HEALTH CARE SERVICES

AGENCY

DAVID J. KEARS, Agency Director



RAFAT A. SHAHID, DIRECTOR

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway Alameda, CA 94502-6577 (510)567-6700

March 4, 1996

STID # 3204

REMEDIAL ACTION COMPLETION CERTIFICATION

B.A.R.T. Maintenance Facility ATTN: Brent Baldwin P.O. Box 12688 Oakland, CA 94604-2688

RE: 601 EAST 8TH STREET, OAKLAND

Dear Mr. Baldwin,

This letter confirms the completion of site investigation and remedial action for the one (1) 8000-gallon and one (1) 7000-gallon gasoline, one (1) 7000-gallon diesel and one (1) 500-gallon waste oil underground storage tanks at the above described location.

Based upon the available information and with provision that the information provided to this agency was accurate and representative of site conditions, no further action related to the underground tank release is required.

This notice is issued pursuant to the regulation contained in Title 23, Division 3, Chapter 16, Section 2721 (e) of the California Code of Regulations.

Please contact Dale Klettke at (510) 567-6880 if you have any questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

Jun Makishima

Jun Makishina

Interim Director of Environmental Health

 Gordon Coleman, Acting Chief, Department of Environmental Protection-files Kevin Graves, RWQCB
 Mike Harper, SWRCB

3204racc.dkt

CASE CLOSURE SUMMARY Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank Program

I. AGENCY INFORMATION Date: January 2, 1996

Agency name: Alameda County-HazMat Address: 1131 Harbor Bay Pkwy

City/State/Zip: Alameda, CA 94502 Phone: (510) 567-6700

Responsible staff person: T.Peacock Title: Sup Haz. Materials Spec.

II. CASE INFORMATION

Site facility name: Bay Area Rapid Transit

Site facility address: 601 East 8th Street, Oakland, CA 94606

RB LUSTIS Case No: N/A Local Case No./LOP Case No.: 3204

URF filing date: 12/8/92 SWEEPS No: N/A

Responsible Parties: Addresses: Phone Numbers:

SF BART District 800 Madison Street

Oakland, CA 94607 (510) 464-6000

<u>Tank</u>	<u>Size in</u>	Contents:	<u>Closed in-place</u>	<u>Date:</u>
<u>_No:</u>	<u>gal.:</u>		or removed?:	
1	8000	gasoline	removed	10/05/1989
2	7000	gasoline	removed	10/05/1989
3	7000	diesel	removed	10/05/1989
4	500	waste oil	removed	10/05/1989

III. RELEASE AND SITE CHARACTERIZATION INFORMATION

Cause and type of release: suspected leak-perforations observed in bottom/south end - unleaded gasoline tank #1.

Site characterization complete? YES

Date approved by oversight agency: April 2, 1990 Monitoring Wells installed? YES Number: three

Proper screened interval? YES

Highest GW depth below ground surface: 20.84 feet on 4/22/95 Lowest

depth: 25.72 feet on 9/27/95

Flow direction: S17E on 6/29/94, S8W on 9/27/95, S38E on 1/24/95 and S10E on 4/22/95.

Most sensitive current use: undetermined

Are drinking water wells affected? NO Aquifer name: N/A Is surface water affected? NO Nearest affected SW name: N/A Off-site beneficial use impacts (addresses/locations): N/A

Report(s) on file? YES Where is report(s) filed? Alameda County

1131 Harbor Bay Pkwy
Alameda, CA 94502

Treatment and Disposal of Affected Material:

<u>Material</u>	Amount (include units)	Action (Treatment or Disposal w/destination)	<u>Date</u>
Tank	1-8000gal	disposal/Triangle, Sacramento	10/11/1989
Tank	1-7000gal	disposal/Triangle, Sacramento	10/11/1989
Tank	1-7000gal	disposal/Levins Metals, Richmond	10/05/1989
Tank	1-500gal	disposal/Levins Metals, Richmond	10/05/1989
Piping	UNK	UNK	
Free Product			
Soil	233.5 tons	disposal/Liquid Waste Mgmt.	9/10/1990
	580 cubic yard	disposal/Durham Road Landfill	11/12/1990
	252 cubic yard	disposal/BFI-Vasco Road	12/06/1990
Groundwater Barrels	2500gal	disposal/H & H Environmental	10/31/1989

Maximum Documented Contaminant	Soil		Before an Water (ppb Before Aft	o)
TPH (Gas) TPH (Diesel) Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Oil & Grease Heavy metals Other - organic lea	5700 <10 22 12 26 5.5 <50 2	460 ¹ 78 0.12 0.48 0.82 0.31	120,000 <50 15,000 13,000 2,900 20,000	<50 <50 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5

Comments (Depth of Remediation, etc.):

Three underground fuel storage tanks and one underground waste oil tank were removed from the site on October 5, 1989. Upon removal, the unleaded tank was observed to be perforated at the bottom and south ends of the tank. The tank contents and approximate volumes were: unleaded gasoline (8000 gallons), regular gasoline (7000 gallons), diesel (7000 gallons) and waste oil (500 gallons). Groundwater containing patches of floating product (less than 0.25 inches thick) was observed after fuel tank removal.

¹ This result was from test boring RW@9'.

 $^{^2}$ The heavy metals cadmium, chromium, lead and zinc were detected at the apparent geogenic concentrations of 1.9 ppm, 26 ppm, 15 ppm and 300 ppm, respectively, from the soil sample obtained from beneath the waste oil tank (WO @ 7').

³ This result was for soil sample B9-B12, obtained from a composite of stockpiled soils from the leaded gasoline UST excavation-Tank #2.

During tank excavations the depth to groundwater was approximately 10' below ground surface (bgs). The groundwater sample collected from the fuel tank excavation detected 120 ppm-total volatile hydrocarbons (TVH), 15 ppm-benzene, 13 ppm-toluene, 2.9 ppm-ethyl benzene and 20 ppm-total xylenes (see Table 1).

On October 31, 1989, about 350 cubic yards (cy) of contaminated soil was removed to a maximum depth of approximately 14' bgs. Prior to soil removal, about 2500 gallons of water was pumped from the excavation.

Subsurface conditions outside of the tank excavation limits were explored by drilling seven (7) soil borings at the locations shown in Plates 1 and 2. The boring locations were chosen to define the lateral extent of petroleum hydrocarbon contamination at the site. The results of the laboratory analyses are summarized in Table 3.

Additional soil was removed during excavations performed to remediate areas where concentrations of contaminants were detected at greater than the established clean-up level (100 ppm-TVH), for a total of approximately 600 cubic yards. Excavated soil was used as backfill if the analytical test results indicated less than 10mg/kg gasoline or diesel, and less than 0.5 mg/L of soluble lead.

On May 6, 1991 three test borings were drilled to a depth of approximately 20 to 22' bgs. These borings were subsequently converted to monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3. The analytical results for the water samples taken from the three monitoring wells were found to contain non-detectable concentrations of TPHg, TPHd and BTEX fractions.

On June 20, 1994 three new monitoring wells (MW-1A, MW-2A and M-3A) were installed. This was due to the result of substantial differences in ground water elevations measured in the three existing monitoring wells, and the fact that two of the wells eventually went dry. It appears that the water encountered in the initial monitoring wells was perched. Ground water was encountered at approximately 25 to 28' bgs in monitoring wells MW-1A, MW-2A and MW-3A. The results of the laboratory analysis of the groundwater samples collected from the three new monitoring wells indicated that, except for 0.7 ppb toluene and 1.3 ppb total xylenes in the water sample collected from monitoring well MW-1A, TPHg, TPHd and BTEX fractions were not detected above laboratory detection limits in the ground water samples.

See Section VII, Additional Comments, etc...

IV. CLOSURE

Does completed corrective action protect existing beneficial uses per the Regional Board Basin Plan? YES

Does completed corrective action protect potential beneficial uses per the Regional Board Basin Plan? YES

Does corrective action protect public health for current land use? YES Site management requirements: None

Should corrective action be reviewed if land use changes? YES Monitoring wells Decommissioned: YES, 3 of 6 Number Decommissioned: three Number Retained: three List enforcement actions taken: 8/26/93 ACHCSA NOV letter for failure to implement a quarterly monitoring program.

List enforcement actions rescinded:

v. LOCAL AGENCY REPRESENTATIVE DATA

Name: Dale H. Klettke

Title: Haz Mat Specialist

1/2/96

Reviewed by

Name: Thomas Peacock

Title: Supervising Haz Mat Spec.

Signature:

Date: (-2.74

Name:

Title: Haz Mat Specialist

Signature:

Date: //2/96

VI. RWQCB NOTIFICATION

Date Submitted to RB:

RWQCB Staff Name: Kevin Graves

Title:

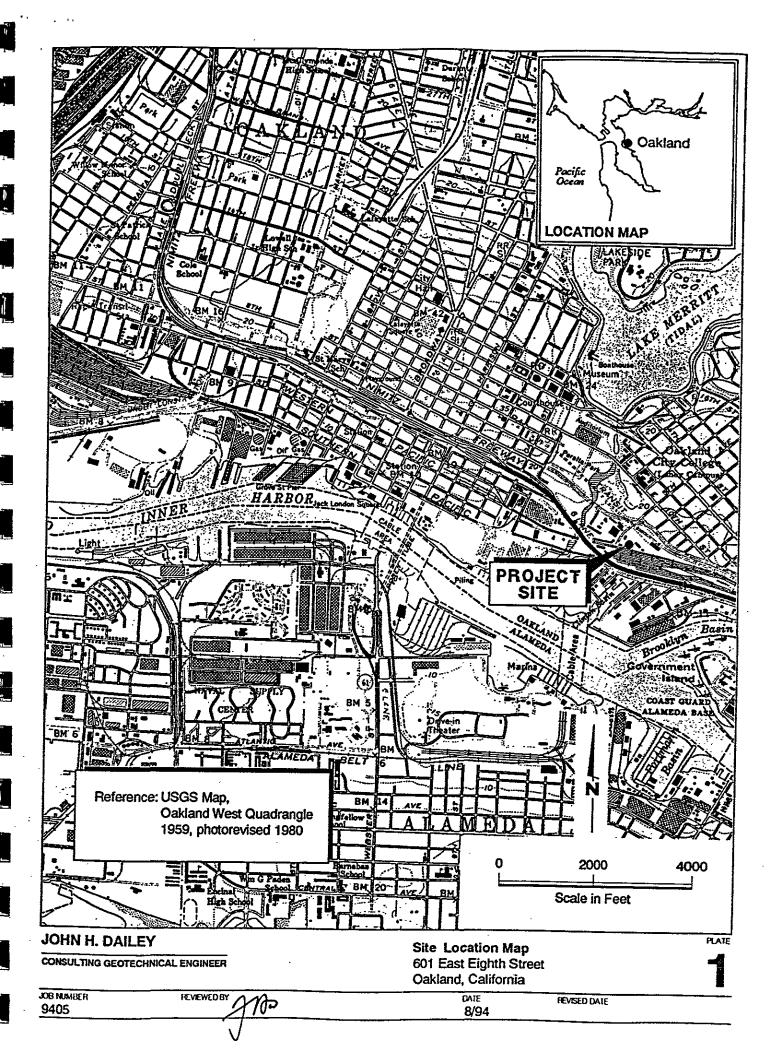
Signature:

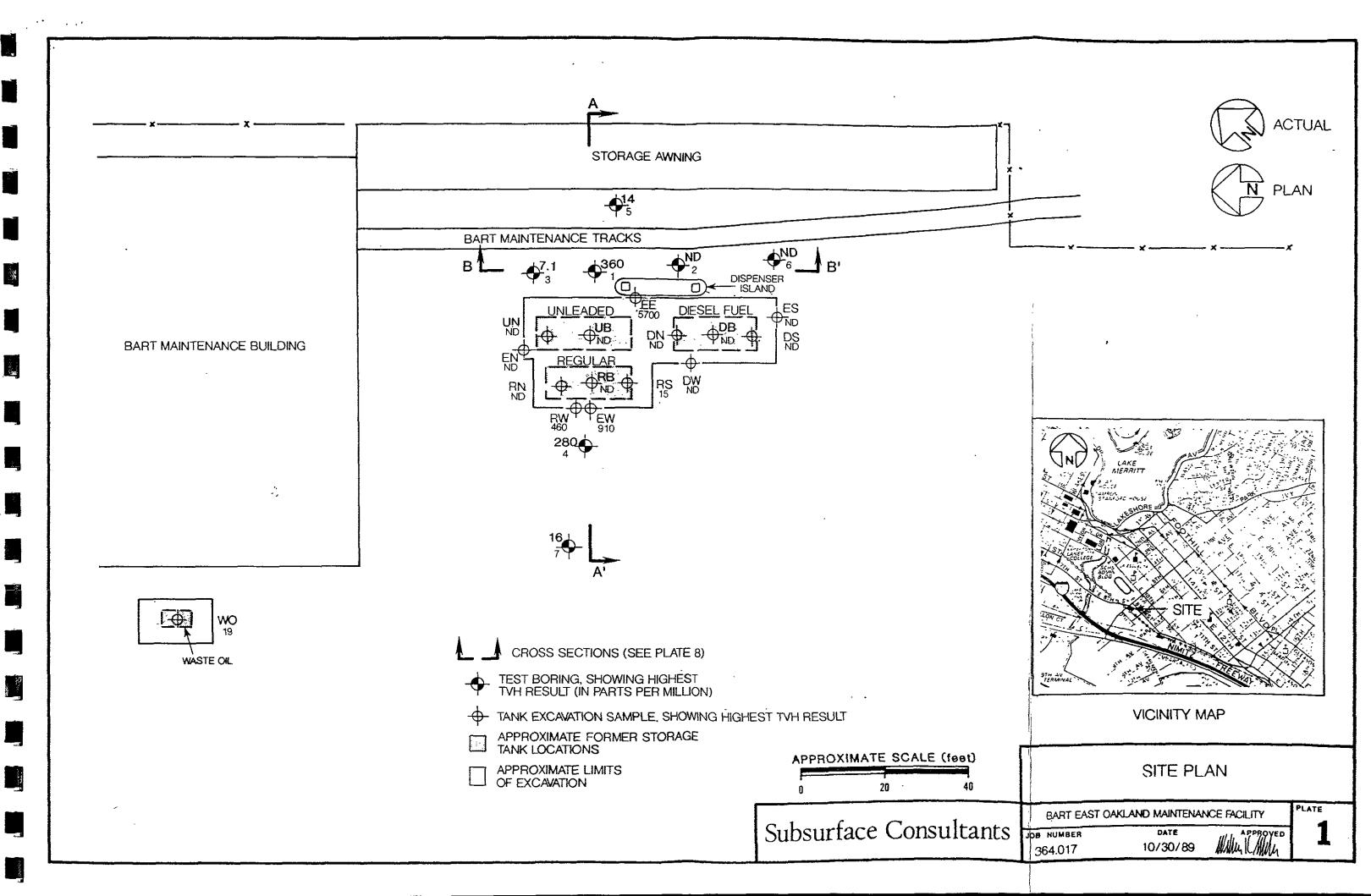
ADDITIONAL COMMENTS, DATA, ETC. VII.

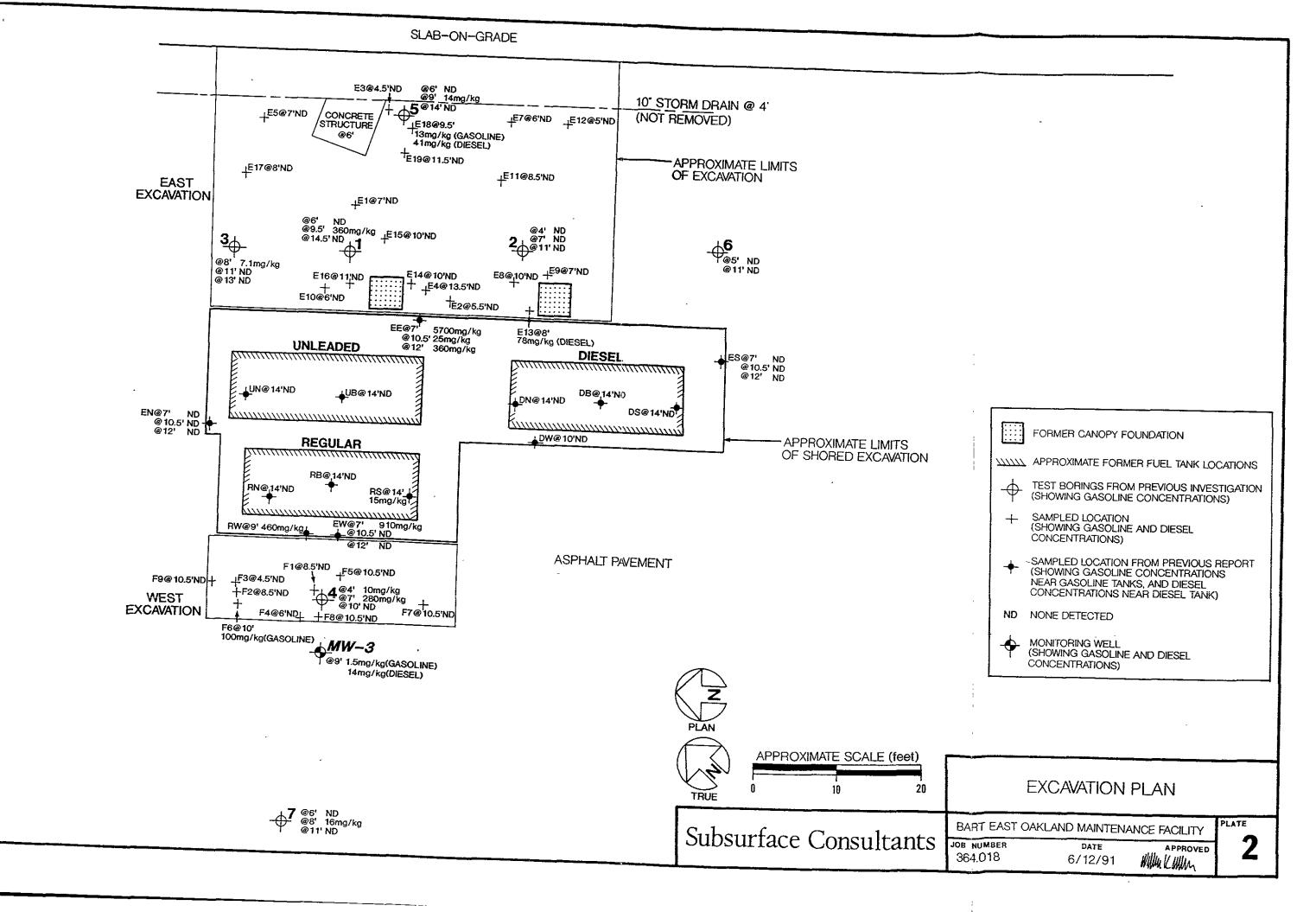
On September 6, 1994 the three original groundwater monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3 were destroyed.

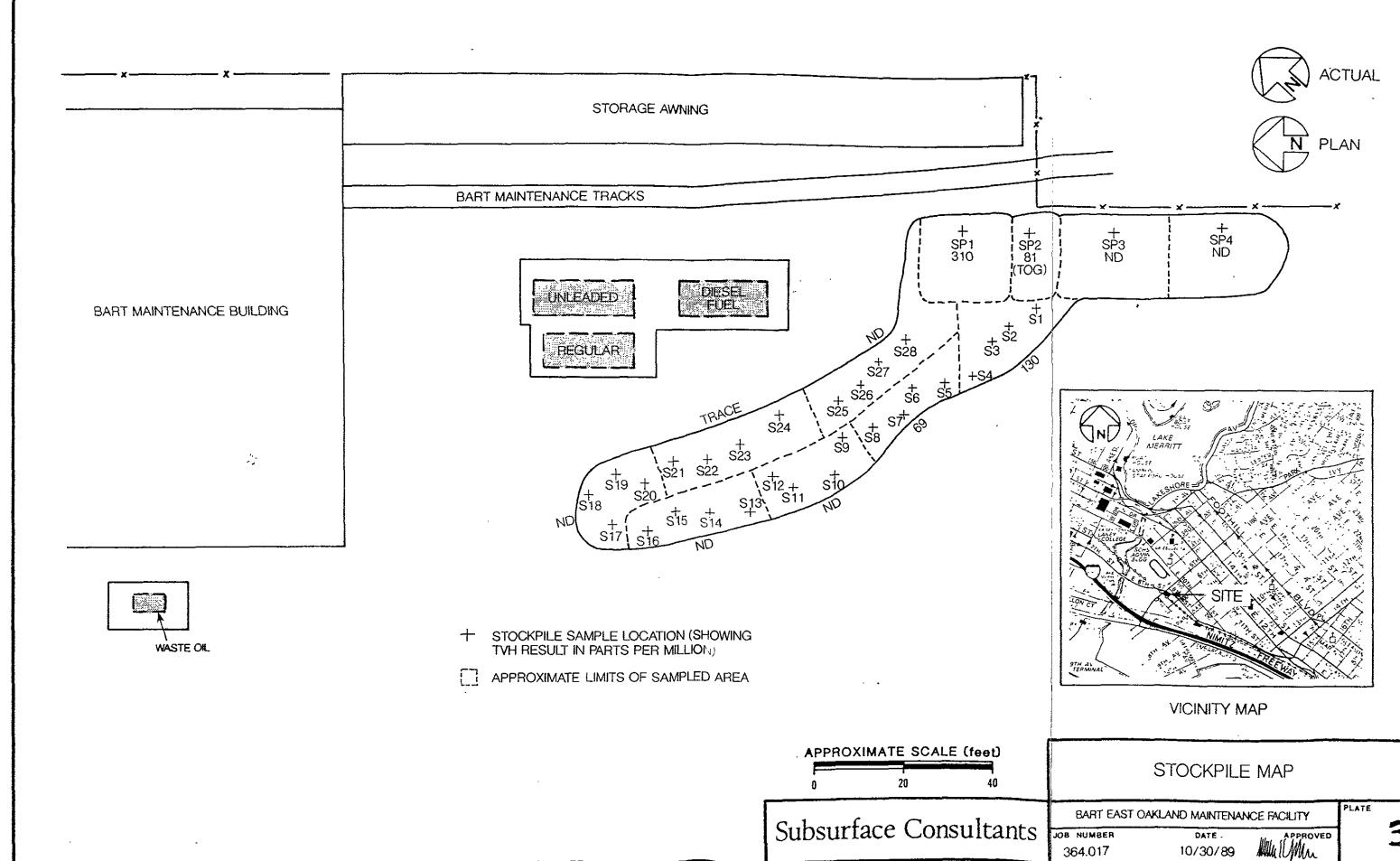
Quarterly groundwater monitoring has been performed for the three new wells (MW-1A, MW-2A and MW-3A on June 29, 1994, September 27, 1994, January 24, 1995 and April 22, 1995. Sampling results from the groundwater samples collected from the three new monitoring wells were found to contain nondetectable concentrations of TPHq and BTEX for these four consecutive quarterly sampling events.

Based on the groundwater sampling results for the three newly installed wells, it is determined that the shallow groundwater aquifer beneath the site has not been impacted by the former release of petroleum hydorcarbons from the former USTs. Therefore, continued groundwater monitoring is not warranted in this case.









12.25

Table 1 - Summary of TVH, TEH, TOG, BTXE and VOC Analytical Test Results of Samples from the Excavation and Stockpiles

Sample	TVH (ppm)1	TEH (ppm)	TOG (ppm)	Benzene (ppm)	Toluene (ppm)	Total Xylenes (ppm)	Ethyl- benzene (ppm)
From exca	vation:			•			
DB @ 14' DN @ 14' DS @ 14' DW @ 10'	² 	ND ³ ND ND ND	 	0.550 0.055 0.290	0.160 0.016 0.035	0.650 0.180 0.035	0.630 0.035 0.017
EE @ 7' EE @ 10.5 EE @ 12' EN @ 7' EN @ 10.5 EN @ 12' ES @ 7' ES @ 10.5 ES @ 12' EW @ 7' EW @ 10.5	360 ND 'ND ND ' 910	 ND ND ND					
EW @ 12' RB @ 14' RN @ 14' RS @ 14' RW @ 9' UB @ 14'	ND ND 15 460 ND	 		 ND 0.140 6.800	 ND 0.009 3.300	 ND 0.073 4.000	 ND 0.130 5.900
UN @ 14' WO @ 7' FT(water)	ND 19 120	ND ND	ND 	0.180 1.500 ⁴ 15	0.007 0.043 ⁴ 13	ND 0.1204 20	0.020 0.094 ⁴ 2.9
From stock	kpiles:						
SP1 SP2 ⁵ SP3 SP4	310 ND ND ND	41 	81 	 	 	 	
S1-4 S5-8 S9-12	130 69 ND		 			 	

Sample	TVH (ppm)1	TEH (ppm)	TOG (ppm)	Benzene (ppm)	Toluene (ppm)	Total Xylenes (ppm)	Ethyl- benzene (ppm)
S13-16	ND			<u></u> ·			
S17-20	ND						
S21-24	Trace						
S25-28	ND						

Parts per million (mg/kg or mg/L)

The results of analytical tests for cadmium, chromium, lead and zinc, on the soil sample from beneath the waste oil tank (WO @ 7') are on summarized Table 2.

Table 2 - Summary of Heavy Metal Analytical Test Results of Samples from the Waste Oil Tank Excavation

Sample	<u>Metal</u>	Concentration (ppm) ³	STLC ¹ (ppm)	TTLC ² (ppm)
WO @ 7'	Cadmium	1.9	1.0	100
	Chromium	26	560	2500
	Lead	15	5.0	1000
	Zinc	30	250	5000

Soluble threshold limit concentration

TTLC and STLC values are used by the State of California in evaluating whether materials containing these metals should be considered as hazardous wastes. Samples that contain metal

Not measured

None detected, see test data sheets in Appendix for detection limits

Detected using EPA 8240 (no other VOC's detected in sample), all other BTXE detected using EPA 8020/602

From waste oil tank excavation

Total threshold limit concentration

Parts per million (mg/kg or mg/L)

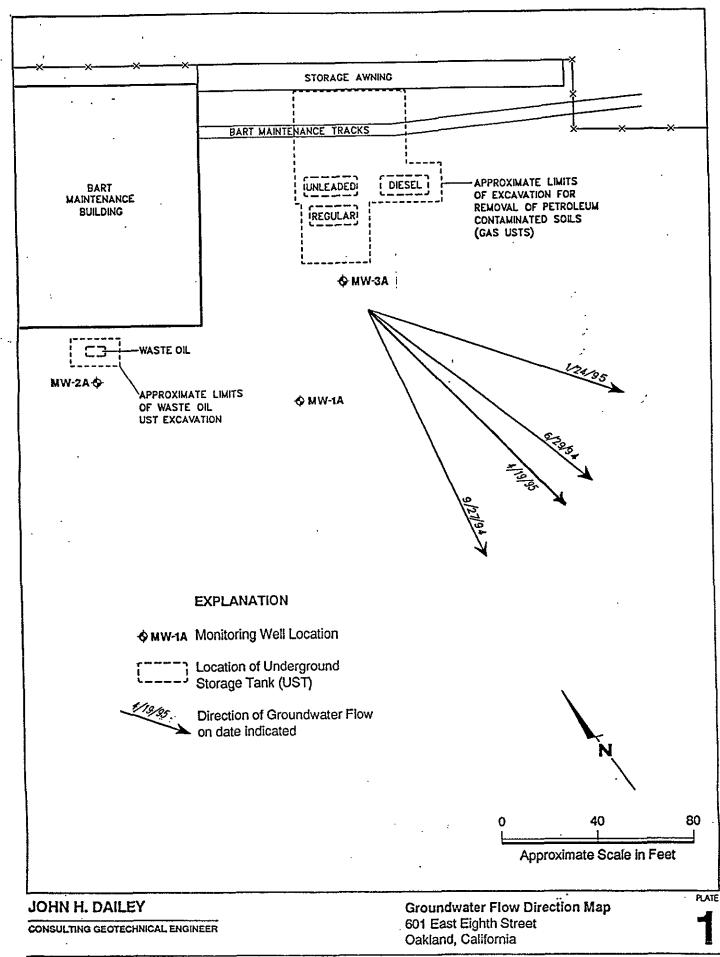
Includes chromium and/or chromium (III) compounds

TABLE 3 - Summary of TVH and BTXE Analytical Test Results of Samples from the Test Borings

Sample	TVH (ppm)1	Benzene (ppm)	Toluene (ppm)	Total Xylenes (ppm)	Ethyl- benzene (ppm)
1 0 6 1 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ND ² 360 ND ND ND ND ND Trace ³ ND ND 10 280 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND 14 ND	0.140 22.0 ND 0.025 0.130 0.016 0.039 0.150 0.069 0.370 0.630 0.045 0.018 0.017 0.009 0.025 0.027	0.210 12.0 0.018 0.006 0.024 0.009 ND 0.017 0.009 0.065 ND 0.016 0.007 0.008 0.056 0.045 0.014 0.041 0.056	0.095 5.5 0.005 0.007 0.011 ND 0.057 0.047 ND 0.180 5.4 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	0.380 26.0 0.018 0.013 0.043 0.008 0.062 0.170 0.008 0.450 0.590 0.015 0.017 0.006 0.120 0.016 ND 0.016 2.1 0.008
7 @ 11'	ND	0.017	0.009	ND	0.000

Parts per million (mg/kg)
None detected, see test data sheets in Appendix for detection limits

^{7.1} ppm (less than detection limits)



JOB NUMBER DEVICE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE

REVISED DATE

JOHN H. DAILEY Consulting Geotechnical Engineer

The latest water samples were collected by our engineer on April 22, 1995 and analyzed by McCampbell Analytical Inc. Based on the analyses by McCampbell Analytical Inc., there is no detectable contamination from the compounds that were the subject of the laboratory screening in the ground water at the locations of the monitoring wells installed for this investigation. The results of the laboratory analysis and field log data sheets are attached.

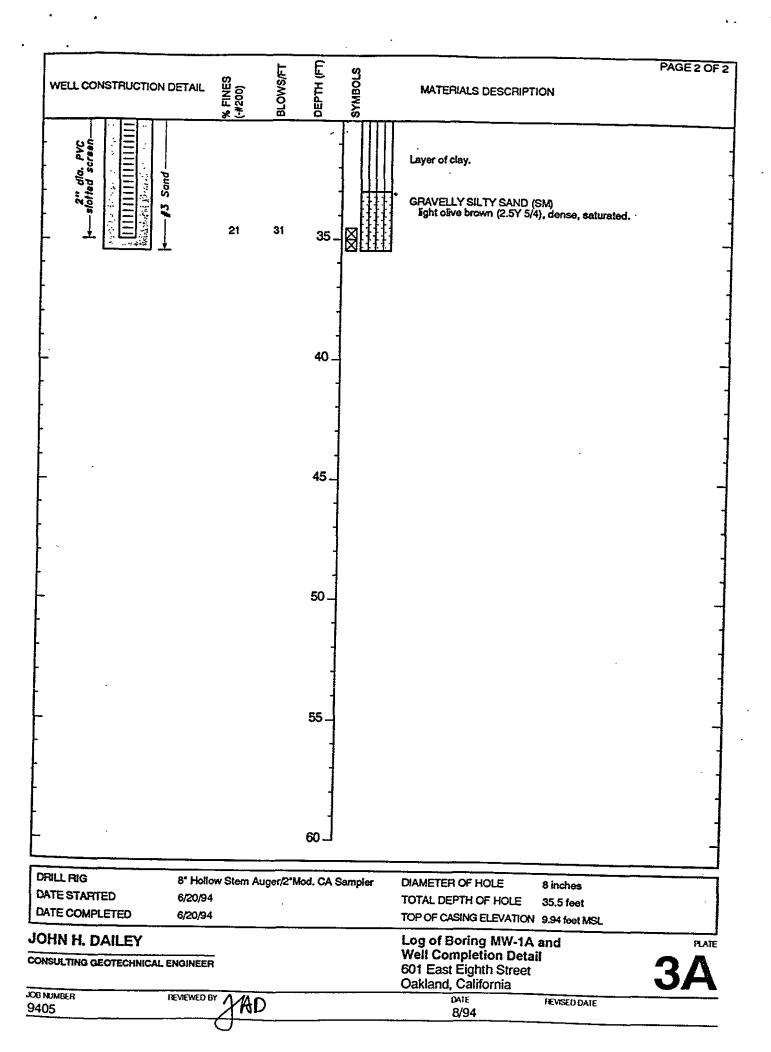
TABLE 1
GROUND WATER SURFACE ELEVATION DATA

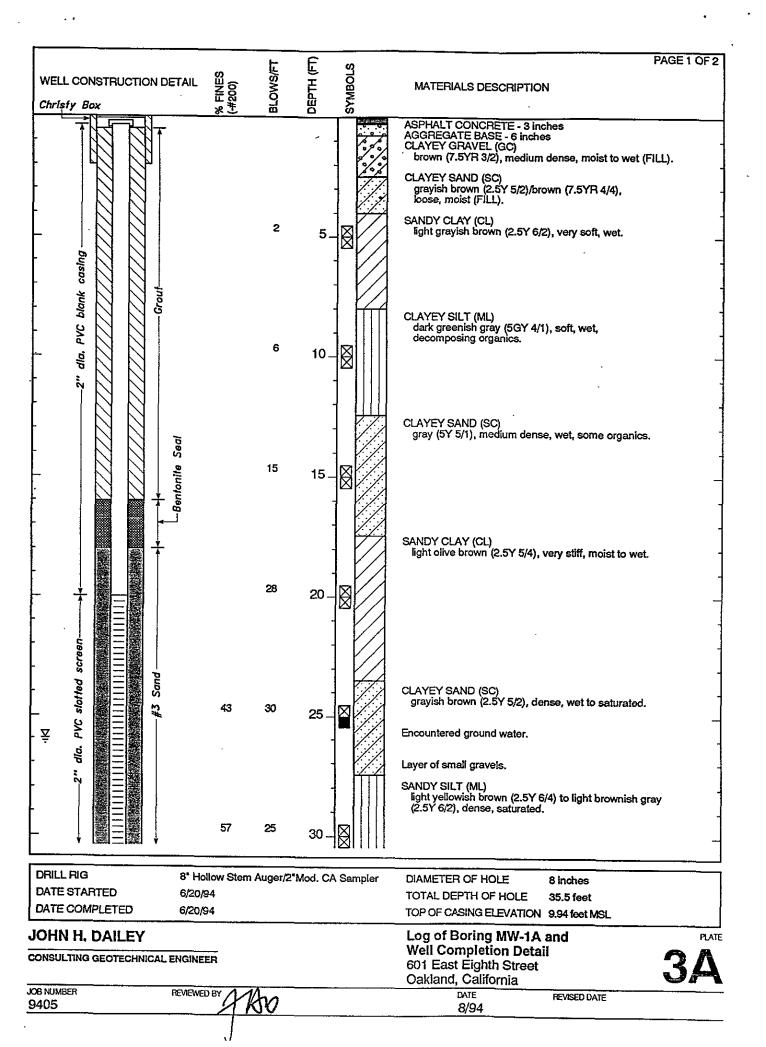
Well No.	Casing Elevation	Depth to Ground Water	Ground Water Elevation
June 29, 1994			S17°E @ 0.0130 ft/ft
MW-1A	9.94	21.85	-11.91
MW-2A	11.25	22.25	-11.00
MW-3A	11.13	22.78	-11.65
September 27, 19	94		S8°W at 0.0339 ft/ft
MW-1A	9.94	25.72	-15.78
MW-2A	11.25	25.66	-14.41
MW-3A	11.13	25.50	-14.42
January 24, 1995			S38°E at 0.0088 ft/ft
MW-1A	9.94	22.72	-12.78
MW-2A	11.25	23.10	-11.85
MW-3A	11.13	23.90	-12.77
April 22, 1995			S10°E at 0.0330 ft/ft
MW-1A	9.94	21.52	-11.58
MW-2A	11.25	20.84	-9.59
MW-3A	11.13	21.89	-10.76

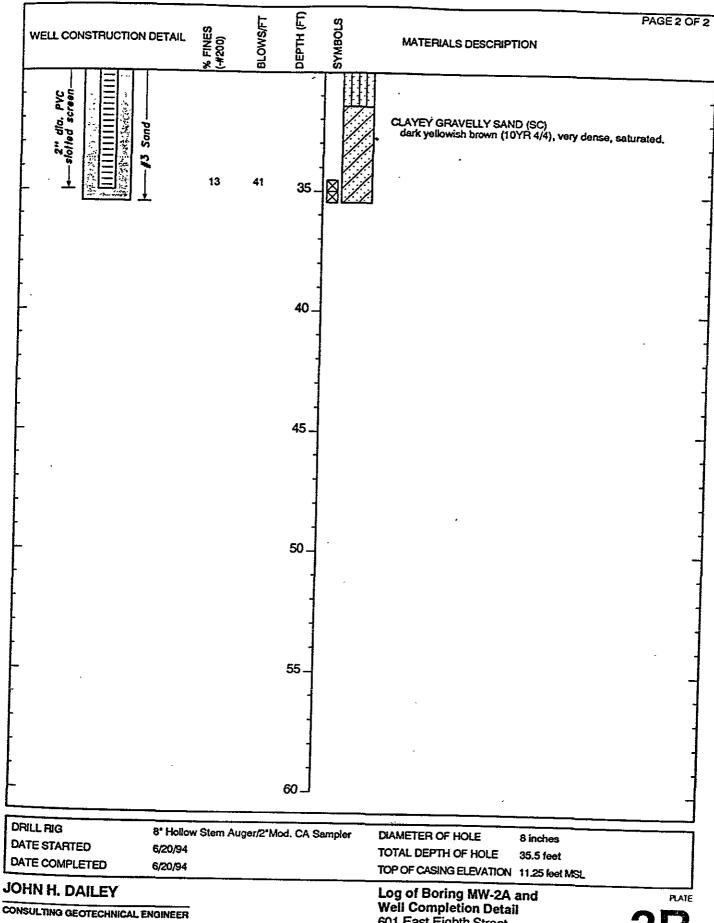
Elevation measurements are in feet and referenced to mean sea level

Closure

Based on the results of our investigation performed at the site, we do not believe that the ground water in the water table aquifer beneath the site has been impacted by the former







JOB NUMBER 9405

HEVIEWED BY tho **Well Completion Detail** 601 East Eighth Street Oakland, California

8/94

REVISED DATE

