April 6, 1995

Mrs. Mary Petsas 16518 Toledo Street San Leandro, CA 94578

Re: Report of Gradient Determination and Groundwater Sampling for First Quarter, 1995, Mrs. Mary Petsas, 16035 E. 14th Street, San Leandro, CA 94578

Dear Mrs. Petsas:

Tank Protect Engineering of Northern California, Inc. (TPE) is pleased to submit this quarterly letter report of environmental services conducted at the subject site. Previous work conducted at the site is summarized and work conducted during the subject quarter is presented in detail.

BACKGROUND

Work conducted by TPE during first quarter, 1992:

- February 4, 1992 Removed two 1,000-gallon and one 750-gallon steel, single-walled, underground, unleaded gasoline storage tanks and waste oil tank, respectively, from the subject site.
- February 5, 1992 Collected 5 soil samples from the tank excavations. One soil sample was also collected from native soil beneath the piping and 1 composite soil sample consisting of 4 discrete soil samples was collected from the stockpile. All samples were submitted for chemical analysis for total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHG) and for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX). One soil sample was additionally analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel (TPHD), oil and grease (O&G), volatile organics, and selected metals.

- March 2 and 3, 1992 Conducted horizontal and vertical excavation of contaminated soil from the waste oil and gasoline tank excavations. Approximately 40 cubic yards (cyds) of gasoline-contaminated soil and 50 cyds of waste oil-contaminated soil were excavated and stockpiled separately on site. Seven verification soil samples were collected to document cleanup of the excavation sidewalls and 2 composite soil samples consisting of 4 discrete samples each, were collected to document excavation of contaminated soil. All soil samples were analyzed for TPHG and BTEX with 3 soil samples being additionally analyzed for TPHD, O&G, and selected metals. One verification soil sample was also analyzed for organic lead.
- March 3 and 4, 1992 Alviso Independent Oil, Inc. (Alviso) removed about 420 gallons of drummed water and about 1,000 gallons of groundwater from the excavation.
- March 6, 1992 Submitted to the client a <u>Tank Closure Report and Workplan for Overexcavation of Contaminated Soil and Installation of Groundwater Monitoring Wells</u> (TCR/WP) that documented tank closure activities and proposed a workplan to: (1) investigate the horizontal and vertical extent of contaminated vadose zone soil, (2) overexcavate and remediate contaminated vadose zone soil for on site reuse or disposal to an appropriate landfill, and (3) install up to 3 groundwater monitoring wells as an initial investigation of groundwater contamination.
- . March 18, 1992 Backfilled the excavation with imported pea gravel and aggregate base material.
- . March 24 and 26, 1992 Sealed the former excavation with a 3 to 5-inch layer of asphalt and applied an asphalt sealer to the surface.
- March 25 and 26, 1992 Disposed of the gasoline-contaminated stockpiled soil at Redwood Landfill, Inc. located in Novato, California.
- March 31, 1992 Conducted a file review at the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (CRWQCB)-San Francisco Bay Region's office to determine if any documented, off-site contamination may be

impacting the subject site and to investigate vicinity and site groundwater flow direction.

Work conducted by TPE during second quarter, 1992:

- April 9, 1992 Attended a meeting with Mr. Scott O. Seery of the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency (ACHCSA) to modify and addend the March 6, 1992 TCR/WP.
- April 13, 1992 Submitted to ACHCSA a letter titled <u>April 9, 1992</u>

 <u>Meeting Regarding Addenda to March 6, 1992 Workplan for Mrs. Mary Petsas, 16035 East 14th Street, San Leandro, CA 94578.</u>
- April 14, 1992 Aerated about 65 cyds of waste oil-contaminated soil stockpile. Collected 4 discrete samples for laboratory compositing and analyses according to landfill requirements for total petroleum hydrocarbons as motor oil (TPHMO), waste extraction test (WET) for California 17 metals, and Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) for TPHG and BTEX.
- . May 20, 1992 Disposed of the waste oil-contaminated stockpiled soil at Vasco Road Sanitary Landfill located in Livermore, California.

Work conducted by TPE during second quarter, 1993:

- April 8 and 13, 1993 Filed well installation permits with the Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, Water Resources Management Zone 7 and filed notices of intent with the California Department of Water Resources.
- April 16, 1993 Drilled 3 soil borings for the construction of groundwater monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-3; collected soil samples at approximately 5-foot depth intervals, or less, in the vadose zone; sampled continuously through the saturated zone to profile the aquifer; converted the above soil borings into groundwater monitoring wells; and analyzed 1 vadose zone soil sample from each of the borings for wells MW-1 and

MW-3 for TPHD, TPHG, BTEX and O&G; and for well MW-2 for TPHG and BTEX.

- April 21 and 22, 1993 Surveyed top-of-casings (TOCs) to the nearest .01 foot above mean sea level (MSL) and developed each monitoring well.
- May 5, 1993 Measured depth to stabilized groundwater in each well; calculated direction and gradient of groundwater flow; sampled each well; and analyzed groundwater samples from wells MW-1 and MW-3 for TPHD, TPHG, and BTEX; analyzed the groundwater sample from MW-2 and 1 trip blank sample for TPHG and BTEX.
- . May 7, 1993 Sampled wells MW-1 and MW-3 for analysis for O&G.

Work conducted by TPE during third quarter, 1993:

- August 10, 1993 Measured depth to stabilized groundwater in each well; calculated direction and gradient of groundwater flow; sampled each well; and analyzed groundwater samples from wells MW-1 and MW-3 for TPHD, TPHG, BTEX and O&G; analyzed the groundwater sample from MW-2 and 1 trip blank sample for TPHG and BTEX.
- August 13, 1993 Submitted to the client a Preliminary Site Assessment Report that reviewed site history and documented overexcavation of contaminated soil, verification soil sampling, installation of 3 groundwater monitoring wells, soil and groundwater sampling, results of chemical disposal of contaminated soil, groundwater analyses, gradient determination. TPE's excavation closure, and conclusions and recommendations.
- September 10, 1993 Submitted to the client a Report of Gradient Determination and Groundwater Sampling for Third Quarter, 1993, Mrs.

 Mary Petsas, 16035 E. 14th Street, San Leandro, CA 94578 documenting work performed and analytical results with conclusions and recommendations.

Work conducted by TPE during fourth quarter, 1993:

November 18, 1993 - Measured depth to stabilized groundwater in each well; calculated direction and gradient of groundwater flow; sampled each well; and analyzed groundwater samples from wells MW-1 and MW-3 for TPHD, TPHG, BTEX, and O&G; analyzed the groundwater sample from well MW-2 and 1 trip blank sample for TPHG and BTEX.

Work conducted by TPE during first quarter, 1994:

- January 7, 1994 Submitted to the client a Report of Gradient

 Determination and Groundwater Sampling for Fourth Quarter, 1993, Mrs.

 Mary Petsas, 16035 E. 14th Street, San Leandro, CA 94578 documenting work performed and analytical results with conclusions and recommendations.
- . March 4, 1994 Measured depth to stabilized groundwater in each well; calculated direction and gradient of groundwater flow; sampled each well; and analyzed groundwater samples from wells MW-1 and MW-3 for TPHD, TPHG, BTEX, and O&G; analyzed the groundwater sample from well MW-2 and 1 trip blank sample for TPHG and BTEX.

Work conducted by TPE during second quarter, 1994:

April 14, 1994 - Submitted to the client a Report of Gradient

Determination and Groundwater Sampling for First Quarter, 1994, Mrs.

Mary Petsas, 16035 E. 14th Street, San Leandro, CA 94578 documenting work performed and analytical results with conclusions and recommendations.

Work conducted by TPE during third quarter, 1994:

September 16, 1994 - Measured depth to stabilized groundwater in each well; calculated direction and gradient of groundwater flow; sampled each well; and analyzed groundwater samples from wells MW-1 and MW-3 for TPHD, TPHG, BTEX, and O&G; analyzed the groundwater sample from well MW-2 and 1 trip blank sample for TPHG and BTEX.

Work conducted by TPE during fourth quarter, 1994:

- Determination and Groundwater Sampling for Third Quarter, 1994, Mrs.

 Mary Petsas, 16035 E. 14th Street, San Leandro, CA 94578 documenting work performed and analytical results with conclusions and recommendations.
- December 9, 1994 Measured depth to stabilized groundwater in each well; calculated direction and gradient of groundwater flow; sampled each well; and analyzed groundwater samples from wells MW-1 and MW-3 for TPHD, TPHG, and BTEX; analyzed the groundwater sample from well MW-2 and 1 trip blank sample for TPHG and BTEX.

WORK CONDUCTED BY TPE DURING FIRST QUARTER, 1995:

- Determination and Groundwater Sampling for Fourth Quarter, 1994, Mrs.

 Mary Petsas, 16035 E. 14th Street, San Leandro, CA 94578 documenting work performed and analytical results with conclusions and recommendations.
- . March 10, 1995 Measured depth to stabilized groundwater in each well; calculated direction and gradient of groundwater flow; sampled each well; and analyzed groundwater samples from wells MW-1 and MW-3 for TPHD, TPHG, and BTEX; analyzed the groundwater sample from well MW-2 and 1 trip blank sample for TPHG and BTEX.

Details of the work performed during the subject quarter are presented below.

Groundwater Gradient

On March 10, 1995, depth-to-groundwater was measured from TOC in wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 to the nearest 0.01 foot using an electronic Solinst water level meter. A minimum of 3 repetitive measurements were made for each level determination to ensure accuracy. Depth-to-groundwater was subtracted from the TOC elevation, measured relative to MSL, to calculate the elevation of the stabilized water level for each well (see attached Table 1).

Attached Figure 1 is a groundwater gradient map constructed from the data collected on March 10, 1995. Groundwater flow direction was to the north-northeast with a gradient of about .0093 feet per foot. Attached Table 2 presents cumulative information for average groundwater elevations, changes in average groundwater elevations, groundwater flow directions, and groundwater gradients for the site.

Based on the above groundwater flow direction, well MW-1 is down and crossgradient, well MW-2 is crossgradient, and well MW-3 is up and crossgradient of the underground tank complex.

Groundwater Sampling and Analytical Results

On March 10, 1995, groundwater samples were collected from each of the 3 groundwater monitoring wells for chemical analysis. Before sampling, each well was checked for floating product using a dedicated, disposable polyethylene bailer. A slight gasoline odor was noted in well MW-1; no floating product or sheen was observed in any of the wells. Wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 were purged of about 16 to 21 liters of groundwater, with dedicated polyethylene bailers. Temperature, conductivity, and pH of the water in the wells were recorded (see attached Records of Water Sampling). Since dedicated bailers were used for each well sampled, decontamination was necessary between sampling events. Turbidity of the sampled water was measured at 6.4 and 10.17 NTUs in wells MW-1 and MW-3, respectively. Water samples were collected in laboratory provided, sterilized, 40-milliliter glass vials and/or 1-liter amber bottles having Teflon-lined screw caps; and labeled with project name, date, time collected, sample number, and sampler name. The samples were immediately stored in an iced-cooler for transport to California State Department of Health Services (DHS) certified Trace Analysis Laboratory, Inc., located in Hayward, California accompanied by chain-of-custody documentation.

Groundwater samples from wells MW-1 and MW-3 were analyzed for TPHD and TPHG by the DHS Method and for BTEX by the Modified United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 8020. The groundwater sample from well MW-2 and 1 trip blank sample (MW-4) were analyzed for TPHG and BTEX.

Purge water is stored on site in 55-gallon drums labeled to show material stored, known or suspected chemical contaminant, date filled, expected removal date, company name, contact person, and telephone number.

See attached protocols for TPE's sample handling, groundwater monitoring well sampling, and quality assurance and quality control procedures.

TPHD was detected in well MW-1 at a concentration of 90 parts per billion (ppb). TPHG was detected in the groundwater sample from well MW-1 at a concentration of 280 ppb. Benzene was detected in well MW-1 at a concentration of 21 ppb. Ethylbenzene was detected in wells MW-1 and MW-3 at concentrations of 11 ppb and .53 ppb, respectively. All other BTEX chemicals were nondetectable in wells MW-1 and MW-3. All BTEX chemicals were nondetectable in well MW-2.

All analytical results were nondetectable for the trip blank sample MW-4, with the exception of ethylbenzene which was detected at a concentration of .77 ppb.

Analytical results are summarized in attached Table 3 and documented in an attached certified analytical report and a chain-of-custody.

DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The groundwater gradient was north-northeasterly which is about 150 degrees clockwise to the fourth quarter, 1994 gradient determination. The subject groundwater gradient may be the result of seasonal variation due to rainfall. Groundwater elevation is the highest recorded by TPE, and may reflect the large storms of early 1995.

TPE recommends continued quarterly groundwater sampling and gradient determinations of the 3 groundwater monitoring wells until all BTEX chemicals are detected below California Drinking Water Standards for 4 consecutive quarters. Groundwater samples from wells MW-1 and MW-3 are proposed to be analyzed for TPHD, TPHG, and

BTEX and groundwater samples from well MW-2 are proposed to be analyzed for TPHG and BTEX.

The next sampling event is due on about June 12, 1995.

An additional copy of this letter report has been included for your delivery to:

Mr. Scott O. Seery
Alameda County Health Care Services Agency
Department of Environmental Health
Hazardous Material Program
1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Room 250
Alameda, California, 94502-6577

TPE recommends that this quarterly letter report be submitted with a cover letter from Mrs. Mary Petsas.

If you have any questions, please call TPE at (510) 429-8088.

Sincerely,

John V. Mrakovich, Ph.D.

Senior Registered Geologist

Jeff Farhoomand, M.S.

Principal Engineer



Expiration Date 4/30/96

TABLE 1
GROUNDWATER ELEVATION

Well Name	Date	Elevation TOC ¹ (Feet MSL ²)	Depth-to-Water From TOC (Feet)	Groundwater Elevation (Feet MSL)
MW-1	04/19/93	32.72	6.82	25.90
	05/05/93		7.04	25.68
	08/10/93		7.40	25.32
	11/18/93		7.47	25.25
	03/04/94		6.93	25.79
	09/16/94		7.52	25.20
	12/09/94		6.95	25.77
	03/10/95		6.07	26.65
MW-2	04/19/93	32.40	6.42	25.98
	05/05/93		6.62	25.78
	08/10/93		6.99	25.41
	11/18/93		7.06	25.34
	03/04/94		6.53	25.87
	09/16/94		7.10	25.30
	12/09/94		6.59	25.81
	03/10/95		5.63	26.77
MW-3	04/19/93	32.56	6.58	25.98
	05/05/93		6.82	25.74
	08/10/93		7.23	25.33
	11/18/93		7.31	25.25
	03/04/94		6.75	25.81
	09/16/94		7.34	25.22
	12/09/94		6.82	25.74
	03/10/95		5.66	26.90

¹ TOP OF CASING 2 MEAN SEA LEVEL

TABLE 2
GROUNDWATER ELEVATION AND GRADIENT DATA

Date	Average Groundwater Elevation (Feet MSL ¹)	Change in Average Groundwater Elevation (Feet)	Groundwater Gradient	Groundwater Flow Direction
04/19/93	25.95		0.0031	N
05/05/93	25.73	-0.22	0.0025	NW
08/10/93	25.35	-0.38	0.0018	NW
11/18/93	25.28	-0.07	0.0021	NW
03/04/94	25.82	+0.54	0.0017	NW
09/16/94	25.24	-0.58	0.0021	NW
12/09/94	25.77	+.53	0.0017	wsw
03/10/95	26.77	+1.00	0.0093	NNE

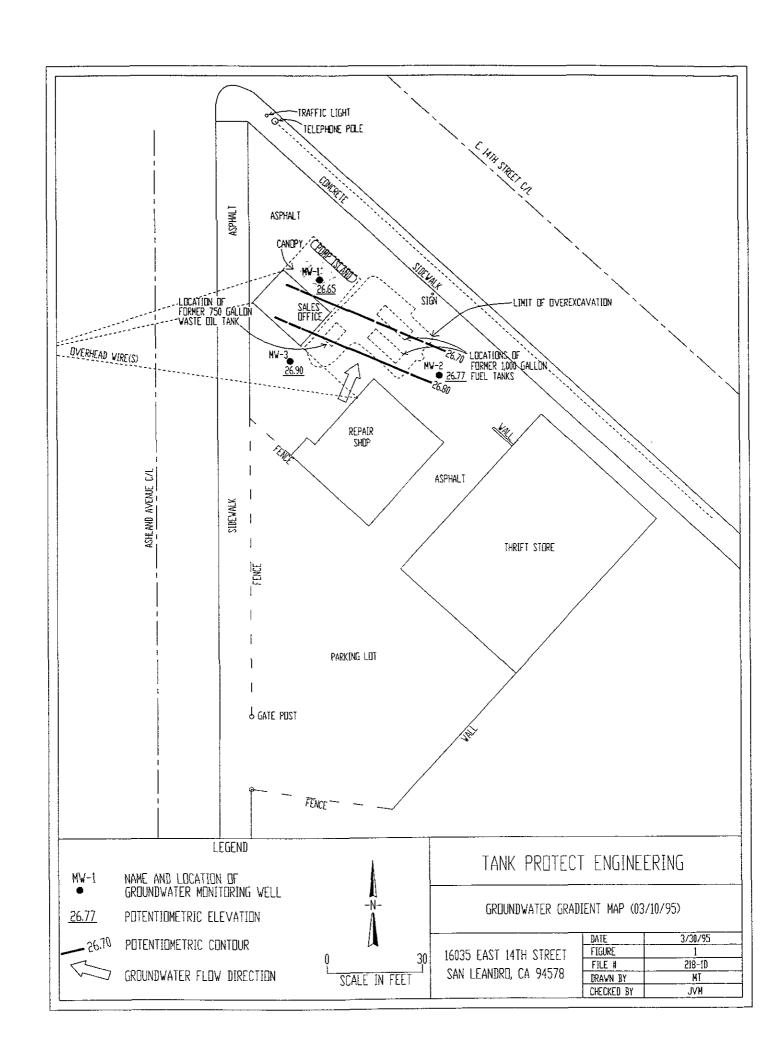
¹ MEAN SEA LEVEL

TABLE 3 SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS (ppb¹)

Sample ID Name	Date	TPHD	ТРНС	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- benzene	Xylenes	Oil & Grease
MW-1	05/05/93	460	720	54	<1.5	19	13	<1,000 ²
	08/10/93	640	540	37	< 0.50	79	8.9	<1,000
	11/18/93	250	370	38	< 0.50	0.57	4.1	<5,000
	03/04/94	620	240	6.0	< 0.50	22	<1.5	<5,000
	09/16/94	62	210	< 0.50	< 0.50	10	<1.5	<5,000
	12/09/94	< 50	490	< 0.50	< 0.50	22	<1.5	NA
	03/10/95	90	280	21	< 0.50	11	<1.5	NA
MW-2	05/05/93	NA ³	<50	47	< 0.50	< 0.87	<1.5	NA
	08/10/93	NA	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
	11/18/93	NA	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
	03/04/94	NA	< 61	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
	09/16/94	NA	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
	12/09/94	NA	53	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
	03/10/95	NA	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
MW-3	05/05/93	130	7 3	22	< 0.50	< 0.87	<1.5	<1,000 ²
	08/10/93	160	53	< 0.50	< 0.50	0.73	<1.5	<1,000
	11/18/93	<50	75	< 0.50	< 0.50	1.5	<1.5	<5,000
	03/04/94	130	110	< 0.50	< 0.50	2.1	<1.5	<5,000
	09/16/94	< 50	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	<5,000
	12/09/94	<50	50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
	03/10/95	< 50	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	0.53	<1.5	NA
MW-4 ⁴	05/05/93	NA	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
<u> </u>	08/10/93	NA	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
	11/18/93	NA	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
<u>.</u>	03/04/94	NA	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
	09/16/94	NA	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
	12/09/94	NA	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.5	NA
	03/10/95	NA	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	0.77	<1.5	NA

PARTS PER BILLION
 WELL SAMPLED ON 5/7/93
 NOT ANALYZED

⁴ TRIP BLANK



RECORD OF WATER SAMPLING

PROJECT NO.: 218 DATE: 3-10-95	WELL NO .: Mile
PROJECT NAME: PENTIS	WELL DIAMETER:
PROJECT LOCATION: 16036 7 1445	TOC ELEV: 32.
SAMPLER: LNH	LOCK NO.:
ANALYSES: TRAD, TRAC RIEX	
WELL DEPTH (from construction detail):	
WELL DEPTH (measured): 14.78 SOFT BOTTOM?: YES	Cenga
DEPTH TO WATER: 1.07 TIME: 9.33	
PRESSURE (circle one)?: YES OR NO	IR / L
IF YES, WAS PRESSURE (circle one): POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE?	d.
~V.	J. Maril
WATER VOLUME IN WELL: 1.21	
[2-INCH CASING = 0.16 GAL/FT] [4-INCH CASING = 0.65 GAL/FT]	
[6-INCH CASING = 1.47 GAL/FT] [1 GAL = 3.78 L]	
	LOCATION MAP
CALCULATED PURGE VOL. (GAL): 3.93 (L): 15 ACTUAL PURG	GE VOL. (GAL):(L):(L)
PURGE METHOD: SAMPLE ME	

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Time	Depth to Water (FT)	Vol (L)	Temp (Deg. F)	pН	EC	Clarity	Turbidity (NTU)	Remarks
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10114		4	41.4	7,08			1.	,
P 49		9			VILL),	U
1052	_	12	62.5	7.05	1570		11	#
1056		15	1-2.5	6.84	1630		T.	1.
KSE	1	14	6.	6.9.	163		l i	11
				 				
1125	Well San	pled	 	1	1		64	
		†	 	1-	1	1		

PURGE METHOD:_

WATER VOL. IN DRUM: フェッ NEED NEW DRUM?: NO

RECORD OF WATER SAMPLING

PROJECT NO.: 218 DATE: 3-10-95	WELL NO.: MU-
PROJECT NAME: PROJECT NAME:	WELL DIAMETER:
PROJECT LOCATION: 16-025 F 1475	TOC ELEV: 32 -4
SAMPLER: LTUL	LOCK NO.: LOS
ANALYSES: TPHE destex	
WELL DEPTH (from construction detail):	
WELL DEPTH (measured): 16.74 SOFT BOTTOM?: VES	
DEPTH TO WATER: 5.63 TIME: 9:37	
PRESSURE (circle one)?: YES OR NO)	G. V
IF YES, WAS PRESSURE (circle one): POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE?	The many
WATER VOLUME IN WELL: 1.78	
[2-INCH CASING = 0.16 GAL/FT] [4-INCH CASING = 0.65 GAL/FT]	7
[6-INCH CASING = 1.47 GAL/FT] [1-GAL = 3.78 L]	*
	LOCATION MAP
	2/
CALCULATED PURGE VOL. (GAL): 5 34 (L): 20.18 ACTUAL PURGE	E VOL. (GAL):(L):
PURGE METHOD: SAMPLE MET	THOD:
FIELD MEASUREMENTS	

Time	Depth to Water (FT)	Vol (L)	Temp (Deg. F)	pН	EC	Clarity	Turbidity (NTU)	Remarks
1125			60.2	7.12	1516		clear	Ni - For
1129		٤	61.5	7.11	1370		11	
1131			62.5	7.25	1610		R	11
135		14	62.1	725	1641		t:	1
1140		26	62.0	7.23	1650		11	٨
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	1150 wells	mde.		1	-			
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SIGNATURE: Roe Huckins

WATER VOL. IN DRUM: つい NEED NEW DRUM?: いっ

RECORD OF WATER SAMPLING

PROJECT NO.: 218 DATE: 3-10-95 PROJECT NAME: POSS F 14 L. St. SAMPLER: LN H	WELL NO.: Mw- WELL DIAMETER: 2' TOC ELEV: 32. LOCK NO.: COS
ANALYSES: TPHD, TPHE, STEX	
WELL DEPTH (from construction detail):	
WELL DEPTH (measured): 14.74 SOFT BOTTOM?: 45	
DEPTH TO WATER: 5.66 TIME: 9:30	j
PRESSURE (circle one)?: YES OR NO	
IF YES, WAS PRESSURE (circle one): POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE?	X
WATER VOLUME IN WELL: 1,777 [2-INCH CASING = 0.16 GAL/FT] [4-INCH CASING = 0.65 GAL/FT]	vncu-3
[6-INCH CASING = 1.47 GAL/FT] [1-GAL = 3.78 L]	
[0-114CH CHOING - 1.47 CALLY]	LOCATION MAP
CALCULATED PURGE VOL. (GAL): 5.3 (L): CACTUAL PURG	
PURGE METHOD: SAMPLE MET	HOD: FG Le

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Time	Depth to Water (FT)	Vol (L)	Temp (Deg. F)	pН	EC	Clarity	Turbidity (NTU)	Remarks
10:02		Ч	62.9	6.56	/#/8°			cleur novem
1006		8	62.2	696	1410			JI I
1008		12	62.0.	6.92	/380		-	h #
1011		16	1	\$ 703	1			11 11
1015		20	61.8					I ₁ II
				 				
1020	121150	red		1				
				1			10.17	
	-4						<u> </u>	
ll				•	!			

SIGNATURE: Ree Tuckins

WATER VOL. IN DRUM: 75 NEED NEW DRUM? 20

SAMPLE HANDLING PROCEDURES

Soil and groundwater samples will be packaged carefully to avoid breakage or contamination, and will be delivered to the laboratory in an iced-cooler. The following sample packaging requirements will be followed.

- . Sample bottle/sleeve lids will not be mixed. All sample lids will stay with the original containers and have custody seals affixed to them.
- Samples will be secured in coolers to maintain custody, control temperature, and prevent breakage during transportation to the laboratory.
- A chain-of-custody form will be completed for all samples and accompany the sample cooler to the laboratory.
- . Ice, blue ice, or dry ice (dry ice will be used for preserving soil samples collected for the Alameda County Water District) will be used to cool samples during transport to the laboratory.
- Water samples will be cooled with crushed ice. In the Alameda County Water District, water samples will be buried in the crushed ice with a thermometer and the laboratory will be requested to record thermometer temperature at the time of receipt.
- Each sample will be identified by affixing a pressure sensitive, gummed label, or standardized tag on the container(s). This label will contain the site identification, sample identification number, date and time of sample collection, and the collector's initials.
- Soil samples collected in brass tubes will be preserved by covering the ends with Teflon tape and capped with plastic end-caps. The tubes will be labeled, sealed in quart size bags, and placed in an iced-cooler for transport to the laboratory.

All groundwater sample containers will be precleaned and will be obtained from a State Department of Health Services certified analytical laboratory.

<u>Sample Control/Chain-of-Custody</u>: All field personnel will refer to this workplan to verify the methods to be employed during sample collection. All sample gathering activities will be recorded in the site file; all sample transfers will be documented in the chain-of-custody; samples are to be identified with labels and all sample bottles are to be custody-sealed. All information is to be recorded in waterproof ink. All TPE field personnel are personally responsible for sample collection and the care and custody of collected samples until the samples are transferred or properly dispatched.

The custody record will be completed by the field technician or professional who has been designated by the TPE project manager as being responsible for sample shipment to the appropriate laboratory. The custody record will include, among other things, the following information: site identification, name of person collecting the samples, date and time samples were collected, type of sampling conducted (composite/grab), location of sampling station, number and type of containers used, and signature of the TPE person relinquishing samples to a non-TPE person with the date and time of transfer noted. The relinquishing individual will also put all the specific shipping data on the custody record.

Records will be maintained by a designated TPE field employee for each sample, site identification, sampling locations, station numbers, dates, times, sampler's name, designation of the samples as a grab or composite, notation of the type of sample (e.g. groundwater, soil boring, etc.), preservatives used, on-site measurement data, and other observations or remarks.

GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Groundwater monitoring wells will not be sampled until at least 24 to 72 hours (according to local regulatory guidelines) after well development. Groundwater samples will be obtained using either a bladder pump, clear Teflon bailer, or dedicated polyethylene bailer. Prior to collecting samples, the sampling equipment will be thoroughly decontaminated to prevent introduction of contaminants into the well and to avoid cross-contamination. Monitoring wells will be sampled after 3 to 10 wetted casing volumes of groundwater have been evacuated and pH, electrical conductivity, and temperature have stabilized as measured with a Hydac Digital Tester. If the well is emptied before 3 to 10 well volumes are removed, the sample will be taken when the water level in the well recovers to 80% of its initial water level or more.

When a water sample is collected, turbidity of the water will be measured and recorded with a digital turbidimeter. Degree of turbidity will be measured and recorded in nephelometric turbidity units (NTU).

TPE will also measure the thickness of any floating product in the monitoring wells using an interface or probe clear Teflon or polyethylene bailer. The floating product will be measured after well development but prior to the collection of groundwater samples. If floating product is present in the well, TPE will recommend to the client that product removal be commenced immediately and reported to the appropriate regulatory agency.

Unless specifically waived or changed by the local, prevailing regulatory agency, water samples shall be handled and preserved according to the latest EPA methods as described in the Federal Register (Volume 44, No. 233, Page 69544, Table II) for the type of analysis to be performed.

Development and/or purge water will be stored on site in labeled containers. The disposal of the containers and development and/or purge water is the responsibility of the client.

MEASUREMENTS

<u>Purged Water Parameter</u>: During purging, discharged water will be measured for the following parameters.

<u>Parameter</u>	Units of Measurement
рН	None
Electrical Conductivity	Micromhos
Temperature	Degrees F or C
Depth to Water	Feet/Hundredths
Volume of Water Discharged	Gallons
Turbidity	NTU

<u>Documentation:</u> All parameter measurements shall be documented in writing on TPE development logs.

QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES

The overall objectives of the field sampling program include generation of reliable data that will support development of a remedial action plan. Sample quality will be checked by the use of proper sampling, handling, and testing methods. Additional sample quality control methods may include the use of background samples, equipment rinsate samples, and trip and field blanks. Chain-of-custody forms, use of a qualified laboratory, acceptable detection limits, and proper sample preservation and holding times also provide assurance of accurate analytical data.

TPE will follow a QA/QC program in the field to ensure that all samples collected and field measurements taken are representative of actual field and environmental conditions and that data obtained are accurate and reproducible. These activities and laboratory QA/QC procedures are described below.

<u>Field Samples</u>: Additional samples may be taken in the field to evaluate both sampling and analytical methods. Three basic categories of QA/QC samples that may be collected are trip samples, field blanks, and duplicate samples.

Trip blanks are a check for cross-contamination during sample collection, shipment, and in the laboratory. Analytically confirmed organic-free water shall be used for organic parameters and deionized water for metal parameters. Blanks will be prepared by the laboratory supplying the sample containers. The blank shall be numbered, packaged, and sealed in the same manner as the other samples. One trip blank will be used for each sample set of less than 20 samples. At least 5% blanks will be used for sets greater than 20 samples. The trip blank is a water sample that remains with the collected samples during transportation and is analyzed along with the field samples to check for residual contamination. The trip blank is not to be opened by either the sample collectors or the handlers.

The field blank is a water sample that is taken into the field and is opened and exposed at the sampling point to detect contamination from air exposure. The water sample is poured into appropriate containers to simulate actual sampling conditions. Contamination for air exposure can vary considerably from site to site.

The laboratory will not be informed about the presence of field and trip blanks and a false identifying number will be put on the label. Full documentation of these collection and decoy procedure will be made in the site log book.

Duplicate samples are identical sample pairs (collected in the same place and at the same time), placed in identical containers. For soils, adjacent sample liners will be analyzed. For the purpose of data reporting, one is arbitrarily designated the sample, and the other is designated as a duplicate sample. Both sets of results are reported to give an indication of the precision of sampling and analytical methods.

The laboratory's precision will be assessed without the laboratory's knowledge by labeling one of the duplicates with false identifying information. Data quality will be evaluated on the basis of the duplicate results.

<u>Laboratory QA/QC</u>: Execution of a strict QA/QC program is an essential ingredient in high-quality analytical results. By using accredited laboratory techniques and analytical procedures, estimates of the experimental values can be very close to the actual value of the environmental sample. The experimental value is monitored for its precision and accuracy by performing QC test designed to measure the amount of random and systematic errors and to signal when correction of these errors is needed.

The QA/QC program describes methods for performing QC tests. These methods involve analyzing method blanks, calibration standards, check standards (both independent and EPA-certified standards), duplicates, replicates, and sample spikes. Internal QC also requires adherence to written methods, procedural documentation, and record keeping, and the observance of good laboratory practices.

LOG NUMBER: DATE SAMPLED: 5308

DATE RECEIVED: DATE EXTRACTED: 03/10/95 03/13/95 03/24/95

DATE ANALYZED:

04/04/95

DATE REPORTED:

04/05/95

CUSTOMER:

Tank Protect Engineering

REQUESTER:

Jeff Farhoomand

PROJECT:

No. 218-031095, Petsas, 16035 East 14th Street

Sample Type: Water MW-3 MW - 1 Method Blank Method and Reporting Concen-Reporting Concen- Reporting Concen-<u>tration</u> Limit Constituent: tration Units tration <u>Limit</u> DHS Method: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel 50 50 ND 50 ND ug/190

OC Summary:

% Recovery:

% RPD:

69 1.1

Concentrations reported as ND were not detected at or above the reporting limit.

Trace Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

LOG NUMBER: 5308 DATE SAMPLED: DATE RECEIVED:

03/10/95 03/13/95 03/22/95 04/05/95

DATE REPORTED: PAGE:

DATE ANALYZED:

Two

			Sample	Type:	Water			
		М	W-1		W-2	MW-3		
Method and Constituent:	<u>Units</u>	Concen- tration	Reporting Limit	Concen- tration	Reporting <u>Limit</u>	Concen- tration	Reportin Limit	
DHS Method:								
Total Petroleum Hydro- carbons as Gasoline	ug/1	280	50	ND	50	ND	50	
Modified EPA Method 8020	for:							
Benzene	ug/l	21	0.50	ND	0.50	ND	0.50	
Toluene	ug/1	ND	0.50	ND	0.50	ND	0.50	
Ethylbenzene	ug/1	11	0.50	ND	0.50	0.53	0.50	
Xylenes	ug/1	ND	1.5	ND	1.5	ND	1.5	
		μ	IW - 4	Metho	d Blank			
Method and Constituent:	<u>Units</u>	Concen- tration	Reporting <u>Limit</u>	Concen- tration	Reporting Limit			
DHS Method:								
Total Petroleum Hydro- carbons as Gasoline	ug/1	ND	50	ND	50			
Modified EPA Method 8020	for:							
Benzene	ug/1	ND	0.50	ND	0.50			
Toluene	ug/1	ND	0.50	ND	0.50			
Ethylbenzene	ug/1	0.77	0.50	ND	0.50			
Xylenes	ug/1	ND	1.5	ND	1.5			

QC Summary:

% Recovery: 101 % RPD: 3

3.2

Concentrations reported as ND were not detected at or above the reporting limit.

Quality Assurance/Quality Control Manager

TANK PROTECTION
Environmental Management

TANK PROTECT ENGINEERING

2021 WHIPPLE ROAD UNION CITY, CA 94587 (415)429-9088 (800)523-8088 FAX(415)429-8089

5308

LAB:	ROUND: 15day	
TURNAROUND:	15day	
P.O. #:010	16	

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PAGE _ / OF _)

PROJECT NO. SITE HAME 4 ADDRESS ZIS CISIONS INC. SE. 14th St. SAMPLER NAME. ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER 2821 WHIPPLE ROAD, UNION CITY, CA 94587 (415) 429-8088 ID NO. DATE TIME SOIL WATER SAMPLING LOCATION						(1) TYPE OF CON- TAINER	1878									REM	IARKS	
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mw-3	70	1020		X			ع المراجعة عمرة إلى الم	٢	* .	-								
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Relinquish	ed by :	(Sign	aturo)	Dat	a / Time	Received for L [Signature]					atg 5/5-9	7 T	10:		Romarks			

Plu, vadry 2R, 2 voAs each, on ice, white, Tray, Ray

DATE: 3/13/95