



**CONESTOGA-ROVERS
& ASSOCIATES**

5900 Hollis Street, Suite A
Emeryville, California 94608
Telephone: (510) 420-0700 Fax: (510) 420-9170
www.CRAworld.com

TRANSMITTAL

DATE: October 12, 2010 REFERENCE NO.: 581000

PROJECT NAME: 800 Franklin Street, Oakland

To: Mr. Jerry Wickham
Alameda County Department of Environmental
Health
1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250
Alameda, California 94502-6577

RECEIVED

2:24 pm, Oct 13, 2010

Alameda County
Environmental Health

Please find enclosed: Draft Final
 Originals Other
 Prints

Sent via: Mail Same Day Courier
 Overnight Courier Other Geotracker and ACEH ftp uploads

QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	Down-Gradient Site Characterization Work Plan

As Requested For Review and Comment
 For Your Use

COMMENTS:

Should you have any questions regarding the contents of the document, please contact Bryan Fong at
(510) 420-3369.

Copy to: Ms. Anny Chiu

Completed by: Bryan Fong
[Please Print]

Signed: 

Filing: Correspondence File

With respect to:

Down-Gradient Site Characterization Work Plan

Dated October 12, 2010

Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000196

I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the information and/or recommendations contained in the attached document or report is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Tommy Chiu
Mr. Tommy Chiu

10-12-10
Date



DOWN-GRADIENT SITE CHARACTERIZATION WORK PLAN

**CHIU PROPERTY
800 FRANKLIN STREET
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA**

FUEL LEAK CASE NO. RO0000196

**OCTOBER 12, 2010
REF. NO. 581000 (7)**

This report is printed on recycled paper.

**Prepared by:
Conestoga-Rovers
& Associates**

5900 Hollis Street, Suite A
Emeryville, California
U.S.A. 94608

Office: (510) 420-0700
Fax: (510) 420-9170

web: <http://www.CRAworld.com>

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
1.0 INTRODUCTION	1
2.0 SITE BACKGROUND	1
2.1 SITE DESCRIPTION	1
2.2 REGIONAL GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY	2
2.3 LOCAL GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY	2
2.4 SUMMARY OF PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS	3
3.0 HYDROCARBON DISTRIBUTION	6
3.1 HYDROCARBON DISTRIBUTION IN SOIL	7
3.2 HYDROCARBON DISTRIBUTION IN GROUNDWATER	7
4.0 PROPOSED SCOPE OF WORK	8
4.1 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN	8
4.2 PERMIT	8
4.3 UTILITY CLEARANCE	9
4.4 FIELD LOGISTICS	9
4.5 SOIL BORINGS	9
4.6 GRAB GROUNDWATER SAMPLING	9
4.7 CHEMICAL ANALYSIS	10
4.8 MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION	10
4.9 WELL DEVELOPMENT	10
4.10 WELL SURVEY	10
4.11 INVESTIGATION DERIVED WASTE	10
4.12 REPORTING	11
5.0 SCHEDULE	11
REFERENCES	12

LIST OF FIGURES
(Following Text)

FIGURE 1	VICINITY MAP
FIGURE 2	SITE MAP
FIGURE 3	SOIL ANALYTICAL SUMMARY MAP
FIGURE 4	TPHg IN SOIL ISOCONCENTRATION MAP
FIGURE 5	BENZENE IN SOIL ISOCONCENTRATION MAP
FIGURE 6	GROUNDWATER ELEVATION AND CONCENTRATION MAP
FIGURE 7	DISSOLVED PHASE TPHg ISOCONCENTRATION MAP
FIGURE 8	DISSOLVED PHASE BENZENE ISOCONCENTRATION MAP
FIGURE 9	PROPOSED SOIL BORING LOCATION MAP

LIST OF TABLES
(Following Text)

TABLE 1	WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
TABLE 2	GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL AND ELEVATION DATA - PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS
TABLE 3	SOIL ANALYTICAL DATA

LIST OF APPENDICES

APPENDIX A	AGENCY CORRESPONDENCE
APPENDIX B	STANDARD FIELD PROCEDURES FOR SOIL BORINGS AND MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION
APPENDIX C	WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS AND SOIL BORING LOGS

1.0 INTRODUCTION

On behalf of our client, Mr. Tommy Chiu, Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA) has prepared the following *Down-Gradient Site Characterization Work Plan* (Work Plan) for the site located at 800 Franklin Street, Oakland, California. The preparation of this Work Plan is in response to a letter dated August 9, 2010, from Alameda County Environmental Health Agency (ACEH), requesting a work plan to assess the down-gradient extent of the plume. The site is referenced by ACEH as Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000196. Mr. Jerry Wickham is the ACEH Case Manager. A copy of the regulatory agency correspondence is provided in Appendix A.

The Work Plan provides a description of the site background, hydrocarbon distribution and a proposed scope of work and schedule for the additional site assessment.

2.0 SITE BACKGROUND

2.1 SITE DESCRIPTION

The site is located in a commercial area, at the eastern corner of the intersection of 8th and Franklin Streets in Oakland, California (Figure 1). It is set at an elevation of approximately 35 feet above mean sea level (msl). The site presently has a two-story commercial building that occupies the entire lot (Figure 2). Retail stores currently operate on the ground floor: Cathay Chinese Herb Company, Pacific Seafood Inc., Kim Van Jewelry, and Phoung Jewelry. Commercial offices currently operate on the second floor: Express Tax Service, Trident Financial, Mekong Reality & Mortgage Inc., and Evergreen Travel. The site is bound by commercial properties to the northeast and southeast, 8th Street to the southwest, and Franklin Street to the northwest.

Prior to 1989, the site operated as a gasoline service station. Previous investigations indicated that up to five underground storage tanks (USTs) previously existed at the site. The former USTs consisted of two 6,000-gallon gasoline USTs, one 550-gallon waste oil, and one 1,000-gallon solvent UST. These four USTs were installed circa 1970 (MES, 1989a) and subsequently removed in 1989. The 6,000-gallon USTs were formerly located in the northwest portion of the site, and the 550-gallon and 1,000-gallon USTs were formerly located underneath the sidewalk along 8th Street on the south side of the site. A potential fifth former UST is presumed to have been located on the eastern portion of the site and removed prior to 1988; however, no documentation has been discovered regarding the size, former contents, and removal of the UST.

2.2 REGIONAL GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY

The site is located within the Coast Range geomorphic province of California. In general, the Coast Range province consists of Jurassic eugeosynclinal basement rocks and Cretaceous and Cenozoic sedimentary and volcanic rocks that have been faulted and folded with a northwest-southeast trend. Sediments beneath the site consist of coalescing alluvial deposits from the Oakland-Berkeley Hills. According to the United States Geologic Survey (USGS) Professional Paper 943, the site is located on quaternary age alluvial deposits consisting of medium-grained, unconsolidated, moderately sorted, and permeable, fine sand, silt, and clayey silt with thin beds of coarse sand.

The site is located in the East Bay Plain Subbasin, Groundwater Basin No. 2-9.04 (DWR 2003). The East Bay Plain Subbasin is a northwest trending alluvial basin, bounded on the north by San Pablo Bay, on the east by the contact with Franciscan basement rock, and on the south by the Nile Cone Groundwater Basin. The East Bay Plain Subbasin extends beneath the San Francisco Bay to the west of the site. The East Bay Plain Subbasin aquifer system consists of unconsolidated sediments of Quaternary age. Throughout most of the East Bay Plain in the vicinity of the site, groundwater flows from east to west, towards San Francisco Bay, and typically correlates with the site topography.

From 1860 to 1930, groundwater from the East Bay Plain was the major water supply for communities in the East Bay, before Sierra water was imported into the area. By the late 1920's the groundwater supply was too small to meet the growing population and the wells often became contaminated by seepage or saltwater intrusion. By 1929, East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD) provided imported water to East Bay communities via the Mokelumne Aqueduct. This high-quality, reliable supply soon eliminated the need for local groundwater wells. In 1996, the Regional Board reviewed General Plans for Oakland and other communities. They found that Oakland did not have any plans to develop local groundwater resources for drinking water, due to existing or potential saltwater intrusion, contamination, or poor or limited quality (Regional Board 1999).

2.3 LOCAL GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY

Based on previous subsurface investigations, subsurface soil beneath the site consists predominantly of fine to medium-grained sand and silty sand to approximately 36 feet. Some sand-clay mixtures were encountered in boring B-4 (Frank Lee & Associates) on the western portion of the site from 2 to 6 feet below ground surface (ft bgs), and

northwest of the site from 15 to 18 ft bgs in boring MW-6. Geotechnical soil boring logs obtained from nearby Bay Area Rapid Transit District (BART) identified fine to medium-grained sand to 40 ft bgs underlain by a low permeability, hard, silty clay from approximately 40 to 70 ft bgs.

An unconfined water-bearing zone is present beneath the site at a depth of 20 ft bgs and with a thickness of approximately 20 feet. Since 1989, the groundwater table has fluctuated approximately 4 feet from approximately 20 to 24 ft bgs. Groundwater beneath the site flows predominantly towards the northwest. The observed flow direction may potentially be influenced by the BART tunnels, which run east-west beneath 8th Street and Franklin Street and vary in depth from approximately 27 to 32 ft bgs, and/or by potential groundwater pumping from the BART pump station No. 2 located approximately 550 feet southwest of the site.

2.4 SUMMARY OF PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

Several phases of soil and groundwater assessments have been conducted at the site since the USTs were removed in 1989. Boring and well locations are presented on Figure 2.

May 1988: Frank Lee & Associates performed a geotechnical investigation for the subject site. The purpose of this investigation was to determine the strength characteristics of the soil as a basis for making site grading and foundation design recommendations for a proposed three-story commercial building. Soil beneath the site was observed to consist of generally moist, medium dense, fine-grained silty sand to the total explored depth of 28.5 ft bgs. Tank backfill soil was observed to approximately 15.5 ft bgs in B-3 and to a minimum depth of 6 ft bgs in B-4. Frank Lee & Associates recommended excavating the then existing surficial material “to a minimum depth of 2 feet and re-compact before placement of engineered fill or construction.” Soil samples were collected from 1 to 4 ft bgs for analysis for volatile organic compounds (VOCs); low to medium boiling point hydrocarbons; benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes (BTEX); and total oil and grease (TOG). None of these analytes were detected above laboratory detection limits (Frank Lee & Associates, 1988). Soil analytical data is summarized in Table 3. See Appendix C for copies of the boring logs.

August 1988: LW Environmental Services, Inc. performed a soil investigation. Gasoline hydrocarbon concentrations were detected in the vicinity of the then existing USTs (MEC, 1989b).

June 1989: The Robert J. Miller Company removed four USTs: two 6,000-gallon gasoline tanks, one 550-gallon waste-oil tank, and one 1,000-gallon solvent tank. The Traverse Group Inc. (TGI) collected soil samples from beneath each tank and visually inspected the condition of each tank upon removal. No obvious pitting or corrosion was reported. The two gasoline USTs were removed from one excavation area in the northwestern corner of the site. The waste-oil and solvent USTs were removed from one excavation area in the sidewalk south of the site, along 8th Street. Approximately 10 cubic yards of soil was deemed contaminated by TGI and stockpiled on site. Soil that TGI determined to be clean or only slightly impacted was stockpiled on site. Soil samples from the excavations and stockpiles were analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as gasoline (TPHg), as diesel (TPHd), as waste oil (TPHwo), and BTEX. Additionally, samples from the waste oil and solvent UST's excavation were analyzed for purgeable organics and semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs). High levels of fuel hydrocarbon contamination were detected in the northeast corner of the northeastern excavation and in the waste oil/solvent UST's excavation (MEC, 1989c).

September - October 1989: Miller Environmental Company (MEC) performed a preliminary investigation to determine whether fuel detected in soil during UST excavation activities impacted groundwater. Two excavation pits were re-excavated to approximately 15 ft bgs and approximately 25 cubic yards of additional contaminated soil was removed. Confirmation soil samples were collected from the overexcavation sidewalls and bottoms. The highest levels detected in the northwestern overexcavated pit were 2.3 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) TPHg, 80 mg/kg TPHwo, 0.05 mg/kg toluene, and 0.14 mg/kg xylenes. TPHd, benzene, and ethylbenzene were not detected above laboratory detection limits in samples collected from the northwestern pit. The highest levels detected in the waste oil/solvent overexcavated pit were 10,000 mg/kg TPHg, 250 mg/kg TPHd, 400 mg/kg TPHwo, 50 mg/kg benzene, 210 mg/kg toluene, 54 mg/kg ethylbenzene, and 270 mg/kg xylenes. Further overexcavation in the waste oil/solvent pit was not possible due to the proximity of 8th Street and interfering utilities along the southern edge of this excavation. An estimated 32 cubic yards of contaminated soil was hauled to a Class I disposal facility. The northwestern pit was backfilled with a combination of clean fill and re-used "uncontaminated soil" from the initial excavation of the two gasoline USTs. This re-used fill was intended to be temporary and to be removed when construction took place on the property. The waste oil/solvent pit was backfilled with clean fill. In addition, three monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3) were installed as part of this investigation. Analytical results from these borings and wells indicated soil and groundwater from boring MW-1 was not impacted by hydrocarbons. Impacted soil was detected in offsite borings MW-2 and MW-3, between 20 to 25 ft bgs. Groundwater was first encountered in all boreholes at

approximately 25 ft bgs. The groundwater gradient and flow direction were calculated to be 0.006 feet per foot and to the west-northwest, respectively.

Early 1991: Construction of the existing building on site began in early 1991. It is reported that the ACEH concurred with MEC's conclusion that soil excavation in the 6,000-gallon UST pit was successful in removing all but minor residual hydrocarbon contamination. As a result no objections were raised to construction activities on site. Monitoring well MW-1 was preserved in the construction process and remains accessible inside the building (MEC, 1992).

September - October 1991: MEC conducted a subsurface investigation to further define the lateral extent of offsite hydrocarbon contamination. On September 11, 1991, one borehole (B-1) was advanced and soil samples were collected. On October 2 and 3, 1991, three boreholes (B-2, MW-4, and MW-5) were advanced, soil samples were collected, and two monitoring wells were constructed. Groundwater was first encountered in all boreholes at approximately 25 ft bgs. No hydrocarbons were detected in soil samples collected to a depth of 20 ft bgs. However, soil samples from 25 ft bgs in boreholes B-1 and B-2 detected TPHg, Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TRPH), TPHd, and toluene (Table 3). On October 31, 1992, groundwater was sampled from wells MW-1 through MW-5. Approximately 1/8-inch of floating product was observed in well MW-2. Groundwater analytical results indicated very low to moderate concentrations of TPHg, TPHd, BTEX, and 1,2-dichloroethane (1,2-DCA) in monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3. No TOG was detected above laboratory detection limits in any of the wells. Also detected in well MW-3 were 1,2-dichloropropane at 0.0007 parts per million (ppm) and 1,1,1-trichloroethane (1,1,1-TCE) at 0.0014 ppm. No hydrocarbons were detected in groundwater from off site wells MW-4 and MW-5. However, very low levels of chloroform were detected in off site wells MW-4 and MW-5. See Table 2 for historic groundwater analytical results.

May 1997: On May 15, 1997, Associated Terra Consultants, Inc. (ATC) installed monitoring well MW-6. Soil samples were collected and analyzed. Soil samples had detectable concentrations of TPHd, BTEX, and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE). TPHd was detected in soil at 10 ft bgs. BTEX were detected in soil at 25 ft bgs. MTBE was detected in soil at 30 ft bgs. See Table 3 for soil analytical results. Groundwater was first encountered at approximately 22.5 ft bgs. Boring logs are included in Appendix C. On May 21, 1997 ATC performed groundwater monitoring and sampling activities for all six of the site's monitoring wells.

November-December 2006: On November 17, 2006, Cambria Environmental Technology, Inc. (Cambria) installed soil vapor probes VP-1 and VP-2 in the city

sidewalk along Franklin and 8th Streets. Soil samples were collected from each soil vapor probe location at approximately 5 ft bgs. Soil samples were analyzed for TPHg, TPHd, and TPHmo by EPA Method 8015C; BTEX and MTBE by EPA Method 8021 B; and 1,2-DCA and chloroform by EPA Method 8260. Low levels of TPHd and TPHmo concentrations were detected in soil sample VP-1.5.5 at 4.0 and 6.9 mg/kg, respectively. Based on these results, Cambria concluded the upper 5.5 feet of soil at locations VP-1 and VP-2 has little to no hydrocarbon impact.

On December 28, 2006, Cambria returned to the site to collect vapor samples from VP-1 and VP-2. The samples were analyzed, in accordance with the approved July 24, 2006 Work Plan, for benzene and tracer compounds isobutene, butane, and propane by modified EPA Method TO-15. No concentrations of benzene, and the tracer compounds were detected.

January-February 2007: Since 2004, monitoring well MW-3 has been filled with debris and inaccessible. ACEH requested that this well be decommissioned and rebuilt. On January 29, 2007, Cambria destroyed well MW-3 by pressure grouting. To replace MW-3, Cambria returned to the site on February 8, 2007 to install well MW-3A. This work was performed in accordance with the approved July 24, 2006 *Work Plan*. On July 25, 2007, CRA collected a second round of vapor samples from soil vapor wells VP-1 and VP-2. Each sample was analyzed by EPA Method TO-15 GC/MS for benzene and the full VOC target list. No concentrations of benzene or tracer compounds were detected. The only chemicals detected were 2-butanone (methyl ethyl ketone), 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane, Freon 12, Acetone, and Tetrachloroethane. Detections did not exceed Regional Water Quality Control Board - San Francisco Bay Region Environmental Screening Levels (ESLs) for any of the chemicals with an established ESL.

Groundwater Monitoring: Groundwater monitoring was initially conducted from October 1989 through 2000, and from 2004 through October 2006. Due to some missing project files, the entire monitoring and sampling history is unknown. Groundwater is currently monitored on a semi-annual basis.

3.0 HYDROCARBON DISTRIBUTION

Following is an overview of hydrocarbon distribution in soil and groundwater at the site.

3.1 HYDROCARON DISTRIBUTION IN SOIL

Soil samples have been collected from a total of six soil borings; six groundwater monitoring well locations and two vapor probes located on and off the site. Of the six soil borings, four of them (B-1 through B-4; Frank Lee & Associates) were drilled mainly for geotechnical reasons and therefore soil samples were only collected from 1 to 4 ft bgs for VOC analysis. No VOCs were detected in any of the samples.

Petroleum hydrocarbons have been detected at depths ranging from 21 to 26 ft bgs beneath the sidewalk and street located directly west-northwest of the former 6,000-gallon gasoline USTs, and also beneath the former 550-gallon and 1,000-gallon USTs located in the sidewalk along 8th Street. TPHg concentrations ranged from 120 to 2,200 mg/kg in the vicinity of the two former 6,000-gallon USTs and ranged from 1,900 to 10,000 mg/kg in the vicinity of the former 550-gallon and 1,000-gallon USTs.

Hydrocarbon-impacted soil in the vicinity of the former 6,000-gallon USTs appears to extend offsite beneath the sidewalk and Franklin Street to the northwest. Hydrocarbon-impacted soil in the vicinity of the former 550-gallon and 1,000-gallon USTs appears to extend offsite beneath the sidewalk and 8th Street to the southwest and south. The extent of hydrocarbon-impacted soil is not fully defined laterally and also vertically below groundwater, beyond 26 ft bgs. However, based on the lack of any identified exposure pathways in CRA's *Site Conceptual Model Report*, dated July 2, 2010, no further assessment of hydrocarbon-impacted soil is warranted at this time. Soil analytical data is presented on Table 3. Figure 3 provides a summary of soil analytical data, and Figures 4 and 5 provide isoconcentrations for TPHg and benzene in soil, respectively.

3.2 HYDROCARBON DISTRIBUTION IN GROUNDWATER

During the September 3, 2010 sampling event, TPHg concentrations were 9,500, 35,000, and 4,600 micrograms per liter ($\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$) in monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3A, and MW-6, respectively. Elevated concentrations of TPHg and benzene in groundwater appear to form a comingled plume that extends from the two former UST source areas towards well MW-6. The elongated plume shape is consistent with the local groundwater flow direction (Figure 6). The down-gradient extent of the hydrocarbon plume is undefined; however concrete-lined BART tunnels in the immediate vicinity may be acting as a potential barrier to plume migration. Installation records indicate that the top of the BART tunnels ranges from approximately 27 to 32 ft bgs under 8th and Franklin Street. However, further down-gradient of the site, the BART tunnels may rise up to the same

elevation as the groundwater table. The hydrocarbon plume appears to be adequately defined in all directions except down-gradient to the northwest. Figures 7 and 8 present isoconcentrations for TPHg and benzene in groundwater, respectively.

4.0 PROPOSED SCOPE OF WORK

The objectives of this work plan are to further characterize the hydrocarbon plume down-gradient of the source areas. CRA proposes to assess the down-gradient portion of the plume by the collection of grab groundwater samples, and installation of an additional monitoring well. To determine the appropriate monitoring well location and achieve the work tasks described in this Work Plan cost efficiently, CRA proposes to implement this work through the following two phases; 1) Drill soil borings and perform Hydropunch grab groundwater sampling, and 2) Install a monitoring well based on the analytical results of the grab groundwater samples. During the first phase, a minimum of three Hydropunch borings will be drilled to collect grab groundwater samples. Based on field observations, additional step out Hydropunch borings may be drilled (Figure 9). Grab groundwater samples will be submitted for laboratory analysis. Following receipt of the analytical results, CRA will determine the most appropriate location for a down-gradient monitoring well and submit a Work Plan Addendum that will include the results of the first phase and the proposed monitoring well location. Following ACEH approval of the Work Plan Addendum, CRA will install the monitoring well as described below during the second phase of this field work.

4.1 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

A site specific Health and Safety Plan will be prepared for the fieldwork. The Health and Safety Plan will be available onsite to all site workers and visitors during all field work activities.

4.2 PERMIT

A drilling permit will be obtained from Alameda County Public Works Agency. Excavation, encroachment, and obstructions permits will be obtained from the City of Oakland.

4.3 UTILITY CLEARANCE

Prior to any drilling activities, the proposed drilling locations will be marked with white paint. CRA will alert Underground Service Alert (USA) of the proposed drilling locations a minimum of 48 hours prior to drilling and obtain a USA ticket. Following receipt of the USA ticket, CRA will obtain a private utility locator to identify and mark any subsurface utilities not identified by USA. In addition, CRA will notify BART of the proposed drilling locations, and request to review any available BART records to identify the locations and depths of the BART tubes in the vicinity of the proposed drilling locations. Actual soil boring and monitoring well locations will be based on the field conditions and possible utility constraints.

4.4 FIELD LOGISTICS

The proposed drilling locations are located within the public right of way. Pedestrian and vehicle traffic are expected to be high during the daylight hours. CRA will coordinate with the City of Oakland to schedule and conduct the proposed work during evening hours when public activity is anticipated to be minimal.

4.5 SOIL BORINGS

A minimum of three Hydropunch borings are proposed to the northwest of MW-5 and MW-6 (Figure 9). Based on field observations, additional step out Hydropunch borings to the northwest may be drilled. The soil borings will be advanced to approximately 25 ft bgs using a Geoprobe direct push or similar drilling rig. The monitoring well will be drilled to approximately 35 ft bgs using a hollow-stem auger drilling rig. Prior to drilling, each of the borings will be cleared for utilities to 8 ft bgs using a hand auger or air knife method.

4.6 GRAB GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

A grab groundwater sample will be collected from the proposed Hydropunch borings. Once the boring is advanced to approximately 25 ft bgs, the drilling rods will be retracted from the bottom of the boring approximately 4 feet, exposing a stainless steel screen. A grab groundwater sample will be collected using a new clean disposable bailer and submitted for laboratory analysis.

4.7 CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

A grab groundwater samples will be analyzed for the following constituents:

- TPHg by EPA Method 8015Bm
- BTEX by EPA Method 8021B

4.8 MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION

The well will be constructed using 2-inch diameter, schedule 40 PVC pipe with 0.010-inch slotted casing from approximately 18 to 35 ft bgs. A filter pack of Monterey No. 2/16 sand will be placed from the bottom of the boring to approximately 2 feet above the screen. The well annulus will have a 2-foot bentonite seal above the filter pack and will be filled with neat Portland Type I/II cement to grade. CRA's standard field procedure for soil borings and monitoring well installation is presented as Appendix B.

4.9 WELL DEVELOPMENT

Following installation of the monitoring well(s), each well will be developed using a surge block and purge method.

4.10 WELL SURVEY

Newly installed monitoring well(s) will be surveyed for latitude and longitude coordinates based on the California State Coordinate System, Zone III (NAD83).

4.11 INVESTIGATION DERIVED WASTE

All investigation derived waste (IDW) will be temporarily stored on-site in sealed DOT-approved drums. IDW composite samples will be collected and submitted for laboratory analysis and waste profiling. The drums will be properly labeled and transported off site for disposal.

4.12 REPORTING

Following receipt of the analytical results, CRA will prepare a subsurface investigation report that at a minimum will include:

- Descriptions of the drilling and groundwater sampling methods,
- Tabulated groundwater analytical results,
- Soil boring logs and well construction details,
- Figures depicting the location of all borings and associated analytical groundwater results,
- Laboratory reports and chain-of-custody forms,
- An evaluation of the analytical results and distribution of hydrocarbons, and
- Conclusions and recommendations.

5.0 SCHEDULE

CRA will perform this investigation after receiving written approval of this *Work Plan* from the ACEH and obtaining necessary permits from Alameda County Public Works and the City of Oakland. CRA will submit a comprehensive investigation report approximately 6 weeks after all field work has been completed and the receipt of all analytical data.

REFERENCES

- California Department of Water Resources (DWR), 2003, *Bulletin 118 - California's Groundwater*.
- Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region - Groundwater Committee, 1999. *East Bay Plain Groundwater Basin Beneficial Use Evaluation Report*. June.
- Frank Lee & Associates, 1988. *Soil and Foundation Investigation Proposed Commercial Building at 800 Franklin Street, Oakland, California*. June 13, 1988.
- MEC, 1989b. *Update on 800 Franklin Street in Oakland*, 800 Franklin Street, Oakland, California. October 9, 1989.
- MEC, 1989c. *Report on Subsurface Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Soil*, 800 Franklin Street, Oakland, California. November 3, 1989 Draft Edition.
- MEC, 1992. *Report on Subsurface Investigation, Related to Well Installation and Borings*, 800 Franklin Street, Oakland, California. January 20, 1992.

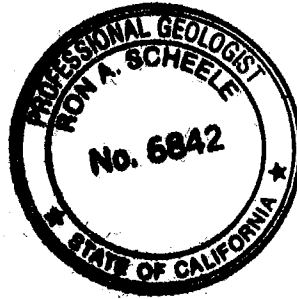
All of Which is Respectfully Submitted,
CONESTOGA-ROVERS & ASSOCIATES



Bryan A. Fong



Ron Scheele, P.G.



Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA) prepared this document for use by our client and appropriate regulatory agencies. It is based partially on information available to CRA from outside sources and/or in the public domain, and partially on information supplied by CRA and its subcontractors. CRA makes no warranty or guarantee, expressed or implied, included or intended in this document, with respect to the accuracy of information obtained from these outside sources or the public domain, or any conclusions or recommendations based on information that was not independently verified by CRA. This document represents the best professional judgment of CRA. None of the work performed hereunder constitutes or shall be represented as a legal opinion of any kind or nature.

FIGURES

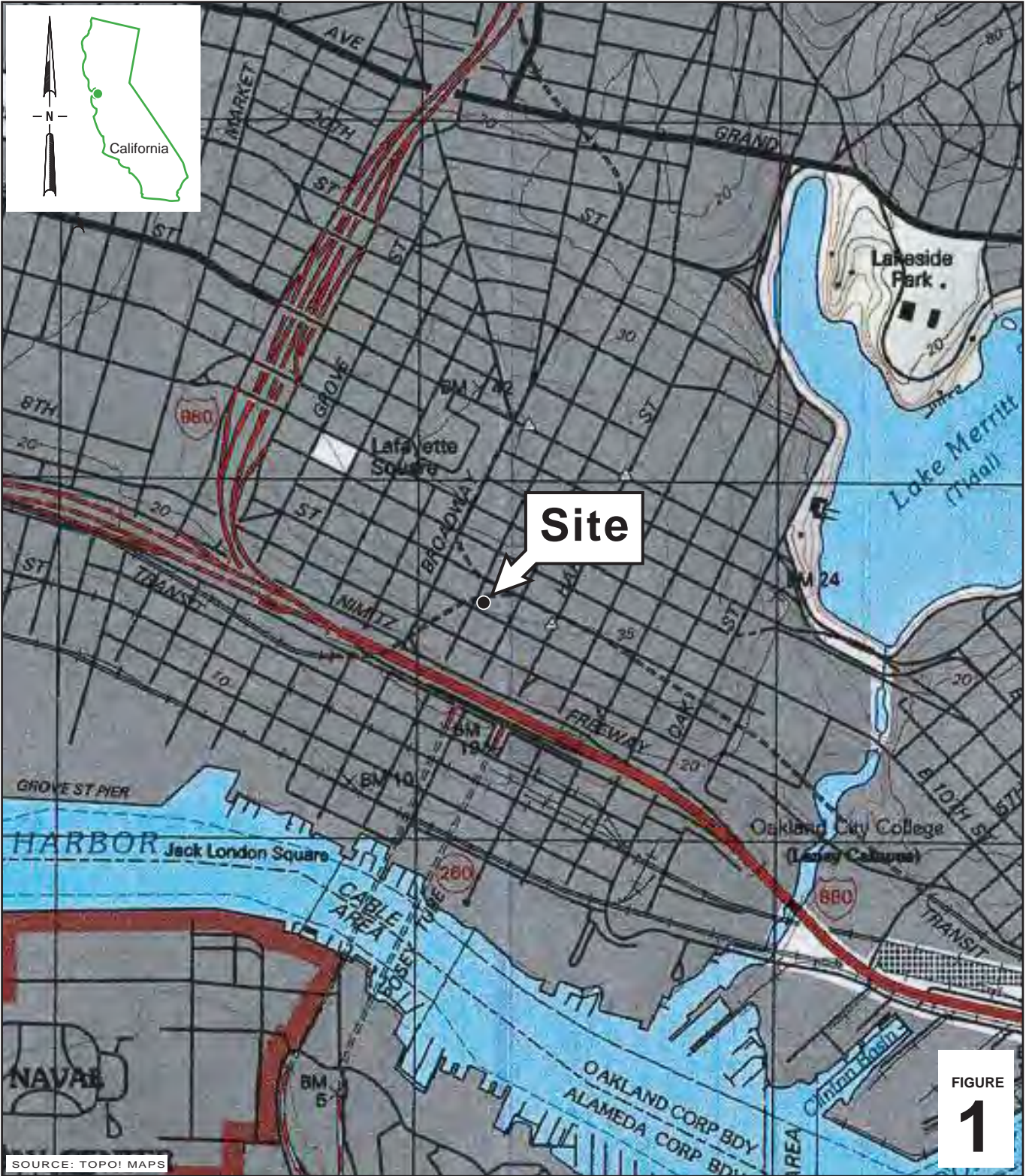


FIGURE
1

I:\SFO-S1\SHARED\CHIU PROPERTY\FIGURES\VICINITY-MAP.A1

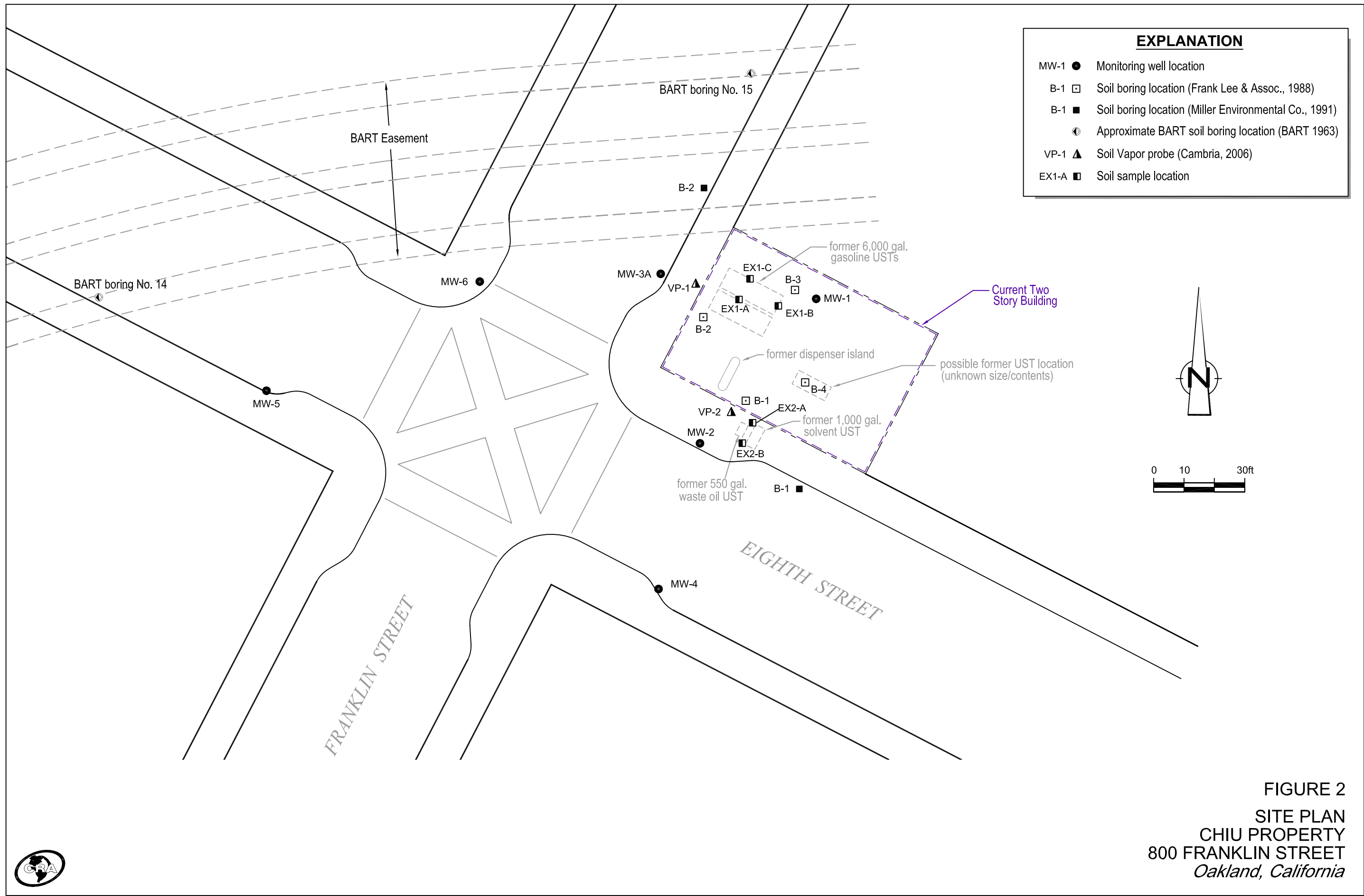
SOURCE: TOPOI MAPS

0 1/8 1/4 1/2 1
SCALE : 1" = 1/4 MILE

Chiu Property
800 Franklin Street
Oakland, California



Vicinity Map



EXPLANATION	
MW-1 ●	Monitoring well location
B-1 □	Soil boring location (Frank Lee & Assoc., 1988)
B-1 ■	Soil boring location (Miller Environmental Co., 1991)
⊙	Approximate BART soil boring location (BART 1963)
VP-1 ▲	Soil Vapor probe (Cambria, 2006)
EX1-A ■	Soil sample location

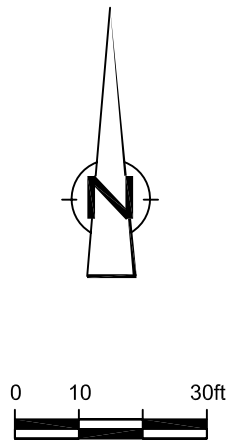


FIGURE 2
 SITE PLAN
 CHIU PROPERTY
 800 FRANKLIN STREET
 Oakland, California



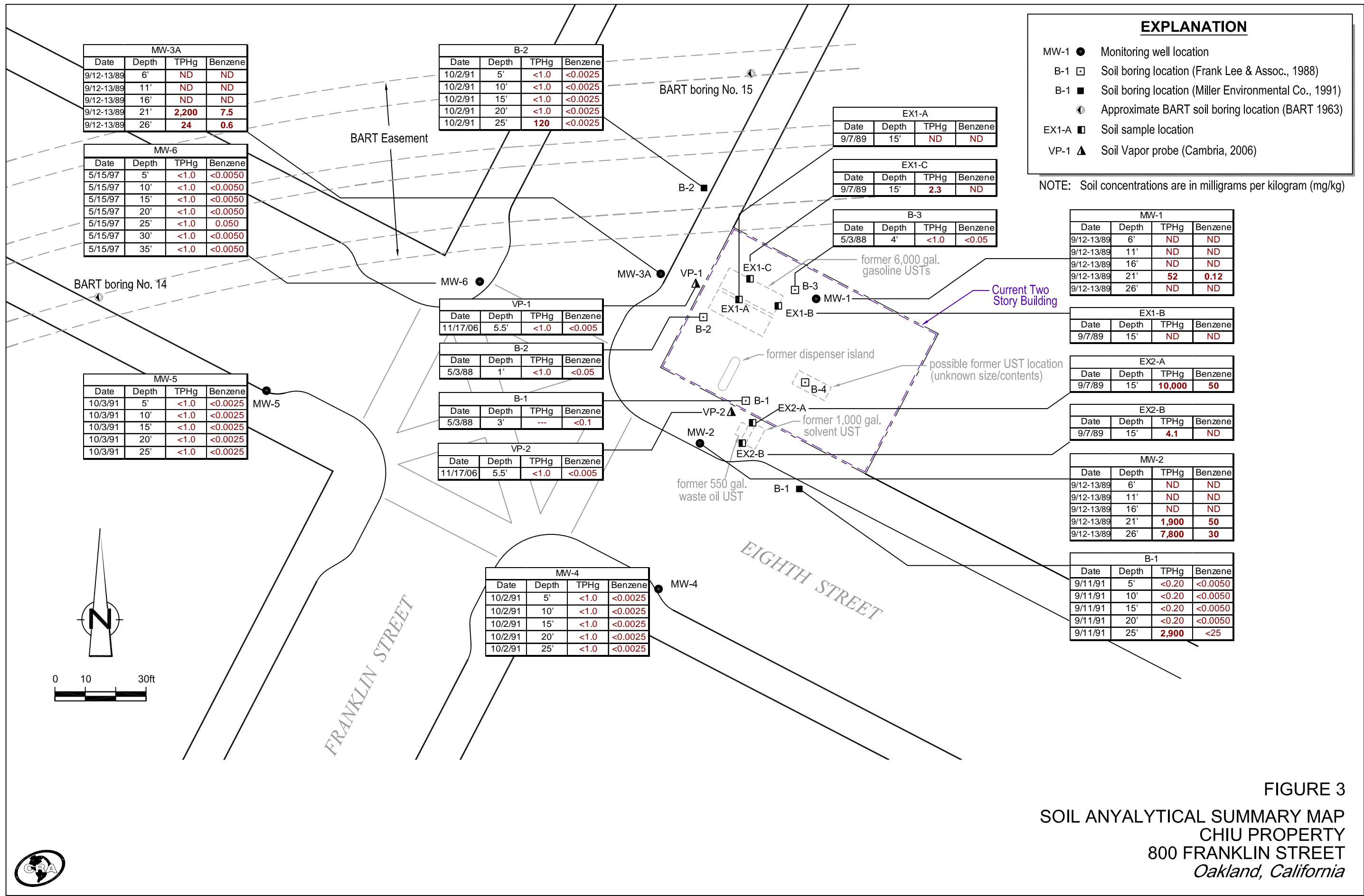


FIGURE 3
 SOIL ANALYTICAL SUMMARY MAP
 CHIU PROPERTY
 800 FRANKLIN STREET
 Oakland, California

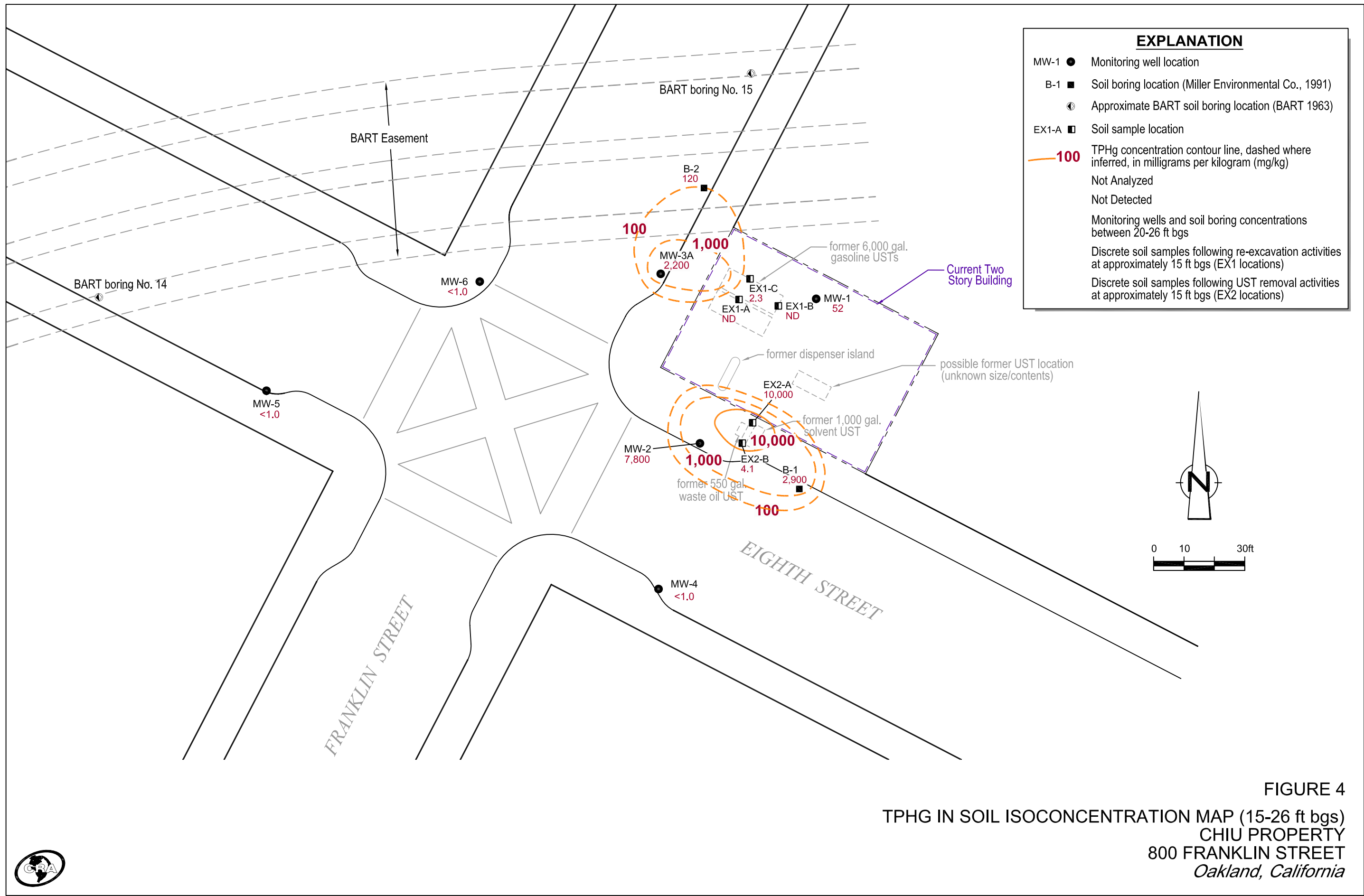
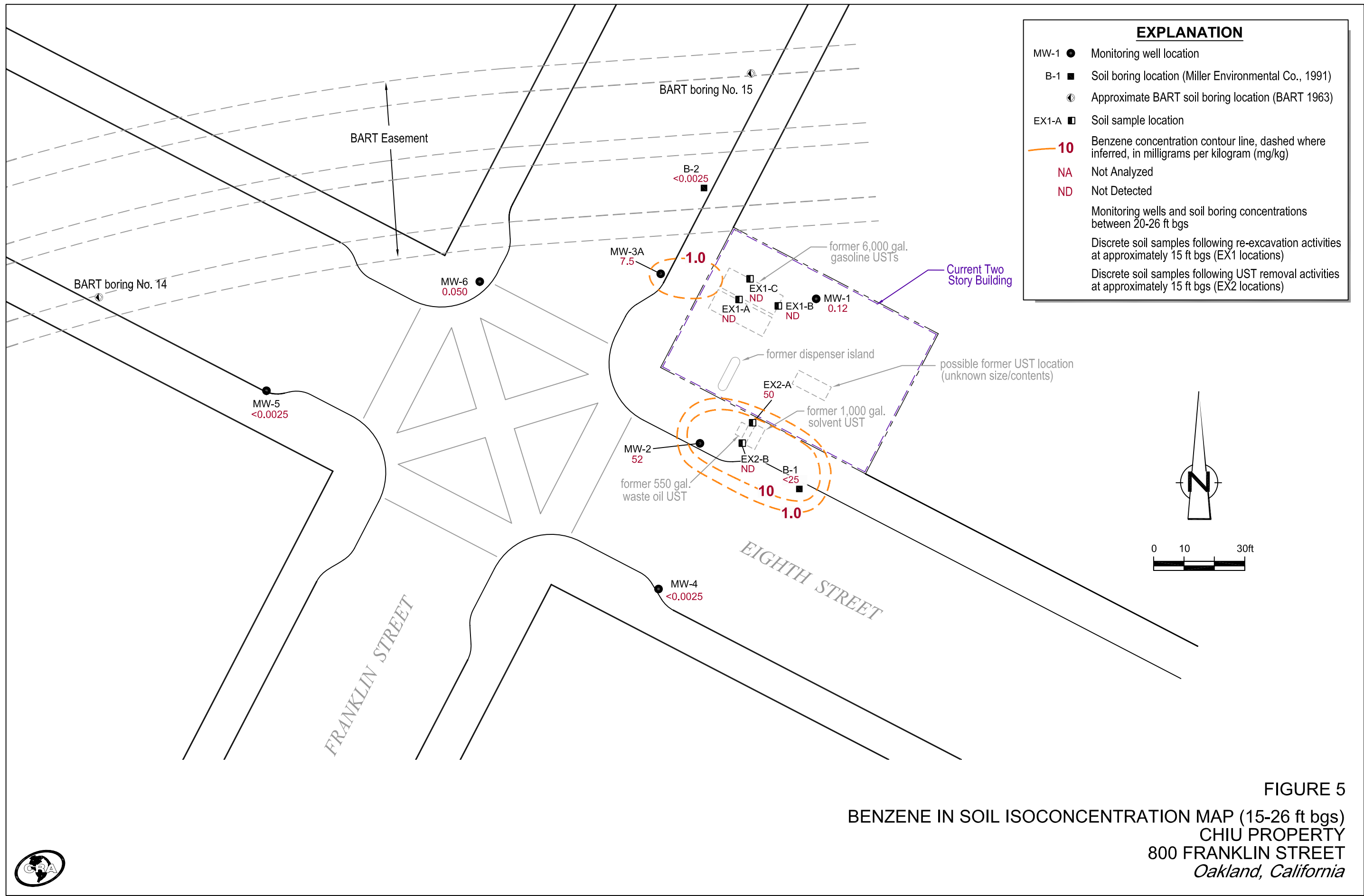


FIGURE 4
 TPHG IN SOIL ISOCONCENTRATION MAP (15-26 ft bgs)
 CHIU PROPERTY
 800 FRANKLIN STREET
 Oakland, California





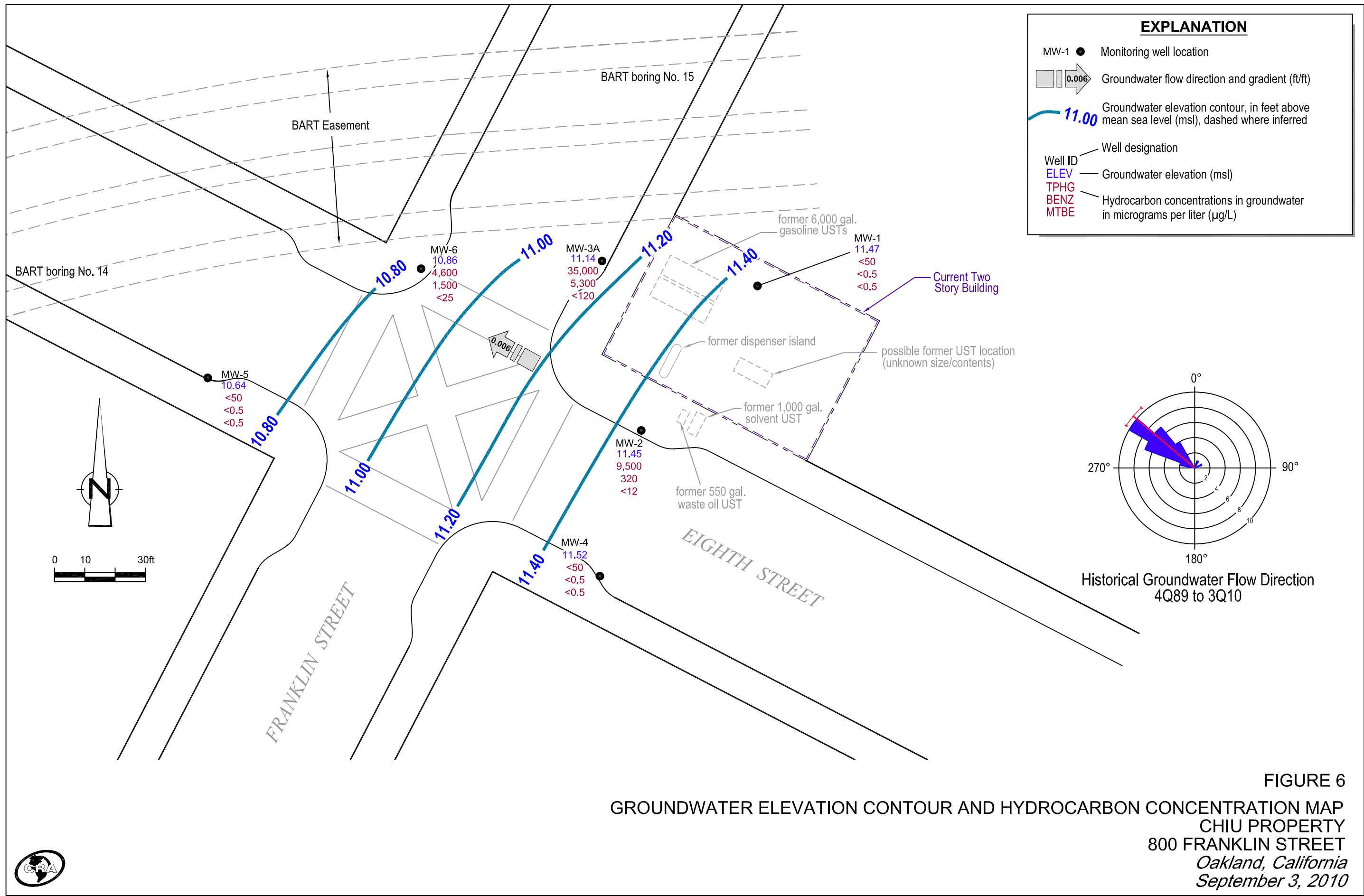


FIGURE 6
GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOUR AND HYDROCARBON CONCENTRATION MAP
 CHIU PROPERTY
 800 FRANKLIN STREET
 Oakland, California
 September 3, 2010



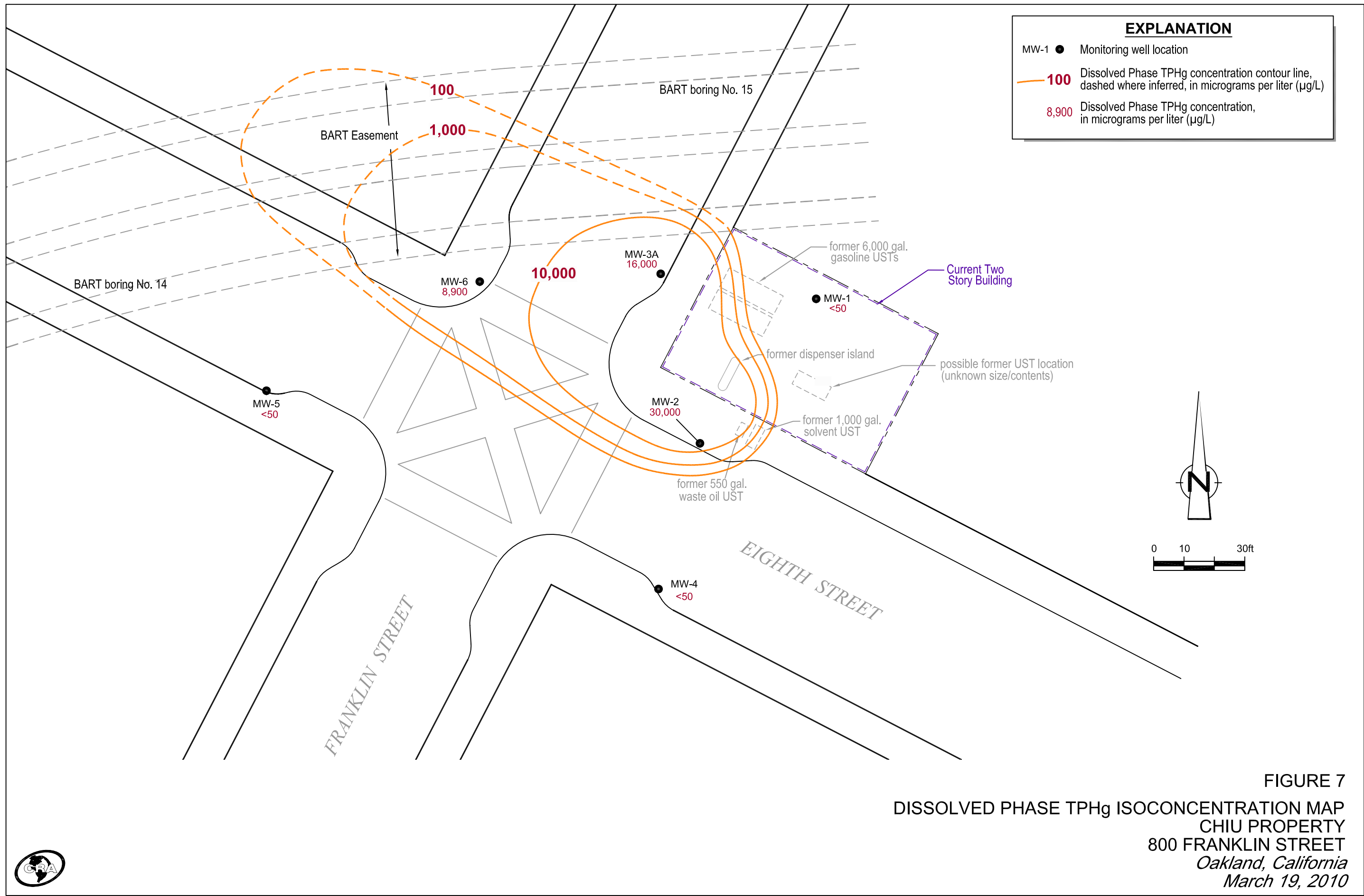


FIGURE 7
DISSOLVED PHASE TPHg ISOCONCENTRATION MAP
CHIU PROPERTY
800 FRANKLIN STREET
Oakland, California
March 19, 2010



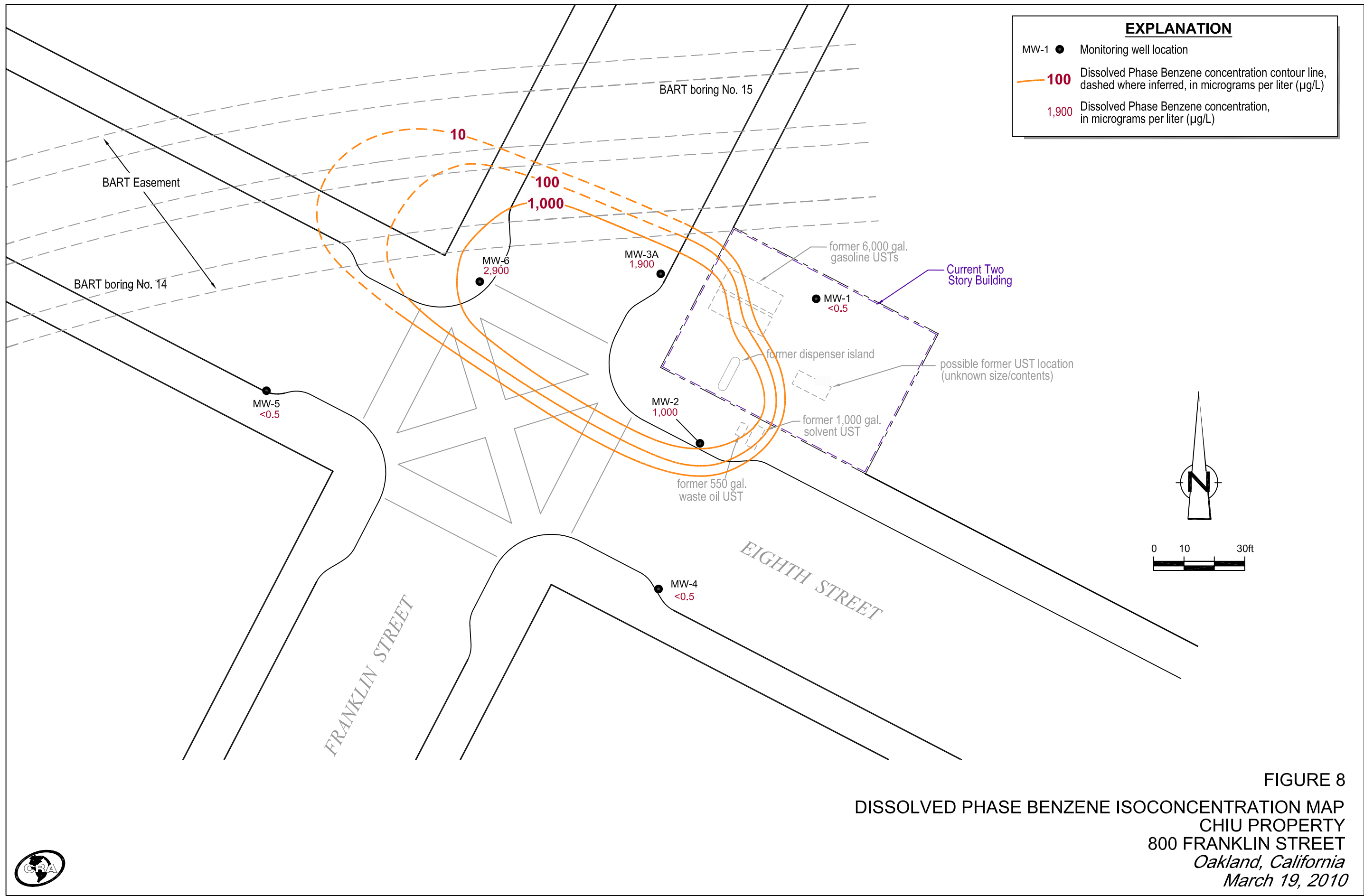
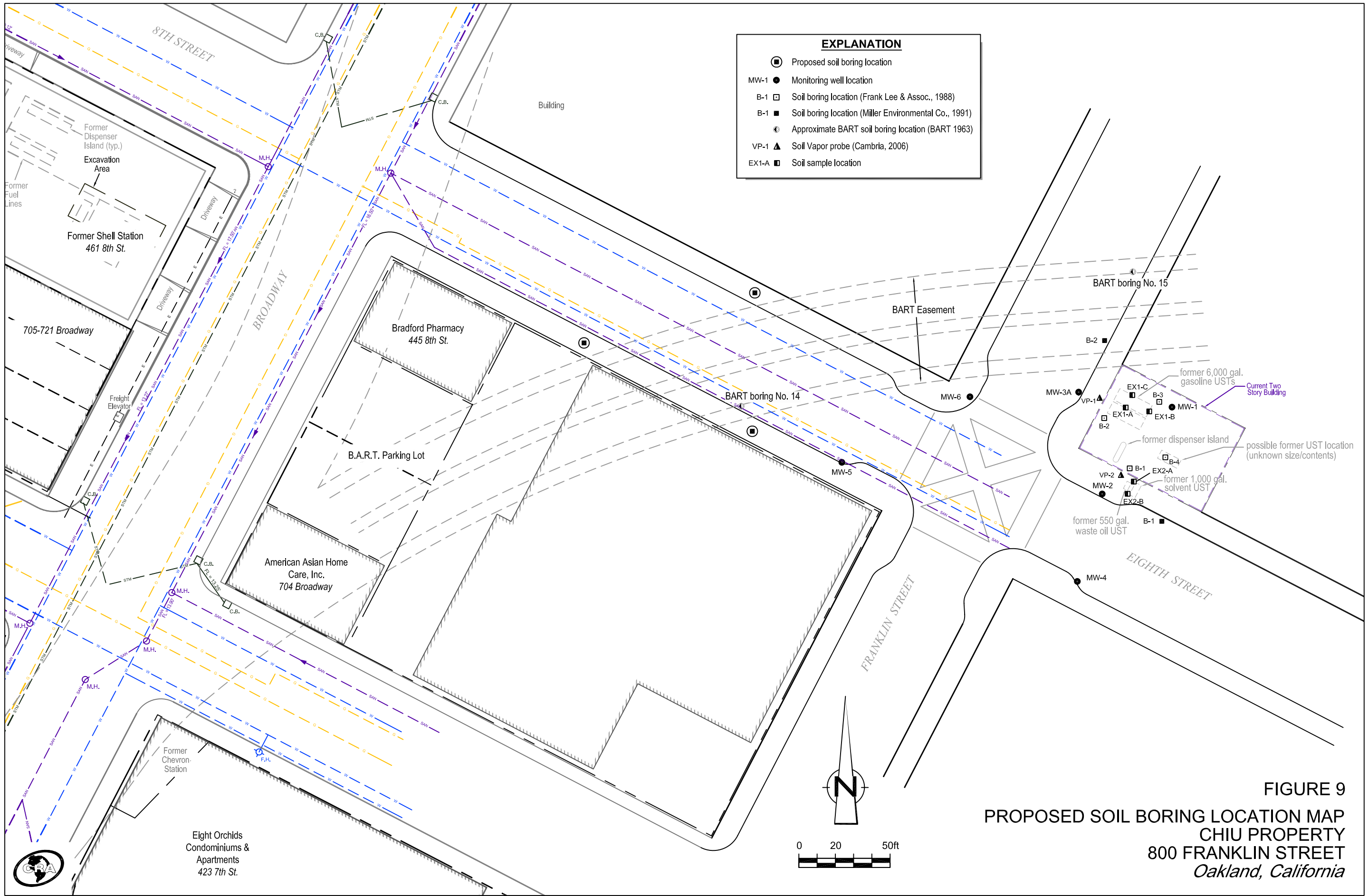


FIGURE 8
DISSOLVED PHASE BENZENE ISOCONCENTRATION MAP
CHIU PROPERTY
800 FRANKLIN STREET
Oakland, California
March 19, 2010





TABLES

**WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
CHIU PROPERTY
800 FRANKLIN STREET
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA**

<i>Well ID</i>	<i>Date Installed</i>	<i>Borehole Depth (ft)</i>	<i>Borehole Diameter (in)</i>	<i>Casing Diameter (in)</i>	<i>Screen Interval (ft bgs)</i>	<i>Screen Size (in)</i>	<i>Filter Pack (ft bgs)</i>	<i>Bentonite Seal (ft bgs)</i>	<i>Cement Seal (ft bgs)</i>	<i>TOC Elevation (ft msl)</i>
MW-1	1989	35.0	8.0	2	20.0 - 35.0	0.010	18.0 - 35.0	16.0 - 18.0	0 - 16.0	33.42
MW-2	1989	35.0	8.0	2	20.0 - 35.0	0.010	18.0 - 35.0	16.0 - 18.0	0 - 16.0	33.66
MW-3*	Installed: 1989 Destroyed: 1/29/07	35.0	8.0	2	20.0 - 35.0	0.010	18.0 - 35.0	16.0 - 18.0	0 - 16.0	34.23
MW-3A	2/8/2007	35.0	10.0	4	20.0 - 35.0	0.010	19.0 - 35.0	17.0 - 19.0	0 - 17.0	34.16
MW-4	10/2/1991	35.0	8.0	2	20.0 - 35.0	0.010	18.0 - 35.0	-	0 - 18.0	33.64
MW-5	10/3/1991	35.0	8.0	2	20.0 - 35.0	0.010	18.0 - 35.0	-	0 - 18.0	33.56
MW-6	5/15/1997	35.0	8.0	2	14.5 - 36.25	0.010	14.5 - 36.25	12.5 - 14.5 (?)	0 - 12.5	33.98

Abbreviations / Notes

ft = feet

in = inches

ft bgs = feet below grade surface

ft msl = feet above mean sea level

TOC = top of casing

* = Monitoring well MW-3 properly destroyed on January 29, 2007 by Cambria.

TABLE 2

GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL AND ELEVATION DATA: PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS
 CHIU PROPERTY
 800 FRANKLIN STREET
 OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Well ID	TOC Elevation (ft msl)	Date Sampled	Depth to Water (ft below TOC)	Groundwater Elevation (feet msl)	Groundwater									
					TPHg	TPHd	TPHmo	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene µg/L	Xylenes	MTBE	Chloroform	1,2-DCA
MW-1		10/12/1989	22.87	10.55	ND	—	—	ND	ND	ND	ND	—	0.8	8.6
33.42		10/31/1991	—	—	630	960	1,700	3.2	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	130	—	—	0.0098
34.89		10/21/1992	23.48	11.41	520	—	—	78	38	ND<0.5	120	—	—	ND
		2/25/1993	22.51	12.38	1,600	—	—	160	190	34	350	—	—	—
		4/27/1993	22.36	12.53	380	—	—	5.2	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	74	—	—	—
		10/7/1993	—	12.10	1,000	—	—	81	150	47	230	—	—	—
33.98		3/28/1994	—	11.91	460	—	—	14	25	14	39	—	—	—
		4/29/1994	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		6/10/1994	—	11.66	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		7/8/1994	—	11.62	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		7/26/1994	—	11.48	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		8/25/1994	—	11.47	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		10/27/1994	22.51	11.47	ND<50	—	—	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	—	—	—
		1/6/1995	—	12.08	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		2/1/1995	—	12.79	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		3/29/1995	—	12.75	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		10/31/1995	—	12.48	1,400	—	—	15	38	49	510	19	—	—
		5/21/1997	—	12.49	150	—	—	2.9	1.5	8.6	26	ND<5.0	—	—
		8/10/2004	23.35	10.63	ND<50	—	—	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	—	—
		9/28/2004E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		12/21/2004	22.93	11.05	ND<50	—	—	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	—	—
		3/11/2005E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		6/16/2005	20.68	13.30	ND<50	—	—	0.64	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	—	—
		9/1/2005	20.74	13.24	ND<50	—	—	1.2	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	—	—
		12/16/2005	20.95	13.03	ND<50	—	—	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	—	—
		3/10/2006	20.34	13.64	ND<50	—	—	0.60	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	—	—
		9/15/2006	21.51	12.47	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	6.4	ND<0.5
		3/8/2007	21.81	12.17	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	0.72	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	6.9	ND<0.5
		9/17/2007	22.08	11.90	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	2.3	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	4.7	ND<0.5
		3/4/2008	21.72	12.26	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	1.3	ND<0.5
		9/3/2008	22.70	11.28	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	0.98	ND<0.5
		3/4/2009	22.49	11.49	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	0.65
		9/8/2009	22.80	11.18	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5	ND<0.5
		3/19/2010	22.25	11.73	ND<50	ND<50	—	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	ND<0.5	0.58
		9/3/2010	22.51	11.47	ND<50	ND<50	—	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	1.2	ND<0.5
MW-2		10/12/1989	23.25	10.40	38,000	—	3,900	1,300	1,200	ND	4,700	—	—	—
33.66		10/31/1991	—	—	10,000	1,500	—	1,800	1,200	270	960	—	—	0.17
		11/6/1991	24.02	9.64	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		10/21/1992	22.42	11.24	270,000	—	—	9,700	4,500	9,600	56,000	—	—	15.4
		2/25/1993	21.50	12.16	49,000	—	—	4,300	11,000	1,300	9,100	—	—	—
		4/27/1993	21.26	12.40	39,000	—	—	1,400	4,000	220	5,200	—	—	—
		10/7/1993	—	12.04	50,000	—	—	2,700	8,100	940	7,800	—	—	—

TABLE 2

GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL AND ELEVATION DATA: PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS
 CHIU PROPERTY
 800 FRANKLIN STREET
 OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Well ID	TOC Elevation (ft msl)	Date Sampled	Depth to Water (ft below TOC)	Groundwater Elevation (feet msl)	TPHg	TPHd	TPHmo	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene µg/L	Xylenes	MTBE	Chloroform	1,2-DCA
MW-2 (cont.)		3/28/1994	—	11.88	20,000	—	—	360	1,300	220	1,800	—	—	—
		4/29/1994	—	11.87	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		6/10/1994	—	11.44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		7/8/1994	—	11.42	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		7/26/1994	—	11.22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		8/25/1994	—	11.01	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		10/27/1994	22.66	11.00	21,000	—	—	1,200	3,700	600	4,300	—	—	—
		1/6/1995	—	11.66	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		2/1/1995	—	12.21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		3/29/1995	—	12.66	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		10/31/1995	—	11.51	45,000	—	—	3,100	8,800	1,200	8,400	810	—	—
		5/21/1997	—	12.65	18,000	—	—	1,400	4,200	680	3,600	370	—	—
		8/10/2004	21.03	12.63	47,000 (a)	—	—	4,200	4,900	1,400	6,000	ND<500	—	—
		9/28/2004	22.95	10.71	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		12/21/2004	20.91	12.75	13,000 (a)	—	—	500	310	34	1,600	ND<100	—	—
		3/11/2005	11.35	22.31	32,000 (a)	—	—	970	2,400	890	4,200	ND<1,000	—	—
		6/16/2005	20.50	13.16	43,000 (a,i)	—	—	1,500	3,400	1,200	5,400	ND<1,200	—	—
		9/1/2005	20.60	13.06	20,000 (a)	—	—	640	1,700	460	2,200	ND<200	—	—
		12/16/2005	20.83	12.83	32,000 (a,i)	—	—	1,000	3,100	760	3,800	ND<500	—	—
		3/10/2006	20.05	13.61	20,000 (a)	—	—	460	1,900	440	2,400	ND<400	—	—
		9/15/2006	21.31	12.35	43,000 (a)	3,100 (d)	ND<250	1,600	4,400	1,100	5,100	ND<500	16	ND<10
		3/8/2007	21.62	12.04	30,000 (a,h)	4,600 (d,h)	ND<1,200	1,200	3,400	890	4,500	ND<500	ND<50	ND<50 (j,h)
		9/17/2007	21.92	11.74	31,000 (a)	6,600 (d,b)	340	790	3,000	700	3,100	ND<100	ND<100	ND<100
		3/4/2008	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		9/3/2008	22.50	11.16	46,000 (a)	5,100 (d)	370	1,700	8,600	1,400	7,500	ND<250	ND<250	ND<250
		3/4/2009	22.25	11.41	56,000 (a)	13,000 (d)	1,100	1,500	5,300	990	4,500	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10
		9/8/2009	22.60	11.06	42,000 (a)	11,000 (d)	1,200	1,400 (1,200)	5,200 (4,900)	970 (890)	5,500 (4,900)	ND<100 (ND<100)	ND<0.5	ND<100
33.75		3/19/2010 **	21.96	11.70	30,000 (a,h)	12,000 (d,h)	—	(1,000)	(3,500)	(980)	(4,500)	(ND<50)	ND<5.0	ND<5.0
		9/3/2010	22.30	11.45	9,500 (a)	1,500 (d)	—	(320)	(290)	(140)	(970)	(ND<12)	ND<12	ND<12
MW-3		10/12/1989	24.02	10.21	87,000	—	4,500	3,200	8,800	ND	6,500	—	—	70.0
34.23		10/31/1991	—	—	310,000	25,000	—	9,300	25,000	5,600	27,000	—	—	0.058
		11/6/1991	23.52	10.71	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		10/21/1992	23.32	10.91	22,000	—	—	10,000	4,300	790	2,100	—	—	ND
		2/25/1993	22.51	11.72	29,000	—	—	8,400	5,400	1,300	3,300	—	—	—
		4/27/1993	22.37	11.86	50,000	—	—	8,200	8,700	1,000	5,400	—	—	—
		10/7/1993	—	14.19	1,700	—	—	3,100	3,700	400	1,700	—	—	—
		3/28/1994	—	11.52	53,000	—	—	3,900	4,600	710	2,500	—	—	—
		4/29/1994	—	11.34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		6/10/1994	—	11.13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		7/8/1994	—	11.09	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		7/26/1994	—	10.94	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		8/25/1994	—	10.80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

TABLE 2

GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL AND ELEVATION DATA: PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS
 CHIU PROPERTY
 800 FRANKLIN STREET
 OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Well ID	TOC Elevation (ft msl)	Date Sampled	Depth to Water (ft below TOC)	Groundwater Elevation (feet msl)	Groundwater									
					TPHg	TPHd	TPHmo	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene µg/L	Xylenes	MTBE	Chloroform	1,2-DCA
MW-3 (cont.)	10/27/1994	23.56	10.67	8,500	—	—	2,700	2,700	490	2,000	—	—	—	
	1/6/1995	—	11.33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	2/1/1995	—	11.79	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	3/29/1995	—	12.10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	10/31/1995	—	11.23	19,000	—	—	4,400	4,600	720	2,900	410	—	—	
	5/21/1997	—	11.68	4,000	—	—	810	840	190	690	ND<100	—	—	
	9/28/2004				Well is damaged. Unable to measure depth to water or collect sample.									
	12/21/2004				Well is damaged. Unable to measure depth to water or collect sample.									
	3/11/2005				Well is damaged. Unable to measure depth to water or collect sample.									
	6/16/2005				Well is damaged. Unable to measure depth to water or collect sample.									
	9/1/2005				Well is damaged. Unable to measure depth to water or collect sample.									
	12/16/2005				Well is damaged. Unable to measure depth to water or collect sample.									
	3/10/2006				Well is damaged. Unable to measure depth to water or collect sample.									
	9/15/2006				Well is damaged. Unable to measure depth to water or collect sample.									
	1/29/2007				Well properly destroyed by Cambria.									
MW-3A	1/29/2007				MW-3A replaces MW-3									
34.16	3/8/2007	22.42	11.74	30,000 (a,i)	1,700 (d,i)	ND<250	2,600	4,400	710	4,600	ND<1,000	ND<50	ND<50 (j)	
	9/17/2007	22.65	11.51	9,800 (a)	980 (d)	ND<250	1,100	1,800	270	1,100	ND<25	ND<25	ND<25	
	3/4/2008	22.31	11.85	21,000 (a,i)	1,700 (d,i)	ND<250	2,600	5,000	810	3,500	ND<50	ND<50	ND<50	
	9/3/2008	23.11	11.05	13,000 (a)	880 (d)	ND<250	1,400	2,100	370	1,500	ND<50	ND<50	ND<50	
	3/4/2009	22.98	11.18	12,000 (a)	810 (d)	ND<250	1,000	1,700	330	1,200	ND<5.0	7.9	7.2	
	9/8/2009	23.25	10.91	8,900 (a)	780 (d)	ND<250	870 (830)	1300 (1,200)	260 (200)	1100 (880)	ND<25 (ND<25)	6.3	ND<25	
	3/19/2010	22.79	11.37	16,000 (a)	1,700 (d)	—	(1,900)	(3,200)	(620)	(2,800)	(ND<50)	ND<5.0	10	
	9/3/2010	23.02	11.14	35,000 (a)	1,600 (d)	—	(5,300)	(6,500)	(1,100)	(5,100)	(ND<120)	ND<120	ND<120	
MW-4 33.64	10/31/1991	—	—	ND<50	—	—	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	—	2.6	ND	
	11/6/1991	23.32	10.32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	10/21/1992	22.10	11.54	410	—	—	3.1	29	6.8	47	—	—	ND	
	2/25/1993	21.13	12.51	170	—	—	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	—	—	—	
	4/27/1993	20.74	12.90	100	—	—	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	0.9	—	—	—	
	10/7/1993	—	12.52	240	—	—	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	—	—	—	
	3/28/1994	—	12.34	ND<50	—	—	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	—	—	—	
	4/29/1994	—	11.33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	6/10/1994	—	11.55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	7/8/1994	—	11.54	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	7/26/1994	—	11.30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	8/25/1994	—	11.09	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	10/27/1994	22.69	10.95	ND<50	—	—	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	—	—	—	
	1/6/1995	—	11.70	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	2/1/1995	—	12.34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	3/29/1995	—	12.76	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	10/31/1995	—	11.61	80	—	—	ND<0.5	0.6	ND<0.5	1.0	ND<0.5	—	—	
5/21/1997	—	12.08	ND<50	—	—	11	120	27	180	ND<5.0	—	—		

TABLE 2

GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL AND ELEVATION DATA: PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS
 CHIU PROPERTY
 800 FRANKLIN STREET
 OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Well ID	TOC Elevation (ft msl)	Date Sampled	Depth to Water (ft below TOC)	Groundwater Elevation (feet msl)	Groundwater Analytical Data									
					TPH _g	TPH _d	TPH _{mo}	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene µg/L	Xylenes	MTBE	Chloroform	1,2-DCA
MW-4 (cont.)		9/28/2004	22.72	10.92	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--
		12/21/2004	20.65	12.99	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--
		3/11/2005	20.20	13.44	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--
		6/16/2005	20.38	13.26	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--
		9/1/2005	20.48	13.16	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--
		12/16/2005	20.78	12.86	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--
		3/10/2006	19.81	13.83	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--
		9/15/2006	21.16	12.48	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	28	ND<0.5
		3/8/2007	21.52	12.12	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	23	ND<0.5
		9/17/2007	21.84	11.80	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	18	ND<0.5
		3/4/2008	21.41	12.23	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	13	ND<0.5
		9/3/2008	22.50	11.14	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	12	ND<0.5
		3/4/2009	22.15	11.49	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	14	ND<0.5
		9/8/2009	22.56	11.08	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	11	ND<0.5
33.73		3/19/2010 *	21.88	11.76	ND<50	ND<50	--	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	10	ND<0.5
		9/3/2010	22.21	11.52	ND<50	ND<50	--	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	ND<0.5	ND<0.5
MW-5		10/31/1991	--	--	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	--	1.1	--
33.51		11/6/1991	24.00	9.51	ND	--	--	ND	ND	ND	ND	--	--	--
		10/21/1992	23.24	10.27	840	--	--	17	120	39	180	--	--	--
33.56		2/25/1993	22.40	11.16	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	--	--	--
		4/27/1993	22.15	11.41	260	--	--	53	19	1.2	2.4	--	--	--
		10/7/1993	--	11.06	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	--	--	--
		3/28/1994	--	10.95	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	--	--	--
		4/29/1994	--	10.91	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		6/10/1994	--	10.68	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		7/8/1994	--	10.60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		7/26/1994	--	10.45	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		8/25/1994	--	10.28	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		10/27/1994	23.50	10.06	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	--	--	--
		1/6/1995	--	10.78	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		2/1/1995	--	11.25	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		3/29/1995	--	11.63	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		10/31/1995	--	10.64	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	--	--
	5/21/1997	--	11.04	260	--	--	2.4	33	7.7	56	ND<5.0	--	--	
	9/28/2004	23.70	9.86	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	1.5	ND<5.0	--	--	
	12/21/2004	21.40	12.16	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--	
	3/11/2005	21.40	12.16	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--	
	6/16/2005	21.63	11.93	ND<50 (f)	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--	
	9/1/2005	21.65	11.91	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--	
	12/16/2005	21.94	11.62	ND<50 (f)	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--	
	3/10/2006	21.11	12.45	ND<50	--	--	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	--	--	
	9/15/2006	22.20	11.36	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	10	ND<0.5	

TABLE 2

**GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL AND ELEVATION DATA: PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS
CHIU PROPERTY
800 FRANKLIN STREET
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA**

Well ID	TOC Elevation (ft msl)	Date Sampled	Depth to Water (ft below TOC)	Groundwater Elevation (feet msl)	Groundwater										
					TPHg	TPHd	TPHmo	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene µg/L	Xylenes	MTBE	Chloroform	1,2-DCA	
MW-5 (cont.)		3/8/2007	22.44	11.12	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	18	ND<0.5	
		9/17/2007	22.73	10.83	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	14	ND<0.5	
		3/4/2008	22.32	11.24	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	19	ND<0.5	
		9/3/2008	23.13	10.43	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	17	ND<0.5	
		3/4/2009	22.95	10.61	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	14	ND<0.5	
		9/8/2009	23.21	10.35	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	11	ND<0.5	
	33.67	3/19/2010 *	22.72	10.84	ND<50	ND<50	-	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	14	ND<0.5	
		9/3/2010	23.03	10.64	ND<50	ND<50	-	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	7.2	ND<0.5	
MW-6		5/21/1997	-	11.26	760	-	-	2.5	1.7	ND<0.50	25	10	-	-	
33.98		9/28/2004	24.00	9.98	ND<50	-	-	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	-	-	
		12/21/2004	21.61	12.37	ND<50	-	-	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	-	-	
		3/11/2005	21.60	12.38	340 (a)	-	-	1.9	2.6	0.68	0.61	ND<5.0	-	-	
		6/16/2005	21.81	12.17	1,300 (a)	-	-	58	8.3	6.1	4.0	ND<25	-	-	
		9/1/2005	21.82	12.16	1,900 (a)	-	-	150	19	18	76	ND<12	-	-	
		12/16/2005	22.03	11.95	3,600 (a,i)	-	-	560	63	33	230	ND<50	-	-	
		3/10/2006	21.46	12.52	2,200 (a)	-	-	240	10	20	87	ND<50	-	-	
		9/15/2006	22.46	11.52	1,800 (a)	480 (d)	ND<250	10	6.7	9.9	42	ND<17	3.2	ND<0.5	
		3/8/2007	22.64	11.34	4,300 (a)	890 (d)	ND<250	260	36	29	140	ND<60	ND<10	ND<10 (f)	
		9/17/2007	22.88	11.10	7,000 (a)	970 (d)	ND<250	760	28	46	270	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10	
		3/4/2008	22.51	11.47	400 (a)	74 (d)	ND<250	46	ND<1.0	1.0	6.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	
		9/3/2008	23.24	10.74	280 (a)	69 (d, b)	ND<250	2.9	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	
		3/4/2009	23.14	10.84	150 (d)	150 (d)	ND<250	68	13	ND<2.5	12	ND<2.5	ND<2.5	ND<2.5	
		9/8/2009	23.38	10.60	8,000 (a)	1,400 (d)	ND<250	870 (770)	16 (ND<12)	34 (17)	1500 (1,200)	ND<12 (ND<12)	ND<0.5	ND<12	
	34.05	3/19/2010 *	22.93	11.05	8,900 (a)	1,200 (d)	-	(2,900)	(ND<100)	(ND<100)	(ND<100)	(ND<100)	ND<5.0	ND<5.0	15
		9/3/2010	23.19	10.86	4,600 (a)	710 (d)	-	(1,500)	(33)	(35)	(79)	(ND<25)	ND<25	ND<25	ND<25

Abbreviations and Notes:

TOC Elevation = Top of well casing elevation measured in feet above mean sea level

msl = Above mean sea level

µg/L = Micrograms per liter

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline by EPA Method SW8015C.

TPHd = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel by EPA Method SW8015C with silica gel cleanup.

TPHmo = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as motor oil by EPA Method SW8015C with silica gel cleanup.

Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes by EPA Method SW8021B (SW8260B).

MTBE = Methyl tertiary-butyl ether by EPA Method SW8021B by (8260B)

Chloroform by EPA Method SW8260B.

1,2-DCA = 1,2-Dichloroethane by EPA Method SW8260B.

Sheen = A sheen was observed on the water's surface.

Field = Observed in the field.

Lab = Observed in analytical laboratory.

(a) = unmodified or weakly modified gasoline is significant

(b) = diesel range compounds are significant; no recognizable pattern

TABLE 2

GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL AND ELEVATION DATA: PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS
 CHIU PROPERTY
 800 FRANKLIN STREET
 OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Well ID	TOC Elevation (ft msl)	Date Sampled	Depth to Water (ft below TOC)	Groundwater Elevation (feet msl)	TPHg	TPHd	TPHmo	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene µg/L	Xylenes	MTBE	Chloroform	1,2-DCA
---------	---------------------------	--------------	----------------------------------	--	------	------	-------	---------	---------	----------------------	---------	------	------------	---------

- (d) = gasoline range compounds are significant
- (h) = lighter than water immiscible sheen/product is present
- (i) = liquid sample that contains ~1 vol. % sediment
- (j) = sample diluted due to high organic content/matrix interference
- ND<5.0 = Not detected above detection limit
- = Not available, not analyzed, or not applicable
- * = Surveyed September 7, 2006; updated to table May 24, 2010
- ** = Surveyed March 8, 2007; updated to table May 24, 2010
- É = Unable to access well due to denial by current tenant

TABLE 3

SOIL ANALYTICAL DATA
 CHIU PROPERTY
 800 FRANKLIN STREET
 OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Depth (ft)	TPHg (mg/kg)	TPHd (mg/kg)	TPHwo (mg/kg)	TPHmo (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)	MTBE (mg/kg)	SVOCs (mg/kg)	VOCs (mg/kg)	Total Oil & Grease		Total Lead	
														(mg/kg)	TRPH	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
<i>Soil and Foundation Investigation by Frank Lee & Associates - Soil Borings</i>																	
B-1-3	5/3/1988	3	-	-	-	-	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	-	-	ND	ND<30	ND<30	-	-
B-2-1	5/3/1988	1	ND<1.0 *	-	-	-	ND<0.05	ND<0.1	-	ND<0.1	-	-	ND	-	-	-	-
B-3-4	5/3/1988	4	ND<1.0 *	-	-	-	ND<0.05	ND<0.1	-	ND<0.1	-	-	ND	-	-	-	-
<i>UST Removal by Robert J. Miller Company</i>																	
<i>UST Excavation Compliance Samples - Collected by The Traverse Group, Inc.</i>																	
T1 - Gasoline Tank	June-89	-	ND<1.0	ND<6.3	ND<30	-	0.011	0.0036	ND<0.0025	0.006	-	(1)	ND	-	-	-	-
T2 - Gasoline Tank	June-89	-	5.0	ND<6.7	30	-	0.050	0.044	0.0036	0.023	-	(2)	ND	-	-	-	-
T3 - Gasoline Tank	June-89	-	ND<1.0	ND<7.0	ND<30	-	0.0046	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	(3)	ND	-	-	-	-
T4 - Gasoline Tank	June-89	-	3,100	420	1,350	-	7.5	87	59	290	-	(4)	ND	-	-	-	-
W1 - Waste Oil Tank	June-89	-	270	430	4,000	-	ND<5.0	ND<5.0	ND<5.0	14	-	(5)	ND	-	-	-	-
W2A - Waste Oil Tank	June-89	-	2,300	170	50	-	ND<2.5	3	ND<2.5	12	-	(6)	ND	-	-	-	-
S1 - Solvent Tank	June-89	-	1.8	ND<6.0	ND<30	-	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	(7)	ND	-	-	-	-
S2 - Solvent Tank	June-89	-	62	106	ND<30	-	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	(8)	ND	-	-	-	-
SP1 - Spoils Pile "Contaminated"	June-89	-	184	240	900	-	ND<5.0	17	19	110	-	(9)	ND	-	-	-	-
SP2 - Spoils Pile "Clean"	June-89	-	ND<1.0	ND<6.7	ND<30	-	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	(9)	ND	-	-	-	-
SP3 - Spoils Pile "Clean"	June-89	-	120	40	150	-	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	2.1	-	(10)	ND	-	-	-	-
<i>Subsurface Investigation by Miller Environmental Company</i>																	
<i>Over-Excavation Confirmation Samples</i>																	
EX1-A (fuel tank)	9/7/1989	15	ND	ND	ND	-	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EX1-B (fuel tank)	9/7/1989	15	ND	ND	40	-	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EX1-C (fuel tank)	9/7/1989	15	2.3	ND	80	-	ND	0.05	0.14	ND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EX2-A (waste oil and solvent ta	9/7/1989	15	10,000	250	400	-	50	210	270	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EX2-B (waste oil and solvent ta	9/7/1989	15	4.1	ND	ND	-	ND	ND	0.15	ND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Well Installation Soil Samples</i>																	
MW1-A	9/12-13/1989	6	ND	23	-	30	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	30	-	-
MW1-B	9/12-13/1989	11	ND	ND	-	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW1-C	9/12-13/1989	16	ND	ND	-	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW1-D	9/12-13/1989	21	52	ND	-	ND	0.12	0.7	0.53	4.5	-	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW1-E	9/12-13/1989	26	ND	ND	-	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW2-A	9/12-13/1989	6	ND	ND	-	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MW2-B	9/12-13/1989	11	ND	ND	-	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MW2-C	9/12-13/1989	16	ND	ND	-	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MW2-D	9/12-13/1989	21	1,900	110	-	50	7.4	51	24	180	-	-	-	-	50	-	-
MW2-E	9/12-13/1989	26	7,800	170	-	30	52	220	77	400	-	-	-	-	30	-	-
MW3-A	9/12-13/1989	6	ND	ND	-	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW3-B	9/12-13/1989	11	ND	25	-	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW3-C	9/12-13/1989	16	ND	ND	-	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.07	-	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW3-D	9/12-13/1989	21	2,200	160	-	40	7.5	42.3	16	180	-	-	-	-	40	-	-
MW3-E	9/12-13/1989	26	24	ND	-	ND	0.6	1.1	0.17	1.4	-	-	-	-	ND	-	-

TABLE 3

SOIL ANALYTICAL DATA
CHIU PROPERTY
800 FRANKLIN STREET
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Depth (ft)	TPHg (mg/kg)	TPHd (mg/kg)	TPHwo (mg/kg)	TPHmo (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)	MTBE (mg/kg)	SVOCs (mg/kg)	VOCs (mg/kg)	Total Oil & Grease (mg/kg)	TRPH	Total Lead (mg/kg)
<i>Additional Subsurface Investigation by Miller Environmental Company</i>																
B1-5	9/11/1991	5	ND<0.20	ND<5.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	-	ND	ND<20	-
B1-10	9/11/1991	10	ND<0.20	ND<5.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	-	ND	ND<20	-
B1-15	9/11/1991	15	ND<0.20	ND<5.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	-	ND	ND<20	-
B1-20	9/11/1991	20	ND<0.20	ND<5.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	-	ND	ND<20	-
B1-25	9/11/1991	25	2,900	160	-	-	ND<25	60	ND<25	ND<25	-	-	-	ND	190	-
B2-5	10/2/1991	5	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B2-10	10/2/1991	10	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B2-15	10/2/1991	15	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B2-20	10/2/1991	20	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B2-25	10/2/1991	25	120	83	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	0.310	0.210	0.600	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW4-5	10/2/1991	5	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW4-10	10/2/1991	10	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW4-15	10/2/1991	15	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW4-20	10/2/1991	20	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW4-25	10/2/1991	25	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW5-5	10/3/1991	5	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW5-10	10/3/1991	10	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW5-15	10/3/1991	15	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW5-20	10/3/1991	20	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW5-25	10/3/1991	25	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
<i>Additional Subsurface Investigation by Associated Terra Consultants, Inc.</i>																
B6-1 (MW-6)	5/15/1997	5	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B6-2 (MW-6)	5/15/1997	10	ND<1.0	9.1	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B6-3B (MW-6)	5/15/1997	15	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B6-4B (MW-6)	5/15/1997	20	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B6-5B (MW-6)	5/15/1997	25	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	-	0.050	0.011	0.023	0.099	ND<0.0050	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B6-6B (MW-6)	5/15/1997	30	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	0.0050	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B6-11 (MW-6)	5/15/1997	35	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	ND<50	-	-
<i>Soil Vapor Borings by Cambria</i>																
VP-1.5.5	11/17/2006	5.5	ND<1.0	4.0	-	6.9	ND<0.005	ND<0.005	ND<0.005	ND<0.005	ND<0.05	-	chloroform & 1,2-DCA: ND<0.005	-	-	35
VP-2.5.5	11/17/2006	5.5	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	ND<5.0	ND<0.005	ND<0.005	ND<0.005	ND<0.005	ND<0.05	-	chloroform & 1,2-DCA: ND<0.005	-	-	-

Abbreviations and Analyses:

ND<0.5 = Not Detected (ND) above laboratory detection limit.

ft = Measured in feet

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline by modified EPA Method 8015

TABLE 3

SOIL ANALYTICAL DATA
 CHIU PROPERTY
 800 FRANKLIN STREET
 OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Depth (ft)	TPHg (mg/kg)	TPHd (mg/kg)	TPHwo (mg/kg)	TPHmo (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)	MTBE (mg/kg)	SVOCs (mg/kg)	VOCs (mg/kg)	Total Oil & Grease (mg/kg)	TRPH	Total Lead (mg/kg)
-----------	--------------	------------	--------------	--------------	---------------	---------------	-----------------	-----------------	----------------------	-----------------	--------------	---------------	--------------	----------------------------	------	--------------------

TPHd = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel by modified EPA Method 8015
 TPHwo = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as waste oil by modified EPA Method 418.1/3550/SM503
 TPHmo = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as motor oil by modified EPA Method 8015
 Benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene and xylenes (BTEX) and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) by EPA Method 8020 or 8021B
 SVOCs = Semi-volatile organics by EPA Method 8270.
 VOCs = Volatile organics by EPA Method 8240.
 TRPH = Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons by EPA Method 418.1
 Total Lead by EPA Method 7420
 mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram
 - = Not sampled, not analyzed, or not applicable
 * = Analyzed for "low to medium boiling point hydrocarbons" by EPA Method 8015.
 WO1 sampled on 1/17/1991 was also analyzed for Total Petroleum Fuel Hydrocarbons by EPA Method 8015 (ND<1.0 mg/kg).
 WO1 sampled on 1/17/1991 was also analyzed for Halogenated Volatile Organics by EPA Method 8010 (all analytes were ND).
 WO1 sampled on 1/17/1991 was also analyzed for Semi-Volatile Organics by EPA Method 8270. The following analytes were detected: benzo(a)pyrene at 0.10 mg/kg.
 (1) = 0.20 mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Other SVOCs were ND.
 (2) = 0.24 mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Other SVOCs were ND.
 (3) = 0.42 mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Other SVOCs were ND.
 (4) = 28 mg/kg naphthalene; 23 mg/kg 2-methyl-naphthalene. Other SVOCs were ND.
 (5) = 0.37 mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Other SVOCs were ND.
 (6) = 6.4 mg/kg naphthalene; 4.1 mg/kg 2-methyl-naphthalene. Other SVOCs were ND.
 (7) = 0.50 mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Other SVOCs were ND.
 (7) = 0.50 mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Other SVOCs were ND.
 (8) = 2.4 mg/kg naphthalene; 1.9 mg/kg 2-methyl-naphthalene. Other SVOCs were ND.
 (9) = 27 mg/kg naphthalene; 13 mg/kg 2-methyl-naphthalene. Other SVOCs were ND.
 (10) = 1.6 mg/kg naphthalene; 2.0 mg/kg 2-methyl-naphthalene. Other SVOCs were ND.

APPENDIX A

AGENCY CORRESPONDENCE



ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250
Alameda, CA 94502-6577
(510) 567-6700
FAX (510) 337-9335

August 9, 2010

Mr. Tommy Chiu
P.O. Box 28194
Oakland, CA 94606

Subject: Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000196 and Geotracker Global ID T0600100050, Bill Louie's Auto Service, 800 Franklin Street, Oakland, CA 94607 – Request for Work Plan

Dear Mr. Chiu:

Alameda County Environmental Health (ACEH) staff has reviewed the fuel leak case file for the subject site including the most recently submitted document entitled, "*Site Conceptual Model*," dated July 2, 2010. The Site Conceptual Model (SCM), which was prepared on your behalf by Conestoga-Rovers & Associates, was prepared to identify and address data gaps. The SCM identifies the downgradient extent of the hydrocarbon plume to the northwest as a data gap and includes a recommendation to install an off-site downgradient monitoring well northwest of MW-6.

We generally concur with this recommendation and request that you prepare a Work Plan no later than October 12, 2010 to define the downgradient extent of the plume. Please assure that the proposed scope of the investigation is sufficient to assess the downgradient extent of the plume and whether the BART tube acts as a barrier that potentially deflects plume migration; potentially this may require installation of more than one monitoring well.

TECHNICAL REPORT REQUEST

Please submit technical reports to Alameda County Environmental Health (Attention: Jerry Wickham), according to the following schedule:

- **October 14, 2010** – Work Plan
- **November 8, 2010** – Semi-Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report – Thrid Quarter 2010

If you have any questions, please call me at (510) 567-6791 or send me an electronic mail message at jerry.wickham@acgov.org.

Sincerely,

Jerry Wickham

Digitally signed by Jerry Wickham
DN: cn=Jerry Wickham, o, ou,
email=jerry.wickham@acgov.org, c=US
Date: 2010.08.10 08:59:03 -07'00'

Jerry Wickham, California PG 3766, CEG 1177, and CHG 297
Senior Hazardous Materials Specialist

Mr. Tommy Chiu
RO0000196
August 9, 2010
Page 2

Attachment: Responsible Party(ies) Legal Requirements/Obligations

Enclosure: ACEH Electronic Report Upload (ftp) Instructions

cc: Leroy Griffin, Oakland Fire Department, 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Ste. 3341, Oakland, CA 94612-2032 2032 (*Sent via E-mail to: lgriffin@oaklandnet.com*)

Bryan Fong, Conestoga-Rovers & Associates, 5900 Hollis Street, Suite A
Emeryville, CA 94608 (*Sent via E-mail to: bfong@croworld.com*)

Donna Drogos, ACEH (*Sent via E-mail to: donna.drogos@acgov.org*)
Jerry Wickham, ACEH

Geotracker, File

Attachment 1
Responsible Party(ies) Legal Requirements/Obligations

REPORT REQUESTS

These reports are being requested pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Section 25296.10. 23 CCR Sections 2652 through 2654, and 2721 through 2728 outline the responsibilities of a responsible party in response to an unauthorized release from a petroleum UST system, and require your compliance with this request.

ELECTRONIC SUBMITTAL OF REPORTS

ACEH's Environmental Cleanup Oversight Programs (LOP and SLIC) require submission of reports in electronic form. The electronic copy replaces paper copies and is expected to be used for all public information requests, regulatory review, and compliance/enforcement activities. Instructions for submission of electronic documents to the Alameda County Environmental Cleanup Oversight Program FTP site are provided on the attached "Electronic Report Upload Instructions." Submission of reports to the Alameda County FTP site is an addition to existing requirements for electronic submittal of information to the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) GeoTracker website. In September 2004, the SWRCB adopted regulations that require electronic submittal of information for all groundwater cleanup programs. For several years, responsible parties for cleanup of leaks from underground storage tanks (USTs) have been required to submit groundwater analytical data, surveyed locations of monitoring wells, and other data to the GeoTracker database over the Internet. Beginning July 1, 2005, these same reporting requirements were added to Spills, Leaks, Investigations, and Cleanup (SLIC) sites. Beginning July 1, 2005, electronic submittal of a complete copy of all reports for all sites is required in GeoTracker (in PDF format). Please visit the SWRCB website for more information on these requirements (http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/ust/electronic_submittal/report_rqmts.shtml).

PERJURY STATEMENT

All work plans, technical reports, or technical documents submitted to ACEH must be accompanied by a cover letter from the responsible party that states, at a minimum, the following: "I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the information and/or recommendations contained in the attached document or report is true and correct to the best of my knowledge." This letter must be signed by an officer or legally authorized representative of your company. Please include a cover letter satisfying these requirements with all future reports and technical documents submitted for this fuel leak case.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION & CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

The California Business and Professions Code (Sections 6735, 6835, and 7835.1) requires that work plans and technical or implementation reports containing geologic or engineering evaluations and/or judgments be performed under the direction of an appropriately registered or certified professional. For your submittal to be considered a valid technical report, you are to present site specific data, data interpretations, and recommendations prepared by an appropriately licensed professional and include the professional registration stamp, signature, and statement of professional certification. Please ensure all that all technical reports submitted for this fuel leak case meet this requirement.

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK CLEANUP FUND

Please note that delays in investigation, later reports, or enforcement actions may result in your becoming ineligible to receive grant money from the state's Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund (Senate Bill 2004) to reimburse you for the cost of cleanup.

AGENCY OVERSIGHT

If it appears as though significant delays are occurring or reports are not submitted as requested, we will consider referring your case to the Regional Board or other appropriate agency, including the County District Attorney, for possible enforcement actions. California Health and Safety Code, Section 25299.76 authorizes enforcement including administrative action or monetary penalties of up to \$10,000 per day for each day of violation.

Alameda County Environmental Cleanup Oversight Programs (LOP and SLIC)	ISSUE DATE: July 5, 2005
	REVISION DATE: July 8, 2010
	PREVIOUS REVISIONS: December 16, 2005, October 31, 2005
SECTION: Miscellaneous Administrative Topics & Procedures	SUBJECT: Electronic Report Upload (ftp) Instructions

The Alameda County Environmental Cleanup Oversight Programs (LOP and SLIC) require submission of all reports in electronic form to the county's ftp site. Paper copies of reports will no longer be accepted. The electronic copy replaces the paper copy and will be used for all public information requests, regulatory review, and compliance/enforcement activities.

REQUIREMENTS

- Entire report including cover letter must be submitted to the ftp site as a **single portable document format (PDF) with no password protection**. (Please do not submit reports as attachments to electronic mail.)
- It is **preferable** that reports be converted to PDF format from their original format, (e.g., Microsoft Word) rather than scanned.
- Signature pages and perjury statements **must** be included and have either original or electronic signature.
- **Do not password protect the document**. Once indexed and inserted into the correct electronic case file, the document will be secured in compliance with the County's current security standards and a password. **Documents with password protection will not be accepted.**
- Each page in the PDF document should be rotated in the direction that will make it easiest to read on a computer monitor.
- Reports must be named and saved using the following naming convention:
RO#_Report Name_Year-Month-Date (e.g., RO#5555_WorkPlan_2005-06-14)

Additional Recommendations

- A separate copy of the tables in the document should be submitted by e-mail to your Caseworker in **Excel** format. These are for use by assigned Caseworker only.

Submission Instructions

- 1) Obtain User Name and Password:
 - a) Contact the Alameda County Environmental Health Department to obtain a User Name and Password to upload files to the ftp site.
 - i) Send an e-mail to dehloptoxic@acgov.org
 - Or
 - ii) Send a fax on company letterhead to (510) 337-9335, to the attention of Teena Le Khan.
 - b) In the subject line of your request, be sure to include "**ftp PASSWORD REQUEST**" and in the body of your request, include the **Contact Information, Site Addresses**, and the **Case Numbers (RO# available in Geotracker) you will be posting for**.

- 2) Upload Files to the ftp Site
 - a) Using Internet Explorer (IE4+), go to <ftp://alcoftp1.acgov.org>
 - (i) Note: Netscape and Firefox browsers will not open the FTP site.
 - b) Click on Page on upper right side of browser, and then scroll down to Open FTP Site in Windows Explorer.
 - c) Enter your User Name and Password. (Note: Both are Case Sensitive.)
 - d) Open "My Computer" on your computer and navigate to the file(s) you wish to upload to the ftp site.
 - e) With both "My Computer" and the ftp site open in separate windows, drag and drop the file(s) from "My Computer" to the ftp window.

- 3) Send E-mail Notifications to the Environmental Cleanup Oversight Programs
 - a) Send email to dehloptoxic@acgov.org notify us that you have placed a report on our ftp site.
 - b) Copy your Caseworker on the e-mail. Your Caseworker's e-mail address is the entire first name then a period and entire last name @acgov.org. (e.g., firstname.lastname@acgov.org)
 - c) The subject line of the e-mail must start with the RO# followed by **Report Upload**. (e.g., Subject: RO1234 Report Upload) If site is a new case without an RO#, use the street address instead.
 - d) If your document meets the above requirements and you follow the submission instructions, you will receive a notification by email indicating that your document was successfully uploaded to the ftp site.

APPENDIX B

STANDARD FIELD PROCEDURES FOR
SOIL BORINGS AND MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION

Conestoga-Rovers & Associates

STANDARD FIELD PROCEDURES FOR SOIL BORING AND MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION

This document presents standard field methods for drilling and sampling soil borings and installing, developing and sampling groundwater monitoring wells. These procedures are designed to comply with Federal, State and local regulatory guidelines. Specific field procedures are summarized below.

SOIL BORINGS

Objectives

Soil samples are collected to characterize subsurface lithology, assess whether the soils exhibit obvious hydrocarbon or other compound vapor or staining, and to collect samples for analysis at a State-certified laboratory. All borings are logged using the Unified Soil Classification System by a trained geologist working under the supervision of a California Professional Geologist (PG).

Soil Boring and Sampling

Soil borings are typically drilled using hollow-stem augers or direct-push technologies such as the Geoprobe®. Soil samples are collected at least every five ft to characterize the subsurface sediments and for possible chemical analysis. Additional soil samples are collected near the water table and at lithologic changes. Samples are collected using lined split-barrel or equivalent samplers driven into undisturbed sediments at the bottom of the borehole.

Drilling and sampling equipment is steam-cleaned prior to drilling and between borings to prevent cross-contamination. Sampling equipment is washed between samples with trisodium phosphate or an equivalent EPA-approved detergent.

Sample Analysis

Sampling tubes chosen for analysis are trimmed of excess soil and capped with Teflon tape and plastic end caps. Soil samples are labeled and stored at or below 4° C on either crushed or dry ice, depending upon local regulations. Samples are transported under chain-of-custody to a State-certified analytic laboratory.

Field Screening

One of the remaining tubes is partially emptied leaving about one-third of the soil in the tube. The tube is capped with plastic end caps and set aside to allow hydrocarbons to volatilize from the soil. After ten to fifteen minutes, a portable volatile vapor analyzer measures volatile hydrocarbon vapor concentrations in the tube headspace, extracting the vapor through a slit in the cap. Volatile vapor analyzer measurements are used along with the field observations, odors, stratigraphy and groundwater depth to select soil samples for analysis.

Conestoga-Rovers & Associates

Water Sampling

Water samples, if they are collected from the boring, are either collected using a driven Hydropunch® type sampler or are collected from the open borehole using bailers. The groundwater samples are decanted into the appropriate containers supplied by the analytic laboratory. Samples are labeled, placed in protective foam sleeves, stored on crushed ice at or below 4°C, and transported under chain-of-custody to the laboratory. Laboratory-supplied trip blanks accompany the samples and are analyzed to check for cross-contamination. An equipment blank may be analyzed if non-dedicated sampling equipment is used.

Grouting

If the borings are not completed as wells, the borings are filled to the ground surface with cement grout poured or pumped through a tremie pipe.

MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION, DEVELOPMENT AND SAMPLING

Well Construction and Surveying

Groundwater monitoring wells are installed to monitor groundwater quality and determine the groundwater elevation, flow direction and gradient. Well depths and screen lengths are based on groundwater depth, occurrence of hydrocarbons or other compounds in the borehole, stratigraphy and State and local regulatory guidelines. Well screens typically extend 10 to 15 feet below and 5 feet above the static water level at the time of drilling. However, the well screen will generally not extend into or through a clay layer that is at least three feet thick.

Well casing and screen are flush-threaded, Schedule 40 PVC. Screen slot size varies according to the sediments screened, but slots are generally 0.010 or 0.020 inches wide. A rinsed and graded sand occupies the annular space between the boring and the well screen to about one to two feet above the well screen. A two feet thick hydrated bentonite seal separates the sand from the overlying sanitary surface seal composed of Portland type I, II cement.

Well-heads are secured by locking well-caps inside traffic-rated vaults finished flush with the ground surface. A stovepipe may be installed between the well-head and the vault cap for additional security.

The well top-of-casing elevation is surveyed with respect to mean sea level and the well is surveyed for horizontal location with respect to an onsite or nearby offsite landmark.

Conestoga-Rovers & Associates

Well Development

Wells are generally developed using a combination of groundwater surging and extraction. Surging agitates the groundwater and dislodges fine sediments from the sand pack. After about ten minutes of surging, groundwater is extracted from the well using bailing, pumping and/or reverse air-lifting through an eductor pipe to remove the sediments from the well. Surging and extraction continue until at least ten well-casing volumes of groundwater are extracted and the sediment volume in the groundwater is negligible. This process usually occurs prior to installing the sanitary surface seal to ensure sand pack stabilization. If development occurs after surface seal installation, then development occurs 72 hours after seal installation to ensure that the Portland cement has set up correctly.

All equipment is steam-cleaned prior to use and air used for air-lifting is filtered to prevent oil entrained in the compressed air from entering the well. Wells that are developed using air-lift evacuation are not sampled until at least 24 hours after they are developed.

Groundwater Sampling

Depending on local regulatory guidelines, three to four well-casing volumes of groundwater are purged prior to sampling. Purging continues until groundwater pH, conductivity, and temperature have stabilized. Groundwater samples are collected using bailers or pumps and are decanted into the appropriate containers supplied by the analytic laboratory. Samples are labeled, placed in protective foam sleeves, stored on crushed ice at or below 4°C, and transported under chain-of-custody to the laboratory. Laboratory-supplied trip blanks accompany the samples and are analyzed to check for cross-contamination. An equipment blank may be analyzed if non-dedicated sampling equipment is used.

Waste Handling and Disposal

Soil cuttings from drilling activities are usually stockpiled onsite and covered by plastic sheeting. At least three individual soil samples are collected from the stockpiles and composited at the analytic laboratory. The composite sample is analyzed for the same constituents analyzed in the borehole samples in addition to any analytes required by the receiving disposal facility. Soil cuttings are transported by licensed waste haulers and disposed in secure, licensed facilities based on the composite analytic results.

Groundwater removed during development and sampling is typically stored onsite in sealed 55-gallon drums. Each drum is labeled with the drum number, date of generation, suspected contents, generator identification and consultant contact. Upon receipt of analytic results, the water is either pumped out using a vacuum truck for transport to a licensed waste treatment/disposal facility or the individual drums are picked up and transported to the waste facility where the drum contents are removed and appropriately disposed.

APPENDIX C

WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS AND SOIL BORING LOGS

BORING LOG B-1

JOB NO: 8854-S1

DATE DRILLED: 5-3-88

JOB NAME: 800 Franklin St., Oakland

SURFACE ELEV.: Approx. 25'

EQUIPMENT: DRILLING 6" cont. flight auger

DATUM: MSL

<u>SAMPLER TYPE</u>	<u>DRIVE WEIGHT - LB</u>	<u>HEIGHT OF FALL - IN</u>
<u>California</u>	<u>140</u>	<u>30</u>
<u>Modified</u>		

Sample	Blows per ft	Moisture Content %	Dry Unit Weight pcf	Depth in feet	USCS Classification	Description
B-1-1	7	10.4	98.8	0 - 5	SM	Silty fine sand, mottled yellowish-brown and brown, moist, loose. Medium dense. Color changes to yellowish-brown.
B-1-2	45	12.8	106.4	5 - 10		Dense.
						Boring terminated at 10 feet deep. No free ground water encountered.

FILE

BORING LOG B-2

JOB NO: 8864-S1

DATE DRILLED: 5-3-88

JOB NAME: 800 Franklin Street, Oakland
 EQUIPMENT: DRILLING 6" cont. flight auger

SURFACE ELEV. Approx. 35'
 DATUM: MSL

SAMPLER TYPE
California
Modified

DRIVE WEIGHT-LB
140

HEIGHT OF FALL - IN
30

Sample	Blows per ft	Moisture Content %	Dry Unit Weight pcf	Depth in feet	USCS Classification	Description
				5	SM	Silty sand, brown, moist, medium dense.
				10		Color changes to yellowish-brown.
B-2-1	45			15		Less fines.
B-2-2	50/9"	13.7	96.3	20		Some silt.
						<p style="font-size: 2em; margin: 0;">FILE</p>
						Boring terminated at 20 feet deep. No free ground water encountered

BORING LOG B-3

JOB NO: 8864-S1

DATE DRILLED: 5-3-88

JOB NAME: 800 Franklin Street, Oakland

SURFACE ELEV.: Approx. 35'

EQUIPMENT: DRILLING 6" cont. flight auger

DATUM: MSL

SAMPLER TYPE	DRIVE WEIGHT - LB	HEIGHT OF FALL - IN
California	<u>140</u>	<u>30</u>
Modified	_____	_____

Sample	Blows per ft	Moisture Content %	Dry Unit Weightpcf	Depth in feet	USCS Classification	Description
B-3-1	8	11.6	107.0	5	SM	Silty sand with some gravel, brown, moist, stiff: baserock. Some clay, gray, green and brown: tank backfill?
B-3-2	12	17.9	102.6	5	ML	Sandy silt, dark gray, moist, low plasticity, firm to stiff: tank backfill?
B-3-3	50	11.8	110.4	10	SM	Silty fine sand, grayish-green, moist, dense: tank backfill? Slight petroleum odor?
B-3-4	45	13.3	114.2	15	SM	Slight petroleum odor? End of backfill 15½ feet? Color changes to yellowish-brown.
B-3-5	50 6"	15.1	108.9	20	SM	

FILE

BORING LOG B-3-6 (10)

JOB NO.: 8864-S1
 JOB NAME: 800 Franklin Street, Oakland

SHEET 2 OF 2
 DEPTH 20 TO 28½ FT.

Sample	Blows per ft.	Moisture Content %	Dry Unit Weight p.c.f.	Depth in feet	USCS Classification	
B-3-6	50/6"			20 25		Petroleum odor? Partial recovery.
				30		Boring terminated at 28½ feet deep. Free ground water encountered at 28 feet deep. Boring backfilled with cement grout to 23½ feet.

FILE

BORING LOG B-4

COB NO: 8864-S1

DATE DRILLED: 5-3-88

JOB NAME: 800 Franklin Street, Oakland

SURFACE ELEV: Approx. 35'

EQUIPMENT: DRILLING 6" cont. flight auger

DATUM: MSL

SAMPLER TYPE
California
Modified

DRIVE WEIGHT-LB
140

HEIGHT OF FALL-IN
30

Sample	Blows per ft	Moisture Content %	Dry Unit Weight pcf	Depth in feet	USCS Classification	Description
B-4-1	8	13.1	111.7		ML	Silt, brown, moist, low plasticity, soft: artificial fill? Some sand and gravel.
B-4-2	11			5	CL	Sandy clay, mottled light and dark brown, moist, low plasticity; metal objects: artificial fill, old tank removal backfill.
				10		Boring terminated at 6 feet deep due to refusal (obstruction in fill). No free ground water encountered.

FILE

BORING LOG

PROJECT NO: 90-1008	PROJECT NAME: CHIU	BORING NO: B1
LOCATION: 800 FRANKLIN ST., OAKLAND, CA	DATE: 09/11/91	
GEOLOGIST: REINHARD RUHMKE		PAGE 1 OF 1
GROUND WATER DEPTH: 25 FEET		DRILLER: HEW
DRILLING METHODS: HOLLOW-STEM AUGER		

DEPTH	SAMPLE	RECOVERY	BLOWS	DESCRIPTION	USCS	GRAPHIC SYMBOL	WELL CONSTRUCTION
0				8 INCHES CONCRETE			
1							
2							
3							
4							
5	B1-5	18'	10 13 16	LIGHT BROWN FINE SAND; LOOSE; DRY.	SP		
6							
7							
8							
9							
10	B1-10	18'	9 11 11	GRAYISH-GREEN FINE SAND; LOOSE; DRY; ODOR.	SP		
11							
12							
13							
14							
15	B1-15	18'	6 10 14				
16							
17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25	B1-20	18'	7 13 18	OLIVE-GRAY BROWN FINE SAND; MOTTLED; ODOR; DRY.	SP		
26							
27							
28							
29							
30							
31							
32							
33							
34							
35							
36	B1-25	18'	7 21 28	DARK GRAY FINE SAND; WET; ODOR; END OF BORING.			
37							
38							
39							
40							

REMARKS

BOREHOLE WAS BACKFILLED WITH NEAT CEMENT

BORING LOG

PROJECT NO: 90-1008	PROJECT NAME: CHIU	BORING NO: B2
LOCATION: 800 FRANKLIN ST. OAKLAND, CA		DATE: 10/02/91
GEOLOGIST: REINHARD RUHMKE		PAGE 1 OF 1
GROUND WATER DEPTH: 26 FEET		DRILLER: HEW
DRILLING METHODS: HOLLOW-STEM AUGER		

DEPTH	SAMPLE	RECOVERY	BLOWS	DESCRIPTION	USCS	GRAPHIC SYMBOL	WELL CONSTRUCTION
0				8 INCHES CONCRETE			
1				LIGHT BROWN FINE SAND; LOOSE; DRY.			
2							
3							
4							
5	B2-5	18'	7 11 14	A LITTLE CLAY. NO CLAY.	SP		
6							
7							
8							
9							
10	B2-10	14'	10 12 15	BROWN FINE SAND; LOOSE; DRY.			
11							
12							
13							
14							
15	B2-15	14'	6 12 14	MOIST	SP		
16							
17							
18							
19	B2-20	18'	14 18 19	OLIVE-GRAY FINE SAND; SLIGHT ODOR; DRY.	SP		
20							
21							
22							
23							
24	B2-25	2'	7 7 10	DARK GRAY FINE SAND; WET; ODOR; END OF BORING			
25							
26							
27							
28							
29							
30							

REMARKS

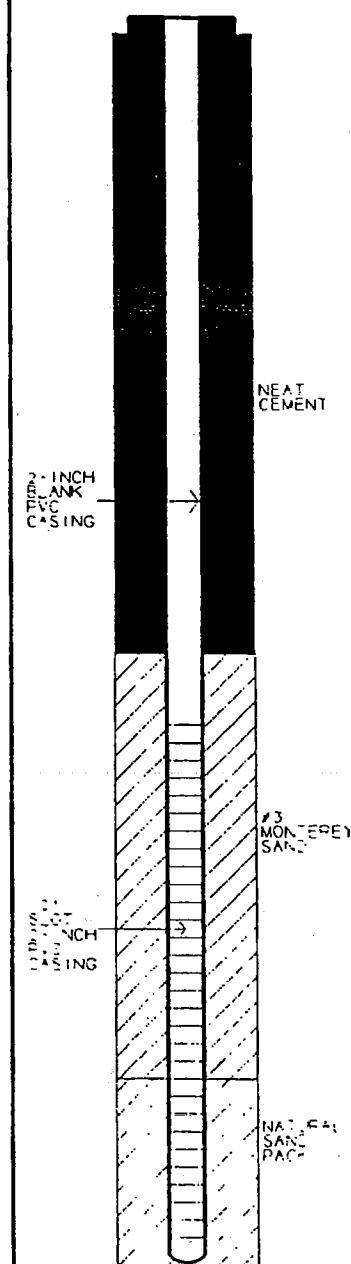
BOREHOLE WAS BACKFILLED WITH NEAT CEMENT

MILLER ENVIRONMENTAL COMPANY
RICHMOND, CA

BORING LOG

PROJECT NO: 90-1008	PROJECT NAME: CHIU	BORING NO: MW4
LOCATION: 800 FRANKLIN ST., OAKLAND, CA		DATE: 10/02/91
GEOLOGIST: REINHARD RUHMKE		PAGE 1 OF 1
GROUND WATER DEPTH: 25 FEET		DRILLER: HEW
DRILLING METHODS: HOLLOW-STEM AUGER		

DEPTH	SAMPLE	RECOVERY	BLOWS	DESCRIPTION	USCS	GRAPHIC SYMBOL	WELL CONSTRUCTION
0				8 INCHES CONCRETE			
1							
2							
3							
4							
5	MW4-5	18'	4 4 5				
6							
7				BROWN FINE SAND: LOOSE; DRY.	SP		
8							
9							
10	MW4-10	14'	12 15 16				
11							
12							
13							
14							
15	MW4-15	14'	5 6 9				
16							
17							
18					SP		
19				GRAY FINE SAND: LOOSE; DRY: ODOR			
20	MW4-20	12'	12 18 21				
21							
22							
23							
24							
25	MW4-25	13'	13 24 25	WET			
26							
27							
28							
29					SP		
30							
31							
32							
33							
34							
35				END OF BORING			



REMARKS

A NATURAL FILTER PACK WAS GENERATED DUE TO FLOWING SANDS

MILLER ENVIRONMENTAL COMPANY
RICHMOND, CA

BORING LOG

PROJECT NO: 90-1008	PROJECT NAME: CHIU	BORING NO: MW5
LOCATION: 800 FRANKLIN ST., OAKLAND, CA		DATE: 10/03/91
GEOLOGIST: REINHARD RUHMKE		PAGE 1 OF 1
GROUND WATER DEPTH: 26 FEET		DRILLER: HEW
DRILLING METHODS: HOLLOW-STEM AUGER		

DEPTH	SAMPLE	RECOVERY	BLOWS	DESCRIPTION	USCS	GRAPHIC SYMBOL	WELL CONSTRUCTION
0				8 INCHES CONCRETE			<p style="font-size: small;">2-INCH BLANK PVC CASING</p> <p style="font-size: small;">NEAT CEMENT</p> <p style="font-size: small;">01 SLOT 2-INCH PVC CASING</p>
1							
2							
3							
4							
5	MW5-5	10'	12	RUSTY BROWN SILTY FINE SAND: LOOSE; DRY	SP		
6			12				
7			13				
8							
9							
10	MW5-10	18'	10	A LITTLE CLAY			
11			12				
12			14	NO CLAY OR SILT			
13							
14							
15	MW5-15	15'	5		SP		
16			8				
17			11				
18							
19							
20	MW5-20	18'	13	A LITTLE CLAY			
21			19				
22			23	NO CLAY			
23							
24							
25	MW5-25	15'	12	WET	SP		
26			19				
27			34				
28							
29							
30							
31							
32							
33							
34							
35				END OF BORING			

REMARKS

A NATURAL FILTER PACK WAS GENERATED DUE TO FLOWING SANDS

MILLER ENVIRONMENTAL COMPANY
RICHMOND, CA

KEY TO BORING LOGS

BORING LOG SYMBOL

—	Geologic contact line
==	Termination of boring
▽	Water level, preliminary measurement
▼	Water level, stabilized

SAMPLE RECOVERY

■	Undisturbed sample, retained for lab testing
▨	Sampler drive distance, sample examined in the field
⊠	No sample recovered
SPT	Standard Penetration Test

SOIL SAMPLE TYPE

C	California
CM	California Modified
HS	Driven manual Hand Sampler
NQ	NQ Wireline
P	Piston
PB	Pitcher Barrel
SS	Split Spoon (Terzaghi)

LOG OF MONITORING WELL - MW-6

Client: Chiu
 Site: 800 Franklin St.
 Drillers: Kvilhaug
 Drill Rig: B-61
 Auger Type/Size: 8" hollow stem
 Top of Casing Elevation: 33 (Local Datum)

Logged By: RH
 Approved By: _____
 Date Completed: May 15, 1997
 Casing Diameter: 2 in.
 Screen Size: .010
 Filter pack: #3 sand

Symbols used explained on "Key to Boring Logs"









Sample Number	Sampler	Blows per foot	F.I.D. Reading (ppm)	Dry Unit Weight p.c.f.	Well Data	Depth in feet	U.S. C.S.	Surface Conditions: Concrete
								Description
						0		Concrete Slab.
								Baserock, grayish-brown crushed rock.
								Sand, medium-grained, brown, slightly damp to damp, dense; no odor.
								Some clay
B6-1		48				5		
								Easy drilling.
						10		No odor.
B6-2		24						Increased sand, decreased clay, moisture change to wet.
						15		Clayey sand, medium-grained, grayish-green, damp, dense; some petroleum hydrocarbon odor.
B6-3A B6-3B		42						
						20		Sand, medium- to coarse-grained, greenish-gray, damp, dense.

LOG OF MONITORING WELL MW- 6 (Continued)

Sample Number	Sampler	Blows per foot	F.I.D. Reading (ppm)	Dry Unit Weight p.c.f.	Well Data	Depth in feet	U.S. C.S.	Description
B6-4A B6-4B		42				20		Color change to gray.
						25		
B6-5A B6-5B		97						Change color to grayish-green.
						30		
B6-6A B6-6B		50						
B6-11		14				35		Bottom of hole at 36-1/4 ft. Free groundwater encountered at 22-1/2 ft.
						40		
						45		
















Boring/Well Log Legend

KEY TO SYMBOLS/ABBREVIATIONS

-  First encountered groundwater
-  Static groundwater
-  Soils logged by hand-auger or air-knife cuttings
-  Soils logged by drill cuttings or disturbed sample
-  Undisturbed soil sample interval
-  Soil sample retained for submittal to analytical laboratory
-  No recovery within interval
-  Hydropunch screen interval

- PID = Photo-ionization detector or organic vapor meter reading in parts per million (ppm)
- fbg = Feet below grade
- Blow Counts = Number of blows required to drive a California-modified split-spoon sampler using a 140-pound hammer falling freely 30 inches, recorded per 6-inch interval of a total 18-inch sample interval
- (10YR 4/4) = Soil color according to Munsell Soil Color Charts
- msl = Mean sea level
- Soils logged according to the USCS.

UNIFIED SOILS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (USCS) SUMMARY

Major Divisions		Graphic	Group Symbol	Typical Description
Coarse-Grained Soils (>50% Sands and/or Gravels)	Gravel and Gravelly Soils		GW	Well-graded gravels, gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
			GP	Poorly-graded gravels, gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
			GM	Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures
			GC	Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay mixtures
	Sand and Sandy Soils		SW	Well-graded sands, gravelly sands, little or no fines
			SP	Poorly-graded sands, gravelly sand, little or no fines
			SM	Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures
			SC	Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures
Fine-Grained Soils (>50% Silts and/or Clays)	Silts and Clays		ML	Inorganic silts, very fine sands, silty or clayey fine sands, clayey silts with slight plasticity
			CL	Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays
			OL	Organic silts and organic silty clays of low plasticity
	Silts and Clays		MH	Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine sand or silty soils
			CH	Inorganic clays of high plasticity
			OH	Organic clays of medium to high plasticity, organic silts
Highly Organic Soils			PT	Peat, humus, swamp soils with high organic contents

I:\MISC\TEMPLATES\BORING LOG LEGEND.A1

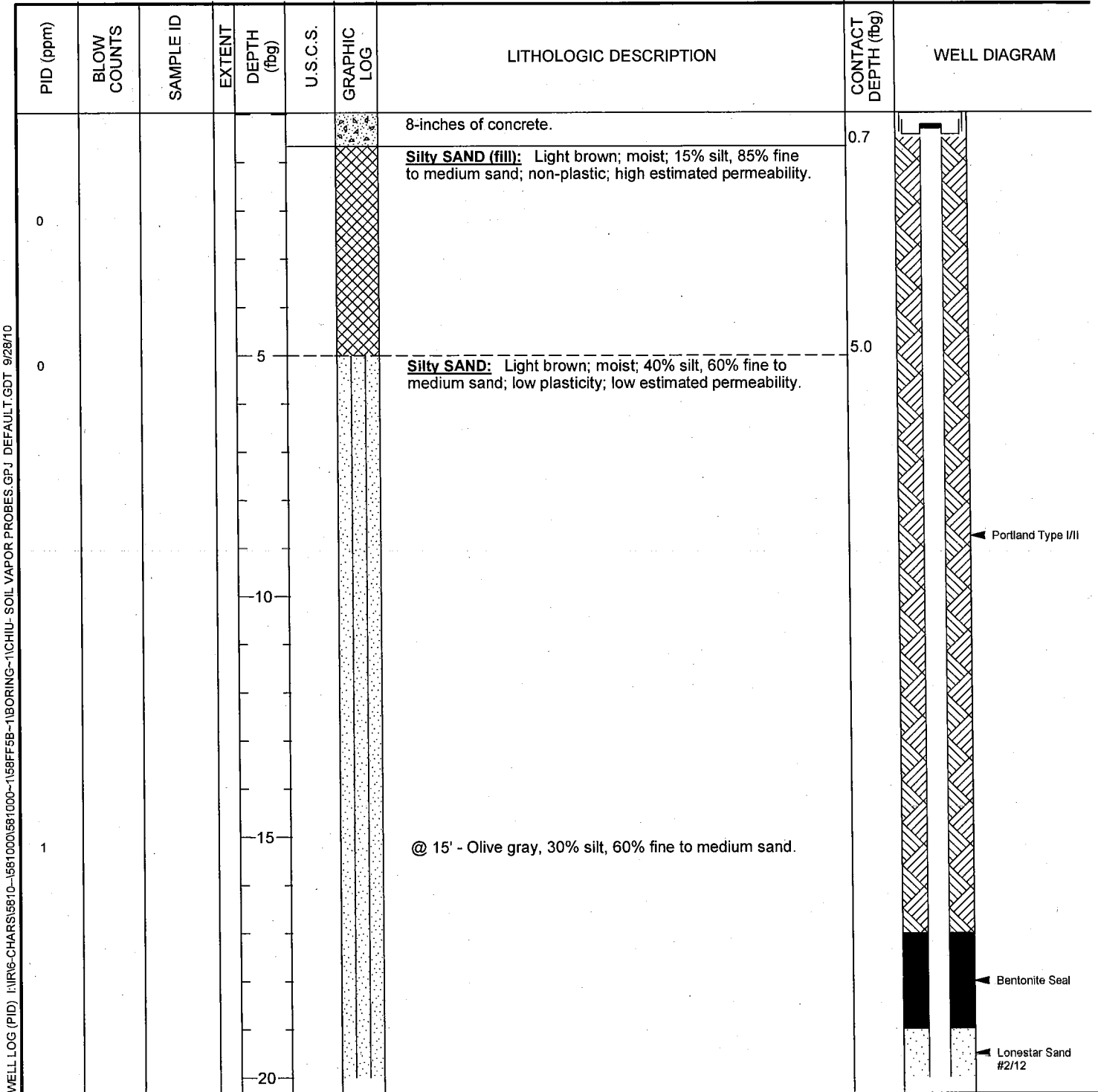




Conestoga-Rovers & Associates, Inc.
 5900 Hollis Street, Suite A
 Emeryville, CA 94608
 Telephone: 510-420-0700
 Fax: 510-420-9170

BORING / WELL LOG

CLIENT NAME	Chen Tso Chiu	BORING/WELL NAME	MW-3A
JOB/SITE NAME	Chiu	DRILLING STARTED	08-Feb-07
LOCATION	800 Franklin Street, Oakland, CA	DRILLING COMPLETED	08-Feb-07
PROJECT NUMBER	589-1000	WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE (YIELD)	NA
DRILLER	Woodward Drilling Co., C57 #710079	GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION	NA
DRILLING METHOD	Hollow-stem auger	TOP OF CASING ELEVATION	NA
BORING DIAMETER	10-inch	SCREENED INTERVALS	20 to 35 fbg
LOGGED BY	C. Hernandez	DEPTH TO WATER (First Encountered)	NA
REVIEWED BY	M. Jonas	DEPTH TO WATER (Static)	NA
REMARKS	Well located on Franklin St. between two metered parking spaces in front of 800 Franklin St. building.		



WELL LOG (PID) \\\NRS\CHARS\5810--1581000\581000--1589F5B-1BORING--1\CHIU--SOIL VAPOR PROBES.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT 9/28/10

Continued Next Page



Conestoga-Rovers & Associates, Inc.
 5900 Hollis Street, Suite A
 Emeryville, CA 94608
 Telephone: 510-420-0700
 Fax: 510-420-9170

BORING / WELL LOG

CLIENT NAME	<u>Chen Tso Chiu</u>	BORING/WELL NAME	<u>MW-3A</u>
JOB/SITE NAME	<u>Chiu</u>	DRILLING STARTED	<u>08-Feb-07</u>
LOCATION	<u>800 Franklin Street, Oakland, CA</u>	DRILLING COMPLETED	<u>08-Feb-07</u>

Continued from Previous Page

PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (fbg)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	CONTACT DEPTH (fbg)	WELL DIAGRAM	
32				25	SM		@ 25' - Light brown.		<p>4"-diam., 0.010" Slotted Schedule 40 PVC</p>	
1198				30			@ 30 - 15% silt, 85% fine to medium sand; non-plastic; and moderate estimated permeability.			
128				32.5			@ 32.5' - Olive gray and wet.			
				35				35.0	Bottom of Boring @ 35 fbg	
							Notes:			
							Soil lithology based on soil cuttings from MW-3A.			
							4-inch well MW-3A is located adjacent to former well MW-3.			

WELL LOG (PID) \\\VR6-CHARS\6810-1581000\681000-158F5B-1BORING-1\CHIU-SOIL VAPOR PROBES.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT 9/28/10



Conestoga-Rovers & Associates, Inc.
 5900 Hollis Street, Suite A
 Emeryville, CA 94608
 Telephone: 510-420-0700
 Fax: 510-420-9170

BORING / WELL LOG

CLIENT NAME	Chen Tso Chiu	BORING/WELL NAME	VP-1
JOB/SITE NAME	Chiu	DRILLING STARTED	17-Nov-06
LOCATION	800 Franklin Street, Oakland, CA	DRILLING COMPLETED	17-Nov-06
PROJECT NUMBER	589-1000	WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE (YIELD)	NA
DRILLER	Vironex	GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION	NA
DRILLING METHOD	Hollow-stem auger	TOP OF CASING ELEVATION	NA
BORING DIAMETER	3-inch	SCREENED INTERVALS	5.5 to 6 fbg
LOGGED BY	C. Hernandez	DEPTH TO WATER (First Encountered)	NA
REVIEWED BY	M. Jonas	DEPTH TO WATER (Static)	NA
REMARKS	On Franklin St. in front of 800 Franklin St. building		

PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (fbg)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	CONTACT DEPTH (fbg)	WELL DIAGRAM
0							Surface: 4-inches of concrete. Silty SAND (fill): Light brown; damp; 15% silt, 85% fine to medium sand; non-plastic; high estimated permeability.	0.3	<p>Portland Type III Hydrated Granular Bentonite 1.5 - 4 fbg 1/4-inch Nyflow tubing Dry Granular Bentonite 4 - 5 fbg Monterey Sand #2/12 6-inch Screened Vapor Probe Bottom of Boring @ 6 fbg</p>
0		VP-1-5.5		5			<p>Note: Installed soil vapor probe VP-1 to 6 fbg. See Figure 3 for construction details of the soil vapor probe. Soil vapor probe was sampled on 12/28/2006.</p>	6.0	

WELL LOG (PID) I:\IR\6-CHARS\5810-5891000\581000-1\589F5B-1\BORING-1\CHIU-1\SOIL VAPOR PROBES.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT 9/28/10



Conestoga-Rovers & Associates, Inc.
 5900 Hollis Street, Suite A
 Emeryville, CA 94608
 Telephone: 510-420-0700
 Fax: 510-420-9170

BORING / WELL LOG

CLIENT NAME	Chen Tso Chiu	BORING/WELL NAME	VP-2
JOB/SITE NAME	Chiu	DRILLING STARTED	17-Nov-06
LOCATION	800 Franklin Street, Oakland, CA	DRILLING COMPLETED	17-Nov-06
PROJECT NUMBER	589-1000	WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE (YIELD)	NA
DRILLER	Vironex	GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION	NA
DRILLING METHOD	Hollow-stem auger	TOP OF CASING ELEVATION	NA
BORING DIAMETER	3-inch	SCREENED INTERVALS	5.5 to 6 fbg
LOGGED BY	C. Hernandez	DEPTH TO WATER (First Encountered)	NA
REVIEWED BY	M. Jonas	DEPTH TO WATER (Static)	NA
REMARKS	On 8th St. in sidewalk in front of 800 Franklin St. building		

WELL LOG (PID) \IR\6-CHARS\5810-1581000\581000-158FF5B-1BORING-1CHIU-SOIL VAPOR PROBES.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT 9/28/10

PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (fbg)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	CONTACT DEPTH (fbg)	WELL DIAGRAM
0							Surface: 4-inches of Concrete.	0.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Portland Type III Hydrated Granular Bentonite 1.5 - 4 fbg 1/4-inch Nyflow tubing Dry Granular Bentonite 4 - 5 fbg Monterey Sand #2/12 6-inch Screened Vapor Probe Bottom of Boring @ 6 fbg
0		VP-2-5.5		5			<p>Silty SAND (fill): Light brown; damp; 15% silt, 85% fine to medium sand; non-plastic; high estimated permeability.</p> <p>@3': Yellow-grey; 25% silt, 75% fine to medium sand.</p>	6.0	
							<p>Note: Installed soil vapor probe VP-1 to 6 fbg. See Figure 3 for construction details of the soil vapor probe. Soil Vapor probe was sampled on 12/28/2006.</p>		