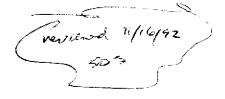
**BSK JOB NUMBER P92057.3** 

CONTAMINATION CHARACTERIZATION
AND SEVENTH QUARTERLY GROUNDWATER
MONITORING REPORT
UNOCAL 76 SERVICE STATION
20405 AND 20629 REDWOOD ROAD
CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA





1181 Quarry Lane Building 300 Pleasanton, CA 94566 (510) 462-4000 (510) 462-6283 FAX



May 29, 1992

BSK Job No. P92057.3

R.T. Nahas Company/Eden Managements 20630 Patio Drive Castro Valley, CA 94546

Attention: Mr. Randy T. Nahas

Subject:

Off-Site Soil & Groundwater Lateral Contamination Characterization

and Seventh Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Report

**Unocal 76 Service Station** 

20405 and 20629 Redwood Road

Castro Valley, California

Dear Mr. Nahas:

As requested and authorized, BSK & Associates has performed work further defining the extent and character of motor fuel contamination of shallow soil and groundwater in the vicinity of the Unocal Service Station indicated above.

The work was performed in general conformance with the tasks described in our Work Plan, Proposal PR92001 of January 14, 1992, which was approved by the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health (ACEH). The Work Plan was developed in response to ACEH's letter to R.T. Nahas Company of December 10, 1991, requesting further action regarding the characterization of the contaminant plume.

Also included in this report is the Seventh Quarterly Monitoring Report for Wells MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 at the Unocal 76 service station.

BSK & Associates appreciates this opportunity to continue to be of service to you in this matter. If there are questions or concerns regarding the content of this report, please contact us.

Respectfully submitted,

BSK & Associates

Alex Y. Eskandari, C.E. 38101

an W. Buye

Project Manager

Tim W. Berger, R.G. 5225

Project Geologist

AYE/TWB:hhc (RITS/ENV/M04)

Distribution: R.T. Nahas (5 copies)

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# SECTION 1 - OFF-SITE SOIL AND GROUNDWATER LATERAL CONTAMINATION CHARACTERIZATION

#### INTRODUCTION

This study has been performed in order to further characterize the lateral extent of shallow soil and groundwater contamination by motor fuel, that apparently emanates from within the boundaries of the Unocal Service Station located at 20405 Redwood Road in Castro Valley, California. This study supplements previous characterizations and groundwater monitoring performed by BSK at this site since December 1989. Prior to this study, an assessment of the type and extent of shallow soil and groundwater contamination occurring on Nahas Company property adjoining the Service Station had been made. Previous work indicated that shallow soil and groundwater contamination extended off-site to the south, onto property located at 20629 Redwood Road (not held by the Nahas Company). As such, the lateral extent of the soil and groundwater degradation was not established.

#### SITE CONDITIONS

The present study area is comprised of the driveway and parking areas of a Safeway grocery store, and a small, single-story retail building housing a liquor store, dry cleaner, clothing and sporting goods stores. The driveway and parking areas are paved in asphaltic concrete. The surface gradient is to the south and east. No storm drain system was observed in the area. Drainage is apparently to Redwood Road. The grocery and retail stores are heavily used. The grocery is open 24-hours a day. The retail building and attendant parking to the middle of the access driveway is owned by a private party other than R.T. Nahas Company. Safeway owns the remainder of the site.

The project site location is shown in Figure 1-1, Site Location Map. A diagram of the project area is provided in Figure 1-2, Site Plan.

#### PURPOSE AND SCOPE

As stated in our Work Plan, Proposal PR92001 dated January 14, 1992, this study was performed in order to further define the lateral extent of motor fuel contamination of shallow soil and groundwater to the east, west and south, on the properties south of the Unocal Service Station.



In order to assess the lateral boundaries of contamination, five tasks were performed, as proposed in the Work Plan.

Task 1 consisted of the advancement and sampling of five borings to observe and sample shallow soils. Task 2 involved the installation of three shallow groundwater monitoring wells at locations considered to be near the outside edges of the contaminant plume, as defined by the Task 1 borings. Tasks 3 and 4 consisted of the development, sampling, and horizontal and vertical location of the three new wells and the three previously installed wells in the Service Station area. Preparation of a report summarizing the work performed and findingss of the investigation was Task 5.

#### FIELD WORK

Field work was performed during the period of March 30 to April 27, 1992. Decime that period disc beginning the period of March 30 to April 27, 1992. Decime that period disc beginning the period of March 30 to April 27, 1992. Decime that period disc beginning the period of March 30 to April 27, 1992. Decime that period disc beginning the period of March 30 to April 27, 1992. Decime that period disc beginning the period of March 30 to April 27, 1992. Decime that period disc beginning that period of March 30 to April 27, 1992. Decime that period disc beginning that period disc beginning that period of March 30 to April 27, 1992. Decime that period disc beginning that period disc beginning

Borings were advanced using a Mobile Drill B-53 truck mounted rotary rig and 8 inch O.D. hollow-stem auger. The boring locations are shown on Figure 2, Site Plan. The borings were logged and sampled by a registered geologist. Soil classification was performed in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System. The soil classification system and boring logs are presented in Appendix A, Figures A-1 through A-6. Soil samples were obtained every 5 feet, or as necessary to describe the soil and contaminant profiles. Samples were obtained for chemical analysis using a 2.0 inch I.D. split spoon sampler, housing three stainless-steel, 2x6-inch sample liners. The sampler was driven into the desired soil ahead of the auger using a 140 pound slide hammer. Upon sampler withdrawal, the liners were recovered, and the selected soil-filled liner capped at each end with Teflon® sheeting and pressure-fitted plastic caps, taped, labeled and refrigerated for delivery to our State-certified analytical laboratory. Samples obtained for observation and/or classification were sampled using a Standard Penetration Sampler of 1.4-inch I.D.

A Photoionization Detector (PID) was used in the field to screen soil and borehole gasses for hydrocarbons. The PID was calibrated at the beginning and end of each field day using a 100 ppm isobutylene standard. The PID uses a 10.0 ev lamp.

Groundwater monitoring wells were installed in three of the five borings, as shown on the Site Plan. The wells were constructed of two inch I.D. PVC screen and casing. The details of each well construction are given in the Well Construction Diagrams, Appendix A,



Figures A-7 through A-9. The wells were constructed in accordance with state and local monitoring well construction requirements.

The three new Monitoring Wells, MW-5, MW-6 and MW-7, were developed by surging and pumping with a 1.7 inch O.D. PVC hand pump. The wells were developed until free sediment was removed and the water achieved a degree of clarity. Approximately 50 gallons of water were removed from each well. The wells were developed after three days following well installation.

Groundwater samples were obtained from each well. Prior to sampling, each well was purged of four to ten volumes of water and allowed to equilibrate. The water samples were then obtained in the order of the desired analytes volatility, using a Teflon® bladder pump or bailer. During purging and sampling, a record of the temperature, pH and conductivity of the well water was obtained. In addition, observations of the water quality, sample containers and preservatives, and other pertinent data were recorded. These records are shown in Appendix A, Figures A-10 through A-12, Well Field Logs.

A licensed land surveyor determined the location and elevation of the new and existing wells. The locations were determined with respect to existing property boundaries. Elevations were determined with respect to an Alameda County benchmark (Red-Jami; 1977) at the southwest return of Redwood Road and Jamison Way, Castro Valley. Elevations were shot at the center of each well cover.

Drilling and soil and water sampling equipment used at the site were cleaned prior to introduction to the site, and between samples and borings to reduce the possibility of cross-contamination of site soil and water from off-site, and between contaminated and clean areas on-site.

Drilling and sampling spoils, and waste water generated during well development, purging and sampling activities were contained at the site in DOT-approved 55-gallon waste drums. The drums were labeled with respect to the origin and type of the contents, date of waste generation and type of suspected waste. The drums were stored behind the Unocal Service Station.

Each soil boring not used for monitoring well emplacement was sealed to the surface with 11-sack cement/sand slurry. The sanitary surface seal for each monitoring well is composed of neat cement to a depth in excess of 10 feet. Each well head is encased in a flush-mounted traffic-worthy well box with tamper resistant lid. Each casing top is fitted with a locking well plug and padlock. In addition, each well box contains a tag describing the construction, type and date of the well installation.



#### SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

As observed and recorded during field activities, subsurface conditions as explored by our 21.5 to 36.5 foot borings consist of 10 to 20 feet of dark gray to vellow-gray silty clay, the upper 10 feet of which may be fill. The silty clay is underlain by 4 to 5 feet of orange brown clayer silt to silty sand. This unit often contains fine, wet to saturated pores. At fifteen to twenty feet in depth, a silty to sandy grayish clay is encountered. This clay is very stiff to hard, often porous, and contains thin saturated lenses of fine sand and silt. At approximately 25 feet, clayer sand to sand was encountered. This unit is soft to firm and contains many fine lenses of sand, silt and clay. The sand and silt are typically saturated.

First groundwater was encountered from

Water appeared to emanate from thin silt and sand lenses. Water does not appear to be from one particular sedimentary unit. The reason for the disparity in the initial depths of encounter is unknown. Figure the piezometric surface determined from the new and existing wells indicates that the water bearing strata are connected. As determined from all the wells at the site, groundwater flow in the project area is essentially due south at a gradient of 0.7 percent at the time of measurement. A map illustrating the potentiometric surface and flow direction is presented in Figure 1-3, Potentiometric Surface Map.



As observed in the field and based on analytical test results,

The greatest

concentrations were observed at or near the level of first encountered groundwater. Contamination was observed to be in wet pores and vertical seams in clay horizons. A representation of the assessed approximate limits of the contamination is presented in Figure 1-4, Extent of Shallow Soil and Groundwater Contamination.

#### CHEMICAL ANALYSES

Five soil samples and two sets of three water samples were obtained during this investigation. The soil and water samples were analyzed for gasoline related compounds. The tests prescibed by the Tri-Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) are GCFID(5030) for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline (TPH-G), and EPA Methods 8020 and 602 for Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylenes (BTEX) for soil and water, respectively. TPH for diesel (TPH-D) by GCFID (3550) was also run on all samples in case of aged product or additional waste streams. No lead testing was performed due to the negative results of previous investigations.



The results of the soil and water analyses are summarized in the following tables. The Chemical Test Data Sheets are presented in Appendix B with project Chain-of-Custody Documentation.

## SUMMARY OF CHEMICAL TEST DATA - SOIL

Units are in mg/kg (ppm) unless otherwise stated

TABLE 1
BTEX, TPH-G and TPH-D

		Co	nst	itue	n t s	
Sample Designation	<u>B</u>	<u>T</u> _	<u>_E</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>TPH-G</u>	TPH-D
(Action Level)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
SB-14 at 21'	ND	ND	ΝĎ	ND	ND	ND
SB-15 at 20.5'	ND	0.007	ND	0.00%	ND	3.0
MW-5 at 21'	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW-6 at 16'	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW-7 at 15.5'	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

ND - None Detected NA - Not Available

## **SUMMARY OF CHEMICAL TEST DATA - WATER**

Units are in ug/l (ppb) unless otherwise stated

TABLE 2
BTEX and TPH-G

Sample Designation	D		stitue	ents	T
Sample Designation	<u>B</u>	<u>T</u>	<u>_E_</u>	<u>X</u>	TPH-G
(Action Level)	(1)+	(100)+	(680)+	(1750)+	(100)*
<u>4/13/92</u>					
MW-5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW-6	ND	_03	NĐ	ND	ND
MW-7		Q.3	0.3	.09	
<u>4/27/92</u>				·	(4mg)_
MW-5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND refest contamentary
MW-6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND 14 tes in cur
MW-7	ND	ND	ND	ND	1100 × Sor X

ND - None Detected

<sup>+ -</sup> Action Levels are California Department of Health Services Drinking Water Standards, except Toluene, which is a Recommended Drinking Water Action Level (CaDHS).



<sup>\* -</sup> Action Levels are informal, but are often used to indicate the need for further or continued assessment.

## R.T. NAHAS COMPANY Since 1947

REAL ESTATE DEVELOPERS AND INVESTORS

20630 PATIO DRIVE CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA 94546 TELEPHONE (510)538 9600 FAX (510)881-7618

June 5, 1992

Mr. Scott Seery Hazardous Materials Specialist Alameda County Health Care Services 80 Swan Way, Room 220 Oakland, CA 94621

Dear Scott:

Enclosed is the most recent Off-Site Soil and Groundwater Contamination Report for the Unocal 76 service station on Redwood Road in Castro Valley.

Sincerely,

REN/hrs

Enclosure

## CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

## **Conclusions**

The following conclusions are interpreted from information obtained during this investigation as well as previous investigations at the site.

- 1. Shallow soil and groundwater contamination by gasoline type motor fuel exists within the present study area, south of the R.T. Nahas property/Unocal Service Station. Contamination extends beneath the retail building and continues into the Safeway parking lot, as shown on Figure 1-4, Extent of Shallow Soil and Groundwater Contamination.
- 2. The western lateral limit of significant soil contamination appears to be east of the MW-5 boring location. The eastern limit is likely in the southern limit likely.
- 3. The vertical limit of soil contamination is unknown, however, significant contamination is likely relegated to within a few feet of the first encountered groundwater surface.
- 4. The western lateral limit of shallow groundwater contamination appears to lie east of Well MW-5. The eastern limit may be in close proximity to Well MW-6. The southern extent of groundwater contamination is south of Well MW-7.
- 5. The vertical limit of groundwater contamination is unknown. The vertical limit of the shallowest aquifer has not been explored. Underlying aquifers have not been located. Gasoline related contamination in what is likely a discharge portion of the water basin is likely to remain shallow. With increasing distance from the source, however, the depth of contamination will likely increase.
- 6. The assessment of risk to the public from the contaminant plume is outside the scope of this study. The entrapment of volatile vapors within the aggregate base rock beneath the asphalt pavement was not noted on the project site.



## Recommendations

Based upon the foregoing conclusions, the following recommendations are considered appropriate at this time.

1. Define The Southern Limit of Shallow Groundwater Contamination.

To define the southern limit of contamination, a monitoring well should be located such that contamination is not yet encountered in the well. The location of the "limiting" well could be determined by the installation of wells at regular intervals along the plume axis until a well sample reads non-detect. The limiting well may also be located by obtaining groundwater "grab samples" along the plume axis using a HydroPunch II or similar groundwater sampling system, which would likely be more economical than the previous method.

2. Regular Monitoring Of Existing Groundwater Monitoring Wells.

Quarterly monitoring of the new and existing wells should be performed. Current quarterly monitoring reports would be expanded to include the additional monitoring wells.

The recommendations made in BSK Report P90165 of April 29, 1991 which have not been wholly addressed by this study, are still considered valid and appropriate.

The following Figures are attached and complete this report:

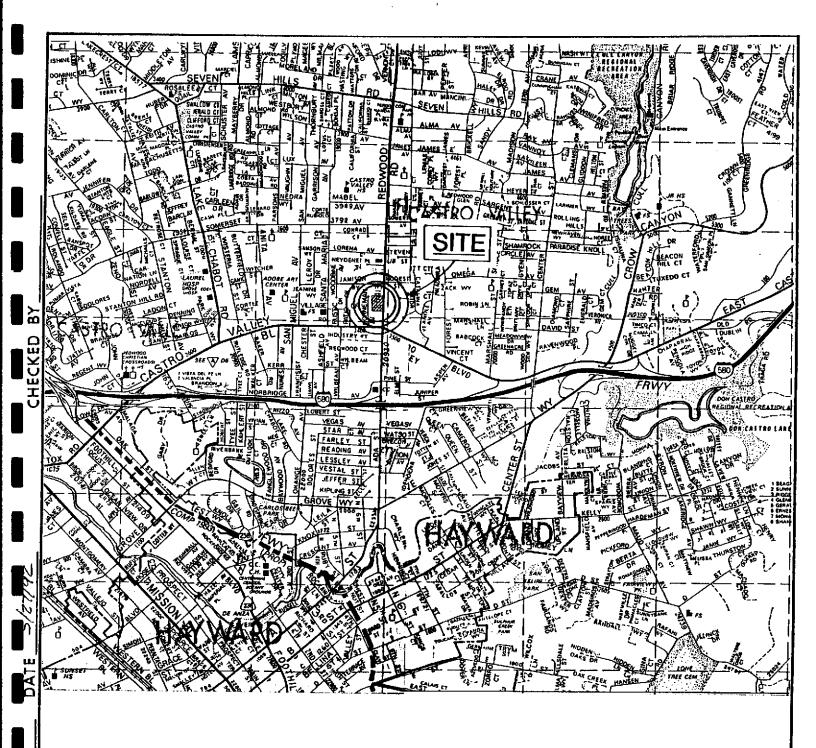
Figure 1 Site Location Map

Figure 2 Site Plan

Figure 3 Potentiometric Surface Map

Figure 4 Extent of Shallow Soil and Groundwater Contamination





# **VICINITY MAP**

SOIL AND GROUNDWATER
LATERAL PLUME CHARACTERIZATION
UNOCAL 76 SERVICE STATION
20405 AND 20629 REDWOOD ROAD
CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

Job No. P92057.3 May 1992 FIGURE: 1-1

BSK & Associates

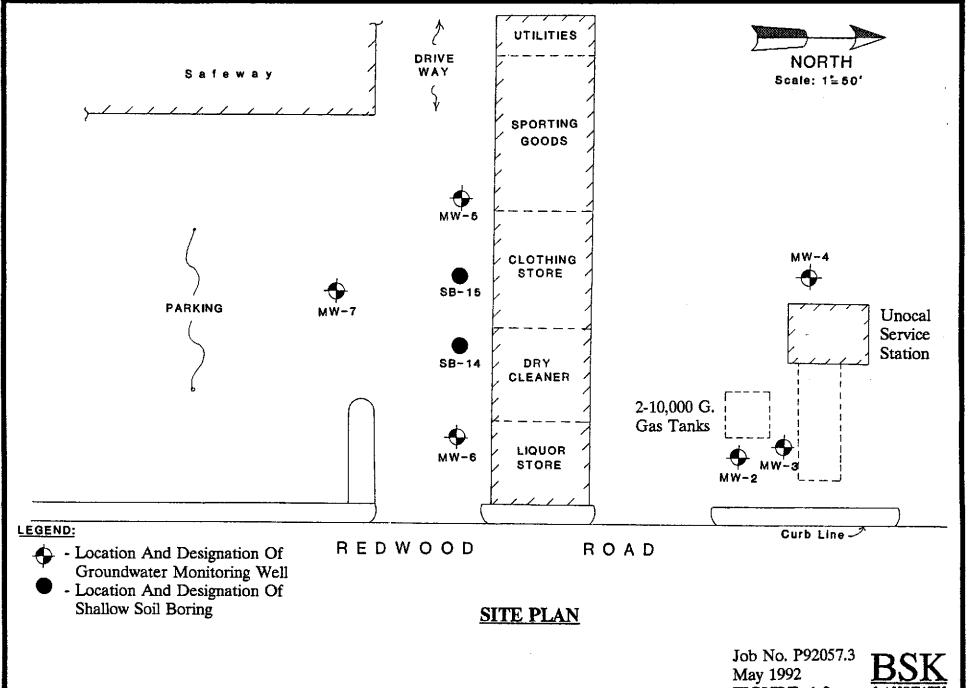
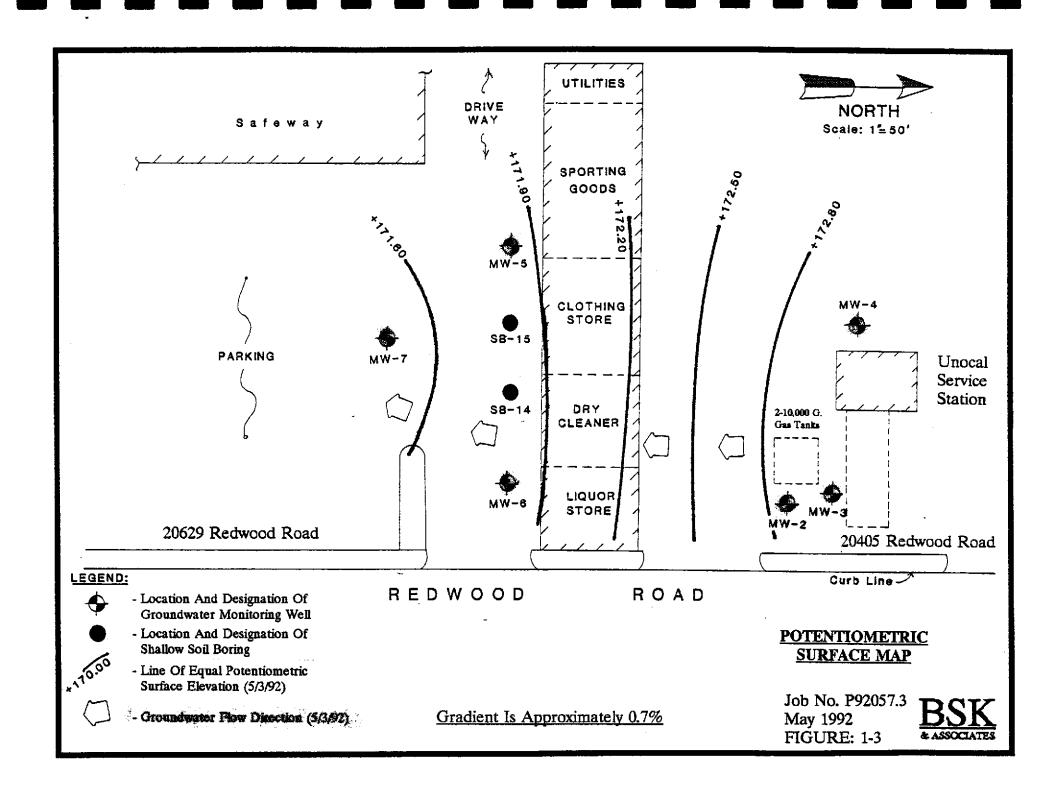
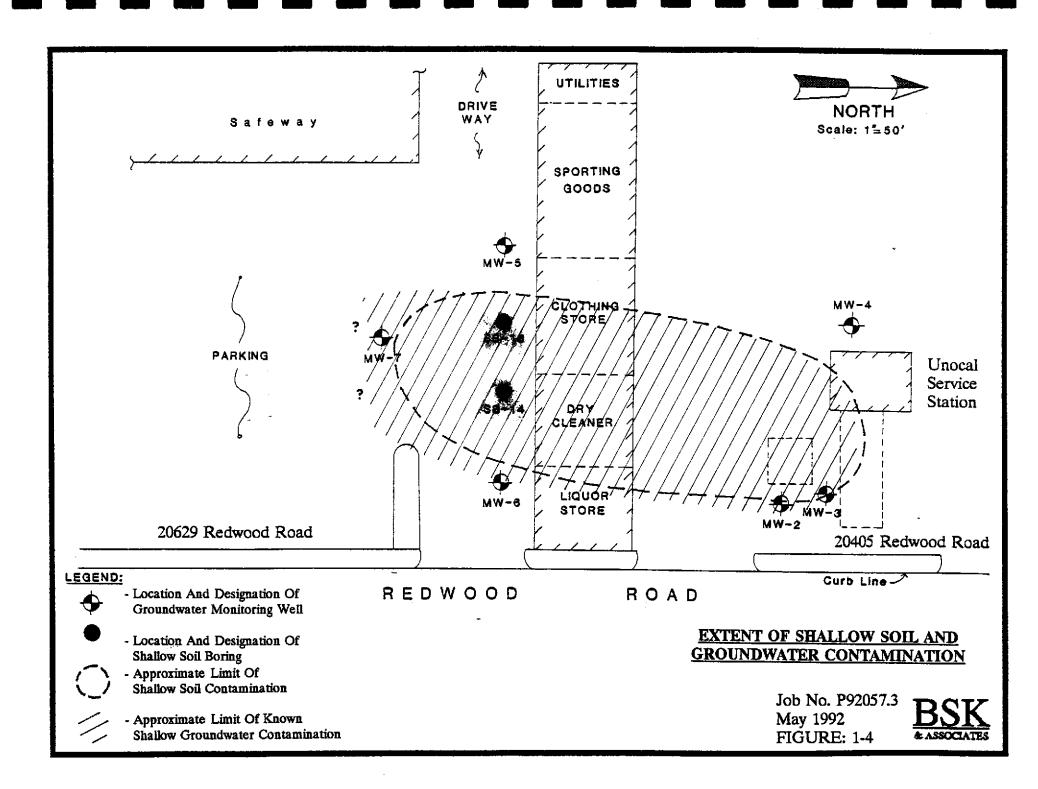


FIGURE: 1-2





# SECTION 2 - SEVENTH OUARTERLY GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT WELLS MW-2, 3 AND 4

#### INTRODUCTION

As requested and authorized, we have performed groundwater monitoring well quarterly sampling on April 20, 1992 at the above-referenced facility. This quarterly report presents the project background, groundwater data obtained during this sampling event, conclusions based on this quarter's data, and recommendations for further action.

#### BACKGROUND

BSK & Associates installed three groundwater monitoring wells in December 1989, at the Unocal 76 Service Station located at 20405 Redwood Road, Castro Valley, California. The service station location is shown on Figure 1, Vicinity Map. The monitoring facilities were installed in order to comply with the California UST Monitoring requirements of Alternative 6, Subchapter 16, Title 23, California Code of Regulations. Initially, the plan included four monitoring wells with at least one well (MW-1) to be located down-gradient of the existing tank cluster. However, due to the encounter of fuel contamination of soil from approximately 10 to 13 feet below grade during boring for monitoring well installation, the down-gradient borings (MW-1 and MW-1A) were backfilled with 11-sack cement-sand grout following soil sampling in order to avoid further groundwater contamination. The results of well installations, soil sampling and chemical testing of the soil and water samples were summarized in Our Report P89134, dated February 5, 1990. The installed and attempted groundwater monitoring well locations are shown in Figure 2-2, Site Plan.

Following a subsequent meeting with Eden Managements and Mr. Scott Seery on April 24, 1990, and receipt of the Alameda County Environmental Health letter dated April 24, 1990, we prepared and submitted our Proposal PR90066 to provide quarterly monitoring services for one year, and to assess the extent of soil contamination at the subject site. A Soil Contamination Assessment Work Plan was also prepared in accordance with Appendix "A" of the Regional Board Staff Recommendations.

The first quarterly groundwater monitoring report was submitted on August 30, 1990. The first quarterly report concluded that an apparent unauthorized petroleum release had occurred at the site, based on groundwater data adjacent to, but up-gradient from the UST group. This report also reiterated that a down-gradient well does not exist at the site.



BSK & Associates submitted the second quarterly groundwater monitoring report in January 1991. The second quarterly report verified that motor fuel hydrocarbons were present in groundwater at the site. Benzene and TVH concentrations remained above primary drinking water and informal action levels, respectively.

BSK performed an assessment of the lateral extent of shallow soil contamination in April 1991 (see our Report P90165, dated April 1991). During this investigation, shallow soil contamination was observed to occur from the pump islands to the south property boundary, and within the east and west property boundaries.

The third quarterly monitoring report was submitted contemporaneously with the soil contamination assessment. A large increase in contaminant concentrations in Wells MW-2 and MW-3 was reported in conjunction with water level increase due to March precipitation. Toluene levels were observed to exceed recommended limits, in addition to Benzene and Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons.

A fourth quarterly groundwater monitoring report was submitted on July 30, 1991. In this report, contaminant levels are shown to be sharply reduced to below previously recorded levels. Benzene, however, remained above recommended allowable levels.

The fifth quarterly groundwater monitoring report of November 12, 1991 showed a continued decrease in contaminant concentration, likely resultant of a further decrease of groundwater levels. No contaminants were detected in Well MW-3.

The sixth quarterly monitoring of January 30, 1992 revealed increases in all the consituents tested in Wells MW-2 and 3. The increases were likely in response to the increase in groundwater level due to winter precipitation.

## **Review of Subsurface Conditions**

The site subsurface soil conditions, as exposed by Well Borings MW-1A, MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 of our previous investigation (P89134), consist primarily of silty and sandy clays. Four to five feet of black organic-rich silty clay fill are found immediately below the ground surface, followed by three to five feet of greenish-gray sandy/silty clay native material. In the western portion of the study area, the greenish clay is underlain by seven to eleven feet of yellow-brown sandy clay, grading to a clayey sand with depth. In the eastern portion of the tank area, the sandy clay and clayey sand are split by a six foot layer of silty clay. Light brown silty clay was encountered in each boring between 17 and 24 feet, and continued to the final depth explored. It is apparent from the boring logs that this lowermost clay layer slopes to the northeast. For additional subsurface detail, see Subsurface Profile, Figure 2-3.



Groundwater within the site has been encountered at both 13 to 15 feet and 19 to 23 feet. The lower water levels occur in clayey sands along the east and west boundaries of the site, and likely in its northern one-third. This water horizon is considered the first primary aquifer. A shallow "perched" water is found in clayey sand at 13 to 15 feet, occurring throughout the south-central portion of the site. Hydrostatic pressure in both units results in a piezometric surface at 10 to 12 feet below ground surface. The similar piezometric surface suggests that the "perched" water is connected to the underlying aquifer. Additional evidence for this connection is the lack of a confining layer below the upper clayey sand in several borings in the south-central portion of the site.

Groundwater flow direction at the site has been towards the southwest since December 1989. Gradient has varied at the site from 2.0% to 0.4%. Electrical conductivity is a relatively low 500 to 1,000 micromhos, and pH has generally been slightly acidic. Seasonal precipitation appears to have resulted in a more southerly flow, a flatter gradient, and 1 to 2 feet higher water levels in early spring. This data is derived from measurements made of the lower groundwater unit.

Soil contamination by petroleum hydrocarbons was observed olfactorily and by Photo-ionization Detector (PID) in 11 borings in the south-central portion of the site. Hydrocarbons were detected at depths ranging from just below the asphalt pavement to 16 feet (the greatest depth of several borings in the area of high hydrocarbon contamination). PID values reached 3,600 ppm total ionizable hydrocarbons in soil (the PID was calibrated daily to a 100 ppm isobutylene standard with a 10.6 eV lamp). The greatest concentrations were observed between 10 feet in depth and first encountered groundwater (where encountered). It was noted that contamination was not always accompanied by soil staining, and volatilization was rapid upon exposure to air.

Groundwater contamination has been encountered at the site in samples obtained quarterly from Wells MW-2 and MW-3 in the lower water horizon. These wells are considered to be up and cross-gradient to what is believed to be the contaminant source area. Sheen and possible free product were observed on "perched" water in the exploratory soil borings, and on auger and soil removed from the boreholes.

## SEVENTH QUARTERLY MONITORING ACTIVITIES

## <u>General</u>

Quarterly monitoring and/or observation of Underground Storage Tank (UST) groundwater monitoring wells (MW-2, MW-3 and MW-4) were performed on April 20, 1992. Field procedures and observations are provided in the following text and figures.



### Field Work

Wells MW-2, MW-3 and MW-4 were purged using a PVC bailer or Teflon® bladder pump. Four well volumes were removed from each well. Purge effluent was field monitored for pH, Conductivity and Temperature during purging, to assess the influx of fresh formational water into the well. Purged water was then transferred to a 55-gallon DOT-approved steel drum for holding. The drum was labeled according to its contents, suspected contaminants, content source, date, etc.

Prior to purging, the depth to water in each well was measured using a Solinst electric sounding tape, marked in twentieths of a foot. The water depth was then interpolated to a hundredth of a foot increment from the tape. Each well was subsequently examined for floating and sinking immiscible product layers, sheen and odor, using a clean PVC bailer having dual check valves for point source sampling. Groundwater flow direction and gradient data were determined from the depth measurements, and are presented in Figure 2-4, Potentiometric Surface Map. Upon purge completion, each well was again measured to confirm a minimum of 80% well recovery prior to sampling. Water sampling was then performed with a Teflon® bailer or bladder pump. Sampling for contaminants was done in the order of their volatility, with the most volatile constituents sampled first. Sampling for contaminants known to have densities greater than water were sampled at the bottom of the well. Each water sample obtained for a specific contaminant, or contaminants, was placed into the appropriate receptacle, sealed, labeled and refrigerated for delivery to our State-certified laboratory.

A Well Field Log was prepared for each well sampled, recording the water depth, well volume, water temperature and other data. The Well Field Logs are shown as Figures 5.1 through 5.3.

## Site Hydrology

In conjuction with the investigation of lateral contamination in the first section of this submittal, groundwater measurements were made of all six wells on May 5, 1992, in order to better assess the flow and gradient in the area. On this date, groundwater flow is nearly due south at a gradient of 0.7 percent. This flow is more southerly than the previous quarter. The gradient is 0.3 percent less than the previous quarter. Groundwater levels have dropped 0.29 to 0.50 feet in Wells MW-3 and MW-2, respectively, and risen 0.14 feet in Well MW-4 since January 1992. Groundwater flow direction and gradient are shown on Figure 4, Potentiometric Surface Map.



Conductivity, pH and temperature data are presented in the Well Field Logs, Figures 5.1 through 5.3. Little significant change has occurred in these parameters.

The changes in flow direction and water level since October 1991 are likely the result of a rising water table due to winter precipitation.

## **Chemical Analyses**

The water samples obtained from Wells MW-2 and MW-3 were analyzed for constituents related to gasoline, since the wells are located adjacent to two 10,000 gallon underground gasoline tanks. Well MW-4 is located adjacent to a waste oil tank. The samples were tested for the following contaminants: Total Volatile Hydrocarbons (TVH) and Benzene, Toluene, Xylene and Ethylbenzene (BTXE) and Oil and Grease.

The contaminants tested are those specified by the Tri-Regional Water Quality Control Board Recommendations of August 10, 1990 and listed in the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health letter, dated April 26, 1990 to R.T. Nahas Co. Current and former analyses results are presented for comparison in the following tables. The Chemical Test Data Sheets are presented in Appendix C, Figures C-1 and C-5. Project Chain-of-Custody record is shown as Figure C-6.



## WATER ANALYSES

TABLE 1

(Results in ppb)

Sampling <u>Date</u>	Sample <u>Location</u>	Benzene (1)*_	Toluene _(100)+	Xylene (1750)*	Ethylbenzene(680)*
October	Well MW-2	64	30	160	35
1990	Well MW-3	18	ND	5.6	3.8
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
December	Well MW-2	17	10	59	13
1990	Well MW-3	7	2	5	2
January	Weil MW-2	50	33	110	22
1991	Well MW-3	29	3.3	34	9.7
April	Well MW-2	640	520	790	170
1991	Well MW-3	450	270	760	150
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
July	Well MW-2	14	- 1	17	8
1991	Well MW-3	14	14	33	8
October	Well MW-2	2.9	ND	6	2.5
1991	Well MW-3	ND	ND	ND	ND
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND
January	Well MW-2	480	870	860	160
1992	Well MW-3	4	10	8	2
April	Well MW-2	70	0.3	7.0	15
1992	Well MW-3	1.0	0.4	0.9	ND
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND	ND

ND = None Dectected

\*DHS: Primary Drinking Water Standard (3/89)

+DHS: Action Level



TABLE 2 (Results in ppb)

Sampling <u>Date</u>	Sample Location	ТРН <u>(100)*</u>	TVH (100)*	Oil and Grease (100)*
October	Well MW-2	<b></b>	740	
1990	Well MW-3		87	<b></b>
	Well MW-4	' ND	ND	ND
December	Well MW-2		370	
1990	Well MW-3		76	
January	Well MW-2		430	
1990	Well MW-3		110	
April	Well MW-2	<del>-</del> -	4800	
1991	Well MW-3		3600	
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND
July	Well MW-2		220	
1991	Well MW-3		220	
October	Well MW-2	~ ~	170	
1991	Well MW-3		150	
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND
January	Well MW-2		5200	
1992	Well MW-3		60	
April	Well MW-2		300	
1992	Well MW-3		ND	
	Well MW-4	ND	ND	ND

-- = Not Tested

ND = None Dectected

The amount given is often informally used by regulatory agencies as a threshold value to assess the need for further action.



<sup>\*</sup>Quantified Action Levels are not provided for these parameters.

## CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### **Conclusions**

On the basis of our findings to date, an unauthorized fuel release to soil and groundwater has occurred at the site, in the vicinity of the two 10,000-gallon underground gasoline storage tanks.

Contaminants associated with gasoline have decreased in Monitoring Wells MW-2 and MW-3 since the last quarterly sampling event (January 1992). At this time, Benzene concentrations meet or exceed State and Federal Standards in Wells MW-2 and MW-3. The Toluene concentration in Well MW-2 does not exceed Standards this quarter. Although no Standard has been devised for Total Volatile Hydrocarbon concentration, the quantity observed in Well MW-2 exceeds general informal regulatory action levels.

The decrease in contaminant concentrations is likely related to falling groundwater levels.

There are now three groundwater monitoring wells located down-gradient from the source of contamination area (see Section 1 of this report).

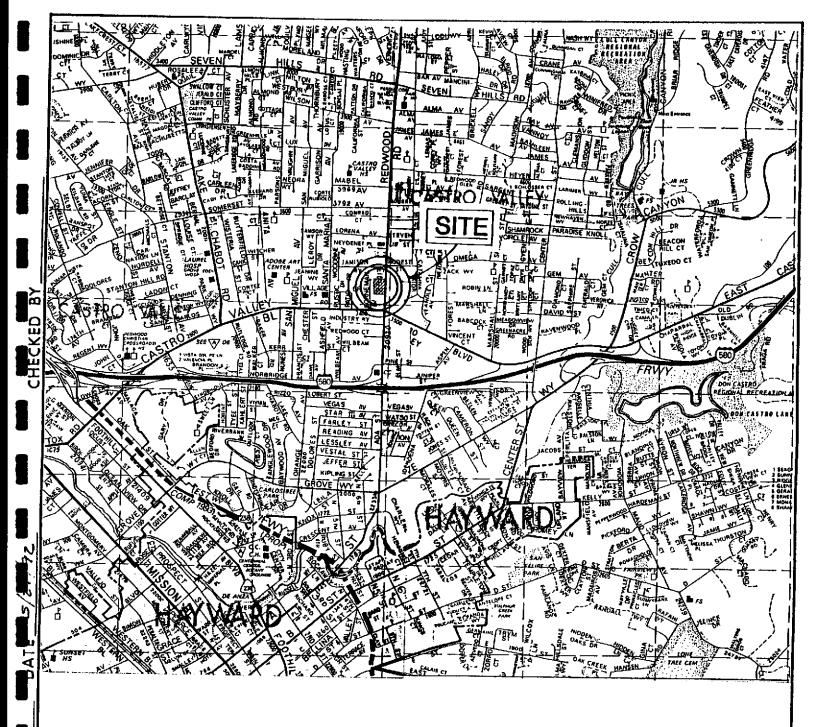
## Recommendations

With respect to the findings of this quarterly sampling and the previous section of this report, it is recommended that quarterly groundwater monitoring continue, and include the six wells now existing at the site.

The following Figures are attached and complete this section of the report:

FIGURE 2-1 Vicinity Map
FIGURE 2-2 Site Plan
FIGURE 2-3 Subsurface Profile
FIGURE 2-4 Potentiometric Surface Map
FIGURES 2-5.1
through 2-5.3 Well Field Logs





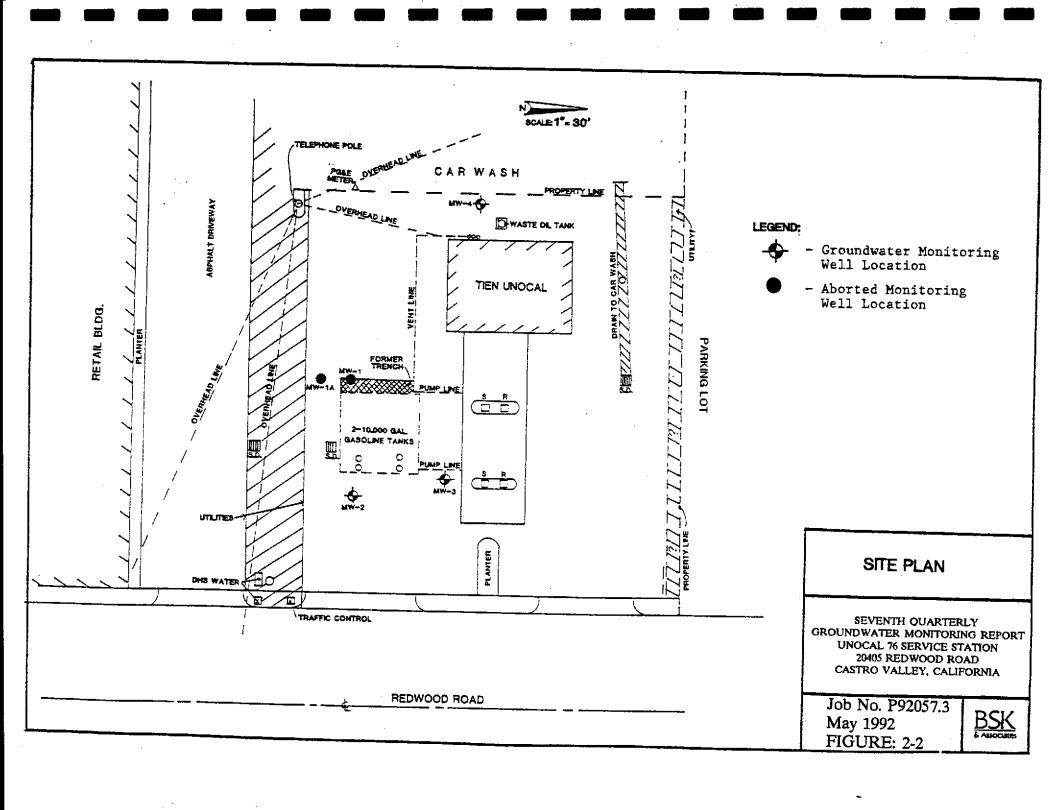
# **VICINITY MAP**

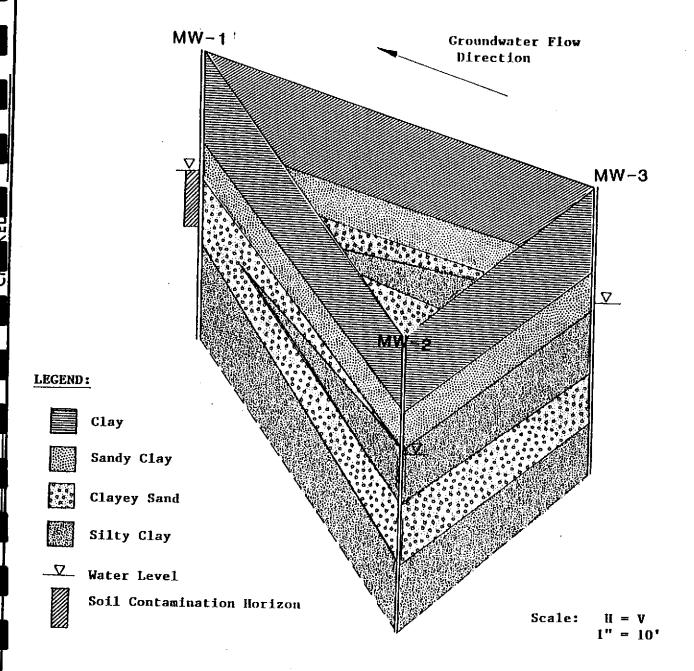
SEVENTH QUARTERLY GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT UNOCAL 76 SERVICE STATION 20405 REDWOOD ROAD CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

> Job No. P92057.3 May 1992

FIGURE: 2-1



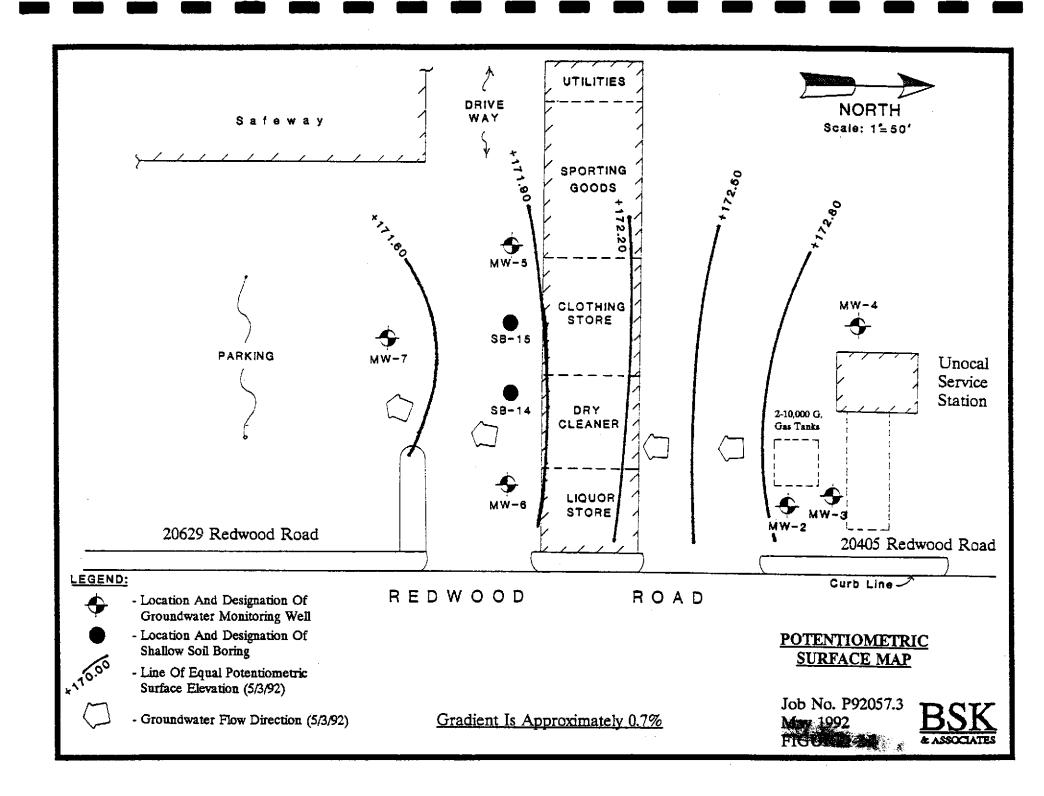




# SUBSURFACE PROFILE

Job No. P92057.3 May 1992 FIGURE: 2-3





## **WELL FIELD LOG**

PROJECT NAME ANDLOCATION: Unocal 76, Service Station

20405 Redwood Road, Castro Valley, CA. 94546

PERSONNEL: M. Cline WEATHER: Clear, Mild

#### **WELL INFORMATION:**

Well No.: MW-2

Depth to Water: 10,36 feet

Water Volume: 3.1 gallons

Reference Elevation: 183.10 (MSL)

Groundwater Elevation: 172.74 (MSL)

Measurement Technique: Electric Well Sounder

Date Purged: 4/20/91

Purge Method: Bladder Pump

Purge Rate: 0.7 gpm

## **IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:**

Top: None Observed, Slight Odor

Detection Method: Visual, Olfactory

Collection Method: Clear PVC Bailer

Bottom: Trace Fine Sand Slight Indistinct Odor

#### WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

	Volume Removed	Electrical Conductivity		T	
TIME	(gallons)	(uS/cm)	_11	Temperature	Remarks
	T (Sanons)	(uoyun)	pΗ	(degrees F)	nemars
12:22				**	
12:26	3.0	853	5.7	76	
12:31	6.0	757	5.8	73	
12:35	9.0	732	5.7	73	
12:40	12.0	727	5.7	73	
	-				<del>-</del>
	<del> </del>				
	<b> </b>				
			ļ		

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Point Source Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
12:45	TVH &BTXE	2-40 ml vials with HCL	12 feet
<u></u>			

UNOCAL 76, SERVICE STATION QUARTERLY GROUNDWATER SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS

Job No. P92057.3 May 1992

**FIGURE: 2-5.1** 

**BSK**& ASSOCIATES

## **WELL FIELD LOG**

PRO	<b>JECT</b>	NAME	ANDL	OCATION:	Unocal 76	Service Station
			, 4 1 L	~~~	CHOCKE 10.	DET ATCE DIVITION

20405 Redwood Road, Castro Valley, CA. 94546

PERSONNEL: M. Cline WEATHER: Clear mild

### **WELL INFORMATION:**

Well No.: MW-3

Depth to Water: 10.34 feet
Water Volume: 3.1 gallons

Reference Elevation:183.52 (MSL)

Groundwater Elevation: 173.69 (MSL)

Measurement Technique: Electric Well Sounder

Date Purged: 4/20/91

Purge Method: <u>Bladder pump</u>
Purge Rate: <u>0.6 gpm</u>

## IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:

Top: None Observed, No Odor

Detection Method: Visual, Olfactory
Collection Method: Clear PVC Bailer

Bottom: None Observed, No Odor

#### WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	Volume Removed (gallons)	Electrical Conductivity (uS/cm)	рН	Temperature (degrees F)	Remarks
11:35	T T			-	
11:39	3.0	685	7.6	77	
11:45	6.0	646	6.4	73	
11:50	9.0	637	6.3	72	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
11:55	12.0	635	6.2	72	
			1		

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: <u>Tetlon Point Source Bailer</u>

TIME	ANALYSIS	CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
12:01	TVH &BTXE	2-40 ml vials with HCL	12 feet

UNOCAL 76, SERVICE STATION QUARTERLY GROUNDWATER SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS

Job No. P92057.3 May 1992

FIGURE: 2-5.2

**BSK**& ASSOCIATES

## **WELL FIELD LOG**

PROJECT NAME ANDLOCATION: Unocal 76, Service Station

20405 Redwood Road, Castro Valley, CA. 94546

PERSONNEL: M. Cline WEATHER: Clear, Mild

#### **WELL INFORMATION:**

Well No.: MW-4

Depth to Water: 10.89 feet Water Volume: 2.1 gallons

Reference Elevation: 184.33(MSL)

Groundwater Elevation: 173.44(MSL)

Measurement Technique: Electric Well Sounder

#### **IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:**

Top: None Observed, No Odor

Detection Method: Visual, Olfactory Collection Method: Clear PVC Bailer Bottom: None Observed, No Odor

Date Purged: 4/20/92

Purge Rate: 0.6 gpm

Purge Method:Bladder Pump

#### WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	Volume Removed (gallons)	Electrical Conductivity (uS/cm)	рН	Temperture pH (degrees F) Remarks		
10:38	_					
10:41	2.0	799	8.1	70		
10.44	4.0	779	7.5	69		
10:47	6.0	755	7.3	69		
10:51	8.0	754	7.7	69		

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Point Source Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
10:58	TVH&BIXE	2-40 ml. vials with HCl	13 ft
11:00	TPH Diesel	1-1000 ml. Amber Flask	13 ft
11:02	Oil&Grease	1-1000 ml. Amber Flask w/H2SO4	13 ft

**UNOCAL 76, SERVICE STATION QUARTERLY GROUNDWATER** SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS

Job No. P92057.3 May 1992

**FIGURE: 2-5.3** 

# **SECTION 3 - REPORT DISTRIBUTION AND LIMITATIONS**

## Report Distribution

Copies of this report should be submitted to the ACEH for their review. We are providing you with extra copies for this purpose. We understand that copies of the report may be forwarded by ACEH to the Regional Water Quality Control Board for their review.

#### Limitations

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of R.T. Nahas Company/Eden Managements. Unauthorized use of or reliance on the information contained in this report, without express written consent by BSK & Associates, is strictly prohibited.

The findings and conclusions presented in this report are based on field review and observations, and from the limited testing program described in this report. This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted methodologies and standards of practice of the area. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made as to the findings, confusions and recommendations included in the report.

The findings of this report are valid as of the present. The passage of time, natural processes, or human intervention on the property or an adjacent property, and changes in the regulations may cause changed conditions which can invalidate the findings and conclusions presented in this report.

The following are attached and complete this report:

APPENDIX "A" Section 1 - Unified Soil Classification Chart, Boring Logs, Well Construction Diagrams, and Well Field Logs

APPENDIX "B" Section 1 - Chemical Test Data Sheets and Project Chain-of-Custody Records

APPENDIX "C" Section 2 - Chemical Test Data Sheets and Project Chain-of-Custody Records



# APPENDIX A

SECTION - 1

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART

**BORING LOGS** 

WELL CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAMS

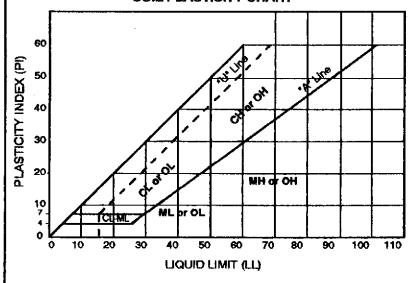
WELL FIELD LOGS



# **UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART**

SYMBOL	LETTER	DESCRIPTION	MAJOR DIVISIONS					
0.0	GW	WELL-GRADED GRAVELS OR GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES	CLEAN GRAVELS	F OF 40.4 AY BE	H			
	GP	POORLY-GRADED GRAVELS OR GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES	166 725吨 多	<b>σ</b>				
	GM	SILTY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND-SILT MIXTURIES	GRAVELS WITH FINES	GRAVELS HORE THAN HA CARGE FRACTI LARGES FRACTI SIEVE SIZE THE 1/4" SIZE M	SECUNALENT TO THE NO.4 SIEVE COARSE-GRAINED SOILS MORE THAN HALF OF MATERAL (S LARGER THAN NO.200 SIEVE SIZE IS ABOUT THE E NAKED EYE			
	GC	CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND-CLAY MIXTURES	(APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)	<b>\$</b> 8₹ £	S EQUIVALENT TO THE N COARSE-GRAINED IORE THAN HALF OF MAI ARGER THAN NO 200 SII S ABOUT THE			
*******	sw	WELL-GRADED SAND OR GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES	CLEAN SANDS	OF OF OF OS	IENT THE THE EYE			
	SP	POORLY-GRADED SANDS OR GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES  (LITTLE OR NO FINES)  (LITTLE OR NO FINES)						
	SM	SILTY SANDS, SAND-SILT MIXTURES  CLAYEY SANDS, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES  SANDS WITH FINES (APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)						
**************************************	sc	CLAYEY SANDS, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES	(APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)	500 % M	COARS COARS MORE THA LARGER 1 ARD SIEVE IS ABOUT			
	ML	INORGANIC SILTS, VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR. SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS OR CLAYEY SILTS WITH SLIGHT PLASTICITY			AL IS SIZE STANDA CLE VIS			
	CL	INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, SILTY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS	SILTS & LIQUID LIMIT LI		SOILS AATERIA SIEVE 8 OO U.S. S			
	OL.	ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILT-CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY	AAINED SOILS 14LF OF MATERIAL IS NN NO.200 SIEVE SIZE THE NO.200 U.S. STANDARD S SWALLEST PARTICLE VISIBLE					
	МН	ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILT-CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY			FINE-GRAINED SOILS MORE THAN HALF OF MATERIAL SMALLER THAN NO.200 SEVE SI, THE NO.200 U.S. ST SMALLEST PARTICL			
	СН	INOFIGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAYS	SILTS & CLAYS LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50					
	ОН	ORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY, ORGANIC SILTS						
	PT	PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS	High	ILY ORGANIC S	DILS			





#### TYPES OF SAMPLERS

SPT--Standard Penetration 1.4" ID Split Spoon Sampler

CS--2" ID Split Spoon Sampler

MC--2.4" ID California Sampler

SH-3.0" ID Thin-Wall (Shelby Tube)

CC--2.7" ID Double Tube Continuous Coring Sampler

#### **NOTES**

ND Denotes concentration below the test detection limits

Denotes not analysed PID-Photoionization Detector

20629 REDWOOD ROAD CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Job No. P92057.3 FIGURE Λ-1 MAY 1992 **BSK**& ASSOCIATES

1			~							_
		Che	mica -	Field Data						
	TPH-Diesel (mg/Kg)	трн-Савоііле (тд/Кд)	Benzene (mg/Kg)	Toluene (mg/Kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/Kg)	Xylenes (mg/Kg)	PID READING	TYPE OF SAMPLER	BLOWS/FOOT	
0										F
						******	0.0			
10							0.0			┨
		;					0.0	cs	60	[
								CS	49_	ľ
							13		62	
ا مم ا		,					1.5	cs	63	1
20	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.5 20	cs	55	1
							2.0	CS CS CS	55 22	3
		نـــــــا				L	L	J	L	.1

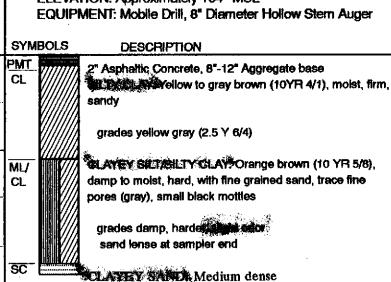
## LOG DESIGNATION

DATE: 3/30/92

**LOGGED BY: Tim Berger** 

WATER LEVEL: First Encountered -23' bpg

ELEVATION: Approximately 184 'MSL



Boring off-gases at surface to 9.0 on PID

#### NOTES:

1.WELL BORE COMPLETED AT A DEPTH OF 23 FEET 3/30/92.

2.WELL BORE INDICATES INTERPRETED SUBSURFACE
CONDITIONS ONLY AT THE TIME THE BORING WAS DRILLED.

3.FOR AN EXPLANATION OF SOIL SYMBOLS SEE THE SOIL
CLASSIFICATION CHAPT, PLATE 1.

20629 REDWOOD ROAD CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

Job No. P92057.3 FIGURE A-2 MAY 1992

**BSK**ASSOCIATES

		Che	emice	l Anal	lysis		Fi	eld Da	ata	LOG DESIGNATION
	TPH-Diesel (mg/Kg)	TPH-Gasoline (mg/Kg)	Benzene (mg/Kg)	Toluene (mg/Kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/Kg)	Xylenes (mg/Kg)	PID READING	TYPE OF SAMPLER	BLOWS/FOOT	DATE: 3/30/92 LOGGED BY: Tim Berger WATER LEVEL: None Encountered at time of drilling ELEVATION: Approximately 184 ' MSL EQUIPMENT: Mobile Drill, 8" Diameter Hollow Stem Auger SYMBOLS DESCRIPTION
0	'									PMT 2" Asphaltic Concrete, 8"-12" Aggregate base CL. 2" Asphaltic Concrete, 8"-12" Aggregate base (10YR 3/1), moist
10	,									grades medium brown gray to light reddish gray (10 YR 5/3), sittier, some fine sand
							50	cs	55	grades moister, ofive yellow (2.5 Y 5/4) grades grayish orange brown (10 YR 5/3), damp to moist, hard, blue streaks, some fine sand and silt,
20	3	ND	ND	.007	ND	800	51	cs	50	CL/ SC CLAYEY SANDACrayish orange brown, damp, hard, blue mottles, vertical seams and pores are

#### NOTES:

1.WELL BORE COMPLETED AT A DEPTH OF 21.5 FEET 3/30/92.
2.WELL BORE INDICATES INTERPRETED SUBSURFACE
CONDITIONS ONLY AT THE TIME THE BORING WAS DRILLED.
3.FOR AN EXPLANATION OF SOIL SYMBOLS SEE THE SOIL
CLASSIFICATION CHART, PLATE 1.

20629 REDWOOD ROAD CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Job No. P92057.3 FIGURE A-3 MAY 1992



			Che	emica	l Ana	lysis		F	eld D	eta	LOC DESIGNATION
	o	ТРН-Оюжен (трукд)	TPH-Gasoline (mg/Kg)	Berzere (mg/Kg)	Toluene (mg/Kg)	Ethylbanzene (mg/Kg)	Xylenes (mg/Kg)	PID READING	TYPE OF SAMPLER	BLOWS/FOOT	DATE: 3/31/92 LOGGED BY: Tim Berger WATER LEVEL: First Encountered -2 ELEVATION: 183.92 ' MSL EQUIPMENT: Mobile Drill, 8" Diamete SYMBOLS DESCRIPTION
	J										PMT 2" Asphaltic Concrete, 8"-12" AcCL Dlive gray (2.5 YF
	10										grades medium to dark gray ( material grades medium gray brown to (2.5 Y 6/4), less moist, no san grades moist, brown to dark br
								0.0	cs	55	ML streaks, damp, hard sands trac
	20	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		cs	62	CL grades medium gray brown (1 organics, very few 1 mm pore
	20								SPT	34	CLAYER SAMPLE Blacked of CLAY SC (10 YR 5/4), clay is blacked with some
	30								SPT	13	clay grades firm to soft sticky.
	40								SPT	17	grades light gray to yellow bro
1	447										

22.5' bpg

ter Hollow Stern Auger

## Aggregate base 'H 5/2), moist,firm,sandy

(7.5 YR 4/0), with granular

to light gray yellow brown

prown, Province range (10 YR 5/6) with blue ice coarse grains**/figuratie** 🛦

4/2), moist, stiff 10YR 4/4),hard,damp,trace

Vellow to orange brown willymedium grained

e clay binder, clay is moist to

moist, silt lenses moist to willing off and d condition

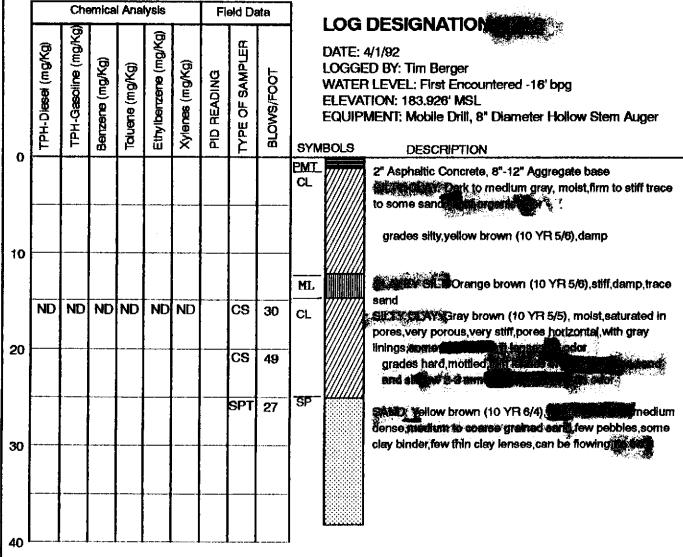
own (10 YR 6/3 to 5/6), to medium dense

#### NOTES:

- 1.WELL BORE COMPLETED AT A DEPTH OF 36.5 FEET 3/30/92. 2.GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL INSTALLED, SEE WELL CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAM.
- 3.WELL BORE INDICATES INTERPRETED SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS ONLY AT THE TIME THE BORING WAS DRILLED.
- 4.FOR AN EXPLANATION OF SOIL SYMBOLS SEE THE SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART, PLATE 1.

20629 REDWOOD ROAD **CASTRO VALLEY CALIFORNIA** 

Job No. P92057.3 FIGURE A-4 **MAY 1992** 



#### NOTES:

- 1.WELL BORE COMPLETED AT A DEPTH OF 29 FEET 4/1/92.
- 2.GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL INSTALLED, SEE WELL CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAM.
- 3.WELL BORE INDICATES INTERPRETED SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS ONLY AT THE TIME THE BORING WAS DRILLED.
- 4.FOR AN EXPLANATION OF SOIL SYMBOLS SEE THE SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART, PLATE 1.

20629 REDWOOD ROAD CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

Job No. P92057.3 FIGURE A-5 MAY 1992

**BSK** & ASSOCIATES

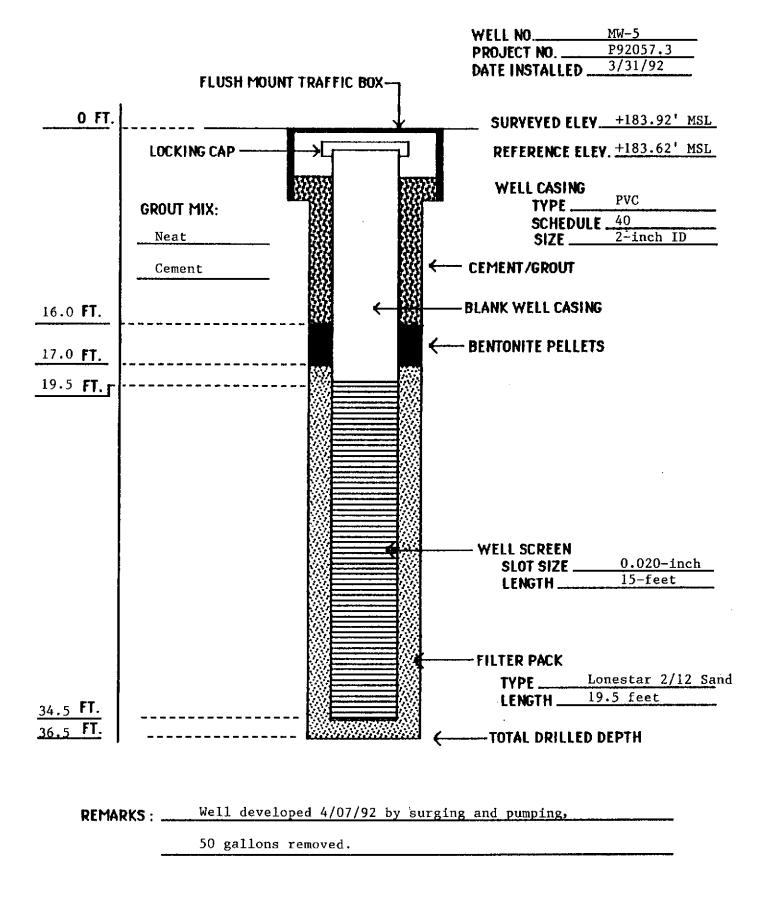
İ		Che	emica	і Ала	lysis		F	ield D	eta	LOG DESIGNATION
0	TPH-Diesel (mg/Kg)	TPH-Gasoline (mg/Kg)	Berzena (mg/Kg)	Toluene (mg/Kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/Kg)	Xylenes (mg/Kg)	PID READING	TYPE OF SAMPLER	BLOWS/FOOT	DATE: 4/2/92 LOGGED BY: Tim Berger WATER LEVEL: First Encountered -15' bpg ELEVATION: 182,78' MSL EQUIPMENT: Mobile Drill, 8" Diameter Hollow Stem Auger SYMBOLS DESCRIPTION
										PMT 2" Asphaltic Concrete, 8"-12" Aggregate base CL Dark gray, moist,firm
10										grades yellow gray ,less moist  grades gray brown,moister grades orange brown (10 YR 5/8),less moist grades moist
	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	8.0	cs	22	SM Sharp Drange brown, medium dense
20							0.0	SPT	43	Gray brown (10 YR 6/4),damp to moist, grading less moist with depth,clayey sand at sampler tip, hard, no odor
							1.0	SPT	34	SP/ CL SANDY CLAY: Tay brown ,wet to saturated, dense occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses and a second control of the control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses and occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin (< 6 inches) clay lenses are control occasional thin
30								SPT	14	grades medium dense alianing assid encounter de
						-				-
40	L					L	L	II		_I

#### NOTES:

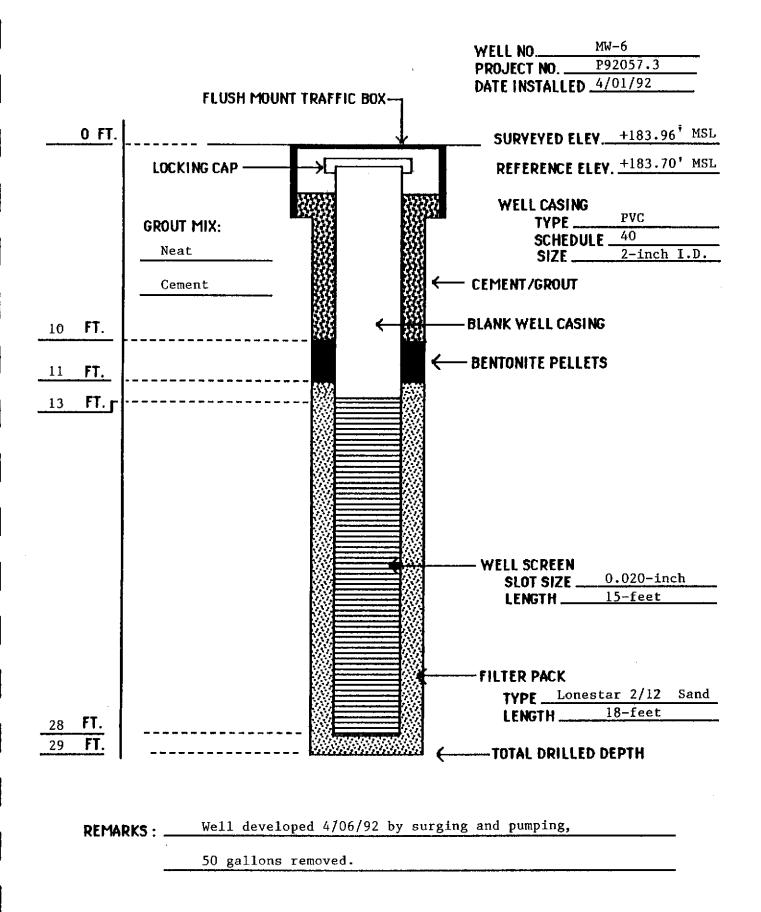
- 1.WELL BORE COMPLETED AT A DEPTH OF 31 FEET 4/2/92.
  2.GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL INSTALLED, SEE WELL CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAM.
- 3.WELL BORE INDICATES INTERPRETED SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS ONLY AT THE TIME THE BORING WAS DRILLED.
- 4.FOR AN EXPLANATION OF SOIL SYMBOLS SEE THE SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHAPT, PLATE 1.

20629 REDWOOD ROAD CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

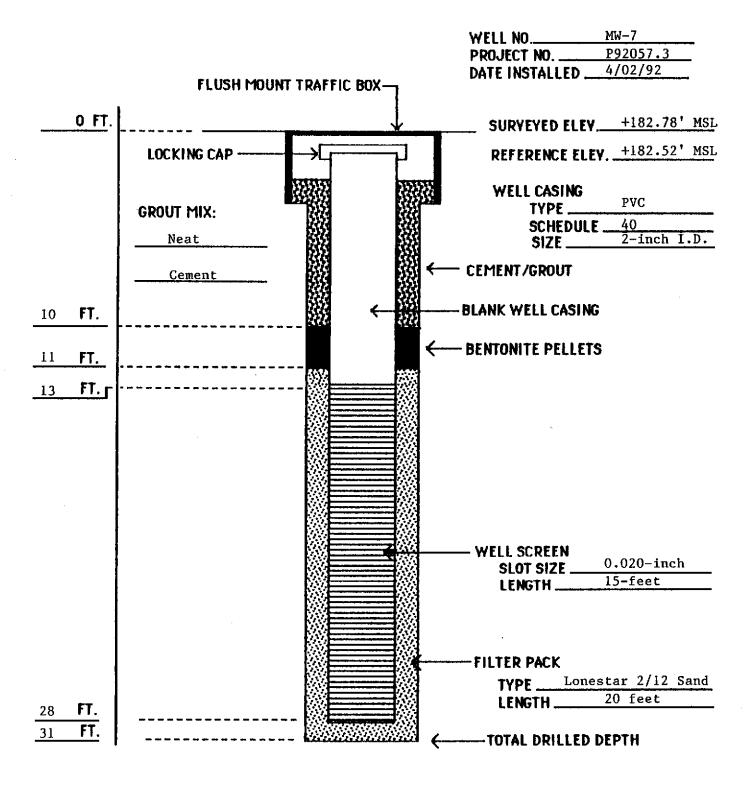
Job No. P92057.3 FIGURE A-6 MAY 1992 **BSK**ASSOCIATES



PROJECT NO. ₱92057.3	MONITORING WELL	BSK
FIGURE: A-7	INSTALLATION DIAGRAM	&ASSOCIATES



PROJECT NO. P92075.3	MONITORING WELL	BSK
FIGURE: A-8	INSTALLATION DIAGRAM	& ASSOCIATES



REMARKS :	Well dev	eloped	4/07/92	bу	surging	and	pumping,	
	50 gallo	ns remo	oved.		-		•	

<b>PROJECT NO</b> . P92057.3	MONITORING WELL	<u>BSK</u>
FIGURE: A-9	INSTALLATION DIAGRAM	& ASSOCIATES

## **WELL FIELD LOG**

PROJECT NAME ANDLOCATION: Unoca	176	. Service	Station
---------------------------------	-----	-----------	---------

20405 Redwood Road, Castro Valley, CA. 94546

PERSONNEL: M. Cline WEATHER: Clear, Warm

#### **WELL INFORMATION:**

Well No.: <u>MW-5</u>

Depth to Water: 11,72 feet

Water Volume: 3.6 gallons

Reference Elevation: 183.62(MSL)

Groundwater Elevation: 171.90 (MSL)

Measurement Technique: Electric Well Sounder

### **IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:**

Top: None Observed, No Odor

Detection Method: Visual, Offactory

Collection Method: Clear PVC Bailer

92 D----d: 4/27/01

Date Purged: 4/27/91
Purge Method: Bladder Pump

Purge Rate: 0.6 gpm

Bottom: Brown Clay -Silt, No Odor

#### **WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:**

TIME	Volume Removed (gallons)	Electrical Conductivity (uS/cm)	рН	Temperature (degrees F)	, Remarks
11:42					
11:49	4.0	825	5.5	81	
11:54	7.0	782	5.4	76	
12:00	10.5	768	5.3	74	
12:04	14.0	763	5.3	74	
	<del>  </del> -	<del></del>			
····	<del> </del>				
	<del> </del>	<del></del>			

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Point Source Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
12:11	TVH &BIXE	2-40 ml vials with HCL	13 feet
	<u> </u>		

20629 REDWOOD ROAD CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Job No. P92057.3 FIGURE A-10 MAY 1992 **BSK** & ASSOCIATES

## **WELL FIELD LOG**

PROJECT NAME ANDLOCATION: Unocal 76, Service Station
--

20405 Redwood Road, Castro Valley, CA. 94546

PERSONNEL: M. Cline WEATHER: Clear, Warm

### **WELLINFORMATION:**

Well No.: <u>MW-6</u>

Depth to Water: 11.90 feet
Water Volume: 2.4 gallons

Reference Elevation: 183.70 (MSL)

Groundwater Elevation:171.80 (MSL)

Measurement Technique: Electric Well Sounder

#### **IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:**

Top: None Observed, No Odor

Detection Method: Visual, Olfactory
Collection Method: Clear PVC Bailer

Bottom: Brown Clay -Silt, No Odor

Date Purged: 4/27/91

Purge Rate: 0.7 gpm

Purge Method: Bladder Pump

## WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	Volume Removed (gallons)	Electrical Conductivity (uS/cm)	<b></b>	Temperature (degrees F)	Remarks
10:5 <del>9</del>	(galoris)		рН		remains
11:02	2.5	742	6.5	77	
11:07	5.0	760	6.3	<i>7</i> 5	
11:10	7.5	756	6.1	75	
11:14	10.0	761	6.0	<i>7</i> 5	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	<b></b>				
	+ +				

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Point Source Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
11:22	TVH &BIXE	2-40 ml vials with HCL	13 feet

20629 REDWOOD ROAD CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Job No. P92057.3 FIGURE A-11 MAY 1992 **BSK** & ASSOCIATES

## **WELL FIELD LOG**

PROJECT NAME ANDLOCATION: Unocal 76, Service Station

20405 Redwood Road, Castro Valley, CA. 94546

PERSONNEL; M. Cline WEATHER: Clear, Warm

**WELL INFORMATION:** 

Weil No.: <u>MW-7</u>

Depth to Water: 10.97 feet

Water Volume: 2.6 gallons

Reference Elevation: 182.52(MSL)

Groundwater Elevation: 171.55 (MSL)

Measurement Technique: Electric Well Sounder

**IMMISCIBLE LAYERS:** 

Top: None Observed, No Odor

Detection Method: Visual, Olfactory

Collection Method: Clear PVC Bailer

Date Purged: 4/27/91

Purge Method: Bladder Pump

Purge Rate: 0.8 gpm

Bottom: Brown Clay -Silt, No Odor

WELL DEVELOPMENT/PURGE DATA:

TIME	Volume Removed (gallons)	Electrical Conductivity (uS/cm)	рН	Temperature (degrees F)	Remarks
12:27					
12:30	2.5	1003	5.3	77	
12:34	5.0	1006	5.3	75	
12:37	7.5	1003	5.3	73	
12:40	10.0	1003	5.3	73	

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION DATA

Sampling Equipment: Teflon Point Source Bailer

TIME	ANALYSIS	CONTAINER USED	SAMPLE INTERVAL
12:46	TVH &BIXE	2-40 ml vials with HCL	13 feet

20629 REDWOOD ROAD CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Job No. P92057.3 FIGURE A-12 MAY 1992 **BSK**ASSOCIATES

## APPENDIX B

SECTION - 1

CHEMICAL TEST DATA SHEETS

AND

PROJECT CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD





BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

Date Sampled : 03/30/92

Time Sampled : 0747

Date Received : 04/01/92 Date of Analysis: 04/13/92

Report Issue Date: 04/13/92

Case Number

: Ch920878

Lab ID Number

: 0878-1

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: EB-1 #5 at 21'

## Analyses for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel [TPH(D)] by Method DHS GC/FID

Results Reported in Milligrams per Kilogram (mg/Kg)

Analyte	Results	DLR
TPH(D)	ND	1

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

Sample Type: SOLID

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

- This sample contains lower molecular weight hydrocarbons.

\*\* - This sample contains higher molecular weight hydrocarbons.

\*\*\*-This sample contains both higher and lower molecular weight hyrdrocarbons.

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor 920213 TPBDS.T



BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

910701 BTPS.t

Date Sampled : 03/30/92

Time Sampled : 0747

Date Received : 04/01/92 Date of Analysis: 04/08/92

Report Issue Date: 04/13/92

Case Number

: Ch920878

Lab ID Number

: 0878-1

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: EB-1 #5 at 21'

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH (G) by EPA Method 8015

Results Reported in Milligrams per Kilogram (mg/kg)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene	ND	0.005
Toluene	ND	0.005
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.005
Total Xylene Isomers	ND	0.005
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND	1.
	1 .	

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

Sample Type: SOLID

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, ØA/QC Supervisor





BSK-Pleasanton

Date Sampled

: 03/30/92

Nahas

Time Sampled

: 0915

Date Received

: 04/01/92

Date of Analysis: 04/13/92

Report Issue Date: 04/13/92

Case Number

: Ch920878

Lab ID Number

: 0878-2

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Type: SOLID

Sample Description: EB-2 #2 at 20.5'

## Analyses for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel [TPH(D)] by Method DHS GC/FID

Results Reported in Milligrams per Kilogram (mg/Kg)

Analyte	Results	DLR
TPH(D)	3	1

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

\* - This sample contains lower molecular weight hydrocarbons.

\*\* - This sample contains higher molecular weight hydrocarbons.

\*\*\*-This sample contains both higher and lower molecular weight hyrdrocarbons.

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

920213 TPBDS.T



BSK-Pleasanton Nahas

Date Sampled : 03/30/92

Time Sampled : 0915

Date Received : 04/01/92 Date of Analysis: 04/08/92

Report Issue Date: 04/13/92

Case Number

: Ch920878

Lab ID Number

: 0878-2

Project Number : P92057.3

Sample Description: EB-2 #2 at 20.5'

Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH (G) by EPA Method 8015

Results Reported in Milligrams per Kilogram (mg/kg)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylene Isomers Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND 0.007 ND 0.008 ND	0.005 0.005 0.005 0.005

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

Sample Type: SOLID

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

1910701 BTPS.t





BSK-Pleasanton Nahas

Date Sampled : 03/31/92

Time Sampled : 0650

Date Received : 04/01/92 Date of Analysis: 04/13/92

Report Issue Date: 04/13/92

Case Number

: Ch920878

Lab ID Number

: 0878-3

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: EB-3 #2 at 21'

Sample Type: SOLID

## Analyses for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel [TPH(D)] by Method DHS GC/FID

Results Reported in Milligrams per Kilogram (mg/Kg)

Analyte	Results	DLR
TPH(D)	ND	1

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

This sample contains lower molecular weight hydrocarbons.

\*\* - This sample contains higher molecular weight hydrocarbons.

\*\*\*-This sample contains both higher and lower molecular weight hyrdrocarbons.

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

R0920213 TPHDS.T





BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

Date Sampled : 03/31/92

Time Sampled : 0650

Date Received : 04/01/92 Date of Analysis: 04/08/92

Report Issue Date: 04/13/92

Case Number

: Ch920878

Lab ID Number Project Number : 0878-3

: P92057.3

Sample Description: EB-3 #2 at 21'

Sample Type: SOLID

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH (G) by EPA Method 8015

Results Reported in Milligrams per Kilogram (mg/kg)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene	ND	0.005
Toluene	ND	0.005
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.005
Total Xylene Isomers	ND	0.005
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND	1.

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

R910701 BTPS.t

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

FIGURE: B-7



1414 Stanislaus Street Fresno, California 93706 Telephone (209) 485-8310 FAX (209) 485-6935 1-800-877-8310

BSK-Pleasanton

Date Sampled

: 04/01/92

Nahas Time Sampled : 0620

Date Received

Sample Type: SOLID

: 04/03/92

Date of Analysis: 04/13/92

Report Issue Date: 04/16/92

Case Number

: Ch920907

Lab ID Number

: 0907-1

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-2, No.1 @ 16'

## Analyses for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel [TPH(D)] by Method DHS GC/FID

Results Reported in Milligrams per Kilogram (mg/Kg)

Analyte	Results	DLR
TPH(D)	ND	1

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

This sample contains lower molecular weight hydrocarbons.

\*\* - This sample contains higher molecular weight hydrocarbons.

\*\*\*-This sample contains both higher and lower molecular weight hyrdrocarbons.

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

0920213 TPHDS.T





BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

Date Sampled : 04/01/92

Time Sampled : 0620

Date Received : 04/03/92 Date of Analysis: 04/07/92

Report Issue Date: 04/16/92

Case Number

: Ch920907

Lab ID Number

: 0907-1

: P92057.3

Project Number

Sample Type: SOLID

Sample Description: MW-2, No.1 @ 16'

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH (G) by EPA Method 8015

Results Reported in Milligrams per Kilogram (mg/kg)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene  Toluene Ethylbenzene  Total Xylene Isomers  Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND ND ND ND	0.005 0.005 0.005 0.005
<del></del>		

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor 910701 BTPS.t



BSK-Pleasanton Nahas

Date Sampled : 04/02/92

Time Sampled : 0654

Date Received : 04/03/92 Date of Analysis: 04/13/92

Report Issue Date: 04/16/92

Case Number

: Ch920907

Lab ID Number

: 0907-2

. P92057.3

Project Number Sample Description: MW-3, No.1 @ 15.5' Sample Type: SOLID

## Analyses for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel [TPH(D)] by Method DHS GC/FID

Results Reported in Milligrams per Kilogram (mg/Kg)

Analyte	Results	DLR
TPH(D)	ND	1

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

- This sample contains lower molecular weight hydrocarbons.
- \*\* This sample contains higher molecular weight hydrocarbons.
- \*\*\*-This sample contains both higher and lower molecular weight hyrdrocarbons.

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor 213 TPHDS.T



BSK-Pleasanton

Nahas

Date Sampled : 04/02/92

Time Sampled : 0654

Date Received : 04/03/92 Date of Analysis : 04/08/92 Report Issue Date: 04/16/92

Case Number

: Ch920907

Lab ID Number

: 0907-2

Sample Type: SOLID

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-3, No.1 @ 15.5'

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH (G) by EPA Method 8015

Results Reported in Milligrams per Kilogram (mg/kg)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene	ND ND	0.005 0.005 0.005
Total Xylene Isomers	ND ND	0.005

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor



BSK-Pleasanton R.T. Nahas

Date Sampled : 04/13/92

Time Sampled : 1156

Date Received : 04/15/92 Date of Analysis : 04/21/92 Report Issue Date: 04/24/92

Case Number Lab ID Number : Ch921034

Project Number

: 1034-2

Project Number : p92057.3
Sample Description: 5 #1

Sample Type: LIQUID

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylene Isomers Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND ND ND ND	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3
		_

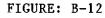
Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor





Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton R.T. Nahas

Date Sampled : 04/13/92

Time Sampled : 1111

Date Received : 04/15/92 Date of Analysis : 04/21/92

Report Issue Date: 04/24/92

Case Number : Ch921034

Lab ID Number : 1034-1
Project Number : P92057.3
Sample Description: 1034-1

Sample Type: LIQUID

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR	
Benzene	ND	0.3	
Toluene	ир <b>о∵</b> з	0.3	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.3	
Total Xylene Isomers	ND	0.3	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND	50	

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences
may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

Pigman, OA/OC Supervi



Environmental Services

BSK-Pleasanton R.T. Nahas

Date Sampled : 04/13/92

Time Sampled : 1235

Date Received : 04/15/92 Date of Analysis : 04/21/92 Report Issue Date: 04/24/92

Case Number : Ch921034

Lab ID Number : 1034-3 Project Number : P92057.3

Sample Description: #1

Sample Type: LIQUID

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene  Toluene  Ethylbenzene  Total Xylene Isomers  Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	0; 4 6; 3 6; 3 8; 9	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3
Total Xylene Isomers	- 2000 - 2000	

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences

may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

gano

BSK Log Numbe	0878	
Client Name	1/ 1	

#### ANALYSIS REQUEST/CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

1000-7779

																	100	0 1173
Client Na	Wan	cis				Project of	<del>70/6</del>		7057.3	Labil	Jse Onl	7.7		Ana	lysis req	uired		
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City, Stati	Plecis	cinto	n, CA	14566	Report, attentio	Tim B	enze	<del></del>			K	L (II)	/ /					
Date sampled	Time sampled	Type (See ke		Tim .	Berger	<u>-</u>	Number of	Lab Sample	Sample Seals (See key			A CHI	/ /	/ /	/ /		Rem	13-92
ļ		below)	ļ		mple description		containers	number	below)	<b>∠</b> ♡	<u>/^</u>					/x <sup>2</sup> c3 /	Remarks	
3/30/12	07:47	80	EB-1	#5 a	t zi'		1	7	ρ	X	X						/x.5	-/ Tube
11	09:15	80	EB-Z	#Z a	t 20.5'		1	2	P	X	٧						ĺ	/
3/31/92	06:50	20	EB-3	#Z at	t 20.5'		/	3	P	X	У						V	
								<u></u>										
						<u> </u>	-	ļ										
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														<u> </u>				
										_								
	<u>.</u>			IM.	PORTANT NOTIC	E: No samples	will be ar	nalyzed v	vithout a	n autho	orized	signature i	n this se	ction.				
these pi	reby requesting ocedures are go arge for this ser	enerally o	ormal Chain-o consistent with	Custody Productions outlined	tedures for the above in the U.S. E.P.A.	re samples. I under SW 846 and that the	rstand that here is no	thes	e procedu it of Work,	res are	general	v consisten	t with thas	a outline	ad in U.S	S EPA Con	ove samples. I under stract Laboratory Prog or \$5.00 a bottle, which	rnen State
			ву:		Authorized Signate	ıre	-	<u> </u>					Ву:			Authorize	d Signature	
		Signatu	re			Print Name							pany		_		Date	Time
Relinquish	ed by	1111	1 Delig	en	11m Z	Berger	<u> </u>			<u> 35/</u>	-/	D					3/31/22	13:30
Received t	<sup>y</sup> J.	a	Zlei	<u> </u>	T. D.	VERA			BSL 4/1/92 0824							2826		
Relinquished by																		
Received b	у			·														
Relinquishe	ed by	<u>.</u>	<del></del>															
Received t	У														-			
													-					

BSK & Associates	Chemical
Ca Associates	Chemical

Laboratories

1414 Stanislaus Street Fresno, California 93706 Telephone (209) 485-8310 • Fax (209) 485-7427 KEY: Type: AQ-Aqueous SL-Sludge SQ-Soil PE-Petroleum OT-Other

Seals: P-Present A-Absent B-Broken

DISTRIBUTION: WHITE, CANARY - LABORATORY PINK - ORIGINATOR

Samples are discarded 14 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made. Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.

FIGURE: B-14

Client Nan	" Naho	25			Project of	P.O.# C / C E	F920	740 <u>13</u> 1573		Use On	ly A	<u>(3)</u>		Analysis	required			
City, State,	8/Qu Zip YCSCENT	ton, C	. Cn. Blodg A 9456t	2 300 Report, attention	Filolie *	462 2007	400		in this section	s on					//	20 00		
Date sampled	Time sampled	Type (See key below)	Sampled by Tim	Berger Sample description		Number of containers	Lab Sample number							//	, zedo	20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	4-15-9 Remarks	2
4/1/92	6:20 A	NSO	MW-Z, N	0.1016		1	ſ	P	X	X				$\top$			16.50:/ Tu	60
4/492	6:54	Ø	MW-3 #/	0.1@16' @151z'		/	2	P	X	$\times$							b	LE .
		<del> </del>						_										
							-		<b> </b>					_		<u> </u>		
			-				. <u>.</u>									<u> </u>		
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				IMPORTANT NOTICE	E: No samples	will be ar	alyzed v	without a	n autho	orized	signatu	re in th	is sectio	n.			-	
these pro	eby requesting cedures are g rge for this se	enerally c	ormal Chain-of-Custod onsistent with those o	Procedures for the above utilized in the U.S. E.P.A. S	e samples, I under W 846 and that th	stand that nere is no	thes	ie procedu it of Work	ires are	genera	lly consi	stent with ere is a d	n those of charge of	utlined in	U.S. EPA	Contract La	nples. I understand aboratory Program I a bottle, whichev	State
Paris		Sionatu	-y	Authorized Signatur	re	<del></del>	<u>l</u> ,					Ву	r:		Autho	rized Signa	iture	

Relinquished by,

Received by

Received by

Received by

Relinquished by

Relinquished by

1414 Stanislaus Street Fresno, California 93706 Telephone (209) 485-8310 • Fax (209) 485-7427 KEY: Type: AQ-Aqueous SL-Sludge SO-Soil PE-Petroleum OT-Other Seals: P-Present A-Absent B-Broken
DISTRIBUTION: WHITE, CANARY - LABORATORY PINK - ORIGINATOR

BSK-P

BSK

Note:

Samples are discarded 14 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made. Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.

FIGURE:

B-15

BSK Log Number		$\mathcal{D}^{L}$

#### **ANALYSIS REQUEST/CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD**

Client Na	me T	11	120 CO	<u></u>	01	Project of	or P.O.#	~ ~							Analy	ysis req	uired			$\neg$
Address	<u> </u>	Val	103 (13	<u>&gt;                                    </u>	Pleasant	Project of Phone # 510	205	<i>7.5</i>		Lab in th	Use Onl	ly /	7	7	7	7		<del>///</del> /		
City, State	<u> 181 a</u>	Uqu	ry Lu		D	510	462	-400	00	secti			/ /			/ /	/ /			
Olly, State	casan	+04	<u> </u>		Report, attention	erger						\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\								İ
Date	Time	Туре	Sampled by	·Cl	11		Number	Lab	Sample Seals	1		γ ,	/ /		/ /	/ /		Rema	フータフ	
sampled	sampled	(See ke) below)			ele description		of containers	Sample number	(See key		72						1 3 3 3 3 S	; <u> </u>	<i>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </i>	$\exists$
11/12/2	11.11	,		, #	,		<del> </del>	,	below)		X I	$\overline{}$	<del>/</del> 1				150	/ Rema	rks	_
4/13/92		4	MW-	<u>6 -/</u>	-		2		1	<u>  X-</u>								24400	rl	_
	11:56		MW-3	5 4/			2	2		X								/		
V	12.35		MW-3 MW-7	<i>y # /</i>			<u>_</u> _	3	1/	$\times$										
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				IMPO	ORTANT NOTICE	: No samples	will be ar	alyzed v	without a	ın auth	orized	signatu	ire in th	nis seci	ion.				1	7
lam her	eby requesting	BSK's N	ormal Chain-of-Cust	ody Proced	fures for the above	samples Lunder	estand that	lam	n hereby r	eauesti	na BSK'	's Forma	d Chain-	of-Custo	dy Proc	edures	for the a	above samples. I underst	and that	1
extra ch	ocedures are ge arge for this ser	enerally c vice.			n the U.S. E.P.A. SV		nere is no	thes	ie procedu it of Work	ures are	deneral	ilv consi	istent wit	th those	Outline	d in HS	FPA C	ontract Laboratory Program or \$5.00 a bottle, which	am State	ı
			By: Mar	4	Authorized Signature			grea	ater.					y:						
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Relinquishe	ed by Ma	سيد				- /!					11							Date	Time	$\dashv$
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Chemical Laboratories

1414 Stanislaus Street Fresno, California 93706 Telephone (209) 485-8310 • Fax (209) 485-7427 Type: AQ-Aqueous SL-Sludge SO-Soil PE-Patroleum OT-Other

Seals: P-Present A-Absent B-Broken

DISTRIBUTION: WHITE, CANARY - LABORATORY PINK - ORIGINATOR

Samples are discarded 14 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made. Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.

## APPENDIX C

SECTION - 2

CHEMICAL TEST DATA SHEETS

AND

PROJECT-CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD





BSK-Pleasanton

Unocal (R.T. Nahas)

Date Sampled : 04/20/92

Time Sampled : 1245

Date Received : 04/22/92 Date of Analysis : 04/22/92

Report Issue Date: 04/30/92

Case Number

: Ch921100

Lab ID Number

: 1100-3

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-2 #1

Sample Type: LIQUID

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene  Toluene  Ethylbenzene  Total Xylene Isomers  Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	70 0.3 15 7.0 300	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3
		1

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences
may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman QA/QC Supervisor



BSK-Pleasanton

Unocal (R.T. Nahas)

Date Sampled : 04/20/92

Time Sampled : 1201

Date Received : 04/22/92 Date of Analysis : 04/22/92

Report Issue Date: 04/30/92

Case Number

: Ch921100

Lab ID Number

: 1100-2

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-3 #1

Sample Type: LIQUID

### Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene	1.0 0.4 ND 0.9 ND	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor

Jeffrey Creager, Organics Manager

Cynthia R91 1009 BTPL.t



FIGURE: C- 3

BSK-Pleasanton

Unocal (R.T. Nahas)

Date Sampled : 04/20/92

Time Sampled : 1058

Date Received : 04/22/92 Date of Analysis: 04/22/92

Report Issue Date: 04/30/92

Case Number

: Ch921100

Lab ID Number

: 1100-1

Project Number

: P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-4 #1, #2, #3

Sample Type: LIQUID

## Analyses for BTEX by EPA Method 8020 and TPH(G) by EPA Method 8015 Prepared by Method 5030

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter (ug/L)

Compound	Results	DLR
Benzene	ND	0.3
Toluene	ND	0.3
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.3
Total Xylene Isomers	ND	0.3
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (G)	ND	50

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

Cynthia Pigman, QA/QC Supervisor R91 1009 BTPL.t



BSK-Pleasanton

Unocal (R.T. Nahas)

Date Sampled : 04/20/92

Time Sampled : 1058

Date Received : 04/22/92 Date of Analysis : 04/28/92

Report Issue Date: 04/30/92

Case Number

: Ch921100

Lab ID Number

: 1100-1

Sample Description: MW-4 #1, #2, #3

Project Number : P92057.3

Sample Type: LIQUID

# Analyses for TPH (Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons) as Diesel by Method DHS GC/FID.

Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter ( $\mu$ g/L)

Analyte	Results	DLR
TPH(D)	ND	50

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting.

Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences
may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected

\*-This sample contains lower molecular weight hydrocarbons.

\*\*-This sample contains higher molecular weight hydrocarbons.

\*\*\*-This sample contains both higher and lower molecular weight hyrdrocarbons.

Cynthia Pigman QA/QC Supervisor

FIGURE: C-5



1414 Stanislaus Street Fresno, California 93706 Telephone (209) 485-8310 FAX (209) 485-6935 1-800-877-8310

BSK-Pleasanton

Unocal (R.T. Nahas)

Date Sampled : 04/20/92

Time Sampled : 1058

Date Received : 04/22/92

Date of Analysis: 04/24/92

Report Issue Date: 04/30/92

Case Number

: Ch921100

Lab ID Number

: 1100-1

Project Number : P92057.3

Sample Description: MW-4 #1, #2, #3

Sample Type: LIQUID

## Analyses for Hydrocarbon Oil & Grease by Standard Method 503E

Results Reported in Milligram per Liter (mg/L)

Analyte	Results	DLR	
Hydrocarbon Oil and Grease	ND	1	

Sample DLR = DLR x DLR Multiplier,

DLR Multiplier = 1

DLR: Detection Limit for the Purposes of Reporting. Exceptional sample conditions or matrix interferences may result in higher detection limits.

ND: None Detected --: Not Analyzed

Cynthia Pigwan, QA/QC Supervisor

920302 OGHL503

BSK Log N	umber	11 (		ANALYS	IS REQUEST/	CHAIN	OF CU	STODY	RECORD			1000-7437
Address City, State	Unoca 181 Q	varr	CA Re	SSKP)	Project or P.O.# 1920:5 Phone # 510) 46;	_		Lab Use in this section	14/	2 VHd	alysis required	5-4-92
Date sampled	Time sampled	Type (See key below)	Sampled by Sample of		Number of containers	Lab Sample number				olsans.		5-4-92 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
4/29/92	10:58 11:06	1.6	MW-4 #	<u>/</u> 2	2	\	1/0	× ,	×			2×14 2×40ml
	12:02		MW-4 #	3	1 2	( <del> </del>	X Y	×	×			2x40ml
V	12:45	V	mu-2 #1		2	-3	V	×				1

## IMPORTANT NOTICE: No samples will be analyzed without an authorized signature in this section.

I am hereby requesting BSK's Normal Chain-of-Custody Procedures for the above samples. I understand that these procedures are generally consistent with those outlined in the U.S. E.P.A. SW 846 and that there is no extra charge for this service.

By: Marty Cold

I am hereby requesting BSK's Formal Chain-of-Custody Procedures for the above samples. I understand that these procedures are generally consistent with those outlined in U.S. EPA Contract Laboratory Program Statement of Work, Section F, and that there is a charge of \$50.00 per work order or \$5.00 a bottle, whichever is greater.

/ Authorized Originature		Authorized Signature				
Signature	Print Name	Company	Date	Time		
Relinquished by West Chi	Martin Cline	BSX F	4/21/82	8120		
Received by Coco Harris	Citaris	BSK Zab	4-22-92	0815		
Relinquished by						
Received by						
Relinquished by						
Received by						

BSK & A	ssociates	Chemical	Laboratorie

25

KEY: Type: AQ-Aqueous SL-Sludge SO-Soil PE-Petroleum OT-Other Seals: P-Present A-Absent B-Broken DISTRIBUTION: WHITE, CANARY - LABORATORY PINK - ORIGINATOR

Samples are discarded 14 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made. Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.