

SITE UPDATE

Former Shell Service Station 2800 Telegraph Avenue Oakland, California

Shell Oil Company



110V -5 PM 2: 48 EAST BAY MARKETING DISTRICT

Lap413

P O Box 4023 Concord, CA 94524 (415) 676-1414

October 31, 1990

Ms. Susan Hugo County of Alameda Department of Environmental Health 80 Swan Way, Room 200 Oakland, California 94621

SUBJECT: FORMER SHELL SERVICE STATION

2800 TELEGRAPH AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Dear Ms. Hugo:

Enclosed is a of copy of the October 26, 1990 Site Update report for the subject location. The report presents the results of the ground-water sampling conducted during the third quarter of 1990.

If you should have any questions or comments regarding this project please do not hesitate to call me at (415) 675-6127.

Very truly yours,

Diane M. Lundquist

District Environmental Engineer

enclosure

Mr. Tom Callaghan, Regional Water Quality Control Board

Mr. John Werfal, Gettler-Ryan Inc.

2140 WEST WINTON AVENUE HAYWARD, CALIFORNIA 94545

(415) 352-4800

October 26, 1990

Gettler-Ryan Inc. 2150 West Winton Avenue Hayward, California 94545

Attn:

Mr. John Werfal

Re:

SITE UPDATE

Former Shell Service Station 2800 Telegraph Avenue Oakland, California

Gentlemen:

This Site Update has been prepared by GeoStrategies Inc. (GSI) the above referenced location (Plate 1). This report describes the quarter ground-water results of the third sampling performed by Gettler-Ryan Inc. (G-R) in accordance with the current monitoring plan for the site. G-R Groundwater Sampling Protocol is presented in Appendix A. Field work and laboratory analysis methods were performed in compliance with current State of California Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) procedures for conducting environmental investigations related leaking to underground fuel field and Chemical analytical data discussed this report were collected between July 1 and September 30, 1990.

CURRENT QUARTERLY SAMPLING RESULTS

Potentiometric Data

Prior to Ground-water sampling, water levels were measured in each monitoring well using an electronic oil-water interface probe. Static water levels were measured from the surveyed top of the well box and recorded to the nearest ± 0.01 foot. Plate 2 presents the location of each well at the site.

Gettler-Ryan Inc. October 26, 1990 Page 2

Ground-water elevation data for the third quarter have been plotted and contoured and are presented on Plate 3. Water-level data used to prepare the quarterly potentiometric map were taken from data collected on the same day that ground-water sampling occurred. Depth to groundwater ranges from 9.48 feet to 11.53 feet below existing grade. Calculated hydraulic gradient is 0.015 with ground-water flowing to the south towards well S-11.

Floating-Product Measurements

(floating Measurements for separate-phase petroleum hydrocarbons were made in each well an electronic product) using oil-water probe. Floating-product thicknesses, if interface present, were measured and recorded to the nearest ± 0.01 foot. A clean, clear, acrylic bailer was used to confirm interface probe measurements check for the presence of product sheens. Floating product as not detected in any of the wells. A product sheen was detected in well

Chemical Analytical Data

Ground-water samples for the third quarter were collected by G-R from eleven site monitoring wells (S-1 through S-11) on July 5, 1990. ground-water samples were analyzed for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons calculated as Gasoline (TPH-Gasoline) according to EPA Method 8015 (Modified); and Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, (BTEX) according EPA Method 8020. Xylenes to International analytical services, Technology (IT) a State-certified environmental laboratory located in San Jose, California performed the analyses.

TPH-Gasoline and benzene were detected in wells S-2, S-3, S-6, S-7, S-8 and S-11. TPH-Gasoline concentrations ranged from 0.1 parts per million (ppm) in well S-2 to 16.0 ppm in well S-3 (Table 1). The benzene concentrations in these wells ranged from 0.0055 ppm (S-7) to 1.2 ppm (S-6) which are above the current established Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL). TPH-Gasoline and benzene were not detected in Wells S-1, S-4, S-5, S-9 and S-10. Plates 4 and 5 indicate an elongated hydrocarbon plume towards the south. Toluene concentrations in Wells S-3 and S-11 were above the current Department of Health Services (DHS) Action Levels. Also, Well S-3 contained Xylene concentrations above the RWQCB MCL. The G-R ground-water sampling report for this sampling is presented in Appendix B.

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Quality Control

Quality Control (QC) samples for this quarter's sampling included a trip blank, field blank and a duplicate sample. The field blank was the provided prepared in field using organic-free water bv Analytical Services (IT) to evaluate field procedures and ambient conditions. The trip blank was prepared by IT using evaluate field organic-free and laboratory water to handling The duplicate sample was procedures. prepared in the collecting a split (second) sample from Well S-2 to quantitatively assess laboratory analytical methods and precision.

Chemical analytical results of the trip blank and field blank were ND constituents analyzed. for the Chemical analytical results indicate into hydrocarbons were introduced the samples during handling, transport, or from ambient site conditions.

QC procedures during field sampling are summarized in the G-R Sampling protocol in Appendix A. The G-R Ground-water Sampling Report, Chain-of-Custody forms and IT's Analytical Report for this sampling are presented in Appendix B.

The analytical results from S-2 and SD-2 were evaluated for analytical precision using the Relative Percent Difference (RPD) method. The calculated RPD value for TPH-Gasoline and benzene for Well S-2 was 40% and 70%, respectively.

SUMMARY

- o The monitoring network was sampled on July 5, 1990.
- o Depth to ground-water measurements ranged from 9.48 feet to 11.53 feet below existing grade.
- o Ground-water flows to the south with an approximate hydraulic gradient of 0.015.
- o A product sheen was detected in Well S-3.

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- o TPH-Gasoline was detected in Wells S-2 (0.10 ppm), S-3 (16 ppm), S-6 (4.2 ppm), S-7 (0.27 ppm), S-8 (1.5 ppm), and S-11 (2.0 ppm).
- o Six wells (S-2, S-3, S-6, S-7, S-8 and S-11) contained benzene concentrations above the current RWQCB MCL.
- o Benzene was ND in Wells S-1, S-4, S-5, S-9 and S-10.

PLANNED SITE ACTIVITIES

The following activities are planned at the site during the fourth quarter of 1990:

- o All scheduled wells will be sampled and analyzed for TPH-Gasoline according to EPA Method 8015 (Modified) and BTEX according to EPA Method 8020.
- o Water levels will be measured monthly and selected data will be used to prepare a potentiometric map across the site. The local shallow ground-water gradient will be calculated.

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If you have any questions, please call.

GeoStrategies Inc. by,

Timothy J. Walker Geologist

Jeffrey L. Peterson Senior Hydrogeologist

R.E.A. 1021

Christopher M. Palmer C.E.G. 1262, R.E.A. 285

OF CALIFO

Nº 1262 CERTIFIED ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST

TJW/JLP/kjj

Plate 1. Vicinity Map

Plate 2. Extended Site Plan

Plate 3. Potentiometric Map

Plate 4. TPH-G Isoconcentration Map Plate 5. Benzene Isoconcentration Map

Appendix A: Gettler-Ryan Inc. Methods and Procedures

Appendix B: Gettler-Ryan Inc. Groundwater Sampling Report

TABLE 1

GROUND-WATER CHEMICAL DATA

			- 	. 				- <i></i>			
MELL	SAMELE DATE	ANALYSIS DATE	TPH-G (PPM)	BENZENE (PPM)	TOLUENE (PPM)	ETHYLBENZENE (PPM)	XYLENES (PPM)	WELL ELEV (FT)	STATIC WATER ELEV (FT)	PRODUCT THICKNESS (FT)	DEPTH TO WATER (FT)
=======	==========		=======	=======================================							
S-1	05-1nf-50	09-Jul-90	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.001	35.31	25.23		10.08
s-2	05 - Jul - 90	09-Jul-90	0.10	0.01	<0.0005	0.0018	0.002	33.91	23.89		10.02
s-3	05 - Jul - 90	09-Jul-90	16	0.42	1.7	0.64	3.1	33.56	23.79	sheen	9.77
S-4	05 - Jul - 90	10-Jul-90	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.001	34.08	23.63		10.45
\$-5	05 - Jul - 90	10-Jul-90	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.001	33.42	22.96		10.46
\$- 6	09-Jut-20	09-Jul-90	4.2	1.2	0.02	0.03	0.08	32.59	, 22.78		9.81
s-7	05 - Jul -90	09-Jul-90	0.27	0.0055	0.001	0.0006	0.005	33.33	21.80	****	11.53
s-8	05-Jul-90	09-Jul-90	1.5	0.025	0.075	0.067	0.25	31.97	21.40		10.57
\$-9	09-Jul-90	10-Jul-90	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.001	31.86	21.02		10.84
s-10	05-Jul-90	10-Jul-90	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.001	32.95	23.47		9.48

CURRENT REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVELS

Benzene 0.001 ppm Ethylbenzene 0.68 ppm Xylenes 1.750 ppm

CURRENT DHS ACTION LEVELS Toluene 0.100 ppm

TPH-G = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons calculated as Gasoline
PPM = Parts per Million SD = Duplicate Sample

SF = Field Blank

TB = Trip Blank

Note: 1. All data shown as <x are reported as ND (none detected)

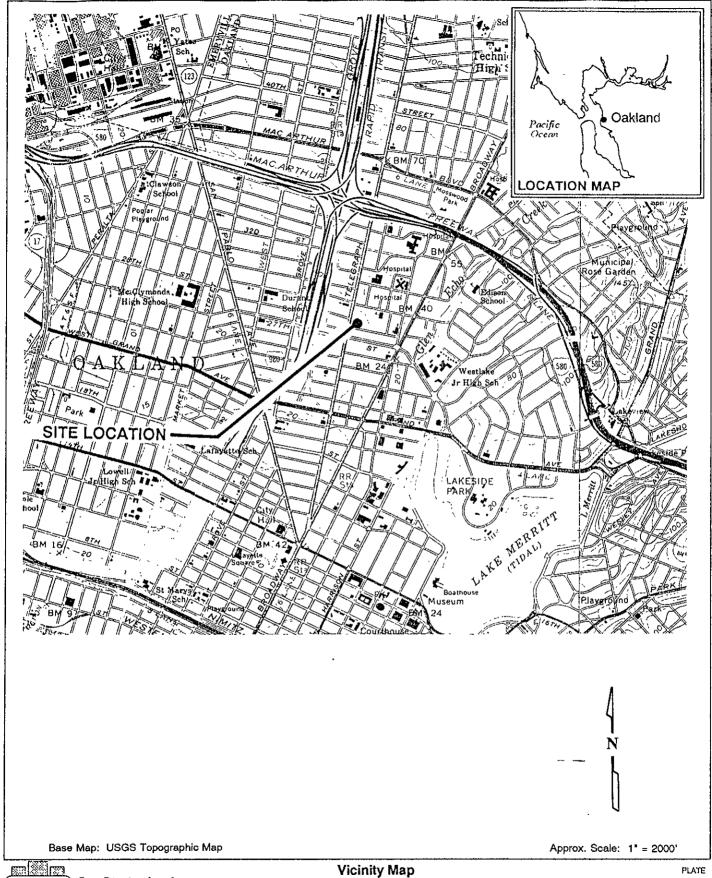
- 2. Water level elevations referenced to mean sea level (MSL)
- 3. DHS Action Levels and MCLs are subject to change pending State review

TABLE 1

GROUND-WATER CHEMICAL DATA

WELL SAMPLE ANALYSIS TPH-G BENZENE TOLUENE ETHYLBENZENE XYLENES WELL STATIC WATER PRODUCT DEPTH TO NO DATE DATE (PPH) (PPH) (PPM) (PPM) (PPM) ELEV (FT) ELEV (FT) THICKNESS (FT) WATER (FT) S-11 05-Jul-90 09-Jul-90 2.0 0.11 0.21 0.093 0.53 30.78 20.14 10.64 SD-2 05-Jul-90 09-Jul-90 0.15 0.021 <0.0005 0.0035 0.003 SF-1 05-Jul-90 10-Jul-90 <0.05 <0.0005 <0.0005 <0.0005 <0.001 TB 05-Jul-90 09-Jul-90 <0.05 <0.0005 <0.0005 <0.0005 <0.001

● GeoStrategies Inc.	
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•	ILLUSTRATIONS
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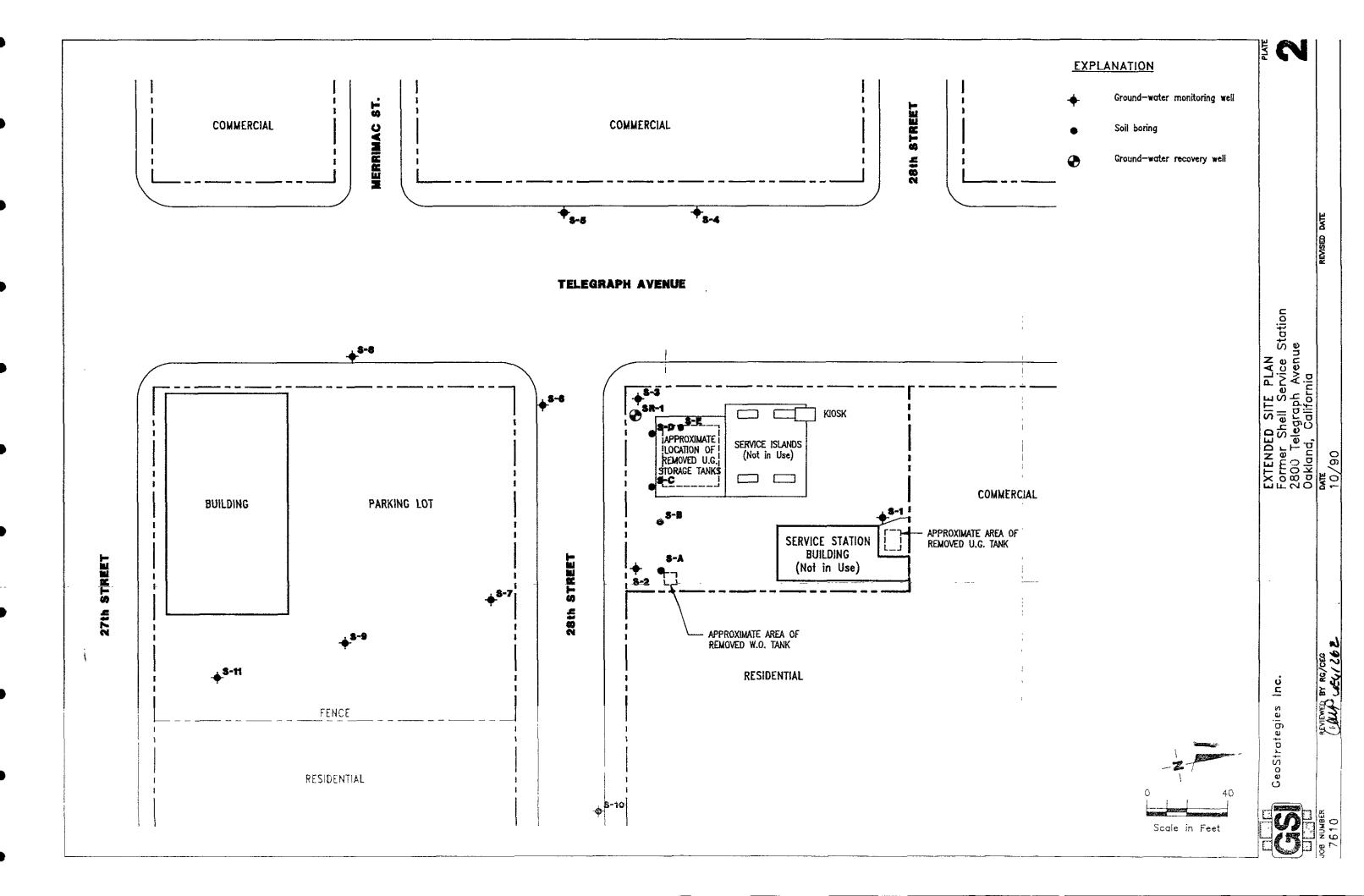
GSI

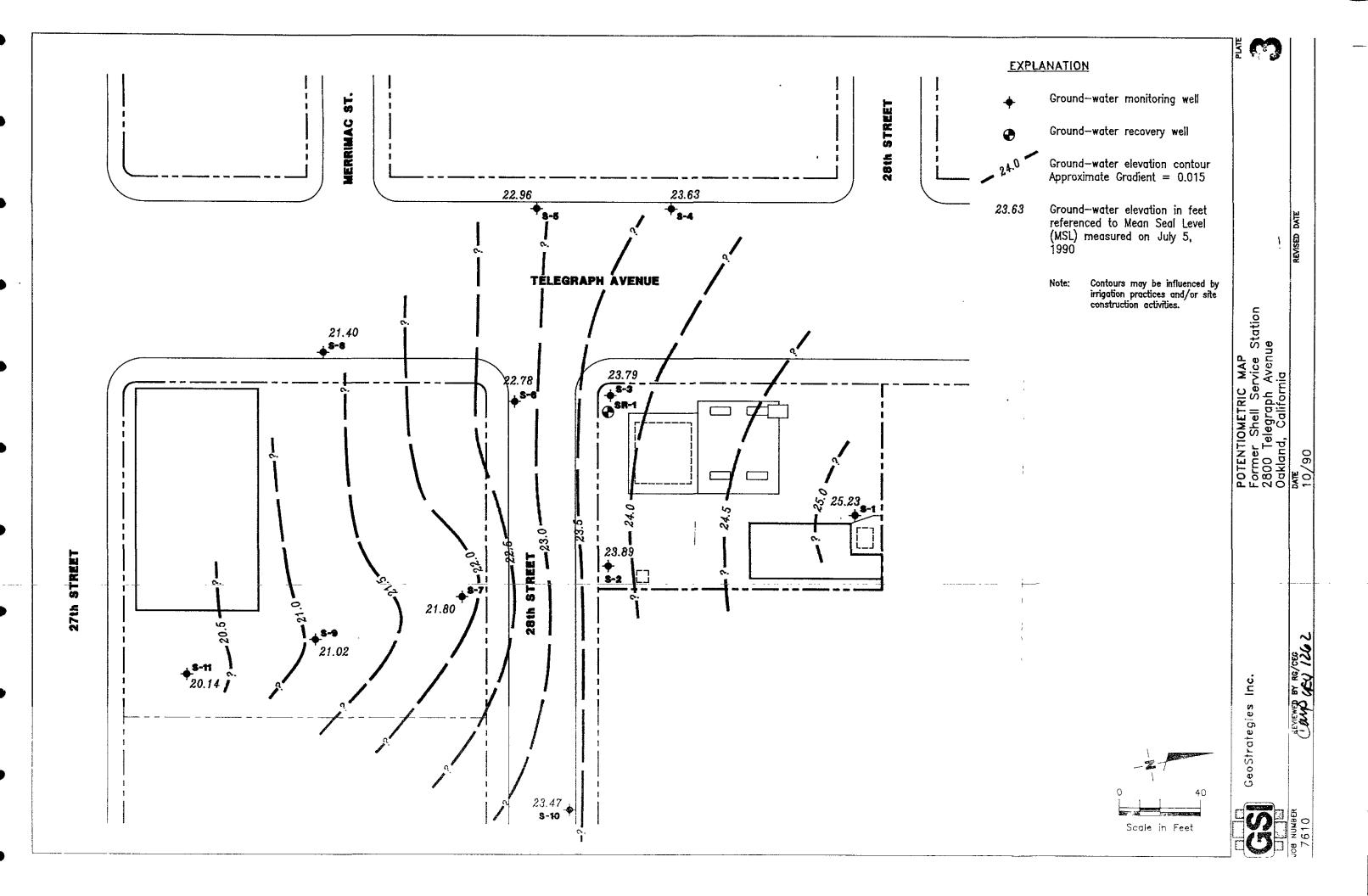
GeoStrategies Inc.

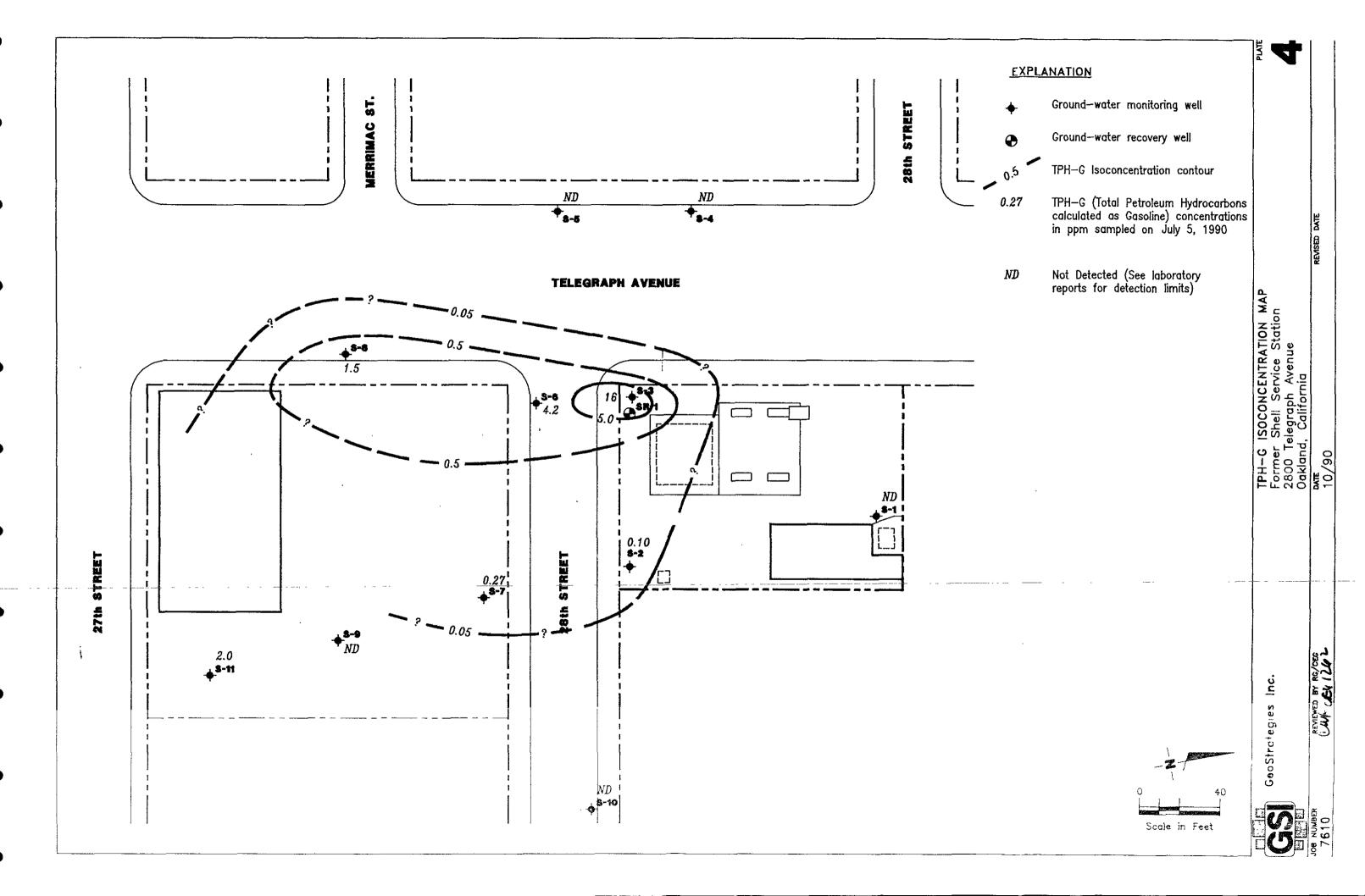
Vicinity Map
Former Shell Service Station
2800 Telegraph Avenue
Oakland, California

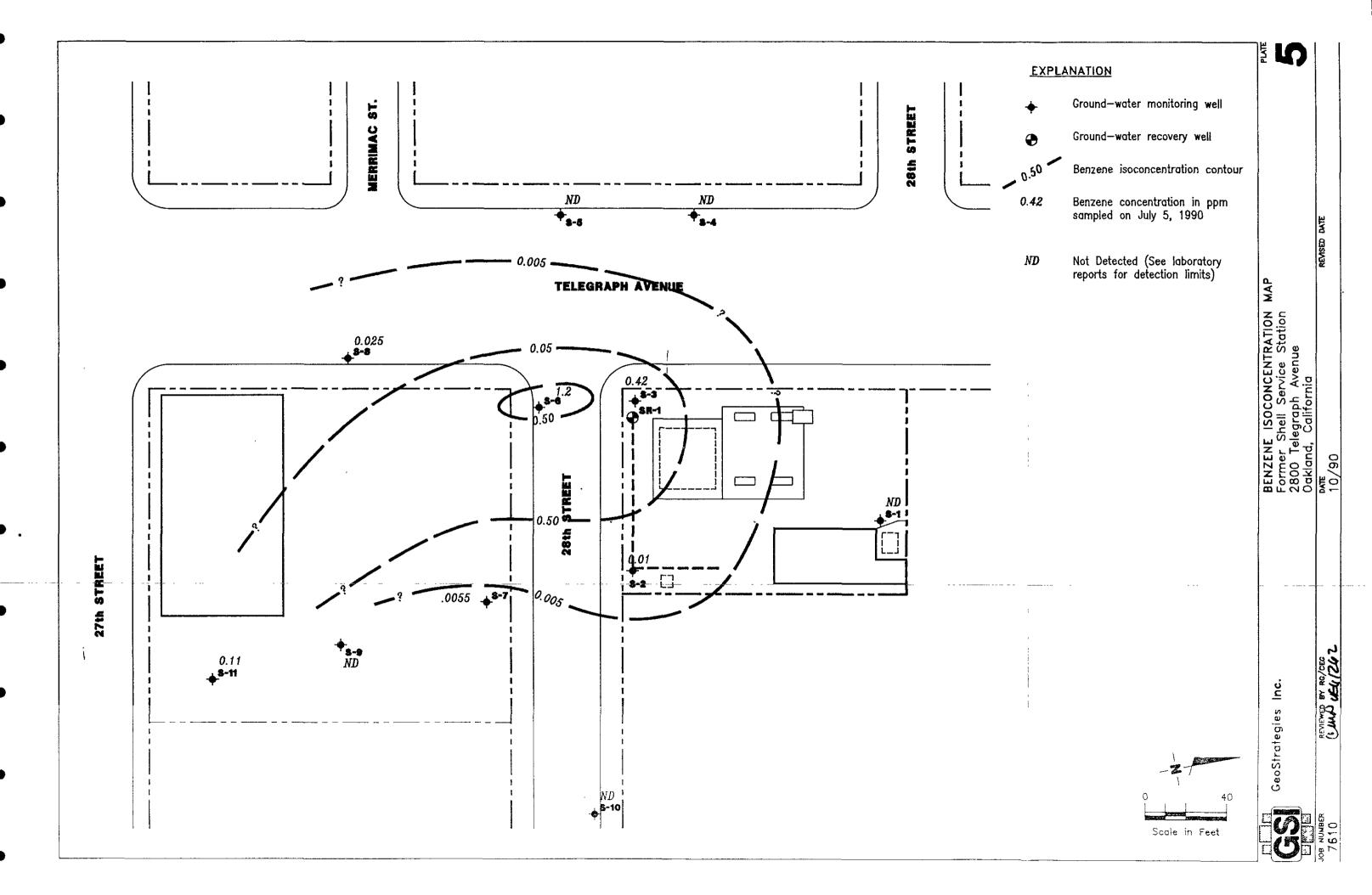
PLATE

JOBNUMBER REVIEWEDBYRG/CEG DATE REVISEDDATE REVISEDDATE 7610 12/89









APPENDIX A GETTLER-RYAN INC. GROUNDWATER SAMPLING PROCEDURES

GROUND-WATER SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS

Quality Assurance/Quality Control Objectives

The sampling and analysis procedures employed by Gettler-Ryan Inc. (G-R) for ground-water sampling and monitoring follow specific Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) guidelines. Quality Assurance objectives have been established by G-R to develop and implement procedures for obtaining and evaluating water quality and field data in an accurate, precise, and complete manner so that procedures and field measurements provide information that is comparable and representative of actual field conditions. Quality Control (QC) is maintained by G-R by using specific field protocols requiring the analytical laboratory to perform internal and external QC checks. It is the goal of G-R to provide data that are accurate, precise, complete, comparable, and representative. definitions for accuracy, precision, completeness, comparability, and representativeness are as follows:

- Accuracy the degree of agreement of a measurement with an accepted referenced or true value.
- <u>Precision</u> a measure of agreement among individual measurements under similar conditions. Usually expressed in terms of the standard deviation.
- <u>Completeness</u> the amount of valid data obtained from a measurement system compared to the amount that was expected to meet the project data goals.
- <u>Comparability</u> expresses the confidence with which one data set can be compared to another.
- Representativeness a sample or group of samples that reflects the characteristics of the media at the sampling point. It also includes how well the sampling point represents the actual parameter variations which are under study.

As part of the G-R QA/QC program, applicable federal, state, and local reference guidance documents are followed. The procedures outlined in these regulations, manuals, handbooks, guidance documents, and journals are incorporated into the G-R sampling procedures to assure that; (1) ground-water samples are properly collected, (2) ground-water samples are identified, preserved, and transported in a manner such that they are representative of field conditions, and (3) chemical analysis of samples are accurate and reproducible.

Guidance and Reference Documents Used to Collect Groundwater Samples

These documents are used to verify G-R sampling procedures and are consistent with current regulatory guidance. If site specific work and sampling plans are required, those plans will be developed from these documents, and newly received applicable documents.

U.S.E.P.A 330/9-51-002	NEIC Manual for Groundwater/Subsurface Investigation at Hazardous Waste Sites
U.S.E.P.A 530/SW611	Procedures Manual for Groundwater Monitoring at Solid Waste Disposal Facilities (August, 1977)
U.S.E.P.A 600/4-79-020	Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes (1983)
U.S.E.P.A 600/4-82-029	Handbook for Sampling and Sample Preservation of Water and Wastewater (1982)
U.S.E.P.A 600/4-82-057	Test Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Wastewater (July, 1982)
U.S.E.P.A SW-846#, 3rd Edition	Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste - Physical/Chemical Methods (November, 1986)
40 CFR 136.3e, Table II (Code of Federal Regulations)	Required Containers, Preservation Techniques, and Holding Times
Resources Conservation and Recover Act (OSWER 9950.1)	Groundwater Monitoring Technical Enforcement Guidance Document (September, 1986)
California Regional Water Quality Control Board (Central Valley Region)	A Compilation of Water Quality Goals (September, 1988); Updates (October, 1988)
California Regional Water Quality Control Board (North Coast, San Francisco Bay, and Central Valley)	Regional Board Staff Recommendations for Initial Evaluations and Investigation of Underground Tanks: Tri-Regional Recommendations (June,

1988)

Guidance and Reference Documents Used to Collect Groundwater Samples (cont.)

Regional	Water	Quality	Control
Board (Ce	entral Valle	y Region)	

Memorandum: Disposal, Treatment, and Refuse of Soils Contaminated with Petroleum Fractions (August, 1986)

State of California Department of Health Services

Hazardous Waste Testing Laboratory Certification List (March, 1987)

State of California Water Resources Control Board Leaking Underground Fuel Tank (LUFT) Field Manual (May, 1988), and LUFT Field Manual Revision (April, 1989)

State of California Water Resources Control Board

(Register #85.#33-8-17+85), Title 23. Subchapter 16: Underground Tank Regulations; Article 3, Sections 2632 and 2634; Article 4, Sections 2645. 2646, 2647, and 2648; Article 7, Sections 2670, 2671, and 2672 1988 (October, 1986: including Amendments)

Alameda County Water District

Groundwater Protection Program: Guidelines for Groundwater and Soil Investigations at Leaking Underground Fuel Tank Sites (November, 1988)

American Public Health Association

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewaters, 16th Edition

Analytical Chemistry (journal)

Principles of Environmental Analysis, Volume 55, Pages 2212-2218 (December, 1983)

Napa County

Napa County Underground Storage Tank Program: Guidelines for Site Investigations; February 1989.

Santa Clara Valley Water District

Guidelines for Preparing or Reviewing Sampling Plans for Soil and Groundwater Investigation of Fuel Contamination Sites (January, 1989)

Guidance and Reference Documents Used to Collect Groundwater Samples (cont.)

Santa Clara Valley Water District

Investigation and Remediation at Fuel sites: Guidelines Technical Report Investigation and Preparation (March 1989)

Santa Clara Valley Water District

American Petroleum Institute

Revised Well Standards for Santa Clara County (July 18, 1989) Groundwater Monitoring Sample API Publication 4367. Environmental Affairs Department,

June 1983

American Petroleum Institute

Guide Assessment and to the Remediation of Underground Petroleum Releases; API Publication 1628,

February 1989

American Petroleum Institute

Hydrocarbon Literature Summary: Attenuations Solubilities and Mechanisms, API Publication 4414, August 1985

Site Specific (as needed)

General and specific regulatory documents as required.

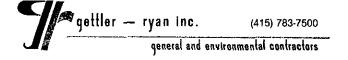
Because ground-water samples collected by G-R are analyzed to the parts per billion (ppb) range for many compounds, extreme care is exercised to prevent contamination of samples. When volatile or semi-volatile organic compounds are included for analysis, G-R sampling crew members will adhere to the following precautions in the field:

- 1. A clean pair of new, disposable gloves are worn for each well being sampled.
- 2. When possible, samples are collected from known or suspected wells that are least contaminated (i.e. background) followed by wells in increasing order of contamination.
- 3. Ambient conditions are continually monitored to maintain sample integrity.

When known or potential organic compounds are being sampled for, the following additional precautions are taken:

- 1. All sample bottles and equipment are kept away from fuels and solvents. When possible, gasoline (used in generators) is stored away from bailers, sample bottles, purging pumps, etc.
- 2. Bailers are made of Teflon or Stainless Steel. Other materials such as plastic may contaminate samples with phthalate esters which interfere with many Gas Chromatography (GC) analyses.
- 3. Volatile organic ground-water samples are collected so that air passage through the sample does not occur or is minimal (to prevent volatiles from being stripped from the samples): sample bottles are filled by slowly running the sample down the side of the bottle until there is a positive convex meniscus over the neck of the bottle; the Teflon side of the septum (in cap) is positioned against the meniscus, and the cap screwed on tightly; the sample is inverted and the bottle lightly tapped. The absence of an air bubble indicates a successful seal; if a bubble is evident, the cap is removed, more sample is added, and the bottle is resealed.
- 4. Extra Teflon seals are brought into the field in case seals are difficult to handle and/or are dropped. Dropped seals are considered contaminated and are not used. When replacing seals or if seals become flipped, care is taken to assure that the Teflon seal faces down.

Sample analysis methods, containers, preservatives and holding times are shown on Table 1.



Laboratory and field handling procedures of samples are monitored by including QC samples for analysis with every submitted sample lot from a project site. QC samples may include any combination of the following:

- A. Trip Blank: Used for purgeable organic compounds only; QC samples are collected in 40 milliliter (ml) sample vials filled in the analytical laboratory with organic-free water. Trip blanks are sent to the project site, and travel with project site samples. Trip blanks are not opened, and are returned from a project site with the project site samples for analysis.
- B. Field Blank: Prepared in the field using organic-free water. These QC samples accompany project site samples to the laboratory and are analyzed for specific chemical parameters unique to the project site where they were prepared.
- C. <u>Duplicates</u>: Duplicated samples are collected "second samples" from a selected well and project site. They are collected as either split samples or second-run samples collected from the same well.
- D. <u>Equipment Blank</u>: Periodic QC sample collected from field equipment rinsate to verify decontamination procedures.

The number and types of QC samples are determined as follows:

- A. Up to 2 wells Trip Blank Only
- B. 2 to 5 Wells 1 Field Blank and 1 Trip Blank
- C. 5 to 10 Wells 1 Field blank, 1 Trip Blank, and 1 Duplicate
- D. More than 10 Wells 1 Field Blank, 1 Trip Blank, and 1 Duplicate per each 12 wells
- E. If sampling extends beyond one day, quality control samples will be collected for each day.

Additional QC is performed through ongoing and random reviews of duplicate samples to evaluate the precision of the field sampling procedures and analytical laboratory. Precision of QC data is accomplished by calculating the Relative Percent Difference (RPD). The RPD is evaluated to assess whether values are within an acceptable range (typically ± 20% of duplicate sample).



SAMPLE COLLECTION

This section describes the routine procedures followed by G-R while collecting ground-water samples for chemical analysis. These procedures include decontamination, water-level measurements, well purging, physical parameter measurements, sample collection, sample preservation, sample handling, and sample documentation. Critical sampling objectives for G-R are to:

- 1. Collect ground-water samples that are representative of the sampled matrix and,
- 2. Maintain sample integrity from the time of sample collection to receipt by the analytical laboratory.

Sample analyses methods, containers, preservation, and holding times are presented in Table 1.

Decontamination Procedures

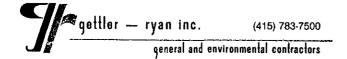
All physical parameter measuring and sampling equipment are decontaminated prior to sample collection using Alconox or equivalent detergent followed by steam cleaning with deionized water. Any sampling equipment surfaces or parts that might absorb specific contaminants, such as plastic pump valves, impellers, etc., are cleaned in the same manner.

Sample bottles, bottle caps, and septa used for sampling volatile organics are thoroughly cleaned and prepared in the laboratory. Sample bottles, bottle caps, and septa are protected from all potential chemical contact before actual usage at a sample location.

During field sampling, equipment placed in a well are decontaminated before purging or sampling the next well. The equipment are decontaminated by cleaning with Alconox or equivalent detergent followed by steam cleaning with deionized water.

Water-Level Measurements

Prior to purging and sampling a well, the static-water levels are measured in all wells at a project site using an electric sounder and/or calibrated portable oil-water interface probe (Figure 4). Both static water-level and separate-phase product thickness are measured to the nearest ±0.01 foot. The presence of separate-phase product is confirmed using a clean, acrylic or polyvinylchloride (PVC) bailer, measured to the nearest ±0.01 foot with a decimal scale tape.



Water-Level Measurements (continued)

The monofilament line used to lower the bailer is replaced between line preclude the possibility with new to wells Field observations (e.g. well integrity, product cross-contamination. color, turbidity, water color, odors, etc.) are noted on the G-R Well Sampling Field Data Sheet shown in Figure 4. Before and after each sounder, interface probe and bailer electric washing with Alconox or equivalent detergent bv decontaminated deionized followed by with water rinsing cross-contamination.

As mentioned previously, water-levels are measured in wells with known or suspected lowest dissolved chemical concentrations to the highest dissolved concentrations.

Well Purging

Before sampling occurs, well casing storage water and interstitial water in the artificial sand pack will be purged using (1) a positive displacement bladder pump constructed of inert, non-wetting, Teflon and stainless steel, (2) a pneumatic-airlift pumping system, (3) a centrifigal pumping system, or (4) a Teflon or Stainless steel bailer Methods of purging will be assessed based on well size, (Figure 5). location, accessibility, and known chemical conditions. well purge volumes are calculated from borehole volumes which take into account the sand packed interval in the well annular space. As a general rule, a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 10 borehole volumes will be purged. Wells which dewater or demonstrate slow recharge periods (i.e. low-yield wells) during purging activities may be sampled after If a low-yield (low recovery) well is to be fewer purging cycles. sampled, sampling will not take place until at least 80 percent of the previously measured water column has been replaced by recharge, or as per local requirements. Physical parameter measurements (temperature, pH, and specific conductance) are closely monitored throughout the well purging process and are used by the G-R sampling crew as indicators for assessing sufficient purging. Purging is continued physical parameters have stabilized. Specific all three conductance (conductivity) meters are read to the nearest +10 umhos/cm, and are calibrated daily. pH meters are read to the nearest ±0.1 pH units and are calibrated daily. Temperature is read to the Calibration of physical parameter meters will nearest 0.1 degree F. Monitoring wells will be purged follow manufacturers specifications. according to the protocol presented in Figure 5. Collected field data during purging activities will be entered on the G-R Well Sampling Field Data Sheet shown in Figure 4. Copies of the G-R Field Data Sheets will be reviewed by the G-R Sampling Manager for accuracy and completeness.

DOCUMENTATION

Sample Container Labels

Each sample container will be labeled by an adhesive label, noted in permanent ink immediately after the sample is collected. Label information will include:

Sample point designation (i.e. well number or code)

Sampler's identification

Project number

Date and time of collection

Type of preservation used

Well Sampling Data Forms

In the field, the G-R sampling crew will record the following information on the Well Sampling Data Sheet for each sample collected:

Project number

Client

Location

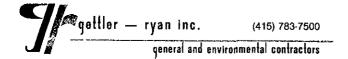
Source (i.e. well number)

Time and date

Well accessibility and integrity

Pertinent well data (e.g. depth, product thickness, static water-level, pH, specific conductance, temperature)

Calculated and actual purge volumes



Chain-of-Custody

A Chain-of-Custody record (Figure 6) shall be completed and accompany every sample and every shipment of samples to the analytical laboratory in order to establish the documentation necessary to trace sample possession from time of collections. The record will contain the following information:

- Sample or station number or sample identification (ID)
- Signature of collector, sampler, or recorder
- Date and time of collection
- Place of collection
- Sample type
- Signatures of persons involved in chain of possession
- Inclusive dates of possession

Samples shall <u>always</u> be accompanied by a Chain-of-Custody record. When transferring the samples, the individual relinquishing and receiving the samples will sign, date, and note the time on the Chain-of-Custody record. G-R will be responsible for notifying the laboratory coordinator when and how many samples will be sent to the laboratory for analysis, and what types of analyses shall be performed.

TABLE 1

SAMPLE ANALYSIS METHODS, CONTAINERS, PRESERVATIONS, AND HOLDING TIMES

	Analytical	Reporting			Maximum Holding
Parameter	Method	Units	Container	Preservation	Time
Total Petroleum	EPA 8015	mg/l	40 ml. vial	cool, 4 C	14 days (maximum)
Hydrocarbons	(modified)	ug/l	glass, Teflon	HCL to pH<2	
(Gasoline)					
Benzene	EPA 8020	mg/l	50 ml. vial	cool, 4 C	7 days (w/o preservative)
Toluene		ug/l	glass, Teflon	HCL to pH<2	14 days (w preservative)
Ethylbenzene			lined septum		
Xylenes (BTEX					
Oil & Grease	SM 503E	mg/l	1 l glass, Teflon	H2SO4 or HCl	28 days (maximum)
		ug/l	lined septum	to pH<2	
Total Petroleum	EPA 8015	mg/l	40 ml. vial	cool, 4 C	14 days (maximum)
Hydrocarbons	(modified)	ug/l	glass, Teflon		
(Diesel)			lined septum		
Kalogented	8010	mg/l	40 ml. vial	cool, 4 C	14 days (maximum)
Volatile Organics		ug/l	glass, Teflon		
(chlorinated solvents)			lined septum		
Non chlorinated	8020	mg/l	40 ml. vial	cool, 4 C	14 days (maximum)
solvents		ug/l	glass, Teflon	HCl to pH<2	
			lined septum		
Volatile Organics	8240	mg/l	40 ml. vial	cool, 4 C	14 days (maximum)
		ug/l	glass, Teflon	HCl to pH<2	
•			lined septum		
Semi-Volatile	8270	mg/l	1 l amber	cool, 4 C	7 days extract
Organics		ug/l	glass, Teflon		40 days (maximum to analyze)
			lined septum		
Specific		umhos/cm			•
Conductance					
(Field test)					
pH (Field test)		pH units			
Temperature		Deg F			
(Field test)					

• GETTLER-RYAN INC.

General and Environmental Contractors

WELL SAMPLING FIELD DATA SHEET

FIGURE 4

COMPANY			JOB #	
LOCATION			DATE	
CITY			ГІМЕ	
<u>.</u>				
Well ID.		Well Condition		
Well Diameter	in.	Hydrocarbon Thick	ness	ft
Total Depth		Volume 2" = 0.17 Factor 3" = 0.38 (VF) 4" = 0.66	$6^* = 1.50$ $8^* = 2.60$ $10^* = 4.10$	12" = 5.80
Depth to Liquid- (# of casing volumes) x	ft.	x(VF) =		gal
Sampling Equipment _				
Starting Time		Purging Flow Rate		gpm
Estimated Purge Volume	gal. / (Purging Flow Rate)	gpm. =	Anticipated Purging Time	min.
Time	Hq (Conductivity Temp	erature	Volume
				•
				-
Did well dewater?	If	yes, time	Volume	
Sampling Time		Weather Conditions		
Analysis		Bottles Used_	· ÷	
Chain of Custody Nun	nber			
				
CONDIENTS			-	

Monitoring Well Sampling Protocol Schematic Sampling Crew Reviews Project Sampling Requirements/Schedule Field Decontamination and Instrumentation Calibration Check Integrity of Well (Inspect for Well Damage) Measure and Record Depth to Water and Total Well Depth (Electric Well Sounder) Check for Floating Product (Oil/Water Interface Probe) Floating Product Present Floating Product Not Present Confirm Product Thickness Purge Volume Calculation $V = \pi (r/12)^2 h(_{x} \text{ vol})(7.48) = ___/gailons$ (Acrylic or PVC Bailer) Collect Free-Product Sample V = Purge volume (gallons) $\pi = 3.14159$ Dissolved Product Sample Not h = Height of Water Column (feet) r = Borehole radius (inches) Required Record Data on Field Data Form Evacuate water from well equal to the calculated purge volume while monitoring groundwater stabilization indicator parameters (pH, conductivity, temperature) at intervals of one casing volume. Well Dewaters after One Purge Volume Well Readily Recovers (Low yield well) Well Recharges to 80% of Initial Record Groundwater Stability Indicator Parameters from each Additional Purge Volume Measured Water Column Height in Feet within 24 hrs. of Evacuation. Stability indicated when the following Criteria are met: Measure Groundwater Stability Indicator oH: ± 0.1 pH units Parameters (pH, Temperature, Conductivity) Conductivity: ± 10% Temperature: 1.0 degrees F Groundwater Stability Achieved Collect Sample and Complete Groundwater Stability Not Achieved Chain-of-Custody Collect Sample and Complete Continue Purging Until Stability Chain-of-Custody is Achieved Collect Sample and complete Preserve Sample According to Required Preserve Sample According Chemical Analysis to Required Chemical Analysis Chain-of-Custody Preserve Sample According to Required Chemical Analysis Transport to Analytical Laboratory Transport to Analytical Laboratory Transport to Analytical Laboratory

Gettler - Ry					Chain of Custod
				J	OB NO
JOB LOCATION					
				PHONE N	
AUTHORIZED			DATE _	P.O. NO.	
SAMPLE ID	NO. OF CONTAINERS	SAMPLE MATRIX	DATE/TIME SAMPLED	ANALYSIS REQUIRED	SAMPLE CONDITION LAB ID
					
				•	
		-			
,					
			,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	***************************************
RELINQUISHED BY:				EIVED BY:	,
RELINQUISHED BY:			RECE	EIVED BY:	
RELINQUISHED BY:				EIVED BY LAB:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
				DHS #:	
DATE COMPLETED			5000	MAN	

APPENDIX B GETTLER-RYAN INC. GROUNDWATER SAMPLING REPORT



July 20, 1990

GROUNDWATER SAMPLING REPORT

Referenced Site:

Former Shell Service Station 2800 Telegraph Avenue Oakland, California

Sampling Date:

July 5, 1990

This report presents the results of the quarterly groundwater sampling and analytical program conducted by Gettler-Ryan Inc. on July 5, 1990 at the referenced location. The site, located on the northeast corner of Telegraph and 28th Avenue, is no longer an operating service station. The former station had underground storage tanks which contained petroleum products.

There are currently four groundwater monitoring wells on site and seven off site at the locations shown on the attached site map. Prior to sampling, all wells were inspected for total well depth, water levels, and presence of separate phase product using an electronic interface probe. A clean acrylic bailer was used to visually confirm the presence and thickness of separate phase product. Groundwater depths ranged from 9.48 to 11.53 feet below grade. Separate phase product was not observed in any monitoring wells.

The wells were then purged and sampled. The purge water was contained in drums for proper disposal. Standard sampling procedure calls for a minimum of four case volumes to be purged from each well. Each well was purged while pH, temperature, and conductivity measurements were monitored for stability. Details of the final well purging results are presented on the attached Table of Monitoring Data. In cases where a well dewatered or less than four case volumes were purged, groundwater samples were obtained after the physical parameters had stabilized. Under such circumstances the sample may not represent actual formation water due to low flow conditions.

Samples were collected, using Teflon bailers, in properly cleaned and laboratory prepared containers. All sampling equipment was thoroughly cleaned after each well was sampled and steam cleaned upon completion of work at the site. The samples were labeled, stored on blue ice, and transported to the laboratory for analysis. A trip and field blank, (SF-1) supplied by the laboratory, were included and analyzed to assess quality control. A duplicate sample, (SD-2) was submitted without well designations to assess laboratory performance. Analytical results for the blanks are included in the Certified Analytical Report (CAR's). Chain of custody records were established noting sample identification numbers, time, date, and custody signatures.

The samples were analyzed at International Technology Corporation - Santa Clara Valley Laboratory located at 2055 Junction Avenue, San Jose, California. The laboratory is assigned a California DHS-HMTL Certification number of 137. The results are presented as a Certified Analytical Report, a copy of which is attached to this peport.

Tom Paulson
Sampling Manager

attachments

TABLE OF MONITORING DATA GROUNDWATER WELL SAMPLING REPORT

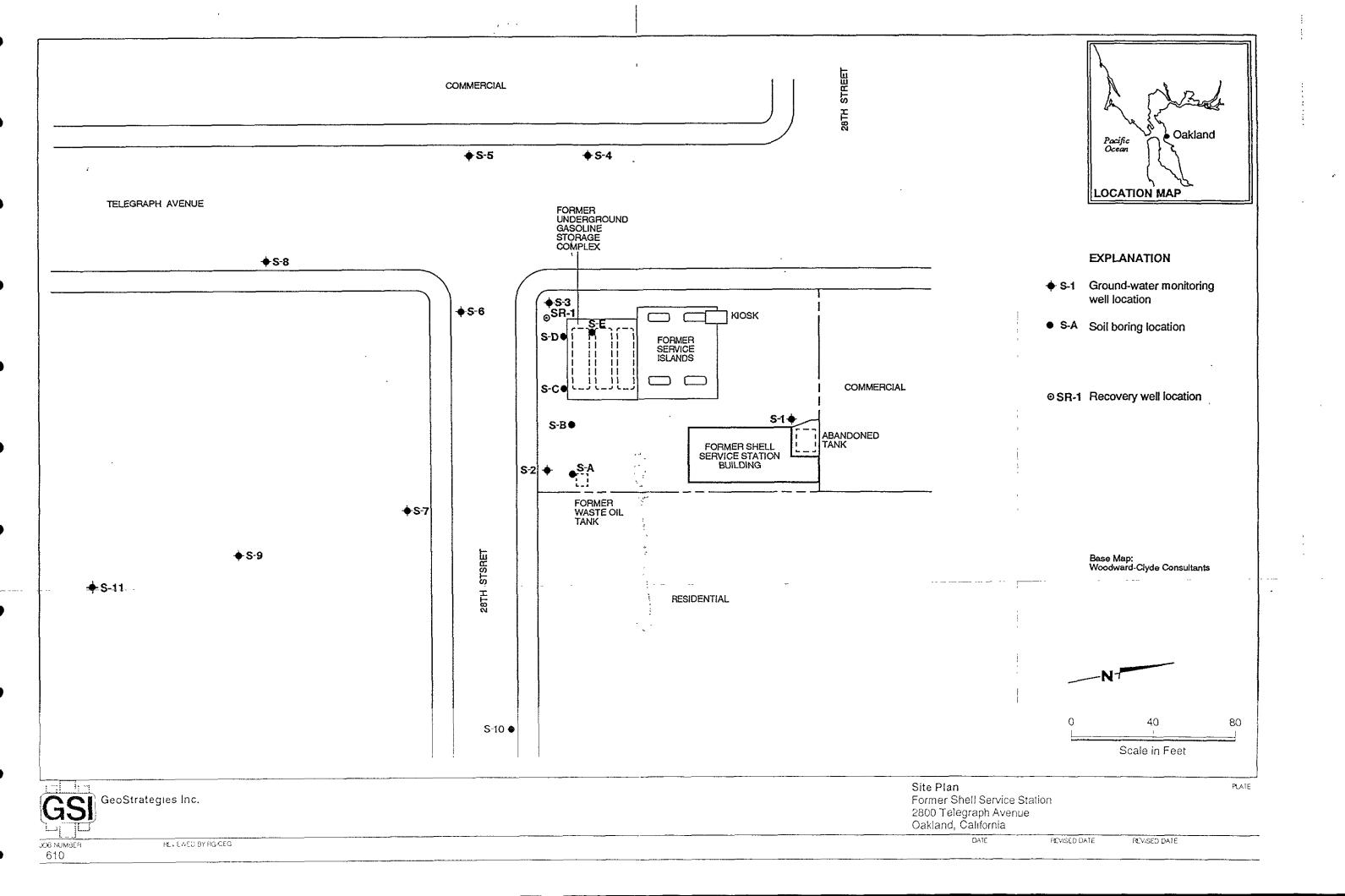
WELL I.D.	S-1	S-2 SD-2	S-3	S-4	S-5	S-6
Casing Diameter (inches) Total Well Depth (feet) Depth to Water (feet) Free Product (feet) Reason Not Sampled	3	3	3	3	3	3
	28.0	25.5	25.1	28.8	30.6	22.1
	10.08	10.02	9.77	10.45	10.46	9.81
	none	none	sheen	none	none	none
Calculated 3 Case Vol.(gal.) Did Well Dewater? Volume Evacuated (gal.)	27.2	23.5	23.3	27.9	30.6	18.7
	no	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
	36	15	17	13	41	12
Purging Device	Suction	Suction	Suction	Suction	Suction	Suction
Sampling Device	Bailer	Bailer	Bailer	Bailer	Bailer	Bailer
Time Temperature (F)* pH* Conductivity (umhos/cm)*	11:23	11:47	11:32	08:52	09:10	09:29
	67.5	65.6	68.7	68.4	68.1	69.5
	6.34	6.60	6.46	6.61	6.83	6.27
	489	643	699	444	107	808

^{*} Indicates Stabilized Value

TABLE OF MONITORING DATA GROUNDWATER WELL SAMPLING REPORT

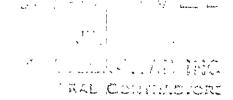
WELL I.D.	S-7	S-8	S-9	S-10	S-11
Casing Diameter (inches) Total Well Depth (feet) Depth to Water (feet) Free Product (feet) Reason Not Sampled	3	3	3	3	3
	30.8	19.2	30.0	24.2	19.2
	11.53	10.57	10.84	9.48	10.64
	none	none	none	none	none
Calculated 3 Case Vol.(gal.) Did Well Dewater? Volume Evacuated (gal.)	29.3	13.1	29.1	22.4	13.0
	no	no	no	yes	yes
	37	16	36	16	10
Purging Device	Suction	Suction	Suction	Suction	Suction
Sampling Device	Bailer	Bailer	Bailer	Bailer	Bailer
Time Temperature (F)* pH* Conductivity (umhos/cm)*	09:36	09:50	10:01	10:44	10:05
	68.7	70.6	69.3	67.5	67.9
	6.41	6.49	6.53	6.65	6.46
	692	628	639	211	632

^{*} Indicates Stabilized Value





ANALYTICAL SERVICES



Date: 07/18/90

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Shell Oil Company Gettler-Ryan 2150 West Winton Hayward, CA 94545 Tom Paulson

Work Order: T0-07-041

P.O. Number: MOH 880-021

This is the Certificate of Analysis for the following samples:

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklnd

Date Received: 07/06/90 Number of Samples: 14 Sample Type: aqueous

TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR ANALYTICAL RESULTS

<u>PAGES</u>	<u>LABORATORY #</u>	SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION
2	T0-07-041-01	S-1
3	T0-07-041-02	S-2
4	T0-07-041-03	s-3
5	T0-07-041-04	S-4
6	T0-07-041-05	S-5
7	T0-07-041-06	s-6
8	TO-07-041-07	S-7
9	T0-07-041-08	S-8
10	T0-07-041-09	S-9
11	T0-07-041-10	s-10
12	T0-07-041-11	S-11
13	T0-07-041-12	SD-2
14	TO-07-041-13	SF-1
15	T0-07-041-14	Trip Blank

Reviewed and Approved:

Suzanne Veaudry Project Manager

> American Council of Independent Laboratories International Association of Environmental Testing Laboratories American Association for Laboratory Accreditation

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/19/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklad

Work Order: 70-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-1

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90 LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-01 SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

		EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS
<u>M</u> E	ETHOD	DATE	DATE
BTEX	8020		07/09/90
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons Mod.	.8015		07/09/90
		DETECTION	
PARAMETER		LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons	 		
calculated as Gasoline		0.05	None
BTEX			
Benzene		0.0005	None
Toluene		0.0005	None
Ethylbenzene		0.0005	None
Xylenes (total)		0.001	None

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90.

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklad

Work Order: #0-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-2

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90 LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-02 SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

Low Boiling Hydrocarbons	Mod.8015		07/09/90
BTEX	8020		07/09/90
	METHOD	DATE	DATE
		EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS

PARAMETER	LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons		
calculated as Gasoline	0.05	0.10
BTEX		
Benzene	0.0005	0.01
Toluene	0.0005	None
Ethylbenzene	0.0005	0.0018
Xylenes (total)	0.001	0.002

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklnd

Work Order: T0-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-3

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90 LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-03 SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

PARAMETER		DETECTION . LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons	Mod.8015		07/09/90
BTEX	8020		07/09/90
	METHOD	DATE	DATE
		EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS

PARAMETER	LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons calculated as Gasoline	2.5	16.
BTEX		
Benzene	0.025	0.42
Toluene	0.025	1.7
Ethylbenzene	0.025	0.64
Xylenes (total)	0.05	3.1

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IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklnd

Work Order: T0-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-4

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90 LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-04 SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

	omra3	miles.		
			EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS
		METHOD	DATE	DATE
BTE	x	8020		07/10/90
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons Mod.8015			07/10/90	
			DETECTION	
PARAMETER		LIMIT	DETECTED	
Low	Boiling Hydrocarbons			
	calculated as Gasolin	e	0.05	None
BTE	K			
	Benzene		0.0005	None
	Toluene		0.0005	None
	Ethylbenzene		0.0005	None
	Xylenes (total)		0.001	None

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklnd

Work Order: T0-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-5

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90 LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-05 SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

vesoris in willidiams)	Ser Pricer:		
		EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS
	METHOD	DATE	DATE
BTEX	8020		07/10/90
Low Boiling Hydrocarbon	ns Mod.8015		07/10/90
PARAMETER		DETECTION LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbon	ng		
calculated as Gasol	line	0.05	None
BTEX			
Benzene		0.0005	None
Toluene		0.0005	None
Ethylbenzene		0.0005	None
Xylenes (total)		0.001	None

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklnd

Work Order: T0-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-6

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90
LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-06
SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

PARAMETER		DETECTION LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons	Mod.8015		07/09/90
BTEX	8020		07/09/90
	METHOD	DATE	DATE
-		EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS

PARAMETER	LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons		
calculated as Gasoline	1.0	4.2
BTEX		
Benzene	0.01	1.2
Toluene	0.01	0.02
Ethylbenzene	0.01	0.03
Xylenes (total)	0.02	0.08

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

0.0006

0.005

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklad

Work Order: T0-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-7

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90
LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-07
SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

Ethylbenzene

Xylenes (total)

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

RESULTS in Milligrams per Liter:

EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS
DATE	DATE
	07/09/90
	07/09/90
DETECTION	DETECTED
DIMII	
0.05	0.27
0.0005	0.0055
0.0005	0.001
	DETECTION LIMIT 0.05

0.0005

0.001

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklnd

Work Order: #0-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-8

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90
LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-08
SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

PARAMETER		DETECTION LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons	Mod.8015		07/09/90
BTEX	8020		07/09/90
	METHOD	DATE	DATE
		EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS

PARAMETER	LIMIT	DETECTED	
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons calculated as Gasoline	0.1	1.5	
BTEX		•	
Benzene	0.001	0.025	
Toluene	0.001	0.075	
Ethylbenzene	0.001	0.067	
Xylenes (total)	0.002	0.25	

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklnd

Work Order: **‡**0-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-9

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90 LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-09 SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

RESULTS in Milligrams per	Liter:		
		EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS
	METHOD	DATE	DATE
BTEX	8020		07/10/90
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons	Mod.8015		07/10/90
		DETECTION	
PARAMETER		LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons			······································
calculated as Gasolin	e	0.05	None
BTEX			
Benzene		0.0005	None
Toluene		0.0005	None
Ethylbenzene		0.0005	None

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklnd

Work Order: 10-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-10

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90 LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-10 SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

RESULTS in Milligrams	per Liter:		
		EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS
	METHOD	DATE	DATE
BTEX	8020		07/10/90
Low Boiling Hydrocark	ons Mod.8015		07/10/90
		DETECTION	
PARAMETER		LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocark	ons		
calculated as Gas	oline	0.05	None
BTEX			
Benzene		0.0005	None
Toluene		0.0005	None
Ethylbenzene		0.0005	None

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

1

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklnd

Work Order: 10-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: S-11

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90
LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-11
SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

METHOD 8020	EXTRACTION DATE	ANALYSIS DATE 07/09/90
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons Mod.8015		07/09/90
	DETECTION	······································
PARAMETER	LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons		
calculated as Gasoline	0.05	2.0
BTEX		
Benzene	0.0005	0.11
Toluene	0.0005	0.21
Ethylbenzene	0.0005	0.093
Xylenes (total)	0.001	0.53

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklnd

Work Order: T0-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: SD-2

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90 LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-12 SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

RESULTS in Milligrams per Liter:		
	EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS
METHOD	DATE	DATE
BTEX 8010		07/09/90
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons Mod.8015		07/09/90
	DETECTION	
PARAMETER	LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons		
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons calculated as Gasoline	0.05	0.15
-	0.05	0.15
calculated as Gasoline	0.05	0.15
calculated as Gasoline BTEX		
calculated as Gasoline BTEX Benzene	0.0005	0.021

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklnd

Work Order: T0-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: SF-1

SAMPLE DATE: 07/05/90 LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-13 SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

	EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS
<u>METHO</u>	D DATE	DATE
BTEX 802	0	07/10/90
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons Mod.801	5	07/10/90
	DETECTION	
PARAMETER	LIMIT	DETECTED
Low Boiling Hydrocarbons		,
calculated as Gasoline	0.05	None
BTEX		
Benzene	0.0005	None
Toluene	0.0005	None
Ethylbenzene	0.0005	None
Xylenes (total)	0.001	None

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES

SAN JOSE, CA

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklad

Work Order: T0-07-041

TEST NAME: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

SAMPLE ID: Trip Blank
SAMPLE DATE: not spec
LAB SAMPLE ID: T007041-14
SAMPLE MATRIX: aqueous

RECEIPT CONDITION: Cool pH < 2

	onto to meetagated por			
			EXTRACTION	ANALYSIS
		METHOD	DATE	DATE
BTE	x	8020		07/09/90
Low	Boiling Hydrocarbons	Mod.8015		07/09/90
			DETECTION	
PAR	AMETER		LIMIT	DETECTED
Low	Boiling Hydrocarbons	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	calculated as Gasolin	е	0.05	None
BTE	x			
	Benzene		0.0005	None
	Toluene		0.0005	None
	Ethylbenzene		0.0005	None
	Xylenes (total)		0.001	None

Company: Shell Oil Company

Date: 07/18/90

Client Work ID: GR3610, 2800 Telegraph, Oklnd

IT ANALYTICAL SERVICES SAN JOSE, CA

Work Order: T0-07-041

TEST CODE TPHVB TEST NAME TPH Gas, BTEX by 8015/8020

The method of analysis for low boiling hydrocarbons is taken from E.P.A. Methods 8015, 8020 and 5030. The sample is examined using the purge and trap technique. Final detection is by gas chromatograhy using a flame ionization detector as well as a photoionization detector. The result for total low boiling hydrocarbons is calculated as gasoline and includes benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes.

Gettler - R	- 4	F K V	-07-0	4// ~ Y	0332	Chain of Custody
COMPANY	Shell C)~/ Cam	ury		JOB	NO
JOB LOCATION _	2800	telegraph	Au/2	8 ts St.		
CITY	Oakland	, cA	- 		PHONE NO.	7-8-3-7500
AUTHORIZED	<u> Ton 1</u>	Paulson_	DATE	7/5/90	P.O. NO	3610
SAMPLE ID	NO. OF CONTAINERS	SAMPLE MATRIX	DATE/TIME SAMPLED	ANALYSIS REQU	JIRED	SAMPLE CONDITION LAB ID
RS-1	3	Ligard	7-5/1123	THC(8.	BINE	Cools
5-2		· · -	1/1147			
5-3			11132		/	<u> </u>
5-4			0857			
<u>2-2</u>			0910		\	
<u>S-G</u>			10909			\
5-7			0936			\
5-8			10950			
5-9			1021			
5-10			1044			
5-11		-	1000			
50-2	1	7	17=			
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			&	62/_	7/6/90	12:55
ESIGNATED LAB	ORATORY:	IT SC		UIIU #	37	
REMARKS:	-1		wic #		5508-	-2303
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