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DEPARTIMENT OF EMPIRED MAJESTAL HEALTH Hazartola Majerias Daleson 30 Swan May, Pm. 200 Damand, DA 64621 5 D 27144020

May 20, 1992

Eddy So RWQCB, S.F. Bay Region 2101 Webster St., Ste 500 Oakland, CA 94612

STID 3950

RE: The Fowler Anderson Mortuary site, located at 2244 Santa Clara Street, Alameda, California

## RECOMMENDATION FOR UST CASE CLOSURE

Dear Mr. So,

On January 8, 1991, three underground storage tanks (USTs) were removed from the above site: one 350-gallon motor oil tank, one 50-gallon motor oil tank, and one 50-gallon hydraulic oil reservoir tank. No holes were observed in the 350-gallon or 50-gallon motor oil USTs. There was no information available on the condition of the 50-gallon hydraulic oil UST at the time of its removal. One soil sample was collected from beneath the center of each of the three USTs at the soil/groundwater interface. Analysis of the soil sample collected from beneath the 50-gallon hydraulic oil tank identified 1,400 ppm TPH as hydraulic oil. The other soil samples did not detect any contamination above the detection limit of 10 ppm.

Soil was re-excavated from the 50-gallon hydraulic oil tank pit and confirmatory soil samples were collected and found to be without detectable amounts of TPH as hydraulic oil.

On February 28, 1991, three monitoring wells were installed downgradient of the former location of the 50-gallon hydraulic oil UST, with one well being located within 10 feet of the former UST. Two soil samples were collected during the installation of each of the three wells at 5-foot intervals. These samples were analyzed for TPH as hydraulic oil and no contaminants were identified above the detection limit. All three wells were sampled for four quarters and the groundwater samples were analyzed for TPH as hydraulic oil using EPA Method 3510. Analysis of all the groundwater samples throughout all four quarters of sampling, from February 28, 1991 through December 19, 1991, never identified concentrations of TPH as hydraulic oil above the detection limit of 50 ppb.

The depth to groundwater beneath the site is approximately 9 feet. The well logs indicate that soils beneath the site consist of fine grain sands and clay. The groundwater flow direction has consistently been to the north and northeast for all four quarters.

Considering the above information, this office is recommeding that this site be certified closed. With RWQCB's concurrence, this office will send a letter to the Responsible Party to inform them of the site's cerification of closure.

If you have any questions or comments, please contact Juliet Shin at (510) 271-4320.

Sincerely

Scott O. (Seery, CHMM

Senior Hazardous Materials Specialist

FILE (JS)