ADDITIONAL SITE CHARACTERIZATION 1461 PARK AVENUE EMERYVILLE, CALIFORNIA

Prepared for:

Union Bank 445 SOUTH FIGUEROA STREET LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90071

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> Project #050-03B December 16, 1991

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	T OF TABLES T OF FIGURES	ii ii
1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
2.0	OBJECTIVE	1
3.0	SCOPE OF WORK	2
4.0	SITE SETTING 4.1 Land Use 4.2 Previous Investigation 4.3 Surface Conditions 4.4 Geology and Hydrology	2 2 3 3 4
5.0	FIELD INVESTIGATION	4
6.0	LABORATORY ANALYSIS	5
7.0	DISCUSSION 7.1 Subsurface Conditions 7.2 Distribution of Chemicals in the Soil 7.3 Criteria for Site Remediation	6 6 6 7
8.0	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	7
9.0	REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES	8
REF	FERENCES	10
APP!	PENDIX A Field Procedures PENDIX B Boring Logs PENDIX C Laboratory Reports	

LIST OF TABLES

TABLE NO.

TITLE

Table 1

Summary of Laboratory Analyses

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE NO.

TITLE

Figure 1

Site Location Map

Figure 2

Site Sketch, Previous Borings

Figure 3

Site Sketch

Figure 4

Estimated Limits of Migration

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Soil and ground water with elevated concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons were detected at 1461 Park Avenue, in Emeryville, California, following the removal of two underground fuel storage tanks in 1989. The site is located on the southwest corner of the intersection of Park Avenue and Horton Street. The position of the site is shown relative to geographic, topographic and man-made features in Figure 1.

Subsequent to a review of the report of the removal of the tanks prepared by PCC, Incorporated, Remedial Action Corporation (RAC) proposed that an additional investigation be performed to assess the petroleum hydrocarbon migration prior to site remediation.

In May, 1991, an initial site assessment was performed and 6 hand auger borings were drilled to ground water at plan locations between 5 and 10 feet from the former tank area. Locations of the borings were outside the perimeter of the anticipated remedial excavation, based on the information in the reports prepared by PCC Incorporated, for the tank removal project. The report of this investigation dated August 2, 1991 was submitted to Union Bank, Trust Department and concluded that all soil samples collected from the borings contained elevated concentrations of VOCs, and that additional borings were needed to define the lateral extent of petroleum hydrocarbon in the soil.

On August 9, 1991, a proposal was submitted to Union Bank, Trust Department for an additional site investigation to define the lateral extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil. It was proposed that 6-hand auger borings be drilled approximately 10 to 15 feet from the previous borings drilled by Remedial Action Corporation and further from the former tank excavation. Where the hand auger borings detected elevated concentrations of total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) step out borings were to be drilled to define the lateral extent of the TPH. This report presents the results of the investigation.

2.0 OBJECTIVE

The objective of the additional site investigation is to define the lateral extent of petroleum hydrocarbon migration in the soil.

3.0 SCOPE OF WORK

The scope of work included the following:

- Preparation of a Work Plan
- Drilling six hand auger borings in areas adjacent to the former underground storage tanks (USTs).
- Analysis of the soil samples for TPH and Benzene, Toluene, Xylene, and Ethylbenzene (BTXE).
- Drilling of 17 step out borings to define the lateral extent of TPH migration.
- Prepare this report for submittal to Alameda County Department of Health Services.

In order to proceed with a continuous step out program, determination of whether elevated VOCs could be present was made in the field based on headspace concentrations. Where headspace concentrations from samples at depths of 2 feet were 50 ppm by volume or greater the borings were considered to have elevated concentrations of VOCs, and the location was abandoned and step out borings drilled. Where elevated concentrations were not detected at depths of two feet the borings were advanced to depths of about six feet and another sample obtained. If the headspace detected 50 ppm by volume VOCs then the boring was considered to have elevated concentrations and step out borings were drilled.

4.0 SITE SETTING

4.1 LAND USE

The property is situated, approximately a quarter of a mile east of the San Francisco Bay, in a commercial area of the city of Emeryville, California at about 122° 17' 30" west longitude and 37° 69' north latitude. The dominant industries in the area are warehousing and manufacturing.

The property was occupied from 1968 to 1973 by Pic-a-Tune, reportedly a music or record distributor. From 1973 to 1986 it was leased by Stuart Western, Stuart Radiator and Stuart Auto Parts. The Stuart companies were involved in rebuilding brakeshoes and/or warehousing and distributing auto parts. In 1986, Stuart Western was purchased by Modine Southwest Company. This company owns Western Brake Company, which is presently located on the site and warehouses and distributes vehicle brake parts and radiators.

4.2 PREVIOUS INVESTIGATION

In March 1990, two underground storage tanks (USTs) were removed by PCC, Incorporated. A tank closure report was filed with the Alameda County Health Care Agency (ACHCA) in July 1990. A 3000-gallon tank containing gasoline was found in good condition. A 500-gallon tank, thought to contain diesel, showed evidence of leakage due to failure at the welds. The required reports of contamination were filed with the RWQCB and with the ACHCA. The results of the analysis of the soil samples obtained from the tank excavation and the analysis of subsequent soil and water samples obtained from borings and monitoring wells is summarized in the Remedial Action Corporation report dated August 2, 1991.

On May 15 and 16, 1991, Remedial Action Corporation hand augered 6 borings to depths of from 4.5 to 9.5 feet below the ground surface in the former tank area. One soil boring was drilled within the backfilled excavation of the former tanks. Five of the borings were located outside the perimeter of the remedial excavation proposed by PCC, Inc. in areas anticipated to be clean. Analysis of the soil samples from these five borings detected elevated concentrations of TPH and BTXE in excess of the proposed clean up criteria (Figure 2). Based on the results of this initial investigation this subsequent investigation was proposed to define the lateral extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil.

In the investigation by PCC, Inc., three monitoring wells were installed on the site. Subsequent sampling and analysis of groundwater samples from MW1, MW2 and MW3 detected dissolved phase petroleum hydrocarbons. From water level measurements in the monitoring wells, the direction of ground water movement was determined to be in a northwestern direction in May 1991.

4.3 SURFACE CONDITIONS

The former underground storage tanks were located immediately adjacent to the northeastern corner of the building, in what would be a sidewalk, at the intersection of Park Avenue and Horton Street, as shown in Figure 3. Several truck doors are located on the side of the building where the tanks were formerly located, and in this area there is loading and unloading of materials. The land surface covering the area of the former USTs, which is approximately 30 feet by 15 feet in plan dimensions, is unpaved and covered with vegetation. The surrounding land surfaces not occupied by buildings are paved streets and sidewalks. The site gently slopes toward the west with surface drainage being mostly in the form of sheetwash.

4.4 GEOLOGY AND HYDROLOGY

The site is situated approximately 12 feet above mean sea level about a quarter of a mile east of the San Francisco Bay. The property lies on recent Alluvial Bay Muds that are the youngest geological unit in the San Francisco Bay area. These deposits are underlain by sandstones of the Merrit Formation that in turn overlie the Alameda Formation that primarily consists of silty clays and associated layers of sand and fine gravels (Kaldveer and Associates, 1980).

The Alluvial Bay Muds contain a series of confined aquifers separated by relatively impermeable clay layers. Machine auger borings, conducted on the property as part of a previous investigation, detected confined ground water at a depth of between 6.5 and 8 feet below the ground surface. The groundwater was observed to stabilize at about a depth of four feet below the ground surface in the monitoring wells.

Relatively permeable, thin, interbedded layers of sands, silts and clays are reportedly dominant from ground surface to an approximate depth of 25 feet. At a depth of 25 feet a relatively impermeable unit of silty clay restricts the downward migration of ground water. Reportedly, above this aquiclude, ground water is regionally moving toward San Francisco Bay, in a west to southwesterly direction, at a rate of 0.2 - 2.0 feet/day (Kleinfelder & Associates, 1982). Based on groundwater measurements by Remedial Action Corporation in May 1991, groundwater was observed to be flowing beneath the site in a northwesterly direction, Figure 3. The groundwater gradient was approximately 2.2 feet vertical per 1,000 feet horizontal (RAC, 1991).

Ground water pumping wells in the area reportedly utilize water from a depth of 250 feet below ground surface. (RWQCB, 1991)

5.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

Between September 30, 1991, and October 2, 1991, 23 hand auger borings were drilled to a depth of from 2 to 9 feet below ground surface at the locations shown in Figure 3. Eight hand auger borings were drilled in Park Avenue, 10 were drilled in Horton Street and 5 were drilled within the building.

RAC

At each boring location, an eight inch core was cut in the surface asphalt or concrete. Borings were drilled using hand augers and samples were collected, using a drive hammer, generally at two and six feet below ground surface. The procedures for hand auger boring and soil sampling are described in Appendix A.

A portable organic vapor analyzer (OVA) was used in the field to measure the volatile organic chemicals (VOCs) in the headspace present above the soil samples sealed in heated mason jars. The method of sampling the headspace is described in Appendix A.

It was originally proposed to drill 6 hand auger borings at the locations 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, and 206. Field headspace analysis conducted on soil samples collected from these initial boring locations, however, detected elevated VOC concentrations in excess of 50 ppm. Consequently, two step-out hand auger borings were drilled 10 and 15 feet and approximately 90 degrees apart and 10 to 20 feet from each of the original boring locations. Where elevated VOC concentrations were detected in the step out borings additional step out borings were drilled using the same procedures as for the initial step outs. The final pattern of step out borings is shown in Figure 3.

The results of OVA headspace analysis and a description of the soil stratigraphy are shown on the boring logs in Appendix B. The Unified Soil Classification System used to log the borings is described in the fold out on the last page in Appendix B.

Two 55 gallon drums of soil was generated from hand auger drilling conducted during this investigation. The drums were labeled and stored at the site prior to disposal at an appropriate facility.

6.0 LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Laboratory analysis for TPH and BTXE was conducted on 17 selected soil samples from hand auger borings 201 to 224 to assess the lateral extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil. NET a state certified hazardous waste laboratory performed the analysis. Samples were chosen for analysis based on field OVA analysis and spacial distribution around the former UST area. The method of performing the analysis are as follows:

- TPH as gasoline EPA Method 8015 Modified.
- Benzene, Toluene, Xylenes, Ethylbenzene (BTXE) EPA Method 8020.

The field headspace results and summary of the results of laboratory analyses performed on samples from the soil borings is presented in Table 1. The results of TPH laboratory analysis are presented together with the results of field headspace OVA analysis on the Boring Logs in Appendix B. The laboratory reports are provided in Appendix C.

7.0 DISCUSSION

7.1 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

The site is situated approximately 12 feet above MSL 1/4 mile east of the San Francisco Bay. The site is underlain by Alluvial Bay Muds to the maximum depth, 20 feet, explored during this investigation and the previous investigations by Remedial Action Corporation and PCC, Inc. From the hand auger borings conducted during this investigation dark black plastic clay deposits were observed to a depth of between 4 and 6 feet below ground surface. Below a depth of about six feet the soils were generally a grey to light-grey silty clay or clayey silt to the maximum depth explored which is 9 feet.

Ground water was encountered in borings 207 and 208 at 7 and 9 feet below ground surface, respectively. In the two borings ground water was observed to rise by approximately one foot in one hour. In other borings, where ground water was not encountered, a wet zone, considered to be the capillary zone, was identified above the water bearing zone.

7.2 DISTRIBUTION OF CHEMICALS IN THE SOIL

At all soil borings a relatively thin layer of unsaturated soil is present from the ground surface to a depth of about six feet, as shown on the boring logs. Field screening of soil samples detected elevated concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons above 50 ppm in 13 borings. The 50 ppm criteria was used as an indicator of elevated petroleum hydrocarbons above the remediation criteria established in the previous investigation (RAC, 1991). Where elevated concentrations of VOCs were detected in the field and samples were collected and analyzed in the laboratory the correlation was good. All six of the samples with VOC concentrations above 50 ppm as measured in the field and subsequently analyzed in the laboratory, exceeded one or more of the remediation criteria. Only three of the six, however, exceeded the criteria for TPH. Of the seven samples that did not exceed the 50 ppm field screening criteria two samples had concentrations of benzene greater then the remediation criteria of $10 \mu g/Kg$. Field screening alone therefore, cannot detect the limits

of either the BTXE or the TPH plumes but can be used to reduce the number of samples needed to be analyzed to define the limits of the plumes.

Based on the borings and laboratory analysis performed for this and previous investigations the approximate extent of petroleum hydrocarbon migration in the soil above the remediation criteria are shown in Figure 4. The limits as defined separately by TPH and the combined TPH and BTXE criteria are shown on the figure. The limits of the migration are reasonably well defined in Horton Street and with less confidence in Park Avenue. The limits within the building to the northwest have not been defined by the investigations. All soil samples collected from borings 205, 206, 207, 208 and 209 drilled within the building detected elevated concentrations of VOCs. Further investigation inside the building would be require at a later date to assess the extent of petroleum migration to the northwest.

The extent of site remediation based on TPH remediation criteria, only, as shown in Figure 4, is much smaller than the extent of site remediation based on all criteria which is mostly defined by the benzene criteria of 10 μ g/Kg. Relaxing the benzene criteria to about 100 μ g/Kg in the soil would reduce the limits of the remediation to about the limits defined by TPH.

7.3 CRITERIA FOR SITE REMEDIATION

The criteria for remediation of petroleum hydrocarbon soil contamination are presented in the Work Plan for additional site investigation and remediation dated March, 1991. The criteria for soil remediation identified in the Work Plan are TPH at 10 mg/Kg and BTXE at 10, 50, 50, 50, μ g/Kg respectively.

8.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The lateral extent of absorbed phase petroleum hydrocarbon soil contamination in Horton Street and to a lesser certainty in Park Avenue has been defined. The extent of absorbed phase petroleum hydrocarbon soil contamination beneath the building, at 1461 Park Avenue, has not been defined and additional investigation at a later date would be necessary to asses the extent of the migration.

Remediation of the soil outside the building could proceed at this time using a mobil laboratory in the field to verify the horizontal limits of the excavation. The vertical extent would be to a depth of about 6 feet or just above the confined ground water aquifer.

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The extent of petroleum migration in the soil is shown on Figure 4. The approximate area and volumes of soil within the TPH and combined TPH and BTXE remediation criteria limits are as follows:

AREA AND VOLUME OF SOILS EXCEEDING REMEDIATION CRITERIA

CRITERIA	AREA									
	TOTAL		OUTSIDE BUILDING							
	AREA (SQ. FT.)	VOLUME (CUBIC YD.)	AREA (SQ. FT.)	VOLUME (CUBIC YD.)						
ТРН	6,312	1,403	3,438	764 .						
TPH AND BTXE	12,724	2,827	8,030	1,784						

9.0 REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES

Remedial alternative for soil with elevated concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons include excavation and on site aeration, excavation and on site bioremediation, or "do nothing." Due to limited space on site, aeration and on site bioremediation are not feasible alternatives. Concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil exceed the site remediation criteria and therefore "doing nothing" is not feasible. As proposed in the work plan excavation and disposal of the soil is the most feasible alternative.

Based on the laboratory analysis, the soil is non hazardous. Disposal of the soil in local landfills is not feasible due to concentrations of benzene. Gibson Oil and Refining Inc., in Bakersfield however, will treat and recycle the soil. Ogden, Inc. has a thermal treatment facility in Stockton, California which may also be an alternative for treatment of the waste. Currently, however, the facility is closed awaiting permits.

Very truly yours,

REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION

James Farrow

Staff Geologist

Edward B. Sirota

Project Manager



05003BJF.RP1

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RAC, 1991, "Site Characterization 1461 Park Avenue, California, August 2, 1991"

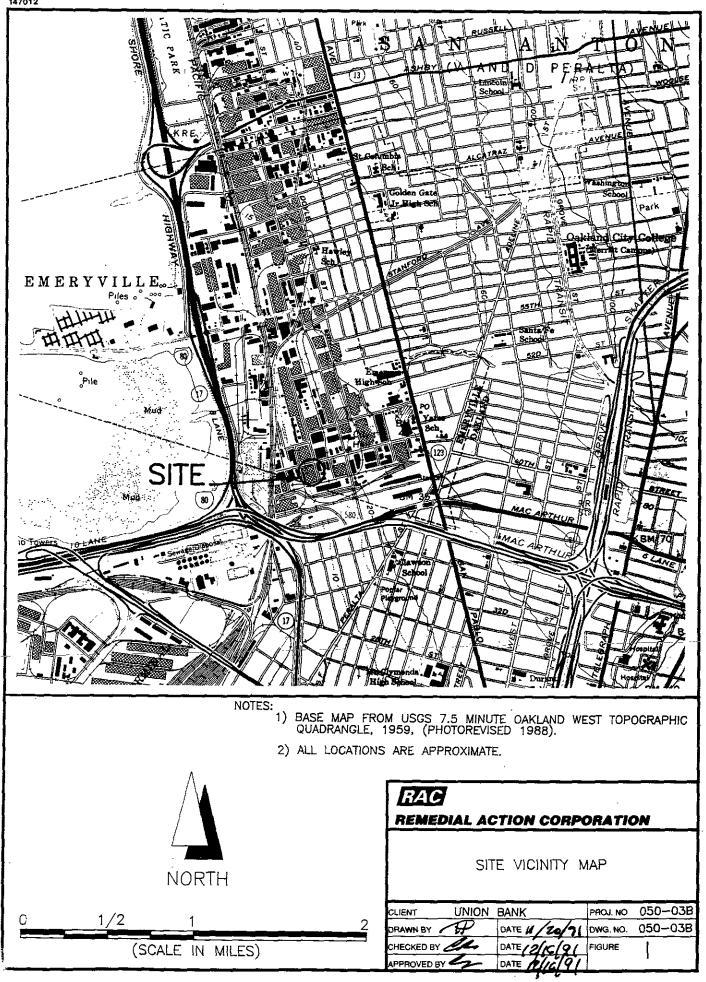


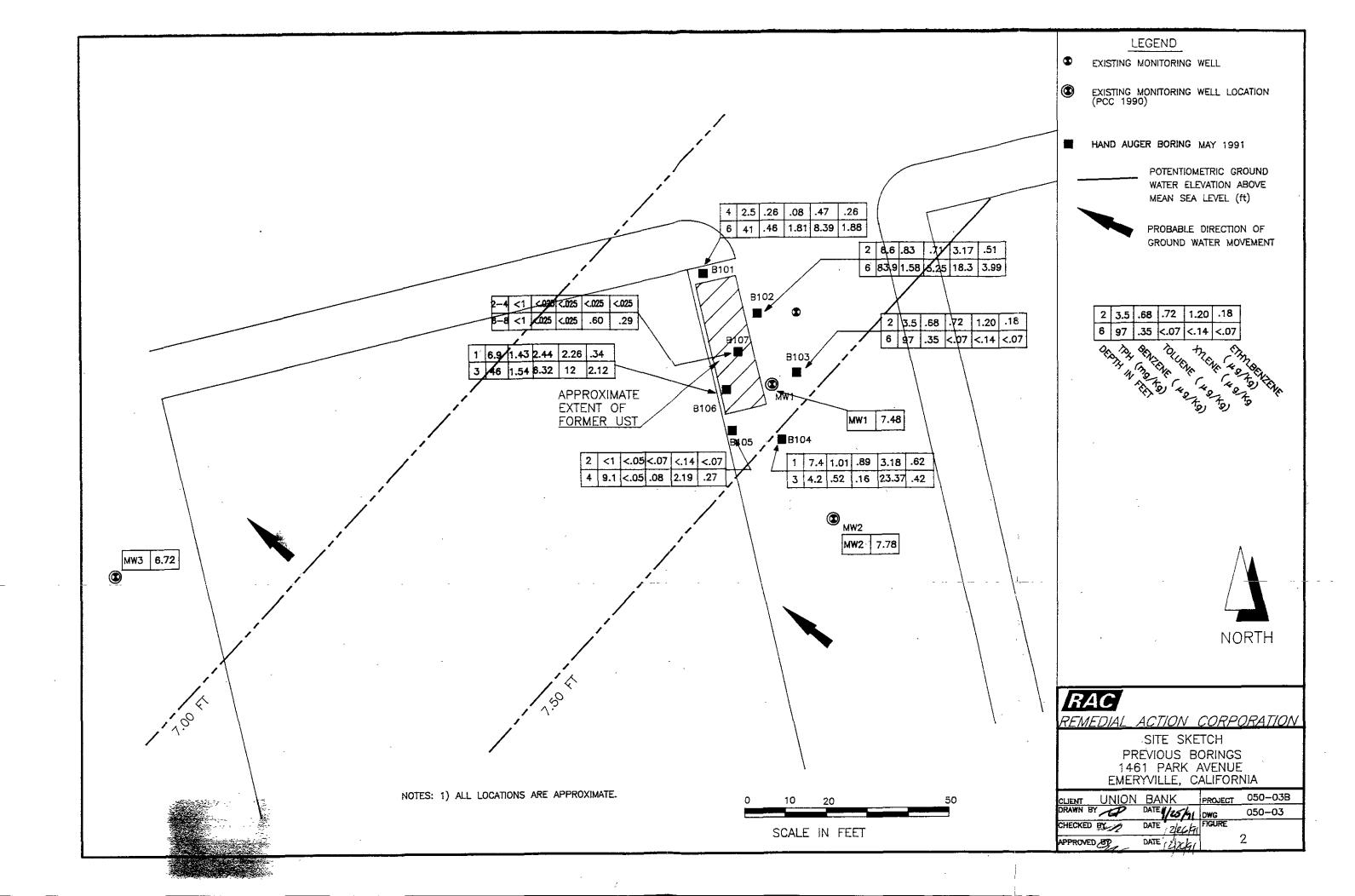
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES

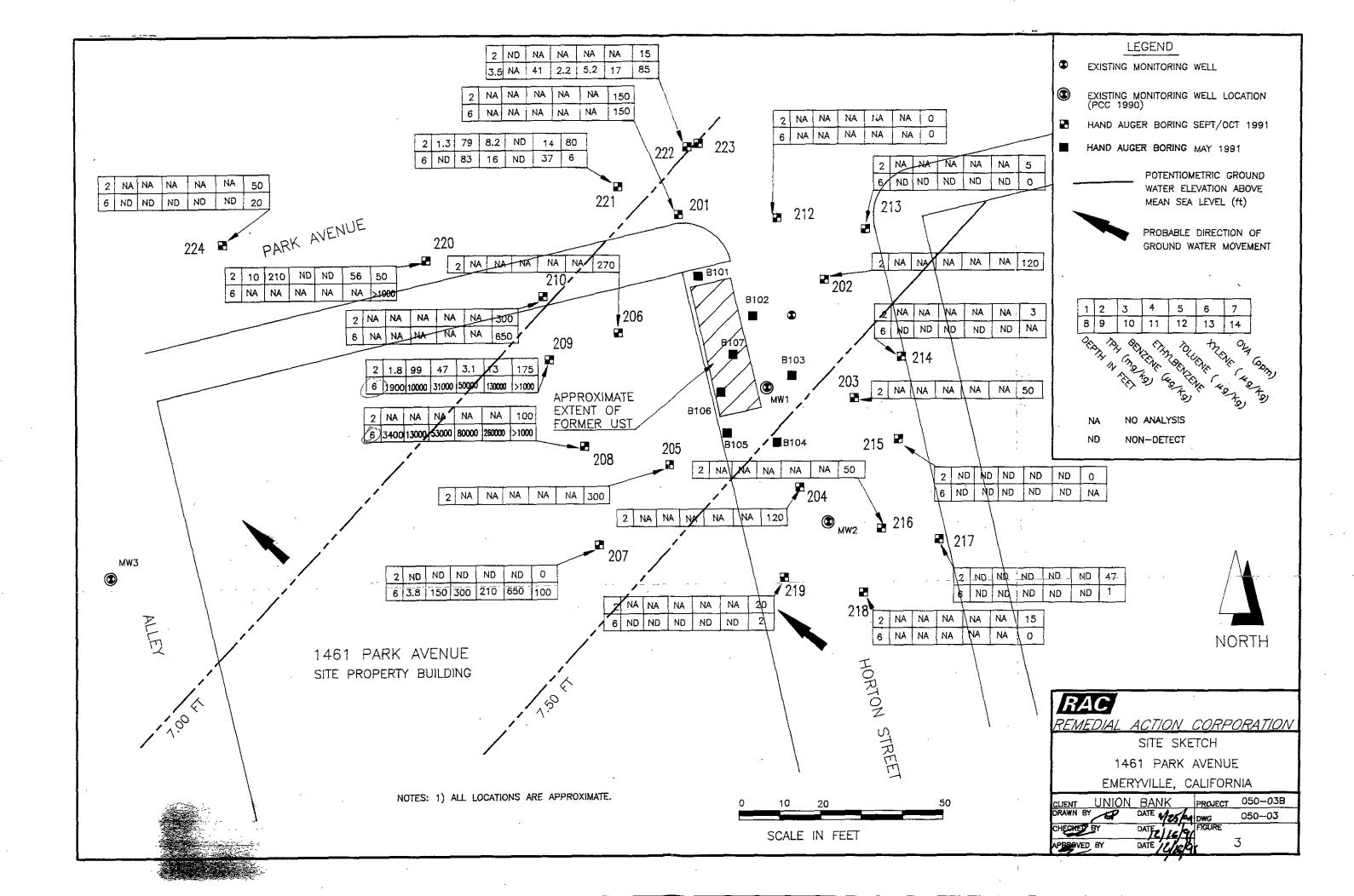
Sample Number	Boring Number	Depth (ft.)	TPH EPA 8015 Modified (mg/Kg)	Benzene EPA 8020 (µg/Kg)	Ethylbenzene EPA 8020 (μg/Kg)	Toluene EPA 8020 (μg/Kg)	Xylenes EPA 8020 (μg/Kg)	VOCS Field Screen (ppm)
B2031A	215	2	<1	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	0
B2032A	215	6	<1	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	NA
B2051A	207	2	<1	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	0
B207-6	207	6	3.8	150	300-	210	650	100
B208-6	208	6	3400	13000	53000	80000	260000	>1000
B209-2	209	2	1.8	99	47	3.1	13	175
B209-6	209	6	1900	10000	31000	50000	130000	>1000
B213-6	213	6	<1	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	0
B214-6	214	6	<1	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	NA
B217-2	217	2	<1	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	47
B217-6	217	6	<1	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	1
B219-6	219	6	<1	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	2
B220-2	220	2	. 10	210	<2.5	<2.5	56	>1000
B221-2	221	2	1.3	. 79	82	<2.5	14	80
B221-6	221	6	<1	83	16	<2.5	37	6
B222-2	222	2	<1.	41	. 2.2	5.2	17	15
B224-6	224	6	<1	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	20

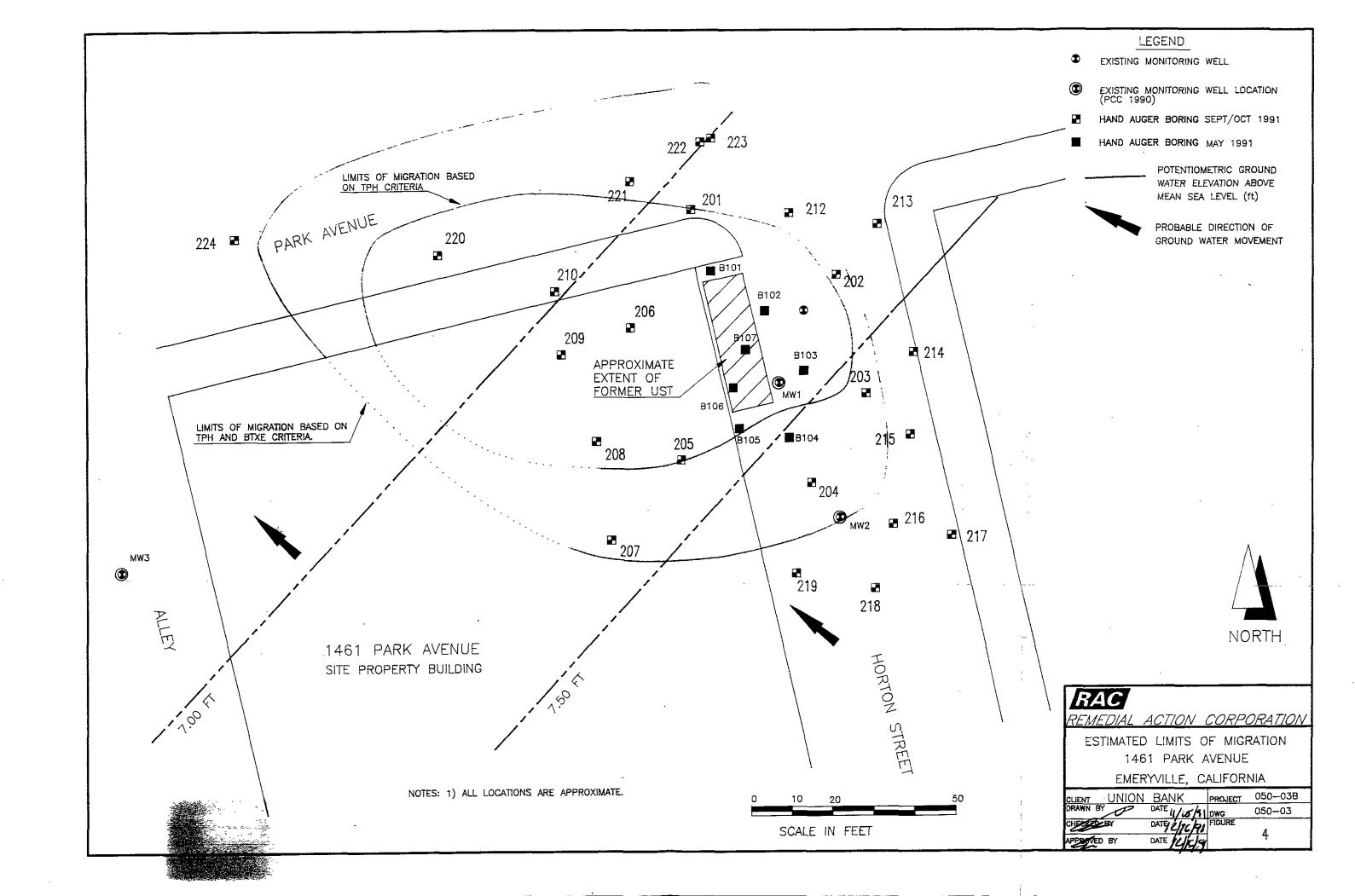
Notes: 1.

For sample locations see Figure 2. < Indicates that concentrations were less than the detection level as indicated.









APPENDIX A FIELD PROCEDURES

Additions or modifications to procedures in the Work Plan are delineated in italics.

A.1 HAND AUGER PROCEDURES

- 1. The hand auger borings will be drilled with a 3-inch diameter hand-held auger by a representative of Remedial Action Corporation.
- 2. The auger bit will be cleaned prior to drilling each hole using a brush and tap water, Alconox solution, a tap water rinse, and a deionized water rinse. The auger will be air-or paper towel dried before beginning each hole.
- 3. Soil descriptions, sample type and depth, and related information will be recorded on a boring log under the supervision of a State-Registered Geologist or Professional Engineer from Remedial Action Corporation.
- 4. Soil samples will be collected in 2-inch inside diameter and 1-and 4-inch long stainless steel tubes. Two 1-inch and 1 4-inch tubes are generally enclosed in the sampler. Prior to initial use, the sample tubes will be immersed in a three percent sulfuric acid solution and then cleaned, rinsed and dried using the procedures described in Item A.1.2.
- 5. The sampler will be driven into the soil approximately 8 inches using a slide hammer with an approximate weight of 5.5 pounds. The double acting hammer will be then pounded upwards to recover the sampler from the hole.
- 6. Following retrieval of the sampler the 4-inch tube will be removed from the sampler, the ends covered with aluminum foil, and capped with tight fitting PVC end caps. The sample will be labeled with the sample number, sample depth, project name, date, and project number before being placed in a ziploc bag.
- 7. The soil in one 1-inch ring and observation during hand augering will be used to describe the soil and one 1-inch ring will be used for field head space analysis.
- 8. The samples will be placed in ziploc bags stored in an ice chest cooled to a temperature of approximately 40 degrees Fahrenheit using ice.

9. All samples will be delivered to the laboratory within 48 hours of collection. Sample handling, transport, and delivery to the laboratory will be documented using Chain-of-Custody procedures, including the use of Chain-of-Custody forms.

A.2 HEATED HEAD SPACE ANALYSIS

- 1. Soil will be screened in the field for volatile organic compounds by analyzing the heated head space in a closed container containing a sample of the soil.
- 2. For screening of volatile organics, soil from the second one inch metal ring from the split spoon sampler is put into a one quart mason jar, and a mason jar lid equipped with a quick-connect valve is immediately screwed on. The mason jar with soil is then labeled, and heated in a water bath to evaporate volatile organics in the sample.
- 3. The mason jar with the soil sample is placed into a hot water bath at a temperature of 50 degrees C for about 20 minutes.
- 4. Soil samples are removed from the water bath and connected through a quick connect fitting to a Foxboro Century OVA model 128 which uses a flame ionization detector to measure volatile and flammable organic compounds.
- 5. The results of the heated head space OVA analysis in ppm multiplied by 0.06 are approximately equal to the concentration of total volatiles in the soil in mg/kg.

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LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED September 30, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION DATUM LAB TESTS FIELD BOREHOLE COMPLETION BLOW COUNTS/FT U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG HEADSPACE (PPm/vol) TYPE SOIL DESCRIPTION DETAILS and/or REMARKS ٥٠٥ Asphalt Concrete GW Light brown gravel, up to CL 1-1/2", loose, moist 120 Bentonite -**Moderate** Greyish black clay, plastic, degraded hydrocarbon odor stiff, moist Boring drilled to 2 feet NA = No Analysis CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING RAC FIGURE NO. PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 202

LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED September 30, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION MUTAG LAB TESTS FIELD TESTS BOREHOLE COMPLETION BLOW COUNTS/FT U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG HEADSPACE (PPm/vol) TYPE GRAPHIC DETAILS SOIL DESCRIPTION and/or REMÁRKS Asphalt Concrete GW Light brown gravel, up to 1-1/2", loose, wet CL NA 50 Bentonite ▔ Strong degraded hydrocarbon odor Greyish black clay, local brown mottling, plastic, moist Boring drilled to 2 feet NA = No Analysis CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING FIGURE NO. RAC PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 203

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			NA	120	:	Bentonite					GW CL	Light brown gra \1-1/2", loose, v	avel, up to	-	
			IVA	120_		_bentonite		-	204-2	///	<u> </u>	Greyish black o	zlay, plastic,	Moderate degraded	
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LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED September 30, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION DATUM LAB TESTS FIELD BOREHOLE COMPLETION BLOW COUNTS/FT U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG ELEVATION (feet) HEADSPACE (PPm/vol) TYPE TPH (mg/kg) DETAILS SOIL DESCRIPTION and/or GRAPHIC REMARKS 0 ٥٥ Concrete Concrete GW Light brown gravel, up to 1-1/2", loose, wet CL Bentonite NA 300 Greyish black clay, local 205-2 Strong degraded brown mottling, plastic, moist hydrocarbon odor Boring drilled to 3 feet NA = No Analysis CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING FIGURE NO. RAC PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 205

LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED October 1, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION DATUM LAB TESTS FIELD TESTS BOREHOLE COMPLETION BLOW COUNTS/FT U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG ELEVATION (feet) HEADSPACE (PPM/vol) TYPE TPH (mg⁄kg) SOIL DESCRIPTION GRAPHIC DETAILS and/or REMARKS 0 Concrete Concrete GW Light brown gravel, up to 1-1/2", loose, wet ÇL Bentonite 270 206 Strong. Greyish black clay, plastic, hydrocarbon stiff, moist odor Boring drilled to 2 feet NA = No Analysis CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING FIGURE NO. RAC PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 206

LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED September 30, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION **DATUM** FIELD TESTS LAB TESTS BOREHOLE COMPLETION BLOW COUNTS/FT U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG ELEVATION (feet) HEADSPACE (PPm/vol) TYPE TPH (mg/kg) SOIL DESCRIPTION DETAILS and/or GRAPHIC REMARKS 0 Asphalt Concrete GW Light brown gravel, loose, ND 0 Greyish black clay, plastic, 207stiff, moist 5 Bentonite Olive brown, local green mottling, locally wet 4 100 207-6 Boring drilled to 7 feet ND = Non Detect CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING FIGURE NO. RAC PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 207

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		LAB	FIELD TESTS	T	BOREHOLE		 -	1	su			ATUM
ELEVATION (feet)	OEPTH (feet)	TPH (mg/kg)	HEADSPACE (ppm/vol)	GRAPHIC	DETAILS	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOW COUNTS/FT	SAMPLE NUMBER	GRAPHIC LOG	U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION	SOIL DESCRIPTION	TYPE and/or REMARKS
	5	NA	100		Concrete			208-2		GW	Concrete Light brown gravel, loose, moist Concrete Black clay, very plastic, local brown mottling, moist	Strong degraded hydrocarbon odor
	-	3400	>1000		Bentonite			208-6		CL.	Grey to light grey clay, occassional 1/4" gravel, locally wet	Very strong hydrocarbon odor, visible vapors Slight to
											Boring drilled to 9 feet NA = No Analysis	moderate hydrocarbon odor
		CLIENT	IINION		WK.						LOG OF PODINO	
	1		UNION		-	RΖ					LOG OF BORING	FIGURE NO.
 		PROJEC	T NUMBE	R 0	50-03B	REM	EDIA	VL AC	TION	COR	PORATION 208	

LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED September 30, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION **DATUM** LAB TESTS FIELD TESTS BOREHOLE COMPLETION BLOW COUNTS/FT S.C.S. ASSIFICATION SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG ELEVATION (feet) HEADSPACE (PPm/vol) TYPE TPH (mg/kg) SOIL DESCRIPTION DETAILS and/or REMARKS ⊐ದ 0 Concrete Concrete GW Light brown gravel, up to CL 1/4", loose, moist Earthy odor Strong Black clay, plastic, local brown mottling, moist 2 175 -209hydrocarbon odor 5 Very strong hydrocarbon CL Light grey silty clay, Bentonite moderately plastic, moist odor 1900 >1000 T 209-6 locally wet Boring drilled to 7 feet CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING RAC FIGURE NO. PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 209

												LOG OF BORIN	G
										DA	TE DRI	LLED October 1, 1991 SH	HEET 1 of 1
		Ţ-	IAB	SELD	η	PODELIOLE	 	T	Т	SU	~ ~ ~		ATUM
	ELEVATION (feet)	DEPTH (feet)	TPH (mg/kg)	HEADSPACE STATE (PPm/vol)	GRAPHIC	DETAILS NOTATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOW COUNTS/FT	SAMPLE NUMBER	GRAPHIC LOG	U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION	SOIL DESCRIPTION	TYPE and/or REMARKS
	-	0-	 		₩.,	Concrete	$\frac{1}{2}$			8,6		Concrete	
		-	NA	300		Concrete			21 0 -2		GW CL	Light brown fine gravel, loose, moist Dark brown clay, moderately plastic, moist	Earthy odor Moderate hydrocarbon odor
	-	5-	NA	650		Bentonite			210-6		CL	Light grey silty clay, occassional fine gravel, moist	
		-	11/1	000					210-6			` .	Strong hydrocarbon
												Boring drilled to 7 feet NA = No Analysis	odor
			CLIENT	IINION		ANIV							
		ļ	CLIENT			(RZ	4 <i>C</i>	1			LOG OF BORING	FIGURE NO.
1			PROJECT	NUMBE	R 0	50-03B	REM	EDIA	L AC	TION	COR	PORATION 210	-

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DATE DRILLED October 1, 1991 SHEE SURFACE ELEVATION DATE TESTS FEED COMPLETION ASPHAIL O THE HOLLE CONTROL SOIL DESCRIPTION ASPHAIL CONCrete NA O Bentonite DATE DRILLED October 1, 1991 SHEE SURFACE ELEVATION SOIL DESCRIPTION ASPHAIL COncrete Black clay, plastic, moist The provided way of	i
HERD BOREHOLE (1994) TESTS TESTS COMPLETION HEADSPACE (1997) HE	ET 1 of 1
ELEVATION FELEVATION FELEVATION FELEVATION FELEVATION FELEVATION FELEVATION SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL DESCRIPTION Asphalt Concrete Black clay, plastic, moist SOIL DESCRIPTION Asphalt Concrete Black clay, plastic, moist	UM
NA 0 Asphalt Concrete Black clay, plastic, moist	TYPE and/or REMARKS
NA 0 212-2 CL Black clay, plastic, moist	
Boring drilled to 7.5 feet NA = No Analysis	
CLIENT UNION BANK RAC LOG OF BORING	FIGURE NO.
PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 212	

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												LOG OF BORING						
•										_	TE DRI		per 2, 1991	SHE				
1		<u> </u>	LAB TESTS	FIELD TESTS	[BOREHOLE		<u> </u>		∣ su Ţ		ELEVATION		DAT	UM			
1	Z	(feet)	TESTS		-	BOREHOLE COMPLETION	TYPE	COUNTS/FT	NUMBER	907	CATIO							
	ELEVATION (feet)	DEPTH	TPH (mg/kg)	HEADSPACE (ppm/vol)	GRAPHIC	DETAILS	SAMPLE T	BLOW COU	SAMPLE N	GRAPHIC	U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION	SOII	L DESCRIPTION	ļ	TYPE and/or REMARKS			
	_	0	 		YY.	Concrete	1			3333		Asphalt						
							:				CL	Concrete Black clay	, plastic, moist					
	i		NA	5					213-2		1		, , ,					
]								CL	1.						
		5	-			Bentonite						Light to mo	edium brown cl nish yellow noist, locally we	iay,				
			ND	0		pentonite		ļ , i	213-6			mottling, n	noist, locally we	et				
										///								
					ļ							-						
						•		i				Dominar duit	lad to 7 5 5					
												NA = No A	led to 7.5 feet \nalysis Detect					
			}					ĺ	1			140	Detect		-			
				-					ţ						•			
		÷							,									
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									}									
				-		-					}							
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	`																	
							ļ	-										
		CLIENT	UNION	B/	VNK		A 0-					LOG OF BORIN	NG	FIGURE NO.				
}	į	ļ	PROJECT			ļ		A.C.		`TI∩A		RPOPATION			ridorit NO,			
	<u>-</u>						REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION						213					

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LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED October 2, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION DATUM LAB TESTS FIELD TESTS BOREHOLE COMPLETION BLOW COUNTS/FT U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE P00 ELEVATION (feet) HEADSPACE (PPM/vol) TYPE GRAPHIC TPH (mg/kg) SOIL DESCRIPTION GRAPHIC DETAILS and/or REMARKS 0 Concrete **Asphalt** $\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}$ GW Light to olive brown gravel, CL up to 1-1/2", loose, moist NA 3 Black clay, very plastic, moist Slight degraded hydrocarbon CL odor Light grey clay, local brownish yellow mottling, occasional coarse sand, plastic, moist, locally wet 5 Bentonite ND NA 214-6 Boring drilled to 7.5 feet NA = No Analysis ND = Non Detect CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING FIGURE NO. RAG PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 214

LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED September 30, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION DATUM LAB TESTS FIELD TESTS BOREHOLE COMPLETION BLOW COUNTS/FT U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG ELEVATION (feet) HEADSPACE (PPM/vol) TYPE TPH (mg/kg) GRAPHIC DETAILS SOIL DESCRIPTION and/or REMARKS 0 Asphalt Concrete GW. Light to olive brown gravel, up to 1-1/2", loose, moist to CL ND 0 215-Black clay, local brown mottling, plastic, moist CL Light grey clay, local brownish yellow mottling, 5 occasional coarse sand, plastic, moist, locally wet Bentonite ND NA 215-6 Boring drilled to 7.5 feet NA = No Analysis ND = Non Detect CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING FIGURE NO. RAC PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 215

LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED September 30, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION DATUM LAB TESTS FIELD TESTS BOREHOLE COMPLETION BLOW COUNTS/FT U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION SAMPLE NUMBER OEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG ELEVATION (feet) HEADSPACE (PPIII/vol) TYPE TPH (mg/kg) SOIL DESCRIPTION DETAILS GRAPHIC and/or REMARKS 0. Concrete Concrete GW Light brown gravel, up to CL 1-1/2", loose, wet NA 50 Bentonite 216 Strong degraded Greyish black clay, plastic, hydrocarbon moist odor Boring drilled to 2 feet NA = No Analysis CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING FIGURE NO. RAC PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 216

LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED October 2, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION DATUM LAB TESTS FIELD TESTS BOREHOLE COMPLETION U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION BLOW COUNTS/FT SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG HEADSPACE (PPm/vol) TYPE TPH (mg/kg) GRAPHIC DETAILS SOIL DESCRIPTION and/or REMARKS 0 **Asphalt** Concrete GW Light brown gravel, loose, CL moist ND Black clay, plastic, moist 47 217-CL Brownish grey clay, locally sandy, moist Slight hydrocarbon odor CL Bentonite Light grey silty clay, locally clayey silt, occasional coarse ND 1 TH. 217-6 sand, moderately plastic, moist, locally wet Boring drilled to 7 feet ND = Non Detect CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING FIGURE NO. RAG PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 217

LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED October 2, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION DATUM FIELD LAB TESTS BOREHOLE COMPLETION U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION BLOW COUNTS/FT SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG HEADSPACE (ppm/vol) TYPE TPH (mg/kg) SOIL DESCRIPTION GRAPHIC DETAILS and/or REMÁRKS 0 Asphalt Concrete G₩ Light brown gravel, loose, CL moist NA 15 Black clay, local brown 218-2 mottling, plastic, moist 5 CL Light grey silty clay, locally clayey silt, occasional coarse sand, moderately plastic, Bentonite NA 0 T. 218-6 moist locally wet Boring drilled to 7 feet NA = No Analysis CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING RAC FIGURE NO. PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 218

LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED October 2, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION DATUM LAB TESTS FIELD TESTS BOREHOLE COMPLETION BLOW COUNTS/FT U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG ELEVATION (feet) HEADSPACE (PPM/vol) TYPE TPH (mg/kg) SOIL DESCRIPTION DETAILS and/or REMARKS 0. Asphait Concrete GW Light brown gravel, loose, CL moist Black clay, local brown NA 20 219mottling, plastic, moist Medium grey/brown 5 CL Bentonite Light grey silty clay, locally clayey silt, occasional coarse ND 2 1 219-6 sand, moderately plastic, moist Boring drilled to 7 feet NA = No Analysis ND = Non Detect CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING FIGURE NO. RAC PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 219

										LOG OF BORING			
											TE DRII	 	EET 1 of 1
			LAR	EIELD		POPEHOLE	<u> </u>	1		SU			TUM
	ELEVATION (feet)	o DEPTH (feet)	TPH (mg/kg)	HEADSPACE (PPIM/VOI)	GRAPHIC	BETAILS NOITE S	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOW COUNTS/FT	SAMPLE NUMBER	GRAPHIC LOG	U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION	SOIL DESCRIPTION	TYPE and/or REMARKS
		0-		}	Y.Y.	Concrete	te Asphalt			1			
		5-	10	50					220-2		GW CL	Concrete Light brown gravel, loose, moist Black clay, local brown mottling, plastic, moist Olive grey brown, locally silty	Moderate degraded hydrocarbon odor
			NA	> 1000	1000 Bento	Bentonite	2	220-6		¥ ☑		Strong hydrocarbon odor	
												Boring drilled to 7 feet NA = No Analysis	
Į			CLIENT	UNION	B	ANK	R	4 <i>G</i>	Ī			LOG OF BORING	FIGURE NO.
			PROJEC	T NUMBE	R 0	50-03B	REM	(EDI/	AL AC	TION	I COF	RPORATION 220	

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										LOG OF BORING			
ĺ											TE DRII		EET 1 of 1
		Τ-	LAB TESTS	FIELD TESTS	Γ	BOREHOLE COMPLETION	T	 -	T	SU		ELEVATION DA	TUM
	ELEVATION (feet)	DEPTH (feet)	TESTS (mg/kg)	HEADSPACE (ppm/vol)	GRAPHIC	DETAILS	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOW COUNTS/FT	SAMPLE NUMBER	GRAPHIC LOG	U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION	SOIL DESCRIPTION	TYPE and/or REMARKS
	-	0-			Υ ¹ Υ.	Concrete	1					Asphalt	
		5-	1	80					221-2		GW CL	Concrete Light brown gravel, loose, moist Black clay, local brownish yellow mottling, plastic, moist	Slight hydrocarbon odor
		3	ND	6		Bentonite			221-6		CL	Light grey silty clay, local coarse sand, moderately plastic, moist Locally wet	
		The second secon									***************************************	Boring drilled to 8 feet ND = Non Detect	
			-						-				
	CLIENT UNION BANK												
		Į						4 <i>C</i>				LOG OF BORING	FIGURE NO.
		_ [.	PROJECT	NUMBE	R 0	50-03B	REM	EDIA	L AC	TION	COR	PORATION 221	

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LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED October 2, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION DATUM LAB TESTS FIELD BOREHOLE COMPLETION U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION BLOW COUNTS/FT SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG ELEVATION (feet) HEADSPACE (PPm/vol) TYPE SOIL DESCRIPTION and/or REMARKS 0 Asphalt Concrete GW Light brown gravel, up to CL 1-1/2", loose, wet Bentonite ND Greyish black clay, plastic, 15 222-2 moist Wooden obstruction at 3 feet ND = Non Detect CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING RAC FIGURE NO. PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 222

LOG OF BORING October 2, 1991 DATE DRILLED SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION DATUM LAB TESTS FIELD TESTS BOREHOLE COMPLETION BLOW COUNTS/FT S.C.S. ASSIFICATION SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG ELEVATION (feet) HEADSPACE (ppm/vol) TYPE TPH (mg/kg) SOIL DESCRIPTION GRAPHIC DETAILS and/or REMÁRKS 그리 Asphalt Concrete GW Light brown gravel, up to CL 1-1/2", loose, wet Bentonite Greyish black clay, plastic, moist Boring drilled to 3.5 feet where a stone obstruction was encountered Boring not sampled at 2 feet due to close proximity of Boring 222 CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING FIGURE NO. RAC PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION 223

LOG OF BORING DATE DRILLED October 2, 1991 SHEET 1 of 1 SURFACE ELEVATION DATUM LAB TESTS FIELD TESTS BOREHOLE COMPLETION BLOW COUNTS/FT U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION SAMPLE NUMBER DEPTH (feet) SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG ELEVATION (feet) HEADSPACE (PPM/vol) TYPE TPH (mg/kg) SOIL DESCRIPTION DETAILS and/or GRAPHIC REMARKS 0. Asphalt Concrete GW CL Light brown gravel, up to 3", loose, moist NA Black clay, locally silty, 50 224-2 plastic, moist Greyish brown, silty clay, moist 5 Bentonite ND 20 224-6 Boring drilled to 7 feet NA = No Analysis ND = Non Detect CLIENT UNION BANK LOG OF BORING FIGURE NO. RAC REMEDIAL ACTION CORPORATION PROJECT NUMBER 050-03B 224



NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING, INC.

NET Pacific. Inc. 435 Tesconi Circle Santa Rosa. CA 95401

Tel: (707) 526-7200 Fax. (707) 526-9623

> 7ECEIVEL 0CT 2 1 1991

James Farrow Remedial Action Corp. 505 N. Tustin Ave. Suite 160 Santa Ana, CA 92705

Date: 10-17-91

NET Client Acct No: 789 NET Pacific Log No: 1192 Received: 10-03-91 0800

Client Reference Information

Union-Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

Sample analysis in support of the project referenced above has been completed and results are presented on following pages. Please refer to the enclosed "Key to Abbreviations" for definition of terms. Should you have questions regarding procedures or results, please feel welcome to contact Client Services.

Approved by:

Jules Skamarack Laboratory Manager

JS:rct Enclosure(s)



[®]Client Name: Remedial Action Corp.

NET Log No: 1192

Date: 10-17-91

Page:

Ref: Union-Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

			B207-6 10-01-91 1000	B208-6 10-01-91 1000	
		Reporting			
Parameter	Method	Limit	99548	99549	Units
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS					
VOLATILE (SOIL)					
DILUTION FACTOR *			1	1000	
DATE ANALYZED			10-13-91	10-14-91	
METHOD GC FID/5030					
as Gasoline		1	3.8	3,400	mq/Kg
METHOD 8020					mg/ ng
DILUTION FACTOR *			10	1000	
DATE ANALYZED			10-14-91	10-14-91	
Benzene		2.5	150	13,000	ug/Kg
Ethylbenzene		2.5	300	53,000	ug/Kg
Toluene		2.5	210	80,000	ug/Kg
Xylenes, total		2.5	650	260,000	ug/Kg



[®]Client Name: Remedial Action Corp.

NET Log No: 1192

Date: 10-17-91

Page: 3.

Ref: Union-Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

		Para esta in c	B209-2 10-01-91 1000	B209-6 10-01-91 1000	
Parameter	Method	Reporting Limit	99550	99551	Units
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS VOLATILE (SOIL) DILUTION FACTOR * DATE ANALYZED			 1 10-13-91	 1000 10-14-91	
METHOD GC FID/5030 as Gasoline METHOD 8020 DILUTION FACTOR * DATE ANALYZED		1	1.8 1 10-13-91	1,900 1000 10-14-91	mg/Kg
Benzene Ethylbenzene Toluene Xylenes, total		2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5	99 47 3.1 13	10,000 31,000 50,000 130,000	ug/Kg ug/Kg ug/Kg ug/Kg



[®]Client Name: Remedial Action Corp.

NET Log No: 1192

Date: 10-17-91

Page: 4

Ref: Union-Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

		_			
			B213-6 10-02-91 0700	B214-6 10-02-91 0700	
Bertameter		Reporting			
Parameter	Method	Limit	99552	99553	Units
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS					
VOLATILE (SOIL)					
DILUTION FACTOR *			1	1	•
DATE ANALYZED			10-13-91	10-13-91	
METHOD GC FID/5030					
as Gasoline		1	ND	ND	mg/Kg
METHOD 8020		_			
DILUTION FACTOR *			1	1	
DATE ANALYZED	*		10-13-91	10-13-91	
Benzene		2.5	ND	ND	ug/Kg
Ethylbenzene		2.5	ND	ND	ug/Kg
Toluene		2.5	ND	ИD	ug/Kg
Xylenes, total		2.5	ND	ND	ug/Kg



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NET Log No: 1192

Date: 10-17-91

Page: 5

Ref: Union-Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

		D / :	B217-2 10-02-91 0700	B217-6 10-02-91 0700	
Parameter	Method	Reporting Limit	99554	99555	Units
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS	<u> </u>				
					
VOLATILE (SOIL)					
DILUTION FACTOR *			1	1	
DATE ANALYZED			10-14-91	10-13-91	
METHOD GC FID/5030			~-		
as Gasoline		1	ND	ND	mg/Kg
METHOD 8020					7 9
DILUTION FACTOR *			ĺ	1	
DATE ANALYZED			10-14-91	10-13-91	
Benzene		2.5	3773	ND 13 JI	
Ethylbenzene		2.5	ND .		ug/Kg
Toluene				ND	ug/Kg
Xylenes, total		2.5	ND	ND	ug/Kg
virenes, corar		2.5	ND	ND	ug/Kg



*Client Name: Remedial Action Corp.

NET Log No: 1192

Date: 10-17-91

Page: 6

Ref: Union-Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

			B219-6 10-02-91 1100	B220-2 10-02-91 1100		
Parameter	Method	Reporting Limit	99556	99557	Units	
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS						
VOLATILE (SOIL)						
DILUTION FACTOR *			1	1		
DATE ANALYZED			10-13-91	10-13-91		
METHOD GC FID/5030						
as Gasoline		1	ND	10	mg/Kg	
METHOD 8020				-~	979	
DILUTION FACTOR *			1	1		
DATE ANALYZED			10-13-91	10-13-91		
Benzene		2.5	ИĎ	210	ug/Kg	
Ethylbenzene		2.5	ND	ND	ug/Kg	
Toluene		2.5	ND	ND	ug/Kg	
Xylenes, total		2.5	ND	56	ug/Kg	



NET Pacific, Inc.

Client No: 789 [®]Client Name: Remedial Action Corp.

NET Log No: 1192

Date: 10-17-91

Page: 7

Ref: Union-Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

		_			
			B221-2 10-02-91 1100	B221-6 10-02-91 1100	
Parameter	Method	Reporting Limit	99558	99559	Units
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS					
VOLATILE (SOIL)					
DILUTION FACTOR *			1	1	
DATE ANALYZED			10-13-91	10-14-91	
METHOD GC FID/5030				10-14-91	
as Gasoline		1	1.3	ND	m == /72 ==
METHOD 8020		4	1.3	ND	mg/Kg
DILUTION FACTOR *			1	1	
DATE ANALYZED			10~13-91	10-14-91	
Benzene		2.5	79	83	110 /Va
Ethylbenzene		2.5	8.2	16	ug/Kg
Toluene		2.5	ND	ND	ug/Kg
Xylenes, total		2.5	14	37	ug/Kg ug/Kg
			= =	-,	~9/ 1/9



Client Name: Remedial Action Corp.

NET Log No: 1192

Date: 10

Page: 8

10-17-91

Ref: Union-Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

		Page 41	B222-2 10-02-91 1100	B224-6 10-02-91 1400	
Parameter	Method	Reporting Limit	99560	99561	Units
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS					
VOLATILE (SOIL)		•			
DILUTION FACTOR *			1	1	
DATE ANALYZED			10-14-91	10-14-91	
METHOD GC FID/5030					
as Gasoline		1	ND	ND	mg/Kg
METHOD 8020					373
DILUTION FACTOR *			1	1	
DATE ANALYZED			10-14-91	10-14-91	*
Benzene		2.5	41	ИD	ug/Kg
Ethylbenzene		2.5	2.2	ND	ug/Kg
Toluene		2.5	5.2	ИD	ug/Kg
Xylenes, total		2.5	17 .	ND	ug/Kg



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NET Log No: 1192

Date: 10-17-91

Page: 9

Ref: Union-Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

Parameter	Reporting Limits	Units	Cal Verf Stand % Recovery	Blank Data	Spike % Recovery	Duplicate Spike % Recovery	RPD
Gasoline	1	mg/Kg	96	ND	98	100	2.0
Benzene	2.5	ug/Kg	91	ND	100	102	2.0
Toluene	2.5	ug/Kg	94	ND	101	114	12
Gasoline	1	mg/Kg	99	ND	75	79	5.2
Benzene	2.5	ug/Kg	92	ND	87	96	9.8
Toluene	2.5	ug/Kg	94	ND	84	81	3.6

COMMENT: Blank Results were ND on other analytes tested.



KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS and METHOD REFERENCES

<	:	Less than; When appearing in results column indicates analyte
		not detected at the value following. This datum supercedes
		the listed Reporting Limit.

* : Reporting Limits are a function of the dilution factor for any given sample. To obtain the actual reporting limits for this sample, multiply the stated Reporting Limits by the dilution factor (but do not multiply reported values).

ICVS : Initial Calibration Verification Standard (External Standard).

mean : Average; sum of measurements divided by number of measurements.

mg/Kg (ppm): Concentration in units of milligrams of analyte per kilogram of sample,

(parts per million).

mg/L : Concentration in units of milligrams of analyte per liter of sample.

mL/L/hr : Milliliters per liter per hour.

MPN/100 mL : Most probable number of bacteria per one hundred milliliters of sample.

N/A : Not applicable.

NA : Not analyzed.

ND : Not detected; the analyte concentration is less than applicable listed

reporting limit.

NTU : Nephelometric turbidity units.

RPD : Relative percent difference, 100 [Value 1 - Value 2]/mean value.

SNA : Standard not available.

ug/Kg (ppb) : Concentration in units of micrograms of analyte per kilogram of sample,

(parts per billion).

ug/L : Concentration in units of micrograms of analyte per liter of sample.

umhos/cm : Micromhos per centimeter.

Method References

Methods 100 through 493: see "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water & Wastes", U.S. EPA, 600/4-79-020, rev. 1983.

Methods 601 through 625: see "Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants" U.S. EPA, 40 CFR, Part 136, rev. 1988.

Methods 1000 through 9999: see "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste", U.S. EPA SW-846, 3rd edition, 1986.

 $\underline{\text{SM}}$: see "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water & Wastewater, 17th Edition, APHA, 1989.



NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING, INC.

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James Farrow Remedial Action Corp. 505 N. Tustin Ave. Suite 160 Santa Ana, CA 92705 Date: 10-17-91 NET Client Acct No: 789 NET Pacific Log No: 1134 Received: 10-01-91 0800

Client Reference Information

Union Bank- Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

Sample analysis in support of the project referenced above has been completed and results are presented on following pages. Please refer to the enclosed "Key to Abbreviations" for definition of terms. Should you have questions regarding procedures or results, please feel welcome to contact Client Services.

Approved by:

Julés Skamarack Laboratory Manager

JS:rct Enclosure(s)



[®]Client Name: Remedial Action Corp.

NET Log No: 1134

Date: 10-17-91

Page:

Ref: Union Bank- Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

		Reporting	B2031A 09-30-91 1500	B2032A 09-30-91 1500	
Parameter	Method	Limit	99274	99275	Units
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS					
VOLATILE (SOIL)		•			
DILUTION FACTOR *			1	1	•
DATE ANALYZED			10-09-91	10-09-91	
METHOD GC FID/5030				~ -	
as Gasoline		1	ND	ИD	mg/Kg
METHOD 8020					3,3
DILUTION FACTOR *			1	1	
DATE ANALYZED		•	10-09-91	10-09-91	
Benzene		2.5	ND	ND	ug/Kg
Ethylbenzene		2.5	ND	ND	ug/Kg
Toluene		2.5	ND	ND	ug/Kg
Xylenes, total		2.5	ND	ND	ug/Kg



Xylenes, total

Client No: 789

Client Name: Remedial Action Corp.

NET Log No: 1134

Date: 10-17-91

Page: 3

Ref: Union Bank- Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

Descriptor, Lab No. and Results

ug/Kg

B2051A 09-30-91 1600 Reporting Parameter Method Limit 99276 Units PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS VOLATILE (SOIL) DILUTION FACTOR * 1 DATE ANALYZED 10-10-91 METHOD GC FID/5030 as Gasoline ND mg/Kg METHOD 8020 DILUTION FACTOR * 1 DATE ANALYZED 10-10-91 Benzene 2.5 ND ug/Kg Ethylbenzene 2.5 ND ug/Kg Toluene 2.5 ND ug/Kg

2.5

ND



Client Acct: 789

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NET Log No: 1134

Date: 10-17-91

Page: 4

Ref: Union Bank- Emeryville, Project: 050-03B

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

Parameter	Reporting Limits	Units	Cal Verf Stand % Recovery	Blank Data	Spike % Recovery	Duplicate Spike % Recovery	RPD
Gasoline Benzene	1 2.5	mg/Kg	94	ND	76	75	1.9
Toluene	2.5	ug/Kg ug/Kg	103 98	ND ND	87 100	104 107	17 6.5
Gasoline	1	mg/Kg	94	ND	90	91	1.1

COMMENT: Blank Results were ND on other analytes tested.



KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS and METHOD REFERENCES

<	:	Less than; When appearing in results column indicates analyte
		not detected at the value following. This datum supercedes the listed Reporting Limit.

Reporting Limits are a function of the dilution factor for any given sample. To obtain the actual reporting limits for this sample, multiply the stated Reporting Limits by the dilution factor (but do not multiply reported values).

ICVS : Initial Calibration Verification Standard (External Standard).

mean : Average; sum of measurements divided by number of measurements.

mg/Kg (ppm): Concentration in units of milligrams of analyte per kilogram of sample (parts per million).

mg/L : Concentration in units of milligrams of analyte per liter of sample.

mL/L/hr : Milliliters per liter per hour.

MPN/100 mL : Most probable number of bacteria per one hundred milliliters of sample.

N/A : Not applicable.

NA : Not analyzed.

ND : Not detected; the analyte concentration is less than applicable listed reporting limit.

NTU : Nephelometric turbidity units.

RPD : Relative percent difference, 100 [Value 1 - Value 2]/mean value.

SNA : Standard not available.

ug/Kg (ppb) : Concentration in units of micrograms of analyte per kilogram of sample,

(parts per billion).

ug/L : Concentration in units of micrograms of analyte per liter of sample.

umhos/cm : Micromhos per centimeter.

Method References

Methods 100 through 493: see "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water & Wastes", U.S. EPA, 600/4-79-020, rev. 1983.

Methods 601 through 625: see "Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants" U.S. EPA, 40 CFR, Part 136, rev. 1988.

Methods 1000 through 9999: see "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste", U.S. EPA SW-846, 3rd edition, 1986.

SM: see "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water & Wastewater, 17th Edition, APHA, 1989.

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD (1192) Saipped By: Delivered To: RAC Remedial Action Corporation KAC (FIC 505 N. Tustin Ave., Suite 160 Santa Ana, California 42705 711/511-9151 PROJECT NAME: PROJECT NO.: PAGE SIGNATURE: SAMPLED BY: 10-2-**DELIVERY METHOD:** TOTAL NO. OF SAMPLES: TOTA = 26 PAGEI (arise BORING or SAMPLE DEPTH or DATE TIME SAMPLE CONTAINER **PRESERVATION ANALYSIS** NO. SAMP, ID. CO-ORDIN. SAMPLED SAMPLED Material Method Temp. Chem. REQUIRED HOLD Steel 61 SUL WOFF 10-1-911 DAKE 10:00 NONE 10-1-91 11 4 10 4 4 6 10-1-91 1, 1208-6 1, 4 4 ٤, 4 4 4 4 210-2 2. 1 4 4 G 4 1, 4 4 17 " 1, 11 11 212 11 4 " 4 4 1/6:00 4 4 ſį, 10 r f 10-2-91 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 11 6 11 1 4 4 214 4 4 ç 4 1 1 1217-6 ř: { { } 4 4 4 11 218-2 4 4 ų 11 1, 218-6 1/ 11:60 4 4 SPECIAL ANALYSIS OR HANDLING REQUIREMENTS: PLEASE FOR HCL_0 ACC SAMPLES 10-4-91 ANALYSIS. RAC CONTACT FRIDAY つんにし NET REFERSE RELINQUISHED BY: RECEIVED BY: DATE: 10-2-91 Signature aun Signature JAMES FARRA Name VIKE TAVANI Name TIME: 16:00 Company Company ANRYSIS Reason RELINQUISHED, BY: RECEIVED BY: Signature DATE: 10/3/91 Signature MIKE Name Name Company CODO Company TIME: Reason RELINOUISHED BY: RECEIVED BY: Signature Signature DATE: _ Name Name Company Company TIME: _ Reason 10/2/91 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: 1900 CHAINS OF CUSTOBY

1192 CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD Shipped By: Delivered To: RAC Remedial Action Corporation 505 N. Tustin Ave., Suite 160 Santa Ana, California 42705 71 1/511-9151 PROJECT NAME: PROJECT NO .: JERYVIU E DATE: PAGE 7 OF SAMPLED BY: SIGNATURE: 0-2-91 DELIVERY METHOD: TOTAL NO. OF SAMPLES: TOTAL = 26 PAGE 2 8 (CRIER BORING or SAMPLE DEPTH or DATE TIME CONTAINER SAMPLE **PRESERVATION ANALYSIS** SAMP, ID. NO. CO-ORDIN. SAMPLED SAMPLED Material Method Temp. REQUIRED Chem. 1219-2 B219 DIL **B**lkug Losof NEW 10-2-91 11:00 4 Z/ 2 4 4 11 " " 4 4 1 11 4 4 4 4 11 4 1, ď 11 " 4 4 4 0 4 4 11 4 4 14:0 ί, 4 SPECIAL ANALYSIS OR HANDLING REQUIREMENTS: PLEASE SAMPLES Har ALL ANALYSIS: RAC LACE CONTACT FRIDA BEFORE NET RELINQUISHED BY: RECEIVED BY: KM Signature Signature HARROL Name Name Company Соправу Reason RELINQUISHED BY RECEIVED BY: DATE: 10/3/91 Signature Signature Name Name 0700 Company Company TIME: Reason RELINOUISHED BY: RECEIVED BY: Signature Signature DATE: Name Name Company Сопрапу TIME: ___ Reason ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: