

July 22, 1993 SCI 727.001 93 JUL 26 PH 12: 37

Mr Rich Hiett Regional Water Quality Control Board 2101 Webster Street, Suite 500 Oakland, California 94612

Groundwater Disposal Coulter Steel and Forge Company 722 Folger Avenue/Diesel Fuel Area Emeryville, California

Dear Mr. Hiett:

Subsurface Consultants, Inc. (SCI) has been retained by Coulter Steel and Forge Company to oversee cleanup activities at the referenced site. To date, approximately 5000-gallons of groundwater have been removed and stored on-site in an above grade tank. A sample of the stored groundwater contained 8 mg/L of total extractable hydrocarbons as diesel and nondetectable levels of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylene. SCI petitioned the East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD) to accept the water for treatment at their wastewater treatment facility. However, as the attached letter indicates, EBMUD ordinances do not allow untreated groundwater to be discharged into the sanitary sewer.

We understand that the Regional Water Quality Control Board is currently regulating one time discharges of treated groundwater into the storm sewer system under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) program. As such, SCI would appreciate board consideration of the following treatment and disposal plan for the groundwater now stored on-site.

The stored groundwater will be bioremediated using, Munox 112, a dry bacteria mixture consisting of Pseudomonas putida and Pseudomonas fluorescens. Munox 112 has been shown by others to be effective at bioremediating petroleum contaminated water. A specifications sheet for Munox 112 is attached.

The Munox 112 bacteria will be added to the stored groundwater at a dosage suggested by the manufacturer. Once the bacteria has been added, the water will be aerated and agitated using on-site air compressor equipment. After approximately 2 weeks, the water will

Subsurface Consultants, Inc.

Mr. Rich Hiett Coulter Steel and Forge Company SCI 727.001 July 22, 1993 Page 2

be sampled and analyzed for diesel and BTEX. If the results indicate nondetectable concentrations, then the water will be discharged into the nearest storm sewer manhole. If detectable diesel concentrations are still present, then an additional "dose" of bacteria will be added and biotreatment will continue until nondetectable results are obtained.

SCI is ready to implement this plan once we have board approval.

If you have any questions, please call.

Yours very truly,

Tuan Uluyana Jeriann N. Alexander

Civil Engineer 40469 (expires 3/31/95)

MFW: JNA: egh

Attachments: EBMUD letter dated July 9, 1993

Munox 112 Specifications Sheets

cc: Mr. Dante Sambajon

/Ms. Susan Hugo



July 9, 1993

Ms. Jeri Alexander Subsurface Consultants 171 12th St. Suite 201 Oakland, CA 94607

RE: Response to Discharge Request of Groundwater

Dear Ms. Alexander,

This letter is in response to your request to discharge groundwater on a onetime basis.

East Bay Municipal Utility District's Ordinance Number 311 Section 2.c.(1) prohibits the discharge of untreated groundwater to the sanitary sewer. No waiver can be granted for this Ordinance condition.

If you have any questions, please call me at (510) 287-1641.

Sincerely

ROBERT NEWMAN

Wastewater Control Representative

RDN:rdn



Page 1 of 7

Edition: 03-01-91 Supersedes: 01-04-89



Product Specifications

MunoxTM 112

(MUNOX B, MUNOX C, MUNOX E)

AN INOCULANT FOR ENHANCING BIOLOGICAL OXIDATION

DESCRIPTION Fine white powder of hydrocarbon degrading

freeze dried strains of bacteria. The product is shipped in dry ice and must be stored

at 10°F or below.

CONTAINERS Eight ounce bags with inside foil liner.

COMPOSITION Hydrocarbon degrading mixed bacteria concen-

trate consisting of <u>Pseudomonas putida</u> and

Pseudomonas fluorescens.

LOT NUMBERING SYSTEM Consists of five digits stamped on the top of

each bag.

MICROBIOLOGICAL Each lot is routinely tested for the absence

STANDARDS of the following undesirable organism:

Xanthomonas sp Absent by Test

Salmonella/Shigella sp. Absent by Test

ACTIVITY Each lot of MUNOX 112 inoculant has sufficient viable <u>Pseudomonas</u> count to provide

minimum of 1 x 10° viable <u>Pseudomonas</u> cells

per gram at time of shipment.

Growth of MUNOX 112 in presence of naphthale-

ne.

Growth of MUNOX 112 in presence of tributyrin.

Growth of MUNOX 112 in presence of hexane.

Page 3 of 7

Edition: 03-01-91 Supersedes: 01-04-89

- Incubate plates for 48 h at 35° \pm /- 2°C.
- 6. Count colonies. Colonies x dilution factor gives viable cell count per ml.

II. EXAMINATION OF ABSENCE OF UNDESIRABLE ORGANISM

A. <u>Xanthomonas</u> (According to Laboratory Guide for Indentification of <u>Plant Pathogenic Bacteria</u>, 1980, The American Phytopathological Society, St. Paul, MN. N.W. Schaad ed., p.2).

Preparation of Yeast extract - dextrose - CaCO, Agar (YDC Agar).

Yeast extract 10.0 g calcium carbonate (finely ground powder) 20.0 g, Agar 15.0 g distilled water 900 ml.

Autoclave 15 min. at 121°C. Cool to 50°-55°C in a water bath and aseptically add filter sterilized 100 ml - 20% dextrose solution (20 g dextrose into 100 ml distilled water). Mix well and pour into sterile petri dishes. (Caution: Keep swirling before pouring for CaCO, to be suspended). Dry plates 24h at room temperature before use.

Aseptically transfer 0.1 ml from 10-6 dilution prepared for viable cell count (above - B) to YDC Agar plate and spread evenly onto the surface of duplicate plate with a sterile bent glass rod. Incubate plates 48 h at 24°C. Examine above plate for colonies conforming to the following description:

YDC Agar - yellow or orange colonies. Check colonies microscopically for characteristic gram negative rods.

B. <u>Salmonella</u> (According to <u>A.O.A.C.</u> 14th Edition, 1984, pp. 963-969).

Pre-Enrichment

Aseptically transfer 10g from each of the F, M, and L containers from the production lot into 500 ml wide-mouth flask containing 270 ml of sterile lactose broth (Difco Cat. No. 10004-01-5 or equivalent). Cap, mix by shaking and, if necessary, adjust pH to 6.8 +/- 0.2 with sterile 1.0 N NaOH or 1.0 N HCl. Loosen cap about 1/4 turn and incubate 24 h +/- 2 h at 35°C.

Page 5 of 7 Edition: 03-04-91 Supersedes: 01-04-89

III. MUNOX™ 112 ACTIVITY TESTS.

A. DETERMINATION OF GROWTH OF MUNOX 112 IN PRESENCE OF TRIBUTY-RIN (LIPOLYTIC ACTIVITY). (MUNOX C COMPONENT STRAIN)

Aseptically transfer 0.1 ml from the 10⁻⁶ dilution prepared for viable cell count (above C) to Nutrient-Tributyrin Agar plate (See below for composition) and spread evenly onto the surface with a sterile bent glass rod. Incubate plate 72 h at 24°C.

Examine above plate for colonies conforming to the following description.

NA-Tributyrin Agar - Lipolytic colonies are indicated by a transparent zone surrounding the colony on an opaque background.

Procedure for preparation of Nutrient-Tributyrin Agar

- 1. Prepare Nutrient Agar (Difco Cat. No. or equivalent) as per manufacturer's direction. Add 2 drops of antifoam (use 1.0 ml pipet) and autoclave at 121°C for 15 min.
- 2. Autoclave 99% tributyrin (Fisher Brand Cat. No. or equivalent) separately at 121°C for 15 min.
- 3. Cool both to 50°C and mix 1% tributyrin (ml tributyrin per 100 ml NA) in a sterile blender jar.
- 4. Blend the mixture for 1 min. at high speed.
- 5. Immediately pour approximately 20 ml NA-Tributyrin Agar per sterile plastic plates.
- 6. Store plates in refrigerator. Dry plates before use.
- B. DETERMINATION OF GROWTH OF MUNOX 112 IN PRESENCE OF NAPHTHALENE. (MUNOX B COMPONENT STRAIN)
 - 1. Aseptically transfer 0.1 ml (use 1.0 ml pipet) from the 10⁻⁶ dilution sample to the dried surface of sterile MAO-HUNTERS-METAL "44" agar plates. (See below for composition).
 - Using sterile bent glass rod, aseptically distribute
 1 sample uniformly on surface of MAO-44 agar.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared Supersedes: 1/23/92

N.A. = DOES NOT APPLY N.K. = NOT KNOWN

	N.K. = NO	E KNOWN
SECTION I IDENTIFICATION	<u> </u>	
Manufacturer's Name	Emergency Teleph	none Number
OSPREY BIOTECHNICS, INC	813/755-7770	
	·	
Address (Number, Street, City	, State, and Zip Code	l
2530B Trailmate Drive, Saraso	ta, FL 34243	
2550B Traitmacc Street, Section		
Chemical Name and Synonyms		
BACTERIAL INOCULANT FOR WASTER	WATER	
Trade Name and Synonyms		
MUNOX®		
	CAS NUMBER: N.	À
Chemical Family N.A.	CAS NOTIBERS	
Formula N.A.		
THE THE PROPERTY OF THE PERTY.	TENTS	
SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGRED	LENIS	
MATERIAL OR COMPONENT	CAS NUMBER	9,0
MATERIAL ON COM C.Z.		
PROPRIETARY BLEND OF INORGA	ANIC SALTS	MORE THAN
		ONE %
	•	
	. •	
SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA	•	
	N.A	
Boiling Point (OF)	2,26	
Specific Gravity 2.26	2,20	
Vapor Pressure (mm Hq.) Percent Volatile by Volume (%	N.A.	
Fercure voicerre and to a series and the series and the series and the series are the series and the series are the series and the series are	2.9	
Vapor Density (AIR=1) 2.9	N.K.	
Evaporation Rate	SOLUBLE	
Solubility in-Water		
Appearance and Odor White to off white powder.		
white to oil white bowder:		•

	/ 03-04-91 s: 01-01-89				
-	- -				
-	Add to sterile Nobl		(10g/500 ml dis	tilled H ₂ 0)	
	20 ml: of solu 10 ml: of solu 5 ml: of solu	ition B			
IV	MONITORING STABILIT	Y OF CULTURE D	URING STORAGE AT	MINUS 20°	
	Collect twelve bags store in production ity.				
	One month after MUNOX 112 is manufactured and every mont there after for a total of one year or until the product depleted from stock, perform viable cell count following procedure in Section C.				
		-END-	-		
Ap	John E. Hill, Applications D	Ph.D., Director	Date r		

Read and Understood by ______Date___