



Date: November 3rd, 1998

SECOR INTERNATIONAL INC. 1225 Pear Avenue, Suite 110 Mountain View, CA 94043

To the attention of Mark Becker.

SUBJECT: Survey Report at 5054 Havens Place, Dublin, California.

An underground electronic survey was carried out on Wednesday October 28th, 1998, at the above address as detailed in the attached data sheet.

The extents of the survey is shown in Figure No.1 also attached. The survey area was divided up into a five foot by five foot matrix and a full sweep performed.

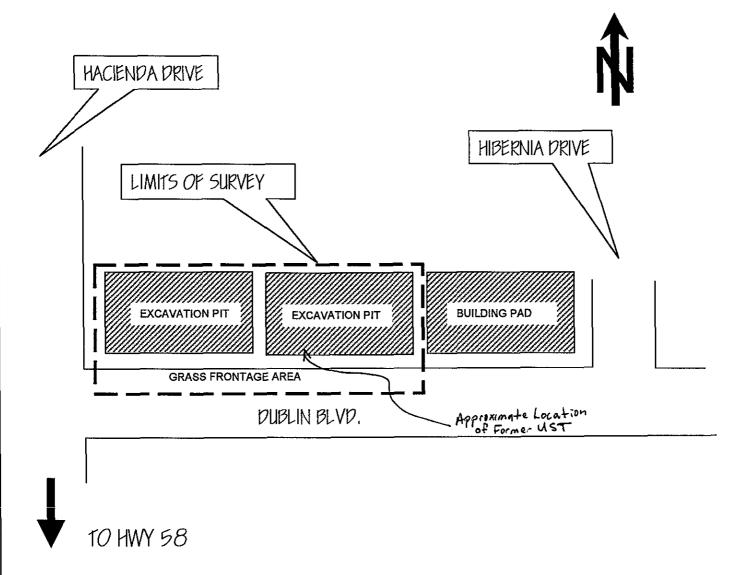
There were no metallic anomalies detected within the survey area which indicates that if buried tanks were installed at an earlier date they had been removed. Should you have any questions please call.

Signed on this date

J. Keith Williams (Owner)

(Field Surveyor)





PICTORIAL SKETCH OF SURVEY SITE NOT TO SCALE FIGURE No 1

CALIFORNIA UTILITY SURVEYS



TECHNICAL DATA SHEET: TDS 04.

TYPICAL SURVEY FOR UST'S AND BURIED DRUMS.

STAGE 1.

 A visual survey is carried out to search for physical evidence of any buried structure, for example, cracks, bulges or dips in the site surface, fill ports or vent pipes.

STAGE 2.

- The site is then swept in a uniform matrix pattern, (the dimensions of which are determined by the client), with instrumentation to locate metal anomalies indicating possible tankage
- The first instrument used is a closed loop antenna locating device which locates both ferrous and non-ferrous metal (of an appreciable size) to a depth of 20 inches dependent upon size and mass.
- The second is an Electro-Magnetic Induction unit, which operates using both transmitter and receiver connected together on a common support bar. This instrument detects a reflected signal from any metal mass to a depth of 8 feet, again this is dependent upon size and mass.
- The next survey is completed using a magnetometer, which locates the vertical interface of a magnetic field of any buried ferrous object to a depth of 4 feet.
- Finally any feature like vent lines are then energized using a transmitter, emitting a preferred frequency. This frequency or signal is then searched for on the surface through-out the site.

ALL DETECTED SIGNALS ARE MARKED ON THE SITE SURFACE AND REPORTED FOR FURTHER INVESTIGATION.