

January 16, 1998

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Ms. Madhulla Logan Alameda County Health Care Services Environmental Health Services 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577

RE: Addendum 2 of Draft Tier I Risk Assessment Addendum Report 2099 Grand Avenue, Alameda, California

ACC Project No. 96-6176-1.2

Dear Ms. Logan:

In response to your letter dated September 27, 1997, ACC Environmental Consultants, Inc., (ACC) submits this second addendum to the Draft Tier 1 Risk Assessment Addendum Report dated December 31, 1996 for the Grand Marina facility located at 2099 Grand Avenue, Alameda, California. Per your request, ACC has reevaluated the surface soil exposure pathway of residual petroleum compounds, identified within the first five feet of the vadoze zone, for construction workers.

BACKGROUND

A draft Risk Assessment Report dated July 26, 1996 was prepared by SECOR International, Inc., (SECOR), and included an evaluation of potential human health risk parameters for soil and groundwater potentially impacted by previous site usage.

On December 31, 1996, ACC prepared a Risk Assessment Report Addendum to document the rationale for requesting site case closure from the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency (ACHSA) and from the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), San Francisco Bay Region. The focus of this Risk Assessment Addendum Report was to evaluate potential human health risks associated with exposure to residual petroleum compounds detected in subsurface soil and groundwater in the immediate vicinity of the former UST.

In a letter dated September 22, 1997, Ms. Madhulla Logan requests that ACC provide specific modifications to be included in the Risk Assessment Report Addendum of December 31, 1996

SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL RISK - COMMERCIAL WORKER

In accordance with Ms. Madhulla Logan's letter request. ACC has reevaluated the potential excess cancer risk for the onsite commercial worker using a slope factor of 0.1 mg/kg day. The attached spreadsheets present the excess cancer risk for the onsite commercial worker from benzene concentrations in subsurface soil and groundwater, in Building G at the subject site. Based on this reevaluation, the total excess cancer risk for the onsite commercial worker is 2.0E-5

SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL RISK - CONSTRUCTION WORKER

In accordance with Ms. Madhulla Logan's letter request, ACC evaluated the potential excess cancer risk for the onsite construction worker, based on an exposure period of 8 hours per day for 180 days, from residual impact in the soil up to 5 feet below ground surface. Based on this evaluation, the excess cancer risk for the construction worker is 1.0E-7.

CONCLUSION

The Tier 1 structure does not incorporate site-specific parameters and is a conservative approach to estimating risk to human health and environment. ACC believes that the risk to human health and environment is minimal to nonexistent. Based on the Risk Assessment Investigation, ACC recommends that this site be closed from further investigation and remedial action.

If you have any questions about this Addendum, please call me at (510) 638-8400.

Sincerely,

Misty Kaltreider
Project Geologist

/th:mck

Enclosure

cc:

Mr. Curt Bolton, Grand Marina

Mr. Dick Rudloff, City of Alameda

RBCA TIER 1/TIER 2 EVALUATION

NOTE values		Grand Marina 2099 Grand Aver wn in bold italics a	nue, Alameda,D			_	Software Version	GSI RBCA Spreadsheet 1 0 1			
Exposure			Residential		Commercia	al/Industrial	Surface				
Parameter	Definition (Units)	Adult	(1-6yrs)	(1-16 yrs)	Chronic	Constrctn	Parameters	Definition (Units)	Residential	Constrcta	İ
ATC	Averaging time for carcinogens (yr)	25	1, -7,-7				A	Contaminated soil area (cm^2)	1.0E+06	F0E+06	
ATn	Averaging time for non-carcinogens (yr)	25	6	16	25	1	w	Length of affect, soil parallel to wind (cm)	1 5E+03	1.01+03	
вW	Body Weight (kg)	70	15	35	70	·	Wgw	Length of affect, soil parallel to groundwater (cm	1 5E +O3		
ED .	Exposure Duration (yr)	15	6	16	1 <u>5</u>	1	Uair	Ambient air velocity in mixing zone (cm/s)	2 3E+02		
EU	Averaging time for vapor flux (yr)	15	v	_ 10	15	1	delta	Air mixing zone height (cm)	2 ∪€ (03		
EF.	Exposure Frequency (days/yr)	250			250	180	Lss	Thickness of affected surface soils (cm)	1.5E+02		
	Exposure Frequency for dermal exposure	<u>250</u>			250	100	Pe	Particulate areal emission rate (g/cm^2/s)	6 9E 14		
EF Derm	Ingestion Rate of Water (Liday)	2			1		, -	(3-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11			
Rgw	Ingestion Rate of Soil (mg/day)	100	200		50	100					
IRs	Adjusted soil ing. rele (mg-yr/kg-d)	9 3E+01	200		8 6E+01	100	Groundwate	r Definition (Units)	Value		
(Rad) (Rain	Inhalation rate indoor (m^3/day)	15			20		delta gw	Groundwater mixing zone depth (cm)	2.7E+02	-	
	Inhalation rate outdoor (m^3/day)	20			20	10	i	Groundwater infiltration rate (cm/yr)	3 OE+01		
iRa out SA	Skin surface area (dormal) (cm^2)	5 8E+03		2 0E+03	5 8E+03	5 8E+03	Ugw	Groundwater Darcy velocity (cm/yr)	•		
SAadj	Adjusted dermal area (cm^2-yr/kg)	8 4E+02		2 01,100	8.4E+02	002.00	Ugw tr	Groundwater seepage velocity (cm/yr)			
M	Soil to Skin adherence factor	1			0.12.01		Ks.	Saturated hydraulic conductivity(cm/s)			
M AAFs	Age adjustment on soil ingestion	FALSE			FALSE		grad	Groundwater gradient (cm/cm)			
AAFd	Age adjustment on skin surface area	FALSE			FALSE		Św	Width of groundwater source zone (cm)			
tox	Use EPA tox data for air (or PEL based)?	TRUE			INCOL		Sd	Depth of groundwater source zone (cm)			
awMCL?	Use MCL as exposure limit in groundwater?	FALSE					phi eff	Effective porosity in water-bearing unit	3 8E-01		
8mmCF1	O29 MCE 82 exhoads must be decided to	FACUL					foc sal	Fraction organic carbon in water-bearing unit	2.6E-02		
							BIO?	Is bioattenuation considered?	FALSE		
							BC	Biodegradation Capacity (mg/L)			
Mateix of Eva	osed Persons to	Residential			Commerci	al/Industrial					
	posure Pathways	Teastaonna			Chronic	Constrctn	Soil	Definition (Units)	Value		
Outdoor Air F		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_			hc	Capillary zone thickness (cm)	5 OE +00		
SS v	Volatiles and Perticulates from Surface Soils	FALSE			FALSE	TRUE	hv	Vadose zone thickness (cm)	2.7E+Q2		
Sv	Volatilization from Subsurface Soils	FALSE			TRUE		rho	Soil density (g/cm^3)	1.8		
GW v	Volatilization from Groundwater	FALSE		•	TRUE		foc	Fraction of organic carbon in vadose zone	0.0285		
Indoor Air Pa		*******					phi	Soil porosity in vadose zone	0.351		
Sb	Vapors from Subsurface Soits	FALSE			TRUE		Lgw	Depth to groundwater (cm)	2.7E+Q2		
GWЪ	Vapors from Groundwater	FALSE			TRUE		L\$	Depth to top of affected subsurface soil (cm)	2.1E+02		
Soil Pathway							L-subs	Thickness of affected subsurface soils (cm)	1.5£+02		
SS d	Direct Ingestion and Dermal Contact	FALSE			TRUE	TRUE	pΗ	Soil/groundwater pH	7.2		
Groundwater							•	,	capillary	vadose	foundation
GW i	Groundwater Ingestion	FALSE			FALSE		phi w	Volumetric water content	0.206	0.183	0+5
SI	Leaching to Groundwater from all Soils	FALSE			FALSE		phi a	Volumetric air content	0.145	0.168	υ⊋6
١	2004 Mig to Ground and an arm and are						,				
							Building	Definition (Units)	Residential	Commercial	
l							Lb	Building volume/area ratio (cm)	2 01.+02	3 01 +0.2	
Matrix of Rec	eptor Distance	Resid	lential	-	Commerci	al/Industrial	ER	Building air exchange rate (s^-1)	1.46 ()4	2.3E-04	
	On- or Off-Site	Distance	On-Site	- -	Distance	On-Site	Lcrk	Foundation crack thickness (cm)	1.5E+01		
GW	Groundwater receptor (cm)		TRUE	_		TRUE	eta	Foundation crack fraction	0.005		
s	Inhalation receptor (cm)		TRUE			TRUE					
,											
Ì							Transport				
Matrix of								Definition (Units)	Residential	Commercial	
Target Risks		Individual	Cumulative	_			Groundwate				
TRab	Target Risk (class A&B carcinogens)	1.0E-05					ax	Longitudinal dispersivity (cm)			
TRC	Target Risk (class C carcinogens)	1 0E-05					ау	Transverse dispersivity (cm)			
THQ	Target Hazard Quotient	1.0E+00					az	Vertical dispersivity (cm)			
Opt	Calculation Option (1, 2, or 3)	1					Vapor				
Tier	RBCA Tier	1					dcy	Transverse dispersion coefficient (cm)			
							dcz	Vertical dispersion coefficient (cm)			