ALAMEDA COUNTY

HEALTH CARE SERVICES

AGENCY



DAVID J. KEARS, Agency Director

August 27, 2001

StID #4252/R00000272

REMEDIAL ACTION COMPLETION CERTIFICATION

Wells Fargo Trust c/o Mr. John Ward P.O. Box 63939 San Francisco, CA 94613 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577 (510) 567-6700 FAX (510) 337-9335

RE: Walter Blumert Company, 490 43rd St., Oakland CA 94609

Dear Mr. Ward:

This letter confirms the completion of site investigation and remedial action for the 1-350 gallon paint thinner and the one (1) 1000 gallon gasoline tank located at the above described location. Thank you for your cooperation throughout this investigation. Your willingness and promptness in responding to our inquiries concerning the former underground tank is greatly appreciated.

Based on information in the above-referenced file and with provision that the information provided to this agency was accurate and representative of site conditions, this agency finds that the site investigation and corrective action carried out at your underground storage tank(s) site is in compliance with the requirements of subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 25299.37 of this Health and Safety Code and with corrective action regulations adopted pursuant to Section 25299.77 of the Health and Safety Code and that no further action related to the petroleum release(s) as the site is required.

This notice is issued pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 25299.37 of the Health and Safety Code.

Please contact Barney Chan at (510) 567-6765 if you have any questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

Mee Ling Tung

Director, Environmental Health

c: /B. Chan, Hazardous Materials Division-files

Chuck Headlee, RWQCB

Mr. Allan Patton, SWRCB Cleanup Fund

Mr. Leroy Griffin, City of Oakland OES, 1605 Martin Luther King Dr., Oakland CA 94612

RACC490 43rd St

ALAMEDA COUNTY

HEALTH CARE SERVICES

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August 27, 2001 StID # 4252/R00000272

Wells Fargo Trust c/o Mr. John Ward P.O. Box 63939 San Francisco, CA 94613 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577 (510) 567-6700 FAX (510) 337-9335

RE: Walter Blumert Company, 490 43rd St., Oakland CA 94609

Dear Mr. Ward:

This letter transmits the enclosed underground storage tank (UST) case closure letter in accordance with the Health and Safety Code, Chapter 6.75 (Article 4, Section 25299.37 h). The State Water Resources Control Board adopted this letter on February 20, 1997. As of March 1, 1997, the Alameda County Health Services, Local Oversight Program (LOP) is required to use this case closure letter. We are also enclosing the case closure summary. This document confirms the completion of the investigation and cleanup of the reported release at the subject site.

Site Investigation and Cleanup Summary:

Please be advised that the following conditions exist at the site:

- 30 parts per million (ppm) Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as diesel (TPHd), 720 ppm TPH as gasoline, 1.4, 1.3, 7.2, 30 ppm benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene and xylenes, respectively remain in the soil at the site.
- 3200 ppb TPHg and 240, ND, 18,5, ND, benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, xylenes and MTBE, respectively remain in groundwater at the site.

This site should be included in the City's permit tracking system. Please contact me at (510) 567-6765 with any questions.

Sincerely,

Parey M. Chan

Hazardous Materials Specialist

enclosures: Case Closure Letter, Case Closure Summary

c: Mr. L. Griffin, City of Oakland GES, 1605 MLK Jr. Way, Oakland CA 34612

(B. Char, files Letter only)

Trlt 490 43rd St

JUL 1 1 2001

CASE CLOSURE SUMMARY Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank Program

I. AGENCY INFORMATION

** * . Y **

June 15 Date: March 22, 2001

Agency name: Alameda County-HazMat Address: 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway

Room 250

City/State/Zip: Alameda, CA 94502-6577 Phone: (510) 567-6700

Responsible staff person: Barney Chan Title: Hazardous Materials Spec.

II. CASE INFORMATION

Site facility name: Walter Blumert Company

Site facility address: 490 43rd St. Oakland CA 94609

RB LUSTIS Case No: N/A Local Case No./LOP Case No.: 4252 Ko# 272

ULR filing date: 1/24/92 SWEEPS No: N/A

Responsible Parties: Addresses: Phone Numbers:

Wells Fargo Trust c/o P.O. Box 63939 415-396-3019

Mr. John Ward San Francisco, CA 94613

Tank No:	Size in gal.:	Contents:	Closed in-place or removed?:	Date:
1	1000	UL gasoline	removed ·	12/11/91
2	350	paint thinner		12/11/91

III. RELEASE AND SITE CHARACTERIZATION INFORMATION

Cause and type of release: unknown, however, the paint thinner tank was partially deteriorated on the top.

Site characterization complete? Yes

Date approved by oversight agency:

Monitoring Wells installed? YES Number: 4

Proper screened interval? Yes, from 6-22' and 10-20' in MW-4

Highest GW depth: 8.5 feet bgs Lowest depth: 13 feet bgs

Flow direction: southwest

Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Program

Most sensitive current use: mixed commercial/residential

Are drinking water wells affected? No

Aquifer name:

Is surface water affected? No Nearest affected SW name:

Off-site beneficial use impacts (addresses/locations): NA

Report(s) on file? Yes

Where are report(s) filed?

Alameda County EHS

and City of Oakland Fire Services

1131 Harbor Parkway, 2nd Floor

1605 MLK Jr. Dr.

Alameda CA 94502

Oakland CA 94612

Treatment and Disposal of Affected Material:

Material	Amount	Action (Treatment	Date	
	(include units)	of Disposal w/destination)		
USTs	1-1000, 1-380 gal	disposed @ H&H Shipping	12/11/91	
Soil	100 cy	disposed @ Redwood Landfill	?	
	-	Novato, CA		

Maximum Documented Contaminant		ncentrations ppm)	B	efore and Water (Cleanup
	1 Before	After 2		3 Before	Āfter	4
TPPH	490	720		7000	3200 ^	
Benzene	0.88	1.4		990	240	
Toluene	6.5	1.3		29	ND	
Ethylbenzene	19	7.2		280	18	
Xylenes	18	30		130	5	6-
TPHd	76	190			Ļ	
MTBE					<25	

Comments (Depth of Remediation, etc.):

- soil samples from original tank removal, 12/11/91
- soil samples after over-excavation on 3/31/92
- grab groundwater sample from borings EB-1 and EB-2, 6/1/94
- most recent monitoring event from MW-4, 12/28/00

CLOSURE IV.

Does completed corrective action protect existing beneficial uses per the Regional Board Basin Plan? unknown

Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank Program

IV. CLOSURE

Does completed corrective action protect potential beneficial uses per the Regional Board Basin Plan? unknown

Does corrective action protect public health for current land use?

Site management requirements: site should be included in the City of Oakland Permit Tracking System

Should corrective action be reviewed if land use changes? yes

Monitoring wells Decommisioned:

Number Retained: 4 Number Decommisioned: no

List enforcement actions taken:

List enforcement actions rescinded:

V. LOCAL AGENCY REPRESENTATIVE DATA

Name: Barney M. Chan

6/15/01 Barres as Clica Date:

Reviewed by

Name: eva chu

Signature:

Name: Susan Hugo

Signature: Susun Z. Shigo

Title: Hazardous Material Specialist

Title: Hazardous Materials Specialist

Date: 4/3/01

Title: Acting Supervisor

Date: 6/14/01

RWQCB NOTIFICATION VI.

Date Submitted to RB:

RB Response: Comun

RWQCB Staff Name: C. Headlee Title: AEG

Chuel Headle Date: 7/13/01

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS, DATA, ETC. see site summary

Page 3 of 3

Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank Program

IV. CLOSURE

1 4.

Does completed corrective action protect potential beneficial uses per the Regional Board Basin Plan? unknown

Does corrective action protect public health for current land use? YES

Site management requirements: site should be included in the City of Oakland Permit Tracking System

Should corrective action be reviewed if land use changes? yes

Monitoring wells Decommisioned: NO

Number Decommisioned: no Number Retained: 4

List enforcement actions taken:

List enforcement actions rescinded:

V. LOCAL AGENCY REPRESENTATIVE DATA

Name: Barney M. Chan Title: Hazardous Materials Specialist

Signature: Barney MChe Date: Glisloi

Reviewed by

Name: eva chu Title: Hazardous Material Specialist

Signature: Date: 4301

Name: Susan Hugo Title: Acting Supervisor

Signature: Ausm - Hugo Date: 6/14/0/

VI. RWQCB NOTIFICATION

Date Submitted to RB: RB Response:

RWQCB Staff Name: C. Headlee Title: AEG

Signature: Date:

VII. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS, DATA, ETC. see site summary

Page 3 of 3

KEI-J91-1201.R1 June 29, 1992

TABLE 1
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES
SOIL

<u>Date</u>	<u>Sample</u>	Depth (feet)	TPH as <u>Diesel</u>	TPH as <u>Gasoline</u>	<u>Benzene</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	Xylenes	Ethyl- benzene
12/11/91	A1 A2 B1	10.0 10.0 10.0	7.8 37 76	240 210	0.88 0.050 0.43	6.5 0.12 0.48	22 4.6 18	1.9 0.48 19
3/31/92	A(11.5) B(11.5)		10* 25*		1.4 0.55	1.3 ND	9.9 16	7.2
	SW-N SW-S SW-E SW-W	10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0	ND* 7.6* 190* ND*	3.6 190 20 ND	ND OAA • AA ND	ND 0_96_ ND	0.050 2.9 20 ND	0.0072 1.2 ND
Detection Limits		ر فران این این این این این این این این این ا	1.0	1.0	0.0050	0.0050	0.0050	

^{*} The sample was analyzed for TPH as paint thinner.

ND = Non-detectable.

Results are in parts per million (ppm), unless otherwise indicated.

TABLE 3
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES
SOIL

Sample Number	TPH as <u>Diesel</u>	TPH as <u>Gasoline</u>	<u>Benzene</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	<u>Xylenes</u>	Ethyl- <u>benzene</u>	TPH as Paint Thinner
	-	(Coll	ected on A	pril 12 a	and 13, 19	993)	
MW1(5) MW1(9.5) MW1(11.5)		ND 20 210	ND 0.069 1.2	ND 0.019 0.90	ND 0.090 2.6	ND 0.030 1.2	ND ND 11+
MW2(5) MW2(7.5) MW2(10) MW2(11.5)	ND 9.3** 190** 180**	ND 66+ .1,000+ 710+	ND 0.24 3.4 3.0	ND ND ND 0.71	ND 0.35 20 14	ND 0.026 ND 0.68	ND 15 320 310
MW3 (5) MW3 (10) MW3 (12)	4.7** 590** 53**	ND 2,000+ 630+	ND 2.6 0.86	ND 0.88 0.12	ND 28 2.3	ND 0.74 1.1	7.6 1,000 89

NOTE: The soil samples were collected at the depths below grade indicated in the () of the respective sample number.

- Sequoia Analytical Laboratory reported that the hydrocarbons detected appeared to be a diesel and non-diesel mixture.
- ** Sequoia Analytical Laboratory reported that the hydrocarbons detected did not appear to be diesel.
- Sequoia Analytical Laboratory reported that the hydrocarbons detected appeared to be a gasoline and non-gasoline mixture.
- Sequoia Analytical Laboratory reported that the hydrocarbons detected appeared to be a paint thinner and non-paint thinner mixture.

ND = Non-detectable.

Results in parts per million (ppm), unless otherwise indicated.

TABLE 3 - GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

(100 00 10 to 100 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			Benzene :	757 8 8 8 7 Y	Ethyl-		
SWell://g-ve	-Mineral	TPHg		* Toluene :	The Manager of the Control of the Co	Total :	MTBE
Date	(Spirits	(ug/L) = 1	(μg/L)	(hg/L)	Benzene	Xylenes	(µg/L)
-579599 34.00	*(PgI)			19.70	(UEID)	(LEAD)	**
MW-1							
04/29/93	600	290	31	1.9	2.7	5.4	
12/13/93	820	1,700	170	22.	19	48	
03/15/94	1,200	2,100	250	12	27	38	
06/16/94	430	700	35	6.8	8.7	10	
09/13/94	73	170	6.6	1.6	2.4	3.3]'
12/08/94	170	420	16	3.0	2.9	2.7	· .
03/14/95	65	630	39	ND	7.0	8.6	
06/28/95	130	720	100	7.8	23	32	\
10/13/95	900	290	8.6	0.55	2.8	1.4	
12/05/95	70	94	5.6	ND	0.67	0.53	
05/30/96	<50 .	1,700 ⁽¹⁾	62	<0.5	16	1,8	<5
09/03/96	<50	570	1.8	0.61	8.5	7.3	<5
12/06/96	<51	2,600	84	2.8	30	23	,
06/12/97	<51	580	9.4	1.3	5.0	4.0	8.1
12/16/97	490(4)	840	12	2.5	8.0	4.4	17
06/19/98	480	,130	0.80	< 0.50	1.8	0.52	<5.0
12/17/98	300 ⁽⁴⁾	89	1.9	< 0.50	< 0.50	0.69	<5.0
06/22/99	<50	220	6.7	< 0.50	4.5	< 0.50	<5.0
12/20/99	<50	130	1.5	< 0.50	0.71	< 0.50	<5.0
03/29/00	<50	360	7.0	2.0	4.7	3.5	·<5.0
07/05/00	<50	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<5.0
10/11/00	<50	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<5.0
MW-2						-	
04/29/93	4,100	11,000	2,400	51	76	160	
12/13/93	2,600	11,000	1,400	66	150	94	
06/16/94	11,000	18,000	2,100	ND	200	70	
09/13/94	5,400	12,000	~ 1,400	50	~ 200 -	- 89	
12/08/94	3,200	11,000	1,700	34	200	86	
03/14/95	670	14,000	1,500	41	160	66	-
06/28/95	8,700	11,000	1,700	ND	230	78	
10/13/95	1,500	9,400	1,200	41	200	61	
12/05/95	24,000	150,000	890	200	720	500	
05/30/96	<50	10,000(1)	61	5.1	28	11	<5 ⁽²⁾
09/03/96	<50	7,400	960	19	130	37	< 100(2)
09/03/96(3)	2,800	7,800	1,400	< 0.5	210	91	300
12/06/96	< 54	12,000	850	8	140	36	
06/12/97	< 50	5,100	810	25	6.8	13	< 5
12/16/97	3,600(4)	3,000	400	9.2	26	10	44
06/19/98	7,200	5,900	760	15	100	33	<25
12/17/98	3,400(4)	7,300	850	33	200	22	< 25
06/22/99	1,200	7,800	660	< 10	140	< 10	< 100
12/20/99	4,600(4)	9,400	650	24	92	21	< 100
03/29/00	3,600	11,000	590	130	250	440	<250
07/05/00	6,200	6,500	360	56	130	170	<250
10/11/00	2,800	1,100	63	2.7	15	2.8	<5.0

	er cristalia de	жетрно» С	No. T d Tubes	Toluene :	Ethýl :	Total	MIBE
Well	Mineral	(1877)	Benzene ((µg/L)	μg/L)	Benzene	Xylenes	(10/1)
Date	Spirits	经分类			(µg/L)		
2. 2. E	(hatr)		在 化于300分	第一个的一个	となって	No. 18 and 18 and	The street
MW-3							
04/29/93	5,800	8,500	840	17	40	42	
12/13/93	3,500	6,200	580	120	65	120	
06/16/94	4,700	7,700	910	ND .	86	50	
09/13/94	8,700	6,800	430	14	45	. 37	
12/08/94	2,100	.:.1,500 .	820	C.ND C	52	28	.
03/14/95	480 .	5,600	250	11 ु-	.25	.30	
06/28/95	2,100	14,000	650	18	<i>7</i> 0	54	,
10/13/95	430	° 2,500	270	1.9	15	10	 . ,
12/05/95	5,400	4,200	250	ND	26	ND	
05/30/96	>`<50	5,300 ⁽¹⁾	65	1.5	9.0	5.1	<5 ⁽²⁾
09/03/96	<50	8,900	460	17	51	7 7	<25 ⁽²⁾
09/03/96 ⁽³⁾	7,100	4,800	800	14	39	. 39	120
12/06/96	< 100	7,000	740	<5	60	17	ļ
06/12/97	<50	2,800	460	14	59	28	<50
12/16/97	4,000 ⁽⁴⁾	4,900	1,700	17	52	20	92
06/19/98	10,000	3,800	470	19	. 49 %′	21 7	<25
12/17/98	240 ⁽⁴⁾	5,000	450	18	100	4.8	<25
06/22/99	790	3,100	190	<1.0	52	<1.0	<10 _→
12/20/99	6,400(4)	4,500	230	12	47	38	<100
03/29/00	2,900	7,900	330	<2.5	58	30	<25
07/05/00	2,300	3,400	190	15	29	12	<25
10/11/00	2,000	4,100	230	<10	37	18	< 100
MW-4	1 . A.					[
06/22/99	1,900	3,200	410	<2.5	54	12	90
12/20/99	2,000%	2,000	160	7.4	8.0	7.0	25
03/29/00	<50	4,200	600	15	26	24	74
07/05/00	⁻⁸ '<50°- ³⁸	2,900	5 410	23	19	18	56
10/11/00	860	3,200	190	11 "	14	13	<25
12/28/00	590 ⁶⁹	3,100	240	<2.5	18	5.0	<25

Notes: All water results are reported in µg/L, approximately equal to ppb

5.0 DISCUSSION

Groundwater gradient and flow direction were calculated at 0.031 foot/foot to the south-southwest in December 2000. These values are consistent with previous sampling events.

Analytical results from the October 2000 sampling event indicate that concentrations of TPHg, BTEX and mineral spirits were not detected in well MW-1. Concentrations of mineral spirits decreased in wells MW-2 and MW-3, and increased to above the laboratory detection limit in

< = Not detected at laboratory reporting limit indicated

^{-- =} Analysis not performed

⁽¹⁾ Value revised by Chromalab from May 1996, submission 9605835

⁽²⁾ Confirmed by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS)

⁽³⁾ Duplicate sample analysis by Sequoia Analytical

⁽⁴⁾ Quantitation for this analyte is based on the response factor of diesel. Hydrocarbons reported do not match the pattern of the mineral spirit standard.

KEI-P91-1201.R6

TABLE 4
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES
SOIL

<u>Date</u>	Sample Number	TPH as Paint Thinner	<u>Gasoline</u>	<u>Benzene</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	Ethyl- <u>benzene</u>	<u>Xylenes</u>
6/01/94		ND ND	ND .	ND	ND	ND	ND
7 19 () () () () () () () () () (EB1(10) EB1(11.5)	ND ND	ND	ИĎ	ЙD	ND	ND ND
	EB2(5) EB2(10)	ND 28	ND 65*	ND 0.53	ND 0.13	ND 0.50	ND 1.9
	EB2(12)	45	180*	0.42	0.26	0.81	2.9

NOTE: The soil samples were collected at the depths below grade indicated in the () of the respective sample number.

Process may but he be be becomed at long a contraction of the

* Sequoia Analytical Laboratory reported that the hydrocarbons detected appeared to be a gasoline and non-gasoline mixture.

ND = Non-detectable.

Results in parts per million (ppm), unless otherwise indicated.

経済でもえる KEI-P91-1201.R6 July 20, 1994

TABLE 5

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES WATER

<u>Date</u>	Sample Number	TPH as Paint Thinner	TPH as <u>Gasoline</u>	<u>Benzene</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	Ethyl- benzene	Xylenes
6/01/94	EB1 EB2	7,000 as 3,700	3,400 9,200	∠ 26 ∋ ∋ ≀ 990	6.7 29	5.9 280	8.5 130
10.1(1.9) 10.111.5	, , is			<i>(</i> ,		**. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

NOTE: Water samples were collected during drilling. The results of the analyses may not be representative of formation water, and should be used for comparative informational purposes only.

Results in parts per billion (ppb), unless otherwise indicated. The State of the Control of the Cont

4.0 FINDINGS

4.1 Subsurface Conditions

The investigation area was covered with concrete sidewalks and asphalt roadway above approximately 1 to 2 feet of baserock and fill material consisting of silt. Below the baserock/fill, the encountered native soil consisted of dark brown to dark olive gray silty clay (CL). Disseminated, very fine to fine grained sand was observed in both borings in which only soil samples were collected (SB1 and SB2). Sand content appeared to increase with depth. Soil borings were completed to a depth of 9 feet bgs; however, the borings where water samples were collected were completed to a depth of approximately 15 to 19 feet bgs. Lithologic logs and the USCS of the borings in which soil samples were collected (SB1 and SB2) are included as Appendix 2. Soils were not evaluated in borings B3 through B8. The borings were completed to a total depth of approximately 15 to 19 feet bgs. Some lithology information could be inferred from the rate of penetration, type of soil remaining on the sampling probes upon removal, ability to develop the boring with compressed air, and the ability to collect water samples.

During the investigation, water was encountered at a depth of approximately 15 feet bgs. Water samples were collected from selected borings with the use of precleaned stainless steel bailers. The water was immediately transferred to laboratory-supplied 40-milliliter VOA vials (without head space) and 1-liter amber bottles, which were placed in a pre-chilled, insulated container pending transport to Chromalab, Inc., a state-certified analytical laboratory.

4.2 Analytical Results

Soil samples collected from borings SB1 and SB2 were analyzed for TPHg, BTEX, and TPH as paint thinner. No TPHg and BTEX concentrations were detected in the two soil samples analyzed with the exception of 0.54 milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) or parts per million (ppm) total xylenes. TPH as paint thinner concentrations were detected in sample SB1-9.0 at 52 ppm and in sample SB2-9.0 at 78 ppm. Due to sample interference, the TPHg reporting limit in soil sample SB2-9.0 was raised to 500 mg/kg. However, the lack of detectable BTEX concentrations indicates that TPHg was probably not present, which is similar to the analytical results reported in sample SB1-9.0. Results of the soil sample analyses are summarized in Table 1. A copy of the analytical results and chain of custody record is included in Appendix 3.

TABLE ξ - SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Boring/ Sample Depth	Paint Thinner (ppm)	TPHg (ppm)	Benzene (ppm)	Toluene (ppm)	Ethyl- benzene (ppm)	Total Xylenes (ppm)
SB1-9.0	52	< 100	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	0.54
SB2-9.0	78	< 500	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.5

Grab groundwater samples were collected from borings B3 through B8 and analyzed for TPHg, BTEX, and TPH as paint thinner. Concentrations of TPHg ranged from nondetect in samples collected from borings B3 and B8 to 46,000 micrograms per liter (μ g/L) or parts per billion (ppb) in boring B6. Concentrations of TPH as paint thinner ranged from nondetect in samples collected from borings B3 and B8 to 16,000 ppb in boring B7.

Analytical results for grab groundwater samples at this site are suspect due to overlapping fuel patterns. Respective sample fuel patterns overlap for both TPHg and TPH as paint thinner analyses and analytical fuel patterns resembles a gasoline and paint thinner mix. Sample results for the water analysis are presented in Table 2. Analytical results for TPH as paint thinner are illustrated on Figure 3 and TPHg analytical results are illustrated on Figure 4. A copy of the analytical results and chain of custody forms is attached as Appendix 3.

TABLE 7 - GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Boring/ Sample Number	TPHg (ppb)	Benzene (ppb)	Toluene (ppb)	Ethyl- benzene (ppb)	Total Xylenes (ppb)	Paint Thinner (ppb)
B3-W	<50	0.89	1.6	< 0.50	0.91	<500
B4-W	11,000*	200	66	220	96	6,800*
B5-W	5,300*	18	18	32	56	12,000*
B6-W	46,000*	880	< 0.50	160	180	< 800
B7-W	4,400*	190	14	130	100	16,000*
B8-W	< 50	< 0.50	0.97	<0.50	1.8	< 500

Notes: $\mu g/L = \text{micrograms per Liter, approximately equal to ppb}$

5.0 DISCUSSION

Previous soil samples collected in the northeastern corner of the excavation pit indicated an impact from contents of the former USTs. However, analytical results from the additional subsurface investigation conducted on April 16, 1996, indicated no concentrations of TPHg in soil samples SB1-9.0 and SB2-9.0, which were collected at a depth of 9 feet bgs in the northeastern corner of the previous excavation. Minor concentrations of TPH as paint thinner were detected in soil samples SB1-9.0 and SB2-9.0 at 52 and 78 ppm, respectively. These results indicate minor soil impact is probably confined to soils immediately adjacent to the former paint thinner UST.

The April 1996 investigation indicated elevated levels of TPHg and TPH as paint thinner in groundwater samples collected from exploratory soil borings drilled downgradient from the former UST excavation. Groundwater downgradient of the former USTs has been impacted from the

^{*}Estimated concentration for gasoline and paint thinner due to overlapping fuel patterns. Fuel pattern resembles, gasoline and paint thinner mix.

The borings were advanced using a hydraulically-driven Geoprobe® with 2-inch-diameter, hollow-stem direct-push augers operated under the supervision of a C-57 licensed contractor. An ACC geologist observed the advancement of each probe. No drill cuttings were generated using the pneumatic process.

The Geoprobe® was driven approximately 6 feet into the saturated zone. After completion of drilling, an ORC® and water mixture consisting of approximately 14 pounds of ORC® to 5 gallons of water was injected into each boring. This mixture represents a slurry with approximately 25% solids, and was disseminated at a rate of approximately 1 gallon of ORC® grout per one foot of boring while removing the probes. Each of 25 soil borings received approximately 14 pounds of ORC®, resulting in the introduction of 350 pounds of ORC® into the saturated zone. After installation of the ORC® slurry, portland cement was poured into each boring above the ORC® to complete each hole to just below the surface. The surface of each probe location was capped with concrete to match existing grade.

During installation of ORC®, one grab groundwater sample was obtained from a soil boring adjacent to the UST excavation. ACC attempted to collect grab groundwater samples from several of the soil borings located near the center of the street and downgradient of the former USTs. Attempted and completed grab groundwater sample locations are illustrated on Figure 3. Analytical results from the grab groundwater sample obtained from boring OB-1 indicate that mineral spirits are present at a concentration of 130,000 ppb, TPHg at 41,000 ppb, and benzene at 790 ppb. Toluene, ethylbenzene, total xylenes, and MTBE were not detected above the laboratory reporting limit. Analytical results are summarized in Table 3, and copies of the chain of custody record and laboratory analytical results are included in Appendix 3.

TABLE **8** – GRAB GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Sample Number	TPHg (µg/l)	Benzene (µg/l)	Toluene (μg/l)	Ethyl- benzene (µg/l)	Total Xylenes (μg/l)	MTBE (μg/l)	Mineral Spirits (µg/l)
OB-1	41,000	790	<13	<13	<13	<130	130,000

Notes: $\mu g/l = micrograms$ per liter, equivalent to parts per billion (ppb) < sample falls below indicated laboratory reporting limit 个

lifer of than when found in Ob.

Table 1. Ground Water Sampling and Analyses, Quarterly Well Sampling on December 28, 2000—489 43rd Street, Bucate Plata

Sample , Location	Sample Date	Matrix Sampled	TPH-D μg/L	TPH-G µg/L	Benzene µg/L	Toluene µg/L	Ethyl benzene µg/L	Xylenes µg/L	MTBE µg/L	Lead µg/L	Paint Thinner ug/L
MWA-1	12/20/99	Water	57	110	ND	0.79	ND	ND	ND	ND	ИD
MWA-I	3/27/00	Water	ND	84	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	75
MWA-1	6/29/00	Water	ND	97	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	51
MWA-1	9/22/00	Water	ND	64	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	160
MWA-1	12/28/00	Water	ND	80	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Laboratory Detection Limit		Water	50	50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	5.0	5.0	. 50
Maximum Contar water standard set by Services)			N/A	N/A	1.0	150	700	1750	N/A	N/A	N/A

Legend.

All results are expressed in µg/L unless otherwise noted

N/A = Not available

ND = at or below laboratory detection limit.

TPH-D = total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel

TPH-G = total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline

Paint Thinner = total petroleum hydrocarbons as paint thinner

Note 1: The State of California has not yet developed a final MCL for MTBE. The State is proposing a primary MCL of 13 μg/L for MTBE and a secondary MCL of 5

Note 2: The Sate of California has not established an MCL for lead, but the USEPA has established a lead MCL of 15 µg/L.

Table G-1

Calculation of Emission Rate and Concentration of Benzene from Groundwater in Indoor and Ambient Air Using Farmer's Simplified Indoor and Box Models and Estimation of Cancer and Non-Cancer Risks for Residential and Occupational Inhalation Exposure Only

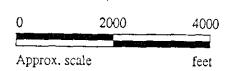
	\(\(\)			Indooor Air Conc.	Ambient Air Conc.	Residential Inhalat	on Exposure Risk	Occupational Inhala	ion Exposure Risk
Basic Data	Conc. in Water (mg/L)	Depth to Groundwater ((t)	Emission Rate Clay Soil Sand Soil (mg/m^2-sec)		Clay Soil Sand Soil (mg/m^3)	Clay Soil Sand Soil ELCR	Clay Soil Sand Soil HQ	Clay Soil Sand Soil ELCR	Clay Soil Sand So HQ
Chemical Benzene enry's Law Constant 0.228 Unitless r Diffusion Coeffecient 0.08715 cm^2/sec ater Content	0.00\$	10 15, 20 25	1.12E-03 6.49E-04 2.23E-04 1.30E-04 1.12E-04 6.49E-05 7.43E-05 4.33E-05 5.58E-05 3.25E-05 4.46E-05 2.60E-05	1.05E-02 6.14E-03	1.18E-03 6.90E-04 5.92E-04 3.45E-04 3.95E-04 2.30E-04 2.96E-04 1.72E-04	1.22E-03 7.11E-04 2.44E-04 1.42E-04 1.22E-04 7.11E-05 8.13E-05 4.74E-05 6.10E-05 3.55E-05 4.88E-05 2.84E-05 4.07E-05 2.37E-05	NA	2.40E-07 1.40E-07	NA N
0.15 for sand soil 0.225 for clay soil 3000 Area 2000 ft ^2 x Area 105300 ft ^2 verage Wind Speed 13.71 ft/sec	0.05	1 5 10 15 20 25	2.23E-03 1.30E-05 1.12E-02 6.49E-03 2.23E-03 1.30E-03 1.12E-03 6.49E-04 7.43E-04 4.33E-04 5.58E-04 3.25E-04 4.46E-04 2.60E-0	5.27E-03 3:07E-03 2.63E+00 1.53E+00 5.27E-01 3:07E-01 2.63E-01 1.53E-01 1.76E-01 1.02E-01 1.32E-01 7.67E-02 1.05E-01 6:14E-02	1.18E-04 6.90E-05 5.92E-02 3.45E-02 1.18E-02 6.90E-03 5.92E-03 3.45E-03 3.95E-03 2.30E-03 2.96E-03 1.72E-03 2.37E-03 1.38E-03	1.22E-02 7.11E-03 2.44E-03 1.42E-03 1.22E-03 7.11E-04 8.13E-04 4.74E-04 6.10E-04 3.55E-04 4.88E-04 2.84E-04 4.07E-04 2.37E-04	NA	4.80E-06 2.80E-06 3.60E-06 2.10E-06 2.88E-06 1.68E-06	NA N
oss-wind Width 357 (t own-wind Length 295 ft oughness Height 0.16 ft ixing Height 26.6 ft ttenuation Factor	***	10 11 12 2 2 3	2.23E-04 1.30E-0 2.23E-02 1.30E-0 4.46E-03 2.60E-0 2.23E-03=130E-0 1.49E-03 8.66E-0 1.12E-03 6.49E-0 8.92E-04 5.20E-0 7.43E-04 4.33E-0	5.27E-02 3.07E-02 2 5.27E+00 3.07E+00 3 1.05E+00 6.14E-01 5.27E-01 3.07E-08 4 3.51E-01 2.05E-01 4 2.63E-01 1.53E-01 4 2.11E-01 1.23E-01 04 1.76E-01 1.02E-01	1.18E-03 6.90E-04 1.18E-01 6.90E-0 2.37E-02 1.38E-0 7.90E-03 4.60E-0 5.92E-03 3.45E-0 4.74E-03 2.76E-0 3.95E-03 2.30E-0	2 2.44E-04 1.42E-0 2 2.44E-02 1.42E-0 2 4.88E-03 2.84E-0 3 2.44E-03 7.42E-0 3 1.63E-03 7.11E-0 3 9.76E-04 5.69E-0	2 NA	1.44E-06 8.39E-0 1.44E-04 8.39E-0 1.44E-04 8.39E-0 1.44E-05 8.39E-0 1.44E-05 8.39E-0 1.44E-05 8.39E-0 1.44E-05 8.39E-0 1.44E-06 8.3	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
0.1 nuilding Height 10 ft Air Exchange Rate 12 time \(\day \) Porosity 0.45 for clay soil 0.3 for sand soil	0.25		5 1.12E-02 6.49E- 0 5.58E-03 3.25E- 5 3.72E-03 2.16E- 20 2.79E-03 1.62E- 20 2.79E-03 1.62E- 21 2.20E-03 1.60E-	02 1.32E+01 7.67E+0 03 2.63E+00 1.53E+0 03 2.63E+00 7.67E-0 03 8.78E-01 5.11E-0	0 2.96E-01 1.72E-0 0 5.92E-02 3.45E-4 1 2.96E-02 1.72E-1 1 1.97E-02 1.15E-1 1 1.48E-02 8.62E-1 1 1.18E-02 6.90E-	01 6.10E-02 3.55E- 1.22E-02 7.11E- 1.22E-02 7.11E- 1.22E-03 3.55E- 1.22E-03 2.37E- 1.22E-03 1.78E- 1.22E-03 1.42E- 1.22E-03 1.42E- 1.22E-03 1.42E-	02 NA N 03 NA N 03 NA N 03 NA N 03 NA N	A 3.60E-04 2.10E-0 A 7.20E-05 4.19E-0 A 3.60E-05 2.10E-0	NA N

01-May

h-\wa1\proundw. ene wa1



Base modified from 7.5 minute U.S.G.S. Oakland West Quadrangle (photorevised 1980)

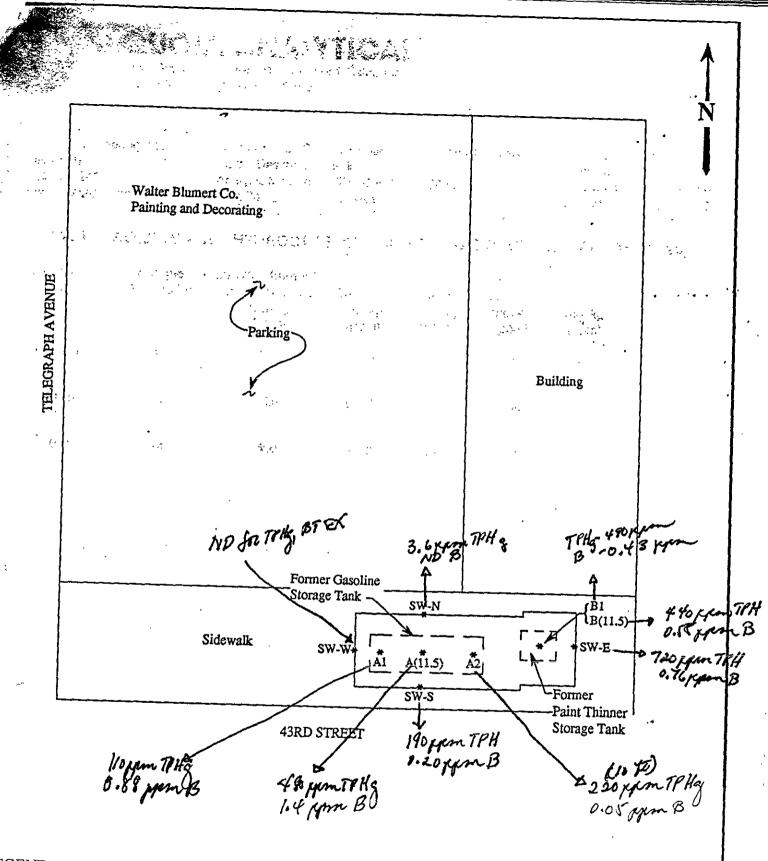




WELLS FARGO BANK (WALTER BLUMERT CO, INC.) 490 43RD STREET OAKLAND, CA

LOCATION MAP

Fraure 1



LEGEND

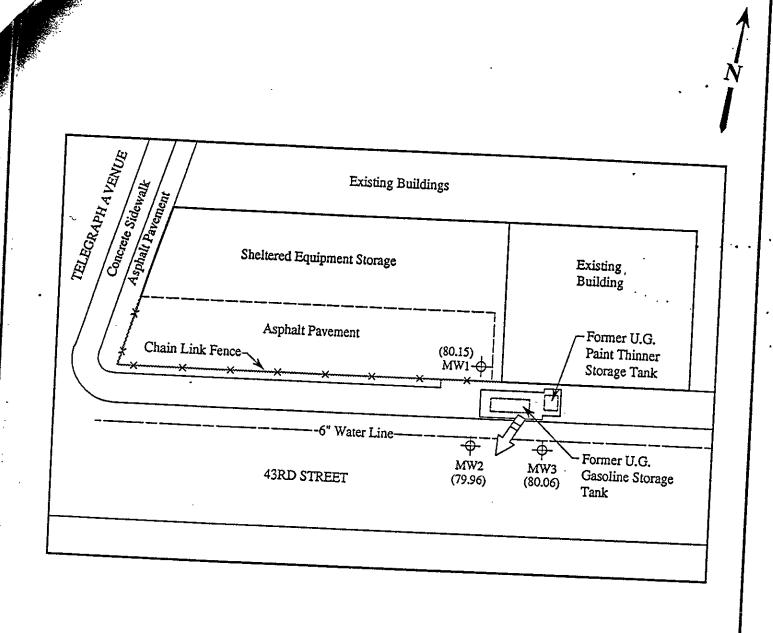
* Sample point location

NOT TO SCALE



WELLS FARGO BANK (WALTER BLUMERT CO, INC.) 490 43RD STREET OAKLAND, CA

SITE PLAN Fig. 2

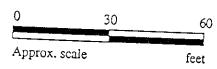


LEGEND

→ Monitoring well

() Ground water elevation in feet above Mean Sea Level

Direction of ground water flow

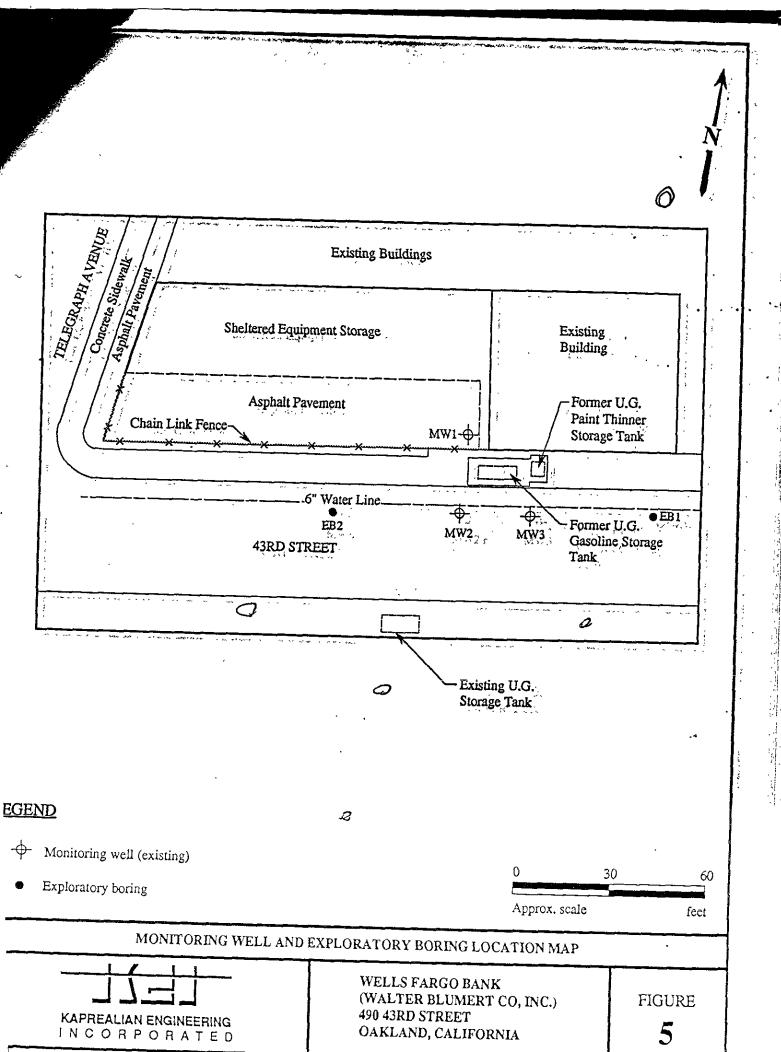


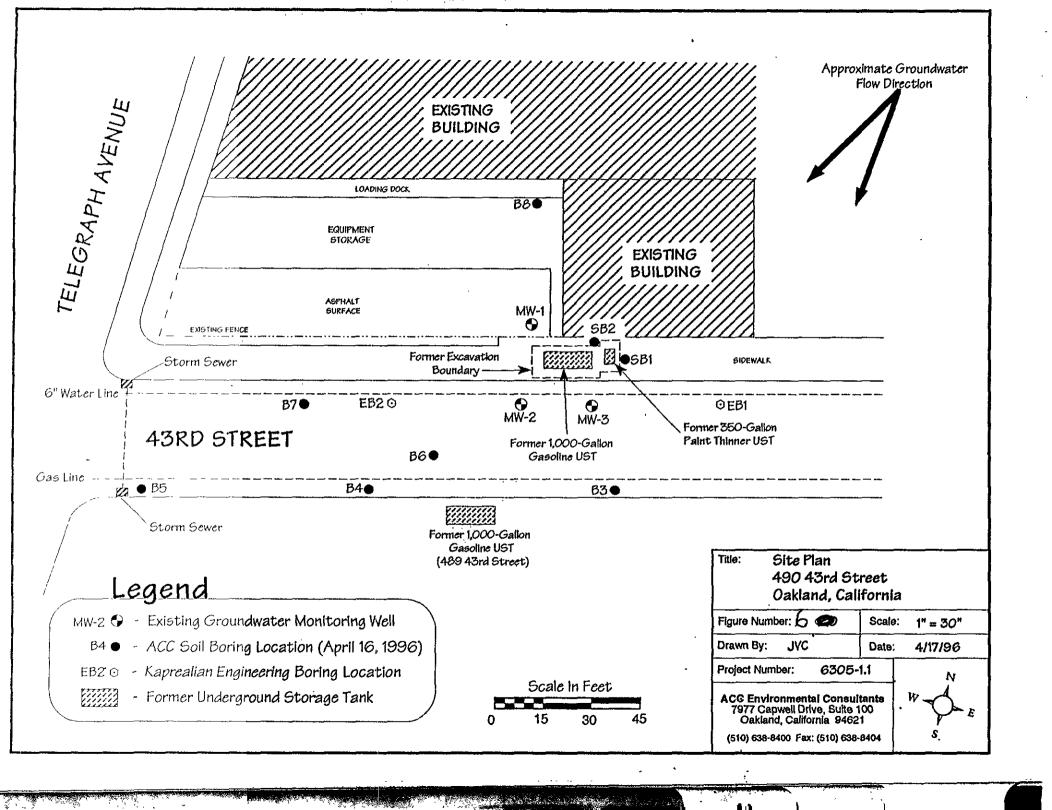
GROUND WATER FLOW DIRECTION MAP FOR THE APRIL 29, 1993 MONITORING EVENT

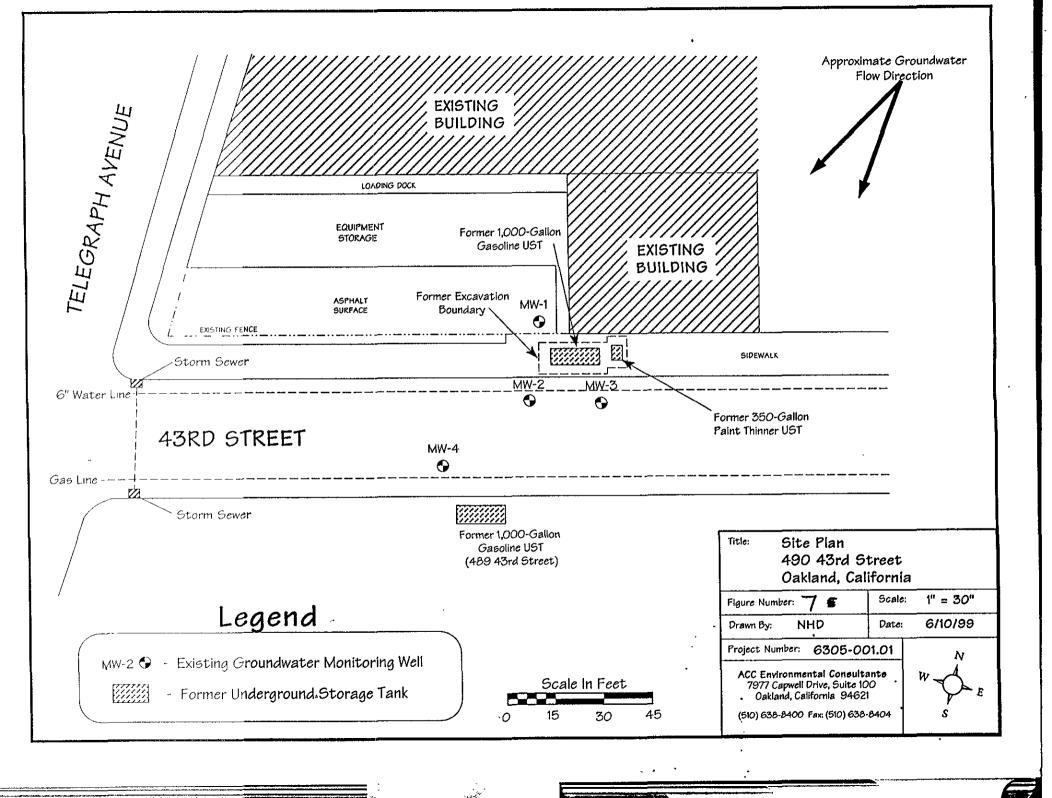


WELLS FARGO BANK (WALTER BLUMERT CO, INC.) 490 43RD STREET OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

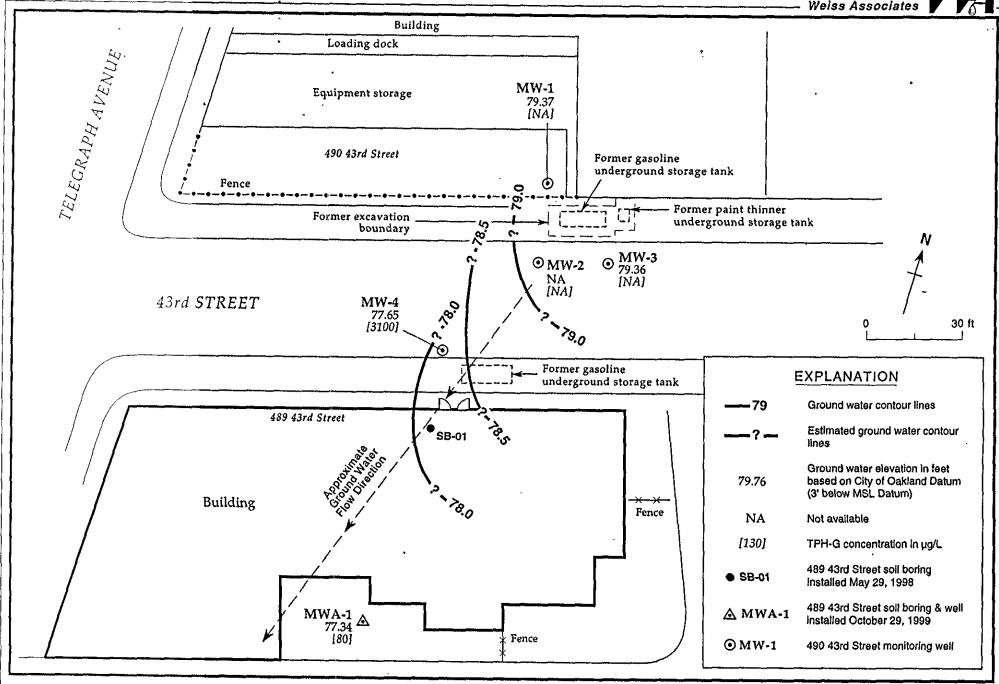
FIGURE 3



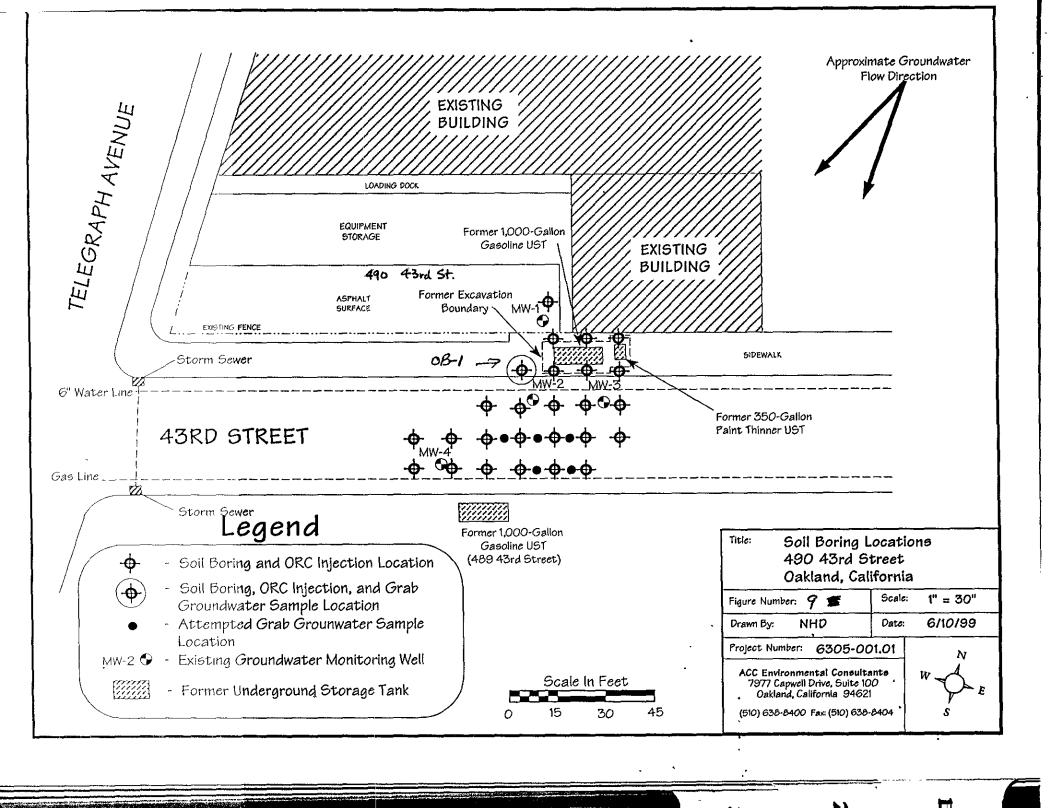








Quarterly Sampling Data, December 28, 2000 - 489 43rd Street, Oakland, California Figure 8.



						BORING LOG				
Project No.				Bo	ring Di	imeter 8"	Logged By JGG			
KEI-P91-120					sing Dia	meter 2"	DL. <i>(EG/633</i>			
Project Name 490 43rd, Street			k	We	ell Cove	r Elevation	Date Drilled			
Boring No. MW1	- · · - - ·		-		Drilling Hollow-stem Method Auger		Drilling Company Great Sierra Exploration			
Penetration blows/6"	G. W. level	Depth (feet) Samples	g.	Strati- graphy USCS		Description				
			-			Asphalt pavement over sand and	gravel base.			
•			М	IL,		Clayey silt, trace fine-grained sa	und, stiff, moist, black.			
		 	c	L		Silty clay, estimated at 10-15% dark brown with iron oxide stair	sand and trace gravel, very stiff, moist, hing.			
6/11/13			5 1	M	Œ i		5% clay and trace gravel, very stiff,			
14/23/35				,				G	С	
		10	G	м 200	Silty gravel with sand, trace clay, gravel to 5/8 inch in diameter, very dense, very moist, olive gray.					
15/28/42	<u>-</u>	<u>_</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>=</u>					Gravelly silt, estimated at 10-15	% sand, gravel to 1 inch in diameter, t, dark greenish gray and olive brown.
16/33/41			M	L		Gravelly silt as above, except of				
		15 —			5558	moist, olive gray and dark green	gravel to 1 inch in diameter, hard, ish gray, mottled.			
7/11/14		G	М		• -	at 15% silt and 5% clay, gravel to 1 wet, dark olive gray, grades to dark				
7/11/14		20	M	L		Sandy silt, estimated at 10-15% g fine-grained, very stiff, wet, olive				
11/			SI	M		Silty sand, estimated at 10-15% golive brown.	gravel, medium dense, wet, coheșive,			

			BORING LOG	
Project No. KEI-P91-1201		Boring D		Logged By JGG
Project Name 1 490 43rd. Street	Wells Fargo Bank , Oakland	Casing Di Well Cove	ameter 2" er Elevation	D.L. <i>CEG / C 3 3</i> Date Drilled April 12, 1993
Boring No. MW1		Drilling Method	Hollow-stem Auger	Drilling Company Great Sierra Exploration
	F. W. Depth evel (feet) Samples	Strati- graphy USCS		Description
17/23		SM	Silt with fine-grained sa stiff, moist, olive brown	nd, trace gravel to 3/8 inch in diameter, very and dark yellowish brown, mottled.
	30			TOTAL DEPTH: 23'

					BORING LOG								
Project No.				Boring Di	ameter 8"	Logged By JGG							
KEI-P91-120	1			Casing Dia	ameter 2"	Logged By JGG D.L. CEG 1633							
Project Name 490 43rd, Stre	Wells et, Oakl	Fargo Bani land	c	Well Cove	er Elevation	Date Drilled April 12, 1993							
Boring No. MW2				Drilling Method	Hollow-stem Auger	Drilling Company Great Sierra Exploration							
Penetration blows/6"	G. W. level	Depth (feet) Samples	gı	trati- raphy JSCS	Descr	ription							
					Asphalt pavement over sand and	l gravel base.							
			М		Clayey silt, trace sand and grave	l, very stiff, moist, black.							
		 	CI		Silty clay, estimated at 10-15% s dark brown, with iron oxide stain	and, trace gravel, very stiff, moist, ing.							
7/8/11									_ 5 -	М		Clayey silt, esimtated at 10-15% sand, very stiff, moist, dark brown, with iron oxide staining.	
				CI		Silty clay, very stiff, moist, dark	brown, mottled, dark gray.						
			М		Silt with fine-grained sand, stiff,	moist, olive gray.							
7/9/11			GC		Clayey gravel with sand, estimate in diameter, medium dense, mois	ed at 5-10% silt, gravel to 1-1/2 inches t, dark olive gray.							
14/9/15	`	_ 10 _			Clayey gravel as above, except ve	ery moist to wet.							
7/12/13	_		GM	1 0000	Silty gravel with sand, medium d	ense, very moist, dark olive gray.							
	-		SM		Silty sand, estimated at 15-20% s diameter, medium dense, moist, o	silt and trace gravel to 1/2 inch in dark greenish gray.							
12/14/13		15	GM		Silty gravel with sand, trace clay, olive to olive gray.	medium dense, very moist to wet,							
10/10/10	}		М		yellowish brown.	% fine-grained sand, very stiff, moist,							
			GM		Silty gravel with sand, medium de								
	- -				Silt with sand, estimated at 5-10% brown.	clay, very stiff, moist, yellowish							
8/10/12		_ 20 _	MI		Silt with clay, estimated at 10-15% fine-grained sand, very stiff, moist yellowish brown.								

Į.						BORING LOG														
	Project No.	•			Boring I	Diameter 8"	Logged By JGG													
A.	KEI-P91-120				Casing I	Diameter 2"	DL. CEG 1633													
	Project Nam 490 43rd. Str	e Wells eet, Oak	Fargo Banl land	k	Well Co	ver Elevation	Date Drilled													
	Boring No. MW3		·				·		·		Drilling Method	Hollow-stem Auger	Drilling Company Great Sierra Exploration							
	Penetration blows/6"	G. W.	Depth (feet) Samples	g	trati- raphy JSCS	Descr	ription													
						Asphalt pavement over sand and	I gravel base.													
						Clayey silt, trace sand and grave brown and black, mottled (fill).	Clayey silt, trace sand and gravel, very stiff, moist, very dark gravish													
	6/7/8			CI		Silty clay, estimated at 10-15% sand and trace gravel, very stiff, moist, dark brown with iron oxide staining, disturbed soil.														
	0/ <i>1</i> //8											sc		Clayey sand, estimated at 10-159 moist, dark brown with iron oxid	% silt and trace gravel, medium dense, de staining, poor recovery.					
	9/11/14										ļ	ļ	ļ	 	ļ	} }	} }-	- - -	}- }-	} }
	1	F	- 9			Gravelly silt, estimated at 10-15% olive gray and deep greenish gray	of fine-grained sand, very stiff, moist,													
	6/11/14	Y -	Y	Y	Y -	¥-	¥	¥	*	Y	*	<u>_</u>	*	<u> </u>	<u>×</u>		ML	L		greenish gray and olive, mottled,
	9/14/26											- 15	SM		Silty sand with gravel, estimated diameter, olive brown, trace clay	at 15-25% silt, gravel to 1-1/2 inch in below 15.5 feet.				
	8/8/8		- 20	ML		Silt with sand, trace gravel, stiff, no Clayey silt, trace fine-grained sand	noist, light yellowish brown. 1, stiff, moist, light yellowish brown.													
	14/36/30					Silt with fine-grained sand, trace g stiff, moist, olive brown and dark	ravel to 3/8 inch in diameter, very yellowish brown, mottled.													

gratura " sex tos.

Soil Color <u>Color Code</u> (Munsell Soil Color Chart)	Blows per foot	SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE INTERVAL	depth below ground surface (ft)	EQUIPMENT: B-61 Drilling Rig - 8" Hollow Stem Augers OPERATED BY: GREGG DRILLING AND TESTING, Inc. LOGGED BY: N. Doran LOCATION: 490 43rd Street, Oakland, California WORK DATE: 7/23/99 Asphalt / Baserock
10YR-5/4 10YR-3/3 .10YR-5/3 2.5Y-4/4 10YR-3/3	1202	MW4-2		- 2	Silt and clayey silt (ML), yellow brown, disseminated fine grained sand and gravel, nonplastic, medium dense \$ Silt (ML), dense, as above, dark brown \$ Clayey silt (ML), brown, disseminated fine grained sand, nonplastic, medium dense \$ Clayey silt (ML), as above, olive brown \$ Sandy silt (SM), disseminated fine grained gravel, fines >50%, brown with green mottling, medium plastic, petroleum hydrocarbon odor Sandy silt (SM), as above, saturated Sandy silt (SM), light brown with green discoloration along fractures, disseminated fine grained gravel, 20-30% fine grained sand, very damp Sandy silt (SM), as above TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING: 22.5 feet (bg WELL BOTTOM END SET @ 20 feet (bgs \$ \$ Logged from soil cuttings
ACC Environmental Co 7977 Capwell Drive Oakland, Califorr (510)638-8400 FAX:	e, Su ₁ ia - S	ite 100 14621			t No: LOG OF BORING MW-4 OO1.01 Blumert Paint Company 490 43rd Street Oakland, California

CASE CLOSURE SUMMARY Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank Program

I. AGENCY INFORMATION Dat

Date: March 22, 2001

Agency name: Alameda County-HazMat Address: 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway

Room 250

City/State/Zip: Alameda, CA 94502-6577 Phone: (510) 567-6700

Responsible staff person: Barney Chan Title: Hazardous Materials Spec.

II. CASE INFORMATION

Site facility name: Walter Blumert Company

Site facility address: 490 43rd St. Oakland CA 94609

RB LUSTIS Case No: N/A Local Case No./LOP Case No.: 4252 Ko# 272

ULR filing date: 1/24/92 SWEEPS No: N/A

Responsible Parties: Addresses: Phone Numbers:

Wells Fargo Trust c/o P.O. Box 63939 415-396-3019

Mr. John Ward San Francisco, CA 94613

Tank No:	Size in gal.:	Contents:	<pre>Closed in-place or removed?:</pre>	<u>Date:</u>
1	1000	UL gasoline	removed	12/11/91
2	350	paint thinner	removed \cdot	12/11/91

III. RELEASE AND SITE CHARACTERIZATION INFORMATION

Cause and type of release: unknown, however, the paint thinner tank was partially deteriorated on the top.

Site characterization complete? Yes

Date approved by oversight agency:

Monitoring Wells installed? YES Number: 4

Proper screened interval? Yes, from 6-22' and 10-20' in MW-4

Highest GW depth: 8.5 feet bgs Lowest depth: 13 feet bgs

Flow direction: southwest

Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Program

Most sensitive current use: mixed commercial/residential

Are drinking water wells affected? No

Aquifer name:

Is surface water affected? No Nearest affected SW name:

Off-site beneficial use impacts (addresses/locations): NA

Report(s) on file? Yes

Where are report(s) filed?

Alameda County EHS

and

City of Oakland Fire Services

1131 Harbor Parkway, 2nd Floor

1605 MLK Jr. Dr.

Alameda CA 94502

Oakland CA 94612

Treatment and Disposal of Affected Material:

Material	Amount (include units)	Action (Treatment of Disposal w/destination)	Date
USTs Soil	1-1000, 1-380 gal 100 cy	disposed @ H&H Shipping disposed @ Redwood Landfill Novato. CA	12/11/91 ?

Maximum Documented Contaminant		ncentrations ppm)	- - Be	fore and Water (Cleanup
_	1 <u>Before</u>	After 2	3	Before	After	4
TPPH	490	720		7000	3200	
Benzene	0.88	1.4		990	240	
Toluene	6.5	1.3		29	ND	
Ethylbenzene	19	7.2		280	18	
Xylenes	18	30		130	5 '	-
TPHd	76	190				
MTBE					<25	

Comments (Depth of Remediation, etc.):

- 1 soil samples from original tank removal, 12/11/91
- 2 soil samples after over-excavation on 3/31/92
- 3 grab groundwater sample from borings EB-1 and EB-2, 6/1/94
- 4 most recent monitoring event from MW-4, 12/28/00

IV. CLOSURE

Does completed corrective action protect existing beneficial uses per the Regional Board Basin Plan? unknown

Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank Program

IV. CLOSURE

Does completed corrective action protect potential beneficial uses per the Regional Board Basin Plan? unknown

Does corrective action protect public health for current land use? YES

Site management requirements: site should be included in the City of Oakland Permit Tracking System

Should corrective action be reviewed if land use changes? yes

Monitoring wells Decommisioned: NO

Number Decommissioned: no Number Retained: 4

List enforcement actions taken:

List enforcement actions rescinded:

V. LOCAL AGENCY REPRESENTATIVE DATA

Name: Barney M. Chan Title: Hazardous Materials Specialist

Signature: Banks MChe_ Date: Glislo1

Reviewed by

Name: eva chu Title: Hazardous Material Specialist

Signature: Date: 4(3)01

Name: Susan Hugo Title: Acting Supervisor

Signature: Ausu Augo Date: 6/14/0/

VI. RWQCB NOTIFICATION

Date Submitted to RB: RB Response:

RWQCB Staff Name: C. Headlee Title: AEG

Signature: Date:

VII. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS, DATA, ETC. see site summary

Page 3 of 3

Site Summary for 490 43rd Street, Oakland CA 94609 Walter Blumert Paint Company, aka Blumert Trust

This site is located at the northeastern corner of Telegraph Ave. and 43^{rd} St., see Figure 1. The facility formerly operated one 1000 gallon gasoline UST and one 350 gallon paint thinner UST. On December 11, 1991 the two USTs were removed from the sidewalk, in front of an existing onsite building. The tanks laid side to side. Three soil samples were collected from the base of the excavation pit from beneath the each end of the gasoline tank and from beneath the paint thinner tank. These samples were taken from a depth of 10' bgs and were labeled A1, A2 and B1. Based upon the observed visual contamination, lateral and vertical over-excavation was performed on March 31, 1992. One soil sample was collected from the center of the gasoline tank, A(11.5) and one from beneath the paint thinner tank labeled B(11.5). Four additional soil samples were collected from the sidewalls of the pit at a depth of 10' and labeled SW-N, SW-S, SW-E and SW-W. See Table 1 and Figure 2 for results and a site plan. TPH as diesel was also analyzed in these samples. Significant residual TPH was left in place. The over-excavation was limited in the north and south directions because of the presence of the building and the street, respectively.

Gasoline and paint thinner are typically in the boiling range of C4-C12 and C7-C9, respectively, therefore to quantify one product in the presence of the other, the laboratory must be careful not to "double count" the overlapping constituents in the C7-C9 range. It is assumed that TPHg concentrations reported without reporting TPH as paint thinner includes both fractions. When both TPHg and TPHpt are reported, the lab attempted to distinguish the two and therefore not "double count".

On April 12, 1993, three two inch diameter monitoring wells were installed in close proximity to the former tank pit. Soil samples were taken from each well at varying depths. See Figure 3, Table 3 and the respective boring logs. Groundwater was encountered at 12-12.5' below grade and contamination appeared to be mostly in the saturated capillary fringe zone. The first water bearing unit consisted of sandy or clayey silt with lesser amounts of silty gravel and silty sand. As would be revealed in future monitoring events, little change in contaminant concentration could be seen in the down-gradient wells, MW-2 and MW-3 because they were located too close, approximately 10-15', to the former tanks.

Three additional down-gradient wells were proposed for installation, however, while preparing the site for drilling, an underground tank was found on the other side of 43rd St. adjacent to the location of proposed MW5. The installation of MW5 was put on hold pending the removal of the off-site UST located at 489 43rd St.. This property is owned by Mr. Ronn Simpson. On June 1, 1994 the two cross-gradient borings formerly proposed as MW-4 and MW-6 were completed as borings only and labeled EB1 and EB2. Soil and grab groundwater samples were collected from these borings. See Figure 5 and Tables 4 and 5. Significant soil contamination was found in EB-2, while significant groundwater contamination was found in both borings. The petroleum release had obviously migrated well beneath 43rd St in a diffuse pattern

Site Summary for 490 43rd Street, Oakland CA 94609 Page 2

In September 1995, the underground tank at 489 43rd St. was removed. Up to 1900 ppm TPHg, 1300 ppm TPHd and low levels of BTEX and MTBE were exhibited in the soil sample from beneath the tank. This data did not clarify this situation, since it appeared that there had been two separate fuel releases. It would eventually be clear that the two site releases were so connected that a concerted investigation approach would be necessary. On May 29, 1998 a boring, (SB-01), was advanced approximately 15'down-gradient of Mr. Simpson's tank. The soil sample from SB-01 did not detect any contaminants of concern, however, the grab groundwater sample exhibited 18,000 ppb TPHg, 2400 ppb benzene and 8800 ppb paint thinner. See Figure 8.

On April 16, 1996 two exploratory borings, SB1 and SB2, were advanced immediately adjacent to the former tank excavation and six exploratory borings, B-3 through B-8, were drilled up and down-gradient of the former USTs to further characterize the extent of the release. Low levels of paint thinner and ND TPHg and BTEX was found in the 9' bgs samples in the borings immediately adjacent to the tank pit indicating that residual soils in these areas should not be of concern. However, elevated TPHg and TPH as paint thinner concentrations were exhibited in the grab groundwater samples from borings B4 through B7. This indicated downgradient and possibly preferential migration along utility lines of the contaminant plume had occurred. See Figure 6 and Tables 6 and 7.

Groundwater monitoring continued to exhibit relatively elevated TPHg, TPH paint thinner (also called mineral spirits at times). Biannual groundwater monitoring was started in December 1996. Because the majority of the petroleum plume was within and perhaps beyond 43rd St., an enhanced bio-remediation approach was proposed and approved. In addition, on July 23, 1999 an additional well, MW-4 was installed down-gradient of the three original wells, but upgradient of the former UST at 489 43rd St. See Figure 7 and boring log form MW-4. The 10' soil sample from MW-4, exhibited low levels of TPHg, (30 ppm) and TPH as mineral spirits (48 ppm) and ND for BTEX and MTBE. The groundwater sample was slightly lower than that exhibited in MW2, the up-gradient well close to the former tank pit. On July 26 and 27, 350 pounds of ORC was injected in the form of an approximate 25% solids slurry into 25 exploratory borings within 43rd St. See Figure 9. Although attempts were made to collect additional grab groundwater samples from up to six of the borings, only one boring, OB-1 was successful in obtaining a water sample. This sample was located immediately adjacent to the former tank pit. A small amount of free product was encountered on the water. Up to 130,000 ppb mineral spirits and 41,000 ppb gasoline was reported in the grab groundwater sample from OB-1 indicating considerable residual contamination at the source. See Table 8.

Subsequent groundwater monitoring to the ORC injection did not see a significant improvement in groundwater quality or dissolve oxygen concentration. On October 29, 1999, a monitoring well (MWA-1) was installed approximately 90' down-gradient of the former UST on 489 43rd St, making it approximately 140' down-gradient of the former tanks on 490 43rd St. This well would be used to determine the extent of contamination from both sites. Groundwater was sampled for four consecutive quarters from this well. See Figure 8 and Table 9. Low levels of TPHg and TPH as paint thinner has been detected in this well, while BTEX and MTBE have been ND.

As part of a Case Closure Summary report for this site, the following additional information and interpretation was provided for the site:

- The shallow groundwater quality beneath this site is most likely not considered of drinking water quality because during the 7/99 investigation, only one of six shallow borings yielded enough water for sampling, let alone enough to be considered as a drinking water source.
- A well survey within a 500' radius was performed by the Public Works Agency. No down-gradient wells were identified. In addition, a door-to-door survey was performed looking for wells and basements. One irrigation well was identified approximately 150' cross-gradient from the former USTs at 480 42nd St. Given the relative low concentrations found in MWA-1, approximately 150' down-gradient of the former USTs, the likelihood of this well being impacted is remote.
- A risk assessment was performed for the site. The only complete pathways identified were utility workers working in 43rd St. and occupational exposure at 489 43rd St. across the street. The chemicals of concern were BTEX. The highest residual BTEX in soil was compared to the Region 9 PRG for soil in a residential setting. Xylene at 0.54ppm was the only residual COC in soil and this concentration is less than the PRG of 210 ppm. Farmer's Simplied Indoor and Box Models were used to evaluate potential risk of volatilization from groundwater. The excess lifetime cancer risk (ELCR) for occupational exposure using a benzene concentration of 250 ppb (similar to that in MW-4, 12/28/00) is 2.1 E-05. See Table G-1. However, the concentration beneath the building at 489 43rd St. is likely much less since the concentration of benzene in MWA-1, the down-gradient well on 489 43rd St., has always been ND. The TPHg and TPHms have stabilized at concentrations less than the nuisance concentration of 5000 ppb.
- The site is recommended to be included in the City of Oakland Permit Tracking System to warn and protect utility workers.

Site closure is recommended based upon:

- Removal of the majority of impacted soil contamination and the former underground tanks
- The absence of sensitive receptors identified in a well survey and door-to-door questionnaire
- The release to soil and groundwater has been defined
- No unacceptable risk to human health was determined in a risk assessment
- The application of oxygen releasing compound should continue to enhance bio-remediation.
- Groundwater monitoring has been performed for up to 7 years and contaminant concentrations have stabilized. See attached monitoring results.

StID # 4252/RO0000272 Evaluation of need for deed restriction for: Walter Blumert Company 490 43rd St. Oakland CA 94609

Highest Residual Concentrations in:

<u> </u>			Residential		Re	sidential
<u>Analyte</u>	Soil mg/kg	Groundwater mg/l	Oakland	RBSL	RWQ	CB RBSL
Conc. in ppm			Soil	GW	Soil	GW
TPPH	720	. 3.2			500	.640
Benzene	1.4	0.24	*0.069	0.11	0.39	.046
Toluene	1.3	ND	360	210	2.6	0.04
Ethylbenzene	7.2	0.018	SAT	>sol	2.5	0.03
Xylenes	30	0.005	SAT	>sol	1.4	0.018
TPHd	190				1000	.640
MTBE			4400	>sol	1.0	.18

Tier 1

Assumptions: Shallow groundwater in Oakland is not considered potable GW encountered at approximately 10' bgs.

For soils, Table B-2 and for groundwater, Table F-2 of the RWQCB document used

The only analyte exceeding the Tier 1 City of Oakland RBSL is benzene. Boring logs indicate that soils are typically sandy silt. The Tier 2 RBSL for sandy silt is 1.1 ppm benzene in soil and 3.4 mg/l in groundwater for the exposure pathway of inhalation of **indoor air**, **residential**. Although the highest residual benzene concentration in soil, 1.4 ppm slightly exceeds the Oakland Tier 2 RBSL for sandy silt, this concentration represents the highest soil result taken on 3/31/92. An average of six soil samples taken after the over-excavation in 3/92 is 0.48 ppm, less than the Tier 2 RBSL. One would also expect that these concentrations have attenuated since this time.

The RWQCB RBSLs are more conservative than the City of Oakland. These RBSLs are taken as the most conservative of the potential exposure pathways. They are often based upon aquatic life protection, which is not a viable exposure pathway at this site. In addition, the City of Oakland RBSLs are more pertinent for Oakland sites since site specific data was used to derive them. It would appear that a deed restriction is not necessary for this site. However, if land use changes to residential, the site should be re-evaluated to determine if this land use is still acceptable with the residual contamination at the site. Any future subsurface excavation or trenching at the site will require a risk management plan.

KEI-J91-1201.R1 June 29, 1992

TABLE 1

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES

Limits		م _ع وري	~ 1.0	1.0	0.0050	0.0050	0.0050	0.0050
Detection			arem A 3	-			•	
	SW-W	10.0	ND*	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	SW-S SW-E	10.0	7.6* L90*	190	0.2.0	0.30		
	SW-N	10.0	ND*	3.6	ND	ND	0.050	0.0072
	B(11.5)	11.5	25*	440	0.55	ИD	16	3.3
3/31/92	A(11.5)		10*	ALTO STATE OF	1.4	1.3	9.9	7.2
•	B1	10.0	76 .		0.43	0.48	18	19
	A2	10.0	37	24240	0.050	0.12	4.6	0.48
12/11/91	Ai	10.0	7.8	- Sino	0.88	6.5	22	1.9
<u>Date</u>	Sample	Depth (feet)	TPH as <u>Diesel</u>	TPH as <u>Gasoline</u>	<u>Benzene</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	<u>Xylenes</u>	Ethyl- <u>benzene</u>
				•				

^{*} The sample was analyzed for TPH as paint thinner.

ND = Non-detectable.

Results are in parts per million (ppm), unless otherwise indicated.

KEI-P91-1201.R3 June 2, 1993

TABLE 3
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES
SOIL

Sample Number	TPH as <u>Diesel</u>	TPH as <u>Gasoline</u>	Benzene	<u>Toluene</u>	<u>Xylenes</u>	Ethyl- <u>benzene</u>	TPH as Paint Thinner
		(Col1	ected on A	April 12 a	and 13, 19	993)	
MW1(5)		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW1(9.5)		20	0.069	0.019	0.090	0.030	ND
MW1(11.5)		210	1.2	0.90	2.6	1.2	11+
MW2(5)	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW2(7.5)	9.3**		0.24	ND	0.35	0.026	15
MW2(10)	190**		3.4	ND	20	ND	320
MW2(11.5)	180**		3.0	0.71	14	0.68	310
MW3 (5)	4.7**	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.6
MW3 (10)	590**	2,000+	2.6	0.88	28	0.74	1,000
MW3 (12)	53**	630+	0.86	0.12	2.3	1.1	89

NOTE: The soil samples were collected at the depths below grade indicated in the () of the respective sample number.

- Sequoia Analytical Laboratory reported that the hydrocarbons detected appeared to be a diesel and non-diesel mixture.
- Sequoia Analytical Laboratory reported that the hydrocarbons detected did not appear to be diesel.
- Sequoia Analytical Laboratory reported that the hydrocarbons detected appeared to be a gasoline and non-gasoline mixture.
 - Sequoia Analytical Laboratory reported that the hydrocarbons detected appeared to be a paint thinner and non-paint thinner mixture.

D = Non-detectable.

esults in parts per million (ppm), unless otherwise indicated.

TABLE 3 - GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

· · · W	/eli./	-:Mineral	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene :	Bthyl- 1	Total -	MTBE
11 288 4 288 2 2 2 2	Date 2	Spirits	(T\\$ii)	(μg/L)	(μg/L)	Benzene	Xylenes	-(μg/L)/
		$(\mu \nu L)$				(Lpg/L)	(µg/L)	
	W-1	17 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 2				<u> </u>		
#	29/93	600	290	31	1.9	2.7	5.4	, -
B	13/93	820	1,700	170	22	19	48	
	15/94	1,200	2,100	250	12	27	38	-
	16/94	430	700	35	6.8	8.7	10	
	/13/94	73	170	6.6	1.6	2.4	3.3	·
9	/08/94	170	420	16	3.0	2.9	2.7	· .
n	14/95	65	630	39	ND	7.0	8.6	(
7	/28/95	130	720	100	7.8	23	32	
n.	13/95	900	290	8.6	0.55	2.8	1.4	
14	/05/95	70	94	5.6	ND	0.67	0.53	
	/30/96	<50 ·	1,700(1)	62	<0.5	16	18	<5
H	/03/96	<50	570	1.8	0.61	8. Ś	7.3	<5
#	/06/96	<51 ⁻	2,600	84	2.8	30	23	
34	/12/97	<51	580	9.4	1.3	5.0	4.0	8.i
	/16/97	490 ⁽⁴⁾	840	12	2.5	8.0	4.4	17
H	/19/98	480	.130	0.80	< 0.50	1.8	0.52	<5.0
- 4	/17/98	300 ⁽⁴⁾	89	1.9	< 0.50	< 0.50	0.69	<5.0
	/22/99	<50	220	6.7	< 0.50	4.5	< 0.50	<5.0
	/20/99	<50	130	1.5	< 0.50	0.71	< 0.50	<5.0
#	/29/00	<50	360	7.0	2.0	· 4.7	. 3.5	·<5.0
III .	/05/00	< 50	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<5.0
39	/11/00	<50	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<0.50_	<5.0
H	IW-2							
11	/29/93	4,100	11,000	2,400	51	76 ·	160	
H.	/13/93	2,600	11,000	1,400	66	150	94	
III	/16/94	11,000	18,000	2,100	ND	200	70	
39	/13/94	5,400	12,000	~ 1,400	50	-⊸ 200	89	i - 1
IA .	/08/94	3,200	11,000	" 1,700	34	200	86	
H	/14/95	670	14,000	1,500	41	160	66	
41	/28/95	8,700	11,000	1,700	ND .	230	78	-
10	/13/95	1,500	9,400	1,200	41	200	61]
12	/05/95	24,000	150,000	890	200	720	500	
05	/30/96	<50	10,000 ⁽¹⁾	. 61	5.1	28] 11	<5 ⁽²⁾
09	/03/96	<50	7,400	960	19	130	37	< 100 ⁽²⁾
09	/03/96 ⁽³⁾	2,800	7,800	1,400	< 0.5	210	91	300
12	./06/96	< 54	12,000	850	8	140	36	
06	/12/97	< 50	5,100	810	25	6.8	13	<5
13	./16/97	3,600(4)	3,000	400	9.2	26	10	44
li li	5/19/98	7,200	5,900	760	15	100	33	<25
12	2/17/98	3,400 ⁽⁴⁾	7,300	850	33	200	22	<25
9	5/22/99	1,200	7,800	660	< 10	140	< 10	< 100
12	2/20/99	4,600	9,400	650	24	92	21	<100
ш	3/29/00	3,600	11,000	590	130	250	440	<250
n	7/05/00	6,200	6,500	360	56	130	170	<250
10	0/11/00	2,800	1,100	63	2.7	15	2.8	< 5.0

TANDER OF THE	408.7			. Toluene	Ethyl 1	Total	MTBE:
ye Welly	Mineral.	TPHe; (ug/L)	Benzene τ (με/L)	(ug/L)	Benzene	Xylenes	(19/E)
Date	Spirits				(μg/L)	(ng/r)	
	(LEAT)	\$65.00 S.00	Mail 22 Section	M.P. A. Links All	and the same of	Salama Sta	
MW-3			, , ,				`
04/29/93	5,800	8,500	840	17	40	42	.
12/13/93	3,500	6,200	580	120	65	120	
06/16/94	4,700	7,700	910	ND	. 86	50	
09/13/94	·· 8,700	6,800	430	t 14	45	37	·
12/08/94	2,100	1,500	820	ND	52	28	:
03/14/95	480 .	5,600	, 250	$[11]_{[r]}$. 25	30	-,
06/28/95	2,100	14,000	650	18	70	54	,
10/13/95	430	° 2,500	270	1.9	15	10	
12/05/95	5,400	4,200	250	ND	26	ND	
05/30/96	·· <50	5,300 ⁽¹⁾	65	1.5	9.0	5.1	<5 ⁽²⁾
09/03/96	<50	8,900	460	17	51	77	<25 ⁽²⁾
09/03/96(3)	7,100	4,800	800	14	.39	39	120
12/06/96	< 100	7,000	740	<5	60	17	
06/12/97	<50	2,800	460	14	59	28	< 50
12/16/97	4,000(4)	4,900	1,700	17	52	20	92
06/19/98	10,000	∴ 3,800 →	470	19	49	21	<25
12/17/98	240 ⁽⁴⁾	5,000	450	18	100	4.8	<25
06/22/99	790	3,100	190	<1.0	52	<1.0	<10
12/20/99	6,400(4)	4,500	230	12	47	38	<100
03/29/00	2,900	7,900	330	<2.5	58	30	<25
07/05/00	2,300	3,400	190	15	29	12	<25
10/11/00	2,000	4,100	230	< 10	37	18	< 100
MW-4 😚						(
06/22/99	1,900	3,200	410	<2.5	54	12	90
12/20/99	2,000(4)	2,000	160	7.4	8.0	7.0	25
03/29/00	<50	4,200	600	15	26	24	74
07/05/00	**·<50 · *·	2,900	¥~ 410	23	19	`~ 18	- 56
10/11/00	860	3,200	190	11	14	· 13	<25
12/28/00	590⁴	3,100	240	<2.5	18	5.0	<25

Notes: All water results are reported in µg/L, approximately equal to ppb

5.0 DISCUSSION

Groundwater gradient and flow direction were calculated at 0.031 foot/foot to the south-southwest in December 2000. These values are consistent with previous sampling events.

Analytical results from the October 2000 sampling event indicate that concentrations of TPHg, BTEX and mineral spirits were not detected in well MW-1. Concentrations of mineral spirits decreased in wells MW-2 and MW-3, and increased to above the laboratory detection limit in

< = Not detected at laboratory reporting limit indicated

^{- =} Analysis not performed

⁽¹⁾ Value revised by Chromalab from May 1996, submission 9605835

⁽a) Confirmed by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS)

⁽³⁾ Duplicate sample analysis by Sequoia Analytical

⁽⁴⁾ Quantitation for this analyte is based on the response factor of diesel. Hydrocarbons reported do not match the pattern of the mineral spirit standard.

KEI-P91-1201.R6

TABLE 4 SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES

,			•			•	
	Sample	TPH as				Ethyl-	
Date	Number:	Paint Thinner	<u>Gasoline</u>	<u>Benzene</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	benzene	<u>Xylenes</u>
· • • •	No. 2 to 2	Calor While a	et the second is a second	The second		- 64 - 19	<u>-</u>
6/01/94	EB1(5)	ND This party	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	EB1(10)	7 ND	ND ,	ND	ND	ND: ·	٠.
و که ښند کسو	EB1(11.5)		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	224(2200)	, 3, 2, 1, 1	7.7	·			5.0
•	EB2(5)	ND	ND	ND	ND .	ND	ND
	EB2(10)		65*	0.53	0.13	0.50	1.9
	EB2(12)	45	180*	0.42	0.26		2.9
79 e 1979	• •	•	- -	-			
		oles					,
		may that we trans				i a sta	1.1.1.
	30 3 Take	ราวมีเคริกในได้เรียก (การ์	The way of the second		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	•						

SOIL

NOTE: The soil samples were collected at the depths below grade indicated in the () of the respective sample number.

* Sequoia Analytical Laboratory reported that the hydrocarbons detected appeared to be a gasoline and non-gasoline mixture.

ND = Non-detectable.

Results in parts per million (ppm), unless otherwise indicated.

KEI-P91-1201.R6 July 20, 1994

34354

533

₽°,

TABLE 5

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSES WATER

<u>Date</u>	Sample <u>Number</u>	TPH as Paint Thinner	TPH as <u>Gasoline</u>	<u>Benzene</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	Ethyl- benzene	<u>Xylenes</u>
6/01/94	EB1 EB2	7,000,000 o	3,400 9,200	: 26 . ; .	6.7; 29	5.9 280	8.5 130
- 7.62 (1.5 - 哲元(1.54)	30 24		•	f,		· .	T20

NOTE: Water samples were collected during drilling. The results of the analyses may not be representative of formation water, and should be used for comparative informational purposes only.

40

Results in parts per billion (ppb), unless otherwise indicated.

Company of the second of the s

4.0 FINDINGS

4.1 Subsurface Conditions

The investigation area was covered with concrete sidewalks and asphalt roadway above approximately 1 to 2 feet of baserock and fill material consisting of silt. Below the baserock/fill, the encountered native soil consisted of dark brown to dark olive gray silty clay (CL). Disseminated, very fine to fine grained sand was observed in both borings in which only soil samples were collected (SB1 and SB2). Sand content appeared to increase with depth. Soil borings were completed to a depth of 9 feet bgs; however, the borings where water samples were collected were completed to a depth of approximately 15 to 19 feet bgs. Lithologic logs and the USCS of the borings in which soil samples were collected (SB1 and SB2) are included as Appendix 2. Soils were not evaluated in borings B3 through B8. The borings were completed to a total depth of approximately 15 to 19 feet bgs. Some lithology information could be inferred from the rate of penetration, type of soil remaining on the sampling probes upon removal, ability to develop the boring with compressed air, and the ability to collect water samples.

During the investigation, water was encountered at a depth of approximately 15 feet bgs. Water samples were collected from selected borings with the use of precleaned stainless steel bailers. The water was immediately transferred to laboratory-supplied 40-milliliter VOA vials (without head space) and 1-liter amber bottles, which were placed in a pre-chilled, insulated container pending transport to Chromalab, Inc., a state-certified analytical laboratory.

4.2 Analytical Results

Soil samples collected from borings SB1 and SB2 were analyzed for TPHg, BTEX, and TPH as paint thinner. No TPHg and BTEX concentrations were detected in the two soil samples analyzed with the exception of 0.54 milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) or parts per million (ppm) total xylenes. TPH as paint thinner concentrations were detected in sample SB1-9.0 at 52 ppm and in sample SB2-9.0 at 78 ppm. Due to sample interference, the TPHg reporting limit in soil sample SB2-9.0 was raised to 500 mg/kg. However, the lack of detectable BTEX concentrations indicates that TPHg was probably not present, which is similar to the analytical results reported in sample SB1-9.0. Results of the soil sample analyses are summarized in Table 1. A copy of the analytical results and chain of custody record is included in Appendix 3.

TABLE 6 - SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Boring/ Sample Depth	Paint Thinner (ppm)	TPHg (ppm)	Benzene (ppm)	Toluene (ppm)	Ethyl- benzene (ppm)	Total Xylenes (ppm)
SB1-9.0	52	< 100	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	0.54
SB2-9.0	78	< 500	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.5

Page 4

Grab groundwater samples were collected from borings B3 through B8 and analyzed for TPHg, BTEX, and TPH as paint thinner. Concentrations of TPHg ranged from nondetect in samples collected from borings B3 and B8 to 46,000 micrograms per liter (μ g/L) or parts per billion (ppb) in boring B6. Concentrations of TPH as paint thinner ranged from nondetect in samples collected from borings B3 and B8 to 16,000 ppb in boring B7.

Analytical results for grab groundwater samples at this site are suspect due to overlapping fuel patterns. Respective sample fuel patterns overlap for both TPHg and TPH as paint thinner analyses and analytical fuel patterns resembles a gasoline and paint thinner mix. Sample results for the water analysis are presented in Table 2. Analytical results for TPH as paint thinner are illustrated on Figure 3 and TPHg analytical results are illustrated on Figure 4. A copy of the analytical results and chain of custody forms is attached as Appendix 3.

TABLE 7 - GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Boring/ Sample Number	TPHg (ppb)	Benzene (ppb)	Toluene (ppb)	Ethyl- benzene (ppb)	Total Xylenes (ppb)	Paint Thinner (ppb)
B3-W	<50	0.89	1.6	< 0.50	0.91	< 500
B4-W	11,000*	200	66	220	96	6,800*
B5-W	5,300*	18	18	32	56	12,000*
B6-W	46,000*	880	< 0.50	160	180	<800
B7-W	4,400*	190	14	130	100	16,000*
B8-W	<50	< 0.50	0.97	< 0.50	1.8	< 500

Notes: $\mu g/L = \text{micrograms per Liter, approximately equal to ppb}$

5.0 DISCUSSION

Previous soil samples collected in the northeastern corner of the excavation pit indicated an impact from contents of the former USTs. However, analytical results from the additional subsurface investigation conducted on April 16, 1996, indicated no concentrations of TPHg in soil samples SB1-9.0 and SB2-9.0, which were collected at a depth of 9 feet bgs in the northeastern corner of the previous excavation. Minor concentrations of TPH as paint thinner were detected in soil samples SB1-9.0 and SB2-9.0 at 52 and 78 ppm, respectively. These results indicate minor soil impact is probably confined to soils immediately adjacent to the former paint thinner UST.

The April 1996 investigation indicated elevated levels of TPHg and TPH as paint thinner in groundwater samples collected from exploratory soil borings drilled downgradient from the former UST excavation. Groundwater downgradient of the former USTs has been impacted from the

^{*}Estimated concentration for gasoline and paint thinner due to overlapping fuel patterns. Fuel pattern resembles agasoline and paint thinner mix.

The borings were advanced using a hydraulically-driven Geoprobe® with 2-inch-diameter, hollow-stem direct-push augers operated under the supervision of a C-57 licensed contractor. An ACC geologist observed the advancement of each probe. No drill cuttings were generated using the pneumatic process.

The Geoprobe® was driven approximately 6 feet into the saturated zone. After completion of drilling, an ORC® and water mixture consisting of approximately 14 pounds of ORC® to 5 gallons of water was injected into each boring. This mixture represents a slurry with approximately 25% solids, and was disseminated at a rate of approximately 1 gallon of ORC® grout per one foot of boring while removing the probes. Each of 25 soil borings received approximately 14 pounds of ORC®, resulting in the introduction of 350 pounds of ORC® into the saturated zone. After installation of the ORC® slurry, portland cement was poured into each boring above the ORC® to complete each hole to just below the surface. The surface of each probe location was capped with concrete to match existing grade.

During installation of ORC®, one grab groundwater sample was obtained from a soil boring adjacent to the UST excavation. ACC attempted to collect grab groundwater samples from several of the soil borings located near the center of the street and downgradient of the former USTs. Attempted and completed grab groundwater sample locations are illustrated on Figure 3. Analytical results from the grab groundwater sample obtained from boring OB-1 indicate that mineral spirits are present at a concentration of 130,000 ppb, TPHg at 41,000 ppb, and benzene at 790 ppb. Toluene, ethylbenzene, total xylenes, and MTBE were not detected above the laboratory reporting limit. Analytical results are summarized in Table 3, and copies of the chain of custody record and laboratory analytical results are included in Appendix 3.

TABLE 8 - GRAB GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Sample Number	TPHg (μg/l)	Benzene (µg/l)	Toluene (μg/l)	Ethyl= benzene (μg/l)	Fotal Xylenes (μg/l)	MTBE (µg/l)	Mineral Spirits (µg/l)
OB-1	41,000	790	<13	<13	<13	<130	130,000

Notes: $\mu g/l = micrograms$ per liter, equivalent to parts per billion (ppb) < sample falls below indicated laboratory reporting limit

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Ground Water Sampling and Analyses, Quarterly Well Sampling on December 28, 2000—489 43rd Street, Bucate Plata Table 4.

Sample . Location	Sample Date	Matrix Sampled	TPH-D μg/L	TPH-G μg/L	Benzene µg/L	Toluene µg/L	Ethyl benzene µg/L	Xylenes μg/L	MTBE μg/L	Lead µg/L	Paint Thinner μg/L
MWA-1	12/20/99	Water	57	110	ND	0.79	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MWA-I	3/27/00	Water	ND	84	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	75
MWA-1	6/29/00	Water	ND	97	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	51
MWA-1	9/22/00	Water	ND	64	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	160
MWA-1	12/28/00	Water	ND	80	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Laboratory	·	Water	50	50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	5.0	5.0	. 50
Detection Limit											
Maximum Contait water standard set by Services)			N/A	N/A	1.0	150	700	1750	N/A	N/A	N/A

Legend

All results are expressed in µg/L unless otherwise noted

N/A = Not available

ND = at or below laboratory detection limit.

TPH-D = total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel

TPH-G = total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline

Paint Thinner = total petroleum hydrocarbons as paint thinner

Note 1: The State of California has not yet developed a final MCL for MTBE. The State is proposing a primary MCL of 13 µg/L for MTBE and a secondary MCL of 5 μ g/L. Note 2. The Sate of California has not established an MCL for lead, but the USEPA has established a lead MCL of 15 μ g/L.

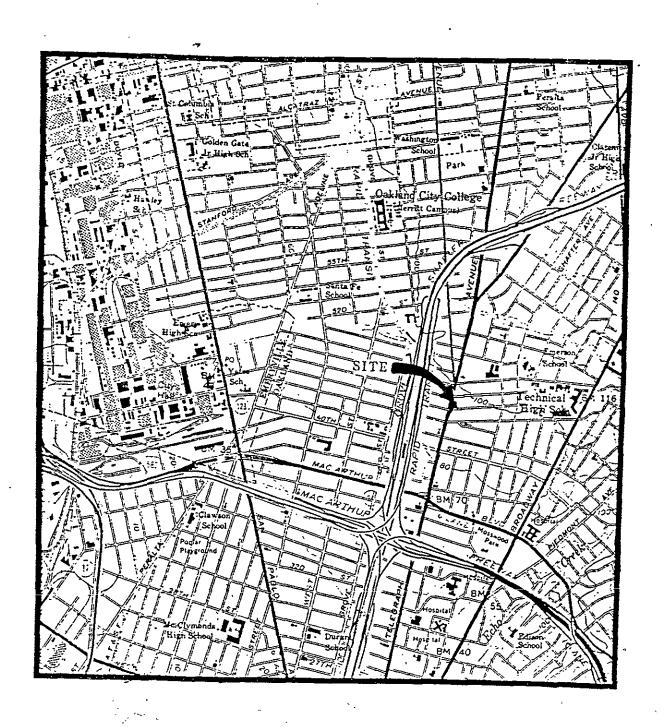
Table G-1

Calculation of Emission Rate and Concentration of Benzene from Groundwater in Indoor and Ambient Air Using Farmer's Simplified Indoor and Box Models and Estimation of Cancer and Non-Cancer Risks for Residential and Occupational Inhalation Exposure Only

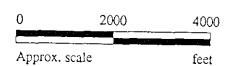
			V-lesion Data	١,,	ndooor Air	Conc.	Ambient A	ir Conc.	Residential In	nhalatio	n Exposure Risk		lation Exposure Risk
Basic Data	in Water (mg/L)	Depth to Groundwater ((t)	Clay Soil Sand (mg/m^2-sec)	Soil C	Clay Soil S (mg/m	Sand Soil	Clay Soil (mg/m	Sand Soil			Clay Soil Sand Soil HQ	Clay Soil Sand So ELCR	il Clay Soil Sand So HQ
	0 005	1.	1.12E-03 6.49E	-04 2	.63E-01	1,53E-01	5,92E-03	3.45E-03	1.22E-03 7.11	1E-04		7.20E-06 4.19E-0	
Chemical Benzene	0 003		2.23E-04. 1.30E	04 5	.27E-02	3.07É-02	1.18E-03	6.90E-04	2,44E-04: 1,42	2E-04		1.44E-06 8.39E-0	
nry's Law Constant	}}	10	1.12E-04 6.49E	-05 2	2.63E-02	1.53E-02	5.92E-04	3.45E-04	1.22E-04 7-11	I E-no	NA NA	7.20E-07 4.19E-0 4.80E-07 2.80E-0	The Telephone State of the Company o
0.228 Unitless	1		7.43E-05 4.33E	-05 1	1.76E-02	1.02E-02	3.95E-04	2,30E-04	8.13E-05 4.74			3.60E-07 2.10E-0	2, 3,138.3
Diffusion Coeffecient		20	5.58T-05 3.25E	-05 1	1.32E-02	7.67E-03	2.96E-04	1.72E-04	6.10E-05 3.55		NA NA	2.88E-07 1.68E-	1
0 08715 cm ^ 2/sec	\{		4 46F-05 2.601	-05 1	1.05E-02	6.14E-03	2.37E-04	1.38E-04	4.88E-05 2.84				
ater Content	\\	20	3 228-05 2 161	-05 8	8.78E-03	5.11E-03	1.97E-04	1,15E-04	4.07E-03 4.37		NA NA		1. 1 Jan 200 C 1. 1290 V Not 5
0.15 for sand soil	}}	3 7 50	2.23E-05 1.30I	-05	5.27E-03	3.07E-03	1.18E-04	6.90E-05	2.44E-05 1.4	2E-05	NA SOME NA	1.44E-07 8.39E-	20.1.1.2.2.4.4.4.4.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1
0.225 for clay soil	l)						ŧ.			{	214 214	7.20B-05 4.19B-	OS NA N
	0.0 5	1	1.12E-02 6.491	3-03 þ	2.63E+00	1.53E+00	5.92E-02	3.45E-02	1.22E-02 7.1	1E-03	COMPANY AND AND ASSOCIATION OF	144E-05 8.39E-	The Company of the State of
door Area	0.05	, 	2.23E-03 1.30	2-03 1	5.27E-01	3.07E-01	1,18E-02	6,9013-03	2,44E-03%[1;4	125-03		7.20E-06 4.19E-	AS AND SOME LANGUE OF THE SOURCE
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ox Area			2 3377.04 4.33	3-04	1.76E-01	1.02E-01	3.95E-03	2.30E-03	8.13E-04 4.7		1	3.60E-06 2.10E-	
105300 ft ^2	l l	20	1	E-04	1.32E-01	7.67E-02	2.96E-03	1.72E-03	6.10E-04 3.5		NA NA	2.88E-06 1.68E	06 NA 60
verage Wind Speed			4.46E-04 2.60	E-04	1.05E-01	6.14E-02	! [2.37E-03	1.38E-03	4.8815-04:::2.0		NA WAR	2,40E-06 1.40E	A 4 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
13.71 ft/sec	}}		3.72E-04 2.16	E-04	8.78E-02	5.11E-02	1.97E-03	1.15E-03	1 4.07E-04 2.3		NA NA	1 2,40E-00 1.40E	•••
ross-wind Width	1		2.23E-04 1.30		5.27E-02	3.07E-02	2 1.18E-02	6.90E-04	1 2.44E-04 1.4	42E-04	NAS NA	(1,144E-00% 095E	07 NA 3331
357 f t	IJ	1	1	1	Ì		1		1			1,44E-04 8.39E	-05 NA 1
	1	▶ { ,	2.23E-02 1.30	E-02	5.27E+00	3.07E+0	0 1.18E-01	6.90E-0	2 2.44E-02 1.4	42E-02	Language and a second section of the	1.44E-04 6.39E	The same of the sa
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toughness Height]}		1:49E-03 8.60	TI.OA	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. 2.05T: 0	1 7.90E-0	1 . 4.0UE-U	3 1.03&-03 ⊕s.	**************************************	All Market Asset Sciences and the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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dixing Height	{{	<u>ء</u>	8.92E-04 5.20		2.11E-01	1,23E-0	1 4.74E-0	3 2,76E-0	3 9.76E-04 5;	;69E-04	NAC STAR	A 5.76E-06 3.36E	
26.6 ft	ļ	3	1		1.76E-01	1.02E-0	1 3.95E-0	3 2.30E-0	3 8.13E-04 4.		alla designa anti est	A 4.80E-06 2.80E	06 5 NA 65
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12 time√day]	1 .	n la gor na 16	212 03	4 SOF-01	1 3.84E-	01 1.48E-4	2 8.62E-	03 [3.05E-03 1	(.78E-0.	NA NA	A 1.80E-05 1.051	2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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0.3 for sand soil	- N	. 1	11 toots-03 17	,UE-0.1	1 410,515,0				-				

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01-May



Base modified from 7.5 minute U.S.G.S. Oakland West Quadrangle (photorevised 1980)

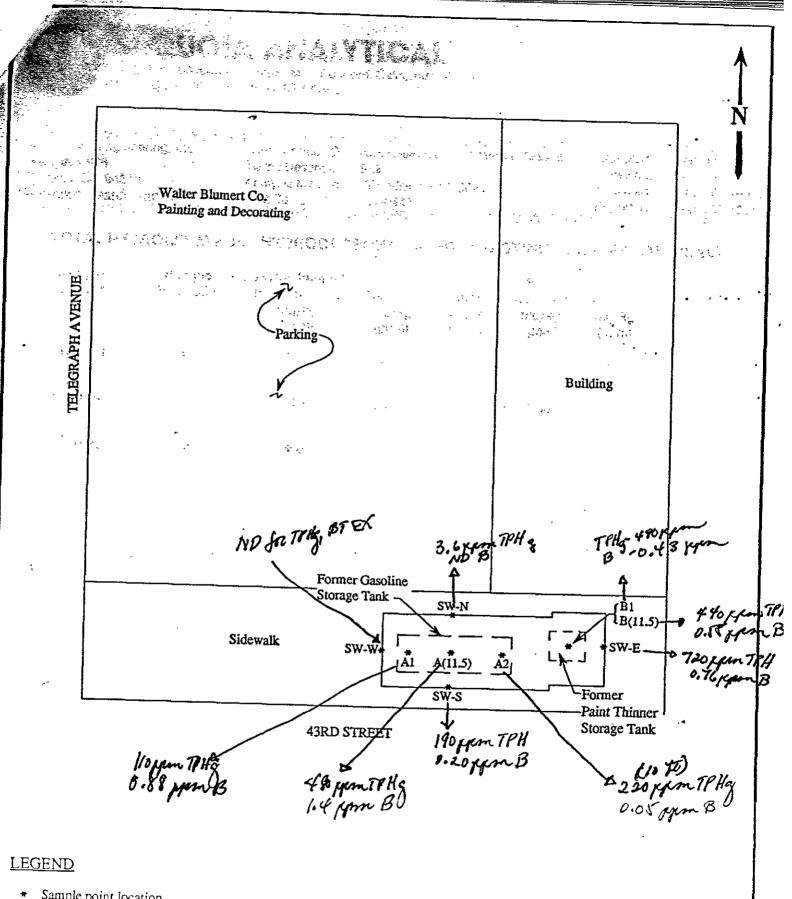




WELLS FARGO BANK (WALTER BLUMERT CO, INC.) 490 43RD STREET OAKLAND, CA

LOCATION MAP

Figure 1



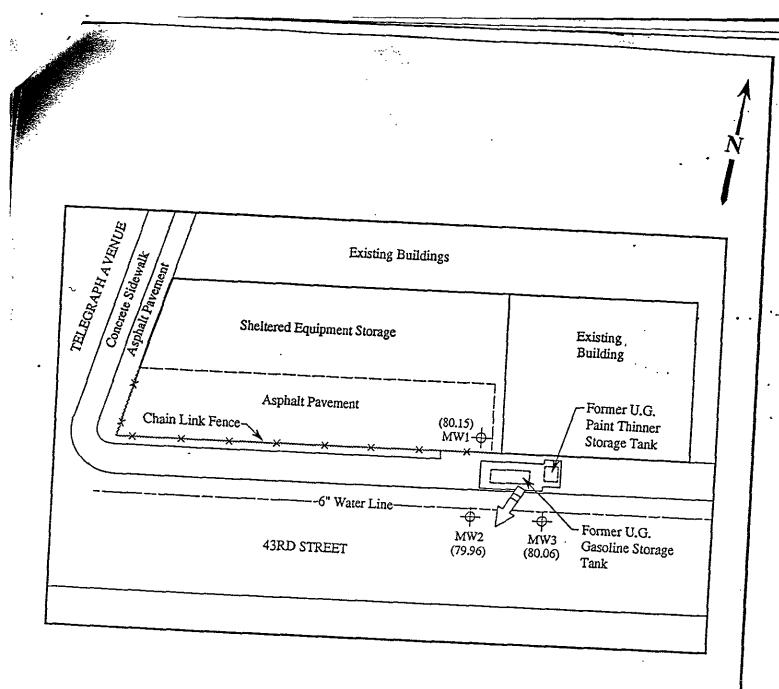
Sample point location

NOT TO SCALE

KAPREALIAN ENGINEERING INCORPORATED

WELLS FARGO BANK (WALTER BLUMERT CO, INC.) 490 43RD STREET OAKLAND, CA

SITE PLAN Fig. 2



GEND

→ Monitoring well

() Ground water elevation in feet above Mean Sea Level

Direction of ground water flow

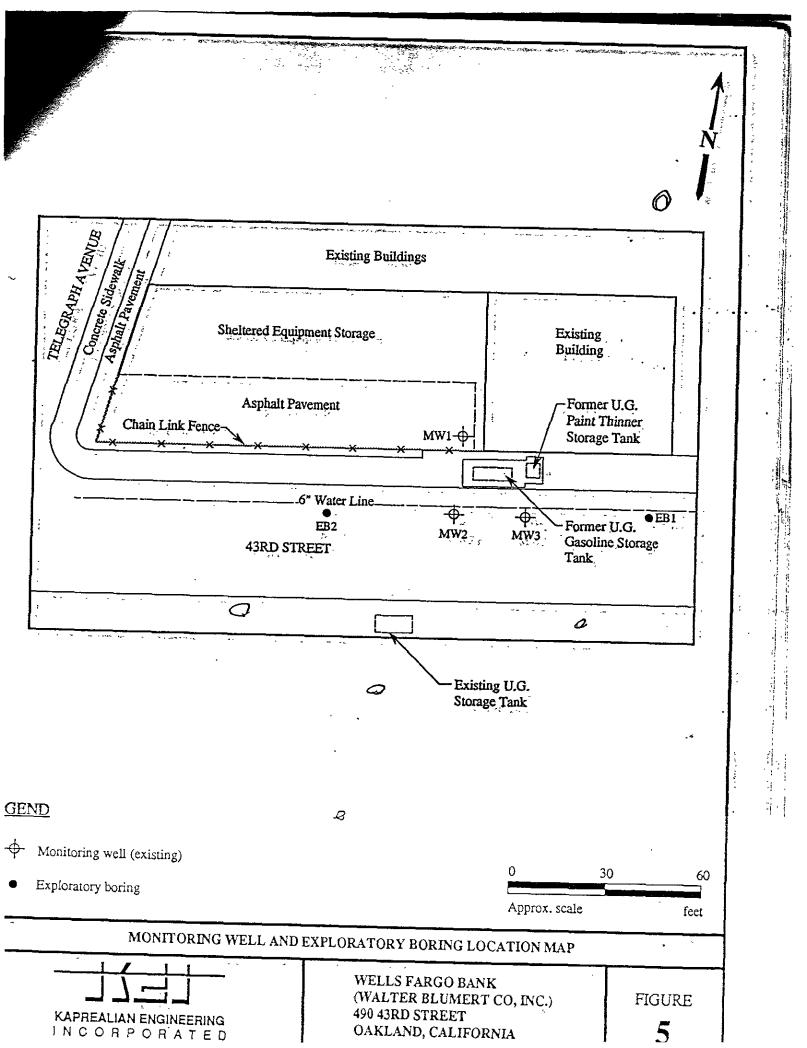
O 30 60
Approx. scale feet

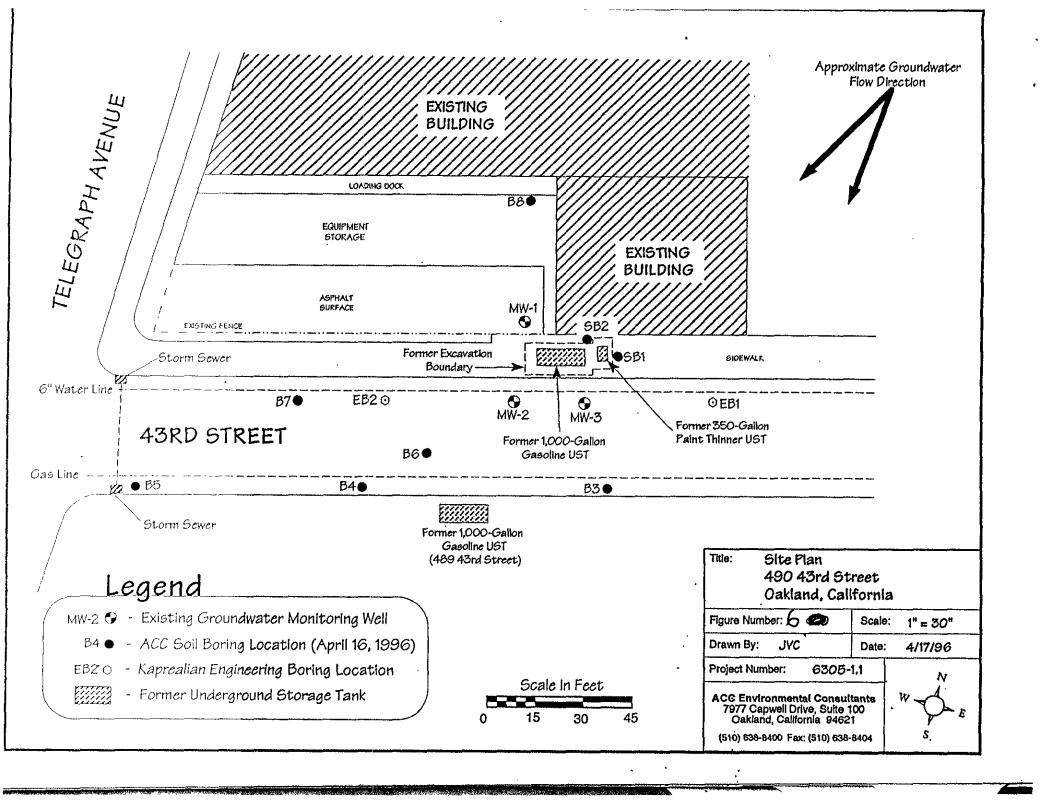
GROUND WATER FLOW DIRECTION MAP FOR THE APRIL 29, 1993 MONITORING EVENT

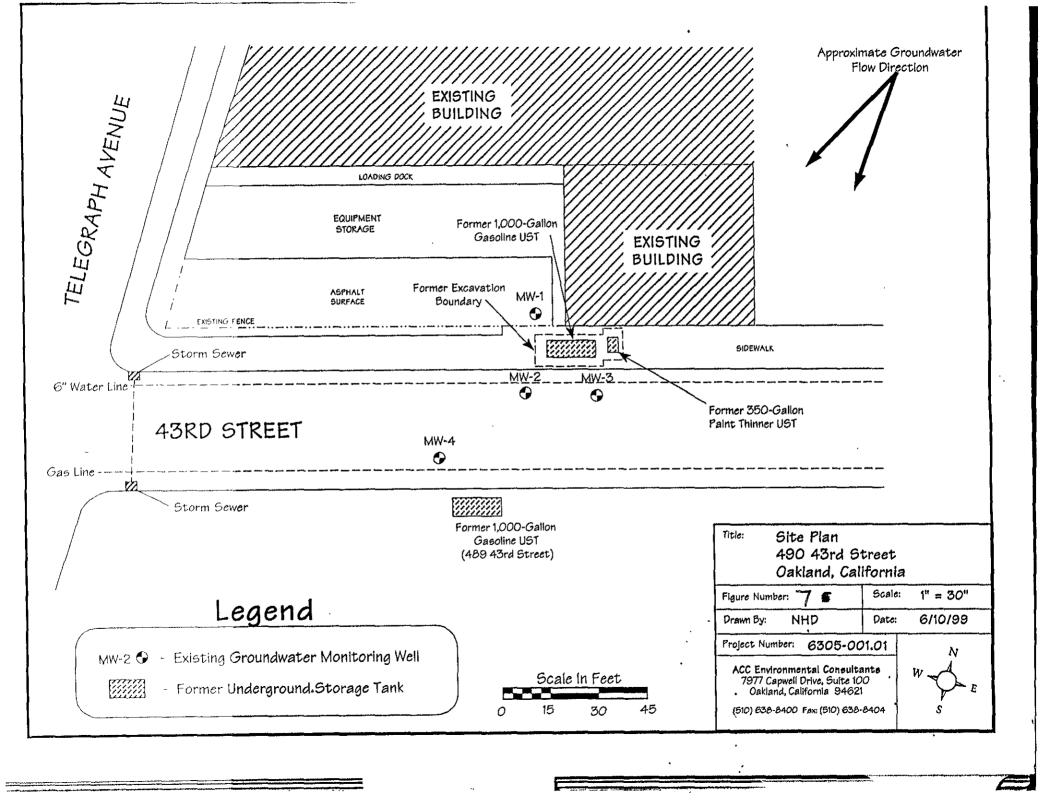


WELLS FARGO BANK (WALTER BLUMERT CO, INC.) 490 43RD STREET OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

FIGURE 3







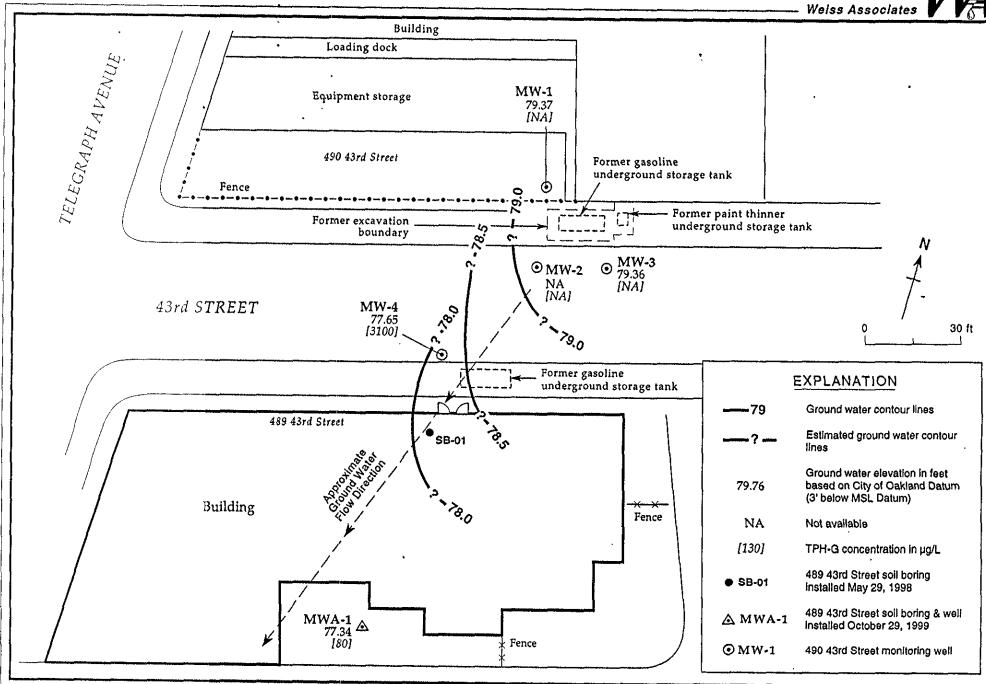
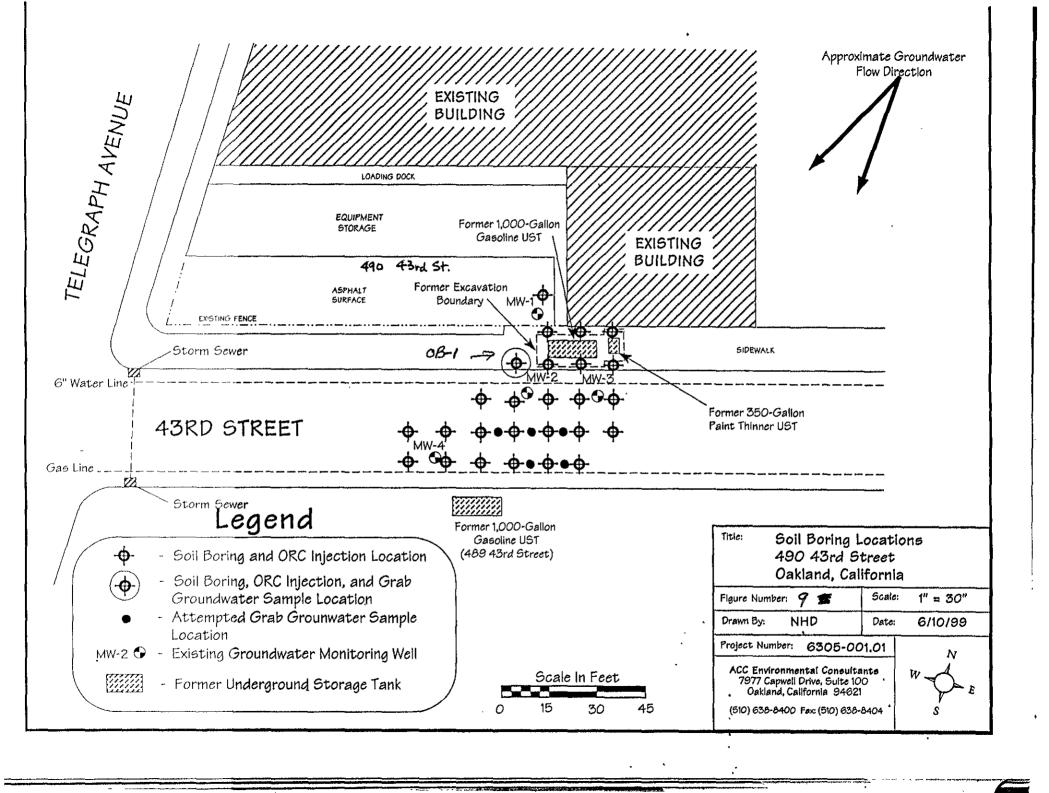


Figure 8. Quarterly Sampling Data, December 28, 2000 - 489 43rd Street, Oakland, California



				<u></u>	BORING LOG														
Project No. KEI-P91-120	11			Boring Dia	ameter 8"	Logged By JGG													
				Casing Dia		DL. LEG/633													
Project Name 490 43rd. Street			k	Well Cove	r Elevation (Date Drilled April 12, 1993													
Boring No. MW1				Drilling Method	Hollow-stem Auger	Drilling Company Great Sierra Exploration													
Penetration blows/6"	/ cm			rati- aphy SCS	Descr	ription													
					Asphalt pavement over sand and	I gravel base.													
			ML	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Clayey silt, trace fine-grained sa	and, stiff, moist, black.													
	Y 1-	 	CL		Silty clay, estimated at 10-15% sand and trace gravel, very stiff, moist, dark brown with iron oxide staining.														
6/11/13		5 - 5	ML	1011	Silt with sand, estimated at 10-15% clay and trace gravel, very stiff, moist, brown,														
14/23/35		Y	Y	\	¥Iı	¥Iı	X 1-	\ 11	X 1-	X 1-		10	GC	C	Clayey gravel with sand, gravel dense, moist, dark greenish gray	to 2 inches in diameter, dense to very and olive brown, mottled.			
											_ 10 _	GM	м 288	Silty gravel with sand, trace clay, gravel to 5/8 inch in diameter, very dense, very moist, olive gray.					
15/28/42											<u>-</u>	Y	<u>=</u>	<u>_</u>					% sand, gravel to 1 inch in diameter, t, dark greenish gray and olive brown.
16/33/41														ML		Gravelly silt as above, except of	·		
		— 15 —			moist, olive gray and dark green	gravel to 1 inch in diameter, hard, ish gray, mottled.													
7/11/14			.					GM			at 15% silt and 5% clay, gravel to 1 wet, dark olive gray, grades to dark								
7/11/14					ML		Sandy silt, estimated at 10-15% g fine-grained, very stiff, wet, olive												
11/			SM		Silty sand, estimated at 10-15% golive brown.	gravel, medium dense, wet, coheșive,													

			* * * * * *	**************************************	_		
				BORING LOG			
Project No. KEI-P91-120)1		Boring D		Logged By JGG		
Project Nam 490 43rd. Stre	e Wells	Fargo Bank	Casing D Well Cov	iameter 2" er Elevation	Logged By JGG D.L. CEG 1633 Date Drilled		
Boring No.		and	D-2V2		April 12, 1993		
MW1	т	·	Drilling Method	Hollow-stem Auger	Drilling Company Great Sierra Exploration		
Penetration blows/6"	G. W. level	Depth (feet) Samples	Strati- graphy USCS		Description		
17/23			SM	Silt with fine-grained sa stiff, moist, olive brown	and, trace gravel to 3/8 inch in diameter, very and dark yellowish brown, mottled.		
		= =			TOTAL DEPTH: 23'		
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					BORING LOG		
Project No.]	Boring Di	ameter 8"	Logged By JGG	
KEI-P91-120	·1 ———		(Casing Di	ameter 2"	D.L. CEG 1633	
Project Name 490 43rd. Stre				Well Cove	er Elevation	Date Drilled April 12, 1993	
Boring No. MW2	▼				Hollow-stem Auger	Drilling Company Great Sierra Exploration	
Penetration blows/6"	G. W. level				Description		
					Asphalt pavement over sand and	d gravel base.	
•			ML		Clayey silt, trace sand and grave	l, very stiff, moist, black.	
			CL		Silty clay, estimated at 10-15% s dark brown, with iron oxide stain	sand, trace gravel, very stiff, moist, ning.	
7/8/11		5 -	ML	====	Clayey silt, esimtated at 10-15% sand, very stiff, moist, dark brown, with iron oxide staining.		
			CL		Silty clay, very stiff, moist, dark brown, mottled, dark gray.		
			ML		Silt with fine-grained sand, stiff,	moist, olive gray.	
7/9/11			GC		Clayey gravel with sand, estimate in diameter, medium dense, mois	ed at 5-10% silt, gravel to 1-1/2 inches it, dark olive gray.	
14/9/15		_ 10 -			Clayey gravel as above, except v	ery moist to wet.	
7/12/13	_		GM		Silty gravel with sand, medium d	lense, very moist, dark olive gray.	
	=		SM		Silty sand, estimated at 15-20% silt and trace gravel to 1/2 inch in diameter, medium dense, moist, dark greenish gray.		
12/14/13		15	GM		Silty gravel with sand, trace clay, olive to olive gray.	medium dense, very moist to wet,	
10/10/10			ML		Silt with clay, estimated at 10-15% fine-grained sand, very stiff, moist yellowish brown.		
10/10/10		_	GM	\$255	Silty gravel with sand, medium d	ense, wet, dark yellowish brown.	
		_ _ _ 20			Silt with sand, estimated at 5-109 brown.	6 clay, very stiff, moist, yellowish	
8/10/12			ML		Silt with clay, estimated at 10-150 yellowish brown.	% fine-grained sand, very stiff, moist	

k						BORING LOG			
100	Project No.	^+			Boring Diameter 8" Logged By JGG				
	KEI-P91-120			_	Casing D	iameter 2"	D.L. CEG 1633		
	Project Nam 490 43rd. Str	eet, Oak	Fargo Bank land	: .	Well Cov	ver Elevation	Date Drilled April 12, 1993		
	Boring No. MW3				Drilling Method	Hollow-stem Auger	Drilling Company Great Sierra Exploration		
	blows/6" level (feet) g			gr	rati- aphy ISCS	Description			
						Asphalt pavement over sand and	gravel base.		
						Clayey silt, trace sand and gravel, very stiff, moist, very dark grayish brown and black, mottled (fill).			
	6/7 <i> </i> /8		, <u> </u>			CL		Silty clay, estimated at 10-15% s dark brown with iron oxide staini	and and trace gravel, very stiff, moist, ing, disturbed soil.
	<i>VI 11</i> 6		s			Clayey sand, estimated at 10-15% moist, dark brown with iron oxide	silt and trace gravel, medium dense, e staining, poor recovery.		
	9/11/14	- - -	10-	SM		Silty sand with gravel, trace clay, cohesive, dark greenish gray.			
		F	- 9			olive gray and deep greenish gray,	fine-grained sand, very stiff, moist, mottled.		
	6/11/14	Y		ML		Sandy silt, very stiff, moist, dark g sand is fine-grained.	j		
	9/14/26		15	SM		Silty sand with gravel, estimated a diameter, olive brown, trace clay b	t 15-25% silt, gravel to 1-1/2 inch in selow 15.5 feet.		
	8/8/8		20	ML		Silt with sand, trace gravel, stiff, m Clayey silt, trace fine-grained sand,	oist, light yellowish brown.		
	14/36/30					Silt with fine-grained sand, trace gr stiff, moist, olive brown and dark y	avel to 3/8 inch in diameter, very ellowish brown, mottled.		

Soil Color <u>Color Code</u> (Munsell Soil Color Chart)	Blows per foot	SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE INTERVAL	depth below ground surface (ft)	EQUIPMENT: B-61 Drilling Rig - 8" Hollow Stem Augers OPERATED BY: GREGG DRILLING AND TESTING, Inc. LOGGED BY: N. Doran LOCATION: 490 43rd Street, Oakland, California WORK DATE: 7/23/99
10YR-5/4 10YR-3/3 10YR-5/3 2.5Y-4/4 10YR-3/3	12 12 13 30	MW4-10.0		- 0	Asphalt / Baserock Silt and clayey silt (ML), yellow brown, disseminated fine grained sand and gravel, nonplastic, medium dense * Silt (ML), dense, as above, dark brown * Clayey silt (ML), brown, disseminated fine grained sand, nonplastic, medium dense * Clayey silt (ML), as above, olive brown * Sandy silt (SM), disseminated fine grained gravel, fines >50%, brown with green mottling, medium plastic, petroleum hydrocarbon odor Sandy silt (SM), as above, saturated Sand/silt (SM), as above, saturated Sand/silt (SM), light brown with green discoloration along fractures, disseminated fine grained gravel, 20-30% fine grained sand, very damp Sandy silt (SM), as above TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING: 22.5 feet (bgs)
ACC Environmental Co 7977 Capwell Drive Oakland, Califorr (510)638-8400 FAX:	e, Su 11a - S	ite 100 34621		6305	·

6/0/01 Susan -Gordvaten undifred, see attachment in torot.

Evaluation of need for deed restriction for:

Walter Blumert Company

490 43rd St.

Oakland CA 94609 STID 4252 RO# 272

Residual Conce	ntrations in:	Tier 1					
			Reside	ential	Residential		
<u>Analyte</u>	Soil mg/kg	Groundwater mg/l	Oakland RBSL		<u>RWQCB RBSI</u>		
Conc. in ppm			Soil	GW	Soil	GW	
TPPH	720	3.2			500	.640	
Benzene	1.4	0.24	*0.069	0.11	0.39	.046	
Toluene	1.3	ND	360	210	2.6	0.04	
Ethylbenzene	7.2	0.018	SAT	>sol	2.5	0.03	
Xylenes	30	0.005	SAT	>sol	1.4	0.018	
TPHd	190				1000	.640	
MTBE			4400	>sol	1.0	.18	

Assumptions: Shallow groundwater in Oakland is not considered potable GW encountered at approximately 10' bgs.

For soils, Table B-2 and for groundwater, Table F-2 of the RWQCB document used

The only analyte exceeding the Tier 1 City of Oakland RBSL is benzene. Boring logs indicate that soils are typically silty clay. The Tier 2 RBSL for silty clays is 3.3 ppm benzene in soil and 6.6 mg/l in groundwater for the exposure pathway of inhalation of indoor air, residential. Therefore, the residual soil and groundwater concentrations are less than the Tier 2 Oakland RBSLs for residential exposure.

The RWQCB RBSLs are more conservative than the City of Oakland. These RBSLs are taken as the most conservative of the potential exposure pathways. They are often based upon aquatic life protection, which is not a viable exposure pathway at this site. In addition, the City of Oakland RBSLs are more pertinent for Oakland sites since site specific data was used to derive them. It would appear that a deed restriction is not necessary for this site. However, if land use changes to residential, the site should be re-evaluated to determine if this land use is still acceptable with the residual contamination at the site. Any future subsurface excavation or trenching at the site will require a risk management plan.

DORC-applied 1999/7-26; do you think that ORC will continue to share this-newediations? No, but gu

Eve are helow Cathair Tier 2 RASLS & below TPH numberie we in Sw (Mrupps).

ROH 472 Evaluation of need for deed restriction for: Walter Blumert Company 490 43rd St. Oakland CA 94609

Residual Conce	entrations in:		Tier 1				
Analyte	Soil mg/kg	Groundwater mg/l	Residential Oakland RBSL		Residential RWQCB RBSL		
Conc. in ppm			Soil	GW	Soil	GW	
TPPH	720	3.2			500	.640	
Benzene	1.4	0.24	*0.78	0.13	0.39	.046	
Toluene	1.3	ND	410	240	2.6	0.04	
Ethylbenzene	7.2	0.018	SAT	>sol	2.5	0.03	
Xylenes	30	0.005	SAT	>sol	1.4	0.018	
TPHd	190				1000	.640	
MTBE			5100	>sol	1.0	.18	

Assumptions: Shallow groundwater in Oakland is not considered potable

GW encountered at approximately 10' bgs.

For soils, Table B-2 and for groundwater, Table F-2 of the RWQCB document used

The only analyte exceeding the Tier 1 City of Oakland RBSL is benzene. Boring logs indicate that soils are typically silty clay. The Tier 2 RBSL for silty clays is 3.3 ppm benzene in soil and 6.6 mg/l in groundwater for the exposure pathway of inhalation of **indoor air**, **residential**. Therefore, the residual soil and groundwater concentrations are less than the Tier 2 Oakland RBSLs for residential exposure.

The RWQCB RBSLs are more conservative than the City of Oakland. These RBSLs are taken as the most conservative of the potential exposure pathways. They are often based upon aquatic life protection, which is not a viable exposure pathway at this site. In addition, the City of Oakland RBSLs are more pertinent for Oakland sites since site specific data was used to derive them.

Site Summary for 490 43rd St., Oakland CA 94609 Page 3

As part of a Case Closure Summary report for this site, the following additional information and interpretation was provided for the site:

- The shallow groundwater quality beneath this site is most likely not considered of drinking water quality because during the 7/99 investigation, only one of six shallow borings yielded enough water for sampling, let enough to be considered as a drinking water source.
- A well survey within a 500' radius was performed by the Public Works Agency. No downgradient wells were identified. In addition, a door-to-door survey was performed looking for wells and basements. One irrigation well was identified approximately 150' cross-gradient from the former USTs at 480 42nd St. Given the relative low concentrations found in MWA-1, approximately 150' down-gradient of the former USTs, the likelihood of this well being impacted is remote.
- A risk assessment was performed for the site. The only complete pathways identified were utility workers working in 43rd St. and occupational exposure at 489 43rd St. The chemicals of concern were BTEX. The highest residual BTEX in soil was compared to the Region 9 PRG for soil in a residential setting. Xylene at 0.54ppm was the only residual COC in soil and this concentration is less than the PRG of 210 ppm. Farmer's Simplied Indoor and Box Models were used to evaluate potential risk of volatilization from groundwater. The excess lifetime cancer risk (ELCR) for occupational exposure using a benzene concentration of 250 ppb (similar to that in MW-4, 12/28/00) is 2.1 E-05. See Table G-1. However, the concentration beneath the building at 489 43rd St. is likely much less since the concentration of benzene in MWA-1, the down-gradient well on 489 43rd St., has always been ND. The TPHg and TPHms has stabilized at concentrations less than the nuisance concentration of 5000 ppb.

The site is recommended to be included in the City of Oakland Permit Tracking System to warn and protect utility workers.

Site closure is recommended based upon:

Removal of the majority of impacted soil contamination and the former underground tanks

- The absence of sensitive receptors identified in a well survey and door-to-door questionnaire
- The release to soil and groundwater has been defined
- No unacceptable risk to human health was determined in a risk assessment
- The application of oxygen releasing compound should continue to enhance bio-remediation.
- Groundwater monitoring has been performed for up to 7 years and contaminant concentrations have stabilized. See attached monitoring results.

Site Summary for 490 43rd Street, Oakland CA 94609 Page 2

In September 1995, the underground tank at 489 43rd St. was removed. Up to 1900 ppm TPHg, 1300 ppm TPHd and low levels of BTEX and MTBE were exhibited in the soil sample from beneath the tank. This data did not clarify this situation, since it appeared that there had been two separate fuel releases. It would eventually be clear that the two site releases were so connected that a concerted investigation approach would be necessary. On May 29, 1998 a boring, (SB-01), was advanced approximately 15'down-gradient of Mr. Simpson's tank. The soil sample from SB-01 did not detect any contaminants of concern, however, the grab groundwater sample exhibited 18,000 ppb TPHg, 2400 ppb benzene and 8800 ppb paint thinner.

On April 16, 1996 two exploratory borings, SB1 and SB2, were advanced immediately adjacent to the former tank excavation and six exploratory borings, B-3 through B-8, were drilled up and down-gradient of the former USTs to further characterize the extent of the release. Low levels of paint thinner and ND TPHg and BTEX was found in the 9' bgs samples in the borings immediately adjacent to the tank pit indicating that residual soils in these areas should not be of concern. However, elevated TPHg and TPH as paint thinner concentrations were exhibited in the grab groundwater samples from borings B4 through B7. This indicated downgradient and possibly preferential migration along utility lines of the contaminant plume had occurred. See Figure 6 and Tables 6 and 7.

Groundwater monitoring continued to exhibit relatively elevated TPHg, TPH paint thinner (also called mineral spirits at times). Biannual groundwater monitoring was started in December 1996. Because the majority of the petroleum plume was within and perhaps beyond 43rd St., an enhanced bio-remediation approach was proposed and approved. In addition, on July 23, 1999 an additional well, MW-4 was installed down-gradient of the three original wells, but upgradient of the former UST at 489 43rd St. See Figure 7. The 10' soil sample from MW-4, exhibited low levels of TPHg, (30 ppm) and TPH as mineral spirits (48 ppm) and ND for BTEX and MTBE. The groundwater sample was slightly lower than that exhibited in MW2, the upgradient well close to the former tank pit. On July 26 and 27, 350 pounds of ORC was injected in the form of an approximate 25% solids slurry into 25 exploratory borings within 43rd St. See Figure \$. Although attempts were made to collect additional grab groundwater samples from up to six of the borings, only one boring, OB-1 was successful in obtaining a water sample. This sample was located immediately adjacent to the former tank pit. A small amount of free product was encountered on the water. Up to 130,000 ppb mineral spirits and 41,000 ppb gasoline was reported in the grab groundwater sample from OB-1 indicating considerable residual contamination at the source. See Table 8.

Subsequent groundwater monitoring to the ORC injection did not see a significant improvement in groundwater quality or dissolve oxygen concentration. On October 29, 1999, a monitoring well (MWA-1) was installed approximately 90° down-gradient of the former UST on 489 43rd St., making it approximately 140° down-gradient of the former tanks on 490 43rd St. This well would be used to determine the extent of contamination from both sites. Groundwater was sampled for four consecutive quarters from this well. See Table 9. Low levels of TPHg and TPH as paint thinner has been detected in this well, while BTEX and MTBE have been ND.