

TO: Alameda County

Health Care Services Agency

Department of Environmental Health

80 Swan Way, Room 200 Oakland, CA 94621 **DATE:** April 1, 1993

Constant

ATTN: Ms. Juliet Shin

JOB NUMBER: 6-92-5005

SUBJECT: Former Bill Chun Texaco Service

2301 Santa Clara Avenue, Alameda, Alameda County, California

WE ARE TRANSMITTING THE FOLLOWING:

Report on Preliminary Site Assessment (March 31, 1993).

CC: Mr. Wayne Chun

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ORIGINATOR

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE & ENGINEERING, INC.

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REPORT ON PRELIMINARY SITE ASSESSMENT AT THE FORMER BILL CHUN TEXACO SERVICE 2301 SANTA CLARA AVENUE ALAMEDA, ALAMEDA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

PREPARED FOR

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PREPARED BY

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MARCH 31, 1993

PROJECT NO. 6-92-5005

This report has been prepared by Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc. for the exclusive use of Mr. Wayne Chun as it pertains to his site located at 2301 Santa Clara Avenue, Alameda, Alameda County, California. Our professional services have been performed using that degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised under similar circumstances by other geologists and engineers practicing in this field. No other warranty, express or implied, is made as to professional advice in this report.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report was prepared by Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc. (ESE), and presents the findings of a Preliminary Site Assessment (PSA) at the former Bill Chun Texaco Service at 2301 Santa Clara Avenue, Alameda, Alameda County, California (Figure 1 - Location Map). The work described herein was performed by ESE during December 1992 and January 1993, and was conducted in response to an October 2, 1992 request for PSA made by the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency - Department of Environmental Health (Alameda County).

1.1 Objectives and Scope

The objectives of this PSA were as follows:

- To determine if soil and/or ground water lateral to a former underground fuel storage tank (UST) complex have been impacted by fuel,
- To estimate the orientation and magnitude of ground water flow beneath the site, and
- To chemically profile for appropriate disposal approximately 50 cubic yards (cy) of soil stockpiled at the time the former UST complex was excavated and removed.

To accomplish these objectives, ESE conducted the following activities:

- Collected representative samples of previously stockpiled soil, and had them analyzed for profiling and disposal coordination,
- Drilled three soil herings into first ground water and had selected soil samples analyzed for fuel content and related constituents,
- Installed a 2-inch diameter ground water monitoring well in each of the borings and surveyed elevations of the wells relative to mean sea level (MSL),
- Measured static ground water levels in each well and converted them to feet above MSL, and
- Collected ground water samples from the wells and had them analyzed for fuel content and related constituents.

1.2 Site Background

The subject site is located on the northeast corner of Santa Clara Avenue and Oak Street in Alameda, California (Figure 2 - Site Map). The site currently consists of a kiosk with associated canopy and an excavation in the area of the former UST complex.

Investigation at the site was initiated on July 31, 1992 when three steel gasoline tanks (two 550-gallon and one 285-gallon) and the associated fuel lines and dispensers were removed from the site (Parker Environmental Services, 1992). Parker Environmental Services reported that the 285-gallon tank was observed to have a two-inch diameter hole at its base.

During the July 1992 investigation, one soil sample was collected from beneath each tank and from beneath the former fuel island, and two soil samples were collected from the stockpile resulting from tank excavation (Figure 2). Analytical results for soil samples reported concentrations of Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline (TPH-G) ranging from 2.1 to 16,000 milligrams per Kilogram (mg/Kg) or parts per million (ppm). Concentrations of Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and Total Xylenes (BTEX) were shown to range from 0.011 to 1,400 ppm. The soil stockpile contained an estimated 50 cubic yards of soil was present at the site when this PSA was initiated.

1.3 Site Physiography and Geology

The site is situated at an approximate elevation of 30 feet above MSL (USGS, 1980). The site and surrounding area are underlain by unconsolidated Pleistocene sediments that are known as the Merritt Sand (Helley and LaJoie, 1979). The unit is composed primarily of loose, well sorted, fine to medium grained sand particles derived from sediments of the Diablo Range to the east. Deposition was mainly fluvial, and occurred during a period of generally lower sea levels than noted at present. The occurrence of first ground water in the area is generally from 10 to 15 feet below ground surface (BGS).

2.0 INVESTIGATION METHODOLOGY

2.1 Soil Investigation

2.1.1 Previously Stockpiled Soil

On December 10, 1992, ESE collected representative soil samples from the soil stockpile resulting from excavation and removal of the former UST complex. The locations of these samples are shown in Figure 2. ESE used a hand auger to collect fresh, undisturbed soil samples from approximately two feet below the surface of the stockpile. ESE's methodology for collecting the samples was consistent with ESE Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) No. 4 for Soil Sampling with Hand Augers in Unconsolidated Formations (See Appendix A - ESE Standard Operating Procedures).

Soil samples were transferred under appropriate chain of custody documentation to Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services (CCAS) of Benecia, California. To profile the soil for disposal purposes, ESE requested CCAS to composite the soil samples and analyze the composite sample for the following:

- Reactivity, Convenienty, and Ignitability (RC3) union ASTM Method D5409/D4978,
 EPA Method 9045, and EPA Method 1020, respectively; and
- Fuel Fingerprint Analysis using EPA Method 5030 extraction and EPA Method 6260 cryogenic focusing.

2.1.2 Soil Borings

On January 4 and 5, 1993, ESE supervised the drilling of three soil basings at locations shown in Figure 2. Soils Exploration Services, Inc. (SES), a State-licensed drilling contractor, drilled the borings using a truck-mounted hollow stem auger drill rig. The 8-inch diameter borings were drilled to an approximate depth of 25 feets ESE collected soil samples for possible chemical analysis at approximately 5-foot intervals. All drilling, sampling, logging, and screening for organic vapors were conducted in strict accordance with ESE SOP No. 1 for Soil Borings and Soil Sampling with Hollow-Stem Augers in Unconsolidated Formations (Appendix A).

Soil samples from each boring showing the highest values for relative organic vapors, as measured with a photoionization detector (PII), were transferred under chain of custody documentation to CCAS. These samples corresponded with the 10-foot depth in each of the borings. CCAS analyzed each sample for Fuel Fingerprinting and organic lead (Title 22 CCR methodology). To profile for disposal soil cuttings resulting from the borings, ESE also requested CCAS to composite the three samples and analyze them for RCI and petroleum hydrocarbons using fuel fingerprint analysis.

2.2 Ground Water Investigation

2.2.1 Monitoring Well Installation

Under the direction of ESE, SES converted each soil boring to a 2-inch diameter monitoring well and developed the wells in accordance with ESE SOP No. 2 for Monitoring Well Installation and Development (Appendix A). The wells are referred to as MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 in Figure 2. Ground water generated as a result of well development was contained along with decontamination rinse water from auger cleaning in appropriately labeled DOT-rated 55-gallon drums and stored onsite pending laboratory analysis of ground water samples.

2.2.2 Ground Water Monitoring and Sampling

Approximately three days following well development. ESE returned to the site to measure ground water levels in the new wells and collect ground water samples in accordance with ESE SOP No. 3 for Ground Water Monitoring and Sampling from Monitoring Wells (Appendix A). ESE also surveyed top of casing elevations for monitoring wells relative to MSL, using as a datum a U.S. Coast & Geodetic Survey benchmark located immediately north of Oak Street from the site. The elevation above MSL for that benchmark is 30.180 feet.

Ground water samples were collected from each well following appropriate well purging. ESE collected ground water samples using a dedicated disposable bailer for each well, and preserved them for analysis. ESE transferred ground water samples under appropriate chain of custody documentation to CCAS, who analyzed each sample for organic lead and petroleum hydrocarbons using fuel fingerprint analysis. For quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) purposes, CCAS provided ESE with a trip (travel) blank that was transported to and from the site in the sample cooler, and analyzed for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (BTEX) using fuel fingerprint analysis.

Purge water and decontamination water generated as a result of well sampling activities were contained in DOT-rated 55-gallon drums pending receipt of analytical results. A total of three drums of water (including development water and decontamination rinsate from drilling activities) are currently stored at the site.

2.3 Soil and Water Disposal

Soil stockpiled from previous UST excavation and ESE's drilling activities, well development and purge water, and decontamination rinsate from well drilling and ground water sampling activities were profiled as described previously as a means of determining appropriate methods for disposal of the materials. Profiling and disposal were coordinated through Integrated Wastestream Management, Inc. (IWM) of Milpitas, California. All disposal is being conducted under appropriate manifest procedures by California licensed waste haulers. At the time this report was prepared, stockpiled soil from the UST excavation have been removed. Disposal of drill cuttings and water contained onsite is pending.

3.0 FINDINGS

3.1 Soil Investigation

3.1.1 Previously Stockpiled Soil

Analytical results for the composite sample from previously stockpiled soil are summarized in Table 1 - Analytical Results for Soil Samples. The laboratory report for those analyses are presented in Appendix B - Analytical Results for Previously Stockpiled Soil Samples. The results show that none of the parameters were detected at or above the practical quantitation limits (PQLs) for the analytical methodology. In addition, the soil was shown to be nonhazardous with respect to RCI.

3.1.2 Soil Borings

Geologic logs and well completion diagrams prepared by ESE for each boring are presented as Appendix C - Boring Logs and Well Completion Summaries. The logs show that shallow native soils at the site are composed of medium to dense silty sand from immediately beneath shallow site fill materials to depths of at least 25 feet, with little variation across the site. Ground water was found at approximately 15 feet deep in each boring. Soil samples screened for organic vapors using a PID each showed generally high someontrations of hydrocarbon vapors at the 10-foot depth. ESE noted the most striking visual and olfactory evidence of petroleum hydrocarbons in these samples. Soil samples collected for visual observation at and below the depth of first ground water showed no odor or a slight odor of petroleum hydrocarbons.

Soil samples from the 10-foot depth in each of the three borings were analyzed for petroleum hydrocarbons using fuel fingerprint analysis. At the request of ESE, the three samples were composited by CCAS for profiling purposes and analyzed for petroleum hydrocarbons using fuel fingerprint analysis, organic lead, and RCI. The results of these analyses are summarized in Table 1, and the associated laboratory reports are presented as Appendix D - Analytical Results for Soil Boring Samples.

Results presented in Table 1 demonstrate that fuel hydrocarbons in the gasoline range (including BTEX) were detected in each sample. For borings MW-1 and MW-3, Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline (TPH-G) were quantified as weathered gasoline, which is consistent with the generally trace to nondetected (ND) concentrations of BTEX noted for those samples (BTEX are the most volatile fraction of gasoline, and tend to decrease relative to TPH-G over time). TPH-G for the sample from boring MW-2 was quantified as newer gas by virtue of the elevated BTEX concentrations. EDC (1,2-Dichloroethane), EDB (1,2-Dibromomethane) and fuel in the Diesel 2 range (TPH-D) were not detected in any of the samples.

The composite sample from the three soil borings reported detectable BTEX and TPH-G (quantified as weathered gas). In addition, the sample was shown to be reactive by virtue of sulfide (Table 1). The sample was not ignitable or corrosive.

3.2 Ground Water Investigation

3.2.1 Ground Water Elevations

Surveyed well elevations, water levels measured by ESE on January 7, 1993, and ground water elevations (in feet above MSL) are presented in tabular form and contoured in Figure 3 - Ground Water Elevations. The direction of ground water flow inferred from these results is generally west, with an estimated gradient of 150 feet/mile (.03 ft/ft).

3.2.2 Ground Water Chemistry

Analytical results for ground water samples collected from each well by ESE on January 7, 1993 are summarized in Table 2 - Analytical Results for Ground Water Samples. The laboratory report for these samples is presented as Appendix E - Analytical Results for Ground Water Samples. Analytical results are graphically displayed relative to the site in Figure 4 - Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Ground Water.

The results displayed in Table 2 and Figure 4 indicate that petroleum hydrocarbons are present in each well. Based on the laboratory's report for BTEX as a percentage of fuel (Appendix E), TPH-G detected in MW-3 appears to be weathered gas, whereas TPH-G detected in MW-1 and MW-2 appears to be associated with newer gasoline. Organic lead was not detected in any of the samples. The lowest overall concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons were noted for MW-3, which appears to be cross-gradient from the original UST location, and upgradient from the former fuel dispensers.

A trip blank collected for QA/QC purposes was analyzed for BTEX, and the results are also presented in Table 2. None of the constituents were detected at or above the method PQLs, indicating that ESE's sample handling and transport procedures did not cause ground water samples to become contaminated.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS

Based on the findings of the PSA performed at the subject site, ESE concludes the following:

- Soil stockpiled as a result of former UST excavation and removal showed no detectable petroleum hydrocarbons, and was not characteristically hazardous by virtue of RCI. This soil is suitable for disposal at a Class III nonhazardous landfill.
- Soils found in three shallow borings indicate that the site is characterized by silty sands to depths of about 25 feet. Visual observation of selected soil samples from each boring indicates that soils in each of those areas have been impacted by petroleum hydrocarbons.
- Soil samples collected for laboratory analysis from the 10-foot depth in each boring reported detectable concentrations of TPH-G. Samples from horings MW-1 and MW-3, located distally to the former USTs relative to MW-2, reported TPH-G as weathered gas.
- A composite sample of drill cuttings from the three borings was reported to be hazardous by virtue of sulfide reactivity. These soils may require special handling and disposal.
- Ground water elevations measured in wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 on January 7, 1993 indicate that ground water flow beneath the site is generally to the west with a magnitude of approximately 150 feet per mile. These findings suggest that the preferred direction of petroleum hydrocarbon migration in ground water will be toward the west.
- Ground water samples collected from the wells on January 7, 1993 show detectable petroleum hydrocarbons in each of the wells. TPH-G reported for MW-3 was an order of magnitude lower than that reported for the other two wells, and was quantified as weathered gas. Organic lead was not detected in any of the samples.

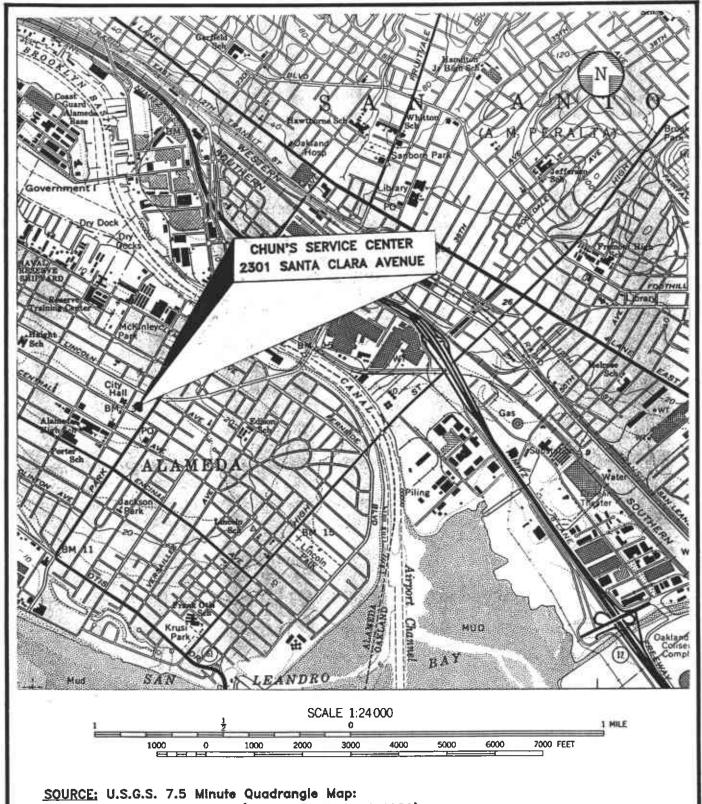
5.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the findings and conclusions stated herein, ESE recommends the following course of action:

- Appropriate disposal of drill cuttings, which have been shown to be hazardous by virtue of reactivity, and development and purge water from site monitoring wells, should be coordinated as soon as possible. Soils stockpiled from previous UST excavation have already been removed and disposed. At such time that feasibility of site remediation is evaluated (if appropriate), onsite treatment of drill cuttings can be evaluated.
- Because soil and ground water at the site have been shown to be impacted by petroleum hydrocarbons, remedial investigation should be initiated to define the lateral and vertical extent of contamination. Remedial investigation, at a minimum, should include:
 - Excavation of three additional borings near site boundaries to investigate the extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in soil,
 - Installation of monitoring wells in the new borings to aid in definition of the ground water gradient and the lateral extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in ground water,
 - Aquifer testing to evaluate the feasibility of ground water extraction in association with site remediation, if necessary,
 - Vapor extraction testing for vadose zone soil (vapor extraction may be an viable and more cost-effective remedial alternative for site soil due to the generally sandy nature of shallow soil at the site), and
 - Quarterly ground water monitoring and reporting.

6.0 REFERENCES

- Helley, E.J. and K.R. LaJoie, 1979, "Flatland Deposits of the San Francisco Bay Region, California Their Geology and Engineering Properties, and their Importance to Comprehensive Planning", U.S. Geologic Survey Professional Paper 943, United States Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 88 pp.
- Parker Environmental Services, 1992, Letter Communication to Jim Brinker of Burnabe & Brinker regarding underground tank removal soil sampling and analysis at 2301 Santa Clara Avenue, Alameda, California, August 4, 1992.
- United States Department of the Interior, Geologic Survey, 1959, Oakland East, California 7.5-Minute Topographic Quadrangle Map (Photorevised 1980).



Oakland East, CA (1959; Photorevised 1980)



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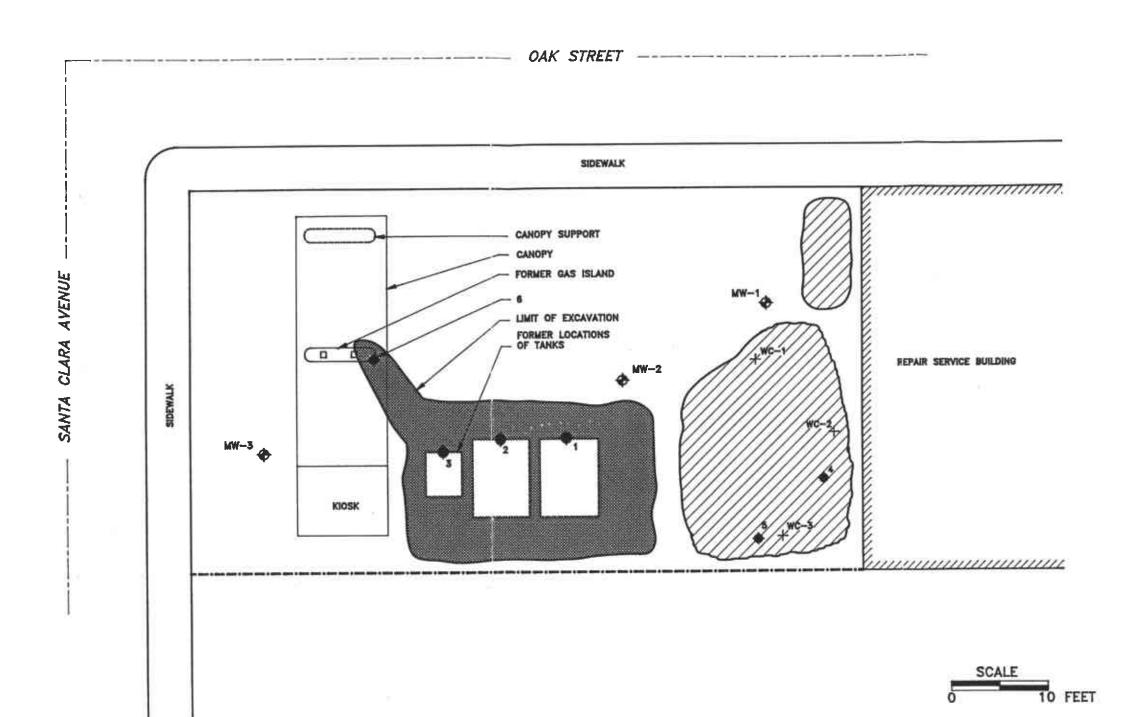
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> FIGURE 1 **LOCATION MAP**





LEGEND

- ESE Monitoring Well Location
- Sampling point. Samples collected by Parker Environmental on July 31, 1992
- + Stockpiled soil sampling point, samples collected by ESE on December 10, 1992

----- Property Boundary

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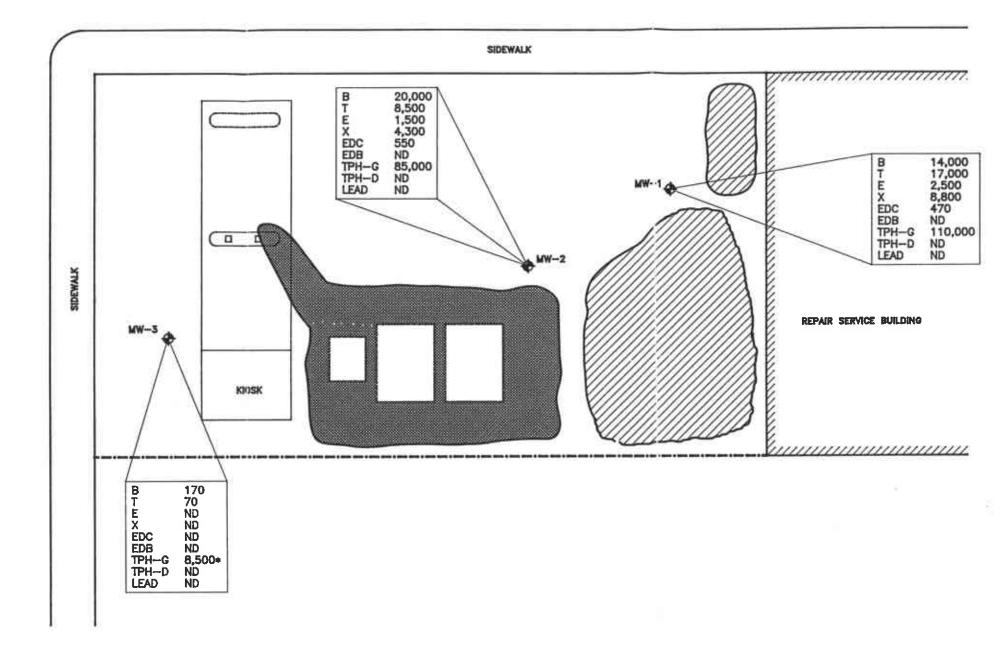
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> FIGURE 2 SITE MAP





LEGEND

ESE Monitoring Well Location

---- Property Boundary



Limits of Existing Excavation

В	Benzene
B T E X	Toluene
E	Ethylbenzene
X	Total Xylenes
EDC	1,2-Dichloroethane
EBC	1,2-Dibromoethane
TPH-G	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons-Gas
	TPH-G Quantified as Weathered Gas
TPH-D	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons-Diesel
LEAD	Organic Lead
ND	Not detected at or above the method Practical Quantitation Limit All concentrations in ug/L or parts per billion, except organic lead, in mg/L or parts per million



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CHUN'S SERVICE CENTER 2301 SANTA CLARA AVENUE ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA

FIGURE 4
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS IN GROUND
WATER (JANUARY 7, 1993)

TABLE 1

ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR **SOIL SAMPLES**2301 SANTA CLARA AVENUE ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA

Sample Description	Sample Depth (Feet)	Date Sampled	Benzene (mg/Kg)	Toluene (mg/Kg)	Ethyl Benzene (mg/Kg)	Total Xylenes (mg/Kg)	EDC (mg/Kg)	EDB (mg/Kg)	TPH-D (mg/Kg)	TPH-G (mg/Kg)	Organic Lead (mg/Kg)	Flashpoint (Degrees F)	pН	Presence of Cyanide (mg/Kg)	Presence of Sulfide (mg/Kg)
Composite WC-1; WC-2; WC-3	2	12/9/92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	>200ª	8.0 ^b	Negative ^c	Negative ^c
MW-1	10	1/4/93	15	17	10	54	ND	ND	ND	648*	-	-	-		
MW-2	10	1/4/93	110	850	216	1,200	ND	ND	ND	5800	-	-	-	_	
MW-3	10	1/5/93	ND	2	ND	14	ND	ND	ND	2,100*	1				
Composite MW-1; MW-2; MW-3	10	1/4 - 1/5/93	43	180	65	240	ХĐ	ND	ND	6,100*	ND	>200ª	6.2 ^b	Negative ^c	Positive ^d
PQL		-	0.5	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	50	50	0.1	_	_	_	

NOTES:

EDC - 1,2 - Dichloroethane

EDB - 1,2 - Dibromoethane

TPH-D - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel

TPH-G - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline

mg/Kg - Milligrams per kilogram or parts per million (ppm)

- Not analyzed

ND - Not detected at or above Practical Quantitation Limits (PQL)

PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit for Analytical Methodology

. - Quantified as Weathered Gas

- a Not ignitable
- b Not corrosive
- c Not reactive
- 1 Reactive

TABLE 2

ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR GROUND WATER SAMPLES 2301 SANTA CLARA AVENUE ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA

Sample Description	Date Sampled	Benzene (µg/L)	Toluene (µg/L)	Ethyl Benzene (µg/L)	Xylene (μg/L)	EDC (µg/L)	EDB (µg/L)	TPH-G (µg/L)	TPH-D (μg/L)	Organic Lead (mg/L)
MW-1	1/7/93	14,000	17,900	2,500	8,800	470	ND	110,000	ND	ND
MW-2	1/7/93	20,000	8,500	1,500	4,300	550	ND	9 85,000	ND	ND
MW-3	1/7/93	170	70	ND	ND	ND	ND	£ 8,500*	ND	ND
Trip Blank	1/7/93	ND	ND	ND	ND	1		444	-	-
PQL		20	50	30	30	30	30	3,000	3,000	0.03

NOTES:

EDC - 1,2 - Dichloroethane

EDB - 1,2 - Dibromoethane

TPH-G - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline

TPH-D - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel

μg/L - Micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

ND - Not detected at or above Practical Quantitation Limits (PQL)

- - Not analyzed

* - Quantified as Weathered Gas

PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit for Analytical Methodology

APPENDIX A ESE STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE NO. 1 FOR SOIL BORINGS AND SOIL SAMPLING WITH HOLLOW-STEM AUGERS IN UNCONSOLIDATED FORMATIONS

Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc. (ESE) typically drills soil borings using a truck-mounted, continuous-flight, hollow-stem auger drill rig. The drill rig is owned and operated by a drilling company possessing a valid State of California C-57 license. The soil borings are conducted under the direct supervision and guidance of an experienced ESE geologist. The ESE geologist logs each borehole during drilling in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS). Additionally, the ESE geologist observes and notes the soil color, relative density or stiffness, moisture content, odor (if obvious) and organic content (if present). The ESE geologist will record all observations on geologic boring logs.

Soil samples are collected during drilling at a minimum of five-foot intervals by driving an 18-inch long Modified California Split-spoon sampler (sampler), lined with new, thin-wall brass sleeves, through the center of and ahead of the hollow stem augers, thus collecting a relatively undisturbed soil sample core. The brass sleeves are typically 2-inches in diameter and 6-inches in length. The sampler is driven by dropping a 140-pound hammer 30-inches onto rods attached to the top of the sampler. Soil sample depth intervals and the number of hammer blows required to advance the sampler each six-inch interval are recorded by the ESE geologist on geologic boring logs. The ends of one brass sleeve are covered with Teflon sheeting, then covered with plastic end caps. The end caps are sealed to the brass sleeve using duct tape. Each sample is then labeled and placed on ice in a cooler for transport under chain of custody documentation to the designated analytical laboratory. A portion of the remaining soil in the sampler is placed in either a new Ziploco bag or a clean Mason Jaro and set in direct sunlight to enhance the volatilization of any Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) present in the soil. After approximately 15-minutes that sample is screened for VOCs using a photoionization detector (PID). The PID measurements will be noted on the geologic boring logs. The PID provides qualitative data for use in selecting samples for laboratory analysis. Soil samples from the saturated zone (beneath the ground-water table) are collected as described above, are not screened with the PID, and are not submitted to the analytical laboratory. The samples from the saturated zone are used for descriptive purposes. Soil samples from the saturated zone may be retained as described above for physical analyses (grain size, permeability and porosity testing).

If the soil boring is not going to be completed as a well, then the boring is typically terminated upon penetrating the saturated soil horizon or until a predetermined interval of soil containing no evidence of contamination is penetrated. This predetermined interval is typically based upon site specific regulatory or client guidelines. The boring is then backfilled using either neat cement, neat cement and bentonite powder mixture (not exceeding 5% bentonite), bentonite pellets, or a sand and cement mixture (not exceeding a 2:1 ratio of sand to cement). However, if the boring is to be completed as a monitoring well, then the boring is continued until either a competent, low estimated-permeability, lower confining soil layer is found or 10 to 15-feet of the saturated soil horizon is penetrated, whichever occurs first. If a low estimated-permeability soil layer is found, the soil boring will be advanced approximately five-feet into that layer to evaluate its competence as a lower confining layer, prior to the termination of that boring.

All soil sampling equipment is cleaned between each sample collection event using an Alconox® detergent and tap water solution followed by a tap water rinse. Additionally, all drilling equipment and soil sampling equipment is cleaned between borings, using a high pressure steam cleaner, to prevent cross-contamination. All wash and rinse water is collected and contained onsite in Department of Transportation approved containers (typically 55-gallon drums) pending laboratory analysis and proper disposal/recycling.

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE NO. 2
FOR MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION AND DEVELOPMENT
PAGE 1

Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc. (ESE) typically installs ground-water monitoring wells in unconsolidated sediments drilled using a truck-mounted hollow-stem auger drill rig. The design and installation of all monitoring wells is performed and supervised by an experienced ESE geologist. Figure A - Typical ESE Monitoring Well Construction Diagram (attached) graphically displays a typical ESE well completion. Prior to the construction of the well, the portion of the borehole that penetrates a lower confining layer (if any) is filled with bentonite pellets. The monitoring well is then constructed by inserting polyvinylchloride (PVC) pipe through the center of the hollow stem augers. The pipe (well-casing) is fastened together by joining the factory threaded pipe ends. ESE typically uses two-inch or four-inch diameter pipe for ground-water monitoring wells. The diameter of the borehole is typically 6-inches greater than that of the diameter of the well-casing, but is at least four-inches greater than that of the well casing. The lowermost portion of the well-casing will be factory perforated (typically having slot widths of 0.010-inch or 0.020-inch). The slotted portion of the well-casing will extend from the bottom of the boring up to approximately five-feet above the occurrence of ground water. A PVC slip or threaded cap will be placed at the bottom end of the well-casing, and a locking expandable well cap will be placed over the top (or surface) end of the well-casing. A sand pack (typically No. 2/12 or No. 3 Monterey sand) will be placed in the borehole annulus, from the bottom of the well-casing up to one to two-feet above the top of the slotted portion, by pouring the clean sand through the hollow stem augers. One to two-feet of bentonite pellets will be placed on top of the sand pack. The bentonite pellets will then be hydrated with three to four-gallons of potable water, to protect the sand pack from intrusion during the placement of the sanitary seal. The sanitary seal (grout) will consist of either neat cement, a neat cement and bentonite powder mixture (containing no more than 5% bentonite), or a neat cement and sand mixture (containing no more than a 2:1 sand to cement ratio). If, the grout seal is to be greater than 30-feet in depth or if standing water is present in the boring on top of the bentonite peliet seal, then the grout mixture will be tremied into the boring from the top of the bentonite seal using either a hose, pipe or the hollow-stem augers, which serve as a tremie. The well will be protected at the surface by a water tight utility box. The utility box will be set into the grout mixture so that it is less than 0.1-foot above grade, to prevent the collection of surface water at the well head. If the well is set within the public right of way, then the utility box will be Department of Transportation (DOT) traffic rated, and the top of the box will be set flush to grade. If the well is constructed in a vacant field a brightly painted metal standpipe may be used to protect the well from traffic. If a standpipe is used, it will be held in place with a grout mixture and will extend one to two-feet above ground surface. All well completion details will be recorded by the ESE geologist on the geologic boring logs.

Subsequent to the solidification of the sanitary seal of the well (a minimum of 72 hours), the new well will be developed by an ESE geologist or field technician. Well development will be performed using surging, bailing and overpumping techniques. Surging is performed by raising and lowering a surge block through the water column within the slotted interval of the well casing. The surge block utilized has a diameter just smaller than that of the well casing, thus, forcing water flow through the sand pack due to displacement and vacuum caused by the movement of the surge block. Bailing is performed by lowering a bailer to the bottom of the well and gently bouncing the bailer off of the well end cap, then removing the full bailer and repeating the procedure. This will bring any material (soil or PVC fragments) that may have accumulated in the well into suspension for removal. Overpumping is performed by lowering a submersible pump to the bottom of each well and pumping at the highest sustainable rate without completely evacuating the well casing. Effective well development will settle the sand pack surrounding the well-casing, which will improve the filtering properties of the sand pack and allow water to flow more easily through the sand pack; improve the communication between the aquifer and the well by aiding the removal of any smearing of fine sediments along the borehole penetrating the aquifer; and, remove fine sediments and any foreign objects (PVC fragments) from the well casing. The ESE geologist or

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE NO. 2 FOR MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION AND DEVELOPMENT PAGE 2

technician will monitor the ground water purged from the well during development for clarity, temperature, pH and conductivity. Development of the well will proceed until the well produces relatively clear, sand-free water with stable temperature, pH and conductivity measurements. At a minimum, 10 well-casing volumes of ground water will be removed during the development process. Measurements of temperature, conductivity, pH and volume of the purged water and observations of purge water clarity and sediment content will be recorded on the ESE Well Development Data Forms. All equipment used during the well development procedure will be cleaned using an Alconox® detergent and tap water solution followed by a tap water rinse prior to use in each well. All ground water purged during the well development process and all equipment rinse water will be collected and contained onsite in DOT approved containers (typically 55-gallon drums) pending analytical results and proper disposal or recycling.

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE NO. 3 FOR GROUND-WATER MONITORING AND SAMPLING FROM MONITORING WELLS

Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc. (ESE) typically performs ground-water monitoring at project sites on a quarterly basis. As part of the monitoring program an ESE staff member will first gauge the depth to water and free product (if present) in each well, then collect ground-water samples from each well. Depth to water measurements are taken by lowering an electric fiberglass tape measure into the well and recording the occurrence of water in feet below a fixed datum set on the top of the well-casing. If free-phase liquid hydrocarbons (free product) are known or suspected to be present in the well, then an electric oil/water interface probe is used to determine the depth to the occurrence of ground-water and the free product in feet below the fixed datum on the top of the well-casing. Depth to water and depth to product measurements are measured and recorded within an accuracy of 0.005-foot. The electric tape and the electric oil/water interface probe are washed with an Alconox® detergent and tap water solution then rinsed with tap water between uses in different wells.

Ground-water samples are collected from a well subsequent to purging a minimum of three to four well-casing volumes of ground water from the well, if the well bails dry prior to the removal of the required minimum volume, then the samples are collected upon the recovery of the ground water in that well to 80% of its initial static level. Ground water is typically purged from monitoring wells using either a hand-operated positive displacement pump, constructed of polyvinylchloride (PVC); a new (precleaned), disposable polyethylene bailer; or, a variable-flow submersible pump, constructed of stainless steel and Teflon. The hand pumps and the submersible pumps are cleaned between each use with an Alconox detergent and tap water solution followed by a tap water rinse. During the well purging process the conductivity, pH and temperature of the ground water are monitored by the ESE staff member. Ground-water samples are collected from the well subsequent to the stabilization of the of the conductivity, pH and temperature of the purge water, and the removal of four well-casing volumes of ground-water (unless the well bails dry). The parameters are deemed to have stabilized when two consecutive measurements are within 10% of each other, for each respective parameter. The temperature, pH, conductivity and purge volume measurements, and observations of water clarity and sediment content will be documented by the ESE staff member on ESE Ground-Water Sampling Data Forms.

Ground-water samples are collected by lowering a new (precleaned), disposable polyethylene bailer into the well using new, disposable nylon cord. The filled bailer is retrieved, emptied, then filled again. The ground water from this bailer is decanted into appropriate laboratory supplied glassware and/or plastic containers (if sample preservatives are required, they are added to the empty containers at the laboratory prior to the sampling event). The containers are filled carefully so that no headspace is present to avoid volatilization of the sample. The filled sample containers are then labeled and placed in a cooler with ice for transport under chain of custody documentation to the designated analytical laboratory. The ESE staff member will document the time and method of sample collection, and the type of sample containers and preservatives (if any) used. These facts will appear on the ESE Ground-Water Sampling Data Forms. ESE will collect a duplicate ground-water sample from one well for every ten wells sampled at each site. The duplicate will be a blind sample (its well designation will be unknown to the laboratory). The duplicate sample is for Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) purposes, and provides a check on ESE sampling procedures and laboratory sample handling procedures. When VOCs are included in the laboratory analyses, ESE will include a trip blank, if required, in the cooler with the ground-water samples for analysis for the identical VOCs. The trip blank is supplied by the laboratory and consists of deionized water. The trip blank is for QA/QC purposes and provides a check on both ESE and laboratory sample handling and storage procedures. Since disposable bailers are used for sample collection, and are not reused, no equipment blank (rinsate) samples are collected.

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE NO. 4 FOR SOIL SAMPLING WITH HAND AUGERS IN UNCONSOLIDATED FORMATIONS

When collecting shallow soil samples or soil samples from limited access areas, Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc. (ESE) typically uses a manually operated bucket-type auger (hand auger) The augering is conducted by an experienced ESE geologist. The ESE geologist documents all soils retrieved as cuttings or core in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS). Additionally, the ESE geologist observes and notes the soil color, relative density or stiffness, moisture content, odor (if obvious) and organic content (if present).

Soil samples are collected during hand-augering at selected intervals by driving a 6-inch long punch auger sample tube (sampler), lined with a new, thin-wall brass or stainless steel sleeve (sleeve), into undisturbed soil. The sleeve is typically 2-inches in diameter and 6-inches in length. The sampler is advanced into the soil by manually dropping a weighted handle onto a rod attached to the sampler. Soil sample depth intervals are recorded by the ESE geologist on geologic boring logs. The ends of the sleeve containing sampled soil are covered with Teflon® sheeting, then covered with plastic end caps. The end caps are sealed to the sleeve using organically inert duct tape known to not contain any Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs). Each sample is then labeled and placed on ice in a cooler for transport under chain of custody documentation to the designated analytical laboratory. Excess soil collected in the sampler may be placed in either a new Ziploco bag or a clean Mason Jaro and set in direct sunlight to enhance the volatilization of any VOCs present in the soil. After approximately 15-minutes that sample is screened for VOCs using a photoionization detector (PID). The PID measurements will be noted on the geologic boring logs. The PID provides qualitative data for use in selecting samples for laboratory analysis. Soil samples from the saturated zone (beneath the ground-water table) may be collected but are not screened with the PID, and are not submitted to the analytical laboratory. The samples from the saturated zone are used for descriptive purposes, and may be retained for physical analyses (grain size, permeability and porosity testing).

Upon completion, the boring is backfilled using either neat cement, neat cement and bentonite powder mixture (not exceeding 5% bentonite), bentonite powder or pellets, or a sand and cement mixture (not exceeding a 2:1 ratio of sand to cement).

Hand auger buckets are cleaned between use in each borehole and all soil sampling equipment is cleaned between each sample collection event to prevent cross-contamination. Equipment is washed using an Alconox® detergent and tap water solution followed by a tap water rinse. All wash and rinse water is collected and contained onsite in Department of Transportation approved containers (typically 55-gallon drums) pending laboratory analysis and proper disposal/recycling.

APPENDIX B

ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR PREVIOUSLY STOCKPILED SOIL SAMPLES



CLIENT: Mike Quillin

Air, Water & Hazardous Waste Sampling, Analysis & Consultation Certified Hazardous Waste, Chemistry, Bacteriology & Bioassay Laboratories

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NorCal Division (San Jose Laboratory) 2059 Junction Ave.

San Jose, CA 95131 (408) 955-9077

Lab Number : BD-0809-1

Project

: 6-9-5005 Wayne Chun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave., Alameda,

Environmental Science & Engineering 4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Concord, CA 94520

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED BY	SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED
WC-1, WC-2, WC-3 Composite			12/09/92 12/10/92
CONSTITUENT	*PQL	RESULT UNITS METH	
PRESENCE OF CYANIDE PRESENCE OF SULFIDE		-	D5049 12/17/92 DS D4978 12/14/92 DS

San Jose Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1204

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

JAN 1 2 1993

12/23/92

MC/sab/dds CN92121701 Respectfully submitted, COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Nick Gaone, Inorganics Manager

MCountly Marissa Coronel Laboratory Director



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NorCal Division (Benicia Laboratory) 6006 Egret Court, Benicia, California 94510 (707) 747-2757 FAX (707)747-2765

CLIENT: Mike Quillin

Environmental Science & Engineering

4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Concord, CA 94520

Lab Number : BD-0809-1

Project : 6-9-5005 Wayne Chun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave., Alameda,

Analyzed : 12/11/92

Analyzed by: HC

Method : As Listed

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED BY	SAM	SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED					
WC-1, WC-2, WC-3 Composite	Soil	Chris Valchefi	1:	2/09/92	12/10/92				
CONSTITUENT		(CAS RN)	*PQL mg/Kg	result mg/kg	NOTE				
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS					1,2				
Benzene		(71432)	0.005	ND					
Toluene		(108883)	0.005	ND					
Ethylbenzene		(100411)	0.005	ND					
Xylenes, Total			0.005	ND					
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)		(107062)	0.005	ND					
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	•	(106934)	0.005	ND					
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Gaso	oline)		0.5	ND					
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Dies	el 2)		0.5	ND					
BTX as a percent of fuel				Not Appl					
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Sur Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Reco	very)	(107062)		304 399.					
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surr	rogate Recovery)			104.					

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

- (1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/HS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

12/15/92 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk/htc BDL1111 Respectfully submitted,
COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marissa C. Caronel



CLIENT: Mike Quillin

Air, Water & Hazardous Waste Sampling, Analysis & Consultation Certified Hazardous Waste, Chemistry, Bacteriology & Bioassay Laboratories

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Lab Number : BD-0809-1

Project : 6-9-5005 Wayne Chun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave., Alameda,

4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Environmental Science & Engineering

Concord, CA 94520

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX		WEIED BY		PLED DATE		IVED
WC-1, WC-2, WC-3 Composite	Soil	Chris Valcheff			• •	12/10/92	
CONSTITUENT	*PQL	result		METHOD	ANALYZED		NOTES
Flashpoint	1	>200.	degrees F	EPA 1020	12/17/92	TD	1,2

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

(1) Sample Preparation on 12/17/92

(2) Standard used was N,N-Dimethyl-Formamide, which flashed at 135 degrees F

12/23/92 SETA MC/trk/abs BDL17F1

Respectfully submitted, COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marina C. Connel



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(707) 747-2757 FAX (707)747-2765

Lab Number : BD-0809-1

: 6-9-5005 Wayne Chun, Project

2301 Santa Clara Ave., Alameda,

CLIENT: Mike Quillin

Environmental Science & Engineering

4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Concord, CA 94520

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED BY	SAMPLED DATE	RECEIVED
WC-1, WC-2, WC-3 Composite	Soil	Chris Valche	ff 12/09/92	12/10/92
CONSTITUENT	*PQL	result units	METHOD ANALYZED	BY NOTES
pH	0.1	8.0 Units	EPA 9045 12/14/92	TD

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

12/16/92 CPIC MC/trk/abs BDL14P2

Respectfully submitted, COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marina C. Caronel



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NorCal Division (Benicia Laboratory) 6006 Egret Court, Benicia, California 94510 (707) 747-2757 FAX (707) 747-2765

QC Batch ID: BDL1111

CLIENT: Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services, Inc.

Analyzed : 12/11/92

Analyzed by: HC

Method : As Listed

METERO BLANK

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED BY	SAM	PLED DATE RE	CEIVED
METHOD BLANK	Solid				
CONSTITUENT		(CAS RN)	*PQL mg/Kg	RESULT mg/Kg	NOTE
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS					1,2
Benzene		(71432)	0.005	ND	
Toluene		(108883)	0.005	ND	
Ethylbenzene		(100411)	0.005	ND	
Xylenes, Total			0.005	ND	
1,2-Dichlorosthane (EDC)		(107062)	0.005	ND	
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	•	(106934)	0.005	ND	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Gasol	.ine)		0.5	ND	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Diese	1 2)		0.5	ND	
BTX as a percent of fuel				Not Appl.	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Surr Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Recov	(107062)		111. 64.		
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surro	<u> </u>			98.	

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

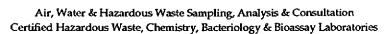
- (1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

12/15/92 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk/htc BD0809-1 Respectfully submitted,

COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marissa C. Caronel
Marissa Coronel





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NorCal Division (Benicia Laboratory)

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FAX (707)747-2765

6006 Egret Court, Benicia, California 94510

QC Batch ID: BDL11I1

CLIENT: Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services, Inc.

Analyzed : 12/11/92

Analyzed by: HC

Method : As Listed

QC SPIKE

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED E	BY	SAMPLED DA	TE RECE	IVED
QC SPIKE	Solid		<u> </u>			
CONSTITUENT		*PQL mg/Kg	spike Amount	RESULT mg/Kg	*REC	NOTE
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS					1,2	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Gasoli	ne)	0.5	7.1	8.4	118.	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Diesel	. 2)	0.5		NS		
BTX as a percent of fuel				Not Appl.		
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Surro	gate Recovery)		100.	97.		
Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Recove	ry)		100.	109.		
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surrog	ate Recovery)		100.	115.		

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

- * RESULTS listed as 'NS' were not spiked. PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit
- (1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

12/17/92 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk/abs/htc BD0809-1 Respectfully submitted,
COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marissa C. Caronel



Air, Water & Hazardous Waste Sampling, Analysis & Consultation Certified Hazardous Waste, Chemistry, Bacteriology & Bioassay Laboratories

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FAX (707)747-2765

QC Batch ID: BDL11I1

CLIENT: Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services, Inc.

Analyzed : 12/11/92

Analyzed by: HC

Method : As Listed

QC SPIKE

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SA	APLED BY	SAMPI	SAMPLED DATE RECEIV				
	Solid								
CONSTITUENT		*PQL mg/Kg	SPIKE AMOUNT	RESULT mg/Kg	%REC	*DIFF	NOTE		
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS							1,2		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Gasoline)		0.5	7.1	7.0	99.	18.			
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Diesel 2)		0.5		ns					
BTX as a percent of fuel				Not Appl.					
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Surrogate Recovery)	:		100.	100.					
Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Recovery)			100.	103.					
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surrogate	Recovery)		100.	100.					

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

- * RESULTS listed as 'NS' were not spiked. PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit
- (1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

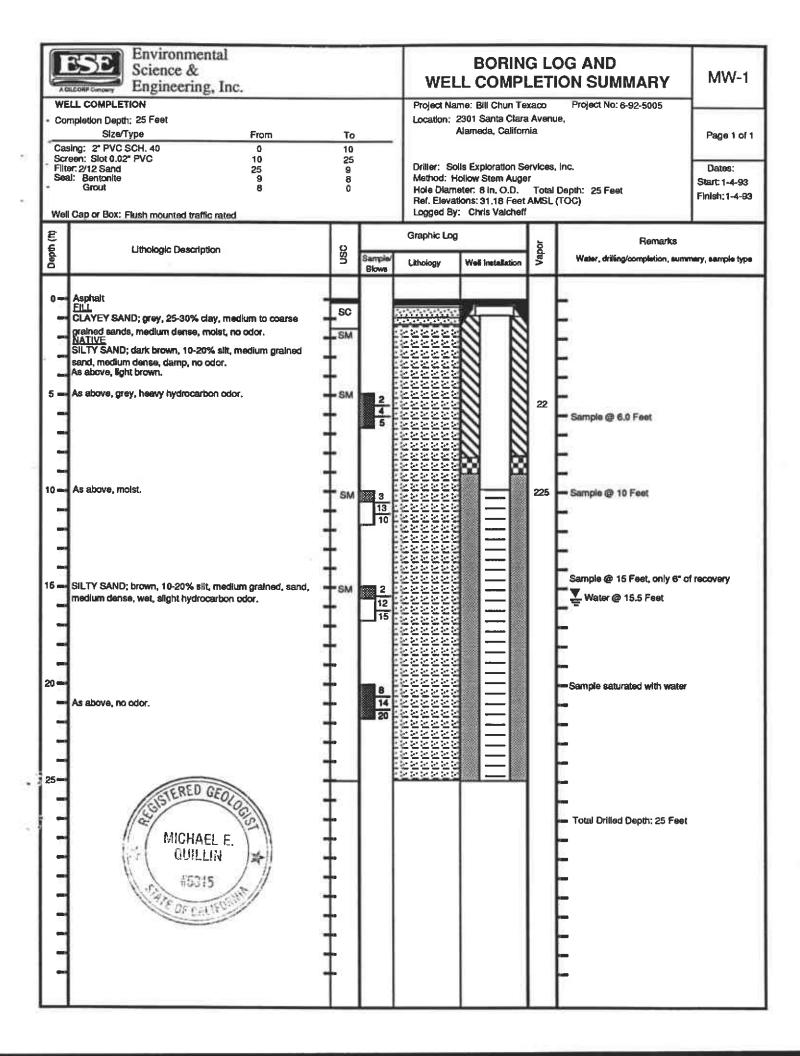
12/17/92 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk/abs/htc BD0809-1 Respectfully submitted,
COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

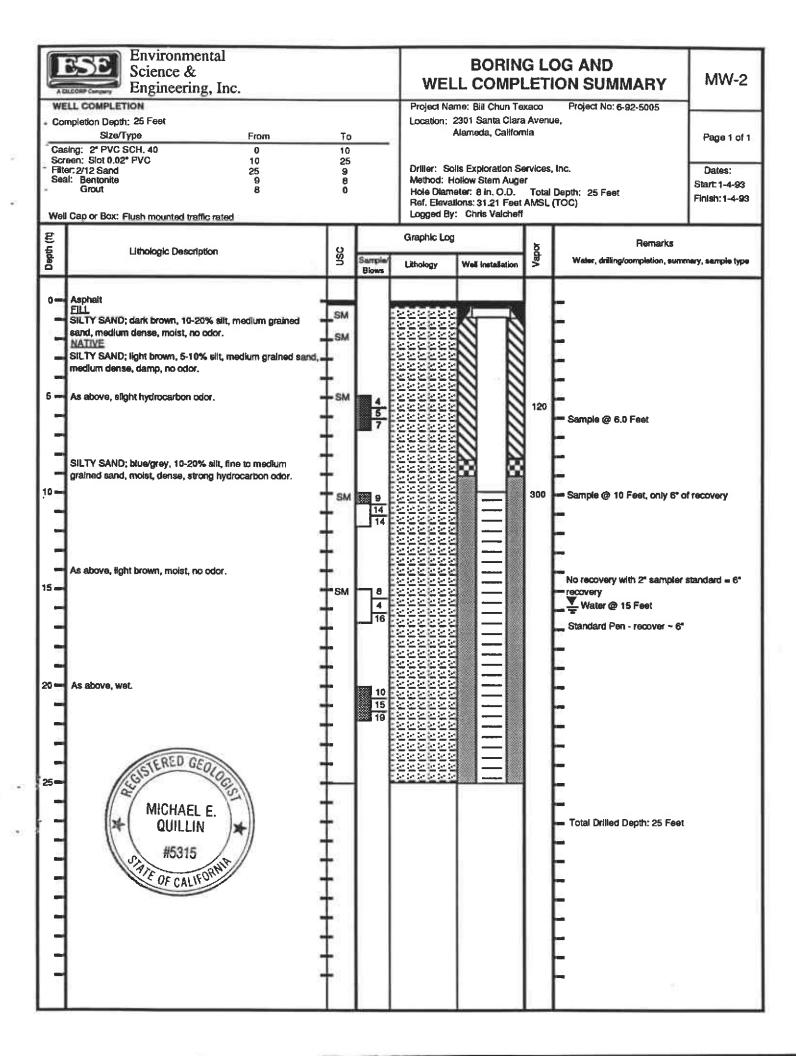
Marissa C. Caronel

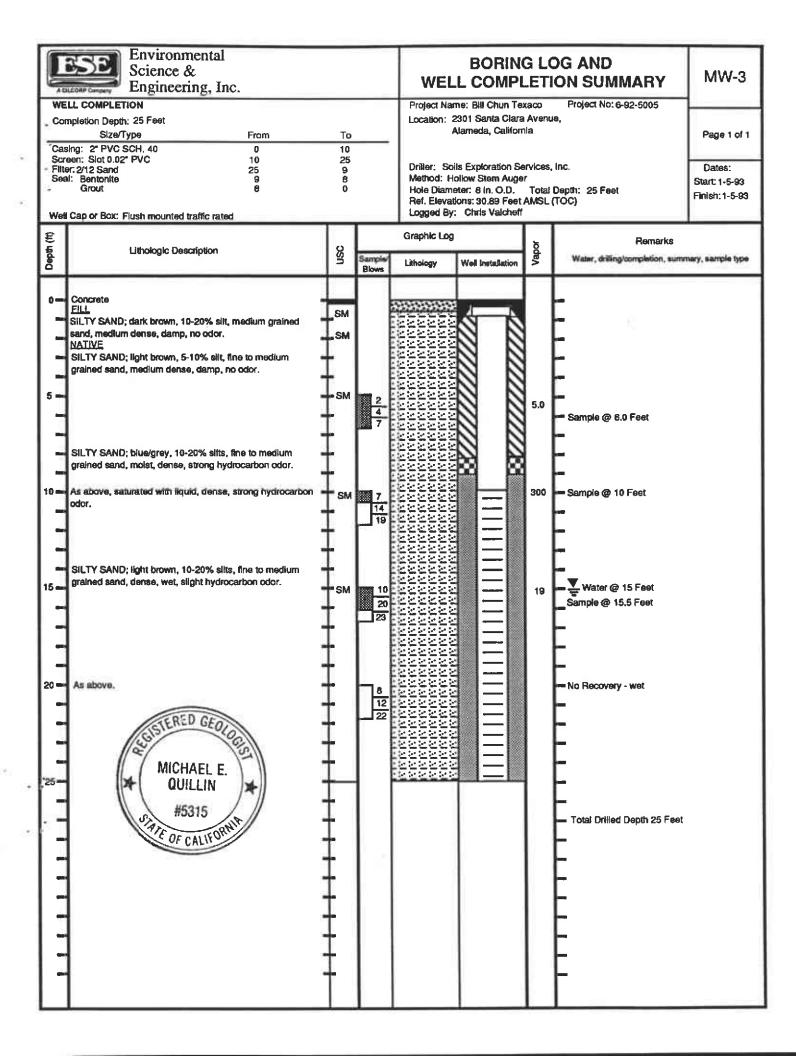
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APPENDIX C

BORING LOGS AND WELL COMPLETION SUMMARIES







APPENDIX D

ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR SOIL BORING SAMPLES



Environmental Science & Engineering

4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Concord, CA 94520

Air, Water & Hazardous Waste Sampling, Analysis & Consultation Certified Hazardous Waste, Chemistry, Bacteriology & Bioassay Laboratories

San Luis Obispo, CA • Benicia, CA • Camarillo, CA • San Jose, CA Anaheim, CA • Tempe, AZ • Valparaiso, IN • Westbrook, ME • Indianapolis, IN

NorCal Division (Benicia Laboratory) 6006 Egret Court, Benicia, California 94510

(707) 747-2757 FAX (707)747-2765

Lab Number : BJ-0051-1

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Chun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave., Alam

Analyzed

: 01/22/93

Analyzed by: HC

Method

: As Listed

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

AMPLE DESCRIPTION 1-10' (BJ0005-1A)	MATRIX	SAMPLED BY	SAM	SAMPLED DATE F			
1-10' (BJ0005-1A)	Soil 1	Chris Valchef	01/04/93		01/06/93		
CONSTITUENT		(CAS RN)	*PQL mg/Kg	RESULT mg/Kg	NOTE		
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS					1,2,3		
Benzene		(71432)	0.5	(7.5)			
Toluene		(108883)	1.	17.			
Ethylbenzene		(100411)	0.5	10.			
Xylenes, Total			0.5	54.			
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)		(107062)	0.5	ND			
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)		(106934)	0.5	ND			
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Diesel 2)		50.	ND			
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Weathered Gas)		50.	640.			
BTX as a percent of fuel				11. y			
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent	Surrogate Recovery)	(107062)		92.			
Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate 1	Recovery)			101.			
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent a	- '			85.			

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

- (1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)
- (3) High concentration of some analytes caused the sample to be run diluted resulting in raised Practical Quantitation Limits for analytes. Refer to instrument blank for undiluted Practical Quantitation Limits.

01/24/93 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk/htc BJA22I1

Respectfully submitted, COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marissa C. Caronel

Marissa Coronel Laboratory Director

JAN 2 7 19



Environmental Science & Engineering

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Concord, CA 94520

Air, Water & Hazardous Waste Sampling, Analysis & Consultation Certified Hazardous Waste, Chemistry, Bacteriology & Bioassay Laboratories

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(707) 747-2757 FAX (707)747-2765

Lab Number: BJ-0051-2

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Chun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave., Alam

Analyzed

: 01/22/93

Analyzed by: HC

Method

: As Listed

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED BY	SAM	SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED				
197-2-10' (BJ0005-1B)	Bedl	Chris Valchef	E 0	1/04/93	01/06/93			
CONSTITUENT		(CAS RN)	*PQL mg/Kg	RESULT mg/Kg	NOTE			
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS					1,2,3			
Benzene		(71432)	2.	(110)				
Toluene		(108883)	5.	850.				
Ethylbenzene		(100411)	2.	210.				
Xylenes, Total			2.	1200.				
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)		(107062)	2.	ND				
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)		(106934)	2.	ND				
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Gasoline)			300.	5800.				
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Diesel 2)			300.	ND				
BTX as a percent of fuel				37.				
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Surrogate	Recovery)	(107062)		91.				
Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Recovery)				111.				
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surrogate)	Recovery)			86.				

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

- (1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

(3) High concentration of some analytes caused the sample to be run diluted resulting in raised Practical Quantitation Limits for analytes. Refer to instrument blank for undiluted Practical Quantitation Limits.

01/25/93 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk/htc BJA2211

Respectfully submitted, COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marina C. Coronel



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NorCal Division (Benicia Laboratory) 6006 Egret Court, Benicia, California 94510 (707) 747-2757

FAX (707)747-2765

CLIENT: Mike Quillin

Environmental Science & Engineering

4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Concord, CA 94520

Lab Number : BJ-0051-3

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Chun, Project

2301 Santa Clara Ave., Alam

: 01/22/93 Analyzed

Analyzed by: HC

Method : As Listed

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED BY	SAM	SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED			
101-3-10" (BJ0005-1C)	Soil *	Chris Valchef	£ 0:	01/05/93			
CONSTITUENT		(CAS RN)	*PQL mg/Kg	RESULI mg/Kg	NOTE		
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS					1,2,3		
Benzene	•	(71432)	0.5	ND			
Toluene		(108883)	1.	2.			
Ethylbenzene		(100411)	0.5	ND			
Xylenes, Total			0.5	1.4	•		
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)		(107062)	0.5	ND			
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)		(106934)	0.5	ND			
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Diesel	. 2)		50.	MD			
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Weathe			50.	2100.			
BTX as a percent of fuel				0.2	-		
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Surro	gate Recovery)	(107062)		102.			
Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Recove	=			129.			
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surrog				91.			

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

- (1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)
- (3) High concentration of some analytes caused the sample to be run diluted resulting in raised Practical Quantitation Limits for analytes. Refer to instrument blank for undiluted Practical Quantitation Limits.

01/24/93 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk/htc BJA2211

Respectfully submitted, COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marissa C. Carrel



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NorCal Division (Benicia Laboratory) 6006 Egret Court, Benicia, California 94510 (707) 747-2757 FAX (707)747-2765

QC Batch ID: BJA22I1

CLIENT: Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services, Inc.

Analyzed : 01/22/93

Analyzed by: HC

Method :

: As Listed

METHOD BLANK

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED BY	SAM	CEIVED	
METHOD BLANK Solid CONSTITUENT					
		(CAS RN)	*PQL mg/Kg	RESULT mg/Kg	NOTE
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS					1,2
Benzene		(71432)	0.005	ND	
Toluene		(108883)	0.01	ND	
Ethylbenzene		(100411)	0.005	ND	
Xylenes, Total			0.005	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)		(107062)	0.005	ND	
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)		(106934)	0.005	ND	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Gasoline)			0.5	ND	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Diesel 2)			0.5	ND	
BTX as a percent of fuel				Not Appl.	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Surrogate	Recovery)	(107062)		87.	
Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Recovery)	•			100.	
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surrogate I	Recovery)			84.	

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185
*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)
(1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)

(2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

01/24/93 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk/htc BJ0051-3 Respectfully submitted, COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marissa C. Caronel
Marissa Coronel



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OC Batch ID: BJA22I1

CLIENT: Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services, Inc.

Analyzed : 01/22/93

Analyzed by: HC

Method : As Listed

QC SPIKE
REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED B	Y	SAMPLED DA	re rece	IVED
QC SPIKE	Solid					
CONSTITUENT		*PQL mg/Kg	SPIKE AMOUNT	RESULT mg/Kg	*REC	NOTE
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS						1,2
Benzene		0.005	0.17	0.16	94.	
Toluene		0.01	0.72	0.66	92.	
Ethylbenzene		0.005	0.16	0.15	94.	
Xylenes, Total		0.005	0.84	0.78	93.	
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)		0.005		ns		
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)		0.005		ns		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Gasoline))	0.5	7.1	6.1	86.	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Diesel 2))	0.5		NS		
BTX as a percent of fuel			24.	26.		
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Surrogat	te Recovery)		100.	9 5.		
Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Recovery)			100.	105.		
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surrogate			100.	79.		

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

- * RESULTS listed as 'NS' were not spiked. PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit
- (1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

01/24/93 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk/htc BJ0051-3 Respectfully submitted,
COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marina C. Cononel



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(707) 747-2757 FAX (707)747-2765

QC Batch ID: BJA22I1

CLIENT: Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services, Inc.

Analyzed : 01/22/93

Analyzed by: HC

Method

: As Listed

QC SPIKE

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAM	IPLED BY	SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED					
QC SPIKE DUPLICATE	Solid								
CONSTITUENT		*PQL mg/Kg	SPIKE AMOUNT	RESULT mg/Kg	%REC	*DIFF	NOTE		
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS							1,2		
Benzene		0.005	0.17	0.16	94.	0.			
Toluene		0.01	0.72	0.65	90.	1.5			
Ethylbenzene		0.005	0.16	0.16	100.	6.5			
Xylenes, Total		0.005	0.84	0.78	93.	0.			
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)		0.005		NS					
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)		0.005		NS					
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Gasoline)		0.5	7.1	6.1	86.	0.			
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Diesel 2)		0.5		ns					
BTX as a percent of fuel		•	24.	26.					
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Surrogate	,		100.	89.					
Recovery)									
Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Recovery)			100.	102.					
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surrogate	Recovery)		100.	81.					

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

- * RESULTS listed as 'NS' were not spiked. PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit
- (1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

01/24/93 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk/htc BJ0051-3

Respectfully submitted, COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marina C. Caronel

- 1.23

CONFORMS TO RECORD

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AB NAME	VALCHE		1000 F	OICEALIO	95-I7d								X MATRIX	R I O E F S	REMARKS (CONTAINER, SIZE, ETC.)					
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Environmental Science & Engineering

4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Concord, CA 94520

Air, Water & Hazardous Waste Sampling, Analysis & Consultation Certified Hazardous Waste, Chemistry, Bacteriology & Bioassay Laboratories

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NorCal Division (Benicia Laboratory) 6006 Egret Court, Benicia, California 94510 (707) 747-2757 FAX (707) 747-2765

Lab Number: BJ-0005-1

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Chun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave, Alame

Analyzed : 01/14/93

Analyzed by: HC

Method : As Listed

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED BY	SAM	SAMPLED DATE RECEI		
MW-1-10', MW-2-10', MW-3-10'	Soil	Chris Valchei	:f	01	/06/93	
CONSTITUENT		(CAS RN)	*PQL mg/Kg	RESULT mg/Kg	NOTE	
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS	·-				1,2	
Benzene		(71432)	5.	43.		
Toluene		(108883)	10.	180.		
Ethylbenzene		(100411)	5.	65.		
Xylenes, Total			5.	240.		
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)		(107062)	5.	ND		
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)		(106934)	5.	ND		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Dies	el 2)		500.	ND		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Weat	hered Gas)		500.	6100.		
BTX as a percent of fuel				8.6		
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Sur	rogate Recovery)	(107062)		78.		
Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Reco	very)			96.		
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surr	ogate Recovery)			96.		

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

- (1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

02/02/93 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk/abs BJA1411 Respectfully submitted,

COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marissa Coronel

Laboratory Director



Air, Water & Hazardous Waste Sampling, Analysis & Consultation Certified Hazardous Waste, Chemistry, Bacteriology & Bioassay Laboratories

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San Luis Obispo Division 141 Suburban Road, San Luis Obispo, California 93401 (805) 543-2553

FAX (805) 543-2685

Lab Number : BJ-0005-1

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Chun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave, Alame

4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Environmental Science & Engineering

Concord, CA 94520

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION MATRIX		SAMPLED		SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED				
MW-1-10', MW-2-10', MW-3-10'	Soil	Chris Va				01/06/93		
CONSTITUENT	*PÇ		UNITS	METHOD	ANALYZED	BY NOTES		
Lead, Organic	0.1	ND	mg/Kg	22CAC	01/12/93	JW		

Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1598 & #1783, UTELAP #E-142, A2LA #0136-01, L.A.Co.CSD #10187. *RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

02/02/93

MH/wcc/jlw JA12EPB

Respectfully submitted,

COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.



San Luis Obispo, CA • Benicia, CA • Camarillo, CA • San Jose, CA Anaheim, CA • Tempe, AZ • Valparaiso, IN • Westbrook, ME • Indianapolis, IN

San Luis Obispo Division

(805) 543-2553

141 Suburban Road, San Luis Obispo, California 93401

FAX (805) 543-2685

QC Batch ID: JA12EPB

CLIENT: Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services, Inc.

METHOD BLANK REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX		SAMPLED I	BY		LED DATE	RECEIVED
METHOD BLANK	Solid						
CONSTITUENT		*PQL	RESULT			ANALYZED	
Lead, Organic		0.1	ND	mg/Kg	22CAC	01/12/93	JW

Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1598 & #1783, UTELAP #E-142, A2LA #0136-01, L.A.Co.CSD #10187.
*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

02/02/93

MH/wcc/jlw BJ0005-1 Respectfully submitted,

COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Mary Havlicek, Ph.D.



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San Luis Obispo Division 141 Suburban Road, San Luis Obispo, California 93401 (805) 543-2553

FAX (805) 543-2685

QC Batch ID: JA12EPB

CLIENT: Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services, Inc.

QC MATRIX SPIKE REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	м	 -	PLED B		SAMP	LED DATE	RECEIVED	
MATRIX SPIKE	S	Solid						
CONSTITUENT	ORIGINAL		RESULT	*REC	UNITS	METHOD	ANALYZEI	BY NOIE
Lead, Organic	ND	14.	12.	86.	mg/Kg	22CAC	01/12/93	JW

Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1598 & #1783, UTELAP #E-142, A2LA #0136-01, L.A.Co.CSD #10187. *RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

02/02/93

MH/wcc/jlw BJ0005-1

Respectfully submitted,

COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Mary Havlice Ph.D.
President



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San Luis Obispo Division

(805) 543-2553

141 Suburban Road, San Luis Obispo, California 93401

FAX (805) 543-2685

QC Batch ID: JA12EPB

CLIENT: Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services, Inc.

QC MATRIX SPIKE REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION		ATRIX		MPLED B		SAMP	LED DATE	RECEIVE	
MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE Solid									_
CONSTITUENT	ORIGINAL	SPIKE	RESUL/T				ANALYZEI	BY NOT	Æ
Lead, Organic	ND	14.	9.1	27.	mg/Kg	22CAC	01/12/93	WL 8	

Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1598 & #1783, UTELAP #E-142, A2LA #0136-01, L.A.Co.CSD #10187.
*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

02/02/93

MH/wcc/jlw BJ0005-1 Respectfully submitted,

COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

May Havleake Mary Havlicely Ph.D.



San Luis Obispo, CA • Benicia, CA • Camarillo, CA • San Jose, CA Anaheim, CA • Tempe, AZ • Valparaiso, IN • Westbrook, ME • Indianapolis, IN

NorCal Division (Benicia Laboratory) 6006 Egret Court, Benicia, California 94510 (707) 747-2757 FAX (707)747-2765

Lab Number : BJ-0005-1

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Chun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave, Alameda

CLIENT: Mike Quillin

Environmental Science & Engineering

4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Concord, CA 94520

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	 -	MPLED BY	•	PLED DATE	RECE	IVED
MW-1-10', MW-2-10', MW-3-10'	Soil		ris Valch			•	6/93
CONSTITUENT	*PQL	RESULT	UNITS	METHOD	ANALYZED	BY	NOTES
Flashpoint	1	>200.	degrees	F EPA 1020	01/11/93	TD	1,2

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

(1) Sample Preparation on 01/11/93 by TID

(2) Standard used was N,N-Dimethyl-Formamide, which flashed at 135 degrees F

01/14/93 PS MC/trk/abs BJA11F1 Respectfully submitted,
COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marissa C. Caronel



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Lab Number : BJ-0005-1

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Chun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave, Alame

4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Environmental Science & Engineering

Concord, CA 94520

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	Sample	D BY	SAMPLED DATE	RECEIVED
MW-1-10', MW-2-10', MW-3-10'	Soil		Valcheff		01/06/93
CONSTITUENT	*PQL	RESULT	UNITS METH		BY NOTES
рн	0.1	6.2	Units EPA 9	9045 01/20/93	TD

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

02/02/93 CPIC MC/trk/abs BJA20P1 Respectfully submitted,
COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marissa C. Caronel



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San Jose, CA 95131 (408) 955-9077

Lab Number: BJ-0005-1

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Chun,

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Environmental Science & Engineering 4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Concord, CA 94520

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED BY SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED
MW-1-10', MW-2-10', MW-3-10'	Soil	Chris Valcheff 01/06/93
CONSTITUENT	*PQL	RESULT UNITS METHOD ANALYZED BY NOTES
PRESENCE OF CYANIDE PRESENCE OF SULFIDE	0.5 0.5	Negative mg/Kg ASTM D5049 01/18/93 CL Positive mg/Kg ASTM D4978 01/20/93 CL

San Jose Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1204

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

01/21/93

MC/sab/cml CN93011801 Respectfully submitted,

COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Nick Gaone, Inorganics Manager

Laboratory Director

DATE 1-4-93 PAGE 1 OF	CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD	Environmental
PROJECT NAME	ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED MATRIX	Science &
ADDRESS 2301 SANTACLARA AVE. ALAMETRA, CA PROJECT NO. 6-92-5005	ATRIX ATRIX ATRIX ATRIX ATRIX ATRIX	Engineering, Inc. 4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J Concord, CA 94520 Engineering, Inc. (415) 685-4053 Fax (415) 685-5323
SAMPLED BY (HEL) VALCHEE	P R S	REMARKS
LAB NAME		(CONTAINER, SIZE, ETC.)
MW-Z-10' 1.4-93 1335 ALANEOA	XXXX Soil 1	-/
MW-2-15' 1 1345		HOLD
MW-2-6' /320		HOLD
MW-1-10' 0950	XXX	-/
MW-1-61 0945 ;		HOLD .y
MW-1-15' V 1000 V		HOUD "
	 	
	 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
	RECEIVED BY: (signature) date time 6	TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAINERS
RELINQUISHED BY: (signature) 5.	RECEIVED BY: (signature) date time 6 REPO RESULT OFFICE A CONTROL 1-6-93 0915 MIKE	RT SPECIAL SHIPMENT S TO: REQUIREMENTS
4.		SAMPLE RECEIPT
5.	ndling analyses, storage, etc.):	
INSTRUCTIONS TO LABORATORI (Har	TA * COMPOSITE MW-1810' FOR PCI	REC'D GOOD CONDIN/COLD
NURTHE	MW-Jew FOR FOR	CONFORMS TO RECORD

• ,	*). 		· · ·
DATE 1-5-93 PAGE 1 OF	CHAIN OF CUSTODY REC	ORD	Environmental
PROJECT NAME WAYNE CHUN	ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED	MATRIX	Science &
ADDRESS 2301 SAUTH CLARA AVE. ACAMEDA, CA	100 d		Engineering, Inc. O Nelson Avenue (415) 685-4053
PROJECT NO. 6-92-5005 SAMPLED BY CHRIS VALCHEFF AB NAME	- 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	1 10 251	re) ncord, CA 94520 Fax (415) 685-5323 REMARKS
SAMPLE # DATE TIME LOCATION	128 6 21	MATRIX S (REMARKS CONTAINER, SIZE, ETC.)
MW-3-61 1-5-91 9:35 ALAMER		Soil 1 1-1	OLD
MUN-3-10 1-5-93 10100 ALAMGON		Soil 1	250
MW-3-15,5" 1-5-93 10:15 ALANES		5012 1 H	SLA .
RELINQUISHED BY: (Signature) 1	ECEIVED BY: (signature) date 5-93	'<100	TAL NUMBER OF CONTAINERS
2. 11. Juli		REPORT PRESULTS TO: MIKE QUILLIN	SPECIAL SHIPMENT REQUIREMENTS COAST TO COAST ANALYTICAL CONFICER
5.			SAMPLE RECEIPT
INSTRUCTIONS TO LABORATORY (hai	ndling, analyses, storage, etc. ** COMPOSITE MW-3色10' W MW-2色10' and 1		CHAIN OF CUSTODY SEALS REC'D GOOD CONDTN/COLD CONFORMS TO RECORD

APPENDIX E

ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR GROUND WATER SAMPLES



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San Luis Obispo Division

(805) 543-2553

141 Suburban Road, San Luis Obispo, California 93401

FAX (805) 543-2685

Lab Number : BJ-0020-1

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Citun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave., Alar

4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Environmental Science & Engineering

Concord, CA 94520

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX SAMPLED BY			SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED			
MW-1	Aqueous	Paul Marsden		01/07/93		01/08/93	
CONSTITUENT	*PQL	RESULT			ANALYZED	BY NOTES	
Lead, Organic	0.03	ND	mg/L	22CAC	01/25/93	JW	

Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1598 & #1783, UTELAP #E-142, A2LA #0136-01, L.A.Co.CSD #10187. *RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

01/27/93

MH/wcc/jlw JA25EPBA Respectfully submitted,

COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Mary Havlicek, Ph.D.



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Lab Number : BJ-0020-2

Project

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4090 Nelson Avenue Suite J

Concord, CA 94520

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED E				RECEIVED
MW-2	ydneona	Paul Marsden		01/07/93		01/08/93
CONSTITUENT	*PQL				ANALYZED	BY NOTES
Lead, Organic	0.03	ND	mg/L	22CAC	01/25/93	JW

Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1598 & #1783, UTELAP #E-142, A2LA #0136-01, L.A.Co.CSD #10187. *RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

01/27/93

MH/wcc/jlw JA25EPBA

Respectfully submitted,

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Mary Havlice, Ph.D.
President



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FAX (805) 543-2685

Lab Number: BJ-0020-3

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Citun,

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Environmental Science & Engineering

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Concord, CA 94520

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED			PLED DATE	RECEIVED	
MW-3	Aqueous	Paul Marsden		01/07/93		01/08/93	
CONSTITUENT	*PQL	RESULT			ANALYZED	BY NOTES	
Lead, Organic	0.03	ND	mg/L	22CAC	01/25/93	JW	

Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1598 & #1783, UTELAP #E-142, A2LA #0136-01, L.A.Co.CSD #10187.
*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

01/27/93

MH/wcc/jlw JA25EPBA Respectfully submitted,

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Lab Number : BJ-0020-1

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Citun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave., Alam

Analyzed

: 01/14/93

Analyzed by: HC

Method

: As Listed

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION MATE		SAMPLED BY	MAS	SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED			
1	Light Cons	Paul Marsden	0	01/07/93 01/08/93			
CONSTITUENT		(CAS RN)	*PQL µg/L	result µg/l	NOTE		
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS					1,2		
Benzene		(71432)	20.	14000,			
Toluene		(108883)	50.	37990.			
Ethylbenzene		(100411)	30.	2800.			
Xylenes, Total			30.	epoo,			
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)		(107062)	30.	470.			
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)		(106934)	30.	ND			
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Gasoline)			3000.	110000.			
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Diesel 2)			3000.	ND	*		
BTX as a percent of fuel				39.			
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Surrogate	Recovery)	(107062)		92.			
Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Recovery)				160.			
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surrogate)	Recovery)			96.			

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

- (1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

01/21/93 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk BJA14I1

Respectfully submitted, COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marissa C. Caronel



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Lab Number: BJ-0020-2

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Citun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave., Alam

Analyzed : 01/14/93

Analyzed by: HC

Method : As Listed

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED BY	SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED			
W-2) Signature	Paul Marsden	01/07/93		01/08/93	
CONSTITUENT		(CAS RN)	*PQL µg/L	Result µg/L	NOTE	
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS					1,2	
Benzene		(71432)	20.	pgong.		
Toluene		(108883)	50.	E506 2		
Ethylbenzene		(100411)	30.	1500.		
Xylenes, Total			30.	4300.		
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)		(107062)	30.	550.		
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)		(106934)	30.	ND		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Gasol	ine)		3000.	89000.		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Diese	1 2)		3000.	ND		
BTX as a percent of fuel				40.		
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Surre	ogate Recovery)	(107062)		72.		
Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Recove	ery)			9s.		
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surro	gate Recovery)			94.		

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

- (1) ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

01/21/93 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk BJA1411 Respectfully submitted, COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marina C. Convel



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CLIENT: Mike Quillin

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Lab Number: BJ-0020-3

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Citun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave., Alam

Analyzed : 01/14/93

Analyzed by: HC

Method

: As Listed

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION MATRIX		SAMPLED BY	SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED			
	Louis	Paul Marsden	0	1/07/93	93 01/08/93	
CONSTITUENT		(CAS RN)	*PQL µg/L	resuli µg/L	NOTE	
FUEL FINGERPRINT ANALYSIS			,		1,2	
Benzene		(71432)	20.	170.		
Toluene	•	(108883)	50.	70.		
Ethylbenzene		(100411)	30.	ND		
Xylenes, Total			30.	ND		
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)		(107062)	30.	ND		
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)		(106934)	30.	ND		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Diesel 2)		3000.	ND		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Crude Oi	1)		3000.	ND		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Jet Fuel)		3000.	ND		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Kerosene)		3000.	ND		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Stoddard)		3000.	ND		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Weathere	d Gas)		3000.	8500.		
BTX as a percent of fuel	•			2.0		
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Percent Surroga	te Recovery)	(107062)		98.		
Toluene-d8 (Percent Surrogate Recovery)			91.		
p-Bromofluorobenzene (Percent Surrogate	•			97.		

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185

*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

- ANALYZED by CAL DHS DRAFT TPH (modified) and EPA 8260 (GC/MS)
- (2) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

01/21/93 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk **BJA14I1**

Respectfully submitted, COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marisa C. Carnel



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CLIENT: Mike Quillin

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Lab Number: BJ-0020-5

Project

: 6-92-5005 Wayne Citun,

2301 Santa Clara Ave., Alam

: 01/14/93 Analyzed

Analyzed by: HC

Method

: EPA 8260

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	SAMPLED BY	SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED			
Trip Blank	Aqueous	Paul Marsden		•	/08/93	
CONSTITUENT		(CAS RN)	*PQL μg/L	RESULT µg/L	NOTE	
BTEX (PURGEABLE AROMATICS)					1	
Benzene		(71432)	0.5	ND		
Toluene		(108883)	1.	ND		
Ethylbenzene		(100411)	0.5	ND		
Xylenes, Total	•		0.5	ND		

Benicia Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1719; L.A.Co.CSD #10185 *RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit) (1) EXTRACTED by EPA 5030 (purge-and-trap)

01/21/93 INCOS 50-387 MC/trk BJA14I1

Respectfully submitted, COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Marina C. Caronel



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FAX (805) 543-2685

QC Batch ID: JA25EPBA

CLIENT: Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services, Inc.

METHOD BLANK REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX		SAMPLED	BY	SAMPI	LED DATE	RECEIVED
METHOD BLANK	Aqueous						
CONSTITUENT		PQL	RESULT	UNITS	METHOD	ANALYZED	BY NOTE
Lead, Organic	(0.03	ND	mg/L	22CAC	01/25/93	JW

Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1598 & #1783, UTELAP #E-142, A2LA #0136-01, L.A.Co.CSD #10187. *RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

01/27/93

MH/wcc/jlw BJ0020-3

Respectfully submitted,

COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Mary Havlicek, Ph.D.
President



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QC Batch ID: JA25EPBA

CLIENT: Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services, Inc.

QC MATRIX SPIKE REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	H	ATRIX		APLED B			LED DATE	
MATRIX SPIKE		dreora		e magazi, e filir gipata da ili bira	The state of the s			
CONSTITUENT	ORIGINAL		result	*REC	UNITS		ANALYZED	
Lead, Organic	ND	3.0	3.3	110.	mg/L	22CAC	01/25/93	JW

Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1598 & #1783, UTELAP #E-142, A2LA #0136-01, L.A.Co.CSD #10187.
*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

01/27/93

MH/wcc/jlw BJ0020-3 Respectfully submitted,

COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Mary Harlicek, Ph.D.



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FAX (805) 543-2685

QC Batch ID: JA25EPBA

CLIENT: Coast-to-Coast Analytical Services, Inc.

QC MATRIX SPIKE REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION		ATRIX	SA	MPLED BY	Y	SAMP	LED DATE	
MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE	A	dreona						
CONSTITUENT	ORIGINAL	SPIKE	RESULT	*DIFF			ANALYZED	BY NOTE
Lead, Organic	ND	3.0	3.1	6.3	mg/L	22CAC	01/25/93	JW

Lab Certifications: CAELAP #1598 & #1783, UTELAP #E-142, A2LA #0136-01, L.A.Co.CSD #10187.
*RESULTS listed as 'ND' were not detected at or above the listed PQL (Practical Quantitation Limit)

01/27/93

MH/wcc/jlw BJ0020-3 Respectfully submitted,

COAST-TO-COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

Mary Havlicek, Ph.D.

B10050

DATE /-7-93 PAGE / OF	CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD	Environmental
PROJECT NAME Wayne Citus	ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED MATRI	
ADDRESS 230/ Sonta Clare Alameda, CA. PROJECT NO. 6-92-5005 SAMPLED BY ROUL MOSSIAN LAB NAME SAMPLE # DATE TIME LOCATION	REGAUIC LES	N C U O E F R CONTAINER, SIZE, ETC.)
MW-1 1-7-93 1350 Suta Chic		3 1 litter 2100-8 -1
MW-2 1 1345 1		3 11 // 02
MW:3 /335	X X	3 " " - 3
70 1390		3 " " mQ -4
Trip		1 1-Vona - \$
1		
RELINOUTSHED BY: (signature)	RECEIVED BY: (signature) date time	TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAINERS
- Jour Hasa		REPORT SPECIAL SHIPMENT ESULTS TO: REQUIREMENTS
3.	1) let de 11) let	
4.		
5.		SAMPLE RECEIPT
	andling, analyses, storage, etc.):	CHAIN OF CUSTODY SEALS
THE INCOLLEGE TO THE PARTY (IN		REC'D GOOD CONDTN/COLD
		CONFORMS TO RECORD