



No. 4974

## ADDITIONAL SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION



GRAND MARINA FACILITY 2099 Grand Street Alameda, California

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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Summary Report presents the findings of the Additional Subsurface Investigation conducted by SECOR International Incorporated (SECOR, formerly doing business as or dba SEACOR) at the Grand Marina Facility located northwest of the intersection of Grand Street and Fortmann Way, Alameda, California (the Site, shown on Figure 1). The Site is presently used as a marina with docking, repair and office facilities (Figure 2). An above ground tank (AGT) farm was formerly located in the central portion of the Site. The tanks have since been demolished, although the concrete-floored and -bermed containment structure for the AGT farm remains, along with various underground conveyance pipelines.

On March 30, 1993, the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency (ACHCS) requested that a Plan of Corrective Action be submitted for the former AGT farm area, including related pipelines. SECOR performed an investigation in response to this request; the investigation results were presented in our April 6, 1994 Summary Report. The ACHCS subsequently requested further assessment of the extent of petroleum-impacted soil and groundwater associated with the former AGT farm. SECOR prepared a Work Plan Addendum in response to this request and submitted the document to the ACHCS on October 11, 1994. SECOR's Work Plan Addendum proposed the following activities:

- Installing, developing, and sampling four additional groundwater monitoring wells:
- Abandoning five existing groundwater monitoring wells;
- Conducting a tidal influence study;
- Conducting quarterly groundwater monitoring; and,
- Submitting a Summary Report.

The activities described in this Summary Report were implemented upon ACHCS approval of the Work Plan Addendum to further assess the source(s) and extent of petroleum hydrocarbon-affected soil and groundwater underlying specific areas of the Site. Three quarters of groundwater monitoring and reporting activities remain, and will be performed through September 1995.

### 2.0 SITE BACKGROUND

## 2.1 SITE LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The Site is located within an irregularly-shaped parcel along the southern edge of Alameda Harbor in Alameda, California (see Figure 2). The parcel is approximately 1,300 feet from east to west and approximately 1,225 feet from north to south. The northern and eastern portions of the parcel are under water. The land portion was created through filling which took place in the late 19th and early 20th centuries. The Site is bounded to the south by Grand Street, to the west by Fortmann Way, to the north by the Marin Barge and Tug facility, and to the east by Fortmann Basin. The Site is currently used as a harbor for launching and berthing boats.

An Environmental Assessment performed by Harding Lawson Associates (HLA, 1987) for Encinal Marina and a Site history compiled by Bloomfield (1987) described the following Site history. An AGT farm was previously operated on-site and was used until 1989. According to documentation provided by Unocal, gasoline, diesel fuel, lube oil, aviation fuel, and slop oil/bilge water were previously stored by Unocal within the AGTs. The materials stored in the AGTs were conveyed to or from the AGT farm and the pier via underground pipelines. A 1,000-gallon underground storage tank (UST) used to store gasoline, formerly located approximately 300 feet south of the AGT farm, was removed in May 1988.

Other historic Site uses may have included the following:

1893-1940s:	Alaska Packers	Association	operated a	fleet of	fishing vessels.
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1906-1917:	Taylor and Company	operated a	lumber yard.

1917-1983:	The City of Alameda	the City) Corpo	oration Yard used the	facility for a variety

of activities including auto repair, carpentry, blacksmith, and a dog pound.

1930-1952: Union Oil Company (Union) leased a portion of the Site from Harbor Tug and

Barge (HTB) and used the Site for fuel storage as early as 1930. Union was responsible for constructing the AGT farm and stored gasoline, diesel fuel, fuel oil, kerosene, aviation fuel, and other petroleum compounds within the AGTs.

1953-1959: W. D. McElwain, dba Bay City Fuel Oil Company (BCFO) assumed the lease

with the City of Alameda and operated the AGT farm as a bunker fuel depot.

**1926-1989:** Portions of the Site were reportedly leased by HTB.

1959-1989: HTB purchased, maintained, and operated the AGT farm.

**1980-1986:** Healy-Tibbets Construction Company used a portion of the Site for storage of

marine construction equipment

1986-present: Grand Marina purchased the Site and operates a marina

### 2.2 SITE INVESTIGATION HISTORY

Previous Site investigations and activities were initiated by HLA during April 1987 which included installing six groundwater monitoring wells (W-1 through W-5, and B-7) and advancing six soil borings in the vicinity of the AGT farm (see Figure 2). HLA also dug six test trenches at various on-site locations during this investigation. In November 1987 approximately 285 tons of petroleum hydrocarbon-impacted soil were excavated to a maximum depth of five feet below ground surface (bgs) from the vicinity of the AGT farm. The soils were subsequently disposed of off-site. Free phase petroleum hydrocarbons were observed within the limits of the excavation. In May 1988, Uriah, Inc. removed a 1,000-gallon capacity gasoline UST and found soil adjacent to the UST to be impacted with petroleum hydrocarbons.

In June 1990, Versar, Inc. performed an environmental risk assessment at the Site. Versar collected water samples from the estuary, four groundwater monitoring wells, and the sump within the AGT farm area. Versar also collected soil samples from two areas of discolored soil and removed nine cubic yards of soil from the vicinity of the AGT farm.

In January 1992, Zaccor Corporation (Zaccor) conducted a Limited Environmental Site Assessment at the Site This assessment included removing the AGTs with the exception of the concrete foundation and the product lines. Zaccor advanced soil borings and collected soil samples from the vicinity of the AGT farm, the former 1,000-gallon UST, and the product lines. Zaccor also installed four additional groundwater monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-4) and detected elevated concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons, primarily diesel and oil and grease, in both soil and groundwater beneath the Site during this phase of the investigation. Historic soil sample locations are shown on Figure A1, and the data are tabulated on Table A1 within Appendix A.

In general, the Site investigations revealed the greatest hydrocarbon concentrations in soils at depths to two feet beneath the AGT farm floor and beneath the former pump house. Samples collected from depths of between three and seven feet beneath the AGT farm, the pump house, adjacent to the northern edge of the AGT farm, and in the vicinity of the former UST indicated elevated, but lower hydrocarbon concentrations. Groundwater samples collected from on-site monitoring wells in June 1992 revealed elevated gasoline, diesel, and benzene concentrations in well MW-2 near the former UST. Groundwater samples collected from wells W-1, W-2, W-3, and MW-4 indicated significantly lower concentrations of total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg), as diesel (TPHd), and/or benzene.

In October 1993, SECOR conducted a Site Investigation composed of an historic records review, a pipeline integrity test, and a subsurface investigation. The pipeline integrity test results indicated that the three lines previously used to convey petroleum liquids and bilge/sludge to and from the former AGT farm are competent and have not leaked. The former AGT farm constructed in 1930 by Unocal stored and distributed various hydrocarbon compounds until approximately 1952. The contents stored in the AGTs, as reported by Unocal, included gasoline, fuel oil, diesel fuel, kerosene, ethyl, aviation fuel, stove oil, and an unknown solvent (S-76 solvent). Zaccor demolished the AGT's in 1992. Nearby leaking UST cases listed by the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) include Encinal Marina (the Site), Alameda Fire Station (1705 Grand Street), Pennzoil (2015 Grand Street), and Weyerhauser (1801 Hibbard Street). Historic Site use appears to represent the most significant potential source of hydrocarbons identified in on-site soil and groundwater.

The Subsurface Investigation conducted by SECOR confirmed that fill composes the upper one to six feet of Site soils. The fill is locally underlain by a fine-grained sand with varying amounts of gravel and clay, but is primarily underlain by the dark gray silty clay comprising Bay Mud. The Bay Mud contains sandy

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and peat-rich horizons. Samples collected from locations south of the AGT farm (TP3 with TPHd and TPHg at 800 and 13 milligrams per kilogram or mg/kg, respectively) and northeast of the pump house adjacent to the northern wall of the AGT farm (TPHd at 300 mg/kg, see Figure A2 and Table A2 in Appendix A) contained the greatest reported hydrocarbon concentrations. Samples collected from the northern portion of the area of investigation (HD1 with TPHd at 15 mg/kg), north of the pump house (TP1 with TPHd at 29 mg/kg), and near the joint in the diesel fuel pipeline north of the AGT farm (PL3 with TPHd at 5.0 mg/kg) contained lesser hydrocarbon concentrations. The vadose zone soils beneath and surrounding the AGT farm to a distance of approximately 40 feet contain concentrations of TPHg, TPHd, and oil and grease.

Groundwater grab samples collected immediately north and northeast of the AGT farm pump house contained elevated TPHd concentrations (see Figure A-3). The extent of impacted groundwater appeared to be limited to the vicinity of borings TP2 and TP2A, although a confirmatory sample collected southeast of boring TP2A was not obtained. In addition, pipeline-vicinity groundwater grab samples collected north of the AGT farm (PL2 and PL4) contained elevated TPHd concentrations. The borings surrounding PL4 yielded data which indicated the TPHd extent was limited; however, groundwater grab samples were not collected bayward of PL2, due to refusal met by the drilling rig. With the exception of low toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes concentrations reported in one water sample, gasoline-range hydrocarbons were not reported in groundwater samples analyzed for TPHg and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) constituents.

## 2.3 GEOLOGIC AND HYDROGEOLOGIC CONDITIONS

The Site lies within the East Bay Plain along the eastern margin of San Francisco Bay. Alameda and western Oakland are underlain by recent deposits including alluvium, the Merritt Sand and Bay Mud. The Merritt Sand is composed of fine-to medium-grained, well-sorted dune sand deposits. Lithologic information obtained from previously-advanced on-site soil borings and six test trenches indicate the Site is directly underlain by one to five feet of sandy material which is in turn underlain by native Bay Mud that extends to a depth of at least 15 feet bgs (Zaccor, 1992).

The encountered Bay Mud soils consist of unconsolidated dark gray to black clay and silty clay rich in organic material and interbedded peat. Locally, the Bay Mud contains lenses and stringers of silt and sand as well as peat. The Bay Mud has a low permeability and generally functions as a barrier to the vertical movement of salt water from San Francisco Bay into underlying sediments. The Bay Mud is typically saturated although the water is generally not considered potable because of the low Bay Mud permeability and high salinity of the contained water.

Zaccor encountered groundwater during drilling at depths of 2.5 to 3 feet bgs, primarily within the fill and fine sandy material overlying Bay Mud. Zaccor measured shallow groundwater in four on-site monitoring wells in June 1992 at depths of 2.18 to 4.14 feet. These data correspond to groundwater elevations ranging from 0.78 to 1.37 feet above mean sea level (msl). Zaccor (1992) reported that shallow groundwater underlying the Site flows towards the northwest under a gradient of 0.0065 feet per foot

## 3.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

The Subsurface Investigation performed by SECOR consisted of five primary tasks: conducting preliminary field activities, installing additional groundwater monitoring wells, abandoning five existing groundwater monitoring wells, performing a tidal influence study, and quarterly monitoring of on-site wells. The methods followed in implementing these tasks and the task implementation results are described in the following Sections.

## 3.1 PRELIMINARY FIELD ACTIVITIES

Prior to conducting field work, SECOR prepared an Addendum to the existing Work Plan describing the proposed additional activities, revised the existing Site-specific health and safety plan (HASP), and obtained monitoring well permits from the Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (ACFCWCD, see Appendix B). Underground Service Alert (USA) and a professional utility locator cleared the boring locations with respect to underground utilities and other obstructions. SECOR then attempted to find existing buried or difficult to locate wells using ground penetrating radar. The ACHCS approved the Work Plan Addendum in October 1994, and SECOR conducted field activities beginning in October 1994 as part of the Work Plan Addendum implementation.

### 3.2 MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION

SECOR installed four additional wells to assess groundwater conditions between the former AGT farm and Alameda Harbor, as well as at an apparently upgradient on-site location. SECOR also advanced two additional borings which were subsequently abandoned. One of these borings was advanced as a result of abandoning the initial boring for MW-5. The second boring (TP-3A) was advanced in the area between well MW-2 and boring TP-3 to further characterize soils and first encountered groundwater in the area. The boring advancement, and well installation, development, sounding, and sampling procedures are described below.

## 3.2.1 Drilling and Soil Sampling

Bayland Drilling, Inc. (Bayland) of Menlo Park California advanced the borings and installed the monitoring wells on October 26 and 27, 1994, under the supervision of a SECOR geologist. Boreholes were advanced using a CME 75 hollow-stem auger drill rig. During borehole advancement, relatively undisturbed soil samples were continuously collected beginning at two feet bgs to the total depth of each boring for lithologic description and possible chemical analysis. Soil samples were collected by driving an 18-inch long modified California split-spoon sampler lined with three 6-inch long brass sample tubes. Upon retrieval, the sampler was disassembled and soils visually logged in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS, see Boring Logs, Appendix B).

Upon retrieval of each core interval, a representative soil sample was screened in the field for the presence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) using an Organic Vapor Monitor (OVM) equipped with a Photoionization Detector (PID). To field screen soils, approximately 10 grams of a representative soil sample were placed into a ziploc bag. After approximately 5 minutes, the tip of the OVM was inserted into the ziploc bag and VOC concentration in the headspace above the soil was recorded. The OVM readings were recorded directly on the boring log. A minimum of one sample tube per each sampling

interval was retained for possible chemical analysis. The open ends of the sample tube were covered with aluminum foil, fitted with plastic end caps, and sealed with teflon tape to minimize potential loss of moisture and volatile constituents. Sample tubes were appropriately labeled and placed in a cooler containing ice.

## 3.2.2 Groundwater Monitoring Well Installation

Monitoring well installation commenced after the target depth of each borehole was reached. Monitoring well depths ranged from 15 to 16 feet bgs. Monitoring wells were constructed of two-inch diameter, flush-threaded Schedule 40 PVC blank casing and 0.020-inch machine-slotted screen. Monitoring well materials were installed into the borehole through the hollow stem of the augers. A graded sand filter pack (#2/12 Monterey sand) was placed in the annular space adjacent to well screen and extended approximately 0.25 to 0.5 feet above the top of the well screen. The filter pack was poured downhole very slowly as the augers were withdrawn. Repeated soundings of the annulus were made to check for filter pack bridging. A 0.5-foot thickness of hydrated bentonite pellets was placed above the filter pack. The remainder of the annular space above the bentonite pellet seal was filled with a cement grout and extended to the ground surface. Monitoring wells were completed at ground surface within a traffic rated, leak-resistant well monument and locking well cap. Well construction details are presented in Table 1 and are shown graphically on the boring logs included in Appendix B.

SECOR submitted one soil sample from each monitoring well borehole to National Environmental Testing, Inc. (NET) for chemical analysis of TPHg, TPHd, and BTEX by EPA Methods 8015, modified and 8020, and total oil and grease (TOG) by EPA Method 5520.

## 3.2.3 Well Development and Sampling

On October 31, 1994 SECOR developed and sampled the wells by alternately surging the screened interval with a vented surge block and then removing water from the well with a bailer. Approximately ten well casing volumes were removed from each well during development. Prior to purging, the depth to groundwater was measured and recorded using a water level indicator accurate to within 0.01 foot. During purging, the discharge water was measured for pH, temperature, and electrical conductivity. Stabilization of these parameters is used to indicate whether fresh formation water is entering the wellbore. Water sample field data sheets are included in Appendix C. After purging, the wells were allowed to recharge prior to sampling. Samples were collected using disposable polyethylene bailers lowered into the well. Water samples were transferred directly from the bailer into laboratory-supplied sample containers. Sample containers were labeled and immediately stored in a cooler containing ice for shipment to the analytical laboratory. Groundwater samples were submitted to NET and analyzed for TPHg, TPHd, BTEX, and TOG.

## 3.2.4 Well Survey and Water Level Measurements

A California-licensed land surveyor surveyed the four newly-installed wells (MW-5 through MW-8) along with the existing wells (MW-1 through MW-4) to establish ground surface and top of PVC casing elevations. Static water levels were measured in each well using an electronic water level indicator accurate to within 0 01 foot. Well survey results, depth to groundwater, and groundwater elevations are shown on Table 1.

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### 3.2.5 Decontamination and Material Containment

To minimize the potential for cross-contamination between sampling locations, all downhole drilling equipment, soil sampling equipment, and groundwater development and sampling equipment were thoroughly cleaned prior to initiating work and between each sampling location. Downhole drilling equipment was steam cleaned between each boring location. Soil sampling and groundwater development sampling equipment (e.g. sample tubes, bailers, and surge blocks) was washed in a dilute trisodium phosphate solution (TSP), rinsed with potable water, and final rinsed with distilled water between each sampling location. Because groundwater samples were collected from the monitoring wells with precleaned dedicated bailers, decontamination between groundwater sampling locations was not required.

Wastes generated during this investigation included soil cuttings, development and purge water, and decontamination rinsate. Soil cuttings were stockpiled in the former AGT farm area. Development purge water and decontamination rinsate generated during the well drilling and sampling were contained in DOT-approved 55-gallon drums. All waste containers were labeled to identify contents and date of generation.

## 3.3 MONITORING WELL ABANDONMENT

SECOR obtained well abandonment permits from the ACFCWCD. Wells were selected for abandonment based on location, screened interval, water quality data, and/or the condition of the well. Wells W-1, W-2, W-3, W-4, and B-7 were identified for abandonment; however, we were unable to locate the wells B-7, W-3, and W-4 during the Site reconnaissance and subsequent ground penetrating radar survey. These wells were therefore not abandoned. The abandoned well locations are shown on Figure 2. Due to the shallow depth and access to the monitoring wells, abandonment was accomplished by filling the casing and borehole with a bentonite slurry through a tremie pipe. The method of abandonment was approved by ACFCWCD.

### 3.4 TIDAL INFLUENCE STUDY

After installation of the additional on-site monitoring wells, SECOR measured groundwater levels in selected monitoring wells and gauging stations over a 36-hour period. The study was performed to evaluate the influence of tidal fluctuations in the adjoining Alameda Harbor upon groundwater beneath the Site. Groundwater levels were monitored using pressure transducers and an Aquistar™ electronic data-logger system (Instrumentation Northwest DL8A). SECOR selected wells MW-1, MW-5, MW-6, MW-7, MW-8, and ACC's well MW-6a for inclusion in the study based on their proximity to Alameda Harbor and/or their placement at locations surrounding the former AGT farm. The data generated from well MW-7 were later discarded, due to an apparent transducer malfunction during the study. A gauging station was also located at the Grand Marina pier to measure tidal fluctuations within Alameda Harbor, immediately adjacent to the Site.

The period from December 5 to December 6, 1994 was selected for the tidal influence study based upon the relatively large anticipated tidal fluctuations as published in the 1994 Tide and Current Tables. San Francisco Bay and Delta. The relative influence of tidal fluctuations upon water table beneath the Site would be assessed by gauging the water table fluctuation during the tidal cycle, the larger and/or more rapid the water table fluctuation observed in response to the tidal change, the greater the influence of tides

A SECOR scientist periodically checked the gauging equipment for proper operation, and manually checked groundwater levels during the 36-hour monitoring period, to verify the accuracy of data collected with the data logger/pressure transducer system. After monitoring, water level data was reduced and analyzed to assess tidal influence in the area. Graphs depicting groundwater elevations at each gauging station are included in Appendix D.

## 3.5 GROUNDWATER MONITORING

The Work Plan Addendum described performance of groundwater monitoring and reporting for a oneyear period. Field activities include monthly water level sounding and quarterly well purging, sampling, and sample analysis. The first three months of data are included in this document; the results of subsequent quarterly field activities will be reported on a quarterly basis.

During this reporting period, SECOR conducted soundings in October, November, and December 1994 along with an October 1994 sampling event. During monthly groundwater monitoring, SECOR sounded each on-site groundwater monitoring well using an electronic water-level indicator. The depth to water and total depth were measured and recorded for each well. The water-level indicator was rinsed with deionized water between the sounding of each well to prevent cross-contamination.

Prior to monitoring well sampling, each well was purged of three wellbore volumes of water using a PVC bailer and/or centrifugal pump and dedicated PVC tubing. During purging, pH, temperature, and specific conductivity was measured and the groundwater visually inspected for color and turbidity and recorded on Groundwater Sample Field Data Sheets. Upon removal of the appropriate purge volume and stabilization of the measured parameters, samples were collected from each monitoring well using a disposable bailer. Groundwater samples were decanted into prelabeled laboratory-supplied glassware, placed in an ice-filled cooler, accompanied by a completed chain-of-custody form, and transported to NET, a California state-certified testing laboratory for chemical analysis.

## 4.0 SUMMARY OF RESULTS

The results of SECOR's Subsurface Investigation, including Well Installation, Groundwater Sampling, and Tidal Influence Study, are described below.

#### 4.1 SOIL INVESTIGATION RESULTS

As noted in Section 3.2, a total of six soil borings were advanced to depths ranging from 5 to 18.5 feet bgs at the locations shown on Figure 2. Four of the borings were completed as groundwater monitoring wells (MW-5 through MW-8). Two additional borings were also advanced and subsequently abandoned. One of these borings was advanced as a result of abandoning the initial boring for MW-5. The second boring (TP-3A) was advanced in the area between MW-2 and TP-3 to further characterize soils and first encountered groundwater in the area. Soil samples were collected from all borings for physical description, and in some instances, for chemical analysis.

#### 4.1.1 **Soil Conditions**

The soil types encountered during the Subsurface Investigation (see Cross-sections A-A' and B-B' on Figures 3 and 4) were consistent with previous investigations. Encountered soils included unconsolidated artificial fill material, fine-grained sandy soils, and native Bay Mud. The fill consisted of silty sands, gravel, and debris such as brick and wood fragments. Fill at the Site extended to depths of one to six feet bgs. Fine-grained sand was often encountered beneath the fill material; the sand typically contained clay and gravel in trace to subdominant amounts. Bay Mud, consisting of soft, gray-black, black, and greenish-black silty clay, was encountered at depths between five and ten feet bgs and extended to the total depth of each borehole. In some instances, the Bay Mud contained sandy horizons. Additionally, peat was encountered between 13 and 14 feet bgs in wellbores MW-5, MW-6, MW-7, and MW-8.

Hydrocarbon, sulphur, and organic odors were noted in most of the soil borings. In addition, elevated PID readings were common of soil samples removed from the investigatory boreholes. observations are consistent with previous investigation findings.

#### 4.1.2 Chemical Analysis of Soils

As noted in Section 3.1.1, elevated PID readings were commonly observed in vadose zone soil samples removed from the investigatory borings (see boring logs in Appendix B). SECOR selected representative vadose zone soil samples which exhibited elevated PID readings and/or noticeable odors for chemical analysis. The analyzed soil samples were selected from the 2.0 to 6.0 foot bgs depth interval; the target sample interval for chemical analysis was estimated to be from 2.0 to 5.0 feet bgs, with actual samples selected based upon the observed soil types, and field observations such as staining, odor, and PID readings.

Seven soil samples were analyzed for TPHd, six of which contained concentrations above the laboratory detection limit (see Figure 5 and Table 2). The greatest TPHd concentrations were reported in samples from borings TP-3A (1,400 mg/kg) and MW-7 (240 mg/kg), with lesser concentrations reported in samples from borings MW-5 (23 to 27 mg/kg), MW-6 (28 mg/kg), and MW-8 (97 mg/kg). Seven soil samples were analyzed for TPHg and BTEX. A sample from boring MW-8 contained reportable

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concentrations of TPHg (20 mg/kg), toluene (5.7 micrograms per kilogram or  $\mu$ g/kg), ethylbenzene (10  $\mu$ g/kg), and xylenes (84  $\mu$ g/kg). The sample from boring MW-7 contained reportable concentrations of xylenes (15  $\mu$ g/kg). Of the seven soil samples analyzed, six contained TOG concentrations above the 50 mg/kg detection limit. The greatest TOG concentration was reported in the sample from boring TP-3A (6,900 mg/kg). Concentrations of TOG were also reported in samples from borings MW-5-, MW-6, MW-7, and MW-8 at 160 to 280, 930, 180, and 390 mg/kg, respectively. No other concentrations of TPHd, TPHg, TOG, or BTEX were reported. The laboratory analytical results and Chain-of-Custody Records are provided in Appendix E. Table 2 and Figure 5 summarize the chemical analytical results for the selected soil samples.

## 4.2 GROUNDWATER MONITORING RESULTS

### 4.2.1 Groundwater Conditions

SECOR converted the water level survey data collected on October 31, November 30, and December 29, 1994 to msl elevations. The depth to water measured in on-site monitoring wells ranged from 1.99 to 6.06 feet bgs. These data correspond to msl elevations ranging from 1.1 to 6.05 feet, as shown on Table 1. Figures 7, 8, and 9 depict these data as contoured groundwater elevations. In general, groundwater beneath the Site appears to flow toward the southeast with a lesser flow component toward the northwest, roughly paralleling the Alameda Harbor shoreline. Groundwater elevations beneath the Site are lowest in the southeastern portion of the Site and are highest along the northeastern portion of the Site.

## 4.2.2 Chemical Analysis of Groundwater

SECOR conducted well sampling on October 31, 1994. Wells were purged prior to sampling by removing a minimum of ten wellbore volumes of water using a PVC bailer. During purging, pH, temperature, and electrical conductivity were measured and the groundwater was visually inspected for color and turbidity. Groundwater samples exhibited pH values ranging from 7.10 to 8.34 pH units; temperatures ranging from 64.6 to 83.3 degrees Fahrenheit; specific conductivities ranging from 11,000 to more than 20,000 micromhos per centimeter ( $\mu$ mhos/cm); appearance was generally tan; and turbidity generally high. These measurements were recorded in the field on Groundwater Sample Field Data Sheets included in Appendix C.

SECOR collected a total of eight primary water samples from newly-installed and existing wells for chemical analysis. Each of the submitted samples were analyzed for TPHd, TPHg, BTEX, and TOG. The analytical results are summarized on Table 3 and are presented on Figure 6. All of the analyzed samples contained reportable TPHd concentrations; the sample collected from well MW-2 contained the highest TPHd concentration of 4.2 milligrams per liter (mg/L). The samples collected from wells MW-1, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, MW-6, MW-7, and MW-8 contained TPHd concentrations of 0.4, 0.14, 0.24, 0.56, 0.5, 0.97, and 1.0 mg/L, respectively.

Three of the analyzed samples contained reportable TPHg concentrations. The sample collected from well MW-2 contained the highest TPHg concentration of 22 mg/L. The samples collected from wells MW-1 and MW-3 contained TPHg at 0.08 and 0.11 mg/L, respectively

Three of the analyzed samples contained reportable concentrations of BTEX. Well MW-2 yielded the highest concentrations of BTEX at 2,000, 4,800, 500, and 2,700 micrograms per liter ( $\mu$ g/L), respectively. The sample collected from well MW-1 contained concentrations of toluene and xylenes at 1.1 and 1.4  $\mu$ g/L, respectively. The sample collected from well MW-3 contained ethylbenzene and xylenes at concentrations of 2.4 and 5.2  $\mu$ g/L respectively. The sample collected from well MW-2 contained a TOG concentration of 13 mg/L. TOG was not detected at reportable concentrations in other sampled wells. The laboratory reports and Chain-of-Custody Records are included in Appendix E.

## 4.3 TIDAL INFLUENCE STUDY

Water levels measured during the tidal influence study were converted to msl elevations as depicted on hydrographs presented in Appendix D and Figures D1 through D7. As shown on Figure 10, during a tidal fluctuation of 8.42 feet (from 4.47 feet above msl to 3.95 feet below msl), the water table surface remained relatively consistent, with a generally southeast groundwater flow direction. The hydrographs and elevation contours differ from water elevations obtained from the pier gauging point (Figure D1 in Appendix D). Water levels periodically fluctuated beneath the Site; the fluctuation does not directly coincide with a tidal fluctuation. This is illustrated on the hydrographs by a sharp drop over a fifteen minute interval in subsurface water levels just after high tide is reached.

The hydrographs for wells located across the Site reveal varying water level fluctuations in response to tidal fluctuation. In general, wells located along the harbor shoreline show different water level fluctuations than those located within the Site interior. Many of the shoreline well hydrographs show similar but less dramatic fluctuations when compared with tidal fluctuations. The Site interior wells, particularly those nearest the former AGT farm exhibit water level fluctuations which rose concurrent with sea level (pier gauging station) drops; the AGT farm well water levels also dropped concurrent with sea level rise. Based upon the groundwater elevation contour maps presented as Figures 7 through 10, a groundwater pumping or withdrawal source appears to be located east of the Site along or across Grand Street.

## 4.4 DISCUSSION

The available data reveal that vadose zone soils and shallow groundwater beneath the Site have been impacted by petroleum hydrocarbons. The apparent widespread distribution of hydrocarbons in vadose zone soils may be due to constituent migration in groundwater, followed by constituent "smearing" during water table fluctuation. This is evidenced on the cross sections presented on Figures 3 and 4. Thus, the vadose zone samples may actually have been periodically within the submerged or saturated horizon.

Groundwater elevations and flow direction differ from those anticipated for the Site setting. The observed elevations were higher in wells located nearest Alameda Harbor and lowest in wells located furthest from the Harbor. The estimated groundwater flow direction parallels the Harbor shoreline. This may be partially or wholly induced by groundwater removal (extraction) from unidentified, off-site sources. The groundwater flow direction trend paralleling the shoreline may be explained (partially or wholly) by preferential Harbor-subsurface communication via fill materials at a point or points located northwest and southeast of the Site.

## 5.0 CONCLUSIONS

The recently-completed Subsurface Investigation performed in the vicinity of the former AGT farm by SECOR yielded information regarding the nature and extent of hydrocarbon compounds in soil and groundwater beneath the Site, the condition of subsurface soils, hydraulic characteristics of the shallow water-bearing zone beneath the Site, and the relationship between tidal fluctuations and the shallow water table beneath the Site. SECOR's conclusions with respect to the investigation may be summarized as follows:

- Soil types encountered during the investigation were consistent with those previously-encountered;
   artificial fill is underlain by fine-grained sand, possibly the Merritt Sand, and Bay Mud with interbedded peat in descending order.
- Groundwater is present beneath the Site at shallow and fluctuating depths. The generalized
  groundwater flow direction appears to be toward the southeast, with a lesser flow component
  toward the northwest. Groundwater beneath the Site appears to be confined to semi-confined,
  based upon elevation measurements consistently above mean sea level and tidal influence study,
  data.
- The shallow water-bearing zone beneath the Site may be partially influenced by tidal fluctuations. The relatively sharp groundwater level increases observed during sea level drop and similarly sharp groundwater level decreases associated with a rise in sea level indicate the possibility of significant groundwater withdrawal nearby. Based on the tidal influence study, there does not appear to be hydraulic communication between the Alameda Harbor and the former AGT farm area.
- Diesel, and oil and grease were the most persistent compounds present, and were reported in shallow soil samples collected from the northern, southern, and eastern portions of the Site. With the exception of the sample collected from borehole TP-3A, the reported analyte concentrations were low. With the exception of the vicinity of boreholes/wells MW-6, MW-8, and TP-3/3A, the extent of these compounds in soil appears to have been characterized. The presence of gasoline and BTEX compounds appears to be localized to the vicinity of boreholes/wells MW-7, MW-8, and TP-3.
- Diesel-impacted groundwater was present in each of the sampled monitoring wells, with the
  highest concentrations reported in samples collected east and south of the former AGT farm.
  Prior groundwater grab sample analyses yielded similar results. The presence of oil and grease
  and gasoline/BTEX compounds appeared to be present in isolated locations, including well MW-6
  adjacent to the on-site underground pipelines and boreholes/wells TP-3, MW-2, and MW-3.
- The extent of constituents of concern in soil and groundwater beneath the Site has not been characterized. The primary areas lacking characterization include the area south of the former AGT farm, the eastern portion of the Site near boring/well MW-8, and along the underground pipelines near borings/wells PL-2 and MW-6. The constituent concentrations reported in the analyzed soil and groundwater samples are generally low and consist primarily of "heavier" hydrocarbons which are of low mobility and toxicity relative to gasoline and BTEX compounds

- The apparent groundwater withdrawal performed at an unknown, nearby location may have modified groundwater flow direction(s) and the possible migration of hydrocarbon compounds in groundwater. Hydrocarbons appear to be migrating in groundwater toward the southeast as evidenced by the reported analyte concentrations in the groundwater sample collected from well MW-8. The groundwater withdrawal may also inhibit migration of constituents toward Alameda Harbor, based upon the observed groundwater level measurements and resulting potentiometric surface maps.
- Fluctuating water levels beneath the Site, whether due to a confined or semi-confined water table, groundwater pumping, tidal influence, or a combination of these, may have effectively "smeared" hydrocarbons onto soils present within the range of water level fluctuation. This may account for the apparent widespread presence of hydrocarbons in shallow soils across the Site.
- The available data suggest the widespread presence of relatively immobile hydrocarbons distributed vertically across a "smear zone" by fluctuating groundwater levels. The need for removing the low-mobility and low toxicity constituents present beneath the Site is questionable. Given the type and extent of constituents present in the Site subsurface, the lack of demonstrated impact to the waters of the Alameda Harbor, and the extremely low likelihood of impact to human health or the environment, we recommend no further action for the Site.

## 6.0 REFERENCES

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## **Personal Communication**

- Mr. Andy Andrews, Coast Oil Company, December 21, 1993.
- Mr. Bert Barber, former HTB employee, November 1993.
- Mr. Lester Bediant, former HTB employee, November 1993.
- Mr. Curt Bolton, Harbormaster, Grand Marina, December 14, 1993.
- Mr. John Dunn, former HTB employee, November 1993.
- Mr. Don Holgate, former HTB employee, November 1993.
- Mr. Dennis O'Keefe, Golden Gate Petroleum, November 1993.
- Mr. Jim Sanderson, Alameda County Department of Public Works, Engineering Division, January 1995
- Mr. Marc Singer, Alameda County Department of Public Works, Maintenance Division, January 1995

# Table 1 Well Construction and Groundwater Elevations October, November, and December 1994 Grand Marina

## 2099 Grand Street Alameda, California

3-15 3-15	Elevation (R. MISE) 6.77 4.83	10/31/94 11/30/94 12/29/94 10/31/94 11/30/94 11/30/94 10/31/94 11/30/94	Septitio Water (8,59s) 3.70 3.27 3.31 2.60 3.26 2.28 4.76	Estration (fl. bgs) 3.07 3.50 3.46 2.23 1.57 2.55
3-15 3-15 3-15	(R. MSE) 6.77 4.83	10/31/94 11/30/94 12/29/94 10/31/94 11/30/94 12/29/94 10/31/94	(8.1998) 3.70 3.27 3.31 2.60 3.26 2.28	3.07 3.50 3.46 2.23 1.57 2.55
3-15 3-15 3-15	6.77 4.83	11/30/94 12/29/94 10/31/94 11/30/94 12/29/94 10/31/94	3.70 3.27 3.31 2.60 3.26 2.28	3.07 3.50 3.46 2.23 1.57 2.55
3-15 3-15	4.83	11/30/94 12/29/94 10/31/94 11/30/94 12/29/94 10/31/94	3.27 3.31 2.60 3.26 2.28	3.50 3.46 2.23 1.57 2.55
3-15		12/29/94 10/31/94 11/30/94 12/29/94 10/31/94	3.31 2.60 3.26 2.28	3.46 2.23 1.57 2.55
3-15		10/31/94 11/30/94 12/29/94 10/31/94	2.60 3.26 2.28	2.23 1.57 2.55
3-15		11/30/94 12/29/94 10/31/94	3.26 2.28	1.57 2.55
···	7.28	12/29/94 10/31/94	2.28	2.55
···	7.28	10/31/94		
···	7.28		4.76	
245		44/20/04		2.52
2 45			3.34	3.94
2 45		12/29/94	3.63	3.65
2-12	5.21	10/31/94	3.00	2.21
		11/30/94	2.63	2.58
		12/29/94	3.03	2.18
3.5-13.5	8.26	10/31/94	5.76	2.50
		11/30/94	5.22	3.04
		12/29/94	5.16	3.10
4-14	8.14	10/31/94	6.06	2.08
		11/30/94	5.45	2.69
		12/29/94	5.36	2.78
3.5-13.5	5.91	10/31/94	3.86	2.05
		11/30/94	3.07	2.84
		12/29/94	2.76	3.15
3.5-13.5	5.65	10/31/94	3.92	1.73
		11/30/94	2.21	3.44
		12/29/94	2.39	3.26
3-13	5.01	10/31/94	3.00	2.01
		11/30/94		NR
		12/29/94		3.02
3-13	4.96			1.10
7.72				NR
				4.96
	4-14 3.5-13.5 3.5-13.5	3.5-13.5 8.26  4-14 8.14  3.5-13.5 5.91  3.5-13.5 5.65  3-13 5.01	11/30/94 12/29/94 3.5-13.5 8.26 10/31/94 11/30/94 12/29/94 4-14 8.14 10/31/94 11/30/94 12/29/94 3.5-13.5 5.91 10/31/94 11/30/94 12/29/94 3.5-13.5 5.65 10/31/94 11/30/94 12/29/94 3-13 5.01 10/31/94 11/30/94 11/30/94 12/29/94	11/30/94 2.63 12/29/94 3.03 3.5-13.5 8.26 10/31/94 5.76 11/30/94 5.22 12/29/94 5.16 4-14 8.14 10/31/94 6.06 11/30/94 5.45 12/29/94 5.36 3.5-13.5 5.91 10/31/94 3.86 11/30/94 3.07 12/29/94 2.76 3.5-13.5 5.65 10/31/94 3.92 11/30/94 2.21 12/29/94 2.39 3-13 5.01 10/31/94 3.00 11/30/94 NR 12/29/94 1.99 3-13 4.96 10/31/94 3.86 11/30/94 NR

NR - No Reading Due to Inaccessibility of Well

## Table 2 Soil Chemical Analytical Data October 26 and 27, 1994

~~~	October 20 and 21, 1334										
Well/Boring Depth	TPH-g (mg/kg)	TPH-o (mg/kg)	TPH-d (rig/kg)	Benzene (ug/kg)	l'oluene (ug/kg)	Ethylbenzens (ug/kg)	Xylenas (Total) (ug/kg)				
TP3A-2	<1	6900	1400	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5				
MW-5-2.5	<1	160	23	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5				
MW-5-5	<1	280	27	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5				
MW-5A-6	<1	<50	<1	<25	<25	<2.5	<25				
MW-6-2 5	<1	930	28	<25	<25	<2.5	<25				
MW-7-2	<1	180	240	<25	<25	<25	15				
MW-8-3 5	20	390	97	<5	57	10	84				

TPH-g Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as gasoline

TPH-o Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as oif and grease

TPH-d Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as diesei

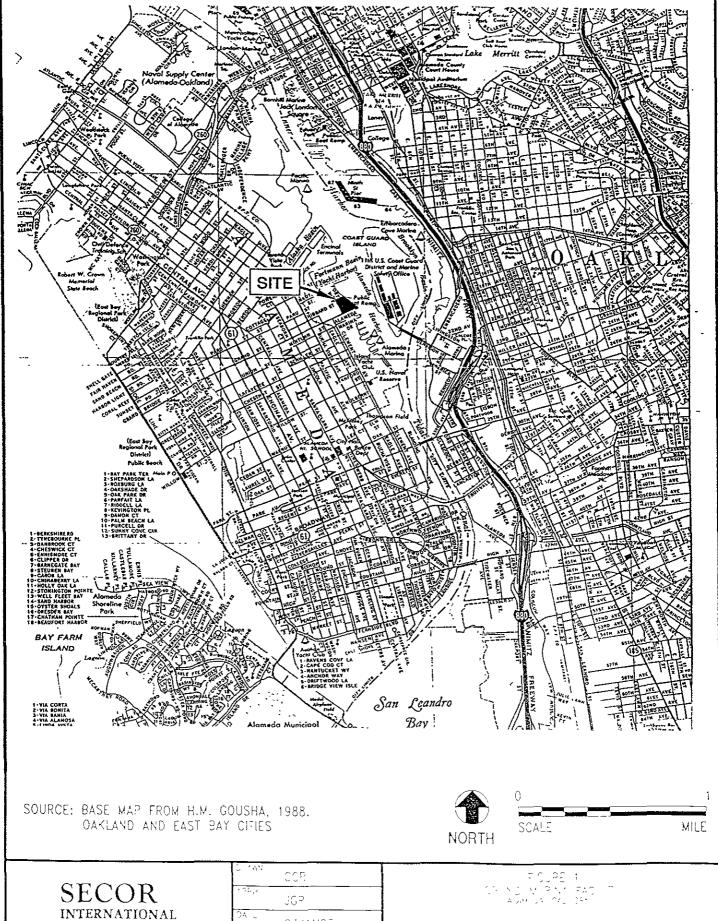
mg/kg miligrams per kiligrams

ug/kg micrograms per kilogram

Table 3
Groundwater Chemical Analysis Data
October 31 and November 1, 1994

			CODEL O L di	In Hoscille	1 1, 1007		
Well	TPH-g (Htg/L)	TPH-G (mg/L)	TPH-d (mg/L)	Sanzese (ug/L)	Toluene (sq/L)	Ethylbenzene (ug/L)	Xylenes (Total) (ug/L)
MW-1	0.08	<5	0.4	<0.5	1.1	<0.5	1.4
MW-2	22	13	4:2	2200	4800	500	2700
MW-3	0.11	<b>&lt;</b> 5	0.14	<0.5	<0.5	2.4	5.2
MW-4	<0.05	<5	0.24	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
MW-5	<0.05	<5	0.56	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
MW-6	<0.05	<5	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
MW-7	<0.05	<5	0,97	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
MW-8	<0.05	<5_	1	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5

mg/L: milligrams per liter ug/L: micrograms per liter

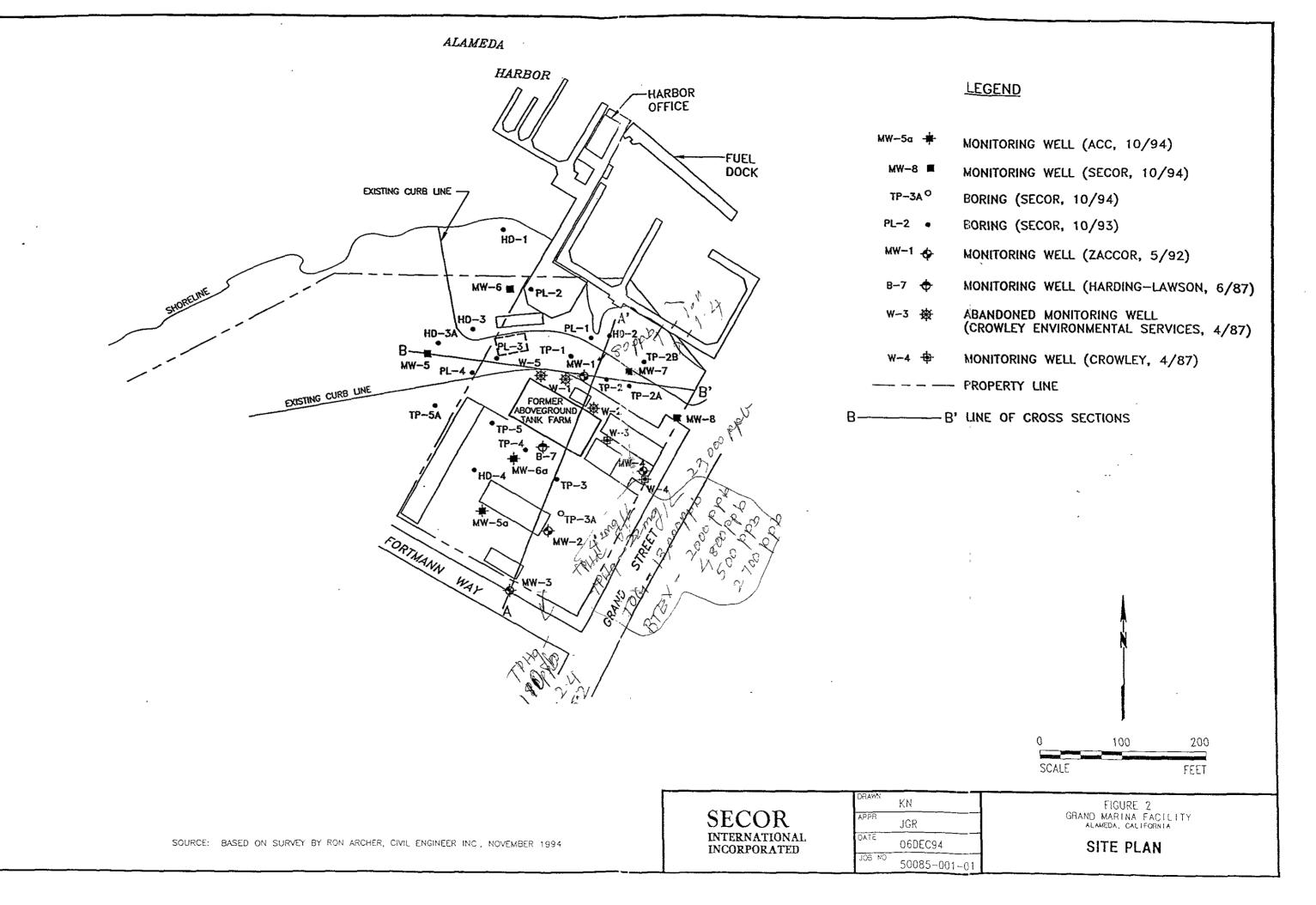


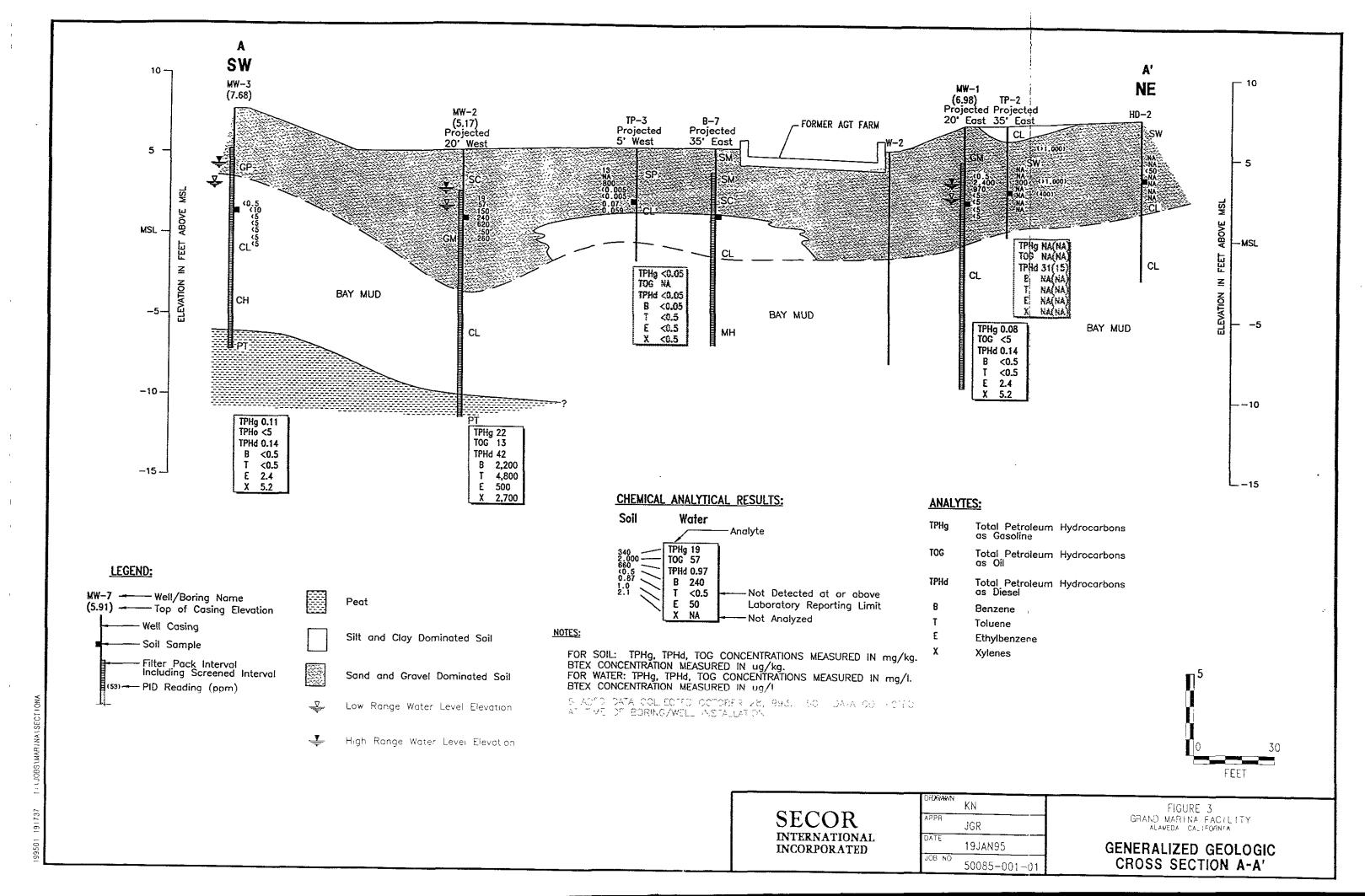
23JAN95

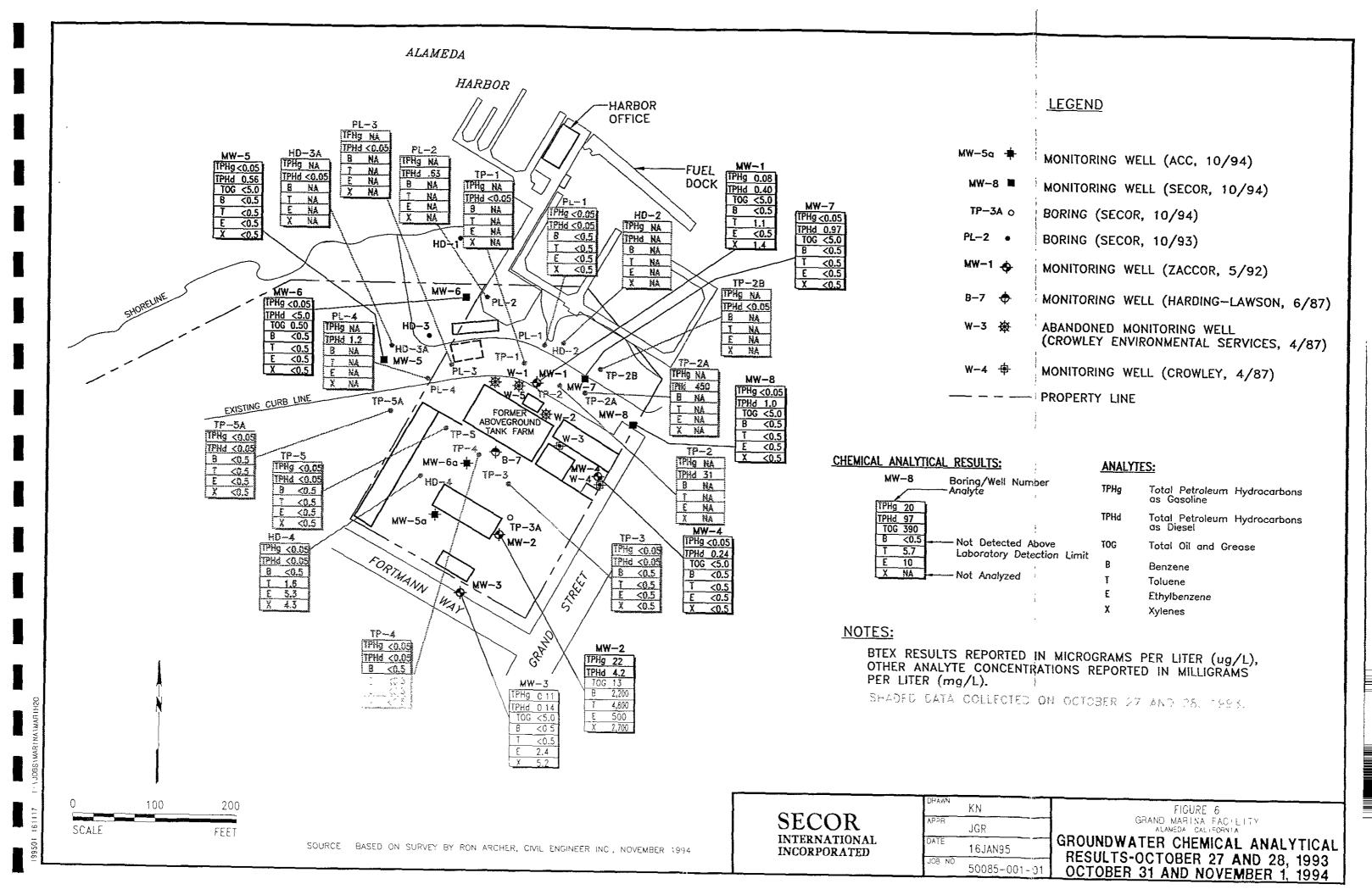
50085--001-01

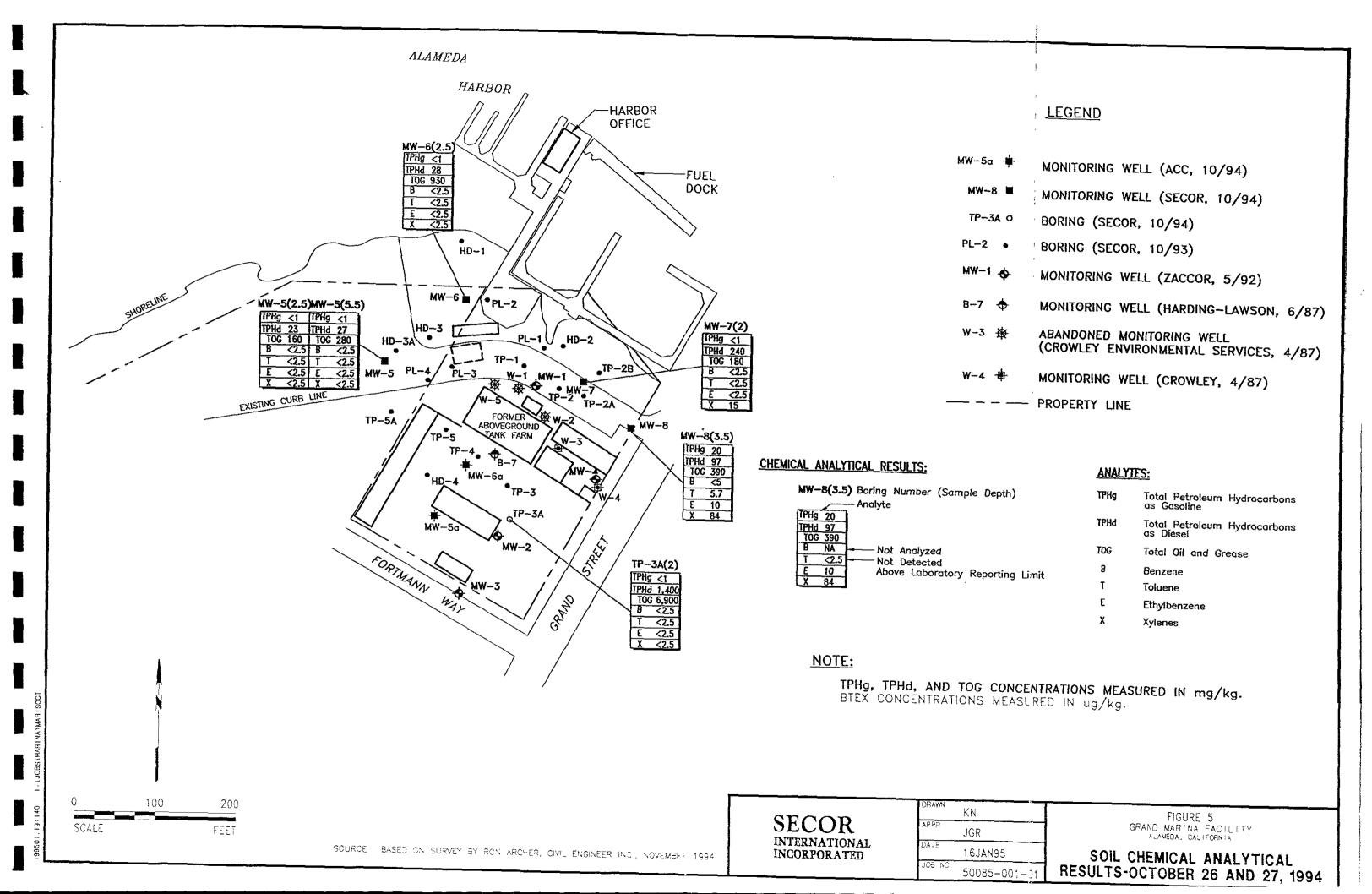
SITE LOCATION MAP

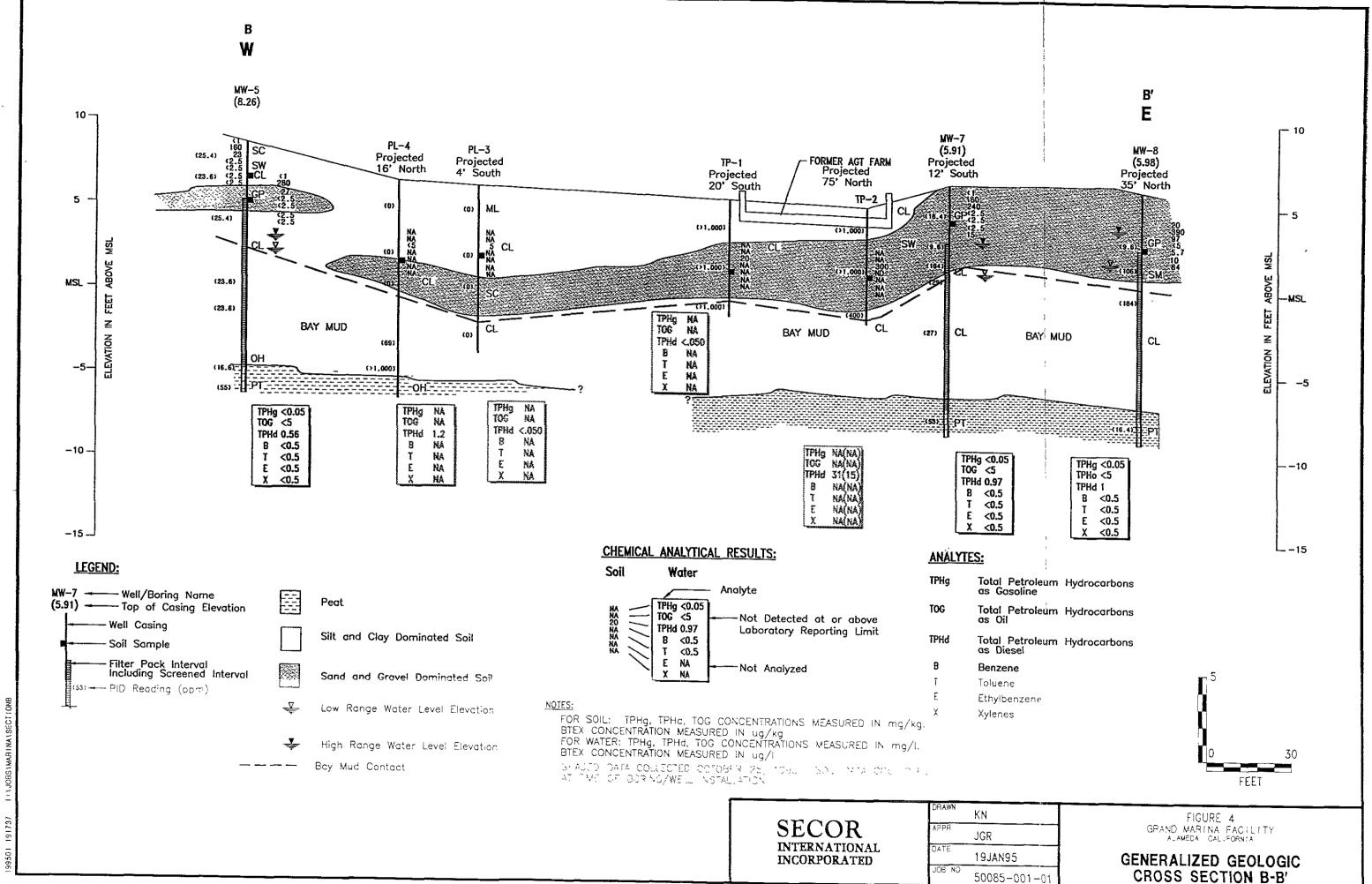
INCORPORATED

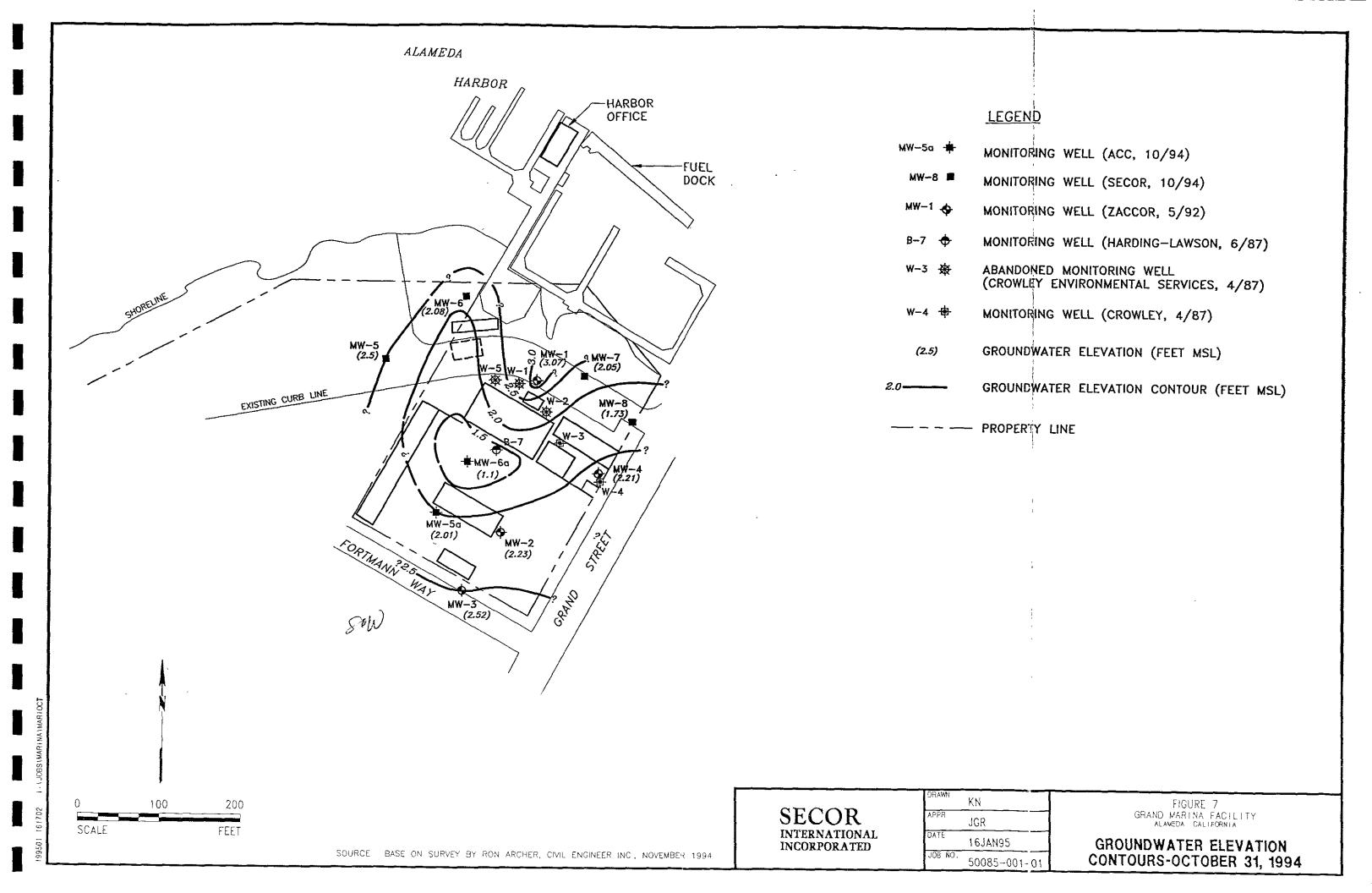


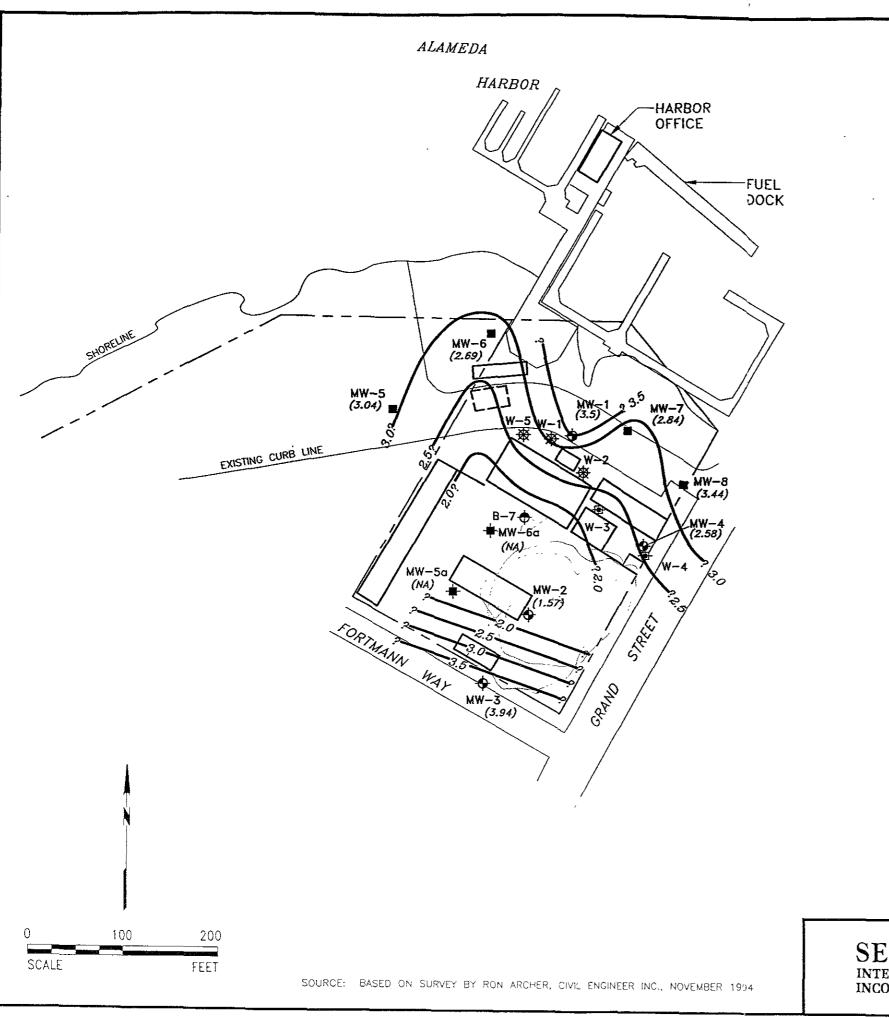












**LEGEND** 

MW-8 ■ MONITORING WELL (SECOR, 10/94)

MW-1 ♦ MONITORING WELL (ZACCOR, 5/92)

B-7 MONITORING WELL (HARDING-LAWSON, 6/87)

W-3 会 ABANDONED MONITORING WELL (CROWLEY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, 4/87)

W-4 + MONITORING WELL (CROWLEY, 4/87)

(3.04) GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (FEET MSL)

(MA) DATA NOT AVAILABLE

GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOUR (FEET MSL)

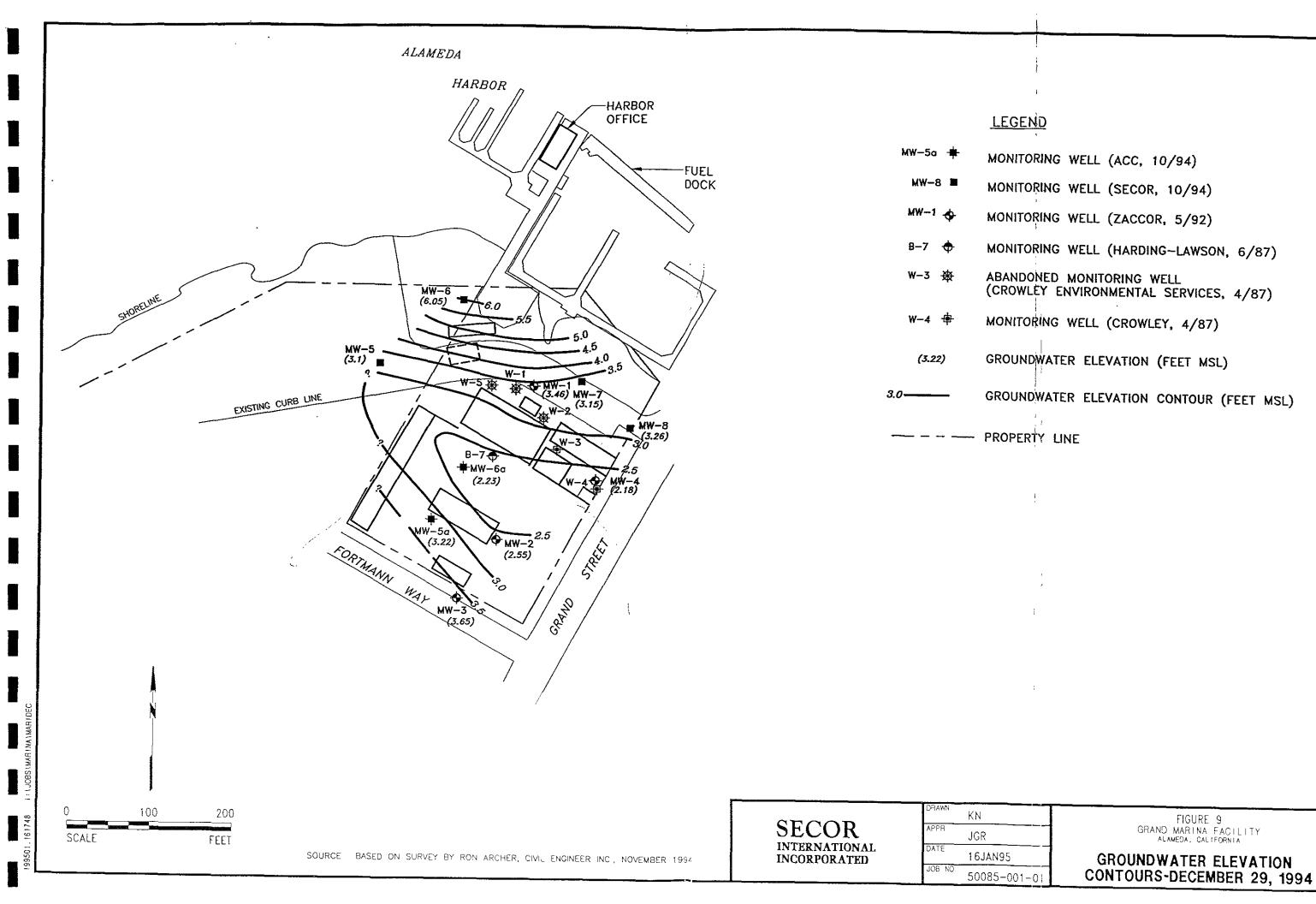
- - - PROPERTY LINE

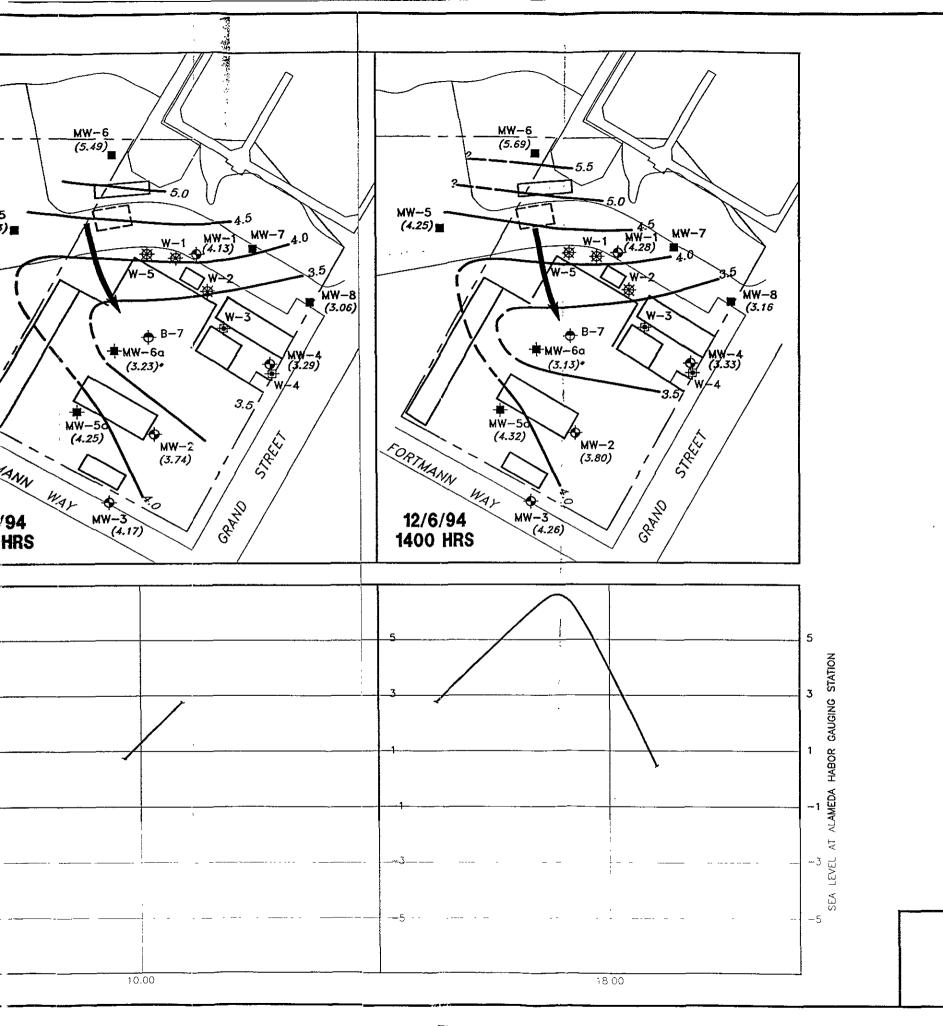
SECOR INTERNATIONAL INCORPORATED

DRAWN	KN	Γ
APPR	JGR	
DATE	16JAN95	
J03 NO.	50085-001-01	

FIGURE 8
GRAND MARINA FACILITY
ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA

GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOURS-NOVEMBER 30, 1994





## **LEGEND**

MW-5a  $\Rightarrow$  MONITORING WELL (ACC, 10/94)

MW<sup>-8</sup> ■ MONITORING WELL (SECOR, 10/94)

MW-1 ♦ MONITORING WELL (ZACCOR, 5/92)

B-7 ♦ MONITORING WELL (HARDING-LAWSON, 6/87)

W-3 \( \Phi \) ABANDONED MONITORING WELL (CROWLEY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, 4/87)

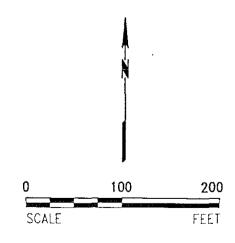
W-4 h MONITORING WELL (CROWLEY, 4/87)

(5.48) GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (FEET MSL)

ELEVATION DATA EXTRAPOLATED

4.5 GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOUR (FEET MSL)

- - PROPERTY LINE



SOURCE. BASE ON RON ARCHER CIVIL ENGINEER INC NOVEMBER 1994

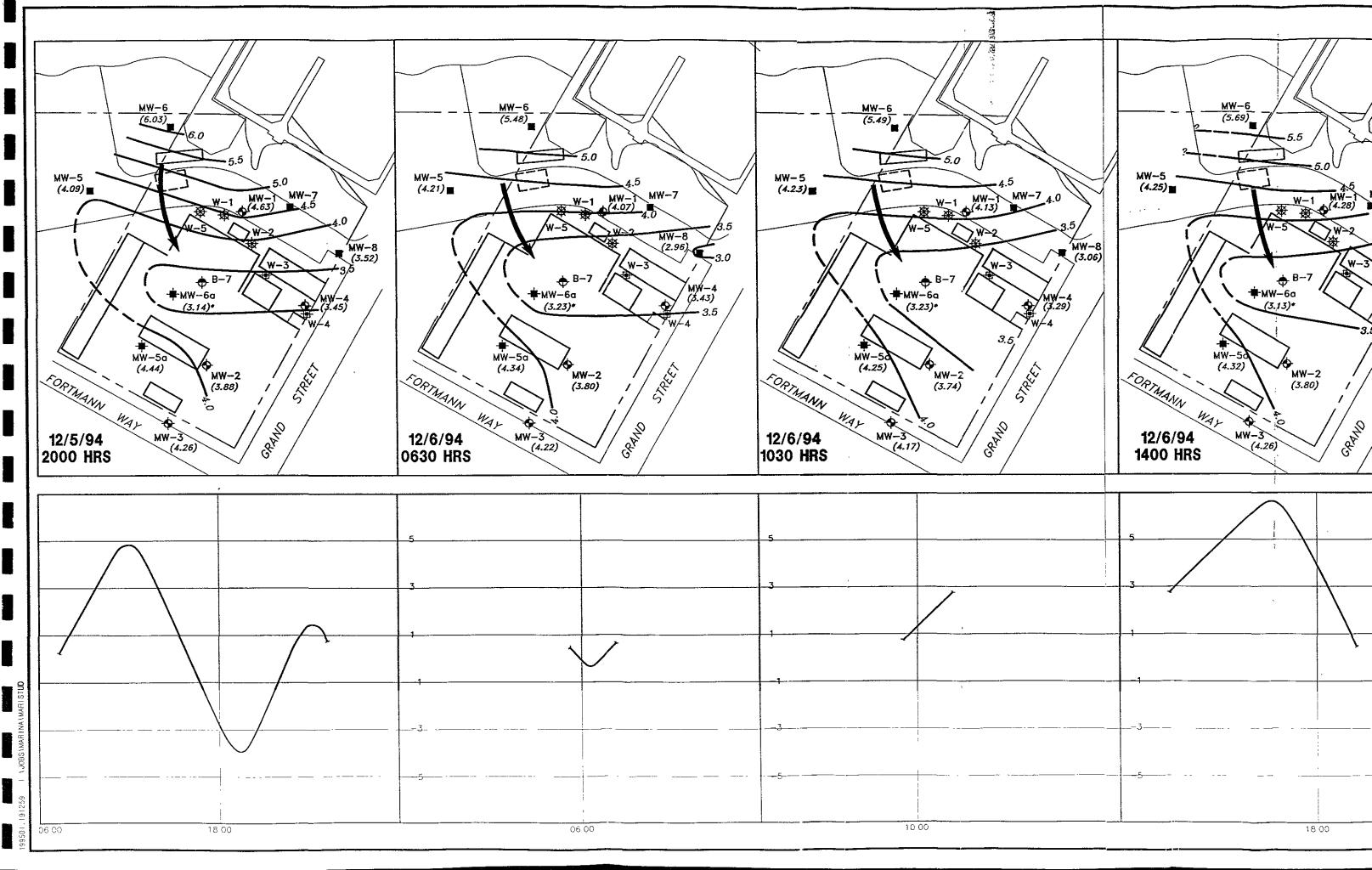
SECOR INTERNATIONAL INCORPORATED

NWAFO.	KN
v bbb	JGR
DATE	16JAN95
JÖB NO	50085-001-01

FIGURE 10

GRAND MARINA FACILITY
ALAWEDA CALIFORNIA

COMPARISON OF WATER ELEVATION DATA BETWEE
MONITORING WELLS AND ALAMEDA HARBO
DECEMBER 5 AND 6, 1994



## APPENDIX A

## HISTORICAL SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL DATA

## TABLE AI HISTORIC SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

## Subsurface Investigation 2099 Grand Street Alameda, California

## **SOILS - HYDROCARBONS**

Sample #	ТРНд	ТРН	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	TOG
WELLBORES							
MW-1 4.0-4.5	ND	970	ИD	ND	ND	ND	2,400
MW-1 10.0-10.5	NA_	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
MW-1 15.0-15.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
MW-2 4.0-4.5	19	150	0.24	0.62	0.050	0.26	57
MW-2 10.0-10.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
MW-2 16.0-16.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
MW-3 6.0-6.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	170
MW-3 10.0-10.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
MW-4 10.0-10.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
MW-4 15.0-15.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TANK FARM I	LOOR						- 1017 - 1
#1 0.0-0.5	40	1,100	ND	ND	NÐ	0.13	1,300
#1 6.5-7.0	ND	99	ND	ND	ND	ND	220
#2 5.5-6.0	ND	36	ND	ND	ND	ND	130
#3 0.0-0.5	780	21,000	ND	0.55	0.88	3.0	15,000
#3 5 5-6 0	44	900	ND	ND	0.10	ND	1,800
#4 4 0-4 5	800	490	ND	ND	ND	12	1,900

## TABLE AI (Continued) HISTORIC SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Subsurface Investigation 2099 Grand Street Alameda, California

Sample #	TPHg	ТРНА	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	TOG
#5 0.0-0.5	500	3,500	ND	ND	ND	ND	2,800
#5 5.5-6.0	12	40	0.024	0.14	0.075	0.23	200
#6 5.5-6.0	43	1,200*	ND	ND	ND	0.085	840
#7 0.0-0.5	97	960	ND	ND	0.13	0.54	2,100
#7 5.5-6.0	0.7	19*	0.006	ND	ND	0.009	190
#8 6.5-7.0	0.9	19*	ND	ND	NĐ	ND	120
#9 0.0-0.5	1.2	55	ND	ND	ND	0.010	320
#9 5.5-6.0	2.4	18*	ND	ND	ND	0.010	120
#10 5.5-6.0	NÐ	97	ND	ND	ND	ND	200
#11 0.0-0.5	320	12,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	4,000
#11 4.0-4.5	1.3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	90
#12 0.0-0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,100
#12 6.5-7.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	100
TANK FARM	PERIMETER	- DISCRE	TE SAMPLES		····		
#15 0.0-0.5	28*	160*	ND	ND	ND	0.086	470
#19 4 5-5 0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	340
#23X 3 0-3 5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	37

## TABLE A1 (Continued) HISTORIC SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Subsurface Investigation 2099 Grand Street Alameda, California

Sample #	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	TOG
#32A 0.0-0.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	57
#32B 4.0-4.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	110
#33B 4.0-4.5	ND	550*	ND	ND	ND	ND	5,500
#45B 4.0-4.5	230*	200	ND	0.081	0.66	1.9	3,500
#49B 4.0-4.5	1,200*	16,000	ND	1.2	0.74	1.9	1,300
#51B 4.0-4.5	0.9	24	ND	ND	ND	ND	87
TANK FARM P	ERIMETER	- COMPOS	ITE SAMPLES				
#13,#14,#16 0.0-0.5	ND	250	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,100
#13,#14 4.5-5.0	ND	37*	ND	ND	ND	ND	330
#17-20 0.0-0.5	0.7	230*	ND	ND	ND	0.009	680
#18,#19,#20 4.5-5.0	ND	140*	ND	ND	ND	ND	680
#21-#24 0.0-0.5	0.9	180*	ND	ND	ND	0.013	1,500
#21-#24 4.5-5.0	ND	ND	NĐ	ND	ND	ND	130
#25-#28 0.0-0.5	0.7	1,300*	ND	ND	ND	ND	2,300
#25-#28 4.0-4.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	310
#29A-32A 0 0-0 5	ND	1,100*	ΝD	ND	ND	ND	690
#29,#30,#32B 4 0 4 5	ND	13	ND	ND	ND	ND	43

## TABLE A1 (Continued) HISTORIC SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Subsurface Investigation 2099 Grand Street Alameda, California

Sample #	ТРНд	ТРН	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	TOG
#33,35,#36A 0.0-0.5	ND	49*	ND	ND	ND	ND	310
#33-#36B 4.0-4.5	ND	460*	ND	ND	ND	ND	2,000
#37-#40A 0.0-0.5	ND	63*	ND	ND	ND	ND	220
#37-#40B 4.0-4.5	ND	910*	ND	ND	ND	DND	2,700
#41-#44A 0.0-0.5	ND	98*	ND	0.014	ND	0.014	850
#45,#47,#48A 0.0-0.5	0.7*	240*	ND	0.005	0.013	0.040	980
#45B,#48B 4.0-4.5	120*	110	ND	ND	0.23	0.30	1,200
#49A,#50A 0.0-0.5	ND	7,900	NĐ	ND	Ир	ND	8,600
#49B,#50B 4.0-4.5	370*	11,000	ND	ND	ND	1.1	4,500
#51A,#52A 0.0-0.5	NA	110	NA	NA	NA	NA	400
#51B,#52B 4.0-4.5	ND	28	ND	ND	ND	ND	40
FORMER UST	VICINITY						
TP1 4.0-4.5	340	660**	ND	0.87	1.0	2.1	2,000
TP2 4.0-4.5	88	NA	ND	0.54	0.34	0.59	350
TP3 4.0-4.5	17	NA	0.15	0.18	0.131	0.40	4,400
TP5 4 0-4 5	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	12,000
TP6 4 0-4 5	26	N'A	ND	0 088	0 20	0 64	7,500

## TABLE A1 (Continued) HISTORIC SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS Subsurface Investigation 2099 Grand Street

Alameda, California

Sample #	TPHg	ТРНа	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	TOG
TP7 4.0-4.5	5.2	NA	ND	0.013	0.059	0.15	480
TP8 4.0-4.5	ND	82*	ND	ND	ND	ND	410
TP9 4.0-4.5	490*	4,700	ND	ND	ND	5.8	3,100
PRODUCT LIN	ES			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
PL-2 4.0-4.5	0.7*	5,400*	ND	ND	ND	ND	10,000
PL-3 4.0-4.5	ND	31*	ND	ND	ND	ND	560
PL-4 4.5-5.0	210*	11,000*	ND	ND	0.22	0.60	11,000
PL-12 4.5-5.0	ND	21*	ND	ND .	ND	ND	37
1987 HLA BOR	INGS					-	, ,
B-1 1.0-1.5	2,300(1)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B-2 5.0-5.5	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
B-3 1.5-2.0	11(1)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA .	NA
B-4 5.0-5.5	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA ·	NA	NA
B-5 5.0-5.5	ND.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B-6 1.5-2.0	53	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B-7/W-1 11.5-12 0	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
1987 HLA TRE	ENCHES			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		<del></del>	·
T-1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA

## TABLE A1 (Continued) HISTORIC SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Subsurface Investigation 2099 Grand Street Alameda, California

Sample #	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	TOG
T-2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA
Т-3	4(2)	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA
T-4	ND	31,000	ND	130	6	20	NA
T-5	ND	ND	ND	0.6	1.2	6	NA
Т-6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA
URIAH TANK	PIT SAMPLE	es ·					
#1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA
#2	730	ND	0.3	0.3	0.7	ND	NA
AREA OF PRE	VIOUS B-1/E	ORING			*		
1B-1 1.0-1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND
1B-1 4.0-4.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2B-1 1.0-1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	30
2B-1 4.0-4.5	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND
3B-1 1.0-1.5	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND
3B-1 4.0-4.5	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND
4B-1 1.0-1.5	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	180
4B-1 4.0-4.5	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	50
5B-1 1.0-1 5	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	100
5B-1	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND
4 0-4 5	٧A	ND	NA	NΑ	NA	NΑ	ND

# TABLE A1 (Continued) HISTORIC SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Subsurface Investigation 2099 Grand Street Alameda, California

#### SOILS - METALS

PARAMETERS	T-1	T-2	Т-3	T-4	T-5
Beryllium	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Cadmium	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.5
Chromium	26	22	21	32	21
Copper	11	4.6	62	73	100
Lead	21	8.9	840	140	190
Nickel	23	16	26	53	51
Silver	1.3	ND	ND	ND	ND
Thallium	ND	ND	ND	5.4	ND
Zinc	27	12	310	270	330
Antimony	21	20	ND	ND	ND
Arsenic	2.6	1.6	4.7	38	0.4
Selenium	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Mercury	0.07	0.03	0.13	0.26	0.17

## TABLE 1 (Concluded) HISTORIC SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Subsurface Investigation 2099 Grand Street Alameda, California

#### WATER SAMPLES - HYDROCARBONS

SAMPLE	DATE	TPHg	ŤРНа	BENZENE	TOLUENE	ETHYLBENZENE	XYLENES	TOG	FREE PRODUCT
MW-1	5/4/92	ND	ND	ND	0.8	ND	1.3	ND	None
MW-2	5/4/92	29,000	1,200	4,000	11,000	500	2,900	ND	None
MW-3	5/4/92	ND	120	ND	1.0	ND	ND	ND	None
MW-4	5/4/92	ND	150	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	None
W-1 <sup>™</sup>	6/12/87	36*	NA	0.0066	ND	0.013	ND	NA	0.25-0.50
W-2 <sup>(7)</sup>	6/12/87	1.3*	NA	0.350	ND	0.023	0.018	NA	Sheen
W-3 <sup>(7)</sup>	6/12/87	ND	NA	0.0041	ND	ND	ND	NA	None
W-4	6/12/87	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	None
W-5	6/12/87	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	Sheen
B-7	6/12/87	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	None

#### WATER SAMPLES - METALS

SAMPLE	LEAD	ZINC
WELL B-7	0.14	NA
T-3	NA NA	2.7

- .NOTES: 1 Soil analytical results in mg/kg unless otherwise noted.
  - 2 Groundwater analytical results in  $\mu g/\ell$ , except TOG which is reported in  $mg/\ell$ .
  - 3 NA indicates not analyzed.
  - 4 ND indicates not detected above laboratory reporting limit.
  - 5 NR indicates results not reported.
  - 6 Reported by laboratory as TPHd\* but possibly represents heavier hydrocarbon product. Those reported as TPHg\* may possibly represent diesel or kerosene.
  - 7 Results in mg/l.

## TABLE A2 SOIL BORING CHEMICAL ANALYTICAL DATA $^{(i)}$

Subsurface Investigation 2099 Grand Street Alameda, California

Sample <sup>(2)</sup> Depth	TPHd	TPHg	Benzene	Toulene	Ethyl Benzene	Xylenes
TP1-3.5	29	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TP2-4	300	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TP2A-4	<5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TP2B-4	<5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TP3-4	800	13	<0.005	< 0.005	0.070	0.059
TP4-4	<5.0 (<5.0)	<1.0 (NA)	<0.005 (NA)	<0.005 (NA)	<0.005 (NA)	<0.005 (NA)
TP5-4	<5.0	<1.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
TP5A-4	<5.0	<1.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	<0.005
HD1-5	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
HD2-4	<5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
HD3-5	<5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
HD3A-4	<5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
HD4-3.5	<5.0	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	< 0.005	<0.005
PL1A-6.5	<5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
PL2-4	<5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
PL3-4	5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
PL4-4	<5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

- (1) Measured in milligrams per kilograms (mg/kg).
- (2) Boring number and depth to top of analyzed sample.
- NA Not Analyzed.
- < Analyte not detected above the noted reporting limit.

Duplicate results in parenthesis.

Note PL1A-6.5 is duplicate of PL1-3.5 - Primary sample not analyzed.

#### TABLE A3 GROUNDWATER CHEMICAL ANALYTICAL DATA

Subsurface Investigation 2099 Grand Street Alameda, California

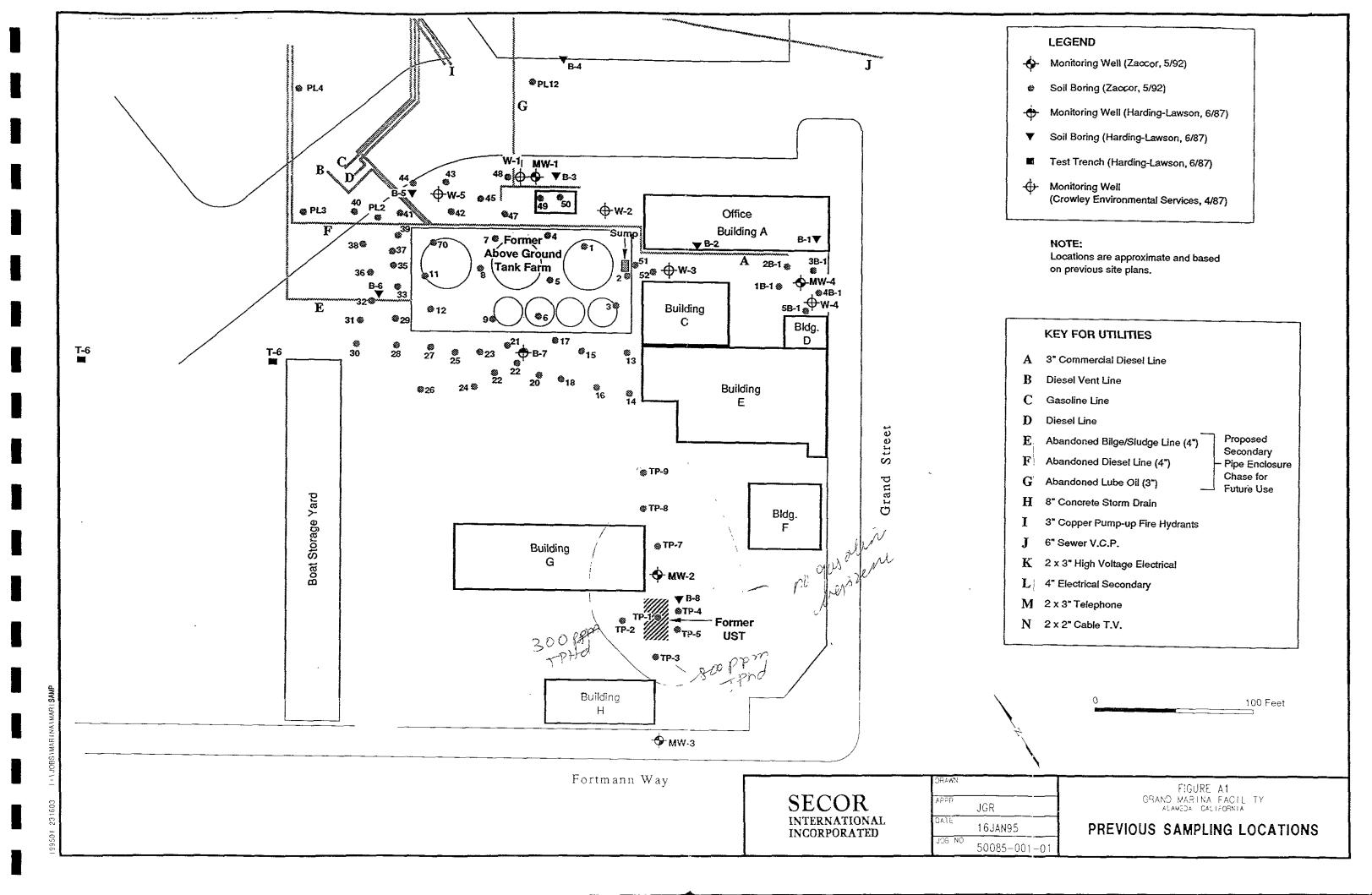
Borchole	TPHd <sup>(t)</sup>	TPHg <sup>(i)</sup> ,	Benzene <sup>(2)</sup>	Toulene <sup>(2)</sup>	Ethyl- Benzene <sup>(2)</sup>	Xylenes <sup>(3)</sup>
TP1	<50	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TP2	31,000 (15,000)	NA (NA)	NA (NA)	NA (NA)	NA (NA)	NA (NA)
TP2A	450,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TP2B	<50	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TP3	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
TP4	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
TP5	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
TP5A	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
HD3A	<50	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
HD4	<50	<50	<0.5	1.6	5.3	4.5
PL1	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
PL2	630	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
PL3	<50	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
PL4	1,200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Trip Blank	NA	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5

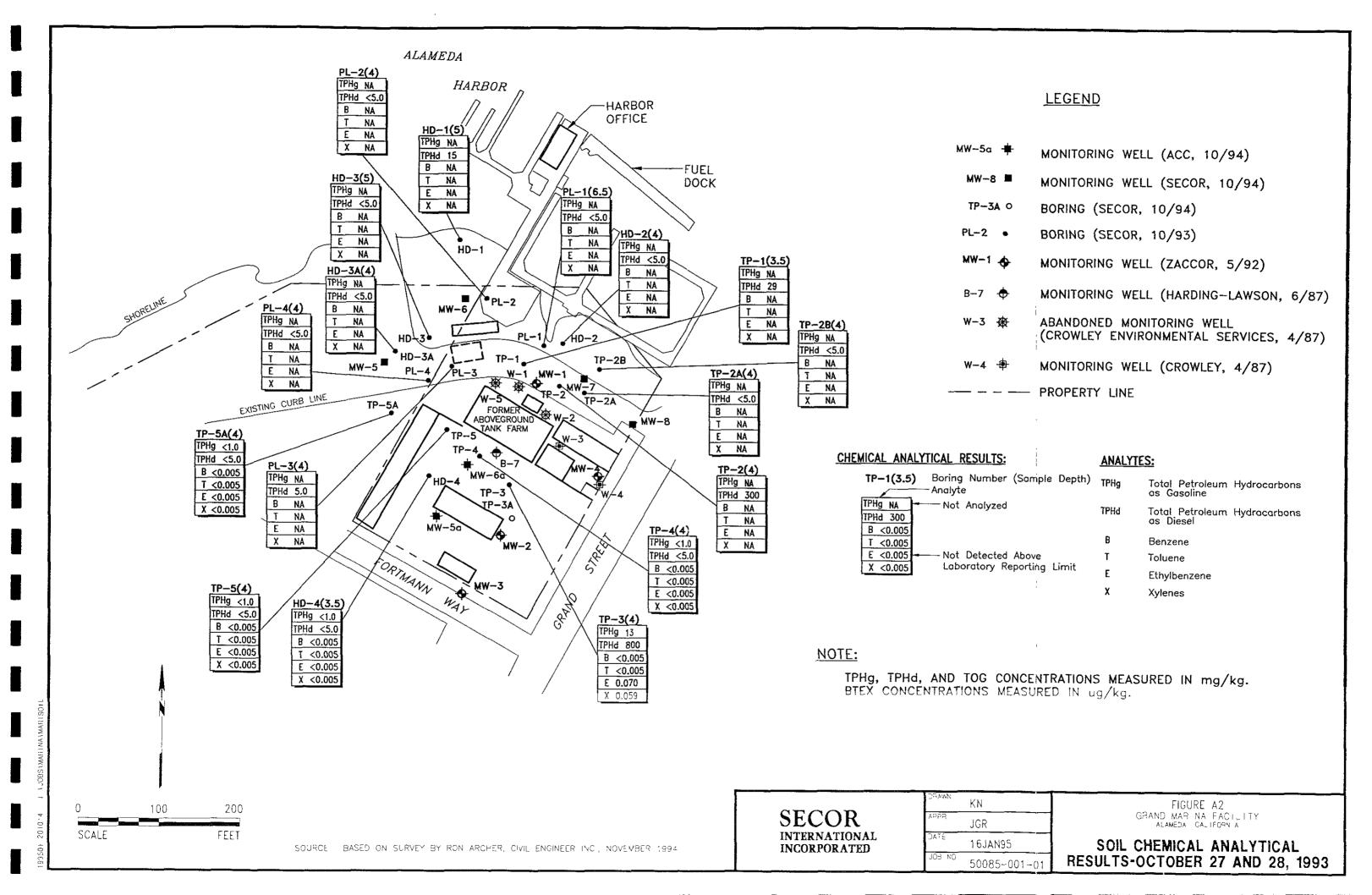
(1) - Measured in micrograms per liter  $(\mu g/\ell)$ .

NA - Not Analyzed.
< - Analyte not reported
\* - No sample obtained. Analyte not reported above noted detection limit.

Duplicate results in parenthesis.

No samples collected from borings HD1 and HD3.





# APPENDIX B BORING LOGS AND WELL PERMIT

Project:		S	JBSL	JRF/	VCE I	NVES1	<b>IGATION</b>		Project No.:	50085-001-0	01	Log of Boring/Monitoring Well:			
Boring (	ocation	ո։ 2	099	GR/	AND S	TREE	T, ALAMEI	DA							
Subcont	ractor	and E	quipm	ent:	BAYL	AND		<u>,</u>	Logged By:	TJPK			TP-3A		
Samplin	g Meth	oq: C	ПИО	NUC	US C	ORE		Monitoring (	Device: OVM			Com	ments:		
Start D	ate/Tim	ne: 1(	0/27	7/94	1//09	100		Finish Date/Time: 10/27/94//1000				ABANDONED			
First Wo									ater Level (bg				VOVIDOUITO		
terval/					nbol	vel	Surface Elevation: NA Casing Top Elevation: NA  LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION  (color, grain size, consistency, moisture, other)						Deitardia		
Sample Interval/ Recovery (Feet)	Sample 1.0.	PID (ppm)	Depth (Feet)		USCS Symbol	Water Level							Boring Abandonment/ Well Construction Details		
18/18 18/18	\$\$ ₩	6.1 7.8 7.8	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 11 12 1 13 14 1 15 16 1 17 1 18 1 19 1 20 1 22 23 1 1 2 25 1 26 1 27 1 28 1 28 1 28 1 28 1 28 1 28 1 28		Sn Sn		BROWN to loose DARK G slight o  DARK G moist, s	SILTY SAN e; pieces RAY SILTY rganic odd	ID (SM) moof asphalt SAND (SM or (0,85,15,17) (CL) with plasticity (1	ist, medium (2,78,20,0) ) wet, loose, ))	·		Backfilled with Grout		
			29 <del>]</del> 50 <u> </u>	}	j		<u></u> -								

Reviewed By Sam & Petcher Date 1-26-95 Revised By

Date

Page 1 of 1

Project:		SU	IBSU	RFA	CE IN	IVES1	IGATION	Project	No.: 50085-001-	-01	Log of Boring/Monito	oring Well:
Boring Lo	ocation	: 20	99	GRA	ND S	TREE	T, ALAMEDA				N.A.V	VI_E
Subcontr	actor (	and Ec	uipm	ent:	BAYL	AND		Logged	By: TJPK		IVIV	V-5
Sampling	Metho	м: C(	ודאכ	NUO	US C	ORE	Monitoring	Device: 0	VM 580B		Comments:	
Start Da			/26	/94	//10	30	Finish Dat	e/Time: 11	0/26/94//1130			
First Wol	er (bg	s): 7					Stabilized	Water Leve	(bgs): 4.97			
Sample Interval/ Recovery (Feet)	Sample I.D.	PID (ppm)	Depth (Feet)		USCS Symbol	Water Level	L		Casing Top Elevati DESCRIPTION sistency, moisture,			indonment/ iction Details
36/36	kin5-2.5 kin5-5	25.4 23.6 25.4	2 — 3 — 4 —			<b>Y</b>	YELLOWSH BROV and gravel, dens (10,65,10,15) OLIVE GRAY GRAY dense, no plasti OLIVE GRAY SAN high plasticity, s	se, low p AVELLY S icity, slig NDY CLA' slightly m	lasticity, moist ILTY SAND (SW) Intly moist (20,5) ( (CL) with she inoist to moist (	to wet ) trace clay 55,20,5) lls, stiff, (0,20,0,80)		Grout  2"# Blank Casing Sch. 40 PVC  Hydrated Bentonite Peliets
36/60	M#0-3		6 <del>-</del> 7 <del>-</del> 7 <del>-</del>			<u>-</u> _ <u>V</u>	dense, no plasti DARK GRAY CL/	icity, slig	ntly moist (60,	30,0,10)		254 C.1.40
60/60		23.6 23.6	9 — 10—				to soft, high pl (0,10,0,90) grades softer grades with roo	asticity,			lor	2" Sch. 40 0.020" Stot Screen 12/12 Lonestor Scnd Filter
		16.6	12- 13- 13-				ORGANIC CLAY moist, strong s matterial (0,0,0	ulfur odd ,100)	r, abundant plo	ont .		Pack
18/18		55	14- 15- 16-				BROWN PEAT (F to strong odor End of Boring o	(0,0,0,10		ist, modera	te	End Cap
			17 18									
			19- 20- 21-								-  -  -  -  -	
			22-								-	
7,77			<b>24</b> -								<b>-</b> - -	
			26- 27- 28-	T - T - T - T							-	
199409 071009			29 <b>-</b>  29 <b>-</b>  30 <b>-</b>		!						_	

Reviewes Frank Date 1-26-95
Rovied By Doile

Project:		S	UBSL	JRF/	ACE II	VES	TIGATION	Project No.: 50085-001-01	100	of Boring/Monitoring Well:
		n: 2	0999	GF	RAND	STRE	ET, ALAMEDA	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	٠, ١	
Subcontr								Logged By: TJPK	7	MW-5A
Sampling							Monitoring	Device: OVM 580B	Cor	nments:
Start Da				/94	1//07	'30		e/Time: 10/26/94//0815		ABANDONED
First Wa	ter (bo	gs): 7	,					Water Level (bgs): NA		VOVIDOUED
Zg Zg			<b>a</b>		-		Surface Elevation: N	IA Casing Top Elevation: NA		
Sample Interval/ Recovery (Feet)	Somple I.D.	PID (ppm)	Depth (Feet)	<del>-</del> ,	USCS Symbol	Water Level	Ll (color, grain	ITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION  n size, consistency, moisture, other)	<b>.</b>	Boring Abandonment/ Well Construction Details
36/36 24/54		14.9 18.4 11.4 14.9	1 — 2 — 3 — 4 — 5 —				gravel, dense, lo (10,65,10,15) OLIVE GRAY GRA dense, no plastic grades moist LIGHT BROWN SA	WN CLAYEY SAND (SC) with silt and plasticity, moist to wet AVELLY SILTY SAND (SW) trace clocity, slightly moist (20,55,20,5) ANDY GRAVEL (GP) with clay, city, slightly moist (60,30,0,10)		
60/60	M¥5A-6	18.6 11.4	7 - 8 - 9 - 10 - 11 - 12 - 13			<u>V</u>	DARK GRAY SILT high plasticity, m odor (0,0,15,85) grades softer grades with roots	Y CLAY (CL) medium stiff to sofnoist to wet, slight to moderate	•	Backfilled with Grout
60/60		11.4	15— 16— 17— 18—				plant matter (0,0 BROWN PEAT (PT abundant plant n	r) moist, moderate odor, naterial	ity,	- - - - - - - - -
			19 — 20 — 21 — 222 — 23 — 24 — 27 — 27 — 27 — 27 — 27 — 27 — 27				End of Boring at	18.5'.		

10× mos 6 mm 2 Petcher 3000 1-26-95

Bearing Localism: 2099 GRAND SIRREET, ALAMEDA Sempling Method: CONTINUOUS CORE Sourh Bots/Time: 10/26/94/0645 Frish Bots/Time: 10/26/94/1000 Frish Water (bgs)-7  Surb Bots/Time: 10/26/94/0645 Frish Bots/Time: 10/26/94/1000  Surb Bots/Time: 10/26/94		RFACE INVEST		Project No.: 50085-001-01	Log	of Boring/Monitoring Well:
Scorp Dotoly Times   10/26/94//0845   Finish Date/Times   10/26/94/1000   Finish Date/Times   10/26/	Boring Location: 2099 (	GRAND STREE	T, ALAMEDA			
Start Dote/Ime: 10/26/94//0845  First Water (bgs): 7  Starbized Water Level (bgs): 5.17  Surface Elevation: 8.51  Casing Top Develtors: 8.14  Boring Abandonment/ Well Construction Details  First Water (bgs): 7  Surface Elevation: 8.51  Casing Top Develtors: 8.14  Boring Abandonment/ Well Construction Details  First Water (bgs): 7  Surface Elevation: 8.51  Casing Top Develtors: 8.14  Boring Abandonment/ Well Construction Details  First Water (bgs): 7  Surface Elevation: 8.51  Casing Top Develtors: 8.14  Boring Abandonment/ Well Construction Details  First Water (bgs): 7  First Water (bgs): 7  Surface Elevation: 8.51  Casing Top Develtors: 8.14  Boring Abandonment/ Well Construction Details  First Water (bgs): 7  First Water (bgs): 7  Surface Elevation: 8.51  Casing Top Develtors: 8.14  Boring Abandonment/ Well Construction Details  First Water (bgs): 7  First Water (bgs): 7  Could Gray First SAND (SP) trace with silt and day, medium dense to loose, dry (5,85,5.5)  CUIVE GRAY FIRE SAND (SM): for the surface of the process of the process of the surface of the process of the surface of the process of th						IMM-6
Surface Devotion: 8.51 Casing Top Bevation: 8.14  LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION  (color, groin size, consistency, moisture, other)  Well Construction Details  PELLOWISH BROWN COARSE SAND (SP) trace with silt of one of (10,40,50,0)  OUNCE GRAY FINE SAND SILT (ML) with grovel, medium plasticity, grovel angular to subengular, moist, slight hydrocarbon odor (10,40,50,0)  UGHT BROWN GRAVELLY COARSE SAND (SP)  trace clay, most trace clay, medium dense, no plasticity, dry, roots (0,80,15,5)  grades with more clay and black mottling  DARK GRAY SILTY FINE SAND (SM) trace clay, medium dense, no plasticity, dry, roots (0,80,15,5)  grades with more clay and black mottling  DARK GRAY SILTY CLAY (CL) with abundant plant matter, soft high plasticity, moist, moderate sulfur odor (0,01,15,85)  grades with less organics  BROWN PEAT (PT) some clay, soft, no plasticity, moist, strong sulfur odor (0,01,5,01,010)  End of Boring at 15'.			Monitorin	g Device: OVM 580B	Соп	nments:
Surface Elevation: 8.51 Casing for Elevation: 8.14  LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION (color, grain size, consistency, moisture, other)  Vell Construction Details  VELLOWISH BROWN COARSE SAND (SP) trace with silt and day, medium dense to loose, dry (5,85,5,5)  OUVE GRAY FINE SANDY SILT (VLD) with gravel, medium plasticity, grovel angular to subangular, moist, 46 Ppl trace clay, medium dense, no plasticity, dry, roots (0,80,15,5)  LIGHT GRAY SILTY CLAY (CL) with obundant plant matter, soft high plasticity, moist, moderate sulfur odor (0,0,15,85) grades with less organics  BROWN PEAT (PT) some clay, soft, no plasticity, moist, strong sulfur odor (0,0,0,100)  End of Boring at 15'.		/94//0845				
TELLOWISH BROWN COARSE SAND (SP) trace with silt and clay, medium dense to loose, dry (5,85,5,5)  Tellowish BROWN COARSE SAND (SP) trace with silt and clay, medium dense to loose, dry (5,85,5,5)  OLIVE GRAY FINE SANDY SILT (ML) with gravel, medium plasticity, grovel angular to subangular, moist, slight hydrocarbon odor (10,40,50,0)  LIGHT BROWN GRAVELLY COARSE SAND (SP) trace clay, medium dense, no plasticity, dry, roots (0,80,15,5) grades with more clay and wet grades with more clay and black mottling  DARK GRAY SILTY CLAY (CL) with abundant plant matter, soft high plasticity, moist, moderate sulfur odor (0,0,15,55) grades with less organics  BROWN PEAT (P1) some clay, soft, no plasticity, moist, strong sulfur odor (0,0,0,100)  End of Boring at 15'.	First Water (bgs): 7		Stabilized	Water Level (bgs): 5.17		
VELLOWISH BROWN COARSE SAND (SP) trace with silt and clay, medium dense to loose, dry (5,85,5,5)  OLIVE GRAY FINE SANDY SILT (ML) with gravel, medium plasticity, gravel angular to subangular, moist, slight hydrocerobon odor (10,40,50,0)  LIGHT BROWN GRAVELLY COARSE SAND (SP) trace clay, medium dense, no plasticity, dry, roots (0,80,15,5)  The second of the second of the second odd of the second of the sec	Sample Interval Recovery (Feet) Sample I.D. PID (ppm) Depth (Feet)	USCS Symbol Water Level		•		
	36/36 W%5-25 . 3		OLIVE GRAY FIN medium plastici slight hydrocart LIGHT BROWN G trace clay, mois LIGHT GRAY SIL medium dense, grades dark grades with modor (0,0,15,85 grades with less BROWN PEAT (F moist, strong s	im dense to loose, dry (5,85,5,5). E SANDY SILT (ML) with gravel, ity, gravel angular to subangular, ity, say and (10,40,50,0).  RAVELLY COARSE SAND (SP) ist, very dense (20,75,0,5).  TY FINE SAND (SM) trace clay, no plasticity, dry, roots (0,80,15) and wet ity and wet.  TY CLAY (CL) with abundant plan phasticity, moist, moderate sully sorganics.  PT) some clay, soft, no plasticity, ulfur odor (0,0,0,100).	moist,	2" # Blank Casing Sch. 40 PVC  Hydrated Bentonite Pellets  2" # Sch.40 0.020" Stot Screen  #2/12 Lonestor Sand Filter Pack

Reviewed By Dote 1-26-95

Revised By Dote

Page<u>1</u> of <u>1</u>

Project: SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION Project No.: 50085-001-01										Lo	og of Boring/Monitoring Well:	
Boring L							T, ALAMEDA					MW-7
Subconti									Logged By: TJPK			141 44 - 1
Sampling									vice: 0VM 5808		C	omments:
Start Do				/94	//140	00			ime: 10/26/94			•
First Wa	iter (bg	s): 4		,	<del>, ,</del>		Stabi	lized Wat	ter Level (bgs): 3	.16 ·		
Sample Interval/ Recovery (Feet)	Somple I.D.	PID (ppm)	Depth (Feet)		USCS Symbol	Woter Level	Surface Elevation (color	: 6.32 UTH , grain si	Boring Abandonment/ Well Construction Details			
36/36 60/60 60/60	MW7-2	18.4	0 1 2 3 4 5 10 11 15 16 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16		sn 000000000000000000000000000000000000		LIGHT GRAY (60,40,0,0) DARK GRAY slight to me	SANDY SILTY edium I CLAY clasticity	FINE SAND (SInydrocarbon of (CL) with silt y, moist (0,10)	very dense, M) very loosedor (0,60,40, and sand,	, moist e, wet,	Grout  2*# Blank Casing Sch. 40 PVC  Hydrated Bentonite Pellets  2*# Sch.40 0.020** Stot Screen  2/12 Lonestar Sand Filter Pack  End Cap
לבסיס סייסס ליודרא לבסיב (אודרא לבסיב) איני איני איני איני איני איני איני אינ			17- 18- 19- 20- 21- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30-									

Reviewed By June 1 - 26-95 Revised By

Date \_\_\_

Page 1 of 1

Project:		SL	JBSU	JRFA	CE IN	IVES1	<b>IGATION</b>		Projec	No.: 5008	35-001-01		Log of 1	Boring/Monitoring Well:
Boring L	ocation	20	99	GRA	ND S	TREE	T, ALAME	DA						NAIN O
Subcontr	actor o	and Ec	luibu	ent:	BAYL	AND			Logged	By: TJPK				8-WM
Sampling	Metho	d: C(	ITNC	NUO	US C	ORE		Monitoring	Device:	OVM 580E	3		Commer	nts:
Start Da	te/Tim	e: 1(	)/26	/94	//12	20		Finish Date	e/Time:	10/26/94	//1330			
First Wa								Stabilized	Water Lev	rel (bgs): 1.	.73			
Somple intervol/ Recovery (Feet)	Sample 1.D.	PID (ppm)	Depth (Feet)		USCS Symbol	Water Level	Surface El	Ц		IC DESCR	op Elevation: IPTION moisture, othe	5.65 er)	1	Boring Abandonment/ 'ell Construction Details
12/36 50/60 60/60	M48-3.5	9.6 106 184	0 — 1 — 2 — 3 — 4 — 5 — 6 — 7 — 10 — 11 — 12 — 13 — 13 — 13 — 13 — 15 — 15 — 15 — 15		000 0/ 00 000 0 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1	<u>▼</u>	DARK (  DARK (  stiff, h	moist (60 GRAY SAN 0,0)  GRAY SILT n to stron GRAY CLA	O,40,0,0 DY GRA  Y FINE ng odor Y (CL) city, mo	SAND (SM (0,60,40, with silt oist to we	very dens  A), very logo (0)  and sand, ot (0,10,10,	e, moist		Grout  2" Blank Casing Sch. 40 PVC  Hydrated Bentonite Pellets  2" Sch.40 0.020" Stot Screen  12/12 Lonestar Cand Filter Pack
59409 W1009 C \LOO3 \HTMS \ZOO.		16.4	14- 15- 16- 17- 18- 19- 20- 21- 22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30-	╅ <del>╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸╸</del>			<u> </u>	PEAT (P	<u> </u>					

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Reviewed By

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## **ZONE 7 WATER AGENCY**

5997 PARKSIDE DRIVE

PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 94588

VOICE (510) 484-2600 FAX (510) 462-3914

#### DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATION

FOR APPLICANT TO COMPLETE	FOR OFFICE USE
CATION OF PROJECT Grand Marina Facility 2099 Grand street	PERMIT NUMBER 94608 LOCATION NUMBER
_ Alameda, CA	LOOPH TO HOUSE LI
CLIENT COURT OF THE PROPERTY O	
	PERMIT CONDITIONS
Alameda, CA Voice Zip 94501	Circled Permit Requirements Apply
PLICANT The SECOR  90 New Montgomery St Fax (415) 882-4406  Voice (415) 882-1548  Voice (415) 882-4406  Voice (415) 882-406  Voice (415) 882-4406  Voice (415) 882-1548  Voice (	A. GENERAL  1. A permit application should be submitted so as to arrive at the Zone 7 office five days prior to proposed starting date.  2. Submit to Zone 7 within 60 days after completion of permitted work the original Department of Water Resources Water Well Drillers Report or equivalent for well Projects, or drilling logs and location sketch for geotechnical projects.  3. Permit is void if project not begun within 90 days of approval date.  B. WATER WELLS, INCLUDING PIEZOMETERS  1. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of cement grout placed by tremie.  2. Minimum seal depth is 50 feet for municipal and industrial well or 20 feet for domestic and irrigation wells unless a lesser depth is specially approved. Minimum seal depth for monitoring wells is the maximum depth practicable or 20 feet.  C. GEOTECHNICAL. Backfill bore hole with compacted curtings or
RILLER'S LICENSE NO. 374162	heavy bentonite and upper two feet with compacted material. In areas of known or suspected contamination, tremied cement grout shall be used in place of compacted cuttings.
WELL DOG COTA	D. CATHODIC. Fill hole above anode zone with concrete placed by
WELL PROJECTS  Drill Hole Diameter 10 in. Maximum  Casing Diameter 2 in. Depth ft.  Surface Seal Depth ft. Number 5	tremie. E. WELL DESTRUCTION. See aπached.
EOTECHNICAL PROJECTS  Number of Borings Maximum  Ho'e Diameter In Depth ft.	
ATED STARTING DATE October 3, 1994 ESIMATED COMPLETION DATE October 17, 1994	117.
nereby agree to comply with all requirements of this permit and Alameda County Ordinance No. 73-68	Approved Myman Hong Date 23 Sep 3

# APPENDIX C WATER SAMPLE DATA SHEETS

PROJECT NO: Crowley GM PURGED BY: CZ SAMPLED BY: CZ		CLI	WELL ID: MV-/ SAMPLE ID: MW-/ ENT NAME: LOCATION:	
TYPE: Groundwater Su	urface Water	_ Treatment Effluent	Other	
CASING DIAMETER (inches): 2	3	4 4.5	6Other	
CASING ELEVATION: (feet/MSL): DEPTH TO WATER (feet): DEPTH OF WELL (feet):	≥.70 14.94	VOLUME IN CAS CALCULATED P ACTUAL PURGE	URGE (gal) 18	_
DATE PURGED: /0/31/94  DATE SAMPLED: /0/31/94	Start (2400 H Start (2400 H	(r) /(3-20)	End (2400 Hr.) 15-8 End (2400 Hr.) 19-2	<u>/</u>
FIELD QC SAMPLES COLLECTED AT	THIS WELL (i.e. F	B-1, X-DUP-1):	MW-11 (19:25	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
	FIELD MEAS	UREMENTS		
TIME VOLUME PH (2400 Hr) (gal)	E.C. (umbos/cm@25°C) ×/cv-8	TEMPERATURE	COLOR TURBIDITY (vietal) (NTU)	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Ever limit	71. 4 18.0 67. 1	Jon High	:
D.O. (ppm): COI	LOR, COBALT (0-100	0):	Clear Cloudy Yellow	
ODOR: Bad Since!	<del></del>		Brown	
PURGING EQUIPMENT  2" Bladder Pump Bailer (T  Centrifugal Pump Bailer (S  Submersible Pump Bailer (S  Well Wizard <sup>TM</sup> Dedicate	ellou®) PVC) Suinless Steel)	Z Bladder Pump DDL Sampler Submersible Pum Well WizardTM	X Bailer (PVC/disposable)	
Other:		Other		
WELL INTEGRITY:				
Slow Recovery				
SIGNATURE: CE			Pageof	

ROJECT NO: Crowley GM URGED BY: ACC AMPLED BY: LZISE(OK)	2	a	SAMPLE II IENT NAMI	X:XMX
YPE: Groundwater Surf	ace Water	_ Treatment Effluent	<del></del>	Other
ASING DIAMETER (inches): 2	3	4 4.5		6Other
LOCATION:    CALCULATED BY:	)			
DATE PURGED: 10/31/44	Start (2400 F Start (2400 F	Ir)	End (24 End (24	00 Hr.) 00 Hr.) <u>ラネット</u>
TELD QC SAMPLES COLLECTED AT T	HIS WELL (ie. F	B-1, X-DUP-1):		
	FIELD MEAS	UREMENTS	<del></del>	
	E.C.	TEMPERATURE		TURBIDITY (NTU)
	-			·
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	R, COBALT (0-100	0):		Cloudy
			mi bio coi	
2ª Bladder Pump Baller (Telk Centrifugal Pump Baller (PV) Submerrible Pump Baller (Stai	ସ	2º Biadder Pum DDL Sampler Submersible Pu	р <u>—</u> .	Baller (PVC/disposable) Baller (Stainless Stoel)
Other:	_	Osher		- #
WELL INTEGRITY:		LOCK #:		

PROJECT NO: Crowley G N PURGED BY: A CONTROL OF CONTROL SAMPLED BY: CF (SE (A)	L <u>E</u> )		CI.	JENT NAM	B	
TYPE: Groundwater St	urface Water	_ Treatmen	t Effluent		Other	
CASING DIAMETER (inches): 2	3	4	4.5		6Other	
CASING ELEVATION: (feet/MSL): DEPTH TO WATER (feet): DEPTH OF WELL (feet):	4.76 15.06	CALCU	ILATED P	URGE (gal	)	
CLIENT NAME:  LOCATION:  YPE: Groundwater Surface Water Treatment Effluent Other  ASING DIAMETER (inches): 2 3 4 4.5 6 Other  CASING ELEVATION: (feet/MSL):  DEPTH TO WATER (feet): 4.76 CALCULATED PURGE (gal.)  DEPTH OF WELL (feet): /1.06 ACTUAL PURGE VOL. (gal.)						
FIELD QC SAMPLES COLLECTED AT	THIS WELL (i.e. I	B-1, X-DUP	-1):	·		
	FIELD MEAS	UREMENT	<u> </u>			
<b>1</b>						
	-		<del></del>			
	CLIENT NAME:  Groundwater Surface Water Treatment Effluent Other  DIAMETER (inches): 2 3 4 4.5 6 OU  GELEVATION: (feet/MSL): VOLUME IN CASING (gal)  1 TO WATER (feet): 4.76 CALCULATED PURGE (gal)  1 TO WATER (feet): 1.06 ACTUAL PURGE VOL. (gal)  End (2400 Hr.)  End (2400 Hr.)  CC SAMPLES COLLECTED AT THIS WELL (i.e. FB-1, X-DUP-1):  FIELD MEASUREMENTS  E VOLUME pH E.C. TEMPERATURE COLOR TURBID (gal)  (unboden@25*C) (*P) (visual) (NTU)  PPPP): COLOR, COBALT (0-100): Centricular Pump Baller (Tellocot)  CC Submersible Pump Baller (Stinker Stoet)  Submersible Pump Baller (Stinker Stoet)  Well Wizard** Dedicated  Other  INTEGRITY: LOCK #:  RKS:  LOCK #:  RKS:					
PURGED BY:  SAMPLED BY:  CASING DIAMETER (inches): 2  Surface Water Treatment Effluent Other  CASING DIAMETER (inches): 2  CASING DIAMETER (inches): 2  CASING ELEVATION: (icet/MSL):  DEPTH TO WATER (feet):  DEPTH OF WELL (feet):  DEPTH OF WELL (feet):  DATE PURGED:  DATE PURGED:  DATE PURGED:  DATE SAMPLED:  10/13/20/L  Start (2400 Hr)  End (2400 Hr)  End (2400 Hr)  FIELD QC SAMPLES COLLECTED AT THIS WELL (i.e. FB-1, X-DUP-1):  FIELD MEASUREMENTS  TIME VOLUME pH  E.C. TEMPERATURE COLOR TURB  (2400 Hr) (gal) (gal) (unit) (units) (units) (units) (units)  D.O. (ppm):  COLOR, COBALT (0-100):  D.O. (ppm):  PURGING EOUIPMENT  SAMPLING EOUIPMENT  Centrifugal Pump  Baller (PVC)  Subscirible Pump  Baller (PVC)  Subscirible Pump  Baller (Stinlers Steel)  Other:  Other:  WELL INTEGRITY:  REMARKS:  LOCK #:  REMARKS:	Cloudy Yellow					
	1		SAN	APLING EQU		
2º Bladder Pump Bailer (I Centrifugal Pump Bailer (I Submersible Pump Bailer (I Well Wizard Dedicat	eflon®) PVC) Strinless Steel) ed	Z' Bladder Pump Bailer (TellouФ) DDL Sampler Bailer (PVC/disposable) Submertible Pump Bailer (Staialem Steel)				
Other.		Collect				
CICNIATTEDE				n	7 . 2	

ROJECT NO: Crowley & M URGED BY: 42 AMPLED BY: 42		cu	WELL ID: MW-4 SAMPLE ID: MW-4 IENT NAME: LOCATION:
YPE: Groundwater Se	urface Water		
ASING DIAMETER (inches): 2		•	6Other
CASING ELEVATION: (feet/MSL): DEPTH TO WATER (feet): DEPTH OF WELL (feet):	3.00	CALCULATED P	URGE (gal) 19 4
DATE PURGED: 10/31/94  DATE SAMPLED: 10/31/94	Start (2400 H Start (2400 H	(r)(r)	End (2400 Hr.) 14:52 End (2400 Hr.) 18:80
TELD QC SAMPLES COLLECTED AT	THIS WELL (i.e. F	B-1, X-DUP-1):	
*	FIELD MEAS	UREMENTS	
TIME VOLUME PH (2400 Hr) (gal) · (waits)	E.C. (umbod/cm@25°C) */4***	TEMPERATURE (°F)	COLOR TURBIDITY (visual) (NTU)
14:22     3     7.80       14:30     6     .7.96       14:37     6.5     7.21       14:402     8.0     7.49       14:52     9.5     7.50	11,41 14,43 16.30 17.01 17.69	74.6 69.5 69.3 67.0 64.6	Tan Hish
D.O. (ppm): COI	LOR, COBALT (0-100	CLIENT NAME LOCATION:  Treatment Effluent  Other  4	Cloudy Yellow
PURGING EQUIPMENT		SAM	PLING EQUIPMENT
2" Bladder Pump Bailer (I Centrifugal Pump Bailer (I Submerrible Pump Bailer (I Well Wizard <sup>TM</sup> Dedicate	PVC) Stainless Steel)	DDL Sampler Submersible Pum	Bailer (PVC/disposable)  Bailer (Stainless Steel)
Other:		Other	
REMARKS:			
Llow Konpage			
SIGNATURE:	(3)	CLIENT LOC.  e Water Treatment Effluent  3 4 4.5  VOLUME IN CASING CALCULATED PURGH ACTUAL PURGE VOLUME IN CASING CALCULATED PURGH ACTUAL PURGE VOLUME IN CASING CALCULATED PURGE CALCU	Page \$ of >

ROJECT NO: \(\int_{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chince{\chin	<u>.</u>		SAMPLE ID: NO IV-			
AMPLED BY: 22 / 22	_ _	CL	IENT NAME: LOCATION:			
YPE: Groundwater / Sun	face Water	_ Treatment Effluent	Other			
CASING DIAMETER (inches): 2	3	4 4.5	6Other			
CASING ELEVATION: (feet/MSL):  DEPTH TO WATER (feet):  DEPTH OF WELL (feet):	5.76 13.70	VOLUME IN CAS CALCULATED P ACTUAL PURGE	URGE (gal) 12. 27			
DATE PURGED: 10/21/54  DATE SAMPLED: 10/21/54			/			
FIELD QC SAMPLES COLLECTED AT 1	THIS WELL (Le. I	-B-1, X-DUP-1):				
	FIELD MEAS	SUREMENTS				
TIME VOLUME pH (2400 Hr) (241) (421b)	(unkod/cm@25*C)	TEMPERATURE (°F)	COLOR TURBIDITY (vient) (NTU)			
1.37 4.0 7.39 1.37 7.34 1.59 7.39	16.15 15.93 15.83	26.5 - 26.5 - 26.0	544 - 1156 			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
D.O. (ppm): COL	OR, COBALT (0-10	0):	Clear Cloudy Yellow			
ODOR:			Brown			
PURGING EQUIPMENT		SAN	PLING EQUIPMENT			
2 Bladder Pump Bailer (Te Centrifugal Pump Bailer (Pr Submersible Pump Bailer (St Well Wizard <sup>TM</sup> Dedicates	VC) zinics: Steel)	Z* Bladder Pump Baller (Tellou®) DDL Sampler Baller (PVC/disposable) Submersible Pump Baller (Stainless Steel) Well Wizard™ Dedicated				
Other:	<del></del>	Otter				
WELL INTEGRITY:						
REMARKS:						
SIGNATURE: LE			Page 1			
DIOINATURE			rageoi			

PROJECT NO: Crowley GM PURGED BY: 42.  SAMPLED BY: 27.	WELL ID: MW-6 SAMPLE ID: MW-6 CLIENT NAME: LOCATION:
TYPE: Groundwater Surface Water	Treatment Effluent Other
CASING DIAMETER (inches): 2 3	4 6Other
CASING ELEVATION: (feet/MSL):  DEPTH TO WATER (feet):  DEPTH OF WELL (feet):  14 24	VOLUME IN CASING (gal)  CALCULATED PURGE (gal)  ACTUAL PURGE VOL (gal)  2. [
DATE PURGED: 10/21/04 Start (2400 H	(r) → 10 End (2400 Hr.) / ≥ -86 End (2400 Hr.) / ≥ -67
FIELD QC SAMPLES COLLECTED AT THIS WELL (i.e. F	B-1, X-DUP-1):
FIELD MEAS	UREMENTS
TIME VOLUME pH E.C. (2400 Hr) (p1) (units) (unbod/cm@25°C)	TEMPERATURE COLOR TURBIDITY (*F) (*MU)
<b>\</b>	#2.2 TAN Hish 77.3 Y
D.O. (ppm): COLOR, COBALT (0-100)  ODOR:	O): Clear Cloudy Yellow Brown
PURGING EQUIPMENT	SAMPLING EQUIPMENT
2º Bladder Pump Bailer (Tellon⊕) Centrifugal Pump Bailer (PVC) Submersible Pump Bailer (Stainless Steel) Well Wizard™ Dedicated	2º Bladder Pump Bailer (Teston®) DDL Sampier Bailer (PVC/disposable) Submersible Pump Bailer (Stainless Steel) Well Wizard™ Dedicated
Other	Other
WELL INTEGRITY:  REMARKS:  Slow Korbyery	
SIGNATURE: (Z	Page _ of _ colored

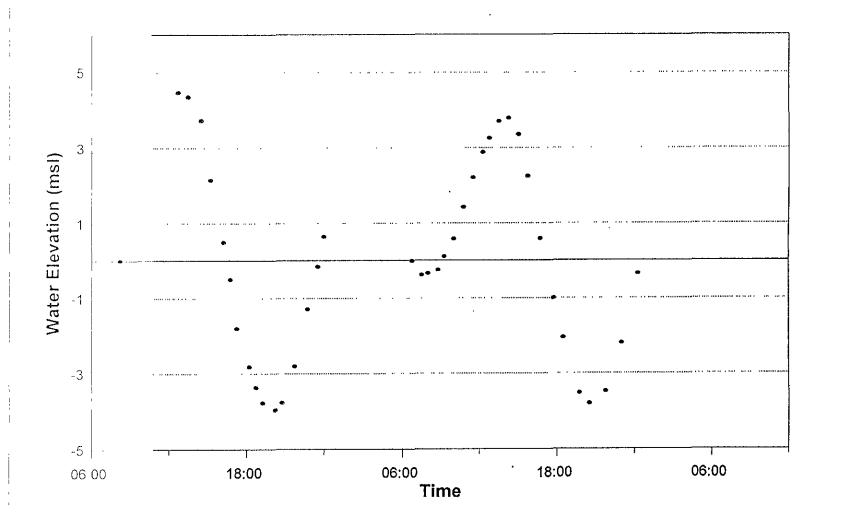
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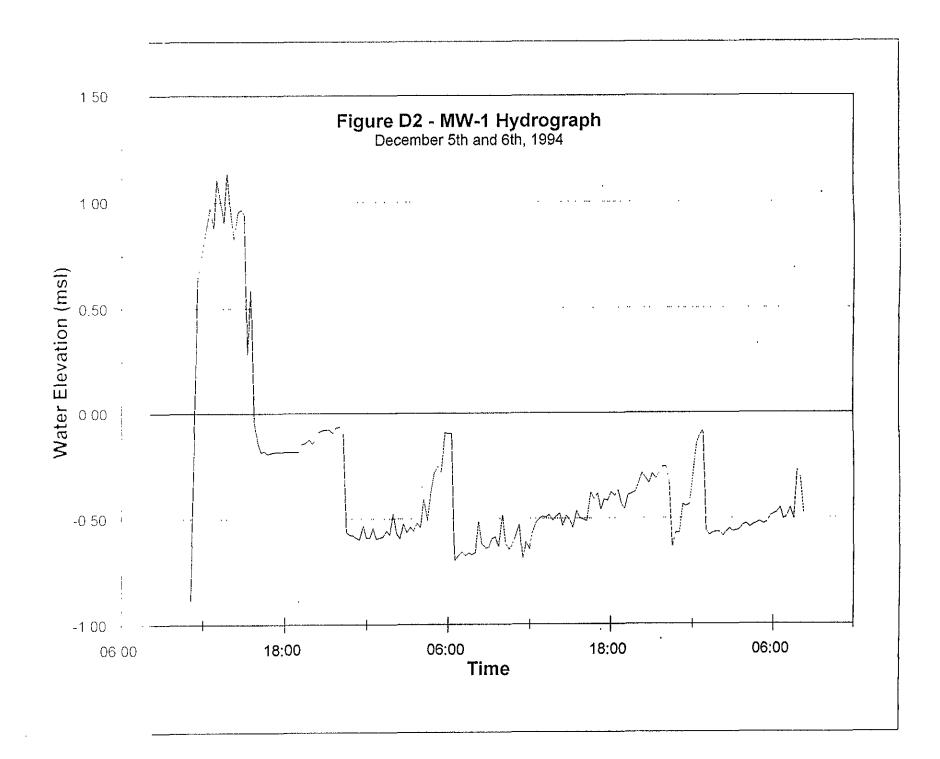
PROJECT NO: Crowley G M PURGED BY: C 7	-	CTT .	WELL ID: MW-7 SAMPLE ID: MW-7
PURGED BY: 27 SAMPLED BY: 27	<b>-</b> -	CL.	IENT NAME:  LOCATION:
TYPE: Groundwater Sur	face Water	Treatment Effluent	Other
CASING DIAMETER (inches): 2	3	4 4.5	6Other
CASING ELEVATION: (feet/MSL): DEPTH TO WATER (feet): DEPTH OF WELL (feet):	3.86 13.44	VOLUME IN CAS CALCULATED P ACTUAL PURGE	URGE (gal) _/r. /
DATE PURGED: $\frac{10/31/74}{10/21/14}$ DATE SAMPLED: $\frac{10/31/74}{10/21/14}$	Start (2400 Hi Start (2400 Hi	r)	End (2400 Hr.) 16:28 End (2400 Hr.) 19:01
FIELD QC SAMPLES COLLECTED AT T	HIS WELL (i.e. FI	3-1, X-DUP-1):	
`	FIELD MEASI	UREMENTS	······································
TIME VOLUME pH (2400 Hr) (gal) (waits)	E.C. (unbox/cm@25°C) × / 6+-0	TEMPERATURE (°F)	COLOR TURBIDITY (vienal) (NTU)
6:13 3 8:34 16:18 5 7.81 16:28 8 7.82	Over limit	70.3 69.2 67-4	Tan High
			-
D.O. (ppm): COLO	OR, COBALT (0-100)	):	Clear Goudy
ODOR: Bad Sinell			Yeilow Brown
PURGING EQUIPMENT		SAM	IPLING EQUIPMENT
2º Bladder Pump Bailer (Tel Centrifugal Pump X Bailer (PV Submersible Pump Bailer (Str Well Wizard Dedicated	'C) sinless Steel)	2º Bladder Pump DDL Sampler Submentible Pum Well Wizard <sup>TM</sup>	X Baller (PVC/disposable)
Other:		Other	
WELL INTEGRITY:		LOCK #:	
REMARKS:			
			r 2
SIGNATURE: 7			Page of

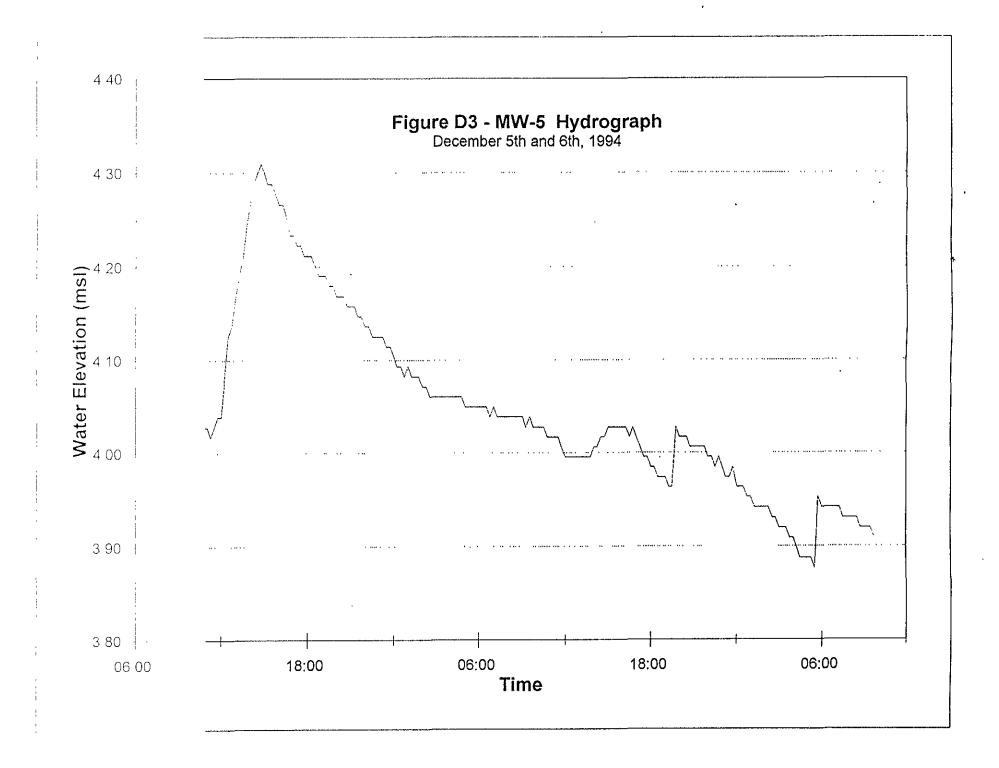
PROJECT NO: Crowley GM PURGED BY: C7 SAMPLED BY: C7		CLI	SAMPLE ID ENT NAME	MN-8 MN-F
TYPE: Groundwater Surface	ce Water	Treatment Effluent	•	Other
CASING DIAMETER (inches): 2	3	. 4 4.5 _		6Other
	3.92 13.50	VOLUME IN CAS CALCULATED PI ACTUAL PURGE	JRGE (gal.)	14.3
DATE PURGED: $\frac{10/31/64}{10/31/64}$ DATE SAMPLED: $\frac{10/31/64}{10/31/64}$	Start (2400 H Start (2400 H	(r)	End (24) End (24)	00 Hr.) 17:10 00 Hr.) 18:13
FIELD QC SAMPLES COLLECTED AT TH	IS WELL (i.e. F	B-1, X-DUP-1):		
•	FIELD MEAS	UREMENTS		
TIME VOLUME pH (units)    16:53   3   8.22     16:59   6   7.33     17:07   7.5   7.46     17:07   8:5   7.26	(umbox/cm@25°C)	67.7 67.1 68.1 67.4 66.0	COLOR (vicual)	TURBIDITY (NIU)  Hid
D,O. (ppm): COLOR	COBALT (0-100	)):		Clear Cloudy Yellow Brown
PURGING EQUIPMENT		SAM	PLING EQU	IPMENT
2 Bladder Pump Bailer (Teflo Centrifugal Pump W Bailer (PVC Submersible Pump Bailer (Stain Well Wizard <sup>TM</sup> Dedicated Other:	) aless Steel)	2º Bladder Pump DDL Sampler Submersible Pum Well WizardTM Other	P	Beller(Telloa©) Beller (PVC/disposable) Beller (Stainless Steel) Dedicated
WELL INTEGRITY:  REMARKS:  (/ *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
Slow POLONEY				
SIGNATURE: LZ			Page	<u>∕of</u>

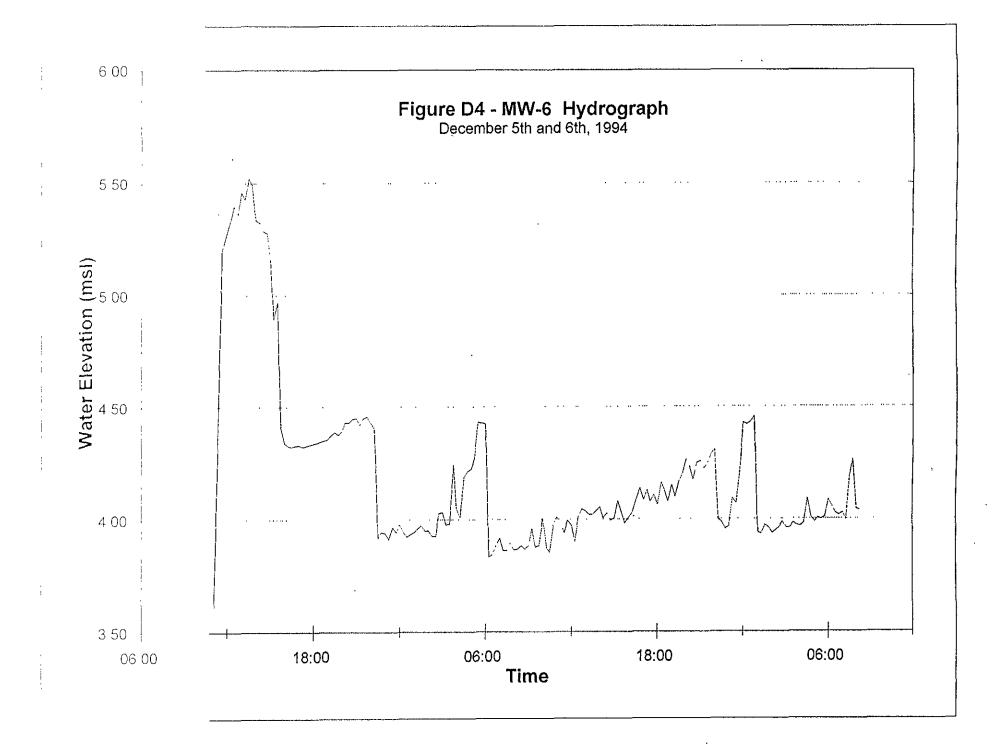
# APPENDIX D TIDAL INFLUENCE STUDY DATA

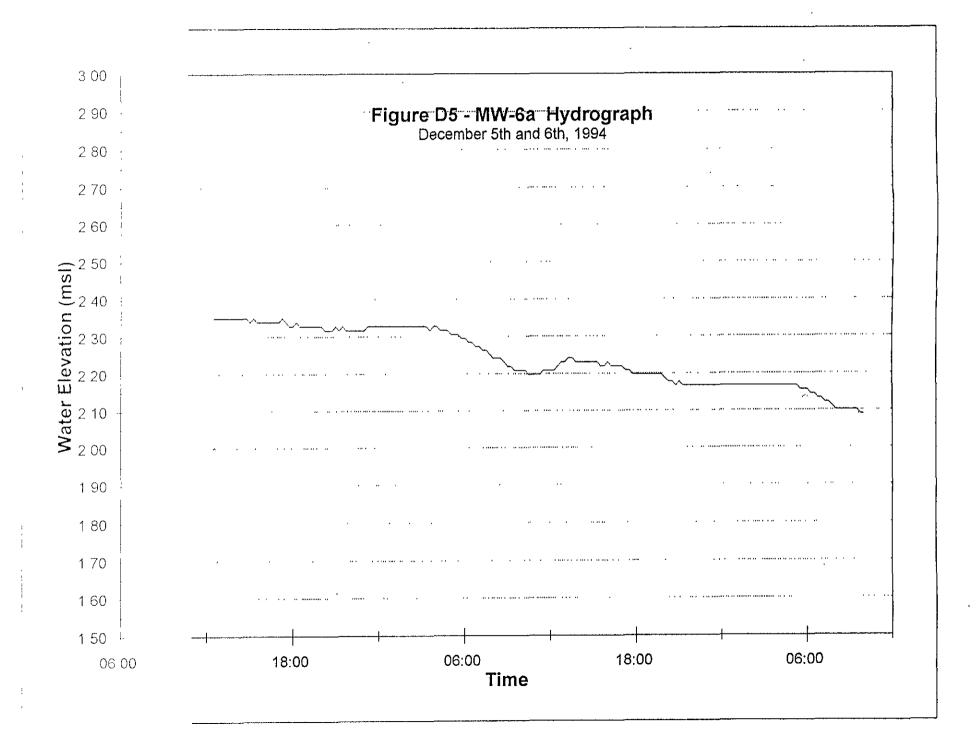
Figure D1 - Alameda Harbor Hydrograph
December 5th and 6th, 1994

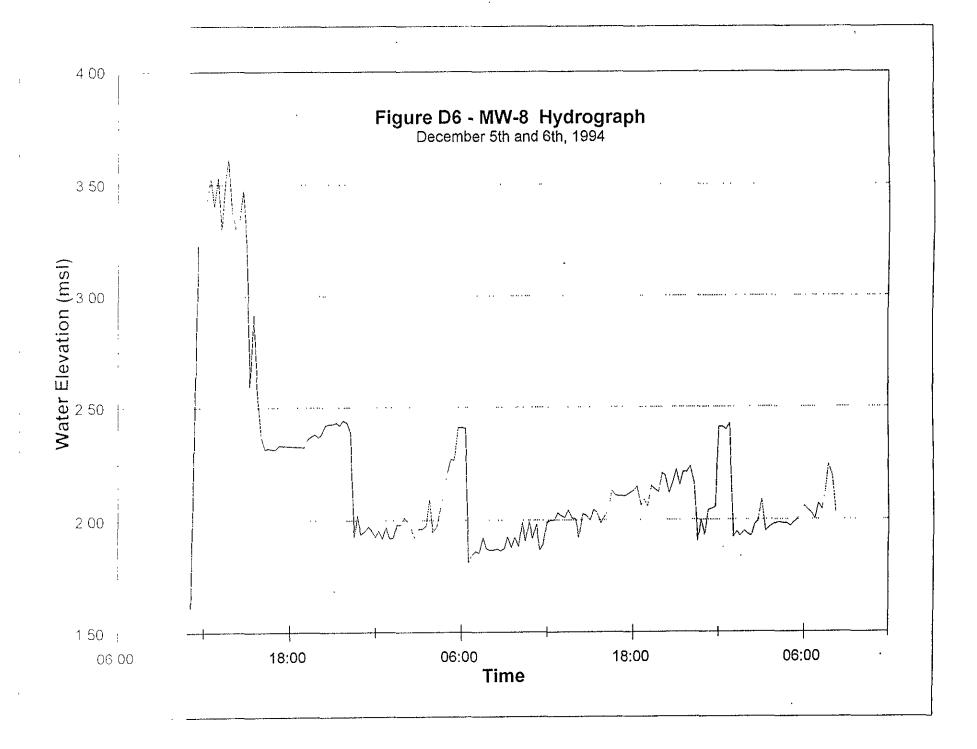












#### APPENDIX E

# ANALYTICAL RESULTS AND CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORDS



Santa Rosa Division 435 Tesconi Circle Santa Rosa, CA 95401

Tel: (707) 526-7200 Fax: (707) 526-9623

Terri Plunkett-Kalmey Seacor 90 New Montgomery Suite 620 San Francisco, CA 94105 Date: 11/08/1994

NET Client Acct. No: 74000 NET Pacific Job No: 94.05128

Received: 10/28/1994

Client Reference Information

Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

Sample analysis in support of the project referenced above has been completed and results are presented on following pages. Results apply only to the samples analyzed. Reproduction of this report is permitted only in its entirety. Please refer to the enclosed "Key to Abbreviations" for definition of terms. Should you have questions regarding procedures or results, please feel welcome to contact Client Services.

Approved by:

Linda DeMartino

Project Coordinator

Jim Hoch Operations Manager

Enclosure(s)





Client Name: Seacor Client Acct: 74000 NET Job No: 94.05128

Date: 11/08/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386

Page: 2

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW5-2.5

Date Taken: 10/26/1994

Time Taken:

							Run
		Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Results	Plags	<u>Limit</u>	Units	Method	Extracted	Date Analyzed 11/02/1994 11/03/1994 11/03/1994 11/03/1994 11/03/1994 11/03/1994 11/03/1994 11/03/1994 11/03/1994	No.
160		50 ·	mg/kg	5520C/E/F		11/02/1994	491
`						11/03/1994	1514
1						11/03/1994	1514
ND		1	mg/kg	5030		11/03/1994	1514
				•		11/03/1994	1514
ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
						11/03/1994	1514
74			% Rec.	5030		11/03/1994	1514
					10/29/1994		
1						10/30/1994	888
23	DH	1	mg/kg	3550		10/30/1994	888
	160 1 ND ND ND ND ND T 74	1 ND  ND ND ND ND  74	Results   Flags   Limit	Results   Plags   Limit   Units	Results Flags Limit   Units   Method	Results   Plags   Limit   Units   Method   Extracted	Results Flags Limit   Units   Method   Extracted   Analyzed   160   50   mg/kg   5520C/E/F   11/02/1994

DH . The positive result appears to be a heavier hydrocarbon than Diesel.



Client Name: Seacor Client Acct: 74000 NET Job No: 94.05128

Date: 11/08/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386 Page: 3

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MWS-5

Date Taken: 10/26/1994

Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 220770								Run
			Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results	Flags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH)	280		50	mg/kg	5520C/B/F		11/02/1994	491
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)								
METHOD 5030/M8015							11/03/1994	1514
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						11/03/1994	1514
as Gasoline	ND		1	mg/kg	5030		11/03/1994	1514
METHOD 8020 (GC, Solid)							11/03/1994	1514
Benzene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
Toluene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
Ethylbenzene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
Xylenes (Total)	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
SURROGATE RESULTS							11/03/1994	1514
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	64	S2		* Rec.	5030	-	11/03/1994	1514
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)						10/29/1994		
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						10/30/1994	888
as Diesel	27	DH	1	mg/kg	3550		10/30/1994	888
						**		

DH The positive result appears to be a heavier hydrocarbon than Diesel S2 Analyzed twice with low surrogate recovery, possible matrix interference



Date: 11/08/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386 Page: 4

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MWSA-6

Date Taken: 10/26/1994

Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 220771								Run
			Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results	Flags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
Oil & Grease (IR,TRPH)	ND		50	mg/kg	5520C/E/P		11/02/1994	491
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)								
METHOD 5030/M8015							11/02/1994	1513
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						11/02/1994	1513
as Gasoline	ND		1	ng/kg	5030		11/02/1994	1513
METHOD 8020 (GC, Solid)							11/02/1994	1513
Benzene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/02/1994	1513
Toluene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	802Ô		11/02/1994	1513
Ethylbenzene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/02/1994	1513
Xylenes (Total)	ND		2.5	ug/kg	. 8020		11/02/1994	1513
SURROGATE RESULTS							11/02/1994	1513
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	68	\$2		₹ Rec.	5030		11/02/1994	1513
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)						10/29/1994		
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						10/30/1994	888
as Diesel	ND		1	mg/kg	3550		10/30/1994	888

S2:Analyzed twice with low surrogate recovery, possible matrix interference



Date: 11/08/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386

Page: 5

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW6-2.5

Date Taken: 10/26/1994

Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 220772								Run
			Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter .	Results	Plags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	.Analyzed	No.
Dil & Grease (IR,TRPH)	930		50	mg/kg	5520C/E/F		11/02/1994	491
TPH (Gas/BTXE,Solid)							•	
METHOD 5030/M8015					•		11/03/1994	1514
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						11/03/1994	1514
as Gasoline	ND		1	mg/kg	5030		11/03/1994	1514
METHOD 8020 (GC, Solid)							11/03/1994	1514
Benzene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
Toluene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
Ethylbenzene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
Xylenes (Total)	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
SURROGATE RESULTS							11/03/1994	1514
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	1.1	S2		* Rec.	5030		11/03/1994	1514
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)						10/29/1994		
DILUTION FACTOR*	2						10/30/1994	888
as Diesel	28	DH	2	mg/kg	3550		10/30/1994	888

DH The positive result appears to be a heavier hydrocarbon than Diesel. S2-Analyzed twice with low surrogate recovery, possible matrix interference



Date: 11/08/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386

Page: 6

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW7-2

Date Taken: 10/26/1994

Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 220773			•					Run
			Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results	Flags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH)	180		50	mg/kg	5520C/B/F	•	11/02/1994	491
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)								
METHOD 5030/M8015							11/03/1994	1515
DILUTION FACTOR*	1					•	11/03/1994	1514
as Gasoline	ND		1	mg/kg	5030		11/03/1994	1514
METHOD 8020 (GC, Solid)							11/03/1994	1514
Benzene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
Toluene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
Ethylbenzene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
Xylenes (Total)	15	Ċ	2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
SURROGATE RESULTS							11/03/1994	1514
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	79			* Rec.	5030	•	11/03/1994	1514
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)						10/29/1994		
DILUTION FACTOR*	2						10/30/1994	888
as Diesel	240	DH	2	mg/kg	3550		10/30/1994	888

C Positive result confirmed by secondary column or GC/MS analysis

DH The positive result appears to be a heavier hydrocarbon than Diesel



Date: 11/08/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386 Page: 7

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW8-3.5

Date Taken: 10/26/1994

Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 220774								Run
			Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results	Flags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
Oil & Grease (IR,TRPH)	390		50	mg/kg	5520C/E/F		11/02/1994	491
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)								
METHOD 5030/M8015							11/03/1994	1514
DILUTION FACTOR*	2						11/03/1994	1514
as Gasoline	20		2	mg/kg	5030		11/03/1994	1514
METHOD 8020 (GC, Solid)				•			11/03/1994	1514
Benzene	ND		5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
Toluene	5.7		5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
Ethylbenzene	10		5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
Xylenes (Total)	84		5	ug/kg	8020		11/03/1994	1514
SURROGATE RESULTS							11/03/1994	1514
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	73			* Rec.	5030		11/03/1994	1514
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)						10/29/1994		
DILUTION FACTOR*	2						10/30/1994	888
as Diesel	97	D-	2	mg/kg	3550		10/30/1994	888

D- The positive result has an atypical pattern for Diesel analysis



Client Name: Seacor Client Acct: 74000 NET Job No: 94.05128 Date: 11/08/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386 Page: 8

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

### CONTINUING CALIBRATION VERIFICATION STANDARD REPORT

		CCV	CCV			
•	CCV	Standard	Standard			
	Standard	Amount	Amount		Date	Analyst
Parameter	* Recovery	Found	Expected	<u> Units</u>	Analyzed	<u>Initials</u>
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)						•
as Gasoline	86.6	4.33	5.00	mg/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Benzene	95.2	23.8	25.0	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Toluene	92.8	23.2	25.0	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Ethylbenzene	98.4	24.6	25.0	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Xylenes (Total)	94.1	- 70.6	75.0	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	88.0	88	100	t Rec.	11/02/1994	aal
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)						
as Gasoline	85.6	4.28	5.00	mg/kg	11/03/1994	aal
Benzene	99.6	24.9	25.0	ug/kg	11/03/1994	aal
Toluene	105.2	26.3	25.0	ug/kg	11/03/1994	aal
Ethylbenzene	101.2	25.3	25.0	ug/kg	11/03/1994	aal
Xylenes (Total)	100.1	75.1	75.0	ug/kg	11/03/1994	aal
Bromofluo-obenzene (SURR)	90.0	90	100	% Rec.	11/03/1994	aal
TPH (Gas/BTXE,Solid)						
as Gascline	112.6	5.63	5.00	mg/kg	11/04/1994	ppg
Benzene	98.4	24.6	25.0	ug/kg	11/04/1994	pbg
Toluene	95.6	23.9	25.0	ug/kg	11/04/1994	pbg
Ethylbenzene	102.4	25.6	25.0	ug/kg	11/04/1994	pbg
Xylenes (Total)	96.5	72.4	75.0	ug/kg	11/04/1994	pbg
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	87.4	87.4	100	% Rec.	11/04/1994	pbg
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)						
as Diesel	90.9	909	1000	mg/kg	10/30/1994	tts



Client Name: Seacor

Client Acct: 74000 NET Job No: 94.05128 Date: 11/08/1994

ELAP Cert: 1386 Page: 9

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

## METHOD BLANK REPORT

Method Blank

	Blank				
J	Amount	Reporting		Date	Analyst
Parameter	Found	Limit	Units	Analyzed	<u>Initials</u>
Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH)	ND	50	mg/kg	11/02/1994	shr
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)					•
as Gasoline	ND	1	mg/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Benzene	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Toluene	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Ethylbenzene	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Xylenes (Total)	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	94		% Rec.	11/02/1994	aal
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)			•		
as Gasoline	ND ·	1	mg/kg	11/03/1994	aal
Benzene	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/03/1994	aal
Toluene	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/03/1994	aal
Ethylbenzene	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/03/1994	aal
Xylenes (Total)	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/03/1994	aal
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	90		% Rec.	11/03/1994	aal
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)					
as Gasoline	ND	1	mg/kg	11/04/1994	pbg
Benzene	ND .	2.5	ug/kg	11/01/1994	pbg
Toluene	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/04/1994	pbg
Ethylbenzene	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/04/1994	pbg
Xylenes (Total)	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/04/1994	bpa
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	85		% Rec.	11/04/1994	pbg
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)					
as Diesel	NĐ	1	mg/kg	10/30/1994	tts
•					



Client Name: Seacor Client Acct: 74000

Client Acct: 74000 NET Job No: 94.05128 Date: 11/08/1994

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Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

# MATRIX SPIKE / MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE

	Matrix Spike	Matrix Spike Dup		Spike	Sa1 a	Matrix Spike	Matrix Spike	*	Dana	
Parameter	* Rec.	* Rec.	RPD	Amount	Sample Conc.	Conc.	Dup. Conc.	Units	Date Analyzed .	Analyst
Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH)	102.8	96.3	6.4	320	18	347	329	mg/kg	11/02/1994	
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)						<del>-</del> - ·			,,,	<b></b>
as Gasoline	71.6	70.4	1.7	5.57	ND	3.99	3.92	mg/kg dw	11/02/1994	aal
Benzene	84.8	82.1	3.2	162	ND	137	133	ug/kg dw	11/02/1994	aal
Toluene	92.9	91.8	1.2	407	ND	378	373	ug/kg đw	11/02/1994	aal
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)										
as Gasoline	80.0	87.8	9.3	5.00	ND	4.00	4.39	mg/kg	11/03/1994	aal
Benzene	97.8	98.6	0.8	139	·ND	136	137	ug/kg	11/03/1994	aal
Toluene	94.1	97.6	3.7	424	ND	399	414	ug/kg	11/03/1994	aal
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)										
as Diesel	83.2	83.2	0.0	19.7	ND	16.4	16.4	mg/kg dw	10/30/1994	tts



Date: 11/08/1994

ELAP Cert: 1386 Page: 11

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

# LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE REPORT

		LCS	LCS			
	LCS	Amount	Amount		Date	Analyst.
Parameter	& Recovery RPD	Found	Expected	Units	Analyzed	Initials
Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH)	101.3	324	320	mg/kg	11/02/1994	shr
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)	•	-				
as Diesel	89.2	14.9	16.7	mg/kg	10/30/1994	tts



#### KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS and METHOD REFERENCES

Less than; When appearing in results column indicates analyte
not detected at the value following. This datum supercedes the
listed Reporting Limit.

: Reporting Limits are a function of the dilution factor for any given sample. Actual reporting limits and results have been multiplied by the listed dilution factor. Do not multiply the reporting limits or reported values by the dilution factor.

dw : Result expressed as dry weight.

mean : Average; sum of measurements divided by number of measurements.

mg/Kg (ppm) : Concentration in units of milligrams of analyte per kilogram of

sample, wet-weight basis (parts per million).

mg/L : Concentration in units of milligrams of analyte per liter of sample.

mL/L/hr : Milliliters per liter per hour.

MPN/100 mL : Most probable number of bacteria per one hundred milliliters of sample.

N/A : Not applicable.

NA : Not analyzed.

ND : Not detected; the analyte concentration is less than the applicable

listed reporting limit.

NTU : Nephelometric turbidity units.

RPD : Relative percent difference, 100 [Value 1 - Value 2]/mean value.

SNA : Standard not available.

ug/Kg (ppb) : Concentration in units of micrograms of analyte per kilogram of sample,

wet-weight basis (parts per billion).

ug/L : Concentration in units of micrograms of analyte per liter of sample.

umhos/cm : Micromhos per centimeter.

#### Method References

Methods 100 through 493: see "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water & Wastes", U.S. EPA, 600/4-79-020, Rev. 1983.

Methods 601 through 625: see "Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants" U.S. EPA, 40 CFR, Part 136, Rev. 1988.

Methods 1000 through 9999: see "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste", U.S. EPA SW-846, 3rd edition, 1986., Rev. 1, December 1987.

 $\underline{SM}$ : see "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water & Wastewater, 17th Edition, APHA, 1989.

Revised September, 1993 abb.93



Santa Rosa Division 435 Tesconi Circle Santa Rosa, CA 95401

Tel: (707) 526-7200 Fax: (707) 526-9623

Terri Plunkett-Kalmey Seacor 90 New Montgomery Suite 620 San Francisco, CA 94105 Date: 11/08/1994

Operations Manager

NET Client Acct. No: 74000 NET Pacific Job No: 94.05127

Received: 10/28/1994

Client Reference Information

Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

Sample analysis in support of the project referenced above has been completed and results are presented on following pages. Results apply only to the samples analyzed. Reproduction of this report is permitted only in its entirety. Please refer to the enclosed "Key to Abbreviations" for definition of terms. Should you have questions regarding procedures or results, please feel welcome to contact Client Services.

Approved by:

Linda DeMartino

Project Coordinator

Enclosure(s)





Date: 11/08/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386 Page: 2

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: TP3A-2

Date Taken: 10/27/1994

Time Taken:

Time Taken:								
NET Sample No: 220758								Run
			Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results	Plags	<u>Limit</u>	Units	Method	Extracted	_Analyzed	No.
Oil & Grease (IR,TRPH)	6,900		50	ng/kg	5520C/E/F		11/02/1994	491
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)								
METHOD 5030/M8015				*	•		11/02/1994	1513
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						11/02/1994	
as Gasoline	ND		1	mg/kg	5030		11/02/1994	
METHOD 8020 (GC, Solid)							11/02/1994	
Benzene	ND		2.5	ug/kg .	8020		11/02/1994	
Toluene	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/02/1994	
Ethylbenzene	ND		2,5	ug/kg	8020		11/02/1994	1513
Xylenes (Total)	ND		2.5	ug/kg	8020		11/02/1994	
SURROGATE RESULTS							11/02/1994	
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	41	S2		* Rec.	5030		11/02/1994	1513
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)						10/29/1994		-
DILUTION FACTOR*	50						10/30/1994	888
as Diesel	1,400	DH	50	mg/kg	3550		10/30/1994	

DH The positive result appears to be a heavier hydrocarbon than Diesel S2 Analyzed twice with low surrogate recovery, possible matrix interference



Client Name: Seacor

Client Acct: 74000 NET Job No: 94.05127

Date: 11/08/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386

Page: 3

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

# CONTINUING CALIBRATION VERIFICATION STANDARD REPORT

	•	CCV	CCV			
5	CCA	Standard	Standard			
•	Standard	Amount	Amount		Date	Analyst
Parameter	1 Recovery	Pound	Expected	Units	Analyzed	Initials
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)						
as Gasoline	86.6	4.33	5.00	mg/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Benzene	95.2	23.8	25.0	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Toluene	92 s	23.2	25.0	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Ethylbenzene	98.4	24.6	25.0	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Xylenes (Total)	94.1	70.6	75.0	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	88.0	88	100	* Rec.	11/02/1994	aal
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)					, , ,	
as Diesel	90.9	909	1000	ma/ka	10/20/1994	tte



Client Name: Seacor Client Acct: 74000

NET Job No: 94.05127

Date: 11/08/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386

Page: 4

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

### METHOD BLANK REPORT

Method

	Blank					
•	Amount	Reporting		Date	Analyst Initials	
Parameter	Found	Limit	Units	Analyzed		
Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH)	ND	50	mg/kg	-11/02/1994	shr	
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)						
as Gasoline	ND	1	mg/kg	11/02/1994	aal	
Benzene	ND	2.5	· ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal	
Toluene	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal	
Ethylbenzene	ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal	
Xylenes (Total)	, ND	2.5	ug/kg	11/02/1994	aal	
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	94		% Rec.	11/02/1994	aal	
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)						
as Diesel	. ND	1	mg/kg	10/30/1994	tts	



Date: 11/08/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386

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Page: 5

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

## MATRIX SPIKE / MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE

<u>Parameter</u>	Matrix Spike	Matrix Spike Dup * Rec.	RPD	Spike Amount	Sample	Matrix Spike Conc.	Matrix Spike Dup. Conc.	Units	Date Analyzed	Analyst Initials
Oil & Grease (IR,TRPH)	102.8	96.3	6.4	320	18	347	329	mg/kg	11/02/1994	
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Solid)									•	
as Gasoline	71.€	70.4	1.7	.5.57	MD	3.29	3.92	mg/kg dw	11/02/1994	aal
Benzene	84.8	82.1	3.2	162	ND	137	133	ug/kg dw	11/02/1994	aal
Toluene	92.9	91.8	1.2	407	ND	378	373 .	ug/kg dw	11/02/1994	aal
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)									• •	
as Diesel	83.2	83.2	0.0	19.7	ND	16.4	16.4	mg/kg dw	10/30/1994	tts



NET Job No: 94.05127

Date: 11/08/1994

Ref: Crowley/Grand Marina, Project No. 50085-001-01

# LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE REPORT

Parameter	ICS	LCS Amount Found	LCS Amount Expected	Units	DateAnalyzed	Analyst
Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH) METHOD M8015 (EXT., Solid)	101.3	324	320	mg/kg	11/02/1994	shr
as Diesel	89.2	14.9	16.7	mg/kg	10/30/1994	tts



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#### KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS and METHOD REFERENCES

: Less than; When appearing in results column indicates analyte not detected at the value following. This datum supercedes the listed Reporting Limit.

: Reporting Limits are a function of the dilution factor for any given sample. Actual reporting limits and results have been multiplied by the listed dilution factor. Do not multiply the reporting limits or reported values by the dilution factor.

dw : Result expressed as dry weight.

mean : Average; sum of measurements divided by number of measurements.

mg/Kg (ppm) : Concentration in units of milligrams of analyte per kilogram of

sample, wet-weight basis (parts per million).

mg/L : Concentration in units of milligrams of analyte per liter of sample.

mL/L/hr : Milliliters per liter per hour.

MPN/100 mL : Most probable number of bacteria per one hundred milliliters of sample.

N/A : Not applicable.

NA : Not analyzed.

ND : Not detected; the analyte concentration is less than the applicable

listed reporting limit.

NTU : Nephelometric turbidity units.

RPD : Relative percent difference, 100 [Value 1 - Value 2]/mean value.

SNA : Standard not available.

ug/Kg (ppb) : Concentration in units of micrograms of analyte per kilogram of sample,

wet-weight basis (parts per billion).

ug/L : Concentration in units of micrograms of analyte per liter of sample.

umhos/cm : Micromhos per centimeter.

#### Method References

Methods 100 through 493: see "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water &
Wastes", U.S. EPA, 600/4-79-020, Rev. 1983.

Methods 601 through 625: see "Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants" U.S. EPA, 40 CFR, Part 136, Rev. 1988.

Methods 1000 through 9999: see "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid
Waste", U.S. EPA SW-846, 3rd edition, 1986., Rev. 1, December 1987.

 $\underline{SM}$ : see "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water & Wastewater, 17th Edition, APHA, 1989.

Revised September, 1993 abb.93



Santa Rosa Division 435 Tesconi Circle Santa Rosa, CA 95401

Tel: (707) 526-7200 Fax: (707) 526-9623

Terri Plunkett Seacor 90 New Montgomery Suite 620 San Francisco, CA 94105

Date: 11/15/1994

NET Client Acct. No: 74000 NET Pacific Job No: 94.05235

Received: 11/02/1994

Client Reference Information

Crowley GM, Job Name: 50085-001-01

Sample analysis in support of the project referenced above has been completed and results are presented on following pages. Results apply only to the samples analyzed. Reproduction of this report is permitted only in its entirety. Please refer to the enclosed "Key to Abbreviations" for definition of terms. Should you have questions regarding procedures or results, please feel welcome to contact Client Services.

Approved by:

Linda DeMartino Project Coordinator

Operations Manager

Enclosure(s)





Date: 11/15/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386 Page: 2

Ref: Crowley GM, Job Name:50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-1

Date Taken: 10/31/1994
Time Taken: 19:20
NET Sample No: 221385

MEI Sample NO: 221365			-					Run
			Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results	Flags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)			·					
METHOD 5030/M8015							11/10/1994	2287
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						11/10/1994	2287
as Gasoline	0.08		0.05	mg/L	5030		11/10/1994	
METHOD 8020 (GC, Liquid)							11/10/1994	2287
Benzene	ND		0.5 .	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2287
Toluene	1.1		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2287
Ethylbenzene	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2287
Xylenes (Total)	1.4		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2287
SURROGATE RESULTS							11/10/1994	2287
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	117			* Rec.	5030		11/10/1994	2287
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Liquid)						11/07/1994	-	
DILUTION FACTOR*	1					•	11/08/1994	839
as Diesel	0.40	DH	0.05	mg/L	3510		11/08/1994	

 ${\tt DH}$  : The positive result appears to be a heavier hydrocarbon than  ${\tt Diesel}$ 



Date: 11/15/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386 Page: 3

Ref: Crowley GM, Job Name:50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-2

Date Taken: 10/31/1994 Time Taken: 18:15 NET Sample No: 221386

MEI Sample NO: 221386			-					Run
			Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results	Flags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
IPH (Gas/BTXE,Liquid)	•			· -				
METHOD 5030/M8015							11/10/1994	2287
DILUTION FACTOR*	100						11/10/1994	
as Gasoline	22		5	mg/L	5030		11/10/1994	
METHOD 8020 (GC, Liquid)				_			11/10/1994	
Benzene	2,200		50	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	
Toluene	4,800		50	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	
Ethylbenzene	500		50	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2287
Xylenes (Total)	2,700		50	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2287
SURROGATE RESULTS							11/10/1994	2287
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	120			* Rec.	5030		11/10/1994	2287
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Liquid)						11/07/1994		
DILUTION FACTOR*	2					, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	11/08/1994	839
as Diesel	4.2	DL	0.1	mg/L	3510		11/08/1994	
				-			,,	

 $\ensuremath{\text{DL}}$  . The positive result appears to be a lighter hydrocarbon than Diesel.



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Ref: Crowley GM, Job Name: 50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-3

Date Taken: 10/31/1994 Time Taken: 17:55 NET Sample No: 221387

								Run
			Reporting	. ·		Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results	Flags	Limit	Units	<u>Method</u>	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)								
METHOD 5030/M8015							11/10/1994	2287
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						11/10/1994	2287
as Gasoline	0.11		0.05	mg/L	5030	•	11/10/1994	2287
METHOD 8020 (GC, Liquid)							11/10/1994	2287
Benzene	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2287
Toluene	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2287
Ethylbenzene	2.4		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2287
Xylenes (Total)	5.2		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2287
SURROGATE RESULTS	·						11/10/1994	2287
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	119			* Rec.	5030	٠	11/10/1994	2287
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Liquid)						11/07/1994		
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						11/08/1994	839
as Diesel	0.14	DH	0.05	mg/L	3510		11/08/1994	839
and the second s								

 ${\tt DH}$  : The positive result appears to be a heavier hydrocarbon than  ${\tt Diesel}$ 

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Ref: Crowley GM, Job Name:50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-6

Date Taken: 10/31/1994
Time Taken: 17:40
NET Sample No: 221390

1.21 Cample No: 221330								Run
			Reporting	•		Date	Date	Batch
<u>Parameter</u>	Results	Flags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)		-					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
METHOD 5030/M8015		-					11/10/1994	2287
DILUTION FACTOR*	ı						11/10/1994	
as Gasoline	ND		0.05	mg/L	5030	•	11/10/1994	
METHOD 8020 (GC, Liquid)			•				11/10/1994	
Benzene	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2287
Toluene	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	
Ethylbenzene	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2287
Xylenes (Total)	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	
SURROGATE RESULTS							11/10/1994	2287
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	109			* Rec.	5030		11/10/1994	2287



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Ref: Crowley GM, Job Name: 50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-7

Date Taken: 10/31/1994 Time Taken: 19:05 NET Sample No: 221391

NET Sample No: 221391								Run
			Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results	Flags	Limit	Units	Method	_Extracted	Analyzed	No.
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)								
METHOD 5030/M8015 ·							11/10/1994	2285
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						11/10/1994	2285
as Gasoline	ND		0.05	mg/L	5030		11/10/1994	
METHOD 8020 (GC, Liquid)				-			11/10/1994	
Benzene	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2285
Toluene	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2285
Ethylbenzene	ND		0.5	ug/L	- 8020		11/10/1994	2285
Xylenes (Total)	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2285
SURROGATE RESULTS							11/10/1994	2285
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	99			* Rec.	5030		11/10/1994	2285
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Liquid)						11/07/1994		-
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						11/08/1994	839
as Diesel	0.97	DH	0.05	mg/L	3510		11/08/1994	

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DH}}$  : The positive result appears to be a heavier hydrocarbon than Diesel

NOTE. Results apply only to the samples analyzed. Reproduction of this report is permitted only in its entirety.



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Ref: Crowley GM, Job Name:50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-8

Date Taken: 10/31/1994
Time Taken: 18:50
NET Sample No: 221392

NEI Sample No: 221392								Run
			Reportin	g		Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results	Flags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)						•		
METHOD 5030/M8015						•	11/12/1994	2290
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						11/10/1994	2285
as Gasoline	ND		0.05	mg/L	5030		11/10/1994	2285
METHOD 8020 (GC, Liquid)							11/10/1994	2285
Benzene	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2285
Toluene	ND.		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2285
Ethylbenzene	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020		11/10/1994	2285
Xylenes (Total)	ND		0.5	ug/L	8020	t	11/10/1994	2285
SURROGATE RESULTS							11/10/1994	2285
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	106		•	% Rec.	5030		11/10/1994	2285
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Liquid)						11/07/1994		-
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						11/08/1994	839
as Diesel	1.0	DH	0.05	mg/L	3510		11/08/1994	839

DH The positive result appears to be a heavier hydrocarbon than Diesel.



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Ref: Crowley GM, Job Name:50085-001-01

## CONTINUING CALIBRATION VERIFICATION STANDARD REPORT

·		CCA	ccv '			
	CCV	Standard	Standard			
	Standard	Amount	Amount.		Date	Analyst
Parameter .	* Recovery	Pound	Expected	Units	Analyzed	Initials
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)						
as Gasoline	101.0	1.01	1.00	mg/L	11/10/1994	aal
Benzene	91.2	4.56	5.00	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Toluene	95.4	4.77	5.00	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Ethylbenzene	90.6	4.53	5.00	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Xylenes (Total)	95.3	14.3	15.0	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	103.0	103	100	* Rec.	11/10/1994	aal
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)						
as Gasoline	104.0	1.04	1.00	mg/L	11/10/1994	aal
Benzene	114.6	5.73	5.00	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Toluene	109.0	5.45	5.00	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Ethylbenzene	111.6	5.58	5.00	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Xylenes (Total)	112.7	16.9	15.0	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	97.0	97	100	% Rec.	11/10/1994	aal
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)						
as Gasoline	104.0	1.04	1.00	mg/L	11/12/1994	tts
Benzene	99.0	.4.95	5.00	ug/L	11/12/1994	tts
Toluene	93.6	4.68	5.00	ug/L	11/12/1994	tts
Ethylbenzene	100.6	5.03	5.00	ug/L	11/12/1994	tts
Xylenes (Total)	99.3	14.9	15.0	ug/L	11/12/1994	tts
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	91.0	91	100	* Rec.	11/12/1994	tts
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Liquid)						
as Diesel	94.3	943	1000	mg/L	11/08/1994	tts



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Ref: Crowley GM, Job Name:50085-001-01

## METHOD BLANK REPORT

Method

	Blank				
	Amount	Reporting		Date	Analyst
Parameter .	Found	Limit	Units	Analyzed	Initials
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)					
as Gasoline	ND	0.05	mg/L	11/10/1994	aal
Benzene	ND	0.5	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Toluene	ND	0.5	na\r	11/10/1994	aal
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.5	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Xylenes (Total)	ND	0.5	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	93		₹ Rec.	11/10/1994	aal
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)					
as Gasoline	ND	0.05	mg/L	11/10/1994	aal
Benzene	ND	0.5	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Toluene	ND	0.5	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Ethylbenzene	, ND	0.5	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Xylenes (Total)	ND	0.5	ug/L	11/10/1994	. aal
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	111		* Rec.	11/10/1994	aal
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)					
as Gasol <sup>:</sup> ne	ND	0.05	mg/L	11/12/1994	tts
Benzene	ND	0.5	ug/L	11/12/1994	tts
Toluene	· ND	0.5	ug/L .	11/12/1994	tts
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.5	ug/L	11/12/1994	tts
Xylenes (Total)	ND	0.5	ug/L	11/12/1994	tts
Bromofluorobenzene (SURR)	106		* Rec.	11/12/1994	tts
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Liquid)					
as Diesel	ND	0.05	mg/L	11/08/1994	tts



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### MATRIX SPIKE / MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE

	Matrix Spike	Matrix Spike Dup		Spike	Sample	Matrix Spike	Matrix Spike Dup.		Date .	Analyst
Parameter	* Rec.	* Rec.	RPD	Amount	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.	Units	Analyzed	_Initials
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)	-									
as Gasoline	105.0	100.0	4.9	1.00	ND	1.05	1.00	mg/L	11/10/1994	aal
Benzene	107.8	101.2	6.3	25.7	ND	27.7	26.0	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
Toluene	106.3	100.1	6.0	85.7	ND	91.1	85.8	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)										
as Gasoline	108.0	112.0	3.6	1.00	ND	1.08	1.12	mg/L	11/10/1994	aal
Benzene	102.7	100.0	2.7	18.5	ND	19.0	18.5	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal '
Toluene	103.5	104.3	0.8	75.2	ND	77.8	78.4	ug/L	11/10/1994	aal
TPH (Gas/BTXE, Liquid)										
as Gasoline	. 97.0	98.0	1.0	1.00	ND	0.97	0.98	mg/L	11/12/1994	tts
Benzene	91.7	92.7	1.1	20.5	ND	18.8	19.0	ug/L	11/12/1994	l tts
Toluene	92.9	93.8	1.0	84.4	ND	78.4	79.2	ug/L	11/12/1994	l tts
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Liquid)										
as Diesel	99.5	92.5	7.3	2.00	ND	1.99	1.85	mg/L	11/08/199	l tts



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Ref: Crowley GM, Job Name:50085-001-01

## LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE REPORT

	LCS	LCS Amount	LCS Amount		Date	Analyst
Parameter	* Recovery RPD	Pound	Expected	Units	Analyzed	_Initials
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Liquid)			•			
as Diesel	64.8	0.648	1.00	mg/L	11/08/1994	tts



#### KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS and METHOD REFERENCES

Less than; When appearing in results column indicates analyte
not detected at the value following. This datum supercedes the
listed Reporting Limit.

: Reporting Limits are a function of the dilution factor for any given sample. Actual reporting limits and results have been multiplied by the listed dilution factor. Do not multiply the reporting limits or reported values by the dilution factor.

dw : Result expressed as dry weight.

mean : Average; sum of measurements divided by number of measurements.

mg/Kg (ppm) : Concentration in units of milligrams of analyte per kilogram of

sample, wet-weight basis (parts per million).

mg/L : Concentration in units of milligrams of analyte per liter of sample.

mL/L/hr : Milliliters per liter per hour.

MPN/100 mL : Most probable number of bacteria per one hundred milliliters of sample.

N/A : Not applicable.

NA : Not analyzed.

ND : Not detected; the analyte concentration is less than the applicable

listed reporting limit.

NTU : Nephelometric turbidity units.

RPD : Relative percent difference, 100 [Value 1 - Value 2] /mean value.

SNA : Standard not available.

ug/Kg (ppb) : Concentration in units of micrograms of analyte per kilogram of sample,

wet-weight basis (parts per billion).

ug/L : Concentration in units of micrograms of analyte per liter of sample.

umhos/cm : Micromhos per centimeter.

#### Method References

Methods 100 through 493: see "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water & Wastes", U.S. EPA, 600/4-79-020, Rev. 1983.

Methods 601 through 625: see "Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants" U.S. EPA, 40 CFR, Part 136, Rev. 1988.

Methods 1000 through 9999: see "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste", U.S. EPA SW-846, 3rd edition, 1986., Rev. 1, December 1987.

<u>SM</u>: see "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water & Wastewater, 17th Edition, APHA, 1989.

Revised September, 1993 abb.93



Santa Rosa Division 435 Tesconi Circle Santa Rosa, CA 95401

Tel: (707) 526-7200 Fax: (707) 526-9623

Terri Plunkett Seacor 90 New Montgomery Suite 620 San Francisco, CA 94105

Date: 11/16/1994

NET Client Acct. No: 74000 NET Pacific Job No: 94.05276

Received: 11/05/1994

Client Reference Information

Crowley GM/50085-001-01

Sample analysis in support of the project referenced above has been completed and results are presented on following pages. Results apply only to the samples analyzed. Reproduction of this report is permitted only in its entirety. Please refer to the enclosed "Key to Abbreviations" for definition of terms. Should you have questions regarding procedures or results, please feel welcome to contact Client Services.

Approved by:

Linda DeMartino

Project Coordinator

Jim Hoch

Operations Manager

Enclosure(s)



Date: 11/16/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386 Page: 2

Ref: Crowley GM/50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-1

Date Taken: 11/04/1994

Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 221644

Run

		Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results Flags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
Oil & Grease (IR,TRPH)	ND	5	mg/L	5520C/F		11/15/1994	256



Date: 11/16/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386

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Ref: Crowley GM/50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-2

Date Taken: 11/04/1994

Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 221645

							******	
		Reporting			Date	Date	Batch	
Parameter ,	Results Flags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	_No.	
Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH)	13	5	mg/L	5520C/F		11/15/1994	256	



Date: 11/16/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386

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Ref: Crowley GM/50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-3

Date Taken: 11/04/1994

. Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 221646

Run

Reporting Date Date Batch Parameter Results Flags Limit Units Method Extracted Analyzed Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH) ND mg/L 5520C/F 11/15/1994 256



Date: 11/16/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386

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Ref: Crowley GM/50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-4

Date Taken: 11/04/1994

Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 221647

Run

		Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results Flac	gs Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH)	ND	5	mg/L	5520C/F	•	11/15/1994	256



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Ref: Crowley GM/50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-5

Date Taken: 11/04/1994

Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 221648

Run

		Reportin	g		Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	. Results Flags	3 Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
Oil & Grease (IR,TRPH)	ND	S	mg/L	5520C/F		11/15/1994	256



Date: 11/16/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386 Page: 7

Ref: Crowley GM/50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-6

Date Taken: 11/04/1994

Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 221649								Run
			Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results	Flags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH)	ND		5	mg/L	5520C/F		11/15/1994	256
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Liquid)						11/08/1994		
DILUTION FACTOR*	1						11/10/1994	841
as Diesel	0.50	DH	0.05	mg/L	3510		11/10/1994	841

 ${\tt DH}$  . The positive result appears to be a heavier hydrocarbon than Diesel.



Date: 11/16/1994

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Ref: Crowley GM/50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-7

Date Taken: 11/04/1994

Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 221650

Run

		Reporting			Date	Date	Batch
Parameter	Results Flags	Limit	Units	Method	Extracted	Analyzed	No.
Oil & Grease (IR,TRPH)	ND	5	mg/L	5520C/F		11/15/1994	256



Date: 11/16/1994 ELAP Cert: 1386

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Ref: Crowley GM/50085-001-01

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-8

Date Taken: 11/04/1994

Time Taken:

NET Sample No: 221651

Run

Reporting Date Date Batch Parameter Results Flags Limit Units Method Extracted Analyzed Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH) ND mg/L 5520C/F 11/15/1994 256



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### CONTINUING CALIBRATION VERIFICATION STANDARD REPORT

	CCV Standard	CCV Standard Amount	CCV Standard Amount		Date	Analyst
Parameter	* Recovery	Found	_Expected _	Units	Analyzed	_Initials
Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH)	101.3	162	160	mg/L	11/15/1994	shr
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Liquid)						
as Diesel	102.0	1020	1000	mg/L	11/10/1994	tđn



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## METHOD BLANK REPORT

Method

	Blank				
	Amount	Reporting		Date	Analyst
Parameter	Found	Limit	Units	Analyzed	Initials
Oil & Grease (IR, TRPH)	ND	5	mg/L	. 11/15/1994	shr
METHOD M8015 (EXT., Liquid)					
as Diesel	ND	0.05	mg/L	11/10/1994	tdn