Mara Feeney & Associates

COMMUNITY LIAISON AND SOCIOECONOMIC ANALYSIS

19 BEAVER STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94114 (415) 863-8760 FAX (415) 863-5671

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Ms. Susan Hugo Alameda County Health Agency Department of Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway Alameda, CA 94502

February 18, 1998

Dear Susan,

Thank you for taking the time to meet with me regarding the Public Participation Plan for the Sherwin-Williams site. As we discussed by phone today, we will meet at your office on Tuesday, March 3rd at 10:00 a.m. Please call me as soon as possible if you will not be able to meet at that time. My phone number is (510) 653-7848. I have enclosed a copy of the Tentative Cleanup Order for the site, which the Regional Water Quality Control Board is expected to adopt this week. Please feel free to contact me if you have questions. I look forward to meeting you.

Sincerely,

Melissa Mednick Associate

Encl.

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CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD SAN FRANCISCO BAY REGION

TENTATIVE ORDER
ADOPTION OF SITE CLEANUP REQUIREMENTS AND RESCISSION OF CLEANUP
AND ABATEMENT ORDER NO. 97-047 FOR:

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

for the property primarily located at:

1450 SHERWIN AVENUE EMERYVILLE ALAMEDA COUNTY

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region (hereinafter Board), finds that:

- 1. Site Location: The Sherwin-Williams property is located at 1450 Sherwin Avenue in Emeryville, California approximately 2000 feet from San Francisco Bay and comprises approximately 10 acres. The Sherwin-Williams property is bounded by Horton Street to the east, Chiron property (the former "Rifkin Property") and Temescal Creek to the north, Sherwin Avenue to the south and railroad tracks to the west. The "Site" is currently defined as the Sherwin-Williams' property located at 1450 Sherwin Avenue and a portion of the adjacent former Rifkin Property, now owned by Chiron Corporation, located at 4525-4563 Horton Street, to which hazardous materials have migrated from the above-identified Sherwin-Williams property. The approximate location of the Site is shown in Figure 1. The area is mixed use, comprising primarily industrial and commercial properties with some residential use.
- The Sherwin-Williams Company owns and operates a coatings Site History: 2. manufacturing plant located at 1450 Sherwin Avenue. The plant has been in operation since the early 1900s, manufacturing various types of coating products. Sherwin-Williams also produced lead-arsenate pesticides at the plant from approximately the 1920s until the 1940s. Sherwin-Williams' plant included an acid plant, oil tank storage facility, solvent tank storage facilities, alkyd resin manufacturing facility and a lacquer manufacturing facility. In 1987, Sherwin-Williams changed its manufacturing at the plant from oil-based products to water-based products. According to a previous report discussing historical site use of the Rifkin Property (Harding Lawson Associates 1992), previous owners or users of the Rifkin Property located northeast of the Sherwin-Williams property have utilized that property for industrial purposes. Several USTs were removed from both the Rifkin Property and a portion of the Site formerly owned by Southern Pacific Lines ("SPL") in the late 1980s and 1990s, which had been utilized by previous owners. The site histories for Sherwin-Williams and other nearby properties will be evaluated as part of the site investigation.

Named Dischargers. The Sherwin-Williams Company is named as the discharger because it owned the property and operated the Sherwin-Williams plant at the time of the discharge(s) of hazardous substances occurred thereon and currently owns such property. These hazardous substances from the discharge at the Sherman-Williams plant have migrated off the Sherman-Williams property onto other areas of the Site.

If additional information is submitted indicating that other parties caused or permitted any hazardous substances to be discharged where it entered or could have entered waters of the State within the Site vicinity, the Board will consider adding such parties to this Order or addressing the matter separately.

- 4. Regulatory Status: This site has been subject to the following Board Orders:
 - Cleanup and Abatement Order (CAO) No. 97-047 adopted April 7, 1997.
 - General Waste Discharge Requirements Order No. 94-087, NPDES Permit No. CAG912003, issued March 15, 1995.

This Order supersedes Cleanup and Abatement Order (CAO) No. 97-047. CAO No. 97-047 is rescinded by this Order. On June 24, 1997, pursuant to California Health & Safety Code § 25260 et. seq., Sherwin-Williams submitted a Request to the California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA) for Designation of Administering Agency, seeking the appointment of the Board as the administering agency for the Site identified herein. In Cal/EPA Resolution 97-12, dated July 31, 1997, Sherwin-Williams' request was granted.

- Site Hydrogeology: Information regarding the hydrogeologic characteristics of the 5, lithologic units that underlie the Site has been obtained from the drilling and pump testing conducted during previous investigations at the Sherwin-Williams facility and the Rifkin Property. The results of drilling indicate that shallow "A-zone" groundwater is generally encountered at a depth of 6 to 12 feet bgs. The results of drilling A-zone monitoring wells indicate A-zone groundwater is generally present in (2 to 8 feet thick) discontinuous and heterogeneous beds of sand and/or gravel interbedded with less permeable silty clayey The A zone is underlain by a generally silty clay interval with some sediments. interbedded sands and gravels that typically starts at approximately 15 to 20 feet bgs and is approximately 10 to 18 feet thick. This clay-rich interval has a low permeability, and the unit is believed to act as an aquitard to form a confining layer that reduces hydraulic and chemical migration from the A zone to the B zone. The B zone consists of a thick interval of well-sorted, course-grained, sand and gravel units interbedded with some silty clay sediments. B-zone groundwater is generally encountered at a depth of approximately 28 to 44 feet bgs.
- Remedial Investigation: Several voluntary phases of soil and groundwater investigation have been conducted at the Site. The phases were conducted under the oversight of the RWQCB for the Sherwin-Williams property from 1989 to 1991 to assess the nature and extent of a range of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), and certain inorganic compounds (mostly arsenic and lead) detected at the Site as a result of the investigation of the tank storage and production facilities.

Soil investigations have included the following areas:

- Former oil tank storage.
- Former solvent tank storage.
- A paved parking area near the former solvent tank storage.
- Arsenic source area.
- The southern portion of the Rifkin Property.
- Portions of Horton Street.

VOCs, SVOCs including total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPHs), and metals, primarily arsenic, were identified in A zone groundwater at the Site. Recent B zone groundwater monitoring data has indicated possible downward migration of contaminants. However, the extent of any impact on the B zone will have to be determined with additional investigations.

Periodic groundwater monitoring of on-site and off-site groundwater monitoring wells has been conducted at the Site since 1989. Groundwater samples have been collected periodically for chemical analysis and measurement of groundwater elevations. Soil and groundwater investigations were conducted on the Rifkin Property between 1993 and 1996. VOCs and arsenic were identified in soil and A zone groundwater in the southern portion of the Rifkin Property. TPH and their constituents were also detected. Soil and groundwater investigations at the BGR property (formerly Shell Development Facility), portions of which are upgradient of the Site, also identified the BGR property as a potential source of contaminants impacting groundwater.

Sherwin-Williams submitted a workplan, dated June 2, 1997, with amendments and clarifications dated September 10, 1997, to the Executive Officer to define the vertical and lateral extent of soil and groundwater pollution (the "Workplan"). The Workplan specifies investigation methods and a proposed time schedule. The Workplan also identifies a task for evaluation of current site conditions including review of historical investigation reports and data for the Site to evaluate past chemical usage, subsurface lithology and hydrogeology, and soil and groundwater quality at the investigation area. In addition, the Workplan includes a human-made conduit evaluation addressing the identification of the existence, location, and condition of surface and subsurface human-made conduits at the Site. Work may be phased to allow the investigation to proceed efficiently, and additional investigation(s) may be proposed based on the results of the investigation identified in the Workplan.

- 7. Interim Remedial Measures: IRMs for the Sherwin-Williams property were presented in Levine-Fricke-Recon's report, "Evaluation of Interim Remedial Measures," dated December 20, 1991. In a letter dated March 10, 1992 the Executive Officer, stated that he did not object to implementation of IRMs recommended in the report. Sherwin-Williams subsequently modified and implemented the following IRMs under RWQCB staff oversight:
 - Installed a slurry wall to contain chemically affected areas in the A zone aquifer in an attempt to prevent off-site migration of affected groundwater.

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 Constructed a cap and storm-water collection system in an attempt to prevent infiltration of water from precipitation and storm-water runoff into chemically affected soils.

 Installed a groundwater extraction and treatment system to pump groundwater within the slurry wall in an attempt to create an inward hydraulic gradient and treat extracted groundwater.

In 1994 and 1995, activities were conducted to remove underground storage tanks (USTs) owned by SPL and located near the western Sherwin-Williams property line (adjacent to SPL railroad lines) that were discovered during Sherwin-Williams property remediation construction work.

The objectives of the IRMs were to reduce or eliminate potential human exposure to affected soil and groundwater, prevent or minimize off-site migration of the affected groundwater, and control source areas. More recent water level and analytical data indicate higher groundwater elevations inside the slurry wall relative to the outside of the slurry wall, which may be due to a water source within the slurry wall. Sherwin-Williams is currently evaluating potential water sources within the wall and the adequacy and effectiveness of the IRMs. Continued extraction and treatment of groundwater is necessary to prevent further migration of pollutants.

Sherwin-Williams recently excavated and removed arsenic impacted soil identified along Horton Street, 45th Street, Sherwin Avenue and an adjacent residential property.

- 8. Adjacent Sites: The Sherwin-Williams facility is located at 1450 Sherwin Avenue. The Rifkin Property is to the northeast of Sherwin-Williams and its former address was 4525 through 4623 Horton Street. The Rifkin Property is now an asphalt-covered parking lot with the exception of a building on the northern portion of the property. Harcros Pigments Facility, Myer's Container Corporation, and Barbary Coast Steel are to the west and downgradient of the Sherwin-Williams facility across the railroad tracks. The Southern Pacific Railroad tracks run in an approximate north-south direction between The Sherwin-Williams facility and the three facilities west of the railroad tracks (Harcros Pigments, Myer's Container Corporation, and Barbary Coast Steel). The concrete-lined Temescal Creek runs in an approximate east-west direction adjacent to the northern part of the Sherwin-Williams property and drains into the Bay. Industrial companies that historically operated outside of the Sherwin-Williams property may be potential sources of contamination found on portions of the Site.
- 9. Public Participation: Pollutants from the Sherman-Williams plant have migrated onto adjacent properties owned and operated by others. A Public Participation Plan is necessary to allow these impacted adjacent property owners as well as other owners, tenants and concerned parties to remain informed and participate in the site investigation and remediation process.
- 10. Basin Plan: The Board adopted a revised Water Quality Control Plan for the San Francisco Bay Basin (Basin Plan) on June 21, 1995. This updated and consolidated

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plan represents the Board's master water quality control planning document. The revised Basin Plan was approved by the State Water Resources Control Board and the Office of Administrative Law on July 20, 1995, and November 13, 1995, respectively. A summary of regulatory provisions is contained in 23 CCR 3912. The Basin Plan defines beneficial uses and water quality objectives for waters of the State, including surface waters and groundwaters.

The potential beneficial uses of groundwater underlying and adjacent to the Site include:

- a. Municipal and domestic water supply
- b. Industrial process water supply
- c. Industrial service water supply
- d. Agricultural water supply

At present, there is no known use of groundwater underlying the Site for the above purposes.

The existing and potential beneficial uses of Temescal Creek include:

- a. Water contact and non-contact recreation
- b. Wildlife habitat
- Cold freshwater and warm freshwater habitat
- Fish migration and spawning.
- 11. Other Board Policies: Board Resolution No. 88-160 allows discharges of extracted, treated groundwater from site cleanups to surface waters only if it has been demonstrated that neither reclamation nor discharge to the sanitary sewer is technically and economically feasible. During the previous NPDES permit application process, Sherwin-Williams demonstrated that it was technically infeasible to discharge treated groundwater to the EBMUD sewer system (based on EBMUD discharge requirements) or to reclaim the water. Sherman-Williams has recently indicated, however, that it is again pursuing a permit to discharge the treated water to the EBMUD sewer system.

Board Resolution No. 89-39, "Sources of Drinking Water," defines potential sources of drinking water to include all groundwater in the region, with limited exceptions for areas of high total dissolved solids (TDS), low yield, or naturally-high contaminant levels.

12. State Water Board Policies: State Water Board Resolution No. 68-16, "Statement of Policy with Respect to Maintaining High Quality of Waters in California," applies to this discharge and requires attainment of background levels of water quality, or the highest level of water quality which is reasonable if background levels of water quality cannot be restored. Cleanup levels other than background must be consistent with the maximum benefit to the people of the State, not unreasonably affect present and anticipated beneficial uses of such water, and not result in exceedance of applicable water quality objectives.

State Water Board Resolution No. 92-49, "Policies and Procedures for Investigation and Cleanup and Abatement of Discharges Under Water Code Section 13304," applies to this discharge. This order and its requirements are consistent with the provisions of Resolution No. 92-49, as amended.

- 13. Preliminary Cleanup Goals: The discharger will need to make assumptions about future cleanup standards for soil and groundwater, in order to determine the necessary extent of remedial investigation, interim remedial actions, and the draft cleanup plan. Pending the establishment of site-specific cleanup standards, the following preliminary cleanup goals should be used for these purposes:
 - a. Groundwater: As a minimum concentrations should not exceed applicable water quality objectives (e.g. maximum contaminant levels, or MCLs) or, in the absence of a chemical-specific objective, risk-based levels (e.g., drinking water equivalent levels).
 - b. Soil: I mg/kg total volatile organic compounds (VOCs), 10 mg/kg total semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), and background concentrations of metals.
- 14. Basis for 13304 Order: The discharger has caused or permitted waste to be discharged or deposited where it is or probably will be discharged into waters of the State and creates or threatens to create a condition of pollution or nuisance.
- 15. Cost Recovery: Pursuant to California Water Code Section 13304, the discharger is hereby notified that the Board is entitled to, and may seek reimbursement for, all reasonable costs actually incurred by the Board to investigate unauthorized discharges of waste and to oversee cleanup of such waste, abatement of the effects thereof, or other remedial action, required by this order.
- 16. CEQA: This action is an order to enforce the laws and regulations administered by the Board. As such, this action is categorically exempt from the provisions of California Environmental Quality Act pursuant to Section 15321 Title 14, California Code of Regulations.
- 17. Notification: The Board has notified the discharger and all interested agencies and persons of its intent under California Water Code Section 13304 to prescribe site cleanup requirements for the discharge, and has provided them with an opportunity to submit their written comments.
- 18. Public Hearing: The Board, at a public meeting, heard and considered all comments pertaining to this discharge.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, pursuant to Section 13304 of the California Water Code, that the discharger (or its agents, successors, or assigns) shall clean up and abate the conditions described in the above findings as follows:

A. PROHIBITIONS

- 1. The discharge of wastes or hazardous substances in a manner which will degrade water quality or adversely affect beneficial uses of waters of the State is prohibited.
- 2. Further significant migration of wastes or hazardous substances through subsurface transport to waters of the State is prohibited.
- 3. Activities associated with the subsurface investigation and cleanup which will cause significant adverse migration of wastes or hazardous substances are prohibited.

B. TASKS

1. COMPLETION OF EVALUATION OF CURRENT SITE CONDITIONS, SITE USE HISTORY AND HUMAN-MADE CONDUITS COMPLIANCE DATE: 120 days after the adoption of this Order.

Submit a technical report acceptable to the Executive Officer documenting completion of the tasks relating to evaluation of current site conditions and completion of an evaluation of human-made conduits identified in the Task I "Workplan" (June 2, 1997, with amendments and clarifications dated September 10, 1997). The technical report should:

- a) compile data collected in previous investigations to provide a comprehensive summary of all investigation work completed to date;
- b) inventory chemicals used on the Site (by name and volume) and identify all pollution sources on the Site, including chemical storage areas, sumps, underground tanks, utility lines, and related facilities;
- c) identify surface and subsurface human-made conduits at the Site that may allow contaminants to migrate laterally off site or vertically into deeper aquifers:
- d) modify and/or add to the investigation identified in the "Workplan" based on the findings of Task 1.

2. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PLAN COMPLIANCE DATE: 30 days after adoption of this Order.

Submit a technical report acceptable to the Executive Officer proposing a public participation plan (plan) for the Site. The plan shall be consistent with DTSC guidance.

COMPLETION OF REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION COMPLIANCE DATE: 245 days after adoption of this Order.

Submit a technical report acceptable to the Executive Officer documenting completion of necessary tasks identified in the "Workplan". The technical report should define the vertical and lateral extent of soil and groundwater pollution.

4. EVALUATION OF EXISTING AND ADDITIONAL INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURES

COMPLIANCE DATE: See text below.

Within 90 days following issuance of this Order, Sherwin-Williams shall submit a report acceptable to the Executive Officer evaluating the performance of the IRMs previously implemented and currently operating on the Sherwin-Williams property. Sherwin-Williams shall continue to operate the groundwater extraction and treatment system to minimize migration of affected groundwater and attempt to create an inward hydraulic gradient within the slurry wall. Modifications to the current IRMs, if any, shall be proposed in one or more technical reports. Within 90 days after completion of the investigation in each geographical area of the Site, additional IRMs for such area will also be evaluated to determine if it is prudent to proceed with further site remediation prior to implementing a final remediation plan for the Site. If appropriate, additional IRMs shall be recommended based on the information presented under Task 1 and any preliminary investigation results obtained under Task 3 above.

5. COMPLETION OF INTERIM REMEDIAL ACTIONS

COMPLIANCE DATE: To Be Determined Based on the Schedule Approved by the RWOCB in Task 4.

Submit a technical report acceptable to the Executive Officer documenting completion of necessary tasks identified in the Task 4 workplan. For any groundwater extraction remedial actions, the report should document the start-up and effectiveness of the groundwater system.

6. PROPOSED FINAL, REMEDIAL ACTIONS AND CLEANUP STANDARDS COMPLIANCE DATE: 120 days after approval of the Remedial Investigation by the Executive Officer.

Submit a technical report acceptable to the Executive Officer containing:

- a. A summary of the results of the remedial investigation
- b. Evaluation of the installed interim remedial actions
- c. Feasibility study evaluating alternative final remedial actions
- d. Risk assessment for current and post-cleanup exposures, as well as risk associated with the implementation of the proposed remedy

- e. Recommended final remedial actions and cleanup standards
- f. Recommended implementation tasks and time schedule.

Item c should include projections of cost, effectiveness, benefits, and impact on public health, welfare, and the environment of each alternative action. Items a through c should be consistent with the guidance provided by Subpart F of the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (40 CFR Part 300), CERCLA guidance documents with respect to remedial investigations and feasibility studies, Health and Safety Code Section 25356.1(c), and State Board Resolution No. 92-49 as amended ("Policies and Procedures for Investigation and Cleanup and Abatement of Discharges Under Water Code Section 13304").

Items a through e should consider the preliminary cleanup goals for soil and groundwater identified in finding 13.

7. Delayed Compliance: If the discharger is delayed, interrupted, or prevented from meeting one or more of the completion dates specified for the above tasks, the discharger shall promptly notify the Executive Officer and the Board may consider revision to this Order.

C. PROVISIONS

- 1. No Nuisance: The storage, handling, treatment, or disposal of polluted soil or groundwater shall not create a nuisance as defined in California Water Code Section 13050(m).
- 2. Good Operation and Maintenance (O&M): The discharger shall maintain in good working order and operate as efficiently as possible any facility or control system installed to achieve compliance with the requirements of this Order.
- 3. Cost Recovery: The discharger shall be liable, pursuant to California Water Code Section 13304, to the Board for all reasonable costs actually incurred by the Board to investigate unauthorized discharges of waste and to oversee cleanup of such waste, abatement of the effects thereof, or other remedial action, required by this Order. If the Site addressed by this Order is enrolled in a State Board-managed reimbursement program, reimbursement shall be made pursuant to this Order and according to the procedures established in that program. Any disputes raised by the discharger over reimbursement amounts or methods used in that program shall be consistent with the dispute resolution procedures for that program.
- Access to Site and Records: In accordance with California Water Code Section 13267(c), the discharger shall Permit the Board or its authorized representative:
 - a. Entry upon premises in which any pollution source exists, or may potentially exist, or in which any required records are kept, which are relevant to this Order.

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- Access to copy any records required to be kept under the requirements of this Order.
- c. Inspection of any monitoring or remediation facilities installed in response to this Order.
- d. Sampling of any groundwater or soil which is accessible, or may become accessible, as part of any investigation or remedial action program undertaken by the discharger.
- 5. Self-Monitoring Program: The discharger shall comply with the Self-Monitoring Program as attached to this Order and as may be amended by the Executive Officer.
- 6. Contractor/Consultant Qualifications: All technical documents shall be signed by and stamped with the seal of a California registered geologist, a California certified engineering geologist, or a California registered civil engineer.
- 7. Lab Qualifications: All samples shall be analyzed by State-certified laboratories or laboratories accepted by the Board using approved EPA methods for the type of analysis to be performed. All laboratories shall maintain quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) records for Board review. This provision does not apply to analyses that can only reasonably be performed on-site (e.g. temperature).
- 8. Document Distribution: Copies of all correspondence, technical reports, and other documents submitted to the RWQCB pertaining to compliance with this Order shall be provided to the following entities:
 - a. City of Emeryville
 - b. County of Alameda, Department of Environmental Health
 - c. Cal/EPA-Department of Toxic Substances Control
 - d. Chiron Corporation
 - e. 45th Street Artists' Cooperative
 - f. Administrative record at the public library

The Executive Officer may modify this distribution list as needed.

- Reporting of Changed Owner or Operator: The discharger shall file a technical report on any changes in site occupancy or ownership associated with the property described in this Order.
- 10. Reporting of Hazardous Substance Release: If any hazardous substance is discharged in or on any waters of the State, or discharged or deposited where it is, or probably will be, discharged in or on any waters of the State, the discharger shall report such discharge to the Regional Board by calling (510) 286-1255 during regular office hours (Monday through Friday, 8:00 to 5:00).

A written report shall be filed with the Board within five working days. The

report shall describe: the nature of the hazardous substance, estimated quantity involved, duration of incident, cause of release, estimated size of affected area, nature of effect, corrective actions taken or planned, schedule of corrective actions planned, and persons/agencies notified.

This reporting is in addition to reporting to the Office of Emergency Services required pursuant to the Health and Safety Code.

- 11. Rescission of Existing Order: This Order supersedes and rescinds Cleanup and Abatement Order No. 97-047.
- 12. Periodic SCR Review: The Board will review this Order periodically and may revise it when necessary. The discharger may request revisions and upon review the Executive Officer may recommend that the Board revise these requirements.

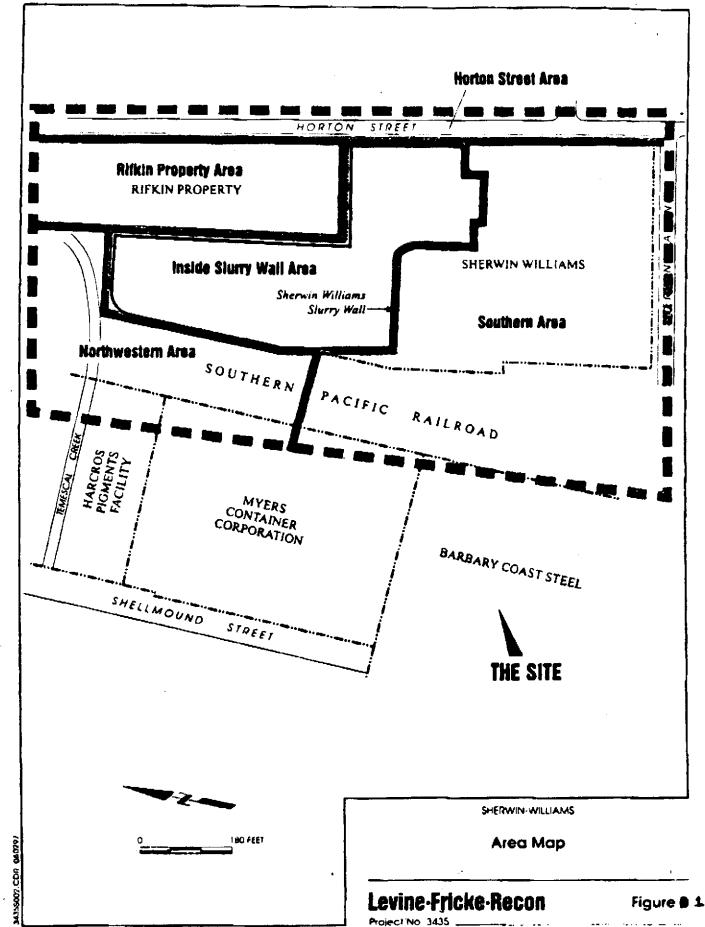
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Loretta K. Barsamian Executive Officer

FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ORDER MAY SUBJECT YOU TO ENFORCEMENT ACTION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO: IMPOSITION OF ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL LIABILITY UNDER WATER CODE SECTIONS 13268 OR 13350, OR REFERRAL TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF OR CIVIL OR CRIMINAL LIABILITY

Attachments: Figure 1, Site Map

Self-Monitoring Program



CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD SAN FRANCISCO BAY REGION

SELF-MONITORING PROGRAM FOR:

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

for the property primarily located at:

1450 SHERWIN AVENUE EMERYVILLE ALAMEDA COUNTY

- 1. Authority and Purpose: The Board requests the technical reports required in this Self-Monitoring Program pursuant to Water Code Sections 13267 and 13304. This Self-Monitoring Program is intended to document compliance with Board Order No. XX-XXX (site cleanup requirements).
- 2. Monitoring: The discharger shall measure groundwater elevations quarterly in all monitoring wells and piezometers, and shall collect and analyze representative samples of groundwater quarterly from the following wells:

Sherwin-Williams site and off-site (except Rifkin)

- A-zone wells LF-3, LF-11, LF-12, LF-13, LF-17, LF-18, LF-19, LF-20, LF-21,
 LF-23, LF-24, and LF-25
- B-zone wells LF-B3, LF-B4, LF-B5, LF-B6
- A-zone extraction wells Ex-1, Ex-2, and Ex-3

Rifkin Property

A-zone wells RP-1, RP-2, RP-3, RP-4, RP-5, MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3

All groundwater samples shall be analyzed for arsenic using EPA Method 7060, VOCs using EPA Method 8260 (including Acetone, 2-Butanone, and 4-methyl-2-pentenone), TPH as gasoline using EPA Method 5030, TPH as diesel using EPA Method 3510, and field pH. The discharger shall sample any new monitoring or extraction wells quarterly and analyze groundwater samples for the same constituents as shown in the above table. The discharger may propose changes in the above table; any proposed changes are subject to Executive Officer approval.

3. Quarterly Monitoring Reports: The discharger shall submit quarterly monitoring reports to the Board no later than 30 days following the end of the quarter (e.g. report for

first quarter of the year due April 30). The reports shall include:

- Transmittal Letter: The transmittal letter shall discuss any violations of the Site cleanup requirements during the reporting period and actions taken or planned to correct the problem. The letter shall be signed by the discharger's principal executive officer or his/her duly authorized representative, and shall include a statement by the official, under penalty of perjury, that the report is true and correct to the best of the official's knowledge.
- b. Groundwater Elevations: Groundwater elevation data shall be presented in tabular form, and a groundwater elevation map should be prepared for each monitored water-bearing zone. Historical groundwater elevations shall be included in the fourth quarterly report each year. Groundwater potential differences (a) across the slurry wall and (b) between the A and B aquifer zone will be tabulated and discussed in each quarterly report.
- c. Groundwater Analyses: Groundwater sampling data shall be presented in tabular form, and on figures for one or more key contaminants for each monitored water-bearing zone, as appropriate. The report shall indicate the analytical method used, detection limits obtained for each reported constituent, and a summary of QA/QC data. Historical groundwater sampling results shall be included in the fourth quarterly report each year. The report shall describe any significant increases in contaminant concentrations since the last report, and any measures proposed to address the increases. Supporting data, such as lab data sheets, need not be included (however, see record keeping -- below).
- d. Groundwater Extraction: If applicable, the report shall include groundwater extraction results in tabular form, for each extraction well and for the Site as a whole, expressed in gallons per minute and total groundwater volume for the quarter. The report shall also include contaminant removal results, from groundwater extraction wells and from other remediation systems (e.g. soil vapor extraction), expressed in units of chemical mass per day and mass for the quarter. Historical mass removal results shall be included in the fourth quarterly report each year.
- e. Status Report: The quarterly report shall describe relevant work completed during the reporting period (e.g. site investigation, interim remedial measures) and work planned for the following quarter.
- 4. Violation Reports: If the discharger violates requirements in the Site Cleanup Requirements, then the discharger shall notify the Board office by telephone as soon as practicable once the discharger has knowledge of the violation. Board staff may, depending on violation severity, require the discharger to submit a separate technical report on the violation within five working days of telephone notification.

- 5. Other Reports: The discharger shall notify the Board in writing prior to any site activities, such as construction or underground tank removal, which have the potential to cause further migration of contaminants or which would provide new opportunities for site investigation.
- 6. Record Keeping: The discharger or his/her agent shall retain data generated for the above reports, including lab results and QA/QC data, for a minimum of six years after origination and shall make them available to the Board upon request.
- 7. SMP Revisions: Revisions to the Self-Monitoring Program may be ordered by the Executive Officer, either on his/her own initiative or at the request of the discharger. Prior to making SMP revisions, the Executive Officer will consider the burden, including costs, of associated self-monitoring reports relative to the benefits to be obtained from these reports.

I, Loretta K. Barsamian,	Executive Officer,	hereby certify t	hat this	Self-Monitoring	Program was
adopted by the Board on			_•	•	_

Loretta K. Barsamian Executive Officer