

Underground Contamination Investigations, Groundwater Consultants, Environmental Engineering

QUARTERLY GROUNDWATER SAMPLING REPORT

(sampled May 24, 1993)

QUALITY TUNE-UP 2780 Castro Valley Blvd Castro Valley, CA

June 8, 1993

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ATTACHMENT A -- Well Sampling Logs

ATTACHMENT B -- Analytical Results: Groundwater

I. INTRODUCTION

The site location is the Quality Tune-up facility in Castro Valley, California. The location of the site is shown in Figure 1. In conjunction with a previous service station operation, the site has historically operated four underground fuel storage tanks for a number of years.

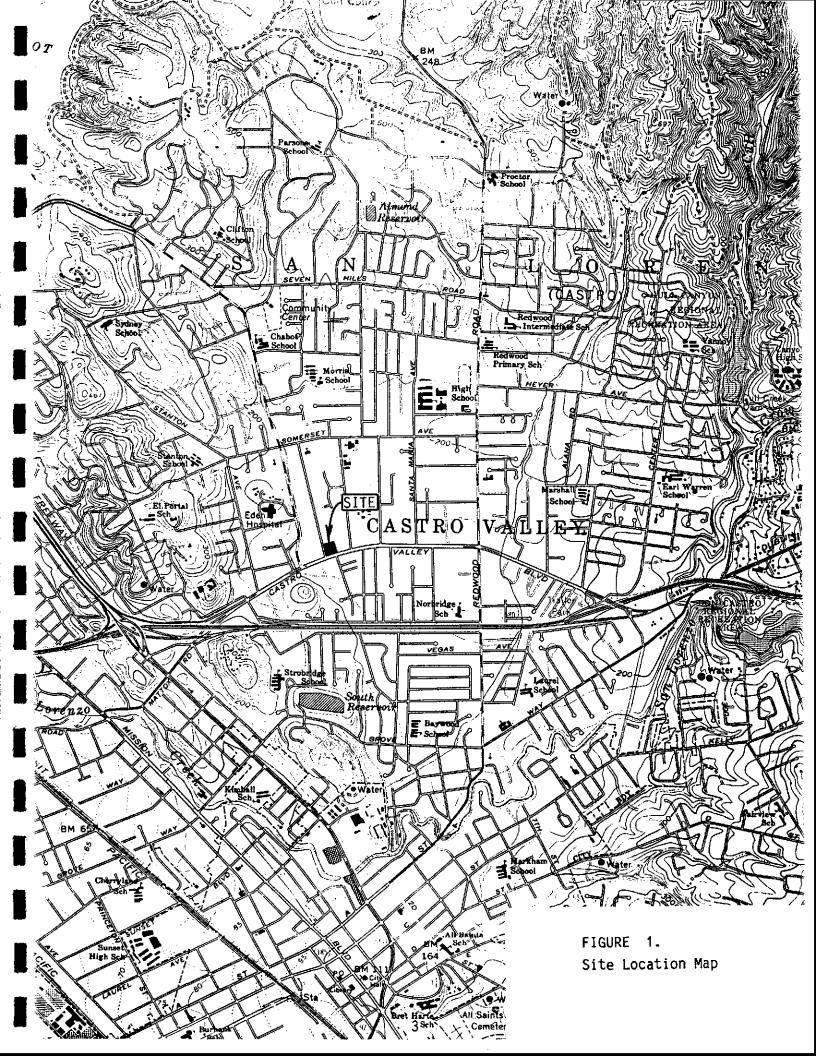
In February 1987 the two 7,500 Gasoline tanks and one Waste Oil tank were removed by 4M Construction of Madera, California. Soil and groundwater samples were collected, and were subsequently analyzed by Trace Analysis Laboratory, Inc. Of the seven soil samples collected, only "Extractable Hydrocarbons" were detected in those soil samples collected in the vicinity of the Waste Oil tank location. Analysis of the groundwater sample indicated 26 mg/L (ppm) of Volatile Hydrocarbons, 420 μ g/L (ppb) of Benzene, 2,000 μ g/L (ppb) of Toluene and 9,400 μ g/L (ppb) of Total Xylenes.

On June 11, 1991, the final 8,000-gallon underground storage tank was removed from the site by Minter & Fahy Construction, Inc, Pacheco, California. This underground tank was utilized for Gasoline storage until February 1987, at which time it was converted to Waste Oil storage. At the time of removal, the tank was apparently being utilized for storage of Waste Oil. Soil samples were collected from the tank excavation and were subsequently analyzed by Chromalab Laboratory, Inc., San Ramon, California. The results of laboratory analyses indicated no detectable of concentrations of Diesel, Gasoline, Benzene, Oil & Grease, Halogenated Volatile Organics (EPA 8010), or Semi-Volatile Organics (EPA 8270). A groundwater sample was collected from the tank excavation and was subsequently analyzed. The results of laboratory

analyses indicated no detectable of concentrations of Diesel, Gasoline, Benzene, Oil & Grease, Halogenated Volatile Organics (EPA 601), or Extractable Organics (EPA 625). Soil samples collected from the spoils pile indicated the presence of Gasoline at concentrations of up to 1.4 mg/kg (ppm), and Oil & Grease at concentrations of up to 24 mg/kg (ppm).

Subsequent to the underground tank removals, three on-site shallow groundwater monitoring wells were installed by Hageman-Aguiar, Inc., on May 20, 1992. The report of that soil and groundwater investigation was issued on July 17, 1992. The locations of the monitoring wells are shown in Figure 2.

On May 24, 1993, all three of the on-site monitoring wells were sampled for the laboratory analysis for dissolved petroleum constituents. In addition to the monitoring well sampling, other tasks included water level measurements for each monitoring well. This third "round" of groundwater sampling has been conducted as part of the quarterly groundwater monitoring program at the site, as required by the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health and the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), San Francisco Bay Region.



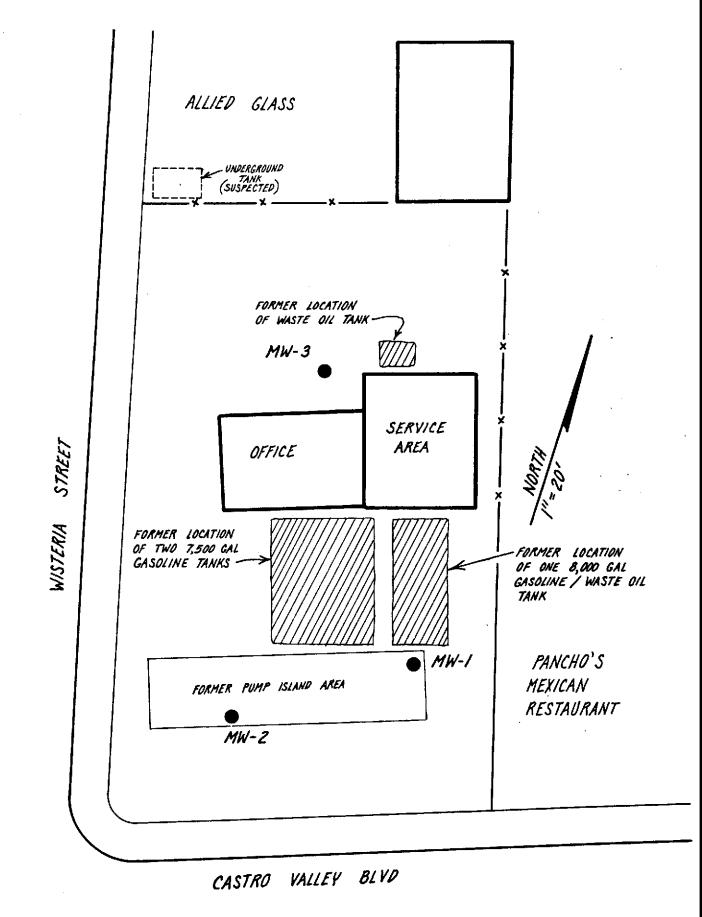


FIGURE 2.

Site Map.

II. FIELD WORK

Monitoring Well Sampling

On May 24, 1993, groundwater samples were collected from each of the three on-site monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3). The locations of the monitoring wells are shown on Figure 2 (site map). Prior to groundwater sampling, each well was purged by bailing several casing volumes of water. conductivity, temperature, and pH meters were present on-site during the monitoring well sampling. As the purging process proceeded, the three parameters were monitored. continued until readings appeared to have reasonably stabilized. After the water level in the well had attained 80% or more of the original static water level, a groundwater sample was collected using a clean teflon bailer. The water samples were placed inside appropriate 40 mL VOA vials and 1litre amber bottles free of any headspace. The samples were immediately placed on ice, then transported under chain-ofcustody to the laboratory at the end of the work day.

At the time each monitoring well was sampled, the following information was recorded in the field: 1) depth-to-water prior to purging, using an electrical well sounding tape, 2) identification of any floating product, sheen, or odor prior to purging, using a clear teflon bailer, 3) sample pH, 4) sample temperature, and 5) specific conductance of the sample.

Copies of the well sampling logs are included as Attachment A.

Wastewater Generation

All water removed from the wells during development and purging was drummed and stored on-site until the results of laboratory analyses were obtained. Based upon these results, the water should be sewered (if possible) as a non-hazardous liquid waste in accordance with local sewering agency permit requirements, or else it should be transported as a hazardous liquid waste under proper manifest to an appropriate TSD facility for treatment and disposal. The disposal of wastewater is the responsibility of the property owner (waste generator), and is beyond the scope of work as described in this report.

III. RESULTS OF WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS

Shallow Groundwater Flow Direction.

Shallow water table elevations were measured on May 24, 1993. These measurements are shown in Table 1. Figure 3 presents a contour map for the shallow groundwater table beneath the site. As shown in this figure, the data from these monitoring wells indicate that the shallow groundwater flow beneath the site was in the southerly direction during this most recent round of groundwater sampling.

Shallow Water Table Hydraulic Gradient

Figure 3 presents the contour map for the shallow groundwater table beneath the site. As shown in this figure, the shallow groundwater table through the center of the site appears to have a calculated hydraulic gradient of dH/dL = 1'/37.5' = 0.027.

Historical Water Level Measurements

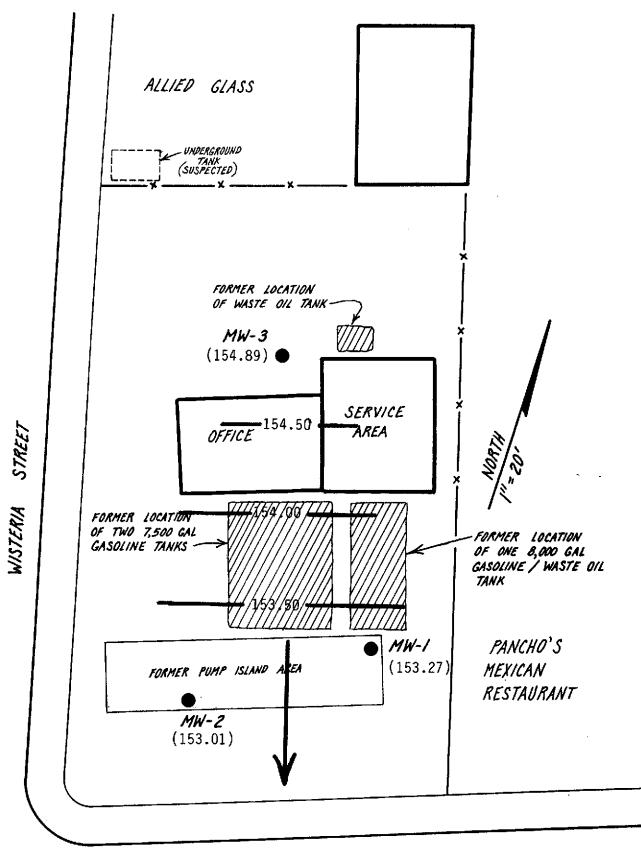
In addition to the most recent measurement of the shallow water table elevations prior to the groundwater sampling on May 24, 1993, a tabulation of all historical water level measurements for the site has been completed. Table 2 presents the results of all water level measurements collected between May 20, 1992, and the present time.

TABLE 1.

Shallow Water Table Elevations
May 24, 1993

Well	Top of Casing Elevation (feet)	Depth to Water (feet)	Water Table Elevation (feet)
MW-1	163.70	10.43	153.27
MW-2	163.33	10.32	153.01
MW-3	163.35	8.46	154.89

Datum is Alameda County Benchmark Anita-CVB. Standard surveyor brass disc on top-of-curb over drop inlet on Anita Avenue. Elevation = 168.04 MSL



CASTRO VALLEY BLVD

FIGURE 3. Shallow Groundwater Table Contour Map (measured May 24, 1993).

TABLE 2.

Historical Water Table Elevations (feet)

				Date of Measurement									
Well	5-20-92	8-1 9-9 2	11-18-92	3-1-93	5-24-93								
MW-1 MW-2 MW-3	152.67 152.65 154.28	152.64 152.47 154.48	152.40 151.84 154.05	154.88 154.23 156.88	153.27 153.01 154.89								
Flow Direction	SE	SE	s	s	s		**************************************						
Hydraulic Gradient	0.025	0.029	0.030	0.035	0.027								

IV. SHALLOW GROUNDWATER SAMPLING RESULTS

Laboratory Analysis

All analyses were conducted by a California State DOHS certified laboratory in accordance with EPA recommended procedures (Priority Environmental Laboratory, Milpitas, CA).

All shallow groundwater samples were analyzed for 1) total extractable petroleum hydrocarbons (EPA method 8015), 2) total petroleum hydrocarbons as Gasoline (EPA method 8015) and 3) Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and Total Xylenes (EPA method 602).

Results of Laboratory Analysis.

Table 3 presents the results of the laboratory analysis of the groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3. For this most recent round of quarterly sampling, dissolved Gasoline was detected in wells MW-1 and MW-3 at concentrations of 540 μ g/L (ppb) and 1,100 μ g/L (ppb), respectively. In addition, samples collected from wells MW-1, and MW-3 indicated the presence of Benzene at concentrations of 0.5 μ g/L (ppb) and 1.5 μ g/L (ppb), respectively.

As shown in Table 3, total petroleum hydrocarbons as Diesel was detected in all three monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 at concentrations of 480 μ g/L (ppb), 200 μ g/L (ppb) and 580 μ g/L (ppb), respectively. Since this is the first time that Diesel has been detected in any of the shallow groundwater samples collected from the site, a duplicate

TABLE 3.

Shallow Groundwater Sampling Results

Well	Date	TPH as Gasoline (ug/L)	TPH as Kerosene (ug/L)	TPH as Diesel (ug/L)	Benzene (ug/L)	Toluene (ug/L)	Ethyl- benzene (ug/L)	Total Xylenes (ug/L)	Motor Oil (mg/L)
MW-1	05-20-92	260	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.4	9.0	ND
	08-19-92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	11-18-92	160	ND	ND	0.9	4.0	2.6	9.4	ND
	02-22-93	9,000	ND	ND	15	34	46	91	ND
	05-24-93	540	ND	480	0.5	0.9	2.0	4.5	ND
(duplicate)	05-24-93		ND	420					ND
MW-2	05-20-92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW-2	08-19-92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	11-18-92	70	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.9	6.7	ND
	02-22-93	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	05-24-93	ND	ND	200	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
(duplicate)	05-24-93	 '	ND	210					ND
Detection	Limit	50	50	50	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5

ND = Not Detected

TABLE 3. (continued)

Shallow Groundwater Sampling Results

Well	Date	TPH as Gasoline (ug/L)	TPH as Kerosene (ug/L)	TPH as Diesel (ug/L)	Benzene (ug/L)	Toluene (ug/L)	Ethyl- benzene (ug/L)	Total Xylenes (ug/L)	Motor Oil (mg/L)
MW-3	05-20-92	4,200	ND	ND	4.5	1.2	13	43	ND
	08-19-92	280	ND	ND	5.3	16	25	61	ND
	11-18-92	4,800	ND	ND	26	27	35	98	ND
	02-22-93	6,200	ND	ND	9.4	15	30	66	ND
	05-24-93	1,100	ND	580	1.5	3.4	4.1	9.9	ND
(duplicate)	05-24-93		ND	540			******		ND
Detection	Limit	50	50	50	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5

ND = Not Detected

laboratory analysis was performed for each sample. As shown in Table 3, the presence of Diesel has been confirmed.

A copy of the laboratory certificate for the water sample analyses is included as Attachment B.

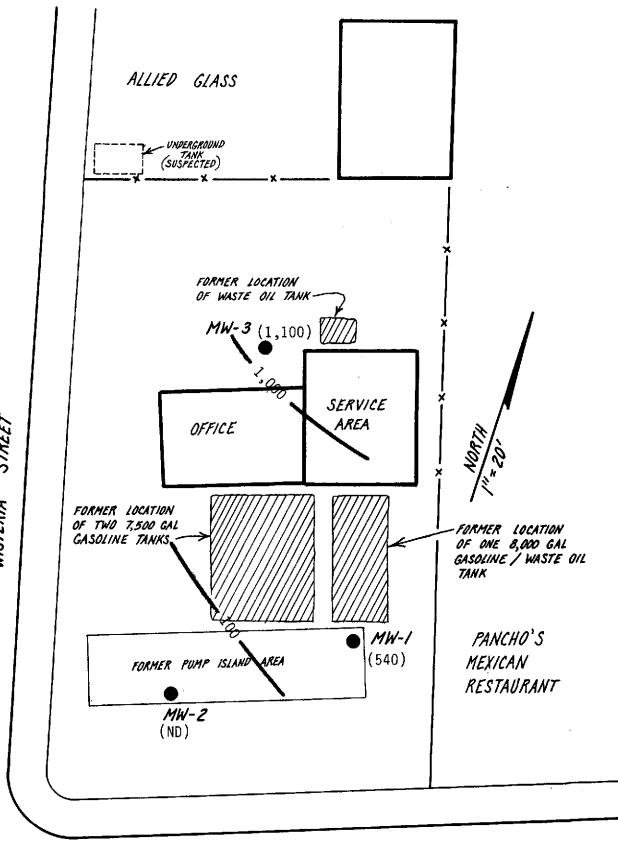
Chemical Concentration Contours.

Figures 4, 5 and 6 show lines of equal concentration for Gasoline, Benzene and Diesel in the shallow groundwater. Since these lines have been drawn based upon relatively limited data (three data points), the plot represents only a small portion of the respective concentration plume. The plot does continue to suggest, however, that the dissolved concentrations are centered somewhere around the rear of the service/office building (vicinity of well MW-3).

Data Analysis

The most recent sampling data continue to suggest the possibility of migration of subsurface contamination from the adjoining Allied Glass property. Its location with respect to the concentration contours is consistent with the measured shallow groundwater flow direction beneath the subject site.

It should be noted that during the groundwater sampling on February 22, 1993, the removal of two underground storage tanks from the Allied Glass property was observed by Hageman-Aquiar, Inc., field staff. Follow-up conversation with Scott Seery, Alameda County Health, indicates that holes in each of the tanks were observed by County personnel during the tank removals. To date, the tank excavations on the Allied Glass

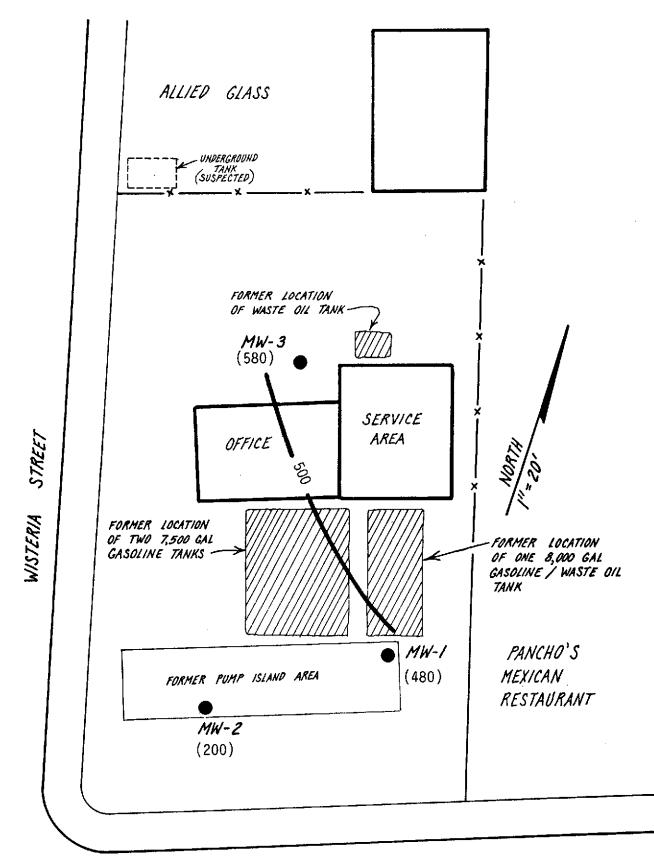


CASTRO VALLEY BLVD

FIGURE 4.
Lines of Equal Concentration of <u>Gasoline</u>
in ug/L (ppb) in the Shallow Groundwater.

CASTRO VALLEY BLVD

FIGURE 5.
Line of Equal Concentration of <u>Benzene</u>
in ug/L (ppb) in the Shallow Groundwater.



CASTRO VALLEY BLVD

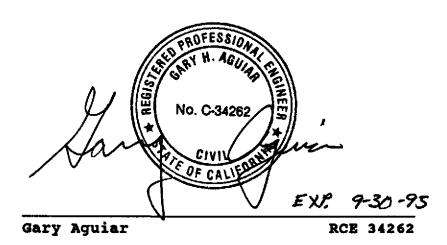
FIGURE 6.
Line of Equal Concentration of <u>Diesel</u>
in ug/L (ppb) in the Shallow Groundwater.

property remain open and exposed to infiltration by rain water.

It is extremely important to note that the sudden appearance of Diesel in the shallow groundwater beneath the Quality Tune-Up site coincides with the tank removals on the Allied Glass property and subsequent allowance for the excavations to remain open for more than three months through the rainy season.

QUARTERLY REPORT
QUALITY TUNE-UP
2780 Castro Valley Blvd, Castro Valley, CA.

June 8, 1993



Rick Milelli

Environmental Engineer

WELL SAMPLING LOG

Project/No. QUALITY TUNE-UP Page of
Site Location CASTRO VALLEY Date S/24/3 Well No. MN / Weather OVERNAST /65°F Completed /245
EVACUATION DATA Description of Measuring Point (MP) NEW POX AT GRADE
Total Sounded Depth of Well Below MP <u>24.8/</u> Diameter Depth to Water Below MP <u>10.43</u> Water Column in Well <u>14.38</u>
Gallons in Casing 2.3 + Annular Space (30% porosity) = Total Gallons 23 Gallons Pumped Prior to Sampling 23
Evacuation Method TEFLON BAILER
SAMPLING DATA / FIELD PARAMETERS
Inspection for Free Product: NONE DETECTED (thickness to 0.1 inch, if any)
Time 1/32 1/45 1260 1212 Gals Removed 0 8 16 23
Temperature 20,9 20,3 20,4 19,7
conductivity $300 400 400 500$ pH $7.4 7.3 7.3 7.2$
color / Odor CLR/HC CEV/NO CLR/HC GRY/HC Turbidity LOW MED LOW HIGH
Turbidity Low MED Low HIGH

WELL SAMPLING LOG

Project/No. WUALITY LINE-UP Page _ of _ 3
Site Location Castro Valley Date 5/24/93 Well No. 1/1/2
Weather OVERCHST 65°F Completed 1315
EVACUATION DATA
Description of Measuring Point (MP) WELL Box Ar GRADE
Total Sounded Depth of Well Below MP 20,90
- Depth to Water Below MP 10.32 of Casing 2"
= Water Column in Well 10.58
Gallons in Casing / 7 + Annular Space (30% porosity) = Total Gallons / 7
Gallons Pumped Prior to Sampling 17
Evacuation Method TEPLON BAILER
SAMPLING DATA / FIELD PARAMETERS
Inspection for Free Product: None Desected (thickness to 0.1 inch, if any)
time 1270 1250 1240 1305
Gals Removed 0 6 11 17
Temperature 20,1 19.8 19.7 19.6
Conductivity <u>580</u> <u>560</u> <u>550</u> <u>660</u>
m 7.4 7.3 7.4 7.3
color / Odor CLR/NO GEN/NO GEN/NO GEN/NO
Turbidity Low MED MED MED MED
comments: SLOW RESURREE

WELL SAMPLING LOG

Project/No. <u>4</u>	PURLITY 1	UNE-LA	Pa	ge <u>3</u> of <u>3</u>	-
Site Location	_	VALLEY		Date 5/24/4	
Well No		6505	Time B	egan <u>1040</u> eted <u>1235</u>	
	EVAC	UATION DATA	4	h /	
Description of Measu	ring Point (MP)	<u> </u>	11 50°	AT G	SKADB
Total Sounded Depth			Diamet	er ing <u>2</u>	
	to Water Below Mi		Of Cas	ing	
	er Column in Wel		/ \	_	
Gallons in Casing <u></u>	2.6 +	Annular Space (30% porosity)	(x10)=	Total Gallons	26
		Gall	lons Pumped Prior	to Sampling	26
Evacuation Method		FLON	BAILE	R	
	SAMPL	ING DATA / F	IELD PARAMET	TERS	
Inspection for I	Free Product:	LIGHT -	SHEEN	<u></u>	•
Time	1040	1055	1120	1216	
Gals Removed		9	_18_	26	
			19.3		
Conductivity	700	700	650	600	
			7.4		
Color / Odor	CLR/HC	GEV/HC.	Gey/HC	GRY/HC	
Turbidity	bon	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	
Commente	SLOW	RECH	AREE		_



PRIORITY ENVIRONMENTAL LABS

Precision Environmental Analytical Laboratory

Tel: 408-946-9636

June 02, 1993

PEL # 9305063

HAGEMAN - AGUIAR, INC.

Attn: Gary Aguiar

Re: Three water samples for TEPH analysis.

Project name: Quality Tune-Up

Date sampled: May 24, 1993

Date extracted: Jun 01-02, 1993

Date submitted: May 24, 1993 Date analyzed: Jun 01-02, 1993

RESULTS:

SAMPLE I.D.	Kerosene	Diesel	Motor Oil	Stoddard Solvent
	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(mg/L)	
MW-1'Dupl' MW-2'Dupl'	N.D. N.D.	420 210	N.D.	N.D.
MW-3'Dup1'	N.D.	540	N.D.	N.D.
Blank	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
Spiked Recovery	82.6%	91.5%		90.8%
Duplicate Spiked Recovery	***	96.0%		
Detection limit	50	50	0.5	50
Method of Analysis	3510 / 8015	3510 8015	/ 3510 801	•

David Duong Laboratory Director

1764 Houret Court Milpitas, CA. 95035

Fax: 408-946-9663

3

INV # 23640

Chain of Custody

1764 Houret Ct. Milpitas, CA. 95035 Tel: 408-946-9636 Fax: 408-946-963

DATE: 5/24/93 PAGE: / OF: /

SAMPREID JOATE HIME MATRIX LABRID	1PH-Gasoline (EPA 5030.8015)	TPH-Gasoline(5030,8015) */8TEX(EPA 602,8020)	TPH-Diesel (EPA 3510/3550.8015)	Purgeable aromatics Btex (EPA 602,8020)	TOTAL OIL & GREASE (EPA 5520 E&F)	PESTICIDES/PCB (EPA 608,8080)	TOTAL RECOVERABLE HYDROCARBONS EPA 418.1	TEPH									NUMBER OF CONTAINERS
MN 1 5-2493 1245 H20 MN 2 5-2493 1315 H20 MN 3 5-2493 1235 H20		X X						X X X									W W W
PROJECT INFORMATION BAMPLE RECEIPT PROJECT NAME:: UNGLITY TUNG (IP) TOTAL # OF CONTAINERS PROJECT NUMBER: RECD. GOOD COND./COLD INSTRUCTIONS & COMMENTS: NORM TAT	9	Ø.		57.4	60	443	ME: /2	NOT	DU	NA		BY:	Det	o: 8	ECEIVED IGNATUR AME:		Data: