**AGENCY** 



DAVID J. KEARS, Agency Director

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (LOP) 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577 (510) 567-6700 FAX (510) 337-9335

#### REMEDIAL ACTION COMPLETION CERTIFICATION

StID 3664 - 1111 Broadway, Oakland, CA

February 3, 1997

Mr. Thomas Lacey CMA Asset Managers 500 12th Street, Suite 310 Oakland, CA 94607

Dear Mr. Lacey:

This letter confirms the completion of site investigation and remedial action for the former underground storage tank removed from the above site in 1987. Thank you for your cooperation throughout this investigation. Your willingness and promptness in responding to our inquiries concerning the former underground storage tanks are greatly appreciated.

Based on information in the above-referenced file and with the provision that the information provided to this agency was accurate and representative of site conditions, no further action related to the underground tank release is required.

This notice is issued pursuant to a regulation contained in Title 23, Section 2721(e) of the California Code of Regulations.

Please contact our office if you have any questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

Mee Ling Tung, Director

cc: Chief, Division of Environmental Protection

Kevin Graves, RWQCB

Lori Casias, SWRCB (with attachment)

Cheryl Gordon, UST Cleanup Fund

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#### CASE CLOSURE SUMMARY Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank Program

I. AGENCY INFORMATION Date: December 30, 1996

Agency name: Alameda County-HazMat Address: 1131 Harbor Bay Pkwy

City/State/Zip: Alameda, CA 94502 Phone: (510) 567-6700

Responsible staff person: T. Peacock Title: Supervisor

#### II. CASE INFORMATION

Site facility name: Bramalea Pacific

Site facility address: 1111 Broadway, Oakland, CA 94607

RB LUSTIS Case No: N/A Local Case No./LOP Case No.: 3664

URF filing date: 2/3/89 SWEEPS No: N/A

Responsible Parties: Addresses: Phone Numbers:

Thomas Lacey 500 12th St, Suite 310 510/874-7808

CMA Asset Managers Oakland, CA 94607

Tank Size in Contents: Closed in-place Date:

No: gal.: or removed?:

1 Unknown Diesel Removed 1987

#### III. RELEASE AND SITE CHARACTERIZATION INFORMATION

Cause and type of release: Unknown Site characterization complete? YES

Date approved by oversight agency:

Monitoring Wells installed? Yes Number: 6

Proper screened interval? Yes, 18' to 38' bgs in well APC-13 and APC-14 Highest GW depth below ground surface: 1st encountered water at ~26' bgs during drilling of groundwater monitoring wells.

Flow direction: Northerly, but only measured once.

Most sensitive current use: Office building

Are drinking water wells affected? No Aquifer name: Merritt Sand

Is surface water affected? No Nearest affected SW name: NA Off-site beneficial use impacts (addresses/locations): Unknown

Report(s) on file? YES Where is report(s) filed? Alameda County

1131 Harbor Bay Pkwy Alameda, CA 94502

#### Treatment and Disposal of Affected Material:

<u>Material</u>	Amount (include units)	Action (Treatment or Disposal w/destination)	<u>Date</u>
Tank	1 UST	Unknown	1987

~1 million gallons treated onsite and discharged to sanitary Groundwater sewer from Jan to Nov 1989

Maximum Documented Contaminant Concentrations - - Before and After Cleanup Soil (ppm) Water (ppb) Contaminant

	Before <sup>1</sup> After <sup>3</sup>	Before <sup>2</sup> After <sup>4</sup>	
TPH (Gas) TPH (Diesel)	4,500 990	24,000	
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes	2.6 60 38 198	15,000 2,500 1,200 4,000	
Heavy metals Other 1,2-DCA	$NA^5$	29	

sample E-SP-3 from soldier pier/dewatering well cuttings (1/13/89) NOTE 1

List enforcement actions rescinded: NA

from well APC-13 (12/21/88) most of the soil was removed during excavation for the construction of the 3 below-ground parking garage, but no confirmatory soil samples were ever collected.

groundwater monitoring wells were not sampled except immediately after well 4 construction.

sample E-SP-3 was not analyzed for HVOCs but Area Samples A-1, A-3, B-2, C-5 1, C-2 and D-2, collected from 30' to 38' bgs, were ND for 8240 analyses.

#### IV. CLOSURE

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Does completed corrective action protect existing beneficial uses per the Regional Board Basin Plan? Undetermined Does completed corrective action protect potential beneficial uses per the Regional Board Basin Plan? Undetermined Does corrective action protect public health for current land use? Site management requirements: Yes, a site safety plan to address hydrocarbon and solvent contamination in soil and groundwater should be provided if the sidewalk and/or 11th Street is ever excavated. Should corrective action be reviewed if land use changes? Monitoring wells Decommissioned: Yes Number Retained: Number Decommissioned: List enforcement actions taken: None

#### V. LOCAL AGENCY REPRESENTATIVE DATA

Name: Eva Chu

Title: Haz Mat Specialist

Signature: Osculu

Date: 1/21/97

Reviewed by

Name: Juliet Shin

Signature: Julia Sun

Name: Thomas Peacock

Signature: man deacoch

VI. RWQCB NOTIFICATION

Date Submitted to RB: 1/22/97

RWQCB Staff Name/ /Kevin Graves

Signature:

Title: Sr. Haz Mat Specialist

Date: 12/31/96

Title: Supervisor

Date: (-)-90

RB Response: Affrord

Title: AWRCE

Date: 1-27-97

#### VII. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS, DATA, ETC.

The general area experienced a transition from residential to commercial development during the period of 1902 to 1930. By the 1930s, commercial developments in the area included retail, service, entertainment, and light manufacturing. All buildings on the block bounded by 11th Street, 12th Street, and Broadway were demolished and removed by 1975 to make way for the City Center Development, consisting of a high-rise office building with a loading dock and three levels of underground parking.

An underground storage tank (UST) was reportedly discovered adjacent to the north side of the 1111 Broadway parcel during the 12th Street improvement project in 1987. The tank was punctured during the excavation process and leaked some diesel fuel onto the ground. Analysis of soil samples taken from beneath the tank contained up to 990 ppm diesel. Approximately 20 cubic yards of contaminated soil were removed. The excavation was extended to a depth of ~10' below the tank bottom, into soils that appeared to be uncontaminated. Confirmatory soil samples were not collected.

In June 1988 six borings (APC-1 through APC-5 and groundwater monitoring well APC-1A) were drilled throughout the site to collect soil and groundwater samples. Boring APC-2 was advanced near the location of the former UST removed in 1987. In mid July 1988 additional soil borings, APC-6 through APC-9, were drilled. Borings APC-6 and APC-7 were converted into monitorings wells. Select soil and groundwater samples did not identify significant levels of TPH, VOCs, CAM-17 metals, SVOCs, herbicides, pesticides, cyanide, or phenolics (see Fig 1). Although metal

concentrations for Ba, Cr and Ni in groundwater exceeded Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) for drinking water, it should not be a risk to human health since this water is not a source of drinking water.

In December 1988, during the installation of a shoring system along the north side of 11th Street, hydrocarbon odors were reported in soil cuttings near the then-existing Hyatt Hotel loading dock. A composite soil sample (GRAB-1/S-13 through S-18) from the cuttings contained up to 160 ppm TPHg and 2.6 ppm benzene. (See Fig 2, Table 1)

For the construction of a new loading dock at the southwest portion of the block, a large number of borings were drilled around the perimeter of the site for the installation of the excavation shoring and dewatering systems. Select borings were also drilled to monitor the occurrence of hydrocarbons in areas where contamination might be expected to occur. Wells APC12, APC-13, and APC-14 were also installed along the south, southwest end of the property. Records show that these wells were only sampled once, in December 1988. (See Fig 2)

Based on elevated TPHg, BTEX, and 1,2-Dichloroethane (DCA) levels in groundwater (up to 24,000 ppb, 15,000 ppb and 29 ppb, respectively) from wells APC-13 and APC-14, a groundwater treatment system was constructed to remove hydrocarbons from the groundwater. Periodically, groundwater from the dewatering wells, drainage sumps, and drain trenches was sampled and analyzed for TPH, BTEX and chlorinated hydrocarbons. When TPH concentrations exceeded 50 ppb, or when individual BTEX parameters exceeded 5 ppb, groundwater was routed and treated through the treatment system, which consisted of granulated activated carbon units. After treatment, the water was discharged to the sanitary sewer. Dewatering and treatment of the groundwater began in January 1989 and was completed in November 1989, when construction of the building foundation had progressed to the point where dewatering was no longer required. All monitoring wells were destroyed upon completion of the building foundation.

During the period of continuous pumping, from February through late April, TPH concentrations in the influent groundwater declined from about 3 ppm in early February to less than 0.22 ppm by early April. Benzene showed a similar decline (from 900 ppb to 35 ppb) during this period. Analysis of a groundwater sample taken from dewatering well 3 in November 1989 identified 25 ppm TPH, in the same range as the 24 ppm TPH value found from monitoring well APC-13 in December 1988.

Most of the soil containing TPHg was removed during excavation activities for the construction of the new loading dock (to ~16' bgs) and the building foundation mat (to ~38' bgs). A small pocket of soil containing oil was also removed from the central part of the excavation at ~39' bgs (samples C-4-1, 2 and 3). This soil contained up to 600 ppm trimethyl-cyclohexane, a component of lubricating oil. A zone of contaminated soil, about three feet thick at 27' to 30' bgs, remains in the southwest corner of the mat excavation, adjacent to and under the old Hyatt loading dock, and beneath the sidewalk and 11th Street (up to 4,500 ppm TPHg at E-SP-3). The source of the contamination is not known but appears to be from offsite.

TPHg, benzene, and 1,2-DCA which were identified in groundwater (December 1988) at concentrations of up to 24 ppm, 15 ppm, and 0.029 ppm, respectively, along the southern edge of the property appear limited in extent since groundwater samples from other areas within the property line (wells APC-6, APC-7, and APC-12) did not contain elevated levels of TPHg, BTEX, or organic solvents. Levels of 1,2-DCA in groundwater (29 ppb) from well APC-13 exceeds CA MCL (0.5 ppb) by two orders of magnitude, but should not pose a health risk since groundwater at the site is not a source for drinking water. It should be noted that analysis of a second sample, taken from the same well at the same time, showed no 1,2 DCA above the detection limit of 20 ppb. Maximum 1,2 DCA concentrations from the dewatering wells did not exceed 4 ppb. (See Fig 2, Tables 1 and 2)

Because the perimeter wells were only sampled once (just after they were constructed) the effectiveness of the dewatering system in removing contaminated groundwater cannot be determined. Nor is it known what concentrations of residual soil and groundwater contamination currently exists. But, natural bioattenuation may reduce contaminant levels in soil and groundwater over time.

The direction of groundwater flow, as measured in mid-1988 was from south to north. Assuming that groundwater flow direction remains constant, the hydrocarbon plume from 11th Street would move beneath the existing office building. Since the lower levels of the site consists of a three-level parking garage and loading docks, any petroleum vapor which may migrate through the concrete floors would be removed by the ventilation systems designed to remove automobile and truck exhaust. Therefore, there does not appear to be any health risk due to residual groundwater contamination at the site.

#### Case closure is recommended because:

- the leak and ongoing sources have been removed when the entire site was excavated to depths of 16 to 38' bgs;
- o no water wells, surface water, or other sensitive receptors are likely to be impacted since the plume appears to be localized mainly under the sidewalk and street adjacent to the southern boundary of the 1111 Broadway project at 27' to 30' bgs; and,
- the site presents no significant risk to human health since the ventilation system in the garage would mitigate any potential vapor inhalation problem from residual soil and/or groundwater contamination.

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**Project** 1111 BROADWAY BUILDING Log of Boring APC 12 Oakland, California Date Drilled: December 19, 1988 Remarks: Groundwater monitoring well See Figure A-1 for boring log legend Type of Boring: 8-Inch Auger Hammer: 130 pounds falling 30 inches Blows/ft. Moisture
Content
%
Dry
Density
pcf
Unconfined
Compress.
Strengh Depth, ft. MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Surface Elevation: Approx. 27 feet (Oakland City Datum) <u>100</u> SILTY SAND (SM) Dense, moist, reddish-brown to grayish-brown. Some mottled reddish-brown clay. 50 2-4 SILTY SAND(SM) 10 Dense, moist, reddish-brown, medium grain. Becomes reddish-brown 15 3-4 52 20 SILTY SAND (SM) wet, reddish-brown. 50 6" 25 Bottom of Boring 25' 30 35 Project: 8810021A **Woodward-Clyde Consultants** Figure A-14

Project:

1111 BROADWAY BUILDING

Oakland, California

Log of Boring APC 13

Date Drilled: December 20, 1988

Remarks: Groundwater monitoring well

See Figure A-1 for boring log legend

Type of Boring: 8-Inch Auger Hammer: 130 pounds falling 30 inches

Depth, ft.	Samples	Blows/ft.	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION  Sudana Flourition: Approx. 25 feet (Oakland City Datum)	Moisture Content	Dry Density pof	Unconfined Compress. Strengh
			Surface Elevation: Approx. 25 feet (Oakland City Datum)	<del> </del>		
5	1-4	39	SILTY S A N D (SM-SP) Slightly moist, reddish-brown. Contains pieces of brick material.			
10 -	2-4	2.5"	CLAYEY SAND(SC) Dense, moist, reddish-brown.			
15 —		3	Becomes blue-gray. Smells of gasoline in bottom 2 sample tubes (approx. 14.5')			
-			Contaminated sand as above	4		
25 —			Bottom of Boring 23'			
30 ~			-	4		
35 -			-			
40 - Pro	ject: 8	8100	21A Woodward-Clyde Consultants	F	igure A	\-15

1111 BROADWAY BUILDING Project: Log of Boring APC 14 Oakland, California Date Drilled: December 20, 1988 Remarks: Groundwater monitoring well See Figure A-1 for boring log legend Type of Boring: 8-inch Auger Hammer: 130 pounds falling 30 inches Moisture Content % Dry Density pd Depth, f. MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Surface Elevation: Approx. 27 feet (Oakland City Datum) 74 CLAYEY SAND (SC) Wet, reddish-brown, fine-grain. 2-4 68 CLAYEY SAND(SC) 10 Wet, reddish-brown, medium-grain. Contains some mottled clay (CH). 72 SANDY CLAY(CL) 15 Dense, wet, grayish-brown. 20 25 Bottom of Boring 25' 30 35 Project: 8810021A **Woodward-Clyde Consultants** Figure A-16

Project No. APC Building
8810021A Oakland, CA BORING LOCATION PLAN

Woodward-Clyde Consultants

Figure
1

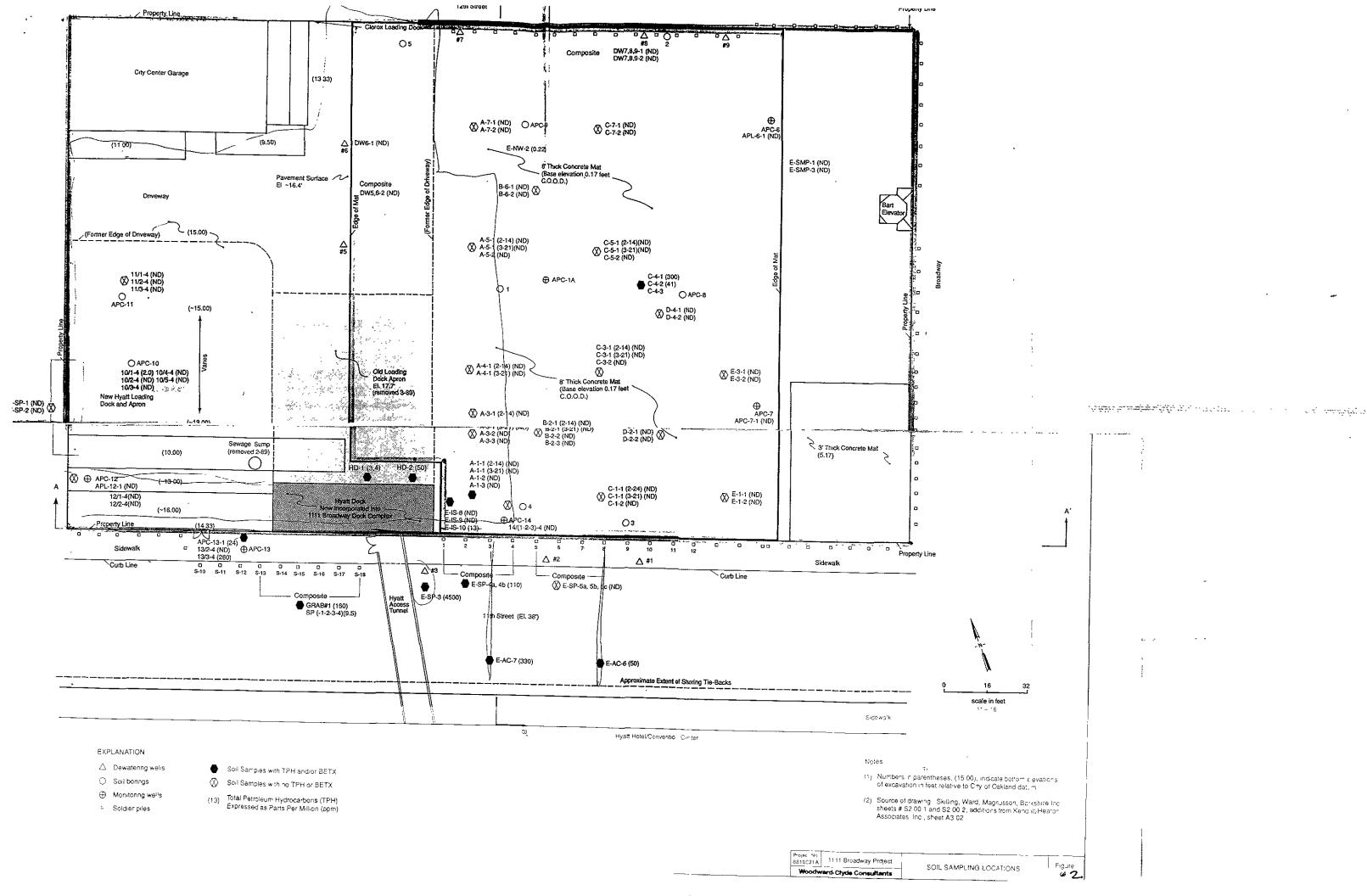


TABLE 1. SUMMARY OF CHEMICAL ANALYTICAL RESULTS: SOIL - 1111 BROADWAY PROJECT

	San	mpling Results	·						
umber	Date	Location(1)	Elevation (feet)	TPH-Gasoline ppm	Benzene ppm	Toluene ppm	Ethyl Benzene ppm	Xylenes ppm	Other Analyses/Notes
RAB-1	12-09-88	Soldier Pile S-13 to -1	8 12	160	2.6	12	3.7	13	
oil Boring a	nd Monitorir	ng Well Samples							
0/1-4	12-19-88	Soil Boring APC-10	20	2.0	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	
0/2-4	12-19-88	Soil Boring APC-10	16	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	
0/3-4	12-19-88	Soil Boring APC-10	10	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	•
0/4-4	12-19-88	Soil Boring APC-10	5	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	ì
0/5-4	12-19-88	Soil Boring APC-10	1	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	
1/1-4	12-19-88	Monitoring Well APC-11	11	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	) 
1/2-4	12-19-88	Monitoring Well APC-11	6	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	1
1/3-4	12-19-88	Monitoring Well APC-11	1	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	
2/1-4	12-19-88	Monitoring Well APC-12	22	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	
2/2-4	12-19-88	Monitoring Well APC-12	17	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	
/2-4	12-20-88	Monitoring Well APC-13	16	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	
/3-4	12-20-88	Monitoring Well APC-13	11	260	N.D.	0.91	2.2	N.D.	
4/(1-2-3)-4	12-20-88	Monitoring Well APC-14	22 to 12	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	Composite of 14/1-4, 14/2-4, 14/3-4

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to Figures 1 and 4 for sample locations.

<sup>(2)</sup> N.D. = Not Detected. Limits of detection vary.

<sup>(3)</sup> Elevations are based on the City of Oakland Datum.

TABLE 1. SUMMARY OF CHEMICAL ANALYTICAL RESULTS: SOIL - 1111 BROADWAY PROJECT (continued)

	Sampling Result							
Number	Date	Elevation (feet)	TPH-Gasoline ppm	Benzene ppm	Toluene ppm	Ethyl Benzene ppm	Xylenes ppm	Other Analyses/Notes
Soldier Pier and	Dewatering Well	Cuttings		-		<del>,</del>		
SP(-1-2-3-4)	12-20 <b>-</b> 88	27 to 0	9.5	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	0.15	Composite
W-SP-1	01-10-89	20 to 16	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	•
W-SP-2 E-SP-3	01-11-89	16	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	·
E-SP-4a,4b	01-13-89 01-25-89	12	4500	N.D.	60	38	198	
	01-25-89	27 to 0	110 N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	1.2	1.7	
E-SP-5a,5b,5c	01-23-69	27 to 0	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	
E-AC-6	02-10-89	9	50	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	0.39	
E-AC-7	02-10-89	9	330	N.D.	0.2	1.1	3.9	
Area Investigatio	<u>n</u>				•			
A-1-1	02-14-89	7	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	Acetone=3ppm, Xylenes=0.14ppm ( Methylene Chloride=7.8 ppm (3) Total Lead=11 ppm
B-2-1	02-14-89	8	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	Methylene Chloride=1.4 ppm (3) Total Lead=11 ppm
A-3-1	02-14-89	8	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	Total Lead=14 ppm
C-1-1	02-14-89	9	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	.ooa, cod 14 ppm
A-4-1	02-14-89	6	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	Total Lead = 14 ppm

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to Figures 1 and 4 for sample locations.

<sup>(2)</sup> N.D. = Not Detected. Limits of detection vary.

<sup>(3)</sup> These data are believed to result from laboratory error.

<sup>(4)</sup> Elevations are based on the City of Oakland Datum.

TABLE 2. SUMMARY OF CHEMICAL ANALYTICAL RESULTS: GROUNDWATER - 1111 BROADWAY PROJECT

	Samp	ling Information		Test				
Number	Date	Location	TPH-gasoline ppm	Benzene ppm	Toluene ppm	Ethyl Benzene ppm	Xylene ppm	Other Analyses/Notes
APL-7-1	12-21-88	Monitoring Well APC-7	N.D.	0.0018	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	
APL-12-1	12-21-88	Monitoring Well APC-12	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	
APL-6-1	12-21-88	Monitoring Well APC-6	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	
APC-13-1	12-21-88	Monitoring Well APC-13	24	15	2.5	1.2	4	•
APC-14-1	12-21-88	Monitoring Well APC-14	5.1	0.12	0.03	0.37	0.45	1,2-DCA = 0.029 ppm Organic Lead = N.D.
DW6-1	01-17-89	Dewatering Well #6	N.D.	0.00055	N.D.	0.0006	0.00083	'
E-NW-2	02-09-89	NW Corner, near APC-9	0.22	0.0051	0.0192	0.0039	0.0464	
DW7, 8, 9-1	03-02-89	Dewatering Wells 7, 8, and 9	N.D.	N.D.	0.0031	N.D.	N.D.	2-Butanone = 0.013 ppm (4 1,2-DCA 0.0029 ppm (4)
DW5, 6-2	03-09-89	Dewatering Wells 5 and 6	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	1,2-DCA 0.004 ppm (4)
DW7, 8, 9-2	03-09-89	Dewatering Wells 7, 8, and 9	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	1,2-DCA 0.0036 ppm (4)
E-SMP-1	03-20-89	Sump Pump El. 1.5'	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	Acetone = $0.031 \text{ ppm}$ (4)
E-SMP-3	03-27-89	Trench Drain, North	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	Volatile Organics = N.D.
E-SMP-7	04-10-89	Trench Drain, North	0.039	0.0036	0.0035	0.0019	0.0075	
DW7, 8, 9-3	04-18-89	Dewatering Wells 7, 8, and 9	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	1
DW1, 2, 3	05-03-89	Dewatering Wells 1, 2, and 3	0.4	0.0037	0.0017	0.0016	0.0095	
DW7, 8, 9	05-03-89	Dewatering Wells 7, 8, and 9	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	1

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to Figures 1 and 4 for monitoring well and sampling point locations.

<sup>(2) 1,2-</sup>DCA = 1,2-Dichloroethane

<sup>(3)</sup> N.D. = Not detected. Limits of detection vary.

<sup>(4)</sup> These data are believed to result from solvents used in assembling the dewatering system.

## 8810021AT1 CON-3

CONT. TABLE 1. SUMMARY OF CHEMICAL ANALYTICAL RESULTS: SOIL - 1111 BROADWAY PROJECT (continued)

Sampling Results								
Number	Date	Elevation (feet)	TPH-Gasoline ppm	Benzene ppm	Test Results Toluene ppm	Ethyl Benzene ppm	Xylenes ppm	Other Analyses/Notes
Area Samples								
A-5-1 C-5-1 C-3-1 E-1S-8 E-1S-9 E-1S-10 A-1-1 A-1-2 A-1-3 A-3-1 A-3-2 A-3-3 B-2-1 B-2-2 B-2-3 C-1-1 C-1-2 C-3-1 C-3-2 D-2-1 D-2-2 A-4-1 A-5-1,2 A-7-1,2 B-6-1,2 C-5-1,2	02-14-89 02-14-89 02-14-89 02-23-89 02-23-89 02-23-89 3/21/89	7 7 8 5 2 11 7 4 1 8 4 1 8 4 1 4 0 4 0 4 0 2 Comp. 0 to 4 Comp. 0 to 4 Comp. 0 to 4 Comp. 0 to 4	N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	EPA 8240 Organics = N.D.

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to Figures 1 and 4 for sample locations.

<sup>(2)</sup> N.D. = Not Detected. Limits of detection vary.

<sup>(3)</sup> Elevations are based on the City of Oakland Datum.

CONC. TABLE 1. SUMMARY OF CHEMICAL ANALYTICAL RESULTS: SOIL - 1111 BROADWAY PROJECT (concluded)

Sampling Results								
Number	Date	Elevation (feet)	TPH-Gasoline ppm	Benzene ppm	Test Results Toluene ppm	Ethyl Benzene ppm	Xylenes ppm	Other Analyses/Notes
C-7-1,2 D-4-1,2 E-1-1,2 E-3-1,2 C-4-1	3/21/89 3/21/89 3/21/89 3/21/89 3/28/89	4 4 4 2	N.D. N.D. N.D. 300	N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	Trimethyl Cyclopentane=120 ppm Methyl Propyl Cyclopentane=190 ppm Dimethyl Cyclopentane=210 ppm Trimethyl Cyclopentane=620 ppm Tetramethyl Cyclopentane=190 ppm EPA 8240 Volatiles = N.D.
C-4-2 C-4-3	3/28/89 3/28/89	0 -1	41	N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D.	Trimethyl Cyclohexane=0.54 ppm EPA 8240 Volatiles = N.D.
HD-1 HD-2	5/3/89 5/3/89	10 9	3.4 50	N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D.	

- (1) Refer to Figures 1 and 4 for sample locations.
- (2) N.D. = Not Detected. Limits of detection vary.
- (3) Elevations are based on the City of Oakland Datum.