KO 265



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September 21, 2001

Mr. Barney M. Chan Alameda County Department of Environmental Health Services 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, California 94502-6577

Subject: StID#3337

Site Address: 3609 International Blvd., Oakland, California

Dear Mr. Chan:

A copy of SOMA's "Third Quarter 2001 Groundwater Monitoring Report" for the subject property is enclosed.

Thank you for your time in reviewing our report. If you have any questions or comments, please call me at (925) 244-6600.

Sincerely,

Mansour Sepent, Ph.D., P.E. Principal Hydrogeologist

Enclosure

cc: Mr. Abolghassem Razi w/enclosure Tony's Express Auto Service

No. CO42928

Certification

SEP 8 5 2001 This report has been prepared by SOMA Environmental Engineering, Inc. on behalf of Mr. Abolghassem Razi, the property owner at 3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California, to comply with Alameda County Department of Environmental Health Service's requirements for the Third Quarter 2001 groundwater monitoring event.

Mansour Sepehr, Ph.D., P.E.

Principal Hydrogeologist



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1.0 Introduction

This report has been prepared by SOMA Environmental Engineering, Inc. (SOMA) on behalf of Mr. Abolghassem Razi, the owner of the property. The site, Tony's Express Auto Service, is located at 3609 International Boulevard at the intersection of 36th Avenue in Oakland, California (the "Site"), as shown in Figure 1. The Site is located in an area consisting primarily of commercial and residential uses.

This report summarizes the results of the third quarter 2001 groundwater monitoring event conducted on August 8, 2001 at the Site, including the results of the laboratory analysis of the groundwater samples, which were analyzed for:

- Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPH-g)
- Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, total xylenes (collectively referred to as BTEX)
- Methyl tertiary Butyl Ether (MtBE)

These activities were performed in accordance with the general guidelines of the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) and the Alameda County Environmental Health Services (ACEHS).

This report also describes the operation of the groundwater and vapor extraction and treatment system installed by SOMA in December 1999.

1.1 Background

Currently, the Site is used as a gasoline service station. The environmental investigation at the subject property started in 1992, when Mr. Razi, the property owner, retained Soil Tech Engineering, Inc. (STE) of San Jose to conduct a limited subsurface investigation. The purpose of STE's investigation was to

determine whether or not the soil near the product lines and underground storage tanks (USTs) had been impacted with petroleum hydrocarbons.

In July 1993, STE removed one single-walled 10,000-gallon gasoline tank and one single-walled 6,000-gallon gasoline tank along with a 550-gallon waste oil tank from the Site. Three double-walled USTs replaced these tanks. Currently, there are one 10,000-gallon double-walled gasoline tank and two 6,000-gallon double-walled gasoline tanks beneath the Site (at the locations shown in Figure 2).

In December 1997, Mr. Razi retained Western Geo-Engineers (WEGE) to conduct additional investigations and perform groundwater monitoring on a quarterly basis. The results of the WEGE groundwater monitoring events indicated elevated levels of petroleum hydrocarbons and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MtBE) in the groundwater. The historical groundwater elevation data, total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPH-g), benzene, toluene, ethlybenzene, xylenes, (BTEX) and MtBE concentrations reported by STE and WEGE are included in Tables 2 and 5 of this report.

In April 1999, Mr. Razi retained SOMA to conduct groundwater monitoring, risk based corrective action (RBCA), corrective action plan (CAP) and soil and groundwater remediation at the Site. The results of the RBCA study indicated that the Site is a high-risk groundwater site, therefore, the soil and groundwater in on-and off-site areas needed to be remediated. The results of the CAP study indicated that installation of a French drain combined with a vapor extraction system would be a cost effective alternative for site remediation.

In late August 1999, SOMA installed a French drain and groundwater treatment system to prevent further migration of chemically impacted groundwater. This treatment system has been in operation since early December 1999.

In July 2000, SOMA installed a vapor extraction system based on the recommendation of the Corrective Action Plan (CAP) document dated July 1, 1999 prepared by SOMA, followed by approval from the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health.

The Site is located at the intersection of 36th Avenue and International Boulevard (formerly known as East 14th Street), Oakland, California. It currently houses a gasoline service station and mechanic shop. The Site is relatively flat, and the surrounding properties are primarily commercial businesses and residential housing. Figure 2 shows the location of the main building, fuel tank areas, and the on-site and off-site groundwater monitoring wells. The groundwater monitoring wells are currently monitored on a quarterly basis. Past groundwater monitoring events have indicated elevated levels of petroleum hydrocarbons in the groundwater beneath the Site. The source of petroleum hydrocarbons in the groundwater is believed to be the former underground storage tanks (USTs), which were used to store gasoline at the Site. This report includes the results of historical groundwater monitoring events, as well as the results of the third quarter 2001 groundwater monitoring event.

1.2 Site Hydrogeology

Previous investigations have shown that groundwater is encountered at depths of approximately 10 to 11 feet beneath the Site. Figure 2 shows the location of the on-site and off-site groundwater monitoring wells. Prior to the operation of the French drain, the groundwater was found to flow from the north to the south with an average gradient of 0.014 ft/ft. When the groundwater extraction system is in operation, the groundwater flows from all directions toward the French drain. The capture zone of the drain has extended down gradient past well MW-10.

Based on the results of a pumping test conducted by SOMA, the hydraulic

conductivity of the saturated sediments ranges from 1.5 to 18.3 feet per day. Assuming that the effective porosity of saturated sediments is 0.35, the groundwater velocity ranges from 22 to 267 feet per year.

2.0 Field Activities

Field activities were performed in accordance with the procedures and guidelines of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region.

On August 8, 2001, SOMA's field crew measured the depths to groundwater in the monitoring wells from the top of casings to the nearest 0.01 feet using an electrical sounder. The depth to groundwater and top of casing elevation data at each groundwater monitoring well were used to calculate the groundwater elevation. A total of 10 groundwater monitoring wells and three risers of the French drain were monitored during this event. Table 1 presents the groundwater elevations, and Appendix A presents a detailed summary of the field notes for each groundwater monitoring well.

Prior to collecting the groundwater samples, each well was purged of at least three casing volumes of water, and field measurements of pH and temperature were recorded. A 2-inch diameter submersible pump (model ES-60 DC) was used to purge each well. Groundwater samples were then collected using disposable bailers. Each groundwater sample was transferred into two 40-mL VOA vials and sealed properly to prevent the development of any air bubbles within the headspace area. The vials were placed in an ice chest and delivered on the same day to Delta Environmental Laboratories of Benicia, California for analysis. For field measurements, samples were transferred into 500-mL polyethylene containers.

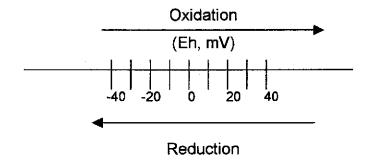
The groundwater samples that were kept in polyethylene bottles were immediately used for on-site measurements of nitrate-N (NO₃-N), sulfate (SO₄-2), ferrous iron (Fe⁺²)

In order to obtain accurate measurements of other groundwater parameters and especially to avoid the intrusion of oxygen from ambient air to groundwater samples, these measurements were conducted in Situ (i.e., down-hole inside each monitoring well). The D.O. and temperature were measured with a dissolved oxygen meter, YSI Model 50B (YSI Incorporated, Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387 USA); see the field notes in Appendix A for the details of the field measurements. The instrument was calibrated at the Site according to a procedure provided by the manufacturer and prescribed by Taras et.al. (1975). Detail of the calibration and measurement procedures can be found in the instrument's handbook. Other groundwater parameters such as pH, turbidity, electrical conductivity (EC), and Oxidation Reduction Potential were measured in Situ using Horiba, Model U-22 multi-parameter instrument. The equipment was calibrated at the Site using standard solutions and procedures provided by the manufacture.

The Horiba U-22 portable microprocessor-based turbidity probe provides lab-grade accuracy, even in the field. The unit of measure adopted by the ISO Standard is the FTU (Formazine Turbidity Unit), which is identical to the NTU (Nephelometric Turbidity Unit). The instrument was calibrated at two points, 0 FTU and 10 FTU, using the two calibration solutions of primary standard AMCO-AEPA-1 at 0 FTU and 10 FTU that were supplied with the meter. Suspended materials cause the cloudy appearance of water or turbidity. Turbidity is one of the most important parameters used to determine the quality of drinking water. It has been found that there is a strong correlation between the turbidity level and the Biological Oxygen Demand of the natural water bodies. Turbidity is an indicator and, as such, does not reveal the presence or quantity of specific

pollutants in groundwater. It does, however, provide general information on the extent of the suspended solids in groundwater.

The Horiba U-22 ORP electrode was used to measure the Oxidation-Reduction Potential of the groundwater samples. Oxidation is a process in which a molecule or ion loses one or several electrons. Reduction is a process by which a molecule or ion gains one or several electrons. The Oxidation Reduction Potential, or Eh, is a measure of the potential for these processes to occur. The unit of Eh, which is commonly referred to as the redox potential, is the Volt or m-Volt. The most important redox reaction in petroleum contaminated groundwater is the oxidation of petroleum hydrocarbons in the presence of bacteria and free molecular oxygen. Because the solubility of O2 in water is low (9 mg/L at 25 °C and 11 mg/L at 5 °C), and because the rate of O₂ replenishment in subsurface environments is limited, oxidation of only a small amount of petroleum hydrocarbons can result in the consumption of all the dissolved oxygen. When all the dissolved O2 in groundwater is consumed, oxidation of petroleum hydrocarbons can still occur, but the oxidizing agents (i.e., the constituents that undergo reduction) are NO₃, MnO₂, Fe(OH)₃, SO₄²⁻ and others (Freeze and Cherry, 1979). As these oxidizing agents are consumed, the groundwater environment becomes more and more reduced. If the process proceeds far enough, the environment may become very strongly reduced, and the petroleum hydrocarbons may undergo anaerobic degradation, possibly resulting in the production of methane gas and carbon dioxide. The concept of oxidation and reduction in terms of changes in oxidation states is illustrated below:



Fe⁺², NO₃-N and SO₄-² were measured colorimetrically using the Hach Model DR/850 colorimeter (Hach Company World Headquarters, P.O. Box 389, Loveland, Colorado 80539-0389). The Hach DR/800 Series Colorimeter is a microprocessor-controlled photometer suitable for colorimetric testing in the laboratory or the field. The required reagents for each specific test are provided in AccuVac ampuls.

Fe⁺² was measured colorimetrically using Method 8146 (1,10-phenanthroline Method). The 1,10-phenathroline indicator in Ferrous Iron Reagent reacts with Fe⁺² in the sample to form an orange color. The intensity of orange color is proportional to the iron concentration.

SO₄⁻² was measured colorimetrically using Method 8051 of Sulfa Ver 4 Method. Sulfate ions in the sample react with Sulfa Ver 4 Sulfate Reagent to form insoluble barium sulfate. The amount of turbidity formed is proportional to the sulfate concentration. The Sulfa Ver 4 also contains a stabilizing agent to hold the barium sulfate in suspension.

NO₃-N was measured colorimetrically using Method 8039: the Cadmium Reduction Method. Cadmium metal in the Nitra Ver 5 Nitrate Reagent reduces nitrates present in the sample to nitrite; the nitrite ion reacts in an acidic medium with sulfanilic acid to form an intermediate diazonium salt, which couples with getistic acid to form an amber-colored product. The intensity of the color is proportional to nitrate-N concentration in the sample.

2.1 Laboratory Analysis

Delta Environmental Laboratories of Benicia analyzed the groundwater samples. The measured constituents included TPH-g, BTEX and MtBE.

TPH-g was measured using EPA Method 5030/GCFID. EPA Method 8020 was used to measure BTEX. MtBE levels in the groundwater were measured using EPA Method 8020 and confirmed using EPA Method 8260B. The results of the laboratory analysis are presented in Table 4 and discussed below. As discussed before, the groundwater constituents related to bio-degradation activities (such as dissolved oxygen, redox potential, turbidity, nitrate, ferrous iron, and sulfate) were analyzed in the field by SOMA, and are presented in Table 3.

3.0 Results

Table 1 presents the measured groundwater elevations at different groundwater monitoring wells and the risers of the French drain. At each location, depth to watertable and the elevation of the top of casing were used to calculate the watertable elevation relative to the assumed datum. Depths to watertable in the monitoring wells and the risers of the French drain ranged from 11.64 to 14.10 feet. The corresponding watertable elevations ranged from 82.60 to 85.25 feet. Figure 3 displays the groundwater elevation contour map. The contour map does not show the impact of the French drain on the water level elevations of the surrounding monitoring wells because the system was off due to the algae grown inside the storage tank interfering the sensors and clogging the GAC units. This was later remedied when SOMA installed a polishing GAC unit and got rid of the algae with chlorine. Therefore, during the recent monitoring event, the groundwater flow was found to be from the north towards the south. This is consistent with the findings of the previous monitoring events that were conducted prior to the installation of the French drain.

Table 2 displays the historical static water level elevations measured at the monitoring wells and the risers of the French drain. During the recent monitoring event, in comparison with the previous monitoring event, the water level elevations decreased in every well, by 1.82 to 2.67 feet. The decrease in water level can be attributed to the onset of the dry season.

Historically, no floating products have been detected in any of the on-or-off site monitoring wells.

The field measurements of some physical and chemical parameters of the groundwater samples are presented in detail in the field notes in Appendix A, and are summarized in Table 3, along with their historical values. Water temperatures ranged from 18.9°C to 20.8 °C. The variation in temperature may reflect the changes in air temperature during sampling, see the field notes in Appendix A.

The dissolved oxygen concentrations in the groundwater samples ranged from 1.17 mg/L in well MW-3 to 2.03 mg/L in well MW-2. The low oxygen content may suggest the presence of anaerobic biodegradation processes in this groundwater system. Figure 4 shows the concentration contour map of D.O. concentrations in the groundwater. The D.O. has been largely consumed in the vicinity of the most polluted wells (in and around the fueling islands).

The turbidity of the groundwater samples ranged from 0 FTU to 990 FTU. The maximum turbidity was recorded in monitoring well MW-8.

The Redox potential in the groundwater samples ranged from –62.0 mV in well MW-8 to +320 mV in Well MW-4. Monitoring wells MW-2, MW-4, MW-5, MW-10, and MW-12 showed oxidized conditions, while the remainder of the wells showed strongly reduced conditions. The low oxygen levels in wells MW-2, MW-4, MW-5,

MW-10, and MW-12), in combination with the positive redox potentials, suggest the presence of weak aerobic oxidation of the petroleum hydrocarbons in these wells. However, the other monitoring wells impacted by petroleum show strongly reduced conditions. In these oxygen-depleted environments, anaerobic processes utilizing alternate electron acceptors for oxidation of petroleum hydrocarbons may be responsible for the reduced conditions. Possible alternate electron acceptors include nitrate, iron (III) and sulfate (Lovley et. al., 1994). Under strongly reduced conditions and a lack of other terminal electron acceptors, the occurrence of methanogenesis and production of methane gas is highly possible.

During this monitoring event, nitrate was detected in wells MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, and MW-8. As discussed earlier, the concentrations of dissolved oxygen in all wells were quite low, and because the replenishment of oxygen in subsurface environments is limited, oxidation of only a small amount of petroleum hydrocarbons depletes the oxygen. Under this condition, oxidation of petroleum hydrocarbons can still occur, but the oxidizing agents (i.e., constituents that undergo reduction) are NO₃, MnO₂, Fe(OH)₃, SO₄²⁻ and others (Lovley *et. al.*, 1994). The disappearance of nitrate in many of the wells may suggest that, under the observed anaerobic conditions, nitrate may have been consumed as a source of terminal electron acceptors by microorganisms (Lovley *et. al.*, 1994). Figure 5 shows the contour map of nitrate concentration in the groundwater; the nitrate concentrations are lower in the more polluted MW-3 and its downgradient regions.

Sulfate concentrations ranged from 0 mg/L in well MW-12 to 51 mg/L in well MW-2. Sulfate-depleted subsurface contaminated environments may reveal a strong demand by microorganisms for a source of terminal electron acceptor for oxidizing contaminant hydrocarbons (Lovley et. al., 1994). Figure 6 shows the groundwater sulfate concentration contour map, as measured on August 8, 2001.

Ferrous iron concentrations in the groundwater samples ranged from 0.0 mg/L in MW-10 to 7.00 mg/L in well MW-3, the most polluted region. High concentrations of ferrous iron in the groundwater is a good indication of biological activities. Figure 7 shows the groundwater ferrous iron concentration contour map, as measured on August 8, 2001. The presence of high ferrous iron concentrations and low concentrations of electron receptors, such as nitrogen, sulfate and dissolved oxygen, is indicative of anaerobic biodegradation beneath the Site. Due to the presence of low levels of dissolved oxygen, as well as nutrients such as nitrates and sulfate, generation of methane gas from the biodegradation of petroleum hydrocarbons seems likely.

The pH measurements ranged from 6.50 to 7.35. Electrical conductivity ranged from 618 μ S/cm to 1090 μ S/cm.

Table 4 displays the results of the laboratory analyses of the groundwater samples. TPH-g was detected in every sample, with concentrations ranging from 125 μg/L in monitoring well MW-4 to 41,750 μg/L in monitoring well MW-3. Figure 8 displays the contour map of TPH-g in the groundwater.

Benzene concentrations ranged from 1 μ g/L in monitoring wells MW-5 to 3,485 μ g/L in MW-3. In a duplicate sample (MW-3D), benzene concentration was reported at 3,075 μ g/L. Figure 9 displays the contour map of Benzene in the groundwater.

MtBE concentrations ranged from 1.4 μ g/L in MW-5 to 2,000 μ g/L in well MW-1. Presence of high levels of MtBE in MW-1 was unprecedented, since the previous maximum reported MtBE concentration at this well was about 190 μ g/L, which was reported in March 1999, before the operation of groundwater treatment system. Therefore, on September 10, 2001 SOMA's field crew collected another groundwater sample from MW-1 and submitted it to Delta Environmental for

petroleum hydrocarbone and MtBE in groundwater sample collected from MW-1.

Based on our discussion with the Site's owner it appears that the high lovels of MtBE in MW-1, located in close proximity of the current LISTs, is due to the new fuel release. Apparently, the new release occurred due to overfilling one of the USTs. Figure 10 displays the contour map of MtBE in the groundwater.

Table 5 presents the historical data of groundwater contamination. Generally speaking, most of the contaminant concentrations in most of the wells had decreased since last quarter. Concentrations in MW-12 which had significantly increased last quarter and raised our concern, decreased significantly this quarter. The high concentration of MtPE reported in MW-12 during the previous monitoring event was unreal because of laboratory error. A letter from Curtis & Tompkins dated August 9, 2001 explains the nature error, see Appendix A for more details.

During this event, compared with the previous event, benzene concentrations decreased significantly in four of the wells, mostly notably in MW-3 and MW-12. MtBE concentrations decreased in seven out of nine wells. TPH-g concentrations decreased in four of the wells this quarter.

4.0 Groundwater Treatment System Operation

The treatment system began operation on December 9, 1999. Since that time, more than 1,230,000 gallons of groundwater have been treated and discharged to the East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD) under the existing discharge permit (as of August 3, 2001).

As required by the discharge permit and the ACEHS, sampling of the groundwater treatment system has been performed on a routine basis. The effluent sampling and maintenance of the system was performed on a weekly

basis from the start of the system operation to the end of July 2000. From August 2000 onward, maintenance of the system continued weekly, but sampling was performed on a monthly basis. The result of the first effluent testing was used to acquire a discharge permit from EBMUD.

Table 6 presents the total volume and chemical composition of the effluent treated at the Site. Table 6 shows that all of the effluent samples have maintained compliance with the permit, having concentrations below the laboratory detection limits. The laboratory's reports are included in Appendix A of this report. A total of 7,880 gallons of chemically impacted groundwater was treated since the last reporting date of June 29, 2001. As discussed in the previous monitoring reports, the effluent passing both GAC units is regularly being collected for chemical analysis. The schedule for re-furbishing the GAC units is based on the analytical results of the effluent samples. The first GAC unit was re-furbished as soon as traces of chemicals broke through the unit. The second GAC unit is serving as a polishing unit and is always kept highly active. This procedure ensures that the effluent discharging to EBMUD has non-detectable levels of contaminants.

Figure 11 displays the cumulative weight of TPH-g and MtBE extracted from the subsurface by the groundwater treatment system.

5.0 Vapor Extraction System Operation

The Vapor Extraction System (VES) consists of 6 vapor extraction wells, a demoisturizing unit, a blower and four drums of Granulated Active Carbon (GAC) filters. The VES began operation on July 24, 2000. Since then, more than 3,000,000 liters/day of soil gas has been extracted from the vadose zone and treated with the GAC filters before being discharged into the atmosphere. When

the system first began to operate, the influent had a concentration of 394 ppmv petroleum hydrocarbons, but this gradually dropped, and after 31 days of operation decreased to 68 ppmv. On January 4, 2001, due to an entire manth of extremely low influent concentrations (i.e., less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbons), the SVE system was turned off.

On August 7, 2001 a pilot test was conducted to evaluate the efficiency of the VES. During this test it was confirmed that considerable amounts of volatile organic hydrocarbons have been accumulated in the vadose zone under the Site. During this test the influent concentration was found to be 119 ppm, using a Photo Ionization Detector (PID) equipment, while the effluent concentration was above the permissible concentration of 10 ppm. Therefore, the system was turned off and on August 8, 2001, three of four GACs were replaced with new ones and the system was started. Since then the system was under continuous operation and was extracting 85 CFM of contaminated air from the vadose zone. Until the reporting date of September 6, 2001, the maintenance and monitoring of the system was continued on a weekly basis and the final concentration of the extracted vapors was shown to be 85 ppm. Based on the statistics that were presented in Table 7, the Table Extraction Cystem was presented.

6.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

The findings of the third quarter 2001 groundwater monitoring event can be summarized as follows:

- 1. With treatment system shut down, the groundwater flow direction was found to be from north to south
- 2. In comparison with the previous monitoring event, the water level

elevations decreased by approximately 1.82 to 2.67 feet in all of the wells. This result is attributable to the onset of the dry season.

- Benzene was detected in all wells with a peak concentration of 3,485 μg/L in MW-3.
- 4. MtBE concentrations were below the detection limit of 2.0 μg/L in MW-2 and peaked at 2000 μg/L in well MW-1. Subsequent sampling results indicated significant concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons and constituents at this well. MtBE was reported at 53,000 μg/L in MW-1 on September 10, 2001.
- 5. TPH-g was detected in every monitoring well, with concentrations ranging up to 41,750 µg/l in menitoring well MW-3. In 4 of the 9 wells, TPH-g concentrations decreased significantly since the previous monitoring event.
- Under the observed low levels of DO and nutrients such as nitrates and sulfate, in some of the wells, generation of methane gas from the biodegradation of petroleum hydrocarbon in on-site areas seems likely to occur.
- 7. So far, more than 1,230,000 gallons of groundwater have been treated and discharged to the East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD) under the existing discharge permit.
- 8. All effluent samples have maintained compliance with the permit, with all contaminant concentrations remaining below the laboratory detection limit.
- 9. An estimated total of 100.23 pounds of TPH-g and 4.42 pounds of MtBE

have been removed since the installation of the groundwater treatment system.

- 10. The Vapor Extraction System has removed over 199 pounds of petroleum hydrocarbons from the vadose zone beneath the Site since it was installed.
- 11. Elevated concentrations in the off-site well MW-12, which was erroneously reported by Curtis Tompkins Laboratory for second quarter 2001, dropped significantly back to the level consistent with those prior to last quarter.

7.0 Report Limitations

This report is the summary of work done by SOMA including observations and descriptions of the Site conditions. It includes the analytical results produced by Delta Environmental Laboratories as well as summaries of data produced by previous environmental consultants. The number and location of the wells were selected to provide the required information, but may not be completely ΑII conclusions Site conditions. and representative of the entire recommendations are based on the results of the laboratory analysis. Conclusions beyond those specifically stated in this document should not be inferred from this report.

SOMA warrants that the services provided were done in accordance with the generally accepted practices in the environmental engineering and consulting field at the time of this sampling.

8.0 References

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TABLES

Table 1
Groundwater Elevation Data, August 8, 2001
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

Monitoring	Depth to	Top of Casing	Groundwater	Product
Well	Water (ft.)	Elevation (ft.)	Elevation (ft.)	Thickness (ft.)
MW-1	13.51	97.99	84.48	ND
MW-2	13.53	98.58	85.05	ND
MW-3	14.10	97.78	83.68	ND
MW-4	13.80	97.85	84.05	ND
MW-5	13.79	99.04	85.25	ND
MW-6	NA	98.77	-	ND
MW-7	13.02	97.83	84.81	ND
MW-8	12.97	97.25	84.28	ND
MW-10	11.64	94.54	82.90	ND
MW-11	13.04	95.94	82.90	ND
MW-12	12.24	94.84	82.60	ND
F.D. Center	13.30	97.10	83.80	ND
F.D. East	13.69	97.90	84.21	ND
F.D. West	13.08	96.90	83.82	ND

ND Not Detected

Table 2
Historical Groundwater Elevation Data
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

Date	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5	MW-6	MW-7	MW-8	MW-10	MW-11	MW-12	French Drain
Aug-01	84.48	85.05	83.68	84.05	85.25	-	84.81	84.28	82.90	82.90	82.60	83.80
May-01	86.49	87.58	85.97	86.35	87.92	86.95	87.23	86.10	84.74	84.79	84.32	81.25
Mar-01	89.03	90.03	88.35	88.61	90.37	89.28	89.79	88.50	86.47	86.33	85.80	87.71
Nov-00	84.79	85.98	84.38	84.80	85.49	85.37	85.88	84.70	83.19	83.39	82.79	80.25
Aug-00	84.63	85.55	84.05	84.5	85.82	84.99	85.2	84.38	83.02	81.07	82.77	81.4
May-00	86.50	87.70	86.10	86.39	88.01	87.07	87.31	86.10	85.09	82.14	84.36	81.50
Feb-00	86.79	88.73	86.83	86.60	89.19	87.82	88.33	86.40	85.29	82.34	84.64	81.70
Nov-99	83.54	84.48	83.08	83.75	84.74	84.02	84.58	83.60	82.04	82.09	81.64	-
Aug.99	84.64	85.08	83.93	84.65	85.49	84.87	85.03	84.50	82.94	83.19	-	-
Jun.99	86.89	87.34	85.98	86.55	87.54	86.87	87.13	86.45	84.59	84.44	-	-
Mar.99	88.08	90.98	89.34	89.39	91.31	90.37	90.83	89.67	87.24	87.13	-	-
Dec.98	86.89	87.64	86.23	86.72	87.84	87.17	87.31	86.50	84.35	84.36	-	-
Sep.98	84.41	85.00	83,10	84.21	85.22	84.67	84.74	84.23	82.61	82.70	-	-
Dec.97	88.69	89.54	-	88.42	89.89	89.47	89.18	88.30	85.76	85.54	-	-
Apr.97	86.85	87.18	86.05	86.62	87.69	87.01	84.88	84.30	84.47	84.47	-	-
Dec.96	86.32	86.91	85.76	86.27	87.56	86.73	86.86	86.12	84.10	83.95		-
Apr.96	89.70	90.45	89.02	89.50	90.80	90.01	90.08	89.27	_	-	-	-
Jan.96	87.92	88.65	87.23	87.74	89.01	88.22	88.26	87.46	-	-	-	-
Oct.95	84.70	85.16	84.87	<u>-</u>	85.47	84.83	84.88	84.39	-	-	-	-
Jun.95	88.46	88.99	87.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mar.95	89.92	90.90	89.09	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Dec.94	88.67	89.98	87.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oct.94	82.60	83.22	81.99	-	-	-	-	-		-		-

Table 3
Groundwater Biodegradation Parameters
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

Well	Date	Nitrate (mg/L)	Sulfate (mg/L)	Ferrous Iron (mg/L)	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	Redox Potential (mV)	Turbidity (FTU)
MW-1	8/8/01	0.0	23.0	2.18	1.71	-35.0	200
	5/22/01	0.0	21.0	0.34	1.36	32.5	40.90
	3/13/01	4.4	80.0	0.5	0.53	-4.70	66.0
	11/2/00	0.0	33.0	1.1	0.56	-39.40	18.00
	8/9/00	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.32	-40.0	219.0
	5/31/00	2.8	0.0	0.57	0.30	-37.0	30
	2/7/00	0.0	1.0	3.3	0.77	<i>-</i> 74.0	-
	11/9/99	0.0	26.0	5.1	0.2	-	-
1	8/23/99	0.0	8.0	2.67	1.4	-	-
	6/10/99	0	1	3.17	0.14	-	-
	12/30/97	<0.1	<1	3.04	0.5	-	-
							-
MW-2	8/8/01	7.4	51	0.09	2.03	160	0
	5/22/01	0.0	25	0.71	0.80	274	160
	3/13/01	6.8	80.0	0.1	0.89	117.9	24.15
	11/2/00	0.0	7.9	0.7	1.35	111	ND
	8/9/00	5.4	0	0.72	0.76	-74	1000
	5/31/00	2.5	54.0	0,18	0.8	-55.0	30.9
	2 <i>/7/</i> 00	6.2	55.0	0.15	1.12	-20.0	-
	11/9/99	0.9	55.0	1.0	0.8	-	-
	8/23/99	1.0	60.0	. 0.62	0.7	-	-
1	6/10/99	0.7	40	0.55	0.44	-	-
	6/30/98	<0.1	14	0.5	3.2	-	-
	12/30/97	<0.1	<1	3,35	<0.1	<u>-</u>	-
							00
MW-3	8/8/01	0.7	11	7	1.17	- 54	28
	5/22/01	0.2	16	6.72	0.08	-32	98
	3/13/01	0	0	2.66	0.62	-60	26.91
	11/2/00	0	28	4.1	0.83	-94	4,816
ł	8/9/00	0	0	6.1	0.4	-72	123
1	5/31/00	0.00	4.00	7.80	0.45	-117.0	188.0
	2/7/00	0.00	140.00	3.60	0.70	-82.00	=
	11/9/99	0.00	0.00	3.50	0.61	-	-
	8/23/99	0.00	0.00	3.90	0.80	-	-
	6/10/99	0.00	0.00	3.10	0.42	-	=
	6/30/98	0.10	77.00	0.37	2.00	-	-

Table 3
Groundwater Biodegradation Parameters
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

Well	Date	Nitrate (mg/L)	Sulfate (mg/L)	Ferrous Iron (mg/L)	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	Redox Potential (mV)	Turbidity (FTU)
DOM: A	0/0/04		30	0.09	1.54	320	320
MW-4	8/8/01 5/22/04	6	30 31	0.09	1.27	193.9	50
1	5/22/01	0.1				9.4	190
	3/13/01	3.2	48	0.51	0.72	-39	ND
	11/2/00	4.5	45	0	0.6	-39 -50	83
l .	8/9/00	1	14	0.32	0.46		26.8
	5/31/00	0.50	40.00	0.25	0.50	-40.0	20.0
	2/7/00	0.00	1.00	1.56	1.30	-31.0	-
1	11/9/99	0.50	23.00	0.99	0.12	-	-
	8/23/99	0.50	28.00	0.67	0.15	-	-
	6/10/99	0.40	10.00	0.81	0.15	-	-
	6/30/98	0.90	7.00	0.93	1.30	-	-
	12/30/97	4.50	42.00	0.39	<0.1	-	-
·						400	200
MW-5	8/8/01	0.2	37.0	0.73	1.35	103	300
	5/22/01	14.8	13.0	1.1	1.2	167	593
	3/13/01	1.00	45	0.33	1.01	34.2	35.36
	11/2/00	6.5	31	1.02	0.56	49	ND
1	8/9/00	0	26	0	1.97	80	490
	5/31/00	0.00	50.00	0.35	0.48	-25.0	27.2
	2/7/00	0.00	47.00	0.64	0.90	18.0	-
	11/9/99	2.00	32.00	0.72	0.27	-	-
1	8/23/99	2.40	45.00	1.19	0.75	-	-
	6/10/99	2.50	33.00	0.34	0.25	-	-
1	6/30/98	1.60	6.00	0.50	0.60	-	-
	12/30/97	0.30	18.00	0.94	<0.1	-	_
							v—
MW-6	8/8/01	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	5/22/01	0.0	17.0	1.3	0.12	-9.5	413
1	3/13/01	1.3	79	2.63	0.75	-42.1	83
	11/2/00	0	16	2.65	0.8	-34	618
	8/9/00	2.5	0	4.1	0.65	-33	1000
1	5/31/00	0.00	0.00	3.27	0.72	-62.0	111.0
1	2/7/00	0.00	00,0	3.02	1.25	-51.0	-
1	11/9/99	0,00	0.00	7.00	0.22	-	-
1	8/23/99	0.00	9.00	3,30	0.55	-	-
	6/10/99	0.00	23.00	2.52	0.61	-	-
1	6/30/98	0.70	4.00	0.40	2.50	-	-
	12/30/97	<0.1	5.00	0.30	<0.1		-

Table 3
Groundwater Biodegradation Parameters
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

Well	Date	Nitrate (mg/L)	Sulfate (mg/L)	Ferrous Iron (mg/L)	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	Redox Potential (mV)	Turbidity (FTU)
							440
MW-7	8/8/01	0.0	13.0	0.51	1.62	-18 -2	140
Į.	5/22/01	0.0	12.0	0.79	1.71	56	49.8
	3/13/01	0	40	3.3	0.79	-10.4	110
	11/2/00	3.5	30	0.27	0.58	-11.6	ND
	8/9/00	0	17	0.95	0.26	-33	131
	5/31/00	0.00	28.00	0.72	0.30	-52.0	34.9
	2/7/00	0.00	41.00	0.53	0.91	-19.0	-
	11/9/99	0.00	25.00	0.99	0.14	-	-
	8/23/99	0.00	20.00	1.40	0.65	-	-
1	6/10/99	0.00	22.00	0.19	0.15	-	-
	6/30/98	0.50	4.00	0.78	1.00	-	-
	12/30/97	0.20	32.00	0.23	1.20	_	-
							200
MW-8	8/8/01	8.0	25.0	1.5	1.24	-62	990
	5/22/01	0.0	5.0	3.3	1.16	- 8.8	179
1	3/13/01	2.1	12	3.3	0.48	-76	110
	11/2/00	-	16	73.3	-	-104.9	350
	8/9/00	0	7	3.3	0.5	-91	94
	5/31/00	0.00	0.00	3.30	0.45	-95.0	13.0
	2/7/00	0.00	0.00	3.46	0.65	-90.0	-
	11/9/99	0.00	0.00	8.90	0.38	-	-
	8/23/99	0.00	13.00	8.20	0.20	-	-
	6/10/99	0.00	0.00	4.70	0.10	-	-
1	6/30/98	<0.1	3.00	2.82	1.30	-	- 1
	12/30/97	0.10	<1	3.35	2.50		_
MW-10	8/8/01	0	11	0	1.56	52	19.6
	5/22/01	1.7	12. 9	0.1	1.76	105	19.56
1	3/13/01	0	0	0.23	0.65	28	32.11
1	11/2/00	1.3	13	0.42	0.53	26.7	ND
ł	8/9/00	0	0	0.4	0.45	19	116
1	5/31/00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.40	17.0	22.4
	2/7/00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	55.0	-
	11/9/99	0.00	12.00	0.37	0.44	-	-
1	8/23/99	0.00	9.00	0.52	0.50	-	-
1	6/10/99	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.20	-	-
	6/30/98	<0.1	<1	0.38	0.90	-	-
	12/30/97	0.30	<1	2.21	<0.1	-	-

Table 3
Groundwater Biodegradation Parameters
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

Well	Date	Nitrate (mg/L)	Sulfate (mg/L)	Ferrous Iron (mg/L)	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	Redox Potential (mV)	Turbidity (FTU)
MW-11	8/8/01	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
·	5/22/01	0.0	20	0.53	2.13	40.5	32.3
	3/13/01	0	78	0.34	0.79	114.7	111
	11/2/00	1.5	21	0.44	0.6	17	ND
	8/9/00	1.5	0	0.8	0.48	10	42
	5/31/00	5.20	10.00	0.69	0.50	-15.0	12
1	2/7/00	0.00	24.00	0.75	1.10	-14.0	-
	11/9/99	0.00	21.00	0.06	0.22	-	·
I	8/23/99	0.00	52.00	0.92	0.60	· _	-
	6/10/99	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.19	-	-
	6/30/98	1.20	6.00	0.15	2.20	-	- '
	12/30/97	3.50	35.00	0.32	<0.1	<u>-</u>	-
	0/0/04		0.0	0.40	1.66	3	72
MW-12	8/8/01	0	0.0	2.46		-	
1	5/22/01	1.9	0.0	2.38	1.76	-18.9	6.28
1	3/13/01	0	0	1.44	0.64	-5.6	8.42
	11/2/00	0	6	1,93	0.6	12	19
	8/9/00	0	0	2.84	0.31	-48	56
	5/31/00	0.00	0.00	2.11	0.29	-54.0	7.7
	2/7/00	0.00	0.00	1.53	0.62	-42.0	-
	11/9/99	3.10	9.00	2.21	0.34		-

Table 4
Groundwater Analytical Data, August 8, 2001
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

Monitoring Well	Benzene (μg/L)	Toluene (μg/L)	Ethyl- Benzene (μg/L)	Total Xylenes (μg/L)	MtBE* (μg/L)	TPH-g (μg/L)
MW-1	852	342	568	1,606	2,000	14,820
MW-1D***	2,575	1,075	1,089	3,810	52,000	36,650
MW-2	4.0	3.8	3.3	11	ND	125
MW-3	3,485	2,670	1,255	5,420	52	41,750
MW-4	12	2.2	3.9	9.0	ND	133
MW-5	1.0	1.1	3.4	7.3	1.4	258
MW-6	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
MW-7	3.7	3.0	6.2	18.9	10	610
MW-8	153	46	373	345	174	5,620
MW-10	35	0.6	11	1.8	64	242
MW-11	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
MW-12	71	1.8	2.8	4.0	142	2,090
MW-3D**	3,075	2,245	1,100	4,810	49	40,950
MW-9**	72	1.8	3	3.4	149	2,017
DL	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	2.0	50

NS Not Sampled

DL Minimum laboratory detection limit

ND Not Detected (i.e., below DL)

* MTBE analyzed with EPA Method 8260

** MW-3D and MW-9 are duplicate samples of MW-3 and MW-12 respectively

*** Sample was collected on Sepember 10, for confirmation purposes.

Table 5
Historical Groundwater Analytical Data
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

Well	Date	Benzene (μg/L)	Toluene (μg/L)	Ethyl-Benzene (μg/L)	Xylenes (μg/L)	MtBE (μg/L)	TPH-g (μg/L)
MW-1	8/8/01	852	342	568	1,606	2,000	14,820
	5/22/01	310	81	82	388	150	4,900
	3/13/01	1,005	440	108	2,030	(16:	14,570
İ	11/2/00	435	52	ND	689	10	7,050
	8/9/00	638	<5	<5	<5	17.1	11,000
ļ	5/31/00	610	350	310	1,400	<5	15,610
1	2/7/00	2,280	1,380	8	6,130	47	40,000
	11/9/99	693	15	<5	3,471	50	10,000
1	8/23/99	678	463	893	2,938	38	19,750
İ	6/10/99	1,110	1,460	1,330	5,265	77	25,000
	3/16/99	480	860	850	3,000	190	17,000
	12/16/98	2,500	2,400	2,300	9,500	160	65,000
	12/30/97	2,300	2,100	1,400	5,100	NA	27,000
	4/10/97	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	12/9/96	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	4/3/96	98	120	63	170	NΑ	31,000
	1/3/96	71	73	50	120	NA	30,000
	10/2/95	140	130	140	390	NA	59,000
]	6/5/95	950	650	570	150	NA	21,000
i	3/6/95	190	160	150	490	NA	32,000
	12/2/94	3,800	6,600	2,300	11,000	NA	80,000
	12/2/94	24,000	21,000	2,600	15,000	NA	320,000

Table 5
Historical Groundwater Analytical Data
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

	T	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl-Benzene	Xylenes	MtBE	TPH-g
Weli	Date	(μ g/L)	(μ g/L)	(μ g/L)	(μ g/L)	(μ g/L)	(μ g/L)
				·			400
MW-2	8/8/01	4	4	3	11	ND	125
	5/22/01	37	75	55	179	2.7	870
	3/13/01	18	34	1.3	225	ND	932
1	11/2/00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	8/9/00	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<50
	5/31/00	130	330	130	570	<5	2,930
1	2/7/00	372	639	46	134	8	6,400
i	11/9/99	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<50
1	8/23/99	6	9	4	11	ND	60
ì	6/10/99	290	428	211	744	ND	3,500
	3/16/99	730	830	610	1,900	55	7,600
	12/16/98	1,400	1,600	880	9,500	<5	26,000
	9/29/98	290	180	160	360	<0.5	29,000
l	6/30/98	2,000	2,000	1,300	4,300	NA	25,000
	12/30/97	4,900	4,900	1,600	7,000	NA	35,000
1	4/10/97	150	110	37	0	ND	53,000
	12/9/96	11	7	2	14	ND	6,200
	4/3/96	0	92	44	13	NA	27,000
	1/3/96	160	130	93	240	NA	46,000
1	10/2/95	160	130	93	240	NA	46,000
1	6/5/95	220	330	350	660	NA	8,000
1	3/6/95	3	3	3	1	NA	490
	12/2/94	1,700	2,200	1,200	3,600	NA	42,000
			·				
MW-3	8/8/01	3,485	2,670	1,255	5,420	52	41,750
	5/22/01	5,400	3,100	1,400	6,400	200	44,000
1	3/13/01	2,250	140	ND	1,284	110	14,754
	11/2/00	6,789	4,816	676	7,258	83	48,000
	8/9/00	8,900	5,636	883	7,356	176	76,000
	5/31/00	15,000	8,900	1,500	7,400	<5	68,000
1	2/7/00	6,090	3,360	<5	5,780	276	44,000
	11/9/99	3,218	1,319	<5	6,697	126	26,000
	8/23/99	7,484	8,052	1,744	9,749	141	64,000
1	6/10/99	8,245	6,425	1,015	7,173	274	46,000
1	3/16/99	4,100	6,400	1,000	6,100	470	45,000
	12/16/98	5,700	3,900	1,200	6,300	410	51,000
	1/3/96	510	410	210	650	NA	150,000
	10/2/95	510	410	210	65	NA	150,000
1	6/5/95	20,000	42,000	5,800	36,000	NA	350,000
	3/6/95	20,000	42,000	5,800	36,000	NA	350,000
	12/2/94	19,000	22,000	4,400	28,000	NA	250,000
	10/5/94	190,000	740,000	310,000	130,000	NA	3,000,000

Table 5
Historical Groundwater Analytical Data
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

Well	Date	Benzene (μ g/L)	Toluene (μg/L)	Ethyl-Benzene (μg/L)	Xylenes (μg/L)	MtBE (μg/L)	TPH-g (μg/L)
MW-4	8/8/01	12	2.2	3.9	9.0	ND	133
	5/22/01	12	1.9	4.1	9.8	ND	80
	3/13/01	ND	ND	3.2	8.7	ND	62
	11/2/00	5.30	ND	ND	8	ND	ND
	8/9/00	5.08	<5	<5	<5	<5	370
	5/31/00	42	19	16	67	<5	552
	2/7/00	1,200	61	<5	781	<5	7,800
1	11/9/99	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<50
1	8/23/99	497	41	54	145	6	660
	6/10/99	298	44	19	64	13	1,000
	3/16/99	200	35	19	56	11	600
	12/16/98	590	33	28	94	24	1,400
	9/29/98	910	77	68	200	18	6,200
	6/30/98	780	160	54	200	NA	1,700
	12/30/97	410	270	100	1,500	NA	2,300
	4/10/97	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	12/9/96	14	6	4	12	ND	4,000
ļ	4/3/96	12	8	5	14	NA	1,900
1	1/3/96	230	110	· 10	29	NA	9,300
	10/2/95	23	11	10	29	NA	9,300
	*						
MW-5	8/8/01	1.0	1.1	3.4	7.30	1.4	258
	5/22/01	ND	ND	2.1	0.57	4.4	180
	3/13/01	6.1	1.9	6.6	5.9	ND	382
	11/2/00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	8/9/00	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<50
	5/31/00	7.4	24	12	32.4	<5	627.4
	2/7/00	<5	<5	<5	7	<5	70
	11/9/99	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<50
	8/23/99	ND	4	ND	4	ND	120
	6/10/99	4	3	6	4	ND	270
	3/16/99] 3	1	16	2	10	650
	12/16/98	1	1	ND	2	ND	1,400
	9/29/98	<u> </u>	1	3	3	<.5	270
	6/30/98	<5	, <5	15	<10	NA	400
	12/30/97	82	66	59	160	NA	790
	4/10/97	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	12/9/96	NA NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA
	4/3/96	1 1	1	5	4	NA	780
	4/3/ 9 0 1/3/96	1	1	4	5	NA	1,500
	10/2/95	1	1	4	5	NA	1,500

Table 5
Historical Groundwater Analytical Data
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

Well	Date	Benzene (μg/L)	Toluene (μg/L)	Ethyl-Benzene (μg/L)	Xylenes (μg/L)	MtBE (μg/L)	TPH-g (μg/L)
MW-6	8/8/01	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1	5/22/01	760	450	1,600	4,270	ND	27,000
]	3/13/01	713	459	238	2,363	ND	15,637
	11/2/00	1,387	618	ND	5,250	ND	19,000
	8/9/00	1,306	870	<5	5,162	<5	24,000
	5/31/00	1,700	1,200	17	3,600	<5	21,700
	2/7/00	1,360	521	<5	4,150	6	17,000
	11/9/99	1,084	130	<5	10,940	<5	40,000
	8/23/99	3,806	3,649	1,554	7,996	10	42,000
	6/10/99	2,060	1,650	, 7 3 5	3,170	ND	18,500
	3/16/99	3,900	4,300	1,600	7,000	180	37,000
	1/3/96	350	310	200	610	NA	120,000
	10/2/95	350	310	200	610	NA	120,000
1							-
MW-7	8/8/01	3.70	3.0	6.2	18.9	10	610
	5/22/01	ND	9.1	1.3	2.3	28	370
	3/13/01	0.97	ND	0.76	ND	78	82
1	11/2/00	ND	ND	ND	ND	9.1	50
i	8/9/00	<5	<5	<5	<5	11.7	80
	5/31/00	4.9	22	4.2	21.9	29	494.9
]	2/7/00	<5	<5	<5	<5	23	80
	11/9/99	<5	9	<5	<5	12	290
İ	8/23/99	5	10	ND	ND	ND	570
	6/10/99	3	7	4	3	26	320
	3/16/99	3	1	1	1	62	300
	12/16/98	5	10	5	20	160	990
	9/29/98	1	1	1	2	68	1,800
	6/30/98	4	<5	9	<10	NA	620
1	12/30/97	130	98	75	200	NA	1,400
	4/10/97	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	12/9/96	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	4/3/96	2	3	5	7	NA	1,900
	1/3/96	9	12	17	45	NA	3,300
	10/2/95	10	12	17	NA	3,300	NA

Table 5
Historical Groundwater Analytical Data
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

Well	Date	Benzene (µg/L)	Toluene (μg/L)	Ethyl-Benzene (μg/L)	Xylenes (μg/L)	MtBE (μg/L)	TPH-g (μg/L)
<i></i>						454	
8-WM	8/8/01	153	46	373	345	174	5,620
	5/22/01	110	28	140	194	410	3,100
]	3/13/01	81	16	. 71	270	221	2,360
	11/2/00	278	350	209	980	21	3,000
1	8/9/00	632	5.38	<5	2,686	37.3	22,000
	5/31/00	940	130	1,600	3,960	75	25,940
	2/7/00	1,080	617	<5	4,160	240	44,200
	11/9/99	92	<5	<5	3,414	769	10,500
ľ	8/23/99	5,379	2,438	3,001	6,960	639	58,000
1	6/10/99	3,610	1,635	2,175	5,913	988	39,500
l	3/16/99	1,800	470	2,000	2,000	820	22,000
ł	12/16/98	6,300	1,700	2,200	4,400	1,300	61,000
1	6/30/98	4,600	2,800	3,500	7,300	NA	54,000
ł	12/30/97	6,000	1,600	2,100	4,700	NA	28,000
l	4/10/97	86	55	50	100	ND	24,000
	12/9/96	88	43	44	80	ND	27,000
	4/3/96	250	170	140	330	NA	58,000
	1/3/96	310	250	180	480	NA	94,000
	10/2/95	310	250	180	480	NA NA	94,000
							2.2
MW-10	8/8/01	35	1	11	2	64	242
	5/22/01	630	11	200	31	270	2,900
	3/13/01	969	18	41	72	630	4,935
	11/2/00	ND	ND	ND	ND	145	ND
	8/9/00	1,055	26	54	53.8	1,283	6,800
	5/31/00	1,500	25	390	107.1	580	4,400
L	2/7/00	<5	<5	<5	<5	448	<50
	11/9/99	1,134	20	<5	70	652	2,950
	8/23/99	2,135	97	600	248	1,800	3,250
1	6/10/99	1,168	34	264	154	1,195	4,200
	3/16/99	15	28	420	250	2,800	4,100
	12/16/98	3,800	51	790	420	1,800	8,700
	9/29/98	5,400	66	970	620	2,600	9,900
	12/30/97	5,300	76	1,100	780	NA	10,000
	4/10/97	21	9	3	3	ND	1,000

Table 5
Historical Groundwater Analytical Data
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

Well	Date	Benzene (µg/L)	Toluene (μg/L)	Ethyl-Benzene (μg/L)	Xylenes (μg/L)	MtBE (μg/L)	TPH-g (μg/L)
BRAL 44	0/0/04	No	No	NO	NO	NG	AIC.
MW-11	8/8/01	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS 40	NS
	5/22/01	12	8.3	3.3	9.8	12	280
	3/13/01	8.6	2.1	10	14	ND	273
	11/2/00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	60
İ	8/9/00	10.5	5.94	<5	7.75	<5	590
	5/31/00	27	13	9,5	29.0	<5	477
	2/7/00	20	15	<5	35	<5	700
	11/9/99	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<50
1	8/23/99	4	4	ND	6	ND	170
	6/10/99	1,240	35	290	159	1,291	4,600
	3/16/99	30	6	53	84	8	710
	12/16/98	27	4	25	33	>0.5	650
	9/29/98	7	1	4	9	22	170
	6/30/98	45	24	71	100	NA	1,100
	12/30/97	66	97	59	190	NA	, 710
	4/10/97	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	10 J 40 1						
MW-12	8/8/01	71	1.8	3	4	142	2,090
	5/22/01	1,200	ND	95	165	1,900	31,000
	3/13/01	13	5.6	5.5	11	214	1,517
	11/2/00	9.3	19.0	ND	7.40	215	1,010
	8/9/00	15.4	12.4	<5	<5	185	1,730
•	5/31/00	230	10	34	12	200	3,930
	2/7/00	351	37	<5	24	513	4,000
	11/9/99	<5	<5	<5	<5	229	80

Table 6
Total Volume of Water Treated and Effluent Chemistry
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

		Meter			ults For Infl	_		
		Reading		(0	oncentratio	ons in μg/L		
					_		Ethyl	Total
Month	Date	(galions)	MtBE	TPH-g	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes
<u>August</u>	8/3/01	1,232,480	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
			<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
July	7/26/01	1,227,270	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
			<u>330</u>	<u>2400</u>	<u>260</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>450</u>
	7/11/01	1,226,730	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
			<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
<u>June</u>	6/29/01	1,224,600	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
		1,224,600	<u>300</u>	<u>6,600</u>	<u>1,100</u>	<u>350</u>	<u>210</u>	<u>1,470</u>
	6/16/01	1,216,580	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
		1,216,580	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
	6/7/01	1,216,580	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
		1,216,580	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
<u>May</u>	5/30/01	1,205,198	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
		1,205,198	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
	5/23/01	1,194,390	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
		1,194,390	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
	5/17/01	1,182,360	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
		1,182,360	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
	5/10/01	1,166,850	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
		1,166,850	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
	5/5/01	1,151,600	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
	1	1,151,600	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
<u>April</u>	4/28/01	1,135,690	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
		1,135,690	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
	4/21/01	1,113,570	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
1		1,113,570	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
	4/11/01	1,082,700	<u>NA</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	ND	<u>ND</u>	ND
		1,082,700	<u>NA</u>	17,170	1,627	532	103	2,083
	4/6/01	1,065,540	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
ļ		1,065,540	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>

Table 6
Total Volume of Water Treated and Effluent Chemistry
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

		Meter			ults For infl	_		
		Reading		<u>(c</u>	oncentration	ons in μg/L	.) Ethyl	Total
Month	Date	(gallons)	MtBE	TPH-g	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes
	3/29/01	1,036,330		NA NA	NA	<u>NA</u>	NA	<u>NA</u>
<u>March</u>	3/29/01	1,030,330	<u>NA</u> NA	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA	<u>NA</u>	NA
	3/21/01	1,036,070	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA
	3/21/01	1,036,070	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	NA.
1	3/17/01	1,035,100	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA
	3/11/01	1,035,100	NA	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA	NA .	NA
	3/13/01	1,033,100	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	0,10,01	1,032,500	267	7250	701	81	ND	795
	3/2/01	996,520	NA	NA	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	NA NA	<u>NA</u>
		996,520	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	NA NA	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
<u>February</u>	2/10/01	975,490	Sy	stem shut	down for ma	 aintenance : '	 and cleaning เ].
	4.00.04	057.000	NE	ND	N.D.	NIT?	NID.	ND
January	1/29/01	957,880	ND ND	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND
	1/29/01	957,880	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	ND ND	i into	1 130	1.00
December	12/5/00	883,000	<u>ND</u>	ND	ND	<u>ND</u>	ND	ND ND
	12/5/00	883,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
			NE	N.E.	N.F.	ND	NIC)	ND
<u>November</u>	11/24/00	ļ	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
	11/24/00	842,000	ND ND	1	ND	ND	ND	ND
	11/1/00 11/1/00	842,000	<u>ND</u> ND	ND ND	ND	ND	ND ND	ND ND
	11/1/00	042,000	NED	NO				
October	10/1/00	809,000	<u>ND</u>	ND	ND	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
	10/1/00	809,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
August	8/24/00	778,000	<u>ND</u>	ND	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
					·		1 1 m	NO
July	7/26/00	726,000	<u>ND</u>	ND	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
1	7/19/00	718,000	ND	ND	ND ND	ND	ND ND	ND ND
	7/13/00	712,000	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
	7/7/00	706,000	<u>ND</u>	ND	IND	IND	132	, 412
June	06/29/00	700,000	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	ND	ND	ND
	06/21/00		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	06/16/00	669,720	<u>ND</u>	ND	ND	ND	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>

Table 6
Total Volume of Water Treated and Effluent Chemistry
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

		Meter		Lab Res	ults For Infl	uent and E	Effluent*	
		Reading			oncentration	-		
						, -	Ethyl	Total
Month	Date	(gallons)	MtBE	TPH-g	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes
	06/10/00	651,200	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	ND	<u>ND</u>
L								
<u>May</u>	05/31/00	629,000	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
	05/23/00	603,700	<u>ND</u>	ND	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
]	05/18/00	570,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	05/10/00	530,400	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
<u>April</u>	04/30/00	488,300	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	04/18/00	485,300	ND	ND	ND ND	ND	ND	0.51
	04/10/00	440,200	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	04/04/00	390,100	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	0 1/0 1/00	000,100	<u> 11D</u>	140	140	140	<u>110</u>	140
March	03/24/00	388,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	03/17/00	357,100	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	03/10/00	329,000	ND	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
	03/03/00	300,000						
February	02/25/00	274,000	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
	02/18/00	233,000	<u>ND</u>	ND	ND -	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
	02/11/00	190,000	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	ND	<u>ND</u>	ND	<u>ND</u>
	02/04/00	160,800	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
<u>January</u>	01/28/00	130,600	<u>ND</u>	ND	<u>ND</u>	ND	ND	<u>ND</u>
	01/21/00	103,435	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
	01/14/00	83,500	185	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
<u>December</u>	12/23/99	51,680	1486	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND
	12/23/99	51,680	ND	<u>NA</u>	ND	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
	12/16/99	30,450	963	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND
	12/16/99	30,450	<u>ND</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>	<u>ND</u>
	12/09/99	9,000	230	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
		Pu	mping bega	n on Dece	mber 6, 199	9		

* Effluent is equivalent to GAC-2

Table 7

Total Mass of Petroleum Hydrocarbons Removed by Vapor Extraction System

3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

		PID (1	opmv)	Flow Rate	Time Elapsed	Air Flow	Mass Removed 1
Date	Time	Influent	Effluent	(cfm)	(Hours)	(Liters)	(pounds)
7/24/00	5:00	394.0	0.0	85	0	0	0.00
7/25/00	5:15	38.0	2.0	95	24	3,914,096	1.01
7/26/00	5:05	207.0	1.0	80	48	3,228,121	4.52
7/27/00	9:00	160.0	5.0	92	64	2,500,944	2.71
7/28/00	4:30	141.0	7.0	87	96	4,656,139	4.44
7/29/00	1:30	225.0	8.0	85	117	3,032,734	4.62
7/30/00	9:00	226.0	12.0	85	136	2,816,110	4.31
7/31/00	3:00	141.0	5.0	85	166	4,332,478	4.13
8/1/00	5:00	135.0	4.0	80	192	3,533,942	3.23
8/2/00	4:00	80.0	4.0	80	215	3,555, 54 2 3,126,180	1.69
8/3/00	5:00	60.0	5.0	85	240	3,610,398	1.47
8/4/00	3:00	57.0	4.0	85 85	262		
8/5/00	2:00	97.0	8.0	87		3,177,150	1.23
8/6/00	12:00	114.0	8.0		285	3,399,721	2.23
8/7/00	12:00	93.0	9.0	80 85	307	2,990,259	2.31
8/8/00	4:30	152.0		85 85	331	3,465,982	2.18
8/10/00	10:00	i 1	10.0	85 85	360	4,115,854	4.23
8/11/00	7:00	173.0	1.0	85	377	2,527,279	2.96
8/11/00		78.0	4.0	70 70	410	3,924,715	2.07
8/13/00	9:00	100.0	6.0	70 70	424	1,665,031	1.13
Į.	5:00	107.0	9.0	70	456	3,805,784	2.75
8/14/00	12:30	122.0	5.0	70 - 0	476	2,319,150	1.91
8/15/00	6:00	103.0	12.0	70 70	505	3,508,457	2.44
8/16/00	12:30	112.0	0.0	7 0	524	2,200,219	1.67
8/18/00	9:00	90.0	0.0	75	568	5,670,449	3.45
8/21/00	12:00	74.0	5.0	80	643	10,194,065	5.10
8/24/00	12:00	68.0	13.0	80	712	9,378,540	4.31
8/27/00	12:30	68.5	2.0	80	785	9,854,263	4.57
8/31/00	1:30	52.0	6.0	80	882	13,184,324	4.64
9/4/00	12:30	54.0	5.0	80	977	12,912,482	4.72
9/7/00	12:00	55.0	3.0	80	1,048	9,718,342	3.62
9/11/00	4:30 ²	141.0	0.0	80	1,149	13,660,047	13.03
9/14/00	9:30	56.0	5.0	80	1,214	8,834,856	3.35
9/18/00	2:00	46.0	9.5	80	1,314	13,660,047	4.25
9/18/00	4:30 ³	34.0	0.0	80	1,317	339,802	0.08
9/21/00	4:30	43.0	1.0	80	1,389	9,786,302	2.85
9/25/00	5:30	55.0	6.0	80	1,486	13,184,324	4.91
9/28/00	9:00	47.5	7.5	80	1,550	8,766,896	2.82
10/1/00	1:00	38.5	6.0	80	1,626	10,329,986	2.69
10/5/00	3:00 ⁴	28.5	3.0	80	1,724	13,320,245	2.57
10/5/00	5:00	36.0	0.0	80	1,724	271,842	0.07
10/8/00	3:00	28.5	3.0	80	1,796	9,514,460	1.83
10/14/00	3:00	24.5	2.5	80	1,940	19,572,604	3.24
10/17/00	2:00	36.5	3.5	80	2,011	9,650,381	2.38
10/20/00	8:30	18.5	3.5	80	2,078	9,038,737	1.13
10/25/00	2:00	38.0	3.7	80	2,203	17,058,068	4.39
10/29/00	10:00	35.0	4.0	80	2,205	12,504,719	2.96

Table 7

Total Mass of Petroleum Hydrocarbons Removed by Vapor Extraction System

3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California

		PID (pmv)	Flow Rate	Time Elapsed	Air Flow	Mass Removed 1
Date	Time	influent	Effluent	(cfm)	(Hours)	(Liters)	(pounds)
11/2/00	4:00	30.5	4.0	80	2,397	13,863,928	2.86
11/7/00	4:00	30.0	6.0	80	2,517	16,310,504	3.31
11/19/00	12:00	92.7	5.5	80	2,801	38,601,525	24.20
11/24/00	13:30	25.0	6.5	80	2,923	16,514,385	2.79
11/29/00	15:00	14.5	3.5	80	3,044	16,514,385	1.62
12/4/00	16:30	10.7	1.0	80	3,190	19,776,486	1.43
12/13/00	15:30	24.0	3.0	80	3,405	29,222,986	4.74
12/28/00	14:30	10.0	6.0	85	3,764	51,845,314	3.51
1/4/2001 ⁵	14:00	8.7	3.7	85	3,907	20,723,684	1.22
			Tota	I Mass of Petro	oleum Hydrocarbo	ons Removed =	187.86
				Average Dail	y Removal Rate (pounds / day)=	1.15

¹ The representative molecular weight of hydrocarbons was assumed to be 78 gram/mole and used the measured temperature of Vapor (36 °C) in converting ppm-v to ppm on mass basis.

² System accidentally shut down from main box, readings taken 30 minutes after startup.

³ GAC Replaced

⁴ GAC-1 removed, new GAC installed at effluent end

 $^{^{\}rm 5}\,{\rm SVE}$ System turned off for rainy season due to low influent concentrations

FIGURES

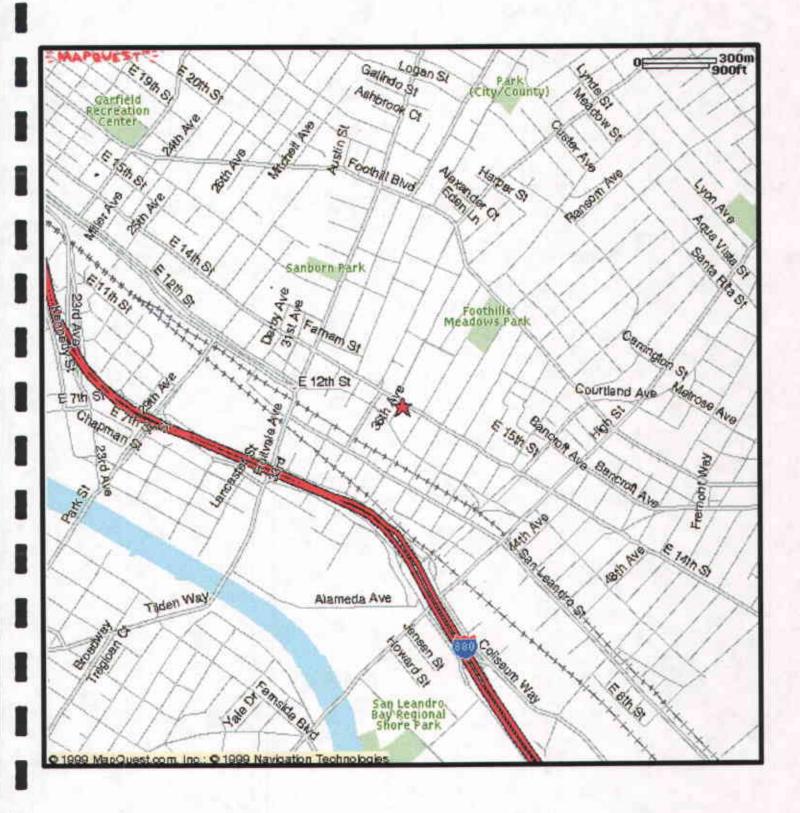


Figure 1: Site Location Map



International Blvd. (old E. 14th Street)

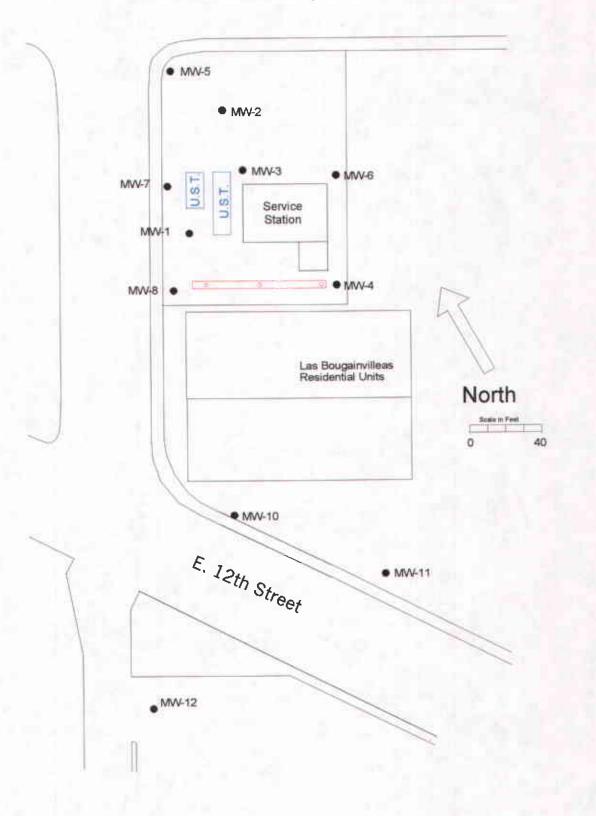


Figure 2: Location of Groundwater Monitoring Wells



International Blvd. (old E. 14th Street)

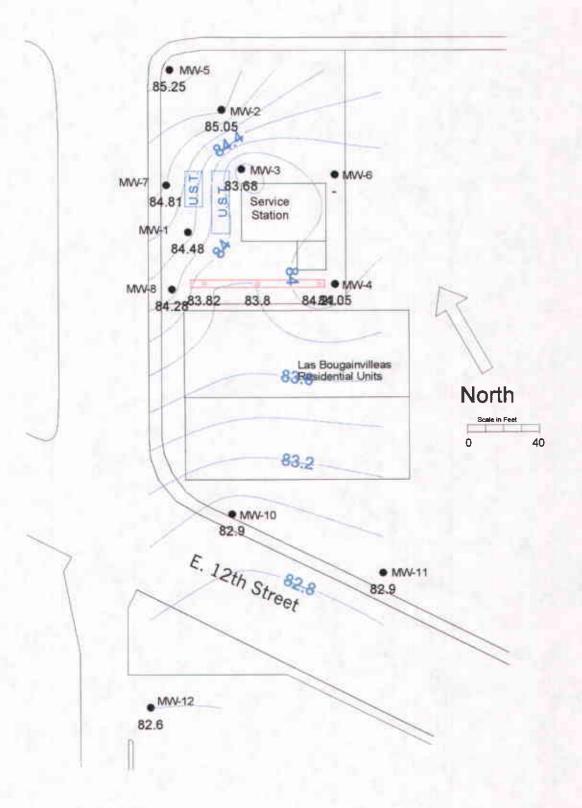


Figure 3: Groundwater Elevation Contour Map, August 8, 2001



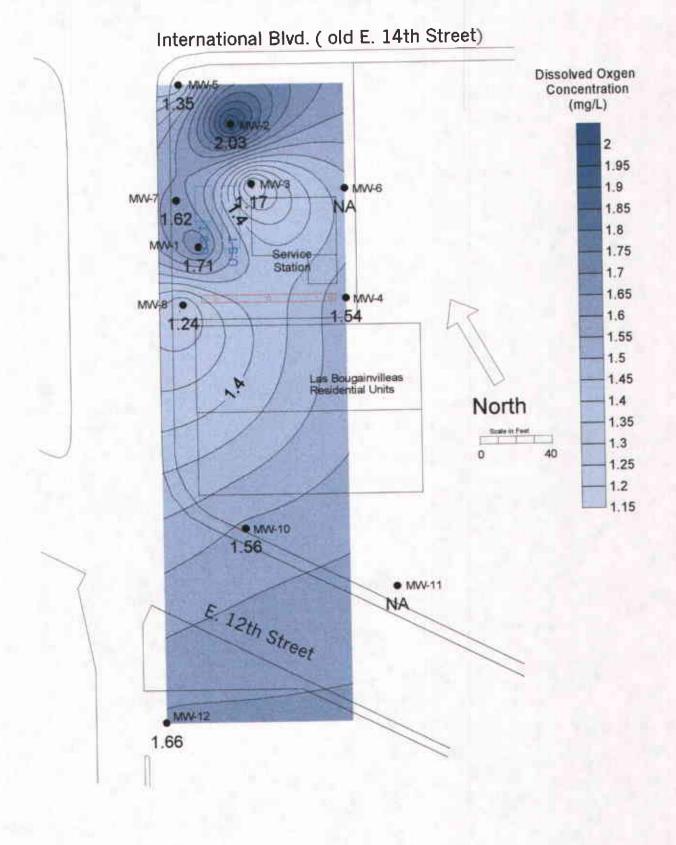


Figure 4: Dissolved Oxygen Concentration in Groundwater August 8, 2001



International Blvd.

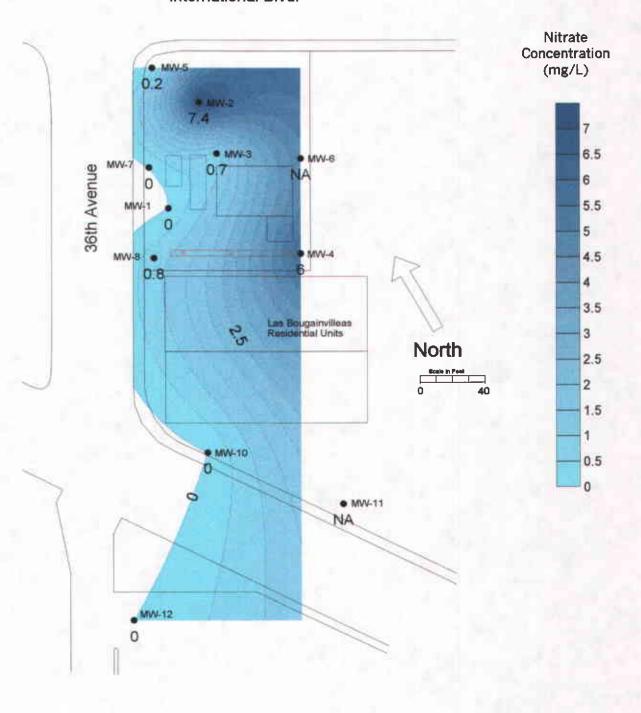


Figure 5: Nitrate Concentration Contour Map in Groundwater, August 8, 2001



International Blvd.

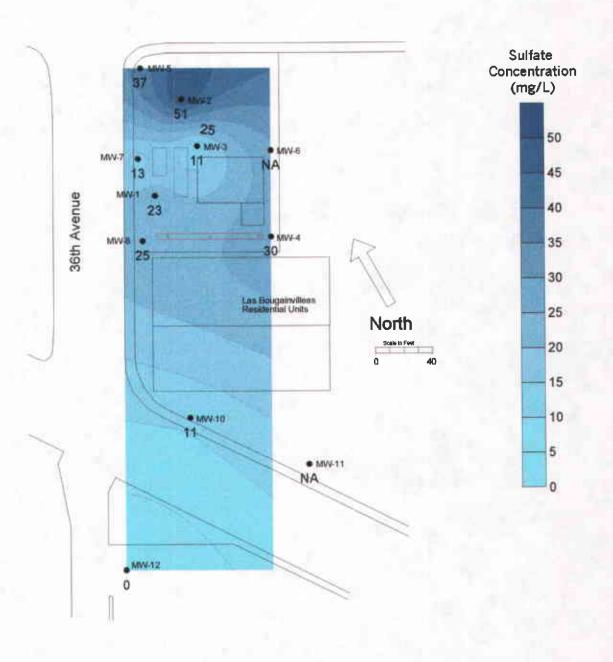


Figure 6: Sulfate Concentration Contour Map in Groundwater, August 8, 2001



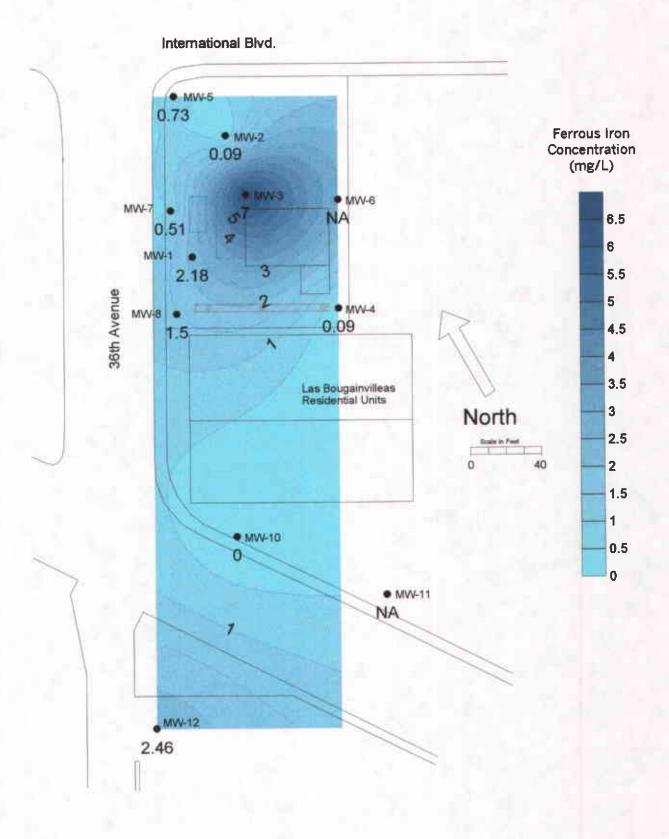


Figure 7: Ferrous Iron Concentration Contour Map in Groundwater, August 8, 2001



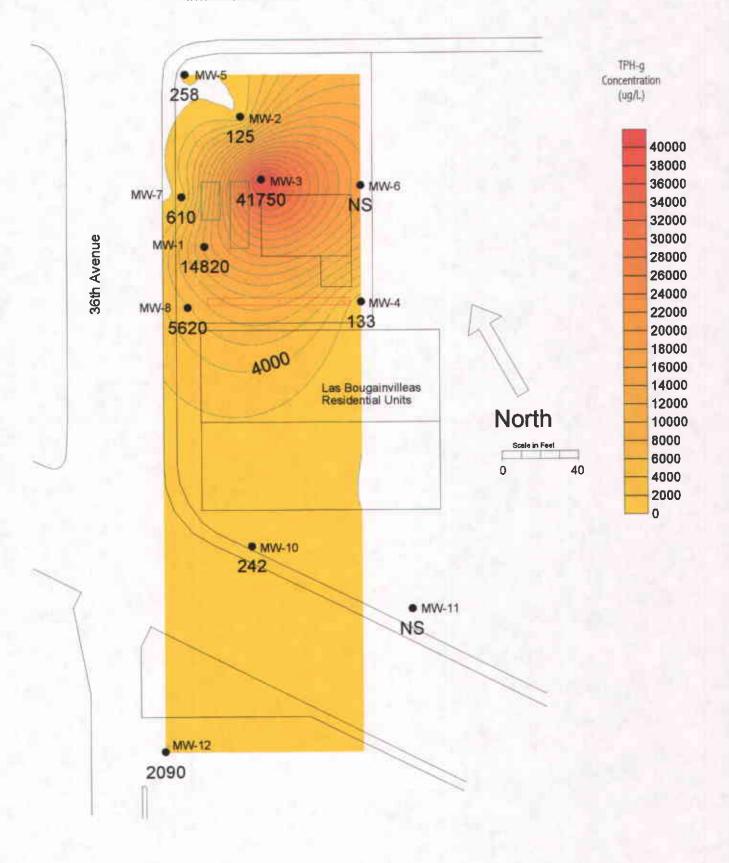


Figure 8: TPH-g Concentration Contour Map in Groundwater, August 8, 2001



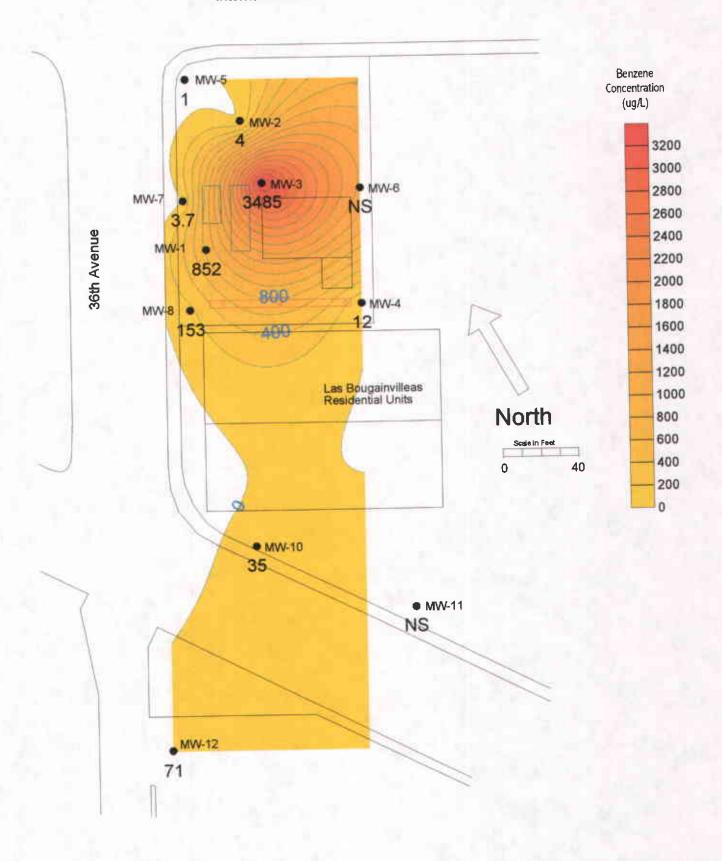


Figure 9: Benzene Concentration Contour Map in Groundwater, August 8, 2001



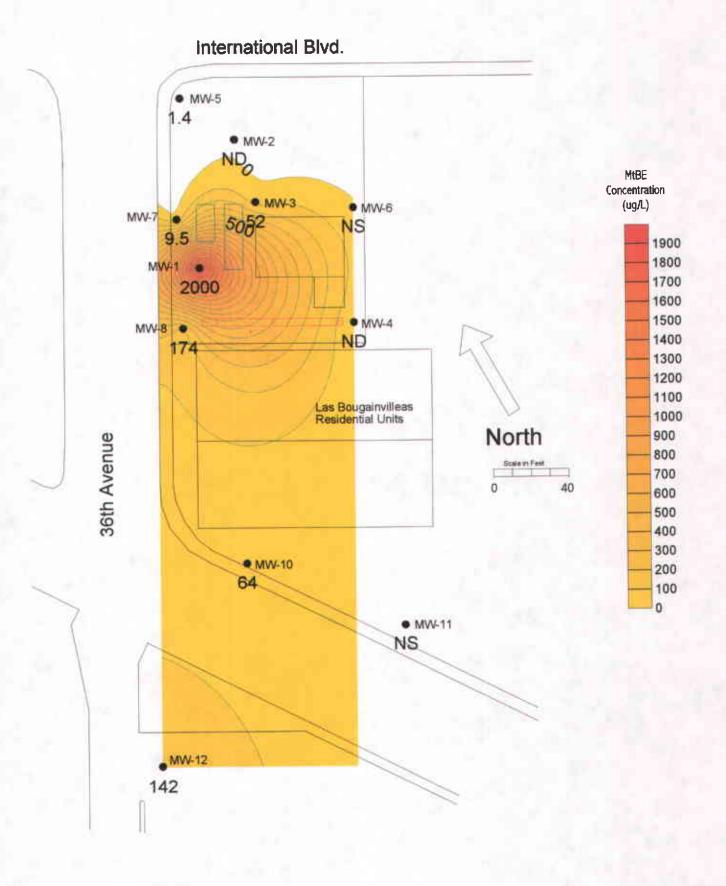
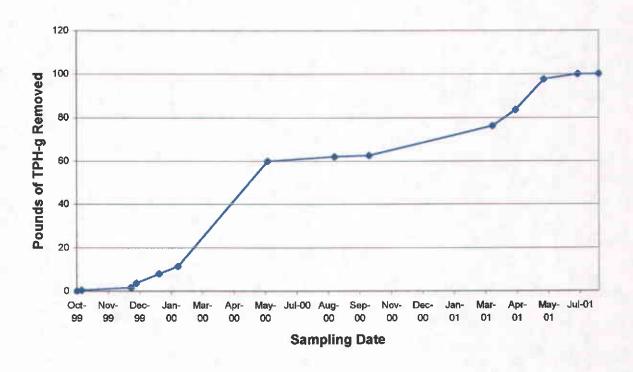
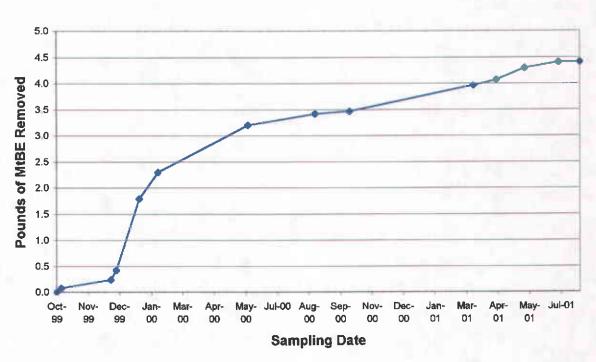


Figure 10: MtBE Concentration Contour Map in Groundwater, August 8, 2001



Figure 11
Cumulative Weight of TPH-g and MtBE Extracted from Groundwater
Since Installation of the Treatment System
3609 International Boulevard, Oakland, California





APPENDIX A

FIELD NOTES, CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORMS,

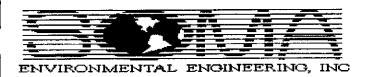
LABORATORY REPORTS,

DO CORRECTION TABLES



Well No.:		Project No.:	2331
Casing Diameter:	inches	Address:	3609 International Blvd.
Depth of Well:	feet		Oakland, CA
Elevation of the Casing:	<u>47,99</u> feet		
Depth to Water Table:	13.51 feet	Date:	Aug 8, 2001
Elevation of Water Table:	<u>84.48</u> feet	Sampler:	Naser Pakrou
Height of Water:	feet		Siu Lee
Purged Volume:	gallons		
Purging Method:	Bailer 🗆	Pump 🗹	
Sampling Method:	Bailer 🖊	Pump 🗆	
Color:	Yes 🤼 No 🔑	Descr	ribe
Sheen:	Yes □ No 🎉	Descr	ribe
Odor:	Yes 7 No □	Descr	ribe <u>slight</u> oday
			•

Time	DO (mg/L)	рH	EC (μS/cm	Turbidity (FTU)	ORP (mV)	Fe ⁺² (mg/L)	NO ₃ -1 (mg/L)	SO ₄ ⁺² (mg/L)	Temp (°C)
11:30	1.71	6.5	768	200	-35	2-18	0-0	23	19.8



•		N=-			
	Well No.:		Project N	No.:	2331
	Casing Diameter:	inches	Address	:	3609 International Blvd.
	Depth of Well:	feet			Oakland, CA
,	Elevation of the Casing:	98-58 feet			
ì	Depth to Water Table:	13.53 feet	Date:		Aug 8, 2001
	Elevation of Water Table:	85.05 feet	Sampler		Naser Pakrou
	Height of Water:	feet			Siu Lee
	Purged Volume:	gallons			
•					
ì				,	
,	Purging Method:	Bailer 🗆	Pump	ø	
		- =/			
	Sampling Method:	Bailer 🗷	Pump		
•	Color:	Yes □ No Ø	1	Describe	
Ì					
J	Sheen:	Yes □ No	1	Describe	
1	Odor:	Yes □ No 🖟	4	Describe	
	-	•			

Time	DO (mg/L)	Нq	EC (μS/cm	Turbidity (FTU)	ORP (mV)	Fe ⁺² (mg/L)	NO ₃ -1 (mg/L)	SO ₄ ⁺² (mg/L)	Temp (°C)
1:00	2.03	7.19	642	0.0	160	0.09	7.4	51	20.5



Well No.:	3	Project i	No.:	2331
Casing Diameter:	inches	Address	:	3609 International Blvd.
Depth of Well:	feet			Oakland, CA
Elevation of the Casing:	<u>97.78</u> feet			
Depth to Water Table:	14.10 feet	Date:		Aug 8, 2001
Elevation of Water Table:	$\cancel{2}3.6\cancel{8}$ feet	Sampler	•	Naser Pakrou
Height of Water:	feet			Siu Lee
Purged Volume:	gallons			
			•	
			,	
Purging Method:	Bailer 🗆	Pump	ø	
Sampling Method:	Bailer 🗹	Pump		
Color:	Yes □ No 🗵	Í	Describe	
Sheen:	Yes □ No Æ	í	Describe	
Odor:	Yes Ø No □	1	Describe	strong petroleum odor

Time	DO (mg/L)	βH	EC (μS/cm	Turbidity (FTU)	ORP (mV)	Fe ⁺² (mg/L)	NO ₃ ⁻¹ (mg/L)	SO₄ ⁺² (mg/L)	Temp (°C)
1:30	1.17	6.97	1100	28	-54	7.0	0.7	11	19-76



Well No.:	4	Project	No.:	2331
Casing Diameter:	inches	Address	s:	3609 International Blvd.
Depth of Well:	feet			Oakland, CA
Elevation of the Casing:	97.85 feet			
Depth to Water Table:	13,80 feet	Date:		Aug 8, 2001
Elevation of Water Table:	95. 045 feet	Sample	r:	Naser Pakrou
Height of Water:	feet			Siu Lee
Purged Volume:	gallons			·
			,	
Purging Method:	Bailer 🗆	Pump	Ø	
Sampling Method:	Bailer 🗹	Pump		
Color:	Yes □ No 🔎	z	Describe	
O. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	Vac II Na I	7	Donariba	
Sheen:	Yes □ No 🎉	ZI	Describe	
Odor:	Yes □ No ∫	Z	Describe	

Field Measurements

Time	DO (mg/L)	рН	EC (μS/cm	Turbidity (FTU)	ORP (mV)	Fe ⁺² (mg/L)	NO ₃ -1 (mg/L)	SO ₄ ⁺² (mg/L)	Temp (°C)
2:00	1.54	6.96	615	320	320	0.09	6.0	30	18.90



Well No.:	<i></i>	Project N	do ·	2331
		•		
Casing Diameter:	Zinches	Address	:	3609 International Blvd.
Depth of Well:	feet			Oakland, CA
Elevation of the Casing:	99.04 feet			
Depth to Water Table:	13-7 <u>9</u> feet	Date:		Aug 8, 2001
Elevation of Water Table:	85-25 feet	Sampler	-	Naser Pakrou
Height of Water:	feet			Siu Lee
Purged Volume:	gallons			
Purging Method:	Bailer 🗆	Pump		
Sampling Method:	Bailer 🗆	Pump		
Color:	Yes □ No □]	Describe	
Sheen:	Yes □ No □	3	Describe	
Odor:	Yes 🗆 No 🗀	3	Describe	

Time	DO (mg/L)	рН	EC (μS/cm	Turbidity (FTU)	ORP (mV)	Fe ⁺² (mg/L)	NO ₃ ⁻¹ (mg/L)	SO ₄ +2 (mg/L)	Temp (°C)
12:30	1.35	7.20	684	300	103	0-73	0.2	37	20.5



Well No.:			Project N	10.:	2331				
Casing Diameter:	6	inches	Address:	:	3609 Intern	ational Bl	vd.		
Depth of Well:		feet			Oakland, C	A			
Elevation of the Casing:		feet							
Depth to Water Table:		feet	Date:	-	Aug 8, 200	1			
Elevation of Water Table:		feet	Sampler:		Naser Paki	ou			
Height of Water:		feet			Siu Lee				_
Purged Volume:		gallons							
Durania w Masha da	Pailor		Buma	П	^	VD4	Acce	ssibl	le
Purging Method:	Bailer		Pump						
Sampling Method:	Bailer		Pump						
Color:	Yes □	No 🗆		Describe				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Sheen:	Yes 🗆	No 🗆		Describe					
Odor:	Yes □	No 🗆		Describe					
Field Measurements									
Time	DO	рН	EC	Turbidity	1	Fe ⁺²	NO ₃ -1	SO ₄ ⁺²	Temp
	(mg/L)		(μS/cm	(FTU)	(mV)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(°C)



Well No.:		Project l	No.:	2331
Casing Diameter:	inches	Address	s :	3609 International Blvd.
Depth of Well:	feet			Oakland, CA
Elevation of the Casing:	<u>97.§3</u> feet			
Depth to Water Table:	13. 02 feet	Date:		Aug 8, 2001
Elevation of Water Table:	84.81 feet	Sampler	•	Naser Pakrou
Height of Water:	feet			Siu Lee
Purged Volume:	gallons			
Purging Method:	Bailer 🗆	Pump	Ø	
Sampling Method:	Bailer 🗹	Pump		
Color:	Yes □ No 🔎	1	Describe	
Sheen:	Yes □ No Ø	5	Describe	
Odor:	Yes □ No 🎉	1	Describe	

Time	DO (mg/L)	ρH	EC (μS/cm	Turbidity (FTU)	ORP (mV)	Fe ⁺² (mg/L)	NO ₃ ⁻¹ (mg/L)	SO ₄ ⁺² (mg/L)	Temp (°C)
12:00	1.62	7.35	618	140	-18	0.51	0.0	13	20.5



Casing Diameter:	inches Ad	ldress:	3609 International Blvd.
Depth of Well:	feet		Oakland, CA
Elevation of the Casing:	97.25 feet		
Depth to Water Table:	12.97 feet Da	ate:	Aug 8, 2001
Elevation of Water Table:	Su. 78 feet Sa	ımpler:	Naser Pakrou
Height of Water:	feet		Siu Lee
Purged Volume:	gallons	,	
Purging Method:	Bailer □ Pu	u mp ⊅	
Sampling Method:	Bailer 🗹 Pu	ump 🗆	
Color:	Yes □ No	Describe	
Sheen:	Yes Ø No □	Describe	
Odor:	Yes ⊅ No □	Describe	strong petrolerum odor

Project No.:

2331

Fleid Measurements

Well No.:

Time ·	DO (mg/L)	pН	EC (μS/cm	Turbidity (FTU)	ORP (mV)	Fe ⁺² (mg/L)	NO ₃ -1 (mg/L)	SO ₄ ⁺² (mg/L)	Temp (°C)
2:20	1.24	6.80	1090	990	-62	1.5	0.8	25	19.18



		- (
	Casing Diameter:	inches	Address	:	3609 International Blvd.	
1	Depth of Well:	feet			Oakland, CA	
	Elevation of the Casing:	<u>94,54</u> feet				
-	Depth to Water Table:	11.64 feet	Date:		Aug 8, 2001	
	Elevation of Water Table:	<u>82.90</u> feet	Sampler	:	Naser Pakrou	
	Height of Water:	feet			Siu Lee	
	Purged Volume:	gallons				
l				_		
	Purging Method:	Bailer 🗆	Pump	ΪĮ		
I	Sampling Method:	Bailer 🔏	Pump			
	Color:	Yes □ No Æ	<u> </u>	Describe		
	Sheen:	Yes □ No 🖟	1	Describe		
l	Odor:	Yes □ No ∮	Z	Describe		

Project No.:

2331

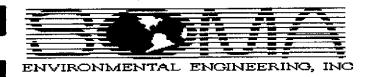
Field Measurements

Well No.:

Time	DO (mg/L)	pН	EC (μS/cm	Turbidity (FTU)	ORP (mV)	Fe ⁺² (mg/L)	NO ₃ -1 (mg/L)	SO₄ ⁺² (mg/L)	Temp (°C)
3:00	156	7.01	799	500	52	0.0	0.0	11	19.60



Mall No.	3 1		Project N	la ·	2331				
Well No.:	<u> </u>		•		3609 Interr	etional Di	ud.		
Casing Diameter:	<u>Z</u> i	nches	Address:				vu.		
Depth of Well:	1	eet			Oakland, C	:A			
Elevation of the Casing:	95.941	eet							
Depth to Water Table:	12.0%	feet	Date:		Aug 8, 200	1			
Elevation of Water Table:	82.90	feet	Sampler:		Naser Pak	rou			
Height of Water:	1	feet			Siu Lee				
Purged Volume:		gallons			4				
					Not - A b	- Acces	sife		
•					_ A L	n. # >	las po	releed	on to
Purging Method:	Bailer		Pump		- 1) 1/	V 44/1	ł	,,,,,,,	-
Sampling Method:	Bailer		Pump						
Color:	Yes 🗆	No 🗆		Describe		·			
Sheen;	Yes □	No 🗆		Describe					
Odor:	Yes 🗆	No 🗆		Describe					
I									
Field Measurements								•	
Time	DO	рH	EC	Turbidity	ORP	Fe ⁺²	NO ₃ -1	SO ₄ ⁺²	Temp
	(mg/L)	•	(μS/cm	(FTU)	(mV)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(°C)
	1 -					of the state			
1	1	i	1	1	1	1	l		



Well No.: Casing Diameter: Depth of Well: Elevation of the Casing: Depth to Water Table: Elevation of Water Table: Height of Water: Purged Volume:	1	Project No.: Address: Date: Sampler:	2331 3609 International Blvd. Oakland, CA Aug 8, 2001 Naser Pakrou Siu Lee
Purging Method: Sampling Method: Color: Sheen: Odor:	Yes □ No	□ D e:	scribe scribe scribe

Time	DO (mg/L)	pН	EC (μS/cm	Turbidity (FTU)	ORP (mV)	Fe ⁺² (mg/L)	NO ₃ -1 (mg/L)	SO ₄ *2 (mg/L)	Temp (°C)
3=45	1.66	6.91	769	72	3.0	2.46	0,0	0.0	19.7

Delta Environmental Laboratories, LLC



		Chain	of Cu	istody (ÇOC) For	m							(685	Sto	ne F	≀oad	#1	1 & 12				
Results to:Naser Pakrou]												Ca,							
SOMA Environmental Engineering					1									((70)	7(7	47-8	808	1, 8	00-747608	2 FA	X (707) 1	747-608	32
2680 Bishop Dr., #203					1												F	Proje	ect l	Name: Do	60 1 ?	<u> 233 </u>	<u> </u>	
San Ramon, CA 94503								An	alys	sis P	lequ	est	ed											0
Telephone 1-925-244-6600	Fax	92	5-24	4-660	1						9	n ty	\supset							<u>36</u>	09	Ensi	Blv	<i>.</i> /
Sampler's Signature Naser Yalfour	2	\geq										4								LAB ID	akla	and	2 (()	
Turnaround Time Standard					-			1 }				X				Ì	- 1]	Ref#				
Special Instructions::					No. of containers	Hd	Temperature	TPH-g-# BPF \$_ 8020/5030*	TPH:- D/OIL,8015M	BTEX only 8020/602	1 41	MOC 8260 X 18 1 C	SVOC 8270/625	Oil and Grease,5520 B,C,F	82	MTBE, 8260 🎖	Pestcides 8081		Others	R	6	21	0	
# Sample ID	Dat	e Tir	me	Matrix	1															Comments				
·					上	╁	\vdash	╁	567	\star	-		/			./			\dashv	<u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1 Mw-1	8/8	3/ 11.	200	H20	3			7	7	1		V		ji.		1								
2 MW-2	1	15	: 06	2	1			١,	1															
L J	++		$\neg \neg$		+	+	\vdash	╫	1	 	 	+	-			-								
3 Mw-3			30		$\downarrow \downarrow$		 	₩.	11	4	<u> </u>	1												
4 MW-4		2:	0	- {	\parallel			\prod	10	\	1													
5 MW-5	\top		1:30		1		Γ	Π	1			\prod				1								
6 MW-3-D	╁╂			. 	+	+	\vdash	H	+1		+	++				\vdash						 		
	11	1,3	45		#		<u> </u>			3	 	11												
7 MW-7		12	1:0						<u> </u>									[
8 MW-8		2	.:24	2					1															
8 MW-8 9 MW-9	1	3	:35	,	1			\prod	X													1		
10 MW-10	\prod		:0		1			V	\prod			1			1									
Relinquished by: Wasel Pallou	Dat			0 1	La	bora	ator	y đ	om	nen	its:	<u> </u>	• .			1	· · · · · ·							
Received By: Wina Samuri	Dat		/9/		7	.سي	س. م	ام	٠ -		~ /	. 0	مرن	ل.	3, 1, 14	at .	امد	1 ~		dition	ļļ.			
Relinquished by:	Dat	te			7	<u>بر</u>	∠(• •	`†	ه.	· •			(اس	r #1	3	שטפ	1	_O V	ice) i i o ri	.			
Received By:	Da	te																						
For Lah Lisa Oniv:															<u> </u>	**. * * * * *								

Delta Environmental Laboratories, LLC



Chain of Custody (COC) Form 685 Stone Road #11 & 12 Results to:Naser Pakrou Benicia, Ca, 94510 SOMA Environmental Engineering (707(747-6081, 800-7476082 FAX (707) 747-6082 2680 Bishop Dr., #203 Project Name: Diod San Ramon, CA 94503 Analysis Requested Telephone 1-925-244-6600 925-244-6601 Sampler's Signature Turnaround Time Oil and Grease, 5520 B, C, F R6210 PH-g+BTEX, 8020/5030 BTEX only 8020/602 PH - D/01L,8015M Pestcides 8081 SVOC 8270/6 MTBE, 8260 Oxygenates, **Femperature** PCB 8082 Others VOC 표 Special Instructions:: Sample ID Date Time Matrix Comments: MW-12 3:45 H20 Relinquished by: No Laboratory Comments: Date samples received in good condition Received By: Date 2/9/0 Relinquished by: Date

Date

For Lab Use Only:

Received By:



SOMA

2680 Bishop Drive #203 San Ramon, CA 94503

Client Project ID:

Project # 2331 3609 INT Blvd Oakland, CA

Ref. Method: R6210_400 EPA 5030/8015M

Sampled:

08/08/01

Received:

08/09/01

Matrix

Water

Prepared Analyzed: 08/15/01 8/15-16/01

Reported:

08/20/01

Analyst:

DS

Unit

ug/L

QC batch COC no.

8151601 6210

Work Order:

2331

Attention: Naser Pakrou

Laboratory Results of Analysis for TPH-G

	Detection			Resul	ts	**
Analyte	Limit			Sample	: ID	
ug/L	ug/L	MW-1	MW-2	WW-3	MW-4	MW-5
FPH-G	50	14,820	125	41,750	133	258

QC Batch: 8151601

ND:Not Detected

Delta Environmental Laboratories,

Thorn Hossein Khosh Khoo, Ph.D. Laboratory Director/ President



SOMA

2680 Bishop Drive #203 San Ramon, CA 94503

Client Project ID: Project # 2331 3609 INT Blvd Oakland, CA

R6210_101 Ref. Method: EPA 8260B Sampled: 08/08/01 Received: 08/09/01 Matrix Water Prepared 08/15/01

Analyzed: 8/15-16/01 Reported: 08/20/01 Analyst: DS

2331

Unit ug/L QC batch 8151601 COC no. 6210 Work Order:

QC Batch: 8151601

Attention: Naser Pakrou

Laboratory Results of Analysis for BTEX & MTBE

	CAS#	Detection			Resi	ılts							
Analyte		Limit ug/L		Sample ID									
			WM-3-D	MW-7	MW-8	MW-9	MW-10	MW-12					
ВТЕХ													
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	3,075	3.7	153	72	35	71					
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	2,245	3.0	46	1.8	0.6	1.8					
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	1,100	6.2	373	2.9	11	2.8					
m-p-Xylenes	1330-20-7	0.5	3,410	16	317	3.4	1.8	3.3					
o-xylene	95.47.6	0.5	1,400	2.9	28	0.7	ND	0.7					
MTBE	01634-04-4	0.5	49	9.5	174	149	64	142					
Surrogate	Cor	IC.			% Re	covery							
Bromofluorobenzene	20		103	105	88	91	- 88	88					

ND Not Detected

Delta Environmental Laboratories, Ersell

Hossein Khosh Khoo, Ph.D. Laboratory Director/ President



Quality Control Report

Client;

SOMA

2680 Bishop Drive, #203

San Ramon, CA 94503

Client Project ID:

Project # 2331 3609 INT Blvd

Oakland, CA

QC Batch: 8151601.

Ref.:

Q6210_400

Method Sampled:

EPA /8015M5030 8/8/01

Received:

8/9/01

Matrix:

Water

Analyzed: Analyst

8/15-16/01 DS

Reported:

8/20/01 ug/L Blank

Units: Sample ID

Quality Control Report for TPH-G Analysis

Analyte	Detection Limit ug/L	Sample Result ug/L	Spike Added ug/L	% MS Recovery	% MSD Recovery	Relative % Difference RPD	Method
TPH-G	50	ND	400	101	103	2.0	5030/8015M

Delta Environmental Laboratories

Laboratory Director/President



Quality Control Report

ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORIES, Ltd

Client:

SOMA

2680 Bishop Drive, #203 San Ramon, CA 94503

Client Project ID: Project # 2331 3609 INT Blvd

Oakland, CA

Sampled: Received: Matrix:

Ref.:

Method

Q6210_100 EPA8260B 8/8/01 8/9/01

Water

Analyzed: 8/15·16/01 Analyst DS

Reported: Units:

Sample 1D

8/20/01 ug/L Blank

Quality Control Report for MTBE & BTEX Analysis

QC Batch: 8151601

0.5	ND					
		20	94	95	1.1	8260B
0.5	ND	20	94	94	0.0	8260B
0.5	ND	20	96	107	10.8	8260B
1.0	GN	40	96	102	6.1	8260B
0.5	ND	20	96	100	4.1	8260B
	***************************************			% Recovery	1	
San Property	0.5 1.0 0.5	0.5 ND 1.0 ND	0.5 ND 20 1.0 ND 40 0.5 ND 20	0.5 ND 20 96 1.0 ND 40 96 0.5 ND 20 96	0.5 ND 20 96 107 1.0 ND 40 96 102 0.5 ND 20 96 100 Canc %Recovery	0.5 ND 20 96 107 10.8 1.0 ND 40 96 102 6.1 0.5 ND 20 96 100 4.1 Canc % Recovery

Delta Environmental Laboratories

H.Khosh Khoo, PhD., Laboratory Director/President



SOMA

2680 Bishop Drive #203 San Ramon, CA 94503

Client Project ID: Project # 2331 3609 INT Blvd Oakland, CA

QC Batch: 8151601

Ref. Method: R6210_401 EPA 5030/8015M

Sampled: Received: 08/08/01 08/09/01

Matrix Prepared

Water 08/15/01

Analyzed: Reported: 8/15-16/01 08/20/01

Analyst: Unit

DS ug/L

QC batch COC no. 8151601 6210 2331

Work Order:

Attention: Naser Pakrou

Laboratory Results of Analysis for TPH-G

Analyte Detection Limit ug/L			Results Sample ID										
	MW-3-D	MW-7	8-WM	MW-9	MM-TO	MW-12							
TPH-G	50	40,950	610	5,620	2,017	242	2,090						
Surrogate Bromofluorobenza	ne.	102	99	% Re 103	covery 106	109	107						

ND:Not Detected

Delta Environmental Laboratories,

Hossein Khosh Khoo, Ph.D. Laboratory Director/ President



SOMA

2680 Bishop Drive #203 San Ramon, CA 94503

Attention: Naser Pakrou

Client Project ID: Project # 2331

3609 INT Blvd

QC Batch: 8151601

Oakland, CA

Ref. Method:

R6210_102 EPA 8260B 08/08/01

Sampled: Received: Matrix

08/09/01 Water

Prepared 08/15/01 Analyzed: 8/15-16/01

Reported: Analyst: Unit

08/20/01 DS ug/L

QC batch COC no.

8151601 6210

Work Order: 2331

Laboratory Results of Analysis for BTEX & MTBE

	CAS#	Detection	Results
Analyte		Limit	Sample ID
		ug/L	Blank
BTEX			
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ND ND
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ND ND
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ND ND
m-p-Xylenes	1330-20-7	0.5	ND ND
o-xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ND
MTBE	01634-04-4	0.5	ND
Surrogate	Con	ic.	% Recovery
Bromofluorobenzene	20		% Recovery 86

ND:Not Detected

Delta Environmental Laboratories,

Hossein Khosh Khao Ph.D Laboratory Director/ President



SOMA

2680 Bishop Drive #203 San Ramon, CA 94503 Client Project ID: Project # 2331

3609 INT Blvd

Oakland, CA

Ref.

R6210_402 EPA 5030/8015M

Method: Sampled:

08/08/01

Received: Matrix 08/09/01 Water

Prepared Analyzed: 08/15/01 8/15-16/01 08/20/01

Reported: Analyst:

DS ug/I

2331

Unit QC batch ug/L 8151601 6210

COC no. Work Order:

QC Batch: 8151601

Attention: Naser Pakrou

Laboratory Results of Analysis for TPH-G

	Detection	Results
Analyte	Limit	Sample ID
	ug/L	
		Blank
TPH-G	50	ND
Surrogate		% Recovery
Bramofluoropenza	ene	58

ND:Not Detected

Delta Environmental Laboratories,

Hossein Khosh Khoo, Ph.D. Laboratory Director/ President



SOMA

2680 Bishop Drive #203 San Ramon, CA 94503

Client Project ID: Project # 2331 3609 INT Blvd Oakland, CA

Sampled: 08/08/01 Received: 08/09/01 Matrix Water Prepared Analyzed: Reported:

08/15/01 8/15-16/01 08/20/01 DS

R6210_100

EPA 8260B

Analyst: Unit QC batch

Ref.

Method:

ug/L 8151601 COC no 6210 Work Order: 2331

QC Batch: 8151601

Attention: Naser Pakrou

Laboratory Results of Analysis for BTEX & MTBE

	CAS#	Detection			Resi	ılts	
Analyte		Limit ug/L			Samp	le ID	
	<u> </u>		MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5
BTEX							
Benzene	71.43.2	0.5	852	4.0	3,485	12	1.0
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	342	3.8	2,670	2.2	1.1
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	568	3.3	1 255	3.9	3.4
m-p-Xylenes	1330-20-7	0.5	1,299	8.1	.3.835	7.0	6.2
o-xylene	95-47-6	0.5	307	2.4	1,585	2.0	1.1
MTBE	01634-04-4	0.5	2,000	ND	52	ND	1.4
Surrogate	Cor						200200-0000
Bromofluorobenzene	20		93	103	% Recovery 101	101	100

ND:Not Detected

Delta Environmental Laboratories...

Hossein Khosh Khoo, Ph.D. Laboratory Director/ President

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WATER • WASTE WATER • HAZARDOUS WASTE • FUEL • AIR • SOIL



ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORIES, Ltd

Ref.

SOMA

2680 Bishop Drive #203 San Ramon, CA 94503

Client Project ID: 3369 Int Blvd

Oakland 2331

Mathod: EPA 8020/5030 Sampled: 09/10/01 Received: 09/10/01 Matrix Water Prepared 09/10/01 09/10/01 Analyzed:

R6281_400

Reported: 09/10/01 Analyst: DS ug/L Unit

QC batch 91001 ČOC no. 6281 Work Order: 3369

QC Batch: 9101101

Altention: Naser Pakrou

Laboratory Results of Analysis for BTEX & TPH-G

	CAS#	Detection	Results					
Analyle		Limit	Sample ID					
		ug/L [
			MW-1					
BTEX								
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	2,575					
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	1,075					
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	1,089					
m.p.Xylenes	1330-20-7	0.5	3,035					
o-xylene	95-47-6	0.5	775					
TPH-G		50	36,650					
Surrogale	Ee	HC.	% Recovery					
Bromoliuorobenzeni	e 2	0	79.					

ND:Not Detected

Delta Environmental Laboratories,

Hossein Klosh Khoo, Ph.E. Laboratory Director/ President WATER • WASTE WATER • HAZARDOUS WASTE • FUEL • AIR • SOIL



ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORIES, Ltd

SOMA

2680 Bishop Drive #203 San Ramon, CA 94503 Client Project ID: 3369 Int Blvd

Oakland 2331

Method: Sampled: Received: Matrix

Ref.

R6281_100 EPA 8260 09/10/01 09/10/01

Received: 09/10/01 Matrix Water Prepared 09/10/01 Analyzed: 09/10/01

Reported: 09/10/01 Analyst: DS Unit ug/L

QC hatch 9101101 COC no. 6281 Work Order: 2331

QC Batch: 9101101

Attention: Naser Pakrou

Laboratory Results of Analysis for MTBE

Analyte	CAS#	Detection Limit ug/L	Results Sample ID					
•		ug/L	MW-1					
MTBE	01634-04-4	0.5	52,000	:				
Surrogale Bromoliuorobenze	Gor ne 7	ie i	集 Recovery BD					

ND:Not Detected

Delta Environmental Laboratories.

Hossein Khosh Khoo, Ph.U. Laboratory Director/ President

OXYGEN SOLUBILITY AND CALIBRATION VALUE VALUE S

TABLE A — Solubility of Oxygen in mg/L in Water Exposed to Air at 760 mm Hg Pressure

					• •	
Temp C	Chlorinity: 0 Salinity: 0	5.0 9.0	10.0 18.1	15.0 27.1	20.0 36.1	25.0 45.2
0.0 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 10.0 11.0 12.0 12.0 13.0 12.0 13.0 14.0 15.0 16.0 17.0 18.0 19.0 21.0 21.0 21.0 22.0 23.0 24.0 25.0 31.0	14.62 14.22 13.83 13.46 13.11 12.77 12.45 12.14 11.84 11.56 11.03 10.78 10.08 10.31 10.08 9.67 9.47 9.69 8.74 8.42 8.26 17.97 7.56 8.42 8.74 7.95 6.84 6.73 6.62 6.62 6.62 6.62 5.93	12.02 11.73 11.44 11.17 10.91 10.42 10.18 9.75 4.30 9.75 9.34 9.75 9.34 9.75 7.75 7.75 9.34 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75	11.91 11.62 11.05 10.78 10.53 10.29 10.53 10.29 10.64 9.62 9.62 9.62 9.62 9.63 7.73 7.46 6.85 6.63 5.87 5.50 5.50 5.50 5.50 5.50 5.50 5.50 5.5	12.10 11.78 11.20 10.40 10.10 10.40 10.10	11.07 10.53	10.66 10.314 10.99

TABLE B.— Calibration Values for Various Atmospheric Pressures

PRE	SSURE	AL	TITU	DE	CORRECTION			
in. Hg	mm Hg	kPa	Feet	m	FACTOR (%)			
30.23	768	102.3	-276·	-84	101			
29.92	760	101.3	0.	Ö	100			
29.61	752	100.3	278	8 5	99			
29.33	745	99.3	558	170	98			
29.02.	737	98.3	841	256	97			
28.74	730	97.3	1126	343	96			
28,43	722	96.3	1413	431	95			
28.11	714	95.2	1703	519	94			
27.83	707	94.2	1995	608	93			
27.52	699	93.2		698	92			
27.24	692	92.2	2587	789	91			
26.93	684	91.2	2887	880	90			
26.61	676	90.2	3190	972	89			
26.34	669	89.2	3496	1066	88			
26.02	661	88.2		1160	87			
25.75	654	87.1	4115		86			
25.43	646	86.1	4430	1350	85			
25.12	638	85.1	4747.	1447	84			
24.84	631	84.1	5067	1544	83			
24,53 24,25	623	83.1	5391	1643	82			
24.23 23.94	616	82.1	5717	1743	81			
23.54	608	81.1	6047	1843	80,			
23.35	600	80.0	6381	1945	7 9 1			
23.03	593 585	79.0	6717	2047	78			
22.76	აგა 578	78.0	7058	2151	7 7			
22.70	570	77.0	7401	2256	76			
22.13	562	76.0	7749	2362	75			
		75.0	8100	2469	74			
19.76								
21.85 21.54 21.26 20.94 20.63 20.35 20.04 19.76	555 547 540 532 524 517 509 502	67.9		2577 2687 2797 2909 3023 3137 3253 3371	73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66			