# PHASE I ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT, DUBLIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SITE DUBLIN, CALIFORNIA

January 15, 1996

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Report Prepared for:

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PHASE I ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT DUBLIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SITE DUBLIN, CALIFORNIA

Kleinfelder Job Number 10-3002-34

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January 15, 1996



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#### 1.0 SUMMARY

The purpose of this Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment was to identify to the extent feasible pursuant to the processes described in ASTM Standard E1527-94, recognized environmental conditions in connection with the proposed Dublin Elementary School Site. The proposed school site is a 10-acre parcel located in the central portion of the County-owned Santa Rita property. The Santa Rita property was formerly Camp Shoemaker, a military base, and the Santa Rita Rehabilitation Center, a County prison and farm. At various times, the U.S. Navy, Air Force, Army and Immigration Service occupied Camp Shoemaker.

There is little information available on former uses of the proposed school site and surrounding lands. A site plan prepared in 1943 when it was part of a Naval base shows a large number of buildings on the site such as barracks, mess hall, boiler plant and cooks' quarters. A site plan prepared in 1959 and a USGS topographic map prepared in 1961 after it had become a County-owned facility do not show any buildings on the site. Presumably, the earlier buildings had all been removed by the time the site plan and map were prepared. It is reported that the county used portions of the site for growing tomatoes.

At the time of Kleinfelder's site visit in 1995, there were no standing buildings on the proposed school site or on surrounding properties except for two Quonset huts located to the south of proposed school site. However, the floor slabs/foundations for three former buildings were observed on the site. In addition, an open excavation was seen at the site of a former boiler plant at the northwest corner of Madigan Road and 4th Street. The open excavation marked the location where three underground fuel storage tanks had been removed. Much of the school site was covered by debris such as used lumber, stockpiled broken concrete, broken plumbing fixtures and scrap metal. Because of the amount of debris on the site, it was not possible to observe any stains that might exist under the debris.

Available information indicates that many of the former buildings on or near the site made use of asbestos-containing building materials. Also lead-based paint was in common use. When the buildings were demolished, it is possible that asbestos and lead were released to the environment and deposited on the soil. It is also possible that undocumented underground fuel storage tanks exist on the property, and that herbicides and pesticides were applied to the soil to combat weeds and mosquitoes.

Further investigation of the site is required before it can be stated that the site is environmentally acceptable for an elementary school. Specific recommendations are contained in Section 7.0.

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## 2.0 BACKGROUND AND SCOPE OF SERVICES

The proposed Dublin Elementary School site is an approximately 10-acre parcel located near the center of large area currently owned by Alameda County. This area was formerly part of the Santa Rita Rehabilitation Center and prior to that, a part of Camp Shoemaker, a U.S. military base. The property is currently vacant but was developed with various buildings in the past.

Kleinfelder's environmental site assessment was completed in general accordance with the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard Practice for Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process E1527-94. The scope of work was presented in our proposal 10-YP5-452, dated September 20, 1995, and included the following services:

- A general literature review of the geologic/hydrogeologic setting;
- A review of historical land use;
- A review of publicly available regulatory agency lists and databases;
- A reconnaissance-level site visit to observe conditions and activities;
- A brief survey of the adjacent parcels; and
- Preparation of a report of findings.

#### 3.0 SITE SETTING

#### 3.1 Site Location

At the time this assessment was initiated, the exact boundaries of the proposed school site had not been determined, and were not marked in the field. Therefore, for this assessment, the boundaries of the site were taken from an enlarged aerial photograph supplied by Dublin Unified School District.

Based on measurements taken from the aerial photograph, the proposed school site measures 700 feet from north to south and 650 feet from east to west. The computed area is 10.4 acres. The northern border lies 250 feet south of and parallel to 5th Street, and the western boundary lies along Morse Road. Madigan Road and 4th Street pass through the site, and divide it into four sub areas (See Plate 1).

#### 3.2 Street Names

During this assessment it was found that local streets within the County's property, including those adjacent to and passing through the proposed school site, have been identified by several names at various times. For this assessment, we have used those street names that appeared on street signs at the time of the site visit, October 20, 1995 (See Plate 1).

# 3.3 Topography

The United States Geological Survey's Dublin, California, Quadrangle 7.5 Minute Topographic Map was reviewed during the course of this assessment. The map was originally produced in 1961 and photo-revised in 1980.

The original 1961 map shows a large hospital complex consisting of many buildings and roads about 1,500 feet to the east of the proposed school site, and another complex of several buildings identified as the Santa Rita Rehabilitation Center about 2,000 feet south of the school site. The warehouses 3,000 feet southeast of the school site are also shown. An extensive pattern of roads exists throughout the entire County-owned property. No buildings are shown on or near the proposed school site on the 1961 original map.



In the 1980 revision, two small unidentified buildings are shown along the northern boundary of the proposed school site, but it cannot be determined if they are on or off the site. A large building is shown about 400 feet northwest of the proposed school site and small buildings are in place north and south of the site. The road pattern is still in place, and additional roads have been added. The hospital buildings and Santa Rita Rehabilitation Center are still in place.

The school site is shown to slope downward to the southwest. The elevation of the northeast corner of the property is about 370 feet above mean sea level, the southwest corner about 357 feet.

## 3.4 Geology / Hydrogeology

The site is located within the irregularly-shaped Livermore Valley. The Valley, which is approximately 3 miles wide and 14 miles long, extends between the Altamont Hills to the east and Pleasanton Ridge to the west. The valley floor slopes gently downward to the west with a difference in elevation of approximately 20 feet per mile. The Livermore Valley is surrounded by the Northern Diablo Range. The northwest-southeast trending Livermore Fault is located approximately 1.0 mile east of the site (Merrill & Seeley, Inc., 1980).

The site lies in the Camp Ground Water Subbasin of the Livermore Valley Groundwater Basin (Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, 1989). Water bearing zones (aquifers) within the basin consist generally of alluvial materials which have been deposited by streams draining the highlands. These materials are primarily composed of unconsolidated gravels, sands, silts, and clays.

A groundwater contour map prepared by Zone 7 of the Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District from data collected for the fall of 1994 indicates that groundwater in the site vicinity was at a depth of approximately 55 feet below ground surface (Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, 1995). The groundwater elevation contours on this map indicate that the groundwater flow direction in the vicinity of the school site was to the south. Borings made by Kleinfelder in 1995 at other locations in the Santa Rita property indicate that groundwater may be found at shallower depths than indicated by the Water Conservation District map.

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#### 4.0 SITE HISTORY

Substantial efforts were made during this assessment to locate and review information regarding the historical uses of the proposed school site and adjacent properties. These efforts were generally unsuccessful.

It is known that the lands now owned by Alameda County, of which the school site is part, were once part of Camp Shoemaker. That camp was apparently constructed and used by the United States Navy. Later the camp was an Air Force Base and an Army Base. It may have been used also by the U.S. Immigration Service. No specific information could be located which documented the ownership history of the property (including the proposed school site), or the facilities that were in place at various times.

The following paragraphs summarize the information that was available.

## 4.1 Prior Reports

A search was made for information or reports regarding the structures that formerly occupied the proposed school site and adjacent properties, as well as the types of operations that might have taken place on or near the site. The search was only partially successful.

Mr. Scott Seery of the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health provided a few undated pages from a larger unidentified report. The available portion includes a general map of the Santa Rita Rehabilitation Center showing the approximate location of underground and aboveground fuel storage tanks. Also included is a tabulation of the size, type of fuel stored, date of installation, and other statistics regarding each tank. The list includes 28 tanks, 2 of which are reported to be off-site at the Staples Ranch. This map and list are used by Mr. Seery to control tank site cleanup activities (See Section 5.2).

In January 1994, Versar, Inc. prepared a 'Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, County of Alameda, Santa Rita Property". At the time the Versar report was in preparation, demolition of County-owned buildings was underway, and the Phase I assessment deals mostly with conditions that might be expected during demolition (asbestos-containing materials in the buildings, lead-based paint, wood cleaning operations, hazardous chemicals onsite, etc.). The Versar report does summarize the status of underground tank removal and remediation efforts (see Section 5.2). The report does not provide much information on historical uses of the property.

Three documents were reviewed at the City of Dublin Planning Department. The first was the 'Tentative Parcel Map Number 6879" filed by Alameda County. The map, which consists of five sheets, was prepared by Brian Kangas Foulk, and was dated March 23, 1995. On the proposed school site, there are outlines of three structures, each of which is labeled 'Ruined Foundation'. The map also shows a 20-foot wide waterline easement along the south side of 4th Street passing through the school site. On all five sheets, the following easement note appears:

"All easements to remain except the 20 foot wide waterline easement per 2439 O.R. 213 and 2439 O.R. 222. The waterline within said easement has been abandoned and the easement is to be quit claimed."

The other two documents reviewed at the City of Dublin Planning Department were the 'Eastern Dublin Specific Plan" dated January 7, 1994, and the 'Draft Environmental Impact Report, Eastern Dublin General Plan Amendment and Specific Plan". Neither presented any historical information on the area surrounding the proposed school site.

It was learned that Woodward-Clyde Consultants prepared a Phase I site assessment for Camp Parks. However, this assessment reportedly covers only the present boundaries of Camp Parks and does not include the former Camp Shoemaker or the proposed school site. Therefore, the Woodward-Clyde report was not reviewed during this assessment.

# 4.2 Aerial Photographs

The following aerial photographs of the site and vicinity were reviewed at the library maintained by Pacific Aerial Surveys of Oakland, California:

Date	I.D. Number	Scale
May 16, 1957	AV-253-26-40(41)	1:12,000
May 15, 1969	AV-903-05-19(20)	1:12,000
May 05, 1978	AV-1498-05-20(21)	1:12,000
August 8, 1988	AV-3368-25-39(40)	1:12,000
July 5, 1994	ALA-AV-4625-27-33(34)	1:12,000



## 4.2.1 Proposed School Site

The proposed school site appeared essentially the same in all of the photographs reviewed for this assessment. Two structures were present on-site. One small building was located on the northwest corner of the intersection of 4th Street and Madigan Road. This building was observed only in the 1957 photographs. The purpose of the building could not be established from our review of the aerial photograph. What appeared to be an excavation was noted in this area in the 1988 and later photographs. The outline of this excavation corresponded to the outline of the one observed during the site visit by Kleinfelder's representative (see Section 6). Another small structure was located on the west side of Madigan Road. This appeared to be the former loading ramp observed during our site visit (see Site Plan, Plate 2). This structure was noted in the 1969 and later photographs.

What appeared to be former building foundations were noted in several areas in all of the photographs. As shown on the Site Plan, Plate 2, two of these areas generally corresponded to the outline of the large building foundation and the paved area located to the northwest and southwest, respectively, of the intersection of 4th Street and Madigan Road. A third area was located to the northeast of this intersection. These areas were light colored and divided into squares measuring approximately 10 feet on each side.

Large quantities of debris, vehicles, semi-trailers and what appeared to be storage bins were noted on the southern portion of the site in all of the photographs reviewed for this assessment.

Madigan Road, Morse Road, 4th Street and 5th Street were present in all of the photographs reviewed.

# 4.2.2 Surrounding Areas

The area surrounding the proposed school site appeared generally the same in all of the photographs reviewed for this assessment. The parcels adjoining the site were undeveloped with some in use as agricultural land. Several buildings were noted to the west of the site and numerous buildings were observed to the south of the site along Dublin Boulevard and Interstate 580. These buildings included those associated with the former Santa Rita Rehabilitation Center and those formerly used for warehouses and storage buildings by Camp Parks.

Numerous roads were observed in the site vicinity in the photographs reviewed. The secondary roads were generally not maintained in later photographs. Interstate 580 (formerly Highway 50)



was present in all of the photographs reviewed for this assessment. Lanes were added to the Interstate in both the eastbound and westbound directions over the years. By the time of the 1994 photographs, Hacienda Drive had been extended across Interstate 580 and Dublin Boulevard had been rerouted to its present configuration.

## 4.3 Camp Parks Public Information Office

Camp Parks has recently inaugurated a historical display in its public information office. On November 28, 1995, Charles Wolfe of Kleinfelder met with Lynn Schaack, Public Information Officer, to review any documents that might be available in the Camp Parks Historical Collection on the former Camp Shoemaker.

The earliest document available was a 'Plot Plan' dated April 22, 1943, for the Naval Personnel Center. This plan showed the entire area north of Interstate 580 (then U.S. 50) between Tassajara Road and Sebille Road. According to the Plot Plan, the camp was densely Developed with many buildings and more roads than at present. (The roads also had different names.)

In the proposed school site on the Plot Plan, a large building identified as a subsistence structure (mess hall?) occupied most of the block bounded by what are now 5th Street, Madigan Road, 4th Street and Morse Road. A smaller structure located in the same block was identified as a boiler house. On the south side of 4th Street, the only building between Morse Road and Madigan Road was identified as the Cooks' Quarters. On the east side of Madigan Road and south of 4th Street were a large number of buildings identified as barracks. No buildings were shown on the parcel north of 4th Street and east of Madigan Road.

A series of additional site plans dated in the early 1940's were available, but uses of the individual buildings were not identifiable. In general, location and number of buildings seemed similar to the 1943 Naval Personnel Center.

A "General Site Map" prepared by the U.S. Army and dated December 1, 1959, was vastly different than the earlier site plans. Most of the buildings were gone, the number of roads had been decreased, and the names had been changed. No buildings were shown on the proposed school site. A complex of four buildings between 5th and 4th Streets and west of Morse Road were the only buildings in the vicinity of the school site. Based on a 'Schedule of Existing Facilities" prepared by the Department of Air Force in January 1959, this complex included a concrete swimming pool, a Quonset hut used as a change house, a snackbar/cafe and a water treatment plant for the swimming pool. The swimming pool was constructed in 1944, the other

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three buildings were constructed in 1955. This complex is probably the large building seen on the 1980 photo revision of the Dublin USGS topographic map discussed earlier.

# 4.4 Alameda County Sheriff's Department Archives

The Alameda County Sheriff's Department has established an archive staffed by volunteer workers. Contact was made with Mary Matzek, one of the volunteers, who is compiling a history of the Santa Rita Property. Ms. Matzek said she and her husband used to live in Camp Shoemaker, and that her husband was in charge of demolishing the buildings. Her work on the archives involves obtaining oral histories and other information. Ms. Matzek reported that one of the abandoned buildings at the former naval hospital contains building plans for many of the former buildings at Camp Shoemaker.

Mr. George Matzek stated that most of the original military buildings were constructed with board and batten exteriors, and asbestos-containing wallboard in the interiors. He said that the County obtained the property in 1947 and that most of the buildings were gone by 1949. The County did not construct any new buildings, but did farm tomatoes in much of the area.

## 4.5 Newspaper Clippings

Kleinfelder's representative, Lita Freeman, reviewed numerous historical newspaper clippings at the Pleasanton Library for information on the proposed school site and vicinity. According to information contained in the clippings, various radiological experiments were conducted at Camp Parks in the past. These experiments included exposing livestock (generally sheep, cattle and pigs) to lethal doses of radiation. The animal carcasses were reportedly buried in pits located on Camp Parks. According to sources contacted by the newspaper reporters during their story research, these pits were generally located in the hills to the north of the school site. One story revealed, however, that animal carcasses were encountered during construction of the new Santa Rita Jail facility located at the northeast of the school site. No information was available in the newspaper clippings that indicated that radiological experiments were conducted on the proposed school site or that animal carcasses were buried there.



## 5.0 REGULATORY AGENCY REVIEW

# 5.1 Regulatory Agency Database Review

During the course of this assessment, a number of regulatory agency databases and lists were reviewed, as described below.

# 5.1.1 Proposed School Site

A review of the 1990 Munger Map book did not reveal the presence of any active or inactive oil and gas wells on the proposed school site. In addition, our review of the California Water Resources Control Board 1991 Well Investigation Program did not indicate the presence of any contaminated public drinking water wells on or near the site.

The Bay Area Air Quality Management District was not contacted for information on air permits, citations, violations or other enforcement history for the project site due to the absence of on-site facilities that would require air permits.

During the course of this assessment, Kleinfelder obtained and reviewed information available from Federal, State, and local regulatory agencies to help establish if any contamination incidents or information on hazardous substances use, storage, and disposal have been reported for the school site. This information was provided by Vista Information Solutions, Inc. Vista utilizes a geographical information system to plot the locations of reported incidents. This information was reviewed by Kleinfelder to help establish if the proposed school site has been included on the noted databases and lists.

Descriptions of each of the regulatory agency lists, including the date of the lists, are included at the end of the Vista Site Assessment Plus Report presented in Appendix A. The agency lists reviewed during the course of this assessment are as follows:



AGENCY	DATABASE	TYPE OF RECORD
US EPA	NPL	Sites designated for Superfund cleanup by
		the US EPA
US EPA	CORRACTS	RCRA facilities undergoing corrective action
US EPA	TSD	Facilities that treat, store and/or dispose of
		hazardous waste
STATE	AWP(SPL)	Sites prioritized by the State for cleanup
US EPA	CERCLIS	Sites under review by the US EPA
STATE	CAL-SITES (SCL)	Sites under review by the State
STATE/REG/CO	LUST	Sites with leaking underground storage tanks
STATE/REG/CO	SWLF	Sites permitted as solid waste landfills,
		incinerators, or transfer stations
STATE	DEED RSTR	Sites with deed restrictions
REGIONAL	NORTH BAY	Sites on North Bay toxic list.
STATE	CORTESE	Sites on state index of properties with spills
STATE	TOXICS	Sites with solvents/toxics contamination
USEPA	RCRA VIOL	RCRA violations/enforcement actions
USEPA	TRIS	Total Release Inventory Database
STATE	UST/AST	Sites with registered underground or
		aboveground storage tanks
US EPA	ERNS	Sites with reported accidental releases of oil
		and hazardous substances
US EPA	GNRTR	Sites that generate large or small quantities
		of hazardous waste

According to the information obtained from Vista, the site is not included on any of these databases.

# 5.1.2 Surrounding Areas

Vista also searched the various regulatory agency databases for reported sites in the surrounding area within the specified search radii of the site, as presented below. A copy of the Vista Site Assessment Plus Report, which includes a vicinity map, is presented in Appendix A. The lists and radii searched are as follows:



	AND 10 MIN A 1994 A	
AGENCY	DATABASE	···
overno co a povven mo a Marie.		
SITES SEARCHED TO 1 MILE:		
US EPA	NPL	
US EPA	CORRACTS	
US EPA	TSD	
STATE	AWP (SPL)	
SITES SEARCHED TO 1/2 MILE:		
US EPA	CERCLIS	
STATE	CAL-SITES (SCL)	
STATE/REG/CO	LUST	
STATE/REG/CO	SWLF	
STATE	DEED RSTR	
REGIONAL	NORTH BAY	
REGIONAL	SOUTH BAY	
STATE	CORTESE	
STATE	TOXICS	
SITES SEARCHED TO 1/4 MILE:		
YIG ED A	RCRA VIOL	
US EPA	TRIS	
US EPA	UST/AST	
STATE	U31/A31	
ADJOINING PROPERTIES:		
US EPA	ERNS	
US EPA	GNRTR	
US EFA	OLUCIA	

According to the information obtained from Vista, no confirmed contamination incidents have been reported within the specified search radii. (The CERCLIS data base does contain one listing for the Onizuka Air Force Base Camp Parks Communication Annex in Pleasanton, California. The exact location of this site is not known, but a communications station is shown about 1.5 miles north of the proposed school site on the Dublin Quadrangle Map.)



## 5.2 Alameda County Department Of Environmental Health

As noted previously, the Phase I Environmental Site Assessment of the Santa Rita Property prepared by Versar in January 1994 lists several parcels with underground storage tanks (USTs). Removal and closure of these tanks is being managed by the Alameda County General Services Agency (GSA) under the jurisdiction of the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health (DOEH). On November 1, 1995, Charles Wolfe of Kleinfelder met with Scott Seery, Senior Hazardous Materials Specialist with DOEH, to review the status of the UST program. The following paragraphs summarize information obtained from Mr. Seery and our review of the Versar report and other file material.

At one time, there were 26 identified storage tanks located on the Santa Rita property of which 14 were reported to be above ground (Numbers 8, 13, 14, 15, 17, 24, 25 and 26). As far as known, no investigation has been made at the former above ground tank (AST) sites. There has been extensive investigation at the locations of the USTs.

## 5.2.1 Proposed School Site

USTs 4, 4A and 4B were located at the northwest corner of 4th Street and Madigan Road, within the proposed school site. Two large tanks (8,000 and 10,000 gallons, respectively) had been used to store Bunker C fuel oil for a boiler house. The third tank (3,500 gallons), which was discovered while the larger tanks were being removed, had been used to store diesel fuel. All three tanks were removed in 1992. Concentrations of diesel up to 15,000 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) were found in soil samples taken at the time of removal. Approximately 500 cubic yards of soil were excavated and stockpiled. The aerated soil was resampled in 1993 and the maximum diesel concentration was found to be less than 50 parts per million (ppm) in all but one sample which was 100 ppm. In July 1994, Alameda County DOEH allowed the aerated soil to be spread on the site. In May 1995, Environmental Science and Engineering supervised the spreading of the soil in an area on the west side of Madigan Road south of 4th Street. The spread soil covered an area about 40 feet wide and 180 feet long. (See Appendix C, correspondence dated July 18, 1994, and July 17, 1995.)

DOEH also asked that additional subsurface investigation be performed at the tank site to assess the impact of the diesel release on soil and groundwater. In October, 1995, Versar submitted a report on its investigation, which showed that diesel fuel and gasoline compounds (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes-BTEX) were not detected in all 20 soil and 2 groundwater samples. A low concentration of diesel fuel (84 micrograms per liter, µg/L) was found in one



groundwater sample. This was not considered by Versar to be a threat to human health or the environment. (See Appendix C, Verser correspondence dated October 23, 1994).

## 5.2.2 Surrounding Areas

USTs 1, 2 and 3 were located northeast of 4th Street about 1,000 feet west of the proposed school site. These three tanks, which were used to store Bunker C fuel oil for a boiler plant, were removed in 1988 by Gregg and Associates. In June 1995, Environmental Science and Engineering, as successors to Gregg, confirmed that the site had been overexcavated to remove oil-impacted soils. These soils had been disposed of in 1993. No petroleum was detected in groundwater. It is expected that this site will be officially closed in the near future.

UST sites 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 12A were located south of Dublin Boulevard about 2,000 feet from the proposed school site in a down-gradient direction with respect to movement of groundwater. All these tanks have been removed and the sites have been approved for closure by DOEH.

USTs 18 and 19 were located at the former naval hospital about 1,500 feet east of the proposed school site. No noteworthy evidence of leakage was found when the tanks were removed, and DOEH has issued a closure letter for these tanks. The hospital site was also used to stockpile soil extracted from the UST 18/19 closure, tank closures at "Old Greystone" (the current name for the former Santa Rita Rehabilitation Center), and from a tank removal at Highland Hospital in Oakland. DOEH has allowed all this material to be spread at the former military hospital in areas anticipated for commercial or industrial development.

Tank 23 was located about 2,000 feet northeast of the school site. Although there is evidence that diesel oil entered the soil and migrated downhill towards the school, it was stated by Mr. Seery that the migrating oil does not pose a threat due to the distance involved.

In addition to the 26 identified fuel storage tanks, it is possible that other underground tanks may exist or have been removed from the Santa Rita property. In 1990, Alameda County GSA applied for removal of two 6,000-gallon fuel oil tanks. The location given was vague, but the site appeared to be near the northeast corner of the proposed school site. According to Mr. Seery, no action was ever taken under this permit. Mr. Seery has requested that Alameda County GSA research this matter to see if tanks are or were installed at northwest corner of the proposed school site. During Kleinfelder's site visit on October 20, 1995, two metal-bordered openings were noted in the remnants of the concrete floor that still remained at the locations (see Plate 2). Whether these were former oil-tank filler holes could not be determined.



#### 6.0 SITE RECONNAISSANCE AND DRIVE-BY SURVEY

On October 20, 1995, Charles Wolfe of Kleinfelder visited the proposed school site to observe environmental conditions involving the current or past use, storage, disposal, and handling of hazardous substances. This section summarizes the observations. Plate 2 presents a site plan showing the locations of the items discussed in the following paragraphs. Plates 3 through 5 present photographs of significant items. A completed ASTM questionnaire is included in Appendix B.

#### 6.1 Site Conditions

#### 6.1.1 General

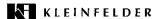
At the time of the visit, the school site was devoid of any buildings, although there were remnants of concrete floors and foundations indicating where buildings had been. Much the rest of the area was covered by dense grasses, thistles and brush or by debris of various sorts, and it was not possible to see most of the soil surface to observe stains. Madigan Road north of 5th Street and 5th Street were paved, all roads and streets south of 5th Street were gravel. A series of fire hydrants are scattered throughout the County-owned property, two of which (FP24 and FP25) were located within the school site (See Plate 2).

In general there was debris of various types (broken concrete, lumber, metal, plumbing fixtures, etc.) scattered over most of the school site.

Madigan Road and 4th Street divide the proposed school site into four rectangular areas. The following site observations in each of these quadrants are described, starting with the northwest sector.

#### 6.1.2 Northwest Sector

In the portion of the proposed school site lying north of 4th Street between Morse Road and Madigan Road there was a large, fenced excavation that appeared to be the site where underground tanks had been removed (Photo 1, Plate 3). The excavation was just north of a concrete structure which was likely part of the foundation for a boiler house. Based on information obtained during the agency review, this was the site where tanks 4, 4A, and 4B were removed. The excavation had apparently been open for some time judging by the growth of



weeds in the bottom of the pit. There were several closed, unmarked 55-gallon drums standing next to the fence.

Along the western side of this sector there were two open sewer manholes and an open concrete pit, the purpose of which is unknown. The pit was partially backfilled with dirt and rubble, and bottom could not be seen. The sewer manholes were essentially dry and clean.

#### 6.1.3 Southwest Sector

In the area south of 4th Street and west of Madigan Road, there was a large concrete-paved area parallel to 4th Street that extended most of the way from Morse Road to Madigan Road. The paving was not continuous, and weeds and brush were growing in many of the cracks. In addition, the surface was littered with all types of dry debris. In the areas where the concrete could be observed, no staining was noted.

The southern portion of the concrete-paved area appeared to be underlain by a concrete-walled vault of unknown dimensions and use. There were numerous openings of various sizes leading into the vault, one of which was under a steel scaffolding (see Photo 2, Plate 3). The vault was partially filled with dirt and rubble and the bottom could not be seen.

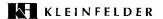
On the southern half of this sector there was more trash, particularly along the southern edge of the school site. Open 55-gallon drums (Photo 4, Plate 4), waste lumber (Photo 3, Plate 4) and other materials appeared to be stockpiled here awaiting disposal. The 55-gallon drums did not contain any liquids, but there was some soil and rubble in most of the drums. There was a truck loading ramp which was likely a remnant of the former military camp. An asphalt-paved area surrounded the loading ramp, but was in poor condition. No staining was noted.

#### 6.1.4 Southeast Sector

The portion of the site south of 4th Street and east of Madigan Road was vacant and apparently had been used for agricultural purposes. No remnants of floors or foundations were observed. The soil had recently been disked.

#### 6.1.5 Northeast Sector

The portion of the school site north of 4th Street and east of Madigan Road was mostly covered by demolition debris, primarily broken concrete (Photo 5, Plate 5). This material extended into other parcels adjacent to the proposed school site.



Under the concrete rubble, the remnants of a building floor and foundation could be seen. At two separate locations on the concrete floor, brass inserts were found that could have marked former locations of filler pipes for underground oil tanks. Both inserts were filled completely with dirt and it could not be determined where they led. There was no noticeable staining around either opening.

#### 6.2 Surrounding Areas

At the time of visit, lands adjoining the proposed school site were vacant, except for two parcels immediately south of the southwest quadrant (Plate 2). In this area, there was a fenced yard fronting on Morse Road. The yard was filled with trash such as plastic flower pots. In the southeast corner of the parcel there were two Quonset huts in poor condition. A large amount of debris was scattered around and to the west of the two buildings.

Along the north side of the school site and adjacent to Morse Road, were the remnants of the foundation for a large building. Lands west of Morse Road and east of the eastern school site boundary appeared to be open agricultural lands.



## 7.0 DISCUSSION OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The purpose of this Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment was to identify to the extent feasible pursuant to the processes described in ASTM Standard E1527-94, recognized environmental conditions in connection with the proposed Dublin Elementary School Site. The proposed school site is a 10-acre parcel located in the central portion of the County-owned Santa Rita property. The Santa Rita property was formerly Camp Shoemaker, a military base, and the Santa Rita Rehabilitation Center, a County prison and farm. At various times, the U.S. Navy, Air Force, Army and Immigration Service occupied Camp Shoemaker.

Based on current street names, the Dublin School site is located south of 5th Street and east of Morse Road. The site is intersected by 4th Street and Madigan Road.

There is little information available on former uses of the proposed school site and surrounding lands. A site plan prepared in 1943 when it was part of a Naval base shows a large number of buildings on the site such as barracks, mess hall, boiler plant and cooks' quarters. A site plan prepared in 1959 and a USGS topographic map prepared in 1961 after it had become a County-owned facility do not show any building on the site. Presumably, the earlier buildings had all been removed by the time the site plan and map were prepared.

At the time of Kleinfelder's site visit in 1995, there were no standing buildings on the proposed school site or on surrounding properties except for two Quonset huts located to the south of proposed school site. However, the floor slabs/foundations for three buildings were observed on the site. In addition, an open excavation was seen at the site of a former boiler plant at the northwest corner of Madigan Road and 4th Street. The open excavation marked the location where three underground fuel storage tanks had been removed.

Much of the school site was covered by debris such as used lumber, stockpiled broken concrete, broken plumbing fixtures and scrap metal. Because of the amount of debris on the site, it was not possible to observe any stains that might exist under the debris.

Available information indicates that many of the former buildings on or near the site made use of asbestos-containing building materials. Also lead-based paint was in common use. When the buildings were demolished, it is possible that asbestos and lead were released to the environment and deposited on the soil.



It is also possible that undocumented underground fuel storage tanks exist on the property, and that herbicides and pesticides were applied to the soil to combat weeds and mosquitoes.

#### Kleinfelder recommends that:

- All trash, rubble and other unwanted material should be removed from the site and disposed of properly. All concrete slabs, foundations and structures not to be used in the proposed school should be removed from the site and disposed of properly. Following cleanup of the site, Kleinfelder should make another site visit to look for stains or other evidence of possible soil contamination.
- 2. After unwanted concrete structures are removed from the site, a geophysical survey of the entire site (particularly the area northeast of the 4th Street/Madigan Road intersection) should be made to locate any remaining underground storage tanks (USTs), pipelines, etc. If any UST's are found, they should be removed properly.
- 3. The Dublin Unified School District should obtain a letter from the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health (DOEH) and/or the San Francisco Bay Regional water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) affirming that:
  - the former UST site number 4 at the northwest corner of 4th Street and Madigan Road has been closed satisfactorily and can be used as an elementary school location.
  - the reported 0.84 μg/L of diesel reported in the groundwater at UST site number 4 does not pose a threat to human health.
  - the aerated soil excavated from UST site number 4 that was spread along Madigan Road south of 4th Street does not pose a threat to human health.
- 4. The open pit from which underground fuel tanks were removed at UST site number 4 should be backfilled with clean soil after closure is obtained from DOEH and/or the RWQCB. The backfill should be properly compacted for structural purposes.
- 5. Even if subsequent site visits and geophysical surveys do not turn up additional causes of concern, and even if a letter is received from DOEH and/or RWQCB providing assurances that UST site number 4 is acceptable for construction of an elementary school, shallow soils over the entire site should be sampled and tested for petroleum hydrocarbons, pesticides, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) asbestos, lead, mercury and arsenic. Particular emphasis should be given to the area around the pit where the USTs were removed, roadways, former agricultural areas, and the area where the aerated soil was spread. Deeper samples should be collected from the partially backfilled concrete vault and concrete pit. In addition, deeper



samples should also be collected along the waterline easement, since trenches for such facilities can serve as conduits for movement of contaminants.

6. It would be prudent to have a radiological scan conducted across the entire site to allay public concern regarding the possibility of any lingering radioactivity from military experiments in the area.



#### 8.0 LIMITATIONS

The scope of work for this report was intended to provide a limited review of certain information related to the possibility of soil and/or groundwater contamination of the referenced site. This preliminary assessment was not intended to be comprehensive, identify all potential concerns, or eliminate the possibility of acquiring land with some degree of problems.

Our report of findings and recommendations are based on review of limited historical documents and information, regulatory agency communications, and site reconnaissance.

This document may be used only by Dublin Unified School District and only for the purposes stated. This report should not be relied upon after 180 days from the date of its issuance (ASTM Standard E1527-94, Section 4.6). Land use, site conditions (both on and offsite) or other factors may change over time, and additional work may be required with the passage of time.

Any party other than Dublin Unified School District who wishes to use this document shall notify Kleinfelder of such intended use by executing the "Application of Authorization to Use" which follows as Appendix D. Based on the intended use of the report, Kleinfelder may require that additional work be performed and that an updated document be issued. Non-compliance with any of these requirements by the Client or anyone else will release Kleinfelder from any liability resulting from the use of this document by any unauthorized party.

Kleinfelder performed this preliminary assessment with generally accepted standards of care that existed in Northern California at the time of the assessment. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made.



#### 9.0 REFERENCES

U.S. Geological Survey, <u>Dublin, California</u>, 7.5 minute quadrangle, 1961. Photorevised 1980

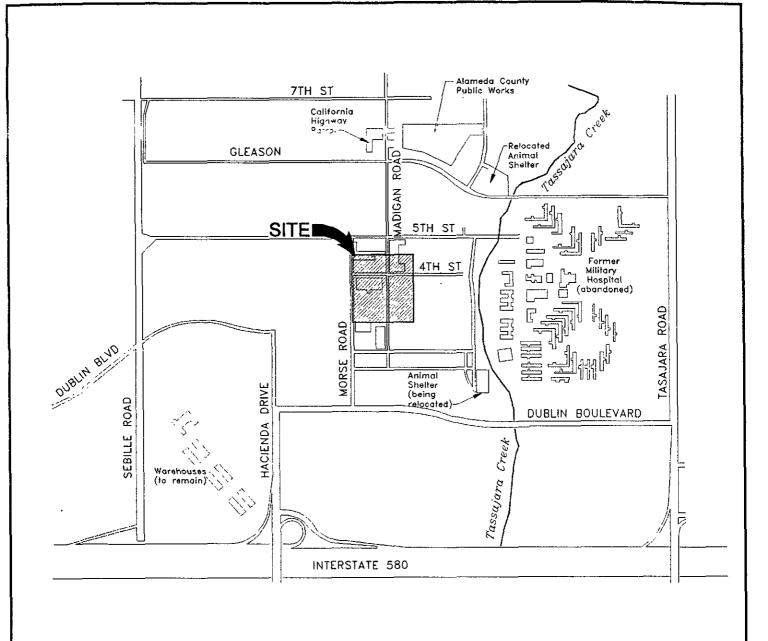
Versar, Inc., Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, County of Alameda, Santa Rita Property, 1994

County of Alameda, (2942) Santa Rita Rehabilitation Center, Undated (List of Tanks)

Wallace, Roberts and Todd, Eastern Dublin Specific Plan, 1994

Wallace, Roberts and Todd, <u>Draft Environmental Impact Report, Eastern Dublin General Plan</u>
Amendment and Specific Plan, 1994

Brian Kangas Foulk, Tentative Parcel Map, Number 6879, 1995



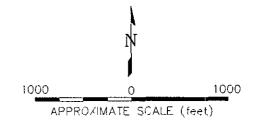


PLATE SITE LOCATION MAP KLEINFELDER DUBLIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SITE DATE: 11-7-95 DRAFTED BY: L. Sue DUBLIN, CALIFORNIA

DATE: 11-7-95

PROJECT NO. 10-300234-001

LOC dwg SITE G: PSA: 10300234

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CHECKED BY: C. Wolfe

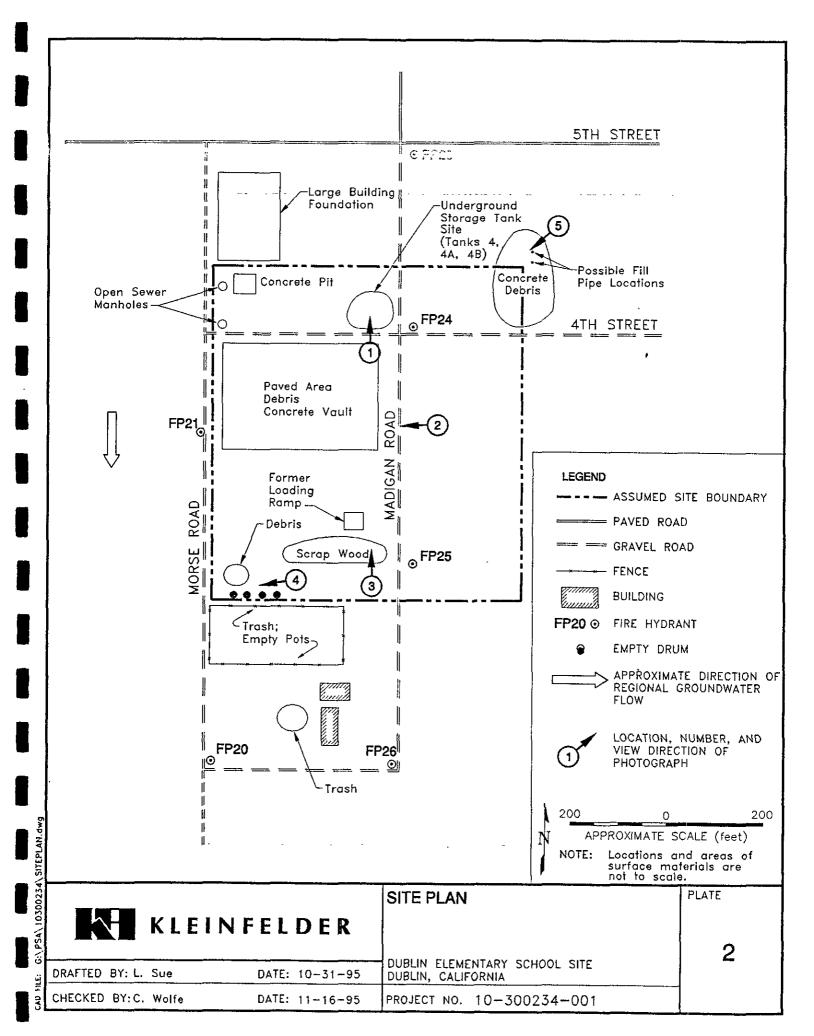






PHOTO 2. Concrete floor/roof over concrete vault Steel scaffold one of mary openings in foor/roof.

# KLEINFELDER

DRAFTED BY: L. Sue

CHICLID BY.C. Wolfe

DATE: 11-8-95

DATE: 11-8-95

SITE RECONNAISSANCE PHOTOGRAPHS OCTOBER 20, 1995

DUBLIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SITE DUBLIN, CALIFORNIA

PROJECT NO. 10-300234-001

PLATE

3





Open  $55-\mathrm{gcllon}$  drums and other debris along southern border of school site PHOTO 4.

# KLEINFELDER

DRAFIED BY, L. Sue

DATE: 11-8-95

DUBLIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SITE DUBLIN, CALIFORNIA

OCTOBER 20, 1995

PROJECT NO 10-300234-001

SITE RECONNAISSANCE PHOTOGRAPHS

ΡΙΑΤΓ

CHICLED BY: C. Wolfe

DATE: 11-8-95



PHOTO 5. Broken concrete waste pile at northwest corner of proposed school site.

KLEINFELDER

DATE: 11-8-95

DATE: 11--8--95

SITE RECONNAISSANCE PHOTOGRAPHS OCTOBER 20, 1995

DUBLIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SITE DUBLIN, CALIFORNIA

PROJECT NO 10 300234 001

PLATE

5

DRAFILD BY. L. Sue CHECKED BY C. Wolfe

# SITE ASSESSMENT PLUS REPORT

PROPERTY	CLIENT
INFORMATION	INFORMATION
Project Name/Ref #: 1070R-452/C2972 DUBLIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DUBLIN, CA 94566 Latitude/Longitude: ( 37 709331, 121.883636 )	LITA FREEMAN KLEINFELDER-PLEASANTON 7133 KOLL CENTER PKY STE 100 PLEASANTON, CA 94566

	Site Dis	tribution Summary	within 1/8 mile	1/8 to 1/4 mile	1/4 to 1/2 mile	1/2 to 1 mile
Agency / Da	atabase - Typ	e of Records				
A) Databas	es searched t	to 1 mile:			***	
US EPA	NPL	National Priority List	0	0	0	0
US EPA	CORRACTS	RCRA Corrective Actions	0	0	0	0
US EPA	TSD	RCRA permitted treatment, storage, disposal facilities	0	0	0	0
STATE	SPL	State equivalent priority list	0	0	0	0
B) Database	es searched t	to 1/2 mile:				
		171107				
US EPA	CERCLIS	Sites under review by US EPA	0	0	0	-
STATE	SCL	State equivalent CERCLIS list	0	0	0	
STATE REG		Leaking Underground Storage Tanks	0	0	0	
STATE/	SWLF	Permitted as solid waste landfills,				
REG/CO		incinerators, or transfer stations	0	0	0	_
STATE	DEED RSTR	Sites with deed restrictions	0	0	0	
REGIONAL	BAY	Sites on North Bay Toxic List	0	0	0	
REGIONAL	SOUTH BAY	Sites on South Bay Toxic List	0	0	0	
STATE	CORTESE	State index of properties with				
		hazardous waste	0	0	0	_
STATE	TOXIC PITS	Toxic Pits cleanup facilities	0	0		
C) Database	es searched t	o 1/4 mile:				
US EPA	RCRA Viol	RCRA violations/enforcement actions	0	0	ļ	
US EPA	TRIS	Toxic Release Inventory database	1 0	0	<u> </u>	
STATE	UST/AST	Registered underground or	-  -			
		aboveground storage tanks	0	0		
D) Database	s searched to	o 1/8 mile:				
US EPA	ERNS	Emergency Response Notification				
US EPA	GNRTR	System of spills RCRA registered small or large	·     .		<del></del> [.	
	CINICIN	generators of hazardous waste	0	_	_	_



For more information call VISTA Information Solutions, Inc. at 1 - 800 - 767 - 0403.

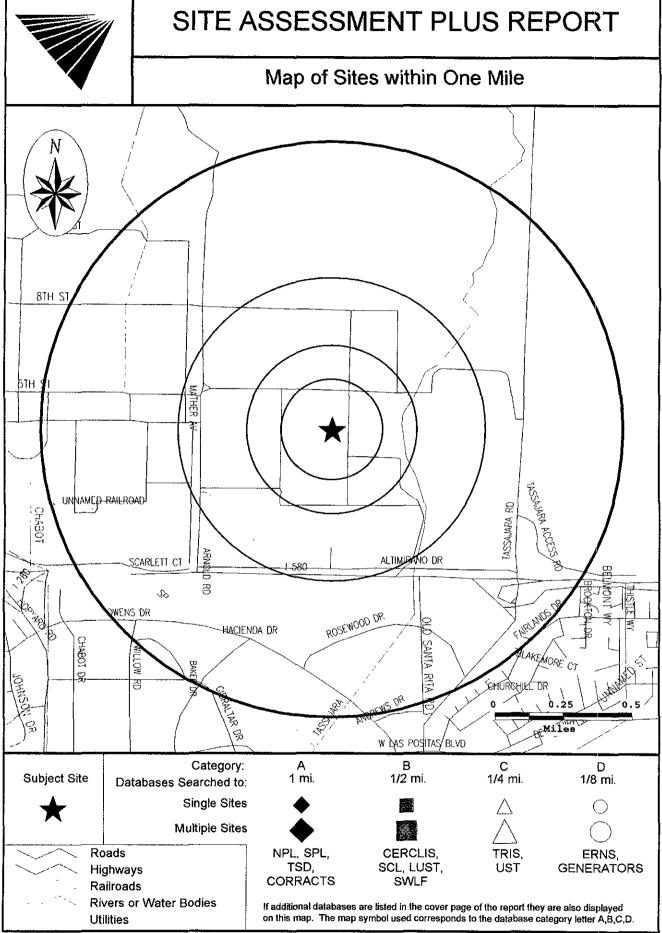
Report ID: 087575-001

Date of Report: October 26, 1995

Page #1

This geographic database search meets the American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM) standards for a government records review. A (-) indicates the search distance exceeds ASTM search parameters.
government records review A () indicates the search distance exceeds ASTM search personators
get strained to book to view. A (-) indicates the search distance exceeds AS I'm search parameters.
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NOTES





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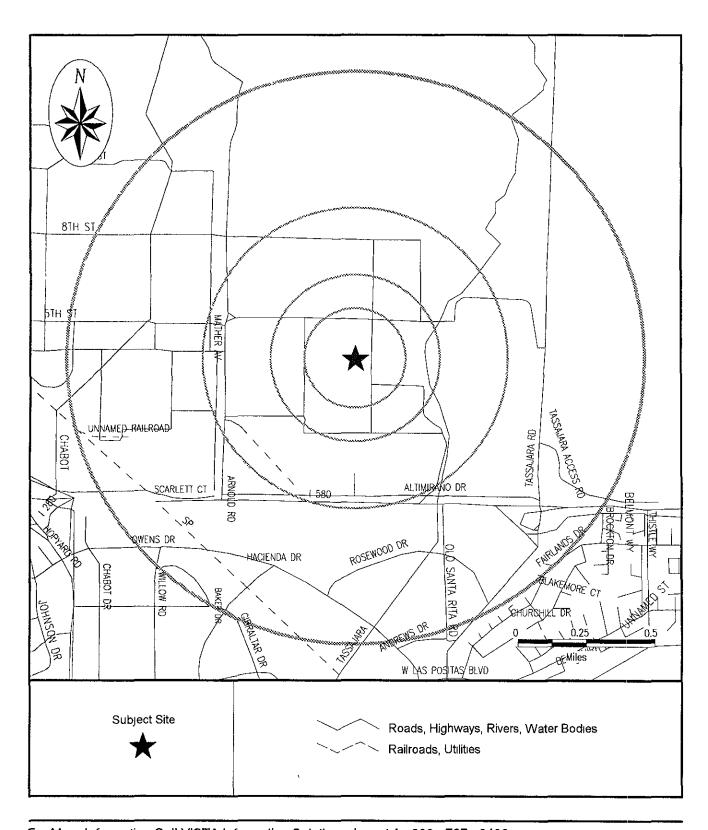
Report ID: 087575-001

Date of Report: October 26, 1995
Page #3



# SITE ASSESSMENT PLUS REPORT

# Street Map



# SITE ASSESSMENT PLUS REPORT

# SITE INVENTORY

MAP ID	PARA CORTESE  I DOXIC PITS  I	GNRTR				
	No Records Found					
MAP ID	C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C	GNRTR				
	No Records Found					
MAP ID	SITES IN THE SURROUNDING AREA (within 1/4 - 1/2 mile)  SOUTH BAY S	GNRTR				
	No Records Found					
MAP ID	SITES IN THE SURROUNDING AREA (within 1/2 - 1 mile)	GNRTR				
	No Records Found					



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UNMAPPED SITES	VISTA ID	NPL	CORRACTS	TSD	SPL	CERCLIS	SCL	LUST	DEFD RSTR	NORTH BAY	SOUTH BAY	CORTESE	TOXIC PITS	RCRA VIOL	TRIS	USITASI	GNRTR
CAMP PARKS COMMUNICATION ANNEX ONIZUKA AIR FORCE BASE PLEASANTON, CA 94566	67799					x								: [			



# SITE ASSESSMENT PLUS REPORT

#### **DETAILS**

PROPERTY AND THE ADJACENT AREA (within 1/8 mile)

No Records Found

SITES IN THE SURROUNDING AREA (within 1/8 - 1/4 mile)

No Records Found

SITES IN THE SURROUNDING AREA (within 1/4 - 1/2 mile)

No Records Found

SITES IN THE SURROUNDING AREA (within 1/2 - 1 mile)

No Records Found



#### **UNMAPPED SITES**

VISTA Address*: CAMP PARKS COMMU ONIZUKA AIR FORCE PLEASANTON, CA 945	BASE	VISTA ID#:	67799		
CERCLIS / SRC# 2510		EPA ID.	CA6210490458		
Agency Address:	SAME AS ABOVE	***************************************			
NPL Status:	NOT A PROPOSED, CURF	RENT, OR DELETED NP	L SITE		
Site Ownership:	FEDERALLY OWNED				
Lead Agency:	NO DETERMINATION		-		
Site Description:	NEW CERCLIS SITEWORK PLAN QAP, DRAFT, FOR SITE 6WORK PLAN QAP SAMPLE PLAN RIFS SITE 6				
Regional CERCLIS / SRC# 2462		EPA ID:	CA6210490458		
Agency Address:	SAME AS ABOVE				
Regional Utility Description:					
NEW CERCLIS SITE					
Regional CERCLIS / SRC# 2462		EPA ID:	CA6210490458		
Agency Address:	SAME AS ABOVE				
Regional Utility Description:					
WORK PLAN QAP, DRAFT, FOR SITE 6					
Regional CERCLIS / SRC# 2462		EPA ID:	CA6210490458		
Agency Address:	SAME AS ABOVE				
Regional Utility Description: WORK PLAN QAP SAMPLE PLAN RIFS SITE 6					



### SITE ASSESSMENT PLUS REPORT

#### DESCRIPTION OF DATABASES SEARCHED

#### A) DATABASES SEARCHED TO 1 MILE

NPL

VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1 mile of your property.

SRC#: 2435 The agency release date for NPL was May, 1995.

The National Priorities List (NPL) is the EPA's database of uncontrolled or abandoned hazardous waste sites identified for priority remedial actions under the Superfund program. A site must meet or surpass a predetermined hazard ranking system score, be chosen as a state's top priority site, or meet three specific criteria set jointly by the US Dept of Health and

Human Services and the US EPA in order to become an NPL site.

SPL SRC#: 2293 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1 mile of your property.

The agency release date for Calsites Database: Annual Workplan Sites was April, 1995.

This database is provided by the Cal. Environmental Protection Agency, Dept. of Toxic Substances Control. Annual Work Plan (AWP) sites and sites where Preliminary

Endangerment Assessments are a high priority are included.

CORRACTS SRC#: 2465 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1 mile of your property. The agency release date for RCRA Corrective Action Sites List was June, 1995.

The EPA maintains this database of RCRA facilities which are undergoing "corrective action". A "corrective action order" is issued pursuant to RCRA Section 3008 (h) when there has been a release of hazardous waste or constituents into the environment from a RCRA facility. Corrective actions may be required beyond the facility's boundary and can be required regardless of when the release occurred, even if it predates RCRA.

RCRA-TSD SRC#: 2465 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1 mile of your property.

The agency release date for RCRIS was June, 1995.

The EPA's Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Program identifies and tracks hazardous waste from the point of generation to the point of disposal. The RCRA Facilities database is a compilation by the EPA of facilities which report generation, storage, transportation, treatment or disposal of hazardous waste. RCRA TSDs are facilities which treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste.

#### B) DATABASES SEARCHED TO 1/2 MILE

CERCLIS SRC#: 2509 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property. The agency release date for CERCLIS was March, 1995.

The CERCLIS List contains sites which are either proposed to or on the National Priorities List(NPL) and sites which are in the screening and assessment phase for possible inclusion on the NPL. The information on each site includes a history of all pre-remedial, remedial, removal and community relations activities or events at the site, financial funding information for the events, and unrestricted enforcement activities.



NFRAP VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property. SRC#: 2510 The agency release date for CERCLIS was March, 1995.

NFRAP sites may be sites where, following an initial investigation, no contamination was found, contamination was removed quickly, or the contamination was not serious enough to require Federal Superfund action or NPL consideration.

Cal Cerclis SRC#: 2462 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property.

The agency release date for Ca Cerclis w/Regional Utility Description was June, 1995.

This database is provided by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9. These are regional utility descriptions for California CERCLIS sites.

SCL SRC#: 2292 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property The agency release date for Calsites Database: All Sites except Annual Workplan Sites (incl. ASPIS) was April, 1995.

This database is provided by the Department of Toxic Substances Control. These are lower priority than the SPL sites.

SWLF SRC#: 2232 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property. The agency release date for Ca Solid Waste Information System (SWIS) was March, 1995.

This database is provided by the Integrated Waste Management Board.

WMUDS SRC#: 2463 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property. The agency release date for Waste Management Unit Database System (WMUDS) was June, 1995.

This database is provided by the State Water Resources Control Board. This is used for program tracking and inventory of waste management units. This system contains information from the following eight main databases: Facility, Waste Management Unit, SWAT Program Information, SWAT Report Summary Information, Chapter 15 (formerly Subchapter 15), TPCA Program Information, RCRA Program Information, and Closure Information.

LUST SRC#: 2296 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property. The agency release date for Lust Information System (LUSTIS) was February, 1995.

This database is provided by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

LUST RG5 SRC#: 2520 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property. The agency release date for Region #5-Central Valley Undergound Tank Tracking System was July, 1995.

This database is provided by the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Region #5.

LUST RG2 SRC#: 2523 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property. The agency release date for Region #2-San Francisco Bay Fuel Leaks List was July, 1995.

This database is provided by the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Region #2



For more information call VISTA Information Solutions, Inc. at 1 - 800 - 767 - 0403.

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CORTESE SRC#: 2298 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property. The agency release date for Cortese List-Hazardous Waste Substance Site List was February, 1995.

This database is provided by the Office of Environmental Protection, Office of Hazardous Materials.

Deed Restrictions SRC#: 1703 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property. The agency release date for Deed Restriction Properties Report was April, 1994.

This database is provided by the Department of Health Services-Land Use and Air Assessment. These are voluntary deed restriction agreements with owners of property who propose building residences, schools, hospitals, or day care centers on property that is "on or within 2.000 feet of a significant disposal of hazardous waste".

Toxic Pits SRC#: 2229 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property. The agency release date for Summary of Toxic Pits Cleanup Facilities was February, 1995.

This database is provided by the Water Quality Control Board, Division of Loans Grants.

North Bay SRC#: 1718 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property. The agency release date for North Bay County Toxic List-Region #2 Surface Spills was April, 1994.

This database is provided by the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Region #2.

South Bay SRC#: 1719 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/2 mile of your property. The agency release date for South Bay Site Management System was April, 1994.

This database is provided by the San Francisco Bay Region.

#### C) DATABASES SEARCHED TO 1/4 MILE

RCRA-Viols/En VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/4 mile of your property. SRC#: 2465 The agency release date for RCRIS was June, 1995.

The EPA's Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Program identifies and tracks hazardous waste from the point of generation to the point of disposal. The RCRA Facilities database is a compilation by the EPA of facilities which report generation, storage, transportation, treatment or disposal of hazardous waste. RCRA Violators are facilities which have been cited for RCRA Violations at least once since 1980 RCRA Enforcements are enforcement actions taken against RCRA violators.

UST's SRC#: 1612 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/4 mile of your property.

The agency release date for Underground Storage Tank Registrations Database was January, 1994.

This database is provided by the State Water Resources Control Board, Office of Underground Storage Tanks.

AST's SRC#: 2297 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/4 mile of your property.

The agency release date for Aboveground Storage Tank Database was February, 1995.

This database is provided by the State Water Resources Control Board.



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**TRIS** 

SRC#: 2467

VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/4 mile of your property. The agency release date for TRIS was May, 1995.

Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (also known as SARA Title III) of 1986 requires the EPA to establish an inventory of Toxic Chemicals emissions from certain facilities (Toxic Release Inventory System). Facilities subject to this reporting are required to complete a Toxic Chemical Release Form(Form R) for specified chemicals.

#### D) DATABASES SEARCHED TO 1/8 MILE

**ERNS** 

SRC#: 2255

VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/8 mile of your property. The agency release date for ERNS was March, 1995.

The Emergency Response Notification System (ERNS) is a national database used to collect information on reported releases of oil and hazardous substances. The database contains information from spill reports made to federal authorities including the EPA, the US Coast Guard, the National Response Center and the Department of transportation. A search of the database records for the period October 1986 through September 1994 revealed the following information regarding reported spills of oil or hazardous substances in the stated area

RCRA-LgGen SRC#: 2465 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/8 mile of your property. The agency release date for RCRIS was June, 1995.

The EPA's Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Program identifies and tracks hazardous waste from the point of generation to the point of disposal. The RCRA Facilities database is a compilation by the EPA of facilities which report generation, storage, transportation, treatment or disposal of hazardous waste. RCRA Large Generators are facilities which generate at least 1000 kg./month of non-acutely hazardous waste ( or 1 kg./month of acutely hazardous waste).

RCRA-SmGen SRC#: 2465 VISTA conducts a database search to identify all sites within 1/8 mile of your property The agency release date for RCRIS was June, 1995.

The EPA's Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Program identifies and tracks hazardous waste from the point of generation to the point of disposal. The RCRA Facilities database is a compilation by the EPA of facilities which report generation, storage, transportation, treatment or disposal of hazardous waste. RCRA Small and Very Small generators are facilities which generate less than 1000 kg./month of non-acutely hazardous waste.

End of Report



#### **ASTM QUESTIONNAIRE**

PERSONS TO BE QUESTIONED. The following questions should be asked of (1) the current Owner of the Property, (2) any Major Occupant of the Property or, if the Property does not have any Major Occupants, at least ten percent of the Occupants of the Property, and (3) in addition to the current Owner and Occupants identified in (2), any Occupant likely to be using, treating, generating, storing or disposing of Hazardous Substances or Petroleum Products on or from the Property. A Major Occupant is any Occupant using at least forty percent (40%) of the leasable area of the Property or any anchor tenant when the Property is a shopping center. In a multifamily property containing both residential and commercial uses, the Preparer does not need to ask questions of the residential Occupants. The Preparer should ask each person to answer all questions to the best of the respondent's Actual Knowledge and in good faith. When completing the Site Visit column, the Preparer should be sure to observe the Property and any buildings and other structures on the Property. The Guide provides further details on the appropriate use of this Questionnaire.

Profond Dublin Eumen Thay

PROPOSED DUBLIN BLYMENTHAY

SCHOOL SITE, SANTA RUTA

FACILITY AREA

FACILITY ARRA			
Question	Owner	Occupants (if applicable)	Observed During Site Visit
I. Is the Property or any Adjoining     Property used for an industrial use?	Yes NoUnk1!	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk
2. To the best of your knowledge, has the Property or any Adjoining Property been used for an industrial use in the past?	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk`
•	UNS LOCKOLO LOINGS THAT		FORMER USES
3. Is the Property or any Adjoining Property used as a gasoline station, motor repair facility, commercial printing facility, dry cleaners, photo developing laboratory, junkyard or landfill, or as a waste treatment, storage, disposal, processing, or recycling facility?	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk
LARGE AMOUNTS	of bloken a	mente, SCAP	Lum Bra,

OCH MITTL AND TRASH SCATTERO OVER

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unk = Unknown or No Response (88)(C94545)

Question	Ои	ner		pants (if cable)	Observed During Site Visit
4. To the best of your knowledge, has the Property or any Adjoining Property been used as a gasoline station, motor repair facility, commercial printing facility, dry cleaners, phot developing laboratory, junkyard or landfill, or a waste treatment, storage, disposal, processing recycling facility?	as	o Unk	Yes	No Unk	Yes No Unk
Former use	oring	OTUN	noun	NERIA	BNOW USED
	<u> </u>		3 TZ. WV	N ICKLI K	
5. Are there currently, or to the best of your knowledge have there been previously, any damaged or discarded automotive or industrial batteries, or pesticides, paints, or other chemicals in individual containers of greater than five gallons in volume or fifty gallons in the aggregate, stored on or used at the Property or at the facility?	Yes No	o Unk	Yes	No Unk	Yes No Unk
6. Are there currently, or to the best of your knowledge have there been previously, any industrial Drums (typically 55 gallon) or sacks of chemicals located on the Property or at the facility?	Yes No	o Unk	Yes	No Unk	Yes No Unk
7. Has Fill Dirt been brought onto the Property that originated from a contaminated site or that is of an unknown origin?	Yes No	Unk	Yes	No Unk	Yes No Unk
	AVATE	o en	or. Fr		Thenine
LEAK VINAN		USTE V 51	IE ,	s Bran	serves on

Question		Owner		cupants (if licable)	Observed During Site Visit
8. Are there currently, or to the best of your knowledge have there been previously, any Pits, Ponds or Lagoons located on the Property in connection with waste treatment or waste disposal?	Yes	No Unk	Yes	No Unk	Yes No Unk
9. Is there currently, or to the best of your knowledge has there been previously, any stained soil on the Property?	Yes	No Unk	Yes	No Unk	Yes No Unk
CAN NOT	Sez	501L	SURFA	a ov	er much
OE S1 12	Dο	40	TRASA	ano u	2205.
10. Are there currently, or to the best of your knowledge have there been previously, any registered or unregistered storage tanks (above or underground) located on the Property?		No Unk	Yes	No Unk	Yes) No Unk
1992 From A	3172	NOR GE	NORTH 4	s were	conversion
MADICAN ROAD	1~0	474	stret	. M	
11. Are there currently, or to the best of your knowledge have there been previously, any vent pipes, fill pipes or access ways indicating a fill pipe protruding from the ground on the Property or adjacent to any structure located on the Property?	Yes	No Unk	Yes	No Unk	Yes No Unk

Question	Owner	Occupants (if applicable)	Observed During Site Visit
12. Are there currently, or to the best of your knowledge have there been previously, any flooring, drains, or walls located within the facility that are stained by substances other than water or are emitting foul odors?	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk
Bull	BANGS	HIVE ALL B	SZEN (KIMOVED
13. If the Property is served by a private well or non-public water system, have contaminants been identified in the well or system that exceed guidelines applicable to the water system or has the well been designated as contaminated by any government environmental/health agency?	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk
14. Does the Owner or Occupant of the Property have any knowledge of Environmental Liens or governmental notification relating to past or recurrent violations of environmental laws with respect to the Property or any facility located on the Property?	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk
15. Has the Owner or Occupant of the Property been informed of the past or current existence of Hazardous Substances or Petroleum Products or environmental violations with respect to the Property or any facility located on the Property?	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk	Yes) No Unk'
C) W NER	Ground un	ER CONTATIONATE	
301L 1 NO	しついいかいかい かんち	シュニー てぶったい ヤーブセッシン 人 人 アン	IN AT

Question	Owner	Occupants (if applicable)	Observed Duri		
16. Does the Owner or Occupant of the Property have any knowledge of any Environmental Site Assessment of the Property of facility that indicated the presence of Hazardous Substances or Petroleum Products on, or contamination of, the Property or recommended further assessment of the property?	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk		
Où ver	(Cornin)	no Versne pr	12-01.00- 6		
	1422 1 Si	TE ASSESSMENT			
	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				
17. Does the Owner or Occupant of the Property know of any past, threatened, or pending lawsuits or administrative	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk		
proceedings concerning a release or threatened release of any Hazardous	.41				
Substance or Petroleum Products involving Property by any Owner or Occupant of the					
18. Does the Property discharge waste water on or adjacent to the Property other than storm water into a sanitary sewer system?	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk		
samay server system:					
no who	TE WATEL P	JOW BRING GENZA	7 120		
<u> </u>					
19. To the best of your knowledge, have any Hazardous Substances or Petroleum Products, unidentified waste materials, tires, automotive or industrial batteries	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk		
or any other waste materials been dumped above grade, buried and/or burned on the Property?					
Many a	UNSTE MA PERC	ALS NOW LO	CARD ON 5172		

Question	Owner	Occupants (if applicable)	Observed During Site Visit
20. Is there a transformer, capacitor or any hydraulic equipment for which there are any records indicating the presence of PCBs?	Yes No Unk	Yes No Unk	Yes (No) Unk
	MERS, CAPICITO		LK Equipment
CM 31 17,	NTEN THAT	James in A Re	Rosmany
21. Do any of the following Federal govern within the circumference of the area noted by	pelow:		
National Priorities List - within 1.0	0 mile / 1.6 Km?	Yes	(No)
CERCLIS List - within .5 mile / .8	Km?	Yes	(No)
RCRA TSD Facilities - within 1.0	mile / 1.6 Km?	Yes	(No )
			•
22. Do any of the following state record sys circumference of the area noted below:	tems list the Property or any	y property within the	
List maintained by States environn identified for investigation or reme equivalent to NPL - within approx	ediation that is the state ager		(No)
List maintained by State environm investigation or remediation that is within .5 mile / .8 Km?	_ •		(Ng))
Leaking Underground Storage Tan	k (LUST) List - within .5 m	nile / .8 Km? Yes	(Ng)
Solid Waste/Landfill Facilities - w	ithin .5 mile / .8 Km?	Yes	(No)

23. Based upon a review of Fire Insurance Maps or consultation with the local fire depending the Property, all as specified in the Guide, are any buildings or other improver the Property or on an Adjoining Property identified as having been used for an industrior uses likely to lead to contamination of the Property?	nents on		<i>(</i> ' )
	Yes	No	(N/A)
NO BUILDINGS ON SIRON ADJOIN	1~6	prosecumes	
The Preparer of the Transaction Screen Questionnaire must complete and sign the "Preparer" and "User", see Section 5.3 of this Standard Practice or Section 3.3.25).	followi	ng statement (For def	inition of
THIS QUESTIONNAIRE WAS COMPLETED BY			
Name Cuplis G. WOLFE  Title Senior Consultant  Firm KLZINFILDER  Address 7133 KOLL CENTER (ARLENDAY  PLEASANTEN CA 94566  Phone Number (510) 484-1700  Date Dec. 5, 1995			
IF THE PREPARER IS DIFFERENT THAN THE USER, COMPLETE THE FOLLO	WING:		
Name of User User's Address			
User's Phone Number Preparer's Relationship to Site Preparer's Relationship to User (e.g., principal, employee, agent, consultant)	•		
COPIES OF THE COMPLETED QUESTIONNAIRE HAVE BEEN FILED AT:			
COPIES OF THE COMPLETED QUESTIONNAIRE HAVE BEEN MAILED OR DE	ELIVER	ED TO:	

7 of 8

Signature	Coloque Coloque	Date 1) EC 8, 1995
Signature		Date
Signature		Date

MATERIAL FACTS HAVE BEEN SUPPRESSED OR MISSTATED.

PREPARER REPRESENTS THAT TO THE BEST OF THE PREPARER'S KNOWLEDGE THE ABOVE STATEMENTS AND FACTS ARE TRUE AND CORRECT AND TO THE BEST OF THE PREPARER'S ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE NO

JUL 27 1994

ALAMEDA COUNTY

HEALTH CARE SERVICES

AGENCY Ency Director

DAVID J. KEARS, Agency Director

RAFAT A. SHAHID, Assistant Agency Director

STID 4086

July 18, 1994

7056

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH Hazardous Materials Division 80 Swan Way, Rm. 200 Oakland, CA 94621 (510) 271-4320

Mr. Pete Kinney Alameda County General Services Agency 4400 MacArthur Boulevard Oakland, CA 94619

RE: STOCKPILE SAMPLING AND SESOIL LEACHABILITY MODELING ANALYSIS - 4TH AND MADIGAN SITE (UST 4, 4A, 4B), SANTA RITA CORRECTIONAL FACILITY

Dear Mr. Kinney:

I am in receipt of and have reviewed the November 22, 1993 Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc. (ESE) report documenting the results of sampling and analyses, as well as the December 28, 1993 Versar SESOIL modeling analysis, of soil stockpiled at the referenced subsite, generated during the May 1992 tank closures. My review of data presented in the cited ESE and Versar reports was performed in context with the body of work completed at the referenced site to date.

In summary, reports documenting activities associated with the removal of underground storage tanks (UST) 4, 4A, and 4B indicate approximately 500 yds³ of soil were excavated and stockpiled during this process. This stockpiled material remained on-site approximately 18 months before resampling occurred during November 1993. Samples were collected at a rate of one discrete sample per 50 yds³ and analyzed for the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel (TPH-D), and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylene isomers (BTEX).

Results of sample analyses revealed detectable concentrations of TPH-D present in 5 of ten samples. Of these 5, TPH-D was present in all but one sample at concentrations of <50 parts per million (ppm). The TPH-D concentration of the remaining sample was 100 ppm. Of the aromatic compounds sought, only xylene was present in only one sample of the ten at a concentration of 0.008 ppm.

The cited SESOIL analysis evaluated the leachability and vertical transport potential of the contaminants still present in the 500 yds' of stockpiled soil should this soil be reintroduced to the subject site. The SESOIL program required the input of parameters for climate, soil type, target chemicals and application data. Climate data were reportedly supplied with the SESOIL software. Soil parameters were derived from site-specific boring logs (Graystone) which reportedly identified four distinct lithologic groups underlying the site. Chemical parameters reportedly included biodegradability, molecular weight, and Henry's Constant.

Mr. Pete Kinney RE: SESOIL analysis, 4th and Madigan site, Santa Rita facility July 18, 1994 Page 2 of 2

Two separate model runs were conducted: 1) xylene in diesel; and, 2) diesel, alone. A conservative approach was maintained in the performance of this program in that, of the confirmatory soil samples for which no detectable target compounds were found, it was assumed that said concentrations were equal to the reporting limit. These values were subsequently inserted into the program.

The calculated mass of diesel and xylene, theoretically applied to the top layer of soil at the site to simulate initial loading conditions, was 13.648 and 0.0027 kilograms (kg), respectively. A period of 30 years was used for each simulation.

Versar reports that the result of the SESOIL simulations indicate the maximum depth of xylene in a nondegrading diesel ligand after a 30 year period would be 2.362 meters (m) with 90% of the initial mass having either been (bio)degraded or volatilized within the first 5 years. The maximum xylene concentration remaining adsorbed to soil after 30 years was 2.63 x 10° micrograms per kilogram (ug/kg). The reported maximum depth of diesel after 30 years is 1.118 m with 90% of the initial mass having been (bio)degraded or volatilized in the first 4 years. The maximum average concentration of diesel remaining adsorbed to the soil after 30 years is 6.4 x 10° ug/kg, found primarily in the top 0.6 m of soil.

The results of the SESOIL analysis, as presented in the cited Versar report, indicate a low probability for remaining contaminants to leach into underlying ground water at this site. Therefore, the subject soil may be reintroduced at grade to the site of origin (Santa Rita facility).

Please call me at should you have any questions. Our temporary telephone number is 510/337-2866.

Sincerely

Scott O. Seery, CHMM

Senior Hazardous Materials Specialist

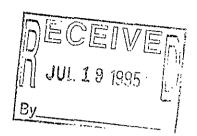
cc: Rafat A. Shahid, Assistant Agency Director
Gil Jensen, Alameda County District Attorney's Office
Kevin Graves, RWQCB
Ravi Arulanantham, Staff Toxicologist, ACDEH



# General Services Agency

Darlene A. Smith, Director

July 17, 1995



Mr. Scott Seery, CHMM Senior Hazardous Materials Specialist Department of Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, 2nd Floor Alameda, California 94502

SUBJECT: SPREADING OF STOCKPILED SOIL AT 4TH AND MADIGAN

SANTA RITA CORRECTIONAL FACILITY, DUBLIN, CA

Dear Mr. Seery:

Enclosed for your records is a copy of Environmental Science & Engineering Inc.'s June 26, 1995 report documenting the spreading of approximately 500 cubic yards of soil at the subject site.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please call me at 2-9522.

Sincerely,

Rod Freitag, P.E.

Environmental Program Manager

enclosures

cc: Mr. Tom Peacock, Department of Environmental Health

Mr. Patrick Cashman, Surplus Property Authority

RDF:rdf:g:\project\env\7056sr4\eh0714.doc



June 26, 1995

Mr. Rod Freitag, P.E.
Environmental Project Manager
Alameda County
General Services Agency
Engineering & Environmental Management
1401 Lakeside Drive
Oakland, CA 94612

SUBJECT: 4TH AND MADIGAN SITE

SANTA RITA CORRECTIONAL FACILITY

DUBLIN, CALIFORNIA

**ESE PROJECT NO. 65-95-062** 

Dear Mr. Freitag:

Pursuant to your request, Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc. (ESE) has prepared the following report to document the spreading of stockpiled soil located at the 4th and Madigan Site at the Santa Rita Correctional Facility, Dublin, California (Figure 1 - Location Map). This document presents the procedures used during the site activities.

#### SITE ACTIVITIES

On May 25, 1995, ESE supervised Caballero Trucking of San Jose, California (a State Licensed excavation and hauling contractor) during the loading and spreading of soil stockpiled at the subject site. This work was performed with the approval of the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency (see enclosed letter dated July 18, 1994) and in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, and local guidelines.

Prior to the start of work, all onsite personnel attended a brief health and safety meeting. The purpose of the meeting was to summarize the site-specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) and describe the potential hazards. All work was performed using level D personal protective wear.

Approximately 500 cubic yards of soil were loaded into trucks using an excavator and transported south along Madigan Avenue to the opposite side of the 4th Street intersection (Figure 2 - Site Plan). ESE monitored the stockpiled soil for volatile organic compounds using a photoionization detector during loading. This soil was then spread in an eight to ten-inch thick lift along the west side of Madigan Avenue over an area of approximately 180 feet by 40 feet. Large concrete fragments were separated from the soil during the loading process and were stockpiled on the west side of Madigan Avenue just north of the 4th Street intersection.

Mr. Freitag June 26, 1995 Page 2 -

Our professional services have been performed using that degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised under similar circumstances by other geologists and engineers practicing in this field. No other warranty, express or implied, is made as to the professional advice in this report. If you have any questions or comments regarding the contents of this letter report, please contact the undersigned at (510) 685-4053.

Sincerely,

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE & ENGINEERING, INC.

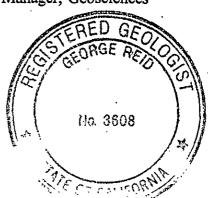
Bart S. Miller Project Geologist

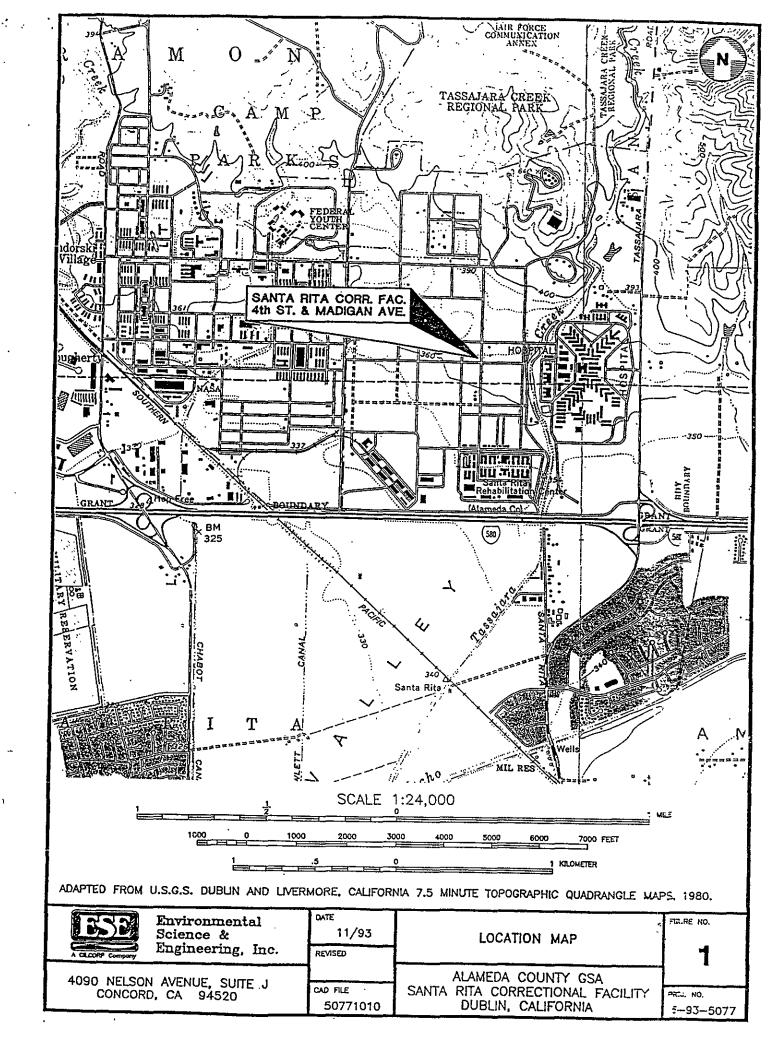
Attachments: (1) Figure 1

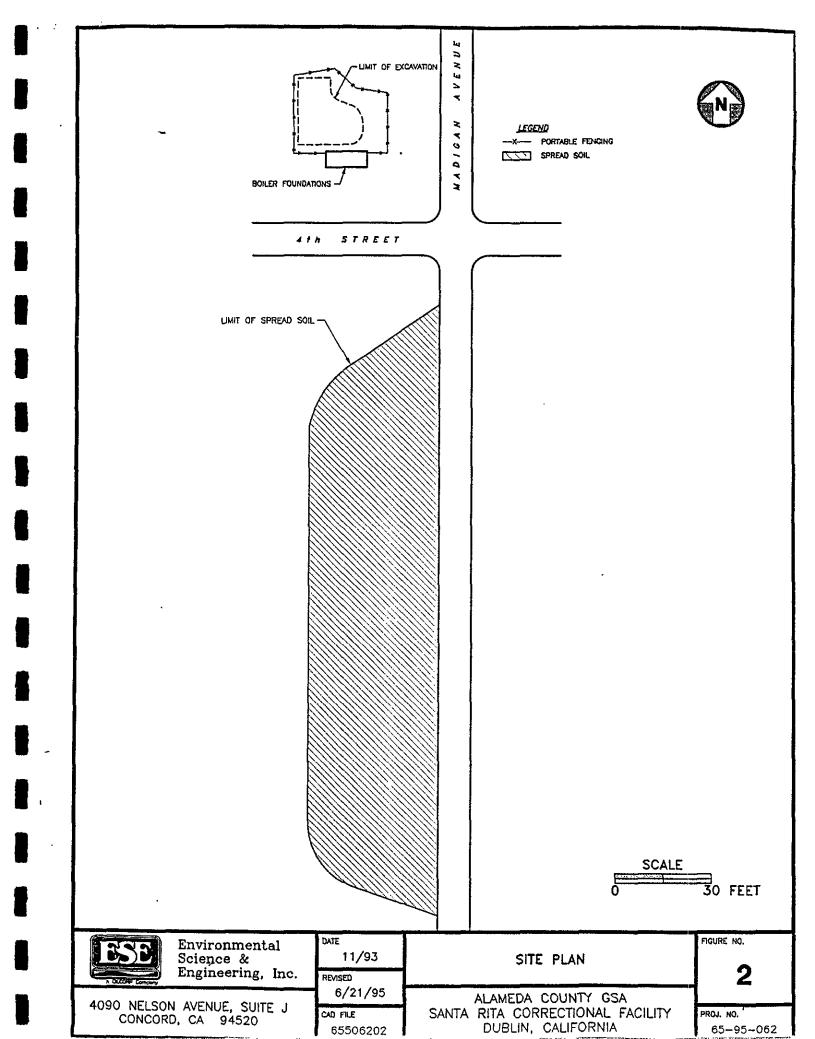
(2) Figure 2

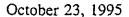
(3) HCSA Letter Dated 7/18/94

George Reid, R.G. Manager, Geosciences











Mr. Scott Seery
Hazardous Materials Specialist
Alameda County Health Care Services Agency
UST Local Oversight Program
80 Swan Way, Room 200
Oakland, California 94621

SUBJECT: SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION REPORT

4TH STREET AND MADIGAN AVENUE ON THE SANTA RITA

PROPERTY, ALAMEDA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

Versar Project Number 2241-014

Dear Mr. Seery:

This report has been prepared by Versar, Inc. (Versar) to present the results of a subsurface investigation conducted on the northwest corner of 4th Street and Madigan Avenue (Site) on the Santa Rita property in Alameda County, California (Figure 1). The work was performed on behalf of the County of Alameda General Services Agency (GSA), under the direction of Mr. Rod Freitag, to further characterize the extent of soil and/or groundwater impacted by petroleum hydrocarbons released at the site. Information used to develop this investigation was based on a site reconnaissance and reports supplied to Versar by the GSA, as well as a meeting with you on July 15, 1995.

#### BACKGROUND

In May 1992, Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc. coordinated and supervised the removal of three underground storage tanks (USTs) (Numbers 4, 4a, 4b) from a single excavation on the site. The respective capacities of the underground storage tanks were 3,500, 8,000 and 10,000 gallons, all of which were used to store diesel fuel or fuel oil. Perforations or holes were reportedly not observed in the USTs upon removal. However, stained soils were observed during the excavation procedure. Three of the five soil samples collected from native soils below the USTs were reported to contain elevated concentrations of total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel (TPH/D) and total oil and grease (TOG). The highest concentration of TPH/D (15,000 mg/kg) was reported present in a sample collected from an approximate depth of 15 feet below ground surface (bgs) in the southwestern corner of the excavation (Figure 2). Soils removed during the excavation process were stockpiled on-site adjacent to the former UST locations. The UST excavation was not backfilled following the completion of the tank removals. Concrete holddown pads for the tanks were not excavated during the tank removal procedure and remain in the excavation.

In response to the results of the initial soil sample analyses, Versar submitted a workplan (dated August 2, 1995) to address the need for an additional subsurface investigation at the site.

3491-96/2241-014/OCT19,95



Mr. Scott Seery Alameda County Health Care Services Agency October 23, 1995 Page 2



#### FIELD INVESTIGATION

Versar developed a site Health and Safety plan prior to initiating field activities. This sitespecific Health and Safety Plan was prepared to set forth procedures for safe conduct during completion of the field investigation. The Health and Safety Plan is designed to minimize risks to Versar personnel and others caused by potential exposure to hazardous materials or unsafe work conditions.

#### Soil Boring Drilling and Sampling

On September 1, 1995, four soil borings (B1 through B4) were drilled and sampled to depths ranging from 25 to 40 feet bgs, at the approximate locations shown on Figure 2.

The borings were drilled using a truck-mounted drilling rig equipped with 8-inch-diameter hollow-stem augers. During the borehole drilling, soil samples were collected at a maximum of 5-foot intervals for visual identification and classification. Soil samples were collected using a California-modified split-spoon sampler lined with brass sample tubes. Soil sample collection was accomplished by driving the sampler approximately 18 inches into undisturbed soils below the lead auger. Upon retrieval of the sampler at each sample interval, the lowest sample tube was removed, the ends of the sample tube were covered with Teflon© wrap, capped with plastic end-caps, labeled for identification purposes, and immediately placed in an insulated chest with ice, pending shipment to the laboratory for analysis. Chain-of-custody procedures were followed, including the use of chain-of-custody forms to document sample collection, handling, and transport to the laboratory. A second sample tube from the sampler was retained for head-space screening of organic vapors using an organic vapor analyzer (OVA).

The soil lithology was described by a Versar geologist working under the direction of a California State-registered geologist. Drilling logs were generated in the field to record descriptions of the soil types, sample depths and designations, and any observed significant features related to the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons or other hazardous materials. The drilling logs are included as Attachment 1. As shown on the logs, no field indicators or visual observation of potential contamination were noted during the drilling and sampling activities.

To assess groundwater conditions beneath the site, two groundwater grab samples were collected. one each from borings B2 and B3. The groundwater was encountered at 39 feet bgs at both locations. These borings were placed in a presumed down-gradient groundwater flow direction from the former UST excavation.



Mr. Scott Seery Alameda County Health Care Services Agency October 23, 1995 Page 3

In order to reduce the potential for cross-contamination, the downhole sampling equipment was decontaminated between sampling events using a laboratory-grade detergent solution, rinsed in two tapwater baths, with a final rinse in deionized water. Additionally, the augers and associated drilling equipment were pressure-washed with a hot pressure washer prior to beginning drilling and between borings. Equipment rinseate generated during this investigation was deposited and sealed in 55-gallon U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)-approved drums, then labeled and stored on-site pending receipt of laboratory analytical results and evaluation of disposal alternatives. Soil cuttings were stockpiled on plastic sheeting, and covered with plastic sheeting, for temporary storage.

After completion, the borings were backfilled with a bentonite/cement grout seal from total depth to the ground surface.

#### Soil and Groundwater Analytical Results

Twenty soil samples and two groundwater samples were submitted for analysis to McCampbell Analytical, Inc., a state-certified analytical laboratory in Pacheco, California. The samples were analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPH/G); TPH/D; and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes, in accordance with Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Methods 8015 (modified) and 8020. The analytical results are presented in the laboratory report, included as Attachment 2.

Analytical results of the soil samples indicated that no detectable concentrations of the selected analytes were found therefore, none of the soil samples were analyzed for semi-volatile organic compounds. Analytical results from the two groundwater grab samples indicated that boring B2 contained 84 ug/L (equivalent to parts-per-billion, ppb) TPH/D. The groundwater samples from Boring B3 did not have any detectable concentrations of analytes.

#### CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the field observation and analytical results, Versar recommends that no further action is warranted for the site, and the site be considered for closure. Versar's recommendation is supported by the following:

Groundwater beneath the site is located approximately 39 feet bgs, and no carcinogenic constituents were detected from groundwater samples collected in a presumed downgradient groundwater flow direction from the former UST excavation.

## Versaing.

Mr. Scott Seery Alameda County Health Care Services Agency October 23, 1995 Page 4

- Laboratory analysis of the groundwater grab sample collected from boring B2 indicated 84 ug/L of TPH/D, slightly above the laboratory reporting limit of 50 ug/L. Because a grab sample collected through augers often contains soil particulate, which preferentially adsorb hydrocarbons, this may not be representative of groundwater conditions beneath the site. Additionally, the TPH/D concentration at this level is not considered to be a threat to human health or the environment.
- Soil sampling analytical results from the four borings did not indicate the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons or gasoline contamination beneath the site.
- No visual or field indications of petroleum hydrocarbons were noted in any of the borings.

If you have any questions or concerns regarding this report, or would like to arrange a meeting to discuss this project, please contact John Bird at (510) 814-5929.

Sincerely,

Versar, Inc.

Prepared By:

Reviewed By:

Paul Graff, R.G. Senior Geologist

R.G. No. 5600

ohn C. Bird, R.E.A.

**No. 5600** Exp 6/30/97

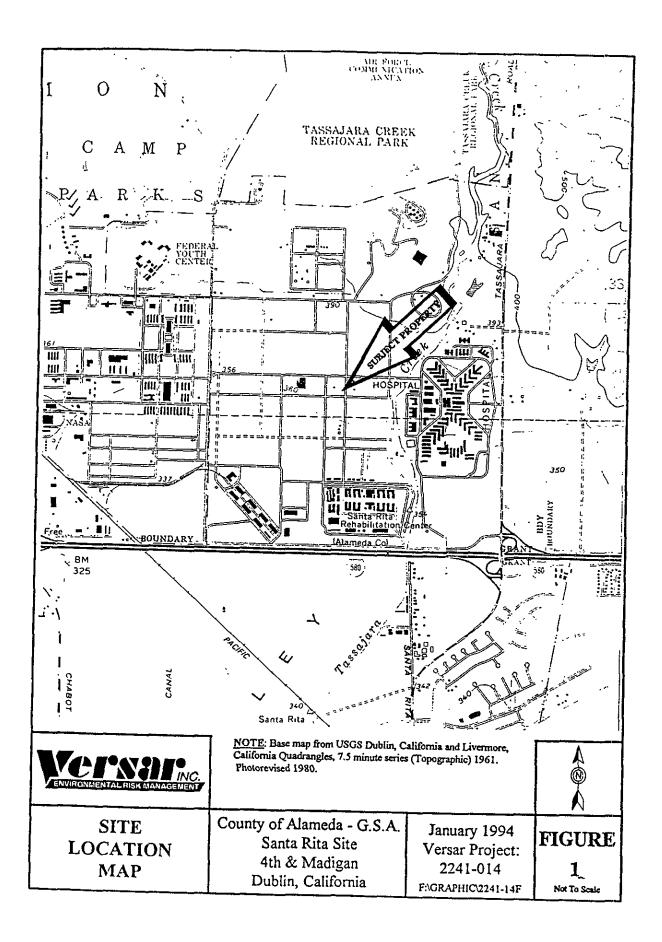
Project Manager

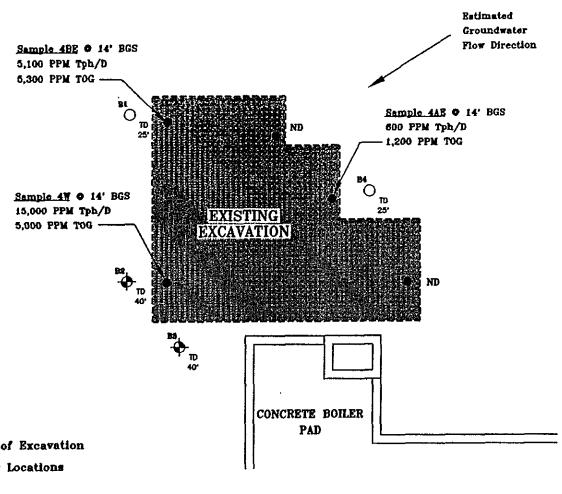
cc:

Rod Freitag

Alameda County General Services Agency

PKG/pkg





#### LEGEND

- Approximate Limits of Excavation
- Previous Soil Boring Locations
- Soil Boring
- Hydropunch Groundwater Sample
- Total Boring Depth, Feet Below Ground Surface (BGS)



NOTE:

ALL DIMENSIONS AND LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE



SITE

MAP

Ref. Map Adopted from ESE fite Map

County of Alameda - G.S.A. Santa Rita Site 4th & Madigan Dublin, California

August 1995

Versar Project: 2241-014

**FIGURE** 

2

Versar	Client Project ID: #2241-014; 4th &	Date Sampled: 09/01/95					
1255 Harbor Bay Pkwy, # 100	Madigan, Santa Rita	Date Received: 09/01/95					
Alameda, CA 94502	Client Contact: John Bird	Date Extracted: 09/01/95					
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 09/03-09/04/95					
Gasoline Range (C6-C12) Volatile Hydrocarbons as Casoline*, with RTEX*							

soline Range (Co-C12) volume Hydrocardons as Gasoline, with BIEX EPA methods 5030, modified 8015, and 8020 or 602; California RWQCB (SF Bay Region) method GCFID(5030) Ethvlben-% Rec.  $TPH(g)^{\dagger}$ Client ID Matrix Lab ID Benzene Toluene **Xylenes** zene Surrogate S 55979 B1-10 ND ND ND ND 105 55980 B1-15 S ND ND ND ND 102 S ND ND 55981 B1-20 ND ND 104 S 55982 B1-25 ND ND ND \_\_\_ ND 103 55983 S ND ND B2-10 ND ND 108 S 55984 B2-15 ND ND ND ND 103 55985 S B2-20 ND ND ND ND 106 ---55986 S B2-25 ND ND ND ND 105 ---55987 B2-30 S ND ND ND ND 106 55988 S B2-35 ND ND ND ND 104 55989 S B2-40 ND ND ND ND 105 55990 B3-10 S ND ND ND ND 108 55991 S B3-15 ND ND ND ND 106 55992 S B3-20 ND ND ND ND 106 Reporting Limit unless other-W 50 ug/L 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 wise stated; ND means not detected above the reporting limit S 1.0 mg/kg 0.005 0.005 0.005 0.005

<sup>\*</sup> water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil samples in ng/kg, and all TCLP extracts in mg/L

<sup>#</sup> cluttered chromatogram; sample peak coelutes with surrogate peak

<sup>+</sup> The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly mc dified gasoline is significant; b) heavier gasoline range compounds are significant (aged gasoline?); c) lighter gasoline range compounds (the most mobile fraction) are significant; d) gasoline range compounds having broad chromatographic peaks are significant; biologically altered gasoline?; e) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~ 5 vol. % sediment; j) no recognizable pattern.

110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553 Tele: 510-798-1620 Fax: 510-798-1622

Versar		Client Project ID: #2241-014; 4th & Date Sampled: (Madigan, Santa Rita					led: 09/01/95			
1255 Harbor	Bay Pkwy, # 100	wadigan, Sama Kita				Date Received: 09/01/95				
Alameda, CA	94502	Client C	Client Contact: John Bird				Date Extracted: 09/01/95			
		Client P.	0:		D	ate Analyze	:d: 09/03-09	0/09/95		
Gasoline Range (C6-C12) Volatile Hydrocarbons as Gasoline*, with BTEX*  EPA methods 5030, modified 8015, and 8020 or 602; California RWQCB (SF Bay Region) method GCFID (5030)										
Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(g) <sup>+</sup>	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylben- zene	Xylenes	% Rec. Surrogate		
55993	B3-25	S	•	ND	ND	ND	ND	108		
55994	B3-30	s		ND	ND	ND	ND	106		
55995	B3-35	S		ND	ND	ND	ND	102		
55996	B3W	"W		ND	ND	ND	ND	95		
55997	B2W	.W		ND	ND	ND	ND	98		
55998	B4-10	S		ND	ND	ND	ND	107		
55999	B4-15	s		ND	ND	ND	ND	104		
56000	B4-20	S	200	ND	ND	ND	ND	103		
Reporting	Limit unless other-	w	50 ug/L	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5			
tected above	ND means not de- e the reporting limit	S	1.0 mg/kg	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005			

<sup>\*</sup> water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP extracts in mg/L

<sup>#</sup> cluttered chromatogram; sample peak coelutes with surrogate peak

<sup>+</sup> The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified gasoline is significant; b) heavier gasoline range compounds are significant (aged gasoline?); c) lighter gasoline range compounds (the most mobile fraction) are significant; d) gasoline range compounds having broad chromatographic peaks are significant; biologically altered gasoline?; e) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~ 5 vol. % sediment; j) no recognizable pattern.

1255 Harbor Bay Pkwy, # 100 Alameda, CA 94502		Client Project ID: # 2241-014; 4th & Madigan, Santa Rita		Date Sampled: 09/01/95	
				Date Received: 09/01/95	
		Client Co	ontact: John Bird	Date Extracted: 09/01-09/08/95	
		Client P.O:		Date Analyzed: 09/01-09/02/95	
EPA methods m	Diesel Rai odified 8015, and 3550 or	nge (C10-4 3510; Califo	C23) Extractable Hydrocarbons	as Diesel * GCFID(3550) or GCFID	)(3510)
Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(d) <sup>+</sup>		% Recovery Surrogate
55979	B1-10	S	ND		100
55980	B1-15	S	ND		100
55981	B1-20	S	ND		100
55982	B1-25	s	ND		100
55983	B2-10	S	ND		99
55984	B2-15	s	ND		98
55985	B2-20	s	ND .		100
55986	B2-25	S	ND	·	100
55987 .	B2-30	s	ND		100
55988	B2-35	S	ND		98
55989	B2-40	S	ND		98
55990	B3-10	s	ND		95
55991	B3-15	S	ND		95
55992	B3-20	S	ND		95
Reporting Limit unless otherwise stated; ND means not detected above the reporting limit		w	50 ug/L		
		s	1.0 mg/kg		

<sup>\*</sup> water samples are reported in ug/L, soil samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP and STLC extracts in mg/L

<sup>#</sup> cluttered chromatogram resulting in coeluted surrogate and sample peaks, or; surrogate peak is on elevated baseline, or; surrogate has been diminished by dilution of original extract.

<sup>+</sup> The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified diesel is significant; b) diesel range compounds are significant; no recognizable pattern; c) aged diesel? is significant); d) gasoline range compounds are significant; e) medium boiling point pattern that does not match diesel (?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) oil range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~ 5 vol. % sediment.

1255 Harbor Bay Pkwy, # 100 Alameda, CA 94502		Client Project ID: # 2241-014; 4th & Madigan, Santa Rita		Date Sampled: 09/01/95	
				Date Received: 09/01/95	
		Client Contact: John Bird		Date Extracted: 09/01/95	
		Client P.O:		Date Analyzed: 09/01-09/02/95	
EPA methods mo			C23) Extractable Hydrocarbons		(3510)
Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(d) <sup>†</sup>		% Recovery Surrogate
55993	B3-25	S	ND		95
55994	B3-30	S	ND		96
55995	B3-35	S	ND		96
55996	B3W	w	ND		99
55997	B2W	W	84,b		98
55998	B4-10	S	ND		97
55999	B4-15	S	ND		97
56000	B4-20	S	ND		96
•					
Reporting Limit unless otherwise stated; ND means not detected above the reporting limit		w	50 ug/L		
		s	1.0 mg/kg		

<sup>\*</sup> water samples are reported in ug/L, soil samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP and STLC extracts in mg/L

<sup>#</sup> cluttered chromatogram resulting in coeluted surrogate and sample peaks, or; surrogate peak is on elevated baseline, or; surrogate has been diminished by dilution of original extract.

<sup>+</sup> The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified diesel is significant; b) diesel range compounds are significant; no recognizable pattern; c) aged diesel? is significant); d) gasoline range compounds are significant; e) medium boiling point pattern that does not match diesel (?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) oil range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~ 5 vol. % sediment.

#### APPLICATION FOR AUTHORIZATION TO USE

Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Report Dublin Elementary School Site Dublin, California File Number 10-3002-34 January 15, 1996

TO:	Kleinfelder Inc. 7133 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 100 Pleasanton, California 94566
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