

SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES

A MEMBER OF THE SMITH-EMERY COMPANIES, ESTABLISHED 1904

HUNTERS POINT SHIPYARD, BUILDING 114 P.O. BOX 880550 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94188-0550 PHONE 415/330-3000 FAX 415/330-3030

MONITORING WELL MW4 INSTALLATION **AND**

GEOPROBE SAMPLING

3925 Alameda Avenue 21/16/96 Oakland, California

for

Smooke and Sons Investment Co.

December 16, 1996

SEG File No. 90404 SEG Report No. 96-621

LOS ANGELES

ANAHEIM

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page No.
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	
INTRODUCTION	2
PURPOSE	2
SCOPE OF SERVICES	3
HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN	3
FIELD EXPLORATION	4
Monitoring Well and GeoProbe Borings	.,,4
Soil Sampling	4
Subsurface Conditions	6
Groundwater	6
WELL CONSTRUCTION & DEVELOPMENT	7
WELL ELEVATION SURVEY	9
WATER SAMPLING	9
WELL MEASUREMENT	10
REGIONAL AND SITE HYDROGEOLOGY	11
ANALYTICAL PROGRAM	12
Soil Samples	12
Groundwater Samples	13
RESULTS	17
SITE CHARACTERIZATION	19
Background	19
Current Investigation	21
CONCLUSIONS	23
LIMITS OF LIABILITY	25
PLATES	
Plate No. 1	Vicinity Map
Plate No. 2Quarter	ly Monitoring
Plate No. 2A	Plot Plan
Plate No. 2BBenzene C	oncentrations
Plate No. 2CBenzene Concentra	ition Gradient
Plate No. 3	cation System
Plate No. 4 Key to	Boring Logs
Plate No. 5	ing Well Log
Plate No. 5ATypical V	Well Diagram
Plates No. 6-13GeoProbe	Boring Logs

APPENDIX A - Well Permit and Water Quality Data

APPENDIX B -Analytical Data and Chain-of-Custody

APPENDIX C - Field Exploration Procedures

APPENDIX D - References

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The site is a commercial property on the west side of Oakland, adjacent to and downgradient of the former Ekotek refinery facility. The vicinity contains several other LUST sites, including the Shell Oil station, the City of Oakland property, and Cobbledick-Kibbe site on High Street, and the Owens-Illinois and the Learner Company sites on Alameda Avenue. The shallow groundwater in this area is not used as a source of drinking water, and does not have a known exposure to the surface.

Two on-site underground storage tanks, one 10,000-gallon diesel and one 1,000-gallon gasoline, were removed from the subject property in March of 1988. Analytical evidence of a gasoline and a diesel release was found under the tanks at the time of their removal. Additional soil and water analyses in March of 1994 confirmed gasoline, diesel, kerosene, and BTEX in the shallow subsurface in the immediate vicinity of the former tank pit. The groundwater monitoring program has been in place since three wells were installed in the third quarter of 1995.

This investigation obtained characterization data on the hydrocarbon plume specific to the subject property by means of GeoProbes and installation of a fourth well. The plume related to the former onsite tanks was defined. An additional spike of hydrocarbons was located at the southeast corner of the property, bordering the 569 High Street LUST site. The additional spike is anomalous to the former onsite tanks, and is further supporting evidence of offsite-sourced impacts to the subject property.

Smith-Emery GeoServices will continue to monitor the onsite groundwater in preparation for a Tier 1 Risk-Based Corrective Action (RBCA) assessment of the site. The future work will be to confirm the plume dimensions, concentrations, and to document an ongoing trend of natural biodegradation of the hydrocarbons. The RBCA process is anticipated to result in classification of the benzene in groundwater at the site as low risk, thereby reducing the well monitoring schedule to annual frequency. Regulatory site closure is anticipated to proceed on the basis of passive hydrocarbon biodegradation and low-risk RBCA status, thereby precluding the need for potential options of active site remediation.

INTRODUCTION

This characterization report describes the well installation and the results of environmental sampling of the site located at 3925 Alameda Avenue in the city of Oakland, California. The current occupant of the site is Bobac Oakland C.F.S. Corporation. The location of the site in relationship to existing streets is shown on the Vicinity Map, Plate No. 1. The work was authorized by Mr. Paul Wren of Smooke and Sons Investment Co. on August 7, 1996, in Agreement Addendum No. 3. The following reports were reviewed in preparation for this project:

Adjacent Easement Lot:

- "Soil and Ground-Water Contamination Investigation, 569 High Street, Oakland, California" prepared by Harding Lawson Associates, HLA Job No. 9382,006/01, dated July 24, 1987.
 - Subject Site:
- "Well Installation and Environmental Sampling, 3925 Alameda Avenue, Oakland, California", prepared by Smith-Emery GeoServices, SEG File No. 90404, SEG Report No. 95-187, dated August 22, 1995.
- "Site Characterization and Risk Assessment Workplan, 3925 Alameda Avenue, Oakland, California", prepared by Smith-Emery GeoServices, SEG Report No. SF 96-335, dated June 23, 1996.

PURPOSE

This environmental characterization of the subsurface soil and water within the subject site boundaries was intended to provide the data for a risk assessment of the benzene in the shallow groundwater. The focus of this study was the former underground storage tank area, which is shown on Plate 2. The distribution of the GeoProbe borings provided characterization data on the

boundaries of the petroleum hydrocarbon plume, from which the downgradient placement of the fourth monitoring well was chosen. Data from the GeoProbes and subsequent quarterly monitoring of the four wells will be used to complete a future Tier 1 Risk Based Corrective Action (RBCA) assessment for the site. This work has been executed in coordination with the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health (ACDEH), which provides regulatory oversight.

SCOPE OF SERVICES

The scope of our services were outlined in the site characterization workplan, SEG Report No. 96-335. This report includes the project's third quarter 1996 monitoring phase, which was reported separately as SEG Report 96-810. The services included: implementation of the OSHA-required Health and Safety Plan, well permit processing, drilling of a fourth monitoring well and eight GeoProbe borings, surveying of wellhead elevations to a mean sea level datum, development of the new well, sampling of groundwater and soil, analysis of the groundwater and soil samples, interpretation of the data obtained, and preparation of this report.

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

A site-specific Health and Safety Plan (HSP) per OSHA guidelines, SEG Report No. 96-525, detailing field procedures and protocols was prepared as part of the workplan. The purpose of the HSP was to provide health and safety guidance at such times that elevated levels of petroleum hydrocarbons were encountered during the investigation. Smith-Emery GeoServices was responsible for implementing the provisions of this plan in the field.

FIELD EXPLORATION

Monitoring Well and GeoProbe Borings

On August 14, 1996, Smith-Emery GeoServices subcontracted a licensed driller to obtain eight GeoProbe borings surrounding the former tank locations, and on September 9, 1996 a four-inch diameter P.V.C. groundwater monitoring well was installed at the southeast corner of the front lot. The boring and well locations are shown on the Plot Plan, Plate No. 2A. The placement of the GeoProbe borings and Monitoring Well MW4 was based on the monitoring history of wells MW1 through MW3 for the past four quarters, and on discussions with Mr. Barney Chan of the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency, who is providing regulatory oversight.

An explanation of the symbols and notations used on the boring logs is presented on Plates No. 3 and 4. The details of well construction, and the boring log of the monitoring well appear on Plates No. 5 and 5A. Boring logs of the GeoProbe borings appear on Plate Nos. 6 through 13.

Soil Sampling

A registered geologist was present during the placement of the monitoring well and logged the boring using the Unified Soil Classification System. Environmental soil samples were obtained from the well boring using an 18-inch long Modified California split barrel sampler holding two and half inch diameter brass sleeves. The down-hole sampler was driven by a 140 pound hammer with a 30-inch cable drop. All drilling augers and down-hole sampling equipment was steam cleaned prior to use.

A registered geologist was present during the placement of the GeoProbe borings and logged the borings using the Unified Soil Classification System. Environmental soil samples were obtained from the GeoProbe borings using a 24-inch long GeoProbe sampler holding one inch diameter acetate sleeves. The sampler was driven by a 1,800 pound force created by the hydraulic ram of the truckmounted GeoProbe. All drilling augers and down-hole equipment were steam-cleaned prior to use for each well boring.

All samples were sealed by a Teflon sheet before being closed with an air-tight plastic cap, labeled with sampling point identification, date and time sampled, then stored at approximately four degrees Celsius, and transported to the state-certified laboratory under chain-of-custody documentation. Proper environmental sampling protocol and decontamination procedures were observed in accord with applicable EPA regulations.

The sampling equipment was cleaned with an Alconox solution and double-rinsed in deionized water prior to taking each sample. Drill cuttings and sample tube splits were screened for volatile organics by a photo-ionization detector (PID) calibrated with zero gas and 49 ppm hexane. The results of the field PID screening are presented on the Boring Logs, Plates No. 5 - 13.

All soil cuttings generated during the excavation of the borings were placed in appropriately labeled 55-gallon drums and stored within the site's secured lot. Disposal of soil and groundwater will be arranged.

Subsurface Conditions

The monitoring well was installed to a depth of 20 feet and the GeoProbe borings were advanced to depths ranging from 16 to 22 feet. The surface condition in the area of the borings consists of a six inch thick section of asphaltic concrete (AC) pavement and aggregate base rock. The pavement section is underlain in areas by artificial fill up to 4.5 feet thick, composed primarily of silt, clay and sand mixtures. Borings MW 1-4 and G-3 through G-6, which comprise the central portion of the drilling area, are underlain by three to five feet of fill that consists of gravelly silts and sandy clays. A ballast of silt and gravel fill was used at the southeast edge of the front lot along the railroad tracks. Below the fill, the soil consists of olive green and black clay that is approximately 5 to 15 feet thick. A layer of silty or clayey sand ranging from 0.5 to 3 feet in thickness intersects the clay layer in some of the borings. This layer is 10.5 feet below the surface near the northern corner of the lot at boring G2, and is found at depths ranging from 15 and 17.5 feet throughout the rest of the lot.

Groundwater

Groundwater was encountered in the GeoProbe borings at depths ranging from 15 to 21 feet, with the exception of Boring G-1, which was advanced to a depth of 20 feet and encountered no groundwater. Groundwater in Monitoring Well MW4 was first encountered at a depth of 11.5 feet, and stabilized at a depth of 10.4 feet. The discrepancy in depth-to-groundwater findings between the GeoProbe and Monitoring Well borings is probably related to the differences in drilling processes used for each.

The first shallow groundwater at the site generally lies in the permeable silts and sands at the depths between 10 feet to 20 feet, interrupted by low-permeability deposits of clayey silt. The piezometric

groundwater surface was found to have stabilized at a depth of approximately 9.3 to 9.9 feet below ground, at the time of our last quarterly well measurement on September 20, 1996.

WELL CONSTRUCTION & DEVELOPMENT

The Zone 7 Water Agency of Alameda County authorized Drilling Permit No. 96583 for the installation of one groundwater monitoring well at the site. A copy of the completed permit is provided in Appendix A. Monitoring Well MW4 was constructed on September 9, 1996 in accordance with California DWR Bulletin 74-90 guidelines. The locations for the well is presented on the Plot Plan, Plate No. 2A. The elevation of the well and its water level are referenced to mean sea level surveyed from a City of Oakland benchmark, BM 19NW24, located at the nearby intersection of Eighth Street and Alameda Avenue. The USGS Oakland East Quadrangle topographic map indicates that local surface elevation is approximately 9 feet above mean sea level.

The construction materials of MW4 were similar to those used in the onsite wells MW1, MW2, and MW3. MW4 was constructed using a four-inch I.D. Schedule 40 PVC casing and slotted PVC screen (0.020 inch opening), set in a No. 2/12 clean washed filter sand. MW4 was screened over a 14.5 foot interval from 5 feet to 19.5 feet below ground surface. The screened zone was surged to settle the filter sand before placing a one-foot layer of bentonite chips as a seal. The remainder of the annular space was backfilled with a concrete slurry to the surface. The surface of the well was completed with a locking expansion plug and a water tight, traffic-rated housing in a concrete slurry. Groundwater monitoring well construction details are presented in the Boring Log on Plate No. 5.

Smith-Emery GeoServices observed well development of the monitoring well as performed by Blaine Tech Services on September 12, 1996. The well's concrete annular seals had been allowed to set over 72 hours prior to developing the well. The well was surged for at least five minutes over five foot intervals to remove fines and create a gradation between filter material and native soil. The well was then pumped with a Middleburg air-bladder pump during development to remove water and sediment.

Temperature, pH, conductivity, and turbidity were monitored periodically during well development. Development continued until temperature, pH, turbidity, and conductivity parameters stabilized. After approximately 18 well volumes were removed from the well, the well was recapped and allowed to recover.

All development water was drummed, labeled, and stored on site under the control of the owner pending disposal. Groundwater monitoring well development data recorded by Blaine Tech Services are included in Appendix B. The total volume of water removed and final Imhoff solids readings for each well is shown in Table 1, Well Development Results.

TABLE 1 - WELL DEVELOPMENT RESULTS

Well I.D.	Volume	One Well	Final	Final	Final	Final
	<u>Removed</u>	<u>Volume</u>	p <u>H</u>	<u>Conductivity</u>	<u>Temperature</u>	<u>Turbidity</u>
MW-4	110 gallons	6.1 gal.	7.2	1000 µmhos	70.6 F	124.7 ntu

Note: ntu = nephelometric turbidity units

WELL ELEVATION SURVEY

The top of the well head casing was surveyed at 8.44 feet above mean sea level (MSL) by Mr. Lutz Kunze, a California-licensed civil engineer, to determine the groundwater gradient. The City of Oakland survey monument BM19NW24, at the nearby intersection of Eighth Street and Alameda Avenue, was used as the benchmark. A level and rod were then used to determine the elevation of the well head with respect to the benchmark. A fiberglass tape was used to measure the horizontal distances of the well from the northeast corner of the main building on site.

WATER SAMPLING

Smith-Emery GeoServices returned on September 20, 1996 to purge and sample monitoring wells MW1 through MW4 according to established guidelines. Prior to sampling, the depth to water and to the bottom of the well were measured with respect to a reference point at the top of the casing using an electronic water level meter, accurate to the nearest one-hundredth of a foot. A transparent bailer was then used to sample the surface of the water table in the wells for the purpose of observing any free product. Slight petroleum odors were noticed in the well purge water from each well. Purging, which occurred a minimum of 24 hours after well development, was performed at a rate one gallon per minute. Three to four well volumes were removed from each well. Recharge rates in the well was relatively rapid. Measured levels of pH, temperature, and conductivity; and the visual level of turbidity were stabilized prior to taking samples. Detailed records of well purging and sampling data appear in Appendix B.

Each well's groundwater sample was obtained in a new disposable Teflon bailer equipped with a flow control valve. Water samples for volatiles analysis were placed in EPA-approved 40-ml vials capped with Teflon-backed septa. No air bubble or headspace was allowed in the samples taken. All samples were then labeled, placed in zip lock bags, preserved at approximately four degrees Celsius on blue ice, and transported with appropriate chain-of-custody documentation to a state-certified laboratory.

WELL MEASUREMENT

Groundwater level measurements were taken at the time that the monitoring wells were sampled on September 20, 1996. Static water levels and well depths were measured to the nearest one-hundredth of a foot using an electronic level indicator. Well measurement and survey data obtained for the four wells are presented in Table 2

TABLE 2 - WELL MEASUREMENT DATA

Date of Well I.D.	Date of Measurement	Top of Casing Elevation <u>MSL</u>	Depth to Water from Top of <u>Casing</u>	Water Elevation <u>MSL</u>
MW-I	9-20-96	8.73'	9.68'	-0.95'
MW-2	9-20-96	8.42'	9.34	-0.92'
MW-3	9-20-96	9.26'	9.88	-0.62'
MW-4	9-20-96	8.44'	9.78	-0.1.34'

Note: The benchmark elevation was set referenced to City of Oakland survey monument BM-19NW24 at elevation 9.664 feet above mean sea level. Per the USGS topographical map for the Oakland East Quadrangle, the ground surface elevation at the site is approximately 10 feet above mean sea level.

REGIONAL AND SITE HYDROGEOLOGY

The site is located in the East Bay Plain of the Coast Range physiographic province of northern California. The land survey for this project referenced city benchmark BM19NW24 at the corner of Alameda Avenue and Eighth Street, which has an elevation of 9.664 feet above mean sea level. The survey of the well casings indicate that the site's surface elevations range from approximately 9 feet above mean sea level along the Alameda Avenue frontage, to approximately 8 feet at the rear of the property. The surface in the general area slopes gently southwest toward the Tidal Canal of the Alameda Harbor, which lies 3/8ths of a mile to the southwest.

The East Bay Plain is comprised of flat alluvial lowlands with bay and tidal marshes, much of which have been overlain with artificial fill. The geologic units beneath the site consist of unconsolidated, permeable-to-impermeable interbeds of fine-to-coarse-grained sediments of Quaternary Age alluvial and estuarine deposits. These unconsolidated deposits are estimated to occur from the ground surface to a depth of approximately 1000 feet, according to USGS Professional Paper 943.

The major groundwater-bearing materials beneath the East Bay Plain occur at depth ranging from 50 feet to 1,000 feet below ground surface. Groundwater from these aguifers is presently used mostly for irrigation and industrial purposes.

Groundwater-bearing soil layers within a shallow aquifer were encountered at a depth of approximately 5 feet and greater. The groundwater gradient in the third quarter 1996 was calculated from well measurements to be 0.68 feet per foot in a flow direction of South 38° West, with depthsto-water in the range of ten feet. The flow direction is shown on, Plate No. 14. Depth to groundwater data and wellhead elevations are presented in Table 2.

ANALYTICAL PROGRAM

Analytical tests on the samples for this project were performed by North State Environmental, a state-certified laboratory. The detailed results of all analytical work are contained in Appendix C, Analytical Data and Chain-of-Custody. A site schematic of the wells showing summarized analytical data is presented on Plate No. 2A.

Soil Samples

Selected soil samples obtained from the Monitoring Well MW4 boring was analyzed for gasoline and diesel by Method EPA 8015M, for Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and Xylenes (BTEX) gasoline constituents by Method EPA 8020, and for the gasoline constituent methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) by EPA Method 8020. A summary of the analytical results is presented in Table 3 - Analytical Results of Soil Samples, Monitoring Well MW-4.

Selected soil samples obtained from the GeoProbe borings were analyzed for gasoline and diesel by Method EPA 8015M, for BTEX by Method EPA 8020, and for MTBE by EPA Method 8020. A summary of the analytical results is presented in Table 4 - Analytical Results of Soil Samples, GeoProbe Borings.

Groundwater Samples

Grab groundwater samples were obtained at the time of drilling from the Monitoring Well MW4 boring and from the GeoProbe borings, with the exception of G-1 that did not yield groundwater. These samples were analyzed for gasoline and diesel by Method EPA 8015M, for BTEX by Method EPA 8020, and for MTBE by EPA Method 8020. Summaries of these analytical results are presented in Table 5 - Analytical Results of Groundwater Samples, Monitoring Well MW-4; and in Table 6 - Analytical Results of Groundwater Samples, GeoProbe Borings.

Quarterly monitoring, which included Monitoring Well MW-4, was conducted on September 20, 1996. The groundwater samples obtained from wells MW1, MW2, MW3, and MW4 were analyzed for gasoline by Method EPA 8015M, for BTEX gasoline constituents by Method EPA 8020, and for MTBE by EPA Method 8020.

A summary of the well measurement and analytical data for all readings for the monitoring wells at the site, including the first reading for Monitoring Well MW4 is presented in the Table 7 - Summary of Well Measurement and Analytical Data.

TABLE 3 - ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLES MONITORING WELL MW-4

Sample	TPH-G	TPH-D	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MBTE
Name	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)
MW4-1-6'	0.950	ND	0.011	0.020	0.010	0.025	0.060
MW4-2-10'	0.66	ND	0.033	0.028	0.024	0.061	0.065
MW4-3-11'	1.1	ND	0.012	0.013	0.026	0.016	0.080
MW4-4-16'	0.560	ND	0.020	0.005	0.008	0.018	0.028
MW4-5-19'	18	ND	0.065	0.050	0.42	0.84	0.11

Note: ND - Not Detected

Date sampled 9/6/96, Date analyzed 9/12/96

TABLE 4 - ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR SOIL SAMPLES GEOPROBE BORINGS

Sample Name	TPH-G (ppm)	TPH-D (ppm)	Benzene (ppm)	Toluene (ppm)	Ethylbenzene (ppm)	Xylenes (ppm)	MBTE (ppm)
G1-5-16	0.150	1	ND	ND	ND	0.020	0.024
G2-4-16	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
G3-4-17	0.660	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.018	0.013
G4-4-17	ND	ND	ND	0.006	ND	0.041	0.021
G5-2-9	46.0	21.0	(1.3)	0.21	0.24	0.34	0.15
G5-4-16.5	0.59	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.015	ND
G6-3-15	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
G7-3-14.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
G8-2-14	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

Note: ND - Not Detected

Date sampled 8/14/96. Date analyzed 8/19/96

TABLE 5 - ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GRAB GROUNDWATER SAMPLE INSTALLATION OF MONITORING WELL MW4

Sample	TPH-G	TPH-D	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MBTE
Name	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)
MW4-W-12'	11	330	0.31	0.053	0.47	1.1	0.170

Note: ND - Not Detected

Date sampled 9/6/96, Date analyzed 9/12/96

TABLE 6 - ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GRAB GROUNDWATER SAMPLES GEOPROBE BORINGS

Sample Name	TPH-G (ppm)	TPH-D (ppm)	Benzene (ppm)	Toluene (ppm)	Ethylbenzene (ppm)	Xylenes (ppm)	MBTE (ppm)
GI (no sample	e *)						
G2-WATER	0.15	ND	ND	0.002	ND	0.010	0.003
G3-WATER	0.670	5.0	0.017	0.015	0.020	0.035	0.013
G4-WATER	4.1	11.0	0.25	0.16	0.35	0.30	0.370
G5-WATER	1.5	6.0	0.12	0.023	0.10	0.25	0.11
G6-WATER	4,200	1,800	15	27	70	191	96
G7-WATER	3.0	3.0	0.29	0.032	0.094	0.085	0.070
G8-WATER	3.8	6.0	0.005	0.007	0.016	0.021	0.041

Note: ND - Not Detected

Date sampled 8/14/96, Date analyzed 8/19/96 ¹ GeoProbe G1 did not yield groundwater.

TABLE 7 - ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES MONITORING WELLS MW-1 THROUGH MW-4

Sample Name	TPH-G (ppm)	Benzene (ppm)	Toluene (ppm)	Ethylbenzene (ppm)_	Xylenes (ppm)	MBTE (ppm)
MW-1-QTR-3	2.20	0.570	0.030	0.110	0.080	0.070
MW-2-QTR-3	11.0	2.700	0.600	0.500	1.500	0.370
MW-3-QTR-3	0.370	0.004	ND	0.026	0.013	0.006
MW-4-QTR-3	12.0	0.890	0.120	1.100	2.000	0.260

Note: ND - Not Detected

Date sampled 9/20/96, Date analyzed 9/26/96

TABLE 8 - WELL MONITORING HISTORY, 1995-1996

			1.11.	<u> </u>	III III ONI								
	Date of	Elevation		Flow	TPH-G	Diesel	Kerosene	Mtr Oil	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MTBE
Well I.D.	Meas.	(MSL)	Gradient	Direction	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	
02 04 PO	AUTINE OI	JARTERLY	VIONITO	DINC	(HEJ L)	(11101)	(1110) 10,	(110,10)	111100 207	(1115)	CHILD LOV	111022	1227
			MONTO	COCOM	2.2				0.570	0.020	0.110	0.800	0.070
MW-1	9-20-96	-0.95'	0.68%	S36°W	2.2				0.570	0.030	0.110	0.800	
MW-2	9-20-96	-0.92'			110				2.7	0.600	0.500	1.500	0.370
MW-3	9-20-96	-0.67'			0.37				0.004	ND	0.026	0.013	0.006
MW-4	9-20-96	-1.34'			12.0				0.890	0.120	1 100	2.000	0.260
2.27.	, 20 - 0												
02.06 BO	TITINE OU	ARTERLY I	MONITODI	NC:									
		AKIEKLII	MONITOR	UNG CACOTT	7	XII'	•	ND	2.2	0.062	0.220	0.160	0.093
MW-1	6-26-96	-1.23'	1.3%	S46°W	7	ND	3	ND	2.3		0.230	0.160	
MW-2	6-26-96	-1.15'			5	ND	l	ND	1.0	0.170	0.150	0.290	0.120
MW-3	6-26-96	-1.59'			0.4	ND	0.6	ND	0.004	0.004	0.025	0.012	0.009
O1 96 RO	TITINE OF	ARTERLY I	MONITORI	ING									
MW-1	3-29-96	-0.85'	0.3%	S4°W	12	ND	4	ND	0.730	0.089	0.300	0.180	0.270
			0.5 %	3-4 41		ND	$\frac{7}{2}$	ND	0.640	0.300	0.190	0.490	0.078
MW-2	3-29-96	-0.78'			6		2						
MW-3	3-29-96	-0.69'			0.3	ND	0.2	ND	0.002	0.002	0.015	0.009	0.006
Q4 95 RO	UTINE QU	ARTERLY I	MONITORI	ING									
MW-1	12-7-95	-1.59'	0.6%	S37°E	6	ND	ND	ND	0.343	0.032	0.133	0.184	
MW-2	12-7-95	-1.41'	77577		8	ND	ND	ND	0.240	0.200	0.108	0.402	
MW-3	12-7-95	-1.38'			ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.013	0.013	
TAT AA -2	12-7-93	-1,36			עואג	ND	ND	110	IND	1410	0.013	0.015	
02.05.00	TYMEN TO AT		A CANTERON	O.T.C.									
		ARTERLY I				_				0.001	0.000	0.770	
MW-1	9-22-95	-1.78'	2.2%	S8°W	11.0	5	3	ND	2.3	0.081	0.390	0.560	
MW-2	9-22-95	-1.27'			7.2	3.5	2	ND	1.2	0.560	0.250	1.0	
MW-3	9-22-95	-0.62'			0.130	1.9	ND	ND	0.001	0.001	0.012	0.013	***
					•								
SOIL BO	RINGS, (E	areo Inc.)											
B1-2	3/7/94				22	26	ND		0.034	ND	0.680	0.110	
D1-2					150	19	ND		ND	ND	0.970	1.400	
B2-3	3/7/94												
B3-1	3 <i>1</i> 7/94				ND	ND	ND		0.029	ND	ND	0.007	
B4-2	3/7/94				370	150	150		0.180	ND	0.800	2.500	
B2-W	3/7/94				52	2.30	0.410		2.30	2.1	0.710	3.00	
B2-W	3/7/94			~~~	9.8	2.40	3.20		2.40	0.045	0.100	0.082	~
02 11	311171				,,,								
TANTEDI	EMONAT	(Engeo, Inc.)											
IANK KI	EMOVAL,	-				210			0.42	0.33		0.840	
1 Soil	3/18/88					210	~~ -		0.42				
2 Soil	3/18/88	ar harvar				450			ND	3.3		79	
3 Soil	3/18/88				720	-~-			6.6	110		150	
4 Soil	3/18/88				190				0.24	9.6	~~-	32	~
5 Water	3/18/88					150							
Jiratol	21 10100					100							

⁻⁻⁻Notes:ND = not detected above the method detection limit.
--- = not applicable

RESULTS

GeoProbes

Soil: Gasoline was detected in soil samples in GeoProbe Borings G-1, G-3, and G-5 at concentrations ranging from 0.15 to 46 ppm. Diesel was detected in GeoProbe Borings G-1 and G-5 at concentrations of 1.0 and 21.0, respectively. Boring G-5 was the only GeoProbe boring to contain all of the BTEX components, including a benzene concentration of 1.3 ppm. Low levels of toluene, xylenes, and MTBE were detected in G-4, and low levels of xylenes and MBTE were detected in Borings G-1 and G-3. GeoProbes G-6, G-7, and G-8 had ND results for the analyses of the soil samples tested. It should be noted that all GeoProbe water samples were positive for hydrocarbons.

Groundwater: The GeoProbe grab groundwater samples all contained gasoline, diesel, BTEX components, and MBTE, with the exceptions that G-2 did not contain detectable amounts of diesel, benzene, or ethylbenzene, and G-1 did not yield a water sample. The highest concentrations of hydrocarbons were found in G-6, with gasoline at 4,200 ppm, benzene at 15 ppm, and elevated levels of BTEX components and MBTE. The remaining grab water samples of the GeoProbes had much lower concentrations than G-6, containing 11 ppm diesel or less, 4.1 ppm gasoline or less, and BTEX components and MBTE each at less than one ppm.

MW4 Boring

Soil and Groundwater: The Monitoring Well MW4 installation soil samples contained elevated concentrations of gasoline, BTEX components, and MBTE; and did not contain detectable concentrations of diesel. Concentrations of gasoline ranged from 0.56 to 18 mg/kg, or parts per

million (ppm), and benzene ranged from 0.065 to 0.11 ppm. The grab sample of groundwater from Monitoring Well MW4 taken during well installation contained gasoline at 11 ppm, diesel at 330 ppm, and detectable amounts of BTEX and MBTE.

Third Quarter 1996 Groundwater Monitoring

Gasoline and all of the BTEX components were found in detectable amounts in all of the monitoring well samples for the third quarter of 1996, with the exception that toluene was not detected in Monitoring Well 3. The results for the third quarter 1996 monitoring well samples show that all but one of the petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations in Monitoring Well 1 decreased from the previous quarter's result, all of the concentrations in Monitoring Well 2 increased from the previous quarter's result, and the concentrations in Monitoring Well 3 had very slight changes from the previous quarter with gasoline and toluene decreasing, ethylbenzene and xylenes increasing, and benzene remaining the same. For Monitoring Well 4, the gasoline concentration was 12 ppm and the benzene concentration was 0.89 ppm, while the remaining BTEX and MBTE components ranged from 0.26 to 2.0 ppm. Diesel and kerosene in groundwater were not tested in this sampling event, but will be tested in the fourth quarter of 1996.

Groundwater Gradient

The groundwater gradients have been measured at the site for the past five quarters. A history of the measurements, gradients, and flow direction was presented in Table 8, in the previous section.

The measured groundwater gradient and flow direction have experienced moderate shifts during the past five quarters, but have remained generally at a low slope to the southwest. This variation is

typically the result of changes in the regional groundwater gradients surrounding the project due to seasonal geohydrological cycles, subsurface recharge zones, subsurface geology, tidal basin influences, or groundwater extraction wells. The elevation of the piezometric surface has reached its seasonal high levels in the fourth and first quarters of the year, corresponding with the greatest seasonal recharge of the shallow aquifer. Review of the prior five quarters of data indicate that measured hydrocarbon concentrations also peak during the seasonal high water recharge and piezometric surface elevation.

At the time of the measurement in the third quarter of 1996, the gradient was approximately 0.68 vertical feet over 100 horizontal feet at a direction of South380West. A map showing the flow direction for these measurements is included as Plate 2, Quarterly Monitoring. The direction has been toward the southwest for the first three quarters of 1996.

SITE CHARACTERIZATION

Background

The shallow groundwater in the industrial district containing the site has been impacted by several intermixed hydrocarbon plumes identified with several former hydrocarbon storage operations. The vicinity contains several other LUST sites, including the Shell Oil station, the City of Oakland property, and Cobbledick-Kibbe site on High Street, and the Owens-Illinois and the Learner Company sites on Alameda Avenue. The shallow groundwater in this area is not a source of drinking water, and does not have a known route of surface expression.

SEG File No. 90404 SEG Report No. 96-621

The intermixing of the locality's groundwater plumes may be caused by a combination of local factors, including tidal influences, low gradients, and shifting flow direction of the groundwater. The direction of groundwater flow in the area has been reported as experiencing significant shifts depending upon the amount of seasonal rainfall.

Two on-site underground storage tanks, one 10,000-gallon diesel and one 1,000-gallon gasoline, were removed from the subject property in March of 1988. Analytical evidence of a gasoline and a diesel release was found under the tanks at the time of their removal. Additional soil and water analyses in March of 1994 confirmed gasoline, diesel, kerosene, and BTEX in the shallow subsurface in the immediate vicinity of the former tank pit. The groundwater monitoring program has continued since the third quarter of 1995.

The intent of this investigation was to obtain characterization data on the hydrocarbon plume specific to the subject property by means of GeoProbes and an additional fourth well. Smith-Emery will continue to monitor the groundwater in preparation for a Tier 1 Risk-Based Corrective Action (RBCA) assessment of the site. The future work will be to confirm plume dimensions, and to document ongoing natural biodegradation of the hydrocarbons. The RBCA data is anticipated to result in classification of the benzene in groundwater at the site as low risk, thereby reducing the well monitoring schedule to annual frequency. Regulatory site closure is anticipated to proceed on the basis of passive biodegradation and low-risk RBCA status, thereby precluding the need for potential options of active site remediation.

Current Investigation

The results of this investigation confirm the previous identifications of petroleum hydrocarbons at the top of the shallow groundwater aquifer, distributed to the southwest of the former tank zone in the local downgradient direction. Further definition of the onsite hydrocarbon concentration gradients indicates that there are two centers of hydrocarbon (HC) concentration, intermixing in a plume extending south from the former tanks location. The first HC center is the former tank zone, from which migration has proceeded downgradient and crossgradient relative to the measured direction of groundwater flow. The map of the hydrocarbon concentration gradient indicates that a second and more concentrated center of hydrocarbons is located downgradient and slightly east of the plume. The relationship of the two centers of hydrocarbon concentration is illustrated in Plate 2C, Benzene Concentration Gradient, which diagrams the results of the characterization sample analyses. In addition, previous site monitoring confirmed that kerosene and other hydrocarbons from the upgradient Ekotek facility's site are flowing through the subject site.

As shown in Plate 2C, MW2 appears to be located near the center of the former onsite tank plume, with 2.7 ppm benzene. The data indicate that the plume concentration gradient decreases to nondetectable levels very quickly in the upgradient direction from the former onsite USTs location. The benzene concentration gradient in the downgradient direction of the former USTs decreased to 0.890 ppm benzene at MW4, before rising steeply again to 15 ppm benzene in Geoprobe G-6, the second center observed. The diesel concentration gradient is similar to the benzene gradient, and was measured at ND at MW2, at 330 ppm diesel at MW4, and peaked at 1,800 ppm diesel in G-6.

The concentrations of diesel, gasoline, and BTEX found during the original tank removal in 1988, summarized below in Table 9, were significantly lower than concentrations found in GeoProbe G-6.

TABLE 9 - TANK REMOVAL SAMPLE ANALYSIS, 3/18/88

Sample Name	TPH-D (ppm)	TPH-G (ppm)	Benzene (ppm)	Toluene (ppm)	Ethylbenzene (ppm)	Xylenes (ppm)
1 Soil	210		0.42	0.33		0.840
2 Soil	450		ND	3.3	****	79
3 Soil		720	6.6	110	44 to in-	150
4 Soil		190	0.24	9.6		32
5 Water	150				***	

Source: Engeo, Incorporated; Project 3614 Report, 3925 Alameda Avenue, Oakland, Ca., March 24, 1994

Note: ND - Not Detected --- = Not Analyzed

The second center of HC concentrations near G-6 is about 60 feet downgradient of and slightly crossgradient of the original onsite tank location. The G-6 reported HC concentrations are more concentrated than any of those in the monitoring history of HC findings for the onsite former tank location and plume.

The specifics regarding the two centers of hydrocarbon concentrations indicate that formerly two fuel sources have impacted the two locations. The onsite fuel source was the two former fuel tanks, centered in the vicinity of Monitoring Well No. 2, which resulted in the first concentration center observed. A second, unknown source is responsible for the anomalously high HC concentration centered at GeoProbe G-6. GeoProbe G-6 is located where no onsite tank installations existed, but is physically contiguous with the hydrocarbon impact documented for the 569 High Street LUST site, which is the most probable offsite source of the observed impact due to the observed location and hydrocarbon concentrations.

CONCLUSIONS

The primary focus of this characterization was to evaluate the onsite plume in terms of benzene concentrations and extent of plume migration. The characterization data indicates that the onsite plume starts at the former tank location and decreases downgradient toward the southeast property boundary, where it merges with a second and higher concentration of hydrocarbons that relate to an offsite impact.

Concentrations of hydrocarbons in soil samples were used to evaluate the vertical extents of the hydrocarbon plume. The upper vertical limit of the plume appears correlated with the piezometric groundwater surface at approximately ten feet below ground surface (bgs). Seasonal variations of the depth-to-groundwater and direction of groundwater flow have resulted in a smear zone of water-saturated soil containing the plume. The lower limit of the plume appears to be about 14 feet bgs in the area directly below the former onsite fuel tanks.

The horizontal limits of the petroleum hydrocarbon plume were evaluated using hydrocarbon concentrations obtained from grab water samples and monitoring wells. The characterization sampling did not extend beyond the property boundaries. In plan view, the plume in the former tank zone has assumed an oval shape centered near MW1 and MW2 (2.7 ppm benzene, 11 ppm gasoline). Concentrations decrease laterally to nondetect levels in the upgradient and crossgradient directions, and decrease to about 0.89 ppm benzene and 12 ppm gasoline in the downgradient direction at MW4. The concentrations rapidly increase again south of MW4, about 60 feet downgradient of the former tank zone, reaching peaks of gasoline at 4,200 ppm, benzene at 15 ppm, and diesel at 1,800 ppm in a

SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES

SEG File No. 90404 SEG Report No. 96-621

grab sample of groundwater at GeoProbe G-6 on the property line. The concentrations of hydrocarbons found in G-6 were the highest found thus far on the subject site, exceeding the gasoline and diesel test results of original tank removal samples by sevenfold and threefold, respectively. GeoProbe G-6 is adjacent to the surface staining and subsurface impacts of hydrocarbons documented for the adjoining City of Oakland property at 569 High Street.

In conclusion, this study used soil and groundwater analyses to provide a characterization of the petroleum hydrocarbons at the subject site. The hydrocarbons centered in the area of the former onsite USTs are defined in a plume which decreases in the downgradient (southwest) direction, before merging with a second center of hydrocarbons at the southeast property border. Previously, impact to the site by migration of kerosene in a hydrocarbon plume from the upgradient Ekotek site has been demonstrated. The dimensions, hydrocarbon constituents, and shape of the plume were thus characterized within the subject site property boundaries. Near-term work at the subject site will include quarterly monitoring of the four monitoring wells, documentation of natural hydrocarbon attenuation, and preparation of a Tier 1 Risk-Based Corrective Action (RBCA) assessment toward site closure. It is anticipated that the outcome of the RBCA process will be classification of the site as a low risk case that will not require remedial action. After site classification as a low-risk case, the monitoring frequency at the site should be downgraded to semi-annual or annual frequency, with case closure following sufficient demonstration of a continued trend of hydrocarbon degradation by natural processes.

LIMITS OF LIABILITY

The findings, conclusions and recommendations contained in this report are based on site conditions as they existed at the time of our investigation, and we further assume the explorations to be representative of the subsurface conditions throughout the site.

The factual data and interpretations pertain to the specific project described in this report and are solely for the use of **Smooke and Sons Investment Company** and are not applicable to any other project or site. Any reliance on this document by any other person or entity shall be at that party's sole risk.

Our investigation was performed using the standard of care level of skill ordinarily exercise under similar circumstances by reputable Environmental Assessors and Geologists currently practicing in these or similar localities. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made as to the conclusions and professional advice included in this report.

Respectfully submitted,

SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES

RICK WIDEBROOK, R.E.A.

Registered Environmental Assessor No. 6603

Project Geologist

Reviewed and approved by,

MILES GRANT, R.G.

Registered Geologist No. 5367

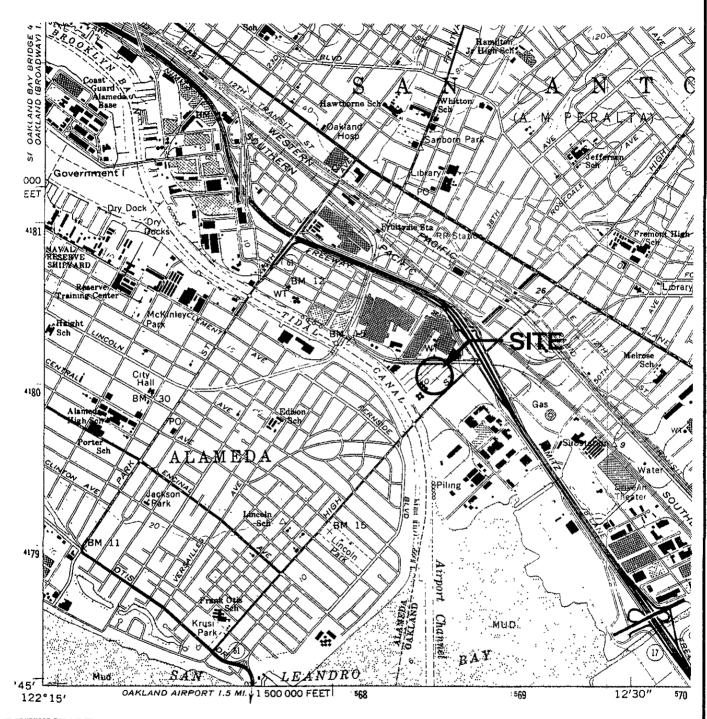
Project Geologist

SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES

PLATES



SCALE: 1" = 2000'



REFERENCE:

U.S.D.I. - GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OAKLAND EAST QUADRANGLE ALAMEDA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

VICINITY MAP

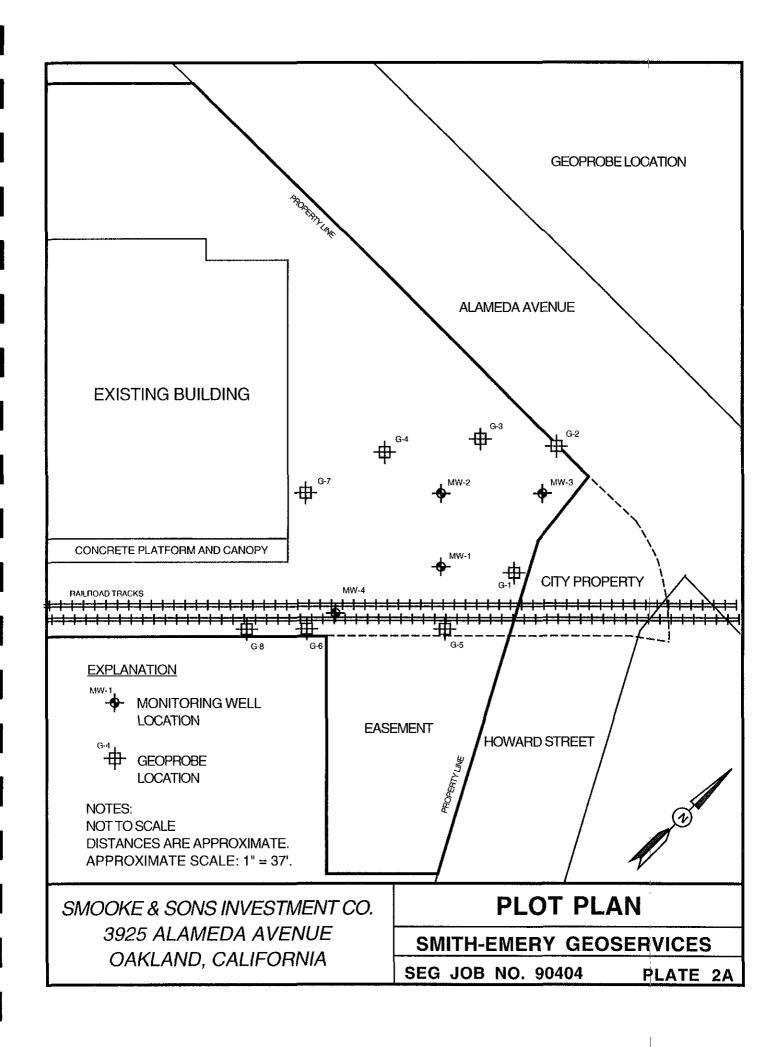
FILE NO. 90404

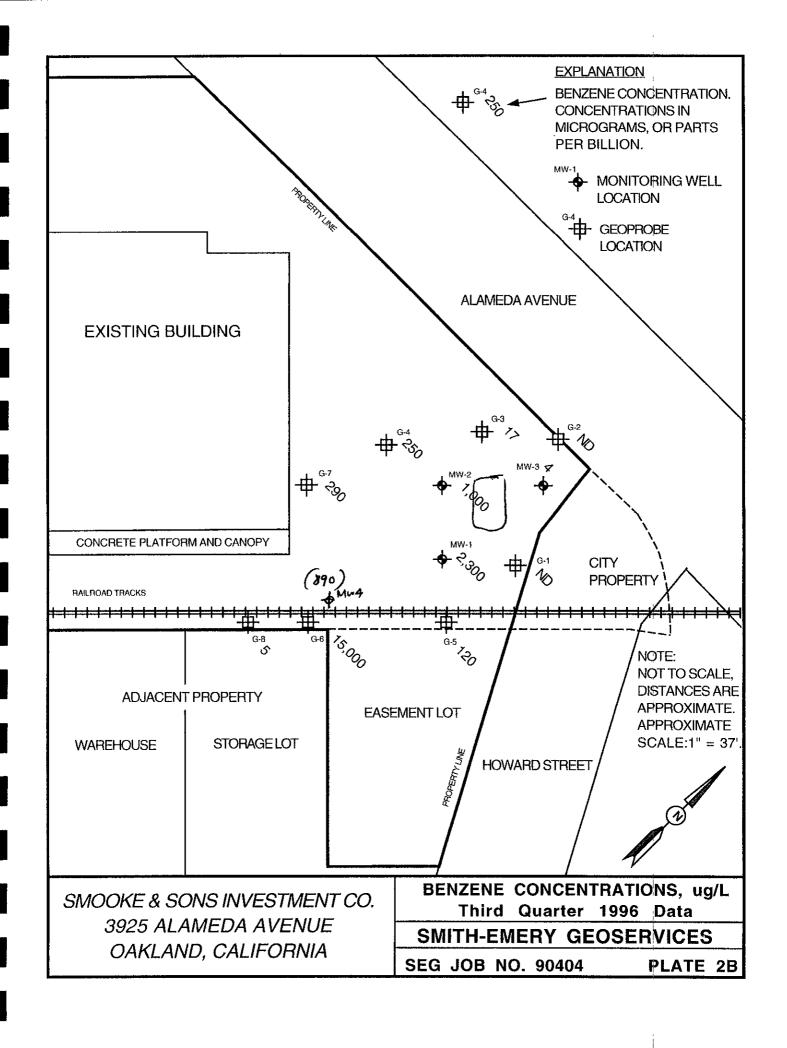
SMOOKE & SONS 3925 ALAMEDA AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

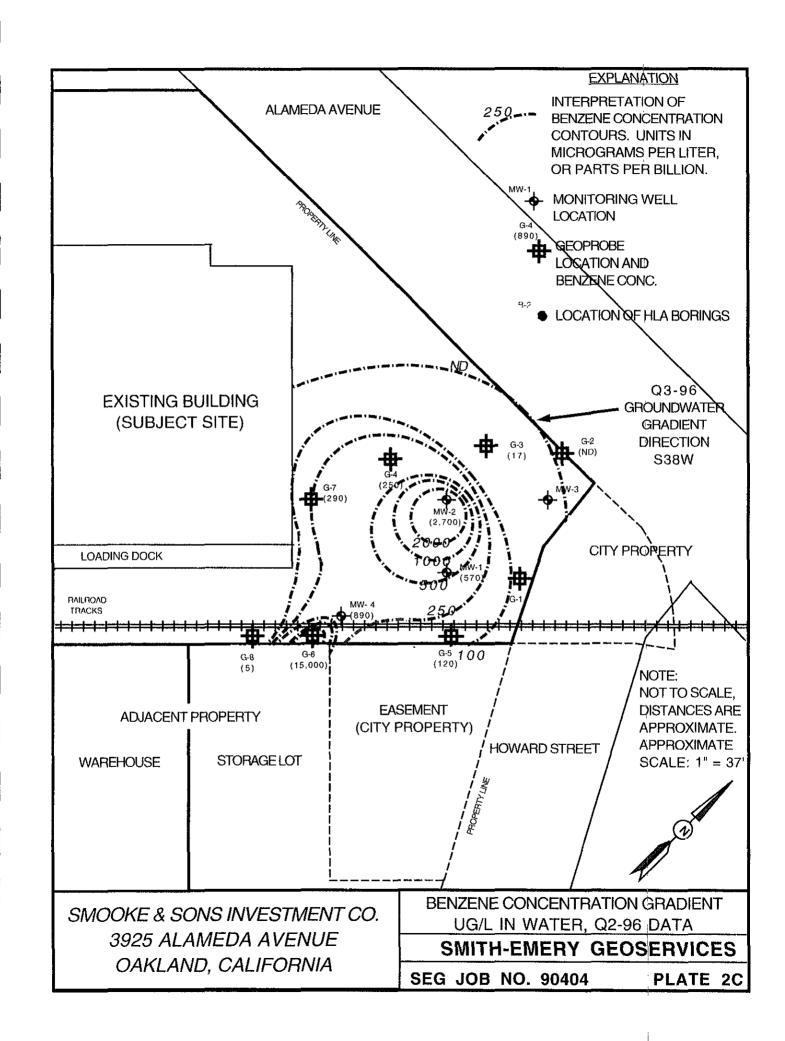
SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES

TECHNICAL ILLUSTRATION BY P.M.

PLATE 1







MAJOR SUBDIVISIONS			GROUP SYMBOL		TYPICAL DESCRIPTIONS
	GRAVEL AND	CLEAN GRAVELS		GW	WELL GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES.
COARSE	GRAVELLY SOILS	(LITTLE OR NO FINES)		GР	POORLY GRADED GRAVELS, OR GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES.
GRAINED SOILS	MORE THAN 50% OF COARSE FRACTION	GRAVELS WITH FINES (APPRECIABLE		GM	SILTY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND-SILT MIXTURES.
	RETAINED ON A NO. 4 SIEVE	AMOUNT OF FINES)		GC	CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND-CLAY MIXTURES.
	SAND AND	CLEAN SANDS	14334 14334 14334 14334	s w	WELL GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES.
	SANDY SOILS	(LITTLE OR NO FINES)		SP	POORLY GRADED SANDS OR GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES.
MORE THAN 50% OF MATERIAL IS LARGER	MORE THAN 50% OF COARSE FRACTION	SANDS WITH FINES (APPRECIABLE		SM	SILTY SANDS, SAND-SILT MIXTURES.
THAN NO. 200 SIEVE SIZE	PASSING A NO. 4 SIEVE	AMOUNT OF FINES)		sc	CLAYEY SANDS, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES.
				ML	INORGANIC SILTS, SANDY SILTS, AND CLAYEY SILTS OF LOW PLASTICITY.
FINE GRAINED SOILS	I ANIO	ID LIMIT THAN 50.		CL	INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY; GRAVELLY, SANDY OR SILTY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS.
				OL	ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY.
				МН	INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS FINE SANDY OR SILTY SOILS. ELASTIC SILTS.
MORE THAN 50% OF MATERIAL IS SMALLER THAN NO. 200	I ANIC	IID LIMIT ATER THAN 50.		СН	INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAYS.
SIEVE SIZE	OFVIS		ОН	ORGANIC CLAYS AND SILTY CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY.	
HIGH	HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS				PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS.

NOTE: DUAL SYMBOLS ARE USED TO INDICATE BORDERLINE CLASSIFICATIONS

SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES

PLATE 3

KEY TO LOG OF BORINGS

SYMBOL	TYPE OF TEST		KEY TO SAMPLES			
COMP	COMPACTION CHARACTERISTICS		INDICATES DEPTH OF UNDISTURBED SAMPLE			
ΤX	TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST		INDIONIZO DEI TITO I ONDIOVONDED DI MIL EL			
DS	DIRECT SHEAR TEST	X	INDICATES DEPTH OF BULK SAMPLE			
UC	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST	K.V	THE STATE OF BOLK ON THE			
C	CONSOLIDATION TEST	_	INDICATES DEPTH OF SAMPLING ATTEMPT			
EXP	PERCENT EXPANSION		WITH NO RECOVERY			
El	EXPANSION INDEX					
SA	SIEVE ANALYSIS (+ #200 ONLY)	[]	INDICATES DEPTH OF STANDARD			
-200	% PASSING #200 SIEVE		PENETRATION TEST (SPT)			
HA	HYDROMETER ANALYSIS (- #200 ONLY)					
AL	ATTERBERG LIMITS	$\bar{\Delta}$	FIRST ENCOUNTERED GROUNDWATER			
SE	SAND EQUIVALENT					
Р	PERMEABILITY	Y	PIEZOMETRIC HEAD			
R	R-VALUE					
Gs	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	NOTE	ON SAMPLERS			
S	SOLUBLE SULFATES		2			
рΗ	HYDROGEN ION CONTENT		turbed samples are obtained with a er having an O.D. of 3.25 inches and an			
RE	RESISTIVITY	•	2.5 inches. The SPT sampler is 2			
CL	CHLORIDE	inches	O.D.; the bit has an I.D. of 1.4 inches			
COLL	COLLAPSE TEST	and the split barrel has an I.D. of 1.5 inches. Unless practical refusal is encountered, the samplers are driven 18 inches into the soil using a 140 pound weight falling 30				

NOTES:

The descriptions on the boring logs apply only at the specific boring location and at the time the borings were made. They are not warranted to be representative of subsurface conditions. Soil and rock descriptions are based on commonly accepted geotechnical methods of identification and classification and are based on our professional judgement and experience. Field descriptions have been modified where appropriate to reflect laboratory test results. The stratification of soil layers is represented with approximate boundaries and the transition between soil types may be gradual.

KEY TO LOG OF BORINGS

inches. The blow count for the final 12 inches is recorded on the boring logs.

SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES

PLATE 4

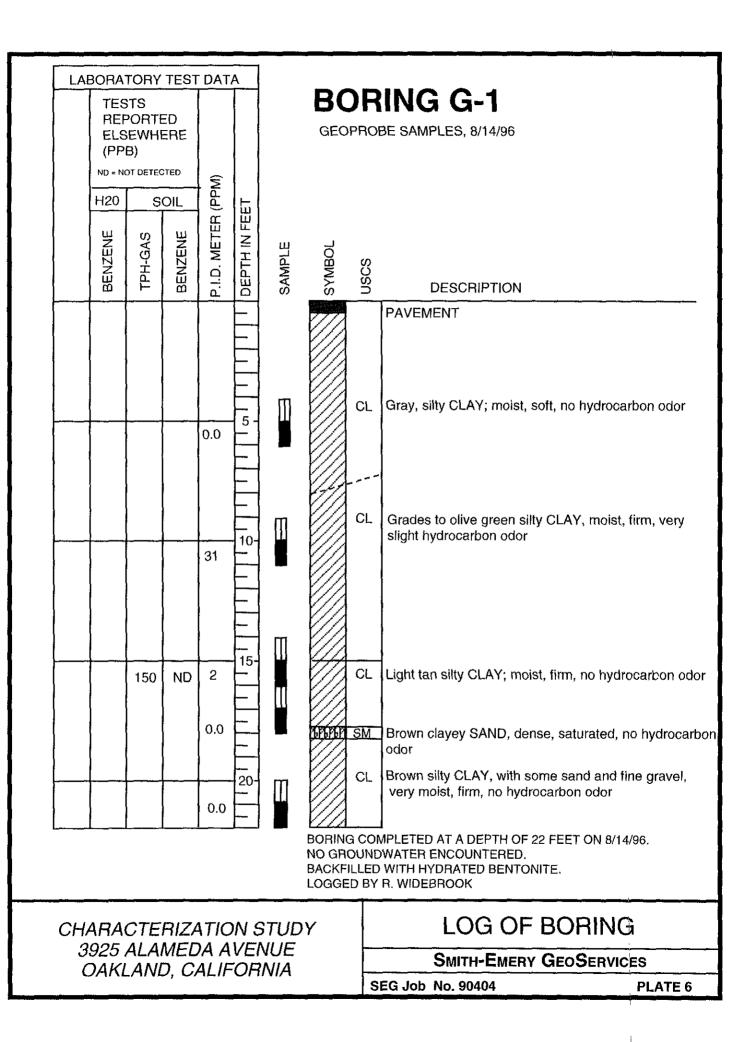
INFORMATION WELL **WELL MW-4** REFERENCE: MEAN SEA LEVEL TOP OF CASING ELEVATION (ft): +8.44 FT TOP OF CASING ELEVATION: 8.44 FEET WELL SCREEN ELEVATION - TOP (ft): +3.4 FT DATUM: MSL, CITY MONUMENT BM 19NW24 WELL SCREEN ELEVATION - BOTTOM (ft); -11.1 FT LAB FIELD WELL COMPLETION TESTS TESTS U.S.C.S. CLASSIFICATION DEPTH IN FEET SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG ELEVATION IN FEET SOIL DESCRIPTION BLOWS/FT WELL DETAILS SYMBOL 0 Asphalt concrete (3 in.) CONCRETE BACKFILL AND GΡ Brown SANDY GRAVEL (2" gravel); slightly SURFACE SEAL: moist, very dense (railroad ballast), 0' TO 3' no odor (FILL) BENTONITE QL. SEALANT: Black SILTY CLAY; moist, stiff, no odor, 3' TO 4' organic content 5 SAND PACK-4' TO 20' SCREENED INTERVAL: 5' TO 20' 101 10" DIAMETER 44 **V** SP-Olive green SAND WITH SILT; wet, very dense, SM slight hydrocarbon odor Groundwater encountered at 11.5 feet with a strong gasoline odor CL Olive green silty CLAY; wet, stiff, moderate hydrocarbon odor 15 12 SC Light olive brown CLAYEY SAND; wet, moderate hydrocarbon odor. SW Brown SAND; medium to very 35 BOTTOM CAP coarse, wet, dense, moderate hydrocarbon odor 20 WELL TERMINATED @ 20.0 FEET ON 9/9/96. WELL INSTALLED ON 9/9/96. GROUNDWATER ENCOUNTERED AT A DEPTH OF 11.5 FEET SMOOKE & SONS INVESTMENT COMPANY

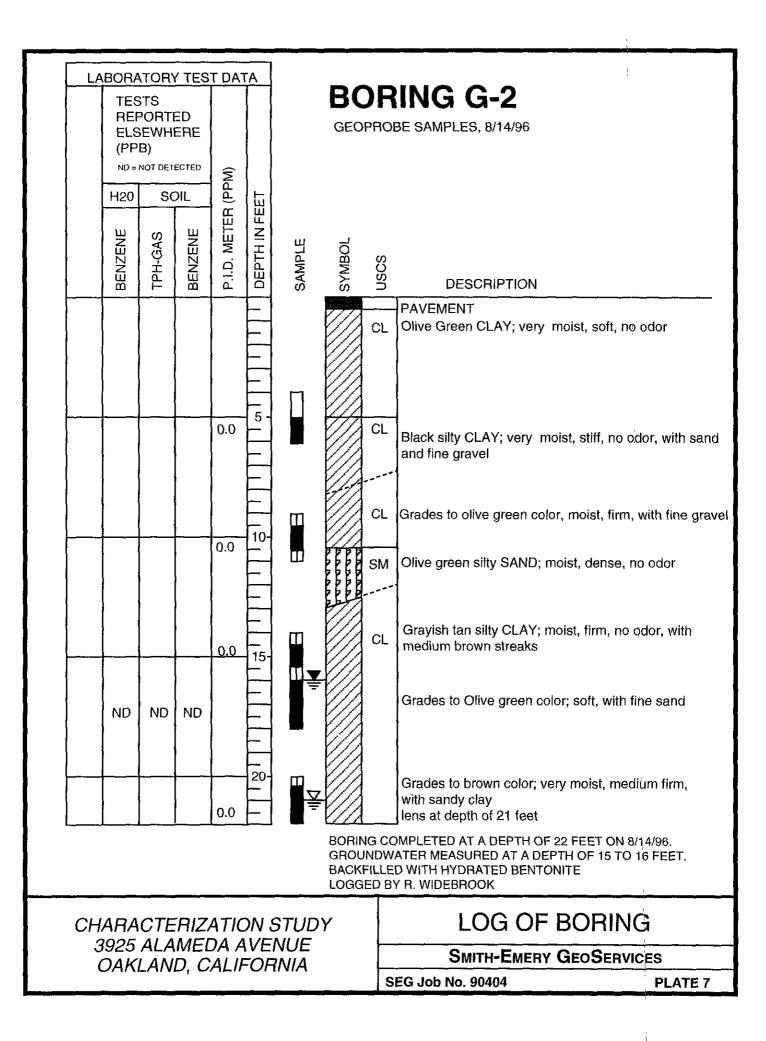
LOG OF WELL

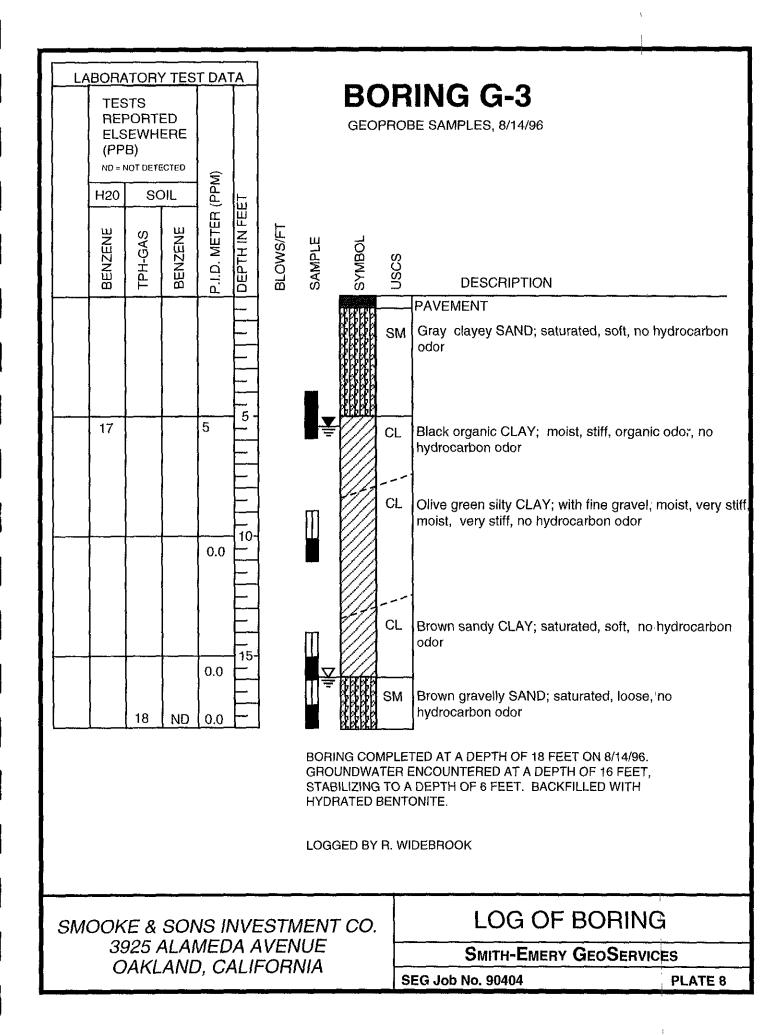
SMOOKE & SONS INVESTMENT COMPANY FILE NO. 90404 LOGGED BY M.G.

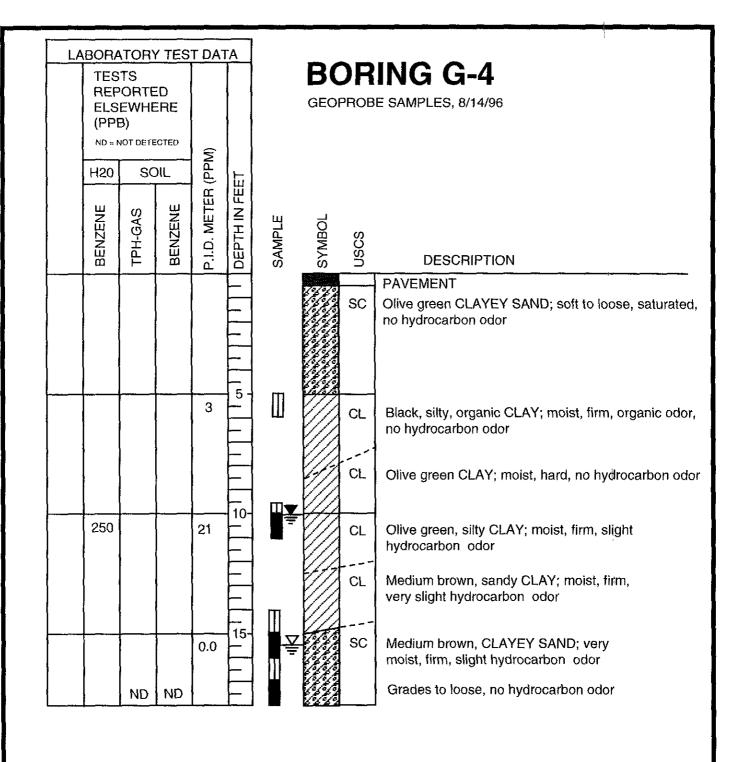
SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES

PLATE 5









BORING COMPLETED AT A DEPTH OF 22 FEET ON 8/14/96. GROUNDWATER ENCOUNTERED AT A DEPTH OF 15.5 FEET. BACKFILLED WITH HYDRATED BENTONITE.

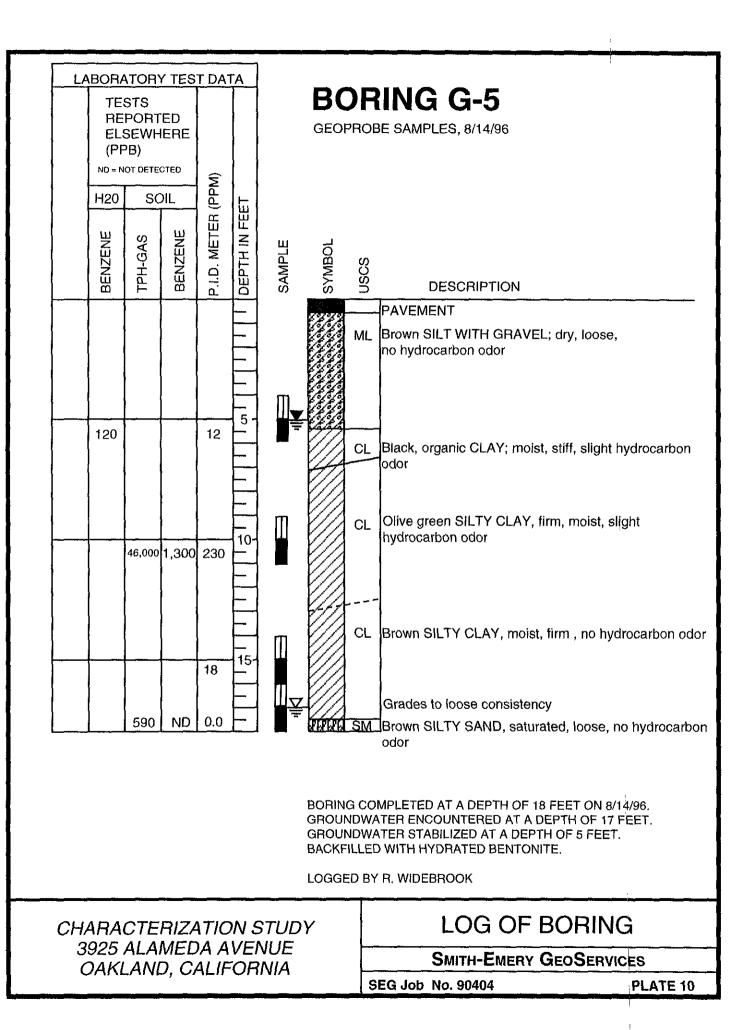
LOGGED BY R. WIDEBROOK

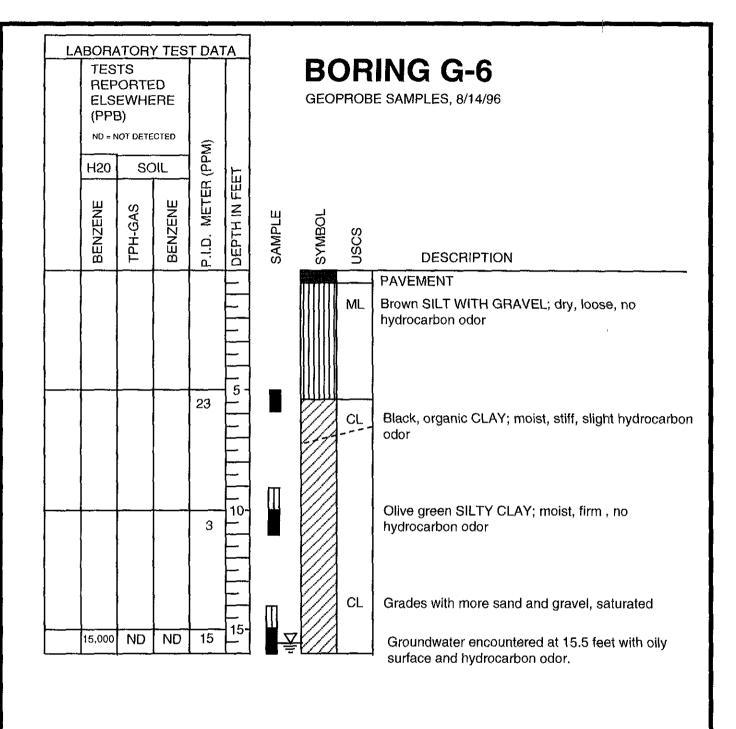
CHARACTERIZATION STUDY 3925 ALAMEDA AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

LOG OF BORING

SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES

SEG Job No. 90404





BORING COMPLETED AT A DEPTH OF 16 FEET ON 8/14/96. GROUNDWATER ENCOUNTERED AT A DEPTH OF 15.5 FEET. BACKFILLED WITH HYDRATED BENTONITE.

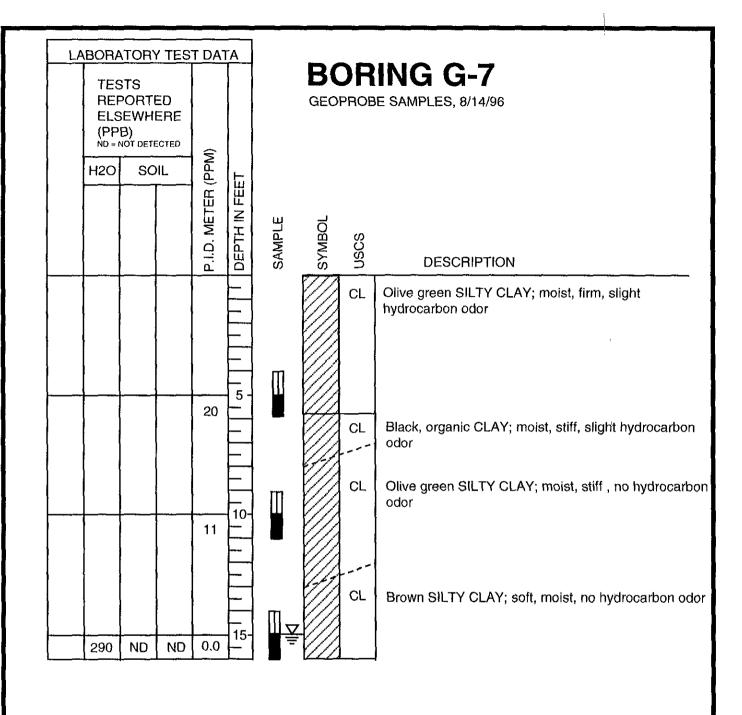
LOGGED BY R. WIDEBROOK

CHARACTERIZATION STUDY 3925 ALAMEDA AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

LOG OF BORING

SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES

SEG Job No. 90404



BORING COMPLETED AT A DEPTH OF 16 FEET ON 8/14/96. GROUNDWATER ENCOUNTERED AT A DEPTH OF 15 FEET. BACKFILLED WITH HYDRATED BENTONITE.

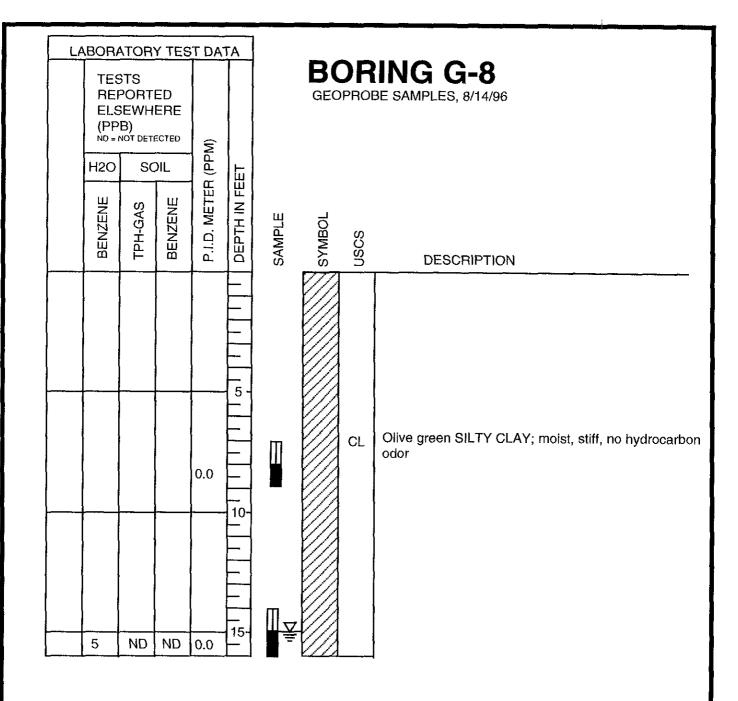
LOGGED BY R. WIDEBROOK

CHARACTERIZATION STUDY 3925 ALAMEDA AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

LOG OF BORING

SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES

SEG Job No. 90404



BORING COMPLETED AT A DEPTH OF 16 FEET ON 8/14/96. GROUNDWATER ENCOUNTERED AT A DEPTH OF 15 FEET. BACKFILLED WITH HYDRATED BENTONITE.

LOGGED BY R. WIDEBROOK

CHARACTERIZATION STUDY 3925 ALAMEDA AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

LOG OF BORING

SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES

SEG Job No. 90404

APPENDIX A

WELL PERMIT and WATER QUALITY DATA

TEL:

Sep 03,96 14:48 No.004 P.01



ZONE 7 WATER AGENCY

5997 PARKSIDE DRIVE PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 94588

VOICE (510) 484-2600 FAX (510) 482-3814

DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATION

FOR APPLICANT TO COMPLETE	FOR OFFICE USE
LOCATION OF PROJECT 3 9 2 C	FOR OFFICE USE
Alamena Arenve	PERMIT NUMBER 96647
Oakland, CA 94502	LOCATION NUMBER
CLIENT	
Nomen and t	
Address To	COUNT CONDITIONS
Chy - 1511 Voice (213) 624-8-1	PERMIT CONDITIONS
Loc Angeles Zip 90057	Circled Permit Requirements Apply
APPLICANT	dan autorità Libelia
Name 5 mith - Enery Geoscources	
Fax Cuich	A. GENERAL
1001008 P. O. 1301 886550 Voice (415)	1. A permit application should be submitted so as to arrive at the
City San Francisco, CA ZIP 94188-0550	Zone 7 office five days prior to proposed starting date. Submit to Zone 7 within 60 days after completion of permitted
TYPE OF PROJECT	Work the original Department of Water Resources Water Well
Mod Canada and	pullers report of equivalent for well Projects of diffice less
Cathodic Protection Gentachnical Investigation General	are location skotch for against male et al
Water Supply Contaminate	3. Permit is void if project not begun within 90 days of approval
Monitoring Wall Destruction	Gare.
PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY WELL USE	B. WATER WELLS, INCLUDING PIEZOMETERS
	 Minimum surface seel thickness is two inches of coment grout placed by tremis.
Municipal Inigation Other	2. Minimum seal depth is 50 fast for municipal and industrial wells
	or 20 feat for domestic and irrigation wells unless a lesser
DRILLING METHOD:	depth is specially approved. Minimum seel depth for
Mud Rotary Air Rotary Auger x	meniloring Wolls is the maximum depth are discharge on ten
Cable Other	C. GEOTECHNICAL. Dackill bore hole with compacted outlings or
DRILLER'S LICENSE NO.	heavy bentonite and upper two feet with compacted materiel. In areas of known or suspected contamination, tremted coment grout
OTHERENO. 374 152	error on osed to bigge of comparied engines.
WELL PROJECTS	D, CATHODIC. Fill hole above anode zone with concrete placed by
Orill Hole Diameter & In. Maximum	g ethie,
Casing Diameter A in. Banth - 4	E, WELL DESTRUCTION, SAN ARRICHNO.
Surface Seal Depth 4 th Number	
GEOTECHNICAL PROJECTS	ı
Norman and the	
Hole Diameter in Desir	I
П.	
ESTIMATED STARTING DATE 9/9/96	1
ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE 9/9/96	M
hereby some to comply with all an	Approved Nyman Nottle Date 11 Sep 96
I herapy agree to comply with all requirements of this permit and Alameda County Ordinance No. 73-68.	Wyman Hong
V	A Auth A
APPLICANTS (•
SIGNATURE Date 9/3/9	
1	91992

WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

1							
Proje	at #1. 9	6091	2-01	Client;	SMITT	EMERY	
Devel	oper:	70		Date Dev	- •	9-12	
Well:	Z.D,:	Zu-	{	Well Diag	meter: (cir		6
1	Well Dept			Depth to			
Before	19-5	7 After	1952	Before /	0.05	ster 10.34	
Reason	not deve	loped:			roduct, th		
1.	onal Nota						
	• Coaversiae fic (12 • (4 ⁷ /4) • ×)		<u> </u>	1 414. Yer			ļļ
White	12 = 10/fmt 4 = 61ammap (1	a. .}	3* 4*	# 6,27 # 8 44 # 1,47			ī
	n a bilesa Pag a sangal		7. 14.	= 4,00 4 \$.37			I.
_6	1		×	18		110	
1 Ca:	te Volume		Specii	ied Volumes		galions	-
Pungin	; Device:	Bailer Middleb	12 m	Plactr	a Submersi	ble b	
			Installed:	2462701	, ಕಿಯಾರೆ ದೃ	, —	i
			inthment nac		e-Bu	DCK	1
TIME	72)09 . (F)	Нq	corp.	miru)	YOLONG:	NOTATIONS:	
8:49	69.4	7.1	1700	> 200	6	GPM -> Z	14.B.
8:52	68.6	3:25	1500	>200	12		aring
8:56	64.4	7.3	1700	>200		HARD BOTTO	1
9:02	68.6	7.3	1500	>200	24	1	
4:08	1 4	7.4	1600	>200	30		7.34
7:32	69.6	7.4	1500	7200	37		
7:76	69.4	17-4	1400	7200	43	MIANE-BERG	191174
9:46	69.2	7.6	1300	7200		C100 1111	-
2:5-1	68.8	7-3	1200	> 2.00	<u> </u>	CLEBVING	
7:57	70.8	7.4			<u>55</u>	STOP HID-B	
59		-	1400	7200	62	START BLEC. SUB	
	70.2	7.5	1200	>200	68	GOOD RECH	ARG
0:00	70.2	7.3	1100	>200	74		

Did Well Dewater?

If yes, note above.

Gallons Actually Evacuated:

TIME TEMP. PH COND. TURBID-ITY VOLUME REMOVED: NOTATIONS: 1000 7200 92 CLEARING 1000 2-2 1000 7.2 1000 7.2 1000 124.7 110

Well No.: MW Starting Time: ID'. 45 Volume Single Well: 6,4 Sal Purge Rate: Purge Volume: 20 3al Ending Water Level: 9.679 Ending Water Level: 9,52' Purge Method: Bailer Well Deoth = 19.56	2 inch well, volume (gal) = 0.16h 4 inch well, volume (gal) = 0.65h Project Name: Smboke Samplers: Miles Grant	1 cubic foot = 7.48 gallons 1 gallons = 0.134 cubic foot Project Number: 90404
	Volume Single Well: 6,4 Sal Purge Volume: 20 gal	Ending Time: 1:15 Purge Rate: 9.679 Starting Water Level: 9.679

Time	T (°C.)	Нq	Conductivity (microMhos)	Turbidity NTU	ORP	Description/ Purged Volume
10:45	23	7,9	106	low		Very Orghit bin
10:49	23	7,9	109	11		7 - 7 - 1 - 1
15:56	23	7,9	113)h		1)
11:05	23	7,9)] 2	n		h
11/12	23	7.9	110	15		И
						,
					,	

2 inch well, volume (gal) = 0.16h 4 inch well, volume (gal) = 0.65h Project Name: Smook e Samplers: Miles Grant	1 cubic foot = 7.48 gallons 1 gallons = 0.134 cubic foot Project Number: 90404
Well No.: MW2	Date Sampled: 9/20/9 (
Starting Time: 11:25	Ending Time: (1:55
Volume Single Well: 6,8 500.	Purge Rate:
Purge Volume: 21	Starting Water Level: 9, 342
	Starting water Level: 1, 3
Ending Water Level: 7,43	Purge Method: Bailer

						agth = 19.	81'
Time	T (°C.)	рН	Conductivity (microMhos)	Turbidity NTU	ORP	Descrip Purged \	ption/ /olume
11:20	24	7,9	18 100	wal		very light	
11:24	24	7,9	48	Oou		1,	0625
11:31	24	7.9	103	()ou		17	+
11:36	24	7.9	100	la		2)	
11:42	24	7.9	101	low		11	
							+
							
					_		

	ch well, voi ch well, vo					= 7.48 gallons .134 cubic foot	
Proje	ect Name: _	Smo	OKe (Alamed	<u> </u>	lumber:	10404	-
	plers:	iles	Grant				•
	No.: M			Da	te Sample	9/20/9/	l -
Star	ting Time:_	12,00) / = 0	En	ding Time	12:35	•
Volu	me Single \	Well:	6,5 Sal	Pu	rge Rate:_		. ,
Purg	je Volume:_		to gel	Sta	arting Wal	er Level: 9,8	3'
Endi	ng Water L	evel:[(0.81			od: Bailer	1,82'
ime	T (°C.)	рН	Conductivity (microMhos)	Turbidity NTU	ORP	Description Purged Vol	
ענ	22	79	99	low		very light	brown
:14	21	7,9	102	boil		light be	יטש ח
19	22	7.9	10/	mod-high		600	<u>^</u>
1,30	12	79	1,7	4:94		cloudy - 6	2000
<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			// -	00,701		0,0009	77866
							,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
- "							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-			(
	Į.	1	ľ	Į.	1	1	i

	ch well, vo ch well, vo					= 7.48 gallons	
Proj	ect Name: _	Smo	DKe (Alam	Project	Number:	90404	
	nplers:	Mile	1 Grant		·	·	
Well	1 No.: <u>M</u>	WY	,		ate Sample	d: 9/20/96)
Star	ting Time:	150	0	E	nding Time	1:30	
Volu	ıme Single ¹	Well:	6,3 gal	/ P	urge Rate:_		
Purg	ge Valume:_	19	gal	S	tarting Wa	ter Level: 9,08)
Endi	ing Water L	evel:	7,78'		urge Meth	od: <u>Bailer</u>)cp+L = 19,	4)'
Time	T (°C.)	рΗ	Conductivity (microMhos)	Turbidity NTU	ORP	Descriptio Purged Volu	
1:05	23	7.3	PJ	low		vary light	bin
1:09	23	7,4	87 Da	lor		11	
1:16 1:21	23	7.5	89	mor		light be	n
1:27	23	7.5	90	mort		•4	
<u>, </u>			7.7	7,00-1			
					<u> </u>		
			-				
							
					<u> </u>		
	,				<u> </u>		
			<u> </u>				-
							!
l e]]			'

APPENDIX B

ANALYTICAL DATA AND CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY



Lab No:

96-648

Date Sampled:

09-06-96

Client^e

Smith-Emery Geoservices

Date Analyzed:

09-10-96

Project:

3925 Alameda Ave. Oakland

Date Reported

09-12-96

90404

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M MTBE Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes by Method 8020 Diesel Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M

SAMPLE NO	CLIENT ID	ANALYTE	METHOD	RESUL'I'
96-648-01	MW4-1-6' SOIL	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	0.060 mg/Kg 0.011 mg/Kg 0.020 mg/Kg 0.010 mg/Kg 0.025 mg/Kg 0.950 mg/Kg ND
96-648-02	MW4-2-10' SOIL	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	0.065 mg/Kg 0.033 mg/Kg 0.028 mg/Kg 0.024 mg/Kg 0.061 mg/Kg 0.66 mg/Kg ND
96-648-03	MW4-3-11' SOIL	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	0.080 mg/Kg 0.012 mg/Kg 0.013 mg/Kg 0.026 mg/Kg 0.016 mg/Kg 1.1 mg/Kg ND

Page 1 of 3



Lab No:

96-648

Smith-Emery Geoservices

Date Sampled:

09-06-96

Client: Project:

Date Analyzed:

09-10-96

3925 Alameda Ave. Oakland

Date Reported.

09-12-96

90404

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M MTRE Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes by Method 8020 Diesel Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M

SAMPLE NO	CLIENT ID	ANALYTE	METHOD	RESULT
96-648-04	MW4-4-16 ¹ SOIL	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	0.028 mg/Kg 0.020 mg/Kg 0.005 mg/Kg 0.008 mg/Kg 0.018 mg/Kg 0.560 mg/Kg
96-648-05	MW4-5-19' SOIL	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	0.11 mg/Kg 0.065 mg/Kg 0.050 mg/Kg 0.42 mg/Kg 0.84 mg/Kg 18 mg/Kg ND
96-648-06	MW4-W-12' SOIL	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	0.170 mg/Kg 0.31 mg/Kg 0.053 mg/Kg 0.47 mg/Kg 1.1 mg/Kg 11 mg/Kg 330 mg/Kg

Page 2 of 3



Lab No:

96-648

Smith-Emery Geoservices

Date Sampled.

Date Analyzed:

09-06-96

Client: Project:

3925 Alameda Ave. Oakland

Date Reported:

09-10-96 09-12-96

90404

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M MTBE Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes by Method 8020 Dicsel Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M

Quality Control/QualityAssuranceSummary-Soil

Analyte	Method	Reporting Limit	Blank	MS/MSD Recovery	RPD
MTBE	8020	0.005 mg/Kg	ND	108	27
Benzene	8020	0.005 mg/Kg	ND	94	31
Toluene	8020	0.005 mg/Kg	ND	110	26
Ethylbenzene	8020	0.005 mg/Kg	ND	119	23
Xylenes	8020	0.010 mg/Kg	ND	119	16
Gasoline	8015M	0.5 mg/Kg	ND	71	12
Diesel	8015M	10 mg/Kg	ND	84	2

ELAP Certificate NO: 1753

Reviewed and Approved:

John A. Murphy, Laboratory Director

Page 3 of 3

P.O. Box 5624 · South San Francisco, California 94083 · 415-588-2838 FAX 588-1950

North State Environmental Analytical Laboratory Chain of Custody/Request for Analysis

(415) 588-9652

					<u> </u>							(415) 58	
Client: 3 M	ITH- ENGLY GI	edservices	Phone: 4/ 330-30	00	Report to	o: Ric	Kh	Tide	bro	OUK			und Time MAL
Mailing Add	lress:		1xt 1	26	Billing to	RICNA SMUDIO	RO SA	nooke	E NV V.E.	11. C	o. 1	ВНг	24 Hr
					···	405	MATEO VGELE	17			-	Hr	5 Days
Site Address	3925 Alan	redo Ave	Oakla	~W		Billing Refe	rence:						
	riles Grant		Date: 9/9	194	JOB	Nym 1	ber 9	040	14		C	ther	
Sample ID.	Sample Description	Container	Samplia				ANA	Y515	RÉO	ÜESŢI	ED		
,		# / type	Time/E	ate	TPH-D	TPH-G	втех	O+G	[]				Remarks
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	MW4-1-6'	Brads	9:30	7/16	EPA	8015	P020	(F. 2	150	in 90	BIR	EMI	375)
	MW4-2-10	41	9:45	4,									
,	MU4-3=1/	4	10:05	•,	ļ			<u> </u>				<u> </u>	
<u>-</u>	MW4-4-10+	.	10:20	i î									
	MW4-5-19	1 10:1	10:30								_		
	MLU4-W-12	1-1liter	10:15	44	4р			<u>ab</u>				 	\$
		2- VOAS										 	
	* Analyze									_	_{		
	Sand godion						IRA	18eil	2	VAA	\$. *	Sp	UT-B
	of sample						00	0			7		
	ייי												
	<u></u>		-						1	`	S		
Relinguished	by: And De	ant	Date: 9/9/9	Time:	Re	eceived by:		U.	L, A	15			Yes No
Relinguished	l by:		Dale:	Time.	Re	eceived by:		0/	7'		Were sa Preserv		
Relinquished	l by:		Date:	Time:	Rı	eceived in la	ib by	K	م در	3,92	In good		



Lab No: 96-586

Date Sampled:

08-14-96

Client:

SMITH-EMERY

Date Extracted:

08-19-96

Project:

3925 Alameda Ave. Oakland

Date analyzed:

08-19-96

90404: Geoprobes

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M MTBE Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes by Method 8020 Diesel range hydrocarbons by EPA method 8015M

SAMPLE NO	CLIENT ID	ANALYTE	METHOD	RESU	LT
96-586-01	G2-WATER WATER	MTBE Benzene	8020 8020	3 ND	ug/L
		Toluene Ethylbenzene	8020 8020	2 ND	ug/L
		Xylenes Gasoline	8020 8015M	10 150	ug/L ug/L
		Diesel	8015M	ND	
96-586-02	G3-WATER WATER	MTBE Benzene	8020 8020	13 17	ug/L
		Toluene Ethylbenzene	8020 8020	15 20	ug/L ug/L
		Xylenes Gasoline	8020	35	ug/L
		Diesel	8015M 8015M	670 5	ug/L mg/L

Page 1 of 8



Lab No:

96-586

Date Sampled:

08-14-96

Client:

SMITH-EMERY

Date Extracted:

08-19-96

Project:

3925 Alameda Ave. Oakland

Date analyzed:

08-19-96

90404: Geoprobes

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M MTBE Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes by Method 8020 Diesel range hydrocarbons by EPA method 8015M

SAMPLE NO	CLIENT ID	ANALYTE	METHOD	RESULT
96-586-03	G4-WATER WATER	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	370 ug/L 250 ug/L 160 ug/L 350 ug/L 300 ug/L 4100 ug/L 11 mg/L
96-586-04	G5-WATER WATER	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	110 ug/L 120 ug/L 23 ug/L 100 ug/L 250 ug/L 1500 ug/L 6 mg/L
96-586-05	G6-WATER WATER	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	96000 ug/L 15000 ug/L 27000 ug/L 70000 ug/L 191000ug/L *4200 mg/L 1800 mg/L

Page 2 of 8



Lab No:

96-586

Date Sampled:

08-14-96

Client:

SMITH-EMERY

Date Extracted:

08-19-96

Project:

3925 Alameda Ave. Oakland

Date analyzed:

08-19-96

90404: Geoprobes

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M MTBE Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes by Method 8020 Diesel range hydrocarbons by EPA method 8015M

SAMPLE NO	CLIENT ID	ANALYTE	METHOD	RESULT
96-586-06	G7-WATER WATER	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	70 ug/L 290 ug/L 32 ug/L 94 ug/L 85 ug/L 3000 ug/L 3 mg/L
96-586-07	G8-WATER WATER	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	41 ug/L 5 ug/L 7 ug/L 16 ug/L 21 ug/L 3800 ug/L 6 mg/L
96-586-08	G5-3-14 SOIL	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	HOLD HOLD HOLD HOLD HOLD HOLD

Page 3 of 8



North State Environmental Chemical Waste District Profes (Ping ATE OF ANALYSIS

Lab No:

96-586

Date Sampled:

08-14-96

Client:

SMITH-EMERY

Date Extracted:

08-19-96

Project:

3925 Alameda Ave. Oakland

Date analyzed:

08-19-96

90404⁻

90404: Geoprobes

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M MTBE Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes by Method 8020 Diesel range hydrocarbons by EPA method 8015M

SAMPLE NO	CLIENT ID	ANALYTE	METHOD	RESU	ULT
96-586-09	G6-2-9	MTBE	8020	HOL	D
	SOIL	Benzene	8020	HOL	D
		Toluene	8020	HOL	Þ
		Ethylbenzene	8020	HOL	Ď
		Xylenes	8020	HOL	D
		Gasoline	8015M	HOL	Ď
		Diesel	8015M	HOL	Ď
96-586-10	G1-5-16	MTBE	8020	24	ug/Kg
	SOIL	Benzene	8020	ND	:
		Toluene	8020	ND	
		Ethylbenzene	8020	ND	!
		Xylenes	8020	20	ug/Kg
		Gasoline	8015M	150	ug/Kg
		Diesel	8015M	1	mg/Kg
96-586-11	G2-4-16	MTBE	8020	ND	1
	SOIL	Benzene	8020	ND	1
		Toluene	8020	ND	1
		Ethylbenzene	8020	ND	I
		Xylenes	8020	ND	1
		Gasoline	8015M	ND	
		Diesel	8015M	ND	
					1

Page 4 of 8



Lab No:96-586Date Sampled:08-14-96Client:SMITH-EMERYDate Extracted:08-19-96Project:3925 Alameda Ave. OaklandDate analyzed:08-19-96

90404: Geoprobes

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M MTBE Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes by Method 8020 Diesel range hydrocarbons by EPA method 8015M

SAMPLE NO	CLIENT ID	ANALYTE	METHOD	RESULT
96-586-12	G3-4-17 SOIL	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	13 ug/Kg ND ND ND 18 ug/Kg 660 ug/Kg ND
96-586-13	G4-4-17 SOIL	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	21 ug/Kg ND 6 ug/Kg ND 41 ug/Kg ND
96-586-14	G5-2-9 SOIL	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline Diesel	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M 8015M	150 ug/Kg 1300 ug/Kg 210 ug/Kg 240 ug/Kg 340 ug/Kg 46000 ug/Kg 21 mg/Kg

Page 5 of 8



Lab No:

96-586

Date Sampled:

08-14-96

Client:

SMITH-EMERY

Date Extracted:

08-19-96

Project:

3925 Alameda Ave. Oakland

Date analyzed:

08-19-96

90404: Geoprobes

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M

MTBE Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes by Method 8020

Diesel range hydrocarbons by EPA method 8015M

SAMPLE NO	CLIENT ID	ANALYTE	METHOD	RESULT
96-586-15	G5-4-16.5	MTBE	8020	ND
	SOIL	Benzene	8020	ND
		Toluene	8020	ND
		Ethylbenzene	8020	ND +
		Xylenes	8020	15 ug/Kg
		Gasoline	8015M	590 ug/Kg
		Diesel	8015M	ND
96-586-16	G6-3-15	MTBE	8020	ND
	SOIL	Benzene	8020	ND
		Toluene	8020	ND
		Ethylbenzene	8020	ND
		Xylenes	8020	ND
		Gasoline	8015M	ND
		Diesel	8015M	ND
96-586-17	G7-3-14.5	MTBE	8020	ND
	SOIL	Benzene	8020	ND
		Toluene	8020	ND .
		Ethylbenzene	8020	ND
		Xylenes	8020	ND
		Gasoline	8015M	ND
		Diesel	8015M	ND



Lab No: 96-586 Client: SMITH-EMERY

Date Sampled:

Date Extracted:

08-14-96 08-19-96

Project:

3925 Alameda Ave. Oakland

Date analyzed: 08-

08-19-96

90404: Geoprobes

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M MTBE Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes by Method 8020 Diesel range hydrocarbons by EPA method 8015M

SAMPLE NO	CLIENT ID	ANALYTE	METHOD	RESULT
96-586-18	G8-2-14 SOIL	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020	ND ND ND ND ND
		Gasoline Diesel	8015M 8015M	ND ND

Quality Control/Quality Assurance Summary- WATER

Analyte	Method	Reporting Limit	Blank	MS/MSD Recovery	RPD
MTBE	8020	0.5 ug/L	ND	78	14
Benzene	8020	0.5 ug/L	ND	115	6
Toluene	8020	0.5 ug/L	ND	116	6
Ethylbenzene	8020	0.5 ug/L	ND	120	4
Xylenes	8020	1.0 ug/L	ND	114	6
Gasoline	8015M	0.05 ug/L	ND	89	4
Diesel	8015M	0.05 mg/L	ND	84	3

Page 7 of 8



Lab No:

96-586

Date Sampled:

08-14-96

Client:

SMITH-EMERY

Date Extracted:

08-19-96

Project.

3925 Alameda Ave. Oakland

Date analyzed:

08-19-96

90404: Geoprobes

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons by Method 8015 M MTBE Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes by Method 8020 Diesel range hydrocarbons by EPA method 8015M

Quality Control/Quality Assurance Summary- SOIL

Analyte	Method	Reporting Limit	Blank	MS/MSD Recovery	RPD
MTBE	8020	5 ug/Kg	ND	78	14
Benzene	8020	5 ug/Kg	ND	115	6
Toluene	8020	5 ug/Kg	ND	116	6
Ethylbenzene	8020	5 ug/Kg	ND	120	4
Xylenes	8020	10 ug/Kg	ND	114	6
Gasoline	8015M	500 ug/Kg	ND	89	4
Diesel	801 5M	1 mg/Kg	ND	84	3

^{*}Please note that the result is reported in ppm(mg/Kg).

ELAP Certificate NO: 1753

Reviewed and Approved:

John A. Murphy, Laboratory Director

Page 8 of 8

A not victed

NZE

CHAIN OF CUSTODY/LABORATORY ANALYSIS REQUEST FORM

1	921 Farguesd Ave. San Jose	CA 95131	<u>• (400) 437</u> 4	1400; - FAX (400)437:1	9356						46	5-5	A 6	>			DATE_	8	15	96		PAGE		OF
	PROJECT NAMESITE C	KAR:	CEOPRO	15 90°	toct	Γ		****							AN/	u,ysis	REQU	ESTED		7				
	PROJECT MINGR RICK					1	 	7	7	7.	. 7	7	7	7	17	7	7	7	7		\ 7	7	77	
	COMPANY/ADDRESS SM	UTH	<u> - E</u>	MERY		EBS				Salling Spalling					//		_/_			3	ky/		//	
	i			·		Į ₹	•	8		Sake L	<i>}</i> /	را	/	/چ/	BE	8		/5		53	$ oldsymbol{g} $	/	/ /	
	ł		7	PHONE 33	D-3020] 유	/	\$\$\ \$\\\\$\\\\$\\	2 8 8 A	\$ 8	वृह्य		/ /	F /		82	<i>j</i> /		' k	A STATE OF THE STA	′ /	<i>'</i> /	′ /	
	SAMPLERS SIGNATURE	<u> </u>	2 h	Sealer		NUMBER OF CONTAINERS	N SE					5/	لِي / ﴿		3 8					2¥/ الا				
į	SAMPLE I.D.	DATE	TIME	LAD I.D.	SAMPLE MATRIX	1 ₹	S. S	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	3/38 E	1 A	123		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Metals (lang)	8 £ 8	1	7.00	10 P.	To k		/	Ϊ.	/ REW	IARKS
-(o	G1-5-16	8/14/96	830		8016																			
~4	G2-4-16	1	900		11																			
-({	63-4-17	tı	930		Н														/					
-13	G4-4-17	ti	1000		1 e														/					-
۷)~	65-2-9	61	1030		ч															-				
-اري	G54-16.5	l I	1100		И																			
-16	G6-3-15	11	12 50		11																			
-(7	67-3-14,5	l1	1238		n																			
79	68-2-14	6.3	130		Λ																			
	/_^C	<u> </u>	 			+							-		<u> </u>									
	AELINO VISHED BY		0	RECEIVED BY	/, 1 9	ST	D REQU				PORT	REQUI	REMEN				ICE IN	FORM	ATION:				MPLE RECEIP	T:
	Signature W. DEBR	200f	Signature	ho B. KTU	1 . 1		48 t (~ 10-15 t			·	, Routir	•			P.O. #						Shippin Shippin	-		
	Printed Name 569		Printed Name	SE 20			erbal Prei	_		 	MSD, charo	tinciud as requ ed as sa	es DUP, uired , ma mples)	ay be	Bill to:	·				i	Conditio	-		
	tion /	40	Firm 8//	-/			AX Prelim	-		<u> </u>			n Report aw Data						,					
	Date/Time	1 3-1	Date/Pime	110/1	5 Paqueste	ad Repo	n Date			1	-		ile Repor			·· - ·					Lab No).:		
	RELINQUISHED BY:		!	RECEIVED BY:			ISTRUC				,				<u> </u>		·/-						·	
	Signature		Signature		F	بسج	V	Eu	EL à	Se _r	-M-	t ~	31 T	[-	51	_ex	-A-N	W	- M-	BE	E -	-	-	
	Printed Name		Printed Name																					
	Firm		Firm																					
	Date/Time		Date/Time																					

North State Environmental Analytical Laboratory

Chain of Custody/Request for Analysis

Page (Page (15) 588-9652

Client									19e	(H	56	115) 58	8-965	5 2
J. J. M	ITH-EMERY	<i></i>	Phone: 330 3000	Report	to: Pic	x h),DE	BR	80 K	_	Т	urnaro	und T	
Mailing Addr	ress:			Billing	to: S E Z				77 		8	Hr	24 F	
	3925 ALAN		NE, OARLAND	PO# /	Billing Refe		<u> </u>				40	Hr	5 Da	ivs
Sampler: 12	ick Widebroo	K	Date: 8 14/96	90	404:	Georg	robe.	5			Otl	er		
Sample ID:	Sample Description	Container # / type	Sampling Time/Date	TPH-D	трн-с	A N A BTEX	LYSIS O+G	FUE	UES L SC	AN			Rem	arks
32 MATER	enation.	3: 2 XOA	-8 14 96				 	1001	HP	(ex A	NOI	18/8		
3- "	11	1¢ e4	t <u>\$</u>				 							
G4- "		. 4	r t	~			 							
65- "	11	ot tf	1.0											
G6" " G7- "	t f	il te	Lŧ											
<u>G7- " </u>	13	į: 13	t <			 	 							
G8- "	11	n 31	tç ·		<u> </u>	·	 							
G5-3-14	Soic	1TUBE	£ (····		HOLI			┯┼		//	$\overline{}$
96-2-9	SOIL	1 TOBE	e i					404					40	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ļ	7709					HO!	4
											-			
													<u> </u>	
		,					//-		-+	\dashv	+			\dashv
Relinquished b	Pielado	EliZ	Date: 15/46 Time: //	'54 R	eceived by:	Tel	/	<u> </u>	5E				Yes	No
Relinquished b			Date: Time:	R	eceived by:		\mathcal{L}	1		Wer Pres	e sam erved	oles ?	0	
Relinquished by	y:		Date: Time:	R	eceived in lat	by:	Wh	/ , /e.	sc	In go	ood lition	?		기



Lab No:

96-693

Date Sampled:

09-20-96

Client:

SEG

Date Extracted:

09-24-96

Project:

3925 Alameda Avenuc

Date Analyzed:

09-26-96

Smooke #90404

MTBE, Benzene, Tolucne, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes by Method 8020 Clasoline range hydrocarbons by EPA method 8015M

SAMPLE NO	CLIENT ID	ANALYTE	METHOD	RESULT	
96-693-01	MW-1-QTR-3 WATER	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M	570 u; 30 u; 110 u 80 u	g/I. g/L g/L g/I. g/L
96-693-02	MW-2-QTR-3 WATER	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M	2700 u 600 u 500 u 1500 u	18/F 18/F 18/F 18/F
96-693 - 03	MW-3-QTR-3 WATER	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M	4 u ND 26 u 13 u	16/l 16/l 16/l 16/l
96-693-04	MW-4-QTR-3 WATER	MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes Gasoline	8020 8020 8020 8020 8020 8015M	890 t 120 t 1100 t 2000 t	ug/L. ug/L. ug/L. ug/L.

Page 1 of 2



Lab No:

96-693

Date Sampled:

09-20-96

Client:

SEG

Date Extracted:

09-24-96

Project:

3925 Alameda Avenuc

Date Analyzed:

09-26-96

Smooke #90404

Quality Control/Quality Assurance Summary- WATER

Analyte	Method	Reporting Limit	Blank	MS/MSD Recovery	RPD	
MTBL	8020	0.5 ug/L	ND	84	61	
Benzone	8020	0.5 ug/l	ND	103	48	
Tolueno	8020	0.5 ug/L	ΝD	103	7	
Ethylbenzene	8020	0.5 ug/L	ΔD	102	16	
Xylenes	8020	1.0 ug/L	ПN	97	10	
Gasoline	8015M	0.05 ug/L	ND	136	8	

ELAP Certificate NO: 753

Reviewed and Approved:

John A. Murphy, Laboratory Director



North State Environmental Analytical Laboratory

Chain of Custody/Request for Analysis %-6°3

(415) 588-9652

Client: SEG			Phone: 415 33 0-3000	Reporter: Rick Willebrunk							Turnaround Time			
Mailing Addr	ress:		Billing to: SEG						Hr	24 H				
			(L
Site Address:	3925 Alam	Oukland	PO# /	PO# / Billing Reference.						40	40 Hr 5 D			
Site Address: 3925 Ala meder Av.			Date: 9-30	Smooke # 901/64							Other			
Sample ID.	Sample Description	Container	Sampling	,	<u> </u>	ANA	YSIS	REO	UE51	EDT				
·		# / type	Time/Date	трн-р	TPH-C	BTEX	O+C	MBT	l	ŀ		1 ,	Rem	arks
MIN	MW1-078-3	2/VUA	9-20-96		X	X		X						
	Muz-atr-3	7 11	ų		X	\mathcal{X}		X		7				
	MW3-QTR-3	1)	31		X	X		X						
	MW4- ATR-3	11	17		X	X		X					-	
													1	
								- 1						
***		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-1/0	1							
						5 V U	//)							
						Ca	-							
							1							
										_				
												·	<u> </u>	\neg
Relinquished by: MA Land		Tite: 1910 Time:	; YO R	eceived by	Murcer	P.C.	way	1				Yes	No	
Relinquished by:			Date: Time:		Received by:				re san servec		ear			
Relinguished by:			Date: Time:	Received in lab by. In go cond				300d dition	?	V				



North State Environmental Analytical Laboratory Chain of Custody/Request for Analysis

(415) 588-9652

Client: SEG			Phone: 4 330-30	15	Report to: Rick Willebrunk							Turnaround Time			
Mailing Add			Billing to: SEG							8 Hr	24 Hr				
				_						ŀ	40 Hr	<u> </u>	\dashv		
Site Address:	392T Alam	Daklan		PO# / Billing Reference:					5 Day	<u>د</u>					
Sampler: M	Date: 9-2	096	Smooke # 90464												
Sample ID: Sample Description Container		Container	Sampling	ing	ANALYSIS REQUESTED										
		# / type	Time/	Date	TPH-D	TPH-G	BTEX	O+G	MBT	1	}	1	Rema	rks	
1400	HWI-OTP-3	2/VUA	9-20-	96		X	X		X					\neg	
·	MWZ-BTR-3	"	11			X	~		X				<u> </u>	\neg	
	MW3-QTR-3	וו):			X	X		X					ᅦ	
	MWY- atr-3	ון	n			X	X		1					7	
							/ ~						 	一	
											_	_	 		
											- -	_		\dashv	
						†	1/4	1/					 		
							5 V O	4					 		
						 		1_1		_	-		 	\dashv	
							Cen		 				-		
								 	├─┤		_	_	┼	\dashv	
						 		 			- -		+	\dashv	
Relinquished by: MA A			9/20/9/	Timen	:Un F	Received by	10.	ומן	<u> </u>	+			Yes	No	
Relinquished by:			Date:	Time:	Received by: We				Were Prese	samples	ead	,			
Relinquished by:			Date:	Time:	Received in lab by:				In god						

APPENDIX C

FIELD EXPLORATION PROCEDURES

FIELD EXPLORATION PROCEDURES

SMITH-EMERY GEOSERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL INVESTIGATION FIELD EXPLORATION PROCEDURES

3925 Alameda Avenue Oakland, California

A.1 SOIL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

- 1. Soil core samples are routinely obtained at every 5 foot interval. Additional samples are taken whenever a change in lithology occurs or if any other reason suggests that they may be useful.
- 2. When the hollow stem auger reaches the sampling depth, a split spoon sampler (2.5" outer diameter California) equipped with six three-inch brass tubes is driven 1.5 feet into the formation by repeatedly dropping a 140 pound weight a distance of 2.5 feet onto the sampler rods. The number of blows each for three consecutive 0.5 foot increments is recorded on the boring logs.
- 3. Soils brought up by the auger flights during drilling, and soil recovered by the split spoon sampler are described and recorded on a standard boring log form according to the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) by a project geologist under the direct supervision of a State Registered Geologist or Geotechnical Engineer. In addition to the USCS classification, the soil is described by color, moisture content, mechanical strength, odor, and any other notable characteristics.
- 4. Soil from the driving tip and upper tube is inspected for the soil description. The middle tube is typically retained for screening for volatile organic vapors by head space analysis. Unless otherwise noted, the lower tube is designated for chemical analysis.
- 5. Any indication of odor from the fresh soil samples as they are removed from the split spoon sampler is recorded on the boring log.
- 6. All samples designated for analysis are sealed at each end with Teflon and plastic caps. Care is taken to retain the samples with a minimum of disturbance and flush with the ends of the tube if possible.
- 7. All sampling equipment is decontaminated after each sampling interval by complete disassembly of the sampler and brush cleaning of all parts in a nonphosphate solution bath, followed by a clear water rinse and a final deionized or distilled water rinse. The hollow stem auger flights and bits are steam cleaned before arrival on site and between borings.
- 8. All soil cuttings generated during the drilling of the borings were added to the existing stockpile of contaminated material and disposed of.
- 9. Upon completion of drilling activities, all borings were back-filled with hydrated bentonite chips.
- 10. Hand samples are obtained by driving a six-inch long clean brass tube into the formation and capping each end with Teflon sheets and plastic caps.

A.2 SAMPLE HANDLING AND ANALYSIS

- 1. After retrieval all samples are immediately labeled and placed in a chilled cooler with ice to 4 degrees centigrade. Care is taken to prevent freezing of samples.
- 2. If a mobile laboratory is being utilized on the site, the samples are immediately brought to the laboratory after they are sealed and placed in the laboratory refrigerator and maintained at 4 degrees centigrade.
- 3. Chain-of-Custody documentation is maintained from the sampler through the laboratory. The samples are kept in the custody of the sampler of record until he signs them over to the next custodian of record. The samples are either kept within sight of the custodian, or in a locked place. Samples are delivered to the laboratory within 24 hours of collection.
- 4. The number of samples designated for analysis is dictated by the job specifications, field observations and agency involvement. All samples collected are held in refrigeration at 4 degrees centigrade by the lab for further analysis if initial test results indicate that more analyses may be useful.
- 5. The laboratory is instructed to analyzed the samples according to the needs of the job. Usually, the analysis is carried out by a method certified by a federal or state agency. Routine quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) procedures include matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicates, equipment blanks, and surrogate recoveries.

APPENDIX D

REFERENCES

REFERENCES

Helley, E.J. and Lajoie, K.R., 1979. Flatland deposits of the San Francisco Bay Region, California. USGS Professional Paper No. 943. Washington, D.C.

California Department of Water Resources Bulletin 74-90, California Well Standards.

USGS Oakland East Quadrangle topographic map

Workplan for Subsurface Exploration, 3925 Alameda Avenue, Oakland, California, prepared by ENGEO Incorporated, September 15, 1993.

Report on Soil and Ground-Water Sampling With Laboratory Testing, 3925 Alameda Avenue, Oakland, California" prepared by ENGEO Incorporated, March 24, 1994.

SEG Report No. 95-154, Tank/Groundwater Monitoring Workplan, 3925 Alameda Avenue, Oakland, California

SEG Health & Safety Plan, 3925 Alameda Avenue, Oakland, California

"Soil and Ground-Water Contamination Investigation, 569 High Street, Oakland, California" prepared by Harding Lawson Associates, HLA Job No. 9382,006/01, dated July 24, 1987.