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QUARTERLY GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE - MAINTENANCE YARD 501 5TH AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, 94606

Prepared for:

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Job Number 6045-11

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the procedures and findings of quarterly groundwater investigation conducted by ACC Environmental Consultants, Inc., (ACC) on behalf of the Peralta Community College District, site owner at 501 5th Avenue, Oakland, California. The project objective, as described in the Work Plan prepared on April 27, 1993, was to evaluate the extent of groundwater impact from the previous underground storage of petroleum products using analysis of groundwater samples collected from four monitoring wells onsite.

2.0 BACKGROUND

Five underground storage tanks were installed prior to the 1960's. The tanks were used for storage of fuel and waste oil for the City of Oakland Corporation Yard. The tanks consisted of two 6,000-gallon gasoline tanks, one 2,000-gallon diesel tank, one 2,000-gallon ethyl (premium) gasoline tank, and one 550-gallon waste oil tank. In 1980 Peralta Community College District acquired the property. The District abandoned the existing five underground tanks by filling with water and installed three fiberglass underground storage tanks. The new tanks consisted of two 6,000-gallon and one 4,000-gallon fiberglass tanks to store gasoline fuel. The new tanks were installed approximately 150 feet from the original tanks.

In 1992, the five original underground storage tanks were removed. During removal, a total of eight soil samples and one grab groundwater sample were collected from the excavation. Laboratory analysis of the soil samples indicated up to 228 parts per million (ppm) of Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) as diesel, 134 ppm of TPH as gasoline, 2,407 parts per billion (ppb) benzene, 4,617 ppb toluene, 7,170 ppb ethylbenzene, 6,147 ppb total xylenes and 5,477 ppm oil and grease. Laboratory analysis of the water samples collected from the excavation indicated 170 ppm TPH as diesel, 15 ppm TPH as gasoline, 286 ppb benzene, 698 ppb toluene, 300 ppb ethylbenzene, 808 ppb total xylenes and 284 ppm oil and grease.

In September 1992, a preliminary study was performed by Environ of Emeryville to evaluate the soil and groundwater conditions on the site and on neighboring sites. This study indicated that hydrocarbons constituents reported in the soil and grab groundwater samples are possibly a result of regional impact.

In November 1992, ACC performed a subsurface environmental site assessment of the soil around the former tank excavation. Petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline and motor oil were detected in the soil and groundwater samples collected from the borings. Laboratory analysis of the soil indicated up to 370 ppm of TPH as gasoline, 12 ppm TPH as diesel, 5,342 ppm motor oil, 76.94 ppm benzene, 73.9 ppm toluene, 30.4 ppm ethylbenzene, and 95.41 ppm xylenes.

In November 1993, three underground gasoline tanks were removed from the property. Soil samples collected from the excavation indicated up to 1.3 ppm TPH as gasoline, 190 ppb benzene, and 18 ppb toluene. Initial groundwater samples collected from the excavation indicated 27 ppm TPH as gasoline, 1,200 ppb benzene, 5,100 ppb toluene, 690 ppb ethylbenzene and 5,700 ppb xylenes.

Approximately 3,500 gallons of water was removed from the excavation. Analysis of subsequent groundwater samples from the excavation indicated 210 ppb TPH as gasoline, and 14 ppb xylenes.

Due to the detectable levels reported in the soil and groundwater onsite, additional groundwater investigations were requested from the regulatory agencies.

In February 1994, four additional borings (MW-1, MW-2, MW-3 and MW-4) were drilled onsite and converted into 2-inch monitoring wells. The monitoring wells were used to evaluate the extent of groundwater impact from the two former excavations (See Figure 1 - Site Plan).

Laboratory analysis of the groundwater samples collected in February 1994 from monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-4 (down gradient from the tank excavations) indicated below detectable levels of the constituents evaluated. The groundwater results from monitoring well MW-1 indicated a downgradient extent of groundwater impact. Laboratory analysis of groundwater collected from monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-3 (upgradient of the former tank excavations) indicated detectable levels of constituents. Samples collected from borings MW-2 and MW-3 indicated detectable levels of TPH as diesel, TPH as gasoline with BTEX. Motor oil was reported in the soil from boring MW-2. However, motor oil was not detected in the groundwater sample from monitoring well MW-2. TPH as diesel was only detected in the soil from boring MW-2.

An additional soil and groundwater investigation was conducted on May 9, 1994, to evaluate possible upgradient sources onsite. The investigation included drilling five borings upgradient (east) of existing monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-3.

Laboratory analysis of the soil samples collected during the additional investigation indicate detectable levels of diesel up to 11 ppm and motor oil up to 100 ppm. Below detectable levels of TPH as gasoline and BTEX were reported in the soil samples analyzed.

Groundwater was encountered approximately 5 to 6 feet below ground surface (bgs) during the additional investigation. Laboratory analysis of grab groundwater samples collected from the boreholes indicated below detectable levels of diesel, motor oil, and BTEX. TPH as gasoline at 61 parts per billion (ppb) was reported in one grab groundwater sample collected from a boring.

Motor oil was not detected in the groundwater samples collected from the borings and monitoring wells, therefore motor oil does not appear to currently impact the groundwater.

Results of the analytical data from previous investigations indicate that upgradient sources of TPH and motor oil exist. Fine-grain fill material and Bay Mud appear to restrict the mobility of the petroleum hydrocarbons from impacting groundwater. However, groundwater flow direction data suggests that constituent movement is to the westerly direction, away from monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-3.

3.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

The site consists of several warehouse/office buildings surrounded by a fenced parking lot. The former location of the older tanks was within the fenced yard adjacent to the northern entrance, the former newer tanks were situated near the southern entrance (Figure 2).

4.0 FIELD PROCEDURES

4.1 Groundwater Sampling

Groundwater samples were collected on November 16, 1994 from monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3 and MW-4. Prior to groundwater sampling the depth to the surface of the water table was measured from the top of the PVC casing using a Solinst Water Level Meter. Information regarding well elevations and groundwater level measurements is summarized in Table 1.

TABLE 1 - Groundwater Depth Information

Well No.	Date Sampled	TOC Elevation	Depth to Groundwater (Ft)	Groundwater Elevation (Ft.)
			-	
MW-1	02/14/94	6.78 MSL	3.69	3.09
	05/16/94		6.80	-0.02
	08/25/94		7.05	-0.27
	11/16/94		3.50	3.28
MW-2	02/14/94	8.70 MSL	4.70	4.00
	05/16/94		4.74	3.96
	08/25/94		5.49	3.21
	11/16/94		5.03	3.67
MW-3	02/14/94	8.83 MSL	4.57	4.26
2,2,,, 0	05/16/94		4.78	4.05
	08/25/94		5.93	2.90
	11/16/94		4.04	4.79
MW-4	02/14/94	5.45 MSL	1.69	3.76
414.11	05/16/94	2.7.7.2.2.2.2.	2.36	3.09
	08/25/94		3.25	2.20
	11/16/94		1.01	4.44

Notes: All measurements in feet

MSL = Mean Sea Level TOC = Top of Casing

After water-level measurements were collected, each onsite well was purged by hand using a designated precleaned disposable Teflon bailer for each well. Groundwater pH, temperature and electrical conductivity were monitored during well purging. Each well was considered to be purged when these parameters stabilized. Three to four well volumes were removed to purge each well. Worksheets of conditions monitored during purging are attached in Appendix A.

After the groundwater level had recovered to a minimum of approximately 80 percent of its static level, water samples were obtained using designated disposable Teflon bailers. Two 40 ml VOA vials, without headspace were filled from the water collected from each monitoring well.

The samples were preserved on ice and submitted to Chromalab Inc. under chain of custody protocol. Laboratory results with chain of custody forms are attached in Appendix B.

5.0 FINDINGS

5.1 Analytical Results - Groundwater

One groundwater sample each from monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 was collected and submitted to Chromalab for analysis for TPH as gasoline by EPA test method 5030 and BTEX by EPA test method 602. Analysis results from the groundwater samples are summarized in Table 2. Analytical results are attached in Appendix B.

TABLE 2 - Analytical Results - Groundwater

Well	Date	TPH-g	TEPH	Benzene	Toluene	E.benzene	Xylene
No.	Sampled	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)
MW-1	02/14/94	<50	< 50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	05/23/94	<50	< 50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	08/25/94	<50	NT	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	11/16/94	<50	NT	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
MW-2	02/14/94	200	<50	1.7	<0.5	1.1	1.1
	05/23/94	600	<50	1.8	0.9	0.7	2.1
	08/25/94	70	NT	<50	<0.5	<0.5	0.5
	11/16/94	< 50	NT	<50	<0.5	<0.5	0.6
MW-3	02/14/94	780	< 50	0.6	0.6	1.7	2.7
	05/23/94	680	< 50	<0.5	<0.5	2.2	2.2
	08/25/94	310	NT	6.4	2.7	1.9	4.1
	11/16/94	650	NT	1.6	1.5	<0.5	2.7
MW-4	02/14/94	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	05/23/94	93	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	08/29/94	<50	NT	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	11/16/94	100	NT	2.7	<0.5	<0.5	1.0

Notes: TPH-g = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as gasoline

TEPH = Total Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons as diesel, kerosene, and motor oil

ppb = parts per billion

NT = Not tested

5.2 Groundwater Gradient

Prior to calculating the groundwater gradient, elevations for the onsite monitoring wells were surveyed by Ron Archer Civil Engineer, Inc. to an accuracy of one-hundredth of a foot. The well elevations were surveyed at the top of the PVC well casing. The elevations of the monitoring wells were established relative to a nearby benchmark located in the intersection of 7th Street and 5th Avenue.

The groundwater gradient was calculated using the onsite monitoring wells. The location of the wells is shown on Figure 1 - Site Plan. Groundwater elevations were collected from the wells on November 16, 1994. The gradient was evaluated by triangulation using the elevation of the potentiometric surface measured with respect to Mean Sea Level datum. As shown in Figure 2, general direction of flow is southwest at a gradient of 0.013 foot per foot.

During the initial subsurface investigation conducted onsite, varying thicknesses of fill material was encountered onsite. In some areas onsite, the groundwater was migrating through the fill material producing preferential pathways. This mode of groundwater migration may be most evident during seasons of heavy rainfall when the groundwater is elevated. As observed during collection of the groundwater samples on November 16, 1994, elevated levels of groundwater was recorded in all the wells, however, was most prominent in monitoring well MW-4. This fluctuation may cause differential gradient patterns, as observed in Figure 2.

6.0 CONCLUSION

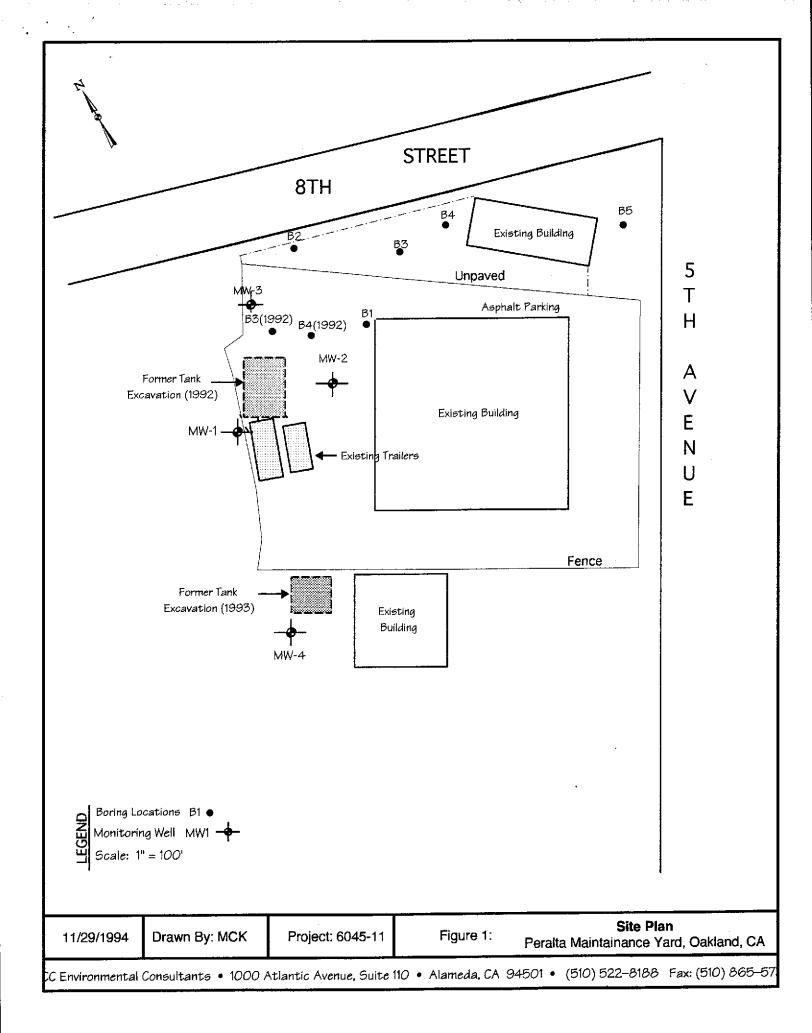
The analytical results and observations discussed herein indicate that groundwater has been impacted due to an unauthorized hydrocarbon release. The analytical parameters used for groundwater sampling performed were in accordance with the guidance document "Tri-Regional Water Quality Control Boards Staff Recommendations for Preliminary Evaluation and Investigation of Underground Tank Sites", dated August 10, 1990.

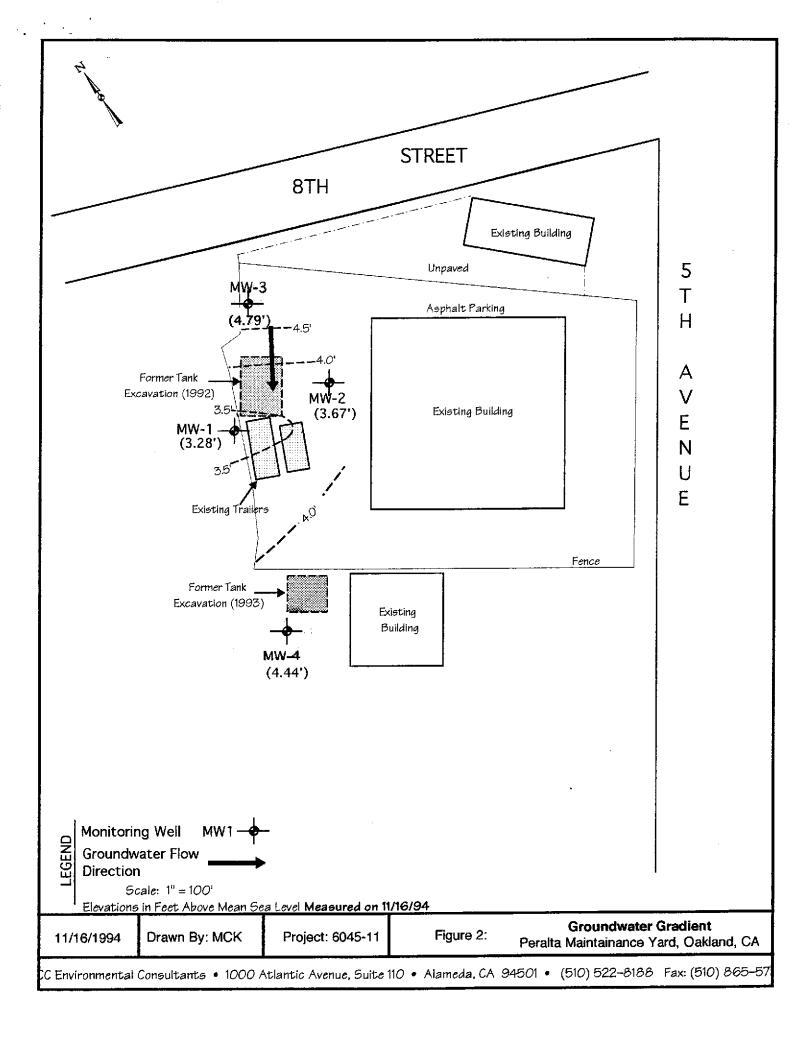
The initial groundwater investigation conducted in February 1994 and the additional subsurface investigation conducted in August 1994 indicated detectable levels of TPH as diesel and motor oil in the soil, upgradient (east) of the former underground storage tank excavations. Laboratory analysis of the groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells and open boreholes indicated below detectable levels of Total Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TEPH) as diesel, motor oil and kerosene, therefore TEPH apparently does not impact the groundwater.

Laboratory results collected from the downgradient monitoring well (MW-1) indicated below detectable levels of constituents. Laboratory analysis of groundwater collected from monitoring well MW-3 (upgradient of the former tank excavations) indicated detectable levels of constituents indicating upgradient source(s). The groundwater results indicate that a hydrocarbon release from the former underground storage tanks onsite does not appear impact the groundwater downgradient from the tank excavation (MW-1). Historic observations indicate that the soil and groundwater impact upgradient is restricted in mobility due to the fine-grain soil. ACC anticipates a decline in concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons over time. Groundwater levels appear to fluctuate onsite due to seasonal changes in precipitation and preferential pathways of shallow groundwater within the fill material. These seasonal changes appear to cause differential gradient patterns as evidenced by inconsistent fluctuations in water elevation levels in the four onsite groundwater monitoring wells.

7.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Pursuant to the Tri-Regional Board guidelines, groundwater sampling and monitoring of the onsite wells should continue on a quarterly basis.





APPENDIX A NOTES OF WELL SAMPLING

Well Sampling Well Development	check one
Well Number: MW-1	
Job Number: 6045-4	
Job Name: Davalla	
 -	•
Date: 11-14-94	
Sampler: B. Lulhert	_
Depth to Water (measured from	тос): <i>3,5°_</i>
Inside Diameter of Co	asing:2
Depth of B	oring: 1년'
Method of well development/put	_
Amount of Water Bailed/Pumped from	well: 5,5,9
Depth to Water after well develops	nent:
Depth to water prior to samp	oling:3. \$ -3
Bailed water stored on-site ? H	ow? · Druns
Number of well volumes remo	
TSP wash, distilled rinse, new ro	pe :
Water Appearance: ves no /	
froth	
rridesence	
oil Smell	Samples Obtained:
product	
other, describe	TPH (gasoline)
	TPH (diesel)
Sallons Removed oH BC Temp	TPH (motor oil)
3 9 6.63 1.69 69.8	BTXE EPA 624
100 4 1 1.14 1.26 169.7 15 16.51 1.56 169.7	EPA 625
205.5 6.39 1.72 69.7	EPA 608
25	PCBs only
30	Metals
35	Other, specify
40	Field Blank
4.5	
50	

Well Sampling Well Development	check one
Well Number: MW-2	
Job Number: 6045-4	
Job Name: Paralla	
Date: 11-16-94	
Sampler: B. Culbert	.*.
Depth to Water (measured from TOC	i):5,03
Inside Diameter of Casin	g:2 ¹¹
Depth of Boring	g: <i>14'</i>
Method of well development/purging	
Amount of Water Bailed/Pumped from well	
Depth to Water after well developmen	<u></u>
Depth to water prior to sampling	:
Bailed water stored on-site ? How	?_ · Drums_
Number of well volumes removed	
TSP wash, distilled rinse, new rope 1	
Water Appearance: yes no froth irridesence	
oil smell	Samotes Obtained:
product	TOUL (see alies)
other, describe	TPH (gasoline) TPH (diesel)
Gallons Removed pH BC Temp	TPH (motor oil)
#3 7.06 9.75 74.9	BIXE
13.5 1.07 10.10 75.0 13.45 6.82 11.65 74.3	EPA 624 EPA 625
1多+15 6.82 11.65 74.5 38 5.0 1.67 11.69 74.3	EPA 608
7.06 12.71 74.1	PCBs only
30 5.25 1.09 12.56 74.1	Metals
35 5.5 7.13 12.15 14.1 40	Other, specify Field Blank
4612 1 1 1 1	

Well Sampling V	Veil Development	check one
Well Number: MW-3	_ _	
Job Number: 6045-1	<u>+</u>	
Job Name: Paralta		
Date: 11-16-94	 1	•
- C Unant	<u> </u>	.*
		v. 404
Depth to Wate	er (measured from TOC	
in the second se	side Diameter of Casing	;. <u> </u>
	Depth of Boring	r <u>. 14`</u>
Method of w	ell development/purging	E BAIL
Amount of Water B	ailed/Pumped from well	:6.0
Depth to Water	after weil development	·-
Depth to	water prior to sampling	:4,42
Bailed water	stored on-site ? How ?	drums
Number of	well volumes removed.	:
TSP wash, dis	stilled rinse, new rope ?	NEW
Water Appearance: froth irridesence oil smell		Samoles Obtained:
product other, describe	_	TPH (gasoline) TPH (diesel)
Gallons Removed oH & Temo # 4.5 9.34 1.27 72.8 # 4.75 7.41 1.41 13.0 # 5.0 1.53 1.37 72.9 # 5.0 7.31 1.40 72.9 30 35 40 45 45		TPH (motor oil) BTXE EPA 624 EPA 625 EPA 608 PCBs only Metals Other, specify Field Blank
50		

Well Sampling Well Development	check one
Well Number: MW-+	•
Job Number: <u>6045-4</u>	
Job Name: Davalta	
	•
Date: 11-16-94	,
Sampler: B. Culbert	·
Depth to Water (measured from TOC	p: <u>/.0/</u>
Inside Diameter of Casin	g:2
Depth of Borin	g:
Method of well development/purgin	
Amount of Water Bailed/Pumped from we	II: 6.0
Depth to Water after well developmen	
Depth to water prior to sampling	:
Bailed water stored on-site ? How	? Drums
Number of well volumes removed	ı:3
TSP wash, distilled rinse, new rope	? NEW
Water Appearance:	
yes no/	
froth irridesence	
oil	
smell	Samoles Obtained:
product	TPH (gasoline)
other, describe	TPH (diesel)
Gallons Removed DH &C Temp	TPH (motor ail)
7126 2.20 73.0	BIXE .
7,07 3.49 73.5	EPA 624
345.5 7.08 3.90 T3.5	EPA 625
200 5193 215 735	EPA 608
25	Metals
30 35	Other, specify
40	Field Blank
45	,
50	

APPENDIX B ANALYTICAL RESULTS CHAIN OF CUSTODY

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

November 22, 1994

Submission #: 9411187

ACC ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

Atten: Misty Kaltreider

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE Project:

6045-4 Project#:

Received: November 16, 1994

re: 4 samples for Gasoline and BTEX analysis.

Matrix: WATER

Run#: 4605 Analyzed: November 18, 1994 Sampled: November 16, 1994

Method: EPA 5030/8015M/602/8020

Spl # CLIENT SMPL ID	Gasoline (mg/L)	Benzene (ug/L)	Toluene (ug/L)	Ethyl Benzene (ug/L)	Total Xylenes (ug/L)
69877 MW-1	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
69878 MW-2	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	0.6
69879 MW-3	0.65	1.6	1.5	N.D.	2.7
69880 MW-4	0.10	2.7	N.D.	N.D.	1.0
Reporting Limits Blank Result Blank Spike Result (%)	0.05	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
	106	113	118	112	113

Jack Kelly Chemist

Organic Manager

CHROMALAB, INC.

DOHS 1094

2239 Omega Road, #1 • San Ramon, California 94583 510/831-1788 • Facsimile 510/831-8798

Chain of Custody

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SAMPLE ID.	PATE	TIME	MATHIX	PRESERV,	TPH -	TPH w/B	PH (EPA	12 E	N E	O A	ASE,	OTA PA	PCB (EPA (PA 6	TAL ORC		TAL	. ¥	IOR.	14 T	RAC LP, S				NUMBER OF
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