Risk-Based Corrective Action (RBCA) Modeling

FORMER PACO PUMPS FACILITY 9201 San Leandro Street Oakland, California

March 16, 1998

Report Prepared for:

PACO PUMPS, INC. 16801 Greenspoint Park Drive, Suite 355 Houston, Texas 77060

Risk-Based Corrective Action (RBCA) Modeling Former Paco Pumps Facility 9201 San Leandro Street Oakland, California

Jonas and Associates Inc. Job No. PCO-220

Prepared by:

Mark L. Jonas, R.G.

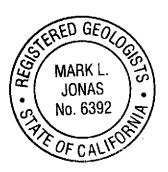
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March 16, 1998

Risk-Based Corrective Action (RBCA) Modeling

Former Paco Pumps Facility 9201 San Leandro Street Oakland, California

March 16, 1998

Prepared for:

Paco Pumps, Inc. Houston, Texas (281) 775-1697

Prepared by:

Jonas and Associates Inc. Walnut Creek, California (510) 933-5360

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Former Paco Pumps Facility 9201 San Leandro Street Oakland, California

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Risk-Based Corrective Action (RBCA) Modeling

Former Paco Pumps Facility 9201 San Leandro Street, Oakland, California March 16, 1998

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Jonas and Associates Inc. (J&A) has been retained by Paco Pumps, Inc. (Paco Pumps) to perform Risk-Based Corrective Action (RBCA) modeling for their former facility located at 9201 San Leandro Street, in Oakland, California 94603. The methodology and calculations for RBCA modeling conforms with ASTM E-1739 "Standard Guide for Risk-Based Corrective Action Applied at Petroleum Release Sites". Risk from air exposure from volatile organics detected in groundwater under a building located downgradient of a former gasoline underground storage tank (UST) was estimated using a RBCA Spreadsheet System (GSI, 1997). Indoor commercial air exposure inside the building was calculated for benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, and total xylenes (BTEX). These volatile organics are apparently associated with a former gasoline UST. RBCA modeling of the former Paco Pumps site was performed for consideration of regulatory closure.

Groundwater at the former Paco Pumps site has been characterized since 1992, as presented in reports identified in Section 4.0 <u>References</u>. Sixteen rounds of groundwater samples have been collected and analyzed. Four boreholes were drilled using a geoprobe inside the building located downgradient from a former UST. Groundwater from each borehole was sampled and analyzed. Soil collected from one borehole was analyzed for various parameters required in the RBCA model. The RBCA characterization of on-site groundwater quality was based on four rounds of groundwater monitoring well samples and the results of samples collected from the four boreholes.

PACO Pumps' environmental representative for this project is Mr. John Lilla {(281) 775-1697}. The lead agency for this project is the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency, Department of Environmental Health, Hazardous Division (Alameda County Health Services). The address of Alameda County Health Services is 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, 2nd Floor, Alameda, California 94502. The agency representative is Ms. Eva Chu {(510) 567-6762}.

1.1 Site Description

The former PACO Pumps facility presented in this report is located at 9201 San Leandro Street, in Oakland, California. Prior to May 1992, PACO Pumps had an active facility at this location. The facility contained a manufacturing, engineering, and storage building, a purchasing and data processing building, a warehouse, a welding shop, employee parking, and outside storage. Apparently, the property also had two

underground tanks used for the storage of gasoline. The property is largely secured by a Cyclone fence and gates. PACO Pumps closed this facility and removed its equipment. Currently, this property is owned by a local company which primarily uses it to pack and warehouse glassware.

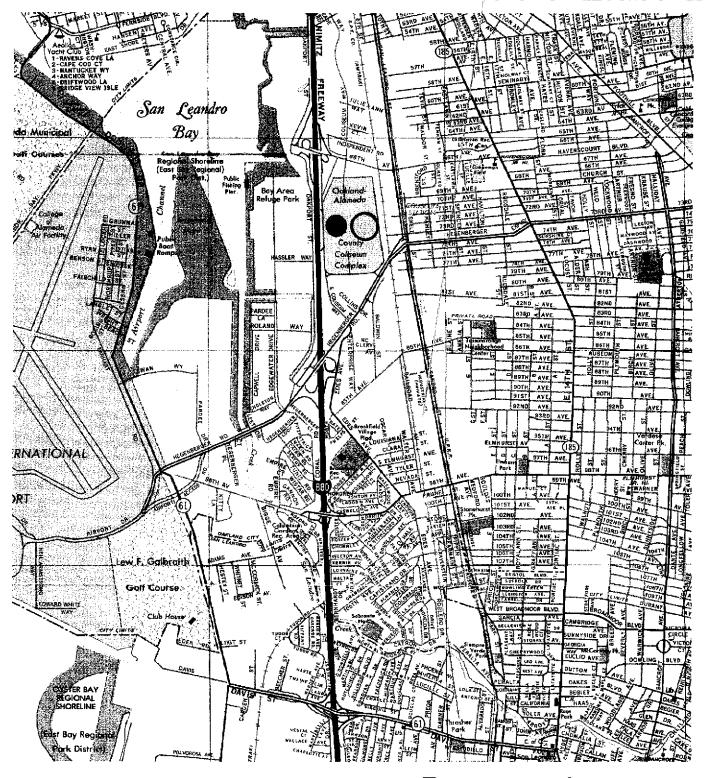
The regional location of the property is presented in Figure 1. The facility is located in Township 2 South, Range 3 West, Section 22, Mount Diablo Baseline and Meridian. The land is essentially flat. Groundwater quality is relatively poor due to its proximity to the San Francisco Bay.

1.2 Scope of Report

This "Risk-Based Corrective Action (RBCA) Modeling" report is presented in four sections and one appendix. Section 1, <u>Introduction</u>, provides a brief description of the site and the scope of the report. Section 2, <u>RBCA Modeling</u>, presents the methodologies and results associated with Risk-Based Corrective Action modeling. Section 3, <u>Conclusions</u>, present the findings of the RBCA modeling effort. Section 4, <u>References</u>, cites various documents relevant to the site.

The appendix of the report presents RBCA simulation documentation using areaweighted averages for BTEX detected in groundwater under the building located downgradient from a former gasoline UST.

PACO PUMPS (former)
920 | San Leandro Street





REGIONAL LOCATION
Former PACO PUMPS
920 | San Leandro Street
Oakland, California

I" = 1/2 MILE

Figure 1

DRAWING NUMBER: PCO220-Fig1

2.0 RBCA MODELING

Risked-Based Corrective Action (RBCA) modeling is accepted by Alameda County Health Care Services Agency to determine risk associated with exposure pathways. RBCA methodology and calculations are defined in ASTM E-1739 "Standard Guide for Risk-Based Corrective Action Applied at Petroleum Release Sites." To perform these calculations a RBCA Spreadsheet System (version 1.0.1) by Groundwater Services Inc (GSI) was used. The RBCA Spreadsheet System consists of a series of linked worksheets in Microsoft Excel 97. Risk assessment procedures employed by the GSI RBCA Spreadsheet System are also consistent with U.S. EPA guidelines.

2.1 RBCA Modeling Simulations

To characterize potential commercial air exposure risk from on-site groundwater contamination the area-weighted average of the maximum BTEX concentration detected in the latest four sampling rounds from monitoring well 9MW3 and 9MW5, and the BTEX results from groundwater samples collected from Boreholes B1, B2, B3, and B4. Figure 2 identifies the locations of the monitoring wells 9MW3 and 9MW5, the four boreholes, and the location of the former UST. Table 1 and Figure 3 present a summary of constituents and concentrations used for the RBCA modeling effort. For those Table 1 constituents which were not detected a concentration representing half the detection limit was used. Indoor commercial air exposure for BTEX was evaluated with respect to carcinogenic risk and the non-carcinogenic hazard quotient.

Following is a summary of the RBCA modeling simulation used for analyzing indoor commercial air exposure risk from groundwater contamination:

Area-Weighted Average of Maximum Concentrations, Indoor Air Exposure

The RBCA simulation used existing data to characterize conditions under the facility building located downgradient of the former gasoline UST. To characterize groundwater under the building four groundwater sampling rounds for monitoring wells 9MW3 and 9MW5 were used along with groundwater sampling results for Boreholes B1, B2, B3, and B4. A soil sample collected from Borehole B1 was analyzed for site-specific parameter used in the RBCA model. Table 1, Summary of Concentrations Used in RBCA Model, presents the analytical results used for the RBCA model. The maximum concentration from the latest four sampling rounds for the monitoring wells and the results of groundwater analysis for the four boreholes were spatially averaged using an area-weight averaging technique. Section 2.2, Area-Weighted Averaging, presents the method to determine the spatial average of groundwater quality under the building. The area-weighted average of benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, and total xylenes concentrations were used to determine a representative concentration of each of these constituents. Representative groundwater concentrations were used in the RBCA model to determine indoor air commercial exposure with respect to carcinogenic and non-carcinogenic risk.

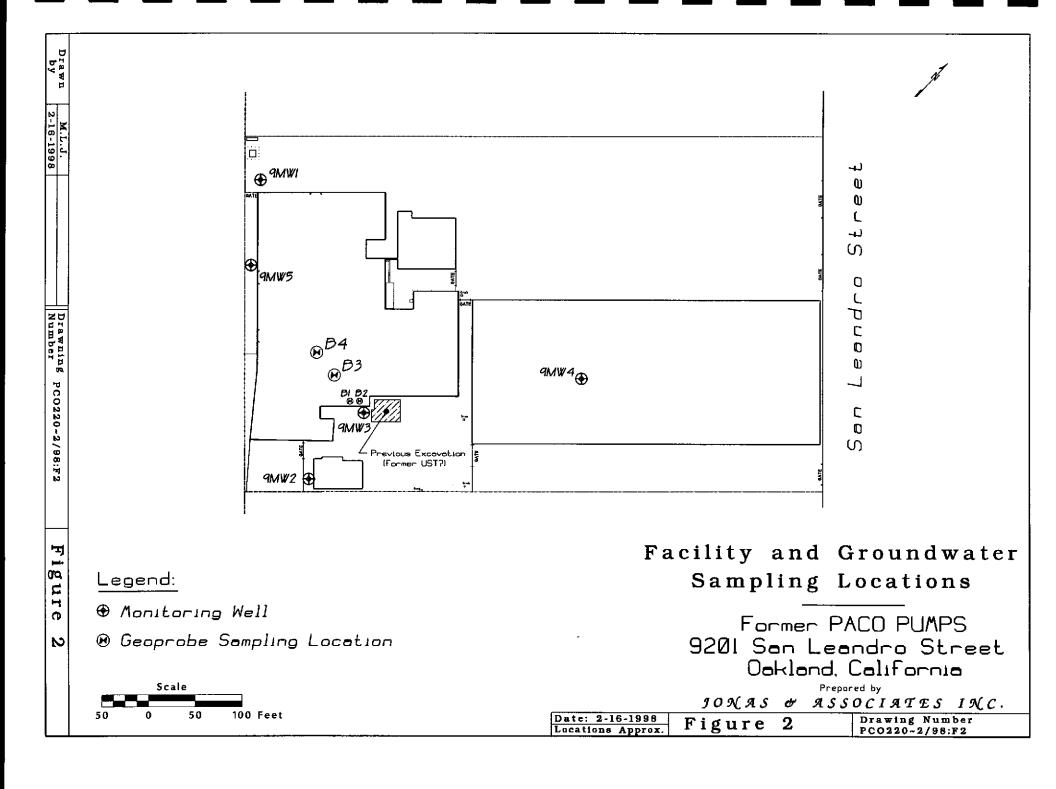


Table 1 Summary of Concentrations Used in RBCA Model Former Paco Pumps Facility

Well/		Analytes {mg/L}							
Geoprobe Borehole	Sampling Round & Date	TPH- Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl Benzene	Total Xylene	мтве	VOCs (except BTEX)	
9MW3	Round Thirteen (5/23/96)	4.300	3.200	0,350	0,072	0.074	_	ND	
	Round Fourteen (11/4/96)	4.500	2.100	0.130	0.061	0.039	-	ND	
	Round Fifteen (5/13/97)	10.000	4.800	0.530	0.100	0.092	ND(0.100)	ND	
	Round Sixteen (1/26/98)	12.000	5.000	0.250	0.091	0.100	-	ND	
9M W 5	Round Eight (2/8/95)	ND(0.050)	ND(0.0005)	ND(0.0005)	ND(0.0005)	ND(0,0005)	-	ND	
	Round Ten (8/9/95)	ND(0.05)	ND (0.0005)	ND(0,0005)	ND(0.0005)	ND(0.0005)	-	ND	
	Round Twelve (2/29/96)	ND(0.05)	0.0006	ND(0.0005)	ND(0.0005)	ND(0.0005)	-	ND	
	Round Fifteen (5/13/97)	ND(0.05)	ND (0.0005)	ND (0.0005)	ND(0.0005)	ND(0.0005)	•	ND	
B1	Geoprobe (2/3/97)	31.000	7.100	4.100	0.520	1.400	-	-	
B2	Geoprobe (2/3/97)	41.000	14.000	2.600	0.740	1.700	•	-	
В3	Geoprobe (2/2/98)	1.400	0.310	0.0099	0.027	0.056	•	-	
B4	Geoprobe (2/2/98)	ND(0.050)	ND (0.0005)	ND(0.0005)	ND(0.0005)	ND(0.0005)			

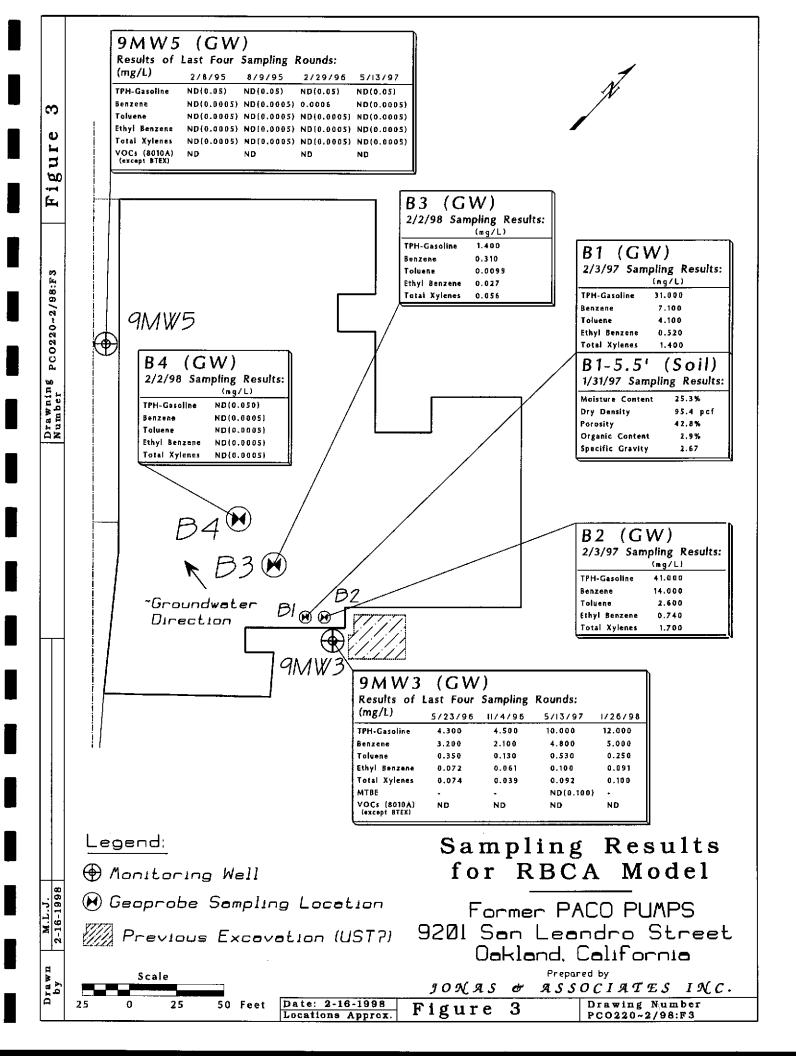
Geoprobe	Sampling Date	Moisture Content	Dry Density	Porosity	Organic Content	Specific Gravity
B1-5.5' (Soil)	1/31/97	25.3%	95.4 pcf	42.8%	2.9%	2.67

Legend: TPH: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

ND(0.050): Not Detected above Detection Limit

MTBE: Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether

VOCs: Volatile Organic Compounds (per EPA Method 8010A)



2.2 Area-Weighted Averaging

Area-weighted averaging is a statistical method to calculate representative BTEX concentrations within groundwater under the facility building located downgradient from a former gasoline UST. The method uses the distribution of existing data to determine a spatial average concentration of a chemical of concern (Isaaks & Srivastava, 1989).

The governing equation is a follows:

$$Concentration_{rep} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{A_i}{A_t} \times V_i$$

where:

 $Concentration_{rep} = Representative Concentration in Total Area A_t$

n = Number of Data Points

 A_i = Area of Polygon for Value V_i

 $A_t = Total Area$

 V_i = Value in Polygon

Figure 4 presents the polygons and groundwater sampling points downgradient from the former UST excavation. This figure also presents the area of each polygon (A_i) and the total area within the building (A_i) .

The following Table 2 provides representative concentrations for the detected chemicals presented in Table 1 and Figure 3. Maximum concentrations were used for the last four samples collected from monitoring wells 9MW3 and 9MW5. For averaging purposes when a concentration is not detected (ND) a value of half the detection limit was used.

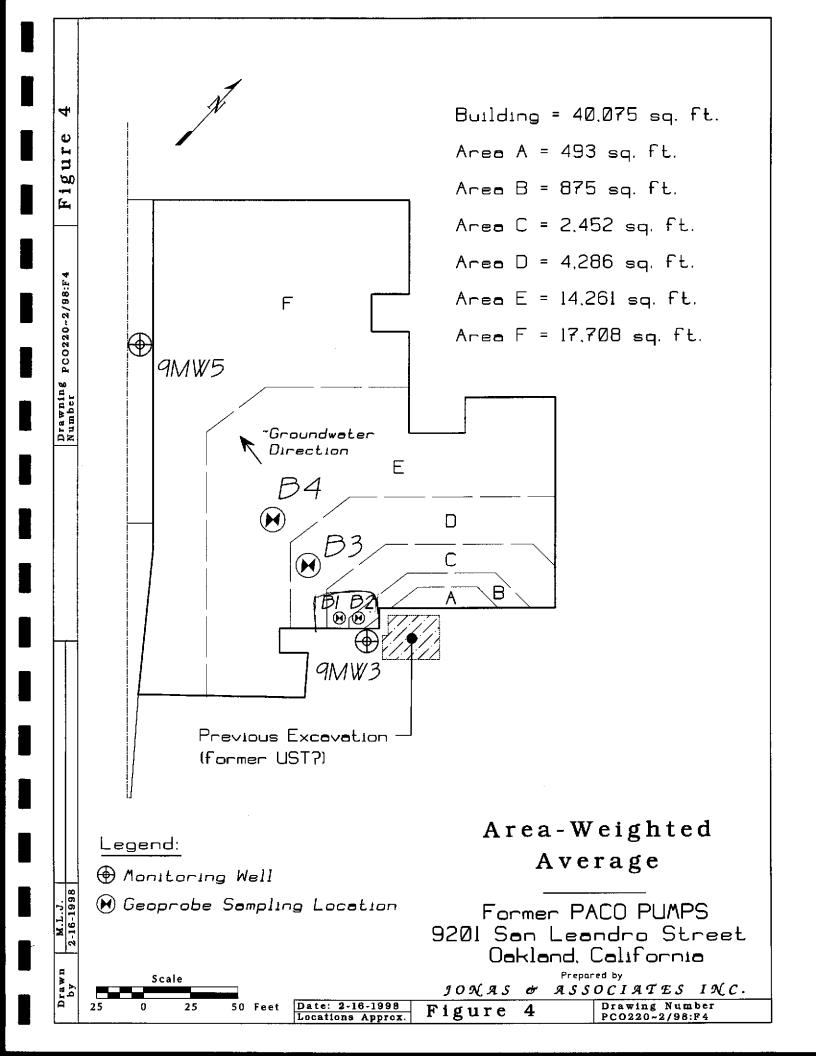


Table 2
Representative Concentrations Using Spatial Averaging
Former Paco Pumps Facility

BENZENE:

Chemical of Concern	Sampling Point	V _i (mg/L)	A _l /A _t	Concentration _{rep}
Benzene _{maximum}	9MW3	5.000	493 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	9MW5	0.0006	17,708 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B1	7.100	2,452 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B2	14,000	875 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B3	0.310	4,286 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B4	0.000251	14,261 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
				0.8352 mg/L

TOLUENE:

Chemical of Concern	Sampling Point	V, (mg/L)	A/A _t	Concentration _{rep}
Toluene	9MW3	0.530	493 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	9MW5	0.000251	17,708 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B1	4.100	2,452 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B2	2.600	875 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B3	0.0099	4,286 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B4	0.000251	14,261 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
				0.3155 mg/L

ETHYL BENZENE:

Chemical of Concern	Sampling Point	V _i (mg/L)	A _i /A _t	Concentration _{rep}
Ethyl Benzene _{maximum}	9MW3	0.100	493 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	9MW5	0.000251	17,708 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B1	0.520	2,452 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B2	0.740	875 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B3	0.027	4,286 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ⁸	
	B4	0.000251	14,261 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
				0.0523 mg/L

TOTAL XYLENES:

Chemical of Concern	Sampling Point	V, (mg/L)	A _t /A _t	Concentration _{rep}
Total Xylenes _{maximum}	9MW3	0.100	493 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	9MW5	0.000251	17,708 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ⁸	
	B1	1.400	2,452 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B2	1.700	875 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B3	0.056	4,286 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	
	B4	0.00025 ¹	14,261 ft ³ / 40,075 ft ³	_
				0.1302 mg/L

note: 1/ One-half Detection Limit.

2.3 RBCA Modeling Results

The RBCA modeling effort used area-weighted averaging from groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells 9MW3 and 9MW5, and results from samples collected from four boreholes. The following Table 3 presents the findings of the RBCA modeling simulations with respect to carcinogenic risk and non-carcinogenic hazard quotient associated with indoor commercial air exposure from groundwater contamination.

Table 3
Summary of RBCA Modeling Results

RBCA Simulation	Indoor Air Commercial Exposure Carcinogenic Risk	Exceeds 1(10) ⁻⁵ Carcinogenic Risk	Indoor Air Commercial Exposure Hazardous Quotient	Exceeds 1(10) ⁻⁰ Hazard Quotient
Area-Weighted Average of Maximum Concentrations Four Rounds Monitoring Wells 9MW3 and 9MW5 and Boreholes B1, B2, B3, and B4.	8.0(10)-6	No	4.6(10) ⁻¹ to 5.9(10) ⁻⁵	No

As seen in the results presented in the appendix and summarized in Table 3, the highest carcinogenic risk determined by the RBCA model is below the target risk limit of $1(10)^{-5}$. The carcinogen modeled was benzene. Ethyl benzene, toluene, and total xylenes are non-carcinogens. The non-carcinogens also did not exceed the target hazard quotient of 1. Based on these considerations, the area-weighted average of BTEX does not poise a significant commercial risk from indoor air exposure within the building located downgradient from the former gasoline UST.

3.0 CONCLUSIONS

Following are conclusions from the RBCA modeling effort presented in this report:

- 1/ Based on the RBCA modeling effort for the sampling rounds simulated, carcinogenic risk did not exceed 1(10)⁻⁵ for indoor commercial air exposure from groundwater contamination.
- 2/ Based on the RBCA modeling effort for the sampling rounds simulated, noncarcinogenic risk did not exceed the target hazard quotient of 1 for indoor commercial air exposure from groundwater contamination.
- 3/ Area-weighted average concentrations of BTEX in groundwater does not poise a significant risk with respect to indoor commercial air exposure.

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Appendix A

Maximum Concentrations Indoor Air Exposure RBCA Simulation

RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT **Cumulative Risk Worksheet** Completed By: Mark Jonas, R.G. Site Name: Former Paco Pumps 2 OF 3 Site Location: 9201 San Leandro St., Oakland, CA Date Completed: 2/23/1998 Target Hazard Index: 1.0E+0 Cumulative Target Risk: 1.0E-5 **CUMULATIVE RISK WORKSHEET ON-SITE RECEPTORS** Indoor Air: Groundwater: Outdoor Air: Commercial Exposure Soll: Target Risk: Target HQ: 1.0E-5 / 1.0E-5 1.0E+0 CONSTITUENTS OF CONCERN Hazard Hazard Hazard Carcinogenic Carolnogenic Hazard Carcinogenic Carcinogenic Risk Quotient Risk Quotient Risk Quotient Risk Quotient CAS No. Name NA 8.0E-6 NA NA NA 4.6E-1 NA NA 71-43-2 Benzene NA ΝA NA 1.9E-4 NA NA NA 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene NA NA NÀ NA NA 2.7E-3 108-88-3 Toluene NA ÑΑ NA NA NA NA 1330-20-7 Xylene (mixed isomers) NA 5.9E-5 Cumulative Values: 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0,0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 0.0E+0 8.0E-6 4.6E-1

Software: GSI RBCA Spreadsheet

Serial: G-451-KUX-984

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Version: 1.0.1

indicates risk level exceeding target risk

Input Screen 7

REPRESENTATIVE COC CONCENTRATIONS IN SOURCE MEDIA

(Complete the following table)

	Representative COC Concentration								
CONSTITUENT	in Groundy	in Surface Soil		in Subsurface Soil					
	value (mg/L)	note	value (mg/kg)	note	value (mg/kg)	note			
Benzene	8.4E-1	max			ŀ				
Ethylbenzene	5.2E-2	max							
Toluene	3.2E-1	max							
Xvlene (mixed isomers)	1.3E-1	max							

 Site Name: Former Paco Pumps
 Completed By: Mark Jonas, R.G.

 Site Location: 9201 San Leandro St., Oakland, CA
 Date Completed: 2/23/1998

		RBCA	SITE ASSESSI	MENT		<u></u>	Tier 2 Work	sheet 8.2
Site Name: Former Paco Pum	Site Location: 9	201 San Leanc	iro St., Oakland,	CA Completed By: I	Mark Jonas, R.G.	Date Completed:	2/23/1998 2 OF 4	
				TIER 2 PATI	HWAY RISK CALCULATION			
MOCORPAIR EXPOSURE PATRIX	AVa vide a care				THE LABORATION			
				ARCINOGENIC RIS			TOXIC EFFECTS	
(1) EPA Classificatio		Inteke Rate (mg/kg/day) Slope		(3) Inhalation Slope Factor	(4) Individual COC Risk (2) x (3) On-Site	(5) Total Toxicant Intake Rate (mg/kg/day) On-Sita	(8) Inhalation Reference Dose	(7) Individual COC Hazard Quotient (5) / (6) On-Site
Constituents of Concern	n		Commercial	(mg/kg-day)^-1	Commercial	Commercia	(mg/kg-day)	Commercial
Benzene	A		2.8E-4	2.9E-2	8.0E-6	7.7E-4	1.7E-3	4.6E-1
Ethylbenzene	D					5.4É-5	2.9E-1	1.9E-4
Toluene	D					3.0E-4	1.1E-1	2.7E-3
Xylene (mixed isomers)	D					1.2E-4	2.0E+0	5.9E-5
		Total Pat	hway Carcinog	enic Risk =	0.0E+0 8.0E-6	Total Pathway	Hazard Index =	0.0E+0 4.6E-1

	 	·	 		
			 	,	

Software: GSI RBCA Spreadsheet Version: 1.0,1

Serial: G-451-KUX-984

		RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT			Tier 2 W	orksheet 8.1
Site Name: Former Paco Pump	s S	lite Location: 9201 San Lean	dro St., Oaklan Completed By:	Mark Jonas, R.G.	Date Completed: 2/23/1998	5 OF
		TIER 2 EXPOSU	RE CONCENTRATION AND I	NTAKE CALCULATION		
INDOSALAR EXPERIE PATHWA			GIEGARIA ZEWARIA GIA			
GROUNDWATER:	Exposure Concentration					TOTAL PATHWAY INTAKE (mg/kg-day)
VAPOR INTRUSION TO BUILDINGS	1) <u>Source Medium</u>	2) NAF Value (m^3/L) Receptor	3) Exposure Medium Indoor Air: POE Cone. (mg/m/3) (1) / (2)	4) Exposure Multiplier (IRxEFxEO)/(BWxAT) (m*3/kg-day)	5) <u>Average Dally Intake Rate</u> (mg/kg-day) (3) X (4)	(Sum Intake values from subsurface & groundwater routes.)
Constituents of Concern	Groundwater Conc. (mg/L)	On-Site Commercial	On-Site Commercial	On-Site Commercial	On-Site Commercial	On-Site Commercial
Benzene	8.4E-1	2.1E+2	4.0E-3	7.0E-2	2.8E-4	2.8E-4
Ethylbenzene	5.2E-2	1.9E+2	2.8€-4	2.0E-1	5,4E-5	5.4E-5
Toluene	3.2E-1	2.0E+2	1.6E-3	2.0E-1	3.0E-4	3.0E-4
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1.3E-1	2.2E+2	6.0E-4	2.0E-1	1.2E-4	1.2E-4

	NOTE:	ABS ≈ Dermal absorption factor (dim) AF = Adherance factor (mg/cm^2) AT ≈ Averaging time (days)	BW = Body weight (kg) CF = Units conversion factor ED = Exposure duration (yrs)	EF = Exposure frequencey (deys/yr) ET = Exposure time (hrs/day) tR ≃ Inhalation rate (m^3/day)	POE = Point of exposure SA = Skin exposure area (cm^2/day)
- 1					

Software: GSI RBCA Spreadsheet Version: 1.0.1

Serial: G-451-KUX-984

RBCA CHEMICAL DATABASE

Physical Property Data

Date Completed: 2/23/1998

CAS			Moleci Weig (g/mo	ht	Ce in air (cm2/s		cients in wat (cm2/s		log(K (@ 20 - 2 log(l/k	5 C)	•	Law Constant 20 - 25 C)	Pressur (@ 20 - 25 (mm Hg	C)	Solubility (@ 20 - 25 ((mg/L)		i base	į.
Number	Constituent	type	MW	ref	Dair	ref	Dwat	ref	7.4.0(ref	mol	(unitless) ref_		ref		ref pKı	pKb	
	Benzene	A	78.1	5	9.30E-02	Α	1.10E-05	A	1.58	A	5.29E-03	2.20E-01 A	9.52E+01	4	1.75E+03	Α		
	Ethylbenzene	Α	106.2	5	7.60E-02	Α	8.50E-06	Α	1.98	Α	7.69E-03	3.20E-01 A	1.00E+01	4	1.52E+02	5		
108-88-3	•	A	92.4	-	8.50E-02	Α	9.40E-06	Α	2.13	Α	6.25E-03	2.60E-01 A	3.00E+01	4	5.15E+02	29		
	Xylene (mixed isomers)	A	106.2	5	7.20E-02	Α	8.50E-06	Α	2.38	Α	6.97E-03	2.90E-01 A	7.00E+00	4	1.98E+02	5		

Site Location: 9201 San Leandro St., Oa Completed By: Mark Jonas, R.G.

Software version: 1.0.1

Site Name: Former Paco Pumps

RBCA CHEMICAL DATABASE

Toxicity Data

Date Completed: 2/23/1998

		eferen Dose ng/kg/d			I	Slope Factor: ng/kg/	5		EPA Weight	is
CAS Number Constituent	Oral RfD_oral		inhalation RfD_inhal	ref	Orai SF_orai	ref	Inhalation SF_inhal	ref	of Evidence	Constituent Carcinogenic?
71-43-2 Benzene	-		1.70E-03	R	2.90E-02	Α	2,90E-02	Α	Α	TRUE
100-41-4 Ethylbenzene	1.00E-01	Α	2.86E-01	Α			-		D	FALSE
108-88-3 Toluene	2.00E-01	A,R	1.14E-01	A,R	_		-		D	FALSE
1330-20-7 Xylene (mixed isomers)	2.00E+00	A,R	2.00E+00	A	-		-		D	FALSE

Site Location: 9201 San Leandro St., (Completed By: Mark Jonas, R.G.

Software version: 1.0.1

Site Name: Former Paco Pumps

RBCA CHEMICAL DA	ΑΤΑ	LBASE	ł
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Miscellaneous Chemical Data

CAS			Maximum taminant Level	Permiss Exposi Limit PEL	ure	Abs	lative orption ictors	Groundw (mg/L	/ater	Limits Soil (mg/k	l	(First-Or	f Life der Decay) ays)	
	onstituent	MCL (mg/L)	reference	(mg/m3)	ref	Oral	Dermal		ref		ref	Saturated	Unsaturated	re
71-43-2 Ber		5.00E-03	52 FR 25690	3.20E+00	OSHA	1	0.5	0.002	С	0.005	s	720	720	Н
100-41-4 Eth		7.00E-01	56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)	4.34E+02	ACGIH	1	0.5	0.002	С	0.005	S	228	228	Н
108-88-3 Tol	•	1.00E+00	56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)	1.47E+02	ACGIH	1	0.5	0.002	С	0.005	S	28	28	Н
	dene (mixed isomers)	1.00E+01	56 FR 3526 (30 Jan 91)	4,34E+02	ACGIH	1	0.5	0.005	С	0.005	s	360	360	Н

Software version: 1.0.1

Site Name: Former Paco Pumps

RBCA SITE ASSESSMENT

Tier 2 Worksheet 8.3

Site Name: Former Paco Pumps Site Location: 9201 San Leandro St., Oakland, CA Completed By: Mark Jonas, R.G. Date Completed: 2/23/1998

98 1 of 1

			TIER		IE RISK SU	MMARY TA	BLE					
		BASELINI	CARCINOG	ENIC RISK	Risk		FFECTS	Toxicity				
		COC Risk			Exceeded?		Quotient	Hazar	Exceeded?			
EXPOSURE PATHWAY	Maximum Value	Target Risk	Total Value	Target Risk		Maximum Value	Applicable Limit	Total Value	Applicable Limit			
OUTGOORAR	1		value	Mon		value		Value	Lilling			
Complete:	NC	1.0E-5	NC	1.0E-5		NC	1.0E+0	NC	1.0E+0	and the second second second second second second		
iliyoleltőkiltesti	ជំ ១ ៩ម៉ូនីដែលខ្លាំង)	72.9 2. 30										
Complete:	8.0E-6	1.0E-5	8.0E-6	1.0E-5		4.6E-1	1.0E+0	4.6E-1	1.0E+0			
	HAULUADE											
Complete:	NC	1.0E-5	NC	1.0E-5		NC	1.0E+0	NC	1.0E+0			
gienenije:						98104103 4. Mesi						
Complete:	NC	1.0E-5	NC	1.0E-5		NC	1.0E+0	NC	1.0E+0			
			:									
is of Colonia		e gažinio dž		બાહર ા મુક્ક								
	8.0E-6	1.0E-5	8.0E-6	1.0E-5		4.6E-1	1.0E+0	4.6E-1	1.0E+0			
	7.48.18.18.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.		e da esceptione									

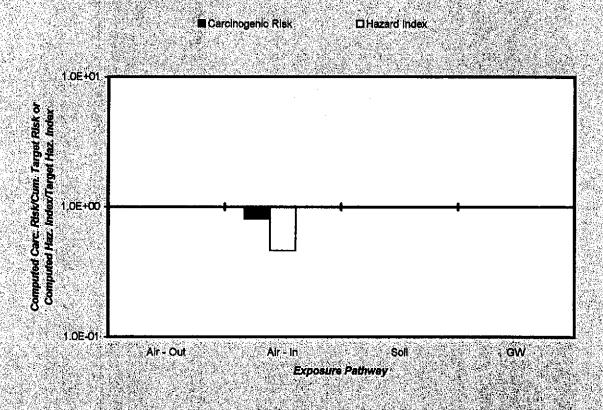
Software: GSI RBCA Spreadsheet

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Version: 1.0.1

Serial: G-451-KUX-984





RBCA TIER 1/TIER 2 EVALUATION

Job Identification:

Site Name: Former Paco Pumps

Tier

RBCA Tier

PCO-220

Output Table 1

Version: 1.0.1 2/23/98 Site Location: 9201 San Leandro St., Oaklan@ate Completed: Completed By: Mark Jonas R.G. NOTE: values which differ from Tier 1 default values are shown in bold italics and underlined. Commercial/Industrial Surface Residential Exposure Parameters Definition (Units) Residential Constrcts Chronic Constrctn Adult (1-6yrs) (1-16 yrs) Parameter Definition (Units) 1.0E+08 2.2E+06 Contaminated soil area (cm^2) 70 ATc Averaging time for carcinogens (yr) 1.5E+03 1.0E+03 25 W Length of affect, soil parallel to wind (cm) 30 6 16 Averaging time for non-carcinogens (yr) ATn. 1.5E+03 W.gw Length of affect, soil parallel to groundwater (cm 15 35 70 70 lbw. Body Weight (kg) Ambient air velocity in mixing zone (cm/s) 2.3E+02 25 Uair 16 30 6 EΩ Exposure Duration (yr) 2.0E+02 Air mixing zone height (cm) delta 25 30 Averaging time for vapor flux (yr) 1.0E+02 Thickness of affected surface soils (cm) 180 Lss 350 250 Exposure Frequency (days/yr) EF 6.9E-14 Particulate areat emission rate (g/cm^2/s) 250 Pe 350 Exposure Frequency for dermal exposure EF.Derm 2 1 Ingestion Rate of Water (L/day) IRgw 50 100 100 200 IRs Ingestion Rate of Soil (mg/day) Value Groundwate: Definition (Units) 9.4E+01 1.1E+02 Adjusted soiling, rate (mg-yr/kg-d) (Radi Groundwater mixing zone depth (cm) 2.6E+02 20 deita.gw Inhalation rate indoor (m^3/day) 15 IRa.in Groundwater Infiltration rate (cm/yr) 3.0E+01 10 20 Inhalation rate outdoor (m^3/day) 20 iRa.out Groundwater Darcy velocity (cm/yr) 1,45+01 5.8E+03 Ugw 2.0E+03 5.8E+03 5.8E+03 Skin surface area (dermal) (cm^2) SA Groundwater seepage velocity (cm/yr) 3.3E+01 1.7E+03 Ugw.tr Adjusted dermal area (cm²-yr/kg) 2.1E+03 SAadi 1.0E-04 Saturated hydraulic conductivity(cm/s) Κs Soll to Skin adherence factor Groundwater gradient (cm/cm) 4.5E-03 grad FALSE FALSE AAFs Age adjustment on soil Ingestion Width of groundwater source zone (cm) **FALSE** Sw FALSE AAFd Age adjustment on skin surface area Depth of groundwater source zone (cm) Sd TRUE Use EPA tox data for air (or PEL based)? 4.3E-01 Effective porosity in water-bearing unit phi.eff Use MCL as exposure limit in groundwater? FALSE gwMCL? Fraction organic carbon in water-bearing unit 1.0E-03 foc.sat FALSE is bloattenuation considered? BIO? ВĊ Biodegradation Capacity (mg/L) Commercial/Industrial Residential Matrix of Exposed Persons to Value Soli Definition (Units) Chronic Constrctn Complete Exposure Pathways 6.1E+00 Capillary zone thickness (cm) hc Outdoor Air Pathways: 2.5E+02 FALSE FALSE hν Vadose zone thickness (cm) FALSE Volatiles and Particulates from Surface Soils ISS.v 1.5 Soil density (g/cm^3) FALSE rho Votatilization from Subsurface Soils FALSE S.v 0,029 Fraction of organic carbon in vadose zone foc FALSE Volatilization from Groundwater FALSE GW.v Soil porosity in vadose zone 0.428 phi Indoor Air Pathways: 2.6E+02 Depth to groundwater (cm) Lgw Vapors from Subsurface Soils FALSE FALSE S.b 1.0E+02 Depth to top of affected subsurface soil (cm) TRUE Ls Vapors from Groundwater FALSE GW.b 2.0E+02 Thickness of affected subsurface soils (cm) Lsubs Soil Pathways: 6.5 Soil/groundwater pH FALSE FALSE рΗ FALSE Direct Incestion and Dermal Contact SS.d capilitary foundation vadose Groundwater Pathways: 0.12 0.385 0.108 phi.w Volumetric water content FALSE FALSE GW.I Groundwater Indestion 0.043 0.32 0.26 Volumetric air content phl.a FALSE Leaching to Groundwater from all Soils FALSE S.I Residential Commercial Building Definition (Units) Building volume/area ratio (cm) 2.0E+02 3.0E+02 Lb 1.4E-04 2.3E-04 Building air exchange rate (6^-1) Commercial/Industrial ER Residential Matrix of Receptor Distance 1.5E+01 Foundation crack thickness (cm) On-Site Lork Distance On-Site Distance and Location On- or Off-Site 0.005 FALSE Foundation crack fraction FALSE eta Groundwater receptor (cm) GW FALSE FALSE Inhalation receptor (cm) Transport Parameters Definition (Units) Residential Commercial Matrix of Groundwater Individual Cumulative **Target Risks** Longitudinal dispersivity (cm) ax 1.0E-05 1.0E-05 Target Risk (class A&B carcinogens) TRab Transverse dispersivity (cm) 1.0E-05 ay Target Risk (class C carcinogens) TRC Vertical dispersivity (cm) az 1.0E+00 1.0E+00 ITHQ Target Hazard Quotient Vapor 3 Opt Calculation Option (1, 2, or 3) Transverse dispersion coefficient (cm) doy 2

Software: GSI RBCA Spreadsheet

Vertical dispersion coefficient (cm)