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SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION AND INTERIM REMEDIATION SYSTEM EVALUATION

Exxon Station 7-3399 2991 Hopyard Road Pleasanton, California

5-16-94

Report prepared for:

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For Exxon Company, U.S.A.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Exxon Company, U.S.A. (Exxon) contracted with RESNA Industries Inc. (RESNA) to perform a subsurface investigation and interim remediation system evaluation at Exxon Station 7-3399 located at 2991 Hopyard Road in Pleasanton, California. The purpose of this investigation was to drill four exploratory borings to evaluate residual gasoline hydrocarbons concentrations in the soil and the efficiency of the operating vapor extraction system. The vapor extraction system, installed in August 1989, is currently able to operate at vapor extraction wells VR-1 through VR-4 and groundwater monitoring well MW-9. However, the vapor extraction system was shut down on December 29, 1993, due to nondetectable concentrations of total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg) in the influent air samples (RESNA, November 16, 1993). Work performed for this investigation included:

- O Drilling soil borings B-16 and B-17 in the vicinity of monitoring well MW-9.
- O Drilling soil boring B-18 in the vicinity of monitoring well MW-4.
- O Drilling soil boring B-19 in the area of former monitoring well MW-2 and boring B-4.



- Collecting soil samples from the borings.
- Surveying the boring locations.
- Submitting soil samples for laboratory analysis.
- Preparing the attached report of results, conclusions, and recommendations.

The field work for this investigation was performed in accordance with RESNA's field protocol (Appendix A), the Site Safety Plan (RESNA, November 30, 1993), and RESNA's Work Plan for Interim Remediation Investigation (RESNA, November 9, 1993).

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

2.1 General

The Exxon station is located in a commercial and residential area at the eastern corner of the intersection of Hopyard Road and Valley Avenue in Pleasanton, California as shown on Plate 1, Site Vicinity Map. The site is bounded on the northwest by Valley Avenue, on the southwest by Hopyard Road, on the northeast by a shopping center parking lot owned by Lucky Stores, Inc., of Dublin, California, and on the southeast by an access drive and Straw Hat pizza parlor. The locations of the former and existing underground storage tanks (USTs), service islands, and other pertinent onsite features are shown on Plate 2, Generalized Site Plan. The site is at an elevation of approximately 321 feet above mean sea level.

2.2 Regional Geology and Hydrogeology

The site is in the north-central portion of the Livermore Valley, within the Coast Ranges Geomorphic Province of Northern California. The Livermore Valley is approximately 13



miles long in an east-west direction, approximately 4 miles wide, and surrounded by hills of the Diablo Range. The valley slopes gently toward the west. The principal streams in the area are Arroyo Valley Creek and Arroyo Mocho Creek, which flow toward the western end of the valley. Arroyo Mocho Creek is approximately 2 miles north of the site, and Arroyo Valley Creek is approximately ½-mile north of the site.

Livermore Valley is underlain by sediments, water-bearing rocks, and non-water-bearing rocks. The sediments and water-bearing units comprise the Livermore Valley groundwater basin and include valley-fill materials, the Tassajara Formation, and the Livermore Formation (California Department of Water Resources, 1966, 1974). The Livermore Valley groundwater basin is divided into sub-basins on the basis of fault traces or other hydrologic discontinuities (California Department of Water Resources, 1974). The groundwater system in Livermore Valley is a multilayered system with an unconfined aquifer overlying a sequence of leaky or semi-confined aquifers. Groundwater in the basin flows downslope toward the east-west-trending axis of the valley and then flows generally to the west (Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District - Zone 7, 1991). Local groundwater flow is to the northwest based on groundwater monitoring data collected at the site (RESNA, September 10, 1992).

3.0 PREVIOUS WORK

Prior to the present investigation, RESNA (formerly Applied GeoSystems [AGS]) performed environmental investigations and subsequent limited subsurface investigations related to the removal and replacement of three gasoline USTs and one used-oil UST, installation of monitoring and vapor extraction wells, and the installation and operation of soil-vapor extraction and groundwater treatment systems. The results of these investigations are presented in the reports listed in the references section. Quarterly groundwater monitoring



began in April 1988. A detailed history of previous work is presented in Appendix B, Previous Environmental Work.

4.0 FIELD WORK

4.1 Drilling

The well construction permit was acquired from the Alameda County Water District (ACWD), prior to drilling. A copy of the permit is included in Appendix C, Drilling Permit. To check the soil boring locations for the presence of underground utilities prior to drilling, RESNA pre-marked the exploratory boring locations, contacted Underground Service Alert (USA), and contracted with Cruz Brothers, a subsurface locator.

Four borings (B-16 through B-19) were drilled on December 1 and 2, 1993, in areas of the site where the highest hydrocarbon concentrations had been found during previous investigations. The locations of borings B-16 through B-19 are shown on Plate 2. A summary of the field procedures used by RESNA are included in Appendix A.

4.2 Soil Sampling and Description

Borings B-16 through B-19 were drilled to depths ranging from 54 to 55½ feet. In all borings, soil samples were collected at intervals of approximately five feet or less, beginning at the 5-foot-depth interval. Soil samples were screened in the field for the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons using a photoionization Organic Vapor Meter (OVM). Samples were described using the Unified Soil Classification System (see Appendix D, Unified Soil Classification System and Symbol Key and Logs of Borings).



Subsurface materials encountered in borings B-16 through B-19 consist primarily of silty clay to clayer silt, interbedded with clayer sand to sandy gravel (see Plates D3 through D9 in Appendix D, and Plates 3 through 5, Geologic Cross Sections A-A', B-B', and C-C'). Locations of geologic cross sections are shown on Plate 2.

Based on subsurface information from this and previous investigations, soil stratigraphy beneath the site consists of an uppermost unsaturated, silty clay to clayer silt unit which extended to depths of approximately 3 to 11 feet. This unit was underlain by an unsaturated, silty sand to medium-grained sand to depths ranging from 6 to 13 feet, which was in turn underlain by an unsaturated unit similar to the uppermost unit to depths of approximately 36 to 41 feet. Below this fine-grained unit was an unsaturated, clayer sand to gravel unit to depths of approximately 54 to 60 feet, which was in turn underlain by an unsaturated, silty clay to clayer silt unit to depths of approximately 62 to 68 feet. Below this was a saturated silty sand to sandy gravel to a depth of approximately 74 feet, which was in turn underlain by an unsaturated clay to silty clay to a depth of approximately 121 feet. From a depth of 121 to 139 feet was a saturated silty sand to gravel.

Subjective evidence of gasoline hydrocarbons in the soil was noted and recorded on the boring logs of B-16 through B-19 during drilling. Field OVM readings of samples from borings B-16 through B-19 are listed on the boring logs in the column labeled PID (photoionization detector), and are considered an approximate magnitude of petroleum hydrocarbons present in the soil.

4.3 Stockpile Soil Sampling

During drilling, soil cuttings from the borings were stockpiled onsite pending disposal. Soils were placed on and covered with 6 millimeter visquene. Four soil samples were collected

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from the soil stockpile on December 2, 1993. A description of the sampling protocol is included in Appendix A.

5.0 SITE SURVEY

On January 17, 1993, the boring locations were surveyed by Ron Archer Civil Engineer, Inc., of Pleasanton, California, a licensed land surveyor. The results of this survey are included in Appendix E, Boring Location Survey.

6.0 LABORATORY METHODS

6.1 Soil Samples

Soil samples from soil borings B-16 through B-19 were submitted to PACE Incorporated Laboratories (PACE) (California State Certification Number 1282) in Novato, California, for laboratory analyses for the gasoline constituents benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (BTEX), and total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg) using modified Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Methods 5030/8015/8020. These soil samples were selected for laboratory analyses based on:

- o areas where the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons were suspected; and
- o five-foot intervals and/or change in stratigraphic unit.



6.2 Stockpile Soil Samples

The four soil samples collected on December 2, 1993, from the stockpile were sent to PACE for compositing and analyses for BTEX and TPHg using modified EPA Methods 5030/8015/8020, cyanide reactivity using EPA Solid Waste Method SW846 7.3.3.2, sulfide reactivity using EPA Solid Waste Method SW846 7.3.4.1, corrosivity using EPA Method 9040, ignitability using modified EPA Method 1010, and soluble threshold limit concentration (STLC) lead using EPA method 6010/200.7.

7.0 LABORATORY RESULTS

7.1 Soil Analyses

Results of laboratory analyses of soil samples are summarized in Table 1, Results of Laboratory Analysis of Soil Samples. Copies of laboratory reports and chain of custody documents for soil samples obtained during this investigation are included in Appendix F, Laboratory Analysis Reports and Chain of Custody Record.

Laboratory analyses reports of soil samples from borings B-16 through B-19 indicate:

- O TPHg and BTEX concentrations were not detected at the laboratory method detection limits (MDLs) of 1.0 parts per million (ppm) and 0.005 ppm, respectively, in boring B-18 at all sampled depths;
- O TPHg concentrations were not detected at the MDL in borings B-16 and B-19, except for 1.1 ppm at 15 feet in boring B-16;
- BTEX concentrations were not detected at the MDL in borings B-16 and B-19 except at depths of 20 and 24½ feet in B-16, and depths of 30 and 35 feet in B-19. In these samples, benzene concentrations ranged from 0.0095 ppm (B-16 at 24½ feet) to 0.094 ppm (B-19 at 30 feet); toluene was detected



at a concentration of 0.027 ppm in B-19 at 30 feet; ethylbenzene concentrations ranged from 0.038 ppm and 0.044 ppm (B-19 at 30 and 35 feet, respectively); and total xylenes concentrations ranged from 0.0066 ppm (B-19 at 35 feet) to 0.011 ppm (B-16 at 20 feet);

TPHg and BTEX concentrations were not detected at their respective laboratory MDLs in boring B-17 at 4½ and 54½ feet. TPHg concentrations in boring B-17 ranged from not detected at the laboratory MDL at 4½ feet to 1,100 ppm at 45 feet. The highest BTEX concentrations were 14 ppm benzene, 42 ppm toluene, 19 ppm ethylbenzene, and 80 ppm total xylenes at 15 feet. The lowest BTEX concentrations were benzene not detected at the laboratory MDL, and 0.013 ppm toluene, 0.0066 ppm ethylbenzene, and 0.036 ppm total xylenes at 49½ feet.

7.2 Stockpile Soil Analyses

Laboratory analytical results of the composited soil sample from the stockpile indicted concentrations of 66 ppm TPHg, 0.037 ppm of benzene, 1.3 ppm toluene, 1.1 ppm ethylbenzene, 5.0 ppm total xylenes, a pH of 7.5, less than 0.5 ppm reactive cyanide, less than 0.5 ppm reactive sulfide, less than 1.0 ppm lead, and a flashpoint of greater than 60°C.

The 5 cubic yard stockpile was removed on January 20, 1994, by Dillard Environmental Services and taken to BFI Landfill in Livermore, California. Documentation of soil removal are presented in Appendix G, Soil Removal Records.

8.0 DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

Borings B-16 through B-19 were drilled at selected locations to evaluate whether the current vapor extraction system at the site has been effective at removing residual gasoline hydrocarbon concentrations in the soil, to evaluate areas where previous borings indicated soil impacted by gasoline hydrocarbons, and to evaluate gasoline hydrocarbon concentrations



in an area where soil samples from the previous boring were not submitted for laboratory analysis. The following is a discussion of these confirmation borings.

Borings B-16 and B-17 were drilled in the area of existing monitoring well MW-9. Laboratory analytical results of soil samples collected during the installation of MW-9 in September 1989, indicated the presence of TPHg concentrations ranging from 9.3 ppm to 6,200 ppm between the depths of 5 and 40 feet (AGS, April 5, 1990). In addition, liquid-phase hydrocarbons and sheen were noted on the groundwater in well MW-9 in June 1990. The results of the current investigation indicate that gasoline hydrocarbon concentrations in the soil in the vicinity well MW-9 may have decreased. Analytical results of soil samples collected from borings B-16 and B-17 indicated the following: TPHg was not detected in boring B-16 at the MDL of 1.0 ppm, except for the presence of 1.1 ppm TPHg at a depth of 15 feet; and TPHg was not detected in boring B-17 at the MDL at depths of 4½ and 54½ feet. However, TPHg was detected in boring B-17 between the depths of 10 and 49½ feet at concentrations ranging from 8.7 ppm to 1,100 ppm. Therefore, it appears that residual gasoline hydrocarbon concentrations in the vicinity of well MW-9 have decreased since the well was installed.

Boring B-18 was drilled in the area of existing well MW-4, which was drilled and installed in April 1988. Because soil samples from well MW-4 were not submitted for laboratory analyses (AGS, April 22, 1988), boring B-18 was drilled and sampled for analyses to evaluate whether the soil in the vicinity of well MW-4 had been impacted by gasoline hydrocarbons. The results of the current investigation indicate that soil in the vicinity well MW-4 does not appear to have been impacted by gasoline hydrocarbons. Analytical results of soil samples collected from boring B-18 indicated TPHg was not detected at the MDL of 1 ppm.



Boring B-19 was drilled in the area of former monitoring well MW-2. When MW-2 was installed in 1988 (AGS, April 22, 1988), it appeared that soil in the vicinity of well MW-2 had not been impacted by gasoline hydrocarbons since laboratory analytical results of a soil sample collected indicated TPHg was not detected at the MDL of 2 ppm. However, 3 inches of liquid-phase hydrocarbons were present on the groundwater in well MW-2 during installation. Well MW-2 was destroyed approximately 3 months after it was installed because it was in the area of excavation for removal of the gasoline underground storage tanks (USTs). Therefore, it was not possible to adequately evaluate the presence of gasoline hydrocarbons in the groundwater at this location. The results of the current investigation indicate that soil in the vicinity well MW-2 does not appear to have been impacted by gasoline hydrocarbons since analytical results of soil samples collected from boring B-19 indicated TPHg was not detected at the MDL of 1 ppm.

Boring B-19 was also used as a confirmation boring in the vicinity of boring B-4, which was drilled and sampled in April 1988 (AGS, April 22, 1988). Laboratory analytical results of soils samples from B-4 indicated TPHg concentrations of 965 ppm at a depth of 20 feet and 3 ppm at a depth of 28 feet. Due to the canopy in the vicinity of boring B-4, locating a confirmation boring adjacent to boring B-4 was not possible. Therefore, B-19 was also used as a confirmation boring for B-4. As previously mentioned, analytical results of soil samples collected from B-19 indicated TPHg was not detected at the MDL of 1 ppm. Therefore, boring B-19 may not be an adequate data source for determining the impact of residual gasoline hydrocarbons in the vicinity of boring B-4.

In summary, laboratory results from soil samples collected from the confirmation borings drilled during the current investigation indicated the soil in the vicinity of former monitoring well MW-2 (boring B-19) and existing monitoring well MW-4 (boring B-18) has not been impacted by gasoline hydrocarbons. However, laboratory results from soil samples collected from the confirmation borings drilled in the vicinity of monitoring well MW-9 (borings B-16).



and B-17) indicated the soil remains impacted by residual gasoline hydrocarbons. Although residual gasoline hydrocarbons remain in the soil, the soil vapor extraction system appears to have decreased concentrations near well MW-9. In addition, laboratory results from soil samples collected near boring B-4 are inconclusive because boring B-19 was not located adjacent to boring B-4. Therefore, it is not known whether soil in the vicinity of boring B-4 remains impacted by residual gasoline hydrocarbons.

9.0 LIMITATIONS

This report was prepared in accordance with generally accepted standards of environmental geological practice in California at the time this investigation was performed. This investigation was conducted solely for the purpose of evaluating the concentrations of gasoline hydrocarbons in the subsurface soil to evaluate the vapor extraction system hydrocarbon removal efficiency. No soil engineering or geotechnical references are implied or should be inferred. Evaluation of the geologic conditions at the site for the purpose of this investigation is made from a limited number of observation points. Subsurface conditions may vary away from the data points available. This report has been prepared solely for Exxon Company, U.S.A. and any reliance on this report by third parties shall be at such party's sole risk.



10.0 REFERENCES

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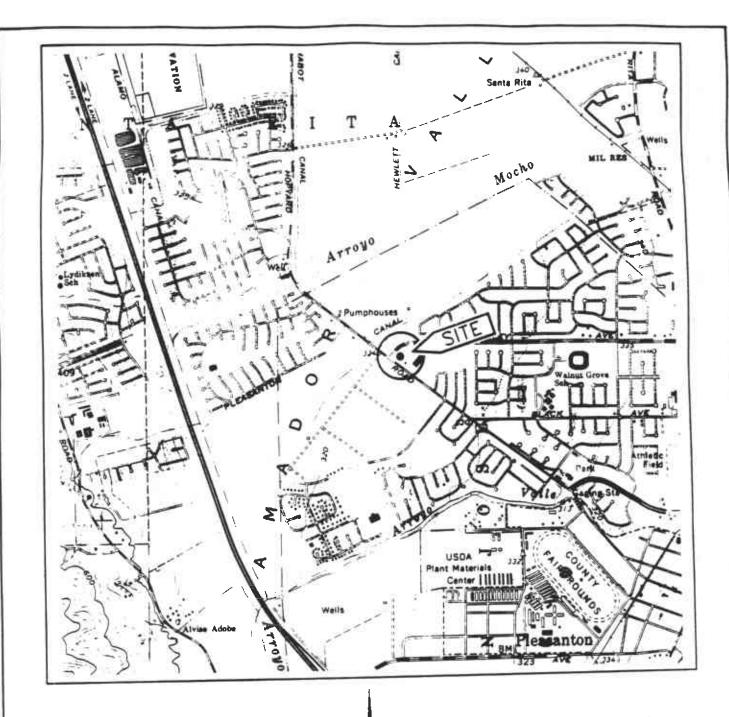
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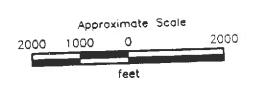
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RESNA Industries Inc. November 30, 1993. Site Safety Plan for Interim Remediation Investigation at Exxon Station No. 7-3399, 2991 Hopyard Road, Pleasanton, California. 130009.



Source: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5—Minute Quadrangle Dublin, California Photorevised 1980

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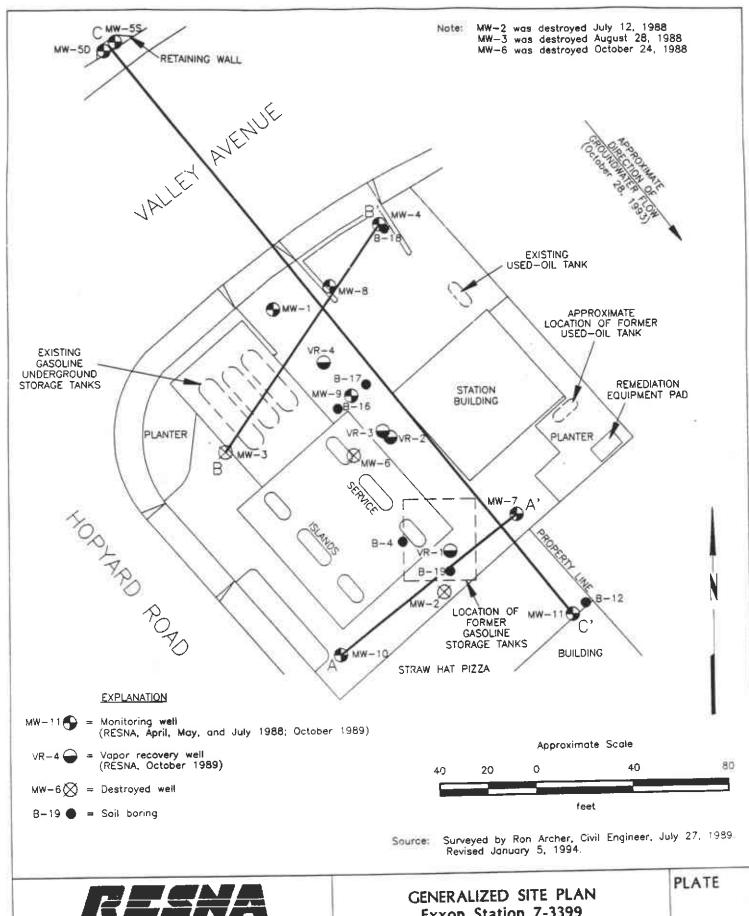


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SITE VICINITY MAP Exxon Station 7-3399 2991 Hopyard Road Pleasanton, California PLATE

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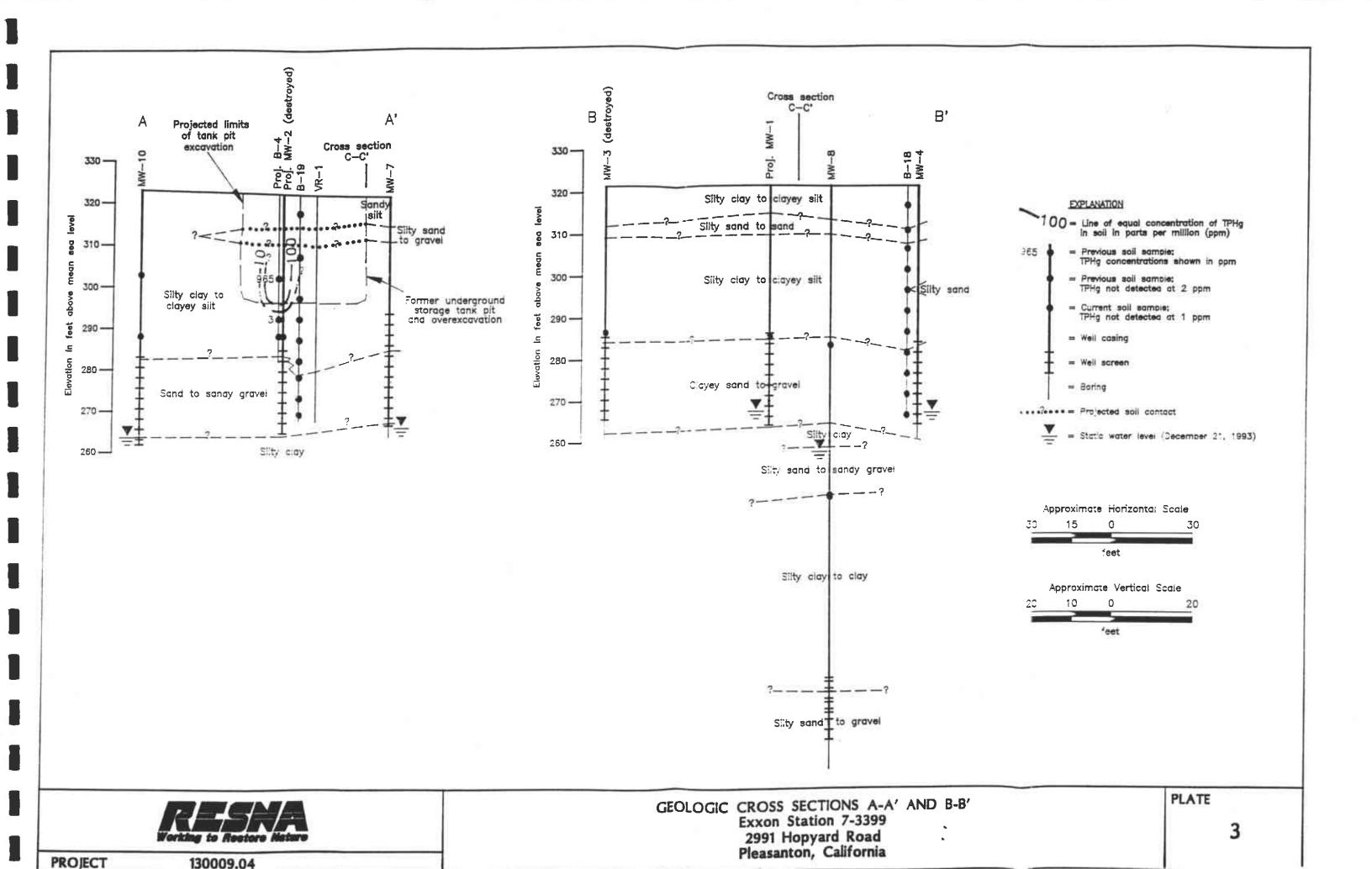
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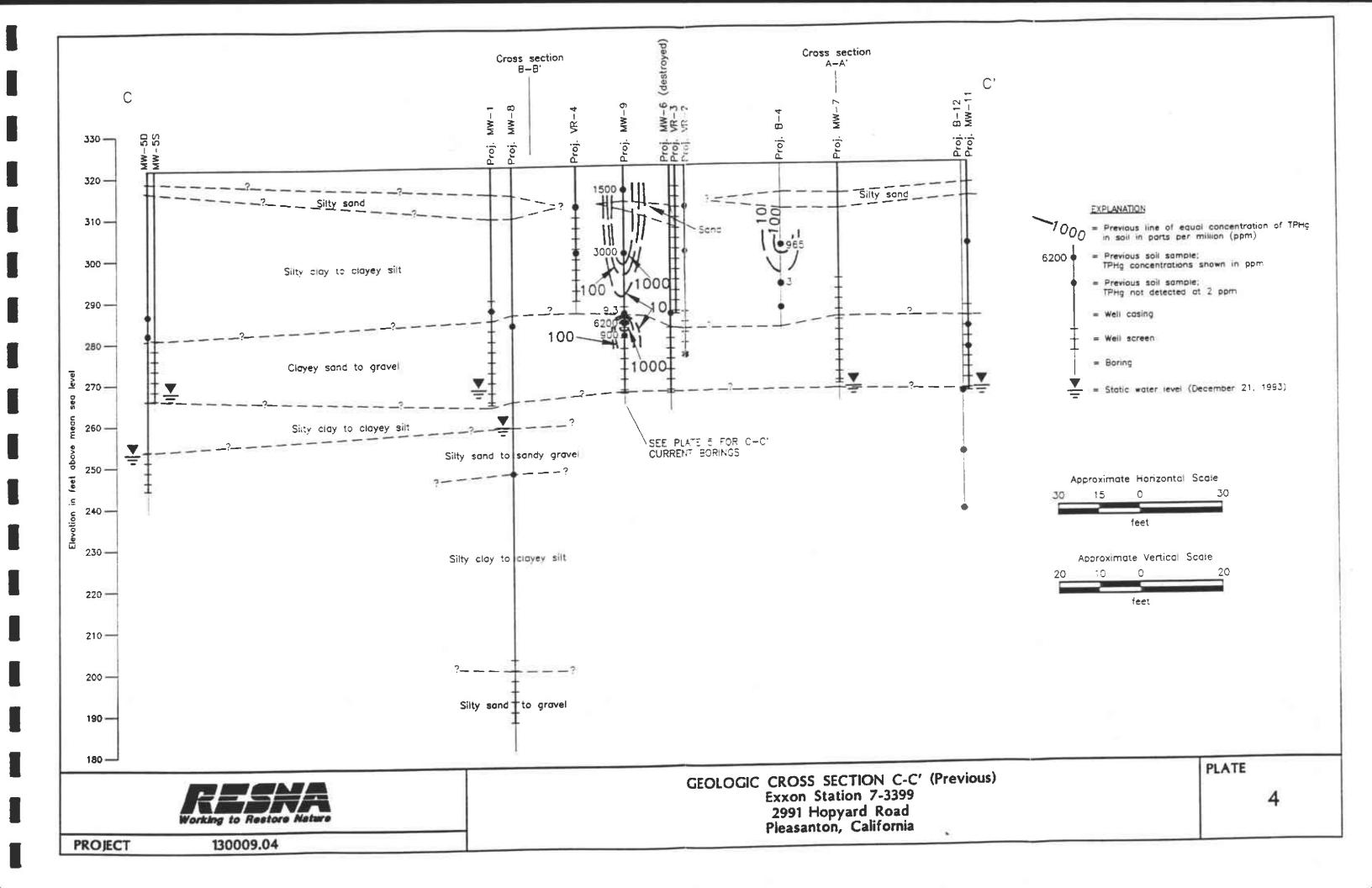
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GENERALIZED SITE PLAN
Exxon Station 7-3399
2991 Hopyard Road
Pleasanton, California

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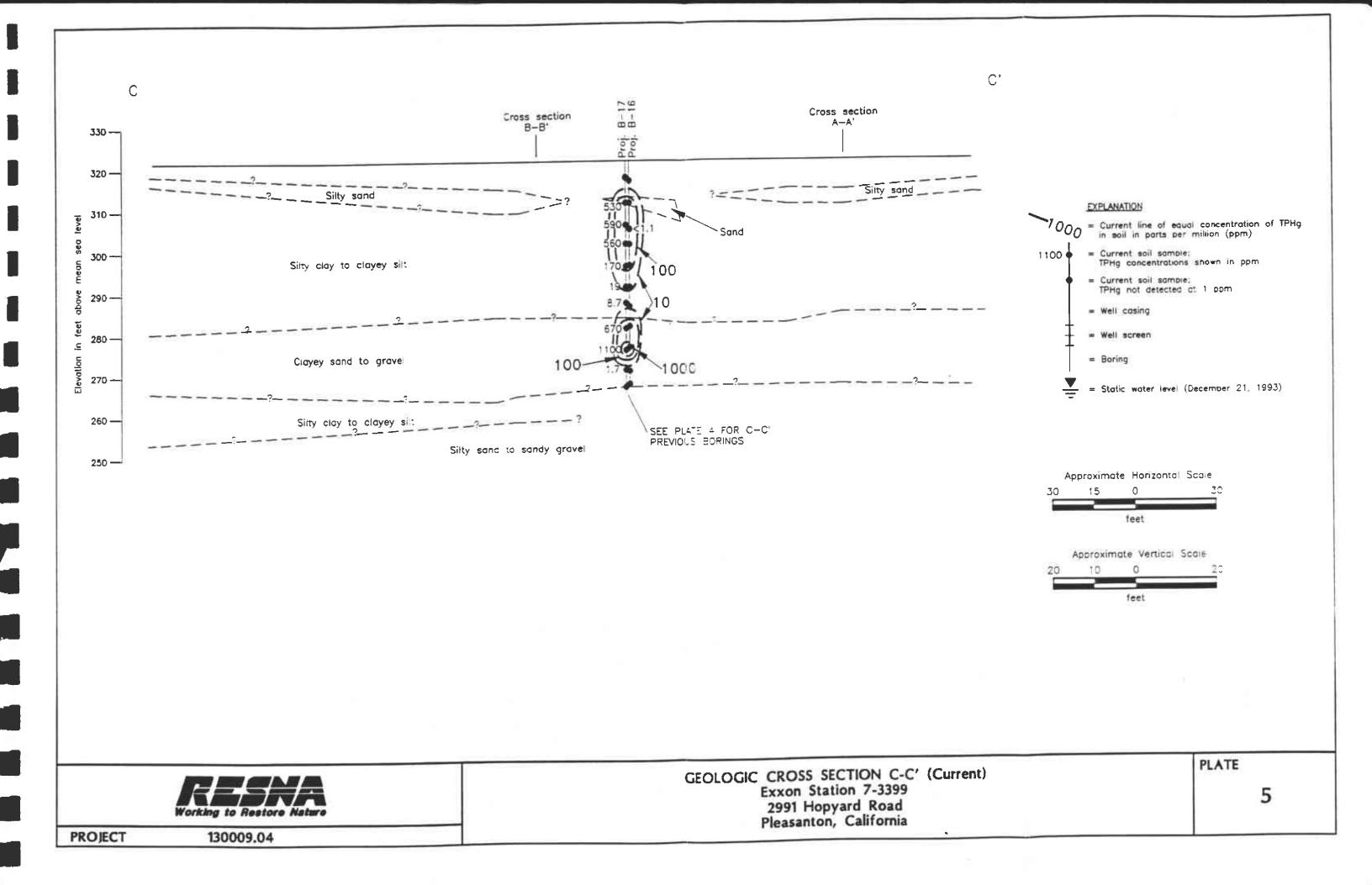




TABLE 1 RESULTS OF LABORATORY ANALYSES OF SOIL SAMPLES Exxon Station 7-3399 Pleasanton, California (Page 1 of 4)

	TPHg	В	T	E	X
			parts per mimon .		
April 1988					
5-34½- B 1 (MW-1)	<2.0	NA	NA	NA	NA
S-34½-B2 (MW-2)	<2.0	NA	NA	NA.	NA
5-35- B 3 (MW-3)	< 2.0	NA	NA	NA	NA
S-19½- B4	965	NA	NA	NA	NA
5-291/2-B4	3	NA	NA	NA	NA
S-34½-B4	< 2.0	NA	NA	NA	NA
S-35-B5 (MW-5)	< 2.0-	NA	NA	NA	NA
s-40-B5 (MW-5)	<2.0	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050
S-36-B6 (MW-6)	<2.0	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050
1989					
S-38½-MW8	< 2.0	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050
5-74-MW8	<2.0	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050
S-6-MW9	1500	4.9	40	26	150
	3000	23	1230	51	240
5-36-MW9	9.3	0.89	0.37	0.16	0.40
S-38-MW9	6200	100	560	150	720
5-41-MW9	900	3.6	42	18	90
S-20-MW10	< 2.0	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050
S-35-MW10	< 2.0	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050
S-20 -B 11	<2.0	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	0.087
S-40-B11	<2.0	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050
S-45-B11	< 2.0	< 0.050	0.059	< 0.050	< 0.050

See notes on page 4 of 4.



TABLE 1 RESULTS OF LABORATORY ANALYSES OF SOIL SAMPLES Exxon Station 7-3399 Pleasanton, California

(Page 2 of 4)

	TPHg	В	T	E	X
	<		parts per million		>
1989 (cont.)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				,
S-55-B12	< 2.0	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	0.060
S-70-B12	< 2.0	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050
S-84- B 12	< 2.0	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	0.051
December 1993	<u>3</u> .				
S-4½-B16	<1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-10- B16	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-15-B16	1.100	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-20-B16	< 1.000	0.031	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	0.011
S-241/2-B16	< 1.000	0.0095	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-30-B16	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-35-B16	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-391/2-B16	<1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-45-B16	<1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-50-B16	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-54-B16	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-4½-B17	<1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-10-B17	530.000	0.210	5.100	7.000	63.000
S-15-B17	590.000	14.000	42.000	19.000	80.000
S-19½-B17	560.000	5.100	28.000	16.000	70.000
S-241/2-B17	170.000	2.300	12.000	5.400	26.000
S-30-B17	19.000	1.400	3.100	0.530	2.800
S-341/2-B17	8.700	1,500	2.000	0.650	2.000
S-39½-B17	670.000	2,700	17.000	11.000	71.000
S-45-B17	1100	< 0.050	0.200	0.530	6.700
S-49½-B17	1.700	< 0.0050	0.013	0.0066	0.036
S-541/2-B17	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-5-B18	<1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-10-B18	<1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050
S-15-B18	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0056
S-20-B18	<1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050

See notes on page 4 of 4.



TABLE 1 RESULTS OF LABORATORY ANALYSES OF SOIL SAMPLES

Exxon Station 7-3399 Pleasanton, California (Page 3 of 4)

	TPHg <	B	T parts per million.	E	>		
December 1993	(cont.)	<u> </u>					
S-25-B18	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-30-B18	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-35-B18	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-391/2-B18	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-45-B18	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-491/2-B18	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-54½-B18	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-5-B19	<1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-15-B19	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-251/2-B19	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-30-B19	< 1.000	0.094	0.027	0.038	0.072		
S-35-B19	< 1.000	0.057	< 0.0050	0.044	0.0066		
S-40-B19	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-441/2-B19	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-491/2-B19	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
S-53-B19	< 1.000	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050		
SP-	66.000	0.370	1.300	1.100	5.000		
A+B+C+D	7.5 pH, <0.5 ppm reactive cyanide, >60 °C flash point, <0.5 ppm reactive sulfide, lead						

See notes on page 4 of 4.



TABLE 1

RESULTS OF LABORATORY ANALYSES OF SOIL SAMPLES

Exxon Station 7-3399 Pleasanton, California (Page 4 of 4)

< : Less than the laboratory detection limit.

NA : Not Analyzed.

TPHg : Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline analyzed using modified EPA method

3550/8015.

B : Benzene.
T : Toluene.
E : Ethylbenzene.
X : total Xylene isomers.

BTEX: Analyzed using modified EPA methods 5030/8020.

Sample designation:

S-53-B19

Boring number

Sample depth in feet below the ground surface

Soil sample

SP-A+B+C+D

Stockpile Composite Sample



TABLE 2 CUMULATIVE RESULTS OF INFLUENT AND EFFLUENT VAPOR SAMPLES Exxon Station 7-3399 Pleasanton, California (Page 1 of 1)

Date	Sample	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- benzene	Total Xylenes
11/30/90	influent	1800*	19*	21*	15*	52*
12/14/90	influent	1.4	< 0.0001	0.0005	0.0003	0.0008
12/17/90	influent	0.20	0.0024	0.016	0.0010	0.0026
	effluent	< 0.05	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	< 0.0005
12/28/90	influent	< 0.05	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	< 0.0005
•	effluent	< 0.05	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	< 0.0005
01/04/91	influent	0.94	0.013	0.0005	0.0006	0.0015
01/14/91	influent	1.2	0.0023	0.0013	0.0009	0.0039
01/28/91	influent	0.96	0.028	0.0008	0.0005	0.0005
02/28/91			System Inopera	ative		
03/18/91	influent	0.91	0.0037	0.0015	0.0018	0.0091
04/22/91			System Inopera	ative		
05/03/91	influent	0.62	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	0.0009
06/20/91	influent	0.49	0.026	0.041	0.0089	0.050
10/12/92	influent	97*	<0.5*	0.7*	<0.5*	0.7*
	between canisters	< 50*	<0.5*	<0.5*	<0.5*	1.0*
	effluent	< 50*	<0.5*	<0.5*	<0.5*	0.7*
09/15/93	influent	< 50**	<0.5**	2.3**	1.2**	3.7**
	effluent	< 50**	< 0.5**	2.7**	1.0**	3.1**
	VR-1	< 50**	< 0.5**	3.8**	1.2**	4.0**
	VR-1 + VR-2	< 50**	<0.5**	1.3**	1.2**	4.0**
	VR-1 + VR-3	< 50**	<0.5**	2.0**	0.8**	2.1**
	VR-1 + VR-4	< 50**	<0.5**	2.1**	1.1**	3.3**
	VR-1 + MW-1	<50**	<0.5**	1.6**	1.3**	4.1**

Notes:

Results are in parts per million per volume (ppmv)

< : Less than the method detection limit.

TPHg : total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline analyzed by modified EPA method 5030/8015.

* : Results in milligrams per cubic meter (mg/m³).

** : Results in micrograms per liter (μ/L) .

VR-1: Vapor extraction well 1.
VR-2: Vapor extraction well 2.
VR-3: Vapor extraction well 3.
VR-4: Vapor extraction well 4.

MW-1: Groundwater monitoring well 1.



APPENDIX A FIELD PROTOCOL



FIELD PROTOCOL

The following presents RESNA Industries' field protocol for a typical site investigation involving gasoline hydrocarbon-impacted soil and/or groundwater.

Site Safety Plan

The Site Safety Plan describes the safety requirements for the evaluation of gasoline hydrocarbons in soil, groundwater, and the vadose-zone at the site. The site Safety Plan is applicable to personnel of RESNA Industries and its subcontractors. RESNA Industries personnel and subcontractors of RESNA Industries scheduled to perform the work at the site are briefed on the contents of the Site Safety Plan before work begins. A copy of the Site Safety Plan is available for reference by appropriate parties during the work. A site Safety Officer is assigned to the project.

Sampling of Stockpiled Soil

One composite soil sample is collected for each 50 cubic yards of stockpiled soil, and for each individual stockpile composed of less than 50 cubic yards. Composite soil samples are obtained by first evaluating relatively high, average, and low areas of hydrocarbon concentration by digging approximately one to two feet into the stockpile and placing the intake probe of a field calibrated OVM against the surface of the soil; and then collecting one sample from the "high" reading area, and three samples from the "average" areas. Field instruments such as the OVM are useful for measuring relative concentrations of vapor content, but cannot be used to measure levels of gasoline hydrocarbons with the accuracy of laboratory analysis. Samples are collected by removing the top one to two feet of soil, then driving laboratory-cleaned brass sleeves into the soil. The samples are sealed in the sleeves using aluminum foil, plastic caps, and plastic zip-lock bags or aluminized duct tape; labeled; and promptly placed in iced storage for transport to the laboratory, where compositing is performed.

Soil Borings

Prior to the drilling of borings and construction of monitoring wells, permits are acquired from the appropriate regulatory agency. In addition to the above-mentioned permits, encroachment permits from the City or State are acquired if drilling of borings offsite on City or State property is necessary. Copies of the permits are included in the appendix of the project report. Prior to drilling, Underground Service Alert (USA) is notified of our intent to drill, and known underground utility lines and structures are approximately marked.



The borings are drilled by a truck-mounted drill rig equipped with 8- or 10-inch-diameter, solid-stem or hollow-stem augers. Other methods such as rotary or casing hammer may be used if special conditions are encountered. The augers, sampling equipment and other equipment that comes into contact with the soil are steam-cleaned prior to drilling each boring to minimize the possibility of cross-contamination. Sampling equipment is cleaned with a trisodium phosphate solution and rinsed with clean water between samples. After drilling the borings, monitoring wells are constructed in the borings, or neat-cement grout with bentonite is used to backfill the borings to the ground surface.

Borings for groundwater monitoring wells are drilled to a depth of no more than 20 feet below the depth at which a saturated zone is first encountered, or a short distance into a stratum beneath the saturated zone which is of sufficient texture, moisture, and consistency to be judged as a perching layer by the field geologist, whichever is shallower. Drilling into a deeper aquifer below the shallowest aquifer is begun only after a conductor casing is properly installed and allowed to set, to seal the shallow aquifer.

Drill Cuttings

Drill cuttings subjectively evaluated as containing gasoline hydrocarbons at levels greater than 100 parts per million (ppm) are separated from those subjectively evaluated as containing gasoline hydrocarbons at levels less than 100 ppm. Evaluation is based either on subjective evidence of soil discoloration, or on measurements made using a field calibrated OVM. Readings are taken by placing a soil sample into a ziplock-type plastic bag and allowing volatilization to occur. The intake probe of the OVM is then inserted into the headspace created in the plastic bag immediately after opening it. The drill cuttings from the borings are placed in labeled 55-gallon drums approved by the Department of Transportation, or on plastic at the site, and covered with plastic. The cuttings remain the responsibility of the client.

Soil Sampling in Borings

Soil samples are collected at no greater than 5-foot intervals from the ground surface to the total depth of the borings. The soil samples are collected by advancing the boring to a point immediately above the sampling depth, and then driving a California-modified, split-spoon sampler containing brass sleeves through the hollow center of the auger into the soil. (A standard penetrometer, which does not contain liners, may be used to collect samples when laboratory analysis for volatile components is not an issue. The sampler and brass sleeves are laboratory-cleaned, steam-cleaned, or washed thoroughly with Alconox® and water, prior to each use. The sampler is driven with a standard 140-pound hammer repeatedly dropped 30 inches. The number of blows to drive the sampler each successive six inches are counted and recorded to evaluate the relative consistency of the soil. When necessary, the sampler



may be pushed by the drill rig hydraulics. In this case, the pressure exerted (in pounds per square inch) is recorded.

The samples selected for laboratory analysis are removed from the sampler and quickly sealed in their brass sleeves with aluminum foil, plastic caps, and plastic zip-lock bags or aluminized duct tape. The samples are then labeled, promptly placed in iced storage, and delivered to a laboratory certified by the State of California to perform the analyses requested.

One of the samples in brass sleeves not selected for laboratory analysis at each sampling interval is tested in the field using an OVM that is field calibrated at the beginning of each day it is used. This testing is performed by inserting the intake probe of the OVM into the headspace in the plastic bag containing the soil sample as described in the Drill Cuttings section above. The OVM readings are presented in Logs of Borings included in the project report.

Logging of Borings

A geologist is present to log the soil cuttings and samples using the Unified Soil Classification System. Samples not selected for chemical analysis, and the soil in the sampler shoe, are extruded in the field for inspection. Logs include texture, color, moisture, plasticity, consistency, blow counts, and any other characteristics noted. Logs also include subjective evidence for the presence of gasoline hydrocarbons, such as soil staining, noticeable or obvious product odor, and OVM readings.

Sample Labeling and Handling

Sample containers are labeled in the field with the job number, unique sample location, depth, and date, and promptly placed in iced storage for transport to the laboratory. A Chain of Custody Record is initiated by the field geologist and updated throughout handling of the samples, and accompanies the samples to a laboratory certified by the State of California for the analyses requested. Samples are transported to the laboratory promptly to help ensure that recommended sample holding times are not exceeded. Samples are properly disposed of after their useful life has expired.



APPENDIX B PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL WORK



PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL WORK

Well Installation

Applied GeoSystems (AGS) performed an initial investigation that included installing groundwater monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-4, drilling boring B-4, performing a soil vapor survey, sampling groundwater, and removing liquid-phase hydrocarbons (AGS, April 22, 1988). Approximately 3 inches of liquid-phase petroleum hydrocarbons were present in well MW-2 when it was installed on April 2, 1988. A product skimmer-pump that removes product from the well was installed between April 7 and June 1, 1988. Approximately 55 gallons of product were skimmed from the water in well MW-2 during this time. Minor amounts of product were bailed from well MW-2 between June 1 and June 17, 1988. An additional boring (B-4) was drilled adjacent to the tank where the gasoline release occurred. Boring B-4 was drilled to a depth of 40 feet deep to evaluate gasoline hydrocarbons in the soil beneath the reported release point. Soil samples from depths of 1914, 2914, and 3414 feet were submitted for laboratory analysis for total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg). The results indicated TPHg concentrations of 965 parts per million (ppm), 3 ppm, and less than 2 ppm, at the respective depths. A soil vapor survey was performed on April 7 and 14, 1988, which included testing soil vapor concentrations from 17 points on the site at depths of 10, 20, and 33 feet. Vapor concentrations greater than 1,000 ppm benzene and toluene were found only at 10 feet near the former tank pit. Vapor concentrations between 242 and 614 ppm were found at 10 feet near former product lines.

A second subsurface investigation (AGS, July 15, 1988; August 17, 1988) was performed which included installing groundwater monitoring wells MW-5s, MW-5d, MW-6, and recovery well MW-7, conducting two pumping tests, sampling groundwater, and commencing groundwater extraction.

AGS collected unsaturated soil samples for laboratory testing when the borings were being drilled for groundwater monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-6. One soil sample from each boring, collected within the depth interval between 34½ and 40 feet, was submitted for testing for TPHg. Concentrations of TPHg were not detected. Soil samples were not taken during drilling of well MW-7.

Vapor recovery well VR-1 was installed in the former tank pit (AGS, October 10, 1988). The boring was drilled to a depth of approximately 30 feet (the depth to the base of the excavated pit). The vapor recovery well was constructed of 4-inch-diameter, Schedule 40 PVC casing. The 0.020-slotted casing was set from 30 feet to 10 feet below the ground surface.



During September and October 1989, AGS drilled five borings (B-8 through B-12) and installed four groundwater monitoring wells (MW-8 through MW-11) (AGS, April 5, 1990). Well MW-8 was installed to monitor the aquifer that is present at the top of the slotted casing (approximately 120 feet below ground surface) of the City of Pleasanton Municipal Well No. 7. The boring for this double-cased well was drilled to a depth of approximately 140 feet. The well was constructed using 8-inch-diameter steel conductor casing from 2 to 93 feet below ground surface, and 4-inch-diameter slotted PVC casing from the total depth of the well at 133 feet to 118 feet. On October 11, 1989, recovery well MW-7 was drilled out and replaced with a 5-inch-diameter well to accommodate downhole equipment and water level measurements.

AGS observed the drilling and installation of three vapor recovery wells (VR-2 through VR-4) on November 20 and 21, 1989 (AGS, April 5, 1990). The wells were drilled to delineate the extent and concentrations of hydrocarbons found when installing groundwater monitoring well MW-9.

Pumping Tests

Two pumping tests were performed in June 1988 (AGS, July 15, 1988). The first test (June 23 through 24, 1988) involved pumping water from well MW-2 for over 21 hours and monitoring the water levels in wells MW-1, MW-3 through MW-6, and Municipal Well No. 7, located approximately 275 feet northwest of the subject site. On the first day of the test, liquid-phase hydrocarbons were measured in well MW-2 at a thickness of 1½ inches. No liquid-phase hydrocarbons were found in any other wells. The drawdown in Municipal Well No. 7 during the pumping test did not correspond to the drawdown in the shallow observation wells. The reason for the difference in drawdown was most likely due to isolation from deeper aquifer(s) from which water is drawn by Municipal Well No. 7. The radius of influence of pumping from well MW-2 was approximately 680 feet. Approximately 2 weeks after the pumping test, a slight sheen on the water in well MW-2 was noted.

The second test (June 28 through 29, 1988) involved pumping from Municipal Well No. 7 for slightly more than 29 hours while monitoring water levels in wells MW-1 through MW-6. The resulting water level fluctuations in the wells, which coincided among the six wells, were probably related to changes in the barometric pressure during the day and night and not related to pumping from Municipal Well No. 7. This information supported data from the first pump test indicating that the two uppermost aquifers were not hydraulically connected to the deeper aquifers penetrated by Municipal Well No. 7.



Groundwater Treatment System

A groundwater treatment system was installed in June 1988 to treat groundwater pumped from well MW-2 (AGS, August 17, 1988). Approximately 25,550 gallons were pumped, treated, and discharged to the sanitary sewer. The initial treatment system included an oil/water separator followed by two 1,000-pound carbon canisters placed in series. When well MW-2 was destroyed on July 12, 1988, the treatment system was relocated to pump from recovery well MW-7.

Pumping from well MW-7 began on July 14, 1988, and continued until September 1, 1988. Groundwater was pumped at approximately 20 gallons per minute (gpm) during operation for a total of approximately 975,000 gallons. Groundwater was discharged to the sewer under Wastewater Discharge Permit No. 5541-001 issued by the Dublin-San Ramon Services District (DSRSD) (AGS, July 15, 1988; August 17, 1988). The DSRSD extended the term of the permit through September 30, 1989, with revised conditions allowing the carbon filtration system to be removed and a maximum TPHg concentration of 15 ppm to be discharged.

The groundwater treatment system was shut down on September 1, 1988, disassembled on October 17, 1988, and moved offsite to avoid damage when the site was graded. Trenches were excavated and groundwater discharge and electrical lines were installed on December 16, 1988. L & L Construction of Antioch, California, installed the groundwater remediation system on the approximately 14-foot-square concrete pad between January 25 and 27, 1989. Pumping groundwater resumed on February 9, 1989.

The groundwater recovery system included a 5-horsepower, 3½ inch-diameter submersible pump (capacity rating of approximately 60 gallons per minute), which was suspended in recovery well MW-7. Groundwater was directed through a 2-inch-diameter polyvinyl chloride (PVC) line into a 250-gallon oil-water separator tank and then drained into the sewer system by gravity feed. An in-line orifice, a flowmeter, and a sampling valve were installed upstream of the separator tank. Electrical power was supplied by a line from the service station building. The pump was operated by a control panel that included a low water level shutoff sensor to the pump and a high water level shutoff sensor to the separator tank.

Based on flowmeter readings, the average pumping rate from February 9 through June 3, 1989, was approximately 24.4 gallons per minute, for a total quantity pumped of approximately 4.12 million gallons. Between June 30 and August 31, 1989, approximately 2.21 million gallons were pumped at an approximate pumping rate of 24 gpm. A total of approximately 7.33 million gallons of groundwater were pumped during the pumping test in 1988 (25,000 gallons), groundwater remediation in 1988 (975,000 gallons), and



groundwater remediation through August 1989 (6.33 million gallons). During this time, hydrocarbon concentrations in the extracted groundwater decreased to near or within drinking water standards (AGS, August 28, 1989; August 29, 1989). A ½ horsepower, 3½-inch-diameter submersible pump was installed in well MW-7, and groundwater recovery was resumed on October 30, 1989. Between October 30, 1989, and January 22, 1990, approximately 31,950 gallons of water were recovered from well MW-7 with an average pumping rate of 0.5 gallons per minute.

Between January 22 and June 11, 1990, an estimated 100,400 gallons of groundwater were recovered from well MW-7. Operation of the groundwater remediation system was discontinued on June 11, 1990, due to declining groundwater levels. As a result of the drought, the water levels remained low and the treatment system remained inoperative. In July 1993, at the request of DSRSD, a temporary cap was installed at the discharge point.

Underground Storage Tank Removal and Backfilling

Between July 15 and 29, 1988, three former gasoline underground storage tanks (USTs) and one used-oil UST were removed and the gasoline USTs pit was overexcavated to remove soil impacted by gasoline hydrocarbons (AGS, August 22, 1988). Approximately 1,900 cubic yards of soil were excavated. The work was performed as part of Exxon's planned reconstruction of station facilities and to attempt to remove soil that might be a future source of gasoline hydrocarbons. Well MW-2 was destroyed on July 12, 1988, because it was located in the planned excavation area (AGS, August 17, 1988).

The gasoline UST pit was excavated to a depth of approximately 31 feet below grade and overexcavated in an 8-foot by 8-foot section in the western part of the pit (beneath the tank where the gasoline release occurred) to a depth of 39 feet. An organic vapor meter (OVM) was used during excavation to monitor relative hydrocarbon vapor concentrations. The OVM readings of soil were several hundred ppm to a depth of approximately 18 feet, greater than 1,000 ppm between 18 and 21 feet, from 100 to 1,000 ppm between 21 and 27 feet, and 10 to 20 ppm from 27 feet to the bottom of the excavation.

The soil from depths between 18 and 21 feet below grade was discolored. This zone of impacted soil coincides with the soil sampled from 19½ feet in boring B-4 (drilled adjacent to the point of the product release), with a TPHg concentration of 965 ppm. No discolored soil was found below 21 feet deep and laboratory analyses of soil from the bottom of the excavation showed no detectable concentrations of TPHg.

In August 1988, the former gasoline UST pit was backfilled with pea gravel. The pea gravel was placed from total depth to approximately 12 feet below grade. The new tank pit was excavated near the western corner of the station property. Soil excavated from the new tank



pit was used to backfill the upper 12 feet of the former tank pit (AGS, October 10, 1988). Vapor recovery well VR-1 was installed in the former tank pit to recover residual gasoline hydrocarbons that remained in the unsaturated soil.

Well MW-3 was destroyed on August 29, 1988, because the new underground gasoline-storage tank pit would encompass the area of the well. Well MW-6 was destroyed on October 24, 1988, because this well was located where the footing of the new dispenser island canopy was to be constructed.

Vapor Extraction Tests

Vapor recovery well VR-2 was used for two vapor extraction tests on December 14 and 15, 1989 (AGS, April 5, 1990). A 100 cubic feet per minute (cfm), 7½ horsepower vacuum pump capable of developing 12 inches of mercury vacuum was used to pump the well for approximately 9 hours each day. Before being vented to the atmosphere, the extracted vapors were passed through two 150-pound carbon canisters in series. The laboratory analyses of the influent vapor samples indicated concentrations of TPHg ranging from 1,880 parts per million per volume (ppmv) to 4,600 ppmv. Neither a downward, nor upward, trend in TPHg concentrations was recorded during the tests.

Vapor Extraction System

The Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) issued an Authority to Construct (Application No. 2821) a vapor extraction system by letter of July 20, 1989. L & L Construction installed the components of the system between July 5 and 31, 1989. The vapor extraction system consisted of 4-inch-diameter vapor recovery well VR-1; 4-inch-diameter PVC discharge piping from the well to the remediation equipment pad; a liquid-ring vacuum pump with an air-liquid separator; a flame-ionization hydrocarbon analyzer; and two 200-pound activated carbon canisters arranged in series. The liquid-ring vacuum pump was 5 horsepower and capable of generating a vacuum of up to 28 inches of mercury at 75 cfm. Water was cycled from the oil-water separator tank (groundwater remediation system) to provide the sealing action between the pump rotor and housing. The extracted vapor was passed through a knockout drum (air-water separator) that removed moisture picked up from the soil and liquid-ring pump. The dry vapor then was passed through the activated carbon drums, which are designed to remove hydrocarbons with a calculated efficiency of 99.68 percent.

Three vapor sample valves were installed in the system. One valve was upstream of the vacuum pump, one valve was at the inlet to the first carbon unit, and one valve was at the outlet of the first carbon unit. Treated vapors were vented from the second carbon canister. The flame-ionization hydrocarbon analyzer continuously monitored vapor influent to and



effluent from the first activated carbon canister. The analyzer was connected to the effluent line from the first carbon canister and was designed to automatically shut down the vacuum pump when hydrocarbons in vapor exiting the first carbon unit exceed 6 ppm (i.e., breakthrough).

The vapor extraction system started on August 7, 1989, and on August 22, 1989, breakthrough was noted in the second carbon canister. Between August 7 and 22, influent hydrocarbon concentrations decreased from 2,274 ppm to 293 ppm. Concentrations of TPHg decreased approximately 87 percent between August 7 and 15 and showed no decrease between August 15 and 22, 1989. Vapor extraction resumed on September 11, 1989, after two new carbon canisters were installed. The system continued until September 15, 1989, when breakthrough occurred in the second series of carbon canisters. The system was shut down on September 15, 1989. On September 25, 1989, the system was modified so the vacuum pump was downstream of the carbon canisters. In addition, since there was not sufficient cooling water being pumped from recovery well MW-7, an alternate water source and associated piping was installed on October 25, 1989. Operation of the vapor extraction system resumed on January 11, 1990.

A 100 cfm vacuum pump and catalytic oxidizer were installed at the site in November 1990. The vacuum system was connected to six wells: VR-1, installed in the former UST backfill; wells VR-2, MW-1, and MW-9, installed in the uppermost aquifer; and wells VR-3 and VR-4, installed in the silty clay overlying the uppermost aquifer. The vapor extraction system was permitted by the BAAQMD under Authority to Construct No. 5125, dated August 2, 1990, and permit to operate, dated January 4, 1991 [RESNA (formerly AGS), July 20, 1992]. Between November 30 and December 28, 1990, the six vapor extraction wells were set in an open mode for venting during an initial period of system adjustment and influent vapor sampling (AGS, January 16, 1991). The laboratory results of the influent vapor samples show decreasing concentrations of TPHg and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (BTEX). On December 28, 1990, the vapor wells in the silty clay (VR-3 and VR-4) were closed, while vapor wells in the uppermost aquifer (VR-1, VR-2, MW-1, and MW-9) were opened. On January 4, 1991, laboratory results of influent vapor samples indicated TPHg concentrations of 0.94 ppm and BTEX concentrations ranging from 0.0005 ppm to 0.013 ppm. On January 4, 1991, the vapor wells in the silty clay were opened and the vapor wells in the uppermost aquifer were closed. On January 14, 1991, laboratory results of influent vapor samples indicated a TPHg concentration of 1.2 ppm and BTEX concentrations ranging from 0.0009 ppm to 0.0039 ppm.

The catalytic oxidizer unit was shut down on July 24, 1991, and the system underwent modification to an activated carbon abatement system on March 10, 1992 (RESNA, May 4, 1992). The carbon system has two 200-pound vapor phase carbon canisters, and an additional 200-pound vapor phase carbon canister was requested by BAAQMD to replace



the catalytic oxidizer as the abatement device. The carbon system was started on October 12, 1992, and monitored with a photoionization detector (PID) on a daily basis (RESNA, February 1, 1993). The monitoring frequency changed to weekly on December 1, 1992, biweekly on March 4, 1993, and monthly on October 13, 1993. On December 29, 1993, the soil-vapor extraction system was shut-down for evaluation.

Liquid-Phase Hydrocarbon Removal

Between November 28 and December 7, 1989, approximately 1 to 2 gallons of liquid-phase hydrocarbons were removed from well MW-9 (AGS, April 5, 1990).

Ouarterly Groundwater Monitoring and Sampling

Since April 1988, quarterly groundwater monitoring and sampling has been performed at the subject site by AGS and RESNA.



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APPENDIX C DRILLING PERMIT

E. WELL DESTRUCTION. See effected.



ALAMEDA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

5997 PARKSIDE DRIVE ١ PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 94568 (415) 484-2600

GROUNDWATER PROTECTION OR	DINANCE FERMIT APPLICATION
FOR APPLICANT TO CONFLETE	FOR OFFICE USE
2991 HTDUARD Ed.	PERMIT NUMBER 93649 LOCATION NUMBER
Name Exxerts Corrupting USA, PO PCX 4037 Address 2300 Clayton Poly Phone(5:0) 246-5776 City Concord 219 94520	Approved Wyman Hong Date 18 Nov 93
13) APPLICANT NAME RESNA Industries Inc	PERMIT CONDITIONS
3315 Almadia Exacessivam Address Suite 39 Phone (408) 244-7723 City San (058 Zip 95)183	•
Wester Well Construction Gentechnical Cathodic Protection Well Destruction	A. GENERAL 1. A permit application should be submitted so as to arrive at the .a. 7 office five days prior to proposed starting date. 2. Notify this office (4840) at least one day
(5) PROPOSED WATER WELL USE Domestic Industrial Irrigation Municipal Monitoring Other	prior to starting work on permitted work and before placing well seals. 3. Submit to Zone 7 within 60 days after completion of permitted work the original Department of
6) PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION Drilling Method: Mud Rotary Air Rotary Auger Y Cable Other	Water Resources Water Mail Brillers Report or equivalent for well projects, or bone hole logs and location sketch for geotechnical projects. Permitted work is completed when the last surface
	seal to placed or the fast boring is completed. 4. Permit is void if project not begun within 90
Drill Hole Digneter In. Cepth(s) ft. Casing Digneter in. Humber Surface Seal Depth ft. of Wells Driller's License No. 484298	days of approval date. 8. WATER WELLS, INCLUDING PIEZOMETERS 1. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of cament grout placed by tramie, or equivalent. 2. Minimum seal depth is 50 feet for municipal and industrial waits or 20 feet for demostic, irriga-
OEOTECHNICAL PROJECTS Number Olumeter 4 in. Meximum Depth 551+.	tion, and monitoring wells unless a lesser depth is specially approved. C. GEOTECHNICAL. Backfill bore hale with compacted cut- tings or heavy bentonite and upper two feet with com-
ESTIMATED STARTING DATE 11 17 93	pacted material. D. CATHODIC. Fill hole above anode zone with concrete placed by truste, or equivalent.

(8) I hereby agree to comply with all requirements of this permit and Alameda County Ordinance No. 73-68.

Var Rucheland

APPLICANT'S



APPENDIX D

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM AND SYMBOL KEY AND LOGS OF BORINGS

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM AND KEY TO BORING LOGS

MAJOR (MAJOR DIVISION		DESCRIPTION	MAJOR D	IVISION	LTR	DESCRIPTION	
		GW	Well—graded gravels or gravel—sand mixtures, little or no fines.			ML	Inorganic silts and very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey fine sands or clayey silts with slight	
COARSE—	GRAVEL	ĠP	Poorly—graded gravels or gravel—sand mixtures,		SILTS		plasticity.	
	AND GRAVELLY		little or no fines.	AND CLAYS	CLAYS	CL	Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, grave!	
	SOILS	GM Silty gravels, gravel silt mixtures.	Silty gravels, gravel—sand— silt mixtures.		LL<50	32	clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays.	
		GC	Clayey gravel, gravel—sand —clay mixtures.	FINE-		OL	Organic silts and organic silt—clays of low plasticit	
GRAINED SOILS	SAND	SW	Well—graded sand or graveliy sands, little or no fines.	GRAINED SOILS	SILTS	мн	inorganic silts, micaceou or diatomacecus fine sandy or silty soils, elastic silts.	
	AND SANDY SOILS	AND SP gravelly sands, little or CLAYS	AND	СН	Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat clays.			
	30163	SM	Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures.			ОН	Organic clays of medium to high plasticity, organi silts.	
		sc	Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures.	HIGHLY ORG	ANIC SOILS	PT	Peat and other highly organic soils.	

T	Depth through which sampler is driven		Sand pack	-	
<u>T</u>	Relatively undisturbed		Bentonite		Stratigraphic contact
	sample	<u> </u>	Neat cement		Gradational contact
図	No sample recovered		Caved native soil		Gradulation contact
<u></u>	Static water level observed in well/boring		Blank PVC		Inferred contact
	Initial water level observed in boring		Machine-slotted PVC	OR	Over range
S-10	Sample number	P.I.D.	Photoionization detector	NS	No sample for P.I.D. reading

BLOWS REPRESENT THE NUMBER OF BLOWS OF A 140-POUND HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES TO DRIVE THE SAMPLER THROUGH EACH 6 INCHES OF AN 18-INCH PENETRATION.

GRADATIONAL AND INFERRED CONTACT LINES SEPARATING UNITS ON THE LOG REPRESENT APPROXIMATE BOUNDARIES ONLY. ACTUAL BOUNDARIES MAY BE GRADUAL. LOGS REPRESENT SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT THE BORING LOCATION AT THE TIME OF DRILLING ONLY.



PROJECT 130009.04

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM
Exxon Station 7-3399
2991 Hopyard Road
Pleasanton, California

PLATE

Total depth of boring	g: 54-1/2 feet	Casing diameter:	NA
Diameter of boring:	6 inches	Casing material:	NA
Date drilled:	12-2-93	Slot size:	NA
Drilling Company:	Exploration Geoservices, Inc.	Sand size:	NA
Driller:	John Collins	Screen Interval:	NA
Drilling method:	Hollow-Stem Auger	Field Geologist:	Jeanne Buckthal
	nature of Registered Professio	nal:	
	Reaistration No.: CEG	1463 State: A	

P.I.D.	Sample No.	e	Blows	Depth	USCS Code	Description	Well Const.
				- 2 -	ML _.	Concrete (6 inches). Clayey silt, dark brown, damp, low plasticity, hard.	
0	S-4.5		39 40	- 4 - - 6 -			
	S-10		13 18 29	- 8 - - 10 -	SP CL	Sand, fine-grained, brown, damp, dense. Silty clay, brown, damp, low plasticity, hard.	
0	5-10		29	- 12 -	CL	Sity clay, brown, damp, low plasticity, hard.	
0	S-15		13 17 25	- 14 - - 16 -		Greenish—gray; slight hydrocarbon odor, some charcoal, few roots	
213.1	S-20		10 12 24	- 18 -		Dark greenish-gray; strong hydrocarbon odor, few vertical roots.	
OR	S-24.5		15 18 25	- 22 - - 24 - - 26 -		With brown mottling; vertical fine—grained sand stringer, strong hydrocarbon/diesel (?) odor.	
OR	S-30	E	17 26 32	- 30		Strong hydrocarbon odor.	
OR	S-35		17 22 40	- 32 - 34 - 36	- - - -		
244	S-39.5	5	28 50/4	- 38	SP	Sand, fine— to medium—grained, brown, damp, very dense; unidentified odor. (Section continues downward	

Working to Restore Nature

PROJECT: 130009.04

LOG OF BORING B-16

Exxon Station 7-3399 2991 Hopyard Road Pleasanton, California PLATE

P.I.D.	Sample No.	e	Blows	Depth	USCS Code	Description	Well Const.
				- 42 -	SP	Sand, fine— to medium—grained, brown, damp, very dense; unidentified odor.	
61.2	S-45	5	50/6	- 44 -	GW	Sandy gravel, trace clay, fine to coarse gravel (up to 2-1/4" in diameter), fine— to coarse—grained sand, brown, moist, very dense.	
				- 48 -			<u> </u>
OR	S-50	- 5	50/5	50	SW	Gravelly sand, fine— to coarse—grained sand, fine to coarse gravel (up to 1" in diameter), brown, moist, very dense.	
34 25	 S-54			- 52 - - 54 -			
<u> </u>			, -	- 56 -		Total Depth = $54-1/2$ feet.	
				- 58 -			
				- 60 - - 62 -			
	 			- 64 -			
	:			66 -			
				- 68 - - 70 -			
				- 72 -	-		
				- 74 - - 76 -		·	
				78 -			
				80 -			
				- 82 - - 84 -			
				- 86	-		
			•	- 88			
				90			<u> </u>

Working to Restore Nature

PROJECT: 130009.04

LOG OF BORING B-16
Exxon Station 7-3399

Exxon Station 7-3399 2991 Hopyard Road Pleasanton, California PLATE

g: 55-1/2 feet	Casing diameter:	' NA
6 inches	Casing material:	NA NA
12-2-93	Slot size:	NA
Exploration Geoservices, Inc.	Sand size:	NA
John Collins	Screen Interval:	NA
Hollow-Stem Auger	Field Geologist:	Jeanne Buckthal
	T FILE	
	6 inches 12-2-93 Exploration Geoservices, Inc. John Collins Hollow-Stem Auger nature of Registered Professional:	6 inches Casing material: 12-2-93 Slot size: Exploration Geoservices, Inc. Sand size: John Collins Screen Interval: Hollow—Stem Auger Field Geologist:

	,			F		
P.I.D.	Sample No.	Blows	Depth	USCS Code	Description	Well Const.
			- 2 -	ML	Concrete (6 inches). Clayey silt, dark brown, damp, low plasticity, hard.	
OR	S-4.5	8 32	- 6 -			
OR	S-10	12	- 8 - - 10 -	SP	Sand, fine—grained, brown, damp, medium dense; hydrocarbon odor. Silty clay, dark brown, damp, low plasticity, hard; sewage odor, some rootlets and minor charcoal.	
OR	S-15	9 12 20	14 -			
OR	S-20	11 20 2		-	Dark blue-gray; strong hydrocarbon odor, many vertical roots.	
OR	S-24.5	1,	- 22 - 2 - 24 - 5 - 26 -		Gray with brown mottling; strong hydrocarbon odor, some vertica roots.	1
OR	S-30	1 1 2	28 - 30 - 32 - 32		Few vertical roots.	
OR	S-34.5	2 3 3 2	a - 34 7 4 - 36		Brown with gray mottling; hydrocarbon odor.	
OR	S-39.5	50	- 38 - 40	SP-SM	Sand with silt, fine-grained sand, olive-brown, damp, very dens strong hydrocarbon odor. (Section continues downward)	1

Working to Restore Nature

LOG OF BORING B-17
Exxon Station 7-3399
2991 Hopyard Road
Pleasanton, California

PLATE

D4

PROJECT:

130009.04

P.I.D.	Sample No.	Blows	Depth	USCS Code	Description	Well Const.
			- 42 -	SP-SM	Sand with silt, fine—grained sand, olive—brown, damp, very dense; strong hydrocarbon odor.	
OR	S~45 ■	5 0/6	- 44 -	sw	Gravelly sand, trace clay, fine— to coarse—grained sand, fine to coarse gravel (up to 2—1/2" in diameter), brown, damp to wet, very dense; strong hydrocarbon odor.	
			- 48 -			
OR	S-49.5 ■	5 0/6	50 – - 52 –		Gravels fining downward (up to $1-1/2$ " in diameter); slight hydrocarbon odor.	
OR	S-54.5	50/6	- 54 -	_/c∟	Silty clay, brown, damp, low plasticity, hard; slight hydrocarbon odor.	
			- 56 -		Total Depth = $55-1/2$ feet.	
			- 58 -	<u> </u>		
			60 -			
			- 62 -			
			64 -			
			66 -			
			- 68 -	1		
			- 70 -	-		
			72 -	 		
			- 74 -	-		
			76 -	_		
			78 -			
			- 80 -	-		
			- 82 -			
			84 -			
			- 86 -	1		
			- 88 -	-		
			- 90	_		



PROJECT: 130009.04

LOG OF BORING B-17
Exxon Station 7-3399

2991 Hopyard Road Pleasanton, California PLATE

Total depth of bori	ng: 55 feet	Casing diameter:	NA
Diameter of boring	6 inches	Casing material:	NA
Date drilled:	12-1-93	Slot size:	NA
Drilling Company:	Exploration Geoservices, Inc.	Sand size:	NA
Driller:	John Collins	Screen Interval:	NA NA
Drilling method:	Hollow-Stem Auger	Field Geologist: ,	Jeanne Buckthal
Si	gnature of Registered Profess Registration No.: CE		

P.I.D.	Sample No.	e č	Blows	Depth	USCS Code	Description	Well Const.
				- 2 -	CL	Concrete (6 inches). Silty clay, trace sand, light brown, damp, low plasticity, very stiff; fine-grained sand, abundant rootlets and root holes.	
0	S-5		11 12 16	- 4 -			
				- 8 -			
0	S-10		18 24 25	- 10 - - 12 -	SP	Sand, fine-grained, reddish-brown, damp, very dense.	
0	S-15	T	13 17 18	- 14 - - 16 -	CL	Clay with silt, blue—gray, moist, low plasticity, hard; some rootlets and charcoal lamina.	
0	S-20		7 10 15	- 18 - - 20 - - 22 -		Increasing silt, blue—gray with olive mottling, damp, very stiff; vertical roots.	
0	\$-25		10 16 30	- 24 - - 26 -	ML	Clayey silt, gray with light brown mottling, damp, low plasticity, hard.	
0	S-30		14 20 25	- 28 - - 30 - - 32 -		Olive—gray with light brown mottling.	
0	S-35		18 23 30	- 34 - - 36 -	CL	Silty clay, brown, damp, low plasticity, hard.	
	S-39.5	5	0/4	- 38 - - 40 -	sw	Gravelly sand, fine— to coarse—grained sand, fine to coarse gravel (up to 1" in diamter), damp, very dense. (Section continues downward) (t

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PROJECT: 130009.04

LOG OF BORING B-18

Exxon Station 7-3399 2991 Hopyard Road Pleasanton, California PLATE

P.I.O.	Sample No.	Blows	Depth	USCS Code	Description	Well Const.
			42 -	SW	Gravelly sand, fine— to coarse—grained sand, fine to coarse gravel (up to 1" in diameter), brown, damp, very dense.	
o	S-45	13 50/6	44 -	SW-SC	Gravelly sand with clay, fine— to coarse—grained sand, fine to coarse gravel (up to 2" in diameter), brown, moist to wet, very dense.	
NS	S-49.5	■ 50/6	- 48 - - 50 -			
0	S-54.5	50/6	52 - 54 -			
			- 56 - - 58 -		Total Depth = 55 feet.	
			60			
			64 -			
			- 66 - - 68 -			
			- 70 - - 72 -			
			- 74 -			
			- 76 - - 78 -			
	,		- 80 - - 82 -			
			- 84 - - 86 -			
			88 -			
			90 -]		



PROJECT: 130009.04

LOG OF BORING B-18
Exxon Station 7-3399

2991 Hopyard Road Pleasanton, California PLATE

Total depth of boring	: 54 feet	Casing diameter:	NA NA	
Diameter of boring:	6 inches	Casing material:	NA	
Date drilled:	12-1-93	Slot size:	NA NA	
Drilling Company:	Exploration Geoservices, Inc.	Sand size:	NA NA	
Driller:	John Collins	Screen Interval:		
Drilling method:	Hallow-Stem Auger	Field Geologist:	Jeanne Buckthal	
Sign	ature of Registered Professio	nal:		
	Registration No.: CEG	1463 Stole: CA	_ _	

						SEE PLATE DI FOR SYMBOL KEY	
P.I.D.	Sample No.	•	Blows	Depth	USCS Code	Description	Weli Const.
				- 2 -	CL	Concrete (6 inches). Silty clay, grayish—brown, damp, law plasticity, very stiff; tank backfill.	
0	S - 5		11 27	- 4 -			
NS		*	1 1 22 18	- 8 - - 10 -	GP-GC	Gravel with sand and clay, fine gravel (up to 3/4" in diameter), dark brown, moist, dense; tank backfill.	
			10	- 12 -			
0	S-15		11 12 16	- 14 - - 16 -	GP	Gravel with sand, fine gravel (up to 3/4" in diameter), medium— to coarse—grained sand, light brown, moist, medium dense; tank backfill.	
				- 18 -			
NS		*	14 26 21	- 20 - - 22 -	:		
2			13 13	_ 24 -			
0	S-25.5		14	26 - - 28 -	CL	Clay with silt, bluish-gray, damp, low plasticity, very stiff; slight hydrocarbon odor; tank backfill to 31'?	
20.8	S-30		11 13 25	- 30 -		Light brown with orange mottling, hard.	
			23	- 32 - - 34 -			
. 0	\$-35 -		23 25 30	- 36 - - 38 -		Brown.	
0	S-40		25 50/4	40	_ ci_	Silty clay with sand, trace gravel, light brown, damp to moist, low plasticity, hard; fine— to medium—grained sand, coarse gravel (up to 2" in diameter). (Section continues downward)

R	SHA
Working to	o Restore Nature

130009.04

PROJECT:

LOG OF BORING B-19
Exxon Station 7-3399
2991 Hopyard Road
Pleasanton, California

PLATE

P.I.D.	Sample No.	Blows	Depth	USCS Code	Description	Well Const.
		ш.	- 42 -	CL	Silty clay with sand, trace gravel, light brown, damp to moist, low plasticity, hard; fine— to medium—grained sand, coarse gravel (up to 2" in diameter).	
0	S-44.5	50/6°	- 44 - - 46 -	SP	Sand with gravet, medium—grained sand, fine to coarse gravel (up to 2" in diameter), brown, moist, very dense.	
0	S-49.5	50/6	- 48 - - 50 -	sw	Gravelly sand, fine— to medium—grained sand, fine to coarse gravel (up to 1" in diameter), brown, moist to wet, very	
0	S-53	50/6	- 52 - - 54 -		dense. Total Depth = 54 feet.	
			- 56 - - 58 -		Total Depth = 34 feet.	
			- 60 -			
			64 -	-		
			- 68 -	-		
			- 70 -			
			- 74 - 76	-		
			- 78 - 80			
			82			
			- 84 - 86			
			- 88 - 90			

RE	SXA
Working to	Restore Nature

PROJECT:

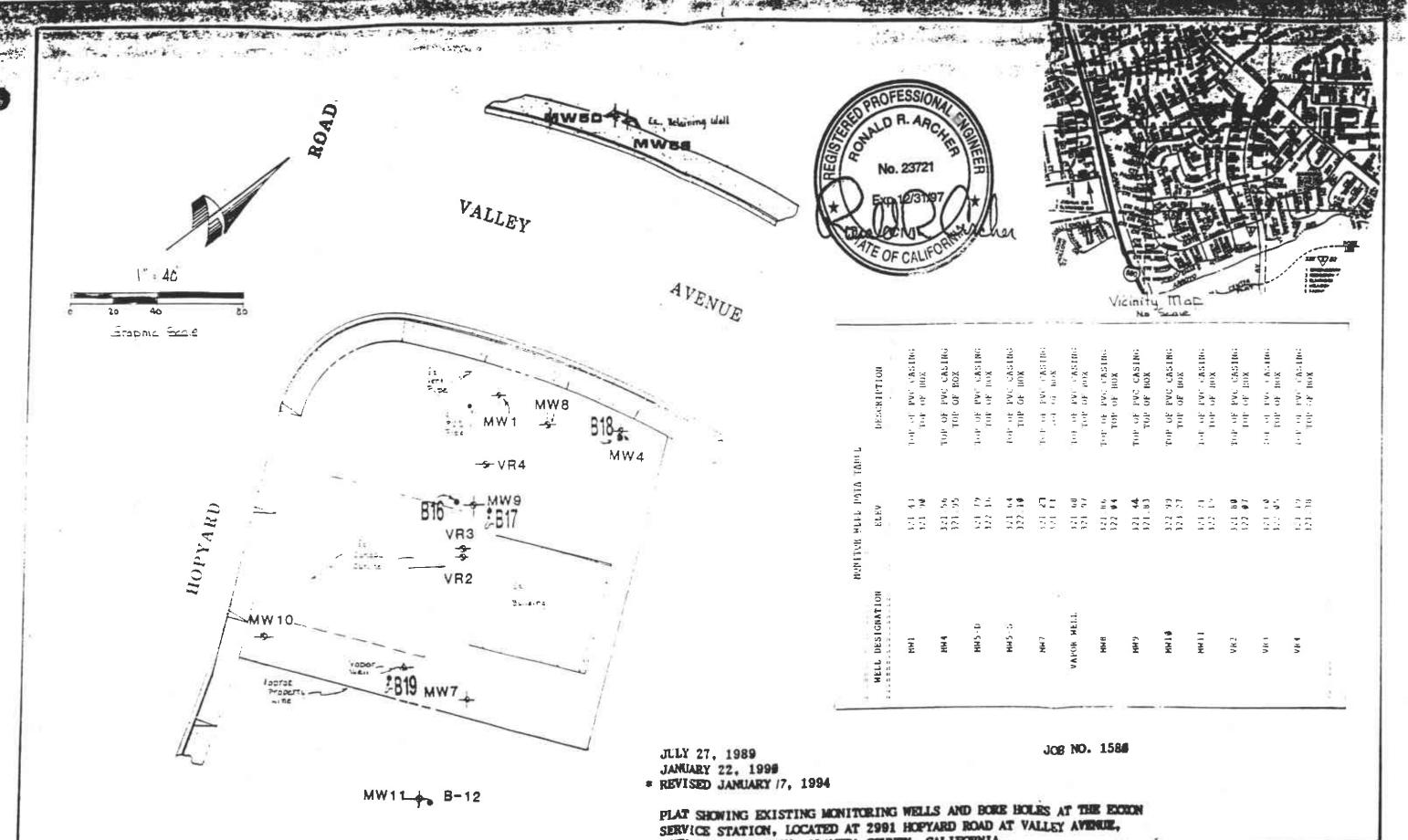
130009.04

LOG OF BORING B-19
Exxon Station 7-3399
2991 Hopyard Road
Pleasanton, California

PLATE



APPENDIX E BORING LOCATION SURVEY



POUND BRASS DISC SET IN CONCRETE ABUTMENT, 15' MORTH
OF THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF THE SOUTH BOUND CONCRETE BRIDGE
OVER THE MOCHO CARAL. ELEVATION TAKEN AS 338.545 H.S.L.
C & G.S. SURVEY, CITY OF PLEASANTON DATUM.

CITY OF PLEASANTON, ALAMEDA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

FOR: RESNA INDUSTRIES INC.





APPENDIX F

LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORTS AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD



December 10, 1993

PE055430 u : 3 - 5 189**3**

BEE 9.04

Mr. Marc Briggs RESNA 3315 Almaden Expressway Suite 34 San Jose, CA 95118

RE: PACE Project No. 431202.508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

Dear Mr. Briggs:

Enclosed is the report of laboratory analyses for samples received December 02, 1993.

Footnotes are given at the end of the report.

If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact us.

Sincerely,

You Stephanie Matzo Project Manager

Enclosures



RESNA

3315 Almaden Expressway Suite 34

San Jose, CA 95118

December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Attn: Mr. Marc Briggs

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Parameter

Client Sample ID:

70 0202116

12/01/93 12/02/93

S-10-B18

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene Toluene

Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

1000

5.0

5.0

5.0

Units

ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet

MDL DATE ANALYZED

12/07/93

ND 12/07/93 12/07/93

ND 12/07/93 12/07/93 ND ND 12/07/93

ug/kg wet 5.0 ND



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page 2

December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected: Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

Parameter

70 0202124 12/01/93

12/02/93 S-15-B18

Units MDL DATE ANALYZED

ND

ИĎ

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):

Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURĞEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene ug/kg wet ug/kg wet ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0

ND ND

1000

5.0

12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93

Xylenes, Total

ug/kg wet 5.0

ND

12/07/93

. ::

12/07/93

12/07/93



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page 3

December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected: Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202132 12/01/93 12/02/93

S-20-B18

Parameter

Units

MDL

DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY ÈPA 8020M): Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

- 12/07/93 ug/kg wet 1000 ND 12/07/93

ND

vet 1000 ND vet 5.0 ND

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0

5.0

ug/kg wet

ND

12/07/93 12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

ND 12/07/93



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page

December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

Parameter

70 0202140 12/01/93 12/02/93

S-25-B18

MDL DATE ANALYZED Units

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

12/07/93 ND 12/07/93 1000 12/07/93 12/07/93

ND 5.0 uq/kq wet ug/kg wet 5.0 ND ND

2.

5.0 ug/kg wet ug/kg wet 5.0

ND

12/07/93

12/07/93



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page

December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received: Client Sample ID:

Parameter

70 0202159

12/01/93 12/02/93

S-30-B18 DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Units

5.0 ug/kg wet ug/kg wet

5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0

MOL

1000

ND ND

ND

ND

12/07/93 12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

Xylenes, Total

ug/kg wet 5.0 ND



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page

Parameter

December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202167 12/01/93

12/02/93 S-35-B18

MDL DATE ANALYZED Units

1000

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):

Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene ug/kg wet

5.0 5.0 ug/kg wet uq/kg wet 5.0 ND ND ND

ND

12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

Xylenes, Total

ug/kg wet 5.0

ND



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page

December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202175

12/01/93

12/02/93 S-39 1/2-

DATE ANALYZED MDL B-18 Parameter Units

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

Xylenes, Total

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

ND 1000 ND

5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet

ND ND 12/07/93 12/07/93

ug/kg wet 5.0

ND

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93



70 0202183

Mr. Marc Briggs

Page 8

Parameter

December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

12/01/93 12/02/93 S-45-B18

Units MDL DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

- 12/07/93 ug/kg wet 1000 ND 12/07/93 - 12/07/93

ND

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ND ND

12/07/93 12/07/93

12/07/93

ug/kg wet 5.0 ND



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page

Parameter

December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202191

12/01/93 12/02/93

818

S-49 1/2-

DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):

Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene

Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet

5.0

5.0 ug/kg wet

1000

MDL

ND ND ND

ND

ND

12/07/93 12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

ug/kg wet

٠.

Units

5.0

:. `



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page 10

Parameter

December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected: Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202205

12/01/93

12/02/93 S-54 1/2-

MDL DATE ANALYZED B18 Units

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):

Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene

Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

ND 1000 ND ug/kg wet

5.0 5.0 ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet 5.0

5.0

ND ND

ND

12/07/93 12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page 11

December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202213 12/01/93

12/02/93 S-5-B19

MDL Units DATE ANALYZED Parameter

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

Xylenes, Total

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):

Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene

Ethylbenzene

ND 1000 ND 5.0 ug/kg wet ИD

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0

ug/kg wet 5.0

ND ND 12/07/93 12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202221 12/01/93

12/02/93

S-15-B19

ND

ND

ND

ND

Parameter Units MDL DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):

Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene Toluene

Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

ug/kg wet 1000 ug/kg wet 5.0

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0

5.0 5.0 12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93

ug/kg wet 5.0 ND

12/08/93

12/08/93

12/08/93

12/08/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected: Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

Parameter

70 0202248 12/01/93

12/02/93

S-25 1/2-B19

DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

12/07/93 12/07/93

ND 5.0 ND ug/kg wet ND

MDL.

5.0 ug/kg wet ug/kg wet 5.0

ND

12/07/93 12/07/93

5.0 ug/kg wet

Units

ND

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

4

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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202272 12/01/93

12/02/93 S-30-B19

MDL DATE ANALYZED Parameter Units

CRGANIC ANALYSIS

Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):

Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): Benzene Toluene

ug/kg wet ug/kg wet ug/kg wet

94 5.0 5.0 27 38

1000

12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93

12/07/93

5.0

72

ND

12/07/93 12/07/93

₹.

ug/kg wet 5.0



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID: Parameter

70 0202280

12/01/93

12/02/93

S-35-B19 DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene

Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

1000

Units

5.0 ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet 5.0

5.0 ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet 5.0

MDL

ND 44

6.6

ND

57

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

12/07/93

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202302

12/01/93 12/02/93 S-40-B19

ND

5.0

Parameter Units MDL DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

Xylenes, Total

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS 12/07/93 TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet ΝŌ 12/07/93 1000 12/07/93 PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): ND 12/07/93 5.0 ug/kg wet Benzene 12/07/93 ug/kg wet 5.0 ND Toluene ND 12/07/93 ug/kg wet 5.0 Ethylbenzene

ug/kg wet



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202310 12/01/93 12/02/93

S-44 1/2-

Parameter Units MDL B19 DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):
Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

ug/kg wet 1000 ND

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93

ND

ND

ND

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received: Client Sample ID:

Parameter

70 0202329 12/01/93

12/02/93

S-49 1/2-

MDL B19 DATE ANALYZED Units

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

1000 ND ND 5.0 ug/kg wet

5.0 ug/kg wet ug/kg wet 5.0

ug/kg wet 5.0

ND ND ND

12/08/93 12/08/93

٠.

12/08/93

12/08/93 12/08/93

12/08/93

12/08/93

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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

Parameter

70 0202345 12/01/93 12/02/93

S-53-B19

DATE ANALYZED MDL Units

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

ug/kg wet ug/kg wet

5.0 5.0 5.0 ug/kg wet

ND ND ND

ND

12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93

12/08/93

12/08/93

5.0 ug/kg wet

1000

ND

12/08/93

. .



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202361 12/01/93 12/02/93

S-5-818

Parameter Units MDL DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene Toluene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

ug/kg wet 1000 ug/kg wet 5.0

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0

ug/kg wet 5.0

5.0 5.0 12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND.

12/08/93

12/08/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

Parameter

70 0202388 12/02/93

12/02/93 S-4 1/2-

MDL Units B16 DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

12/07/93 ND 12/07/93 1000 12/07/93

ND

ND

5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet 5.0

5.0

ND ND

12/07/93 12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202418 12/02/93

12/02/93 S-10-B16

Parameter Units MDL DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):

Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

ug/kg wet 5.0

ug/kg wet 5.0

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0

1000

DN DN DN

ND

12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

ND 12/07/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202426

12/02/93 12/02/93

S-15-B16

DATE ANALYZED MDL <u>Units</u> <u>Parameter</u>

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

1000 ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet 5.0

5.0 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet

ND ND ND

1100

12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93

12/08/93

12/08/93

12/08/93 ND



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID: <u>Parameter</u>

70 0202434 12/02/93 12/02/93 S-20-B16

DATE ANALYZED MDL <u>Units</u>

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):

Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

12/08/93 ND 12/08/93 1000 12/08/93 12/08/93 31 5.0 ug/kg wet 12/08/93 5.0 ND ug/kg wet

ND

ug/kg wet 5.0

5.0

12/08/93 11

12/08/93

ug/kg wet

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FAX: 415-883-2673



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID: Parameter

70 0202442

12/02/93

12/02/93 S-24 1/2-

MDL B16 DATE ANALYZED Units

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Toluene

Benzene

Ethylbenzene Xylenes, Total

12/07/93 1000 ND 12/07/93 12/07/93

ug/kg wet 5.0 5.0 ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet 5.0

ug/kg wet 5.0

ПD ND

9.5

12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93

ПD

12/07/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202469 12/02/93

12/02/93

S-30-B16

MDL DATE ANALYZED Units Parameter

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):

Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene

Ethylbenzene

12/07/93 ND 12/07/93 1000 12/07/93

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet

5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ND ND ND

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

Xylenes, Total

ug/kg wet 5.0

ND

12/07/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

12/07/93

12/07/93

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID: Parameter 70 0202477 12/02/93

12/02/93 S-35-B16

Units MDL DATE ANALYZED

ND

ND

ND

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet
PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):
Benzene
Toluene

Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

g/kg wet 1000 ND

ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0

uq/kg wet 5.0

5.0

12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93

ND 12/07/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received: Client Sample ID:

Parameter

70 0202485 12/02/93

12/02/93

5-39 1/2-DATE ANALYZED 816

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene

Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

12/08/93 ND 12/08/93 1000 12/08/93

5.0 ug/kg wet ug/kg wet 5.0

ug/kg wet

Units

5.0

MDL

ND 12/08/93 ND 12/08/93 ND 12/08/93

ug/kg wet 5.0

ND



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202493 12/02/93 12/02/93

S-45-B16

MDL DATE ANALYZED Parameter Units

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

1000

5.0 ug/kg wet ug/kg wet 5.0 uq/kg wet

••;

5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0

•••

12/08/93 ND 12/08/93 ND

ND

ND

ND

12/08/93

12/08/93

12/08/93 12/08/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received: Client Sample ID:

Parameter

70 0202507

12/02/93 12/02/93

S-50-B16

DATE ANALYZED MDL Units

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

12/08/93

ND

ND

ND

1000 5.0 ug/kg wet

5.0 ug/kg wet ug/kg wet 5.0

ND ND 12/08/93 12/08/93

12/08/93

ug/kg wet

5.0

12/08/93

12/08/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202515 12/02/93 12/02/93

S-54-B16

MDL Parameter Units DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene Toluene

Ethy1benzene

Xylenes, Total

ND 1000 ND

5.0 ug/kg wet ug/kg wet

5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0

ug/kg wet 5.0

12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93

ND

ND

ND

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected: Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

<u>Parameter</u>

70 0202523 12/02/93

12/02/93

S-4 1/2-

Units MDL B17 DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet 1000
PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):
Benzene ug/kg wet 5.0

Toluene Ethylbenzene ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ug/kg wet 5.0 ND ND ND

ND

12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93

12/07/93

12/07/93 12/07/93 12/07/93

Xylenes, Total

ug/kg wet 5.0

ND

12/07/93



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

12/08/93

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected: Date Received:

Client Sample ID: Parameter

70 0202531 12/02/93

12/02/93 S-10-B17

63000

MDL

100

DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet 12/08/93 20000 530000 12/08/93 PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): 12/08/93 210 12/08/93 100 ug/kg wet Benzene 100 5100 12/08/93 ug/kg wet Toluene 12/08/93 100 7000 **Ethylbenzene** ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet

Units

Xylenes, Total



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202540

12/02/93

12/02/93 S-15-B17

Parameter

Units

MDL

DATE ANALYZED

12/08/93

12/08/93

12/08/93

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene Toluene

Ethylbenzene Xylenes, Total ug/kg wet 40000 ug/kg wet 50

ug/kg wet 50 ug/kg wet 50 ug/kg wet 50 14000 42000 19000

80000

590000

12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93

ug/kg wet

50



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID: Parameter

70 0202558

12/02/93

12/02/93 S-19 1/2-

DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):

Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): Benzene

Toluene

Ethylbenzene Xylenes, Total - 12/08/93 1g/kg wet 20000 560000 12/08/93 - 12/08/93

B17

ug/kg wet 100 ug/kg wet 100

ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet

Units

MDL

100

100

5100 28000 16000 12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93

70000



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

Parameter

70 0202574 12/02/93 12/02/93 S-24 1/2-

B17

MDL

DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

Toluene		250 250	- 170000 - 2300 12000 5400	12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93 12/08/93
Xylenes, Total	ug/kg wet	250	26000	12/08/93

Units



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

12/08/93

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202582

12/02/93 12/02/93

S-30-B17

2800

Parameter Units MDL DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

12/08/93 TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet 19000 12/08/93 4000 12/08/93 PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): 2.5 1400 12/08/93 ug/kg wet Benzene 2.5 3100 12/08/93 Toluene ug/kg wet 12/08/93 2.5 530 ug/kg wet Ethylbenzene

ug/kg wet 2.5

Xylenes, Total



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December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0202590

12/02/93 12/02/93

S-34 1/2-

Parameter Units MDL B17 DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet 12/08/93 8700 12/08/93 1000 12/08/93 PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): 1500 12/08/93 5.0 uq/kq wet Benzene 12/08/93 ug/kg wet 5.0 2000 Toluene 650 12/08/93 ug/kg wet 5.0 Ethylbenzene 12/08/93 ug/kg wet 5.0 2000 Xylenes, Total

These data have been reviewed and are approved for release.

Styl Chan F

Darrell C. Cain Regional Director



Mr. Marc Briggs

FOOTNOTES

December 10, 1993

Page 39

for pages

l through 38

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.



Mr. Marc Briggs Page 40 QUALITY CONTROL DATA

December 10, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

Batch: 70 26793

Samples: 70 0202116, 70 0202124

METHOD BLANK:

Parameter TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):	<u>Units</u>	MDL	Method Blank
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M)	ug/kg wet	200	ND -
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene	ug/kg wet ug/kg wet ug/kg wet	1.0	ND ND ND
Xylenes, Total	ug/kg wet	1.0	ND

ENDONATORY CONTINUE SAME CONTINUE SAME CE SOL EXORETE	Reference		Dupl	
Parameter Units MDL .	Value	Recv	Recv RPI	_
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M ug/kg wet 200	1000	90%	83%	8%
Benzene ug/kg wet 1.0	40.0	85%		0%
Toluene ug/kg wet 1.0	40.0	86%		2%
Ethylbenzene ug/kg wet 1.0	40.0	91%	-	4%
Xylenes, Total ug/kg wet 1.0	120	93%	87%	5%



Mr. Marc Briggs

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

December 10, 1993

Page 41

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

Batch: 70 26837

Samples: 70 0202132, 70 0202140, 70 0202159, 70 0202167, 70 0202175

70 0202183, 70 0202191, 70 0202205, 70 0202213, 70 0202221 70 0202248, 70 0202280, 70 0202302, 70 0202310, 70 0202329 70 0202345, 70 0202361

METHOD BLANK:

Parameter TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):	Units	MDL	Method Blank
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M)	ug/kg wet	200	ND ~
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene	ug/kg wet ug/kg wet ug/kg wet	1.0	ND ND ND
Xylenes, Total	ug/kg wet	1.0	ND

Reference	U	upl	
Value Ro			
1000	94%	95%	1%
40.0	92%	88%	4%
40.0	99%	97%	2%
40.0 1	12% 1	11%	0%
120 1	14% 1	11%	2%
	Value R 1000 40.0 40.0 40.0	Value Recv 94% R 1000 94% 92% 40.0 99% 112%	Value Recv 95% 1000 94% 95% 40.0 92% 88% 40.0 99% 97% 40.0 112% 111%



Mr. Marc Briggs

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

December 10, 1993

Page 42

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS Batch: 70 26870

Samples: 70 0202388, 70 0202418, 70 0202426, 70 0202434, 70 0202442

70 0202469, 70 0202477, 70 0202485, 70 0202493, 70 0202515

70 0202523, 70 0202582

METHOD BLANK:

Parameter TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):	<u>Units</u>	MDL	Method <u>Blank</u>
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M)	ug/kg wet	20 0	ND -
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene	ug/kg wet ug/kg wet ug/kg wet	1.0	ND NO ND
Xylenes, Total	ug/kg wet	1.0	ND

ENDONATION CONTINUE CAME CONTINUE CA			Reference		Dupl	
Parameter	Units	MDL	Value	Recv	Recv	RPD
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M		200	1000	88%	84%	4%
Benzene	ug/kg wet	1.0	40	92%	93%	1%
	ug/kg wet		40	91%	92%	1%
	ug/kg wet		40	90%	91%	1%
	ug/kg wet		120	92%	92%	0%



Mr. Marc Briggs

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

December 10, 1993

Page 43

PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

Batch: 70 26891

Samples: 70 0202272, 70 0202507, 70 0202531, 70 0202540, 70 0202558 70 0202574, 70 0202590

METHOD BLANK:

Develope	Unito	MDL	Method Blank
Parameter TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):	<u>Units</u>	HUL	D I dilk
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M)	ug/kg wet	200_	ND -
Benzene	ug/kg wet	1.0	ND
Toluene	ug/kg wet	1.0	ND
Ethylbenzene	ug/kg wet	1.0	ND
Xylenes, Total	ug/kg wet	1.0	ND

EMBORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE AND CONTROL SAMPLE BUTCHONTE.	Reference		Dupl	
Parameter Units MDL	Value	Recv	Recv I	RPD
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M ug/kg wet 200	1000	77%	82%	6%
Benzene ug/kg wet 1.0	40.0	108%	103%	4%
Toluene ug/kg wet 1.0	40.0	105%	100%	4%
10,400.0	40.0	111%	105%	5%
20119 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	120	110%	105%	4%
Xylenes, Total ug/kg wet 1.0	120			



Mr. Marc Briggs Page 44 FOOTNOTES for pages 40 through 43 December 10, 1993 PACE Project Number: 431202508

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.

RPD

Relative Percent Difference

PAGE OF DEALTED

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EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A.

P.O. Box 4415, Houston, TX 77210-4415 CHAIN OF CHSTODY

CHAIN OF CUSTODY Novato, CA, 11 Digital Drive, 94949 (415) 883-6100

Huntington Beach, CA, 5702 Bolsa Avenue, 92649 (714) 892-2565

(413) 00	9 1-0100			17 072 2303				
Consultant's Name: RESNA				.	Page of M-			
Address: 3315 Almaden Exp.	1134 3	an Juse CH	15/18	Site Location: 290	11 Hopyard Kd.			
Project #: Consultant Project #: 13 0 00 7 P Consultant Work Release #:								
Project Contact: Marc Br 1995 Phone # (408) 264-1723 Fax #: 264 2455 Laboratory Work Release #: 093 00140								
EXXON CONTACT MAY A GUENSLIE X E	EE C&M	Phone #	Fax #:	EXXON RAS #:	3399			
Sampled by (print): Jeanne Bucktho	<u> </u>	Sampler's Signature:	anne Michera	<i>/</i>				
Shipment Method: Courier		Air Bill #:		Shipment Date:	12/2/93			
TAT: 24 hr 48 hr 72 hr 🔀 St	andard (5 day)		ANALYSIS REQUIRED		Sample Condition as Regerved Temperature (C) 4.			
		GAS BTEX 8015'8020 Diexei 8015 H			Temperature °C 4.4 Cooler #: <u>B/4</u> , <u>BI9</u> 2 Inbound Seal Yes No Outbound Seal Yes No			
Sample Description Collection Matrix Prsv Date/Time Soil Water	# of PACE Cont Sample #	TPH GAS B EPA 8015'8 TPH Dievel EPA 8015 TRPH EPA 418 3			COMMENTS			
5-5-1317 1111113 301 110	1 11/22/3	<u> </u>						
5-15-189 720	1 712221	<u> </u>						
3-25/1.B19 790	1 20224.8	<u> </u>						
5-30-B19 950	12025	× _	<u> </u>					
5-35-819 955	1 20228,0	, ×	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
5-4D-B19 1010	1 20230.2	X						
5-44/2-819 1020	1 20231,0			$\langle - - $				
5-4911-819 1040	1 70232.9	× _)				
5-63-B19 1100	10231.5	X						
5-5-B18 1330 V V	1 70236.	X						
Relinquished by/Affiliation	Date Time	Accepted, by/	Affitjation Dage	Time Additional	Comments:			
	1/13/1530	111011111	1 1 12 2 1 1 3 1 1 2 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3	1410 S/3 163)				

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EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A.

P.O. Box 4415, Houston, TX 77210-4415 CHAIN OF CUSTODY

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Novato, CA, 11 Digital Drive, 94949 (415) 883-6100

Huntington Beach, CA, 5702 Bolsa Avenue, 92649 (714) 892-2565

Consultant's Name:	RE-51	M															Page 2 of MY
Address: 3315																	
Project #:				,	' 1	Const	diant P	roject #	: 131	200 4	. v4			Con	sultant W	ork Rel	ease #:
Project Contact:	arc V	(1995	· 			Phone	#/4	(11.)/	<u> </u>	173	Fax	#: (1 24-	<u> </u>	oratory W	ork Rel	case #: 04310140
EXXON Contact:	lacla G	واختمفه	<u>, (X</u>	EE	C&M	Phone	#				Fax	#:			ON RAS	#: 7	-3399
Sampled by (print):	Jaann	J BL	CKY	Ral		Samp	ler's Si	gnature		111	1	200	CATA	tal			
Shipment Method:	7045	e				Air B	ill #:		i/					Shir	ment Dat	e:	12/2/93
TAT: 24 hr	48 hr	72 hr	M	Standard ((5 day)					ANA	LYSIS	REQUI	RED				Sample Condition as Received Temperature ; C: 4,4
						TPH/GAS-BTEX EPA 8015/8020	esej 15	8.1									Cooler #: B141 B192 Inbound Seal Yes No Outbound Seal Yes No
Sample Description	Callection Date/Time	Matrix Soil/Water	Pisv	# of Cont	PACE Sample #	TPH/G/ EPA 80	TPH/Diese	TRPH EPA 418.1									COMMENTS
S-10-B1B	12/1/93	4	11.4-	1	21211.6	Y		ļ -						_			
5-15-BIB	1340		<u> </u>	1-1-1	20212.4	У		ļ. <u></u>		ļ							
S-70-B18	1356				20213.2	- X										ļ <u>.</u>	
S-25-B1B	1400		 	1	20214.0	X									_	-	
5-30-B18	1410		$oxed{oldsymbol{ol}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$		202151	X											
5-35-B18	1420				21216.	Х						[<u> </u>	
5-391/2-B18	1430			1 /	20217.5	X										ļ	
5-45-B18	1450			1 1	76218.3	Х										<u> </u>	
5-49'h-818	1515			1 1	26217.1	7									_	1	
5-541/2-BIX	153D	\mathbb{V}	V	1	202201	Y											
Relinqu	ished by/Affil	liation		Date	Time		A.	4ccepje	d by/Ai	Milig e jon	1		Date	Tim	e Add	itional C	Comments:
And the state of	chefa	1/RES	N/A	14)1.	1930 1431	he		131	1119	Tac	11/	121	2/2 2/73	1403	ن		
			l	1	 	~~~							<u> </u>				

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EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A.

P.O. Box 4415, Houston, TX 77240-4415 CHAIN OF CUSTODY

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43	1203	508	ł

Novato, CA, 11 Digital Drive, 94949 (415) 883-6100

Huntington Beach, CA, 5702 Bolsa Avenue, 92649 (714) 892-2565

Consultant's Name: RENA									
Address: 3515 Almadon Exp. 1134 un loss (A 15.118) Sie Location: 25/11 thepagard Pd.									
Project #:	Consultant Project #: 13000 1.04				Consultant Work Release #:				
Project Contact: MATC BC1995	Phone #:/4(2)2(4) 1715 Fax #:2/4 2435				Laborat				
EXXON Contact: Mar la Chun ler X EE	Phone #. Pax #:			EXXO	EXXON RAS #: 1.3399				
Sampled by (print): JOGANE RUCKHIO	<u>al</u>	Sampler's Signature: VANA BUCATA				1			
Shipment Method: (17) 1 1 1 9 f		Air Bill #:				Shipment Date: 12/2/93			
TAT: 24 hr 48 hr 72 hr Stan	ndard (5 day)			ANALYSIS RE	QUIRED	_	Sample Condition as Receive Temperature 6 9: 44.4		
	#ot PACE	TPH/GAS/BTEX EPA 8015/8020 TPH/Diescl EPA 8015	8.1					Cooler #: B/4 B/97 Inbound Scal Yes No Outbound Scal Yes No	
Date/Time Soil/Water (Cont Sample#		TRPH EPA 4:					COMMENTS	
5-41/2-BID 12/3/3 50,1 10	1 212388	7 1				<u>_</u>			
5-10-B16 915	1 202418	Y . —							
6-16-B16 920	1 1029216	X				_			
5-20-816 930	1 712434	Х							
5-412-816 940	1 10244,2	<u> </u>							
5-30-816 950	1 10246	<u> </u>				_			
5-35-BIL 955	1 107477	ìχ							
5-391/2-B16 1005	1 20248.5	X							
545-816 1120	1 21249,3	X							
5-50-B16 1030 V	1 202.605	*							
	Date Time	. /	Accepted by/Af	filiațion	Date	Time	Additional C	omments:	
Jestal/RESAH 11)	<u> </u>	Wireso	THE PARTY	Parl.	12/2 12/2/13	130 1630			

Distributions

THE ASSURANCE OF QUALITY

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EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A.

P.O. Box 4415, Houston, TX 77210-4415

421202 SOS

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

THE ASSURANCE OF QUALITY Novato, CA, 1: Digital 1. (415) 883-6100	rive, 94949 Ho	mington Beach, CA, 5702 Bolsa Avenue, 92649 14) 892-2565 // 4		
Consultant's Name: PESNH		Page M of M		
Address: 3315 Almailen Ezi, 11 34.	un 1050, A 15/18	Site Location: 2991 1101 perch 11		
Project #:	Consultant Project #. 150009.04	Consultant Work Release #:		
Project Contact: MACC BCIG95	Phone #: (4 08) 12-1 1 1 3 Fax #: 16-1 14/2	Laboratory Work Release #: (29300140		
EXXON Contact: Maria Gue M Sign EE CAM	Phone #: Pax #:	EXXON RAS #: 1-53 99		
Sampled by (print): Leanne Bill + Hal	Sampler's Signature: VALAR SILCHTA	()		
Shipment Method: (M) (16)	Air Bill #:	Shipment Date: 17/2/93		
TAT: 24 hr 48 hr 72 hr Standard (5 day)	ANALYSIS REQUIRED	Sample Condition as Received Temperature 1.0: 41.44		
Sample Description Collection Matrix Ptsv # of PACE Sample #	TPH/GAS-BTEX EPA 8015/8020 TPH/Diexel EPA 8015 TRPH EPA 418)	Cooler #: Bf4 Bf9 Z Inbound Seal Yes No Outbound Seal Yes No COMMENTS		
5.59-B16 12/1/93 501 110 1 12515				
5-47-317 1305 1 1 1 102527	<u> </u>			
3-10-317 1315 1 20753	×			
5-15-817 1320 1202541	(
5-191/1-617 1330 1 102558	X			
5-29'h-817 1340 10257.1	У			
5-30-B17 1356 1 20242	- X			
5-34/1-1317 1400 1/ 1/ 1/2591	X			
	'			
Relinquished by/Affiliation Date Time	1 / Accepted by/Aftifiation Date	Time Additional Comments:		
Janua Gulteral 12/2/13 1940	Mruspara Paec 12/2	173		

Pink Lab

Yellow Laxon

White Original

35.14

Goldemod - Consultant Field Staff



December 16, 1993

Mr. Marc Briggs RESNA 3315 Almaden Expressway Suite 34 San Jose, CA 95118

RE: PACE Project No. 431203.520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

Dear Mr. Briggs:

Enclosed is the report of laboratory analyses for samples received December 03, 1993.

Footnotes are given at the end of the report.

If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact us.

Sincerely,

Stephanie Matzo
Project Manager

Enclosures



December 16, 1993

RESNA

3315 Almaden Expressway Suite 34

San Jose, CA 95118

Attn: Mr. Marc Briggs

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

<u>Parameter</u>

70 0204275

12/02/93

12/03/93

S-39 1/2-817

DATE ANALYZED

PACE Project Number: 431203520

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):

Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene

Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

40000 670000

MDL

ug/kg wet

<u>Units</u>

50 ug/kg wet 50 ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet 50

50

17000 11000

2700

12/09/93 12/09/93 12/09/93

12/09/93

12/09/93

12/09/93

71000

12/09/93



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page 2

December 16, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431203520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID: Parameter 70 0204283 12/02/93

12/03/93

MDL

S-45-B17
DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

12/09/93 TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) mg/kg wet 12/09/93 1100 (PPM) 50 12/09/93 PURĞEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): 50 ND 12/09/93 ug/kg wet Benzene 12/09/93 ug/kg wet 50 200 Toluene 530 12/09/93 50 ug/kg wet Ethylbenzene

<u>Units</u>

Xylenes, Total

ug/kg wet 50 6700 12/09/93



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page 3

Parameter

December 16, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431203520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Client Sample ID:

70 0204291 12/02/93 12/03/93

S-49 1/2-B17

DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

12/09/93 TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet 12/09/93 1700 1000 PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): 12/09/93 ~ ND 12/09/93 5.0 ug/kg wet

Units

Benzene ug/kg wet

Toluene

Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

5.0 ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet

MDL

5.0

5.0

36

13

6.6

12/09/93 12/09/93

12/09/93



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page

December 16, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431203520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received:

Parameter

Client Sample ID:

70 0204305 12/02/93

12/03/93 S-54 1/2-

DATE ANALYZED B17 MDL_ Units

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT):
Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) ug/kg wet

PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M):

Benzene

Toluene Ethylbenzene

Xylenes, Total

12/09/93 ND 12/09/93 1000

5.0 ND ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet

ug/kg wet 5.0

ND ug/kg wet 5.0 5.0 ND 12/09/93 12/09/93 12/09/93

12/09/93

ND

12/09/93



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page 5

December 16, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431203520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE	Sample Number:
Date	Collected:
	es : 1

Date Received:

Client Sample ID: Parameter

70 0204313 12/02/93 12/03/93

SP-A+B+C+O
Units MDL Composite DATE ANALYZED

INORGANIC ANALYSIS

INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Corrosivity (pH) Cyanide, Reactive Flash Point, Closed Cup	mg/kg Degrees C).1).5 25).5	7.5 ND >60 (FL) ND	12/08/93 12/14/93 12/08/93 12/08/93
Sulfide. Reactive	mg/kg €	J. 3	יווי	12/00/00

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M) PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M): Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene	ug/kg wet ug/kg wet ug/kg wet ug/kg wet	5.0 10	66000 - 370 1300 1100	12/10/93 12/10/93 12/10/93 12/10/93 12/10/93 12/10/93
Xylenes, Total	ug/kg wet	10	5000	12/10/93



Mr. Marc Briggs

Page 6

December 16, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431203520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected:

Date Received: Client Sample ID: 70 0204321

12/02/93 12/03/93

SP-A+B+C+D

CAM

<u>Parameter</u>

Unit<u>s</u>

MDL_

EXTRACT DATE ANALYZED

INORGANIC ANALYSIS

INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS

Lead (EPA Method 6010/200.7, ICP)

mg/L

1.0

ND

12/13/93

These data have been reviewed and are approved for release.

ltpl than for

Darrell C. Cain Regional Director



6

Mr. Marc Briggs

FOOTNOTES

December 16, 1993

Page

for pages 1 through

PACE Project Number: 431203520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

Greater than reported value.

MDL ND

Method Detection Limit Not detected at or above the MDL.

(PPM)

Results reported in parts per million due to high levels present

(FL)

Please note there is no California DHS approved EPA method for flash point in soils. A modification of method 1010 was used.



Mr. Marc Briggs

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

December 16, 1993

Page 8

PACE Project Number: 431203520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

Corrosivity (pH) Batch: 70 26876 Samples: 70 0204313

SAMPLE DUPLICATE:

700204313 Duplicate

SP-A+B+C+D of

Parameter Units MDL Composite 70 0204313 RPD Corrosivity (pH) Units 0.1 7.5 7.5 0%

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE AND CONTROL SAMPLE DUPLICATE:



Mr. Marc Briggs

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

December 16, 1993

Page

PACE Project Number: 431203520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

Cyanide, Reactive Batch: 70 27016 Samples: 70 0204313

METHOD BLANK AND SAMPLE DUPLICATE:

SP-A+B+C+D of

Method MOL

<u>Composite</u> <u>70 0204313</u>

<u>Parameter</u> Cyanide, Reactive <u>Units</u> mg/kg <u>Blank</u> ND

ND

ND

21%

<u>rpd</u> NC

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE AND CONTROL SAMPLE DUPLICATE:

Parameter Cyanide, Reactive <u>Units</u> mg/kg

Reference Value Recv 1000

Dupl

Recv RPD 22%



Mr. Marc Briggs

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

December 16, 1993

Page 10

PACE Project Number: 431203520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

Flash Point, Closed Cup Batch: 70 26865 Samples: 70 0204313

SAMPLE DUPLICATE:

700204313 Duplicate

SP-A+B+C+D of

<u>Composite___70_0204313</u> Units Parameter |

Degrees C 25 >60 >60 Flash Point, Closed Cup

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE AND CONTROL SAMPLE DUPLICATE:

Reference Dupl Value Recv Recv RPD <u>Units</u> <u>Parameter</u> Degrees C 25 30 100% 100% Flash Point, Closed Cup



Mr. Marc Briggs

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

December 16, 1993

Page 11

PACE Project Number: 431203520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

Lead (EPA Method 6010/200.7, ICP)

Batch: 70 26987 Samples: 70 0204321

METHOD BLANK:

Method

Parameter Lead (EPA Method 6010/200.7, ICP) Units M mq/L I Blank

ND

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE AND CONTROL SAMPLE DUPLICATE:

Parameter Lead (EPA Method 6010/200.7, ICP) <u>Units</u> mg/L MDL 1.0 . Reference

Dupl

 Value
 Recv
 Recv
 RPD

 5.0
 103%
 104%
 0%



Mr. Marc Briggs

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

December 16, 1993

Page 12

PACE Project Number: 431203520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

Sulfide, Reactive Batch: 70 26889 Samples: 70 0204313

METHOD BLANK AND SAMPLE DUPLICATE:

700204313 Duplicate

SP-A+B+C+D of Method

MDL Blank_ Units <u>Parameter</u> mg/kg Sulfide, Reactive

<u>Composite</u> 70 0204313 ND ND

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE AND CONTROL SAMPLE DUPLICATE:

Parameter | Sulfide, Reactive <u>Units</u> mg/kg Reference Dupl <u>Recv</u> Recy RPD Value_ 45% 45% 506



Mr. Marc Briggs

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

December 16, 1993

PACE Project Number: 431203520

Page 13

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

PURGEABLE FUELS AND AROMATICS

Batch: 70 26891

Samples: 70 0204275, 70 0204283, 70 0204291, 70 0204305, 70 0204313

METHOD BLANK:

Parameter (LIGHT)	<u>Units</u>	MDL	Method Blank
TOTAL FUEL HYDROCARBONS, (LIGHT): Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M PURGEABLE AROMATICS (BTXE BY EPA 8020M)	ug/kg wet	200	ND -
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene	ug/kg wet ug/kg wet ug/kg wet	1.0	ND ND ND
Xylenes, Total	ug/kg wet	1.0	ND

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE AND CONTROL SAMPLE DUPLICATE:

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE AND CONTROL 3	AMPLE BOFLICATE:	Reference	Dupl
Parameter Purgeable Fuels, as Gasoline (EPA 8015M Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene	ug/kg wet 1.0 ug/kg wet 1.0 ug/kg wet 1.0	Reference Value Recy 1000 779 40.0 1089 40.0 1059 40.0 1119 120 1109	Recv RPD 6% 6% 103% 4% 100% 4% 105% 5%
Xylenes. Total	ug/kg wet l.O	120 110	g 10210 410



Mr. Marc Briggs Page 14 FOOTNOTES for pages 8 through 13

December 16, 1993 PACE Project Number: 431203520

Client Reference: Exxon 7-3399 (EE)

> MDL Greater than reported value.

MDL Method Detection Limit

NC

No calculation due to value below detection limit.

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.

RPD

Relative Percent Difference

431203 520

PACCE DE LE COMPANIE DE ASSUMANCE DE ANALES

EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A.

P.O. Box 4415, Houston, TX 77210-4415 CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Novato, CA, 11 Digital Drive, 94949 Huntington Beach, CA, 5702 Bolsa Avenue, 92649 (415) 883-6100 (714) 892-2565																		
Consultant's Name: PUSNA Page 1 of 1																		
Address: 3315 Amaden Exp. #34, San Jose CA 95/18 Sile Location: 2991 Hop yard Rd.																		
Project #:						Consultant Project #: 130009.04									Consult	ant Wo	rk Rek	case #:
Project Contact: Marc Bnggs					Phone #: (408)2647773 Fax #: 2642435								35	Laboratory Work Release #: 198300140				
EXXON Contact: Maria Guersler & EE C&M					Phone #: Pax #:									EXXON RAS #: 7-3399				
Sampled by (print):	Jeann		CKY	<u>Ral</u>	·	Samp	Sampler's Signature: June Buchtha											
Shipment Method:	u	mier				Air Bill #:									Shipment Date: 12/3/93			
TAT: 24 hr	48 hr	72 hr	Ď s	itandard	(5 day)	ANALYSIS REQUIRED									Sample Condition as Received Temperature ° C:			
Sample Description	Collection Date/Time	Matrix Soil/Water	Prsv	# of Cont	PACE Sample #	TPH/GAS/BTEX EPA 8015/8020	TPH/Diesel EPA 8015	TRPH EPA 418.1	RCI	STIC Pb								Cooler #: Inbound Seal Yes No Outbound Seal Yes No COMMENTS
53912-817	121-172	Soil	ho		204215	X				•								
5-15-137	1420			1	20428.3	X											<u> </u>	
5-191/2-817	1430			<u> </u>	20424.1	×										<u> </u>		
5-54/2817	144D	Ψ	LY	1_	20430-5	X		<u> </u>										
SP-A	1515				,)								<u> </u>			
SP-B	1515			1	2804313	X	ζ		Х	X								Scomposite
58-C	1515			1	\										<u> </u>			
50-D	1515	V	V	1_	<i>J</i>		لــــا								ļ)
heachated	F				20431.1													
Relinquished by/Affiliation Date Time					74 / Accepted by/Affiliation Date									Time	Addi	jonal C	cted date 12-243	
Seagn of	echt to	-70	SMY 1	4413 2/3	1530	Gl P	h)	2)		117	<u>N</u>		143 12/3	hB.	41)	36.7	ones	ample label. SB 12/61

Distribution.



APPENDIX G SOIL REMOVAL RECORD

05/06/94

16:55

DILLHRU HOUKING → 460 264 2455

Dillard Environmental Services

ب ليه خا

A Division of Dillard Trucking, Inc.

P.O. Box 218 • Byron, CA 94514 Phone (510) 634-6850 • Fax (510) 634-0569 EPA #CAD981692809 • D.O.H.S. #1715 • CA LIC. #624665-A HAZ

January 25, 1994

RESNA 3315 Almaden Expressway #34 San Jose, CA 94118

Fax# (408)264-2435

Attn: Jeanne Buckthal

Re: Exxon Station #7-3399 - 2991 Hopyard Rd., Pleasanton Removed - 5 yards of drill cutting soil

Dear Jeanne:

Please be advised that the drill cutting soil from the above referenced site has been removed. The soil was taken to BFI Landfill, Livermore, CA on January 20, 1994.

I trust that you will find everything in order. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,

DILLARD ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES A Divison of Dillard Trucking, Inc.

Donna L. Pedersen Project Manager

DLP/st



Wasts Systems **

No. 1023861

NON-HAZARDOUS SPECIAL WASTE MANIFEST

GENE	RATOR					
Generator Name Exxon Company, U.S.A.	Generating Location Exxon Station #7-3399					
Address P.O. Box 4415	Address 2991 Hopyard Road					
Houston, Texas 77310-4415	Pleasanton, CA					
Phone No. 5 1 0 2 4 6 8 7 0 0	Phone No.					
BFI Wasie Code A 4 0 5 1 2 2 9 9 3	Quantity Units No. Type D - Drum					
state h.w. is not a hazardous waste as defined by 40 CFR Pa	n b b 7 5 y 0 2 T B - Bag T - Truck P - Pounds Y - Yards O - Other in free liquid as defined by 40 CFR Part 260.10 or any applicable art 261 or any applicable state law, has been properly described.					
Maria D. Guerrier Maria D. Hugerier Generator Authorized Agent Name Signature	Shipment Date					
	SPORTER ""					
Truck No8/ 8//	Phone No. (510) 634-6850					
Transporter Name Dillard Trucking, Inc. 2000/7-	Driver Name (Print) 1601/ Grace					
	Vehicle License No./State 2/198929//UB2270					
Byron, CA 94514	Vehicle Certification 4276 \$1 / 4276 79					
and the first the oblige named material was picked up or give the oblige above.	I hereby certify that the above named material was delivered with out incident to the destination listed below.					
012094 Shipment Date	priver Signature Delivery Date					
DESTINATION						
Site Name B.F.I. Vesco Rd., Landfill F.O.#02-10	Phone No. 5 1 0 — 4 4 7 0 4 9 1					
Address 4001 North Vasco Road, Livermore, CA	94550					
	and to the best of my knewledge the foregoing is true and accurate					
Name of Authorized Agent Signature	· ·					
	PASS CODE					

8F1280-7