

qettler — ryan <u>inc.</u>

May 1, 1991

Ms. Susan Hugo Alameda County Department of Environmental Health 80 Swan Way, Room 200 Oakland, California 94621

Reference:

Shell Service Station 1800 Powell Street Emeryville, California WIC 204-2495-0101

Ms. Hugo:

As requested by Mr. Jack Brastad of Shell Oil Company, we are forwarding a copy of the Site Update report, dated April 29, 1991, for the above referenced The report presents the results of the ground-water sampling conducted during the first quarter of 1991.

Should have any questions or comments please do not hesitate to call.

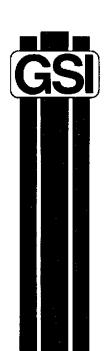
Sincerely,

John Werfal Project Manager

enclosure

Mr. Thomas Callaghan, S.F. Regional Water Quality Control Board

Mr. Jack Brastad, Shell Oil Company



SITE UPDATE

Shell Service Station 1800 Powell Street Emeryville, California WIC 204-2495-0101

RECEIVED

APR 3 0 1991



GeoStrategies Inc. 2140 WEST WINTON AVENUE

2140 WEST WINTON AVENUE HAYWARD, CALIFORNIA 94545

GETTLER-RYAN INC.

GENERAL CONTRACTORS

(415) 352-4800

April 29, 1991

Gettler-Ryan Inc. 2150 West Winton Avenue Hayward, California 94545

Attn:

Mr. John Werfal

Re:

SITE UPDATE Shell Service Station 1800 Powell Street Emeryville, California

Gentlemen:

This Site Update has been prepared by GeoStrategies Inc. (GSI) and presents the results of the 1991 first quarter ground-water sampling performed by Gettler-Ryan Inc. (G-R) for the above-referenced site (Plate 1). This report also includes results of a land-use survey and tidal study. The scope of work presented in this document was performed at the request of Shell Oil Company. Field work and laboratory analysis methods were performed to comply with current State of California Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) guidelines.

SITE BACKGROUND

There are currently seven monitoring wells in the site Wells S-5, S-8, S-9, S-10, S-12, S-13 and S-14 (Plate 2). vicinity; Five of these wells were installed prior to 1982 and boring logs GSI installed Wells S-12 through S-14 in 1989. unavailable. S-1 through S-4 and S-11 were redesignated as tank backfill wells S-A through S-E, respectively. Wells S-8 through S-10 and S-12 through S-14 are on site and Well S-5 is off site. These wells were installed to evaluate the vertical and horizontal extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in soils and shallow groundwater beneath the site.

of wells 1988. Ouarterly monitoring and sampling began in Ground-water samples have been analyzed for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons calculated as Gasoline (TPH-Gasoline) according to EPA (Modified) Benzene, Method 8015 Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and and Xylenes (BTEX) according to EPA Method 8020.

760501-10

Gettler-Ryan Inc. April 29, 1991 Page 2

Floating product has been observed in Well S-9 since June 1986. Due to the highly viscous nature of this floating product, an accurate thickness can not be measured in Well S-9 at this time.

CURRENT QUARTERLY SAMPLING RESULTS

Potentiometric Data

Prior to ground-water sampling, depth to water-level measurements were obtained in each well using an electronic oil-water interface probe. Static ground-water levels were measured from the surveyed top of well box and recorded to ± 0.01 foot. Ground-water elevations relative to Mean Sea Level (MSL) are presented in Table 1. Shallow ground-water flow is to the south-southeast. The calculated hydraulic gradient is 0.01.

Floating Product Measurements

Each well was checked for the presence of floating product using a portable oil-water interface probe. A clear acrylic bailer was used to confirm interface probe results. Floating product was measured in Wells S-10 (0.03 feet) and S-14 (0.01 feet) this quarter.

Ground-water Analytical Data

Ground-water samples were collected on January 14, 1991. The samples were analyzed for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons calculated as Gasoline (TPH-Gasoline), as Oil (TPH-Oil) and as Diesel (TPH-Diesel) according to EPA Method 8015 (Modified), and for Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes (BTEX) according to EPA Method 8020 by International Technology (IT), a California state-certified laboratory located in San Jose, California.

Gettler-Ryan Inc. April 29, 1991 Page 3

S-12 and S-13 TPH-Gasoline was detected in Wells S-5, S-8, concentrations ranging from 0.12 to 4.5 parts per million (ppm). Benzene concentrations in these same wells ranged from 0.0036 to 1.1 TPH-Diesel was detected in Wells S-5, S-8, S-12 and S-13 at TPH-Oil was detected in concentrations ranging from 0.76 to 6.1 ppm. Wells S-8, S-12 and S-13 at concentrations ranging from 0.6 to 1.6 These data are summarized in Table 1 and included in Appendix ppm. chemical concentration map for TPH-Gasoline and benzene concentrations is presented Plate 4. Historical chemical on analytical data are presented in Table 2.

Quality Control

The quality control sample for this quarter's sampling was a trip blank. This sample was prepared in the laboratory using organic-free water to evaluate laboratory and field handling procedures.

LAND-USE SURVEY

potential This historical land-use survey identifies contamination sources in the vicinity of the study area. The survey was done by reviewing documents at the San Francisco Regional Water (RWQCB), Control Board aerial photographs, city directories. telephone newspaper articles, Sanborn insurance maps and Historical conversations with Emeryville Society personnel. The documents researched are listed in the reference section of this report.

The site is built on artificial fill consisting of imported clayey and sandy soil, and industrial and construction waste and refuse. Filling began in 1884 when Paraffine Company (Paraffine) bought ten acres on the Emeryville waterfront. Filling was terminated in 1969 due to environmental concerns for the Bay. Based on available boring log data, the fill material at the Shell Service Station site extends to an approximate depth of at least 10 feet and appears continuous across the site.

Gettler-Ryan Inc. April 29, 1991 Page 4

In 1972, a Holiday Inn was built west of the Shell Service Station. J.O. Industries requested an environmental site assessment to be performed for the Holiday Inn property. The results of this assessment are presented in the Certified Engineering and Testing Company, Inc. (CETCO) report dated August 21, 1989. CETCO drilled two soil borings on the Holiday Inn property to assess subsurface contamination and material composition. Refuse (i.e. concrete, brick and plastic) was encountered to a depth of approximately 6 feet below grade in both borings.

GSI drilled soil borings S-12, S-13 and S-14 at the Shell site in 1989. Tar paper was encountered at 4.5 and 9.0 feet and refuse at 4.5 in Boring S-12. Refuse and tar paper was encountered at 6.0 and 9.5 feet in Boring S-13 and 9.0 feet in Boring S-14. These borings were subsequently completed as monitoring wells S-12, S-13, and S-14. These findings are presented in the GSI report dated Feb. 2, 1990.

Paraffine in 1884. began production Products manufactured included: linoleum and other hard-surfaced floor coverings, Paraffine and building materials, paints, varnishes, lacquers enamels. A 1949 aerial photograph shows two above-ground storage tanks located across from Paraffine on filled tidal land. tanks (A&B, Plate 5) were located approximately 700 feet north of the present Shell site. Eleven more tanks (designated as C, Plate 5) and a group of buildings were located at the northeast corner of Powell Street and Interstate 80. Due to the nature of products manufactured and stored by Paraffine, it is believed that these tanks contained of the following products: one or more varnish, linseed thinner, and paints.

A 1957 aerial photograph shows the area of the Shell site completely filled, with dumping of various waste material. Dumping still continued to the west of the Shell site. All above-ground storage tanks previously observed in the 1949 photograph are still present in the 1957 photograph.

In a 1969 aerial photograph, all of the above-ground tanks observed in earlier photographs had been removed. Buildings on the northeast corner of Powell and Highway 80 had also been removed. The removal of tanks and buildings is related to the closure of Paraffine in the 1960's.

Gettler-Ryan Inc. April 29, 1991 Page 5

By 1970, land use in the area began to convert from industrial complexes to hotels, condominiums, restaurants and business buildings.

Potential off-site contamination sources include the ten sites listed below. All ten sites listed below were reported in the CETCO report dated June 16, 1988 and are presented on Plate 5. When available, information regarding the ten sites were checked by GSI for accuracy.

1) Paraffine Industrial Plant

There is known soil contamination at this Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Superfund Clean-up site. Heavy metals such as lead, zinc and iron have been detected in relatively high concentrations.

- 2) American Bitumals and Asphalt
 This abandoned site is located at 1520 Powell Street. Vinyl chloride, hydrocarbons and dichloroethylene have been detected in monitoring wells. This site is part of the EPA Superfund Clean-up effort.
- 3) Pfizer Inc.
 This abandoned EPA Superfund Clean-up site is located at 4650 Shellmound Street. A leaking underground tank has contaminated the soil with hydrocarbons. Remedial action has been used to remove the tank. The Pfizer site has been used in the manufacturing of paint pigments.
- Westinghouse Electric Company abandoned identified by California site has been (DHS) Department of Health Service for clean-up. Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's) have been discharged into The areal extent of this PCB discharge has not the soil. although off-site contamination has been been delineated, identified. No clean-up completion dates have been projected by the DHS.

Gettler-Ryan Inc. April 29, 1991 Page 6

- 5) P.I.E. Nationwide Truck Facility
 This facility is located at 5500 Eastshore Freeway. The soils were contaminated by fuel hydrocarbons. Waste oil, gas and diesel tanks have been removed.
- 6) Bayport Development
 Soil samples submitted for chemical analyses contained concentrations of lead and zinc which exceed the California Toxic Threshold limit at this location (64th St. and La Coste St., north of the Paraffine plant). This site is currently being developed for office buildings.
- 7) City of Emeryville (Market Place)
 This site is located at the corner of Shellmound and Powell Street. The RWQCB reported this as the site of a leaking underground fuel storage tank.
- 8) Michel and Pelton
 Underground fuel tanks have been removed and remedial clean-up of contaminated soils has been completed at this property, located at 5743 Landregan. The RWQCB may recommend that wells be installed to monitor groundwater on this site.
- 9) Scwabacker-Frey
 An underground diesel fuel storage tank leak was reported at this address, 5733 Pelladeauk, in January 1987. Two soil samples collected at approximately 11 feet below ground in the tank excavation contained 270 ppm and 540 ppm diesel. This site is currently under investigation by the RWQCB.
- 10) Nielsen Freight Lines This property is located Christie 64th Street. at and (1987),oil spills together hydrocarbon with contamination from earlier industrial operations (tar and paint components) have occurred. This property is being developed for a retail structure. Minor remedial action is being required on the property.

Gettler-Ryan Inc. April 29, 1991 Page 7

TIDAL AND GROUND-WATER LEVEL SURVEY

A comparison of tidal and ground-water levels was performed to evaluate tidal influence, if any, on ground-water levels beneath the site. The water levels were recorded using a pressure transducer connected to an In-Situ HERMIT Datalogger, Model SE2000 (Hermit). Tidal data were derived from a San Francisco Bay tide book.

The Hermit monitoring of groundwater in the on-site monitoring well began on the afternoon of July 10, 1990, and continued for 3,970 Water levels in the monitoring well were recorded every ten minutes. On July 13, 1990, the ground-water level monitoring was minutes. Tidal data and ground-water level measurements are stopped. presented on the Tidal Survey Plot (Plate 6). As shown on Plate 6, ground-water levels appear to be influenced by daily fluctuations, although there is a lag time of approximately 400-500 minutes between high tide and higher ground-water levels.

Data from the tidal and ground-water level survey indicate that ground-water levels are not significantly influenced by daily tidal fluctuations. The maximum difference in water levels observed during the tidal and ground-water survey was approximately 0.10 feet.

DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

Information reviewed in the Land-Use Survey indicate that soils beneath the site are primarily fill material consisting of industrial and construction waste. Boring log data substantiate that tar paper and other refuse were encountered to approximately 10 feet below grade. Based on review of aerial photographs, the fill soils beneath the Shell Service Station were placed between 1949 and 1957. Prior to this filling, the bay water in this area was likely to have been brackish. Since a relatively permeable fill was placed in this area to raise the land surface above MSL, the "shallow" aquifer appears to be the artificial fill placed in an area previously submerged by bay water.

Gettler-Ryan Inc. April 29, 1991 Page 8

Given present and historic land use within the vicinity of Emeryville Peninsula, it does not appear that the shallow groundwater is likely to be used as a potable, industrial or agricultural water It is also suspected that sustained pumping of the shallow groundwater in the area will induce intrusion of saline water from San Francisco Bay, degrading the overall quality of the water. This is because the "shallow" aquifer is an artificial fill, possibly connected hydraulically to the bay. Lastly, the soil in this area liquefied during the October 17, 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake. observed in several Evidence of this liquefaction was sections of Interstate 80 near Powell Street. Liquefaction cracks may allow surface contaminants to penetrate this shallow aquifer.

Based on historical land use, chemical analyses of groundwater from the site, it is our opinion that concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons found in the groundwater should not seriously degrade the present quality of shallow groundwater.

Gettler-Ryan Inc. April 29, 1991 Page 9

If you have any questions, please call.

GeoStrategies Inc. by,

Timothy J Walker

Geologist

David H. Peterson Senior Geologist

C.E.G. 1186

TJW/DHP/kji

Plate 1. Vicinity Map

Plate 2. Site Plan

Plate 3. Potentiometric Map

Daviel H. Petera

Plate 4. TPH-Gasoline/Benzene Concentration Map

Na. 1186 CERTIFIED ENGINEERING

GEOLOGIST

Plate 5. Potential Contamination Source Map

Plate 6. Tidal Survey Plot

Appendix A: Laboratory Analytical Report

Chain-of-Custody

QC Review:

760501-10

Gettler-Ryan Inc. April 29, 1991 Page 10

References

Aerial Photographs, Pacific Aerial Survey. Dates: 1949 (AV-28-11-36), 1957 (AV-253-07-20), 1969 (AV-902-05-12), 1973 (AV-1100-06-19). Scale 1:12000. Black and White photographs.

Alison Pappe, Some Phases of The Social Political and Economic History of Oakland, California. Berkeley; Senior Seminar, Environmental Science Group Major, UCB, Pub. 1985.

Anonymous. Paraffine Paint Company. Master Hand in the Affairs of the Pacific Coast Western Historical and Publishing Company, 1892, p. 265.

Anonymous. Whole World is served by Local Plants. Oakland Achievement. Vol. II., No. 4, October 1916.

Certified Engineering and Testing Company, 1988, Environmental Site Assessment: Project No: 880644, dated June 16, 1988.

Certified Engineering and Testing Company, 1989, Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment: Project No: 590121, dated August 2, 1989.

GeoStrategies Inc., 1990, Quarterly Report: Report No. 7605-5, dated February 2, 1990.

Hink, W.J., M.A. and McCann, W.E., M.A. Published by Oakland Public Library, 1939, Vol. 2, p 838.

Seagrave, E.F., 1938, Port of Oakland Compass, dated February 1938, Vol. 7-8 (1938-39) p. 3-5, 11-12.

SAMPLE DATE	SAMPLE WELL	TPH-G (PPM)	BENZENE (PPM)	TOLUENE (PPM)	ETHYLBENZENE (PPM)	XYLENES (PPM)	TPH-D (PPM)	OIL (MPM)
======================================		======================================	0.61	0.009	0.001	 0.042		=======
10 · Feb - 89		0.5	0.16	0.005	<0.002	0.042	N/A	N/A
28-Apr-89		2.7	1.5	0.02	0.01	0.017	N/A N/A	N/
07- Jul - 89		0.44	0.18	0.005	0.002	0.012	N/A	N/: N/:
25-Oct-89		2.	1.1	0.017	0.002	0.07	N/A	N/:
04-Jan-90		1.9	1.3	0.02	<0.01	0.07	N/A	NZ:
06-Jut-90	s-8	1.6	0.92	0.03	<0.01	0.06	N/A	N/:
19-Oct-90	S-8	1.4	0.64	<0.01	<0.01	0.03	N/A	N/:
14- Jan-91	\$·8	0.67	0.19	0.0058	<0.0005	0.019	0.76	0.
27-0ct-88	s-10	700.	37.	100.	20.	110.	N/A	N/.
10-Feb-89	s-10	6.5	0.48	0.7	0.1	1.8	N/A	N/
28-Apr-89	s-10	13.	1.3	0.5	0.6	3.7	N/A	N/
07-Jul-89	s-10	14.	1.3	0.31	0.27	2.4	N/A	N/
25-0ct-89	S-10	4.2	0.58	0.034	0.044	0.44	N/A	N/
04-Jan-90	s-10	1.7	0.36	0.010	0.0078	0.17	N/A	N/
17-Nov-89	s-12	<0.25	0.018	<0.002	<0.002	<0.005	1.4	N/
04-Jan-90	s-12	<0.25	0.024	0.002	<0.002	<0.005	N/A	N/
06 - Jul - 90	\$-12	0.08	0.015	0.0007	<0.0005	0.002	N/A	N/
19-0ct-90	s-12	0.15	0.012	0.009	<0.0005	0.0036	N/A	NZ.
14-Jan-90	s-12	0.12	0.0036	0.0008	<0.0005	0.0029	1.0	0.
17-Nov-89	s-13	1.9	0.70	0.16	0.07	0.34	2.0	5
04 - Jan - 90	S-13	2.8	1_4	0.13	0.010	0.50	N/A	N/
06-Jul-90	s · 13	3.1	1.8	0.06	0.04	0.27	N/A	N/
24-Oct-90	S-13	3.4	1.5	0.028	0.028	0.25	N/A	N/.
14-Jan-90	s-13	1.9	0.83	0.015	<0.01	0.099	0.9	1.
17-Nov-89	S-14	<0.25	0.003	<0.002	<0.002	<0.005	<0.4	3
04-Jan-90	S-14	<0.25	0.003	0.002	<0.002	<0.005	N/A	N/

SAMPLE DATE	SAMPLE WELL	TPH-G (PPM)	BENZENE (PPM)	TOLUENE (PPM)	ETHYLBENZENE (PPM)	XYLENES (PPM)	TPH-D (PPM)	OIL (PPM)
	======================================	=========	=========	*********	: :=== ======	**********		
27-Oct-88	s-5	3,	0.66	0.02	0.02	0.07	N/A	N/A
10 · Feb · 89	S-5	2.9	0.55	0.02	0.02	0.03	N/A	N/A
28-Apr-89	s-5	4.3	0.75	0.01	0.02	<0.03	N/A	N/A
07-Jul-89	s-5	1.5	0.30	0.008	0.007	0.009	N/A	N/A
25-Oct-89	s-5	2,1	0.76	0.01	0.04	0.05	N/A	N/A
04 · Jan · 90	s-5	1.3	0.52	0.009	0.008	0.01	N/A	N/A
06-Jul-90	s-5	1.4	0.5	0.01	0.004	<0.01	N/A	N/A
19-Oct-90	s-5	4.2	1.1	0.009	0.014	0.007	N/A	N/A
14-Jan-91	s-5	4.5	1.1	0.015	0.030	0.025	6.1	N/A
27-0ct-88	s-6	6.	1.7	0.05	0.08	0.42	N/A	N/A
10-Feb-89	s-6	2.8	0.74	0.02	0.02	0.14	N/A	N/A
28-Apr-89	s-6	6.5	2.4	0.03	0.05	0.21	N/A	N/A
07-Jul-89	s-6	3.7	1.7	0.034	0.055	0.20	N/A	N/A
25-Oct-89	s-6	<0.05	0.023	<0.005	<0.005	0.01	N/A	N/A
27-0ct-88	s s-7	0.05	0.0011	<0.001	<0.001	0.004	N/A	N/A
10-Feb-89	S-7	0.05	0.0009	<0.001	<0.001	<0.003	N/A	N/A
28-Apr-89	s-7	<0.05	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.003	N/A	N/A
07- Jul -89	s-7	0.07	0.0022	<0.001	<0.001	<0.003	N/A	N/A
25-Oct-89	s-7	6.2	2.2	0.13	0.19	0.66	N/A	N/A
27-Oct-88	s - 8	1.	0.61	0.009	0.001	0.042	N/A	N/A
10-Feb-89	8-8	0.5	0.16	0.005	<0.002	0.017	N/A	` N/A
28-Apr-89	s-8	2.7	1.5	0.02	0.01	0.04	N/A	N/A
07-Jul-89		0.44	0.18	0.005	0.002	0.012	N/A	N/A
25-0ct-89	9 \$-8	2.	1.1	0.017	0.005	0.07	N/A	N/A
04 - Jan - 90) \$-8	1.9	1.3	0.02	<0.01	0.07	N/A	N/#
06-Jul-90	s-8	1.6	0.92	0.03	<0.01	0.06	N/A	N/A
19-0ct-90) S-8	1.4	0.64	<0.01	<0.01	0.03	N/A	N/A

TABLE 1

GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS DATA

WELL NO	SAMPLE DATE	ANALYSIS DATE	TPH-G (PPM)	BENZENE (PPM)	TOLUENE (PPM)	ETHYLBENZENÉ (PPM)	XYLENES (PPM)	TPH-D (PPM)	TPH-O (PPM)	WELL ELEV (FT)	STATIC WATER ELEV (FT)	PRODUCT THICKNESS (FT)	DEPTH TO WATER (FT)
s-5	14-Jan-91	22-Jan-91	4.5	1.1	0.015	0.030	0.025	6.1 *	<10	11.72	2.49		9.23
S-8	14-Jan-91	25 - Jan - 91	0.67	0.19	0.0058	<0.0005	0.019	0.76 *	0.6	12.76	2.48		10.28
S-9		••••								12.75			
s-10	****	••••								12.58	2.14	0.03	10.46
s-12	14-Jan-91	22-Jan-91	0.12	0.0036	0.0008	<0.0005	0.0029	1.0 *	0.6	12.84	3.10		9.74
s-13	14-Jan-91	23 - Jan - 91	1.9 *	0.83	0.015	<0.01	0.099	0.9 *	1.6	12.59	1.37		11.22
s-14										12.69	2.28	0.01	10.41
TB		22-Jan-91	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	NA	NA				

CURRENT REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVELS
Benzene 0.001 ppm Xylenes 1.750 ppm Ethylbenzene 0.680 ppm

CURRENT DHS ACTION LEVELS Toluene 0.1000 ppm

TPH-G = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline

PPM = Parts Per Million

TPH-D = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel

NA = Not Analyzed

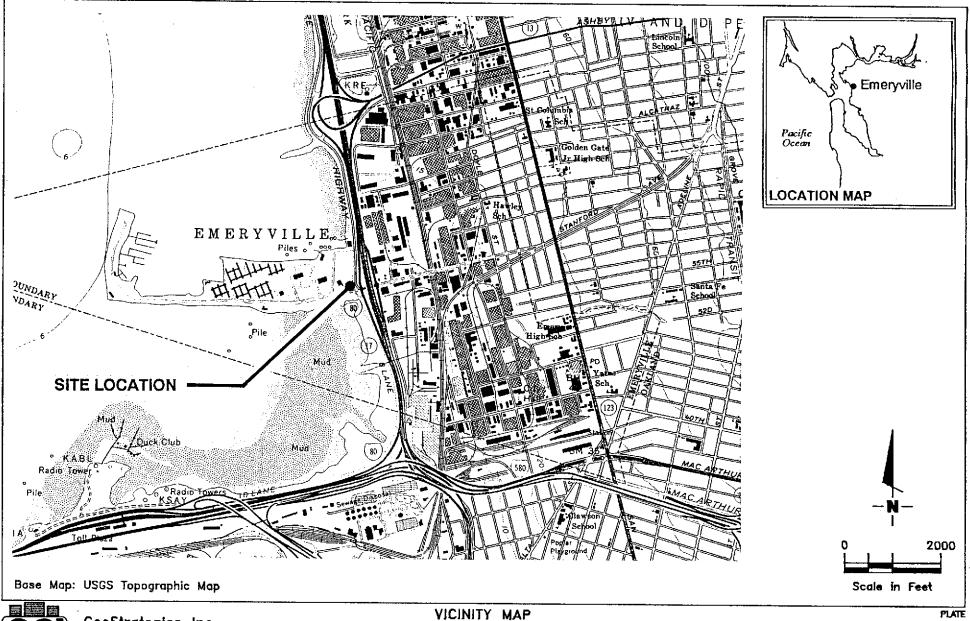
TPH-O = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Oil

TB = Trip Blank

Note: 1. All data shown as <x is reported as ND (none detected).

- 2. Water level elevations referenced to mean sea level (MSL).
- 3. DHS Action Levels and MCLs are subject to change pending State review.

^{*} See analytical laboratory report for specific laboratory comment regarding this analytical result.



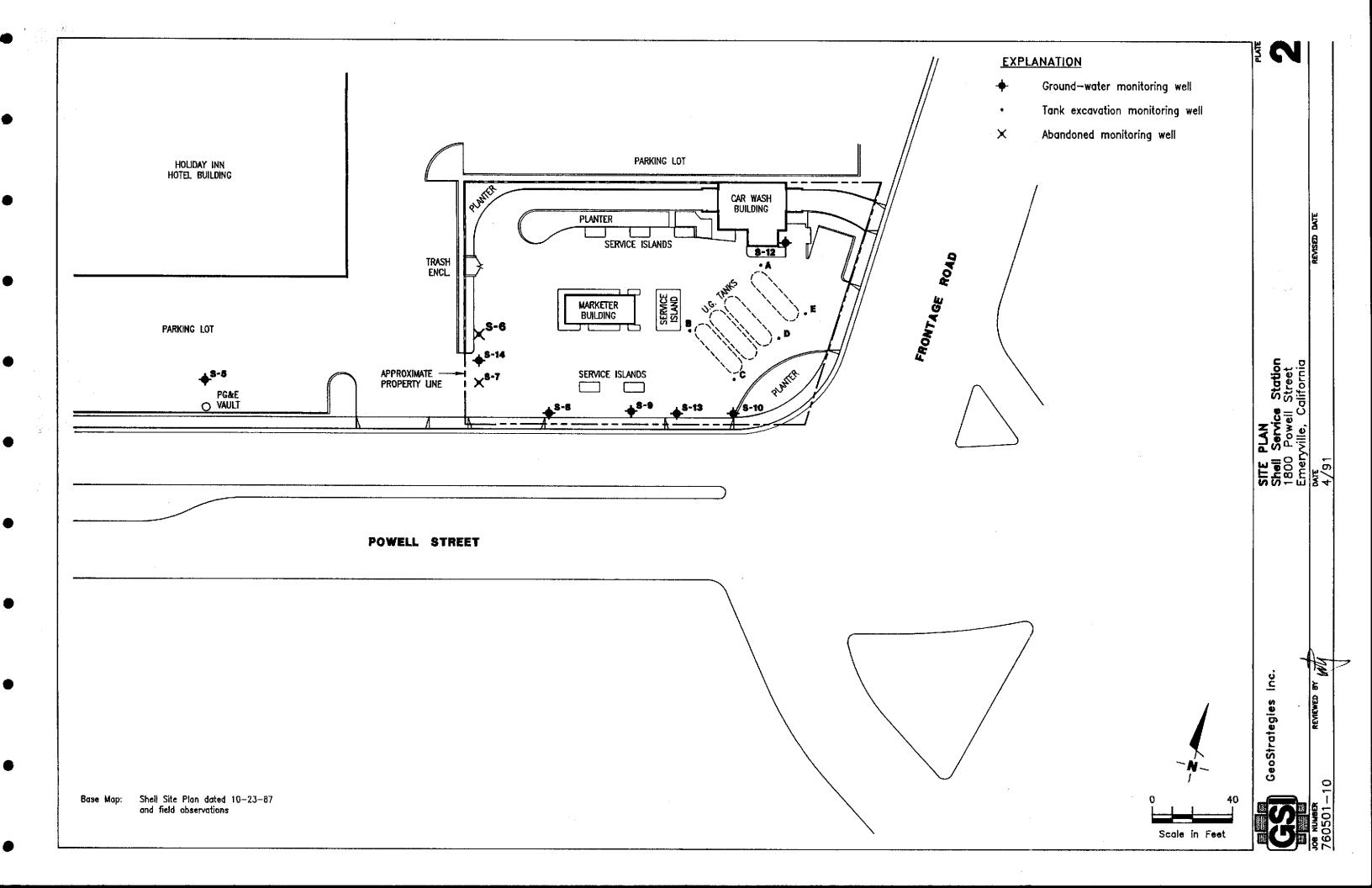
REVIEWED BY

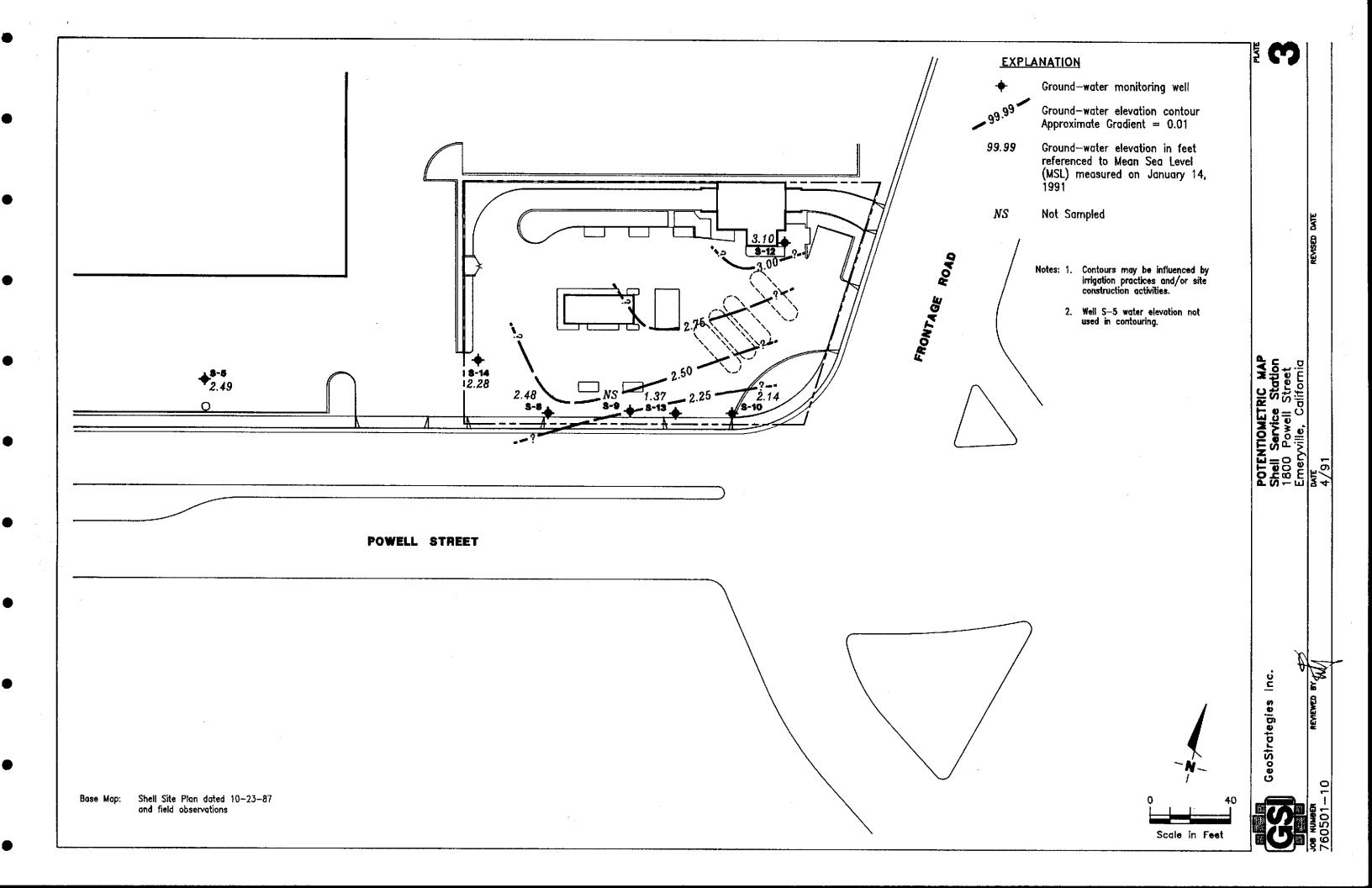
Shell Service Station 1800 Powell Street Emeryville, California

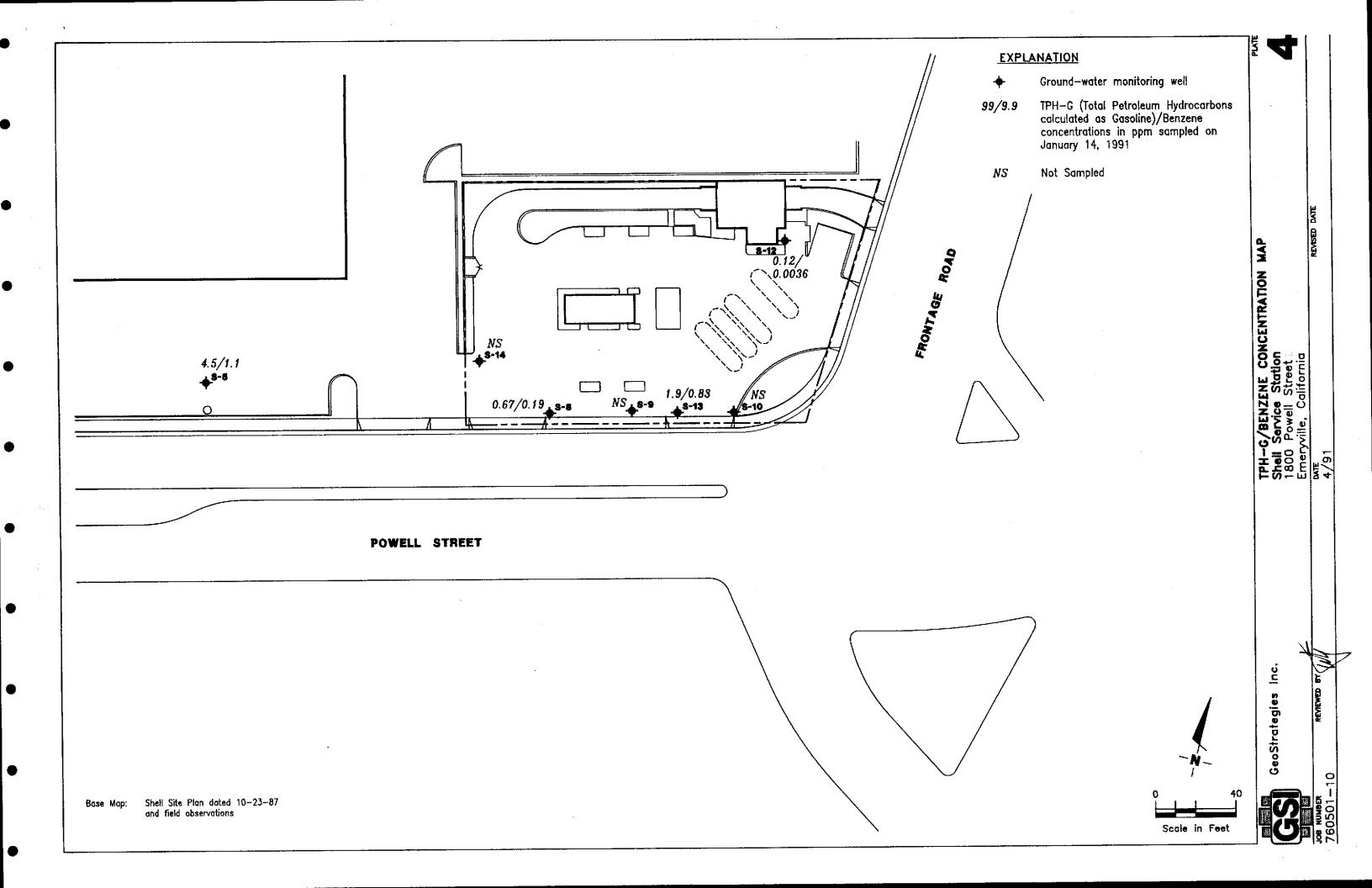
REVISED DATE

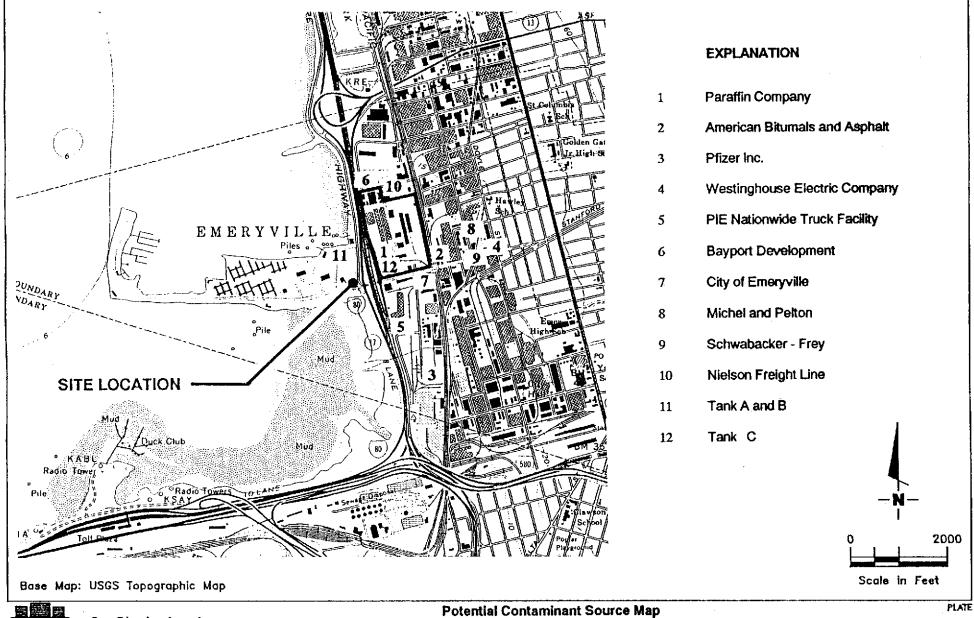
JOB NUMBER 7605

DATE









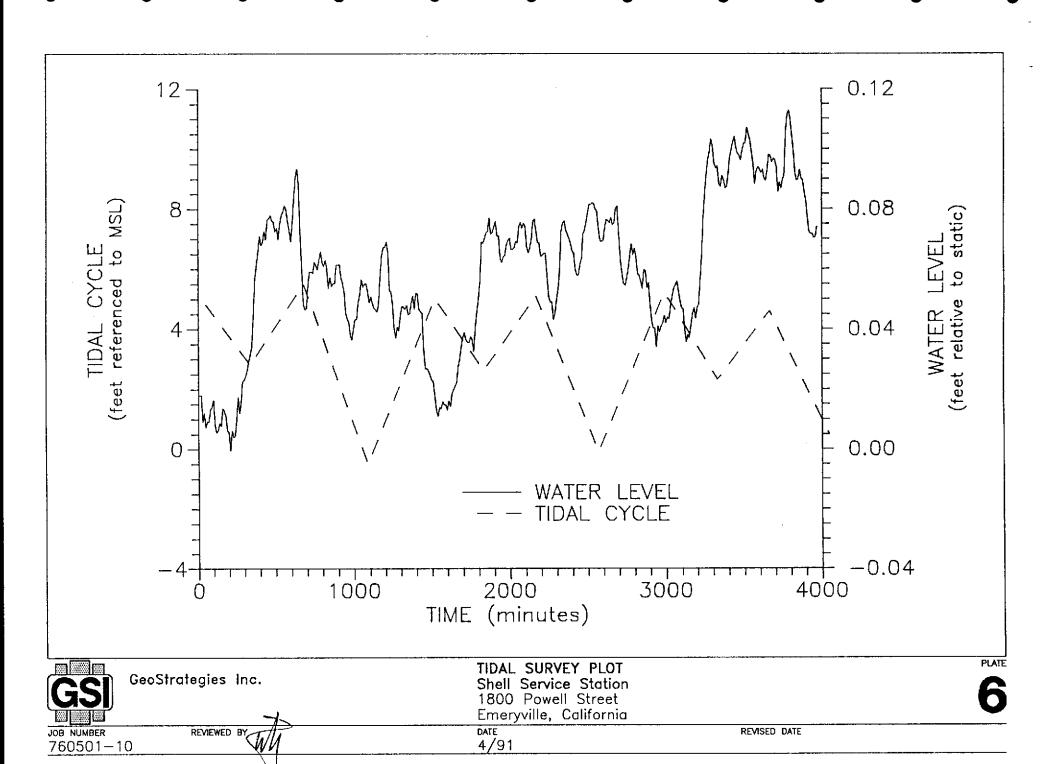


REVIEWED BY

Shell Service Station 1800 Powell Street Emeryville, California

DATE 4/91 REVISED DATE

JOB NUMBER 760501-10



APPENDIX A ANALYTICAL LABORATORY REPORT CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY

February 8, 1991

GROUNDWATER SAMPLING REPORT

Referenced Site:

Shell Service Station 1800 Powell Street Emeryville, California

Sampling Date:

January 14, 1991

This report presents the results of the quarterly groundwater sampling and analytical program conducted by Gettler-Ryan Inc. on January 14, 1991 at the referenced location. The site is occupied by an operating service station located on the northwest corner of Powell Street and I-80. The service station has underground storage tanks containing regular leaded, unleaded and super unleaded gasoline products and diesel.

There are currently six groundwater monitoring wells and five tank backfill wells on site, and one well off site at the locations shown on the attached site map. Prior to sampling, the monitoring wells were inspected for total well depth, water levels, and presence of separate phase product using an electronic interface probe. A clean acrylic bailer was used to visually confirm the presence and thickness of separate phase product. Groundwater depths ranged from 9.23 to 11.22 feet below grade. Separate phase product was observed in wells S-10 and S-14. Well S-9 contained a tar-like substance and was not monitored or sampled.

Wells that did not contain separate phase product were then purged and sampled. The purge water was contained in drums for proper disposal. Standard sampling procedure calls for a minimum of four case volumes to be purged from each well. Each well was purged while pH, temperature, and conductivity measurements were monitored for stability. Details of the final well purging results are presented on the attached Table of Monitoring Data. In cases where a well dewatered or less than four case volumes were purged, groundwater samples were obtained after the groundwater had stabilized. Under such circumstances the sample may not represent actual formation water, due to low flow conditions.

Samples were collected, using Teflon bailers, in properly cleaned and laboratory prepared containers. All sampling equipment was thoroughly cleaned after each well was sampled and steam cleaned upon completion of work at the site. The samples were labeled, stored on blue ice, and transported to the laboratory for analysis. A trip blank supplied by the laboratory, was included and analyzed to assess quality control. Analytical results for the blank are included in the Certified Analytical Report (CAR's). Chain of custody records were established noting sample identification numbers, time, date, and custody signatures.

The samples were analyzed by International Technology Corporation - Santa Clara Valley Laboratory, located at 2055 Junction Avenue, San Jose, California. The laboratory is assigned a California DHS-HMTL Certification number of E630. The results are presented as a Certified Analytical Report, a copy of which is attached to this report.

Tom Paulson

Sampling Manager

attachments

TABLE OF MONITORING DATA GROUNDWATER WELL SAMPLING REPORT

WELL I.D.	S-5	S-8	S-9	S-10	S-12	S-13
Casing Diameter (inches)	6	3	3	6	3	3
Total Well Depth (feet)	12.1	19.2			24.4	20.0
Depth to Water (feet)	9.23	10.28		10.46 **	9.74	11.22
Free Product (feet)	none	none		0.03	none	none
Reason Not Sampled				free		
				product		
Calculated 4 Case Vol.(gal.)	17.22	13.5			22.2	13.4
Did Well Dewater?	no	no			no	yes
Volume Evacuated (gal.)	25.0	16.0			28.0	10.0
Purging Device	Suction	Suction			Suction	Suction
Sampling Device	Bailer	Bailer			Bailer	Bailer
Time	14:29	13:59			13:13	13:35
Temperature (F)*	62.6	70.5			68.1	70.5
pH*	6.71	6.87			6.66	6.82
Conductivity (umhos/cm)*	2900	8880			4790	10060

^{*} Indicates Stabilized Value

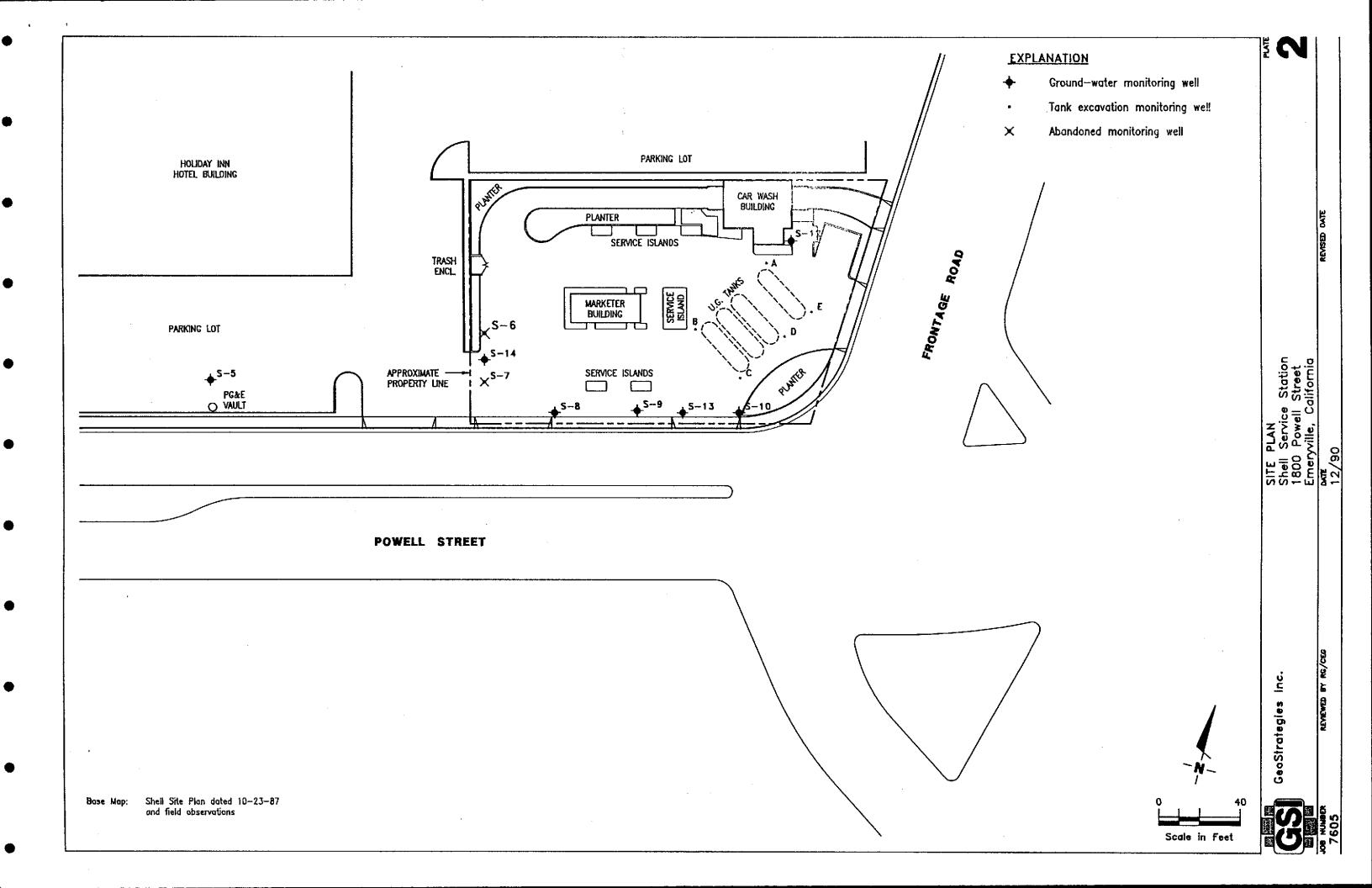
^{**} Not corrected for presence of free product

TABLE OF MONITORING DATA GROUNDWATER WELL SAMPLING REPORT

WELL I.D.	S-14
Casing Diameter (inches) Total Well Depth (feet) Depth to Water (feet) Free Product (feet) Reason Not Sampled	3 10.41 ** 0.01 free product
Calculated 4 Case Vol.(gal.) Did Well Dewater? Volume Evacuated (gal.)	
Purging Device Sampling Device	
Time Temperature (F)* pH* Conductivity (umhos/cm)*	

^{*} Indicates Stabilized Value

^{**} Not corrected for presence of free product





ANALYTICAL SERVICES



FEB 05 1991

GETTLER-RYAN INC.

GENERAL COLITRACTORS

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Shell Oil Company Gettler-Ryan 2150 West Winton Hayward, CA 94545 Tom Paulson Date: 02/05/91

Work Order: T1-01-131

P.O. Number: MOH 880-021 Vendor #10002402

This is the Certificate of Analysis for the following samples:

Client Work ID: GR3605, 1800 Powell, Emeryvle

Date Received: 01/16/91 Number of Samples: 5 Sample Type: aqueous

TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR ANALYTICAL RESULTS

<u>PAGES</u>	LABORATORY #	SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION
2	T1-01-131-01	S-5
3	T1-01-131-02	s-8
4	T1-01-131-03	S-12
5	T1-01-131-04	s-13
6	T1-01-131-05	Trip Blank

Reviewed and Approved:

Suzanne Veaudry Project Manager

> American Council of Independent Laboratories International Association of Environmental Testing Laboratories American Association for Laboratory Accreditation

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 02/05/91

Client Work ID: GR3605, 1800 Powell, Emeryvle

Work Order: T1-01-131

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-5

SAMPLE DATE: 01/14/91 LAB SAMPLE ID: T101131-01 SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

RESULTS in Milligrams per Liter:

	EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS	
METHOD	DATE	DATE	
BTEX 8020		01/22/91	
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons Mod.8015		01/22/91	
High Boiling Hydrocarbons Mod.8015	01/28/91	02/01/91	
	DETECTION		
PARAMETER	LIMIT	DETECTED	
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons			
calculated as Gasoline	0.5	4.5	
BTEX			
Benzene	0.005	1.1	
Toluene	0.005	0.015	
Ethylbenzene	0.005	0.030	
Xylenes (total)	0.005	0.025	
High Boiling Hydrocarbons			
calculated as Diesel	0.1	6.1	
calculated as Oil	10.	None	

Comments:

calculated as Oil

⁺ Results include compounds apparently due to gasoline as well as those due to diesel.

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 02/05/91

Client Work ID: GR3605, 1800 Powell, Emeryvle

Work Order: T1-01-131

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-8

SAMPLE DATE: 01/14/91
LAB SAMPLE ID: T101131-02
SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

RESULTS in Milligrams per Liter:

	EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS
METHOD	DATE	DATE
BTEX 8020		01/25/91
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons Mod.8015		01/25/91
High Boiling Hydrocarbons Mod.8015	01/28/91	02/01/91
	DETECTION	
PARAMETER	LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons		
calculated as Gasoline	0.05	0.67
BTEX		
Benzene	0.01	0.19
Toluene	0.0005	0.0058
Ethylbenzene	0.0005	None
Xylenes (total)	0.0005	0.019
High Boiling Hydrocarbons		
calculated as Diesel	0.05	0.76

0.5

0.6

Comments:

calculated as Oil

⁺ Results include compounds apparently due to gasoline as well as those due to diesel.

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 02/05/91

Client Work ID: GR3605, 1800 Powell, Emeryvle

Work Order: T1-01-131

0.6

0.5

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-12

SAMPLE DATE: 01/14/91
LAB SAMPLE ID: T101131-03
SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

RESULTS in Milligrams per Liter:

•	METHOD	EXTRACTION DATE	ANALYSIS DATE
BTEX	8020		01/22/91
	Mod.8015		01/22/91
High Boiling Hydrocarbons		01/18/91	01/23/91
PARAMETER		DETECTION LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons	·		
calculated as Gasoline	9	0.05	0.12
BTEX			
Benzene		0.0005	0.0036
Toluene		0.0005	0.0008
Ethylbenzene		0.0005	None
Xylenes (total)		0.0005	0.0029
High Boiling Hydrocarbons			
calculated as Diesel		0.05	1.0

Comments:

calculated as Oil

⁺ Results include compounds apparently due to gasoline as well as those due to diesel.

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 02/05/91

Client Work ID: GR3605, 1800 Powell, Emeryvle

Work Order: T1-01-131

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-13

SAMPLE DATE: 01/14/91
LAB SAMPLE ID: T101131-04
SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

RESULTS in Milligrams per Liter:

		EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS
	METHOD	DATE	DATE
BTEX	8020		01/23/91
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons	Mod.8015		01/23/91
High Boiling Hydrocarbons	Mod.8015	01/28/91	02/01/91

PARAMETER	DETECTION LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons		
calculated as Gasoline	1.0	1.9
BTEX		
Benzene	0.01	0.83
Toluene	0.01	0.015
Ethylbenzene	0.01	None
Xylenes (total)	0.01	0.099
High Boiling Hydrocarbons		
calculated as Diesel	0.05	0.9
calculated as Oil	0.5	1.6

Comments:

- + Results include compounds apparently due to gasoline as well as those due to diesel.
- & Compounds detected and calculated as low boiling hydrocarbons consist of compounds eluting within the chromatographic range of gasoline, but are not characteristic of the standard gasoline standard pattern.

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 02/05/91

Client Work ID: GR3605, 1800 Powell, Emeryvle

Work Order: T1-01-131

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: Trip Blank
SAMPLE DATE: not spec
LAB SAMPLE ID: T101131-05
SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

Ethylbenzene

Xylenes (total)

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

RESULTS in Milligrams per Liter:

BTEX 8020 Low Boiling Hydrocarbons Mod.8015	EXTRACTION DATE	ANALYSIS DATE 01/22/91 01/22/91
PARAMETER	DETECTION LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons calculated as Gasoline	0.05	None
BTEX		
Benzene	0.0005	None
Toluene	0.0005	None

0.0005

0.0005

None

None

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 02/05/91

Client Work ID: GR3605, 1800 Powell, Emeryvle

Work Order: T1-01-131

TEST CODE TPHN TEST NAME TPH High Boiling by 8015

The method of analysis for high boiling hydrocarbons s taken from the LUFT field manual. Samples are extracted with solvent and examined by gas chromatography using a flame ionization detector. Results in soils are corrected for moisture content and are reported on a dry soil basis unless otherwise noted.

TEST CODE TPHVB TEST NAME TPH Gas, BTEX by 8015/8020

The method of analysis for low boiling hydrocarbons is taken from EPA Methods modified 8015, 8020 and 5030. The sample is examined using the purge and trap technique. Final detection is by gas chromatography using a flame ionization detector in series with a photoionization detector. The result for total low boiling hydrocarbons is calculated as gasoline. Results in soils are corrected for moisture content and are reported on a dry soil basis unless otherwise noted.

Samples S-5, S-8 and S-13 had no or low surrogate recoveries. They were re-extracted and still had no or low surrogate recoveries. Samples were reported and since both times we had similar results, surrogate recoveries are due to matrix effect.

Gettier - Ryan Inc		131	Chain of Custody
DOMPANY_Shell Oil	Co		JOB NO
JOB LOCATION 1800 Por	well St		
on Emery Vil	le		PHONE NO. 783-7500
يسطح مسي	10	DATE 1-14-91	P.O. NO. 3605
SAMPLE NO. OF D CONTAINERS	SAMPLE DATE/TIM MATRIX SAMPLE	IE D ANALYSIS REGI	SAMPLE CONDITION LAB ID
5-5 5		4.29 THCCOST BVE	, Diesel DKLOGI @ 1/4
5-8	17. 1 1	59	
5-12	//13:	337	
5-13	1/13	35	
SriP 1	JV.		~ ~
•			
·			
RELINQUISHED BY:	15/25	RECEIVED BY:	<i>/</i>
· Kehry Zwe	orgps-1-4-9	DECEMED BY	19 -
RELINQUISHED BY	01 073 1-15-91	RECEIVED BY:	Celh 15-11
RELINQUISHED	15.75	RECEIVED BY LAB:	12 1
flee !	-1691 132	Jason J.	Colh 1-16-91 1525
DESIGNATED LABORATORY:	(SCV)	DHS #:	E630
REMARKS: W.C 70 ZO	4-2495-010		
EXP. Code 5	440		
Eng. Diane	Lundquist		
Normal	TAT	·	
TE COMPLETED 1-14-0	7]	_ FOREMAN HULL	Liverysto.
	·	00	
		NEW CHINAS	