R.T. NAHAS COMPANY Some 1947

REAL ESTATE DEVELOPERS AND INVESTORS

20630 PATIO DRIVE CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA 94546 TELEPHONE (510) 538-9600 FAX (510) 881-7618

April 21, 1993

Mr. Scott Seery Alameda County Health Care Services 80 Swan Way Oakland, CA 94621

> RE: Frank Tien's Unocal Station 20405 Redwood Road Castro Valley, CA

Dear Scott:

Enclosed is the Eleventh Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Report on the Unocal Service Station, prepared by BSK Associates.

Sincerely.

Randa/14 E. Nahas

REN/hrs

Enclosure

BSK & ASSOCIATES GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANTS, INC. BSK JOB NO. P92057.3

ELEVENTH QUARTERLY
GROUNDWATER
MONITORING REPORT
UNOCAL 76 SERVICE STATION
20405 AND 20629 REDWOOD ROAD
CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA
APRIL 1993





1181 Quarry Lane Building 300 Pleasanton, CA 94566 (510) 462-4000 (510) 462-6283 FAX

April 19, 1993

BSK JOB P92057.3

R. T. Nahas Company/Eden Managements20630 Patio DriveCastro Valley, CA 94546

Subject:

Eleventh Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Report

Unocal 76 Service Station

20405 and 20629 Redwood Road

Castro Valley, California

Gentlemen:

As requested and authorized, we performed groundwater monitoring well quarterly sampling on March 4, 1993 at the above-referenced facility. This quarterly report presents the project background, groundwater data obtained during this sampling event, conclusions based on this quarter's data, and recommendations for further action.

BACKGROUND

BSK & Associates installed three groundwater monitoring wells (MW-2, MW-3 and MW-4) in December 1989 at the Unocal 76 Service Station located at 20405 Redwood Road, Castro Valley, California. The service station location is shown on Figure 1, Vicinity Map. The monitoring facilities were installed in order to comply with the California UST Monitoring requirements of Alternative 6, Subchapter 16, Title 23, California Code of Regulations. The results of well installations, soil sampling and chemical testing of the soil and water samples were summarized in our Report P89134, dated February 5, 1990. The groundwater monitoring well locations are shown on Figure 2, Site Plan.

BSK performed an assessment of the lateral extent of shallow soil contamination in April 1991 (see our Report P90165, dated April 1991). During the investigation, shallow soil contamination was observed to occur from the pump islands to the south property boundary, and within the east and west property boundaries.

The seventh quarterly monitoring report was included with the results of additional lateral contamination characterization in the off-site area to the south (BSK Report P92057.3, dated May 29, 1992). The report indicated the extension of a groundwater contaminant plume south of the site, between Wells MW-6 and MW-5, but north of MW-7.

Review of Subsurface Conditions

The site subsurface soil conditions, as exposed by Borings MW-1A, MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 of our previous investigation (P89134), consist primarily of silty and sandy clays. Four to five feet of black organic-rich silty clay fill are found immediately below the ground surface, followed by three to five feet of greenish-gray sandy/silty clay native material. In the western portion of the study area, the greenish clay is underlain by seven to eleven feet of yellow-brown sandy clay, grading to a clayey sand with depth. In the eastern portion of the tank area, the sandy clay and clayey sand are split by a six foot layer of silty clay. Light brown silty clay was encountered in each boring between 17 and 24 feet, and continued to the final depth explored. It is apparent from the boring logs that this lowermost clay layer slopes to the northeast.

In the areas of Wells MW-5 through MW-7, subsurface conditions comprised 10 to 20 feet of dark gray to yellow-gray silty clay, the upper 10 feet of which may be fill. The silty clay is underlain by 4 to 5 feet of orange-brown clayey silt to silty sand. This unit often contains fine, wet to saturated pores. At fifteen to twenty feet in depth, a silty to sandy grayish clay is encountered. This clay is very stiff to hard, often porous, and contains thin saturated lenses of fine sand and silt. At approximately 25 feet, clayey sand to sand was encountered. This unit is soft to firm and contains many fine lenses of sand, silt, and clay. The sand and silt are typically saturated.

Groundwater within the site has been encountered at both 13 to 15 feet and 19 to 23 feet. The lower water levels occur in clayey sands along the east and west boundaries of the site, and likely in its northern one-third. This water horizon is considered the first primary aquifer. A shallow "perched" water is found in clayey sand at 13 to 15 feet, occurring throughout the south-central portion of the site. Hydrostatic pressure in both units results in a piezometric surface 10 to 12 feet below ground surface. The similar piezometric surface suggests that the "perched" water is connected to the underlying aquifer. Additional evidence for this connection is the lack of a confining layer below the upper clayey sand in several borings in the south-central portion of the site.



Groundwater flow direction at the site has been towards the southwest since December 1989. Gradient has varied at the site from 0.4% to 2.0%. Electrical conductivity is a relatively low 500 to 1,000 micromhos, and pH has generally been slightly acidic. Seasonal precipitation appears to result in more southerly flow, a flatter gradient, and 1 to 2 feet higher water levels in early spring. This data is derived from measurements made of the lower groundwater unit.

During soil boring investigations, soil contamination by petroleum hydrocarbons was observed olfactorily and by Photo-Ionization Detector (PID) in 13 borings in the project area. Hydrocarbons were detected at depths ranging from just below the asphalt pavement to 17 feet (the greatest depth of several borings in the area of greatest contamination). PID values reached 3,600 ppm, total ionizable hydrocarbons, in soil (the PID was calibrated daily to a 100 ppm isobutylene standard with a 10.6 eV lamp). The greatest concentrations were observed between 10 feet in depth and first encountered groundwater (where encountered). It was noted that contamination was not always accompanied by soil staining, and volatilization was rapid upon exposure to air.

Groundwater contamination has been encountered at the site in samples obtained quarterly from Wells MW-2 and MW-3, and in Well MW-7. Wells MW-2 and MW-3 are adjacent to, and up and cross-gradient to what is believed to be the contaminant source area. Well MW-7 is down gradient from the source area; however, it appears that contamination encountered in Well MW-7 is not related to the Unocal contaminant plume.

ELEVENTH QUARTERLY MONITORING ACTIVITIES

General

Quarterly monitoring of groundwater monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, MW-6 and MW-7 was performed on March 4, 1993. Representatives for Safeway and Saroni Retail Center observed sampling procedures at Well MW-7, and obtained a sample split. The representative for Saroni also obtained sample splits for Wells MW-5 and MW-6, as BSK sampled the wells. Scott Scery of the Alameda County Environmental Health Department observed sampling procedures at Well MW-5. Field procedures and observations are provided in the following text and figures.

Field Work

Wells MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, MW-6 were purged by a Teflon®-bladder pump affixed with polypropylene tubing for sample integrity. Well MW-7 was purged by a dedicated polyethelene bailer. Three to four well casing volumes were removed from each well. Purge



effluent was field monitored for pH and Temperature during purging, to assess the influx of fresh formational water into the well. Purged water was then transferred to a 55-gallon DOT-approved steel drum for holding. Each drum was labeled according to its contents, content source, and date of accumulation.

Prior to purging, the depth to water in each well was measured using a Solinst electric sounding tape, marked in twentieths of a foot. The water depth was then interpolated to the 0.01 foot increment from the tape. Each well was subsequently examined for floating and sinking immiscible product layers and sheen, using a clean PVC bailer having dual check valves for point-source sampling. Groundwater flow direction and gradient data were determined from the depth measurements, and are presented in Figure 3, Potentiometric Surface Map.

Upon purge completion, each well was again measured to confirm a minimum of 80% well recovery prior to sampling. Water sampling was then performed with the bladder pump, except for MW-7, which was sampled with the dedicated polyethylene bailer. Sampling for contaminants was performed in the order of their volatility, with the most volatile constituents sampled first. Each water sample obtained for a specific contaminant, or contaminants, was placed into the appropriate receptacle with preservative (as necessary), sealed, labeled and refrigerated for delivery to our State-certified laboratory.

A Well Field Log was prepared for each well sampled, recording the water depth, well volume, water temperature and other data. The Well Field Logs are presented as Figures 4.1 through 4.6.

Site Hydrology

Groundwater measurements were made of the six existing wells on March 4, 1993, in order to assess the flow direction and gradient in the area. On this date, groundwater flow was generally south-southeast. The gradient was approximately 0.7 to 1.2 percent. The flow direction and gradient are similar to the previous quarter. Groundwater levels have fallen 0.12 to 0.33 feet since January 1993. Groundwater flow direction and gradient are shown on Figure 3, Potentiometric Surface Map.

Temperature and pH data are presented in the Well Field Logs, Figures 4.1 through 4.6, little significant change has occurred in these parameters.

The changes in flow direction and water level since January 1993 are likely due to variation in recent precipitation occurrence and amount.



Chemical Analyses

Water samples obtained from Wells MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5 and MW-7 were analyzed for constituents related to gasoline, since the wells are located adjacent to and downgradient from two 10,000 gallon underground gasoline tanks. The samples were tested for the following contaminants: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline (TPH-G) and Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylene (BTEX). Well MW-4 is adjacent to a 500-gallon waste oil tank, and was tested for Total & Hydrocarbon Oil & Grease, Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel (TPH-D), Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline, and BTEX. Selected wells were also analyzed for volatile halocarbons (EPA Method 601) and volatile organics (EPA Method 624) due to the presence of some of these contaminants in the vicinity of Well MW-7. Method 624 was chosen for MW-7 because the methodology provides a verification of the constituent identified. Method 601 was used for the remaining selected wells because of the lower detection limit.

The contaminants tested for are those specified by the Tri-Regional Water Quality Control Board Recommendations of August 10, 1990, and listed in the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health letter, dated April 26, 1990 to R.T. Nahas Co. Volatile halocarbon and organic analyses were agreed upon by representatives of the Nahas Company, the Sorani Retail Center, Safeway, Marshall Steel Cleaners and the Alameda County Environmental Health Department. Current and former analyses results are presented for comparison in the following tables. The Chemical Test Data Sheets are presented in Appendix A, Figures A-1 and A-13. Project Quality Assurance/Quality Control documentation, and the Chain-of-Custody record are shown in Figures A-14 through A-20.



WATER ANALYSES - BTEX

TABLE 1

(Results in ppb)

Sample <u>Date</u>	Sample <u>Location</u>	Benzene (1)*	Toluene _(100)+	Xylene (1750)*	Ethylbenzene (680)*
August	Well MW-2	21	3.9	28	7.2
1990	Well MW-3	55	3.8	59	20
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
January	Well MW-2	50	33	110	22
1991	Well MW-3	29	3.3	34	9.7
April	Well MW-2	640	520	790	170
1991	Well MW-3	450	270	760	150
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
July	Well MW-2	14	1	17	8
1991	Well MW-3	14	14	33	8
October	Well MW-2	2,9	ND	6	2.5
1991	Well MW-3	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
January	Well MW-2	480	870	860	160
1992	Well MW-3	4	10	8	2
April	Well MW-2	70	0.3	7.0	15
1992	Well MW-3	1.0	0.4	0.9	ND
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-5	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-6	ND	0.3	ND	ND
	Well MW-7	0.4	0.3	0.9	0.3
July	Well MW-2	10	ND	2.3	0.6
1992	Well MW-3	1.3	0.4	1.3	ND
	Well MW-5	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-6	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-7	ND	ND	ND	ND



WATER ANALYSES

TABLE 1 (Continued)

(Results in ppb)

Sampling <u>Date</u>	Sample <u>Location</u>	Benzene (1)*	Toluene (100)+	Xylene (1750)*	Ethylbenzene (680)*
October	Well MW-2	2.3	ND	3.0	2.3
1992	Well MW-3	2.1	ND	0.3	ND
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-5	ND	0.4	ND	ND
	Well MW-6	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-7	ND	ND	ND	ND
January	Well MW-2	11	5.1	6.3	1,4
1993	Well MW-3	1.2	1.0	4.1	0.6
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-5	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-6	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-7	ND	ND	ND	ND
March	Well MW-2	110	32	28	67
1993	Well MW-3	32	0.9	20 13	64
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-5	ND	ND ND	ND	
	Well MW-6	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
	Well MW-7	ND	ND	ND	ND ND

ND = None Detected

*DHS: Primary Drinking Water Standard (3/89)

+DHS: Action Level



WATER ANALYSES - TPH and OIL & GREASE

TABLE 2

(Results in ppb)

Sampling _Date_	Sample Location	TPH as Gasoline (100)*	TPH as Diesel (100)*	Oil and Total Hy (100	/drocarbon
August	Well MW-2	180			
1990	Well MW-3	290			er 20
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	••
January	Well MW-2	430			
1991	Well MW-3	110			
April	Well MW-2	4800			
1991	Well MW-3	3600			
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	
July	Well MW-2	220			
1991	Well MW-3	220			
October	Well MW-2	170			
1991	Well MW-3	ND	ND	ND	
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	
January	Well MW-2	5200			
1992	Well MW-3	60			
April	Well MW-2	300			
1992	Well MW-3	ND		ND	
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	
	Well MW-5	ND			
	Well MW-6	ND			
	Well MW-7	1300			
July	Well MW-2	84			
1992	Well MW-3	ND			
	Well MW-5	ND			
	Well MW-6	ND			
	Well MW-7	830			



WATER ANALYSES

TABLE 2 (Continued)

(Results in ppb)

_		TPH as	TPH as	Oil	& Grease
Sample <u>Date</u>	Sample Location	Gasoline (100)*	Diesel (100)*	Total (100)*	Hydrocarbon (100)*
October	Well MW-2	ND	***		
1992	Well MW-3	ND			
	Well MW-4	ND	120	ND	
	Well MW-5	ND			
	Well MW-6	ND			
	Well MW-7	3900			
January	Well MW-2	170	* **	77	
1993	Well MW-3	ND			
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	**-**
	Well MW-5	ND			
	Well MW-6	ND			
	Well MW-7	1900			

March	Well MW-2	720			
1993	Well MW-3	330	Ma ==		
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-5	ND			
	Well MW-6	ND			
	Well MW-7	830			

^{-- =} Not Tested



ND = None Detected

^{* =} Quantified Action Levels are not provided for these parameters. The amount given is often informally used by regulatory agencies as a threshold value.

WATER ANALYSIS - VOLATILES

TABLE 3

(Results in ppb)

Sample Date	Sample Location	Volatile Halocarbon\Organic (Action Level-ppb)*	۶ .
March	MW-2	31,2-Dichloroethane - 0.6(0.5) fuel and it	-
1993	MW-3	·	
	MW-4	ND	
	MW-5	Tetrachloroethene - 0.8(5.0)	
	MW-6	Tetrachloroethene - 3.5(5.0)	
l	MW-7	Trichloroethene -210(5.0),	
	MW-7	Tetrachloroethene - 3700(5.0)	

ND = None Detected

-- = Not Tested



^{* =} California Department of Health Services Drinking Water Standards Revised 10/23/91

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Conclusions

On the basis of our findings to date, an unauthorized motor-fuel release to soil and groundwater has occurred at the site, in the vicinity of the two 10,000-gallon underground gasoline storage tanks.

Contaminant concentrations associated with gasoline have risen in Monitoring Wells MW-2 and MW-3 since the last quarterly sampling event (January 1993). At this time, Benzene concentrations continue to meet or exceed State and Federal Standards in Wells MW-2 and MW-3. The TPH-G concentration measured at Well MW-7 is believed to be related to Perchloroethylene contamination, as established in our Special Sampling report, dated December 23, 1992 (note the lack of BTEX concentrations in this well, despite the substantial quantity of TPH-Gasoline). Although no standard has been devised for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon concentrations as Gasoline or Diesel, the quantities observed in Wells MW-2, MW-3 and MW-7 exceed general informal regulatory action levels. Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel were not detected in Well MW-4 for the second consecutive quarter.

Volatile organic/halocarbon compounds were detected in Wells MW-2, MW-5, MW-6 and MW-7. Trace quantities were detected in the first three wells. Substantial quantities were detected in Well MW-7. The concentration of 1,2-Dichloroethane detected in Well MW-2 is just above the detection limit, but exceeds drinking water standards. Its potential source is unknown, but there may be an association with gasoline. The concentrations of Tetrachloroethene (a.k.a. Perchloroethene, PCE) detected in Wells MW-5 and MW-6 do not exceed drinking water standards, and may represent the east and west edges of a plume of Perchloroethene (Perc). The concentrations of PCE and Trichloroethene (TCE) in Well MW-7 are reduced from the quantities detected in November 1992 by BSK (Special Sampling letter report, dated December 23, 1993). The concentrations are still above drinking water standards, however. TCE may be a decay product of Perchloroethene.

The southern limit of the gasoline contaminant plume is believed to be located north of Well MW-7, concluded from the lack of aromatic hydrocarbons and other gasoline related compounds detected at MW-7 since April 1992.



The absence of PCE and the decay products of PCE in Wells MW-2 and MW-4 suggest that a these compounds are not present in the vicinity of these wells. Known groundwater flow patterns would suggest that a PCE source in the MW-2 area would be predominantly detected in Well MW-6, rather than MW-7, suggesting some other source area for contamination detected in Well MW-7.

At this time, it appears that Marshall Steel Cleaners is the most likely source for Perchloroethene contamination in groundwater in the study area as detected in Well MW-7.

Recommendations

With respect to the findings of this quarterly sampling, and the conclusions of this report, it is recommended that quarterly groundwater monitoring for gasoline constituents continue for Wells MW-2, MW-3, MW-6 and MW-7. Bi-annual monitoring for gasoline may be considered appropriate for Wells MW-4 and MW-5, due to their location to the gasoline plume, groundwater flow directions, and absence of detected contaminants.

BSK additionally recommends the further characterization of the Gasoline plume by temporary well-points in the southern one-half of the Nahas property to: 1) Further define the gasoline contaminant plume; 2) Further assess the existence of PCE on the Nahas property, and; 3) Provide remedial design information.



REPORT DISTRIBUTION

Copies of this report should be submitted to the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health for their review. We are providing you with extra copies for this purpose. We understand that copies of the report may be forwarded by ACEH to the Regional Water Quality Control Board in Oakland for their review.

LIMITATIONS

The findings and conclusions presented in this report are based on field review and observations, and from the limited testing program described in this report. This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted methodologies and standards of practice in the area. No other warranties, expressed or implied, are made as to the findings, conclusions and recommendations included in the report.

The findings of this report are valid as of the present. The passage of time, natural processes or human intervention on the property or adjacent property can cause changed conditions which can invalidate the findings and conclusions presented in this report.

BSK is pleased to continue to be of service to you during this project. If you have questions concerning the contents of the report, please do not hesitate to contact us.



The following are attached and complete this report:

FIGURE	1	Vicinity N	/ap
---------------	---	------------	-----

FIGURE 2 Site Plan

FIGURE 3 Potentiometric Surface Map

FIGURES 4.1

through 4.6 Well Field Logs

APPENDIX "A"

FIGURES A-1

through A-13 Eleventh Quarterly Laboratory Chemical Test Data Sheets

FIGURES A-14

through A-20 Project Quality Assurance/Quality Control, and Chain-of-Custody

Respectfully submitted,

BSK & Associates

Alex Y. Eskandari, P.E.

Project Manager

C.E. No. 038101, R.E.A. No. 01528

Tun W. Duge

Tim W. Berger, C.E.G. No. 1828

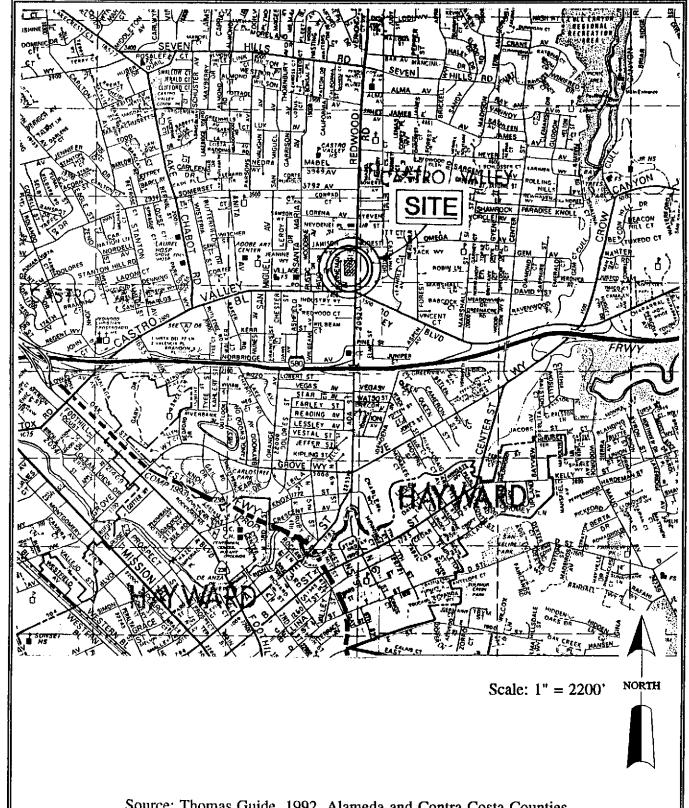
Project Geologist

AYE/TWB:ndp/slc (rprts\env\P92057.Q11)

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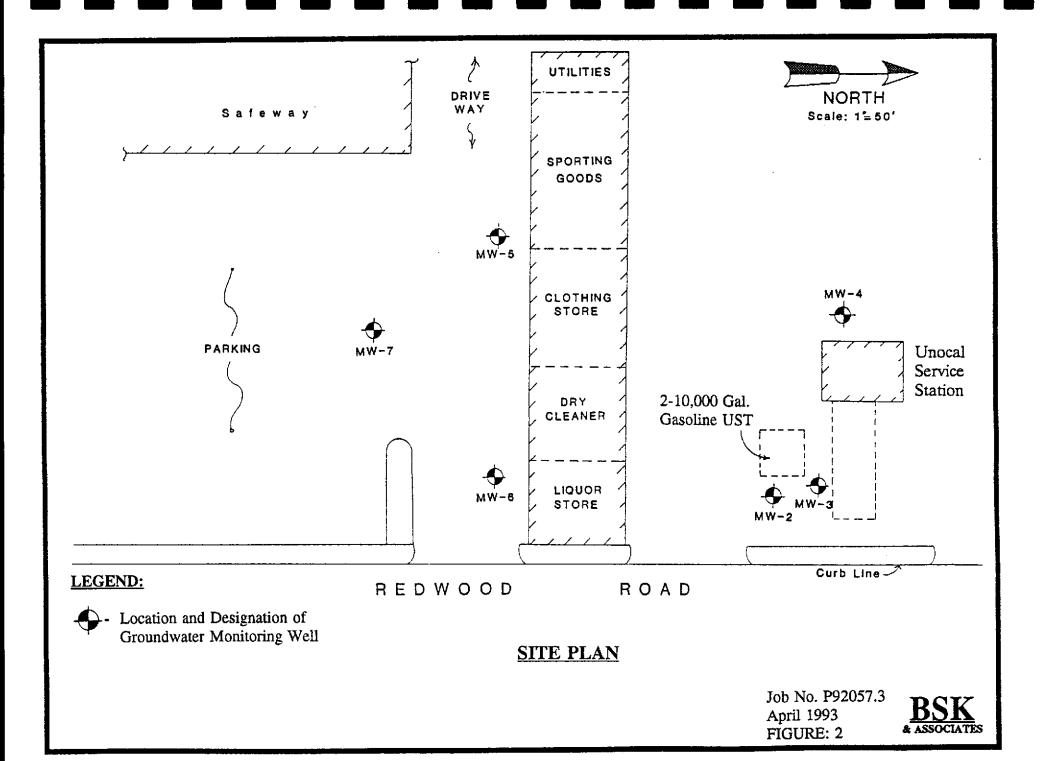


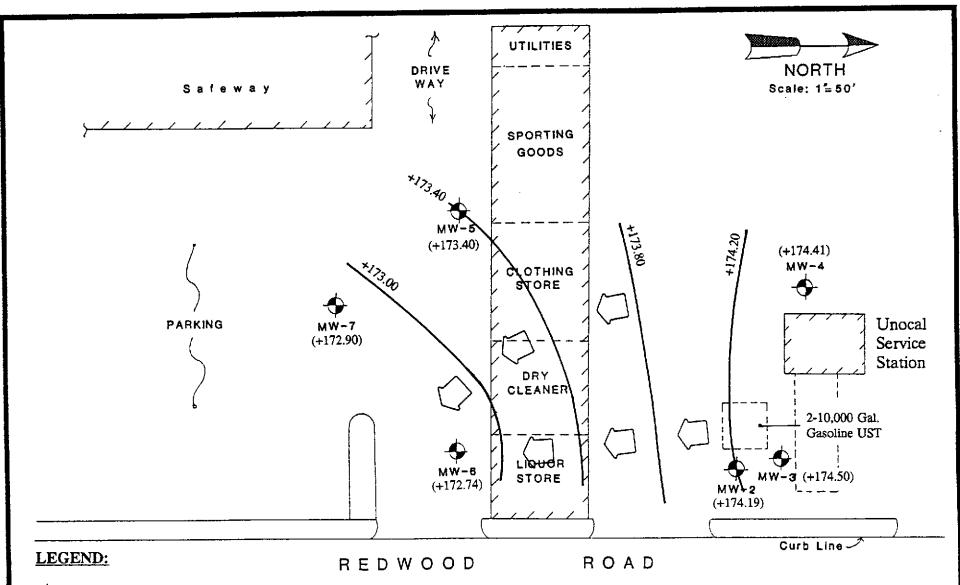
Source: Thomas Guide, 1992, Alameda and Contra Costa Counties

ELEVENTH QUARTERLY
GROUNDWATER
MONITORING REPORT
UNOCAL 76 SERVICE STATION
20405 AND 20629 REDWOOD ROAD
CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

VICINITY MAP

BSK Job No. P92057.3 April 1993 FIGURE: 1 BSK ASSOCIATES







Location and Designation of Groundwater Monitoring Well



Line Of Equal Potentiometric Surface Elevation (30/04/93)



Groundwater Flow Direction

POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP

Gradient is 0.7 to 1.2 %

Job No. P92057.3 April 1993

FIGURE: 3

BSK ASSOCIATES

Well Development: Date:

Well Observation: Х Date: 03/04/93 Sample Collection: Date: 03/04/93 X

Project Name: Eleventh Quarterly Sampling

Location: Nahas/Union 76 Personnel: TWB/EK

Weather: Clear, warm, 70's

WELL INFORMATION:

Well Number	MW-2	Date Purged	03/04/93	
Depth to Water - feet(TOC)	9.28	Purge Method	Teflon Bladder Pump	
Well Depth (feet)	30			
Water Volume (gallons)	3.3	Purge Begin	14:50	
Reference Elevation - feet(TOC)	+183.47	Purge End	15:12	
Groundwater Elevation (feet)	+174.19	Purge Rate	0.5 gal/min.	
Measurement Technique	Solinst Electric Well Sounder			

IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:

Top: None, no odor, clear Bottom: None, clear

Detection Method: Visual, olfactory
Collection Method: Clear PVC Point-Source Bailer

WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (gallons)	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY (Ec/Range)	Ph	TEMP. (°F)	COLOR/COMMENTS
14:55	1.0	NA	6.23	72.00	Clear
15:01	5.0	NA	6.06	71.6	Odor and sheen noted in drummed effluent
15:08	7.5	NA	6.06	71.2	u
15:12	10.0	NA	6.04	70.9	11
15:15				_	Water Depth - 9.79'

SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Bladder Pump

TIME	ANALYSIS	AMOUNT/CONTAINER USED SAMPLE INTERVA	AL,
15:19	BTEX & TPH-G	2-40ml glass VOA with Hel	
*	EPA M-601	2-40 ml glass VOA with Hcl	

Field Observations: None

BSK Job No.: P92057,3 Date: April 1993 Figure No.: 4.1

Well Development:

Date:

Well Observation: Sample Collection: x Date: 03/04/93 x Date: 03/04/93

Project Name:

Eleventh Quarterly Sampling

Location:

Nahas/Union 76

Personnel:

TWB/EK

Weather:

Clear, warm, 70's

WELL INFORMATION:

Well Number	MW-3	Date Purged	03/04/93
Depth to Water - feet(TOC)	9.53	Purge Method	Teflon Bladder Pump
Well Depth (feet)	30		
Water Volume (gallons)	3.3	Purge Begin	13:35
Reference Elevation - feet(TOC)	+184.03	Purge End	14:02
Groundwater Elevation (feet)	+175.50	Purge Rate	0.4 gal/min.
Measurement Technique	Solinst Electric Well Sounder		

IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:

Top: None, no odor, clear

Bottom: Clear, with 2-3 mm brown algae (approx. 1%)

Detection Method: Visual

Collection Method: Clear PVC Point-Source Bailer

WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (gallons)	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY (Ec/Range)	Ph	ТЕМР. (°F)	COLOR/COMMENTS
13:38	1.0	NA	5.86	74.2	Clear
13:47	5.0	NA	5.86	73.8	", with sulfide odor
13:55	7.5	NA	5.86	73.5	", sheen on drummed water
14:02	10.0	NA	5.86	73.1	Clear
14:04					Depth to Water - 9.59'

SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Point-Source Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	AMOUNT/CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
14:08	BTEX & TPH-G	2-40ml glass VOA with Hel	

Field Observations: Six feet from active gas pump island

BSK Job No.: P92057.3 Date: April 1993 Figure No.: 4.2

Well Development:

Date:

Well Observation: Sample Collection:

X

Date: 03/04/93 **Date:** 03/04/93

Project Name:

Eleventh Quarterly Sampling

Location: Personnel:

Nahas/Union 76

Weather:

TWB/EK

Clear, warm, 70's

WELL INFORMATION:

Well Number	MW-4	Date Purged	03/04/93
Depth to Water - feet(TOC)	10.20	Purge Method	Teflon Bladder Pump
Well Depth (feet)	25		
Water Volume (gallons)	2.4	Purge Begin	12:12
Reference Elevation - feet(TOC)	+184.61	Purge End	12:34
Groundwater Elevation (feet)	+174.41	Purge Rate	0.5 gal/min.
Measurement Technique	Solinst Electric Well Sounder		

IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:

Top: None, clear Bottom: None, clear

Detection Method: Visual

Collection Method: Clear PVC Point-Source Bailer

WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (gallons)	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY (Ec/Range)	Ph	ТЕМР, (°F)	COLOR/COMMENTS
12:12	0	NA	6.31	74.30	Very light brown
12:20	5.0	NA	6.16	73.0	Clear
12:28	7.5	NA	6.08	7 2.1	Clear
12:34	10.0	NA	6.04	71.3	Clear
12:43					Depth to water - 10.24'

SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Bladder Pump

TIME	ANALYSIS	AMOUNT/CONTAINER USED SAMPLE INTERVAL
12:37	BTEX & TPH-G	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl
H	TPH-D	2-250 ml Amber Glass, w/H ₂ SO ₄
н	Oil & Grease	1 Liter Amber Glass, w/H ₂ SO ₄
н	EPA 601	2-40 ml glass VOA with HCl

Field Observations:

BSK Job No.: P92057.3 Date: April 1993 Figure No.: 4.3

Well Development:

Date:

Well Observation: Sample Collection:

X X **Date:** 03/04/93 **Date:** 03/04/93

Project Name:

Eleventh Quarterly Sampling

Location: Personnel:

Nahas/Union 76 TWB/EK

Weather:

Clear, warm, mid 60's

WELL INFORMATION:

Well Number	MW-5	Date Purged	03/04/93
Depth to Water - feet(TOC)	10.53	Purge Method	Teflon Bladder Pump
Well Depth (feet)	34.5		
Water Volume (gallons)	3.7	Purge Begin	10:32
Reference Elevation - feet(TOC)	+183.92	Purge End	10:59
Groundwater Elevation (feet)	+173.40	Purge Rate	0.4 gal/min.
Measurement Technique	Solinst Electric Well Sounder		

IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:

Top: None, clear Bottom: None, clear

Detection Method: Visual

Collection Method: Clear PVC Point-Source Bailer

WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (gallons)	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY (Ec/Range)	рН	TEMP. (°F)	COLOR/COMMENTS
10:35	1.0	NA	6.26	71.0	Clear
10:46	5.0	NA	6.10	70.7	н
10:53	7.5	NA	6.09	70.5	и
10:59	10.0	NA	6.09	70.3	**
11:14					Depth to water - 10.86'

SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Bladder Pump

TIME	ANALYSIS	AMOUNT/CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
11:18	BTEX & TPH-G	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl	
	EPA 601	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl	

Field Observations: Well in busy parking lot. Well sampling observed by D. Henninger and S. Seery. Split taken by Henninger.

BSK Job No.: P92057.3 Date: April 1993 Figure No.: 4.4

Well Development:

Date:

Well Observation: Sample Collection:

x Date: 03/04/93 x Date: 03/04/93

Project Name:

Eleventh Quarterly Sampling

Location: Personnel: Weather:

Nahas/Union 76

TWB/EK

Clear, warm, 60's

WELL INFORMATION:

Well Number	MW-6	Date Purged	01/12/93
Depth to Water - feet(TOC)	10.86	Purge Method	Teflon Bladder Pump
Well Depth (feet)	29.0		
Water Volume (gallons)	2.7	Purge Begin	09:08
Reference Elevation - feet(TOC)	+183.60	Purge End	09:24
Groundwater Elevation (feet)	+172.74	Purge Rate	0.6 gal/min.
Measurement Technique	Solinst Electric Well Sounder		

IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:

Top: None Bottom: None

Detection Method: Visual

Collection Method: Clear PVC Point-Source Bailer

WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (gallons)	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY (Ec/Range)	рН	TEMP. (°F)	COLOR/COMMENTS
09:10	1.0	NA	6.48	67.3	Light orange-brown
09:14	5.0	NA	6.28	65.8	Clear
09:20	7.5	NA	6.20	66.3	tı
09:24	10.0	NA	6.18	66.9	11
09:28					Depth to water - 10.91

SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Bladder Pump

TIME	Analysis	AMOUNT/CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
09:30	ВТЕХ & ТРН-G	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl	
	EPA 601	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl	

Field Observations: Well in busy parking lot. Well sampling observed by D. Henninger, split taken by Henninger

BSK Job No.: P92057.3 Date: April 1993 Figure No.: 4.5

Well Development:

Date:

Well Observation: Sample Collection:

X Date: 03/04/93 X **Date:** 03/04/93

Project Name:

Eleventh Quarterly Sampling

Location: Personnel:

Weather:

Nahas/Union 76

TWB/EK

Clear, warm, 60's

WELL INFORMATION:

Well Number	MW-7	Date Purged	01/12/93
Depth to Water - feet(TOC)	09.88	Purge Method	Dedicated Disposable
Well Depth (feet)	28.0		Polyethelene Bailer
Water Volume (gallons)	2.9	Purge Begin	07:43
Reference Elevation - feet(TOC)	+182.78	Purge End	08:08
Groundwater Elevation (feet)	+172.90	Purge Rate	0.4 gal/min.
Measurement Technique	Solinst Electric Well Sounder		

IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:

Top: None, clear

Bottom: None, cloudy light brown

Detection Method: Visual Collection Method: Clear PVC Point-Source Bailer

WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (gallons)	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY (Ec/Range)	рН	TEMP. (°F)	COLOR/COMMENTS
07:43	0	NA	6.30	64.0	Light Orange
07:49	2.5	NA	6.08	66.0	"
07:57	5.0	NA	6.12	66.1	**
08:03	7.5	NA	6.17	65.3	Light brown
08:08	10.0	NA	6.22	64.5	11
08:10					Depth to water - 9.95

SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Dedicated Disposable Polyethelene Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	AMOUNT/CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
08:18	BTEX & TPH-G	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl	water surface
08:17	EPA 624	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl	casing bottom

Field Observations: Sampling observed by D. Miller and D. Henninger, splits taken by Henninger

BSK Job No.: P92057.3 Date: April 1993 Figure No.: 4.6

APPENDIX A

CHEMICAL TEST DATA SHEETS

QUALITY ASSURANCE / QUALITY CONTROL DOCUMENTS

AND

PROJECT-CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD



Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton Nahas Date Sampled : 03/04/93

Time Sampled : 1519

Date Received : 03/05/93 Date of Analysis : 03/09/93

Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

Case Number : Ch930567
Lab ID Number : 0567-1
Project Number : P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-2, #1

Sample Type : LIQUID

Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene	110 32 28 67 720	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences
may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

1 1009 BTPL.t



BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

: 03/04/93 Date Sampled : 1519

Time Sampled : 03/05/93 Date Received

Date of Analysis: 03/12/93 Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

: Ch930567 Case Number

Lab ID Number

: 0567-1

Project Number : P92057.3 Sample Description: MW-2, #1

: LIQUID Sample Type

Analyses for Volatile Halocarbons by EPA Method 601 Prepared by EPA Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (μ g/L)

Compounds	Results	DLR	Compound	Results	DLR
Bromodichloromethane Bromoform Bromomethane Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chloroethane Chloroform Chloromethane Dibromochloromethane 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene Dichlorodifluoromethane 1,1-Dichloroethane	ND N	0.5 0.5 1.0 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	1,2-Dichloroethane	O.6 ND	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5

 $ple DLR = DLR \times DLR Multiplier$

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

--: Not Analyzed

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager



BSK-Pleasanton Nahas

: 03/04/93 Date Sampled

: 1408 Time Sampled

: 03/05/93 Date Received Date of Analysis: 03/09/93

Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

: Ch930567 Case Number : 0567-2 Lab ID Number

Project Number : P92057.3 Sample Description: MW-3, #1

: LIQUID Sample Type

Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylene Isomers Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	32 0.9 13 64 330	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigmán, QA/QC Supervisor

91 1009 BTPL.t

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager



Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton Nahas Date Sampled : 03/04/93

Time Sampled : 1237

Date Received : 03/05/93 Date of Analysis : 03/09/93

Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

Case Number : Ch930567

Lab ID Number : 0567-3

Project Number : P92057.3

Sample Type : I

: LIQUID

Project Number : P92057.3 Sample Description: MW-4, #1

Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylene Isomers Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND ND ND ND	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

R91 1009 BTPL.t



zvi**ronment**al Services

BSK-Pleasanton Nahas

Date Sampled Time Sampled

: 03/04/93

: 1237

: 03/05/93 Date Received Date of Analysis: 03/12/93

Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

: Ch930567 Case Number : 0567-3 Lab ID Number

: P92057.3

Project Number Sample Description: MW-4, #1

: LIQUID Sample Type

Analyses for Volatile Halocarbons by EPA Method 601 Prepared by EPA Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter $(\mu g/L)$

ND	Compounds	Results	DLR	Compound	Results	DLR
	Bromodichloromethane Bromoform Bromomethane Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chloroethane Chloroform Chloromethane Dibromochloromethane 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND N	0.5 1.0 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	1,1-Dichloroethene cis-1,2 Dichloroethene trans-1,2-Dichloroethene 1,2-Dichloropropane cis-1,3-Dichloropropene trans-1,3-Dichloropropene Methylene chloride 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Trichloroethene Trichloroethene	ND N	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5

mple DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected -: Not Analyzed

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Creager, Organics Manager

R910909 601.T



Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

Date Sampled : 03/04/93

Time Sampled : 1237

Date Received : 03/05/93 Date of Analysis : 03/15/93

Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

Case Number

: Ch930567

Lab ID Number

: 0567-3

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-4, #1

Sample Type

: LIQUID

Analyses for TPH (Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons) as Diesel by Method DHS GC/FID.

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter $(\mu g/L)$

Analyte	Results	DLR
TPH(D)	ND	50

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

*-This sample contains lower molecular weight hydrocarbons.

**-This sample contains higher molecular weight hydrocarbons.

***-This sample contains both higher and lower molecular weight hydrocarbons.

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

т920213 ТРИП..t



BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

: 03/04/93 Date Sampled

: 1237 Time Sampled

: 03/05/93 Date Received Date of Analysis: 03/08/93

Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

Case Number

: Ch930567

Lab ID Number

: 0567-3

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-4, #1

: LIQUID Sample Type

Analyses For Total & Hydrocarbon Oil & Grease By Standard Method 503B, & E

Results Reported in Milligrams Per Liter (mg/L)

Analyte	Results	DLR
Total Oil and Grease Hydrocarbon Oil and Grease	ND ND	1

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager



Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

Date Sampled : 03/04/93

Time Sampled : 1118

Date Received : 03/05/93 Date of Analysis : 03/09/93 Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

Case Number : Ch930567
Lab ID Number : 0567-4
Project Number : P92057.3
Sample Description: MW-5, #1

Sample Type : LIQUID

Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylene Isomers Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND ND ND ND	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences
may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

91 1009 BTPL.t

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager



Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton Nahas Date Sampled : 03/04/93

Time Sampled : 1118

Date Received : 03/05/93 Date of Analysis : 03/12/93

Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

Case Number : Ch930567

Lab ID Number : 0567-4
Project Number : P92057.3
Sample Description: MW-5, #1

Sample Type : LIQUID

Analyses for Volatile Halocarbons by EPA Method 601 Prepared by EPA Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter $(\mu g/L)$

Compounds	Results	DLR	Compound	Results	DLR
Bromodichloromethane Bromoform Bromomethane Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chloroethane Chloroform Chloromethane Dibromochloromethane 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	DLR 0.5 0.5 1.0 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 2.0	1,2-Dichloroethane	Results ND	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5
Dichlorodifluoromethane 1,1-Dichloroethane	ND ND	0.5	Trichlorofluoromethane Vinyl chloride	ND ND	0.5

ple DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

R910909 601.T



BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

: 03/04/93 Date Sampled

: 0930 Time Sampled

: 03/05/93 Date Received Date of Analysis: 03/09/93

Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

: Ch930567 Case Number : 0567-5 Lab ID Number

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-6, #1

: LIQUID Sample Type

Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylene Isomers Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND ND ND ND ND	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3

Sample DLR = DLR \times DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Creager, Organics Manager

R91 1009 BTPL.t



BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

: 03/04/93 Date Sampled : 0930

Time Sampled

: 03/05/93 Date Received Date of Analysis : 03/12/93

Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

: Ch930567 Case Number

Lab ID Number

: 0567-5

Project Number : P92057.3 Sample Description: MW-6, #1

Sample Type

: LIQUID

Analyses for Volatile Halocarbons by EPA Method 601 Prepared by EPA Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (µg/L)

Compounds	Results	DLR	Compound	Results	DLR
Bromodichloromethane Bromoform Bromomethane Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chloroethane Chloroform Chloromethane Dibromochloromethane 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene Dichlorodifluoromethane 1,1-Dichloroethane	ND N	0.5 0.5 1.0 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethene cis-1,2 Dichloroethene trans-1,2-Dichloroethene 1,2-Dichloropropane cis-1,3-Dichloropropene trans-1,3-Dichloropropene trans-1,3-Dichloropropene Methylene chloride 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethene Trichloroethene Trichlorofluoromethane Vinyl chloride	ND N	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5

sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

--: Not Analyzed

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager



vironmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

: 03/04/93 Date Sampled

: 0818 Time Sampled

: 03/05/93 Date Received Date of Analysis: 03/09/93

Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

Case Number : Ch930567 : 0567-6 Lab ID Number

Project Number : P92057.3 Sample Description: MW-7, #1

: LIQUID Sample Type

Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylene Isomers Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND ND ND ND 830	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Creager, Organics Manager

R91 1009 BTPL.t



BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

Date Sampled : 03/04/93

Time Sampled : 0818

Date Received : 03/05/93 Date of Analysis : 03/16/93

Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

Case Number : Ch930567

Lab ID Number

: 0567-6

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-7, #1

Sample Type : LIQUID

Volatile Organic Compounds By EPA Method 624

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter ($\mu g/L$)

Chloromethane ND 40.0 trans 1,3-Dichloropropene ND 20.0 Bromomethane ND 40.0 Trichloroethene 210 20.0 Vinyl Chloride ND 40.0 Dibromochloromethane ND 10.0 Chloroethane ND 40.0 1,1,2-Trichloroethane ND 10.0 Methylene Chloride ND 125.0 Brozene ND 10.0 Acetone ND 125.0 Brozene ND 10.0 Carbon Disulfide ND 40.0 Bromoform ND 10.0 Carbon Disulfide ND 40.0 Bromoform ND 10.0 1,1-Dichloroethene ND 20.0 Hexanone ND 10.0 1,1-Dichloroethane ND 20.0 Tetrachloroethane ND 125.0 1,1-Dichloroethane ND 20.0 Tetrachloroethane ND 10.0 1,2-Dichloroethane ND 20.0 Toluene ND 10.0 1,1,1-Tri	Compound Name	Results	DLR	Compound Name	Results	DLR
Vinyl Acetate	Chloromethane	ND N	40.0 40.0 40.0 125.0 125.0 40.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0	trans 1,3-Dichloropropene Trichloroethene Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Cis 1,3-Dichloropropene Bromoform 2-Hexanone 4-Methyl-2-pentanone Tetrachloroethene Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethyl Benzene Styrene	ND 210 ND	20.0 20.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 125.0 125.0 10.0 10.0 10.0
Bromodichloromethane ND 20.0 m-dichlorobenzene ND 10.0 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane ND 20.0 p-dichlorobenzene ND 10.0	• •		1	Total Xylenes		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane ND 20.0 p-dichlorobenzene ND 10.0	.=			N -		
	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	20.0	·· ·	ND	10.0

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences
may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected --: Not Analyzed

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager



March 19, 1993

Tim Berger BSK-Pleasanton

Project Number: Project Name: P92057.3 Nahas Ch930567

Case Number: Page 1 of 5

BSK Analytical Laboratories received and analyzed the following:

BSK Case Number

Date Received

Quantity

Matrix

Ch930567

03/05/93

7

Liquid

Analysis was performed with EPA methodology or equivalent methods as specified in the enclosed analytical schedule.

The quality control data is enclosed.

Thomas E. Vahlstrom

Laboratory Director

Cynthia Pigman

QA/QC Supervisor





Analysis:

BTEX/TPH(G)/ EPA 601/ EPA 624/ Oil and Grease/ TPH(D)

Date of Receipt: Project Number: 03/05/93 P92057.3

Project Name: Case Number:

Nahas Ch930567

Page 2 of 5

Sample Cross Reference

BSK Sample Number	Client Description	Matrix	Date Collected
0567-1	MW-2, #1	Liquid	03/04/93
0567-2	MW-3, #1	Liquid	03/04/93
0567-3	MW-4, #1	Liquid	03/04/93
0567-4	MW-5, #1	Liquid	03/04/93
0567-5	MW-6, #1	Liquid	03/04/93
0567-6	MW-7, #1	Liquid	03/04/93
0567-7	MW-1, #1	Liquid	03/04/93

Analytical Schedule

Analysis	Technique/Description
BTEX, TPH(Gas)	Varian 3300 GC; DB/WAX Column
EPA 601	Varian 3400 GC; LSC 2000; ALS 2016; OI ELCD; OI PID
Volatile Organics - EPA 624	Hewlett Packard 5890; Tekmar LSC 2000/2016; Hewlett Packard MSD Detector
Oil and Grease	IR Spectrophotometer
TPH-Diesel	Varian 3400 GC; DB-1 Column, 15m.



Environmental Services

Analysis: Date of Receipt: BTEX/ Hydrocarbon Oil and Grease/ TPH(D)

Project Number:

03/05/93 P92057.3 Nahas

Project Name: Case Number:

Ch930567

Page 3 of 5

BTEX - Reagent Spike Results

Analyte	Sample Conc. Before Spike	Conc. of Spike	Spike Results % Recovery	RPD Result		
Benzene	ND	10 ppb	90(1), 100(2)	10		
Toluene	ND	10 ppb	87 ⁽¹⁾ , 98 ⁽²⁾	12		
Ethylbenzene	ND	10 ppb	88 ⁽¹⁾ , 97 ⁽²⁾	10		
p-Xylene	ND	10 ррь	89 ⁽¹⁾ , 100 ⁽²⁾	12		
m-Xylene	ND	10 ppb	87 ⁽¹⁾ , 97 ⁽²⁾	10		
o-Xylene	ND	10 ppb	92(1), 102(2)	11		

Hydrocarbon Oil and Grease - Reagent Spike Results

Sample Concentration	Spike Results % Recovery	RPD Result				
ND	86 ⁽¹⁾ , 93 ⁽²⁾	8				

TPH Diesel - Reagent Spike Results

Sample Conc. Spike Conc.		Spike Results % Recovery	RPD			
ND	2500 ppb	102(1), 102(2)	O			



Analysis:

EPA 601

Date of Receipt:

03/05/93

Project Number:

P92057.3

Project Name:

Nahas

Case Number:

Ch930567

Page 4 of 5

EPA 601 - Volatile Halocarbons Reagent Spike Results

Analyte	Sample Conc. Before Spike	Conc. of Spike	Spike Results % Recovery	RPD Results
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	10 ppb	98 ¹¹¹ , 109 ¹²¹	10
Dichloromethane	ND	10 թթե	90(1), 91(2)	1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	10 ppb	100 [1], 98[2]	11
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	10 ppb	99 ⁽¹⁾ , 101 ⁽²⁾	2
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	10 ppb	95 ⁽¹⁾ , 98 ⁽²⁾	3
Carbontetrachloride	ND	10 ppb	100(1), 98(2)	2
Trichloroethylene	ND	10 ppb	97 ⁽¹⁾ , 98 ⁽²⁾	1
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	10 ppb	94 ⁽¹⁾ , 96 ⁽²⁾	2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	10 ppb	97 ⁽¹⁾ , 95 ⁽²⁾	2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	10 ppb	93 ⁽¹⁾ , 87 ⁽²⁾	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	10 ppb	95 ⁽¹⁾ , 94 ⁽²⁾	2
Perchloroethylene	ND	10 ppb	93(1), 100(2)	7
Chlorobenzene	ND	10 ppb	100(1), 98(2)	2
1,1,2,2-Trichloroethane	ND	10 ppb	90 ⁽¹⁾ , 77 ⁽²⁾	16
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	10 ppb	88 ⁽¹⁾ , 91 ⁽²⁾	4
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	10 ppb	102 ⁽¹⁾ , 104 ⁽²⁾	2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	10 ppb	9911, 94121	5



Analysis:

EPA 624 - Volatile Organics

Date of Receipt:

03/05/93

Project Number: Project Name: P92057.3

Project Name: Case Number: Page 5 of 5 Nahas Ch930567

EPA 624 Volatile Organics - Reagent Spike Results

Compound	Amount Spiked (ppb)	% Recovery	RPD	Recovery Limits	RPD Limit
1,1-Dichloroethene	50	122(1), 125(2)	2	83 - 129	7
Methylene Chloride	50	114(1), 120(2)	5	0 - 218	154
Chloroform	50	115(1), 114(2)	1	83 - 122	23
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	50	115(1), 113(2)	2	77 - 124	22
Benzene	50	103(1), 103(2)	0	91 - 115	4
Trichloroethene	50	110(1), 110(2)	0	90 - 115	4
Toluene	50	108(1), 112(2)	3	89 - 116	5
Chlorobenzene	50	107(1), 106(2)	1	89 - 115	4



BSK-Pleasanton Nahas

: 03/04/93 Date Sampled Time Sampled : 1514

: 03/05/93 Date Received Date of Analysis: 03/09/93 Report Issue Date: 03/18/93

: Ch930567 Case Number Lab ID Number : 0567-7

: LIQUID Sample Type

Project Number : P92057.3 Sample Description: MW-1, #1

Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylene Isomers Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND 0.8 0.9 1.2 ND	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

001 1009 PEPT. P

Client Name Nahas Project of PO# P920 57. 3								_			Analy	sis requ	ired	<u> </u>							
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BSK & Associates

Chemical Laboratories

1414 Stanislaus Street Fresno, California 93706 Telephone (209) 485-8310 • Fax (209) 485-7427 KEY: Type: AQ-Aqueous SL-Sludge SO-Soil PE-Petroleum OT-Other Seals: P-Present A-Absent B-Broken DISTRIBUTION: WHITE, CANARY - LABORATORY PINK - ORIGINATOR Note:

Samples are discarded 14 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made. Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.