

April 13, 1989 SCI 209.006

Ms. Susan Brown C & H Development Company 3744 Mt. Diablo Boulevard, Suite 301 Lafayette, California 94549

Groundwater Monitoring Well Sampling and Analysis Sampling No. 2 150th Avenue & East 14th Street Project San Leandro, California

Dear Ms. Brown,

This letter records the results of services provided by Subsurface Consultants, Inc. (SCI) regarding the sampling and analysis of water from the monitoring well installed at the referenced site. Details of well installation, and previous analytical test results were recorded in a letter dated April 27, 1988.

On January 31, 1989, a groundwater sample was obtained from the well. Prior to sampling, the well was purged of all water using a Teflon bailer. A Teflon sampling device was subsequently used to obtain a groundwater sample for analysis. The water sample was retained in borosilicate vials, precleaned by the supplier. The water samples were refrigerated in an ice chest on-site, and remained under refrigeration until delivered to the analytical laboratory.

### Analytical Testing

The groundwater sample was transmitted to Curtis & Tompkins, Ltd., a laboratory certified by the California Department of Health Services to conduct hazardous waste and water testing. The sample was tested for (1) total volatile hydrocarbons (EPA Method 8015, purge and trap extraction), (2) benzene, toluene, xylene and ethyl benzene (EPA Method 602), and (3) purgeable halocarbons (EPA Method 601). The analytical program was selected to detect the compounds encountered by analyses performed during previous studies.

### Subsurface Consultants, Inc.

Ms. Susan Brown Sampling No. 2 April 13, 1989 SCI 209.006 Page 2

The results of the chemical analyses are summarized in the following table. For completeness, we have included a summary of previous laboratory data. Laboratory test reports and Chain-of-Custody documents are attached.

	Concentra	Barria tarre	
	3/31/88	1/31/89	Regulatory Criteria <sup>6</sup>
Gasoline	29000 <sup>1</sup>	11200 <sup>2</sup>	
EPA 602/624 Chemicals			
Benzene	$ND^3$	2604	0.7
Toluene	ND <sup>3</sup>	ND <sup>4</sup>	100
Xylenes	640 <sup>3</sup>	500 <sup>4</sup>	620
Ethylbenzene	550 <sup>3</sup>	500 <sup>4</sup>	680
Other EPA 624 Chemicals	ND		
EPA 601 Chemicals		ND	

#### Conclusions

The most recent set of analyses indicate that gasoline and several of its soluble constituents, exist at elevated concentrations in the groundwater. In general, the

EPA 8015 modified, sonication extraction

EPA 8015 modified, purge and trap

<sup>3</sup> EPA 624

<sup>4</sup> EPA 601 (07-

micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

Drinking Water Standard, ug/l

Ms. Susan Brown Sampling No. 2 April 13, 1989 SCI 209.006 Page 3

concentrations are consistent with those previously detected. As discussed in our previous correspondence, we consider the analytical data to be indicative of groundwater where relatively low concentrations of gasoline contamination exist. Volatile organic compounds (EPA 601) were not present in the groundwater sample at concentrations above detection limits.

The results indicate a total volatile hydrocarbon concentration, as gasoline, of 11200 ug/l or parts per billion (ppb), which is somewhat lower, but nonetheless similar to the concentration detected previously. Benzene was detected at a concentration of 260 ppb. Xylenes and ethylbenzene were detected at concentrations of 500 ppb.

Benzene, toluene, xylene and ethylbenzene are soluble constituents of gasoline and are regulated as hazardous and/or toxic substances by State and Federal laws. Maximum allowable concentrations for drinking water (Drinking Water Standards, DWS) have been established and are presented in the preceding table. As the data indicates, xylene and ethylbenzene concentrations are slightly below DWS concentrations. However, benzene concentrations are above them.

The data generated by the analyses should be considered indicative of shallow groundwater quality near the well location. It should not be considered to represent water quality in other areas of the property.

If you have any questions regarding our services, please call.

Yours very truly,

Subsurface Consultants, Inc.

James P. Bowers

Geotechnical Engineer 157 (expires 3/31/91)

JPB:RWR:ew

Attachments: Site Plan

Analytical Test Results Chain-of-Custody Record

4 copies submitted



Curtis & Tompkins, Ltd., Analytical Laboratories. Since 1878

2323 Fifth Street, Berkeley, CA 94710, Phone (415) 486-0900

LABORATORY NUMBER: 16738

CLIENT: SUBSURFACE CONSUTLTANTS

JOB NUMBER: 209.006

JOB LOCATION: 150TH & E. 14TH

DATE RECEIVED: 02-01-89 DATE ANALYZED: 02-07-89

DATE REPORTED: 02-09-89

PAGE 1 OF 2

Total Volatile Hydrocarbons (TVH) by EPA 8015 Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl Benzene, Xylenes by EPA 602/8020 Extraction by EPA 5030 Purge and Trap

LAB ID	CLIENT ID	TVH AS GASOLINE (ug/L)	BENZENE (ug/L)	TOLUENE (ug/L)	ETHYL BENZENE (ug/L)	TOTAL XYLENES (ug/L)
16738-1	Wl	11,200	260	ND(20)	500	500

ND = None Detected; Limit of detection is indicated in parentheses.

### QA/QC SUMMARY

%RPD	7		<1	10	2
*RECOVERY	99	97	98	97	95

- fr (12)

Berkeley

Wilmington

Los Angeles



## Curtis & Tompkins, Ltd., Analytical Laboratories, Since 1878

2323 Fifth Street, Berkeley, CA 9471O, Phone (415) 486-O9OO

LABORATORY NUMBER: 16738

CLIENT: SUBSURFACE CONSULTANTS JOB #:209.006/150TH & E. 14TH

CLIENT ID: W1

DATE RECEIVED: 02-01-89 DATE ANALYZED: 02-07-89

DATE REPORTED: 02-09-89

PAGE 2 OF 2

### EPA 601 Purgeable Halocarbons in Water

Compound	Result ug/L	LOD ug/L
chloromethane	ND	1
bromomethane	ND	1
vinyl chloride	ND	1
chloroethane	ND	1
methylene chloride	ND	1
trichlorofluoromethane	ND =	1
1,1-dichloroethene	ND	1
l,l-dichloroethane	NĐ	1
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	ND	1
chloroform	ND	1
freon 113	ND	1
1,2-dichloroethane	ND	1
1,1,1-trichloroethane	ND	1
carbon tetrachloride	ND	1
bromodichloromethane	ND	1
1,2-dichloropropane	ND	1
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	ND	1
trichloroethylene	ND	1
1,1,2-trichloroethane	ND	1
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	ND	1
dibromochloromethane	ND	1
2-chloroethylvinyl ether	ND	1
bromoform	ND	1 1
tetrachloroethene	ND	1
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	ND	1
chlorobenzene	ND	1
1,3-dichlorobenzene	ND	1.
1,2-dichlorobenzene	ND	1
1,4-dichlorobenzene	ND	1

ND = None Detected. Limit of detection (LOD) in last column.

### QA/QC:

Duplicate: Relative % Difference Average Spike Recovery % 7 86

# Subsurface Consultants

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD & ANALYTICAL TEST REQUEST

Project Nam	ne: 150	# + E. 14	eth			16+38
		209.006				
301 005 114		11111	Bruteda			
Project Con	tact at 8	sci: Jim	GUNDRS			
Sampled By:						
		y: CURTI				
Analytical	Turnarou	nd: RAF	ND: (5	DAY	<del>)</del> ——	
Sample ID	Sample Type <sup>1</sup>	Container Type <sup>2</sup>	Sampling Date	Hold	Analysis	Analytical Method
	w	V (3)	1/31/89		TVH W/ BTXE	
<u> </u>		_ V (3)	1/2/10/		10	
		·			EPA 601	
			*1			
			-		( <del></del>	
					2	
		12				
		-	·	\ <del></del>		
		<del> </del>				
				-		
			1.0			
17						*
,	*	1 11				1 1-
		Ment to	<u> </u>		naha.	1/31/89
Released b	у:	11727 8 1V9			Date:	
Released b	v Courier	: (/	11/		Date:	
	/	1/.	1 3		Date:	1/34/09
Received b	y Laborat	ora:	MA			- ' '
Relinquish	ed by Lat	oratory:	<u> </u>		Date:	
Received b	у:	,			Date:	
		notes C -	not1 0 = 0	ther fe	specify)	
Sample T Containe	ype: W *	water, S = V = VOA, P =	plastic, G	= glas	ss, T = brass	tube,

Notes to Laboratory:
-Notify SCI if there are any anomalous peaks on GC or other scans
-Questions/clarifications...contact SCI at (415) 268-0461