WORKPLAN FOR SOIL AND GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION

FORMER COOPER TIRE SHOP 1200 East 12th Street Oakland, CA 94606

> Prepared For: MR. BOB BASTON 61 Skyway Lane Oakland, CA 94619

Submitted By:
BERNABE & BRINKER, INC.
2240 Wood Street
Oakland, CA 94606
(510) 451-3482

Prepared by: Mark R. Varney (510) 633-0789 April 22, 1997

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The subject site, the former Cooper Tire Shop (CTS), is located at 1200 East 12th Street in the City of Oakland in Alameda County, California (see Figure 1). The site contact person is Mr. Bob Baston, telephone number 510-569-2252.

In a March 27, 1997, letter to Mr. Baston (see Appendix A), the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency (ACHCSA) has requested an additional groundwater investigation in the area downgradient of the former tank area and overexcavation site (see Figure 2).

This Workplan for Conducting Soil Borings (WP) presents a scope of work for conducting two soil borings to investigate the extent of soil and groundwater contamination at the subject site.

2.0 BACKGROUND

On July 23, 1996, Bernabe & Brinker, Inc. (B&B) removed two 500-gallon, underground gasoline storage tanks as documented in B&B's March 27, 1997, TANK CLOSURE REPORT. Soil contamination was noted on the bottom of the overexcavated area of Tank 1 where the backhoe had attained its maximum reach. Initial soil sampling results of the July 23, 1996, tank removal detected 760 parts per million (ppm) total hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHG) and 0.59 ppm, 4.0 ppm, and 9.1 ppm of toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes, respectively. Benzene was non-detect (ND). Composite pit sample SA-1,2 taken during overexcavation activities on August 16, 1996, detected 210 ppm TPHG and 0.28 ppm, 0.31 ppm, 1.7 ppm and 4.9 ppm benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX), respectively.

Because of these results the ACHCSA requested further investigation to determine the extent of soil contamination and if groundwater had been affected (see Appendix A, March 27, 1997, Letter from ACHCSA).

3.0 PROPOSED WORKPLAN FOR THE CONDUCTING OF TWO SOIL BORINGS

B&B proposes the following scope of work:

- . Obtain a permit for conducting soil borings from the Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Zone 7 and notify appropriate agencies prior to conducting field activities.
- Drill two soil borings to further investigate the horizontal and vertical extent of vadose zone soil contamination.
- Collect soil samples from each boring at approximately 5-foot depth intervals, at changes in lithology and at the occurrence of apparent soil contamination for construction of a boring log and for chemical analysis.
- Analyze selected vadose zone soil samples from the boring for TPHG and BTEX.

- Collect grabwater samples from each boring and analyze for TPHG and BTEX concentrations.
- Seal the borings.
- Prepare a Site Assessment Report.

3.1 Predrilling Activities

Before commencing drilling activities, B&B will obtain a soil boring permit from the Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Zone 7 and visit the site to mark the soil boring locations. B&B will conduct a subsurface utility survey by contacting Underground Service Alert (USA) to minimize the potential of encountering unexpected utilities while conducting soil boring activities.

3.2 Rationale for Location of the Soil Borings

The soil boring locations are based on groundwater flow direction and gradient data obtained from monitoring wells located at the Glass on the Move (GM) site at 1111 East 12th Street, Oakland. This site is across the street and approximately one block north of CTS.

Approximately one-half block southwest of the CTS site is a hill sloping to the southwest. Groundwater gradients generally follow topographical contours, which appears to be confirmed by GM site data. The location of the proposed soil borings are shown in Figure 2.

The proposed soil borings will be located within 10 feet and in the downgradient direction of the overexcavated area in accordance with the California Regional Water Quality Control Board's "Tri-Regional Board Staff Recommendations for Preliminary Evaluation and Investigation of Underground Tank Sites," dated August 10, 1990.

3.3 Soil Boring and Sampling Procedures

The borings are proposed to be drilled to a depth of about 20 feet to intersect groundwater. Borings will be drilled by a State of California C-57 licensed water well driller using 8-inch diameter, hollow-stem, auger drilling equipment. The augers will be steam-cleaned before drilling each boring to prevent introduction of offsite contamination.

The augers will be steam-cleaned before drilling each boring to prevent cross-contamination between borings or the introduction of offsite contamination for the initial boring. Representative soil samples will be collected at approximately 5-foot depth intervals below the ground surface, at changes in lithology, and at occurrences of apparent contamination by advancing a California modified split-spoon sampler, equipped with 2-inch diameter by 6-inch long brass tubes, into the undisturbed soil beyond the tip of the augers. The sampling equipment will be cleaned before each sampling event by washing with a nonphosphate solution followed by a rinse in tap water.

The lateral extent of the groundwater contaminant plume is proposed to be investigated by collecting a "grab" groundwater sample from each of the two soil borings by introducing a clean polyethylene bailer down the auger stem to groundwater. After retrieving the bailer and the groundwater sample, the water will be decanted into sterilized, 40 milliliter, glass vials having Teflon-lined screw caps, immediately sealed in the vials with no headspace present, and labeled to include: date and time collected, sample name and location, project number, and sampler name. The samples will be immediately stored in an iced-cooler for transport to a California Department of Health Services (DHS) certified laboratory accompanied by chain-of-custody documentation.

All samples will be field-screened for apparent contamination by TPHG and BTEX. Field-screening methods include the detection of apparent soil contamination as evidenced by visible hydrocarbon stains, odors, and headspace analyses of soil samples using a Hydrocarbon Vapor Tester (HVT).

Headspace analysis will be conducted by sealing a soil sample in a quart-size plastic bag and allowing hydrocarbons, if present, to volatilize into the headspace of the bag. The headspace will be tested by inserting the probe of the HVT into the headspace, while minimizing the entry of fresh air, and recording the response in ppm.

In the borings, soil samples having apparent contamination, as indicated by the above field-screening methods, will be collected for analysis for TPHG and BTEX. If no apparent contamination is detected in the borings, the vadose zone sample collected nearest to groundwater will be analyzed for TPHG and BTEX.

Each soil sample collected for chemical analysis will be quickly covered with Teflon sheeting and capped with plastic end-caps. Each tube will be labeled to show site address, project number, sample name and depth, date and time collected and sampler name. Each sample will be stored in an individual plastic bag in an iced-cooler while being transported to a DHS certified laboratory accompanied by chain-of-custody documentation.

Detailed boring logs will be prepared from auger return material and split-spoon samples. The soil will be logged according to the Unified Soil Classification System by a field geologist under the direction of a California Registered Geologist.

Drill cuttings will be stored on site, contained in plastic sheeting or 55-gallon steel drums. The stored cuttings will be labeled to show contents, date stored, suspected chemical contaminant, expected date of removal, company name, contact person and telephone number. Disposal of the cuttings and drums is the responsibility of the client. After the cuttings are characterized by chemical analysis, TPF will provide recommendations to the client and, upon their request, assist them in remediation or disposal of the cuttings and drums, or both in an appropriate manner as an additional work item. Maintenance of the plastic sheeting or drums containing the soil is the responsibility of the client.

3.3.1 Chemical Analyses

All soll samples and groundwater grab samples are proposed to be analyzed for TPHG by the DHS Method 8015M and for BTEX by the Modified EPA Method 8020. $\pm MTBE$.

4.0 SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT

After completing the above scope of work, B&B will prepare a report documenting the results of the investigation. The report will include: copies of all required permits, an area map, a detailed site map providing the locations of the soil borings, graphic boring logs, a table summarizing results of chemical analysis, and copies of certified analytical reports and chain-of-custody documentation.

Recommendations for further action or site closure will be developed based on the results of this investigation.

5.0 SITE SAFETY PLAN

A Site Safety Plan for conducting work under this workplan is included in Appendix B.

6.0 TIME SCHEDULE

The projected time schedule for implementation of the activities described in this workplan is presented below. The schedule reflects a relatively problem-free program. However, delays in the workplan review, permitting or laboratory analysis could lengthen the project schedule. Access difficulties, adverse weather, and regulator review could also delay the proposed time schedule. B&B will make every effort to adhere to the project schedule.

Week 1: Client Submits WP for Regulatory Approval.

Week 3: Regulator Approval Received.

Week 4: Conduct Soil Borings.

Week 6: Receive Chemical Analyses.

Week 8: Submit Report to Client.

7.0 REFERENCES

Varney, Mark R., 1997, TANK CLOSURE REPORT, Former Cooper Tire Shop, 1200 East 12th Street, Oakland, CA 94606, March 20, 1977.

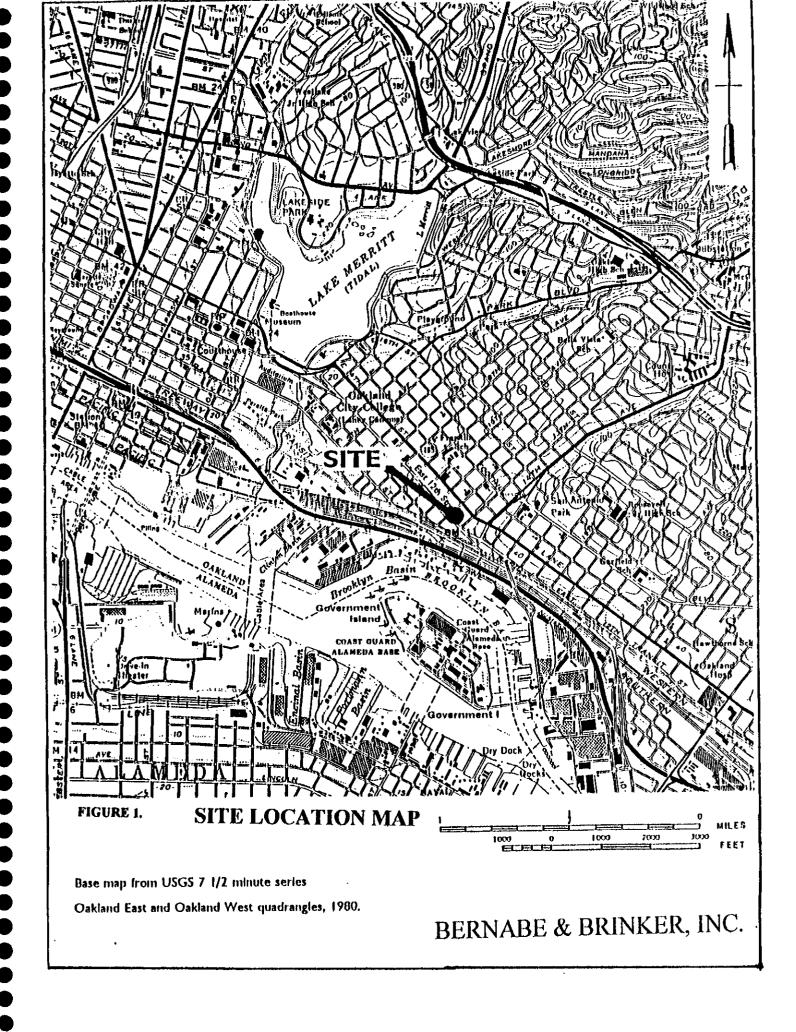
This report has been prepared for Bernabe and Brinker, Inc. under the direction of a Registered Geologist whose seal and signature appears hereon.

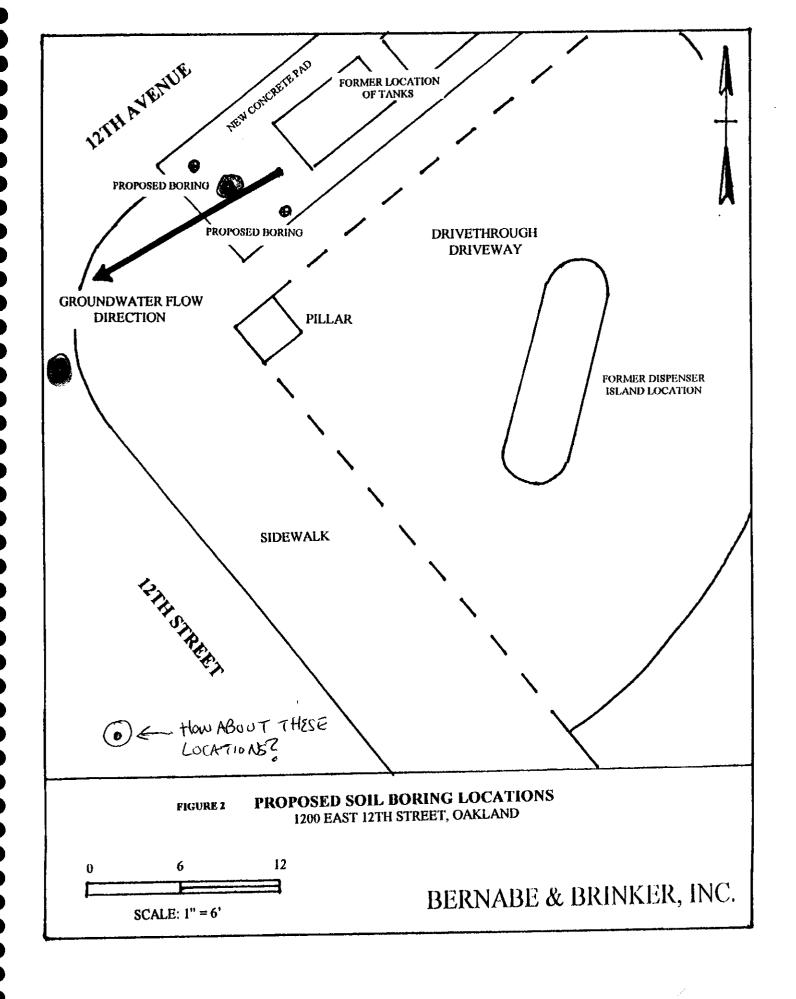
The findings, recommendations, specifications or professional opinions are presented, within the limits of, and in accordance with, generally accepted professional engineering and geologic practice. We make no other warranty, either expressed or implied.

Mark R. Varuey Project Geologist David H. Hull, R.G. Registered Geologist (No. 6389)

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FIGURES





APPENDIX A

ACHCSA MARCH 27, 1997, LETTER

ALAMEDA COUNTY HEALTH CARE SERVICES

AGENCY



DAVID J. KEARS, Agency Director

March 27, 1997 StID # 3284

Mr. Robert Baston 61 Skyway Lane Oakland CA 94619 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (LOP) 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577 (510) 567-6700 FAX (510) 337-9335

Re: 1200 E. 12th St., Oakland CA 94606, Former Cooper Tire Shop

Dear Mr. Baston:

Our office has received and reviewed the March 20, 1997 Tank Closure Report provided by Bernabe & Brinker. The report details the soil sampling beneath the two former 500 gallon gasoline tanks along the northern side of this site on July 23, 1996. In addition, samples from the spoils pile generated from the excavation was sampled.

Recall, the initial soil sample results detected 760 ppm (parts per million) TPHg (Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as gasoline) and ND, 0.59, 4.0 and 9.1 ppm BTEX (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes) respectively, in soil sample S-1, the sample from the west end of Tank 1. All other soil samples were unremarkable. However, because of this result, additional overexcavation was performed in this area on August 16, 1996. Excavation was performed from 8-9 feet down to approximately 14 feet and two soil samples taken which were composited into one sample labeled SA-1,2. This sample detected 210 ppm TPHg, and 0.28, 0.31, 1.7 and 4.9 ppm BTEX, respectively. Two soil samples from beneath the former fuel dispensers were also taken for Little to no contaminants were found in the samples analysis. from beneath the dispenser. Based upon these results, further investigation is required to determine the extent of soil contamination and determine if groundwater has been impacted with petroleum hydrocarbon. Our office encourages the use of a temporary rapid site assessment tool ie Hydropunch, Geoprobe etc. to perform this additional investigation. At a minimum, two borings should be advanced downgradient of Tank 1. groundwater samples should be taken for analysis. analysis should be for the following parameters; TPHg and BTEX.

Please submit a work plan to perform the above additional subsurface investigation within 30 days or by April 28, 1997.

Mr. Robert Baston StID # 3284 1200 E. 12th St. March 27, 1997 Page 2.

Please contact me at (510) 567-6765 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Barney M. Chan

Hazardous Materials Specialist

c: B. Chan, files

Mr. J. Brinker, Bernabe & Brinker, 2240 Wood St., Oakland CA, 94607

wp1200

APPENDIX B

SITE SAFETY PLAN

BERNABE & BRINKER, INC. SITE SAFETY PLAN

site 1200 EAST 12th STREET Project#						
Original Site Safety Plan:Yes(X)No() Revision#						
Plan Prepared by MARK R. VARNEY Date 4/30/97						
Plan Approved by Date						
Please respond to each item as completely as possible. Where an item is not applicable, please mark "N/A."						
1. KEY PERSONNEL AND RESPONSIBILITIES						
(Include name, telephone number, health and safety responsibilities, i.e., project manager - Joe Smith - responsible for supervision of all site activities.)						
Project Manager JAMES E. BRINKER						
Site Safety Manager ERNIE F. BERNARS TR.						
Alternate Site Safety Manager TAMES E. BRINKER						
Field Team Hembers MARK P. VARNEY						
Agency Reps: [Please specify by one of the following symbols: Federal:(F), State:(S), Local:(L), Contractor(s):(C)						

B&B SITE SAFETY PLAN

2. JOB HAZARD ANALYSIS: Hazard Level: High() Moderate(/) Low(X) Unknown () Hazard Type: Liquid() Solid() Sludge() Vapor/Gas(X) Known or suspected hazardous materials present on site: TPHG, BTEX Characteristics of hazardous materials included above: (Complete for each chemical present:) Toxic() Ignitable(X) MATERIAL #1: Corrosive() Radioactive() Reactive() Volatile() Biological Agent() Exposure Routes: Inhalation(X) Ingestion() Contact() Toxic() Ignitable(X) MATERIAL #2: Corrosive() Radioactive() Volatile() Reactive() Biological Agent() Contact() Exposure Routes: Inhalation(X) Ingestion() Toxic() Ignitable() MATERIAL #3: Corrosive() Radioactive() Volatile() Reactive() Biological Agent() Contact() Exposure Routes: Inhalation() Ingestion() Toxic() MATERIAL #4: Corrosive() Ignitable() Radioactive() Volatile() Reactive() Biological Agent() Contact() Exposure Routes: Inhalation() Ingestion()

B&B SITE SAFETY PLAN

2.2	For each hazards b driller, accidents	labor category, specify the possible ased information available (i.e., Task-Hazards-trauma from drill rig , etc.) For each hazard, indicate
		be taken to minimize the hazard. JG RIG - RIG ACCIDENTS, -
		D CONTACT WITH AUGERS, EARPLUSE
	CARS -	CONF OFF WORK SITE
·	The follosite (i.e eto.):	wing additional hazards are expected on ., snake-infested area, extreme heat,
•		
	Measures additions	to minimize the effects of the
3. MONITO	ORING PLAN	
3.1	Action le monitorin published concern.	ionitoring Plan evels for implementation of air evels for implementation of air evels should be based on data available on contaminants of Action levels should be set by persons eved in industrial hygiene.
Le.,	vel .5ppm)	Action Taken (i.e., commence perimeter monitoring)
· N/	<u>`</u>	
<u> </u>		3

B&B SITE SAPETY PLAN

If air monitoring is not to be implemented for this site, explain why: LEVELS OF CONTAMUNATION ARE LOW Personnel Monitoring (Include hierarchy of responsibilities in decision-making on the site). JAMES E. BIZINKER, MARK R. VARNEY Bampling Monitoring	. Lici A	NONITONING A	LEQUIPEL	>		
Personnel Monitoring (Include hierarchy of responsibilities in decision- making on the site). JAMES E. BISINKER, MARK RIVATINEY Sampling Monitoring (a) Techniques used for sampling						•
Site, explain why: LEVELS OF CONTAMINATION AGE LOW Personnel Monitoring (Include hierarchy of responsibilities in decision- making on the site). JAMES E. BIZINKER, MARK R. VARNEY Sampling Monitoring (a) Techniques used for sampling	If air monit	oring is not to	be implem	ented fo	or this	•
Personnel Monitoring (Include hierarchy of responsibilities in decision- making on the site). JAMES E. BIZINKER, MARK RIVARNEY Sampling Monitoring (a) Techniques used for sampling	site, explai	why:	•			
(Include hierarchy of responsibilities in decision- making on the site). JAMES E. BIZINKER, MARK R. VARNEY Sampling Monitoring (a) Techniques used for sampling	LEVELS	OF CUNTAMI	COULVE	ALLO L	<u> </u>	•
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Sampling Monitoring (a) Techniques used for sampling	(Include hie	carchy of respon	sibilitie	s in dec	cision-	•
(a) Techniques used for sampling	(Include hie making on th	carchy of respon e site).				•
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SOIL SAMPLING - MRASS TUBES	Include hie making on the	earchy of responsible).				•
	(Include hie making on the JAMSS	earchy of responsible). E. BIZINKER.	MARK	P. VATIL		

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BEB SITE SAFETY

(b)	Equipments used for sampling
(c)	Maintenance and calibration of equipments
Equ ope hat	SONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) sipment used by employees for the site tasks as prations being conducted. Be specific (i.e., how impact resistance goggles, other protective ove, etc.). GUNGS, NARDHAD, EAR PLUGS, STITUTE BOOGLES,
The she -W- u	TE CONTROL AND SECURITY MEASURES of following general work zone security guideliculd be implemented: ork zone shall be barricaded and caution tape sed.
8	xcavations shall be closed when drilling and ampling activities are not actually taking pla
H	o excavations shall be left unattended. Visito ill not enter the work zone unless they have ttended a project safety briefing.
	ersons will not leave the work zone without fi

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BLB SITE SAFETY PLAN

6. DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURE
List the procedures and specific steps to be taken
to decontaminate equipment and PPE.

EQUIPMENT AND PERSONEL WAS NED WITH TSP AND RINSED WITH WOTER

- 7. TRAINING REQUIREMENTS
 Prior to mobilization at the job site, employees
 will be attend a safety briefing. The briefing will
 include the nature of the wastes and the site,
 donning personal protection clothes and equipment,
 decontamination procedures and emergency
 procedures.
- If any task requires a very high personnel protection level, personnel shall provide assurances that they have received a physical examination and they are fit to do the task. Also, personnel will be instructed to look for any symptom of heat stress, heat stroke, heat exhaustion, or any other unusual symptom. If there is any report of that, it will be immediately be followed through, and appropriate action will be taken.
- 9. STANDARD OPERATION PROCEDURES
 Bernabe & Brinker, Inc. is responsible for all
 Bernabe & Brinker, Inc. employees on the site. Each
 contractor shall provide all the equipment necessary
 to meet safe operation practices and procedures for
 their personnel on site, and be responsible for the
 safety of their workers.
 - A. "Three Warning" system is utilized to enforce compliance with Health and Safety procedures practices which will be implemented at the site for worker safety:

*Eating, drinking, chewing gum, or tobacco, and smoking will be allowed only in designated areas.

BAB SITE SAFETY PLAN

- *Wash facilities will be utilized by workers in the work areas before eating, drinking, or use of toiled facilities.
- *Containers will be labeled, identifying them as waste, debris, or contaminated clothing.
- *All excavation/drilling work will comply with regulatory agencies requirement.
- *All site personnel will be required to wear hard hats and advised to take adequate measures for self-protection.
- *Any other action which is determined to be unsafe by the site safety officer.
- 10. COMPINED SPACE ENTRY PROCEDURES

 No one is allowed to enter any confined space operation without proper safety measures.
 Specifically, in case of an excavated Tank Pit no one should enter at no time.
- 11. EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

 Fire extinguisher(s) will be on site prior to
 excavation. Relevant phone numbers are:

Person	Title	Phone Number
TAMES B. BRINKER	Project Manager	510-451-3482
OAKLAND FIRE JEPT.	Fire	911 or 370
BAKLAND POLICE DEPT		911 or 510-238-3481
ACME AMBULANTE		911 or 570 - 653 -6622
	Poison Control Center	(800) 523-2222
NONE	site Phone	
TAMES E. BRINGER	UMINAT	
MEDINA C. GERNARE	Medical Advisor	510-569-2252
L	Client Contact	7

BEB SITE SAFETY PLAN

U.S. EPA - ERT(201)	321-6660
Chemtrec(800)	424-9300
Centers for Disease ControlDay: (404)	329-3311
	}
(404)	329-2888
National Response Center(800)	424-8802
Superfund/RCRA Hotline(800).	424-8802
TSCA Hotline(800)	424-9065
National Pesticide Information Services(800)	845-7633
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms(800)	424-9555

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HEALTH AND SAFETY COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

, have received and I, ERNESTO F. BERNABE JR. read a copy of the project Health and Safety Plan.

I understand that I am required to have read the aforementioned document and received proper training under the occupational Safety and Health Act (29 CFR, Part 1910.120) prior to conducting site activities at the site.

Signature

.:•

NEAREST HOSPITAL HIGHCAND MOSPITATEL. NO. 510-437-4800