## **BSK & ASSOCIATES**

GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANTS, INC.

**BSK JOB NO. P92057.3** 

TENTH QUARTERLY
GROUNDWATER
MONITORING REPORT
UNOCAL 76 SERVICE STATION
20405 AND 20629 REDWOOD ROAD
CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA
JANAURY 1993



1181 Quarry Lane Building 300 Pleasanton, CA 94566 (510) 462-4000 (510) 462-6283 FAX

January 27, 1993

**BSK JOB P92057.3** 

R. T. Nahas Company/Eden Managements20630 Patio DriveCastro Valley, CA 94546

Subject:

Tenth Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Report

**Unocal 76 Service Station** 

20405 and 20629 Redwood Road

Castro Valley, California

#### Gentlemen:

As requested and authorized, we performed groundwater monitoring well quarterly sampling on January 12, 1993 at the above-referenced facility. This quarterly report presents the project background, groundwater data obtained during this sampling event, conclusions based on this quarter's data, and recommendations for further action.

#### **BACKGROUND**

BSK & Associates installed three groundwater monitoring wells in December 1989, at the Unocal 76 Service Station located at 20405 Redwood Road, Castro Valley, California. The service station location is shown on Figure 1, Vicinity Map. The monitoring facilities were installed in order to comply with the California UST Monitoring requirements of Alternative 6, Subchapter 16, Title 23, California Code of Regulations. The results of well installations, soil sampling and chemical testing of the soil and water samples were summarized in our Report P89134, dated February 5, 1990. The groundwater monitoring well locations are shown on Figure 2, Site Plan.

BSK performed an assessment of the lateral extent of shallow soil contamination in April 1991 (see our Report P90165, dated April 1991). During the investigation, shallow soil contamination was observed to occur from the pump islands to the south property boundary, and within the east and west property boundaries.

The seventh quarterly monitoring report was included with the results of additional lateral contamination characterization in the off-site area to the south (BSK Report P92057.3, dated May 29, 1992). The report indicated a decrease in contaminant concentration in water near the UST group, and extension of the groundwater contaminant plume south of the site, between Wells MW-6 and MW-5, and south of MW-7.

#### **Review of Subsurface Conditions**

The site subsurface soil conditions, as exposed by Borings MW-1A, MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 of our previous investigation (P89134), consist primarily of silty and sandy clays. Four to five feet of black organic-rich silty clay fill are found immediately below the ground surface, followed by three to five feet of greenish-gray sandy/silty clay native material. In the western portion of the study area, the greenish clay is underlain by seven to eleven feet of yellow-brown sandy clay, grading to a clayey sand with depth. In the eastern portion of the tank area, the sandy clay and clayey sand are split by a six foot layer of silty clay. Light brown silty clay was encountered in each boring between 17 and 24 feet, and continued to the final depth explored. It is apparent from the boring logs that this lowermost clay layer slopes to the northeast.

In the areas of Wells MW-5 through MW-7, subsurface conditions comprised 10 to 20 feet of dark gray to yellow-gray silty clay, the upper 10 feet of which may be fill. The silty clay is underlain by 4 to 5 feet of orange-brown clayey silt to silty sand. This unit often contains fine, wet to saturated pores. At fifteen to twenty feet in depth, a silty to sandy grayish clay is encountered. This clay is very stiff to hard, often porous, and contains thin saturated lenses of fine sand and silt. At approximately 25 feet, clayey sand to sand was encountered. This unit is soft to firm and contains many fine lenses of sand, silt and clay. The sand and silt are typically saturated.

Groundwater within the site has been encountered at both 13 to 15 feet and 19 to 23 feet. The lower water levels occur in clayey sands along the east and west boundaries of the site, and likely in its northern one-third. This water horizon is considered the first primary aquifer. A shallow "perched" water is found in clayey sand at 13 to 15 feet, occurring throughout the south-central portion of the site. Hydrostatic pressure in both units results in a piezometric surface 10 to 12 feet below ground surface. The similar piezometric surface suggests that the "perched" water is connected to the underlying aquifer. Additional evidence for this connection is the lack of a confining layer below the upper clayey sand in several borings in the south-central portion of the site.



Gradient has varied at the site from 0.4% to 2.0%. Electrical conductivity is a relatively low 500 to 1,000 micromhos, and pH has generally been slightly acidic. Seasonal precipitation appears to result in more southerly flow, a flatter gradient, and 1 to 2 feet higher water levels in early spring. This data is derived from measurements made of the lower groundwater unit.

During soil boring investigations, soil contamination by petroleum hydrocarbons was observed olfactorily and by Photo-Ionization Detector (PID) in 13 borings in the project area. Hydrocarbons were detected at depths ranging from just below the asphalt pavement to 17 feet (the greatest depth of several borings in the area of greatest contamination). PID values reached 3,600 ppm, total ionizable hydrocarbons, in soil (the PID was calibrated daily to a 100 ppm isobutylene standard with a 10.6 eV lamp). The greatest concentrations were observed between 10 feet in depth and first encountered groundwater (where encountered). It was noted that contamination was not always accompanied by soil staining, and volatilization was rapid upon exposure to air.

Groundwater contamination has been encountered at the site in samples obtained quarterly from Wells MW-2 and MW-3, and in Well MW-7. Wells MW-2 and MW-3 are adjacent to, and up and cross-gradient to what is believed to be the contaminant source area. Well MW-7 is down gradient from the source area; however, it appears that contamination encountered in Well MW-7 is not related to the Unocal contaminant plume.

## TENTH QUARTERLY MONITORING ACTIVITIES

#### General

Quarterly monitoring and/or observation of Underground Storage Tank (UST) groundwater monitoring wells (MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, MW-6 and MW-7) were performed on January 12, 1993. Field procedures and observations are provided in the following text and figures.

#### Field Work

Wells MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, MW-6 and MW-7 were purged by Teflon®-bladder pump.. Three to four well casing volumes were removed from each well. Purge effluent was field monitored for pH, Conductivity and Temperature during purging, to assess the influx of fresh formational water into the well. Purged water was then transferred to a 55-gallon DOT-approved steel drum for holding. Each drum was labeled according to its contents, content source, and date of accumulation.



Prior to purging, the depth to water in each well was measured using a Solinst electric sounding tape, marked in twentieths of a foot. The water depth was then interpolated to the 0.01 foot increment from the tape. Each well was subsequently examined for floating and sinking immiscible product layers, sheen, and odor, using a clean PVC bailer having dual check valves for point-source sampling. Groundwater flow direction and gradient data were determined from the depth measurements, and are presented in Figure 3, Potentiometric Surface Map. Upon purge completion, each well was again measured to confirm a minimum of 80% well recovery prior to sampling. Water sampling was then performed with a Teflon® point-source bailer. Sampling for contaminants was performed in the order of their volatility, with the most volatile constituents sampled first. Each water sample obtained for a specific contaminant, or contaminants, was placed into the appropriate receptacle, sealed, labeled and refrigerated for delivery to our State-certified laboratory.

A Well Field Log was prepared for each well sampled, recording the water depth, well volume, water temperature and other data. The Well Field Logs are presented as Figures 4.1 through 4.6.

## Site Hydrology

Groundwater measurements were made of the six existing wells on January 12, 1993, in order to assess the flow and gradient in the area. On this date, groundwater flow was generally south to southeast. The gradient was approximately 1.0 percent. This flow was more southerly and easterly than the previous quarter. The gradient was 0.4 percent greater than the previous quarter. Groundwater levels have risen 2.37 to 2.94 feet since October 1992. Groundwater flow direction and gradient are shown on Figure 3, Potentiometric Surface Map.

Conductivity, pH and temperature data are presented in the Well Field Logs, Figures 4.1 through 4.6, little significant change has occurred in these parameters. Electrical conductivity is slightly greater, and the water slightly more acidic than October 1992.

The changes in flow direction and water level since July 1992 are likely the result of a rising water table due to seasonal precipitation.

#### Chemical Analyses

The water samples obtained from Wells MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5 and MW-7, were analyzed for constituents related to gasoline, since the wells are located adjacent to and downgradient from two 10,000 gallon underground gasoline tanks. The samples were tested for the following contaminants: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline (TPH-G) and Benzene, Toluene, Xylene and Ethylbenzene (BTXE). Well MW-4 is adjacent to a 500-gallon waste oil tank, and was tested



for Oil & Grease, Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel (TPH-D), Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline and BTXE.

The contaminants tested for are those specified by the Tri-Regional Water Quality Control Board Recommendations of August 10, 1990 and listed in the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health letter, dated April 26, 1990 to R.T. Nahas Co. Current and former analyses results are presented for comparison in the following tables. The Chemical Test Data Sheets are presented in Appendix A, Figures A-1 and A-8. Project Chain-of-Custody record is shown as Figure A-9.

#### WATER ANALYSES

## TABLE 1

(Results in ppb)

Sampling <u>Date</u>	Sample <u>Location</u>	Benzene (1)*	Toluene _(100)+	Xylene (1750)*	Ethylbenzene (680)*
August	Well MW-2	21	3.9	28	7.2
1990	Well MW-3	55	3.8	59	20
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
January	Well MW-2	50	33	110	22
1991	Well MW-3	29	3.3	34	9.7
April	Well MW-2	640	520	790	170
1991	Well MW-3	450	270	760	150
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
July	Well MW-2	14	1	17	8
1991	Well MW-3	14	14	33	8
October	Well MW-2	2,9	ND	6	2.5
1991	Well MW-3	ND	ND	ND	ND
•	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND



## WATER ANALYSES

## TABLE 1 (Continued)

(Results in ppb)

Sampling <u>Date</u>	Sample <u>Location</u>	Benzene (1)*	Toluene (100)+	Xylene (1750)*	Ethylbenzene (680)*
January	Well MW-2	480	870	860	160
1992	Well MW-3	4	10	8	2
April	Well MW-2	70	0.3	7.0	15
1992	Well MW-3	1.0	0.4	0.9	ND
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-5	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-6	ND	0.3	ND	ND
	Well MW-7	0.4	0.3	0.9	0.3
July	Well MW-2	10	ND	2.3	0.6
1992	Well MW-3	1.3	0.4	1.3	ND
	Well MW-5	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-6	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-7	ND	ND	ND	ND
October	Well MW-2	2.2	ND	3.0	2.3
1992	Well MW-3	2.3 2.1	ND ND	0.3	ND
1992	Well MW-4	ND	ND ND	ND	ND ND
	Well MW-5	ND ND	0.4	ND ND	ND ND
	Well MW-6	ND ND	ND	ND ND	ND
	Well MW-7	ND ND	ND	ND	ND
January	Well MW-2	11	5.1	6.3	1.4
1993	Well MW-3	1.2	1.0	4.1	0.6
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-5	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-6	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-7	ND	ND	ND	ND

ND = None Detected

\*DHS: Primary Drinking Water Standard (3/89)

+DHS: Action Level



## WATER ANALYSES

# TABLE 2 (Results in ppb)

Sampling <u>Date</u>	Sample Location	TPH as Diesel (100)*	TPH as Gasoline (100)*	Oil and Grease (100)*
August	Well MW-2		180	ad 2a
1990	Well MW-3		290	
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND
January	Well MW-2		430	
1991	Well MW-3		110	
April	Well MW-2		4800	
1991	Well MW-3		3600	
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND
July	Well MW-2		220	
1991	Well MW-3		220	
October	Well MW-2		170	<b></b>
1991	Well MW-3		ND	ND
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND
January	Well MW-2		5200	
1992	Well MW-3		60	
April	Well MW-2		300	
1992	Well MW-3			ND
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-5			
	Well MW-6			
	Well MW-7		1300	



#### WATER ANALYSES

## TABLE 2 (Continued)

(Results in ppb)

		TPH	TPH	Oil and Grease	
Sampling		Diesel	as Gasoline		
<u>Date</u>	Sample Location	<u>(100)*</u>	<u>(100)*</u>	(100)*	
July	Well MW-2		84		
1992	Well MW-3		ND		
	Well MW-5		ND		
	Well MW-6		ND	••	
	Well MW-7		830		
October	Well MW-2		ND		
1992	Well MW-3		ND		
	Well MW-4	120	ND	ND	
	Well MW-5		ND		
	Well MW-6		ND		
	Well MW-7		3900		
January	Well MW-2		170		
1993	Well MW-3		ND		
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	į
•	Well MW-5	w=	ND		
ļ	Well MW-6		ND	**	į
	Well MW-7		1900	••	

<sup>-- =</sup> Not Tested

#### CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

## **Conclusions**

On the basis of our findings to date, an unauthorized fuel release to soil and groundwater has occurred at the site, in the vicinity of the two 10,000-gallon underground gasoline storage tanks.

Contaminant concentrations associated with gasoline have not changed significantly in Monitoring Wells MW-2 and MW-3, MW-5, and MW-6 since the last quarterly sampling event (October 1992),



ND = None Detected

<sup>\* =</sup> Quantified Action Levels are not provided for these parameters. The amount given is often informally used by regulatory agencies as a threshold value.

although a general increase in contaminants has been observed this quarter. At this time, Benzene concentrations meet or exceed State and Federal Standards in Wells MW-2 and MW-3. The TPH-G concentration measured at well MW-7 is believed to be related to Perchloroethylene contamination, as established in our Special Sampling report, dated December 23, 1992. Although no standard has been devised for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon concentrations as Gasoline or Diesel, the quantities observed in Wells MW-2 and MW-7 exceed general informal regulatory action levels. Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel were not detected in Well MW-4 this quarter.

The southern limit of the gasoline contaminant plume is believed to be located north of Well MW-7, because of the lack of aromatic hydrocarbons and other gasoline related compounds detected at MW-7 at any time since April 1992.

#### Recommendations

With respect to the findings of this quarterly sampling and the conclusions of this report, it is recommended that quarterly groundwater monitoring continue.

As proposed in BSK Brooms, Mr. 1882 183 Mark research 14, 15 Mark research 15 Mark research

#### REPORT DISTRIBUTION

Copies of this report should be submitted to the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health for their review. We are providing you with extra copies for this purpose. We understand that copies of the report may be forwarded by ACEH to the Regional Water Quality Control Board in Oakland for their review.

#### LIMITATIONS

The findings and conclusions presented in this report are based on field review and observations, and from the limited testing program described in this report. This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted methodologies and standards of practice in the area. No other warranties, expressed or implied, are made as to the findings, conclusions and recommendations included in the report.

The findings of this report are valid as of the present. The passage of time, natural processes or human intervention on the property or adjacent property can cause changed conditions which can invalidate the findings and conclusions presented in this report.



BSK is pleased to continue to be of service to you during this project. If you have questions concerning the contents of the report, please do not hesitate to contact us.

The following are attached and complete this report:

FIGURE 1 Vicinity Map

FIGURE 2 Site Plan

FIGURE 3 Potentiometric Surface Map

FIGURES 4.1

through 4.6 Well Field Logs

APPENDIX "A"

FIGURES A-1

through A-8 Tenth Quarterly Laboratory Chemical Test Data Sheets

FIGURE A-9 Project Chain-of-Custody Record

Respectfully submitted,

**BSK & Associates** 

Alex Y. Eskandari, P.E.

Project Manager

C.E. #038101, R.E.A. #01528

In W. Beige

Tim W. Berger, R.G. #05225

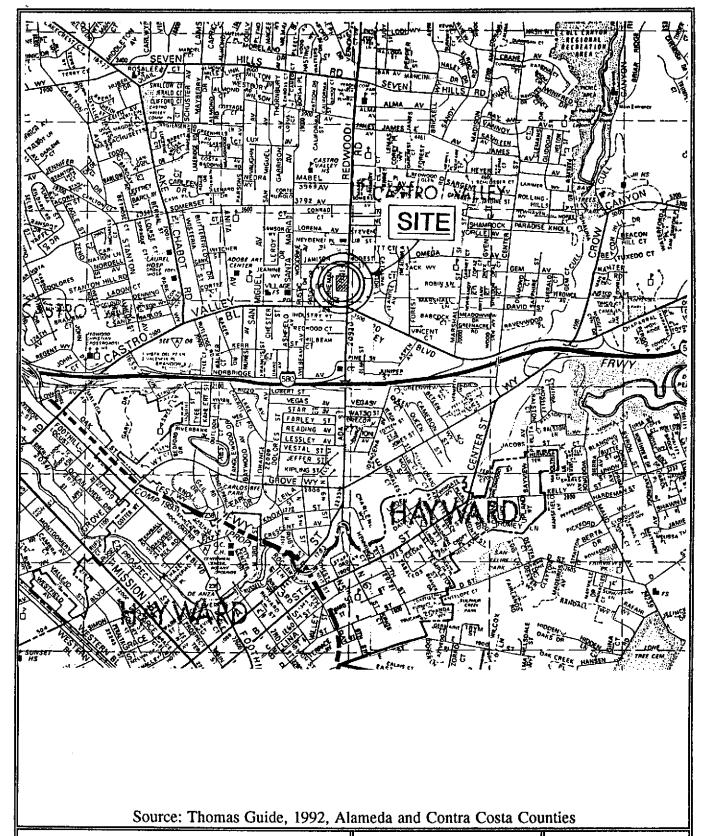
**Project Geologist** 

AYE/TWB:ndp (rprts\env\P92057.Q10)

Distribution:

R.T. Nahas Co. (4 copies)

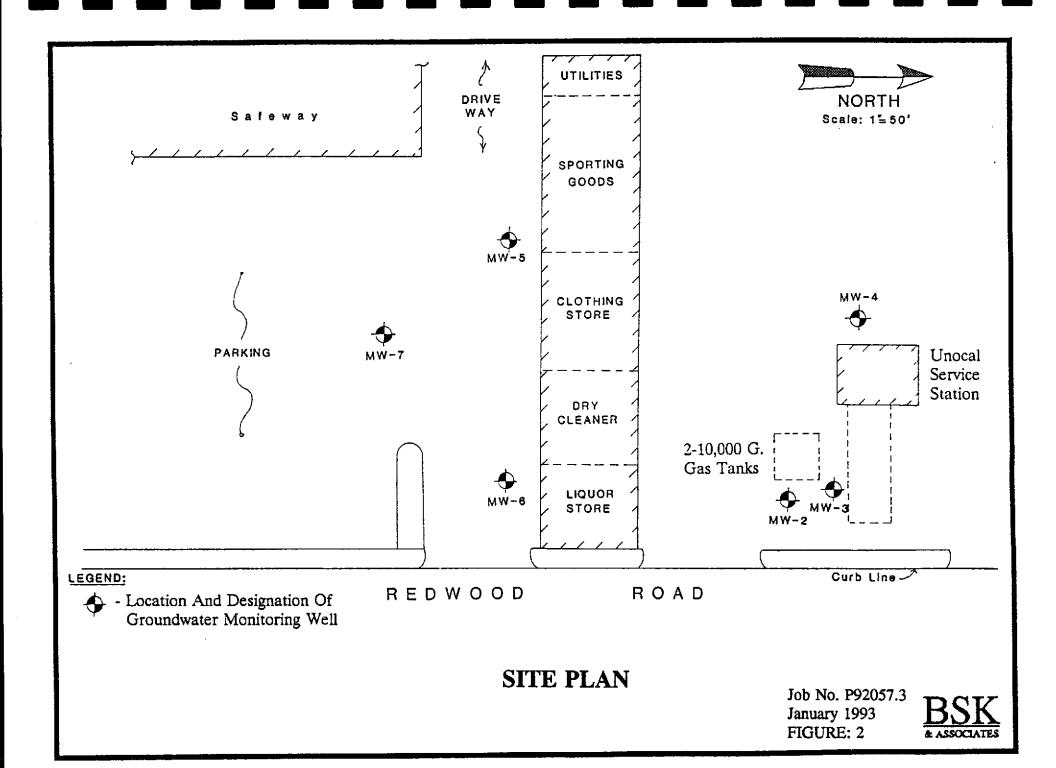


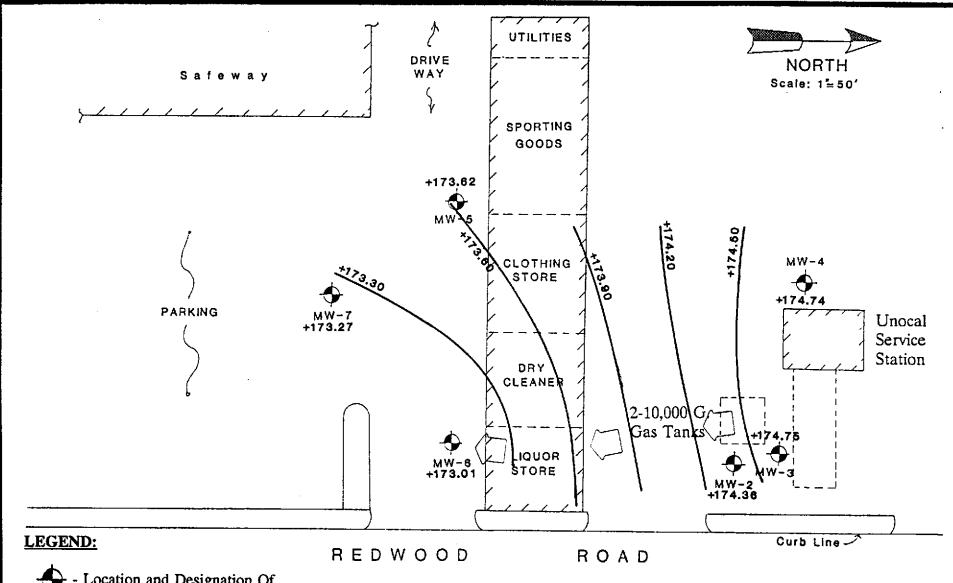


TENTH QUARTERLY GROUNDWATER
MONITORING REPORT
UNOCAL 76 SERVICE STATION
20405 AND 20629 REDWOOD ROAD
CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

# **VICINITY MAP**

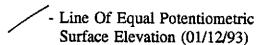
BSK Job P92057.3 JANUARY 1993 FIGURE: 1 **BSK** 







Location and Designation Of Groundwater Monitoring Well



Groundwater Flow Direction

# **POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP**

Gradient is approximately 1.0%

Job No. P92057.3 January 1993

FIGURE: 3



Well Development: Date:

Well Observation:xDate: 01/12/93Sample Collection:xDate: 01/12/93

Project Name: Tenth Quarterly Sampling

Location: Nahas/Union 76

Personnel: FRG

Weather: Cold, raining

## WELL INFORMATION:

Well Number	MW-2	Date Purged	01/12/93
Depth to Water - feet(TOC)	9.11	Purge Method	PVC Bailer
Well Depth (feet)	30		
Water Volume (gallons)	3.6	Purge Begin	12:54
Reference Elevation - feet(TOC)	183.47	Purge End	13:16
Groundwater Elevation (feet)	+174.36	Purge Rate	0.7 gal/min.
Measurement Technique	Solinst Electric Well Sounder		

#### **IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:**

Top: None, no odor

Bottom: None, gray colloid

Detection Method: Visual, olfactory

Collection Method: Clear PVC Point-Source Bailer

## WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (gallons)	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY (Ec/Range)	pH	TEMP. (°F)	COLOR/COMMENTS
13:00	3.5	864	5.9	65.0	
13:05	7.0	856	5.9	67.0	
13:11	10.5	857	5.9	67.0	
13:16	14.0	858	5.9	67.0	

## SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Point-Source Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	AMOUNT/CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
13:20	BTEX & TPH-G	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl	
	<u></u>		

Field Observations:

**BSK Job No.:** P92057.3 **Date:** January 1993

Well Development:

Date:

Well Observation: Sample Collection:

x

X

**Date:** 01/12/93 **Date:** 01/12/93

Project Name:

Tenth Quarterly Sampling

Location:

Nahas/Union 76

Personnel:

FRG

Weather:

Raining, 55-60 F.

## WELL INFORMATION:

Well Number	MW-3	Date Purged	01/12/93
Depth to Water - feet(TOC)	9.28	Purge Method	Teflon Bladder Pump
Well Depth (feet)	30		
Water Volume (gallons)	3.5	Purge Begin	11:52
Reference Elevation - feet(TOC)	184.03	Purge End	12:14
Groundwater Elevation (feet)	+175.75	Purge Rate	0.9 gal/min.
Measurement Technique	Solinst Electric Well Sounder		

## **IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:**

Top: None, no odor

Bottom: None, no odor, red colloid on bottom

Detection Method: Visual, PID

Collection Method: Clear PVC Point-Source Bailer

## WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (gallons)	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY (Ec/Range)	рН	TEMP. (°F)	COLOR/COMMENTS
11:58	3.5	920	6.5	57.0	
12:04	7.0	963	6.1	64.0	
12:09	10.5	787	5.9	65.0	

## SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Point-Source Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	AMOUNT/CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
12:20	BTEX & TPH-G	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl	

Field Observations: Six feet from active gas pump island

BSK Job No.: P92057.3 Date: January 1993

Well Development:

Well Observation: Sample Collection:

Date:

x Date: 01/12/93 x Date: 01/12/93

Project Name:

Tenth Quarterly Sampling Nahas/Union 76

Location: Personnel:

FRG

Weather:

Raining, 55-60 F.

## WELL INFORMATION:

Well Number	MW-4	Date Purged	01/12/93
Depth to Water - feet(TOC)	09.67	Purge Method	Teflon Bladder Pump
Well Depth (feet)	25		
Water Volume (gallons)	2.6	Purge Begin	14:05
Reference Elevation - feet(TOC)	184.61	Purge End	14:24
Groundwater Elevation (feet)	+174.94	Purge Rate	0.5 gal/min.
Measurement Technique	Solinst Electric Well Sounder		

## **IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:**

Top: None Bottom: Clear

Detection Method: Visual, PID

Collection Method: Clear PVC Point-Source Bailer

## WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (gallons)	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY (Ec/Range)	рН	TEMP. (°F)	COLOR/COMMENTS
14:11	2.5	809	6.2	62.0	
14:15	5.0	828	5.9	65.0	
14:20	7.5	838	5.8	66.0	
14:24	10.0	844	5.8	66.0	

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Point-Source Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	AMOUNT/CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
14:30	BTEX & TPH-G	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl	
"	TPH-D	2-250 ml Amber Glass, w/H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	
	Oil & Grease	1 Liter Amber Glass, w/H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	

## Field Observations:

**BSK Job No.:** P92057.3 **Date:** January 1993

Well Development:

Date:

Well Observation: Sample Collection: X Х Date: 01/12/93 Date: 01/12/93

Project Name:

Tenth Quarterly Sampling Nahas/Union 76

Location: Personnel:

FRG

Weather:

Cool, 50-55 F., Overcast

## WELL INFORMATION:

Well Number	MW-5	Date Purged	01/12/93
Depth to Water - feet(TOC)	10.30	Purge Method	Teflon Bladder Pump
Well Depth (feet)	34,5		
Water Volume (gallons)	4.1	Purge Begin	10:05
Reference Elevation - feet(TOC)	183.92	Purge End	10:36
Groundwater Elevation (feet)	+173.62	Purge Rate	0.5 gal/min.
Measurement Technique	Solinst Electric Well Sounder		

## **IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:**

Top: None **Bottom:** Clear

Detection Method: Visual, PID

Collection Method: Clear PVC Point-Source Bailer

## WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (gallons)	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY (Ec/Range)	рН	TEMP. (°F)	COLOR/COMMENTS
10:13	4.0	293	6.1	65.0	
10:20	8.0	802	6.0	66.0	
10:28	12.0	802	5.9	67.0	
10:36	16.0	808	5.8	67.0	
	<u> </u>				

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Point-Source Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	AMOUNT/CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
10:40	BTEX & TPH-G	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl	
	1		

Field Observations: Well in busy parking lot.

BSK Job No.: P92057.3 Date: January 1993

Well Development:

Date:

Well Observation: Sample Collection: x Date: 01/12/93 x Date: 01/12/93

Sample Collecti

Tenth Quarterly Sampling

Project Name: Location:

Nahas/Union 76

Personnel:

FRG

Weather:

Cool, 50-55 F., Overcast

## WELL INFORMATION:

Well Number	MW-6	Date Purged	01/12/93
Depth to Water - feet(TOC)	10.59	Purge Method	Teflon Bladder Pump
Well Depth (feet)	29.0		
Water Volume (gallons)	3.1	Purge Begin	08:55
Reference Elevation - feet(TOC)	183.60	Purge End	09:15
Groundwater Elevation (feet)	+173.37	Purge Rate	0.6 gal/min.
Measurement Technique	Solinst Electric Well Sounder		

## **IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:**

Top: None

**Bottom:** Clay colloid at bottom **Detection Method:** Visual

Collection Method: Clear PVC Point-Source Bailer

## WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (gallons)	ELECTRICAL, CONDUCTIVITY (Ec/Range)	pH	TEMP. (°F)	COLOR/COMMENTS
09:00	3.0	755	5.9	65.0	
09:05	6.0	788	5.9	67.0	
09:10	9.0	797	5.9	67.0	
09.15	12.0	8.5	6.6	68.0	10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1

## SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Point-Source Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	AMOUNT/CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
09:20	2BTEX & TPH-G	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl	
			Í

Field Observations: Well in busy parking lot.

**BSK Job No.:** P92057.3 **Date:** January 1993

Well Development:

Date:

Well Observation: Sample Collection:

x Date: 01/12/93 x Date: 01/12/93

Project Name:

Tenth Quarterly Sampling

Location:

Nahas/Union 76

Personnel: Weather:

FRG Cool, 50-55 F., Raining

## WELL INFORMATION:

Well Number	MW-7	Date Purged	01/12/93
Depth to Water - feet(TOC)	09.51	Purge Method	Teflon Bladder Pump
Well Depth (feet)	28.0		
Water Volume (gallons)	3.1	Purge Begin	15:15
Reference Elevation - feet(TOC)	182.78	Purge End	15:36
Groundwater Elevation (feet)	+173.27	Purge Rate	0.64 gal/min.
Measurement Technique	Solinst Electric Well Sounder		

#### **IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:**

Top: None Bottom: None

Detection Method: Visual, PID

Collection Method: Clear PVC Point-Source Bailer

#### WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	VOLUME REMOVED (gallons)	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY (Ec/Range)	рН	TEMP. (°F)	COLOR/COMMENTS
15:20	3.0	1211	6,2	60.0	
15:25	6.0	1300	5.8	68.0	
15.30	9.0	1324	5.9	68.0	
15:36	12.0	1315	6.0	68.0	

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Point-Source Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	AMOUNT/CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
15:40	BTEX & TPH-G	2-40ml glass VOA with HCl	

## Field Observations:

**BSK Job No.:** P92057.3 **Date:** January 1993

## APPENDIX A

CHEMICAL TEST DATA SHEETS

AND

PROJECT-CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD





Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

: 01/12/93 Date Sampled

: 1320 Time Sampled

Date Received : 01/13/93 Date of Analysis: 01/13/93

Report Issue Date: 01/18/93

: LIQUID

: Ch930099 Case Number

Lab ID Number

: 0099-2

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-2

Sample Type

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene	11	0.3
Toluene	5.1	0.3
Ethylbenzene	1.4 6.3	0.3
Total Xylene Isomers Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	170	50

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

R91 1009 BTPL.t



Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

: 01/12/93 Date Sampled

Time Sampled : 1220

Date Received : 01/13/93 Date of Analysis: 01/13/93

Report Issue Date: 01/18/93

Case Number

: Ch930099

Lab ID Number

: 0099-5

Project Number : P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-3

Sample Type : LIQUID

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene	1.2 1.0 0.6	0.3 0.3 0.3
Total Xylene Isomers Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	4.1 ND	0.3

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

R91 1009 BTPL.t



BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

Date Sampled : 01/12/93

Time Sampled : 1430

: 01/13/93 Date Received Date of Analysis: 01/15/93

Report Issue Date: 01/18/93

Case Number

: Ch930099

Lab ID Number

: 0099-6

Project Number : P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-4

Sample Type

: LIQUID

## Analyses for TPH (Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons) as Diesel by Method DHS GC/FID.

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (µg/L)

Analyte	Results	DLR
TPH(D)	ŊD	50

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits. ND: None Detected

\*-This sample contains lower molecular weight hydrocarbons.

\*\*-This sample contains higher molecular weight hydrocarbons.

\*\*\*-This sample contains both higher and lower molecular weight hydrocarbons.

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor R920213 TPHDL.t



Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

: 01/12/93 Date Sampled

: 1430 Time Sampled

: 01/13/93 Date Received Date of Analysis: 01/15/93

Report Issue Date: 01/18/93

Case Number

: Ch930099

Lab ID Number

: 0099-6

Project Number : P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-4

Sample Type : LIQUID

## Analyses For Total & Hydrocarbon Oil & Grease By EPA Methods 413.2 & 418.1

Results Reported in Milligrams Per Liter (mg/L)

Analyte	Results	DLR
Total Oil and Grease Hydrocarbon Oil and Grease	ND ND	1

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor 0302 OGTHL41

Creager, Organics Manager



Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

Date Sampled : 01/12/93

Time Sampled : 1430

Date Received : 01/13/93 Date of Analysis: 01/13/93

Report Issue Date: 01/18/93

Case Number

: Ch930099

Lab ID Number

: 0099-6

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-4

Sample Type : LIQUID

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR		
Benzene  Toluene  Ethylbenzene  Total Xylene Isomers  Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND ND ND ND	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3		

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

R91 1009 BTPL.t

Creager, Organics Manager

FIGURE: A-6



1414 Stanislaus Street Fresno, California 93706 Telephone (209) 485-8310 FAX (209) 485-6935 1-800-877-8310

Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

Date Sampled : 01/12/93

: 1040 Time Sampled

Date Received : 01/13/93 Date of Analysis : 01/13/93

Report Issue Date: 01/18/93

Case Number : Ch930099

Lab ID Number

: 0099-3 Project Number : P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-5

Sample Type

: LIQUID

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR		
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylene Isomers Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND ND ND ND ND	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3		
4		8		

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

R91 1009 BTPL.t

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager



Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton Nahas

: 01/12/93 Date Sampled

: 0920 Time Sampled

: 01/13/93 Date Received Date of Analysis: 01/13/93

Report Issue Date: 01/18/93

Case Number : Ch930099 Lab ID Number

: 0099-1 Project Number : P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-6

: LIQUID Sample Type

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR		
Benzene  Toluene  Ethylbenzene  Total Xylene Isomers  Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND ND ND ND ND	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 50		

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

R91 1009 BTPL.t





Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

Date Sampled : 01/12/93

Time Sampled : 1540

Date Received: 01/13/93
Date of Analysis: 01/13/93

Report Issue Date: 01/18/93

Case Number : Ch930099

Lab ID Number : 0099-4

Project Number : P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-7

Sample Type : LIQUID

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR		
Benzene  Toluene Ethylbenzene  Total Xylene Isomers  Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND ND 1°D ND 1900	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3		

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

R91 1009 BTPL.t

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Chemical Laboratories

KEY: Type: AQ-Aqueous SL-Siudge SO-Soil PE-Petroleum OT-Other Seals: P-Present A-Absent B-Broken

DISTRIBUTION: WHITE, CANARY - LABORATORY PINK - ORIGINATOR

Samples are discarded 14 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made. Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.