THIRD QUARTER 1995 GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF ALAMEDA FACILITY 1916 Webster Street Alameda, California

Prepared for:

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF ALAMEDA

701 Atlantic Avenue Alameda, California

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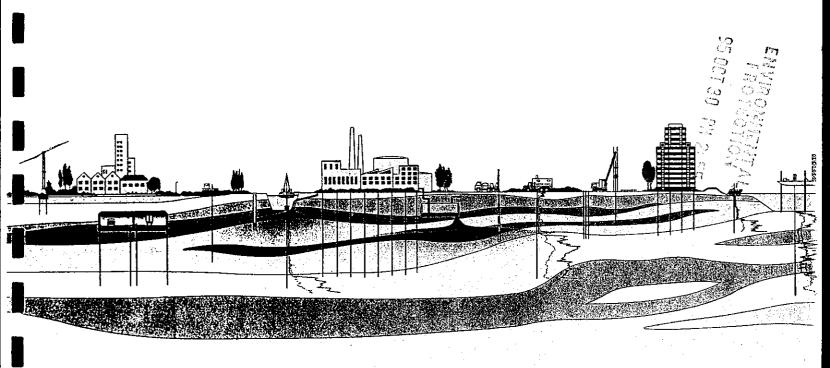
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FUGRO WEST, INC.

October 16, 1995 Project No. 9437-7623

Ms. Eileen Duffy Project Administrator Housing Authority of the City of Alameda 701 Atlantic Avenue Alameda, California 94501 44 Montgomery Street, Suite 1010 San Francisco, CA 94104 Tel: (415) 296-1041

Fax: (415) 296-0944

Third Quarter 1995 Groundwater Monitoring Report

Housing Authority of the City of Alameda 1916 Webster Street Alameda, California

Dear Ms. Duffy:

This report represents the results of quarterly ground water monitoring and sampling conducted by Fugro West, Inc., (Fugro) on August 16, 1995, at the Housing Authority of the City of Alameda (HACA) facility located at 1916 Webster Street in Alameda, California (subject property), as shown on the Site Location Map, Figure 1.

BACKGROUND

The subject property consists of a warehouse building and adjacent parking lot located at the southeast corner of Webster Street and Atlantic Avenue in a commercial area of Alameda, California.

Tank Removal and Initial Investigation/Remediation

According to reports provided by HACA, a 280-gallon underground storage tank (UST) was removed from the site during July and August 1986. An environmental investigation was conducted to determine the extent of hydrocarbon-impacted soils. A series of soil borings were drilled at the site and soil samples were collected for laboratory analysis. Ground water monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-2 were installed in two of the borings. Hydrocarbons were identified in all soil and ground water samples analyzed. Additional soil excavation conducted during September 1986 failed to remove all of the impacted soil. Subsequent investigations included drilling and sampling additional soil borings and installing one additional ground water monitoring well (MW-3).

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Additional Well Installation

On September 12, 1994, Fugro installed three additional ground water monitoring wells at the site (MW-4, MW-5, and MW-6). Ground water monitoring/extraction well MW-4 was installed within ten feet downgradient of the former UST. Monitoring well MW-5 was installed approximately 27 feet northeast of MW-4. Monitoring well MW-6 was installed south of the warehouse building (upgradient of the former UST).

Previous Ground Water Monitoring

Ground water monitoring and sampling has been conducted at the site since October 1992. Monitoring events prior to July 1994 were performed by consultants other than Fugro. Fugro conducted ground water monitoring and sampling of monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-3 on July 16, 1994. Following the installation of monitoring wells MW-4 through MW-6, Fugro conducted quarterly ground water monitoring and sampling on the six wells on October 10, 1994. The results of these two monitoring events were presented in Fugro's report titled, *Revised Corrective Action Plan*, dated November 9, 1994. Fugro conducted quarterly ground water monitoring and sampling on five wells (well MW-2 was inaccessible due to construction debris) on March 29 and May 25, 1995. The results of this monitoring events were presented in Fugro's *Quarterly Ground Water Monitoring Report*, dated May 25, 1995 and August 23, 1995, respectively.

CURRENT GROUND WATER MONITORING

All field work documented in this report was conducted according to the Fugro standard operation procedures (SOPs) included in Attachment A.

Ground Water Elevations

Since the last quarter monitoring event, ground water elevations in wells MW-1 and MW-3 through MW-6 decreased an average of 0.46 feet. No free product was detected in any of the wells. Based on field data, the calculated ground water flow direction on August 16, 1995, was northnortheast at a gradient that ranged between 0.007 and 0.017 foot per foot. Figure 2 is a potentiometric surface map of the shallow water-bearing zone beneath the site on August 16, 1995. Current and previous ground water elevation data are summarized in Table 1.

Ground Water Sampling and Analysis

On August 16, 1995, Fugro personnel collected ground water samples from monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-6. The samples were submitted under chain-of-custody to the state-certified analytical laboratory and analyzed for concentrations of total petroleum hydrocarbons as

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Housing Authority of the City of Alameda October 1995 (9437-7623)



gasoline (TPH-g) by EPA Method 8015M; benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (BTEX) by EPA Method 602; and total lead by EPA Method 7420.

TPHg and BTEX were not detected in the water samples collected from wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3 and MW-6. Detected concentrations of TPHg and BTEX in wells MW-4 and MW-5 have not changed significantly since the May 1995 sampling event.

Results of laboratory analysis are reported on Table 2. Benzene and TPH-g concentrations are shown on Figure 3. The laboratory analytical reports and chain-of-custody form are included in Attachment B.

REMARKS

The interpretations contained within this report represent our professional opinions. These opinions are based on available information, and were developed in accordance with currently accepted geologic, hydrogeologic, and engineering practices.

This report has been prepared solely for the use of the HACA. Any reliance on this report by other parties shall be at such parties' own risk. This report was prepared under the review and supervision of the professional geologist, registered with the State of California, whose signature appears below.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide the HACA with environmental consulting services, and trust this report meets your needs. If you have any questions about this or any other matter, please call us at (415) 296-1041.

Sincerely,

FUGRO-WEST, INC

Peter B. Hudson.

Project Geologist

William Shipp

Senior Geologist

CRG No. 6115

*

Cert No. C49163

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Attachments

cc: Eva Chu, Alameda County Environmental Health Department

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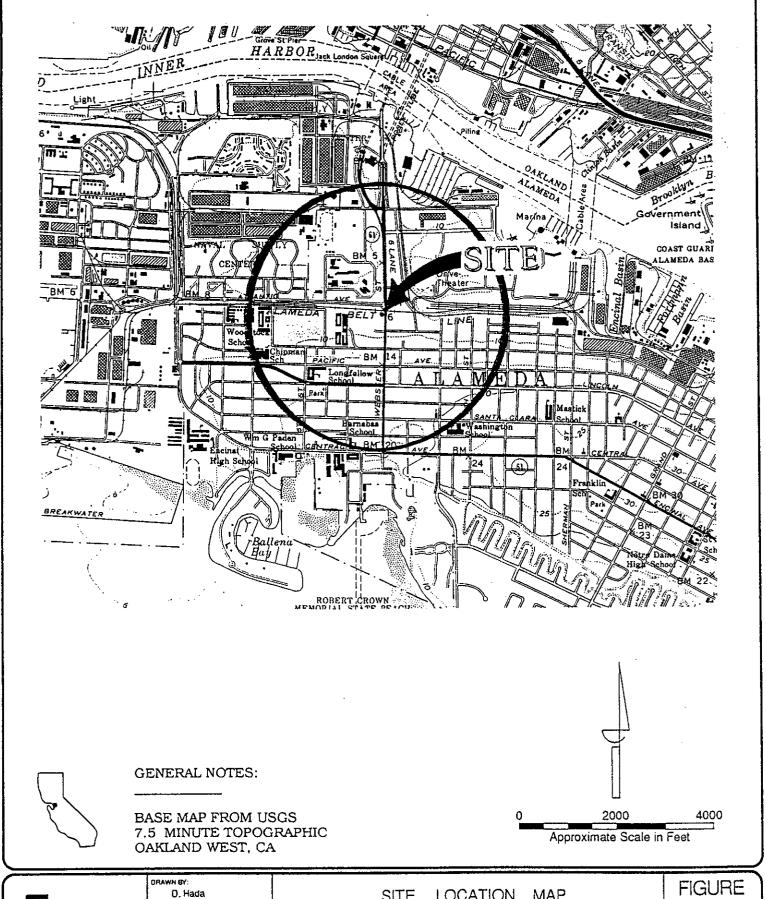


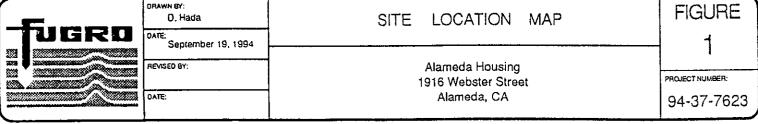
FIGURES:	FIGURE 1 SITE LOCATION MAP
	FIGURE 2POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP AUGUST 16, 1995
	FIGURE 3 DISTRIBUTION MAP OF TPH-g AND BENZENE IN GROUND WATER: AUGUST 16, 1995
TABLES:	TABLE 1 GROUND WATER ELEVATION DATA TABLE 2 SUMMARY OF GROUND WATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS
ATTACHMENTS:	ATTACHMENT 1 STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES
	ATTACHMENT 2ANALYTICAL REPORT AND CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY DOCUMENTATION

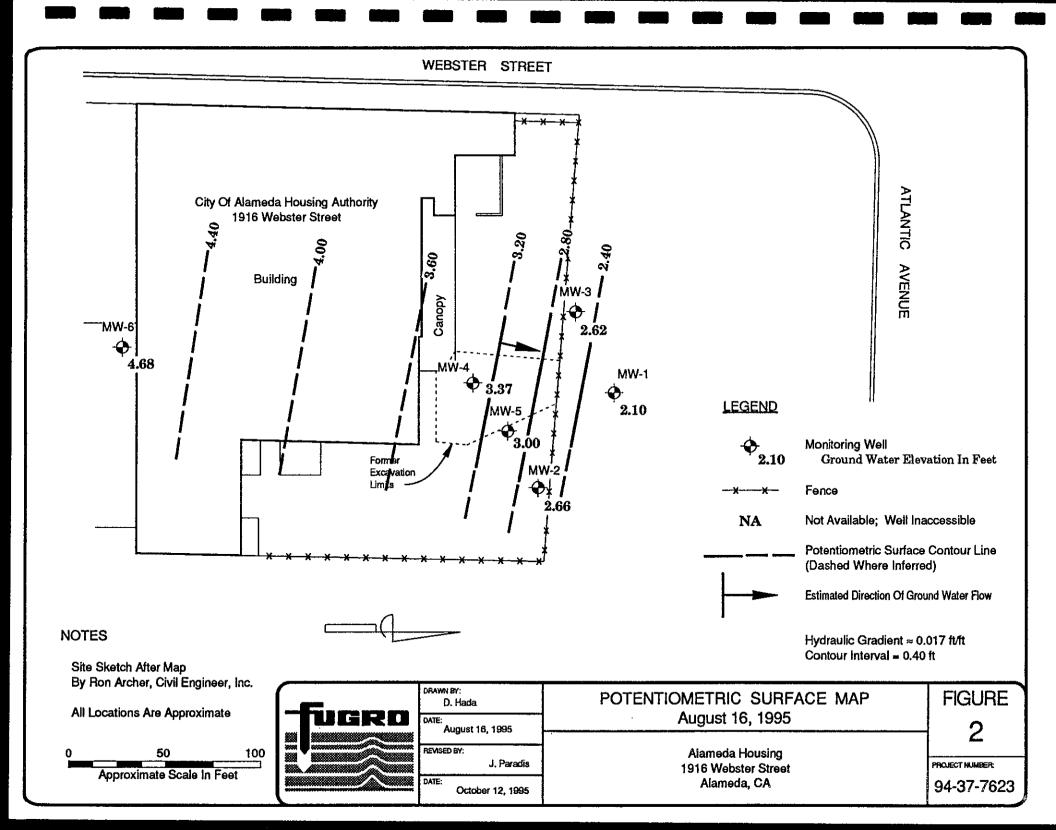
Housing Authority of the City of Alameda October 1995 (9437-7623)

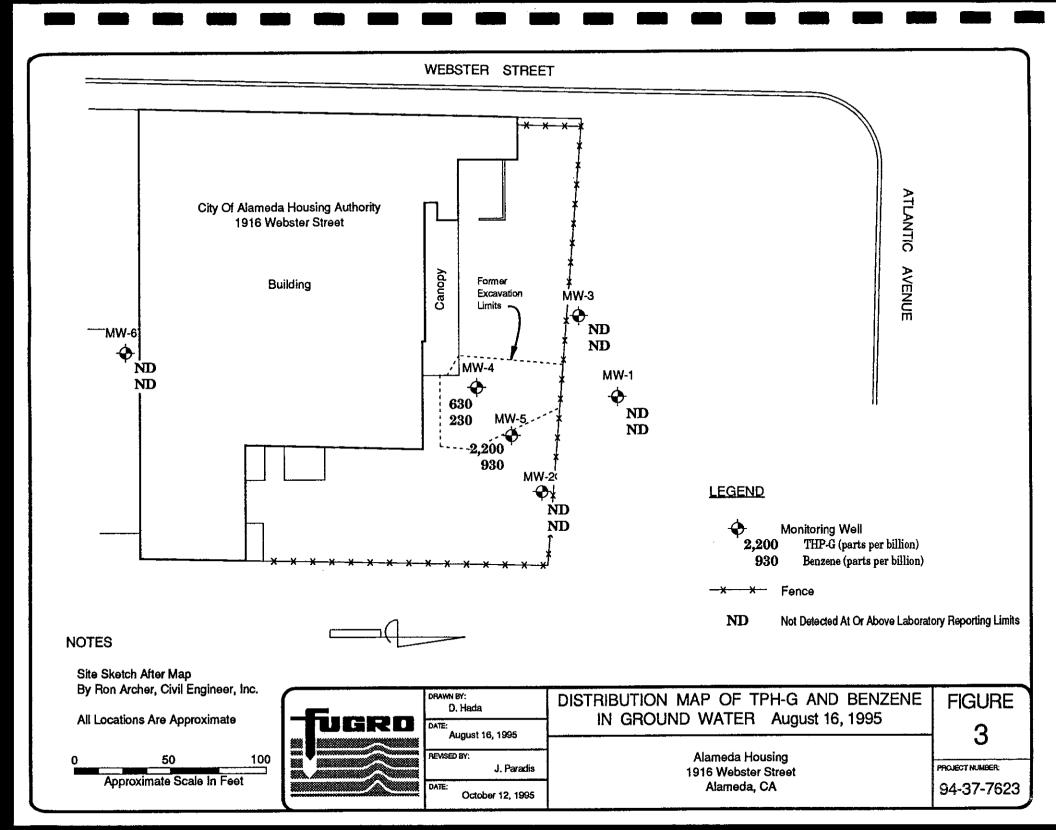


FIGURES











TABLES



TABLE 1 GROUNDWATER ELEVATION DATA

Housing Authority of the City of Alameda Facility 1916 Webster Street Alameda, California

Well No.	Date	Top of Casing Reference Elevation (feet above MSL)	Depth to Groundwater (feet)	Groundwater Elevation (feet above MSL)
MW-I	10/22/92	9.23(1)	4.94	4.29
	03/19/93		3.72	5.51
	04/19/93		3.91	4.92
	05/30/93		3.94	5.29
	06/29/93		4.36	4.87
	08/04/93		4.55	4.68
	01/26/94		4.14	5.09
	07/16/94		4.65	4.58
	10/10/94	6.51(2)	4.86	1.65
	03/29/95		3.54	2.97
	05/25/95		4.09	2.42
	08/16/95		4.41	2.10
MW-2	10/22/92	10.00(1)	5.22	4.78
	03/19/93		3.39	6.61
	04/19/93		3.78	6.22
	05/30/93		3.86	6.14
	06/29/93		4.41	5.59
	08/04/93		4.72	5.28
	01/26/94		3.98	6.02
	07/16/94	-	4.86	5.14
	10/10/94	7.26(2)	5.02	2.24
	03/29/95		NA	NA
	05/25/95		NA	NA
	08/16/95		4.60	2.66
MW-3	10/22/92	9.44(1)	4.66	4,78
	03/19/93		3.18	6.26
	04/19/93		3.44	4.65
	05/30/93		3,45	5.99
	06/29/93		3.95	5.49
	08/04/93		4.13	5.31
	01/26/94		3.7	5.74
	07/16/94		4.41	5.03
	10/10/94	6.71(2)	4.52	2.19
	03/29/95		3.02	3.69
	05/25/95		3.52	3.19
	08/16/95		4.09	2.62
MW-4	10/10/94	7.55(2)	4.94	2.61
	03/29/95		3.00	4.55
1	05/25/95		3.52	4.03
	08/16/95		4.18	3.37



TABLE 1

GROUNDWATER ELEVATION DATA

(cont'd)

Housing Authority of the City of Alameda Facility 1916 Webster Street Alameda, California

Well No.	Date	Top of Casing Reference Elevation (feet above MSL)	Depth to Groundwater (feet)	Groundwater Elevation (feet above MSL)
MW-5	10/10/94 03/29/95 05/25/95 08/16/95	7.31(2)	4.91 3.41 3.65 4.31	2.40 3.90 3.66 3.00
MW-6	10/10/94 03/29/95 05/25/95 08/16/95	8.09(2)	4.37 2.29 3.52 3.41	3.72 5.80 4.57 4.68

NOTES:

MSL = mean sea level

^{(1) =} Top of casing reference elevations surveyed using an assumed elevation of 10.00 feet above MSL for MW-2.

^{(2) =} Top of casing reference elevations were resurveyed on September 12, 1994 using a cut square benchmark in the top of the concrete curb at a storm inlet on the south side of Atlantic Avenue approximately 75 feet east of the intersection of Atlantic Avenue and Constitution Way. Benchmark elevation 7.50 feet above MSL.

NA = Not available; well inaccessible due to construction debris.



TABLE 2

SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Housing Authority of the City of Alameda Facility 1916 Webster Street Alameda, California

Sample	Date	TPH-G	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	Organic Lead
LD.	(ML)	(µ/L)	(μ/ L)	(h/L)	(μ/ L)	(μ/L)	(μ/ L .)
MW-I	07/91	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (1.5)	NA
	11/91	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (1.5)	NA
	02/92	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (1.5)	NA
	07/92	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (1.5)	NA
	03/93	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (1.5)	NA
	04/93	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA
	06/93	ND (50)	ND (0.30)	ND (0.30)	ND (0.30)	ND (0.50)	NA
	01/94	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (50)
·	07/16/94	ND (50)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (20)
	10/10/94	ND (50)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	NA
	3/29/95	ND (50)	0.9	1.3	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	NA ·
	05/25/95	ND (50)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)		ND (25)*
	08/16/95	ND (50)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)		ND (0.01)
MW-2	07/91	ND (50)	3.7	ND (0.50)	0.50	5.1	NA
	11/91	ND (50)	1.1	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	4.5	NA
	02/92	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	1.6	NA
	07/92	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	0.59	ND (0.50)	ND (1.5)	NA
	03/93	ND (250)	ND (52)	ND (50)	ND (59)	ND (150)	NA
	04/93	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (1.5)	NA
	06/93	ND (50)	ND (0.30)	ND (0.30)	ND (0.30)	.95	NA
	01/94	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (50)
	07/16/94	ND (50)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (20)
	10/10/94	ND (50)	0.5	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	1.2	NA
	3/29/95	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
	05/25/95	ND (50)	NS	NS	NS	ND (0.5)	NS
	08/16/95		ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)		ND (0.01)
MW-3	07/91	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (1.5)	NA
141 44-2	11/91	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (1.5)	NA NA
	02/92	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (1.5)	NA NA
	07/92	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (1.5)	NA ·
	03/93	ND (250)	ND (52)	ND (50)	ND (59)	ND (152)	NA NA
	04/93	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (1.5)	NA NA
	06/93	ND (50)	ND (0.30)	ND (0.30)	ND (0.30)	ND (0.50)	NA NA
	01/94	ND (50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)	ND (50)
	07/16/94	ND (50)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (20)
	10/10/94	ND (50)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	NA
	3/29/95	ND (50)	ND (0.5)	0.9	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	NA
	05/25/95	ND (50)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)]	ND (25)*
	08/16/95	(55)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)		ND(0.01)



TABLE 2

SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

(cont'd)

Housing Authority of the City of Alameda Facility 1916 Webster Street Alameda, California

Sample LD.	Date (µ/L)	TPH-G (µ/L)	Benzene (µ/L)	Toluene (μ/E)	Ethylbenzene (µ/L)	Xylenes (µ/L)	Organic Lead (µ/L)
MW-4	10/10/94	2,400	900	44	12	80	NA
	3/29/95	1,500	580	4.9	4.3	7.0	NA .
	05/25/95	1,100	260	6.0	5.5	3.3	ND (25)*
	08/16/95	650	230	2.6	23	1.9	ND(0.01)
MW-5	10/10/94	2,000	840	4.8	0.6	110	NA
	3/29/95	4,900	1,600	61	20	76	NA
	05/25/95	2,500	680	6.5	3.5	110	ND (25)*
	08/16/95	2,200	930	6.0	6.5	100	ND(0.01)
MW-6	10/10/94	ND (50)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	NA
	3/29/95	ND (50)	0.5	0.9	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	NA
	05/25/95	ND (50)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (25)*
	08/16/95	ND (50)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.5)	ND(0.01)

NOTES:

 $\mu g/L = Micrograms per Liter (ppb)$

NA = Not analyzed

NS = No sample collected

Data prior to 1/94 reported by Versar, Inc.

* = Total lead





ATTACHMENT 1 STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

Housing Authority of the City of Alameda October 1995 (9437-7623)



SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION AND CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY PROCEDURES SOP-4

Sample identification and chain-of-custody procedures ensure sample integrity, and document sample possession from the time of collection to its ultimate disposal. Each sample container submitted for analysis is labeled to identify the job number, date, time of sample collection, a sample number unique to the sample, any name(s) of onsite personnel and any other pertinent field observations also recorded on the field excavation or boring log.

Chain-of-custody forms are used to record possession of the sample from time of collection to its arrival at the laboratory. During shipment, the person with custody of the samples will relinquish them to the next person by signing the chain-of-custody form(s) and noting the date and time. The sample-control officer at the laboratory will verify sample integrity, correct preservation, confirm collection in the proper container(s), and ensure adequate volume for analysis.

If these conditions are met, the samples will be assigned unique laboratory log numbers for identification throughout analysis and reporting. The log numbers will be recorded on the chain-of-custody forms and in the legally-required log book maintained in the laboratory. The sample description, date received, client's name, and any other relevant information will also be recorded.

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE AND CONTROL SOP-5

In addition to routine instrument calibration, replicates, spikes, blanks, spiked blanks, and certified reference materials are routinely analyzed at method-specific frequencies to monitor precision and bias. Additional components of the laboratory Quality Assurance/Quality Control program include:

- Participation in state and federal laboratory accreditation/certification programs;
- Participation in both U.S. EPA Performance Evaluation studies (WS and WP studies) and inter-laboratory performance evaluation programs;
- Standard operating procedures describing routine and periodic instrument maintenance:
- "Out-of-Control"/Corrective Action documentation procedures; and,
- Multi-level review of raw data and client reports.

GROUNDWATER PURGING AND SAMPLING

Prior to water sampling, each well is purged by evacuating a minimum of three wetted well-casing volumes of groundwater. When required, purging will continue until either the discharge water temperature, conductivity, or pH stabilize to within 10% of previously measured values; and a maximum of ten wetted casing volumes of groundwater have been recovered, or the well is bailed dry. When practical, the groundwater sample should be collected when the water level in the well recovers to at least 80 percent of its static level. Field measurements, observations and procedures are noted.

The sampling equipment consists of a clean bailer, or stainless steel bladder pump with a "Teflon" bladder. If the sampling system is dedicated to the well, then the bailer is usually "Teflon," but the bladder pump may be PVC with a polypropylene bladder. Sample container type, preservation, and volume depends on the intended analyses.

The groundwater sample is decanted into each VOA vial in such a manner that there is no meniscus at the top of the vial. A cap is quickly secured to the top of the vial. The vial is then inverted and gently tapped to see if air bubbles are present. If none are present, the vial is labeled and refrigerated for delivery, under strict chain-of-custody, to the analytical laboratory. Label information should include a unique sample identification number, job identification number, date, time, and the sampler's initials.

For quality control purposes, a duplicate water sample may be collected from a well. When required, a trip blank is prepared at the laboratory and placed in the transport cooler. It is labeled similar to the well samples, remains in the cooler during transport, and is analyzed by the laboratory along with the groundwater samples. In addition, a field blank may be prepared in the field when sampling equipment is not dedicated. The field blank is prepared after a pump or bailer has been either steam cleaned or properly washed, prior to use in the next well, and is analyzed along with the other samples. The field blank analysis demonstrates the effectiveness of in-field cleaning procedures to prevent cross-contamination.

To minimize the potential for cross-contamination between wells, all well development and water sampling equipment not dedicated to a well is either steam cleaned or properly washed between use. As a second precautionary measure, wells are sampled in order of lowest to highest concentrations as established by available previous analytical data.

In the event the water samples cannot be submitted to the analytical laboratory on the same day they are collected (e.g., due to weekends or holidays), the samples are temporarily stored until the first opportunity for submittal either on ice in a cooler, such as when in the field, or in a refrigerator.

MEASURING LIQUID LEVELS USING A WATER LEVEL INDICATOR OR INTERFACE PROBE

SOP-12

Field equipment used for liquid-level gauging typically includes the measuring probe (water level or interface) and a clean product bailer(s). The field kit also includes cleaning supplies (buckets, TSP, spray bottles, and deionized water) to be used in cleaning the equipment between wells.

Prior to measurement, the probe tip is lowered into the well until it touches bottom. Using the previously established top-of-casing or top-of-box (i.e., wellhead vault) point, the probe cord (or halyard) is marked and a measuring tape (graduated in hundredths of a foot) is used to determine the distance between the probe end and the marking on the cord. This measurement is then recorded on the liquid-level data sheet as the "Measured Total Depth" of the well.

When necessary in using the interface probe to measure liquid levels, the probe is first electrically grounded to either the metal stove pipe or another metal object nearby. When no ground is available, reproducible measurements can be obtained by clipping the ground lead to the handle of the interface probe case.

The probe tip is then lowered into the well and submerged in the groundwater. An oscillating (beeping) tone indicates the probe is in water. The probe is slowly raised until either the oscillating tone ceases or becomes a steady tone. In either case, this is the depth-to-water (DTW) indicator and the DTW measurement is made accordingly. The steady tone indicates floating hydrocarbons. In this case, the probe is slowly raised until the steady tone ceases. This is the depth-to-product (DTP) indicator and the measurement of DTP is recorded. A corrected depth to groundwater to account for floating hydrocarbons can be calculated by using the following formula:

 $CDTW = DTW - (SP.G \times LHT).$

CDTW = Corrected depth to groundwater.

DTW = Measured depth to groundwater.

SP.G = Specific gravity: unweathered gasoline = 0.75; diesel = 0.80

LHT = Measured liquid hydrocarbon thickness.

The corresponding groundwater elevation is the difference between a previously determined well reference elevation and either the depth to groundwater or the corrected depth to groundwater.

The process of lowering and raising the probe must be repeated several times to ensure accurate measurements. The DTW and DTP measurements are recorded on the liquid-level data sheet. When floating product is indicated by the probe's response, a product bailer is lowered partially through the product-water interface to confirm the product on the water surface, and as further indication of product thickness, particularly in cases where the product layer is quite thin. Either this measurement or the difference between DTW and DTP is recorded on the data sheet as "product thickness."

In order to avoid cross-contamination of wells during the liquid-level measurement process, wells are measured in the order of "clean" to "dirty" (where such information is available). In addition, all measurement equipment is cleaned with TSP or similar solution and thoroughly rinsed with deionized water before use, between measurements in respective wells, and at the completion of the day's activities.





ATTACHMENT 2

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORTS AND CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY FORMS

EXCELCHEM ENVIRONMENTAL LABS

500 Giuseppe Court, Suite 9 Roseville, CA 95678

Phone#: (916) 773-3664 Fax#: (916) 773-4784



ANALYSIS REPORT

Attention: Project #:	FUGRO 44 Mon	Bassett D-WEST, Intgomery St. ncisco, CA	, Ste 1010		Da TP BT	ite Sample ite Receiv Hg Analy EX Analy atrix :	ed: zed:	08-16-95 08-22-95 08-28-95 08-28-95 Water
Reporting Lim	<u>P</u>	Benzene <u>PPB</u> .5	Toluene PPB 0.5	Ethylbenzene PPB 0.5		Total Xylenes <u>PPB</u> 0.5	TPH ₀ PPB 50	g
SAMPLE Laboratory Ide	ntification	n:						
MW-1 W0895316	N	1D	ND	ND		ND	ND	
nah - Does nor hillion	a/I	inganoma non lita						

ppb = Parts per billion = ug/L = micrograms per liter

ND = Not detected. Compound(s) may be present at concentrations below the reporting limit.

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

BTEX- Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylene isomers (BTEX) are analyzed by using EPA Method 602 which utilizes a gas chromatograph (GC) equipped with a photoionization detector (PID).

TPHg-Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (low-to-medium boiling points) are analyzed by using modified EPA Method 8015, which utilizes a GC equipped with an FID.

aboratory Representative

EXCELCHEM ENVIRONMENTAL LABS

500 Giuseppe Court, Suite 9 Roseville, CA 95678

Phone#: (916) 773-3664 Fax#: (916) 773-4784



ANALYSIS REPORT

Attention: Project #:	FUGI 44 Mo	sill Bassett RO-WEST, I ontgomery S Francisco, CA 7623	t., Ste 1010		Date Sample Date Receive TPHg Analy BTEX Analy Matrix :	ed: 08-22-95 zed: 08-29-95
Reporting Limi	it:	Benzene PPB 0.5	Toluene PPB 0.5	Ethylbenzene PPB 0.5	Total Xylenes <u>PPB</u> 0.5	TPHg <u>PPB</u> 50
SAMPLE Laboratory Ide	ntificat	ion:				
MW-2 W0895317		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

ppb = Parts per billion = ug/L = micrograms per liter

ND = Not detected. Compound(s) may be present at concentrations below the reporting limit.

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

BTEX-- Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylene isomers (BTEX) are analyzed by using EPA Method 602 which utilizes a gas chromatograph (GC) equipped with a photoionization detector (PID).

TPHg-Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (low-to-medium boiling points) are analyzed by using modified EPA Method 8015, which utilizes a GC equipped with an FID.

Laboratory Representative

EXCELCHEM ENVIRONMENTAL LABS

500 Giuseppe Court, Suite 9 Roseville, CA 95678





ANALYSIS REPORT

Attention: Project #:	FUGR 44 Mo	Ill Bassett RO-WEST, IN Intgomery St. rancisco, CA (623)	, Ste 1010		Date Sample Date Receive TPHg Analyz BTEX Analy Matrix :	ed: 08-22-95 zed: 08-30-95
Reporting Limi	it:	Benzene PPB 0.5	Toluene PPB 0.5	Ethylbenzene PPB 0.5	Total Xylenes <u>PPB</u> 0.5	TPHg PPB 50
SAMPLE Laboratory Ide	ntificati	on:				
MW-3 W0895318		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW-4 W0895319		230	2.6	23	1.9	650

ppb = Parts per billion = ug/L = micrograms per liter

ND = Not detected. Compound(s) may be present at concentrations below the reporting limit.

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

BTEX-- Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylene isomers (BTEX) are analyzed by using EPA Method 602 which utilizes a gas chromatograph (GC) equipped with a photoionization detector (PID).

TPHg—Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (low-to-medium boiling points) are analyzed by using modified EPA Method 8015, which utilizes a GC equipped with an FID.

abdratory Representative

EXCELCHEM ENVIRONMENTAL LABS

500 Giuseppe Court, Suite 9 Roseville, CA 95678 Phone#: (916) 773-3664 Fax#: (916) 773-4784



ANALYSIS REPORT

Attention: Project #:	FUGF 44 Mo	ill Bassett RO-WEST, I ontgomery St rancisco, CA 7623	., Ste 1010		Date TPH	Sampled Received G Analyz X Analys ix :	ed: zed:	08-16-95 08-22-95 08-29-95 08-29-95 Water
Reporting Limi	it:	Benzene PPB 5.0	Toluene PPB 5.0	Ethylbenzene PPB 5.0	X	otal ylenes PB 0	TPHg PPB 2,000	
SAMPLE Laboratory Ide MW-5 W0895320	ntificat	ion: 930	6.0	6.5	10	00	2,200	

ppb = Parts per billion = ug/L = micrograms per liter

ND = Not detected. Compound(s) may be present at concentrations below the reporting limit.

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

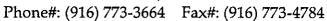
BTEX- Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylene isomers (BTEX) are analyzed by using EPA Method 602 which utilizes a gas chromatograph (GC) equipped with a photoionization detector (PID). TPHg-Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (low-to-medium boiling points) are analyzed by using modified EPA Method 8015, which

utilizes a GC equipped with an FID.

08**-**30-<u>95</u> Date Reported

EXCELCHEMENVIRONMENTAL LABS

500 Giuseppe Court, Suite 9 Roseville, CA 95678





ANALYSIS REPORT

Attention: Project #:	FUG 44 M	sill Bassett RO-WEST, Il ontgomery St. Francisco, CA 7623	., Ste 1010	Date Sample Date Receive TPHg Analy BTEX Analy Matrix :	08-16-95 08-22-95 08-28-95 08-28-95 Water		
Reporting Limi	it:	Benzene PPB 0.5	Toluene PPB 0.5	Ethylbenzene PPB 0.5	Total Xylenes <u>PPB</u> 0.5	TPH ₈ <u>PPB</u> 50	
SAMPLE Laboratory Ide	ntificat	ion:					
MW-6 W0895321		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	

ppb = Parts per billion = ug/L = micrograms per liter

ND = Not detected. Compound(s) may be present at concentrations below the reporting limit.

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

BTEX- Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylene isomers (BTEX) are analyzed by using EPA Method 602 which utilizes a gas chromatograph (GC) equipped with a photoionization detector (PID).

TPHg-Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (low-to-medium boiling points) are analyzed by using modified EPA Method 8015, which utilizes a GC equipped with an FID.

Laboratory Representative

Excelo Environme	ntal Labs				rth	6 W Hi (9	ghl 16)	and 334	is, 1-86	CA 61	956	60			C	НА	IN-	-OF	C	ะบร	то	Đ١	ſR	EC	OF	RD	ΑN	۱D	ΑN	IAI	LY:	SIS	RI	EQL	JES	ST	
Project Manager	Basset	H		(4	 S	hone	#: 96	-/	04	/							ΑN	IAL	.YS	SIS	RE	ວບ	ES	T					-		G	9:	500	CB		TA	١T
Project Manager Bill Company/Addre Fug Yo Project Number: 9437	west, - 762	<i>5. F.</i> ₀ ,6 2.0.#: 3	CA	A	HI P Jav	FAX #	1: 29 11 Na	76 ime:	- <u>c</u> tou	194 Isih	14 g				BTEX/TPH as Gasoline (602/8020/8015)		ú	Total Oil & Grease IR (5520 B/E.F.C)									nitibility		etals Lary	X						RUSH SERVICE (12 hr) or (24 hr)	2wK)
Project Location:	da, Ci	4			2	amp! بمقرو(ler S	igna	ature	£					oline (60	(8015)	(5520 B)	1R (552	assay				Sticioes	3			sivity, lg		utant M	39.2)						(12 hr)	WICE (
Sample	Samı		С	onta			Ме	eth			Ma	trix		(8020)	as Gas		Grease (Grease	Fish Bio	3010	020	200	080 - Fe	240	3270	LEAD	, Corros	Metals	ulty Poll	0/7421/2	, Zn, Ni					FRVICE	RD SE
ID	DATE	TIME	VOA	SLEEVE 1L GLASS	1 L PLASTIC	호	HNO3	ICE	NONE	WATER	SOIL			BTEX (602/8020)	втехлрн	TPH as Diesel	Total Oil & Grease (5520 B/F F)	Total Oil	96 - Hour Fish Bioassay	EPA 601/8	EPA 602/8020	EPA 615/8150	EPA 608/8080 - Pesticioes	EPA 624/8240	EPA 625/8270	ORGANIC LEAD	Reactivity, Corrosivity, Ignitibility	CAM - 17 Metals	EPA - Priority Pollutant Metals	LEAD(742	Cd, Cr, Pb, Zn, Ni					RUSH SERVICE (12 hr) or (24 hr)	STANDARD SERVICE (2wk)
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Analytical Laboratory Division **Mobile Laboratory Division** Scientific Division

Metal, EPA Method 6010 Project: Alameda Housing (9437-7623)

Attention:

Mr. John Somers

Excelchem Env. Labs 500 Giuseppe Ct., Suite 9

Roseville, CA 95678

Date Received:

Aug 16, 1995

Date Analyzed:

Date Requested: Aug 22, 1995 Aug 24, 1995

Invoice #:

5356

Matrix: Water

Units: mg/L

Lab ID	Client ID	Lead (Pb) Result	Reporting Limit	Dilution 1:
ST95-08-1166A	MW-1	ND	0:010	1
ST95-08-1167A	MW-2	ND	0.010	1
ST95-08-1168A	MW-3	ND	0.010	1
ST95-08-1169A	MW-4	ND	0.010	1
ST95-08-1170A	MW-5	ND	0.010	1
ST95-08-1171A	MW-6	ND	0.010	1

ppm = parts per million = mg/L = milligrams per Liter

ND = Not Detected. Compound(s) may be present at concentrations below the detection limit.

R. L. James, Principal Chemist

Aug 25, 1995

Date Reported

SPARGER TECHNOLOGY ANALYTICAL LABORATORY, INC. IS CERTIFIED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES AS A HAZARDOUS WASTE TESTING LABORATORY (Certification No. 1614)



Analytical Laboratory Division Mobile Laboratory Division Scientific Division

Metal LCS / LCSD Recoveries

Attention:

Mr. John Somers

Date Samples:

Aug 16, 1995

Excelchem Env. Labs

Date Received:

Aug 22, 1995

500 Giuseppe Ct., Suite 9

Date Analyzed:

Aug 24, 1995

Roseville, CA 95678

Project #:

9437-7623

Project Name:

Alameda Housing

Client ID:

LCS/LCSD

LAB ID:

950723A

Matrix:

Water

Dilution:

Unit: (mg/L)

PARTY						- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Spike		LCS %		LCSD %	%
Element	Conc.	LCS	Recovery	LCSD	Recovery	RSD
Lead	1.0	0.99	99%	0.98	98%	1%

ppm= parts per million = mg/L = milligram per Liter

ND = Not Detected. Compound(s) may be present at concentrations below the detection limit.

R. L. James, Principal Chemist

Aug. 25, 1995

Date Reported



Analytical Laboratory Division Mobile Laboratory Division Scientific Division

Metal MS / MSD Recoveries

Attention:

Mr. John Somers

Date Sampled:

Aug 16, 1995

Excelchem Env. Labs

Date Received:

Aug 22, 1995

500 Giuseppe Ct., Suite 9 Roseville, CA 95678 Date Analyzed:

Aug 24, 1995

Project #:

9437-7623

Project Name:

Alameda Housing

Client ID:

MS/MSD

LAB ID:

ST95-08-1166A MS ST95-08-1166A MSD

Matrix:

Water

Dilution:

						Ur	nts: (mg/L)
	Sample	Spike		MS %		MSD %	%
Element	Conc.	Conc.	MS	Recovery	MSD	Recovery	RSD
Lead (Pb)	ND	1.0	0.78	78%	0.77	77%	1%
1							

ppm = parts per million = mg/L = milligram per Liter

ND = Not Detected. Compound(s) may be present at concentrations below the detection limit.

R. L. James, Principal Chemist

Aug. 25, 1995

Date Reported

SPARGER TECHNOLOGY ANALYTICAL LABORATORY, INC. IS CERTIFIED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES AS A HAZARDOUS WASTE TESTING LABORATORY (Certification No. 1614)

Excelchem 500 Giu Rose Environmental Labs								Giuseppe Court, Suite 9 Roseville, Ca. 95678 (916) 773-3664								CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD AND ANALY QUEST																					
Project Manager: Phone #:									ANALYSIS REQUEST															TA	Т												
John Somers								+-													П		7	T													
Company/Address: FAX						X #:	#:							15)														ТОТА	X	•)					(1 WK)	dau	
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9437-7623 A					Ja	m	ed	a F ature:	lou	51	29	_	88		1	۳									diffe		stals						0	2 8	*		
Project Location:						Sar	mpli	er S	Sign	ature:			0		oline (60)	(8015)		(5520 B/E	9 IR (552)	assay			sticides	Bs			pivity in	8.1	lutant M	39.2)					(12 hr)	AVICE (III)	RVICE (
Sample Sampling		pling	Container			F	Metho Preserv		i Matrix		rix	2/8020)	d as Gas	lesei	(8015)	R Grease	Total Oil & Grease IR (55	11811 010	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	EPA 615/8150	8080 · Pe	EPA 608/8080-PCBs	8240	0/28	ORGANIC LEAD Reactivity Corrosivity Ignitibility	Metals	EPA - Priority Pollutant Metals	20/7421/2	b, Zn, Ni				BUSH SERVICE (12 hr) or (24 hr)	TED SE	ARD SE		
ID	DATE	TIME	VOA	SLEEVE	1L GLASS		모	HNO3	JOE	NONE	WATER	SOIL		BTEX (602/8020)	BTEX/TPH as Gasoline (602/8020/8015)	ТРН as D	TPH as Oil (8015)	Total Oil & Grease (5520 B/E,F)	Total Oil	EDA 601	EPA 602/8020	EPA 615/	EPA 608/	EPA 608/	EPA 624/8240	CPA 625/82/0	Beactivity	CAM - 17	EPA - Pri	LEAD(7420/7421/239.2)	Cd, Cr, Pb, Zn, Ni				SHOLIS	FXPFDI	STANDARD SERVICE (200K) 5 AAU
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