

Consulting Engineers

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> KEI-P89-0805.QR2 April 12, 1991

Unocal Corporation 2000 Crow Canyon Place, #400 P.O. Box 5155 San Ramon, California 94583

Attention: Mr. Ron Bock

RE: Quarterly Report

Unocal Service Station #0746

3943 Broadway

Oakland, California

Dear Mr. Bock:

This report presents the results of the third quarter of monitoring and sampling of the monitoring wells at the referenced site by Kaprealian Engineering, Inc. (KEI), per proposal KEI-P89-0805.P5 dated December 17, 1990. The wells are currently monitored monthly and sampled on a quarterly basis. This report covers the work performed by KEI from December, 1990 through February, 1991.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND

The subject site is presently used as a gasoline station. The site is situated on gently sloping south-southwest trending topography, and is located at the southwest corner of the intersection of Broadway and 40th Street in Oakland, California. A Location Map, Site Vicinity Map, and Site Plans are attached to this report.

KEI's work at the site began on August 16, 1989 when KEI was asked to collect soil samples following the removal of two underground fuel storage tanks and one 280 gallon waste oil tank at the site. The fuel tanks consisted of one 10,000 gallon unleaded tank and one 10,000 gallon super unleaded tank. The tanks were made of steel and no apparent holes or cracks were observed in any of the tanks. Water was encountered in the fuel tank pit at a depth of about 10 feet, thus prohibiting the collection of any soil samples from immediately beneath the tanks. Six soil samples, designated as SW1 through SW6, were collected from the sidewalls of the gasoline tank pit approximately six inches above the water table. One soil sample was collected from the bottom of the waste oil tank excavation at a depth of 8 feet. Soil sample point locations are shown on the attached Site Plan, Figure 2.

On August 17, 1989, approximately 1,500 gallons of ground water was pumped from the fuel tank pit. One water sample, labeled W1, was then collected from the fuel tank pit.

To accommodate the installation of new, larger tanks, additional soil was excavated approximately 14 feet laterally along the north wall of the tank pit, in the vicinity of sample points SW1 and SW2. On August 18, 1989, KEI returned to the site to collect additional soil samples. One soil sample, labeled SW2(R), was collected from the north sidewall of the fuel tank pit after additional excavation at a depth of 9.5 feet. Also, on August 18, 1989, four soil samples, labeled P1 through P4, were collected from the product pipe trenches at depths ranging from 5 to 6.5 feet. After soil sampling, the pipe trenches were excavated to the sample depths. Collection points for the soil samples are shown on the attached Site Plan, Figure 2.

KEI again returned to the site on August 24, 1989 to collect an additional ground water sample. After approximately 5,000 gallons of contaminated ground water was pumped from the fuel tank pit, one ground water sample, labeled W2, was collected.

All soil and water samples were analyzed by Sequoia Analytical Laboratory in Redwood City, California, for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as gasoline, and benzene, toluene, xylenes and ethylbenzene (BTX&E). The soil sample collected from beneath the waste oil tank was analyzed for TPH as gasoline, BTX&E, TPH as diesel, total oil and grease (TOG), and EPA method 8010 constituents.

Analytical results of soil samples collected from the fuel tank pit indicated non-detectable levels of TPH as gasoline and BTX&E for all samples except samples SW1 and SW2, which showed levels of TPH as gasoline at 13 ppm and 290 ppm, respectively. However, the entire area of sample points SW1 and SW2 was excavated as described above, and the new sample SW2(R), showed non-detectable levels of TPH as gasoline and BTX&E. Analytical results of the soil sample collected from the waste oil tank pit showed non-detectable levels of all constituents analyzed, except for TPH as gasoline at 1.6 ppm and toluene at 1.3 ppm. Analytical results of soil samples collected from pipe trenches showed levels of TPH as gasoline ranging from 3.8 ppm to 36 ppm, and benzene ranging from non-detectable to 0.52 ppm. The analytical results of ground water samples collected from the tank pit (W1) showed 4,700 ppb of TPH as gasoline, 180 ppb of benzene (after purging 1,500 gallons), while W2 showed 1,200 ppb of TPH as gasoline, and 12 ppb of benzene (after purging 5,000 gallons). Analytical results of the soil samples are summarized in Table 5, and water samples in Table 6.

Documentation of soil sample collection and sample analytical results are presented in KEI's report (KEI-J89-0805.R1) dated August 30, 1989. To comply with the requirements of the regulatory agencies and based on the analytical results, KEI proposed installation of three monitoring wells.

On October 17, 1989, three two-inch diameter monitoring wells, designated as MW1, MW2 and MW3 on the attached Site Plan, Figure 1, were installed at the site. The three wells were drilled and completed to total depths ranging from 20 to 22.5 feet. Ground water was encountered at depths ranging from 11 to 13 feet beneath the surface during drilling. The wells were developed on October 26 and 30, 1989, and initially sampled on November 1, 1989.

Water and selected soil samples were analyzed by Sequoia Analytical Laboratory in Redwood City, California, for TPH as gasoline and Analytical results of all soil samples collected from the borings for monitoring wells MW1 and MW2 showed non-detectable levels of TPH as gasoline and BTX&E, except for sample MW1(5) collected at a depth of 5 feet, which showed TPH as gasoline at 8.5 ppm and xylenes at 0.14 ppm. Soil samples collected from the boring for well MW3 showed TPH as gasoline at levels ranging from 3.1 ppm to 1,100 ppm, and benzene levels ranging from 0.068 ppm to The analytical results of water samples collected from wells MW2 and MW3 showed TPH as gasoline concentrations at 200 ppb and 13,000 ppb, respectively. Benzene was detected in well MW3 only, at a concentration of 57 ppb. Analytical results for the soil samples are summarized in Table 3, and water samples in Table Based on analytical results of the soil and ground water samples, KEI recommended the installation of three additional monitoring wells to further define the extent of contamination. The details of the monitoring well installation activities and recommendation for further work are presented in KEI's report (KEI-P89-0805.R4) dated November 30, 1989.

On January 26, 1990, two two-inch diameter monitoring wells (designated as MW4 and MW5 on the attached Site Plan, Figure 1) were installed at the site. A third proposed monitoring well could not be installed because of underground utilities and an on-site storage shed. The two wells were drilled and completed to total depths each of 20 feet. Ground water was encountered at depths of approximately 12.5 feet beneath the surface during drilling. The new wells were developed on February 9, 1990, and all wells were sampled on February 15, 1990.

Water and soil samples were analyzed at Sequoia Analytical Laboratory in Redwood City, California, for TPH as gasoline and BTX&E. Analytical results of the soil samples, collected from the

borings for monitoring wells MW4 and MW5, indicated levels of TPH as gasoline ranging from 2.5 ppm to 370 ppm. Benzene was detected at concentrations ranging from non-detectable to 1.8 ppm. Analytical results of the water samples collected from monitoring well MW2 showed non-detectable levels of all constituents analyzed. In wells MW1 and MW4, TPH as gasoline was detected at 170 ppb and 150 ppb, respectively, and benzene was detected at 7.9 ppb and 8.0 ppb, respectively. In wells MW3 and MW5, TPH as gasoline was detected at 20,000 ppb and 24,000 ppb, respectively, and benzene was detected at 1,700 ppb and 1,500 ppb, respectively. Results of the soil analyses are summarized in Table 4, and the water analyses in Table 2.

Based on the analytical results, KEI recommended the installation of four additional monitoring wells (two on-site, and two off-site) to further define the extent of detected contamination. In addition, KEI recommended continuation of the monthly monitoring and quarterly sampling program. The details of the monitoring well installation activities and recommendations for further work are presented in KEI's report (KEI-P89-0805.R5) dated March 16, 1990.

On October 23, 1990, four two-inch diameter monitoring wells (designated as MW6, MW7, MW8 and MW9 on the attached Site Vicinity Map) were installed at the site. The four wells were drilled and completed to total depths ranging from 20 to 22 feet. Ground water was encountered at depths ranging from 11.7 to 12.7 feet beneath the surface during drilling. All wells were surveyed by a licensed surveyor (Kier & Wright of Pleasanton, California) to Mean Sea Level and to a vertical accuracy of 0.01 feet. The new wells were developed on October 26, 1990, and all wells were sampled on November 7, 1990. Water and selected soil samples were analyzed at Sequoia Analytical Laboratory in Concord, California, for TPH as gasoline and BTX&E.

The analytical results of the soil samples, collected from the borings for monitoring wells MW6 through MW9, showed non-detectable levels of TPH as gasoline and benzene in all analyzed samples, except in MW7(5), MW9(10) and MW9(12), which showed TPH as gasoline levels of 11 ppm, 84 ppm and 120 ppm, respectively, with benzene levels detected only in samples MW9(10) and MW9(12) at 0.32 ppm and 0.19 ppm, respectively. The analytical results of the ground water samples, collected from all nine wells, showed non-detectable levels of TPH as gasoline and BTX&E in wells MW1, MW2, MW6 and MW7, except for TPH as gasoline detected at a level of 45 ppb in well MW1. In wells MW3, MW4, MW5, MW8 and MW9, TPH as gasoline was detected at levels of 42,000 ppb, 180 ppb, 20,000 ppb, 4,700 ppb and 480 ppb, respectively, with benzene detected at levels of 1,400 ppb, 1.5 ppb, 640 ppb, 28 ppb and 7.8 ppb, respectively. Results

of the soil analyses are summarized in Table 3, and water analyses in Table 2. Documentation of well installation, sample collection and sample results are presented in KEI's report (KEI-P89-0805.R6) dated December 17, 1990. Based on the analytical results, KEI recommended continuation of the monthly monitoring and quarterly sampling program.

RECENT FIELD ACTIVITIES

The nine wells (MW1 through MW9) were monitored three times and sampled once during the quarter. Wells MW3, MW5 and MW8 were monitored and purged eight additional times during the quarter. During monitoring, the wells were checked for depth to water and presence of free product and sheen. No free product was noted in any of the wells during the quarter, except for a trace of free product observed in well MW3 on January 28, 1991. Sheen was observed on several occasions in wells MW3 and MW5, but was not observed in any of the other wells during the quarter. Monitoring data are summarized in Table 1.

Water samples were collected from the wells on February 25, 1991. Prior to sampling, the wells were purged of between 6 to 45 gallons using a surface pump. Samples were then collected using a clean Teflon bailer. Samples were decanted into clean VOA vials and/or one liter amber bottles as appropriate which were sealed with Teflon-lined screw caps and stored in a cooler on ice until delivery to the state certified laboratory.

HYDROLOGY AND GEOLOGY

Based on the water level data gathered during the quarter, ground water flow direction appeared to be towards the southwest at an average gradient of approximately 0.014 on February 25, 1991, relatively unchanged from the flow direction determined for October 26, 1990. Water levels have fluctuated during the quarter, showing a net increase of between 0.08 and 0.27 feet in all wells since November 7, 1990, except for MW2, which showed a net decrease of 0.02 feet.

Based on review of regional geologic maps (U.S. Geological Survey Miscellaneous Geologic Investigations Map I-239 "Areal and Engineering Geology of the Oakland West Quadrangle, California" by D.H. Radbruch, 1957), the site is underlain by Quaternary-age alluvium fan deposits (Temescal Formation), which typically consists of lenses of clayey gravel, sandy silty clay and sand-clay-silt mixtures. Specifically, the subsurface earth materials at the site, based on our previous subsurface exploration activities, consist predominantly of clayey silt and silty clay to

gravelly clay with local lenses of well graded sand or gravel, and clayey sand or gravel. The lenses of coarse grained soils are generally less than about 2 feet thick. Artificial fill materials were encountered at the surface of this site varying from about 2 to 2.5 feet thick in the vicinity of wells MW4 and MW5.

The results of our most recent subsurface study indicates the site and immediate vicinity is underlain by artificial fill materials extending to depths below grade ranging from about 2-1/4 to 5-3/4 The fill materials are inturn underlain by silty clay feet. materials extending to depths below grade ranging from about 7-1/4 to 11-1/2 feet and which are about 4-3/4 to 6-1/2 feet in thickness. This silty clay zone is inturn underlain by a coarse-grained sequence consisting predominantly of clayey gravel (except in MW7 where clayey sand and a well graded gravel lens were also encountered). This coarse-grained zone extends to depths below grade ranging from 10 to 15-1/2 feet and ranging in thickness from approximately 3-1/2 to 4 feet. Ground water was encountered during drilling within this coarse-grained sequence in all borings except The coarse-grained sequence is inturn underlain by a finegrained zone consisting of gravelly or sandy clay, silty clay, or clayey silt extending to the maximum depth explored (22 feet).

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Ground water samples were analyzed at Sequoia Analytical Laboratory in Concord, California, and were accompanied by properly executed Chain of Custody documentation. The samples were analyzed for TPH as gasoline using EPA method 5030 in conjunction with modified 8015, and BTX&E using EPA method 8020.

Analytical results of the ground water sample, collected from monitoring well MW1 indicate non-detectable levels of TPH as Analytical results of the ground water gasoline and BTX&E. samples, collected from monitoring wells MW2 and MW6, indicate nondetectable levels of TPH as gasoline. TPH as gasoline was detected in wells MW3, MW4 and MW5 at levels of 37,000 ppb, 22,000 ppb and 25,000 ppb, respectively, and in wells MW7, MW8 and MW9 at levels of 70 ppb, 5,300 ppb and 390 ppb, respectively. Benzene was nondetectable in well MW7 and was detected in wells MW2 through MW6, MW8 and MW9 at concentrations ranging between 0.37 ppb and 950 ppb. Results of the water analyses are summarized in Table 2. Concentrations of TPH as gasoline and benzene detected in ground water are shown on the attached Site Plan, Figure 1a. Copies of the analytical results and Chain of Custody documentation are attached to this report.

DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the analytical results collected and evaluated to date, KEI recommends the continuation of the current monitoring and sampling program of the existing wells per KEI's proposal (KEI-P89-0805.P5) dated December 17, 1990. Also, KEI recommends that wells MW3, MW4, MW5 and MW8 continue to be purged of a minimum of 55 gallons on a weekly basis in an attempt to reduce levels of contamination until the extent of contamination is delineated. In addition, KEI recommends the installation of three additional offsite monitoring wells necessary to further define the extent of ground water contamination downgradient of the site. A work plan/proposal for this work is attached for your review and consideration.

DISTRIBUTION

A copy of this report should be sent to Mr. Gil Wistar of the Alameda County Health Care Services, and to Mr. Lester Feldman of the Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region.

LIMITATIONS

Environmental changes, either naturally-occurring or artificially-induced, may cause changes in ground water levels and flow paths, thereby changing the extent and concentration of any contaminants.

Our studies assume that the field and laboratory data are reasonably representative of the site as a whole, and assume that subsurface conditions are reasonably conducive to interpolation and extrapolation.

The results of this study are based on the data obtained from the field and laboratory analyses obtained from a state certified laboratory. We have analyzed this data using what we believe to be currently applicable engineering techniques and principles in the Northern California region. We make no warranty, either expressed or implied, regarding the above, including laboratory analyses, except that our services have been performed in accordance with generally accepted professional principles and practices existing for such work.

If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call me at (707) 746-6915.

Sincerely,

Kaprealian Engineering, Inc.

Doug Lee Geologist

Thomas J. Beckins

Thomas J. Berkins Senior Environmental Engineer

Don R. Braun

Certified Engineering Geologist

License No. 1310 Exp. Date 6/30/92

Timothy R. Ross Project Manager

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Attachments:

Tables 1 through 6

Location Map

Site Vicinity Map

Site Plans - Figures 1, 1a & 2

Laboratory Analyses

Chain of Custody documentation

Work Plan/Proposal

TABLE 1
SUMMARY OF MONITORING DATA

<u>Date</u> W	ell No.	Ground Water Elevation (feet)	Depth to Water (feet)	Product <u>Thickness</u>	<u>Sheen</u>	Water Bailed (gallons)
2/25/91	MW1	72.32	8.75	0	None	15
	MW2	71.49	10.13	0	None	12
	MW3	71.27	10.74	0	None	31
	MW4	70.65	10.83	0	None	6
	MW5	71.09	10.50	0	None	45
	MW6	72.08	8.39	0	None	13
	MW7	72.46	9.37	0	None	15
	MW8	69.89	11.82	0	None	26
	MW9	69.51	11.62	0	None	25
2/18/91	MW3	71.39	10.62	0	Yes	32
	MW5	71.24	10.35	0	Yes	55
	MW8	70.06	11.65	0	None	23
2/11/91	MW3	71.82	10.19	0	Yes	55
-,,	MW5	71.68	9.91	ō	None	55
	MW8	70.57	11.14	Ö	None	55
2/04/91	MW3	71.77	10.22	0	Yes	27
•	MW5	71.25	10.34	0	Yes	13
	MW8	70.29	11.42	0	None	32
1/28/91	MW3	71.11	10.90	Trace	N/A	35
	MW5	70.97	10.62	0	Yes	55
	8WM	69.71	12.00	0	None	23
1/21/91	MW3	71.18	10.83	0	None	35
	MW5	71.04	10.55	0	None	25
	MW8	69.80	11.91	0	None	55
1/14/91	MW3	71.34	10.67	0	Yes	35
	MW5	71.19	10.40	0	Yes	55
	8WM	69.98	11.73	0	None	20
1/07/91	MW1	72.00	9.07	0	None	o
	MW3	71.13	10.49	0	None	0
	EWM	71.05	10.96	0	None	30
	MW4	69.93	11.55	0	None	0
	MW5	70.78	10.81	0	None	35
	MW6	72.29	8.18	0	None	0
	MW7	72.55	9.28	0	None	0
	BWM8	70.09	11.62	0	None	35
	MW9	69.54	11.59	0	None	0

TABLE 1 (Continued)

SUMMARY OF MONITORING DATA

Date Well No.	Ground Water Elevation (feet)	Depth to Water (feet)	Product Thickness	Sheen	Water Bailed (gallons)
12/08/90 MW1	72.17	8.90	0	None	0
MW2	71.45	10.17	0	None	0
MW3	71.12	10.89	0	Yes	55
MW4	70.38	11.10	0	None	0
MW5	70.94	10.65	0	Yes	55
MW6	71.96	8.51	0	None	0
M W7	72.35	9.48	0	None	0
MW8	69.71	12.00	0	None	35
MW9	69.22	11.90	0	None	0

Well #	Surface Elevation* (feet)
MW1	81.07
MW2	81.62
MW3	82.01
MW4	81.48
MW5	81.59
MW6	80.47
MW7	81.83
8WM	81.71
MW9	81.13

^{*} Elevation of top of well covers surveyed to Mean Sea Level.

TABLE 2
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES
WATER

<u>Date</u>	Well #	TPH as <u>Gasoline</u>	<u>Benzene</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	<u>Xylenes</u>	Ethyl- <u>benzene</u>
2/25/91	MW1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
, ,	MW2	ND	0.68	0.42	0.86	ND
	MW3	37,000	730	2,900	7,300	1,300
	MW4	22,000	600	1,300	2,800	780
	MW5	25,000	950	1,300	3,500	900
	MW6	ND	0.37	0.40	1.5	0.35
	MW7	70	ND	ND	0.52	ND
	MW8	5,300	17	6.1	300	53
	MW9	390	13	1.1	14	2.8
11/07/90		45	ND	ND	ND	ND
	MW2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	MW3	42,000	1,400	5,000	7,500	1,800
	MW4	180	1.5	0.37	26	6.3
	MW5	20,000	640	1,100	3,000	670
	MW6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	MW7	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	8WM	4,700	28	38	7,200	86
	MW9	480	7.8	1.2	47	13
8/16/90	MW1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	MW2	ND	ND	6.7	ND	ND
	MW3	6,800	600	660	160	760
	MW4	3,600	480	17	260	230
	MW5	16,000	1,400	1,900	660	2,800
2/15/90	MW1	170	7.9	ND	2.8	2.2
	MW2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	MW3	20,000	1,700	2,100	3,100	750
	MW4	150	8.0	8.0	45	10
	MW5	24,000	1,500	1,700	3,600	260
11/01/89	MW1	ND	ND	ND	0.30	ND
	MW2	200	ND	ND	1.2	3.0
	MW3	13,000	57	48	120	1.7
Detection	on					_
Limits		30	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

ND = Non-detectable.

Results in parts per billion (ppb), unless otherwise indicated.

TABLE 3
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES
SOIL

(Collected on October 23, 1990)

Sample <u>Number</u>	Depth <u>(feet)</u>	TPH as <u>Gasoline</u>	<u>Benzene</u>	Toluene	Xylenes	Ethyl- <u>benzene</u>
MW6 (5)	5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW6 (9)	9	ND	ND	ND	0.010	ND
MW6(11.5)	11.5	ND	ND	ND	ИD	ND
MW7 (5)	5	11	ND	ND	0.032	0.0064
MW7 (8.5)	8.5	ND	ND	ND	0.019	ND
MW7 (11.5)	11.5	ND	ИD	ND	0.036	ND
MW8 (5)	5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW8 (10)	10	ND	ND	ND	0.0080	ND
MW9(5.5)	5.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW9(10)	10	84	0.32	0.27	0.51	0.63
MW9 (12)	12	120	0.19	0.11	0.69	0.14
Detection						
Limits		1.0	0.0050	0.0050	0.0050	0.0050

ND = Non-detectable.

Results in parts per million (ppm), unless otherwise indicated.

TABLE 4
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES
SOIL

Sample <u>Number</u>	Depth (feet)	TPH as <u>Gasoline</u>	<u>Benzene</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	<u>Xylenes</u>	Ethyl- benzene
		(Collected	on October	17, 1989)		
MW1(5)	5	8.5	ND	ND	0.14	ND
MW1(10)	10	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW2(5)	5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW2(10)	10	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW2(12.5)	12.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW3(5)	5	3.1	0.068	ND	ND	ND
MW3(10)	10	69	0.89	2.6	7.9	2.0
MW3(11)	11	1,100	16	85	150	35
		(Collected	on January	26, 1990)		
MW4 (5)	5	22	0.059	ND	ND	ND
MW4 (7)	7	2.5	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW4 (10)	10	250	1.2	0.66	20	1.4
MW4 (11)	11	280	1.0	4.0	36	7.6
MW5(5)	5	25	0.21	ND	ND	ND
MW5(7.5)	7.5	46	0.25	0.28	0.20	0.46
MW5(10)	10	140	1.5	1.7	10	4.0
MW5(11.5)	11.5	370	1.8	14	51	11
Detection Limits		1.0	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1

ND = Non-detectable.

Results in parts per million (ppm), unless otherwise indicated.

TABLE 5
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES
SOIL

(Collected on August 16, 17, 18 & 24, 1989)

Sample #	Depth <u>(feet)</u>	TPH as <u>Gasoline</u>	TPH as <u>Diesel</u>	<u>Benzene</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	<u>Xylenes</u>	Ethyl- <u>benzene</u>
SW1	9.5	13		ND	0.13	0.39	0.15
SW2	9.5	290		0.82	8.7	44	7.6
SW2 (R)	9.5	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND
SW3	9.5	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND
SW4	9.5	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND
SW5	9.5	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND
SW6	9.5	ND	***	ND	ND	ND	ND
P1	6.5	6.1		ND	ND	ND	ND
P2	6.5	36		0.52	4.4	8.0	1.4
P3	5	20		0.30	2.5	5.6	1.1
P4	5	3.8		0.11	0.19	0.23	0.1
WO1*	8	1.6	ИD	ND	1.3	ND	ND
Detection Limits		1.0	1.0	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1

^{*} TOG and EPA method 8010 constituents were non-detectable.

ND = Non-detectable.

Results in parts per million (ppm), unless otherwise indicated.

⁻⁻ Indicates analysis not performed.

TABLE 6
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES
WATER

Sample #	TPH as <u>Gasoline</u>	<u>Benzene</u>	Toluene	<u>Xylenes</u>	<u>Ethylbenzene</u>
W1	4,700	180	420	860	150
W2*	1,200	12	10	88	5.9
Detection Limits	30	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

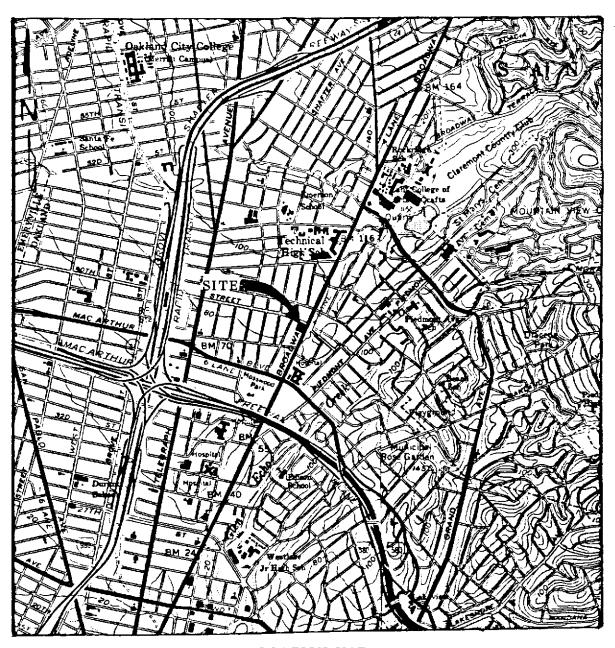
^{*} Sample (W2) was collected after pumping 5,000 gallons of ground water from the fuel tank pit.

Results in parts per billion (ppb), unless otherwise indicated.



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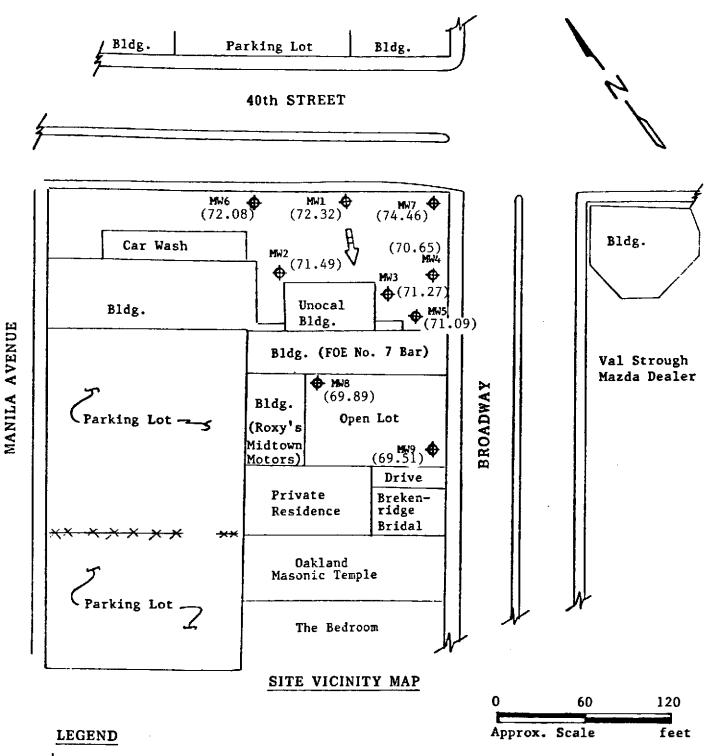
LOCATION MAP

Unocal S/S #0746 3943 Broadway Oakland, CA



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Monitoring well

() Ground water elevation in feet above Mean Sea Level on 2/25/91

Direction of Ground Water Flow

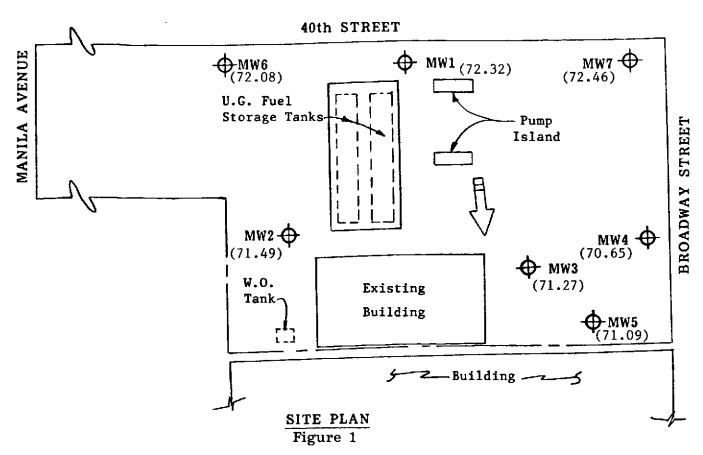
Unocal S/S #0746 3943 Broadway Oakland, California



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LEGEND

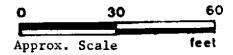


Monitoring Well (Existing)

Ground water surface elevation in feet above Mean Sea Level on 2/25/91



Direction of ground water flow



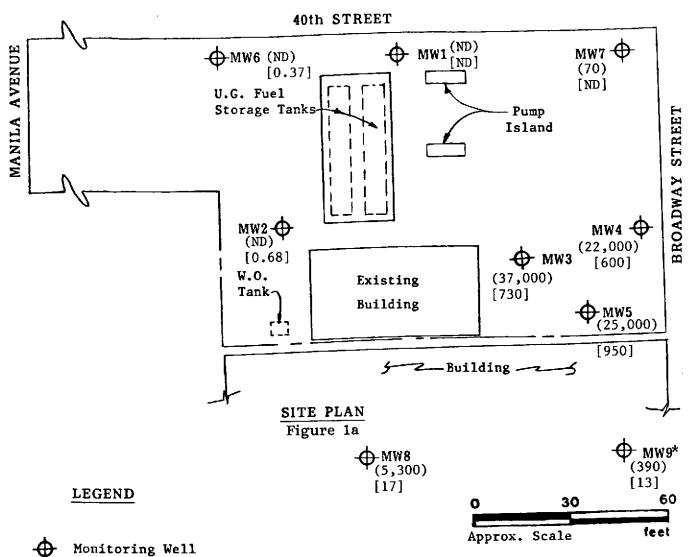
Unocal Service Station #0746 3943 Broadway Street Oakland, California



Consulting Engineers

PO. BOX 996 • BENICIA, CA 94510 (707) 746-6915 • (707) 746-6916 • FAX: (707) 746-5581





Concentration of TPH as gasoline in ppb

Concentration of benzene in ppb

Direction of ground water flow

ND = Non-detectable

Actual location of well MW9 is approx. 35 feet southwest

Unocal Service Station #0746 3943 Broadway Street Oakland, California



Kaprealian Engineering, Inc.

Benicia, CA 94510

Client Project ID:

Unocal, 3943 Broadway, Oakland

Sampled:

Feb 25, 1991

P.O. Box 996

Matrix Descript:

Water

Received: Analyzed:

Feb 25, 1991 Mar 1, 1991

Attention: Mardo Kaprealian, P.E.

Analysis Method: First Sample #:

EPA 5030/8015/8020 102-0679 A-B

Reported:

Mar 12, 1991

TOTAL PETROLEUM FUEL HYDROCARBONS with BTEX DISTINCTION (EPA 8015/8020)

Sample Number	Sample Description	Low/Medium B.P. Hydrocarbons μg/L (ppb)	Benzene μg/L (ppb)	Toluene μg/L (ppb)	Ethyl Benzene μg/L (ppb)	Xylenes μg/L (ppb)
102-0679 A-B	MW-1	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
102-0680 A-B	MW-2	N.D.	0.68	0.42	N.D.	0.86
102-0681 A-B	MW-3	37,000	730	2,900	1,300	7,300
102-0682 A-B	MW-4	22,000	600	1,300	780	2,800
102-0683 A-B	MW-5	25,000	950	1,300	900	3,500
102-0684 A-B	MW-6	N.D.	0.37	0.40	0.35	1.5
102-0685 A-B	MW-7	70	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	0.52
102-0686 A-B	MW-8	5,300	17	6.1	53	300
102-0687 A-B	MW-9	390	13	1.1	2.8	14

Detection Limits:	30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30

Low to Medium Boiling Point Hydrocarbons are quantitated against a gasoline standard. Analytes reported as N.D. were not present above the stated limit of detection.

SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL

Laboratory Director



CHAIN OF CUSTODY

SAMPLER	E) na	ام.'			e & ADDRESS	ANALYSES REQUESTED TURN AROUND TIME:				TURN AROUND TIME:			
	ITHESSING AGENCY		T 1	394	3	L/Oakland Broadway				1 1 !	 			 	 	
SAMPLE ID NO.	DATE	TIME	SOIL	 WATER	GRA8	COMP	NO. OF	SAMPLING LOCATION	11PHG] 	1 	 	REWARKS
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MW-5	1		<u> </u>	6	5	 	7	4	1	<u>i</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
i4W-6	. ,	1 3 8	<u> </u>	9	5	<u> </u>	6	5,	1	<u> </u> 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	i –	i I	<u> </u>	-I
MW-7	4	₹ =	<u> </u>	1	5	<u> </u> 	٥	Ç	J	j	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	j
Mw-8	7			14	7		1/-	7	1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u> 		
MW-9	1			70	1 -/		1	.1	J							
Relinquished	Leui	>		Date/Ti S/ 9 / Date/Ti	11	भ ।	K. 1	ed by: (Signature) color: (Signature)] {	The following MUST BE completed by the laboratory accepting samples for analysis: 1. Have all samples received for analysis been stored in ice?						
Relinquished	d by: (S	ignature)	 	Date/T	ine	 - 	Receiv	ed by: (Signature)	2. Will samples remain refrigerated until analyzed? 1. Co 3. Did any samples received for analysis have head space?							
Relinquished	d by: (S	ignature)	1	Date/T	ime		Receiv	ed by: -(Signature)	4. Were samples in appropriate containers and properly packaged?							