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SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION REPORT

1107 5th Street Oakland, California

Prepared for:
Mr. Reed Rinehart
Rino Pacific
P.O. Box 725
Ukiah, California 95482

W.A. Craig, Inc. Project No. 3628 January 17, 1997 PROPERTIONAL

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January 17, 1997

Mr. Reed Rinehart Rino Pacific P.O.Box 725 Ukiah, California 95482

Project No. 3628.2

Subject: REPORT - Subsurface Investigation 1107 5th Street Oakland, California

Dear Mr. Rinehart:

W.A. Craig, Inc., is pleased to submit this subsurface investigation report for the site located at 1107 5th Street in Oakland, California. This report summarizes the work performed to characterize soil and groundwater quality at the site.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you on this project. If we can provide any further assistance, please don't hesitate to give us a call.

Lialelii G.M.

Respectfully,

W.A. Craig, Inc.

William A. Craig, II

Principal

WAC:gaf

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PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

Subsurface Investigation Report

1107 5th Street Oakland, California

W.A. Craig, Inc. Project No. 3628 January 17, 1997

This report has been prepared by the staff of W. A. Craig, Inc., under the professional supervision of the persons whose seals and signatures appear hereon. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is made as to the professional advice presented herein. The analysis, conclusions and recommendations contained in this report are based upon site conditions as they existed at the time and location of the investigation and they are subject to change.

The conclusions presented in this report are professional opinions based solely upon visual observations of the site and vicinity, and interpretation of available information as described in this report. W.A. Craig, Inc., recognizes that the limited scope of services performed in execution of this investigation may not be appropriate to satisfy the needs, or requirements of state agencies, or of other users. Any use or reuse of this document or its findings, conclusions or recommendations presented herein is at the selection of said user.

W. A. Craig, II, REA

No. 01414

Owner

Geoffery A. Fiedler, R.G. Geologist

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Soil samples collected during this investigation were analyzed for the presence of gasoline, diesel, BTEX, and MTBE. Diesel and gasoline have been detected in soil and groundwater samples although, gasoline is less prevalent in the southern portions of the site. The fuel dispensing islands and the UST areas are generally indicated as having elevated petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations and free product. Interbedded clay and an apparent low groundwater recovery in wells may retard the horizontal and vertical migration of the petroleum hydrocarbon constituents. Tidal influences may have caused short term changes in groundwater elevations, but did not greatly affect the direction of groundwater flow.

Groundwater depths were measured by WAC at depths of approximately 3 to 8 fbg. Petroleum product released from the fuel dispenser area, UST area, or product lines would potentially intercept shallow sandy soil, perched water, and groundwater in this depth interval.

MTBE was detected in some soil and groundwater samples at unusually high concentrations. In some locations MTBE was identified where no gasoline constituents were identified. WAC anticipates that gasoline constituents will eventually begin to appear or increase in concentration in these locations. Diesel has been detected in downgradient monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-3. The concentrations of diesel are at relatively low concentrations, however the downgradient extent of the diesel-impacted groundwater has not been assessed.

WAC recommends performing free product recovery from the existing recovery sumps at the site. The sumps appear to be adequately constructed to intercept product that may reside in product line trenches and the UST excavation area.

Additional investigation is recommended to assess soil and groundwater quality in offsite areas south and east of the site. The investigation of these areas should include adequate sampling locations and analyses to perform risk-based corrective action evaluations in accordance with recent Regional Water Quality Control Board guidance for the investigation and remediation of petroleum fuel release sites. The monitoring wells at the site should be monitored on a quarterly basis.

The sump located near monitoring well MW-3 should be closed. The material in the sump should be appropriately contained, characterized, and disposed. Groundwater stored in an on-site baker tank and stockpiled soil should be characterized and disposed.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report describes the work performed by W.A. Craig, Inc. (WAC), to assess soil and groundwater quality at 1107 5th Street, Oakland, California (site). The site location is shown on Figure 1. This investigation was performed in response to the request by Rino Pacific, Inc. for a soil and groundwater investigation. The scope of work described herein was performed to assess the site soil and groundwater quality with respect to the release of petroleum hydrocarbons from the underground storage tank system at the site. This investigation included the drilling of seven exploratory soil borings, the installation and sampling of three groundwater monitoring wells, the analyses of soil and groundwater samples, and the preparation of this report detailing the methods used and the findings of the investigation.

2.0 SITE HISTORY

2.1 Site Location and Description

The site is located on the southeast corner of Adeline and 5th Streets in Oakland, California (see **Figure 1**, Site Location Map). The site is currently operated as a tire service station, public scale, and a dispensing station for diesel and gasoline fuel. The site is paved with asphalt and concrete. The areas surrounding the site are commercially and industrially developed. The site topography is relatively flat with a slight slope to the south. The regional slope is toward the west. The site layout is shown on the site plan, **Figure 2**.

2.2 Background

The site was built approximately to years ago and has been in operation throughout this period. The water table is reported to fluctuate between 10 inches and 4 feet below grade depending on the tides. The tanks were believed to have been replaced approximately 15 years ago. The current configuration of tanks is as follows: (1) 8,000 gal. regular unleaded tank (single wall steel), (1) 10,000 gal. Midgrade Unleaded tank (single wall steel), (2) 12,000 gal. Diesel tanks manifolded (single wall steel). The product lines are believed to be single wall steel. It is not known if the lines have been replaced since the original construction date.

All of the tanks were tightness tested in March of 1996, and passed. However, several disruptions in the UST system may have resulted in releases into the environment. In the Institute 1995 an unauthorized release of gasoline occurred as a result of a leak in a feel product line. The USTs associated with the release were removed from service. Interim cleanup of the spill was performed by pumping water and product from two product recovery trenches (Figure 2). WAC inspected the interior of the product recovery sumps associated with the trenches and noted the presence of approximately 1/4 inch of floating fuel product. It is WAC's

understanding that there have been no previous investigations of the site subsurface conditions.

2.3 Scope of Work

This investigation was performed in accordance with WAC's work plan, dated September 16, 1996. WAC directed the drilling of seven exploratory soil borings and the installation of three groundwater monitoring wells on October 10, 1996. Details of the drilling, sampling, well installations, and the analysis of the groundwater samples are presented herein. The scope of work for this investigation included the following:

- Preparation of a site-specific health and safety plan for submittal to the Alameda County Health Services Agency;
- Obtaining appropriate permits and notifications prior to drilling the proposed, seven, boreholes and installing three monitoring wells;
- Collecting three soil samples per borehole for laboratory analysis;
- Constructing groundwater monitoring wells in three of the seven boreholes;
- Developing and sampling the monitoring wells;
- Analysis of soil and groundwater samples for total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel (TPH-d) using EPA Method 8015 (modified); total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPH-g) using EPA Method 8015 (modified); and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes (BTEX) and methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) using EPA Method 8020;
- Preparation of this soil and groundwater quality investigation report.

3.0 SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

3.1 Drilling and Soil Sampling

Seven exploratory soil borings were drilled on October 10, 1996, at the approximate locations shown on Figure 2. The soil borings were drilled to a depth of approximately 13.5 to 21-feet below grade (fbg) using a truck-mounted drill rig equipped with eight-inch outside diameter hollow-stem augers. The soil borings were drilled in the vicinity of the UST's and dispenser islands in an attempt to identify hydrocarbon impact on soil and groundwater at the site. The boreholes were logged in the field by a registered geologist. The soil boring logs are presented in Appendix A. The soil cuttings were added to an existing stockpile at the site and encapsulated in plastic. Approximately 37 cubic yards (cy) of soil is stockpiled at the site.

Soil samples were collected using a two-inch, inside-diameter, California Modified sampler. Undisturbed soil samples were collected in brass liners placed inside the sampler. Prior to the collection of each soil sample, all sampling equipment was washed with a laboratory

grade detergent solution and rinsed with tap water to reduce the potential for cross-contamination.

Soil samples were collected at approximate depth intervals of every 5 feet or based on noted changes in the subsurface such as the capillary fringe, soil type, stratigraphy, or where petroleum hydrocarbons were suspected. Soil samples collected for laboratory analysis were contained in brass liners and sealed with Teflonæ-lined polyethylene end-caps. The soil samples were labeled, placed inside a sealed plastic bag, and immediately stored on ice inside a portable insulated container. The samples were submitted to McCampbell Analytical, Inc. (MAI), of Pacheco, California, under chain-of-custody control. MAI is certified by the State of California to perform the required analyses.

3.2 Subsurface Conditions

The shallow soil below the site consists of thin beds of interbedded sand, silt, and clay. The contacts between these soils is generally sharp, but there is considerable lateral variation. In general, the western portion of the site is characterized by clay soils with interbedded sandy soils. The eastern portion of the site is characterized by sandy soils (see EB-5 and EB-7 logs). The clayey soils have a high organic material content, are generally highly plastic, and have a moderate hydrogen sulfide odor. The clay is relatively homogeneous with varying amounts of peat. Peat was encountered in soil at a depth of approximately 7 to 12 feet below grade (fbg) in soil boring EB-6.

The exploratory borehole locations and a cross-section of the site are shown on Figures 2 and 3. Cross-Section A-A' (Figure 3) was prepared to generally depict the subsurface soil layers encountered at the site. The reader should note that cross-section A-A' is vertically exaggerated (approximately &X) and, therefore, the soil layers appear disproportionately thick. Detailed descriptions of the subsurface conditions are presented on the soil boring logs in Appendix A.

Perched water was encountered in sandy soils at depth of approximately 5 fbg in borings EB-1, EB-3, EB-4, and EB-6. This soil was generally noted as having a moderate to strong percentage hydrocarbon odor.

3.3 Monitoring Well Installation and Sampling

3.3.1 Monitoring Well Construction

Three exploratory boreholes (EB-1, EB-4, and EB-6) were converted to groundwater monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3, respectively. The well construction details are

presented on the logs of the soil borings in Appendix A. The monitoring wells were constructed of two-inch, 0.020-inch machine slotted, flush threaded, Schedule 40 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) well screen. All three of the well casings were constructed through the hollow-stem augers, with materials placed from the bottom of the borehole to the ground surface. Groundwater monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3 were constructed to depths of 20, 13, and 17 fbg. respectively. Ten feet of slotted well screen was used in the construction of MW-1. Monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-3 were constructed with 5 feet of well screen. The screened intervals were selected to isolate the first encountered water bearing unit from the shallow perched water. Blank PVC casing completed the wells from the top of the screened interval to surface grade. The screened section annulus was packed with clean graded sand (#3 Monterey) to a level approximately one-foot above the screened interval. A sanitary seal, consisting of approximately 18-inches of hydrated bentonite pellets, was placed above the sand pack. The remaining annulus was sealed from the bentonite seal to the ground surface using a portland cement/bentonite grout mixture. The wells were completed slightly above surface grade, with a protective-casing cover set in concrete to prevent surface water runoff from entering the monitoring wells.

3.3.2 Well Development

Monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3 were developed by WAC technical staff on October 21, 1996. Well development was accomplished by intermittent surging of the well casing and purging or bailing of groundwater. Prior to purging the wells, static groundwater levels were measured and recorded. Field parameters including odor, temperature, conductivity, pH, and turbidity were intermittently monitored during the development of the wells. Purged water was stored on-site in a labeled, sealed, DOT approved, steel drum. The field parameters measured during the well development were recorded on monitoring well development and sampling logs. Copies of the well development and sampling logs are included in **Appendix B**.

3.3.3 Groundwater Sample Collection - Monitoring Well Water Samples

Groundwater samples were collected after the development of the three wells on November 4, 1996. Generally, a minimum of three well casing volumes are purged from each monitoring well prior to collecting groundwater samples. However, due to slow groundwater recharge in MW-1 and MW-2 fewer than three well volumes were purged prior to sampling. Water levels and field parameters including odor, temperature, conductivity, pH, and turbidity were intermittently monitored and recorded on monitoring well sampling logs during purging of the wells. Copies of the logs are included in **Appendix C**.

Groundwater samples were collected using disposable polyethylene bailers. The bailers are pre-cleaned by the manufacturer and sealed in plastic. A clean bailer was lowered into each

well casing to extract groundwater samples. The water drawn from the well is decanted into laboratory supplied containers approved for the analyses required. The groundwater samples and trip-blank were immediately placed inside a portable insulated container, placed under refrigeration, and delivered to MAI under chain-of-custody control.

3.3.4 Groundwater Flow Conditions

On October 21, 1996, WAC technical staff measured water levels in the three monitoring wells, prior to developing the wells, using an electronic water level indicator. The monitoring well elevations were surveyed by a State-Licensed surveyor on October 31, 1996. A copy of the surveyor's report is included in **Appendix B**. The well elevations were surveyed relative to a City of Oakland datum located at the intersection of 3rd and Magnolia Streets. Water levels were also measured on the date of sampling, November 4, 1996.

The surveyed well elevations and field water level measurements were used to interpret the groundwater elevations at the site. The groundwater elevations indicate groundwater flow is southeast (10/21/96) to south (11/4/96) at gradients of 0.03ft/ft. and 0.01ft/ft, respectively. Groundwater elevation contour maps for these events are presented on Figures 4 and 5.

Groundwater was encountered during drilling at depths of approximately 8 to 12 fbg. Static groundwater depths were measured in the monitoring wells during this investigation. The first measurement was made prior to development and the second was made prior to sampling. The depth to groundwater varied from approximately 3 to 8 fbg. Groundwater elevations measured in monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-3 on 10/21/96 were approximately 2 fbg lower than were measured on 11/4/96. The groundwater elevations measured in monitoring well MW-2 showed a comparatively slight change, 0.06 feet lower. Monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-3 were noted as having slow groundwater recovery times. Groundwater elevations for these monitoring events are presented in Table 1.

4.0 LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Soil and groundwater samples were analyzed by McCampbell Analytical, Inc. (MAI), laboratory of Pacheco, California. MAI is certified by the State of California to perform the required analyses. The soil samples collected were analyzed for total TPH-d and TPH-g using EPA Method 8015 (modified), purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons (BTEX) and MTBE using EPA Method 8020. The groundwater samples collected from each of the wells were analyzed for all of the constituents above. The results of the laboratory analysis of the soil and groundwater samples collected during this investigation is presented in **Tables 2** and **3**, respectively.

4.1 Soil Sample Analytical Results

Three soil samples were collected from each of the seven borings. TPH-g and MTBE were not detected above the laboratory limits of detection in soil samples collected from borings EB-1 and EB-3. Samples from borings EB-2, EB-4, EB-5, EB-6 and EB-7 indicate elevated concentrations of TPH-g in the depth interval from 5 to 9 fbg. TPH-g concentrations in this interval ranged from below the limit of detection to 1,400 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg). The soil samples analyzed from below 9 fbg are consistently one to two orders of magnitude lower in TPH-g concentration.

Elevated concentrations of TPH-d are present in similar distribution as previously described for TPH-g. TPH-d concentrations in the 5 to 9 fbg interval range from below detection limits to 28,000 mg/kg. The highest concentrations of TPH-g and TPH-d were reported for soil samples collected from borings EB-2, EB-4, and EB-5. Free petroleum fuel product was observed on the soil at a depth of approximately 5 fbg in soil boring EB-5.

MTBE was not detected in soil samples collected from borings EB-1, EB-2, and EB-3. The gasoline additive MTBE was detected in several soil samples (EB-4, EB-6, and EB-7) at concentrations that appear high in proportion to the respective TPH-g concentrations. Conversely, MTBE was not detected in samples from borings EB-5 and EB-2, where TPH-g was detected.

BTEX constituents were present at elevated concentrations and were similarly distributed as were the TPH-g and TPH-d. Benzene was not detected in soil samples collected from borings EB-1 and EB-2. Benzene was detected at relatively high concentrations in soil samples from borings EB-4, EB-5, and EB-7 (12 mg/kg, 3.5 mg/kg, and 1.5 mg/kg, respectively).

The soil sample analytical results are summarized in **Table 2**. The laboratory analytical reports and chain-of-custody forms are included in **Appendix D**.

4.2 Groundwater Sample Analytical Results

Groundwater samples were collected from each of the three monitoring wells at the site on November 4, 1996. TPH-g and BTEX were not detected above the laboratory limits in the groundwater samples collected from MW-1 and MW-3. TPH-g (910 ug/l), benzene (120 ug/l), toluene (23 ug/l), ethylbenzene (3.5 ug/l), and xylenes (51 ug/l) were detected in the groundwater samples from monitoring well MW-2. TPH-d was detected at concentrations of 220 and 310 micrograms per liter (ug/l) in groundwater samples from MW-1 and MW-3, respectively. TPH-d was reported at a concentration of 2,700 ug/l in the groundwater sample from MW-2. MTBE was not detected in the groundwater sample from MW-1. Groundwater

samples from monitoring well MW-2 and MW-3 were reported to contain MTBE at concentrations of 470,000 and 1,000 ug/l, respectively (both concentrations exceed the reported concentration of TPH-g reported at these locations [910 ug/l and not detected]).

The groundwater sample analytical results for the samples collected during this investigation are summarized in **Table 3**. The laboratory analytical reports and chain-of-custody forms are included in **Appendix D**. TPH-g, benzene, MTBE, and TPH-d concentrations in groundwater samples from each of the monitoring wells is shown on **Figure 2**.

5.0 CONCEUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

5.1 Conclusions

Petroleum fuel product from the UST system has been released to the shallow soil and groundwater. Diesel and gasoline have been detected in soil and groundwater samples although, gasoline is less prevalent in the southern portions of the site. The fuel dispensing islands and the UST areas are generally indicated as having elevated petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations and free product. The vertical migration of constituents appears to be limited to relatively shallow depths, less than 10 feet below grade. This condition appears to be the result of interbedded or interlaminated clay soils which generally retard the downward migration of the petroleum fuel constituents.

The wells at the site are slow to recover after pumping, suggesting the lateral migration of constituents in groundwater may be relatively slow. Water level fluctuations of approximately two feet have been observed in the southern portion of the site during this investigation. Water levels measured from monitoring well MW-2 were relatively unchanged between measurements. Tidal influences are suspected as having caused these fluctuations, although under the conditions observed during this investigation the direction of flow was relatively unchanged.

Groundwater depths were measured by WAC at depths of approximately 3 to 8 fbg. Petroleum product released from the fuel dispenser, UST area, or product lines would potentially intercept the shallow sandy soil, perched water, and groundwater in this depth interval.

The concentrations of MTBE are, in our experience, unusually high. In our experience MTBE concentrations do not commonly exceed TPH-g concentrations to the degree observed in groundwater samples from this site. MTBE is a gasoline additive with chemical characteristics that have been reported to result in a higher mobility in soil and groundwater than gasoline or BTEX. The MTBE concentrations reported in groundwater samples from monitoring wells.

MW-2 and MW-3 greatly exceed Federal and State drinking water quality standards. WAC anticipates that TPH-g and BTEX constituents will eventually migrate to areas where the more mobile MTBE has been detected. MTBE has been detected in the downgradient monitoring well MW-3 although TPH-g has not been detected. The lack of MTBE may indicate the release of a TPH-g product that did not contain MTBE.

Diesel has been detected in downgradient monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-3. The concentrations of diesel are at relatively low concentrations, however the downgradient extent of the diesel-impacted groundwater has not been assessed.

5.2 Recommendations



WAC recommends performing free product recovery from the existing recovery sumps at the site. The sumps appear to be adequately constructed to intercept product that may reside in product line trenches and the UST excavation area. In our opinion, the soil and groundwater conditions at the site appear to be favorable for effective product recovery. The site conditions indicate relatively slow or restricted vertical and horizontal migration of the petroleum constituents. The shallow sandy soil in the perched water zone, and the product line and UST backfill materials are potential preferential flow pathways for the collection of free product.

Additional investigation is recommended to assess soil and groundwater quality in offsite areas south and east of the site. The investigation of these areas should include adequate sampling locations and analyses to perform risk-based corrective action evaluations in accordance with recent Regional Water Quality Control Board guidance for the investigation and remediation of petroleum fuel release sites. The monitoring wells at the site should be monitored on a quarterly basis.

The sump located near monitoring well MW-3 should be closed. The purpose of the sump is not apparent and the uncovered sump has collected an oily substance resembling motor oil. The material in the sump should be appropriately contained, characterized, and disposed. Groundwater stored in an on-site baker tank and stockpiled soil should be characterized and disposed.

TABLE 1
Groundwater Elevations
1107 5th Street, Oakland, CA

Well Number	Date	Top of Casing*	Depth to Water	Static Water Elevation
MVV-1	10-21-96	3.84	5.08	-1.24
	11-04-96	3.84	3.02	0.82
MW-2	10-21-96	4.48	4.66	-0.18
	11-04-96	4.48	4.60	-0.12
MW-3	10-21-96	4.81	7.66	-2.85
	11-04-96	4.81	5.70	-0.89

Notes:

12' & in water levels in MOI + 3 from Oct 40 Nov.

^{*} Elevations are based upon the City of Oakland Datum #16NW15. All elevations/depths measured in feet.

TABLE 2

Soil Sample Analytical Results 1107 5th Street, Oakland, California Analytical Results in milligrams per kilogram

		DW				NALYTE	5		·
Soil	Depth	Date						Ethyl-	.,
Samples	in feet		Diesel	TPH-g	MTBE "	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes
EB-1	9	10-10-96	ND 1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
EB-1	13		ND /	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
EB-1	19.5	5	3.4	ND	DZ	ND	ND	ND	ND
EB-2	5	ا ۱	1,600	200 🗸	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.2
EB-2	9	9'	ND 🗸	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
EB-2	13] '	14 /	1.5 ~	ND 🗸	ND 🗸	0.009	ND	0.007
EB-3	9.5	١ ١	1.8 🖊	ND 🗸	ND N	~ 0.018 ~	0.038	0.007	0.027
EB-3	13	5	ND /	ND	ND <	0.017 /	0.052	0.009	0.038
EB-3	16	1	1.9 /	ND	ND /	0.012	0.042	0.009	0.041
EB-4	5	5 stable	2.1 /	6.1 🗸	83 >>	0.97	0.94	0.1	0.44
EB-4	9	" S "	1,100 /	470 /	100	(12)	47	12	63
EB-4	12.5	1	5.9 /	<u> 1.7 /</u>	0.34	0.035	0.14	0.03	0.15
EB-5	4.5] , J d	28,000 <	(1,400)	ND <	3.5 🗸	12	9.4	25
EB-5	8.5	[8]	5,000 -	610 _	ND	1.2	1.4	5	2.2
EB-5	12.5] , , , ,	15 🗸	ND /	0.2	0.03 /	0.007	0.011	0.008
EB-6	4.5	8 stabe	390 /	7.8	1.9	0.13	ND	ND	0.027
EB-6	9	12 15	2 /	ND	ND /	ND /	ND	ND	ND
EB-6	12.5	10 10W	ND /	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
EB-7	4.5		3.7	1.6	0.13 /	0.18	0.018	0.03	0.063
EB-7	8.5	13'	3.9 /	18	2.3 /	1.5	1.7	0.27	1.3
EB-7	12.5]	ND /	1	0.15	0.12 /	0.075	0.027	0.11

ND = Not detected at the laboratory limit of detection.

see lab rp for footroles

TABLE 3

Groundwater Sample Analytical Results 1107 5th Street, Oakland, California Analytical Results in micrograms per liter

		ANALYTES								
Sample	Date						Ethyl-			
		Diesel	TPH-g	MTBE	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes		
MW-1	11-04-96	220 1	ND <	ND ^	ND ´	ND	ND	ND		
MW-2		2,700 -	910	470,000	120 <	23	3.5	51		
MW-3		310 🗸	ND 1	1,000	ND /	ND	ND	ND		
Californ	ia MCL	None	None	0.040*	0.001	0.15	0.68	1.75		
		Listed	Listed							

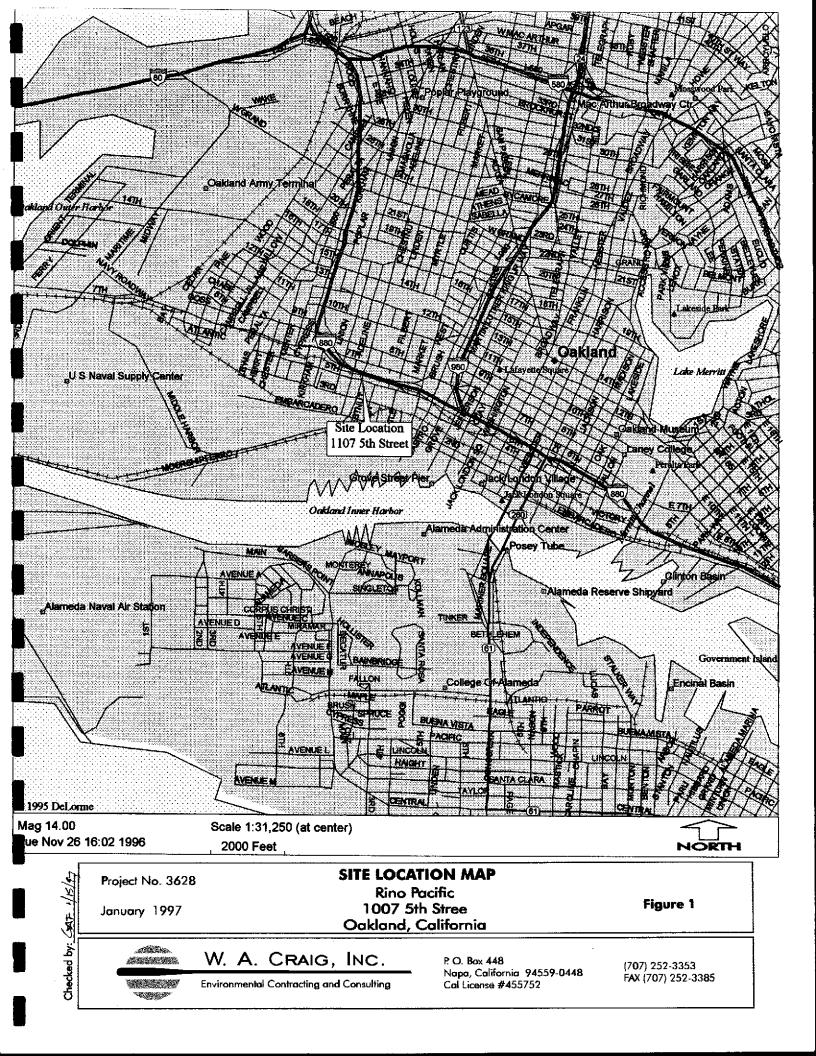
Notes:

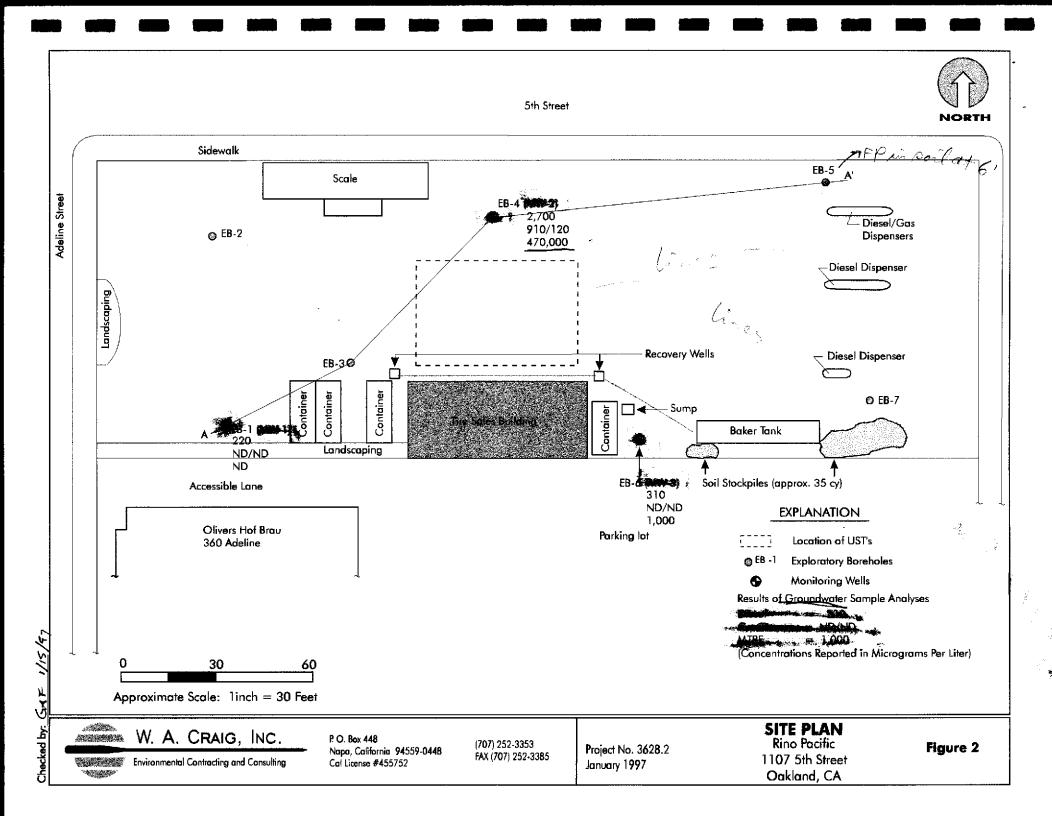
ND = Not detected at the laboratory reported limit of detection.

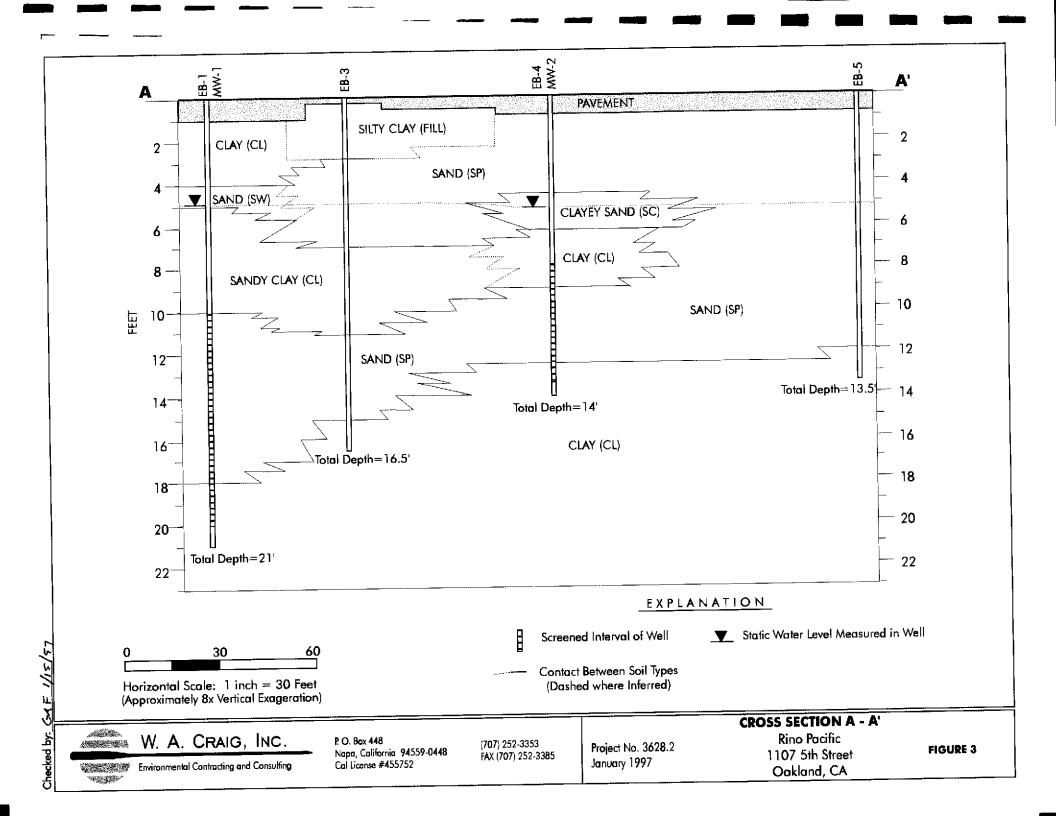
MW = Sample collected from monitoring well.

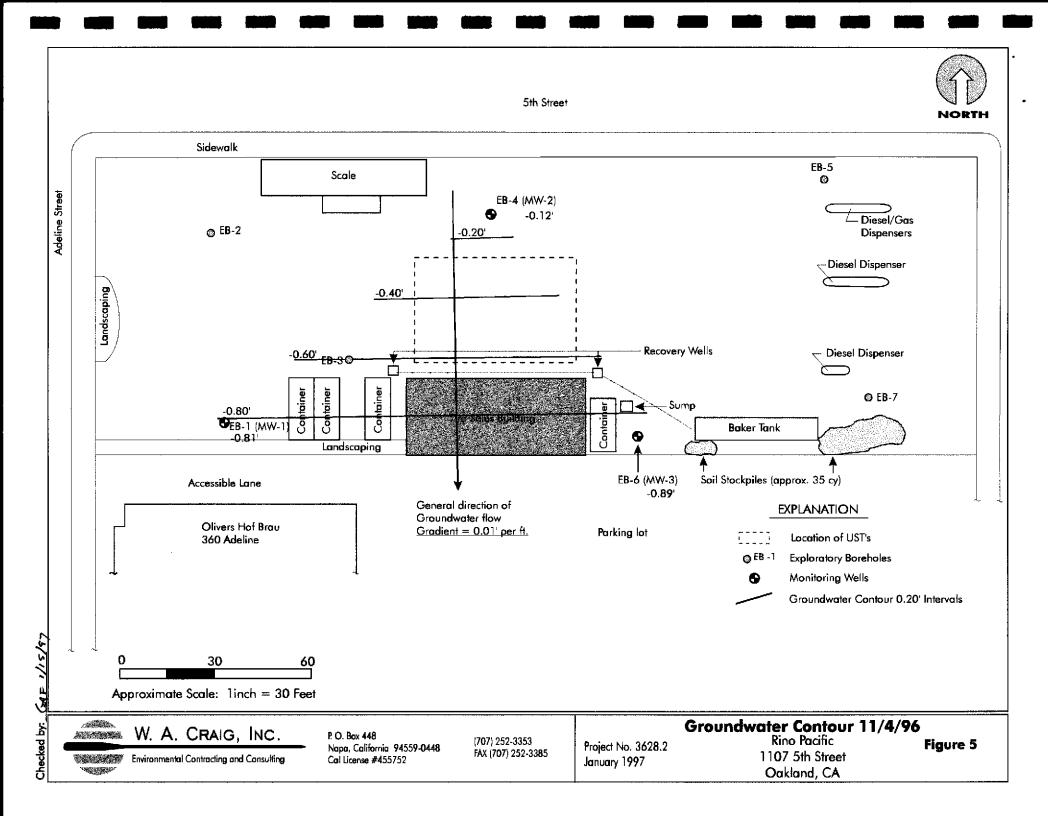
MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level, Drinking Water Standards and Health Advisories EPA document dated August, 1995.

*California Water Quality Goals-Organic Constituents, Human Health and Welfare, Mars September 1991.

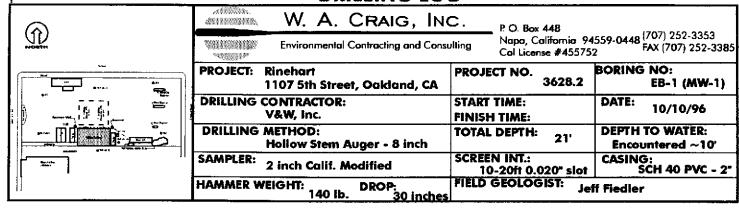


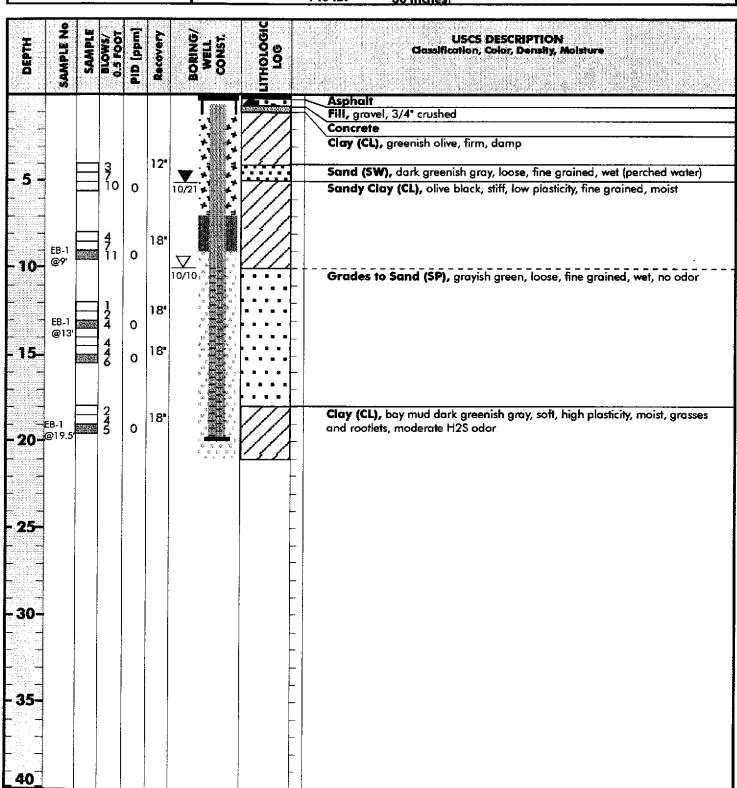






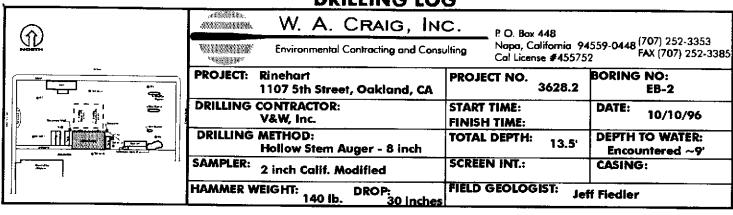
APPENDIX A SOIL BORING LOGS

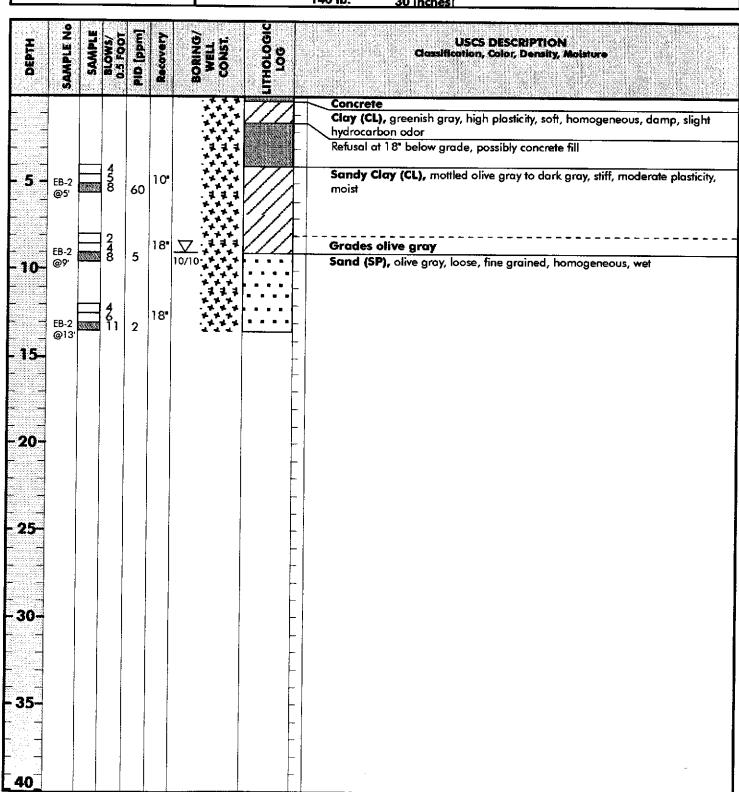


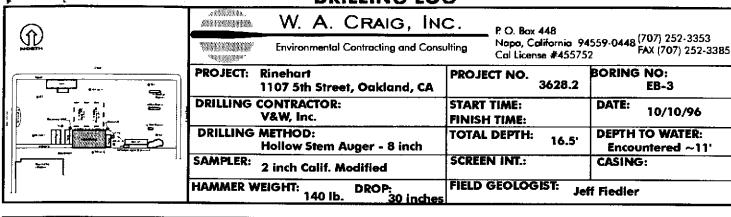


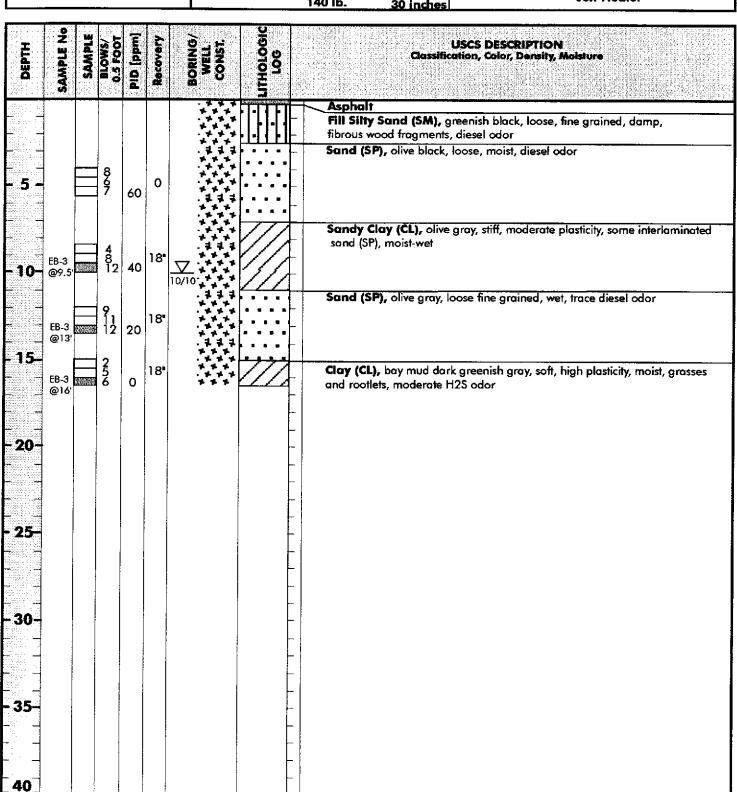
EB-2

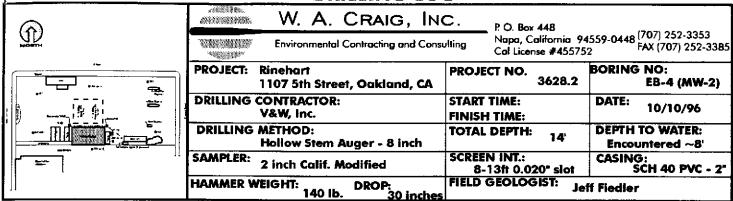
10/10/96

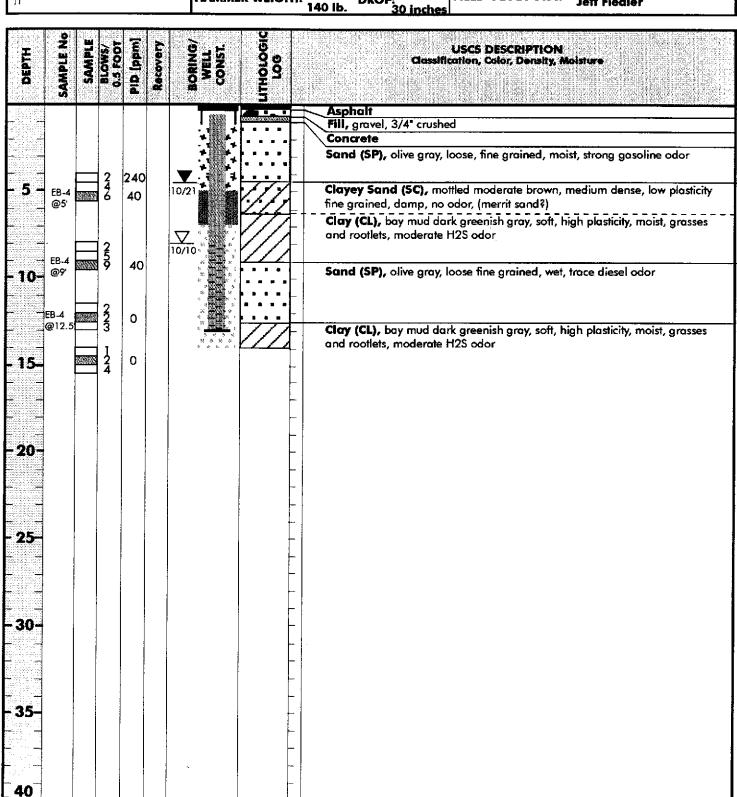


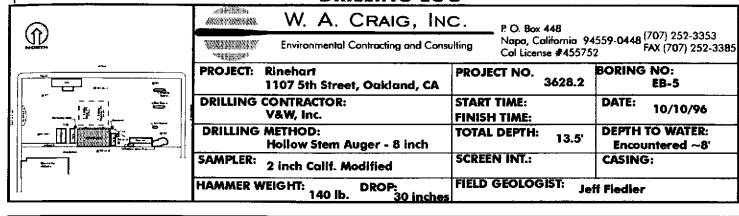






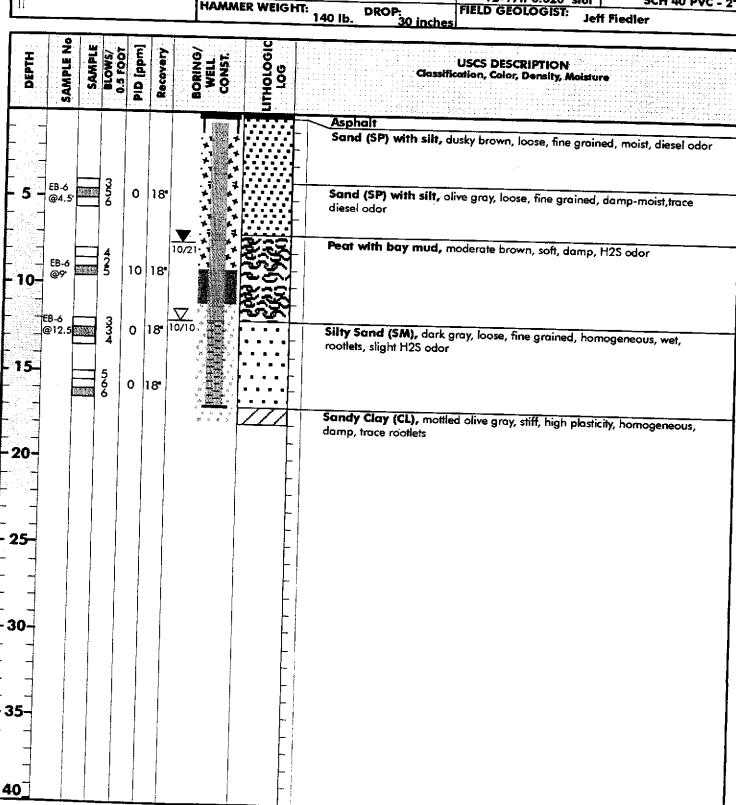


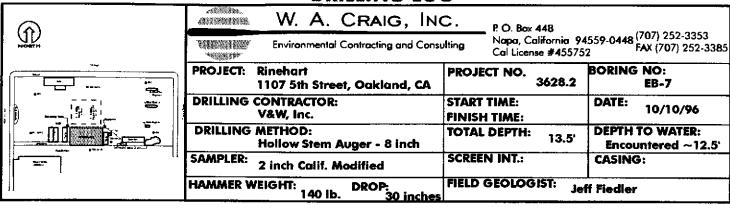


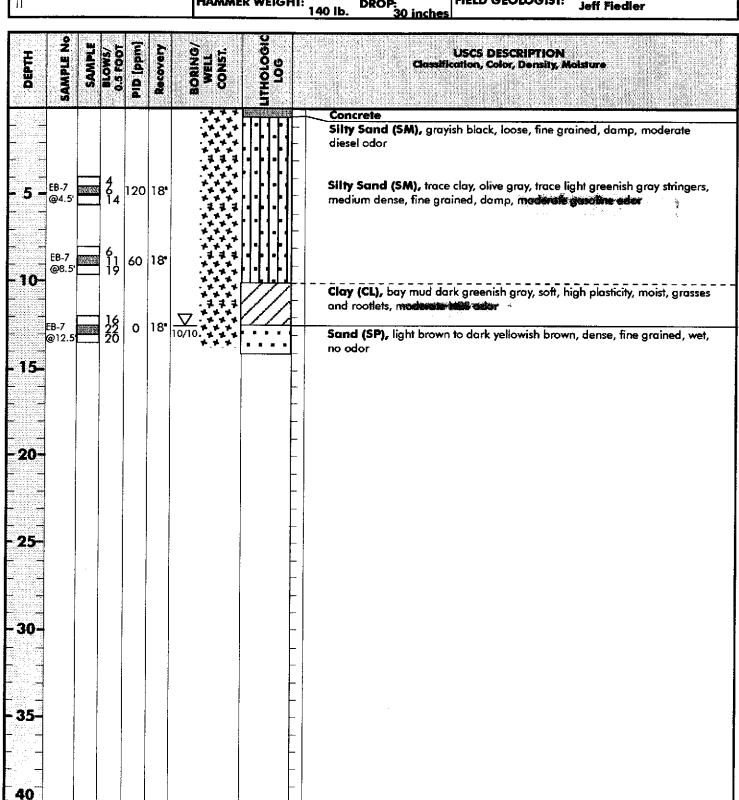


	SAMPLENO	SAMPLE	BLOWS/ 0.5 FOOT		Recovery	ZONES DEMOS	LTHOLOGIC	USCS DESCRIPTION Gassification, Color, Density, Moisture
			:			. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		Asphalt Sand (SP), greenish black, loose, fine grained, damp, strang gravities of or
-5.	EB-5 @4.5'		4 10	220	18	**** **** **** ****		Grades grayish green Grades greenish black (free product)
= 10	EB-5 @8.5'		9 14 20	160		10/10. 1 1 1		Sand (SP), mottled olive gray, loose, fine grained, wet
	EB-5 @12.5		12	200		4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		Grades clayey Sandy clay (CL), olive gray, moist, stiff, moderate plasticity.
-20- -25- -30-								
- 35- - 40_	:						-	•

DRILLING LOG and the later of t W. CRAIG, INC. <u>①</u> P.O. Box 448 Napa, California 94559-0448 (707) 252-3353 Cal License #455752 FAX (707) 252-3385 **Environmental Contracting and Consulting** THE PERSON Cal License #455752 PROJECT: Rinehart PROJECT NO. BORING NO: 1107 5th Street, Oakland, CA 3628.2 EB-6 (MW-3) DRILLING CONTRACTOR: START TIME: DATE: V&W, Inc. 10/10/96 FINISH TIME: DRILLING METHOD: TOTAL DEPTH: DEPTH TO WATER: Hollow Stem Auger - 8 inch 17 Encountered ~12 SAMPLER: SCREEN INT.: 2 inch Calif. Modified CASING: 12-17ft 0.020" slot SCH 40 PVC - 2" HAMMER WEIGHT: FIELD GEOLOGIST:







APPENDIX B SURVEYOR'S REPORT

SAMUEL KUSHNER

LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR

21 Diaz Place Oakland, CA 94611 (510) 339-1728

October 31, 1996

W. A. Craig, Inc.P.O. Box 448Napa, CA 94559-0448

Attn: David Orr

Re: Rinehart Oil, Inc., 1107 - 5th Street, Oakland

Your No. 3628.2

Dear Sirs,

Below are listed the locations and elevations for the monitoring wells and borings at the above referenced site as determined by our field visit of October 31, 1996.

The horizontal relationship is the distance easterly along the back of sidewalk line of 5th St., starting at Adeline St. and offset right or southerly from that line. Points 2013 and 2014 are the front corners of the concrete block building on the site.

BSW Line, 5th St.

From BSW Adeline

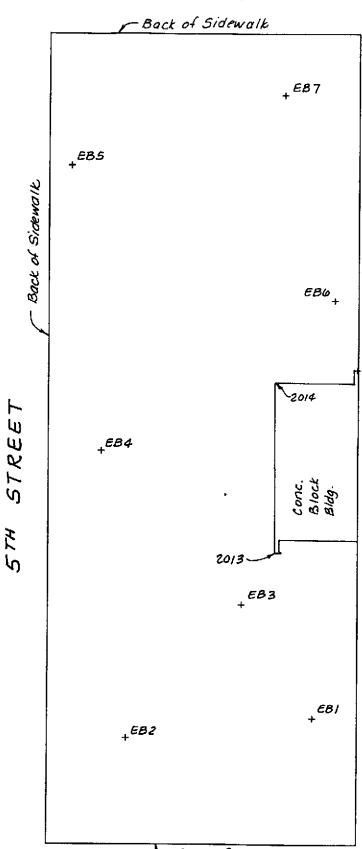
Pt	Distance	Offset	
eb1	39.7	81.7	R
eb2	33.4	24.3	R
eb3	74.9	59.8	R
eb4	122.8	16.3	R
eb5	212.5	7.0	R
eb6	170.2	88.2	R
eb7	234.9	72.5	R
2013	91.1	69.9	R
2014	144.3	69.9	R

The elevations are based upon the City of Oakland Datum.

Bench Mark is pin monument #16NW15 at the intersection of 3rd and Magnolia Streets.

ELEVATION = 3.19

Location	Casing Elev.	Rim or Plug Elev.
MW-1 = EB - 1	3.84	4.5
EB - 2		4.6
EB - 3		4.7
MW-2 = EB - 4	4.48	5.0
EB - 5		6.4
MW-3 = EB - 6	4.81	5.5
EB - 7		6.3



SCALE: 1" = 30"

BSW Line, 5th St. From BSW Adeline Ρt Distance Offset 81.7 R 24.3 R eb1 39.7 eb2 33.4 59.8 R eb3 74.9 122.8 eb4 16.3 R eb5 212.5 7.0 R 88.2 R 72.5 R 69.9 R 69.9 R 170.2 eb6 eb7 234.9 2013 91.1 2014 144.3

ADELINE ST.

٠,

APPENDIX C

MONITORING WELL DEVELOPMENT AND SAMPLING LOGS

OUNDWATER SAMPLING WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

	D: 10	121/46			
ESTARTED	•	12:00	JOB NUMBE	·D.	2/22
		2,00	JOB NOWIEE	:H:	3629.2
E COMPLE	TED:		JOB NAME:		
ECOMPLET	TED:	15:09			
	VIOLGINGILE	NGTH	I WE	LL INSIDE DIAMET	CD
610 _/1/	DEPTH	5.081 = A(FT)			CR
rom .	WATER	S.OB' = Δ(FT) WELL CASING = VOLUME	FAC V.F	CTOR 1 .= GAL/FT 2	"=0.041 4"=0.653 -1/2"=0.092 6"=1.469 !"=0.163 8"=2.611 !"=0.367 12"=5.875
ESHORGED		(GAL)		LL DEWATERED	16450 1 1115
GEMERIOD	Suppres	ble pump		TE SAMPLED:	YES []NO
ASOFFIE	EMOVED (GAL):	7.261 when was	11 opened TIM	IE SAMPLED:	NIA
W. VOLONIE	SREMOVED:		SA	MPLING METHOD: ATHER	NIA
		10+	co	NDITIONS:	Sun, warm,
GERATE (GP	M): ≈ ∠	9	PU	RGES/SAMPLED B	Y:
	RAFTER RECOVE	RY (FT) =	<u></u> %1	RECOVERED PRIO	R TO SAMPLING
DIPARAMETE	RAFTER RECOVERS: NOLUME REMOVED		ج إهلان ELECTRICAI	- PH	R TO SAMPLING TURBIDITY
DPARAMETE TIME SECTOCK)	RAFTER RECOVERS; NOLUME REMOVED (GAL)	TEMPERATURE	ر معن ELECTRICAI CONDUCTIVIT	- PH	TURBIDITY (NTU)
DPARAMETE TIME ER SEOCK) EX 17 8	RAFTER RECOVERS; NOLUME REMOVED (GAL)	TEMPERATURE 72.2	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVIT 9.43	- PH - 7. 04	TURBIDITY (NTU)
DPARAMETE TIME PROCOCK) 278 2177	RAFTER RECOVERS; NOLUME REMOVED (GAL)	TEMPERATURE 72.2 69.8	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVIT 9.43	PH 7.04 6.34	TURBIDITY (NTU)
DPARAMETE TIME SECLOCK) 18 177 73:76	RAFTER RECOVERS; NOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 3 6 9 /2	TEMPERATURE 72.2 69.8 -68.4	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVIT 9.43 /0.44 9:96	PH 7.04 6.54 7.09	TURBIDITY (NTU)
DRARAMETE SECEOCK) 2018 2177 7116 3100	RAFTER RECOVERS; NOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 3 6 9 12 14,5	TEMPERATURE 72.2 69.8 -68.4 -68.4 -20.2	2.23 2.80	PH 7.04 6.34	TURBIDITY (NTU)
DPARAMETE TIME PROCOCK) 278 2177	RAFTER RECOVERS; NOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 3 6 9 /2	TEMPERATURE 72. 2 69. 8 - 68.4 69.1	x /axi ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVIT 9.43 /0.44 9:96 7,23	PH 7.04 6.54 7.09 2.09 2.17	TURBIDITY (NTU)
DIPARAMETE TIME FRECOCK) 2 17 8 2 17 7 7 3 : 7 6 2 5 : 00	RAFTER RECOVERS; NOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 3 6 9 12 14,5	TEMPERATURE 72.2 69.8 -68.4 -68.4 -20.2	2.23 2.80	PH 7.04 6.84 7.09 7.17 7.23	TURBIDITY (NTU)
DIPARAMETE FINE FINE FINE FINE FINE FINE FINE FIN	RAFTER RECOVERS; NOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 3 6 9 /2 /4/3	TEMPERATURE 72.2 69.8 -68.4 -68.4 -20.2	2.23 2.80	PH 7.04 6.84 7.09 7.17 7.23	TURBIDITY (NTU)
DIPARAMETE TIME FRECOCK) 2 17 8 2 17 7 7 3 : 7 6 2 5 : 00	RAFTER RECOVERS; NOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 3 6 9 12 14,5	TEMPERATURE 72.2 69.8 -68.4 -68.4 -20.2	2.23 2.80	PH 7.04 6.84 7.09 7.17 7.23	TURBIDITY (NTU)
DIPARAMETE FINE FINE FINE FINE FINE FINE FINE FIN	RAFTER RECOVE RS; VOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 3 6 9 12 143 17	TEMPERATURE 72.2 69.8 .68.4 69.1 20.2 69.6	21000 ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVIT 9.43 10.44 9:96 7.23 2.80 7-91	PH 7.04 6.34 7.09 7.09 7.09 7.17 7.23 6.93	TURBIDITY (NTU)
DIPARAMETE TIME SECCIOCK) 178 13:76 13:76 15:00 15:08	RAFTER RECOVE RS; VOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 3 6 9 12 143 17	TEMPERATURE 72.2 69.8 -68.4 -68.4 -69.6 -69.6	21000 ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVIT 9.43 10.44 9:96 7.23 2.80 7-91	PH 7.04 6.34 7.09 7.09 7.09 7.17 7.23 6.93	TURBIDITY (NTU)

W.A. Craig, Inc.

/

OUNDWATER SAMPLING WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

			LOPMENIL	-	
WELL NUMBER	l:	2W-2	FIELD PER	SON(S): Ru	sell Gentry
DATE STARTE	D :	121/96			
TIMESTARTED): <u>/</u> 4	tils	JOB NUMB	ER: <u>3</u>	623.2
DATE COMPLE	TED:		JOB NAME		Whehat
TIME COMPLET	TED:	1S:38			
DEF TO BOTTO		NGTH	Tw	ELL INSIDE DIAMET	<u>ER</u>
	WATER 5 X (V.F.) ≥ <u>Ø</u>	4.66 - Δ(FT) WELL CASING VOLUME (GAL)	F/ V.	ACTOR 1 F.≖GAL/FT 2	"=0.041
DAME OF RURGED				ELL DEWATERED	YES []NO
PUE POPE	WATER:	30 @ 12:00		ATE SAMPLED:	NA
IO.	EMOVED (GAL):	8.0		ME SAMPLED: AMPLING METHOD:	
ASSESSOCIONES	REMOVED:	100	W	EATHER	Sun warm
PURGERATE (GPI	M):			ONDITIONS: JRGES/SAMPLED BY	brecze
	2	2			" RL
	and the second	BV (CT)	%	RECOVERED PRIOR	R TO SAMPLING
EPTH TO WATER	AFTER RECOVE	(F1) =			
	RS:	(FI) =			<u> </u>
PEPTH TO WATER FIELD PARAMETE TIME (24 SECOCK)		TEMPERATURE	ELECTRICA CONDUCTIV	NL PH	TURBIDITY (NTU)
CALLES COCK)	RS: VOLUME REMOVED (GAL)	TEMPERATURE	ELECTRICA CONDUCTIV	NL PH	TURBIDITY (NTU) Mcdium
TIME (24 SEC OCK)	RS: VOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 7.5	TEMPERATURE 74.4 75.2	ELECTRICA CONDUCTIV	AL PH ITY 6.72 6.61	(NTU)
IED PAFAMETE (24 SACCK)	RS: VOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 7.5 3.0 4.5	TEMPERATURE 74.9 25.2 76.1	ELECTRICA CONDUCTIV 3.18 4.03 3.12	AL PH ITY 6.72 6.61 6.57	(NTU) Medica
(28 SECOND	RS; VOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 7.5 3.0 4.5 5.5	TEMPERATURE 74.4 75.2 76.1 74.4	ELECTRICA CONDUCTIV 3.18 4.63 3.42 4.17	AL PH TY 6.72 6.61 6.57 6.54	(NTU) Medica
IESOARAMETE (24 PROCK) (24 PROCK) (24 PROCK) (24 PROCK)	RS: VOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 7.5 3.0 4.5 5.3	TEMPERATURE 74.4 75.2 76.1 74.4 75.2	ELECTRICA CONDUCTIV 3.18 4.63 3.12 4.17 3.13	6.72 6.61 6.57 6.54 6.20	(NTU) Medica
IEGOPARAMETE (24 SEC CCK) (24 SEC CCK) (24 SEC CCK)	RS; VOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 7.5 3.0 4.5 5.5	TEMPERATURE 74.4 75.2 76.1 74.4	ELECTRICA CONDUCTIV 3.18 4.63 3.42 4.17	AL PH TY 6.72 6.61 6.57 6.54	(NTU) Medica
PARAMETE (24 Maranette (24 Maranette (24 Maranette (24 Maranette (24 Maranette (25 Maranette (26 Maranete (26 Maranette (26 Maranete (26 Maranette (26 Maranete	RS: VOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 7.5 3.0 4.5 5.3	TEMPERATURE 74.4 75.2 76.1 74.4 75.2	ELECTRICA CONDUCTIV 3.18 4.63 3.12 4.17 3.13	6.72 6.61 6.57 6.54 6.20	(NTU) Medica
FIELD PARAMETE (24 CCK) (24 CCK) (25 CCK) (26 CCK) (26 CCK) (27 CCK)	RS: VOLUME REMOVED (GAL) 7.5 3.0 4.5 5.3	TEMPERATURE 74.4 75.2 76.1 74.4 75.2	ELECTRICA CONDUCTIV 3.18 4.63 3.12 4.17 3.13	6.72 6.61 6.57 6.54 6.20	(NTU) Medition 11

Co. David Gulf Sampling Log 10/31/95

W.A. Craig, Inc.

OUNDWATER SAMPLING WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

3.2		LOPMENT	LOG		
ELL NUMBER:	MW-3	FIELD PI	ERSON	(S): R	scell beston
TESTARTED: _	10/21/96			<u> </u>	
ESTARTED: _	12:10	JOB NU	MBER:	36	20.2
Mediates: _		JOB NAM	ИE:		
de Completed: _	15:17			 -	
			WELL I	NSIDE DIAMETE	R
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	WELL	7.06' 1.15	VOLUME FACTOR V.F.= GA	1°. 1 1. NUFT 2°.	=0.041
TEED MANAGEMENT	(GAL)		WELL	EWATERED	IMYES []NO
E 122 (2012) 123	Ubrusable purp	4.6	DATE S	AMPLED:	NA
	AL): 6.5	10		AMPLED: ING METHOD:	<i>i'</i>
E (OVED	T		WEATH CONDIT	ER	Son worn Breeze
GPM):				S/SAMPLED BY	RQ
	E	X/00	r	····	
A SENON		CONDUC	ICAL	PH	TURÉIDITY (NTU)
		CONDUCTOR A	ICAL FIVITY	PH 6-75	(NTU)
OK EMOV	TEMPERATURE	CONDUC	ICAL FIVITY		
ON PROMISE AND A SECOND	TEMPERATURE	CONDUC	ICAL FIVITY		(NTU)
Signal (GAL)	TEMPERATURE	CONDUC	ICAL FIVITY		(NTU)
CALLY CALLY	TEMPERATURE	CONDUC	ICAL FIVITY		(NTU)
VER MOV COAL (CAL)	TEMPERATURE	CONDUC	ICAL FIVITY		(NTU)
	TEMPERATURE	CONDUC	ICAL FIVITY		(NTU)
GAL)	TEMPERATURE	CONDUC	ICAL FIVITY		(NTU)
MENTS: State	TEMPERATURE	CONDUCTAL OF	ICAL FIVITY 7	6-75	(NTU) Heavy
WENTS: Stylet	TEMPERATURE 2/16	CONDUCTAL OF	ICAL FIVITY 7	6-75	(NTU) Heavy

ROUNDWATER SAMPLING WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

WE'L NUMBER	l:	MW-1	FIELD P	ERSON	I(S): /	Russed C	-an How
PATESTARTE	D:	14/96					
MESTARTED):	1500	JOB NUI	MBER:		3628.2	•
S S SMPLE	TED:	11/4/96	JOB NAM	ME:		Rirehor	+
OMPLET	. —	4:35				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
S. 2000 (0	MORICASING LE	NGTH		WELL I	NSIDE DIAME	TER	
19.00 16.05	WATER	3. 02 - Δ(FT) WELL CASING VOLUME (GAL)	<u>16.08</u> 2.62	VOLUMI FACTOR V.F.= GA	3	1"=0.041 1-1/2"=0.092 2"=0.163 3"=0.367	4"=0.653 6"=1.469 8"=2.611 12"=5.878
WAR FURGED					EWATERED	YES	[] NO
	WATER ?	Bailer			SAMPLED:		6
WE WER	EMOVED (GAL):	7.00			AMPLED: ING METHOD	4:30	
CAN SOLUMES	REMOVED:	2+		WEATH			
OEGRI	<u></u>			CONDI		Ourcas	t, cool
	~··········			PURGE	S/SAMPLED	BY:	4
E-DE CRAMETE	RS; VOLUME REMOVED	TEMPERATURE	X/ox ELECTR		PH	TIID	BIDITY
2445 (EOCK)	(GAL) 2.50	71.7	CONDUC	TIVITY		1) (1	NTU)
12/120	5.00	20.0	10.2		7.09		161-
11/28	2.00	68.7	12.12		6.92	Meda	m/heevy
Steele Land		F	72-12		_ در ۲ . 6	He	wy
		`					
							
			·				
- У ИЕ УТS:	No sh	een or yelloù to	edor	deta	cted.		
1 h	dust a	vellow to	+ .h.	4211	4/	4	
	Marish bon			······		, worker	-
	V. V.			·			
							
							
			· · · · ·				

(ROUNDWATER SAMPLING WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

	MBER	·	7W-2	FIELD P	ERSON	N(S):	Russell	Gentry		
ΛV Ε	STARTED):	14/96							
	STARTED		1:50	JOB NUM	MBER:		3628.	2		
	COMPLET	TED:	14/96	JOB NAM	ΛE:		_ Rinchart			
11.	COMPLET	ED: <u>4</u> .	:45							
3	O BOTTO	M OR CASING LEN	NGTH		WELL	INSIDE DIAME	TER			
10	io <u>12.86</u> <u>8.26</u>	DEPTH - TO =	- Δ(FT) WELL CASING VOLUME (GAL)	B.26'	VOLUM FACTO V.F.= G	R AL/FT	1"=0.041 1-1/2"=0.092 2"=0.163 3"=0.367	4"=0.653 6"=1.469 8"=2.61; 12"=5.875		
y	PURGED:				WELL	DEWATERED	[YES	INO		
	ERROD:		Barler			SAMPLED:	11/4/9			
3774		MOVED (GAL):	· 30' 4. 2.3		TIME SAMPLED: 4/40					
9,351	OLUMES	REMOVED:			WEAT	ING METHOD	Boller	-		
بالفادة الماد	A territory		3+			TIONS:	OUNTERST	1/00/		
	ATE (GPN	() :	<u> </u>		PURGE	S/SAMPLED E	3Y:	0		
	2.8 @	NS;	11(FI) =	*		OVERED PRIC	OR TO SAMPL	ING		
	(E Seck)	VOLUME REMOVED (GAL)	TEMPERATURE	ELECTR CONDUC	ICAL	PH		BIDITY ITU)		
فيعكم ويكنده		1.25	73.0	3.26		6.62		Cycllon		
Land Ex	2	2.75	24,0	4.15		6.52	Med	"		
- 24		4. 4 25	74.1	4,4	6	6.59	Henry			
78, 48										
		·								
-										
16 m 16 m	Section Control									
المعمد المداد د ۱۳۰۶ - ۲										
	A CONTRACTOR									
-	ers:	No thee	the well was	Gocarba	a0	dor pres	ent in			
	Sui!	er. When	the well was	hite	1/4	poened	so-me			
130	hydrour	ron odar	was detected	- 1n	the	bland	£ 01			
	Alfred 1	h an	Æ A	- () L	0 11	UNION O	Le pressur	&		
10.		- Convey	A pu	rugar	SULTER	odot ex	<i>}75</i>			
77			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·					
-whi a bernal	T 2									

ROUNDWATER SAMPLING WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

WELLNOMBE	R:	MW-3	FIELD PE	RSON	I(S):	ussell Garty
DATESTARTE	D:	1/4/96				
TIMESTARTE		2:10	JOB NUM	IBER:		3628.2
AVA ESTOMPLE		11/4/96	JOB NAM	E:	Rinehart	
ALLIE O. SIMPLE	TED:	5.100				
	DMOR CASING LE	NGTH		WELL I	NSIDE DIAMETE	·R
14.2 17. 2. 9.02	WATER	5.20' = Δ(FT) WELL CASING VOLUME (GAL)		VOLUMI FACTOF V.F.= GA	1- AL/FT 2"	=0.041
WAS ES DURGED		(GAC)		WELL (DEWATERED	YES INC
	WATER: S	Bailer		DATE S	SAMPLED:	11/4/96
MONTH VOLUMEN	REMOVED (GAL):	2.56			AMPLED: ING METHOD:	4:55
S. ASIDE MOROWE	S REMOVED:			WEATH		Bailer
AURGE WITE (GP	MAY.	1.5+		CONDI	TIONS: Ou	ereast cool
	•	RY <u>//.84</u> (FT) =		PURGE	S/SAMPLED BY	24
TIME LIME LIME (ZAMBICŁOCK)	RS; VOLUME REMOVED (GAL)	TEMPERATURE	X/000 ELECTRIC CONDUCT	CAL	PH	TURBIDITY
CALLED	1.50	63.2	2.63	VIII	6.76	(NTU)
34.148	2.50	68./	2.65	1	6.23	Slight (yella)
					<u>.</u>	
						
TENTS:	No Sheen	er obse	_detec	ted.		
AMAR ON						
						
TO WELL	mpling Log 10/31/95					W.A. Craig. Inc

W.A. Craig, Inc.

APPENDIX D LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT

W.A. Crai	g, Inc.	C	Client Projec	t ID:#36	28; Rino		Date Sam	pled: 10/10	/96		
P.O. Box 4	148						Date Rece	Date Received: 10/11/96			
Napa, CA	94559-0448	[Client Conta	ct: Jeff Fie	edler	Date Extracted: 10/14/96					
		C	Client P.O:			Date Ana	Date Analyzed: 10/14-10/16/96				
	ne Range (C6-C			BTEX*							
Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix		МТВЕ	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylben- zene	Xylenes	% Rec. Surrogate		
70139	EB-1 @ 9'	S	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	105		
70140	EB-1 @ 13'	S	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	102		
70141	EB-1 @ 19.5'	S	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	102		
70142	EB-2 @ 5'	s	200,g	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.20	99		
70143	EB-2 @ 9'	S	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	104		
70144	EB-2 @ 13'	S	1.5,g	ND	ND	0.009	ND	0.007	105		
70145	EB-3 @ 9.5'	s	ND	ND	0.018	0.038	0.007	0.027	104		
70146 EB-3 @ 13' S			ND	ND	0.017 /	0.052	0.009	0.038	105		
70147 EB-3 @ 16' S			ND NI		0.012	0.042	0.009	0.041	104		
70148	EB-4 @ 5'	s	6.1,a	83	0.97	0.94	0.10	0.44	105		

100

0.34

1.9

ND

5.0

0.05

12

0.035

0.13

ND

0.5

0.005

47

0.14

ND< 0.01

ND

0.5

0.005

12

0.030

ND< 0.01

ND

0.5

0.005

63

0.15

0.027

ND

0.5

0.005

106

103

104

97

S

S

S

S

W

S

470,a

1.7,a

7.8,g

ND

50 ug/L

1.0 mg/kg

EB-4@9'

EB-4 @ 12.5'

EB-6 @ 4.5'

EB-6 @ 9'

Reporting Limit unless

otherwise stated; ND means not detected

above the reporting limit

70149

70150

70151

70152

^{*} water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP extracts in mg/L

^{*}cluttered chromatogram; sample peak coelutes with surrogate peak

⁺ The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified gasoline is significant; b) heavier gasoline range compounds are significant (aged gasoline?); c) lighter gasoline range compounds (the most mobile fraction) are significant; d) gasoline range compounds having broad chromatographic peaks are significant; biologically altered gasoline?; e) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~ 5 vol. % sediment; j) no recognizable pattern.

١

110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553 Tele: 510-798-1620 Fax: 510-798-1622

W.A. Craig, Inc.	Client Project ID: # 3628; Rino	Date Sampled: 10/10/96
P.O. Box 448		Date Received: 10/11/96
Napa, CA 94559-0448	Client Contact: Jeff Fiedler	Date Extracted: 10/14/96
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 10/14-10/16/96
Gasoline Range (C6-C1	2) Volatile Hydrocarbons as Gasoline*, with	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether* & BTEX*

EPA methods 5030, modified 8015, and 8020 or 602; California RWQCB (SF Bay Region) method GCFID (5030) Ethylben-% Rec. Lab ID Client ID Matrix TPH(g) MTBE Benzene Toluene **Xylenes** zene Surrogate 70153 EB-6 @ 12.5' S ND ND ND ND ND ND 109 70154 S EB-5 @ 4.5, S 1400,g ND< 4 3.5 12 9.4 25 102 70155 EB-5 @ 8.5, S S 116# ND< 0.85 610,j,g 1.2 1.4 5.0 2,2 EB-5 @ 12.5, S 70156 S ND 0.20 0.030 0.007 0.011 800.0 100 70157 EB-7 @ 4.5, S S 1.6,g,a 0.13 0.018 0.18 0.030 0.063 100 70158 EB-7 @ 8.5, S S 18,a 2.3 1.5 1.7 0.27 1.3 102 70159 EB-7 @ 12.5, S S 1.0,a 0.15 -0.12 - 20.075 0.0270.11 96 Reporting Limit unless W 50 ug/L 5.0 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 otherwise stated; ND means not detected above S 0.05 the reporting limit 1.0 mg/kg 0.005 0.005 0.005 0.005

DHS Certification No. 1644

Edward Hamilton, Lab Director

^{*} water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP extracts in mg/L

[#] cluttered chromatogram; sample peak coelutes with surrogate peak

⁺ The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified gasoline is significant; b) heavier gasoline range compounds are significant (aged gasoline?); c) lighter gasoline range compounds (the most mobile fraction) are significant; d) gasoline range compounds having broad chromatographic peaks are significant; biologically altered gasoline?; e) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~ 5 vol. % sediment; j) no recognizable pattern.

W.A. Craig, Inc.	Client Project ID: # 3628; Rino	Date Sampled: 10/10/96
P.O. Box 448		Date Received: 10/11/96
Napa, CA 94559-0448	Client Contact: Jeff Fiedler	Date Extracted: 10/14-10/16/96
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 10/14-10/16/96
Die	sel Pange (C10,C22) Extrastable Hydrocarl	rome os Biosol \$

Diesel Range (C10-C23) Extractable Hydrocarbons as Diesel * EPA methods modified 8015, and 3550 or 3510; California RWQCB (SF Bay Region) method GCFID(3550) or GCFID(3510) % Recovery Client ID Lab ID TPH(d)⁺ Matrix Surrogate 70139 EB-1 @ 9' S ND 98 70140 S EB-1 @ 13' ND 98 70141 EB-1 @ 19.5' S 94 3.4,g,b 70142 EB-2 @ 5' S 1600,a 113 70143 S EB-2 @ 9' ND 100 70144 EB-2 @ 13' S 14,a 105 70145 EB-3 @ 9.5' S 1.8,b -104 70146 EB-3 @ 13' S ND 101 70147 S EB-3 @ 16' 1.9,g,b < 108 70148 S 2.1,b,d EB-4 @ 5' 111 70149 111# S EB-4 @ 9' 1100,d,a 70150 S EB-4 @ 12.5° 5.9,a 110 70151 EB-6 @ 4.5' S 390,a 112 70152 EB-6@9' S 2.0,b110 Reporting Limit unless oth-W 50 ug/L erwise stated; ND means not detected above the reporting S limit 1.0 mg/kg

^{*} water samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP and STLC extracts in mg/L

[#] cluttered chromatogram resulting in coeluted surrogate and sample peaks, or; surrogate peak is on elevated baseline, or; surrogate has been diminished by dilution of original extract.

The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified diesel is significant; b) diesel range compounds are significant; no recognizable pattern; c) aged diesel? is significant); d) gasoline range compounds are significant; e) medium boiling point pattern that does not match diesel (?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) oil range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~ 5 vol. % sediment.

W.A. Craig P.O. Box 44		Client P	Project ID: # 3628; Rino	Date Sampled: 10/10/96		
P.O. B0X 44	ю			Date Received: 10/11/96		
Napa, CA 9	94559-0448	Client C	Contact: Jeff Fiedler	Date Extracted: 10/14-10/16/96		
		Client F	2.0:	Date Analyzed: 10/14-10/16/96		
EPA methods			10-C23) Extractable Hydrocarbons as difornia RWQCB (SF Bay Region) method GC			
Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(d) ⁺	% Recovery Surrogate		
70153	EB-6 @ 12.5'	s	ND	111		
70154	EB-5 @ 4.5, S	s	28,000,a	107		
70155	EB-5 @ 8.5, S	s	5000,a	113		
70156	EB-5 @ 12.5, S	S	15,a	105		
70157	EB-7 @ 4.5, S	s	3.7,a /	104		
70158	EB-7 @ 8.5, S	S	3.9,a,d	104		
70159	EB-7 @ 12.5, S	S	ND /	102		
Reporting Limit unless otherwise stated; ND means not de-		w	50 ug/L			
tected ab	ove the reporting limit	s	1.0 mg/kg			

^{*} water samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP and STLC extracts in mg/L

[&]quot; cluttered chromatogram resulting in coeluted surrogate and sample peaks, or; surrogate peak is on elevated baseline, or; surrogate has been diminished by dilution of original extract.

⁺ The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified diesel is significant; b) diesel range compounds are significant; no recognizable pattern; c) aged diesel? is significant); d) gasoline range compounds are significant, e) medium boiling point pattern that does not match diesel (?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) oil range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~ 5 vol. % sediment.

McCAMPBELL ANALYTICAL INC.

110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553 Tele: 510-798-1620 Fax: 510-798-1622

QC REPORT FOR HYDROCARBON ANALYSES

Date:

10/14/96

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Matrix: Soil

	Concent	ration	(mg/kg)		% Reco	very	
Analyte	Sample			Amount			RPD
	(#67147)	MS	MSD	Spiked 	MS	MSD	
TPH (gas)	0.000	1.927	1.906	2.03	95	94	1.1
Benzene	0.000	0.190	0.206	0.2	95	103	8.1
Toluene	0.000	0.190	0.208	0.2	95	104	9.0
Ethylbenzene	0.000	0.186	0.200	0.2	93	100	7.3
Xylenes	0.000	0.554	0.588	0.6	92	98	6.0
TPH (diesel)	0	312	315	300	104	105	0.8
TRPH (oil and grease)	 N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

% Rec. * (MS - Sample) / amount spiked x 100

QC REPORT FOR HYDROCARBON ANALYSES

Date:

10/16/96

)

Matrix: Soil

Analyte	Concent Sample	ration	(mg/kg)		% Reco	very	
	(#67146)	MS	MSD	Amount Spiked	MS	MSD	RPD
TPH (gas) Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	1.994 0.192 0.204 0.200 0.616	1.839 0.190 0.196 0.194 0.592	2.03 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.6	98 96 102 100	91 95 98 97 99	8.1 1.0 4.0 3.0 4.0
TPH (diesel)	0	311	303	300	104	101	2.8
TRPH (oil and grease)	0.0	19.3	19.5	20.8	93	94	1.0

% Rec. - (MS - Sample) / amount spiked x 100

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD 1395AWAC682 PROJECT NO. PROJECT NAME **ANALYSIS** Water, Air, 3628 RINO PURCHASE ORDER NO. (8015) (602/8020) SIGNATURE OF SAMPLER BTEX G.a. Fresh MATRIX: Soil, N Sludge, Other **REMARKS LABORATORY** TPHg TIME I. D. NUMBER W. A. CRAIG, INC.'S SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION 70139 0/0 0845 EB-1 70140 0850 EB-1 13 70141 0900 EB-1 × 11.5 0925 EB-2 70142 0935 EB-2 70143 EB-2 0940 13' X 70144 EB-3 1015 EB-3 13 X 70145 EB-3 1020 16 70146 1045 5' EB-4 VOAS I 1050 GB-84 PRESERVATIVE GOOD CONDITION / HEAD SPACE ABSENT 7014 1055 EB-4 12.5 70148 1145 63-6 1150 613-6 70149 X 455 12.5 70150 RELINQUISHED BY (Signature): RECEIVED BY (Signature): DATE/TIME 70151 LABORATORY: PLEASE SEND RESULTS TO. 7:55 10/11 Mahoney W. A. CRAIG, 1 70152 RELINQUISHED BY (Signature): MAT RECEIVED BY (Signature): DATE/TIME P.O. BOX 448 i NAPA, CA 94559-0448 **TURNAROUND** (707) 252-3353 RELINQUISHED BY (Signature): DATE/TIME RECEIVED BY (Signature): TIME: 70153 5-10x9 ATTN: G. FIEDLES. CopyrigM GEOTECHNICA TECHERM 003 (5.02)

PROJECT	NO					_									<u>73</u> 95	AWA	<u> </u>
46 2	۱"	ROJECT NAME			Ą			, ,	ANA	L	/SIS	3					
PURCHAS ORDER N	SE SI	CINSO GNATURE OF SAMPLER A. Fuch W. A. CRA SAMPLE II	IIG, INC.'S DENTIFICATIO	DN	MATRIX: Soil, Water, A Sludge, Other	TPHgasoline (8015)	_	TPHdiesel (8015)	TPHg & BTEX	WTRE			Preserved?	F	REMAF	RKS	LABORATORY I. D. NUMBER
10/10	1350	EB-5		4.5'		一		k	χ	×		_		 			70454
 	1355	ER-5		8.5				X		×				- - <u>-</u>			70154
₩		EB-5		12.5				×	X	X					-		70155
•		EB-7		4.5				×		×							70156
		68-7 68-7		8.5°				<u>Х</u>	× ;	×		- -		- 			70157
_	- 			-,													70158
	-							_		-		-		<u> </u>			70159
													CE/T*_GOOD C	CONTINU	N/ SENT/	APPRO	VOAS DAG METALS PRIATE HERS
MQUISH	IED BY (Sig	nature):	DATE/TIME	RECEIVED BY (Si	gnature):												
	ED BY (Sig		7:55 10/11 DATE/TIME	Erin RECEIVED BY (Sig	M	ah	w n	ey	<u> </u>	_		OR.	ATORY	:	W. P.O.	BOX	AIG, INC. 448
 INQUISH	ED BY (Sign	næure):	DATE/TIME	RECEIVED BY (Sig	nature):				 _		TIM	Ξ:	ROUNE)	(707	'A, CA') 252	94559-0448 2-3353
ghi GEOTE	CHNICA TECI	IFRM 003 (5/92)	4										_ , 1		ATT	V: G.	Figure

11/15/96

Dear Dave:

Enclosed are:

- 1). the results of 3 samples from your # 3628.2; Rinehart project,
- 2). a QC report for the above samples
- 3). a copy of the chain of custody, and
- 4). a bill for analytical services.

If you have any questions please contact me. McCampbell Analytical Laboratories strives for excellence in quality, service and cost. Thank you for your business and I look forward to working with you again.

Yours truly,

Edward Hamilton, Lab Director

W.A. Crais			Client Project	t ID: # 362	Date Sampled: 11/04/96									
P.O. Box 4	48				Date Rece	ived: 11/06	5/96							
Napa, CA	94559-0448	(Client Contac	t: Dave Or	Date Extracted: 11/08-11/12/96									
			Client P.O:		Date Anal	yzed: 11/08	3-11/12/96							
Gasolir EPA method	e Range (C6-6 5030, modified 8	C12) Vol.	platile Hydrocarbons as Gasoline*, with Methyl tert-Butyl Ether* & BTEX* 8020 or 602; California RWQCB (SF Bay Region) method GCFID(5030)											
Lab ID	Client ID		TPH(g) ⁺	МТВЕ	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylben- zene	Xylenes	% Rec. Surrogate					
70939	MW-1	w	ND /	ND -	ND /	ND	ND	ND	101					
70940	MW-2	w	910,a	470,000 /	120	23	3.5	51	#					
70941	MW-3	w	ND	1000 /	ND /	ND	ND	ND	108					
								Ţ <u>.</u>						
	·													
,						·—·								
									· -					
							-		-					
Reporting Limit unless otherwise stated; ND means not detected above the reporting limit S			50 ug/L	5.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5						
			1.0 mg/kg	0.05	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005						

^{*} water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP extracts in mg/L

[#] cluttered chromatogram; sample peak coelutes with surrogate peak

⁺ The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified gasoline is significant; b) heavier gasoline range compounds are significant(aged gasoline?); c) lighter gasoline range compounds (the most mobile fraction) are significant; d) gasoline range compounds having broad chromatographic peaks are significant; biologically altered gasoline?; e) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~ 5 vol. % sediment; j) no recognizable pattern.

W.A. Craig	g, Inc.	C	lient Project	ID: # 3628	3.2; Rineha	rt	Date Samp	led: 11/04/	96
P.O. Box 4	48						Date Rece	ived: 11/06	/96
Napa, CA	94559-0448	C	lient Contac	t: Dave Or	r		Date Extracted: 11/08-11/12/96		
		C	Client P.O:	-			Date Analy	yzed: 11/08	3-11/12/96
	ne Range (C6-C s 5030, modified 80								BTEX*
Lab ID	Client ID	Toluene	Ethylben- zene	Xylenes	% Rec. Surrogat				
70939	MW-1	MW-1 W ND ND ND ND							101
70940	MW-2	w	910,a		120	23	3.5	51	#
70941	MW-3	w	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	108
	•								
<u> </u>									
Reporting	g Limit unless	w	50 ug/L	5,0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	
	se stated; ND not detected								

^{*} water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP extracts in mg/L

0.05

0.005

0.005

0.005

0.005

S

1.0 mg/kg

above the reporting limit

[#] cluttered chromatogram; sample peak coelutes with surrogate peak

The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified gasoline is significant; b) heavier gasoline range compounds are significant (aged gasoline?); c) lighter gasoline range compounds (the most mobile fraction) are significant; d) gasoline range compounds having broad chromatographic peaks are significant; biologically altered gasoline?; e) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~ 5 vol. % sediment; j) no recognizable pattern.

W.A. Craig, I	nc.	Client Proj	ect ID: # 3628.2; Rinehart	Date Sampled: 11/04/96			
P.O. Box 448				Date Received:	11/06/96		
Napa, CA 94	559-0448	Client Con	tact: Dave Orr	Date Extracted:	11/06/96		
		Client P.O:		Date Analyzed: 11/06/96			
EPA methods m			C23) Extractable Hydrocarbons as nia RWQCB (SF Bay Region) method GC		(3510)		
Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(d) ⁺		% Recovery Surrogate		
70939	MW-1	w	220,b		105		
70940	MW-2	w	2700,a,d		106		
70941	MW-3	w	310,a	310,a			
	•			-# <i>c</i>			

·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	•						
Reporting Limit unless otherwise stated; ND means not detected above the reporting limit		W	50 ug/L				
		S	1.0 mg/kg				

^{*} water samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP and STLC extracts in mg/L

[&]quot; cluttered chromatogram resulting in coeluted surrogate and sample peaks, or; surrogate peak is on elevated baseline, or; surrogate has been diminished by dilution of original extract.

⁺ The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified diesel is significant; b) diesel range compounds are significant; no recognizable pattern; c) aged diesel? is significant); d) gasoline range compounds are significant; e) medium boiling point pattern that does not match diesel (?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) oil range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~ 5 vol. % sediment.

QC REPORT FOR HYDROCARBON ANALYSES

Date: 11/08/96

Matrix: Water

Analyte	Concentration		(ug/L)	% Recovery			
	Sample			Amount	[RPD
	(#69626)	MS 	MSD	Spiked 	MS 	MSD	
TPH (gas)	0.0	91.3	95.9	100.0	91.3	95.9	5.0
Benzene	0.0	9.3	8.9	10.0	93.0	89.0	4.4
Toluene	0.0	9.5	9.1	10.0	95.0	91.0	4.3
Ethyl Benzene	0.0	10.1	9.5	10.0	101.0	95.0	6.1
Xylenes	0.0	30.2	28.4	30.0	100.7		6.1
TPH (diesel)	0	158	152	150	105	102	3.6
TRPH (oil & grease)	0	26000	26300	23700	110	111	1.1

 $\frac{1}{2}$ Rec. $\frac{1}{2}$ (MS - Sample) / amount spiked x 100

QC REPORT FOR HYDROCARBON ANALYSES

Date: 11/06/96

Matrix: Water

_ <u>-</u>	Concentration		(ug/L)	* Recovery			
Analyte	Sample			Amount			RPD
	(#70738) 	MS 	MSD	Spiked 	MS	MSD	
TPH (gas)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzene	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Toluene	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylenes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TPH (diesel)	0	160	158	150	106	105	1.1
TRPH (oil & grease)	0	25400	26000	23700	107	110	2.3

^{*} Rec. = (MS - Sample) / amount spiked x 100

W. A. CRAIG, INC. CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD pd Ch# 9769 PROJECT NO. PROJECT NAME **ANALYSIS** 7562 AWAC 693 Rinchart MATRIX: Soil, Water, Air, Sludge, Other 3628.2 TPHdiesel (8015) BTEX Rundl Galls TPHgasoline REMARKS **LABORATORY** DATE TIME I. D. NUMBER BTEX W. A. CRAIG, INC.'S SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION 70939 4:30 MW-1 MW-2 70940 70941 VOAS 1080 I METALS JOI HER ICE/T PRESERVATIVE_ GOOD CONDITION APPROPRIATE HEAD SPACE ABSENT CONTAINERS RELINQUISHED BY (Signature): RECEIVED BY (Signature): LABORATORY: PLEASE SEND RESULTS TO 5:07 McCarphell Analytical W. A. CRAIG, INC. RELINQUISHED BY (Signature): RECEIVED BY (Signalule) DATE/TIME P.O. BOX 448 NAPA, CA 94559-0448 TURNAROUND (707) 252-3353 GAF RELINQUISHED BY (Signature): TIME: 5-lay DATE/TIME RECEIVED BY (Signature): ATTN: Copyright GEOTECHNICA LECHERM 003 (5.92)