SUPPLEMENTAL SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT

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MLK Property
4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way
Oakland, California

February 26, 1999

ADVANCED ASSESSMENT AND REMEDIATION SERVICES



ADVANCED ASSESSMENT AND REMEDIATION SERVICES (AARS)

2380 SALVIO STREET, SUITE 202 CONCORD, CALIFORNIA 94520-2137 TEL: (925) 363-1999 FAX: (925) 363-1998

e-mail: aars@ccnet.com

February 26, 1999

Ms. Eva Chu Alameda County Health Agency Department of Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, California 94502

Subject:

Submittal of Supplemental Site Investigation Report for

Petroleum Hydrocarbon Contaminated Soil and Groundwater Site

4629 Martin Luther King, Jr. Way, Oakland, California

Dear Ms. Chu:

Advanced Assessment and Remediation Services (AARS), is pleased to present this supplemental site investigation report for the above referenced site.

This report has been prepared in general accordance with the Tri-Regional Board Staff Recommendation for Preliminary Investigation and Evaluation of Underground Tank Sites, Addendum to Appendix A, dated August 30, 1991, and the guidelines of Alameda County Environmental Health Department. This report summarizes information pertaining to the underground tank removal, preliminary site assessment and supplemental site investigation at the above referenced site.

Please contact Tridib Guha at (925) 363-1999 if you have any questions regarding this report.

Sincerely,

Advanced Assessment and Remediation Services

Tideft. K

Tridib K. Guha, R.G., R.E.A.

Principal

Enclosure

ee: Ms. Lynn Nightingale, San Francisco, California

IG MEKSC RPI

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MLKSCRPI 4ARS

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MLKSC RPT AARS

SUPPLEMENTAL SITE INVESTIGATION

at

MLK Property 4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way Oakland, California

INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results and findings of the supplemental site investigation conducted by Advanced Assessment and Remediation Services (AARS) at the MLK Property, 4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way, Oakland, California. The need for this supplemental site investigation work was based on the findings of the site investigation by Subsurface Consultants, Inc. (SCI) and the groundwater quality investigation by AARS.

1.1 Purpose and Objectives

The primary goals of the Supplemental Site Investigation report are to:

- 1. Define the extent of soil and groundwater contamination;
- 2. Document all site assessment work performed at the site;
- 3. Address the concerns of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region (RWQCB) and the Alameda County Environmental Health Department (ACEHD);
- 4. Develop an appropriate course of action for additional investigation or remediation, if warranted, in accordance with regulatory agency requirements.

1.2 Scope of Work

For this Supplemental Site Investigation, AARS has performed the following tasks:

- 1. Summarized the previous site investigation;
- 2. Prepared a work plan and health and safety plan;
- 3. Acquired the necessary permits for field activities;
- 4. Installed five soil borings, converted them to two temporary wells and three permanent groundwater monitoring wells;
- 5. Screened soil samples in the field for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and submitted the selected soil samples for laboratory analysis;

- 6. Sampled temporary wells and developed, sampled and surveyed permanent monitoring wells;
- 7. Analyzed soil and groundwater samples for specified constituents;
- 8. Evaluated soil and groundwater sampling and analytical results and other data;
- 9. Prepared a report presenting the results and findings of the above activities and appropriate recommendations.

2.0 SITE CHARACTERISTICS

A brief description of the site location and summary of past activities is presented below.

2.1 Site Description

The project site is located at 4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way, Oakland, California. The site is set in a commercial development and consists of an unoccupied one-story warehouse type structure and an office building with a concrete slab-on-grade floor. The structure has plan dimensions of approximately 110 by 192 feet.

The property is bounded by Martin Luther King, Jr. Way to the east, and commercial development to the south. Single-family residences are located west of the property. A large paved parking area is located north of the building, across 47th Street.

The site is located at an elevation of approximately 80 feet above mean sea level. San Francisco Bay is located approximately 1½ miles west of the project site. A site vicinity map and a site plan are presented in Figure 1 and Figure 2 respectively.

2.2 Site History

"In July 1992, five underground storage tanks (two tanks had stored gasoline and three had stored fuel oil) were excavated and removed by SEMCO Inc.. Soil samples were collected from the excavations. Analytical results indicated that petroleum hydrocarbons, quantified as diesel and oil & grease, were present in the soil below the fuel tanks. Additionally, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes were detected at low concentrations in the soil. Petroleum hydrocarbons and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX) were not detected in samples obtained from the gasoline tank excavations at concentrations above the reporting limits" [Subsurface Consultants, Inc.(SCI) 1993].

In May 1993, SCI conducted a site investigation by drilling and sampling nine soil borings and analyzing selected soil samples. SCI reported that oil and grease and diesel hydrocarbons were detected in the soil beneath and adjacent to the previous fuel oil tanks, at concentrations of up to 760 and 1700 mg/kg, respectively.

In November 1995, AARS conducted a site investigation by installing two temporary wells and one monitoring well, and analyzing selected soil and groundwater samples. The analytical results for soil

and groundwater samples indicated the presence of total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons as total oil and grease (TOG), total petroleum hydrocarbon as gasoline (TPHg), total petroleum hydrocarbon as diesel (TPHd), and benzene.

Previous reports issued for this site are:

"Preliminary Fuel Oil Contamination Assessment 4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way, Oakland, California", Subsurface Consultants, Inc., November 4, 1993.

"Groundwater Quality Investigation Report at 4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way, Oakland, California", Advanced Assessment and Remediation Services, January 19, 1996.

2.3 Regional Geology and Hydrogeology

The site is located on a broad alluvial plain on the east side of San Francisco Bay. The plain is characterized by nearly level topography. The uppermost lithologic member is the San Antonio Formation. The San Antonio sediments were deposited in a complex and ever-changing depositional environment that ranged from alluvial fans to flood plains to lakes to swamps to beaches. Locally, the alluvial deposits consist largely of interfingered lenses of clayey gravel, sandy and silty clays and sand-clay-silt mixtures. Individual units are discontinuous and difficult to correlate over distance.

Groundwater at this site is shallow. Soil borings drilled during May of 1993, November 1995 and December 1998, encountered groundwater at 17 to 27 feet below ground surface (bgs). However, groundwater level may fluctuate with tidal variations. The general groundwater flow direction is toward San Francisco Bay to the west.

3.0 FIELD METHODS AND PROCEDURES

To assess the nature and extent of contamination in groundwater, five soil borings were drilled onsite. Three of the soil borings were converted into monitoring wells, and the other two were converted into temporary wells. Soil samples were collected and classified during drilling, starting at one foot bgs, and selected samples were analyzed for petroleum hydrocarbon constituents specified in section 4.0. The temporary wells were sampled and the permanent monitoring wells were developed, sampled and surveyed. The procedures and methods used during field activities were in accordance with the requirements and guidelines of the ACEHD and RWQCB.

3.1 Soil Borings and Sampling

Prior to commencement of drilling activities, permits for the proposed groundwater monitoring well and temporary wells were obtained from the Alameda County Water Agency. The work plan was approved by the ACEHD. Underground Service Alert was informed 72 hours prior to drilling. Copies of the permit and the letter of work plan approval are presented in Appendix A.

Prior to drilling the surface concrete was removed by diamond-saw cutting at the proposed drilling locations. On December 16 and 17, 1998, AARS supervised the drilling of five soil borings.

The drilling activities were performed by Gregg Drilling and Testing of Martinez, California, using a limited access drilling rig (RHINO D-15). Soil boring MW-2 and MW-3 were drilled with an 8-inch-hollow-stem auger and soil borings TW-3, TW-4 and TW-5 were drilled with a 6-inch hollow-stem auger. Soil borings MW-2 and MW-3 were drilled to total depths of 30 feet bgs and TW-3, TW-4 and TW-5 were drilled to total depths of 25 feet bgs. Soil sample collected at 20 feet bgs from soil boring TW-5 had a very strong gasoline odor and recorded a high Organic Vapor Analyzer (OVA) reading. Additionally, a sheen was noted in a groundwater sample collected from soil boring TW-5. Therefore, soil boring TW-5 was reentered with an 8 inch hollow-stem auger and drilled to 30 feet bgs.

During drilling, soil samples were collected starting from one foot bgs. Soil samples were collected either from drill cuttings or using a modified California split-spoon sampler lined with clean brass tubes. One soil sample was collected from each borehole at a depth of 18 to 19 feet bgs, just above the water table and submitted for laboratory analyses. One additional soil sample was collected from TW-4 at 10 feet bgs for physical properties analysis. The soil sample tubes were sealed using plastic caps and teflon tape and placed immediately in an iced cooler for shipment to the analytical laboratory. The soil borings were lithologically logged in the field using the Unified Soil Classification System. Soil samples were screened in the field using a portable combustible gas indicator. Details of the sampling depths are presented in boring logs in Appendix B.

3.2 Qualitative Water Survey

The qualitative groundwater survey is essentially a screening process to assist in determining the appropriate locations of additional monitoring wells necessary to define the lateral extent of groundwater contamination, as well as to obtain information on subsurface soils. The procedure is based on soil boring and sampling, combined with temporary wells for groundwater sampling.

Soil borings, TW-3, TW-4 and TW-5 were advanced three to five feet below the top of the saturated zone. Two inch diameter 0.010-inch slotted screen (flush-threaded, Schedule 40 PVC) covered with a polyester filter sock was installed in the boreholes. The water in TW-4 and TW-5 was allowed to stabilize and a small volume, approximately three to four gallons of water was purged. Following purging, a water sample was collected from each of these temporary wells and the casings were removed. The borings were subsequently backfilled to grade with neat cement. Because sheen was noted in groundwater sample from TW-5, it was drilled to 30 feet bgs and converted into a permanent monitoring well, MW-4.

Groundwater was not encountered in soil boring TW-3 during drilling, it was left open for five hours. Groundwater was then sampled using 0.75 inch diameter PVC casing.

3.3 Groundwater Monitoring Well Construction

Soil borings MW-2, MW-3 and MW-4 (TW-5) were converted into groundwater monitoring wells and completed to a total depth of 30 feet bgs. Each monitoring well was constructed with one 10-foot section and one five-foot section of two-inch diameter flush-threaded, Schedule 40, PVC blank casing and one 10-foot and one five-foot section of two-inch diameter 0.010-inch, slotted PVC easing, which extended to a depth of at least 10 feet beneath the water table. The annular space surrounding the screened portion was backfilled with #2 Monterey sand to 2 feet above the top of the screened section. A 2-foot thick bentonite annular seal was placed above the filter pack. The

remaining annulus was grouted with neat cement to the surface. A well box was installed slightly above grade with a locking watertight well cap to ensure the integrity of the well. Monitoring well construction details are included in Appendix B.

3.4 Monitoring Well Development and Sampling

Well development and sampling procedures were conducted in accordance with RWQCB guidelines and ACEHD requirements.

Monitoring wells MW-3 and MW-4 were developed on December 17, 1998, MW-2 was developed by removing a minimum of 10 casing volumes of water from the wells with a two-inch-diameter PVC bailer. Monitoring well MW-1 was developed in November 15, 1995. Only three casing volumes of water were removed from this well prior to sampling.

Prior to development of wells a groundwater sample was collected from each for inspection. Groundwater samples from each well had sheen and strong gasoline odor and presence of bubbles of floating product were noted from MW-1, MW-3 and MW-4. During purging of the wells and prior to sampling, pH, specific conductivity, and temperature measurements of purged water were recorded and observed to stabilize, indicating that formation water had entered the well. A groundwater sample was then collected from each well at a minimum 94 % total recovery. Field observations during well development and purging prior to sampling are presented in Appendix C.

The groundwater samples were collected in clean containers and transported in an iced cooler to the laboratory for analysis following standard chain of custody procedures.

3.5 Groundwater Level Monitoring and Surveying

Top-of-well-casing elevations for MW-1 through MW-4 were surveyed on December 18, 1998. A bench mark, with an assumed elevation of 100.00 feet above sea level, was established on top of the south curb at the 47th Street entrance to the center of the building. All wells were surveyed relative to this common datum.

Groundwater levels in each well were measured to the nearest 0.01 foot on December 18, 1998, from the top of the PVC casing using an electric sounder. Groundwater surface elevation contours, based on interpretation of groundwater level and survey data, are presented in Figure 3. Survey data and water level measurements are presented in Table 1.

3.6 Soil Cuttings and Well Development Water Storage and Disposal

Soil cuttings generated during drilling and sampling of the soil borings were stockpiled on site for proper disposal.

All purged water generated from the well development and sampling, as well as decontamination rinseate, were stored in properly-labeled 55-gallon DOT 17H drums for proper disposal.

4.0 ANALYTICAL METHODS AND RESULTS

All soil and groundwater samples were analyzed by McCampbell Analytical Inc. of Pacheco, California, a California- certified Laboratory. All chemical analyses of soil and groundwater samples were performed using standard test methods of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the California Department of Health Services (Cal-DHS), as discussed below.

4.1 Analysis of Soil Samples

A total of five soil samples were collected for chemical analysis, one sample from each soil boring at depths of 18 to 19 feet bgs. Soil samples were analyzed for total Petroleum hydrocarbon as gasoline (TPHg) using EPA Methods 8015 and 8020, benzene, toluene, ethylebenzene and total xylenes (BTEX) using EPA Method 8020, methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) using EPA Method 8020, total petroleum hydrocarbon as diesel (TPHd) and as motor oil (TPHmo) using EPA Methods 8015. Results of soil sample analyses are presented in Table 2. The official laboratory reports and chain of custody documents are included in Appendix D.

4.2 Analysis of Groundwater Samples

All groundwater samples were analyzed for TPHg using EPA Method 8015 modified, BTEX/MTBE using EPA Method 8020, TPHd-TPHmo using EPA Method 8015 modified. Results of groundwater analyses are summarized in Table 3. After the analyses of the samples were performed ACEHS requested additional analysis for mineral spirits. The official laboratory reports and chain of custody documents are included in Appendix D.

4.3 Analysis of Soil Sample for Physical Properties

One soil sample (TW4-10S) was analyzed for physical properties; particle size and sieve analyses using ASTM D422 method, porosity, specific gravity by using ASTM D854 method, and density by using ASTM D2937 method. Physical property analysis was performed at Cooper Testing Labs of Mountain View, a California-certified geotechnical laboratory. The results of physical property analyses are summarized in Table 4. The official laboratory reports are included in Appendix E.

5.0 DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

A brief description of site geology and hydrogeology based on the results of the drilling activities is presented below. The results of the laboratory analysis of the soil and groundwater samples collected during this investigation are also discussed below.

5.1 Site Geology

The subsurface lithology in all eight soil borings comprises a fine-grained alluvial material consisting of stiff clay, poorly sorted clay and silty clay and clayey sand with fine gravel to the maximum explored depth of 30 feet in MW-1 through MW-4 and TW-2. Most of the clays and silty clays are stiff with high plasticity.

5.2 Site Hydrogeology

Groundwater was encountered between 20 and 21 feet bgs during drilling on December 16 and 17, 1998. Although no groundwater was encountered during drilling of TW-3, a very moist zone, approximately two feet thick was noted at 12 feet bgs. The borehole was left open for 4 hrs, it was still dry. Groundwater subsequently noted in TW-3, at a period five hours, perhaps the result of temporary perched saturation. The groundwater elevations from monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-4, as measured on December 18, 1998, were used to develop the groundwater elevation contour map shown in Figure 3. The groundwater flow direction has been calculated to be to the southwest, with an average gradient of approximately 0.033 foot per foot. The average depth to stabilized groundwater in these wells was approximately 20 feet bgs on December 18, 1998, which could vary with seasonal conditions.

5.3 Soil analysis

Analytical results for four soil samples (MW2-18S, MW3-19S, TW3-18S and TW4-18S) indicated concentration of TPHg, BTEX, MTBE, TPHd and TPHmo below detection limits (nondetect). Only soil sample TW5-18S was found to contain petroleum hydrocarbons above detection limits, with TPHg at 43 parts per million (ppm), TPHd at 20 ppm, toluene at 0.016 and ethylbenzene at 0.054 ppm.

5.4 Groundwater Analysis

Analytical results for groundwater samples from four monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-4) and two temporary wells (TW-3 and TW-4) are presented in Table 3. Table 4 also includes the groundwater sampling results from the previous site investigation. The concentrations of TPHg and TPHd measured during December 1998 are presented in Figures 6 and 7 respectively. Groundwater samples from three monitoring wells MW-1, MW-3 and MW-4, were found to contain TPHg ranging from 480 to 4000 parts per billion (ppb). No petroleum hydrocarbons were detected in samples from MW-2, TW-3 and TW-4. TPHd concentrations ranging from 140 to 4,300 ppb were measured in groundwater samples from MW-1 through MW-4 and TW-3. TPHmo was detected in one sample, TW-3, at 430 ppb. Benzene was detected in groundwater samples from MW-1, MW-3, MW-4 and TW-4, at concentrations ranging from 0.085 to 12 ppb. Toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes concentrations ranging from 1.0 to 3.7 ppb were measured in groundwater samples from MW-1, MW-3 and MW-4. The highest concentrations of TPHg and TPHd were measured in the groundwater sample from MW-4. The concentration of TPHd in groundwater samples from MW-1 dropped significantly from the previous investigation. TPHg concentrations have increased, however. The laboratory reported that there are no indications of mineral spirits on chromatograms.

5.5 Physical Properties Analysis

The results of physical properties analysis is presented in Table 4. The sample analyzed is described as brown clay with sand with a specific gravity of 2.71, moisture content of 19.3%, dry and wet densities of 104.7 and 124.91 pounds per cubic feet (pef) respectively. This physical properties evaluation is necessary for risk evaluation for future site closure.

6.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

The findings and conclusions based on the results of the subsurface investigative work performed at the site, as well as on results of previous work, are summarized below.

- The subsurface lithology is predominantly composed of clays and silty clays with a few stringers of sandy silt and clayey gravels, which are limited in lateral extent.
- O A permeability barrier may occur near soil boring TW-3, since it was the only boring where no groundwater was encountered during drilling.
- o Shallow groundwater at the site has been impacted by petroleum hydrocarbon; sheen and bubbles of floating product are present. Analytical results for groundwater samples indicate concentrations of TPHg ranging from 480 and 4800 ppb, TPHd from 140 to 4,300 ppb, and benzene from 0.85 to 12 ppb.
- o Highest concentrations of TPHg and TPHd occur in groundwater samples from MW-4 and MW-3, which are located in the western end of the property. Benzene concentrations range from 0.85 to 12 ppb.
- o TPHg and TPHd were detected in only one soil sample at concentrations of 43 ppm and 20 ppm respectively. BTEX and MTBE compounds were not detected in any of the soil samples.
- The groundwater flow direction has been calculated to be to the southwest, with an average gradient of approximately 0.033 foot per foot. The average depth to stabilized groundwater in these wells was approximately 20 feet bgs on December 18, 1998.
- Maps showing contours TPHg and TPHd concentrations in groundwater, developed from the results of groundwater analyses indicate that the dissolved-phase petroleum hydrocarbon plume has migrated to the southwest in the direction of groundwater flow. The nature and extent of groundwater contaminant plume within the property has been defined.

7.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

The primary issue requiring resolution is remediating the hydrocarbon plume for an expedited site closure. To address this, AARS recommends:

- 1. Treatment of the plume with oil consuming bacteria or oxygen releasing compound.
- 2. Initiation of a regular quarterly groundwater monitoring and sampling program at the site to establish a history for water levels, hydrocarbon concentrations and dissolved oxygen.

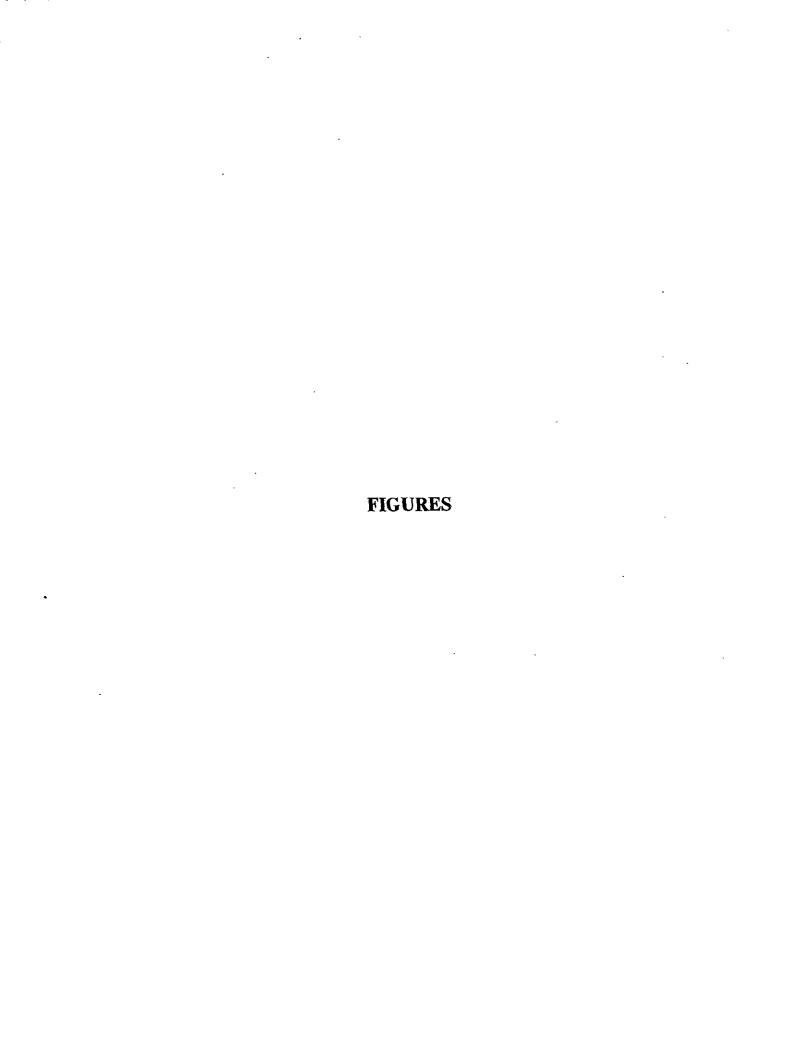
7.0 CERTIFICATION

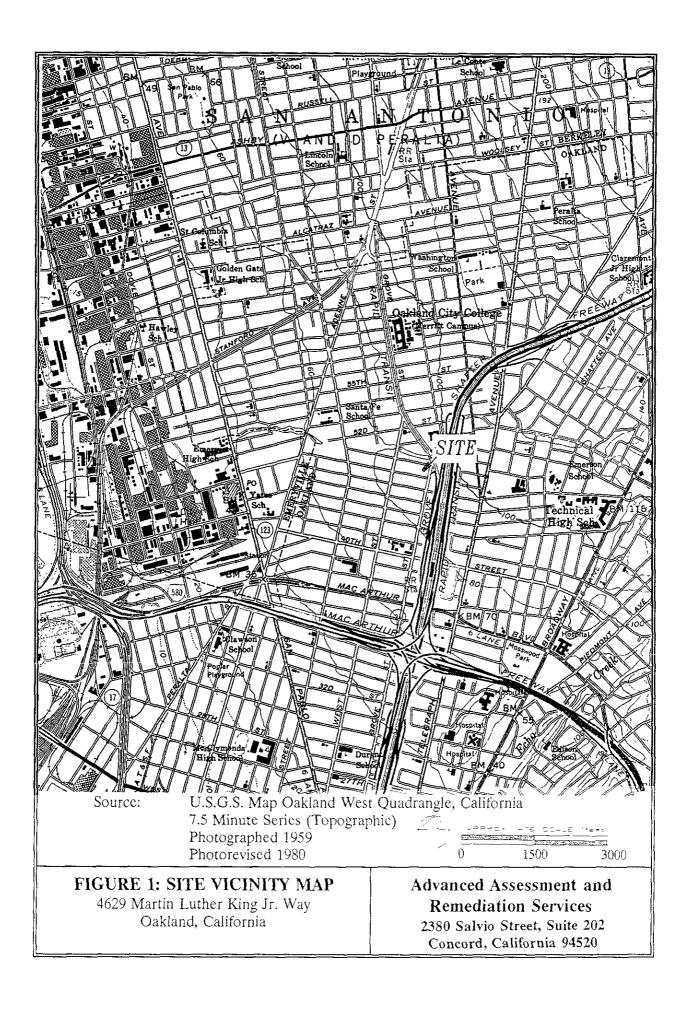
The information provided in this report is based on the recent site investigation and previous work conducted at the site. All data presented in this report is believed to be factual and accurate, unless proven otherwise. Any conclusions or recommendations provided within are based on our expertise and experience conducting work of a similar nature.

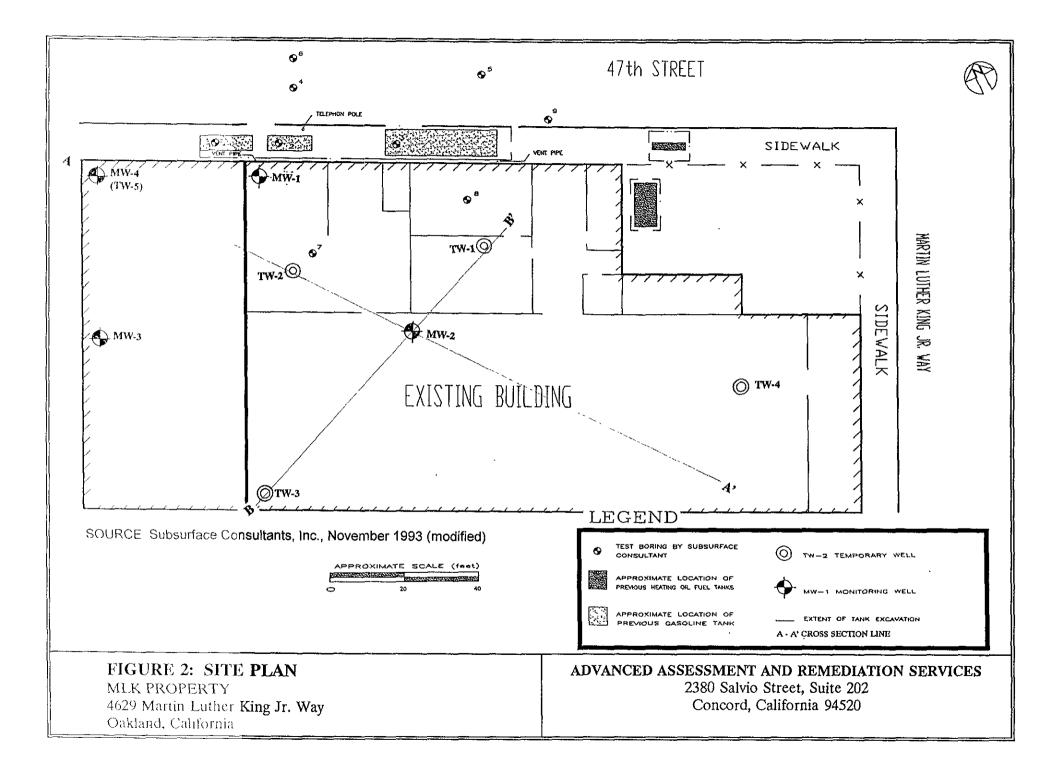
Advanced Assessment and Remediation Services

Tridib K. Guha

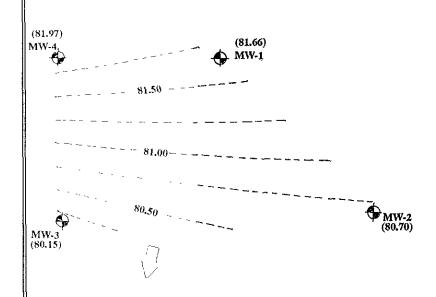
Registered Geologist Number 5836











LEGEND

♦MW-1

MONITORING WELL

(81.66)

RELATIVE GROUNDWATER

ELEVATION

-81.00--

GROUNDWATER ELEVATION

CONTOUR



GENERAL DIRECTION OF GROUNDWATER FLOW

NOTE

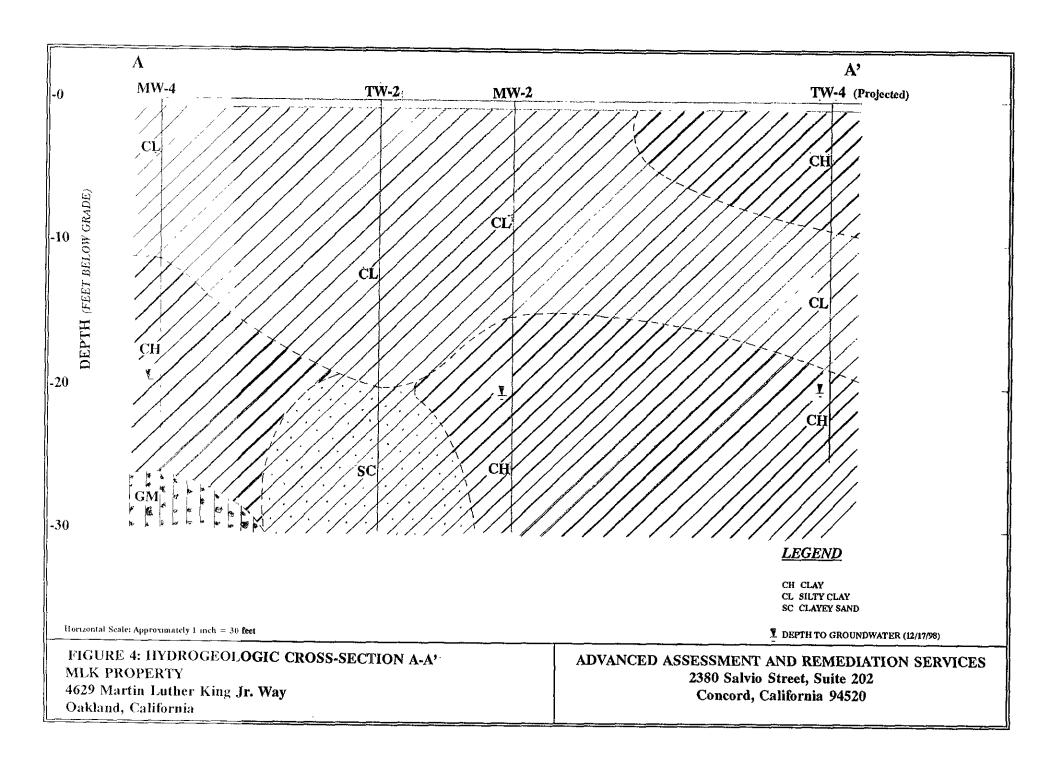
- 1. WATER LEVELS IN MONITORING WELLS MEASURED ON DECEMBER 18, 1998
- 2. CONTOUR INTERVAL = 0.25 FOOT
- 3. HYDRAULIC GRADIENT = 0.033 FOOT/FOOT

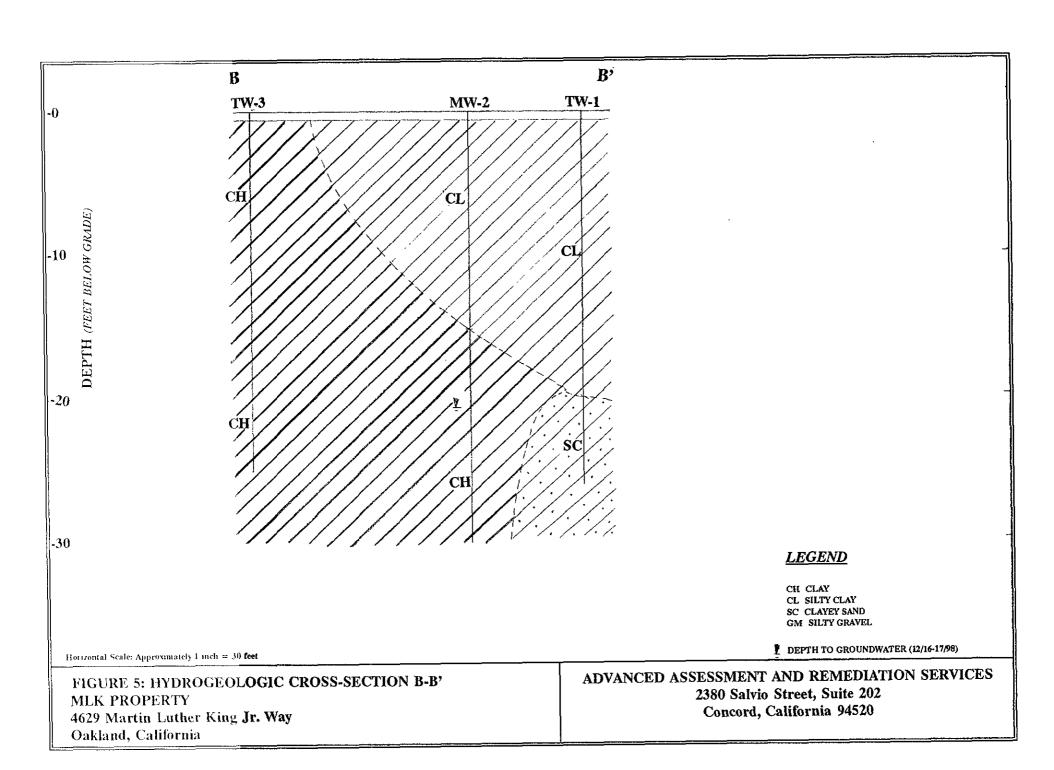
Scale:

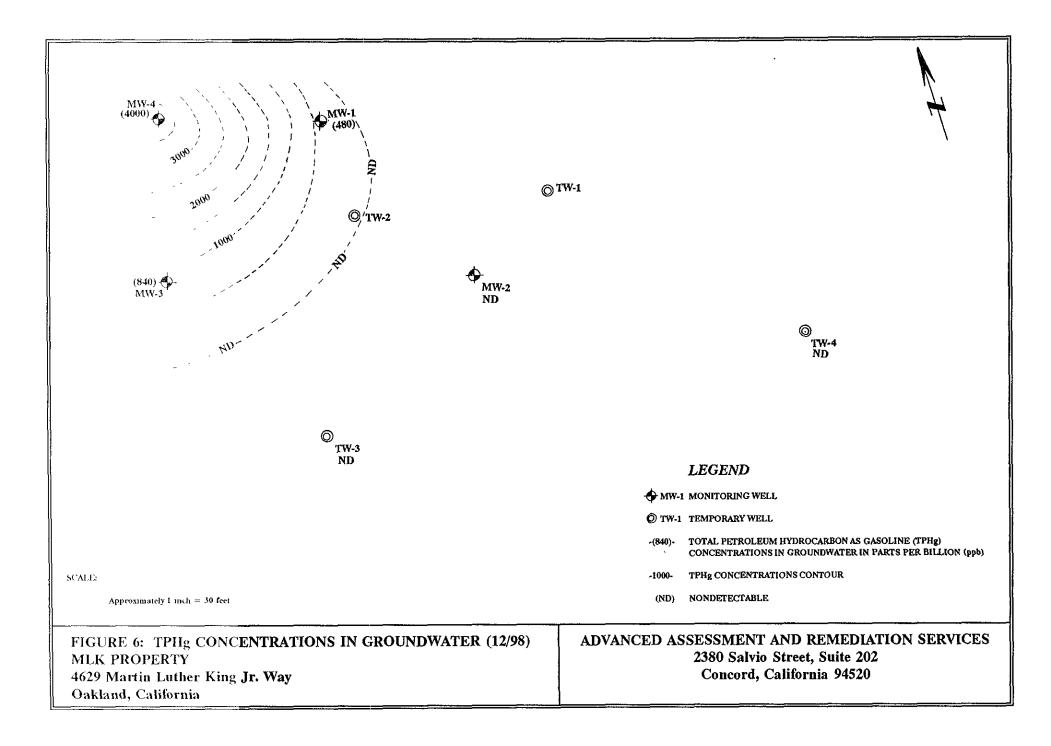
Approximately 1 inch = 30 feet

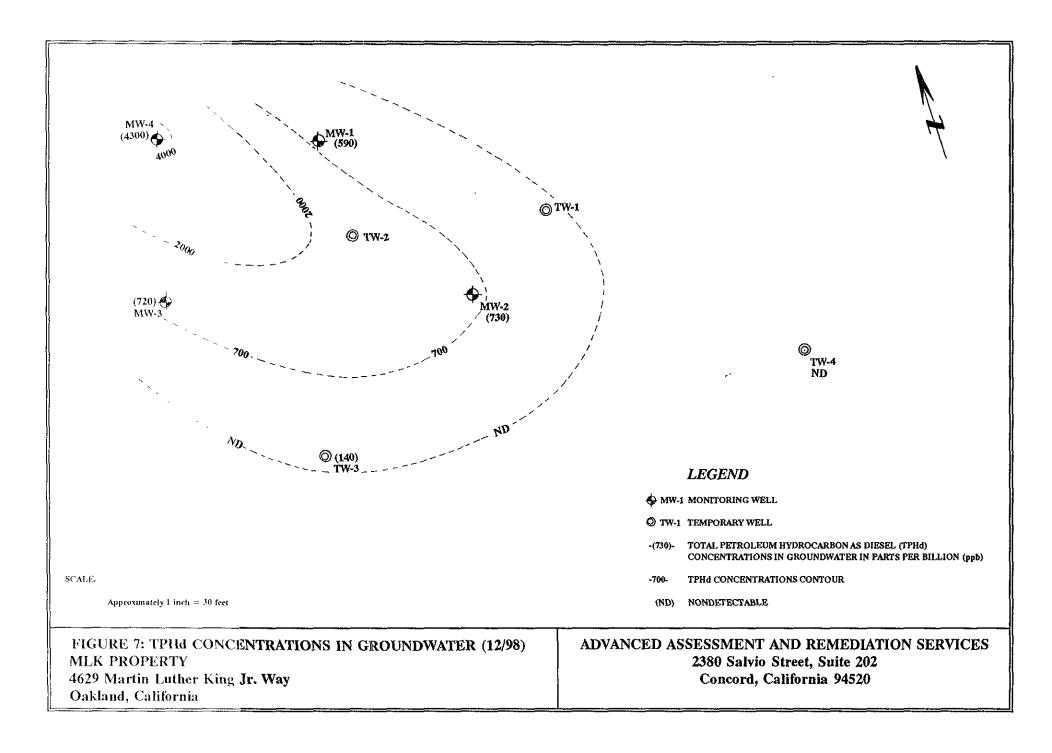
FIGURE 3: GROUNDWATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS (12/18/98)
MLK PROPERTY
4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way
Oakland, California

ADVANCED ASSESSMENT AND REMEDIATION SERVICES 2380 Salvio Street, Suite 202 Concord, California 94520









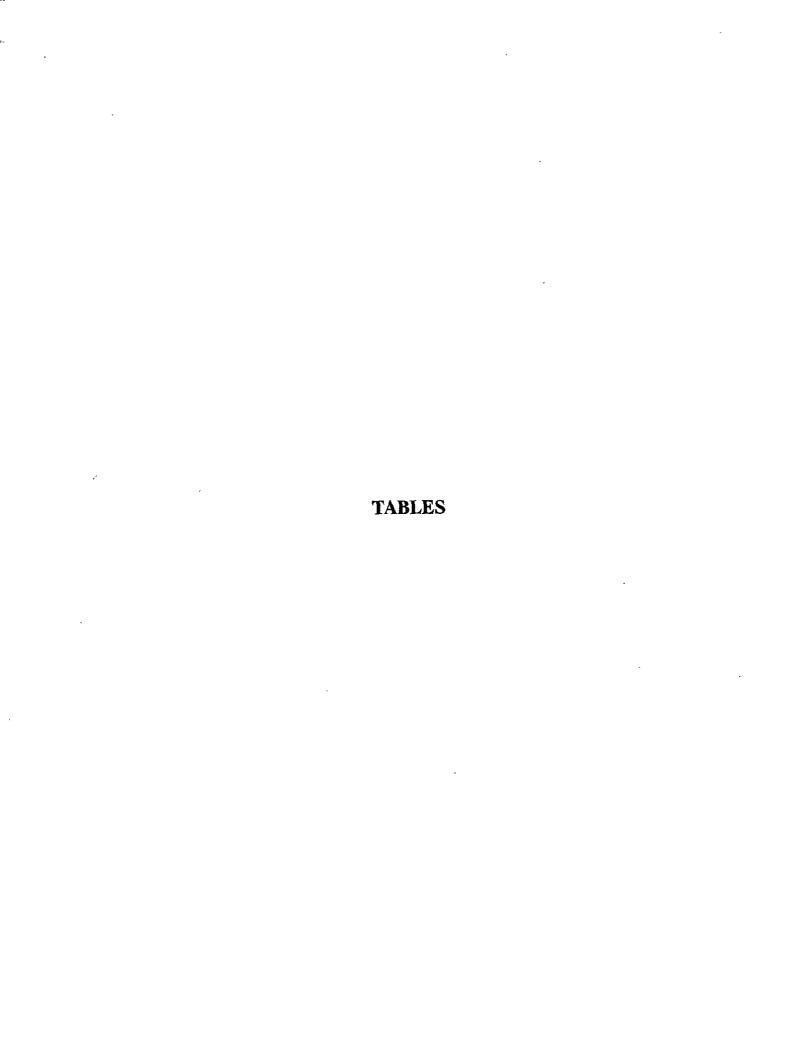


TABLE 1: SURVEY AND WATER LEVEL MONITORING DATA MLK Property 4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way Oakland, California											
Well No.	Date of Measurement	Top of Casing Elevation (Feet - Relative)	Depth to Groundwater (Feet)	Product Thickness (Feet)	Groundwater Elevation (Feet - Relative)						
MW-1	12-18-98	101.15	19.49	0.00	81.66						
MW-2	12-18-98	101.29	20.59	0.00	80.70						
MW-3 12-18-98 100.95			20.80	0.00	80.15						
MW-4	12-18-98	100.90	18.93	0.00	81.97						

Note: A bench mark, with an assumed elevation of 100.00 feet (Above Mean Sea Level), was established on top of the south curb at the 47th Street entrance to the center of the building; all well elevations are relative to this.

TABLE 2: SUMMARY OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLING MLK Property

4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way

Oakland, California

Sample ID	Date of TPHg Sampling (mg/kg)		MTBE Benzene (mg/kg) (mg/kg)		Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)	TPHd (mg/kg)	TPHmo (mg/kg)	TRPH as TOG (mg/kg)
MLK MW1-S21	11/14/95	350	NA	ND<0.02	0.23	ND<0.02	0.39	180	NA	380
MLK TW1-821	11/15/95	500	NA	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	200	NA	500
MLK IW2-S21	11/15/95	38	NA	ND	ND	ND	0.029	33	NA	100
MW2-18S	12/ 17/98	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-
MW3-198	12/ 16/98	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-
IW3-18S	12/1 7/98	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-
IW 1-18S	12/1 7/98	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	•
IW5-188	12/16/98	43	NID	ND	0.016	0.054	ND	20	ND	-
RI.	RL 12/ 17 - 12/2 3/98		0.05	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	1	5	1

Notes

ND- Not Detected NA- Not Analyzed RL- Reporting Limit

mg/kg- Milligram per kilogram (parts per million)

Total petroleum hydrocarbon as gasoline (EPA method modified 8015)

TOtal petroleum hydrocarbon as diesel (EPA method modified 8015)

TOtal petroleum hydrocarbon as motor oil (EPA method modified 8015)

Total petroleum hydrocarbon as motor oil (EPA method modified 8015)

1PRH as TOG- Total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbon as oil and grease (EPA method 418.1)

MTBE- Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (EPA method 8020)
Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (EPA method 8020)

TABLE 3: SUMMARY OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLING MLK Property

4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way Oakland, California

						<u> </u>						
Sample ID	Da te of Sam pling	TPHg (µg/L)	MTBE (µg/L)	Benzene (µg/L)	Toluene (µg/L)	Ethylbenzene (µg/L)	Xylenes (µg/L)	TPHd µg/L	TPHmo µg/L	TRPH as TOG (mg/L)	Lead (mg/L)	
MLK MW1-W	11/15/95	220	NA	2.3	ND	ND	0.68	20,000	NA	9.9	0.021	
MW1-GW	12/ 17/98	480	N.D	12	1.9	ND	2.9	590	ND	-	ND	
MLK IW1-W	11/15/95	58 0	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	12,000	NA	7.7	11	
MLK 1W2-W	11/15/95	190	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,600	NA	3.7	1	
MW2-GW	12/1 8/98	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	730	ND	-	ND	
MW3-GW	12/1 7/98	840	ND	3.6	1.1	1.0	2.2	720	ND	·	ND	
MW4-GW	12/1 7/98	4,000	ND	11	3.7	10	2.9	4,300	ND	-	ND	
TW3-GW	12/1 7/98	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	140	430	•	ND	
IW4-GW	12/1 7/98	ND	ND	0.85	0.86	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	ND	
RL.	12/ 17- 12/2 3/98	50	5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	50	250	1.0	0.005	

Notes

NI)- Not Detected RL- Reporting Limit NA- Not Analyzed

mg/L- Milligram per liter (parts per million)

µg/L- Microgram per liter (parts per billion)

TPHg- Total petroleum hydrocarbon as gasoline (EPA method modified 8015)
TPHd- Total petroleum hydrocarbon as diesel (EPA method modified 8015)
TPHmo- Total petroleum hydrocarbon as motor oil (EPA method modified 8015)

MTBE- Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (EPA method 8020)
Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (EPA method 8020)

Lead- (EPA method 6010)

TABLE 4: PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF SOIL SAMPLE **MLK Property** 4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way Oakland, California Sample ID #: TW4-10S Date of Sampling: 12/17/98 2.71 Specific Gravity 0.617 Void Ratio 38.1% **Porosity** Saturation% 84.8% 19.3% Moisture% 104.7 Dry Density (pcf) 124.91 Wet Density (pcf)

4.4%

25.8%

34.8%

35.0%

Note:

Gravel

Sand

Silt

Clay

pcf Pounds per cubic feet

Analytical Methods Used:

Particle Size, Sieve Analyses - ASTM D422 Porosity, Specific Gravity - ASTM D854 Density - ASTM D2937

Description: Brown CLAY with sand

No measure of total organic corbon context. APPENDIX A

Permits



ALAMEDA COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY

WATER RESOURCES SECTION

931 TURNER COURT, SUITE 300, HAYWARD, CA 94545-2651.

PRORE (510) 670-5255 ANDREAS GODFREY FAX (510) 670-5262

(510) 670-5248 ALVIN KAN

DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATION

FOR APPLICANT TO COMPLETE	for office use
LOCATION OF PROJECT 4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way Oakland, CA	Permit number 98WP462 Well number Afn
California Coordinatos Source n. Accussoy 4 n. CCN n. CCE n. APN	PERMIT CONDITIONS
CLIENT Name Lynn Nightingale Address 1390 Market Street Phone4 15-554-0200 ClySan Francisco Zip 94102-5306 APPLICANT Name Advanced Assessment and Remediation Services fax 925-363-1998 Address 2380 Salvio Stf202 Phone 925-363-1999 Cly Concord Zup 94520 TYPE OF PROJECT Woll Construction General D Water Supply D Contamination D Monnoping X Well Destruction C PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY WELL USK New Domostic D Replacement Domestic D Municipal D Impation D Municipal D Impation D Municipal D Coher D DRILLING METHOD: Mud Rotary D Air Ratery D Auger R Cable D Other D DRILLER'S LICENSE NO. C57 48165 WELL PROJECTS Delli Hole Diameter 8.5 in. Maximum Casing Diameter 2 in. Depth 30 n Surface Seal Doyth 5 n Number 2 GEOTECHNICAL PROJECTS Number of Borings 2 Maximum Hole Diameter 8.5 in. Maximum Depth 25 n Maximum Depth 25 n	Circled Permit Requirements Apply A. GENERAL 1. A permit application should be submitted as as to arrive at the ACPWA office five days prior to proposed starting date. 2. Submit to ACPWA within 60 days after completion of permitted work the original Department of Water Resources Water Well Prillers Report or equivalent feel projects, or drilling logs and location sketch for geotechnical projects. 3. Fermit is void if project not begun within 90 days of approval date. B. WATER SUPPLY WELLS 1. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of coment grout placed by wernie. 2. Minimum seal depth is 50 feet for municipal and industrial wells or 20 feet for domestic and irrigation wells unless a losser depth is specially approved. C. GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS 1. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of coment grout placed by tremis. 2. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of coment grout placed by tremis. 3. Minimum depth practicable or 20 feet. 4. GEOTECHNICAL Backfill bore hole with compacted meterial. In areas of known or suspected contamination, tremfed coment grout shall be used in place of compacted cuttings of material part of the same and upper two feet with concrete placed by tremis. 4. CATHODIC Fill hele above anode zone with concrete placed by tremis. 5. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

5183782335 "", TOTAL DOG 35 UM

HEALTH CARE SERVICES

AGENCY



DAVID J. KEARS, Agency Director

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

1131 Harbor Bay Parkway. Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577 (510) 567-6700 (510) 337-9335 (FAX)

StID 1489

August 5, 1998

Ms. Lynn Nightingale 102 Flying Cloud Isle Foster City, CA 94404

RE: Work Plan Approval for 4629 MLK Jr Way, Oakland, CA

Dear Ms. Nightingale:

I have completed review of AARS' July 1998 "Work Plan for Supplemental Groundwater Quality Investigation" and the revised site plan depicting locations of the proposed temporary and permanent groundwater monitoring wells. The work plan is acceptable with the following changes/additions:

- 1. include analysis for TPH as stoddard solvent in all water samples;
- only water from monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-2 need to be analyzed for chlorinated solvents, using Method 8240;
- 3. analysis for lead should be for total soluble lead, where the water sample (from wells MW-1 and MW-2 only) is filtered prior to analysis; and,
- 4. soil sample from TW-4, if "clean", should be selected for physical parameter analyses, where total carbon content quantification is also included;

Although records do not show that permits were taken for the installation of underground storage tanks (UST) inside the existing building, there exists what appears to be a UST, possible two, at the site (see enclosed site plan). The UST and any associated piping must be properly closed (either removed or filled with an inert material). The Oakland Fire Department is the lead agency for the closure of USTs. You should contact Mr. Leroy Griffin at (510) 238-7759 for applicable permits.

If you have any questions, I can be reached at (510) 567-6762.

eva chu

Hazardous Materials Specialist

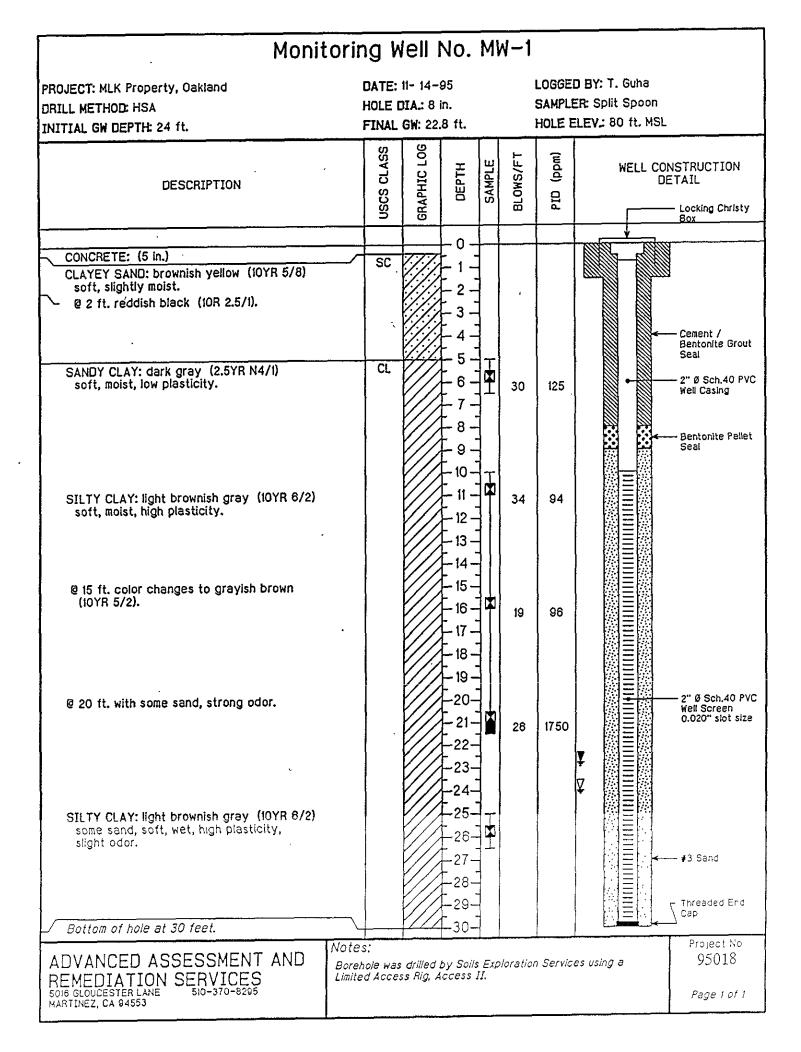
c: Tridib Guha, AARS, 3800 Vista Oaks Dr., Suite 201, Martinez, CA 94553 Leroy Griffin, Oakland Fire Dept (ω)

enclosure

ntngale10

APPENDIX B

Boring Logs and Monitoring Well Installation Details



LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING NO. MW-2

Project: MLK Property.

Drilling Co.: GREGG Drilling & Testing

Start Date: 12/17/98 End Date: 12/17/98

Drill Method: **HSA** Driller: Robert Deason Drill Rig: RHINO D-15 Logged By: T. Guha Sampler: Split Spoon Hole Dia.: 8 inch

			<u> </u>							
LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	USCS CLASS	GRAPHIC LOG	DEPTH	SAMPLE	DDIVEN in	DAIY EN III	RECOVERY-in	OVA (ppm)	CONST	VELL TRUCTION ETAIL
		Ι.			T				Y	Christy B
-CONCRETE			0		+					
SILTY CLAY: dark gray, damp, soft	CL		-							
same, color changes to brownish gray			-5- -5- -	T.		6 6		0		
			-10-	X		6 6		0		Neat Cement Bentonite
CLAY: brownish gray, moist, stiff, high	-		- -15-	 		6	6	0		Seal 2-inch SCH.40 PVC Blank Casing
plasticity, no odor same, no odor	СН		-			6 6 6	6 6 6	0		2-inch SCH.40 0.010 slotted PVC
same, wet, no odor			-20- - -			6	6		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	screen
			-25-			6 6	6	0		Sand #2 Lonestar
same, wet, no odor	СН		-	8						End cap
BORE HOLE TERMINATED @ 30 feet			-30- - -			İ				_
ADVANCED ASSESSMENT & REMEDIATION SERVICES 2380 Salvio Street, Suite202 Concord, CA 94520	· ·	ote Bo		was dri	illed l	 by' us	ing c	l l.mute	ed	Project No 98017 Page 1 of 1

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING NO. MW-3

Project: MLK Property.

Drilling Co.: GREGG Drilling & Testing

Start Date: 12/16/98 End Date: 12/16/98

HSA Drill Method: Driller: Robert Deason

Drill Rig: RHINO D-15

Logged By: T. Guha Sampler: Split Spoon

Hole Dia.: 8 inch

	,	_	T		-				
LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	USCS CLASS	GRAPHIC LOG	DEPTH	SAMPLE	W NSIABIN		RECOVERY-in	OVA (ppm)	WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAIL
		<u>`</u>			<u> </u>				
CONCRETE		1/7	1 -			İ			
SILTY CLAY: dark gray, damp, soft	CL		-						
same, color changes to brownish gray			-5-	(6	:	0	
CLAY: gray, slightly moist, stiff, high		V	1:	1		6		į	
plasticity, no odor	СН] -					0	
color changes to yellowish brown, moist, stiff, high plasticity			-10- - -	X		6 6			Neat Cement Bentonite Seal
	СН	//	-15-			6	6	0	2-inch SCH.40 PVC Blank
same, no odor			-	+ + **		6 6	6		Casing
						6	6	0	2-inch SCH.40 0.010 slotted PVI
same, wet	СН	//	-20-			6	6		¥ : screen
			= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =			6	6 6	1000	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
SILTY CLAY: light brownish gray,	 	//	-25- -	T		6	6	1000	Lonestar
soft, high plasticity, wet strong gasoline odor	CL	//	-						
			-30-	Ø					End cap
BORE HOLE TERMINATED @ 30 feet				 		1			
						ļ			
ADVANCED ASSESSMENT &				n <i>as dr</i>	ılled b	y usi	ing a	limited	Project No
REMEDIATION SERVICES	ac	cess ri	g						98017
2380 Salvio Street, Suite202 Concord, CA 94520									Page 1 of 1

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING NO. TW-3

Project: MLK Property.

Drilling Co.: GREGG Drilling & Testing

2380 Salvio Street, Suite 202

Concord, CA 94520

Start Date: 12/17/98 End Date: 12/17/98

HSA Drill Method: Driller: R. Deason Drill Rig: RHINO D-15 Logged By: T. Guha Sampler: Split Spoon Hole Dia.: 6 inch

Page 1 of 1

LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	USCS CLASS	GRAPHIC LOG	рертн	SAMPLE		DRIVEN in	RECOVERY-in	OVA (ppm)	BORING CLOSURE
CONCRETE CLAY: dark gray, moist, soft, high plasticity Same, very moist, very stiff, high plasticity Same, very moist, stiff, high plasticity, no odor	СН				and the state of t			0	
Same, color changes to light brown, moist, no petroleum odor BORE HOLE TERMINATED @ 25 feet	CH		-20 -20 -25 -30			6 6 6 6	6 6 6	0	Neat Cement
ADVANCED ASSESSMENT & REMEDIATION SERVICES	6	access encoun	rig Di tered l	uring d Boreho	rilli le le,	ng gro st ope	oundw n for	a limite vater we 4 hours me wate	Project No. 198017

still dry After 5 hours there was some water

PVC casing

groundwater sampled with a 0.75 inch diameter

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING NO. TW-4

Project: MLK Property.

Drilling Co.: GREGG Drilling & Testing

Start Date: 12/17/98 End Date: 12/17/98 Drill Method: HSA Driller: R. Deason

Drill Rig: RHINO D-15

Logged By: T. Guha Sampler: Split Spoon Hole Dia.: 6 inch

SAMPLE GRAPHIC LOG USCS CLASS RECOVERY-in DRIVEN in BORING CLOSURE LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION OVA (ppm) CONCRETE CH \boxtimes CLAY: dark gray, damp, soft, high plasticity 0 **-**5-Same, light brown, slightly moist, stiff, \boxtimes high plasticity, no odor 6 6 SILTY CLAY: brown, with few rounded 6 -10-CLgravels and sand, moist, stiff, no odor 0 -15-0 same 6 6 6 6 CLAY: greenish brown, very moist, very 6 stiff, high plasticity, no gasoline odor -20-CH same, wet \boxtimes 0 -25-Neat Cement BORE HOLE TERMINATED @ 25 feet -30-

ADVANCED ASSESSMENT & REMEDIATION SERVICES

2380 Salvio Street, Suite 202 Concord, CA 94520 Note Borehole was drilled by using a limited access rig A groundwater sample was collected (see text)

Project No. 98017
Page 1 of 1

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING NO. MW-4/TW-5

Project: MLK Property.

Drilling Co.: GREGG Drilling & Testing

Start Date: 12/16/98 End Date: 12/16/98 Drill Method: HSA
Driller: Robert Deason

Drill Rig: RHINO D-15

Logged By: T. Guha Sampler: Split Spoon Hole Dia.: 8 inch

LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	USCS CLASS	GRAPHIC LOG	DEPTH	SAMPLE		DRIVEN in	RECOVERY-in	OVA (ppm)	WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAIL
		`.	0						Christy Box
CONCRETE SILTY CLAY: dark gray, damp, soft, high plasticity	CL		- - - - -5-	2				0	
color changes to brown, moist, stiff, high plasticity	CL		- -10-	⊠				0	
CLAY: greenish gray, moist very stiff, high plasticity, no odor	СН		- -15-	⊠				0	Seal 2-inch SCH.40 PVC Blank Casing
same, very strong gasoline odor same, wet	СН		- - -20- - -	±		6 6 6	6 6	2000	2-inch SCH.40 0.0i0 slotted PVC screen
			- -25- -	⊠				5000	Sand #2 Lonestar
SILTY GRAVEL: grayish brown, angular gravels with silt-sand mixtures	GM		- - - -30-	X					End cap
BORE HOLE TERMINATED @ 30 feet			-						
ADVANCED ASSESSMENT & REMEDIATION SERVICES 2380 Salvio Street, Suite202 Concord, CA 94520	Note Borehole was drilled by using a limited accessing Borehole was drilled to 25 feet. A groundwater grab sample was collected, strong gasoline odor and sheen was noted. Borehole was reentered with 8 inch augers. drilled to 30 feet and converted into a monitoring well (see text).								nas 98017

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM ASTM D2488-84

MAJOR DIVISIONS		SYMBOLS		TYPICAL NAMES	
		CLEAN GRAVELS	GW	0.0	Well graded gravels or gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
12E	GRAVELS WITH LITTLE OR NO FINE		GP	500	Poorly graded gravels or gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
Sons ieve size	MORE THAN 1/2 OF COARSE FRACTION> NO.4 SIEVE SIZE	GRAVELS	GM		Silty gravels, gravel-sand mixtures
INED S		WITH OVER 12% FINES	GC		Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay mixtures
E GRA No.20		CLEAN SANDS WITH	SW		Well graded sands or gravelly sands, little or no fines
COARSE GRAINED OVER 50%>No.200 SII	SANDS	LITTLE OR NO FINES			Poorly graded sands or gravelly sands, little or no fines
OVE	MORE THAN 1/2 OF COARSE FRACTION< NO.4 SIEVE SIZE	SE FRACTION<			Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures
		WITH OVER 12% FINES	sc		Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures
SIZE	OTI TO S	01.4.70	ML		Inorganic siltys and very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey fine sands or clayey silts with slight plasticity
	SILTS &	1	CL		Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays
VED SC 30 SIE	LIQUID LIMIT (00% UK LE55	OL		Organic silts andorganic silty clays of low plasticity
GRAIN CNO.20	LIQUID LIMIT 50% OR LESS SILTS & CLAYS LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50% LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50%		мн		Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine sandy or silty soils, elastic silts
FINE 50%			СН		Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat clays
OVEF			он		Organic clays of medium to high plasticity, organic silty clays, organic silts
	HIGHLY ORGANI	C SOILS	Pŧ		Peat and other hightly organic soils

SYMBOLS KEY

GRAIN SIZE CHART

I	Driven Interval
×	Bulk or Classification Sample
	Laboratory Sample
X	Undisturbed Samp. for Classification
Ā	First encountered groundwater level Static groundwater level
(10YR 4/4)	Munself soil color 1990 edition

	RANGE OF GRAIN SIZES			
CLASSIFICATION	U.S. Stendard Sieve Size	Grain Size in Millimeters		
BOULDERS	Above 12"	Above 305		
COBBLES	12" to 3"	305 to 76.2		
GRAVEL coarse fine	3" to No.4 3" to 3/4" 3/4" to No.4	76.2 to 4.76 76.2 to 19.1 19.1 to 4.76		
SAND coarse medium fine	No.4 to No.200 No 4 to No 10 No 10 to No 40 No 40 to No 200	4.76 to 0 074 4 76 to 2 00 2 00 to 0 420 0 426 to 0 074		
SILT & CLAY	Below No 200	Below No.0.074		

ADVANCED ASSESSMENT & REMEDIATION SERVICES

2380 Salvio Street, Suite202 Concord, CA 94520

SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART AND KEY TO BORING LOG

APPENDIX C

Monitoring Well Purge/Sample Worksheet

PROJECT NUMBER: 98017

MLK Property

PROJECT NAME:

(Print)

SITE ADDRESS: 4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way, Oakland, CA								
WELL NUMBER: MW-1 WELL CASING DIA.: 2 inch DATE: 12-17-98								
Water column He								
(Gallons/Linear Foot: 2" dia. = 0.17; 4" dia. = 0.66; 6" dia. = 1.5)								
Groundwater Insp Floating Product	ection (ft. or in.): Mo	7 MERSURA <i>I</i> SL	Sheen/Iri	idescence: γε:	S Odor: STRONG CASOLI	MÈ ODOIL		
Time	Volume Purged (gal)	Temperature (degrees F)	pН	Conductivity µS	Color/Turbidity/Other			
12'15	0	67	7.25	1029	CLEAR WITH BUBBLES			
12:28	2	66	7.16	1020	TURBID GRAYISH			
12:43	4	66	7.20	1010	K 11			
12:57	6	66	7.20	1005)) //			
	-							
Purged Water Con	ıtainment			Purge Method U	<u>sed</u> :			
gals stored in 55 gal (drums); Any previous drums? Capacity								
Groundwater Sampling Water Level Recovery (Depth to groundwater in feet)								
(P) After purging: 22.66 (I) Initially: 19.85 (S) Before sampling: 19.70 Time: 16.20								
(P-S)/P-I) x 100 = 100 % Total Recovery: 98%.								
Sample Containers (How many? Preservatives?)								
I liter amber glass REMARKS :	1 liter amber glass: ; 40 ml VOA: 3 ; 500 ml polypropylene: REMARKS:							
SAMPLER: TRIDIE GUHA SIGNATURE: Judich								

ADVANCED ASSESSMENT AND REMEDIATION SERVICES

PROJECT NAME:	MLK Property	PROJECT NUMBER:	98017	
SITE ADDRESS:	4629 Martin Luther Kir	ng Jr. Way, Oakland, CA		
WELL NUMBER: MV	V-2 WELL CASIN	G DIA.: 2 INCH	DATE: 12-1	18-98
Stagnant Volume Calcul Total Well Depth (ft) -		r = Water Column Hei 9.41	ght (ft) -	Time: 08/35
Water column Height (f	t) x Gallons/Linear Foot 0 . 17	s = Stagnant Volume (C	Gallons)	
(Gallons/Linear Foot: 2" dia	. = 0.17; 4" dia. = 0.66; 6" dia	L = 1.5)		
Groundwater Inspection Floating Product (ft. or		Sheen/Tridescence: \/7	S Odor	\/r ~

Time	Volume Purged (gal)	Temperature (degrees F)	pН	Conductivity µS	Color/Tu	rbidity/Other
08:40	0	64	7.10	1400	CLEAR	
08'50	1.5	64	7.12	1380	CLOUDY	GRAYISH
09:00	3	63	7.14	1360	21	H
09.10	5-	63	7.10	1370	7.6	11
09:20	6.5	63	7.12	1350	MUDDY	CRAY
09:30	ક	63	7.15	1340	11	11
09:40	10	63	7.10	1345	h	17
09:50	11.5	63	7.10	1345	11	17
10:00	13	63	7.10	1325	i1	17
10:15	16	62	7.10	1330	11	1/

SIGNATURE:

ADVANCED ASSESSMENT AND REMEDIATION SERVICES

SAMPLER: TRIDIR GUHA

(Print)

PROJECT NAME:	MLK Property	PROJECT NUMBER	: 98017	
SITE ADDRESS:	4629 Martin Luther	King Jr. Way, Oakland, CA	4	
WELL NUMBER: M	W-3 WELL CAS	ING DIA: 2 MCH	DATE: 12	-17-98
Stagnant Volume Calc	<u>ulation</u>			
Total Well Depth (ft)	- Initial Depth to Wa	iter = Water Column He	eight (ft) -	Time: 08:20
30	20.95	9:05		
Water column Height	(ft) x Gallons/Linear Fo	oot = Stagnant Volume	(Gallons)	
9.05	0.17	1.5		
(Callonall inear Foots 2" A	ia - 0 17: 4º dia - 0 66: 6º	dio == 1.5)		

Groundwater Inspection

Groundwater Inspection
Floating Product (ft. or in.): Not MEASURA BLESheen/Iridescence: YES

Odor: STRONG CASOLING ODOR

Time	Volume Purged (gal)	Temperature (degrees F)	pH	Conductivity	Color/Tur	bidity/Other
10:30	0	65	6.83	2263	CLEARW	1174 BUBBLES
10:40	1.5	64	7.08	2250	CLOUDY -	GRAYISH
10:50	3	64	7.10	2220	FURBID	GRAY
11:00	4.5	64	7.66	7230	MUDDY	GRAY
11:10	6	64	7.10	2220	14.	1/
11:20	7.5	64	7.08	2210	и	11
11:30	9	64	7.10	2225	11	u
11:40	10.5	64	7.05	2215	11	11
11:55	12	64	7.10	2210	34	"
12:10	14	64	7.08	2205	И	l ?

gals stored in 55 ga	l (drums); Any	y previous drums? Capacity	<u></u>
Groundwater Sampling	Water Level	Recovery (Depth to groundwater in	feet)
(P) After purging: 23.68 (I)	Initially: 20	9.95 (S) Before sampling: 21,11	Time: 16:23
(P-S)/P-I) x 100 = 100 % Total	Recovery:	94%	SAMPLE TIME 16:40
Sample Containers (How many	? Preservatives	s?)	
1 liter amber glass: ;	40 ml VOA:_	3 ; 500 ml polypropylene:_	1

Purge Method Used:

SAMPLER: TRIDIB GUHA

Purged Water Containment

SIGNATURE: J. 116.

(Print)

ADVANCED ASSESSMENT AND REMEDIATION SERVICES

4629 Martin Luther King Jr. Way, Oakland, CA

WELL CASING DIA.: 2 MCH

Total Well Depth (ft) - Initial Depth to Water = Water Column Height (ft) - Time: 08:25

PROJECT NUMBER: 98017

10.85

1.8

DATE: 12-17-98

MLK Property

19.15

Water column Height (ft) x Gallons/Linear Foot = Stagnant Volume (Gallons)

0.17

(Gallons/Linear Foot: 2" dia. = 0.17; 4" dia. = 0.66; 6" dia. = 1.5)

PROJECT NAME:

SITE ADDRESS:

30

WELL NUMBER: MW-4

Stagnant Volume Calculation

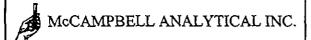
10.85

Groundwater Inspection

Floating Product	(ft. or in.): Ho	T MERSVARB IBBLES	ιε Sheen/Iri	descence: $\gamma \varepsilon$	S Odor:	STRONG CASOLIN	1ē C
Time	Volume Purged (gal)	Temperature (degrees F)	рН	Conductivity	Color/T	urbidity/Other	
08:26	0	62	7.35	869	CLEAR	WITH BUBBLES	
08:37	2	62	7.30	875	CLOUDYW	TH SUSPENDED	
08;50	4	61	7.30	857		GRAY	
09:03	6	61	7.30	850		anay	
09;15	8	61	7.31	852		14	
09;28	10	61	7.30	856	л	11	
09:42	12	61	7.32	846	11	11	
09:55	14	61	7.31	840	h	11	
10:10	16	61	7.30	842	n	11	
10:25	18	61	7.30	840	"	17	
Purged Water Co gals stored Groundwater San	in 55 gal		previous dru	Purge Method Lums? Capa	acity		
P) After purging	g: <u>22.32</u> (I) I	Initially: <u>19.</u> i	<u>S</u> (S) Befo	ore sampling:	19.18 Time	: 16:25	
P-S)/P-I) x 100 =	= 100 % Total	Recovery:	99./.			SAMPLE TIME 1	(3
ample Containe	rs (How many?	Preservatives:	?)				
liter amber glas REMARKS:	ss:;	40 ml VOA:	; 5	i00 ml polyprop	ylene: <u> </u>		
AMPLER:	RIDIB G	JHA	S	IGNATURE:	Tarley	(k. J.)	
(Print)		AD	VANCED ASSESSI	MENT AND REM	EDIATION SERVICES	

APPENDIX D

Certified Analytical Reports and Chain-of-Custody Documents



Advanced Assessment &	Client Project ID: 4629 MLK Jr. Way,	Date Sampled: 12/16-12/18/98
Remediation Services	Oakland	Date Received: 12/17-12/18/98
2380 Salvio St. Suite 202	Client Contact: Tridib Guha	Date Extracted: 12/17-12/18/98
Concord, CA 94520	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 12/17/98

12/28/98

Dear Tridib:

Enclosed are:

- 1). the results of 11 samples from your 4629 MLK Jr. Way, Oakland. project,
- 2). a QC report for the above samples
- 3). a copy of the chain of custody, and
- 4). a bill for analytical services.

After our analysis of these samples, Advanced Assessment & Remediation Services requested that we examine these chromatograms for "mineral spirits". The patterns present show no indication of mineral spirits.

All analyses were completed satisfactorily and all QC samples were found to be within our control limits. If you have any questions please contact me. McCampbell Analytical Laboratories strives for excellence in quality, service and cost. Thank you for your business and I look forward to working with you again.

Yours truly,

Edward Hamilton, Lab Director

Advanced Assessment &	Client Project ID: 4629 MLK Jr. Way,	Date Sampled: 12/16-12/18/98
Remediation Services	Oakland	Date Received: 12/17-12/18/98
2380 Salvio St. Suite 202	Client Contact: Tridib Guha	Date Extracted: 12/17-12/18/98
Concord, CA 94520	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 12/17-12/23/98

Gasoline Range (C6-C12) Volatile Hydrocarbons as Gasoline*, with Methyl tert-Butyl Ether* & BTEX*

EPA methods 5030, modified 8015, and 8020 or 602; California RWOCB (SF Bay Region) method GCFID(5030)

Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(g) ⁺	мтве	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylben- zene	Xylenes	% Recovery Surrogate
00391	TW5-18S	S	43,g,j	ND	ND	0.016	0.054	ND .	#
00392	MW3-19S	S	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	100
00393	MW2-18S	S	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	101
00394	TW3-18S	S	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	101
00395	TW4-18S	s	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	103
00396	MW1-GW	W	480,a	ND	12	1.9	ND	2.9	116
00397	MW3-GW	w	840.j	ND	3.6	1.1	1.0	2.2	#
00398	MW4-GW	w	4000,j	ND	11	3.7	10	2.9	#
00399	TW3-GW	w	ND,i	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	102
00400	TW4-GW	W	ND	ND	0.85	0.86	ND	ND	97
00516	MW2-GW	w	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	105
	orting Limit unless W 50 ug/L erwise stated: ND		50 ug/L	5.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	
	t detected above porting limit	S	1.0 mg/kg	0.05	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	

^{*} water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, wipe samples in ug/wipe, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP and SPLP extracts in ug/L

[&]quot; cluttered chromatogram, sample peak coelutes with surrogate peak

The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation a) unmodified or weakly modified gasoline is significant, b) heavier gasoline range compounds are significant (aged gasoline?). c) lighter gasoline range compounds (the most mobile fraction) are significant, d) gasoline range compounds having broad chromatographic peaks are significant, biologically altered gasoline?, e) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (?) thone to a few isolated peaks present, g) strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds are significant, h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present, i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment, j) no recognizable pattern

2380 Salvio St. Suite 202 Clien	t Contact: Tridib Guha	Date Extracted: 12/17-12/21/98
2380 Salvio St. Suite 202 Clien	t Contact: Tridib Guha	Date Extracted: 12/17-12/21/98

Diesel Range (C10-C23) and Oil-Range (C18+) Extractable Hydrocarbons as Diesel and Motor Oil* EPA methods modified 8015, and 3550 or 3510; California RWQCB (SF Bay Region) method GCFID(3550) or GCFID(3510)

Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(d)⁺	TPH(mo)⁺	% Recovery Surrogate
00391	TW5-18S	S	20,d	ND	97
00392	MW3-19S	S	ND	ND	99
00393	MW2-18S	s	ND	ND	102
00394	TW3-18S	S	ND	ND	101
00395	TW4-18S	S	ND	ND	101
00396	MW1-GW	W	590,b	ND	106
00397	MW3-GW	w	720,b,d	ND	106
00398	MW4-GW	w	4300,b,d	ND	106
00399	TW3-GW	W	140,g,i	430	106
00400	TW4-GW	w	ND	ND	107
00516	MW2-GW	w	730,b	ND	106
	nit unless otherwise	w	50 ug/L	250 ug/L	
	ated; ND means not detected above the reporting limit	S	1.0 mg/kg	5.0 mg/kg	

^{*}water samples are reported in ug/L, wipe samples in ug/wipe, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP / STLC / SPLP extracts in ug/L

The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are outsold in it is and McCampbell that your sold responsible for new membration as unmodified or weakly modified diesell is significant, bit result argo compounds a congruence as significant, d) gasoline range compounds are significant to indigenous formation and does not material escilent. It is to be to a text isolated peaks present, g) oil range compounds are significant. It is righter than water immissible sheen is present. It are disample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment.



[•] To ultered enformatogram resulting in coefuted surrogate and sample peaks on surrogate peak is on elevaled buseline on, surrogate has need a minished by dilution of original extract

Date Sampled: 12/16-12/18/98 Advanced Assessment & Client Project ID: 4629 MLK Jr. Way, Date Received: 12/17-12/18/98 Oakland Remediation Services Client Contact: Tridib Guha Date Extracted: 12/18/98 2380 Salvio St. Suite 202 Client P.O: Concord, CA 94520 Date Analyzed: 12/21/98

Lead*

Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	Extraction °	Lead*	% Recovery Surrogate
00396	MW1-GW	W	Dissolved:	ND	NA
00397	MW3-GW	w	Dissolved	ND	NA
00398	MW4-GW	W	Dissolved	ND	NA
00399	TW3-GW	w	Dissolved	ND	NA
00400	TW4-GW	W	Dissolved	ND	NA
00516	MW2-GW	W	Dissolved	ND	NA
Posseting I i	it valore estronic	S	TTLC	3.0 mg/kg	
stated; ND mean	nit unless otherwise as not detected above	W TTLC		0 005 mg/L	
ine rep	orting limit		STLC,TCLP	0.2 mg/L	

^{*} soil and sludge samples are reported in mg/kg, wine samples in ug/wine, and water samples and all STLC / SPLP / TCLP extracts in ug/

⁾ liquid sample that contains greater than ~2 vol. % sediment this sediment is exticcled with the board, in accordance with EPA methodologies and can significantly effect reported metal concentrations



Theautrs analysed using FPA method 6010 (ICP)for soils, sludges, STEC & FCTP exhlucts and method 239.2 (NA Jumaco) or water if

¹¹ PA extraction methods 1311(TCLP), 3010/3020(water, FFLC), 3040(organ cimatives, FFLC), 3050(solids, FFLC), SELC - CA Troe 22 surrogate diluted out of range, N/A means surrogate not applicable to this unalysis

hepoining limit raised due matrix interference

QC REPORT FOR HYDROCARBON ANALYSES

Date: 12/17/98 Matrix: WATER

	Concent	ration	(mg/L)		% Reco	very	
Analyte	Sample		•	Amount			RPD
[(#00246) 	MS	MSD	Spiked 	мs 	MSD	
mmx /		00.0	00.4	100.0	00.0	00.4	1.6
TPH (gas)	0.0	89.8	88.4	100.0	89.8	88.4	1.6
Benzene	0.0	9.3	9.0	10.0	93.0	90.0	3.3
Toluene	0.0	9.6	9.3	10.0	96.0	93.0	3.2
Ethyl Benzene	0.0	9.8	9.5	10.0	98.0	95.0	3.1
Xylenes	0.0	29.5	28.6	30.0] 98.5 	95.5	3.1
 TPH(diesel) 	0.0	159	163	150	106	109	2.6
TRPH (oil & grease)	0	23292	22975	23700	98	97	1.4

[%] Rec. = (MS - Sample) / amount spiked x 100

 $RPD = (MS - MSD) / (MS + MSD) \times 2 \times 100$

QC REPORT FOR HYDROCARBON ANALYSES

Date: 12/17/98 Matrix: SOIL

Concent	ration	(mg/kg)		% Reco	very	
Sample		ï	Amount			RPD
(#97131) 	MS	MSD	Spiked 	MS	MSD	
0.000	1.972	2.074	2.03	97	102	5.0
0.000				97	93	4.2
0.000	0.208	0.190	0.2	104	95	9.0
0.000	0.196	0.192	0.2	98	96	2.1
0.000	0.578	0.560	0.6	96	93	3.2
0	320	321	300	107	107	0.2
0.0	21.4	22.8	20.8	103	110	6.3
	Sample (#97131) 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	Sample (#97131) MS	Sample (#97131) MS MSD	Sample	Sample	Sample

RPD = $(MS - MSD) / (MS + MSD) \times 2 \times 100$

[%] Rec. = (MS - Sample) / amount spiked \times 100

QC REPORT FOR ICP and/or AA METALS

Date: 12/20/98-12/21/98 Matrix: WATER

Extraction: DISSOLVED

	Concent	ration	(mg/L)		% Reco	very		
Analyte	 Sample 	MS	MSD	Amount	MS	MSD	RPD	
Total Lead Total Cadmium Total Chromium Total Nickle	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	5.04 5.57 5.05 4.97	5.15 5.47 5.04 4.97	5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00	101 111 101 99	103 109 101 99	2.1 1.9 0.2 0.1	
Total Zinc	0.00	5.33	5.26	5.00	107	105	1.4	
Total Copper	0.00	4.81	4.68	5.00	96	94	2.8	
DISSOLVED Lead	 N/A 	N/A	N/A	 N/A 	N/A 	N/A	N/A	

[%] Rec. = (MS - Sample) / amount spiked x 100

 $RPD = (MS - MSD) / (MS + MSD) \times 2 \times 100$

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SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	Date	Time	# Containers	Type Containers	7ater	lio	ır	Sludge			HNO	TPH 28 C	TPH as Diesel (8015)	Total Petroleum Oil & Grease (5520 E&F/B&F)	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (418.1)	EPA 601 / 8010	BTEX ONLY (EPA 602 / 8020)	EPA 608 / 8080	EPA 608 / 8080 PCB's ONLY	EPA 624 / 8240 / 8260	EPA 625 / 8270	PAH's / PNA's by	CAM-17 Metals	LUFI 5 Metals	Lead (7240/7421/239.2/6010)	 		,	00394
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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD McCAMBELL ANALYTICAL INC. 110 2rd AVENUE SOUTH, #D7 \square TURN AROUND TIME PACHECO, CA 94553-5560 RUSH 24 HOUR 48 HOUR 5 DAY Fax: (925) 798-1622 Telephone: (925) 798-1620 Analysis Request Other Comments Bill To: Report To. Tridib Guha, Company: Advanced Assessment and Grease (5520 E&F/B&F) Remediation Services (AARS) Lead (7240/7421/239.2/6010) PISSOLVED 2380 Salvio Street, Suite 202 BTEX & TPH as Gas (602/8020 + 8015) MTBE Mater 016 EPA 625 / 8270 / 8310 Concord, CA 94520-2137 Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (418.1) FAX: (925) 363-1998 TEL: (925) 363-1999 Project Name: MLK PROFENTY Project #: BTEX ONLY (EPA 602 / 8020) EPA 608 / 8080 PCB's ONLY EPA 624 / 8240 / 8260 Project Location: 4629 MLK Jr. WAY, CAKLAND 7. d. L. K. Sampler Signature: Total Petroleum Oil & TPH as Diesel (8015) METHOD MATRIX SAMPLING **PRESERVED** PAH's / PNA's by Type Containers CAM-17 Metals EPA 601 / 8010 EPA 608 / 8080 EPA 625 / 8270 LUFT 5 Metals # Containers SAMPLE ID LOCATION Sludge Time Date Water Other HNO, Other Soil HCI Se 2 MN2-GW (1662AND 12-18-78)13:15 4 00516 VOAS O&G METALS OTHER PRESERVATION
APPROPRIATE
CONTAINERS Received By:
Nucle Pacca Date: Time: Remarks: PLEASE PROVIDE PIL CHROMANICARPPAS 17/18/98 17:45 WITH THE FINAL REPERT Relinguished By Date: Time: Received By: Reimquished By Date: Time. Received By.

APPENDIX E

Geotechnical Laboratory Report

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Client: AARS

Project: MLK Property Project Number: 356-001

Sample Data

Source: TW4-105

Sample No.:

Elev. or Depth:

Sample Length (in./cm.):

Location:

Description: brown CLAY w/sand

Liquid Limit:

Plastic Limit:

USCS Classification:

AASHTO Classification:

Testing Remarks:

Mechanical Analysis Data

Initial

109.90 Dry sample and tare=

0.00 Tare

109.90 Dry sample weight =

Sample split on number 10 sieve

Split sample data:

Sample and tare = 57.82 Tare = .00 Sample weight = 57.82

Cumulative weight retained tare= .00

Tare for cumulative weight retained= .00

Sieve	Cumul. Wt.	Percent
	retained	finer
3/8 inch	0.00	100.0
# 4	4.80	95.6
# 10	8.90	91.9
# 30	2.00	88.7
# 40	3.00	87.1
# 50	4.00	85.5
# 100	8.40	78.6
# 200	13.90	69.8

Hydrometer Analysis Data

Separation sieve is #10

Percent -#10 based upon complete sample= 91.9

Weight of hydrometer sample: 60.71

Hygroscopic moisture correction:

Moist weight & tare = 30.10

= 28.97Dry weight & tare

= 6.33Tare

Hygroscopic moisture= 5.0 %

Calculated biased weight= 62.92

Automatic temperature correction

Composite correction at 20 deg C = -4.9

Meniscus correction only=

Specific gravity of solids= 2.71

Specific gravity correction factor= 0.987 Hydrometer type: 152H

Effective depth L= 16.294964 - 0.164 x Rm

Elapsed time, min		Actual reading	Corrected reading	K	Rm	Eff. depth	Diameter mm	Percent finer
0.50	15.0	49.0	43.0	0.0143	49.0	8.3	0.0581	67.4
1.00	15.0	45.0	39.0	0.0143	45.0	8.9	0.0427	61.1
2.00	15.0	42.0	36.0	0.0143	42.0	9.4	0.0310	56.4
5.00	15.0	39.0	33.0	0.0143	39.0	9.9	0.0201	51.7
15.00	16.0	35.0	29.2	0.0141	35.0	10.6	0.0118	45.8
30.00	17.0	32.0	26.4	0.0139	32.0	11.0	0.0084	41.5
60.00	17.0	29.3	23.7	0.0139	29.3	11.5	0.0061	37.2
120.00	17.0	27.0	21.4	0.0139	27.0	11.9	0.0044	33.6
240.00	17.0	25.0	19.4	0.0139	25.0	12.2	0.0031	30.5
480.00	17.0	23.5	17.9	0.0139	23.5	12.4	0.0022	28.1
1416.00	13.0	22.0	15.4	0.0147	22.0	12.7	0.0014	24.1

Fractional Components

λ

Gravel/Sand based on #4 Sand/Fines based on #200

% + 3" = % GRAVEL = 4.4 (% coarse = % fine = 4.4)

% SAND = 25.8 (% coarse = 3.7 % medium = 4.8 % fine = 17.3)

% SILT = 34.8 % CLAY = 35.0

D₈₅= 0.28 D₆₀= 0.04 D₅₀= 0.02 D₃₀= 0.00

Specific Gravity ASTM D-854

Cooper Testing Lab

	<u>.</u>						
Job#:	356-001	,		Date:	01/07/98		
Client:	AARS			By:	DC		
Project:	MLK Prop	erty	· ·				
Boring:		TW4-105		ļ			
Sample:				-			
Depth, ft.:							
Soil		see			,		•
Classification	on:	sieve			,		
(visual)		:					
Ì			!				
Wt. of Pycr	ometer						
Soil & Wate	er, gm:	715.4					
Temp. cent	igrade:	18					
Wt. of Pycr	ometer						
& Water, gr	m:	672.13			<u> </u>		′
Wt. Dry Soi	il, gm:	68.64					
Temp. Corr	rection						
Factor:	·	1	·				
Specific Gr	avity:	2.71	ERR	ERR	ERR	ERR	ERR

Remarks: The temperature correction factor is shown as 1 if the weight of the pycnometer is taken from the lab

temperature correction curve.

COOPER TESTING LABS											
			Ē								
	MOISTURE DE	ENSITY - PORC	OSITY DATA	SHEET 							
Job # Client Project/Location Date	356-001 AARS MLK Propert 1/6/99	AARS MLK Property									
Boring #	TW4-105										
Depth (ft)											
Soil Type	see sieve										
Specific Gravity	2.71										
Volume Total cc	111.751										
Volume of Solids	69.130										
Volume of Voids	42.621										
Void Ratio	0.617										
Porosity %	38.1%										
Saturation %	84.8%										
Moisture %	19.3%										
Dry Density (pcf)	104.7										

Remarks
Test accuracy may be affected due to the small sample diameter (1.4").

