below grade. The screened interval in the well was placed across the ground-water surface to allow floating free product, if present, to enter the well and to accommodate seasonal water-level fluctuations.

#### 3.2.2 RESULTS OF GROUND-WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Beginning in July 1993, four successive quarters of ground-water samples were collected from monitoring well MW-1. The water samples from monitoring well MW-1 were analyzed for TPHd (EPA Method 3510), TPHg (EPA Method 5030), and BTEX (EPA Method 8020). Sampling analysis results are summarized in Table 1; laboratory analysis certificates for the most recent samples collected in March 1994 are presented in Appendix C.

Results from four quarters of ground-water sampling indicate TPHg and BTEX were not detected. Only TPHd was detected at a concentration of 0.09 ppm in the ground-water sample collected from the well in July 1993. Sampling results indicate TPHd was not detected in three subsequent quarterly sampling events. Floating free product was also not present in the well.

#### 4.0 SHALLOW-ZONE HYDROGEOLOGY

#### 4.1 Regional and Local Hydrogeology

The ground surface in the Site vicinity is approximately 30 feet above mean sea level and slopes gently toward the southwest. Ground water is encountered at a depth of approximately 10 feet below ground surface in the Site vicinity and generally flows in the direction of the natural surface topography (southwest) toward the Bay, located approximately 1/2-mile from the Site (Figure 1).

Due to the Site's proximity to the Bay, shallow-depth sediments consist of fine-grained silt and clay sediments deposited in tidal marsh and estuarine environments. Regionally, the upper sediment intervals (within approximately 200 feet of ground surface) reportedly consist primarily of silt and clay sediments with no major regional aquifers present. Sand and gravel water-yielding strata within the upper sediment interval are likely present as lenticular units of limited lateral and vertical extent. Typical hydraulic conductivity values for the types of silt and clay sediments found at the Site range between 10<sup>-3</sup> to 10<sup>-5</sup> cm/s.

#### 4.2 Ground-Water Flow Direction and Gradients

Water-level measurements were collected during four successive quarters from monitoring well MW-1 to assess the depth to ground water and seasonal variations of the ground-water surface at the Site. A summary of water-level measurement data and calculated ground-water elevations are presented in Table 3.

The depth to ground water measured in the well during the period between July 1993 and May 1994 varied between 11.02 feet below grade (17.82 feet above mean sea level) and 9.79 feet below grade (18.73 feet above mean sea level).



The ground-water flow direction and gradient at the Site was estimated using ground-water elevation data collected at the nearby Oliver Rubber facility. The Oliver Rubber facility is located at 1200 65th Street in Emeryville, approximately 600 feet southeast of the Site (Figure 1). A potentiometric surface map of ground-water elevation data collected at Oliver Rubber on January 18 and July 14, 1993 are presented in Appendix D.

Ground-water elevation measurements at the Oliver Rubber facility indicate the general direction of ground-water flow is toward the southwest (see figure in Appendix D). The calculated horizontal gradient is 0.001 ft/ft. The ground-water flow direction at Oliver Rubber is generally consistent with the estimated ground-water flow direction (southwest) based on the proximity of the Site and slope of the land surface toward San Francisco Bay. Ground-water flow at the Oliver Rubber facility is expected to be representative of ground-water flow conditions at the Site since the two locations are relatively near each other (less than 2 blocks apart), and they are nearly the same distance and direction from the Bay.

#### 5.0 BENEFICIAL USES OF GROUND WATER

The Site is relatively small and is located in an industrial area approximately 1/2 mile east of the San Francisco Bay (Figure 1). Water supplies for the Site and nearby facilities is provided by East Bay Municipal Utility District from municipal water sources located outside of a 1/2-mile radius from the Site. Conductivity measurements collected during groundwater sampling (up to 1,500 umhos/cm) indicate the Site ground water is brackish. The low water quality characteristics of ground water near the Bay precludes the use of shallow ground water as a potential source for drinking water. Therefore, the potential public health threat posed by fuel hydrocarbon contamination in ground water at the Site, if it were present, would be minimal.

#### 6.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Investigations at the Site were conducted as part of a PSA to assess the extent of fuel hydrocarbons in soil and ground water at the Site. The scope of investigations included drilling one soil boring adjacent to the east wall of the tank excavation and installing one monitoring well within 6 feet and downgradient of the former UST location. Ground-water monitoring data from four successive sampling events were collected from the Site monitoring well to evaluate water levels and ground-water quality adjacent to the former UST location.

Results of the soil sampling conducted from the tank excavation pit indicated fuel hydrocarbons were not detected in soil samples collected from the west, north and south excavation walls. A soil sample from the boring drilled at a location 10 feet east of the excavation did not detect fuel hydrocarbons, indicating residual TPHd in soil at the east excavation wall is limited to the area within 10 feet of the former UST location. The TPHd concentration (13 ppm) at the east wall is well below levels that would be considered a

ground-water quality at the Site. Therefore, no further actions are recommended for Site soil.

Shallow-depth sediments at the Site consist of relatively low permeability, fine-grained silt and clay sediments typical of tidal marsh and estuarine deposits. Water-level measurements collected during four successive quarters from the Site monitoring well indicate the depth to ground water is approximately 10 feet below grade (28.5 feet above mean sea level). Ground-water elevation measurements in the Site vicinity indicate the general direction of ground-water flow is toward the southwest, in the direction of the slope of the natural surface topography (southwest) toward the Bay.

Results from four successive quarters of collecting ground-water samples from the Site monitoring well indicate TPHg and BTEX were not detected. Only TPHd was detected at a concentration of 0.09 ppm in one ground-water sample collected from the well; TPHd was not detected in three subsequent quarterly sampling events. Floating free product was also not present in the well. The TPHd concentration detected in the sample is below levels that would be considered a potential threat to further degradation of ground-water quality at the Site. The TPHd concentration found in well MW-1 is expected to be at or near the highest concentration in Site ground water because of the well's proximity (within approximately 6 feet) to the former UST location. Based on these results, no additional monitoring is recommended.

The low water quality characteristics of shallow ground water and access to municipal water supplies precludes the use of shallow ground water as a potential source for drinking water in the Site vicinity. The potential public health threat posed by fuel hydrocarbon contamination in ground water at the Site, if it were present, would be minimal.

#### 7.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Results of investigations and monitoring at the Site indicate TPHd remaining in soil is restricted to a small area and is well below levels that would be considered a potential threat to ground-water quality at the Site. Four successive quarters of ground-water sampling data indicate fuel hydrocarbons were not detected in ground water, with the exception of one detection of trace levels of TPHd (0.09 ppm).

Based on these results, we recommend that no further work should be conducted and the Site should be approved for case closure. Upon the ACHCSA and RWQCB approval of case closure, the monitoring well will be decommissioned in accordance with Department of Water Resources and Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District regulations. Waste soil from well decommission activities will be properly disposed at an approved facility.

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#### 8.0 SELECTED REFERENCES

Azure Environmental. 1993. Preliminary Site Assessment Report, August 30.

Azure Environmental. 1993. Quarterly Ground-Water Monitoring Report No. 1, November 30.

Azure Environmental. 1994. Quarterly Ground-Water Monitoring Report No. 2, March 1.

K.T.W. & Associates. 1992. Tank closure report for Copper and Brass Sales, Inc., 1295 67th Street, Emeryville, California. December 29.



TABLE 1

#### SUMMARY OF FUEL HYDROCARBONS IN SOIL SAMPLES (ppm) 1295 67th Street, Emeryville, California

Sample Location	Sample Date	TPHd	TPHg	В	<b>T</b>	E	X
West End	12/14/92	42	6.5	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
East End	12/14/92	1,800	300	0.39	0.38	1.2	2.9
West Wall	2/11/93	<10	<1	< 0.003	<0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
East Wall	2/11/93	13	<1	<0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
North Wall	2/11/93	<10	<1	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
South Wall	2/11/93	<10	<1	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
Boring B-1	7/16/93	<1.0	<0.2	<0.005	<0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005

#### Notes:

Excavation end samples collected by KTW and analyzed by McCampbell Analytical. Excavation wall samples collected by Riedel Environmental Services and analyzed by Superior Precision Analytical.

Boring B-1 sample collected by *Azure* Environmental and analyzed by American Environmental Network (AEN)

ppm = parts per million

B - Benzene

TPHd - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel

T - Toluene

TPHg - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline

E - Ethylbenzene

X - Xylenes

TABLE 2

#### CUMULATIVE SUMMARY OF GROUND-WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS RESULTS (ppm) 1295 67th Street, Emeryville, California

Well Number	Sample	TPHd	TPHg	В	: <b>T</b>	E	X
	Date	7 · ·					-
MW-1	7/29/93	(0.09%)	< 0.05	<0.0005	< 0.0005	<0.0005	< 0.002
	10/29/93	<0:05	<0.05	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	<0.0005	< 0.002
	12/30/93	<0.05	< 0.05	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	< 0.002
	3/29/94	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	<0.0005	< 0.002

#### Notes:

- ppm parts per million.
- Samples analyzed by American Environmental Network, Pleasant Hill, California; Laboratory certificates are included in report Appendix B.

B - Benzene TPHd - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel T - Toluene TPHg - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline

E - EthylbenzeneX - Total Xylenes

TABLE 3

#### CUMULATIVE SUMMARY OF GROUND-WATER ELEVATION DATA 1295 67th Street, Emeryville, California

Well Number	Well Elevation	Date Measured	Depth to Ground Water	Ground-Water Elevation
MW-1	28.52	7/29/93	10.70	17.82
		10/29/93	11.02	17.50
		12/30/93	10.21	18.31
		3/29/94	9.79	18.73

#### Notes:

- Depth to ground water measured in feet
- Elevations measured relative to mean sea level (MSL)

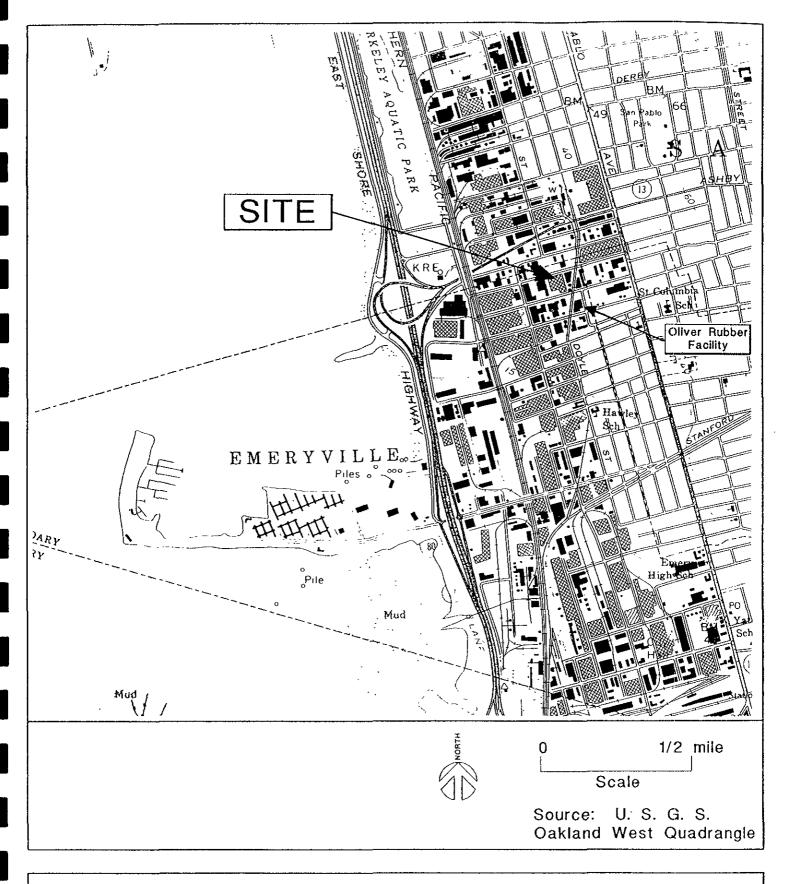


Figure 1: Site Location Map

AZURE ENVIRONMENTAL AZ119-001

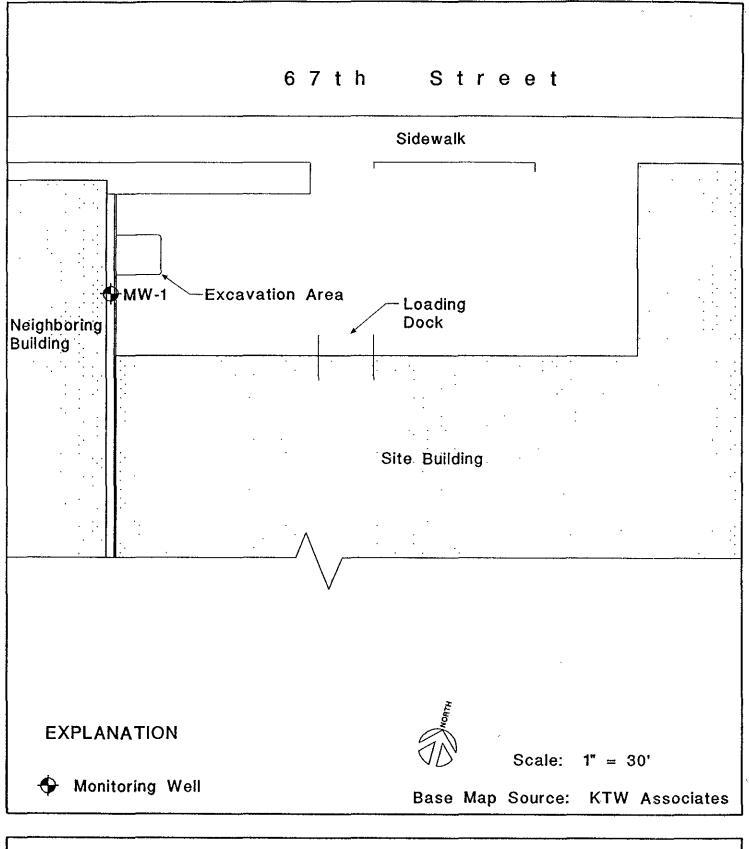


	Figure 2:	Site Plan	
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Building Quality



## RDOUS SUBSTANCES REMOVAL AND REMEDIAL ACTIONS & MINITERCATION

Parsuant to the provisions of seeling 7051 of the Juitness and Professions Code, the Registrar of Contractor Willer Reflety of the the Tilleying qualitying person has succeedally completed the hazafilous Metanees Ishley Ling remedial actions all same of caummation

Monalities: JOHN WALKER SUTFIN

License No: 572427

Business Name: K.T.W. & ASSOCIATES, INC.

HARCH, 1992

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This certification is the property of the Registrar of Contractors, is not transferable, and shall be returned to the Bi gistiar upon demand when suspended, revoked or invalidated for any reason. 

CONTRACTORS STATE LICENSE BOARD

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STATE SAMPENSATION FUND

P.O. BOX 807, SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94101-0807

#### CERTIFICATE OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE

JUNE 4, 1992

POLICY NUMBER: 1145011-92 CERTIFICATE EXPIRES: 06-01-93

Insurance Commissioner to the employer named below for the policy period indicated.

This policy is not subject to cancellation by the Fund except upon ten days' advance written notice to the employer.

We will also give you TEN days' advance notice should this policy be cancelled prior to its normal expiration.

This certificate of insurance is not an insurance policy and does not amend, extend or after the coverage afforded by the policies listed herein. Notwithstanding any requirement, term, or condition of any contract or other document with respect to which this certificate of insurance may be issued or may pertain, the insurance afforded by the policies described herein is subject to all the terms, exclusions and conditions of such policies.

PRESIDENT

EMPLOYER

KTW AND ASSOCIATES
13189 OSGOOD RD.
FREMONT, CA 94539

CERTIFICATE HOLDERCY

SHOULD ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED POLICIES BE CANCELLED BEFO EXPIRATION DATE THEREOF THE SQUING COMPANY WILL ENDER MAIL #36 DAYS WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER NAMES LEFT, BUT FAILURE TO MAIL SUCH NOTICE SHALL MPOSE NO CELICA LABILITY OF ANY KIND UPON THE COMPANY OF AGENTS OR REPRESENT

AUTHORIZED SEPRESENTATIVE

CANCELLARION

DACORD CORPORA

## APPENDIX A TANK CLOSURE REPORT



#### TANK CLOSURE REPORT

for

Copper & Brass Sales 1295 67th Street Emeryville, California



December 29, 1992

Mr. George Blandino Copper & Brass Sales 1295 67th Street Emeryville, California 94608

Mr. Blandino:

K.T.W. & Associates, Inc. is pleased to submit this report describing closure activities associated with the removal of one underground storage tank in Emeryville, California. This report provides a description of site activities and observations that include: the condition of the excavated tank, the condition of tank's backfill and other subsurface materials, sampling procedures and locations, laboratory analytical procedures and certified analytical results, chain of custody documentation, a hazardous waste manifest, and a certificate of disposal.

#### Site Description

The site is Copper & Brass Sales, located at 1295 67th Avenue, Emeryville, California. A site location map is presented in Plate 1. One (1) 2,000 gallon underground diesel fuel tank was formerly located at the subject site. A site map showing the location of the site structure and former underground tank is presented in Plate 2.

#### Closure Plan and Permitting

A closure plan and permit applications for removal of underground tanks were completed and submitted to the City of Emeryville, Fire Department (EFD), the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency (ACHCSA) and City of Emeryville Building Department (EBD). Closure activities proceeded under an ACHCSA permit, the EFD permit No. 1271, and the EBD permit No. B-4496-11992 which are presented in Attachment A.

#### **Underground Tank Closure**

Prior to removal, the tank was pumped of 325 gallons of diesel fuel on December 9, 1992. The fuel was transported and disposed of as hazardous under manifest by a certified disposal and recycling firm. The manifest is located in Attachment C, Section 1. Tank removal activities occurred on December 14, 1992. Inspector Brian Oliva, Alameda County Health Care Services Agency, and Fire Inspector George Warren, Emeryville Fire Department, were present to observe the tank removal and sampling activities. Construction, documentation, and sampling services associated with closure were performed by K.T.W. & Associates. Closure activities were documented in an Inspection Report prepared by Brian Oliva, Attachment B.

Upon removal, although wrapped, the structural integrity of the tank was observed to be unsound, and contained corrosion holes at least one inch (1") or more in diameter at the west end of the tank. The tank was removed and transported from the site by a permitted hazardous waste transporter under hazardous waste manifest. A copy of the hazardous waste manifest and a Certificate of Disposal are located in Attachment C, Section 2.

#### General Observations, Underground Tank Closure

The tank, which had been used to store diesel fuel prior to its removal, contained the following trim; a vent line, a product line, an extraction riser, and a fill riser. The vent line, product line, extraction riser and fill riser were made of steel, wrapped, and no corrosion was apparent.

The vent line on the tank was properly installed so as to vent to the atmosphere, and not into the earth, and the riser assemblies that constituted the fill pipes for the tank were correctly assembled.

Strong hydrocarbon odors were observed while removing the tank, and the overburden material contained moderate discoloration. However, the soil remaining in the excavation was highly discolored with a grayish-green tint at the fill end and the bottom. The backfill material consisted of imported sands.<sup>1</sup>

In addition to the soil staining, there was a small amount of water with a sheen of free product floating on top that also exhibited a hydrocarbon odor in the excavation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Contamination found is believed to be from appearant overspills, and the holes found in the tank.

#### Soil Sampling

At the request of Inspector Oliva, two (2) soil samples (W. END and E. END) were taken from the excavation at nine (9) feet in depth. <sup>2</sup>

The soil samples from the excavation were obtained by the use of a backhoe bucket. Upon removal of the soil, samples were extracted by driving a brass tube into the soil in the bucket; then sealed with foil and plastic caps and promptly stored on blue ice in a cooler.

Both samples were submitted on blue ice to McCampbell Analytical, Pacheco, California (DOHS #1644) on December 15, 1992, under the appropriate chain of custody documentation. The sample locations are noted on Plate 2 and combined in Table I.

#### **Certified Analytical Results**

Samples collected for minimum verification analyses (MVA) were analyzed in accordance with appropriate regulatory guidelines contained within <u>Regional Board Staff Recommendations for Initial Evaluation and Investigation of Underground Tanks</u> (RWQCB, 1988). Copies of soil analytical results are presented in Attachment D.

#### MVA for Underground Fuel Tank Excavation

The soil samples (W. END and E. END) collected from the native material below the fuel tank ranged from non-detected (N.D.) to high levels of the constituents sought. Sample W. END, taken from the west end of the excavation, ranged from N.D. for Benzene, Toluene, Total Xylenes and Ethylbenzene (BTXE), to 6.5 parts per million (p.p.m.) Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline (TPH-G); and at it's highest level, 42 p.p.m. Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel (TPH-D). Sample E. END, taken from the east end of the excavation, ranged from 0.38 p.p.m. to 2.9 p.p.m. BTXE combined, 300 p.p.m. TPH-G; and was 1,800 p.p.m. TPH-D at it's highest level of all constiuents sought. <sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inspector Oliva also requested a water sample be taken, but there was not enough water available in the excavation to do so.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Samples were also analyzed for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline (TPH-G), although it was not requested by Alameda County Health Care Services Agency.

#### Overexcavation

After examination of the excavation, on December 15, 1992 overexcavation of the tank pit was done. Approximately seventy-five (75) yards of stained contaminated soil was removed, stockpiled on and covered with 10MIL polyethylene sheeting. Upon completion of these activities temporary fencing was placed around the excavation for safety, pending analytical results and further definiton from regulatory agencies on this site.

#### Regulatory Guidelines

The Regional Water Quality Control Board - San Francisco Bay Region has established a level of 100 ppm TPH concentrations in soil as a general decision value for requiring further definition of site soil and groundwater contamination where shallow groundwater conditions are known to exist. The origin of the 100 ppm level was to "develop a method to prioritize the case load and indicate whether a significant volume of fuel had been released or discharged" (RWQCB, June, 1988).

K.T.W. & Associates suggests additional sampling be done in the excavation as well as the stockpile, clean imported fill be replaced in the excavation after all contaminated material has been removed, and the stockpiled material be remediated or disposed of at a Class III Landfill upon acceptance. All options given will be addressed as an addendum to this report under a seperate letterhead upon characterization of the site from the regulatory agencies.

A copy of this report should be submitted to:

Alameda County Health Care Services Agency 80 Swan Way, Room 200 Oakland, California 94621 Attn: Mr. Brian Oliva

City of Emeryville Emeryville Fire Department 6303 Hollis Street Emeryville, California 94608 Attn: Mr. George Warren

Regional Water Quality Control Board 1800 Harrison Street Oakland, California 94612

Additional copies of this report have been provided for the purpose of regulatory submittal.

Should you have any questions or comments regarding the evaluations presented in this report, please call.

Respectfully,

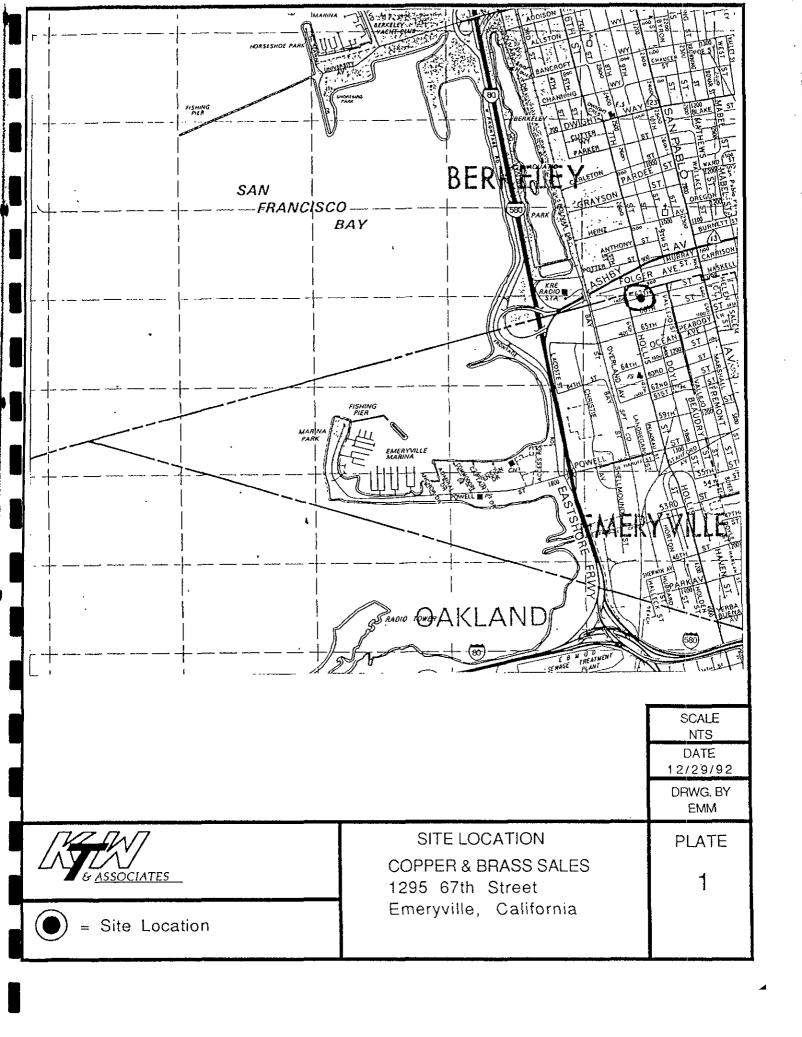
Thomas M. Gregory

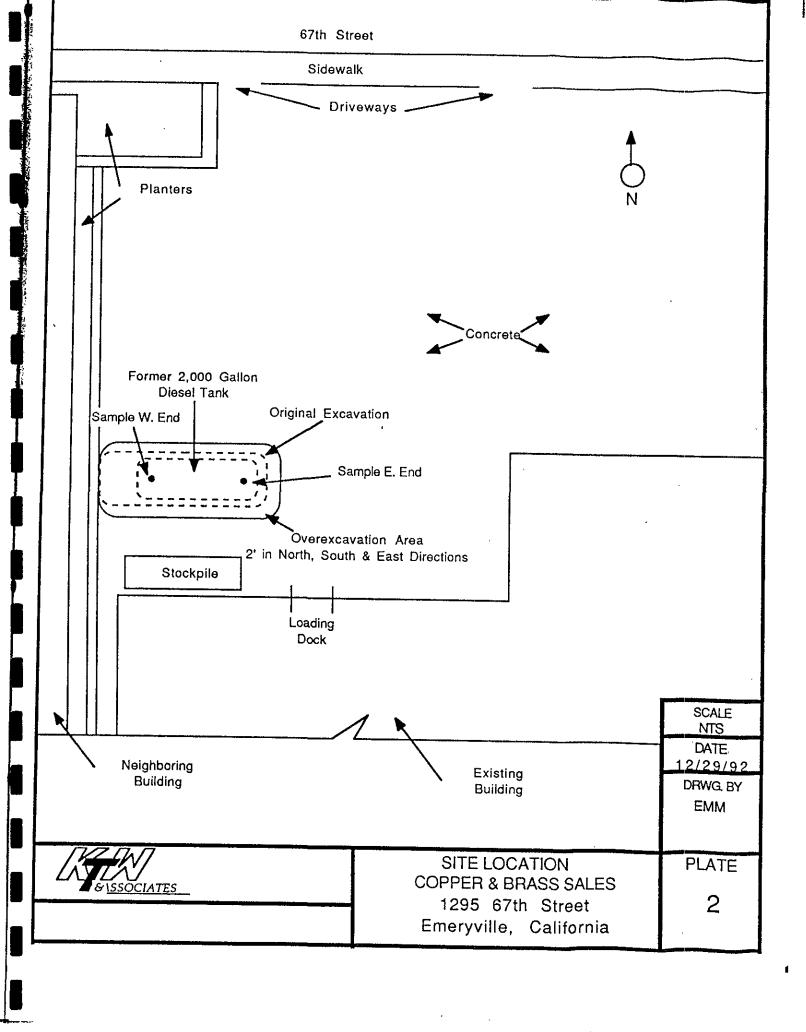
President

K.T.W. & Associates

TMG/emm

Attachments





#### COPPER SEASS SALES TABLE:

SOIL SAMPLES	DATE	DEPTH	THI-G	TPH-D	ĸ	<u> </u>	×	11
W. END	12/14/92	9.	6.5	42	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
E. END	12/14/92	9'	300	1800	0.39	0.38	2.90	1.20

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

TPH-G	TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS GASOLINE
TPH-D	TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL
В	BENZENE
T	TOLUENE
X	TOTAL XYLENES
E	ETHYLBENZENE
N.D.	NON-DETECTED
MOTE	444 664 644 644

NOTE:

ALL SOIL SAMPLES ARE MEASURED IN PARTS PER MILLION (PPM)

white -env.health yellow -facility pink -files

## ALAMEDA COUNTY, DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

80 Swan Way, #200 Oakland, CA 94621 (415) 271-4320

<u>Hazardous Materials Inspection Form</u>

11,111

	"Site 3937 Site Copp. + Bury Silvage 12/11/92
LA BUSINESS PLANS (TIME 19)	ID # 3937 Name Crops, + Burn Silcoate 12/11/92
1. Immediate Reporting 2703 2. Bus. Plan Stas. 25503(b) 3. RR Can > 30 days 25503 7	Site Address 1295 67th 57
4 Inventory Information 25504(a) 5 Inventory Complete 2730 6 Emergency Response 25504(b)	City Energy velle zip 94 509 Phone
7, training 25504(c) 8, Daticiancy 25505(a) 9, Modification 25505(b)	MAX AMT stored > 500 lbs. 55 gal., 200 cft.?
LB ACUTELY HAZ, MAT'LS	Inspection Categories:  L. Haz. Mat/Waste GENERATOR/TRANSPORTER  II. Business Plans, Acute Hazardous Materials
10. Regulation form Filed 25533(a)11. Form Complete 25533(b)12. RMPP Contents 25534(c)	II. Business Plans, Acute Hazardous Materials / / / / /
13. Implement Sch. Regid? (Y/N)14 OttSite Conseq. Assess. 25524(c)15. Probable Risk Assessment 25534(d)	Callf. Administration Code (CAC) or the Health & Safety Code (HS&C)
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EVERGREEN
ENVIRONMENTAL
SERVICES

A DIVISION OF CALIFORNIA OIL RECYCLERS

BILL OF LADING/ INVOICE 283631

6880 SMITH AVE., NEWARK, CA 94560 (800) 972-5284 EPA ID# CAD 980695761 DATE JOB LOCATION 17-09-92 BILLING INFORMATION NAME NAME C S ADDRESS 0 ME Enveniente ca94608 PLEASE PAY FROM THIS INVOICE TERMS: NET 7 D/ PRODUCT MANIFEST # GALLONS PRICE **4UOMA** USED OIL, NON-RCRA HAZARDOUS WASTE, LUBRICATING COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, NA1270 INDUSTRIAL NON-RORA HAZARDOUS UN1142 (AUTOMOTIVE ANTIFREEZE: WASTE LIQUID UN9189 (OIL & WATER) WASTE PETROLEUM OIL NOS COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID NA 1270 sho it for (GREATER THAN 1000 ppm HALOGENS) TEST PASS 🗆 FAL C PPM OTHER: DRAINED USED OIL FILTERS EVERGREEN OIL, INC. (510) 795-4400 TOTAL 6880 Smith Avenue EPA ID# CAD 980887418 and that the used oil provided losEvergreen Environmental Services meets the Newark, California 94560 antito California Health & Salety Code Section CHARGES se otherwise poles. This further serves as notification that the broadness (sentantial section 66268 7(10) of se extraordisequent I have lead and agree to the terms and AVER DRIVER SIGNATURE GENERATOR'S SIGNATURE



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## CERTIFIED SERVICES COMPANY

255 Parr Boulevard • Richmond, California 94801

CUSTOMER KIN	•
JOB NO.	<del></del>
	80314

LOCATION: Richmond DATE: 12/15/92 TIME: 12:03:06  STMETHOD Visual Gastech/1314 SMPN LAST PRODUCT D
Wisual Gastech/1314 SMPN (ASTERODUCT D
SIMETROD LAST PRODUCT
This is to certify that I have personally determined that this tank is in accordance with the American Petroleum Institute and have found the condition to be in accordance with its assigned designation. This certificate is based on conditions existing at the time the inspection herein set forth was completed and is issued subject to compliance with all qualifications and instructions.
TANK SIZE 2000 Gallon Tank CONDITION SAFE FOR FIRE
REMARKS: OXYGEN 20.9% LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT LESS THAN 0.1%
*EXICKSON INC. HEREBY CERTIFIES THAT THE ABOVE NUMBERED TANK HAS BEEN
CUT OPEN. PROCESSED, AND THEREFORE DESTROYED AT OUR PERMITTED HAMARDOUS
WASTE FACILITY."
In the event of any physical or atmospheric changes affecting the gas-free conditions of the above tanks, or if in any doubt, immediately stop all hot work and contact the undersigned. This permit is valid for 24 hours if no physical or atmospheric changes occur.
STANDARD SAFETY DESIGNATION  SAFE FOR MEN: Means that in the compartment or space so designated (a) The oxygen content of the atmosphere is at least 19.5 percent by volume; and that (b) Toxic materials in the atmosphere are within permissable concentrations; and (c) In the judgment of the Inspector, the residues are not capable of producing toxic materials under existing atmospheric conditions while maintained as directed on the Inspector's certificate.
SAFE FOR FIRE: Means that in the compartment so designated (a) The concentration of flammable materials in the atmosphere is below 10 percent of the lower explosive limit; and that (b) In the judgment of the inspector, the residues are not capable of producing a higher concentration that permitted under existing atmospheric conditions in the presence of fire and while maintained as directed on the inspector's certificate, and further. (c) All adjacent spaces have either been cleaned sufficiently to prevent the spread of fire, are satisfactorily inerted, or in the case of fuel tanks, have been treated as deemed necessary by the inspector.
The undersigned representative acknowledges receipt of this certificate and understands the conditions and limitations under which it was issued.
REPRESENTATIVE TITLE INSPECTOR

110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553 Tele: 510-798-1620 Fax: 510-798-1622

KTW & Associates			Client Project ID: Copper and Brass Sales, Date Sampled: 12/14/92 Emeryville							
43289 Osgo			anier yvine			Date Rece	ived: 12/15/9	2		
ļ			lient Contact	: John Sutfin	•	Date Extra	Date Extracted: 12/15/92			
			Client P.O: A3833-CBS			Date Anal	yzed: 12/15-1	2/17/92		
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<sup>\*</sup>water samples are reported in ug/L and soils in mg/kg

<sup>\*</sup>cluttered chromatogram; sample peak co-elutes with surrogate peak

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>+</sup>The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) predominately unmodified or weakly modified gasoline; b) heavier gasoline range compounds predominate (aged gasoline); c) lighter gasoline range compounds predominate (the most mobile gasoline compounds); d) heavy and light gasoline range compounds predominate (aged gasoline together with introduced light compounds?); e) gasoline range compounds predominate; no recognizable pattern; i) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds predominate.

110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553 Tele: 510-798-1620 Fax: 510-798-1622

					D 1 0 1-1 10/14/02
KTW & Associates 43289 Osgood Road Fremont, CA 94539					
					Date Received: 12/15/92
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<sup>\*</sup>water samples are reported in ug/L and soils in mg/kg

<sup>\*</sup> cluttered chromatogram; sample peak co-elutes with surrogate peak

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>+</sup>The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) predominately unmodified or weakly modified diesel; b) diesel range compounds predominate; no recognizable pattern; c) diesel range compounds together with gasoline range compounds; d) gasoline range compounds predominate; e) medium boiling point pattern that does not match diesel(); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) oil range compounds predominate.

#### QC REPORT

Date: 12/13-12/15/92

Matrix: Soil

_	Concent	ration	(mg/kg)		% Reco	very	
Analyte	Sample	MS	MSD	Amount Spiked	мѕ	MSD	RPD .
TPH (gas)	0.000	1.664	1.774	2.03	82 94	87 96	6.4 2.1
Benzene Toluene	0.000 0.012	0.188	0.192 0.218	0.2	100	103	2.8
Ethyl Benzene	0.000	0.206	0.216 0.644	0.2	103 102	108 107	4.7 5.1
Xylenes	0.000	U.612					
TPH (diesel)	0	158	151	150	105	101	4.5
TRPH (oil & grease)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

% Rec. = (MS - Sample) / amount spiked x 100

 $RPD = (MS - MSD) / (MS + MSD) \times 2 \times 100$ 

## Chain of Custody Record

DATE 12-14-92 PAGE / CF /

43289 Osgood Road, Fremont, CA 94539 (415) 623-0480

Client: COPFER AND BRASS SALES **PARAMETERS OTHERS** Address: 1295 67TH VOLATILE ORGANICS VOLATILE ORGANICS METALS (13) GENERAL MINERALS BASE/NEU/ACIDS (ORGANICS) Project:\_ OIL & GREASE SAMPLERS SIGNATURE NUMBER OF PESTICIDES OBSERVATIONS/ TPH-G TPH-D COMMENTS LOCATION SAMPLE NO. I DATE TIME 12.14 3:25 p TANK PIT W. END NATINESOIL 12.14 3:35p E. END TANK PIT 21034 No 21035 No. TOTAL # OF CONTAINERS Z RELINQUISHED BY DATE RELINCUISHED BY DATE RECEIVED BY u Coresori METHOD OF SHIPMENT 7!ME 8:55 TIME TIME TIME 8/55 AM MTW! Associates SPECIAL HANDLING 100 Accordes T.A.T. RELINCUISHED BY RECEIVED BY DATE RELINQUISHED BY RECEIVED BY DATE DATE DATE Standard 12-11-PART D & G | SAUV TIME TIME TIME ICF/To GOOD CONDITION 8.45

# APPENDIX B BORING LOGS AND WELL CONSTRUCTION DATA

		LITHOLOGY	SAMPLE [	ATA
Depth (feet)	Borehole Grouted	Soil Boring B-1	Sample No. and interval	OVM (ppm)
		CONCRETE  SANDY CLAY (CL), yellowish brown (10YR5/6), molst, fine sand, soft, low plasticity  SILTY CLAY (CL), dark gray (5Y4/1), low plasticity, stiff.  SANDY CLAY (CL), yellowish brown, (10YR5/6) moist fine sand, soft.  GRAVELLY SANDY CLAY (CL), dark yellowish brown, (10YR4/4), molst, fine subangular gravel, medium and coarse sand.  SILTY CLAY (CL), yellowish brown, (10YR4/4),		0

#### Explanation:

Clay

SIIt

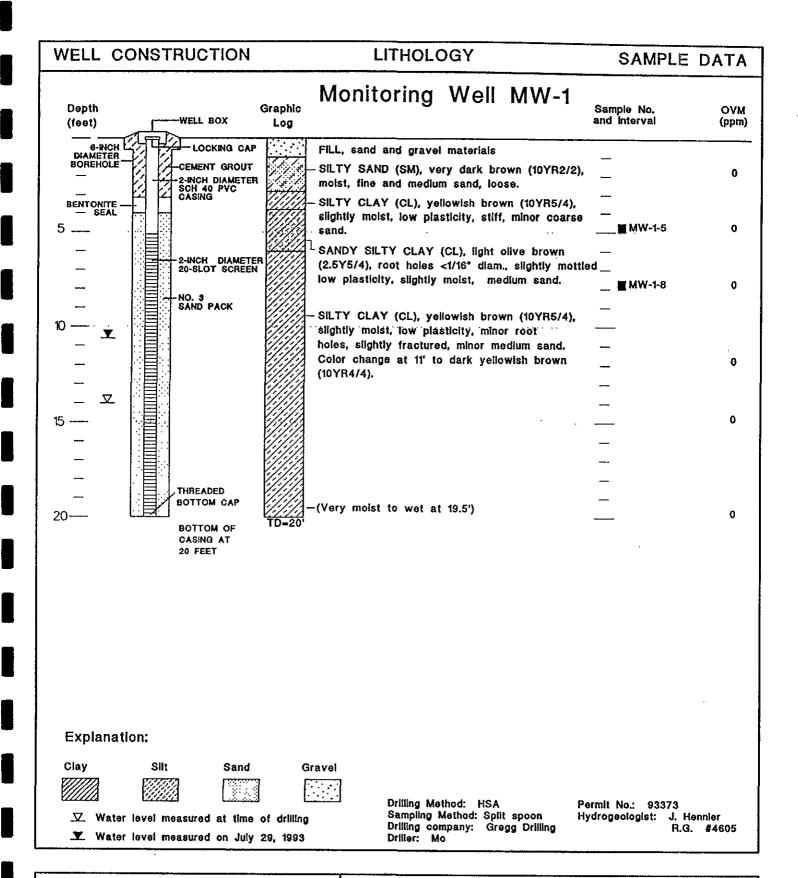
Sand

Gravel

Drilling Method: HSA
Sampling Method: Split spoon
Drilling Company: Gregg Drilling
Driller: Mo

Permit No.: 93373 Hydrogeologist: J. Hennier Fl.G. #4605

AZURE ENVIRONMENTAL		Figure B-1: Soil Boring Lithology and Sample Data
Project No. 119-001	July 16, 1993	Copper and Brass Sales Facility * Emeryville



AZURE ENVIRONMENTAL		Figure B-2: Boring Lithology and Monitoring Well Construction
Project No. 119-001	July 16, 1993	Copper and Brass Sales Facility * Emeryville

### APPENDIX C

LABORATORY CERTIFICATES
MARCH 1994 GROUND-WATER SAMPLES

## American Environmental Network

## Certificate of Analysis

DOHS Certification: 1172

AIHA Accreditation, 11134

PAGE 1

AZURE ENVIRONMENTAL 1001 LINCOLN AVENUE

REPORT DATE: 04/11/94

SAN RAFAEL, CA 94901

DATE(S) SAMPLED: 03/29/94

ATTN: JEFF HENNIER CLIENT PROJ. ID: 119.001 DATE RECEIVED: 03/30/94

AEN WORK ORDER: 9403333

P.O. NUMBER: 119.001

PROJECT SUMMARY:

On March 30, 1994, this laboratory received 1 water sample(s).

Client requested the sample be analyzed for organic parameters. Sample identification, methodologies, results and dates analyzed are summarized on the following pages.

Please see quality control report for a summary of QC data pertaining to this project.

If you have any questions, please contact Client Services at (510) 930-9090.

General Manager

#### AZURE ENVIRONMENTAL

SAMPLE ID: MW-1

AEN LAB NO: 9403333-01 AEN WORK ORDER: 9403333 CLIENT PROJ. ID: 119.001

**DATE SAMPLED:** 03/29/94 DATE RECEIVED: 03/30/94 REPORT DATE: 04/11/94

ANALYTE	METHOD/ CAS#	RESULT	REPORTING LIMIT	UNITS	DATE ANALYZED
BTEX & Gasoline HCs Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes, Total Purgeable HCs as Gasoline	EPA 8020 71-43-2 108-88-3 100-41-4 1330-20-7 5030/GCFID	ND ND ND ND ND	0.5 0.5 0.5 2 0.05	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L mg/L	04/06/94 04/06/94 04/06/94 04/06/94 04/06/94
#Extraction for Diesel/Oil	EPA 3510	~		Extrn Date	2 03/31/94
TPH as Diesel	GC-FID	ND	0.05	mg/L	04/01/94

ND = Not detected at or above the reporting limit
 \* = Value above reporting limit

#### AEN (CALIFORNIA) QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

AEN JOB NUMBER: 9403333

CLIENT PROJECT ID: 119.001

#### Quality Control Summary

All laboratory quality control parameters were found to be within established limits.

#### <u>Definitions</u>

The following abbreviations are found throughout the QC report:

ND = Not Detected at or above the reporting limit
RPD = Relative Percent Difference

< = Less Than

#### QUALITY CONTROL DATA

DATE EXTRACTED: 03/28/94 DATE ANALYZED: 03/31/94 CLIENT PROJ. ID: 119.001

AEN JOB NO: 9403333 SAMPLE SPIKED: DI WATER INSTRUMENT: C

METHOD SPIKE RECOVERY SUMMARY TPH EXTRACTABLE WATER METHOD: EPA 3510 GCFID

ANALYTE	Spike Added (mg/L)	Average Percent Recovery	RPD
Diesel	2.10	80	4

#### CURRENT QC LIMITS

<u>Analyte</u>	Percent Recovery	<u>RPD</u>
Diesel	(63-109)	10

Daily method blanks for all associated analytical runs showed no contamination over the reporting limit.

#### QUALITY CONTROL DATA

CLIENT PROJ. ID: 119.001

AEN JOB NO: 9403333

INSTRUMENT: F

SURROGATE STANDARD RECOVERY SUMMARY METHOD: EPA 8020, 5030 GCFID (WATER MATRIX)

Date Analyzed	SAMPLE IDENTI	FICATION	SURROGATE RECOVERY (PERCENT) Fluorobenzene							
	Client Id.	Lab Id.								
04/06/94	MW-1	01	101							

CURRENT QC LIMITS

**ANALYTE** 

PERCENT RECOVERY

Fluorobenzene

(70-115)

#### QUALITY CONTROL DATA

DATE ANALYZED: 04/05/94

CLIENT PROJ. ID: 119.001

AEN JOB NO: 9403333 SAMPLE SPIKED: LCS

INSTRUMENT: F

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE METHOD: EPA 8020, 5030 GCFID (WATER MATRIX)

ANALYTE	Spike Added (ug/L)	Percent Recovery
Benzene Toluene	10.0 34.7	100 103
Hydrocarbons as Gasoline	500	86

#### CURRENT QC LIMITS

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Percent Recovery</u>
Benzene	(65-122)
Toluene	(67-124)
Gasoline	(60-125)

Daily method blanks for all associated analytical runs showed no contamination over the reporting limit.

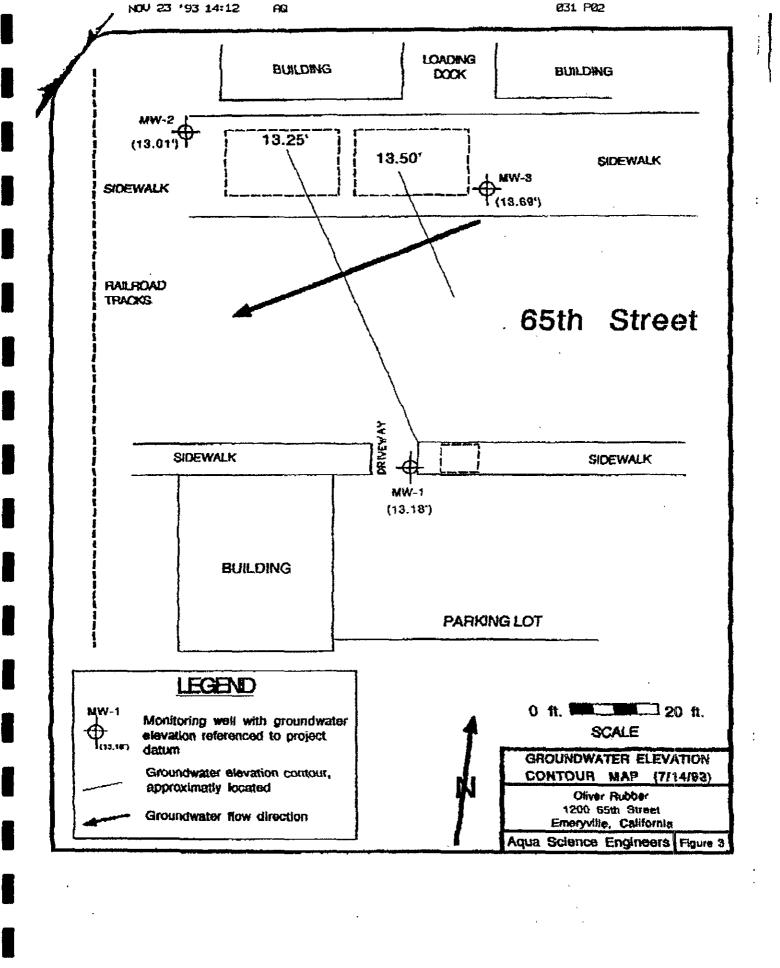
\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*

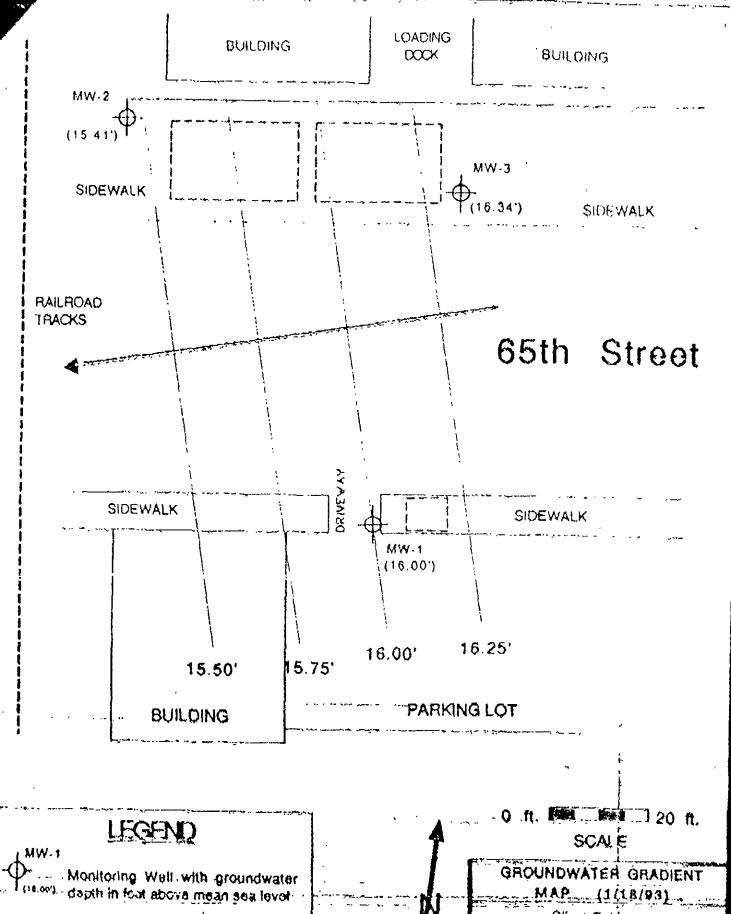
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\*Sample type (Specify): 1) 37mm 0.8 µm MCEF 2) 25mm 0.8 µm MCEF 3) 25mm 0.4 µm polycarb. filter 4) PVC filter, diam. \_\_\_\_ pore size \_\_\_\_ 5) Charcoal tube 6) Silica gel tube 7) Water 8) Soil 9) Bulk Sample \_\_\_\_\_ 11) Other \_ COPIES: WHITE - JOB FILE YELLOW - PROJECT FILE PINK - CLIENT

#### APPENDIX D

POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP FROM THE NEARBY OLIVER RUBBER FACILITY





Groundwater Gradient direction

Oliver Butter
1200 85th Street
Emeryville, California

Aqua Science Engineers Figure 3