MISSION VALLEY ROCK COMPANY ASPHALT COMPANY READY MIX COMPANY

7999 ATHENOUR WAY SUNOL, CA 94586 (925) 862-2257

October 12, 1999

Mr. Scott Seery Alameda County Health Care Services 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577

Dear Mr. Seery:

Submitted herewith is the first quarter prepared by Mission Valley Rock Company's consultant, Tank Protect Engineering. If you require further information or clarification please direct your correspondence to Tank Protect with a copy to Mission Valley Rock Company at the above address.

Thank You,

MISSION VALLEY ROCK CO.

September 22, 1999

Mr. Mort Calvert Mission Valley Rock 799 Athenour Way Sunol, CA 94586

Re: Second Quarter Report, 1999, Mission Valley Rock, 799 Athenour Way, Sunol, CA 94586

Dear Mr. Calvert:

Tank Protect Engineering of Northern California, Inc. (TPE) is pleased to submit this quarterly letter report of environmental services conducted at the subject site. Work conducted prior to the fourth quarter 1998, is documented in TPE's October 30, 1998 Preliminary Site Assessment Report, Mission Valley Rock, 799 Athenour Way, Sunol, CA 94586.

Work conducted by TPE during the fourth quarter, 1998:

January 5, 1999 - Loosened well caps on all wells to allow depth-to groundwater to stabilize to atmospheric pressure for groundwater gradient determination. Measured depth-to-groundwater in monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-3 for evaluation of groundwater flow direction and gradient. Collected a groundwater sample from each well for analysis for total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel (TPHD) and gasoline (TPHG); methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE); and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX). Additionally, analyzed a trip blank sample (MW-4) for BTEX.

Work conducted by TPE during the first quarter, 1999:

February 24, 1999 - Submitted to the client a Fourth Quarter Report, 1998, Mission Valley Rock, 799 Athenour Way, Sunol, CA 94586.

March 29, 1999 - Loosened well caps on all wells to allow depth-to groundwater to stabilize to atmospheric pressure for groundwater gradient determination. Measured depth-to-groundwater in monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-3 for evaluation of groundwater flow direction and gradient. Collected a groundwater sample from each well for analysis for TPHD, TPHG, MTBE, and BTEX. Additionally, analyzed a trip blank sample (MW-4) for TPHD, TPHG, MTBE, and BTEX. Collected one sample (DW) to characterize the on-site drummed water for landfill disposal.

WORK CONDUCTED BY TPE DURING THE SECOND QUARTER, 1999:

- . April 2, 1999 Collected samples to characterize the drill cuttings contained in 55-gallon drums for landfill disposal.
- April 26, 1999 Checked on-site monitoring well MW-2 for the presence of free product. Removed approximately 25 gallons of petroleum contaminated water using a dedicated polyethylene bailer.
- May 21, 1999 Checked on-site monitoring well MW-2 for the presence of free product. Removed approximately 20 gallons of petroleum contaminated water using a dedicated polyethylene bailer.
- May 24, 1999 Disposed of approximately 170 gallons of petroleum contaminated water contained in 55-gallon drums, resulting from sampling and/or bailing events.
- June 10, 1999 Loosened well caps on all wells to allow depth-to groundwater to stabilize to atmospheric pressure for groundwater gradient determination. Measured depth-to-groundwater in monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-3 for evaluation of groundwater flow direction and gradient. Collected a groundwater sample from each well for analysis for TPHD, TPHG, MTBE, and BTEX. Additionally, analyzed a trip blank sample (MW-4) for TPHG, MTBE, and BTEX.

Details of the above work are presented below.

Groundwater Gradient

On June 10, 1999, depth-to-groundwater was measured from top of casing (TOC) in wells MW-1 through MW-3 to the nearest 0.01 foot using an electronic Solinst water level meter. A minimum of 3 repetitive measurements were made for each level determination to ensure accuracy. Depth-to-groundwater was subtracted from the TOC elevation, measured relative to mean sea level, to calculate the elevation of the groundwater level in each well (see attached Table 1).

Attached Figure 1 is a groundwater gradient map constructed from the data collected on June 10, 1999. Groundwater flow direction was predominantly to the east-southeast with an average gradient of about 0.02 feet per foot.

Based on the groundwater flow direction for the subject quarter, wells MW-1 and MW-2 are located upgradient and well MW-3 is downgradient of the location of the former underground fuel tanks.

Groundwater Sampling and Analytical Results

On June 10, 1999, groundwater samples were collected from monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-3. Before sampling, each well was purged of about 2 to 2.5 gallons of groundwater with a dedicated polyethylene bailer and until the temperature, conductivity and pH of the water in the wells had stabilized (see attached Records of Water Sampling). Because a dedicated bailer was used for each well sampled, no decontamination was necessary between sampling events. The water samples were collected in laboratory-provided, sterilized, 40-milliliter glass vials having Teflon-lined screw caps; measured for turbidity and labeled with project name, date and time collected, sample number and sampler name. The samples were immediately stored on crushed ice for transport to California State Department of Health Services (DHS) certified Priority Environmental Labs, Inc. located in Milpitas, California accompanied by chain-of-custody documentation.

All groundwater samples were analyzed for TPHD and TPHG by Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Methods 3510/8015 and 5030/8015, respectively and for MTBE and BTEX by EPA Method 602. The trip blank sample MW-4 was analyzed for TPHG, MTBE, and BTEX.

Each well was checked for floating product using a dedicated, disposable polyethylene bailer. Hydrocarbon odors were noted in wells MW-1 and MW-2. A hydrocarbon sheen was observed in MW-2 (see attached Table 2).

Purge water was stored on site in 55-gallon drums labeled to show material stored, date filled, company name, contact person and telephone number.

See attached protocols for TPE's sample handling, groundwater monitoring well sampling and quality assurance and quality control procedures.

Analytical results for wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 detected TPHD at concentrations of 210 parts per billion (ppb), 4,500 ppb, and 620 ppb, respectively. TPHG was detected in wells MW-1 and MW-2 at concentrations of 1,800 ppb and 24,000 ppb, respectively. No MTBE was detected in any well. Total BTEX chemicals were detected in wells MW-1 and MW-2 in concentrations of 8.2 ppb to 204 ppb respectively. All analytical results for the trip blank sample were nondetectable.

Analytical results are summarized in attached Table 3 and documented in an attached certified analytical report and chain-of-custody.

On April 2, 1999, samples D-1 through D-5 were collected to characterize the drill cuttings contained in the on-site drums (one from each drum). The samples were composited in the laboratory and analyzed for TPHD, TPHG, MTBE, and BTEX. Sample D-1,2,3,4,5 detected TPHD at concentrations of 38 parts per million. Analytical results are documented in an attached certified analytical report and chain-of-custody.

On May 24, 1999, TPE disposed of approximately 170 gallons of petroleum contaminated water contained in 55-gallon drums, resulting from sampling and/or bailing events (see attached Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest Number 98527846)

On April 26 and May 21, 1999, TPE Checked on-site monitoring well MW-2 for the presence of free product (see attached February 18, 1999 letter from Alameda County Health Care Services Agency). Approximately 25 gallons of petroleum contaminated water was removed from well MW-2 on April 26 and 20 gallons on May 21 using a dedicated polyethylene bailer (see attached Records of Well Development).

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

TPHD was detected in all wells ranging in concentration from 210 ppb in well MW-1 to 4,500 ppb in well MW-2. TPHG was detected in wells MW-1 and MW-2 at concentrations of 1,800 ppb and 24,000 ppb, respectively. BTEX chemicals were detected in wells MW-1 and MW-2 ranging in concentration from .9 ppb toluene to 98 ppb xylenes.

Figures 2, 3, and 4 present groundwater concentration contour maps for diesel, gasoline, and benzene.

TPE recommends that all wells continue to be monitored for floating product, sheen and odors.

TPE recommends continued quarterly groundwater sampling to evaluate gradient and to monitor contaminant concentrations.

The next sampling event is due in September, 1999.

Two additional copies of this letter report have been included for your delivery to:

Mr. Scott Seery
Alameda County Health Care Services Agency
Environmental Health Services
1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250
Alameda, CA 94502-6577

California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Francisco Bay Region Toxics Cleanup Division 2101 Webster Street, Suite 500 Oakland, CA 94612

TPE recommends that this quarterly letter report be submitted with a cover letter from Mission Valley Rock. According to Alameda County Water District (ACWD) groundwater monitoring guidelines, the cover letter must be signed by an authorized representative and state, at a minimum, the following:

"I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the information and/or recommendations contained in the attached report are true and correct."

If you have any questions, please call TPE at (510) 429-8088.

Sincerely,

Richard S. Dreessen Jr.

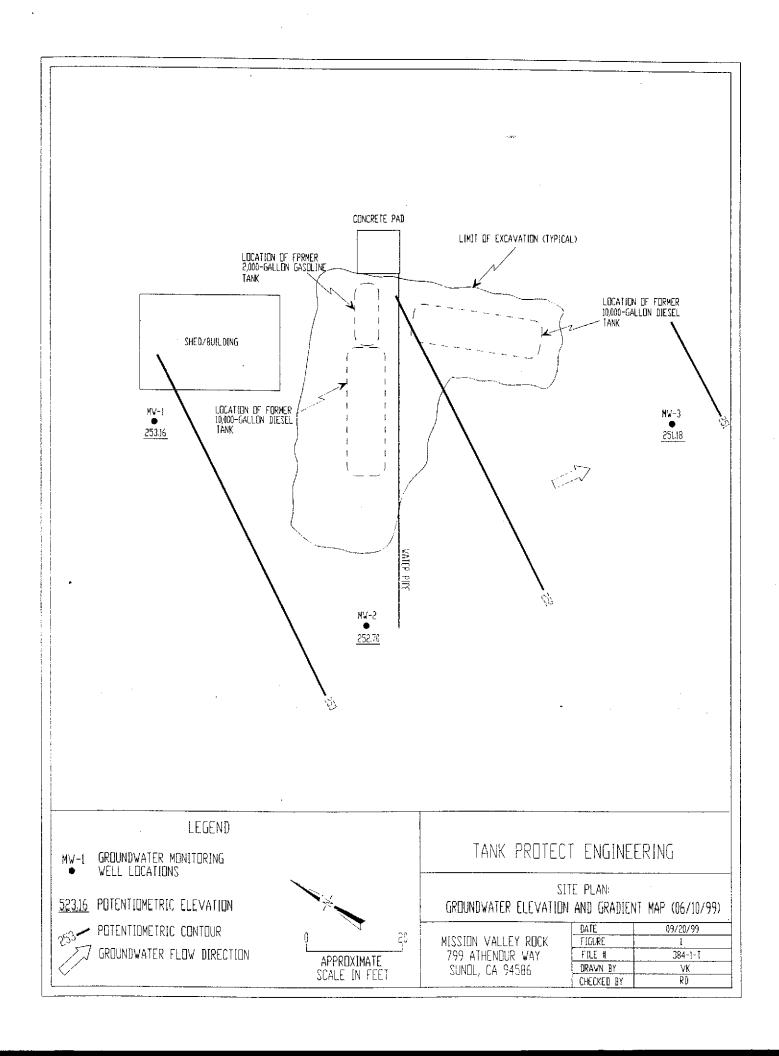
RICHARD S. DREESSEN JR

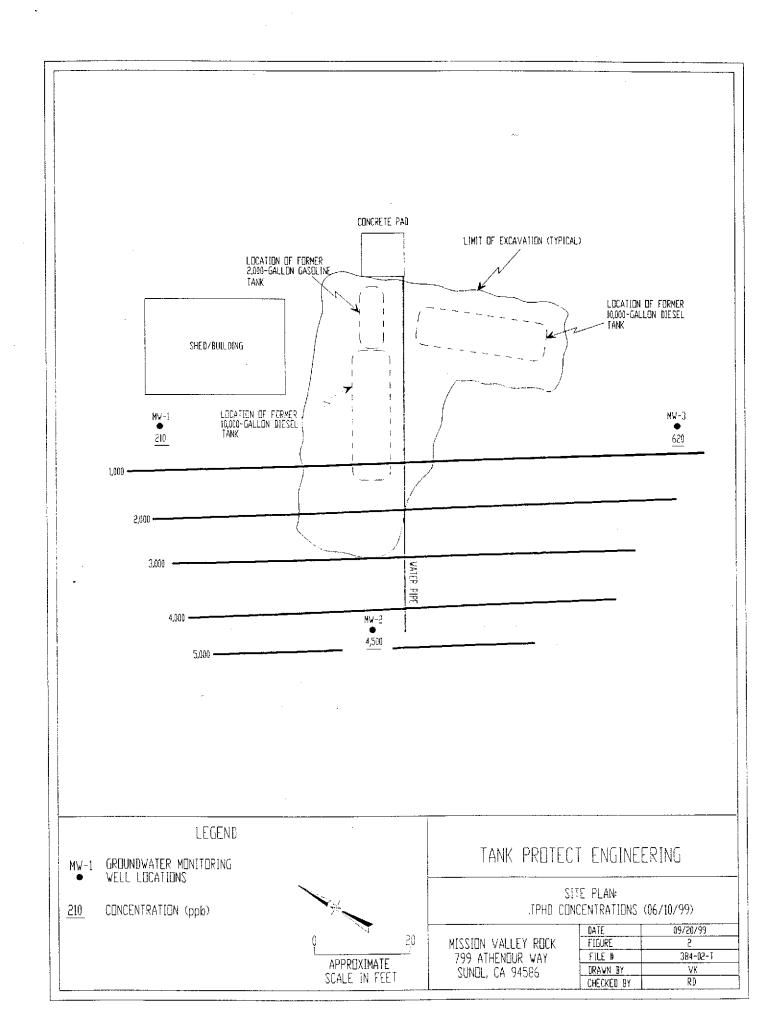
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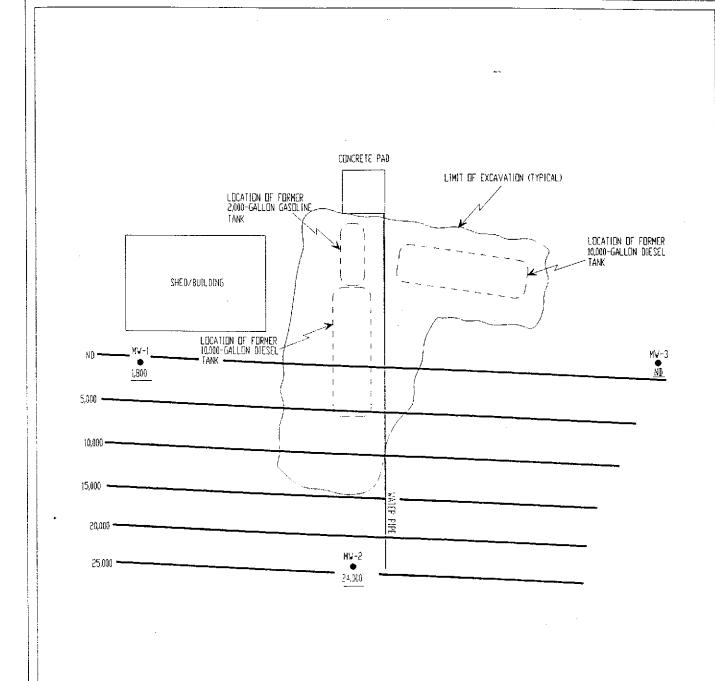
Registered Geologist

Jeff Farhoomand, M.S.

Principal Engineer



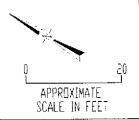






LEGEND

1,800 CONCENTRATION (ppb)



TANK PROTECT ENGINEERING

SITE PLAN: TPHG CONCENTRATIONS (06/10/99)

MISSION VALLEY ROCK 799 ATHENDUR WAY SUNDL, CA 94586

Ì	DATE	09/20/99
	FIGURE	3
	FILE #	384-3-1
	DRAWN BY	VK
	CHECKED BY	RD

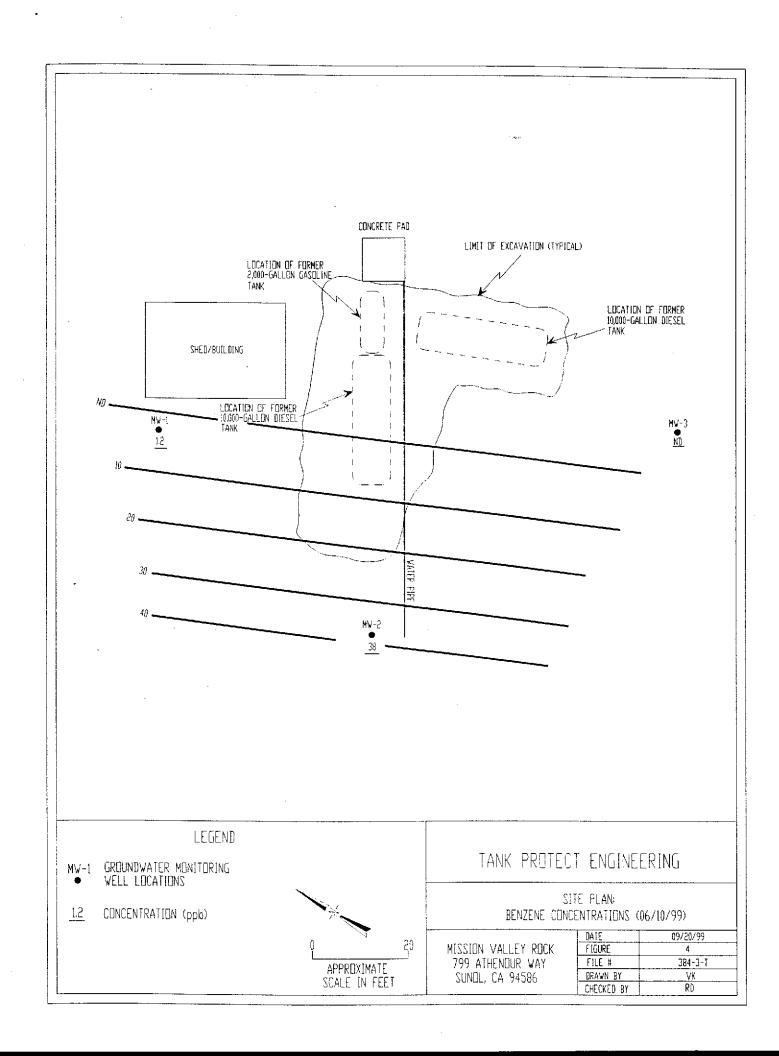


TABLE 1 GROUNDWATER ELEVATION

Well Name	Elevation TOC ¹ (Feet MSL ²)	Date	Depth-to-Water From TOC	Groundwater Elevation (Feet MSL)
MW-1	256.51 ² 06/23/98		1.32	255.19
		01/05/99	2.28	254.23
		03/29/99	1.88	254.63
		06/10/99	3.35	253.16
MW-2	256.70 ²	06/23/98	1.72	254.98
		01/05/99	2.69^{3}	254.01
		03/29/99	2.50	254.20
	,	06/10/99	4.0	252.70
MW-3	256.72 ²	06/23/98	2.66	254.06
		01/05/99	4.47	252.25
		03/29/99	3.96	252.76
		06/10/99	5.54	251.18

¹ TOP-OF-CASING

TOC SURVEYED 10/09/98 BY PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. ELEVATION BASED ON ONSITE BENCHMARK ELEVATION 257.10, NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM (NGVD), ESTABLISHED 1929.
 CORRECTED FOR FREE PRODUCT

TABLE 2 SUMMARY OF FLOATING PRODUCT THICKNESS

Well Name	Date	Depth-to-Water From TOC ¹ (Feet)	Depth-to-Product From TOC (Feet)	Product Thickness (Feet)
MW-1	06/23/98	1.32	ND^2	
	01/05/99	2.28	ND	
	03/29/99	1.88	ND	
-	06/10/99	3.35	ND	
MW-2	06/23/98	1.72	1.715	.005
	01/05/99	2.69 (5.3 ³)	1.33	4
	03/29/99	2.50	ND	
	06/10/99	4.0	ND	SHEEN
MW-3	06/23/98	2.662	ND	
	01/05/99	4.47	ND	
	03/29/99	3.96	ND	SHEEN
	06/10/99	5.54	ND	

¹ TOP-OF-CASING.
² NOT DETECTED.
³ CORRECTED FOR FREE PRODUCT THICKNESS; ACTUAL FIELD MEASUREMENT IN PARENTHESIS

TABLE 3 SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS (ppb)¹

Sample ID Name	Date	TPHD	ТРНС	мтве	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- benzene	Xylenes
MW-1	06/23/98	<1.0	3,100	110	19	2.3	91	48
	10/08/98	< 50	2,300	< 0.50	3.1	4.2	5.0	15
	12/01/98	350	< 50	< 5.0	12	7.5	20	6.2
	03/29/99	190	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
	06/10/99	210	1,800	< 0.50	1.2	0.9	1.5	4.6
MW-2	06/23/98	12,000	2,500	14	0.68	< 0.50	1.2	0.57
	10/08/98	4,300	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
	12/01/98	38,000	< 5,000	< 500	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
	03/29/99	580	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
	06/10/99	4,500	24,000	< 0.50	38	27	41	98
MW-3	06/23/98	12,000	300	150	0.80	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
	10/08/98	6,400	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
	12/01/98	5,600	< 100	110	1.6	1.4	<1.0	<1.0
	03/29/99	150	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
	06/10/99	620	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
MW-4	06/23/98	NA ²	<1.0	< 1.0	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
	10/08/98	< 50	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
	12/01/98	NA	NA	NA	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
	03/29/99	< 50	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
	06/10/99	NA	< 50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50

¹ PARTS PER BILLION ² NOT ANALYZED

RECORD OF WATER SAMPLING

PROJECT NO. 384 DATE: 6/10/99 PROJECT NAME: Massim Valley Rock PROJECT LOCATION: 799 Athenour Way, Suns, CA SAMPLER: L.T. M.	WELL NO.: MW-1 WELL DIAMETER: 2" TOC ELEV: LOCK NO.:
ANALYSES: TPH6, TPHD, BTEX, MIBE WELL DEPTH (from construction detail): WELL DEPTH (measured): 15.84 SOFT BOTTOM?: 1 DEPTH TO WATER: 3.35 TIME: 156 PRESSURE (circle one)?: YES OR NO IF YES, WAS PRESSURE (circle one): POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE? WATER VOLUME IN WELL: 2.0 94 [2-INCH CASING = 0.16 GAL/FT] [4-INCH CASING = 0.65 GAL/FT]	SHED/ BUILDING MW-1 MW-2
[6-INCH CASING = 1.47 GAL/FT] [1 GAL = 3.78 L] CALCULATED PURGE VOL. (GAL): 8 (L): 32 ACTUAL PURGE PURGE METHOD: POLY SAMPLE MET FIELD MEASUREMENTS	LOCATION MAP E VOL. (GAL):(L):(L):

Time	Depth to Water (FT)	Vol (L)	Temp (Deg. F)	pН	EC A33	Clarity	Turbidity (NTU)	Remarks
2:12		1	72	7.70	17.17	Clear		Clear, no sheen
2:30		29	704	7.48	13.82			Turbid, hydrocarbon oxfor
2 33		30	LB.2	7.45	14.21			,
2:35		31	68.1	7.40	14.90			
2:31		32	48.1	7.40	14.90		 	
2:39								Sandad MW-1
<u>4-1</u>								

SIGNATURE:

WATER VOL. IN DRUM: 30ml NEED NEW DRUM?:

RECORD OF WATER SAMPLING

PROJECT NO. 384 DATE:	WELL NO.: MW-2	<u>,</u>
PROJECT NAME: Mission Valley Rock	WELL DIAMETER: 2"	
PROJECT LOCATION: 199 Athenour Way, Sund, CA	TOC ELEV:	
SAMPLER: L.T. M	LOCK NO.:	
ANALYSES: TPHS, TPHD, BTEX, MIBE		
WELL DEPTH (from construction detail):		
WELL DEPTH (measured): 19.03 SOFT BOTTOM?: H		
DEPTH TO WATER: 4.00 TIME: 2.08	Building Sheo	
PRESSURE (circle one)?: YES OR NO	. 1994	٦.
IF YES, WAS PRESSURE (circle one): POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE?	- mm - 1	>
WATER VOLUME IN WELL: 2.5		
[2-INCH CASING = 0.16 GAL/FT] [4-INCH CASING = 0.65 GAL/FT]	. mw-2	
[6-INCH CASING = 1.47GAL/FT] [1 GAL = 3.78L]		
	LOCATION MAP	
	- vor (2.1)	
CALCULATED PURGE VOL. (GAL): 10 (L): 40 ACTUAL PURGE		
PURGE METHOD: POLY SAMPLE METI	HOD: POLY	
FIELD MEASUREMENTS		

Time	Depth to Water (FT)	Vol (L)	Temp (Deg. F)	pН	A)3 EC	Clarity	Turbidity (NTU)	Remarks
3.39		}	75.0	7.25	15.46			Strong hydrocorioou odor, show
41.05		37	72.0	756	711.19			docerved
4.0%		3-8	723	ે.ઽ૧	18.63			
4.11		39	70.4	7.35	17.63			
47.13		40	70.3	7,34	17.59			
¥4.15								Sampled MW-2

SIGNATURE

WATER VOL. IN DRUM: 30 NEED NEW DRUM?:

RECORD OF WATER SAMPLING

PROJECT NO. 384 DATE:	WELL NO.: WW-3
PROJECT NAME: Mission Valley Rock	WELL DIAMETER: 2"
PROJECT LOCATION: 799 Athenour Way, Sunal, CA	TOC ELEV:
SAMPLER: L.T. W	LOCK NO.:
ANALYSES: TPHS, TPHD, BTEX, MIBE	· · ·
WELL DEPTH (from construction detail):	
WELL DEPTH (measured): 17.85 SOFT BOTTOM?:	-
DEPTH TO WATER: 5.54 TIME: 2.04	Building.
PRESSURE (circle one)?: YES OR NO	MV-3
IF YES, WAS PRESSURE (circle one): POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE?	. MW-1
WATER VOLUME IN WELL: 224	
[2-INCH CASING = 0.16 GAL/FT] [4-INCH CASING = 0.65 GAL/FT]	. MW-2-
[6-INCH CASING = 1.47GAL/FT] [1 GAL = 3.78L]	
	LOCATION MAP
	WO (0.1)
CALCULATED PURGE VOL. (GAL): 8 (L): 32 ACTUAL PURGE	VOL. (GAL):(L):
PURGE METHOD: FOLY SAMPLE METH	IOD: POLY
FIELD MEASUREMENTS	

Time	Depth to Water (FT)	Vol (L)	Temp (Deg. F)	pН	λβ ₃ EC	Clarity	Turbidity (NTU)	Remarks
3:10	-	1	78.2	7.50	16.94			Slightly turbid; no
313		29	76.8	697	14.99			cheon
315		30	71.2	7.09	14.70			
3.17		31	69.7	7.10	14.72			
319		32	69.4	7.10	14.73			
3,20								
						1		

SIGNATURE:

WATER VOL. IN DRUM: 30 gr



ARONMENTAL LABS

Encymental Analytical Laboratory

June 14, 1999

PEL # 9906007

TANK PROTECT ENGINEERING

Attn: Louis Travis III

Re: Four water samples for Gasoline/BTEX with MTBE and Diesel analyses.

Project name: Mission Valley Rock.

Project location: 799 Athenour Way, Sunol, CA.

Project number: 384-061099

Date submitted: June 11, 1999 Date sampled: June 10, 1999

Date extracted: June 11-12, 1999 Date analyzed: June 11-12, 1999

RESULTS:

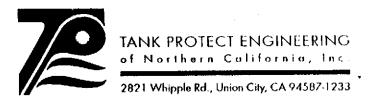
SAMPLE I.D.	Diesel	Gasoline	MTBE	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl Benzene	Total Xylenes
1	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)		(ug/L)
MW - 1	210	1800	N.D.	1.2	0.9	1.5	4.6
MW - 2	4500	24000	N.D.	38	27	41	98
MW - 3	620	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
MW - 4		N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
Blank	N.D.	N.D.	, N. D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
Spiked Recovery	81.2%	91.4%	r	87.3%	89.9%	91.3%	99.98
Detection		e ingli	1				
limit	50	50	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Method of Analysis	3510/ 8015	5030/ 8015	602	602	602	602	602

Laboratory Director

Tel: 408-946-9636

 $A \cap A$.

Fax: 408-946-9663



(510) 429-8088 • (800) 523-8088 • Fax (510) 429-8089

LAB:	P.E.L		
TURNA	ROUND:	Harrel	
	" \ E \	,	

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PAGE 4 OF 4

2821 WHIS	R N	AME.	ADDRES	199 A S AND T ON CITY,	thonalar Elephone , ca 945	เ พมพภ์ติก 187 (415) 429-8088	(1) TYPE OF CON- TAINER	**************************************] } } }	REMARKS
ID NO.	╀	1 1	TIME	SOIL	VATER	MM-1	2-40ml	/ <u>*</u>	7	\$/. 	\$\frac{\partial}{4}			(8) T	
WM-1	ť	10 7				Nw -2	2-11-4		T	1	+	+	1		
MU- 2	╁	-	3:20	\vdash		MW-3			\dagger		+	+	╫	H	
MW-4	+	+	5:P			MW-4	 	,	4	1	,†	†	┪,	\	
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DATE		
1141 1	-	
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PRIORITY ENVIRONMENTAL LABS

Analytical Laboratory

April 12, 1999

PEL # 9904011

TANK PROTECT ENGINEERING

Attn: Louis Travis III

Re: One composited soil sample for Gasoline/BTEX with MTBE and Diesel analyse

Project name: Mission Valley Rock.

Project number: 384-040299

Date sampled: Apr 02, 1999

Date extracted: Apr 09-10, 1999

Date submitted: Apr 09, 1999
Date analyzed: Apr 09-10, 1999

RESULTS:

SAMPLE I.D.	Diesel	Gasoline	MTBE	Benzene	. Toluene	_	Total Xylenes
	(mg/Kg)	(mg/Kg)	(ug/Kg)	(ug/Kg)	(ug/Kg)		_
D-1,2,3,4,5	38	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
Blank	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
Spiked Recovery	87.2%	90.6%		81.4%	93.1%	90.8%	96.5%
Detection limit	1.0	1.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Method of Analysis	3550/ 8015	5030/ 8015	8020	8020	8020	8020	8020

David Duong Laboratory Director

CA. 95035

Tel: 408-946-9636

Fax: 408-946-9663

70	TANK PROTECT ENGINEERING	
	2821 Whipple Rd., Union City, CA 94587-1233	

(510) 429-8088 m (800) 523-8088 m Fax (510) 429-8089

LAB:	7.56		
TURNA	AROUND:	Normal	
P.O.	#: j\$2	<u> </u>	

DATE:

PAGE 4 OF 4

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

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D-1		12:10			Dinn # 2	e 1·5									(Companie
D-3		12.20			Deser H 5	@ I4"									
D-4		12°3£			Drum #4	a 121		Ш							
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		by/: (Signature) Date / Time Received				Received la	y : (Signa	tur	p)	Relinquished by ; (Signature)					(Signature) Date / Time Received by : (Signature)
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3. Seperator's Name and Mailine Address Roak	* 				
2999 ATHENOUR WAY					
4. Generator's Phone (5/0)	~	ا ا در مد المحکوم			
5. Transporter 1 Company Name	6. US EPA ID Number		-		
CLEARWATER ENVIRONMENTAL	. Janan sanana ia				
7. Transporter 2 Company Name	8. US EPA ID Number	07018			
9. Designated Facility Name and Site Address	10. US EPA ID Number				
ALVISO INDEPENDENT OIL. 8002 ARCHER STREET	-				
ALVISO, CA 95002	CAL 0 0 0 1		-		
11. US DOT Description (including Proper Shipping Name, Hazard	Class, and ID Number	12. Cor	tainers	13. Total	I & Unit
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15. Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information		and the second s	all and a second	the state of the s	kata jalah saji kata merekeraka
Emergency Contact: (510) 797-8511 Attn: Kirk He	eward .				
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 GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: I hereby declare that the content marked, and labeled, and are in all respects in proper condition 	nts of this consignment are fully a	and accurately describ	ed above i		
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If I am a large quantity generator, I certify that I have a progre practicable and that I have selected the practicable method of the and the environment; OR, if I am a small quantity generator, I	om in place to reduce the volum	ne and toxicity of was	le genera	ted to the degree 1 h	ave determined to be ea
and the environment; OR, if I am a small quantity generator, I available to me and that I can afford.	have made a good faith effort t	o minimize my waste	deverațio	minimizes the presen n and select the best	t and future thrêat to hu waste management me
Printed/Typed Name Calls TT MVN Colon	Signature \	1. 7	بيع الر	99 to 199	Month Da
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20. Facility Owner or Operator Certification of receipt of hazardous Printed/Typed Name	materials covered by this manife	st except as noted :-	llem 10		
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ALAMEDA COUNTY

HEALTH CARE SERVICES





DAVID J. KEARS, Agency Director

February 18, 1999

STID 2786

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577 (510) 567-6700 (510) 337-9335 (FAX)

Mr. Robert A. Saia Mission Valley Rock Company P.O. Box 567 Sunol, CA 94586

RE: MISSION VALLEY ROCK COMPANY, 7999 ATHENOUR WAY, SUNOL

Dear Mr. Saia:

I have completed review of the October 30, 1998 Tank Protect Engineering *Preliminary Site Assessment Report*, presented under Mission Valley Rock Company cover dated December 11, 1998. This report was later amended in a submittal dated February 8, 1999 after a conversation I shared several weeks ago with Mr. Richard S. Dressen Jr., the contract geologist on this project. Mr. Dressen clarified some issues regarding initial depths to water encountered during the drilling of the well borings, among other issues addressed.

At this time, please adhere to the following sampling, monitoring, and free-product removal schedule:

1. All wells are to be sampled and monitored following a <u>quarterly</u> schedule, commencing the 1st quarter of 1999. (<u>Note</u>: This initial work must be completed before April 1, 1999 in order to comply with this schedule.)

All samples are to be analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPH-gas); TPH-diesel; benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (BTEX); and, methyl tert butyl ether (MtBE)

Well MW-2 shall be checked monthly for the presence of free-product (FP). Should FP be
discovered, it shall be removed, collected, stored, and disposed of in an acceptable fashion.
When FP has been reduced to the extent that it can no longer be removed, this task may
be performed during normal quarterly sampling and monitoring events.

Technical reports summarizing all tasks that occurred during a given quarter shall be submitted within 60 days following completion of field activities associated with that quarter. Each report shall include, among other elements, tabulated results of laboratory analyses, depth-to-water and water elevations, and cumulative product recovery to date. Each report shall also present maps depicting ground water flow and contaminant isoconcentrations.

Mr. Robert Saia

RE: 7999 Athenour Way, Sunol

February 18, 1999

Page 2 of 2

Data presented over the next several quarters shall be applied in determining the next appropriate actions with this case. Please contact me at (510) 567-6783 should you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Scott O. Seery, CHMM

Hazardous Materials Specialist

cc: Robert Weston, ACDEH

Chuck Headlee, RWQCB

Louis Travis, Tank Protect Engineering, Inc.

2821 Whipple Rd., Union City, CA 94587

RECORD OF WELL DEVELOPMENT

PROJECT NO.: 34 DATE: 4/24/99	WELL NO.: MW-2				
PROJECT NAME: MISCIAN Valay Nock	WELL DIAMETER:				
PROJECT LOCATION: 799 Athenaur Way, Sunol	TOC ELEV:				
DEVELOPER:	LOCK NO.:				
WELL DEPTH (from construction detail):					
WELL DEPTH (measured):SOFT BOTTOM?:					
DEPTH TO WATER: 2-6' TIME: 11'25					
PRESSURE (circle one)?: YES OR NO IF YES, WAS PRESSURE (circle one): POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE?	CHED				
WATER VOLUME IN WELL:					
[2-INCH CASING = 0.16 GAL/FT] [4-INCH CASING = 0.65 GAL/FT] [6-INCH CASING = 1.47 GAL/FT] [1 GAL = 3.78L]	® 11W-2				
	LOCATION MAP				
DEVELOPMENT METHOD: PCLY					
FLOATING PRODUCT PRESENT: SHEEN PRESENT: ODOR PRESENT: YES INO IND INC. NO INC.					
FIELD MEASUREMENTS					
Time Depth to Vol Clarity Rem Water (FT) (Gal) (NTU'S)	narks				
11/25 Bailed approx 25 gal of	city water from MC-2.				
Observed - Carting product	1/16" thick - strong				
da	, ,				
TOTAL VOLUME DEVELOPED (GAL): 25 (L):	VATER VOL. IN DRUM:				
SIGNATURE:	NEED NEW DRUM?:				

RECORD OF WELL DEVELOPMENT

PROJECT	NO.: 3만	DA1	E: 5 21	95	WELL NO .: MW-2
	NAME: MISS				WELL DIAMETER:
PROJECT	LOCATION:	799 F	Hlbenour (Day, Sunal	TOC ELEV:
DEVELOP	ER: Lite	近			LOCK NO.:
WELL DE	PTH (from cons	struction o	detail):		
WELL DE	PTH (measured)):	SOF1	BOTTOM?:	
DEPTH TO	O WATER:		ΛΈ:	2172	
PRESSURI	circle one)?:	YES	OR NO		SHED
IF YES, W	AS PRESSURE	(circle o	one): POSI	TIVE OR NEGATIVE?	
	·				
	OLUME IN W				
• ,				CH CASING = 0.65 GAL/FT]	60 MW-2
[6-INCH C	CASING = 1.47	GAL/F1	} [1 GA	AL = 3.78L)	
					LOCATION MAP
					LOCATION MAP
DEVELO	MENT METH	(OD:	pary		
EI OATIN	G PRODUCT	PRESEN	r:	YES Z NO D	
LOAIM	SHEEN	PRESENT	Γ:	YES NO D	
	ODOR	PRESEN	Γ:	YES YOU	
				FIELD MEASUREMENTS	
Time	Depth to Water (FT)	Vol (Gal)	Clarity (NTU'S)	Rema	urks
91.0				Observed strom odor : Ha	tim product
1.2				J - 111	approx 20 of water
				In remove thating of	Diedut.
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-		-			
<u></u>		<u>L</u>	1		
TOTAL	VOLUME DE	VELOPEI	Q (GAL):_	20 <u>(L):</u> W	ATER VOL. IN DRUM:
SIGNAT	URE:		in		NEED NEW DRUM?:
21-11111	1	7			- ·

SAMPLE HANDLING PROCEDURES

Soil and groundwater samples will be packaged carefully to avoid breakage or contamination and will be delivered to the laboratory in an iced-cooler. The following sample packaging requirements will be followed.

- . Sample bottle/sleeve lids will not be mixed. All sample lids will stay with the original containers and have custody seals affixed to them.
- . Samples will be secured in coolers to maintain custody, control temperature and prevent breakage during transportation to the laboratory.
- A chain-of-custody form will be completed for all samples and accompanythe sample cooler to the laboratory.
- . Ice, blue ice or dry ice (dry ice will be used for preserving soil samples collected for the Alameda County Water District) will be used to cool samples during transport to the laboratory.
- Water samples will be cooled with crushed ice. In the Alameda County Water District, water samples will be buried in the crushed ice with a thermometer, and the laboratory will be requested to record thermometer temperature at the time of receipt.
- Each sample will be identified by affixing a pressure sensitive, gummed label or standardized tag on the container(s). This label will contain the site identification, sample identification number, date and time of sample collection and the collector's initials.
- Soil samples collected in brass tubes will be preserved by covering the ends with Teflon tape and capping with plastic end-caps. The tubes will

be labeled, sealed in quart size bags and placed in an iced-cooler for transport to the laboratory.

All groundwater sample containers will be precleaned and will be obtained from a State Department of Health Services certified analytical laboratory.

Sample Control/Chain-of-Custody: All field personnel will refer to this workplan to verify the methods to be employed during sample collection. All sample gathering activities will be recorded in the site file; all sample transfers will be documented in the chain-of-custody; samples will be identified with labels; all sample bottles will be custody-sealed. All information is to be recorded in waterproof ink. All TPE field personnel are personally responsible for sample collection and the care and custody of collected samples until the samples are transferred or properly dispatched.

The custody record will be completed by the field technician or professional who has been designated by the TPE project manager as being responsible for sample shipment to the appropriate laboratory. The custody record will include, among other things, the following information: site identification, name of person collecting the samples, date and time samples were collected, type of sampling conducted (composite/grab), location of sampling station, number and type of containers used and signature of the TPE person relinquishing samples to a non-TPE person with the date and time of transfer noted. The relinquishing individual will also put all the specific shipping data on the custody record.

Records will be maintained by a designated TPE field employee for each sample: site identification, sampling location, station number, date, time, sampler's name, designation of the sample as a grab or composite, notation of the type of sample (e.g., groundwater, soil boring, etc.), preservatives used, onsite measurement data and other observations or remarks.

GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Groundwater monitoring wells will not be sampled until at least 24 to 72 hours (according to local regulatory guidelines) after well development. Groundwater samples will be obtained using a bladder pump, clear Teflon bailer or dedicated polyethylene bailer. Prior to collecting samples, the sampling equipment will be thoroughly decontaminated to prevent introduction of contaminants into the well and to avoid cross-contamination. Monitoring wells will be sampled after 3 to 10 wetted casing volumes of groundwater have been evacuated and pH, electrical conductivity and temperature have stabilized as measured with a Hydac Digital Tester. If the well is emptied before 3 to 10 well volumes are removed, the sample will be taken when the water level in the well recovers to 80% or more of its initial water level.

When a water sample is collected, turbidity of the water will be measured and recorded with a digital turbidimeter. Degree of turbidity will be measured and recorded in nephelometric turbidity units (NTU).

TPE will also measure the thickness of any floating product in the monitoring wells using an interface probe or clear Teflon or polyethylene bailer. The floating product will be measured after well development but prior to the collection of groundwater samples. If floating product is present in the well, TPE will recommend to the client that product removal be commenced immediately and reported to the appropriate regulatory agency.

Unless specifically waived or changed by the local, prevailing regulatory agency, water samples will be handled and preserved according to the latest United States Environmental Protection Agency methods as described in the Federal Register (Volume 44, No. 233, Page 69544, Table II) for the type of analysis to be performed.

Development and/or purge water will be stored on site in labeled containers. The disposal of the containers and development and/or purge water is the responsibility of the client.

MEASUREMENTS

<u>Purged Water Parameter</u>: During purging, discharged water will be measured for the following parameters.

<u>Parameter</u>	Units of Measurem
рН	None
Electrical Conductivity	Micromhos
Temperature	Degrees F or C
Depth to Water	Feet/Hundredths
Volume of Water Discharged	Gallons
Turbidity	NTU

<u>Documentation:</u> All parameter measurements will be documented in writing on TPE development logs.

QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES

The overall objectives of the field sampling program include generation of reliable data that will support development of a remedial action plan. Sample quality will be checked by the use of proper sampling, handling and testing methods. Additional sample quality control methods may include the use of background samples, equipment rinsate samples and trip and field blanks. Chain-of-custody forms, use of a qualified laboratory, acceptable detection limits and proper sample preservation and holding times also provide assurance of accurate analytical data.

TPE will follow a quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) program in the field to ensure that all samples collected and field measurements taken are representative of actual field and environmental conditions and that data obtained are accurate and reproducible. These activities and laboratory QA/QC procedures are described below:

<u>Field Samples</u>: Additional samples may be taken in the field to evaluate both sampling and analytical methods. Three basic categories of QA/QC samples that may be collected are trip blanks, field blanks and duplicate samples.

Trip blanks are a check for cross-contamination during sample collection, shipment, and laboratory analysis. They are water samples that remain with the collected samples during transportation and are analyzed along with the field samples to check for residual contamination. Analytically confirmed organic-free water will be used for organic parameters and deionized water for metal parameters. Blanks will be prepared by the laboratory supplying the sample containers. The blanks will be numbered, packaged and sealed in the same manner as the other samples. One trip blank will be used for sets greater than 20 samples. The trip blank is not to be opened by either the sample collectors or the handlers.

The field blank is a water sample that is taken into the field and is opened and exposed at the sampling point to detect contamination from air exposure. The water

sample is poured into appropriate containers to simulate actual sampling conditions. Contamination due to air exposure can vary considerably from site to site.

The laboratory will not be informed about the presence of trip and field blanks, and false identifying numbers will be put on the labels. Full documentation of these collection and decoy procedures will be made in the site log book.

Duplicate samples are identical sample pairs (collected in the same place and at the same time), placed in identical containers. For soils, adjacent sample liners will be analyzed. For the purpose of data reporting, one is arbitrarily designated the sample, and the other is designated as a duplicate sample. Both sets of results are reported to give an indication of the precision of sampling and analytical methods.

The laboratory's precision will be assessed without the laboratory's knowledge by labeling one of the duplicates with false identifying information. Data quality will be evaluated on the basis of the duplicate results.

Laboratory QA/QC: Execution of a strict QA/QC program is an essential ingredient in high-quality analytical results. By using accredited laboratory techniques and analytical procedures, estimates of the experimental values can be very close to the actual value of the environmental sample. The experimental value is monitored for its precision and accuracy by performing QC tests designed to measure the amount of random and systematic errors and to signal when correction of these errors is needed.

The QA/QC program describes methods for performing QC tests. These methods involve analyzing calibration method blanks, standards, check standards (both independent and the United Environmental States Protection Agency-certified standards), duplicates, replicates and sample spikes. Internal QC also requires adherence to written methods, procedural documentation and the observance of good laboratory practices.