CITICORP CENTER

ONE SANSOME STREET

SUITE 1900 ·

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94104

TEL 415-951-4793 · FAX 415-951-4701 · FAX 800-804-IMFC

Alameda County Health Care Services Agency Department of Environmental Health Hazardous Material Division 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway Alameda, California 94502-6577 October 16, 2000

DO DCT 17 PH 2: W

Attention:

Mr. Don Hwang

Subject:

Collection and Chemical Analysis of Grab Groundwater Samples

2504 MacArthur Boulevard Oakland, California 94602

Dear Mr. Hwang:

Enclosed we are resubmitting for your records, one copy of the report titled "Collection and Chemical Analysis of Grab Groundwater Samples" dated February 2000, for the site located at 2504 MacArthur Boulevard, Oakland, California. We understand that the case file currently does not contain this report.

Based on the conclusions of this report, as well as the results of a number of investigations and the implementation of a corrective action plan, as documented in various reports, IMFC on behalf of Mr. Michael Marr requests that Low-Risk Site Closure be granted to this site.

If you have any comments or questions, please do not hesitate to call us.

Very truly yours,

Fred Serafin

Director, Environmental Services

**Enclosure** 

cc: Mr. Michael Marr, 3577 Fruitvale Ave, Oakland, CA 94602

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# COLLECTION AND CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF GRAB GROUNDWATER SAMPLES

2504 MacArthur Boulevard Oakland, California

Prepared for

MARR & ASSOCIATES 3577 Fruitvale Avenue Oakland, CA 94602

Project No. MAR-102J

February 2000

# IMFC

# **INGRAM MASON & FAIRBAIRN**

ONE SANSOME STREET, SUITE 1900 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94104 TEL (415) 951-4793 (415) 281-9696 FAX (415) 951-4701 (800) 804-IMFC

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# COLLECTION AND CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF GRAB GROUNDWATER SAMPLES

# 2504 MacArthur Boulevard Oakland, California

### A. GENERAL

This document presents the results of advancing three borings to approximately five feet below groundwater table; collecting and chemically analyzing three grab groundwater samples for the site located at 2504 MacArthur Boulevard, Oakland, California (Site). The locations of the borings are in the southwest and southeast in the downgradient direction of the Site. A Site Location Map is presented in Figure 1, and the boring locations are shown on Figure 2.

This work was performed at the specific request of, and in compliance with the requirements of the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health (County); and guidelines of: 1) the leaking Underground Fuel Tank (LUFT) field manual by the State Water Resources Control Board; 2) Tri-Regional Board Staff Recommendations for Preliminary Evaluation and Investigation of Underground Tank Sites, San Francisco Bay Region (RWQCB); and 3) the State Water Resources Control Board's a) Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund Regulations, b) Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund Corrective Action Guide, and c) Policies and Procedures for Investigation and Cleanup and Abatement of Discharges Under Water Code Section 13304.



### B. BACKGROUND

Four underground storage tanks were removed from the Site on June 27, 1994. During the excavation, extensive visible staining in the sidewalls was observed and strong hydrocarbon fuel odor was detected. Soil samples obtained from the tank excavation area confirmed that the subsurface had been moderately to highly impacted by fuel hydrocarbons. Upon removal of the tanks, under the direction of the representative of the County, the tank pits were overexcavated and the contaminated soil was stockpiled at the Site. Subsequently, the contaminated soil was removed from the Site.

A program of subsurface investigation was implemented in July 1995. The services were based on the requirements of the County and RWQCB. It was intended that the investigation would reasonably define the horizontal and vertical extent of the pollutants in and around the location of former underground tanks, and would also initially define the geologic and hydrogeologic parameters needed for determining an effective and feasible remedial action for this site. The investigation consisted of advancing five soil borings at pre-determined locations; converting three soil borings into monitoring wells; chemical analyses of selected soil and groundwater samples; establishing horizontal and vertical control of the wells, and calculating the groundwater potentiometric levels and flow direction; and identifying and recommending appropriate remedial technology.

Evaluation of available data indicated the existence of a contaminated zone, extending to an approximate depth of 15 feet below ground surface (bgs), located in the southwest of the Site, in the vicinity of monitoring well B-1 and MacArthur Boulevard sidewalk. This contaminated zone was very close to the locations of various utilities, sanitary sewer and storm drain; and therefore, constituted a health and safety hazard.

The results of the investigation also indicated that some immediate interim remediation measure should be implemented. The intended purpose of the measure was to establish control, reduce the rate of migration and expansion of the existing plume of hydrocarbon to the adjacent property(ies), and to remove the potential source of groundwater contamination. Several methods for remediation of contaminated soil underneath the Site were evaluated. The examination of the alternatives concluded that excavation and off-site disposal to be an acceptable means for cleaning up the Site because it provided for source removal, thus eliminating many long-term site management concerns. The plan consisted of five general elements which included: 1) soil excavation, 2) confirmatory testing of the excavation limits, 3) lining of excavation with visqueen and backfilling with fresh fill, 4) stockpiling and treatment of excavated soil and 5) disposal of the stockpiled soil. After approval of the workplan by the County, the services were implemented in the field. Also, as part of the plan, a program of quarterly groundwater monitoring was implemented.

During the performance of the initial investigation, groundwater was first encountered at a depth of 34 feet bgs in both borings B-1 and B-3, but immediately started to rise. This indicated the existence of a confined water zone. The regional groundwater flow is generally in a south/southwesterly direction toward the San Francisco Bay. Based on the initial groundwater level measurements in 1995, the site-specific groundwater flow direction was assessed to be in a southerly direction.

Originally, minor concentrations of hydrocarbon pollutants were detected in the groundwater. Although the geology and hydrogeology of the site made the characterization of potential pathways and conduits difficult to estimate, it was assumed that pollutants in the groundwater had not substantially migrated off-site.

Due to the low levels of contaminants detected in the groundwater, a program of quarterly monitoring was implemented to gather additional data for characterization of contamination, and for the future selection of an appropriate treatment technology, if needed.

Chemical analyses of groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells MWB-1, MWB-3, and MWB-5 in November 1996 and June 1997 indicated non-detectable levels of contaminants tested for above the laboratory detection limits.

The groundwater potentiometric level maps for November 1996, February through August 1997 and February, May, and August 1998 showed that site-specific groundwater flow direction over the period remained basically toward the south-southwest with the gradient ranging from 0.018 ft/ft to 0.037 ft/ft.

The Site is located at the heel of gently sloping Oakland Hills. The lithologic sequences of alluvial deposits consist of interbedded strata of silt and clay with some sand to at least 42 feet below ground surface. The analysis of generated data suggests that a confined aquifer is located underneath the Site at an approximate depth of 30 feet. Due to the Site's lithologic makeup, the aquifer's ceiling conditions appear to be relatively tight. Consequently, the potential contamination at the higher horizon (5 to 9 feet below ground surface) has apparently not impacted the groundwater.

Based on the conclusions of the investigations, and in view of the absence of contaminants in the groundwater beneath the Site, in September 30, 1998, IMFC on behalf of the owner requested that this site be granted Low-Risk Site Closure.

On December 9, 1998 the County requested that prior to granting the site closure, three grab groundwater samples be collected from the southwest and southeast areas of the Site, in the

downgradient direction (on both sides of monitoring well (MWB-1), and chemically analyzed. On February 12, 1999, IMFC prepared and submitted a workplan to the County for the additional investigation. Subsequent to further discussions and negotiations with the County, IMFC revised the workplan to incorporate County's views and comments, and re-submitted the revised workplan on February 26, 1999. The County approved the revised workplan on March 23 1999. However, due to some miscommunication, the request for pre-approval (containing the workplan) was not sent to the Cleanup Fund in proper form; therefore, the project was not implemented.

On July 16, 1999, pursuant to several telephone conversations between the representative of the County and IMFC staff, the County verbally requested the implementation of the workplan. Further, on July 22, 1999, the County requested additional sampling and chemical testing, and some modification of drilling operation in order to allow the observation of the aquifer's semi-confined condition beneath the site.

Upon cost pre-approval of the project by the Cleanup Fund in November 1999, the fieldwork was eventually implemented on December 13, 1999.

# C. SCOPE OF SERVICES/METHODOLOGY

To comply with the request of the County, and to confirm that groundwater contamination has not migrated off-site, three soil borings were advanced to approximately five (5) feet below groundwater and collected grab samples. The services were performed in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal environmental, safety and construction laws and regulations.

The drilling and sampling activities included the following:

- Preparation of a workplan and Site Health and Safety Plan;
- Obtaining necessary permits;



- Collection and chemical analyses of groundwater samples;
- Analysis of laboratory/field data and Preparation of this report.

Details of each task for this project included the following:

# Task 100. Interaction with Regulatory Agencies and Preparation of Workplan

IMFC interacted with the County and incorporated their comments and suggestions into the scope and progress of the investigation. IMFC prepared a detailed site specific technical workplan after extensive discussions with the County, and provided necessary information needed for closure of the Site.

# Task 200. Health and Safety Plan

As required by 29 CFR 1910.120, a site specific Health and Safety Plan was prepared to cover the work including but not limited to data acquisition, and phases such as maintenance, monitoring, abandonment and/or removal, and waste disposal.

### Task 300. Permits

IMFC obtained permit for drilling and sampling at the Site from the Alameda County Public Works Agency, Water Resources Section (Appendix A).

# Task 400. Implementation of Workplan

After approval of the workplan by the County, the services were implemented in the field. The drilling and sampling protocol was as follows:

➤ Notifying Underground Service Alert (USA). Retaining the services of a professional underground locator to determine the existence and location of any underground utilities or obstructions in the vicinity of proposed borings locations.



- > Retaining the services of a licensed drilling company to drill soil borings at selected locations.
- > Screening the cuttings in the field by a photoionization detector (PID).
- > collecting groundwater samples for chemical analyses. The samples were collected by disposable bailers. After collection, all samples were labeled and placed in an iced cooler for transport under chain-of-custody to the analytical laboratory.
- Analyses of groundwater samples consisted of:
  - Total Purgeable Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline (TPH-G) by GCFID
     (LUFT Method) following sample purge and trap by EPA Method 5030;
  - Volatile hydrocarbon constituents: Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and total Xylenes (BTEX) by EPA Method 8020 / 602; and
  - 3. Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE) by EPA Method 8020 / 602, and confirmed by EPA Method 8260.
  - 4. Dissolved lead, chromium, nickel, zinc, and cadmium of sample collected from monitoring well MWB-5.
- > Preparation of this report, based on field observations, laboratory data, and evaluation of generated data.

### D. PERFORMANCE OF SERVICES

All fieldwork was performed in accordance with the requirements of RWQCB. IMFC's Sampling Protocol (Appendix B) was followed for all sampling activities. Underground Service Alert (USA) and California Utility Survey of Oakland located the underground utility lines in the work area prior to December 13, 1999.



Gregg Drilling and Testing, Inc. of Martinez advanced three Geoprobe® borings into the substrata to about 5 feet below the groundwater table at pre-determined locations. Grab groundwater samples were collected by disposable bailers. In boring SB-3 advancement of the Geoprobe® was stopped at a depth of about 18 feet below ground surface for a period of approximately two hours, in order to observe the integrity of the aquifer's ceiling.

Static depth-to-water (DTW) levels were measured in the existing three groundwater monitoring wells at the Site. The DTW level in each monitoring well was measured to the nearest 0.01-foot using an electronic water-level sounder, cleaned with TSP and water before each use. Subsequent to measuring the DTW data, IMFC collected water samples from each of the three monitoring wells for chemical testing. Table 1 presents the cumulative DTW levels, wellhead and groundwater elevations at the Site since 1995 and includes the December 13, 1999 measurement.

# D-1. Groundwater Sampling

On December 13, 1999, IMFC collected groundwater samples from the three groundwater monitoring wells (MWB-1, MWB-3, and MWB-5) and the three Geoprobe® borings at the Site. The groundwater monitoring wells have been constructed in the first-encountered water-bearing zone beneath the Site. Before obtaining the groundwater samples, each well was purged until the electrical conductivity, pH, and temperature values of the groundwater were stabilized. During the purging process for each well, IMFC periodically measured and recorded these parameters. Each well was purged of at least three well volumes.

Before sample collection, the water level in each well was allowed to recover to at least 80% of the initial water level. A sample of the formation water was also collected from the water in each of the Geoprobe® borings using a new disposable Teflon® bailer. The water samples were then gently decanted into laboratory-cleaned, 40-milliliter (ml) glass vials and sealed with Teflon®-lined

caps. All containers were inspected for air bubbles to check for head-space, which would allow volatilization to occur.

The samples were labeled in the field with the date, project location, and sample identification, and immediately chilled in an ice chest for transport under Chain-of-Custody to the Sequoia Analytical laboratory in Walnut Creek, California. No evidence of measurable floating product, hydrocarbon vapor or perceptible odors were noted in the water samples collected from the wells. Appendix C contains the Monitoring Well Sampling Data Sheets, which indicates well development data, and stabilization measurements.

Purged water from the wells was temporarily stored on-site in labeled 55-gallon metal drums approved by the Department of Transportation.

# D-2. Chemical Analysis and Quality Control Data

On December 13, 1999, IMFC submitted the groundwater samples collected from the three groundwater monitoring wells and three Geoprobe® borings at the Site to Sequoia Analytical. Each of the water samples was analyzed for TPH-G, BTEX and MTBE. Further, the sample collected from monitoring well MWB-5 was tested for dissolved lead, chromium, nickel, zinc, and cadmium.

The laboratory chemical analyses indicated that none of the groundwater samples from the three monitoring wells contained any analyte above the laboratory detection limits. Samples collected from Geoprobe® borings SB-2 and SB-3 contained trace concentrations of benzene, toluene, total xylenes, and MTBE. Sample collected from the Geoprobe® boring SB-1 indicated existence of purgeable hydrocarbons at 3.9 parts per million (ppm), benzene at 71 parts per billion (ppb), ethylbenzene at 74 ppb, and total xylenes at 23 ppb.

Concentrations of dissolved lead, chromium, nickel, zinc, and cadmium detected in groundwater sample collected from monitoring well MWB-5 were all significantly less than regulatory thresholds, and therefore, they are considered as background and naturally occurring.

Table 2 summarizes the results of chemical analyses and Appendix D contains a copy of the original laboratory analytical reports and the Chain-of-Custody Records.

Quality Assurance/Quality Control Review (QA/QC) procedures for the collection and chemical analysis of groundwater samples have been promulgated by the EPA in the document SW-846. These procedures are designed to confirm the reliability of the test results. The following section offers a review of the QA/QC procedures that were followed in the field, and the OA/OC data supplied by the testing laboratory.

- (1) <u>Field Sampling</u> The soil samples were collected in accordance with IMFC's internal sampling protocol. To prevent contamination between discrete sampling points, the sampler was cold cleaned with non-hazardous inorganic detergent and rinsed with deionized water. The integrity of the sample was maintained by properly sealing, labeling, and storing the samples until receipt by the testing laboratory.
- (2) <u>Laboratory Analysis</u> To evaluate the validity of the test results, the following QA/QC parameters were reviewed:
  - Sample holding times
  - Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) recovery data

The laboratory report indicates that for all the samples, the analytical procedures, including extraction and analysis, were performed within the sample holding times specified by the EPA for the various analyses.



Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) data was supplied by Sequoia Analytical for all the chemical analyses requested. The SW-846 manual specifies that MS/MSD analyses be performed on a subset of the samples being analyzed. In the MS/MSD procedure, the selected sample is spiked with a compound that is identical to the compound being analyzed for. The selected sample is then split, to create a duplicate, and both parts are analyzed. The recovery percentages of both spikes should fall within limits specified either by SW-846 or the laboratory, as allowed by SW-846. The relative percent difference (RPD) of the recoveries of the spike and duplicate are calculated and are used to assess the precision of the analytical procedure. The MS/MSD data was reported as percentage recovery of spike and duplicate. The RPDs were calculated in each case and were compared with the RPD limits set by SW-846 or the limits set by the lab for spike recoveries from water and soil matrices. The RPD for each analysis was reviewed. All RPDs fell within the allowable limits, and are considered acceptable.

### D-3. <u>Discussion</u>

The results of laboratory chemical analyses on water samples collected from monitoring wells MWB-1, MWB-3, and MWB-5 indicated non-detectable levels of contaminants tested for above the laboratory detection limits.

The result of sample collected from Geoprobe® boring SB-1 indicated relatively high concentration of hydrocarbons. However, it should be noted that advancement of the Geoprobe® was stopped in this boring at a depth of about 18 feet below ground surface in a dry zone for a period of approximately two hours. During this period the confined groundwater permeated up into the boring and reached a depth of 8.9 feet below ground surface (bgs) before stabilizing. During previous investigations at the Site, a moderately contaminated zone located



at an approximate depth of 7 to 15 feet bgs had been encountered. It appears that groundwater coming in contact with the existing contaminated lenses within the soil column had mobilized the pollutants and impacted the sample. Moreover, smearing of PVC well casing during the advancement through the impacted zone could have contributed to the existence of the pollutants in the sample. Monitoring well MWB-1, located approximately 8 feet upgradient of the Geoprobe® boring SB-1, which was sampled on the same day, did not detect any contaminants. Further, previous sampling episodes of this monitoring well have consistently demonstrated that groundwater underneath the Site has not been impacted to the level that may need remediation.

## E. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

At the request of the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health, a program of groundwater investigation was conducted at the site located at 2504 MacArthur Boulevard, Oakland, California. The program consisted of advancing three borings to approximately five feet below groundwater table; collecting and chemically analyzing three grab groundwater samples, and sampling and chemically analyzing three on-site monitoring wells.

Chemical analyses of groundwater samples collected from the three on-site monitoring wells indicated non-detectable levels of contaminants tested for above the laboratory detection limits. The absence of pollutants in groundwater signifies that apparently due to the removal of most of the contaminated soil, and relatively tight substrata formations, the remaining contaminants at the higher horizons have basically remained within the top 15 feet underneath the Site, and not migrated down to reach the groundwater table.

Based on the measurement of depth to groundwater in the three on-site monitoring wells, the groundwater flow direction was determined to be in the southerly direction. Figure 3 schematically shows the groundwater potentiometric level and the flow direction.



This southerly flow direction appears to be reasonably consistent with general regional groundwater flow direction and corroborates the previous groundwater measurements and the determination of the flow direction at the Site.

The chemical analysis of water samples collected from two Geoprobe® borings indicated trace concentrations of benzene, toluene, total xylenes, and MTBE. The chemical analysis of water sample collected from the third Geoprobe® boring indicated relatively high concentration of hydrocarbons. However, it is surmised that smearing of PVC well casings during the advancement of the Geoprobe® through the shallow impacted zone, and the contact of permeating confined groundwater with the existing contaminated lenses within the soil column have contributed to the detection of the pollutants in the grab samples. Current and previous chemical testing of samples from on-site monitoring wells have shown that groundwater underneath the Site has not been impacted to the level that may need remediation.

As discussed in a previous report, the concentration levels of soil contaminants that have remained underneath the Site are believed to be relatively low to moderate, and are located within a limited horizon. Therefore, it is anticipated that it should not require any actively engineered remediation. It is believed that passive bioremediation would eventually eliminate the remaining soil pollutants. Passive bioremediation processes may act to naturally reduce and eventually eliminate the low levels of petroleum hydrocarbon components present in the remaining contaminated mass underneath the Site. Natural ubiquitous microbial populations in the soil could degrade the petroleum hydrocarbons to carbon dioxide and water, resulting in completion of cleanup.

Based upon the results of generated data during the performance of this work, as well as the information available to IMFC from previous investigations, and guidelines established by the



California Regional Water Quality Control Board, IMFC recommends that this site be granted Low-Risk Site Closure.

### F. LIMITATIONS

The data, information, interpretations, and recommendations contained in this technical report are presented solely as bases and guides to the existing environmental conditions of the site located at 2504 MacArthur Boulevard, Oakland, Alameda County, California. The conclusions and professional opinions presented herein were developed by IMFC in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices. As with all geotechnical and environmental reports, the opinions expressed here are subject to revisions in light of new information, new governmental regulations or new interpretations of existing regulations, which may be developed in the future, and no warranties are expressed or implied.

Soil deposits may vary in type, strength, permeability, and many other important properties between points of observation and exploration. Additionally, changes can occur in groundwater and soil moisture conditions due to seasonal variations, or for other reasons. Furthermore, the distribution of chemical concentrations in the soil and groundwater can vary spatially and over time. The chemical analysis results presented herein are illustrative of only the sampling locations at the time of sampling. Therefore, it must be recognized that IMFC does not and cannot have complete knowledge of the subsurface conditions underlying the subject site. The opinions presented are based upon the findings at the points of exploration and upon interpretative data, including interpolation and extrapolation of information obtained at points of observation.

The services provided represent professional opinions, formulated within specific budget limits, upon which client can base actions to reduce the potential for exposure to liability for the consequence of the occurrence of hazardous waste.



This report has not been prepared for use by parties other than Mr. Michael Marr. It may not contain sufficient information for the purposes of other parties or other uses. If any changes are made in the project as described in this report, the conclusions and recommendations contained herein should not be considered valid, unless the changes are reviewed by IMFC, and the conclusions and recommendations are modified or approved in writing.

<u>Well</u> Date	Wellhead * Elevation	Depth to Water	Elevation of Groundwater	Field Observations
MW-B1				•
07/11/95	198.19	9.70	188.49	None
11/06/96		8.60	189.59	None
12/12/96		7.40	190.79	None
01/23/97	•	5.20	192.99	None
02/27/97		5.95	192,24	None
03/26/97		6.03	192.16	None
04/25/97		6.21	191.98	None
05/23/97		7.01	191.18	None
06/27/97		7.06	191.13	None
07/22/97		7.66	190.53	None
08/22/97		8.20	189.99	None
11/25/97		7.05	191.14	None
02/24/98		5.00	193.19	None
05/22/98		6.82	191.27	None
08/20/98		7.90	190.29	None
12/13/99		7.40	190.79	None
<u>MW-B3</u>				
07/11/95	201.41	9.22	192.19	None
11/06/96	201.11	11.38	190.03	None
12/12/96		9.28	192.13	None
01/23/97		8.05	193.36	None
02/27/97		8.40	193.01	None
03/26/97		8.49	192.92	None
04/25/97		8.72	192.69	None
05/23/97		9.18	192.23	None
06/27/97		9.32	192.23	None
07/22/97		10.26	191.15	None
08/22/97		10.27	191.14	None
11/25/97		9.15	192.26	
02/24/98		7.23	192.20	None None
05/22/98		7.23 8.41	194.18	None None
03/22/98		9.80	193.60	None
12/13/99		10.05	191.81 191.36	None



**MARR & ASSOCIATES** 

CUMULATIVE GROUNDWATER MONITORING DATA 11/1905 - 12/1999						
PROJECT NO.	DATE	TABLE NO. 1				
MAR-102J	February 2000	Page 1 of 2				

<u>Well</u> Date	Wellhead * Elevation	Depth to Water	Elevation of Groundwater	Field Observations
<u>MW-B5</u>				
07/11/95	201.39	9.26	192.13	None
11/06/96		10.28	191.11	None
12/12/96		9.58	191.81	None
01/23/97		8.28	193.11	None
02/27/97		8.40	192.99	None
03/26/97		8.53	192.86	None
04/25/97		8.88	192.51	None
05/23/97		9.51	191.88	None
06/27/97		9.73	191.66	None
07/22/97		10.20	191.19	None
08/22/97		10.23	191.16	None
11/25/97		9.15	192.24	None
02/24/98		7.78	193.61	None
05/22/98		8.02	193.37	None
08/20/98	•	9.96	191.43	None
12/13/99		10.10	191.29	None

<sup>\*</sup> Wellhead Elevations based on a site survey by Brian Kangas Foulk Consulting Engineers of Walnut Creek, California, dated July 14, 1995.



# **MARR & ASSOCIATES**

CUMULATIVE GROUNDWATER MONITORING DATA 11/1995 - 12/1999					
PROJECT NO.	DATE	TABLE NO. 1			
MAR-102J	February 2000	Page 2 of 2			

TABLE 2
SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ANALYSES DATA

Well No.	TPH-G (mg/l)	Benzene (ug/l)	Toluene (ug/l)	Ethyl Benzene (ug/l)	Total Xylenes (ug/l)	MTBE (ug/l)
,,		•••				
MW B-1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW B-3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW B-5*	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
SB-1	3.9	71	ND	74	23	ND
SB-2	ND	0.63	ND	ND	ND	ND
SB-3	ND	0.59	0.88	ND	1.5	5.3

<sup>\*</sup> Analysis for dissolved metal for sample from MWB-5 detected the following in mg/l:

Cadmium, ND; Chromium, 0.022; Nickel, 0.078; Lead, 0.054; Zinc, 0.16

# **NOTES**

TPH-G Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline

mg/l Milligrams per liter (parts per million, ppm)

ug/l Micrograms per liter (parts per billion, ppb)

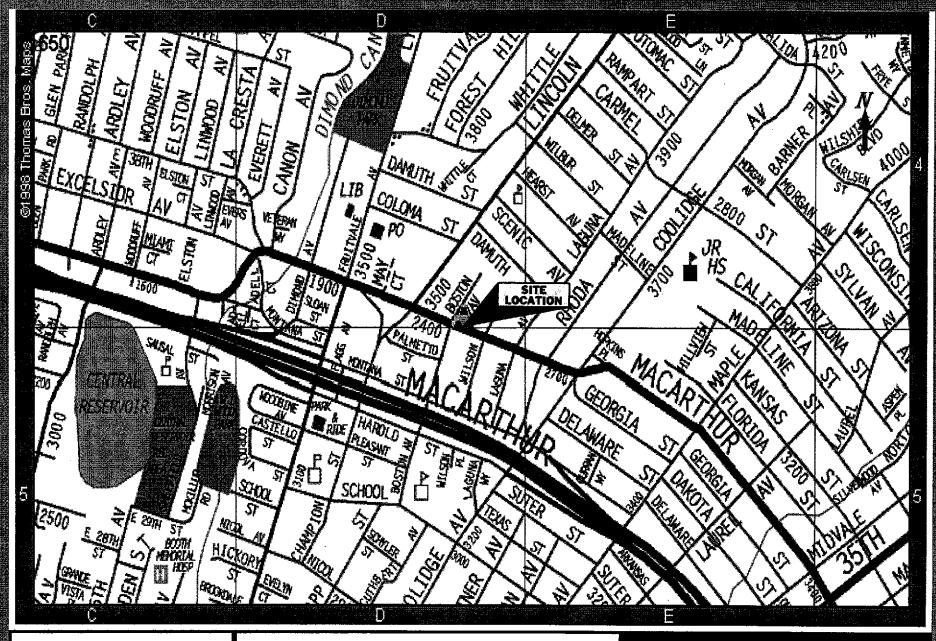
ND Not detected above laboratory detection limits

J:\mar102tbl2.doc



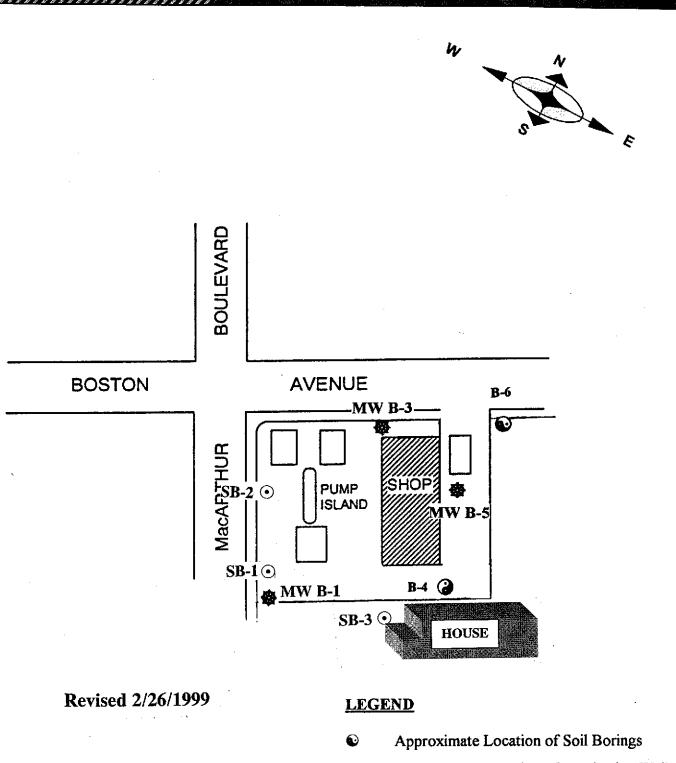
**MARR & ASSOCIATES** 

GROUNDWATER CHEMICAL ANALYSES DATA December 1999					
PROJECT NO.	DATE	TABLE NO. 2			
MAR-102J	February 2000	Page 1			



MARR AND ASSOCIATES

SITE LOCATION MAP					
PROJECT NO.	DATE	FIGURE NO.			
MAR-102J	FEBRUARY 1998	1			



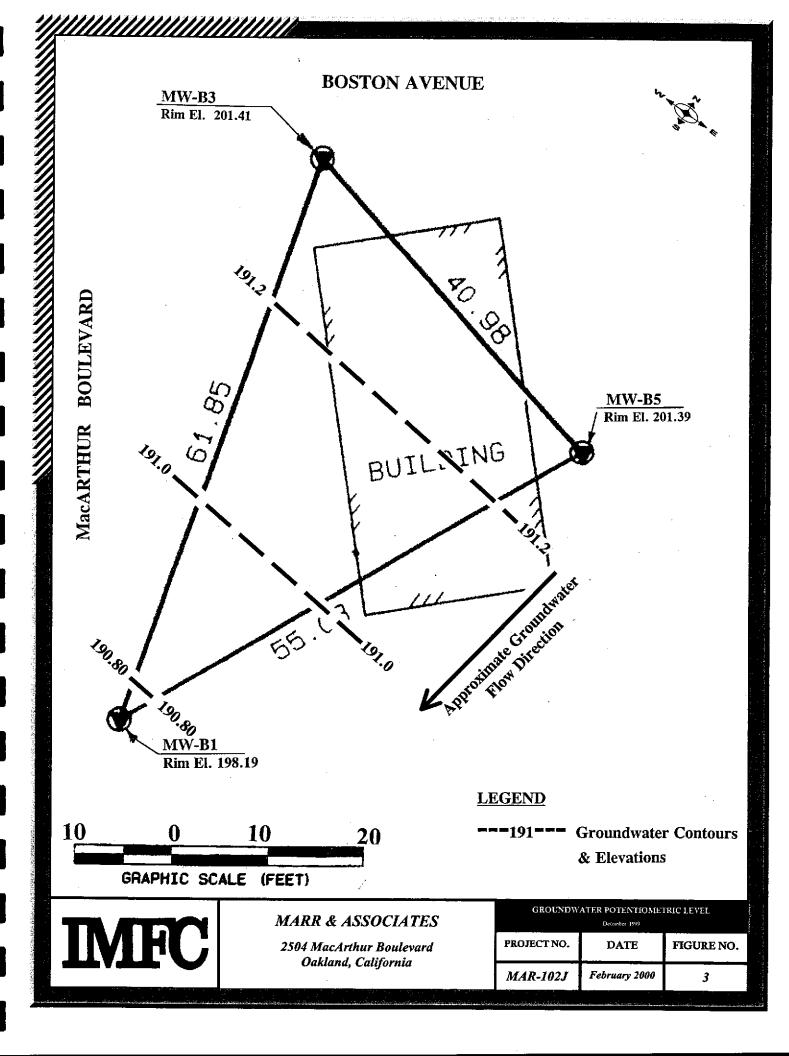
- **♣** Approximate Location of Monitoring Wells
- ☐ Approximate Location of Former Tanks
- Approximate Location of Proposed Borings

Not to Scale



MARR AND ASSOCIATES 2504 MacArthur Blvd. Oakland, California

SITE SKETCH AND PROPOSED LOCATION S OF BORINGS					
PROJECT NO. DATE FIGURE NO.					
MAR-102J	February 2000	2			



# APPENDIX A

IMFC



parchy series to comply with all requirements of this permit and

ameda Councy Orninance No. 73-69,

PLICANT'S GNATURE

# ALAMEDA COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY

water besources section MI TURNER COURT, SUITE MO. HAYWARD, CA 14845-1651 PROME (SIU) 676-0240 MARLON MAGALLANEWCHIDY HUTCHINSON (S10) 678-6262

### DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATION POR APPLICANT TO COMPLETE FUR OFFICE USE LOCATION OF PROJECT 2504 Mach - Thur Blvd. PERMIT NUMBER WELL KUMBER PERMIT CONDITIONS Circled Permit Medultements Apply CLIENT Name (A) GENERAL 1] A permit application should be submitted so as to 70 482-1536 Hitire at the ACPWA office five days prior to proposed starting date. 2) Submit to ACPWA within 60 days after completion of APPLICANT TMFC permitted work the original Department of Water Resources Water Wall Oriflers Report or equivalent for Address The Sanstone Stat Appropriate 415 1951-4795 Pie (415) 957-4701 wall projects, or drilling loop and location shatch for Brumchnical projects. Reumennical projects. 3) Permit is word if project not begun within 90 days of TYPE OF PROJECT SPRIDYAL Gale. Well Consumity water supply wells Geotzchnisal investigation Cathodia Protection i, minimum surface sest stickness is two inches of n Gapaga) Water Supply Ũ Contamination commit grave placed by tremie. Monitoring 2. Minimum seal depth is 50 feet for municipal and Well Desiruction ı'ı industrial wells or 20 Ret for domestic and irrigation Proposed water supply well use wells unlass a layer depth is specially approved. NEW Domestic D C. GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS Replacement Domestic Munisipal D INCLUDING PIEZOMETERS Irrigation Industrial a 1. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of Other Sampling centure growt placed by trettrie. Drilling Welhod: 2. Minimum soul dapth for manitoring wells is the Mud Rotary O Air Robby maximum depth practicable or 20 feet. DEOTECHNICAL Y Geomba Other Buckfill bare hale with compected cuttings or heavy DRILLER'S LICENSE NO. 485165 (Grog Drilling beginning and upper two feet with compacted material. in arens of known or suspected contamination. tromise WELL PROJECTS compet grout shall be used in place of compacted suttings. Dritt Hole Distractor C. CATHODIC Maximum Caring Diameter Fill hold above anode zone with concrete placed by treme. Deper Suches Seal Dooth F. WELL DESTRUCTION Mainte For stlached. FOTECHNICAL PROJECTS G. SPECIAL CONDITIONS Number of Borings Макінию Розиа<u>35</u>(с. Hole Diameter\_ STIMATED STARTING DATE Gant 2. Cedeland 2-2-99 STIMATED COMPLETION DATE DEC. 13

\*\* TOTAL PAGE. 02 \*\*

# APPENDIX B

# SAMPLING PROTOCOL

# SAMPLING (GENERAL)

- Any materials supplied by the client will reduce the cost of our work. These may include tap water, 55-gallon drums, and DI-water. Arrangements will be made before the start of the project.
- Chemical sampling procedures and sample storage will be conducted under the direction of our consulting laboratory or a consulting analytical chemist.
- 3. All equipment used during the sampling process will be thoroughly steam-cleaned prior to its use.
- 4. All samples will be stored in an ice chest and packed in blue ice or ice in such a manner as to prevent sample immersion in melted ice.
- 5. All samples will be delivered to the consulting laboratory as soon as possible after collection.
- 6. All sample containers will be opened only by the consulting laboratory which performs the chemical testing.

### SOIL SAMPLES

- 1. Soil samples will be attempted at 5-foot intervals or more frequently as determined in the field.
- 2. Sample container cleaning blanks may be taken of the steam-cleaned brass liners for quality control purposes at the rate of one per boring.
- 3. All soil sampling equipment will be disassembled and thoroughly steam-cleaned prior to each usage.
- 4. The ends of all soil sample liners will be covered with aluminum foil and an air-tight cap which will be wrapped with aluminized tape and properly labeled. All soil samples will be immediately stored in an ice chest and packed with blue ice or ice in such a manner as to prevent immersion in melted ice.
- 5. All excess soils will be place in 55-gallon drums for proper disposal.
- 6. The center of each soil liner will be extracted at the consulting laboratory for appropriate analysis.



# SAMPLING PROTOCOL

(Continued)

### **WATER SAMPLES**

- At least 3 to 5 well bore volumes will be purged from each well prior to sampling for volatile organic compounds. Purging will be accomplished using a bladder or centrifugal pump, a Honda jet pump with foot valve, or by hand-bailing with a clean teflon bailer. During evacuation, pH, conductivity, and temperature will be monitored and recorded. All samples will be retrieved with a steam-cleaned teflon bailer. Cleaning blanks of the teflon bailer will be taken between each well to be sampled if the client so desires.
- 2. Samples will not be taken until the pH, conductivity, and temperature measurements have stabilized during well purging.
- 3. All sampling equipment, including gloves and tape measures will be properly decontaminated between each well.
- 4. All samples will be place in the appropriate cleaned containers provided by the project laboratory. The type of container necessary is contingent upon the analysis needed.

# SAMPLE RECORDS AND CUSTODY

- 1. Records will be maintained for all samples collected by Ingram Mason & Fairbairn.
- 2. A positive chain-of-custody record will be maintained by Ingram Mason & Fairbairn for future reference.
- 3. All records will be maintained under strict confidence by Ingram Mason & Fairbairn and will be released only by written authorization of the client.

# APPENDIX C

IMHU

# **INGRAM MASON & FAIRBAIRN**

A Division of IMFC Corporation

ONE SANSOME STREET, SUITE 1900 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94104 TEL (415) 951-4793 (415) 281 - 9696 FAX (415) 951-4701 (800) 804-IMFC

# WATER LEVEL RECORDS

LOCATION: 2504 Machrthur Blyd.,

PROJECT NO.: MAR. 102 J

TECHNICIAN: Will If-

WELL NO.	WATER LEVEL	TIME	BOTTOM OF WELL
MWB-I	7-4	8:00A	
MWB-3	10.05	8:10R	
MWB-5	10.1	8:15A	

COMMENTS:	******	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

INGRAM MASON & FAIRBAIRN ONE SANSOME STREET, SUITE 1900 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94104 TEL (415) 951-4793 (415) 281-9696 FAX (415) 951-4701 (800) 804-IMFC

DATE: 12-13-99

PROJECT NO: MARIDZ-J

LOCATION: 2504 Marcharthur Blud, Dakland EMPLOYEE: Will H.

WELL NO:	TIME START PUMPING, etc.	TIME STOP PUMPING, etc.	GALLONS REMOYED	B.O.W.	WATER LEVEL AT START	WATER LEVEL AT FINISH
MWB-)	8:20A	8:40	•	40-3	7.40	19.3
MWB-3	8:50	9:15	·	35.0	10.05	17.4
MWB-5	9:50	10:10		23.0	10.1	*
		-				`
	_					
						·
000005017	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				

COMMENT: well water condition:

Purged dry in four minutes -Tried 15 minutes later - Well went dry in 2 minutes

### INGRAM MASON & FAIRBAIRN ONE SANSOME STREET, SUITE 1900 GROUND-WATER SAMPLING FORM SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94104 TEL (415) 951-4793 (415) 281-9696 FAX (415) 951-4701 (800) 804-IMFC Well Number: MWB-3 Well Type: Monitor DExtraction DOther:\_\_\_\_\_ Job Number: MAR - 102 J Well Material: PVC Steel Other\_\_\_\_ Location: 2504 MacArthur Sampled By: Will H-Date: 12/13/99 WELL PURGING PURGE YOLUME Well Volume Factors: Casing Diameter(D in inches): Well Casing ID (inches) **1** 2- □ 4- □ 6- □ Other\_\_\_\_\_ (Yol, Factor) Total Depth of Well (BOW) 35.0 2.0 ----- 0.1632 3.0 ---- 0.3672 4.0 ---- 0.6528 Well Volumes To Be Purged: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ <u>Purge Yolume:</u> $\frac{35.0}{\text{total depth}} = \frac{10.05}{\text{water level}} \times \frac{0.1632}{\text{Well Vol.Fac.}} \times \frac{3}{\text{* of vol. to purge}} = \frac{12.2}{\text{calculated purge volume}}$ ACTUAL VOL. PURGED PURGE TIME PURGE RATE \_\_\_\_Start \_\_\_\_Stop \_\_\_\_Elapsed | Initial \_\_gpm Final \_\_\_gpm \_\_\_\_gallons . PURGE METHOD Jet Pump Bailer Dedicated Pump Other\_\_\_\_\_ WELL SAMPLING PARAMETERS: Turbidity (NTU) Cond. Time · Temp. C pН Gallons Other (umhos/cm) Removed 890 D 8:50 7.6 860 0 680 12\_ SAMPLING METHOD: Time Sampled: 9:15 RM Preservatives Container Samples collected EPA 8240 Bailer Bladder Pump Other \_\_\_\_ EPA 8270 EPA 8010 COMMENTS: VDA HCL TPH (Gas) + BTEX METALS

ON SAN TI F	IE SANSOME STI I FRANCISCO, C EL (415) 951-479 AX (415) 951-470 Iumber: MAR	N & FAIRBAI REET, SUITE 190 ALIFORNIA 941 3 (415) 281-9696 1 (800) 804-IMFO 2-/02 MacArThu	0 04 C	GROUND-WATER SAMPLING FORM  Well Number: MWB - 5  Well Type: Monitor Extraction Other:  Well Material: PYC Steel Other  Sampled By: Will #					
Date: 12/13/99				Sampled by.					
			WEL	L PURGING					
	RGE YOLUME	Well Volume Factors:							
	ing Diameter(D i	Well Casing (Yol. Factor)							
Total Depth of Well (BOW) 23.0									
		2.0 0.1632 3.0 0.3672 4.0 0.6528							
Wat	er Level I Volumes To Be	4.5 0.826							
Wei	l Volumes To Be <u>rge_Yolume:</u>	Purged:		0.9					
5	.3 D 16	7 ر 1 د	).1632 v	3	_ 6		3	iallons	
		er level	).1632 Well Vol.Fac.	# of vol. to pu	rge calcula	ted	purge volume		
	RGE TIME							JAL VOL. PUR	
	Start	.Stop E	lapsed	Initialgp	m Final	gr	m	gallons	•
<u>PU</u>	RGE METHOD		Dedicated Pur						
				mp L Oth	er	-			
<u>W</u> :	LL SAMPLI	NG PARAM	ETEKS:			Т	····		1
	Gallons Removed	Time	Temp. C	рН	Cond. (umhos/cm)	۱۲۱	urbidity (NTU)	Other	
	0	9:50		7-1	1360	_ _			
	6	10:10		7.2	1020	<u> </u>			]
							·	<u> </u>	1
		-				_	<u></u>		1
						- -	,		-
		·	·						j
142 =	MOLING MET	10D+			<del> </del>	No.		<del></del>	7
SAMPLING METHOD: Time Sampled: 10:15				Samples	ollected	of_	Container	Preservatives	1
				EPA 8240				-	
Bailer Bladder Pump Other				EPA 8270 EPA 8010			<del> </del>		1
COMMENIS:					Gas) + BTEX	6	VOA	HCL	]
Well purged dry in 4 minutes.				META	LS				-
•		0				:	-	1	
ŧ	in 4 m	inutes.	•		<u> </u>				1
		•	,		<u> </u>				]
•									
l.		;		i	:			1	1

INGRAM MASON & FAIRBAIRN ONE SANSOME STREET, SUITE 1900 GROUND-WATER SAMPLING FORM SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94104 TEL (415) 951-4793 (415) 281-9696 FAX (415) 951-4701 (800) 804-IMFC Well Number: MWB - 1 Well Type: Monitor, □ Extraction □ Other:\_\_\_\_ Job Number: MAR-102J Well Material: PVC Steel Other\_\_\_\_ Location: 2504 MacArthur Sampled By: Will Date: 12/13/99 WELL PURGING PURGE YOLUME Well Volume Factors: Casing Diameter(D in inches): Well Casing ID (inches) 1 2 □ 4 □ 6 □ Other\_\_\_\_\_ (Vol. Factor) Total Depth of Well (BOW) 40.3 Ft. 3.0 ---- 0.3672 4.0 ---- 0.6528 4.5 ---- 0.826 Water Level 7.40 Well Volumes To Be Purged: Purge Yolume: 40.3 - 7.40 × 0.1632 × 3 = 16.1 gallons total depth water level × Well Vol. Fac. × # of vol. to purge calculated purge volume PURGE TIME PURGE RATE ACTUAL VOL. PURGED 9:20 Start 9:40 Stop 20 Min Elapsed Initial gpm Final gpm gallons . PURGE METHOD Jet Pump Bailer Dedicated Pump Other\_\_\_\_\_ WELL SAMPLING PARAMETERS: Turbidity Cond. Time · Temp. C рH Gallons Other (umhos/cm) (NTU) Removed 140 8:00 A:30 10 710 680 8:40 SAMPLING METHOD: No. Preservatives Time Sampled: 9:05 Container Samples collected EPA 8240 Bailer Bladder Pump Other \_\_\_\_\_ EPA 8270 EPA 8010 COMMENTS: TPH (Gas) + BTEX  $V \cap R$ HCL METALS

# APPENDIX D



Ingram, Mason, & Fairbairn

Citicorp Center - One Sansome Street # 100

San Francisco CA, 94104

Project: Marr & Associates

Project Number: MAR-102J Project Manager: Fred Serafin Reported:

04-Jan-00 11:35

#### ANALYTICAL REPORT FOR SAMPLES

Sample ID	Laboratory ID	Matrix	Date Sampled
MW B-1	W912264-01	Water	13-Dec-99 10:00
MW B-3	W912264-02	Water	13-Dec-99 09:15
MW B-5	W912264-03	Water	13-Dec-99 10:15
SB-1	W912264-04	Water	13-Dec-99 13:55
SB-2	W912264-05	Water	13-Dec-99 11:00
SB-3	W912264-06	Water	13-Dec-99 11:35

Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

The results in this report apply to the samples analyzed in accordance with the chain of cust ody document. This analytical report must be reproduced in its entirety.

Alan B. Kenap, Laboratory Director

Ingram, Mason, & Fairbairn

Project: Marr & Associates

Citicorp Center - One Sansome Street # 100

Project Number: MAR-102J

Reported:

San Francisco CA, 94104

Project Manager: Fred Serafin 04-Jan-00 11:35

#### Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons (C6-C12), BTEX and MTBE by DHS LUFT Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

	Ret	orting							
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
MW B-1 (W912264-01) Water	Sampled: 13-Dec-99 10:00	Recei	ved: 13- <b>L</b>	ec-99 15:2	:5				
Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	50	ug/l	1	9L14002	14-Dec-99	14-Dec-99	EPA	
Benzene	ND	0.50	И	**	"	***	п	8015M/8020	
Toluene	ND	0.50	η	**	**	17	н	11	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50	*1	**	. "	11	H	11	
Xylenes (total)	ND	0.50	11	"	n	π	n	11	
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.5	п	. 11	11	n	n	11	•
Surrogate: a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	?	108 %	70-	130	"	"	n n	"	
MW B-3 (W912264-02) Water	Sampled: 13-Dec-99 09:15	Recei	ved: 13-I	ec-99 15:2	15				
Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	50	ug/l	1	9L14002	14-Dec-99	14-Dec-99	EPA	
Benzene	ND	0.50	79	11	II .	**	**	8015M/8020	
Toluene	ND	0.50	"	"	11	H	tt	ıř.	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50	19	n	п	**	H	п	
Xylenes (total)	ND	0.50	" .	n	п	**	н	ш	
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.5	17	н	"	••	**	· ·	
Surrogate: a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	;	116%	70-	130	"	"	"	rr .	
MW B-5 (W912264-03) Water	Sampled: 13-Dec-99 10:15	Recei	ved: 13-I	ec-99 15:2	25				
Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	50	ug/l	1	9L16003	16-Dec-99	16-Dec-99	EPA	
Benzene	ND	0.50	n	п	п	"	**	8015M/8020	
Toluene	ND	0.50	II.	п	n	n	17	Ħ	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50	п	u	11	***	**	"	
Xylenes (total)	ND	0.50	п	n	rr	11	17	tf	
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.5	Ħ	n.	**	н	**		
Surrogate: a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	;	101 %	70-	130	"	"	"	"	

Seguoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

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Alan B. Keanp, Laboralory Director

Ingram, Mason, & Fairbairn

San Francisco CA, 94104

Project: Marr & Associates

Citicorp Center - One Sansome Street # 100

Project Number: MAR-102J Project Manager: Fred Serafin Reported:

04-Jan-00 11:35

### Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons (C6-C12), BTEX and MTBE by DHS LUFT

#### Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
SB-1 (W912264-04) Water	Sampled: 13-Dec-99 13:55	Received:	13-Dec-	99 15:25	<del></del>				P-01
Purgeable Hydrocarbons	3900	1000	ug/l	20	9L14002	14-Dec-99	14-Dec-99	EPA	
Benzene	71	10	"		n	"	11	8015M/8020	
Toluene	ND	10	**	. "	н	11	79	Ħ	
Ethylbenzene	74	10	17	,,	ır	11	H	17	
Xylenes (total)	23	10	17	**	ni	н	**	**	
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	50	n	11	Iŧ	п	**	77	
Surrogate: a,a,a-Trifluorotol	uene	94.7%	70-	-130	"	"	"	"	
SB-2 (W912264-05) Water	Sampled: 13-Dec-99 11:00	Received:	13-Dec-	99 15:25					
Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	50	ug/l	1	9L14002	14-Dec-99	14-Dec-99	EPA	
Benzene	0.63	0.50	11	п	"	n	11	8015M/8020	
Toluene	ND	0.50	11	ıı	**	н	11	"	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50	11	H	"	tr	11	**	
Xylenes (total)	ND	0.50	п	18	**	"	n	"	
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.5	n	17	**	**	II .	h	
Surrogate: a,a,a-Trifluorotol	uene	116 %	70-	-130	"	"	н	n	
SB-3 (W912264-06) Water	Sampled: 13-Dec-99 11:35	Received:	13-Dec-	99 15:25					-
Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	50	ug/l	1	9L14002	14-Dec-99	14-Dec-99	EPA	
Benzene	0.59	0.50	H	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	**	Ħ	rr	8015M/8020	
Toluene	0.88	0.50	n	и .	**	*	n	н	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50	*	**	11	"	**	Ħ	
Xylenes (total)	1.5	0.50	n	n	**	*	**	rt	
Methyl tert-butyl ether	5.3	2.5	н	**	**	n	"		
Surrogate: a,a,a-Trifluorotol	uene	122 %	70	-130	n	"	"	n.	ě

Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

The results in this report apply to the samples analyzed in accordance with the chain of custody document. This analytical report must be reproduced in its entirety.

Alan B. Kemp, Laboralory Director

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Ingram, Mason, & Fairbairn

Citicorp Center - One Sansome Street # 100

San Francisco CA, 94104

Project: Marr & Associates

Project Number: MAR-102J

Project Manager: Fred Serafin

Reported:

04-Jan-00 11:35

#### MTBE Confirmation by EPA Method 8260A

#### Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
SB-3 (W912264-06) Water	Sampled: 13-Dec-99 11:35	Received:	13-Dec-9	9 15:25					
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.0	ug/l	1	9L16028	15-Dec-99	15-Dec-99	EPA 8260A	
Surrogate: Dibromofluorome	thane	104 %	50	150	11	n	"	н	
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethan	ne-d4	98.0 %	50-	150	"	n	"	"	

Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

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Alan B. Kemy, Laboratory Director

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Ingram, Mason, & Fairbairn

Project: Marr & Associates

Citicorp Center - One Sansome Street # 100

Project Number: MAR-102J

Reported:

San Francisco CA, 94104

Project Manager: Fred Serafin

04-Jan-00 11:35

#### Dissolved Metals by EPA 200 Series Methods

#### Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
MW B-5 (W912264-03) Water	Sampled: 13-Dec-99 1	0:15 Receiv	ved: 13-I	Dec-99 15:2	:5				
Cadmium	ND	0.010	mg/l	1	9L21020	21-Dec-99	30-Dec-99	EPA 200.7	
Chromium	0.022	0.010	u u	H	н	••	H	n	
Nickel	0.078	0.010	tr	п	п	11	**	п	
Lead	0.054	0.020		*	*	*11	"	II .	
Zinc	0.16	0.010	**	**	**	н	n	п	

Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

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Alan B. Kemp, Laboratory Director

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Ingram, Mason, & Fairbairn

Citicorp Center - One Sansome Street # 100

San Francisco CA, 94104

Project: Marr & Associates

Project Number: MAR-102J

Project Manager: Fred Serafin

Reported:

0/DEG

04-Jan-00 11:35

### Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons (C6-C12), BTEX and MTBE by DHS LUFT - Quality Control Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Batch 9L14002: Prepared 14-Dec-99	Using E	PA 5030B [	P/T]							
Blank (9L14002-BLK1)			<del> </del>							
Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	50	ug/l							
Benzene	ND	0.50	**							
Toluene	ND	0.50	**							
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50	**							
Xylenes (total)	ND	0.50	**							
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.5	"							
Surrogate: a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	34.7		"	30.0		116	70-130			
LCS (9L14002-BS1)										
Benzene	19.7	0.50	ug/l	20,0		98.5	70-130			
Toluene	20.6	0.50	**	20.0		103	70-130			
Ethylbenzene	20.9	0.50	"	20.0		104	70-130			
Xylenes (total)	63.9	0.50	.99	60.0		107	70-130			
Surrogate: a,a,a-Trifluorotohuene	29.8		"	30.0		99.3	70-130			<u> </u>
LCS Dup (9L14002-BSD1)										
Benzene	21.6	0.50	ug/l	20.0		108	70-130	9.20	20	
Toluene	22.4	0.50	н	20.0		112	70-130	8.37	20	
Ethylbenzene	22.5	0.50	**	20.0		113	70-130	7.37	20	
Xylenes (total)	66.9	0.50	n	60.0		112	70-130	4.59	20	
Surrogate: a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	34.2		"	30.0		114	70-130			
Batch 9L16003: Prepared 16-Dec-99	Using E	PA 5030B [	P/T]							
Blank (9L16003-BLK1)	*		-							
Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	50	ug/l							
Benzene	ND	0.50	H							
Toluene	ND	0.50	**							
Ethylbenzene	NĎ	0.50	Ħ							
Xylenes (total)	ND	0.50	***							
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.5	17							
Surrogate: a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	32.5	,	"	30.0		108	70-130			

Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

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Alan B. Kemp, Laboratory Director

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Ingram, Mason, & Fairbairn

Citicorp Center - One Sansome Street # 100

San Francisco CA, 94104

Project: Marr & Associates

Project Number: MAR-102J

Project Manager: Fred Serafin

**Reported:** 04-Jan-00 11:35

## Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons (C6-C12), BTEX and MTBE by DHS LUFT - Quality Control Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

Analyte	·	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Batch 9L16003: Pr	epared 16-Dec-99	Using E	PA 5030B [	P/T]							
LCS (9L16003-BS1)											
Benzene		19.1	0.50	ug/l	20.0		95.5	70-130			
Toluene		19.5	0.50	"	20.0		97.5	70-130			
Ethylbenzene		20.4	0.50	••	20.0		102	70-130			
Xylenes (total)		61.6	0.50	**	60.0		103	70-130			
Surrogate: a, a, a-Trifluoroto	luene	30.0		"	30.0		100	70-130			
Matrix Spike (9L16003	-MS1)					Source: V	W912272-	05			
Benzene		19.2	0.50	ug/l	20.0	ND	96.0	70-130			
Toluene		19.6	0.50	II .	20.0	ND	98.0	70-130			
Ethylbenzene		18.3	0.50	H	20.0	ND	91.5	70-130			
Xylenes (total)		62.1	0.50	H	60.0	ND	103	70-130	•		
Surrogate: a, a, a-Trifluoroto	luene	28.8		"	30.0		96.0	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup (9L1	6003-MSD1)					Source: V	W912272-	05			
Benzene	***************************************	18.6	0.50	ug/l	20.0	ND	93.0	70-130	3.17	20	
Toluene		19.0	0.50	**	20.0	ND	95.0	70-130	3.11	20	
Ethylbenzene		16.9	0.50	***	20.0	ND	84.5	70-130	7.95	20	
Xylenes (total)		60.0	0.50	19	60.0	ND	100	70-130	3.44	20.	
Surrogate: a a,a-Trifluoroto	luene	29.9		"	30.0		99.7	70-130			

Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

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Alan B Kemp, Laboratory Director

Ingram, Mason, & Fairbairn

Citicorp Center - One Sansome Street # 100

San Francisco CA, 94104

Project: Marr & Associates

Project Number: MAR-102J

Project Manager: Fred Serafin

Reported:

04-Jan-00 11:35

#### MTBE Confirmation by EPA Method 8260A - Quality Control Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

Analyte		Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Batch 9L16028:	Prepared 15-Dec-99	Using E	PA 5030B [	P/T]							
Blank (9L16028-BL	K1)	-	-								·
Methyl tert-butyl ether		ND	2.0	ug/l							
Surrogate: Dibromofluc	romethane	44.0		"	50.0		88.0	50-150			
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloro	pethane-d4	49.0		"	50.0		98.0	50-150			
LCS (9L16028-BS1)	)										
Methyl tert-butyl ether		47.9	2.0	ug/l	50.0		95.8	70-130			
Surrogate: Dibromofluc	romethane	46.0		"	50.0		92.0	50-150			
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichlore	ethane-d4	49.0		"	50.0		98.0	50-150			
LCS Dup (9L16028	-BSD1)										
Methyl tert-butyl ether		42.8	2.0	ug/l	50.0		85.6	70-130	11.2	25	
Surrogate: Dibromofluo	oromethane	46.0		n	50.0		92.0	50-150			
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichlore	ethane-d4	47.0		"	50.0		94.0	50-150			

Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

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Ingram, Mason, & Fairbairn

Citicorp Center - One Sansome Street # 100

San Francisco CA, 94104

Project: Marr & Associates

Project Number: MAR-102J

Project Manager: Fred Serafin

Reported:

04-Jan-00 11:35

#### Dissolved Metals by EPA 200 Series Methods - Quality Control Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

Analyte	R	lesult .	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Batch 9L21020: Prepa	red 21-Dec-99 U	sing 20	0.7								
Blank (9L21020-BLK1)											
Cadmium		ND	0.010	mg/l	-						
Chromium		ND ·	0.010	U							
Lead		ND	0.020	п							
Nickel		ND	0.010	н							
Zinc		ND	0.010	н							
LCS (9L21020-BS1)											
Cadmium		1.09	0.010	mg/l	1.00		109	80-120			
Chromium		1.07	0.010	H	1.00		107	80-120			
lead .		1.13	0.020	H	1.00		113	80-120			
Nickel		1.08	0.010	**	1.00		108	80-120			
Zinc		1.19	0.010	n	1.00		119	80-120			
Matrix Spike (9L21020-MS	51)		,			Source: V	W912275-	01			
Cadmium		1.09	0.010	mg/l	1.00	ND	109	80-120			
Chromium		1.06	0.010	78	1.00	0.020	104	80-120			
Lead		1.11	0.020	**	1.00	0.040	107	80-120			
Nickel		1.09	0.010	n	1.00	0.048	104	80-120			
Zinc	٠	1.08	0.010	н	1.00	0.046	103	80-120			
Matrix Spike Dup (9L2102	0-MSD1)					Source: V	W912275-	01			
Cadmium		1.08	0.010	mg/l	1.00	ND .	108	80-120	0.922	20	<u> </u>
Chromium		1.05	0.010	**	1.00	0.020	103	80-120	0,948	20	
Lead		1.10	0.020	n	1.00	0.040	106	80-120	0.905	20	
Nickel		1.09	0.010	**	1.00	0.048	104	80-120	0	20	
Zine		1.08	0.010	#	1.00	0.046	103	80-120	0	20	

Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

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Alan B. Kenip, Laboratory Director



Ingram, Mason, & Fairbairn

Citicorp Center - One Sansome Street # 100

San Francisco CA, 94104

Project: Marr & Associates

Project Number: MAR-102J

Project Manager: Fred Serafin

Reported:

04-Jan-00 11:35

#### **Notes and Definitions**

P-01 Chromatogram Pattern: Gasoline C6-C12

DET Analyte DETECTED

ND Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit

NR Not Reported

dry Sample results reported on a dry weight basis

RPD Relative Percent Difference

Sequoia Analytical - Walnut Creek

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Alan B. Kemp, Laboratory Director

Page 10 of 10

#### INGRAM-MASON & FAIRBAIRN

SAMPLED

13/3/99 10:03

12/13/99 9:15

12/13/99 10:13

Time

1: +5

11:00

Date ::

11/13/99

A DIVISION OF IMPC CORPORATION

41 SUTTER STREET, SUTTE 1537 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94104

SAMPLE NUMBER

ITEM

NO.

1

2

3

5

6

MW

MW

MW

TEL (415) 281-9696 FAX (800) 804-IMFC

Project: LAcourtes	CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM
Job Number:	Laboratory: Servoia Analytic
Project Manager: Food Securion	- Turnaround Time: Syndag / //a

Date: 12/13/1999 N9/2264 Laboratory: <u>Servoia</u> Analytica Turnaround Time: \_ January 110 Warner Results To: Fred Serasia Samplers: Will Henry ston

# CONTAINERS ANALYSIS REQUESTED / TYPE OF CONTAINER & PRESERVATIVES UNPRESERVED H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> HNO<sub>3</sub> DATE AND TIME MATRIX COMMENTS ERI 5034 8020/602 06

MISCELLANEOUS	CHAIN OF CUS	CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD									
Number of Coolers Type of Coolant	Relinquished by: (signature & attiliation)	Received by: (signature & affiliation)	12/13/74 17/2								
COMMENTS:	Reinquished by: (signature & affiliation)  LL (2//3/94 15:25	Received by: (elginature & Allisation)	12/1> 15:25								
	Relinquished by: (signature & affiliation)	Received by: (Signature 4 athliation)	DateTime								
	Relinquished by: (signature & affiliation)	Received by: (signature & affiliation)	Date/Time								
Page of	Dispatched by: (signature & affiliation) Date/Time	Received for lab by:	Date Time								