## STOP 'N' SAVE

461 S. MILPITAS BLVD., SUITE #1 MILPITAS, CA 95035 PH, 408/874-8600 FAX 408/514-1949

August 20, 2015

## RECEIVED

By Alameda County Environmental Health 9:00 am, Aug 28, 2015

Ms. Donna Drogos Alameda County Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Parkway, Suite 250 Oakland, CA 94502-6577

Subject:

Third Quarter 2014 Monitoring and Closure Request Report

Stop N Save Inc.

20570 Stanton Avenue, Castro Valley, Alameda County, California

RO #0000179 ECG # SNS.18281

Dear Ms. Drogos:

Enclosed please find a copy of the July 2, 2015 Third Quarter 2014 Monitoring and Closure Request Report for the above referenced site prepared by our consultant Environmental Compliance Group, LLC.

I declare, under penalty and perjury, that the information and/or recommendations contained in this report are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Respectfully,

Frank W. Adamson

Jul Dans



270 Vintage Drive Turlock, CA 95382 P: 209.664.1035 F: 209.664.1040

# THIRD QUARTER 2014 MONITORING REPORT

STOP N SAVE INC. FACILITY 20570 STANTON AVENUE CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

Prepared for: Stop N Save Inc.



ECG Project Number: SNS.18281 Alameda County Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000179

July 2, 2015

Drew Van Allen
Senior Project Manager

Michael S. Sgourakis Principal Geologist CA P.G. No. 7194

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	3
Introduction	د
IntroductionLimitations	<b></b>
Site Description and Hydrogeologic Conditions	3
Site Description	3
Site Description and Hydrogeologic Conditions	3
Cleanun Goals	
Project Background	4
Investigations	4
Project Background  Investigations  Distribution of Mass Contaminants	5
Risk Assessments	5
Risk Assessments	 E
Corrective Actions	
Recent Activities	5
Recent Activities	5
May Dowformed	5
Work Scheduled for Next Quarter	5
Work Scheduled for Next Quarter	
Third Quarter 2014 Groundwater Monitoring Event	,t
Conclusions	6

## **Figures**

Site Location Map Figure 1: Site Map Figure 2: Potentiometric Surface Map Figure 3: Figure 4: Rose Diagram MTBE in Groundwater Isoconcentration Map Figure 5: TBA in Groundwater Isoconcentration Map Figure 6: Estimated MTBE Plume Length Map Figure 7: Sensitive Receptor Location Map Figure 8:

Third Quarter 2014 Monitoring Report Stop N Save Inc. Facility 20570 Stanton Avenue, Castro Valley, California

## **Tables**

Table 1: Well Construction Details

Table 2a: Historical Soil Analytical Data, TPH and BTEX

Table 2b: Historical Soil Analytical Data, Oxygenates and Lead Scavengers

Table 3a: Grab Groundwater Sample Results, TPH and BTEX

Table 3b: Grab Groundwater Sample Results, Oxygenates and Lead Scavengers

Table 4a: Monitoring Well Data, Water Level, TPH and BTEX
Table 4b: Monitoring Well Data, Oxygenates and Lead Scavengers

Table 5: Sensitive Receptor Survey Data

## **Appendices**

Appendix A: Regulatory Correspondence
Appendix B: Standard Operating Procedures
Appendix C: Laboratory Analytical Reports

Appendix D: Field Notes

## INTRODUCTION

Environmental Compliance Group (ECG) has been authorized by Stop N Save, Inc. to provide this Results Report for the Stop N Save Inc. facility (the site).

This report describes activities conducted during Third Quarter 2014 groundwater monitoring event and responds to email correspondence from the regulatory agency on October 1, 2014 (Appendix A). Site information is as follows:

Site Location:

20570 Stanton Avenue

Castro Valley, California

Geotracker Global ID:

T0600183405

## LIMITATIONS

This report has been prepared for use by Stop N Save, Inc. and the relevant regulatory agencies. The conclusions in this report are professional opinions based on the data presented in this report. This report was prepared in general accordance with hydrogeologic and engineering methods and standards. No other warranties are made as to the findings or conclusions presented in this report. The work described in this report was performed under the direct supervision of the professional geologist whose signature and State of California registration are shown above.

## SITE DESCRIPTION AND HYDROGEOLOGIC CONDITIONS

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

The site occupies a parcel on the southeast corner of Stanton Avenue and San Carlos Avenue in, Castro Valley, California (Figure 1). The site is situated in a commercial and residential area in central Castro Valley and is currently operated as a gasoline station. The area of interest at the site is the former location of two 10,000 gallon underground storage tanks (USTs) and fuel dispensers where impacted soil and groundwater was first identified in 2000. A detailed site plan is shown on Figure 2.

## HYDROGEOLOGIC CONDITIONS

The site is underlain by Quaternary-aged alluvium. Mapped bedrock outcrops near the site include the Penoche Formation, a conglomerate, and the Knoxville Formation, a micaceous shale. The site is located in the Castro Valley Groundwater Basin (designated 2.8), which is approximately 4 miles square and drains into San Lorenzo Creek.

Based on boring logs from the installation of the three groundwater monitoring wells and the advancement of one soil boring, the stratigraphy of the site and vicinity consists of silty clay to silt with sand from the surface to 23-feet below ground surface (bgs). Discontinuous thin intervals of sands and/or gravels appear to be present in the area at minor thicknesses.

Groundwater monitoring has been ongoing for 14 years. Depth to groundwater is shallow, ranging between 4- to 10-feet bgs. The groundwater flow direction has been consistently toward the east generally following the surface topography.

## CLEANUP GOALS

It is prudent to establish cleanup goals for soil and groundwater based upon reaching the residential Environmental Screening Levels (ESLs) established by Region II for sites where shallow soil has been impacted and groundwater is a current or potential drinking water source. The San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Board's Water Quality Plan lists Municipal and Domestic Water Supply, Industrial Process Water Supply, Industrial Service Water Supply, and Agricultural Water supply as Potential Beneficial Uses for the Castro Valley Groundwater Basin. The primary constituents of concern relative to the site appear to be total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg) and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX), methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE), tertiary amyl ether (TAME), and tertiary butyl alcohol (TBA). Accordingly, the following cleanup goals are proposed:

Constituent	Soil (mg/kg)	Groundwater (ug/L)
TPHg	83	100
Benzene	0.044	1.0
Toluene	2.9	40
Ethylbenzene	3.3	30
Xylenes	2.3	20
MTBE	0.023	5.0
TBA	0.075	12

## PROJECT BACKGROUND

## **INVESTIGATIONS**

In February 2000, two 10,000-gallon USTs and associated dispensers were removed. Results are detailed in Enviro Soil Tech Consultants' (ETSC) *Soil Sampling Beneath Removed USTs Report*, dated March 8, 2000.

In July 2000, overexcavation occurred and sampling showed reported concentrations in soil at 11-feet bgs at the north end of the excavation.

In September 2000, ETSC supervised the installation of three groundwater monitoring wells (STMW-1 through STMW-3) and the advancement of one soil boring (B-4). Results are detailed in ETSC's *Preliminary Soil and Groundwater Assessment Report*, dated October 13, 2000.

In November 2010, ECG supervised the advancement of six soil borings (SB-5 through SB-10) and the installation of three groundwater monitoring wells (MW-4 through MW-6). Results are detailed in ECG's Site Investigation and Fourth Quarter 2010 Monitoring Report, dated January 28, 2011.

Well construction details are provided on Table 1.

## DISTRIBUTION OF MASS CONTAMINANTS

Five UST removal soil samples, eight over excavation soil samples, six groundwater monitoring wells and seven soil borings (Figure 2) have not adequately characterized the lateral and vertical extent of impacted soil. Soil analytical results are summarized on Tables 2a and 2b and show reported soil concentrations did exceed ESLs for TPHg, BTEX, MTBE and TBA, with the highest reported concentrations at sample locations Pit-7-11, Pit-8-11, and MW-4 which are all located at the northern end of the former UST basin. A smear zone exists from 8- to 10-feet bgs located from MW-5 to the southwest, through the source to SB-6 to the east. Soil boring SB-10 was advanced to 25-feet bgs with no detections deeper than 10-feet bgs providing vertical definition. Based on analytical data from subsurface investigation activities, the vertical and lateral extent of impacted soil appears to be defined except for moderate smear zone concentrations at boring SB-6.

Six groundwater monitoring wells and three groundwater grab sample have not adequately characterized the lateral extent of impacted groundwater downgradient from the site. Groundwater analytical results are summarized on Tables 3a, 3b, 4a, and 4b and show current reported groundwater concentrations exceed ESLs for MTBE and TBA constituents at location STMW-1, MW-4, MW-5, and MW-6.

## RISK ASSESSMENTS

In July 2010, ECG conducted a preferential pathway study for the site. Results are on file with ACDEH.

In December 2010, ECG conducted a sensitive receptor survey for the site. Results are on file with ACDEH.

A soil vapor survey has not been completed for the site.

## **CORRECTIVE ACTIONS**

In July 2000, ETSC over-excavated and treated with bioremediation techniques, approximately 150 cubic yards of impacted soil. Results of the sampling, treatment, and disposal activities are detailed in ETSC's Soil Sampling, Treatment, and Disposal of Stockpiled Soil Report, dated August 21, 2000.

## RECENT ACTIVITIES

## WORK PERFORMED AND PROPOSED

The following is a summary of work performed and work proposed at the site.

#### Work Performed

- 1. On September 23, 2014, ECG performed the third quarter 2014 monitoring event.
- 2. On September 30, 2014, ECG and Stop N Save Inc. attended a meeting at Alameda County Environmental Health Offices.

## Work Scheduled for Next Quarter

1. Prepare the third quarter 2014 monitoring report.

## THIRD QUARTER 2014 GROUNDWATER MONITORING EVENT

ECG performed the third quarter 2014 groundwater monitoring and sampling event at the site on September 23, 2014. Gauging, development, purging, and sampling were conducted in accordance with ECG's SOPs included in Appendix B. The collected groundwater samples were submitted to Argon Labs in Ceres, California for laboratory analysis under COC protocols

The following is a summary of the current status of the groundwater monitoring program at the site:

**Current Phase of Project:** 

Groundwater Sampling Schedule:

Assessment Semi-annual

Wells MW-1 through MW-6

Analysis:

TPHg, BTEX, 5 oxygenates, and 2 lead scavengers by EPA Method 8260B

155.91-feet above mean sea level

Is Free Product Present On-Site:

No

The following is a summary of recent field and analytical data:

Average Depth to Groundwater

Average Groundwater Elevation

East

**Groundwater Gradient Direction** 

Groundwater Gradient

0.05 feet/foot

8.52-feet bgs

MTBE Detected Range

1.4 micrograms per liter (ug/L) (STMW-2) to

200 (MW-4)

**TBA** Detected Range

1,300 ug/L (MW-4) to 1,500 (STMW-1)

Laboratory analytical reports and COCs are provided in Appendix C. Field notes are located in Appendix D. Summaries of groundwater monitoring and analytical data are presented in Tables 4a and 4b.

## CONCLUSIONS

Based on analytical data from subsurface investigation activities, the vertical and lateral extent of impacted soil appears to be defined except for moderate smear zone concentrations at boring SB-6.

The groundwater elevations and gradient direction from the third quarter 2014 are consistent with historical results. A rose diagram was prepared for all historical groundwater gradients measured at the site is shown on Figure 4. As shown on Figure 4, groundwater flow direction is to the east.

Groundwater isoconcentration maps from the third quarter 2014 are provided as Figures 5 and 6. TPHg and benzene were not detected in the most recent sampling event. . MTBE was detected at well MW-6, the site's downgradient well at a reported concentration one ug/L above its primary drinking water standard of 13 ug/L.

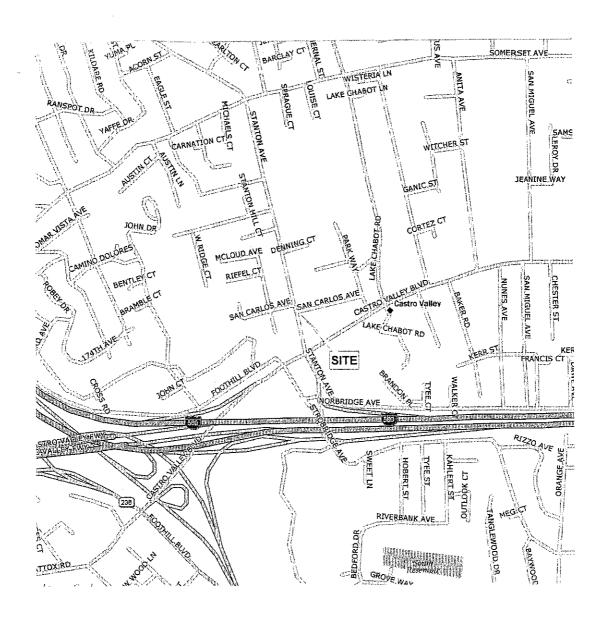
In response to ACDEH email dated October 1, 2014 (Appendix A), ECG prepared an Estimated MTBE Plume Length Map depicting average, 90th percentile, and maximum MTBE plume lengths according to the Low Threat Closure Policy Technical Justification for Groundwater Media-Specific Criteria (Figure 7).

Third Quarter 2014 Monitoring Report Stop N Save Inc. Facility 20570 Stanton Avenue, Castro Valley, California

The sensitive receptor survey completed in 2010 identified only former groundwater monitoring wells at former LUST sites that have been granted site closure (Figure 8 and Table 5).

ECG recommends the site be considered for no further action status under the Low Threat Closure Policy.

## **FIGURES**



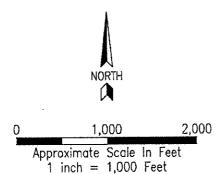


FIGURE 1

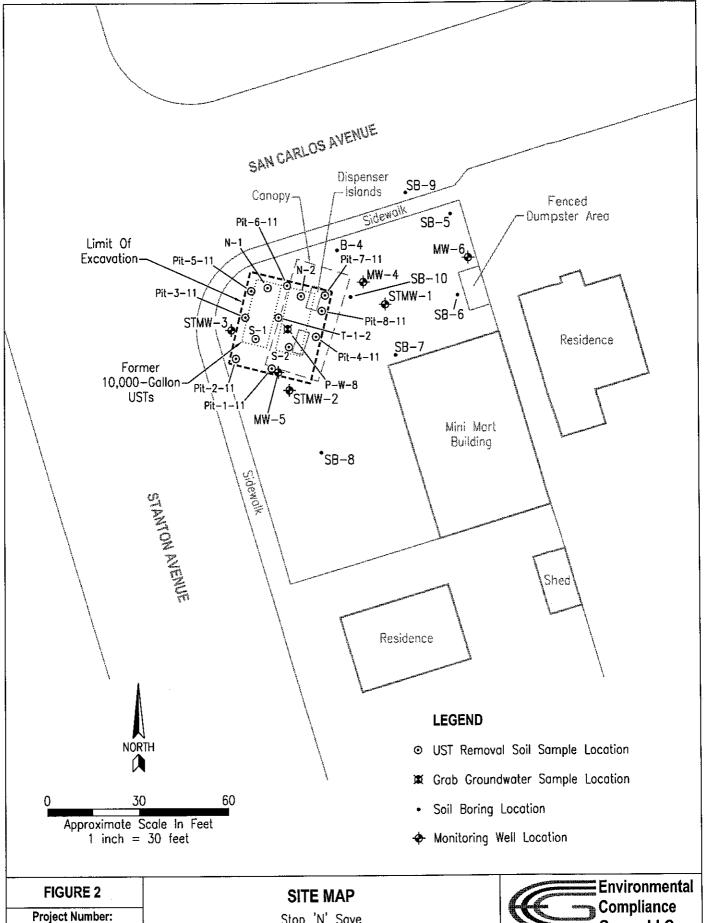
Project Number: SNS.18281

Date: July 21, 2010

## SITE LOCATION MAP

Stop 'N' Save 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California

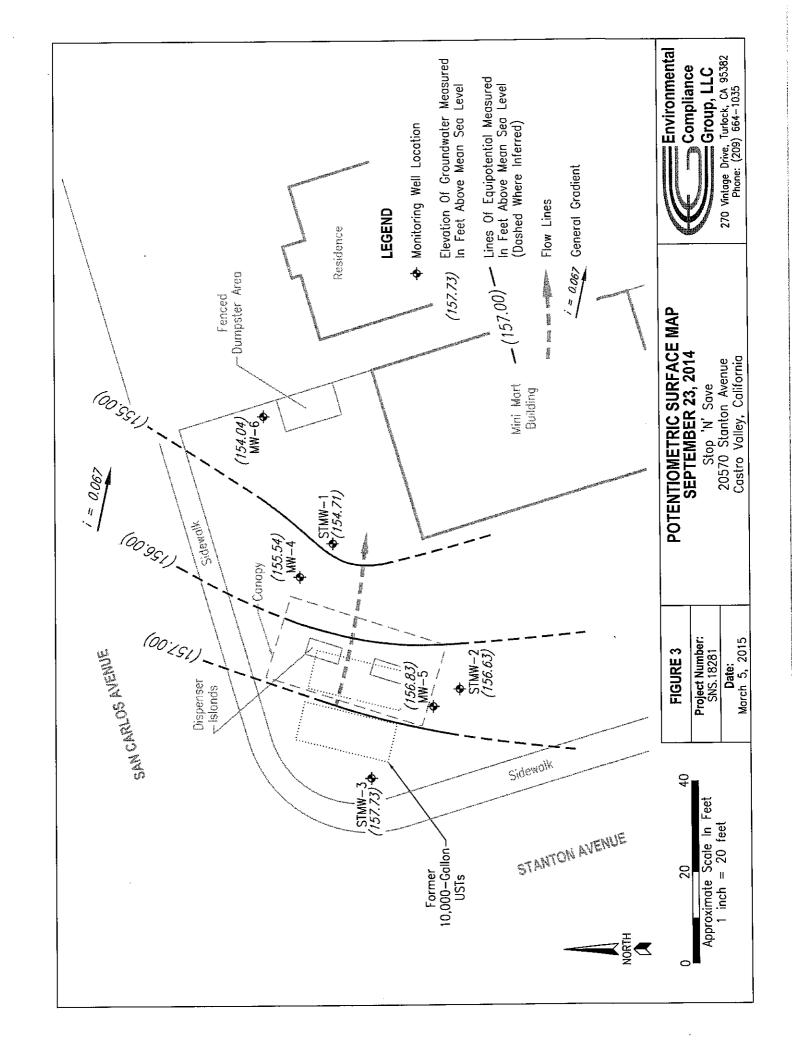


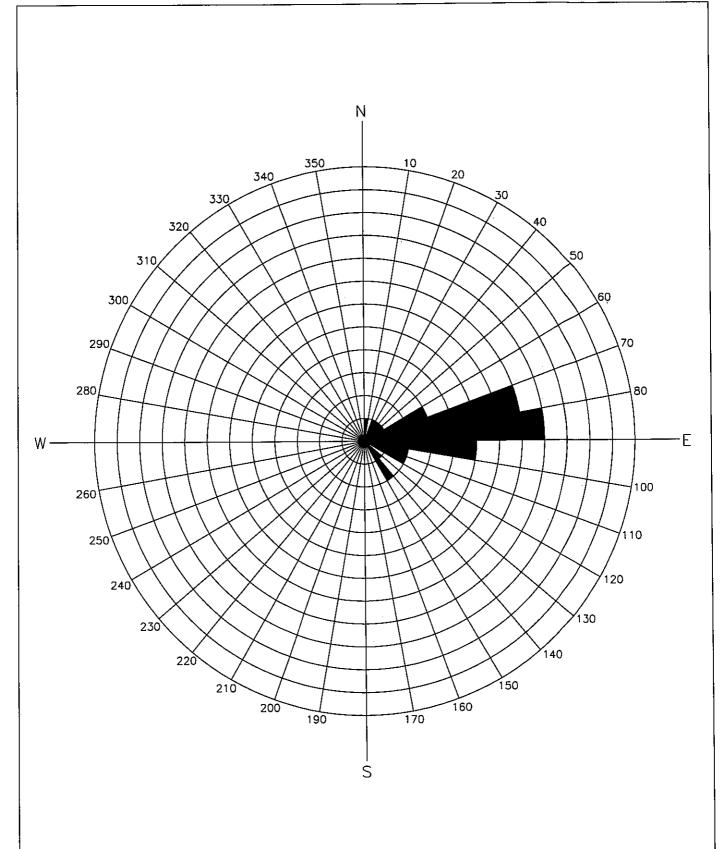


SNS.18281 Date: January 17, 2011

Stop 'N' Save 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California







Thru 3rd Quarter 2014

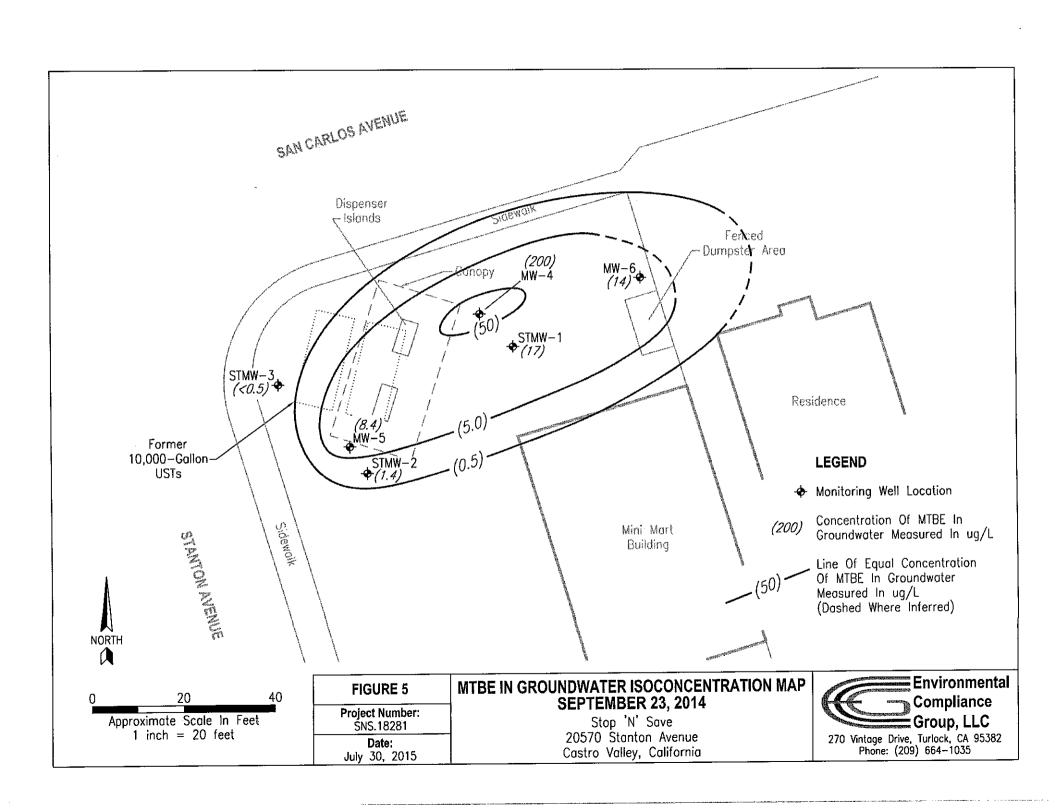
FIGURE 4
Project Number:
SNS.18281
Date:

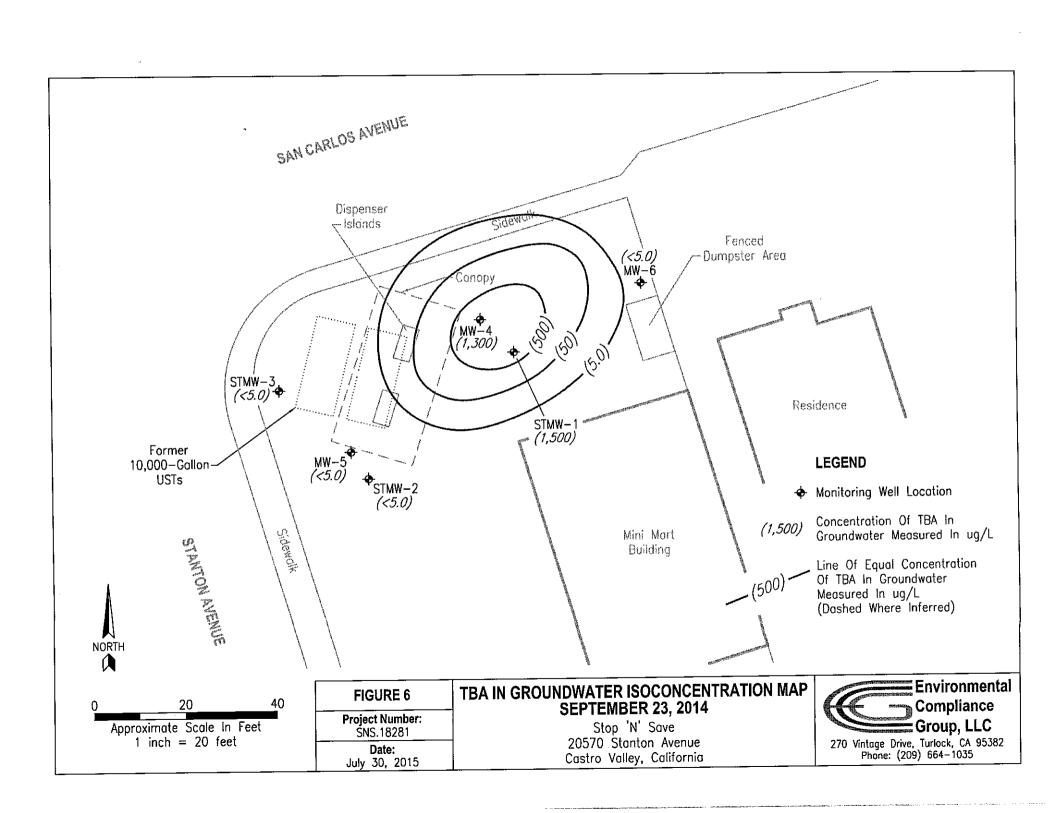
July 30, 2015

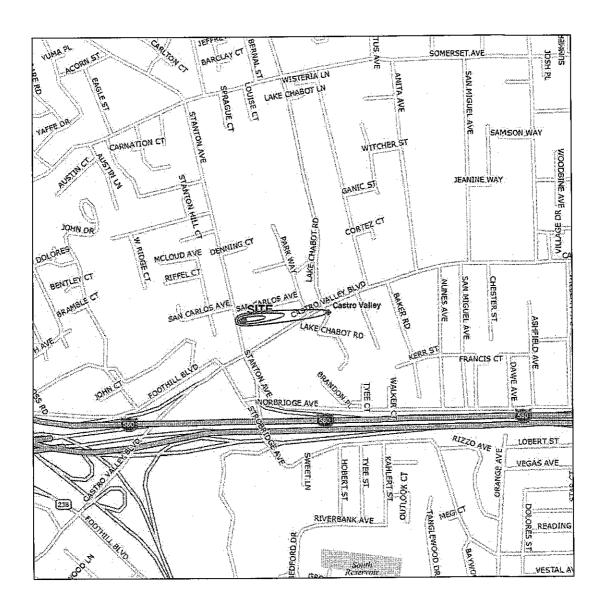
Stop 'N' Save 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California

**ROSE DIAGRAM** 











Average MTBE Plume Length: 317 Feet 90th Percentile MTBE Plume Length: 545 Feet Maximum MTBE Plume Length: 1,046 Feet

Approximate Scale In Feet 1 inch = 1,000 Feet

1,000

## FIGURE 7

Project Number: SNS.18281

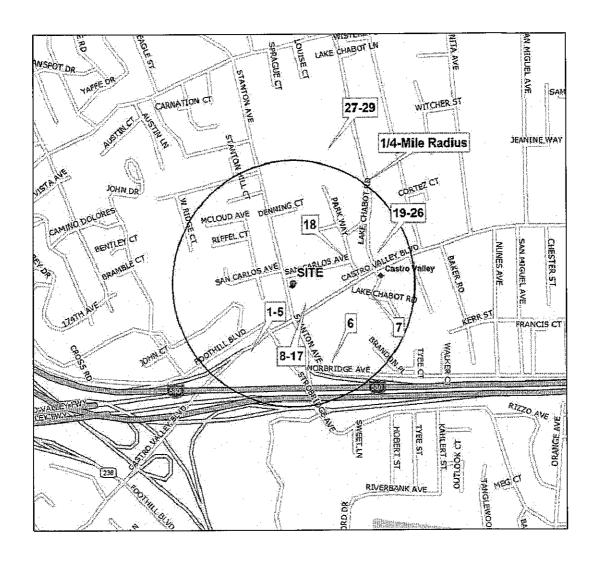
Date: July 30, 2015

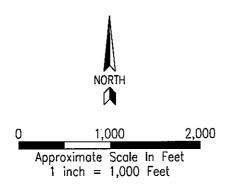
## **ESTIMATED MTBE PLUME LENGTH MAP**

2,000

Stop 'N' Save 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California







## FIGURE 8

Project Number: SNS.18281

Date: January 28, 2011

## SENSITIVE RECEPTOR LOCATION MAP

Stop 'N' Save 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California



## **TABLES**

## Table 1 Well Construction Details

Stop N Save Inc. 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California

Well ID	Date Installed	TOC Elevation (ft amsl)	Total Depth (ft bgs)	Casing Diameter (inches)	Casing Material	Screen/ Filter	Screen Interval (ft bgs)		
Monitoring Wells									
STMW-1		163.76	23	2	PVC	0.020/#3	9-23		
STMW-2	October 2000	164.94	22	2	PVC	0.020/#3	9-22		
STMW-3	2000	165.48	22	2	PVC	0.020/#3	9-22		
MW-4		163.94	13	2	PVC	0.020/#3	5-13		
MW-5	November 2010	165.31	15	2 .	PVC	0.020/#3	5-15		
MW-6	2010	163.19	15	2	PVC	0.020/#3	5-15		

## Notes:

TOC - denotes top-of-casing

ft - denotes feet

amsl - denotes above mean sea level

bgs - denotes below ground surface

--- - denotes no data

pvc - denotes polyvinyl chloride

## Table 2a Historical Soil Analytical Data TPH and BTEX

	Sample					Ethyl-	Total
	Depth	Collection	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes
Sample ID	(feet)	Date	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
Near Surface	<del>_</del>	·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
N-1	10*		5.6	0.07	0.26	0.15	0.98
N-2	10*	<sub>                                    </sub>	11	0.068	0.26	0.13	1.1
S-1	10*	February	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	0.012
S-2	10*	2000	1.2	<0.005	<0.005	0.006	0.037
T-1-2	10*		71	0.22	0.47	0.49	3.7
Pit-1-11	11		91	0.38	0.35	1.6	8.4
Pit-2-11	11	1 [	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Pit-3-11	11		<1.0	<0.005	0.005	<0.005	0.038
Pit-4-11	11	1	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Pit-5-11	11	July 2000	130	0.14	0.26	1.1	8.5
Pit-6-11	11		8.2	0.077	0.13	0.08	0.76
Pit-7-11	11	] [	220	0.58	1.3	1.8	24
Pit-8-11	11	]	1,000	5.7	3.9	14	25
Soil Boring							
B-4	5	September	<1.0	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
B-4	10	2000	<1.0	0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
SB-5-4	4		<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
SB-5-8	8	] [	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
SB-6-4	4	]	2.6	0.093	<0.005	0.020	0.047
SB-6-10	10		24	<0.025	<0.025	0.17	0.50
SB-7-8	8	] [	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
SB-7-10	10	] [	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
SB-8-4	4	November	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
SB-8-10	10	2010	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
SB-9-4	4	] 2010	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
SB-9-12	12		<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
SB-10-4	4		<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
SB-10-8	8		150	<0.10	<0.10	0.70	4.9
SB-10-12	12		<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
SB-10-20	20		<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
SB-10-25	25		<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005

# Table 2a Historical Soil Analytical Data TPH and BTEX

Stop N Save Inc. 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California

	Sample	i i	<u></u>			Ethyl-	Total
	Depth	Collection	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes
Sample ID	(feet)	Date	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
Monitoring W	ells		3,,,,,,,				
STMW-1	5		18	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	1.1
STMW-1	10	[	76	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	7.7
STMW-2	5	September	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
STMW-2	10	2000	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
STMW-3	5	1 1	1.3	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
STMW-3	10	1 [	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
MW-4-4	4		8.3	0.038	<0.025	0.038	0.43
MW-4-8	8		4,300	7.2	76	49	440
MW-4-12	12	]	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
MW-5-4	4	Navamahan	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
MW-5-8	8	November	60	<0.050	<0.050	0.26	<0.10
MW-5-12	12	2010	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
MW-6-4	4		<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
MW-6-8	8	1	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
MW-6-12	12	]	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005

## Notes:

TPHg - denotes total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline

mg/kg - denotes milligrams per kilogram

- <- denotes less than the detection limit
- \* denotes approximate depth based on tank diameter and sample notes

# Table 2b Historical Soil Analytical Data Oxygenates and Lead Scavengers

Stop N Save Inc. 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California

	Sample								
	Depth	Collection	DIPE	ETBE	MTBE	TAME	ТВА	1,2-DCA	EDB
Boring ID	(feet)	Date	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
Near Surface			<del>,</del>						
N-1	10*				0.74				
N-2	10*				3.8				
S-1	10*	February			0.18				
S-2	10*	2000			0.11				
T-1-2	10*				1.2				
Pit-1-11	11				<0.005				
Pit-2-11	11				<0.005				
Pit-3-11	11				0.094				
Pit-4-11	11	tulu 2000			<0.005				
Pit-5-11	11	July 2000			<0.005				
Pit-6-11	11				0.42				
Pit-7-11	11	1			<0.005				
Pit-8-11	<b>1</b> 1				16				
Soil Borings							<u> </u>		
B-4	5	September	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
B-4	10	2000	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-5-4	4		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-5-8	8	] .	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-6-4	4	]	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-6-10	10	]	<0.025	<0.025	0.046	<0.025	<0.25	<0.025	<0.025
SB-7-8	8	]	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-7-10	10	]	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-8-4	4	November	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-8-10	10	2010	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-9-4	4	7010	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-9-12	12		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-10-4	4		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-10-8	8		<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<1.0	<0.10	<0.10
SB-10-12	12		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-10-20	20		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
SB-10-25	25		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005

SNS.18281

## Table 2b **Historical Soil Analytical Data** Oxygenates and Lead Scavengers

Stop N Save Inc. 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California

	Sample Depth	Collection	DIPE	ETBE	МТВЕ	TAME	TBA	1,2-DCA	EDB
Boring ID	(feet)	Date	(mg/kg)						
Monitoring W	/ells								
STMW-1	5		<0.25	<0.25	1.5	<0.25	<1.0	<0.25	<0.25
STMW-1	10	]	<1.0	<1.0	1.6	<1.0	<4.0	<1.0	<1.0
STMW-2	5	September	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
STMW-2	10	2000	< 0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
STMW-3	5	1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
STMW-3	10	-	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
MW-4-4	4		<0.025	<0.025	2.1	<0.025	1.3	<0.025	<0.025
MW-4-8	8	1	<4.0	<4.0	<4.0	<4.0	<40	<4.0	<4.0
MW-4-12	12	1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
MW-5-4	4	1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
MW-5-8	8	November	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.50	<0.050	<0.050
MW-5-12	12	2010	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
MW-6-4	4	1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
MW-6-8	8	1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
MW-6-12	12		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005
						ļ			

## Notes:

mg/kg - denotes milligrams per kilogram

--- - denotes not analyzed

< - denotes less than the detection limit

MTBE - denotes methyl tertiary butyl ether

1,2-DCA - denotes 1,2-dichloroethane

DIPE -

denotes di-isopropyl ether

ETBE -TAME -

denotes ethyl tertiary butyl ether denotes tertiary amyl ether

TBA -

denotes tertiary butyl alcohol

EDB -

denotes ethyl dibromide

# Table 3a Grab Groundwater Sample Results TPH and BTEX

Stop N Save Inc. 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California

Sample ID	Date Measured	Sample Depth (ft bgs)	TPHg (ug/L)	Benzene (ug/L)	Toluene (ug/L)	Ethyl- benzene (ug/L)	Total Xylenes (ug/L)
UST Pit Sar	nples			***			···
P-W-8	July 2000	11	110	2.6	0.83	0.95	1.7
Soil Boring	Samples						
SB-7	November	10	790	6.3	2.1	5.7	19
SB-9	2010	20	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
							<u> </u>

#### Notes:

TPHg - denotes total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline

ug/L - denotes micrograms per liter

< - denotes less than the detection limit

\* - denotes approximate depth based on tank diameter and sample notes

# Table 3b Grab Groundwater Sample Results Oxygenates and Lead Scavengers

Stop N Save Inc. 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California

Sample ID	Date Measured	Sample Depth (ft bgs)	DIPE (ug/L)	ETBE (ug/L)	MTBE (ug/L)	TAME (ug/L)	TBA (ug/L)	1,2-DCA (ug/L)	EDB (ug/L)
UST Pit Sar	nples							· · · · · ·	
P-W-8	July 2000	11			130				
Soil Boring	Samples								_ ===
SB-7	November	10	<0.5	<0.5	4.0	<0.5	14	<0.5	<0.5
SB-9	2010	20	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
-									

### Notes:

ug/L - denotes micrograms per liter

< - denotes less than the detection limit

DCA - denotes dichloroethane

EDB - denotes ethylene dibromide

MTBE - denotes methyl tertiary butyl ether

\* - denotes approximate depth based on tank diameter and sample notes

DIPE - denotes di-isopropyl ether

ETBE - denotes ethyl tertiary butyl ether

TAME - denotes tertiary amyl ether

TBA - denotes tertiary butyl alcohol

Well	Date	Depth to	Groundwater				Ethyl-	Total
ID	Measured	Groundwater	Elevation	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes
(TOC)		(ft bgs)	(ft amsl)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)
STMW-1	10/4/2000	8.34	155.42	60,000	<2,500	<2,500	<2,500	<2,500
163.76	1/4/2001	7.86	155.90	71,000	<2,500	<2,500	<2,500	<5,000
	3/16/2004	5.70	158.06	260	52	64	7.9	27
	7/5/2004	4.82	158.94	2,100	17	240	2.6	12
	12/28/2004	6.82	156.94	310	89	90	11	43
	3/24/2005	5.63	158.13	630	43	140	16	110
	7/20/2005	5.75	158.01	330	12	22	<2.5	9.3
	9/15/2005	7.44	156.32	15,000	<100	<100	<100	<100
	12/12/2005	5.32	158.44	130	4.4	7.5	<1.0	3
	3/16/2006	3.90	159.86	<50	0.9	3.3	<0.5	<0.5
	6/22/2006	7.12	156.64	130	4.4	54	<1.0	7.1
	9/21/2006	7.78	155.98	880	110	32	18	110
	12/18/2006	9.12	154.64	240	7.5	130	1.4	7.6
	3/22/2007	6.82	156.94	190	17	13	2.9	14
	6/29/2007	9.86	153.90	2,700	340	45	52	310
	9/28/2007	6.88	156.88	1,000	85	2.5	11	72
	12/20/2007	7.81	155.95	690	92	<5.0	<5.0	36
	3/27/2008	7.37	156.39	160	36	0.92	<0.50	5.1
	6/6/2008	7.98	155.78	170	44	<5.0	<5.0	<15
	8/14/2008	8.50	155.26	<1,000	24	<10	<10	<20
	12/30/2008	7.85	155.91	<100	2.6	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0
	3/6/2009	7.48	156.28	57	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<15
	6/12/2009	7.92	155.84	70	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<15
	12/1/2009	8.20	155.56	<50	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<15
	9/20/2010	8.44	155.32	<500	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<10
	11/30/2010	7.71	156.05	<500	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<10
	3/8/2011	7.26	156.50	<500	<5.0	14	<5.0	<10
	9/23/2011	8.60	155.16	<250	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<5.0
	3/30/2012	7.31	156.45	<250	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<5.0
	8/24/2012	8.60	155.16	<50	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<5.0
	3/22/2013	8.10	155.66	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	9/24/2013	8.78	154.98	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	3/28/2014	7.92	155.84	70	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<5.0
	9/23/2014	9.05	154.71	<50	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							

Well	Date	Depth to	Groundwater		İ		Ethyl-	Total
ID	Measured	Groundwater	Elevation	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes
(TOC)		(ft bgs)	(ft amsl)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)
	10/1/2000	0.22	150.70	60	-E O	<5.0	<5,0	<5.0
STMW-2 164.94	10/4/2000	8.22	156.72	69	<5.0	<5.0 <5.0	<5.0 <5.0	<5.0 <5.0
104.54	1/4/2001	6.70	158.24	110	<5.0			
	3/16/2004	6.08	158.86	1,100	<10	<10	<10	<20
	7/5/2004	6.86	158.08	1,800	<10	<10	<10	<20
	12/28/2004	6.22	158.72	1,000	<13	<13	<13	<13
	3/24/2005	5.12	159.82	760	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
	7/20/2005	5.66	159.28	64	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
	9/15/2005	6.14	158.80	53	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
	12/12/2005	6.68	158.26	<50	2.2	<0.5	0.6	<0.5
	3/16/2006	5.54	159.40	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	6/22/2006	6.02	158.92	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	9/21/2006	6.94	158.00	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	12/18/2006	6.46	158.48	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	3/22/2007	6.16	158.78	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	6/29/2007	9.06	155.88	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	9/28/2007	7.63	157.31	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	12/20/2007	7.43	157.51	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	3/27/2008	6.16	158.78	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.5
	6/6/2008	7.09	157.85	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.5
	8/14/2008	7.85	157.09	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	12/30/2008	7.52	157.42	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	3/6/2009	6.90	158.04	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.5
	6/12/2009	6.65	158.29	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.5
	12/1/2009	7.43	157.51	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.5
	9/20/2010	7.58	157.36	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	11/30/2010	6.94	158.00	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	3/8/2011	6.00	158.94	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	9/23/2011	7.68	157.26	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	3/30/2012	5.99	158.95	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	8/24/2012	7.75	157.19	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	3/22/2013	7.14	157.80	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	9/24/2013	8.16	156.78	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
ļ	3/28/2014	7.76	157.18	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
ŀ	9/23/2014	8.31	156.63	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	-,,				† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Well	Date	Depth to	Groundwater				Ethyl-	Total
ID	Measured	Groundwater	Elevation	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes
(TOC)		(ft bgs)	(ft amsl)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/ <b>L</b> )
STMW-3	10/4/2000	8.42	157.06	<50	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
165.48	1/4/2001	6.16	159.32	<50	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
	3/16/2004	7.18	158.30	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	7/5/2004	6.27	159.21	<25	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	12/28/2004	5.64	159.84	<25	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	3/24/2005	5.12	160.36	<25	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	7/20/2005	5.50	159.98	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	9/15/2005	5.56	159.92	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	12/12/2005	6.26	159.22	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	3/16/2006	5.14	160.34	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	6/22/2006	5.92	159.56	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	9/21/2006	6.14	159.34	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	12/18/2006	5.50	159.98	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	3/22/2007	5.88	159.60	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	6/29/2007	8.82	156.66	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	9/28/2007	8.14	157.34	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	12/20/2007	6.56	158.92	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	3/27/2008	6.21	159.27	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.5
	6/6/2008	6.84	158.64	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.5
	8/14/2008	7.34	158.14	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0_
	12/30/2008	6.45	159.03	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	3/6/2009	5.06	160.42	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.5
	6/12/2009	6.54	158.94	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.5
	12/1/2009	6.79	158.69	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.5
	9/20/2010	7.14	158.34	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	11/30/2010	6.20	159.28	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	3/8/2011	5.61	159.87	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	9/23/2011	7.34	158.14	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	3/30/2012	5.32	160.16	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	8/24/2012	7.41	158.07	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	3/22/2013	6.67	158.81	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
ļ	9/24/2013	7.47	158.01	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	3/28/2014	5.41	160.07	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	9/23/2014	7.75	157.73	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0

Stop N Save Inc. 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California

Well	Date	Depth to	Groundwater				Ethyl-	Total
ID	Measured	Groundwater	Elevation	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes
(TOC)		(ft bgs)	(ft amsi)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)
MW-4	11/30/2010	8.18	155.76	2,700	56	30	46	430
163.94	3/8/2011	7.23	156.71	1,900	350	25	29	140
	9/23/2011	8.46	155.48	<1,000	120	<10	22	<20
	3/30/2012	9.27	154.67	<1,200	26	<12	<12	<25
	8/24/2012	10.58	153.36	330	<10	<10	<10	<20
	3/22/2013	7.95	155.99	290	16	<5.0	<5.0	<10
	9/24/2013	10.10	153.84	390	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<10
	3/28/2014	7.72	156.22	280	6.1	<5.0	6.1	<10
	9/23/2014	8.40	155.54	<50	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<4.0
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
MW-5	11/30/2010	7.68	157.63	200	1.8	<0.50	2.1	4.1
165.31	3/8/2011	6.24	159.07	130	8.8	<0.50	6.7	<1.0
	9/23/2011	7.71	157.60	160	6.7	<0.50	8.4	1.5
	3/30/2012	6.59	158.72	120	7.8	<0.50	6.9	<1.0
	8/24/2012	7.90	157.41	58	3.9	<0.50	4.8	<1.0
	3/22/2013	7.35	157.96	95	1.7	<0.5	1.5	<1.0
	9/24/2013	8.41	156.90	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	3/28/2014	7.46	157.85	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	9/23/2014	8.48	156.83	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
MW-6	11/30/2010	7.70	155.49	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
163.19	3/8/2011	7.09	156.10	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	9/23/2011	8.60	154.59	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	3/30/2012	7.35	155.84	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	8/24/2012	8.72	154.47	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0
	3/22/2013	8.05	155.14	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	9/24/2013	8.82	154.37	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	3/28/2014	7.90	155.29	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
	9/23/2014	9.15	154.04	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
							<u> </u>	<u> </u>

#### Notes:

TPHg - denotes total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline

ug/L - denotes micrograms per liter

< - denotes less than the detection limit

Well	Date							
ID	Measured	DIPE	ETBE	MTBE	TAME	TBA	1,2-DCA	EDB
		(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)
							<b></b>	
STMW-1	10/4/2000			69,000		<10,000		
97.93	1/4/2001		89,000 <20,000		<20,000			
	3/16/2004			39		<10		
	7/5/2004			520		<50	***	
	12/28/2004			32		<20		
	3/24/2005			20		<20		
	7/20/2005			310		<50		
	9/15/2005			13,000		2,500		
	12/12/2005	***		170		100		
	3/16/2005			21		<10		
	6/22/2006	-1-		70		<20		
	9/21/2006			1,600		2,300	205	
	12/18/2006			130		180		
	3/22/2007			360		170		
	6/29/2007			3,100	***	2,200	***	
	9/28/2007	<2.5	<2.5	1,000	<2.5	5,300	<2.5	<2.5
	12/20/2007	<5.0	<5.0	1,200	<5.0	15,000	<5.0	<5.0
	3/27/2008	<1.0	<1.0	590	<1.0	4,900	<1.0	<1.0
	6/6/2008	<10	<10	1,000	<10	5,700	<10	<10
	8/14/2008	<10	<10	450	<10	10,000	<10	<10
	12/30/2008	<1.0	<1.0	84	<1.0	7,700	<1.0	<1.0
	3/6/2009	<10	<10	340	<10	5,400	<10	<10
	6/12/2009	<10	<10	170	<10	5,000	<10	<10
	12/1/2009	<10	<10	42	<10	5,600	<10	<10
	9/20/2010	<5.0	<5.0	51	<5.0	8,100	<5.0	<5.0
	11/30/2010	<5.0	<5.0	42	<5.0	4,100	<5.0	<5.0
	3/8/2011	<5.0	<5.0	66	<5.0	3,800	<5.0	<5.0
	9/23/2011	<2.5	<2.5	30	<2.5	4,800	<2.5	<2.5
	3/30/2012	<2.5	<2.5	40	<2.5	4,700	<2.5	<2.5
	8/24/2012	<2.5	<2.5	33	<2.5	5,500	<2.5	<2.5
	3/22/2013	<0.5	<0.5	23	<0.5	2,500	<0.5	<0.5
	9/24/2013	<0.5	<0.5	270	21	56	16	<0.5
	3/28/2014	<2.5	<2.5	37	<2.5	2,400	<2.5	<2.5
	9/23/2014	<1.0	<1.0	17	<1.0	1,500	<1.0	<10
	3,23,2017	-210	1	<del></del>				

Well ID	Date Measured	DIPE (ug/L)	ETBE (ug/L)	MTBE (ug/L)	TAME (ug/L)	TBA (ug/L)	1,2-DCA (ug/L)	EDB (ug/L)
STMW-2	10/4/2000			66		<20		
99.04	1/4/2001			120		<20		
	3/16/2004			1,700		<200	<b></b>	
	7/5/2004			1,800		<200		
	12/28/2004			1,400	WWR	<250		
	3/24/2005			930		180		
	7/20/2005			43		920		
	9/15/2005			88		130		
	12/12/2005			23		22		
	3/16/2005			34		150		
	6/22/2006			12		200		
	9/21/2006			16		41		
	12/18/2006			15		71		
	3/22/2007			15		71		
	6/29/2007			14		<10		
	9/28/2007	<0.5	<0.5	14	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	12/20/2007	<0.5	<0.5	6.2	<0.5	54	<0.5	<0.5
	3/27/2008	<1.0	<1.0	14	<1.0	<12	<1.0	<1.0
	6/6/2008	<1.0	<1.0	5.6	<1.0	<12	<1.0	<1.0
	8/14/2008	<0.5	<0.5	2.0	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
•	12/30/2008	<0.5	<0.5	8.6	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/6/2009	<1.0	<1.0	3.0	<1.0	<12	<1.0	<1.0
	6/12/2009	<1.0	<1.0	3.8	<1.0	<12	<1.0	<1.0
	12/1/2009	<1.0	<1.0	5.4	<1.0	<12	<1.0	<1.0
	9/20/2010	<0.5	<0.5	4.2	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	11/30/2010	<0.5	<0.5	2.2	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/8/2011	<0.5	<0.5	1.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	9/23/2011	<0.5	<0.5	3.0	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/30/2012	<0.5	<0.5	1.7	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	8/24/2012	<0.5	<0.5	2.4	<0.5	7.5	<0.5	<0.5
	3/22/2013	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	9/24/2013	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/28/2014	<0.5	<0.5	0.6	<0.5	54	<0.5	<0.5
	9/23/2014	<0.5	<0.5	1.4	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5

Well	Date Measured	DIPE	ЕТВЕ	MTBE	TAME	ТВА	1,2-DCA	EDB
טו	Weasurea	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	, (ug/L)	(ug/L)
		(-0, /						
STMW-3	10/4/2000			<5.0		<20_		
99.60	1/4/2001			<5.0		<20	750	
	3/16/2004			2.8		<10	<b></b> -	
	7/5/2004			2.5		<10		
:	12/28/2004			2.0		<10	u=n	
	3/24/2005			1.4		<10		
	7/20/2005			1.5		<10		
	9/15/2005			1.2		<10		
	12/12/2005			<1.0	***	<10		
	3/16/2005			<1.0	-44#	<10	an-	
	6/22/2006			<1.0		<10		
	9/21/2006			<1.0		<10		
	12/18/2006			<1.0		<10		
	3/22/2007			<1.0		<10		
	6/29/2007		HER	<1.0		<10		
	9/28/2007	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	12/20/2007	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/27/2008	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<12	<1.0	<1.0
	6/6/2008	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<12	<1.0	<1.0
	8/14/2008	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	12/30/2008	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/6/2009	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<12	<1.0	<1.0
	6/12/2009	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<12	<1.0	<1.0
	12/1/2009	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<12	<1.0	<1.0
	9/20/2010	<0.5	<0.5	0.6	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	11/30/2010	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/8/2011	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	9/23/2011	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/30/2012	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	8/24/2012	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/22/2013	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	9/24/2013	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/28/2014	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	9/23/2014	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5

Stop N Save Inc. 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California

Well	Date							
ID	Measured	DIPE	ETBE	MTBE	TAME	ТВА	1,2-DCA	EDB
		(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)
							· ·	
MW-4	11/30/2010	<2.5	<2.5	510	<2.5	510	<2.5	<2.5
	3/8/2011	<10	<10	1,800	<10	1,200	<10	<10
	9/23/2011	<10	<10	3,100	<10	2,400	<10	<10
	3/30/2012	<12	<12	2,100	<12	3,200	<12	<12
	8/24/2012	<10	<10	1,500	<10	2,900	<10	<10
	3/22/2013	<5.0	<5.0	690	<5.0	2,800	<5.0	<5.0
	9/24/2013	<5.0	<5.0	720	<5.0	3,300	<5.0	<5.0
	3/28/2014	<5.0	<5.0	610	<5.0	3,000	<5.0	<5.0
	9/23/2014	<2.0	<2.0	200	<2.0	1,300	<2.0	<20
MW-5	11/30/2010	<0.5	<0.5	62	<0.5	26	<0.5	<0.5
	3/8/2011	<0.5	<0.5	53	<0.5	14	<0.5	<0.5
	9/23/2011	<0.5	<0.5	50.	<0.5	17	<0.5	<0.5
	3/30/2012	<0.5	<0.5	35	<0.5	13	<0.5	<0.5
	8/24/2012	<0.5	<0.5	26	<0.5	7.4	<0.5	<0.5
	3/22/2013	<0.5	<0.5	14	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	9/24/2013	<0.5	<0.5	21	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/28/2014	<0.5	<0.5	8.6	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	9/23/2014	<0.5	<0.5	8.4	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
MW-6	11/30/2010	<0.5	<0.5	75	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/8/2011	<0.5	<0.5	64	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	9/23/2011	<0.5	<0.5	44	<0.5	<5:0	<0.5	<0.5
	9/23/2011	<0.5	<0.5	22	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
Ì	8/24/2012	<0.5	<0.5	33	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/22/2013	<0.5	<0.5	18	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	9/24/2013	<0.5	<0.5	24	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	3/28/2014	<0.5	<0.5	29	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
	9/23/2014	<0.5	<0.5	14	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5

#### Notes:

ug/L - denotes micrograms per liter

<- denotes less than the detection limit

DCA - denotes dichloroethane

EDB - denotes ethylene dibromide

MTBE - denotes methyl tertiary butyl ether

DIPE - denotes di-isopropyl ether

ETBE - denotes ethyl tertiary butyl ether

TAME - denotes tertiary amyl ether

TBA - denotes tertiary butyl alcohol

## Table 5 Sensitive Receptor Survey Data

Stop N Save Inc. 20570 Stanton Avenue Castro Valley, California

Figure ID	Well Owner	Well Location Description on DWR Log	Well Type	Total Depth (feet bgs.)	Screen Interval (feet bgs.)	Seal Inteval (feet bgs.)	Installation Date	Distance/ Direction (feet)	Notes:
1-5	Unocal	2445 Castro Valley Boulevard, Castro Valley	Monitoring	25.5	8-25.5	0-6	1990	900/SW	Unable to Locate
6	Clark's Woodworking	2620 Norbridge Avenue, Castro Valley	Monitoring	52.5	None	0-52.5	Unknown	900/5	Unable to Locate
7	Anthony Varni	2691 Castro Valley Boulevard, Castro Valley	Test Hole	205	None	0-205	6/10/05	800/E	Unable to Locate
8-17	Thrifty Oil	2504 Castro Valley Boulevard, Castro Valley	Monitoring	15-20	5-20	0-4	1988-1991	450/S	Unable to Locate
18	Castro Valley Autohaus	20697 Parkway, Castro Valley	Monitoring	11.5	5.5-11.5	0-4.5	1991	600/E	Unable to Locate
19-26	Shell Oil	2724 Castro Valley Boulevard, Castro Valley	Monitoring Cooling	15-25	5-25	0-4	1990-1993	1000/E	Unable to Locate
27	Eden Township Hospital	- Castro Valley	System Return	60	None	Unknown	1952	1300/NE	Unable to Locate
28	Eden Township Hospital	Castro Valley	Domestic	250	None	Unknown-	1952	1300/NE	Unable to Locate
29	Eden Township Hospital	Castro Valley	Test Well	150	100-110 132-140	Unknown	1953	1300/NE	Unable to Locate

Notes:

DWR - denotes Department of Water Resources

--- - denotes no data available

bgs - denotes below ground surface

## **APPENDICES**



mike sgourakis <ecg.ust@gmail.com>

# RE: Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000179 and GeoTracker Global ID T0600183405, Stop N Save, 20570 Stanton Avenue, Castro Valley, CA 94546

1 message

Detterman, Karel, Env. Health < Karel. Detterman@acgov.org>

Wed, Oct 1, 2014 at 8:58

PM

To: ECG <ecg.ust@gmail.com>, "kapoorsean@yahoo.com" <kapoorsean@yahoo.com>, "jagkapoor@gmail.com" <jagkapoor@gmail.com> Co: "Roe, Dilan, Env. Health" <Dilan.Roe@acgov.org>

Hello Everyone:

Thank you for attending the meeting at our office on Tuesday 9/30/2014. The purpose of was to discuss the results of the *First Quarter 2014 Monitoring Report* (Report) dated 8/1/2014 in conjunction with Alameda County Environmental Health's (ACEH) Low Threat Closure Policy (LTCP) Evaluation and identify remaining data gaps on the path to closure. As discussed in the meeting, one data gap was identified, as listed under Technical Comments.

### **TECHNICAL COMMENTS**

- 1. Please submit a complete copy of the *First Quarter 2014 Monitoring Report* to ACEH and Geotracker; page 4 of 4 of Table 4B was missing from the current copy.
- 2. LTCP Media Specific Criteria for Groundwater: It appears that the MTBE plume is undefined because the MTBE plume doesn't correlate with the groundwater gradient direction on the figures provided in the Report. Please present a Rose Diagram based on the October 2000 to March 2014 groundwater monitoring and sampling events and use the criteria listed in Table 1 of the LTCP's Technical Justification for Groundwater Media-Specific Criteria to define the length of the plume. The LTCP defines the length of the plume as the maximum extent from the point of release of any petroleum related constituent (GRO) in groundwater that exceeds the water quality objectives. Please prepare a figure plotting the estimated GRO and MTBE plume length(s) (average, 90<sup>th</sup> percentile, and maximum) in the groundwater gradient direction on an aerial photograph base map, identifying sensitive receptors within 1,000 feet of the edge of the plume.

Please submit a draft LTCP Plume Study including the Rose Diagram to my attention by 10/31/2014. I will send comments so that the LTCP Plume Study can be finalized and uploaded as a Request for Closure (RFC) as per the schedule in the Technical Report Request section.

### **Technical report request**

October 31, 2014 – E-mailed Draft LTCP Plume Study to karel.detterman@acgov.org

Please upload the technical report to the ACEH ftp site (Attention: Karel Detterman), and to the State Water Resources Control Board's Geotracker website, in accordance with the following specified file naming convention and schedule:

Sixty days After Draft LTCP Plume Study Approval - Request for Closure

File to be named: RO179\_RFC\_R\_yyyy-mm-dd

This report is being requested pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Section 25296.10. 23 CCR Sections 2652 through 2654, and 2721 through 2728 outline the responsibilities of a responsible party in response to an unauthorized release from a petroleum UST system, and require your compliance with this request.

Thank you,

Karel Detterman, PG

Hazardous Materials Specialist

Alameda County Environmental Health

1131 Harbor Bay Parkway

Alameda, CA 94502

Direct: 510.567.6708

Fax: 510.337.9335

Email: karel.detterman@acgov.org

PDF copies of case files can be downloaded at:

http://www.acgov.org/aceh/lop/ust.htm

Attachment\_1\_and\_ftpUploadInstructions\_2014-05-15.pdf 33K

# ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE GROUP, LLC STANDARD OPERATING AND SAFETY AND LOSS CONTROL PROCEDURES

# 1.0 SOIL BORING/DRILLING SAMPLE COLLECTION AND CLASSIFICATION PROCEDURES

ECG will prepare a site-specific Health and Safety Plan as required by the Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OSHA) Standard "Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response" guidelines (29 CFR.1910.120). The document will be reviewed and signed by all ECG personnel and subcontractors prior to performing work at the site.

Prior to conducting and subsurface work at the site, Underground Services Alert (USA) will be contacted to delineate subsurface utilities near the site with surface markings. In addition, the first five feet of every location will be hand cleared to a diameter larger than the diameter of the auger or probe as a further precaution against damaging underground utilities. Sites that are currently operated as gas stations will be cleared with a private utility locator prior to drilling activities.

Soil samples to be submitted for chemical analyses are collected into brass or stainless steel tubes. The tubes are placed in an 18-inch long split-barrel sampler. The split-barrel sampler is driven its entire length hydraulically or by 140-pound drop hammer. The split-barrel sampler is removed from the borehole and the tubes are removed. When the tubes are removed from the split-barrel sampler, the tubes are trimmed and capped with Teflon sheets and plastic caps or the soil is removed from the tubes and placed in other appropriate sample containers. The samples are sealed, labeled, and placed in ice under chain-of-custody to be delivered to the analytical laboratory. All samples will be kept refrigerated until their delivery to the analytical laboratory.

One soil sample collected from each split-barrel sampler is field screened with a photoionization detector (PID), flame ionization detector (FID), or other equivalent field screening meter. The soil sample is sealed in a plastic bag or other appropriate container to allow volatilization of volatile organic compounds (VOCs). The field meter is used to measure the VOC concentration in the container's headspace and is recorded on the boring logs at the appropriate depth interval.

Other soil samples collected from each split-barrel sampler are inspected and documented to identify the soil stratigraphy beneath the site and classify the soil types according to the United Soil Classification System. The soil types are recorded on boring logs with the appropriate depth interval and any pertinent field observations. Drilling and sampling equipment are steam cleaned or washed in solution and rinsed in deionized water prior to use, between sample collections and boreholes and after use.

# 2.0 SOIL EXCAVATION SAMPLE COLLECTION AND CLASSIFICATION PROCEDURES

Soil samples to be submitted for chemical analyses are collected into brass or stainless steel tubes or other appropriate containers. The samples are sealed, labeled, and placed in ice under chain-of-custody (COC) to be delivered to the analytical laboratory. All samples will be kept refrigerated until their delivery to the analytical laboratory.

Select soil samples are placed into a sealed plastic bag or other appropriate container and field screened using a PID, FID, or equivalent meter. Other soil samples collected are inspected and documented to identify the soil stratigraphy beneath the site and classify the soil types according to the United Soil Classification System. The soil types are recorded field notes with the appropriate depth interval and any pertinent field observations. Sampling equipment are steam cleaned or washed in solution and rinsed in deionized water prior to use, between sample collections, and after use. Soil cuttings and rinseate water are temporarily stored onsite pending laboratory analytical results and proper transport and disposal.

## 3.0 SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION AND COC PROCEDURES

Sample containers are labeled with job number, job name, sample collection time and date, sample collection point, and analyses requested. Sampling method, sampler's name, and any pertinent field observations are recorded on boring logs or excavation field notes. COC forms track the possession of the sample from the time of its collection until the time of its delivery to the analytical laboratory. During sample transfers, the person with custody of the samples will relinquish them to the next person by signing the COC and documenting the time and date. The analytical laboratory Quality Control/Quality Assurance (QA/QC) staff will document the receipt of the samples and confirm the analyses requested on the COC matches the sample containers and preservative used, if any. The analytical laboratory will assign unique log numbers for identification during the analyses and reporting. The log numbers will be added to the COC form and maintained in a log book maintained by the analytical laboratory.

### 4.0 ANALYTICAL LABORATORY QA/QC PROCEDURES

The analytical laboratory analyzes spikes, replicates, blanks, spiked blanks, and certified reference materials to verify analytical methods and results. The analytical laboratory QA/QC also includes:

Routine instrument calibration,

Complying with state and federal laboratory accreditation and certification programs,

Participation in U.S. EPA performance evaluation studies,

Standard operating procedures, and

Multiple review of raw data and client reports

### 5.0 HOLLOW STEM AUGER WELL INSTALLATION

Boreholes for wells are often drilled with a truck-mounted hollow stem auger drill rig. The borehole diameter is at least 4 inches wider than the outside diameter of the well casing. Soil samples are collected and screened as described in **Section 1.0** and decontamination procedures are also the same as described in **Section 1.0**.

Wells are cased with both blank and factory-perforated Schedule 40 PVC. The factory perforations are typically 0.020 inches wide by 1.5 inch long slots, with 42 slots per foot. A PVC cap is typically installed at the bottom of the casing with stainless steel screws. No solvents or cements are used in the construction of the wells. Well stabilizers or centering devices may be installed around the casing to ensure the filter material and grout in the annulus are evenly distributed. The casing is purchased pre-cleaned or steam cleaned and washed prior to installation in the borehole.

The casing is set inside the augers and sand, gravel, or other filter material is poured into the annulus to fill the borehole from the bottom to approximately 1-2 feet above the perforations. A two foot thick bentonite plug is placed above the filter material to prevent the grout from filling the filter pack. Neat cement or sand-cement grout is poured into the annulus from the top of the bentonite plug to the surface. For wells located in parking lots or driveways, or roads, a traffic rated well box is installed around the well. For wells located in landscaped areas or fields, a stovepipe well protection device is installed around the well. Soil cuttings and rinseate water are temporarily stored onsite pending laboratory analytical results and proper transport and disposal.

#### 6.0 MUD AND AIR ROTARY WELL INSTALLATION

Boreholes for wells can also be drilled with a truck-mounted air rotary or mud rotary drill rig. Air or mud can be used as a drill fluid to fill the borehole and prevent the borehole from caving in and remove drill cuttings. Mud or air can be chosen depending on the subsurface conditions. Soil samples are collected and screened as described in **Section 1.0** and decontamination procedures are also the same as described in **Section 1.0**.

Wells are cased with both blank and factory-perforated Schedule 40 PVC. The factory perforations are typically 0.020 inches wide by 1.5 inch long slots, with 42 slots per foot. A PVC cap is typically installed at the bottom of the casing with stainless steel screws. No solvents or cements are used in the construction of the wells. Well stabilizers or centering devices may be installed around the casing to ensure the filter material and grout in the annulus are evenly distributed. The casing is purchased pre-cleaned or steam cleaned and washed prior to installation in the borehole. Soil cuttings and drilling fluids are temporarily stored onsite pending laboratory analytical results and proper transport and disposal.

The casing is set inside the augers and sand, gravel, or other filter material is poured into the annulus to fill the borehole from the bottom to approximately 1-2 feet above the perforations. A two foot thick bentonite plug is placed above the filter material to prevent the grout from filling the filter pack. Neat cement or sand-cement grout is poured into the annulus from the top of the bentonite plug to the surface. For wells located in parking lots or driveways, or roads, a traffic rated well box is installed around the well. For wells located in landscaped areas or fields, a stovepipe well protection device is installed around the well. Soil cuttings and rinseate water are temporarily stored onsite pending laboratory analytical results and proper transport and disposal.

#### 7.0 WELL DEVELOPMENT

After well installation, the wells are developed to remove residual drilling materials from the annulus and to improve well production by fine materials from the filter pack. Possible well development methods include pumping, surging, bailing, jetting, flushing, and air lifting. Development water is temporarily stored onsite pending laboratory analytical results and proper transport and disposal. Development equipment are steam cleaned or washed in solution and rinsed in deionized water prior to use, between sample collections and after use. After well development the wells are typically allowed to stabilize for at least 24 hours prior to purging and sampling.

#### 8.0 LIQUID LEVEL MEASUREMENTS

Liquid level measurements are made with a water level meter and/or interface probe and disposable bailers. The probe tip attached to a measuring tape is lowered into the well and into the groundwater when a beeping tone indicates the probe is in the groundwater. The probe and measuring tape (graduated to hundredths of a foot) are slowly raised until the beeping stops and the depth to water measurement is recorded. If the meter makes a steady tone, this indicates the presence of floating liquid hydrocarbons (FLH) and the probe and measuring tape are raised until the steady tone stops and the depth to the FLH is measured. Once depth to water and depth to FLH (if present) has been recorded, the probe and measuring tape are lowered to the bottom of the well where the total depth of the well is measured. The depth to water, depth to FLH, and depth to bottom are measured again to confirm the results.

If FLH is encountered in the well, a disposable bailer is lowered into the well and brought back to the surface to confirm the thickness/presence of FLH. To minimize potential for cross contamination between wells, all measurements are done from cleanest to dirtiest well. Prior to beginning liquid level measurements, in between measurements in all wells, and at the completion of liquid level measurements, the water level probe and measuring tape is cleaned with solution (Alconox, Simple Green, or equivalent) and rinsed with deionized water.

### 9.0 WELL PURGING AND SAMPLING

Each well is typically purged of at least three well casing volumes of groundwater prior to collecting a groundwater sample. Purging can continue beyond three well casing volumes if field parameters including pH, temperature, electrical conductivity are not stabilizing during the purging process. If the well is purged dry before the three well casing volumes has been purged, the well is typically allowed to recharge to 80 percent of its initial water level before a groundwater sample is collected.

Purging equipment can include submersible pumps, PVC purging bailers, disposable bailers, air lift pumps, or pneumatic pumps. Prior to beginning well purging, in between each well purging, and at the completion of purging activities, all non-dedicated purging equipment is cleaned with solution (Alconox, Simple Green, or equivalent) and rinsed with deionized water.

Once the well has been purged, it will be sampled with a disposable bailer, PVC bailer, stainless steel bailer, or through a low flow groundwater pump. The groundwater sample is transferred from the bottom of the bailer to reduce volatilization to the appropriate sample container. The sample containers are specified by the analytical laboratory depending on the analyses requested. Sample containers typically include volatile organic compound (VOA) vials with septa of Teflon like materials. The groundwater sample is collected into the VOAs to minimize air bubbles and once the cap has been placed on the VOA, the VOA is tipped upside down to see if air bubbles are present in the VOA. Typically a duplicate VOA is collected from each well to be analyzed by the analytical laboratory, if warranted, to verify results.

Sample containers are labeled as described in **Section 3.0** and placed immediately in an ice chest and kept refrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory. A trip blank may also be prepared by the analytical laboratory to travel with the ice chest during transport to the laboratory. Field blanks from equipment that has been decontaminated may be collected in between use in different wells to verify the decontamination procedure is effective. To minimize potential for cross contamination between wells, all wells are purged and sampled from cleanest to dirtiest well.

### 10.0 TEDLAR BAG SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING

Sampling equipment to collect Tedlar bag soil vapor samples includes an air pump, a Tedlar bag which can range in size from 1 to 10 liters, and 3/16-inch diameter polyethylene tubing. The air pump should be equipped with 3/16-inch hose barbs for the polyethylene tubing to attach to. The Tedlar bag must be equipped with a valve for filling and sealing the bag.

When soil vapor samples are collected from remediation equipment, the sample collection port on the remediation equipment is typically fitted with a 3/16-inch hose barb. Prior to collecting soil vapor samples from remediation equipment, air flow, temperature, and pressure or vacuum of the sampling point/remediation equipment are recorded. One end of the polyethylene tubing is connected to the sample collection port and one end is connected to the influent of the air pump, creating an air tight seal. The air pump is turned on and soil vapor from the sample collection port is pumped through the air pump for at least one minute. The air pump is turned off and one end of another piece of polyethylene tubing is connected to the effluent of the air pump and one end is connected to the valve on the Tedlar bag. The valve is opened and the air pump is turned on filling the Tedlar bag with the soil vapor sample until the bag has reached 75% capacity, when the valve on the Tedlar bag is closed and the air pump is turned off.

Tedlar bags are labeled as described in **Section 3.0** and placed immediately in an empty ice chest and kept dry and unrefrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory. After each soil vapor sample collection, the air pump is turned on for five minutes to allow ambient air to clear the air pump and polyethylene tubing.

### 11.0 SUMMA CANISTER SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING

Sampling equipment to collect Summa canister soil vapor samples includes a sterilized Summa stainless steel canister under vacuum, ¼-inch diameter polyethylene tubing, and a laboratory calibrated flow meter, if required.

When soil vapor samples are collected from remediation equipment, the sample collection port on the remediation equipment is typically fitted with brass connection with silicone septa that has been threaded into a tapped hole on the piping network. Prior to collecting soil vapor samples from remediation equipment, air flow, temperature, and pressure or vacuum of the sampling point/remediation equipment are recorded. One end of the polyethylene tubing is connected to the brass sample collection port and one end is connected to the canister valve or flow meter, creating an air tight seal. Prior to collecting the soil vapor sample, the valve on the Summa canister is opened to verify the Summa canister has the required vacuum which is recorded. Three well volumes of vapor will be purged at a rate less than 200 milliliters per minute (ml/min.), including sand pack pore volume from each soil vapor probe prior to sample collection. The sample valve or flow meter is opened and the soil vapor sample is collected into the Summa canister and the sample valve is closed and the final vacuum reading (typically greater than 5 inches per square inch) on the Summa canister is recorded.

Per the DTSC Advisory Active Soil Gas Investigations, April 2012, high quality soil gas data collection is driven by project-specific data quality objectives (DQOs) and can be enhanced by using a shroud and a gaseous tracer compound. This method of leak detection ensures that soil gas wells are properly constructed and the sample train components do not leak. Most gaseous tracer compounds do not affect target analyte measurements nor does their detection require sample dilution. Also, gaseous leak tracer compounds allow a quantitative determination of a leak either in the sampling train or from ambient air intrusion down the borehole.

The shroud will be designed to contain the entire sampling train and the soil gas well annulus. The sampling train will be constructed of material that does not react with the sample analytes and will not off gas or adsorb volatile compounds. The sampling equipment will be clean and shut-in tested prior to use. The gaseous leak tracer compound (isobutylene 100 ppm) concentration inside the shroud will be monitored frequently to verify initial concentrations. A photoionization detector will be used to monitor tracer gas concentrations.

Summa canisters are labeled as described in **Section 3.0** and placed immediately in an empty ice chest and kept dry and unrefrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory.

## 12.0 SYRINGE SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING

Sampling equipment to collect syringe soil vapor samples includes a sterilized, 100 cubic centimeter, gas tight syringe and silicone septa.

When soil vapor samples are collected from remediation equipment, the sample collection port on the remediation equipment is typically fitted with brass connection with silicone septa that has been threaded into a tapped hole on the piping network. Prior to collecting soil vapor samples from remediation equipment, air flow, temperature, and pressure or vacuum of the sampling point/remediation equipment are recorded. The syringe is inserted into the silicone septa and the plunger is purged or pumped at least three times. The sample is collected the fourth time the syringe plunger is extracted and the syringe is removed from the sample collection port and the needle on the syringe is capped with a rubber stopper.

Syringes are labeled as described in **Section 3.0** and placed immediately in an empty ice chest and kept dry and unrefrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory.

### 13.0 TEMPORARY SAMPLING POINTS

A temporary borehole is advanced using either a slam bar or a direct push drill rig. In the case of the slam bar, once the borehole has been created, a temporary soil vapor probe is inserted into the borehole and advanced with a slide hammer or other physical force two additional feet. A bentonite seal is then placed in the borehole above the soil vapor probe to create an air tight seal and prevent ambient air from entering the sample collection space. In the case of the direct push drill rig, the sampling rod is advanced to the desired depth with a 6-inch retractable vapor screen at the tip. The sample screen on the 6-inch vapor screen is removed and a bentonite seal is then placed in the borehole above the soil vapor probe to create an air tight seal and prevent ambient air from entering the sample collection space.

Once the bentonite seal has set, at least one hour, the soil vapor survey samples are collected into Tedlar bags as described in **Section 10.0** or Suma canisters as described in **Section 11.0**. Samples are labeled as described in **Section 3.0** and placed immediately in an empty ice chest and kept dry and unrefrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory. After each soil vapor sample collection, the air pump is turned on for five minutes to allow ambient air to clear the air pump and polyethylene tubing.

#### 14.0 REPEATABLE SAMPLING POINTS

A borehole is advanced using either a hand auger or a drill rig. A 6-inch slotted probe with caps on both ends is placed in the borehole. A Swagelok fitting is attached to one end cap and 3/16-inch diameter Nylon tubing is attached to the Swagelok fitting. A one foot sand pack is placed around the probe and the remainder of the borehole is sealed with a layer of dry bentonite powder, followed by a layer of bentonite chips, and an additional layer of dry bentonite powder. A well box is placed on the surface of the repeatable sampling point and the excess Nylon tubing is placed inside the well box.

Soil vapor survey samples will be collected at least one week after probe installation. In addition, soil vapor survey samples will only be collected after five consecutive precipitation free days and after any onsite irrigation has been suspended.

The soil vapor survey samples are collected into Tedlar bags as described in **Section 10.0** or Summa canisters as described in **Section 11.0**. Tedlar bags or Summa canisters are labeled as described in **Section 3.0** and placed immediately in an empty ice chest and kept dry and unrefrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory. After each soil vapor sample collection, the air pump is turned on for five minutes to allow ambient air to clear the air pump and polyethylene tubing.

# argon laboratories

07 October 2014

Drew Van Allen Environmental Compliance Group, LLC 270 Vintage Drive Turlock, CA 95382

RE: Stop N Save Inc. Project Data

Enclosed are the results for sample(s) received on 09/24/14 15:40 by Argon Laboratories. The sample(s) were analyzed according to instructions in accompanying chain-of-custody. Results are summarized on the following pages.

Please see quality control report for a summary of QC data pertaining to this project.

The sample(s) will be stored for 30 days after completion of analysis, then disposed of in accordance with State and Federal regulations. Sample(s) may be archived by prior arrangement.

Thank you for the opportunity to service the needs of your company.

Sincerely.

Hiram Cueto Lab Manager

# Argon Analytical Services, Inc. CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Project Information:					Report To:						Samples Submitted To:						
		oject unormatic	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Consult	ant:	Environr				LLC			Laborato	ory:		Argon Labs
Project No:	SNS.18281				Address		270 Vint						1	Address	:		2905 Railroad Avenue
Project Title:	Stop N Save In				ALILLI 634	•	Turlock,						1				Ceres, CA 95307
Location:	20570 Stanton				0 4 4				•				- 1	Contact:			
	Castro Valley,	CA			Contact: Diew van Aleit									(209) 581-9280			
Sampler's Name:					Phone: 209.684.1033								(209) 581-9282				
(print)					Fax:		209.664							Date Res	ulta Dana		(244)
Sampler's Signatur	ro.								Bill To:					nate Kes	nits Kedi	iireu:	
Sampler's Signatur	16.				Client: Addres:	*		Environn 270 Vinta Turlock,	age Drive	•	e Group,	LLC		Date Rep	ort Requ	ired:	
		URN AROUND TI	ME							ANA	"YSIS						
			Standard	Special		~	ס							- 1			
RUSH	24 Hour	48 Hour		(10-14 days)	i is	<u> </u>	윤							1			
			(5 days)	(10-14-00)31	2 2	រុស្ត	EPA Method										
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					1 2 7	7 2	TPHg by 8015M				1					ä	COMMENTS
				<u></u>	BTEX, 5 oxygenates,	<u>- 10</u>	LE⊗.										Preservative
Sample ID.	Date	Time	# Containers	Matrix									l				Preservative
075886.4	9toly	ا کار اہ	3	water	x		Х									Х	
STMW-1	<del>  `\``\</del>	UTC	(	water	х		х									х	
STMW-2	<del>                                     </del>	0850			X		Х									х	
STMW-3				water	1											x	
MW-4		0747		water	<u> </u>		Х			<u> </u>		<u></u>					
MW-5		0942		water	<u> </u>		X									X	
MW-6	<u> </u>	0/1/0		water	X		Х									Х	
					<u> </u>												
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	8 4 5				<del>                                     </del>		1 1	<u> </u>	L	}	Datas		Time:			SPECIA	AL INSTRUCTIONS:
Relinquished By:	VILM	•	9/24/14	Time:	Receive	a By:	4/	.	A	Ø	0//2	<i>u/</i> 14	, mile.	15:1	10		Global ID#
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Relinquished By:			Date:	Time:	Receive	ed By:					Date:		(ame:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Relinguished By:			Date:	Time:	Receive	d By:					Date:		Time:			1	
Tromiquionou by											1						

1

# **Argon Laboratories Sample Receipt Checklist**

Client Name:	Environmen	ntal C	Comp!	iance G	roup				Date	& Time Re	ceived:	09	/24/14	1	5:40
Project Name:	Stop N Sav	e Inc	:						Clier	nt Project N	umber:		SNS	3.18281	
Received By:	HC				Matr	ix:	Water		Soil			Sludg	ge		
Sample Carrier:	Client	V	Labo	oratory		Fed Ex		UPS		Other					
Argon Labs Project	Number:		P409	0042											
Shipper Container in	good conditio	n?					Sample	s received	in prop	er container	s?	Yes	Image: Control of the control of the	No	
	N/A		Yes	<b>V</b>	No		Sample	es received	d intact?	?		Yes	1	No	
Samples received un	der refrigerati	on?	Yes	$\checkmark$	No		Sufficie	nt sample	volume	e for requeste	ed tests?	Yes	7	No	
Chain of custody prea	sent?		Yes	V	No		Sample	es receive	d within	holding time	?	Yes	J	No	
Chain of Custody sig	ned by all par	ties?	Yes	<b>√</b>	No		Do san	nples cont	ain prop	er preservat N/A	ive?	Yes	V	No	
Chain of Custody ma	tches all sam	ple la	bels?				Do VOA	A vials conti	ain zero i	headspace?					
			Yes	V	No				(None	submitted	$\square$ )	Yes	<b>V</b>	No	
Date Client Contact Contacted By: Comments:  Action Taken:															
Contacted By:		<del>-</del>		-				EQUEST		R		Tir	 ne:		
Call Received By:															
Comments:		•													

ETGO | laboratories 2905 Railroad Ave. Ceres, CA 95307 (209)581-9280 Fax (209)581-9282

Environmental Compliance Group, LLC

270 Vintage Drive Turlock, CA 95382 Project Number: SNS.18281 Project Name: Stop N Save Inc.

Project Manager: Drew Van Allen

Work Order No.:

P409042

## ANALYTICAL REPORT FOR SAMPLES

Sample ID	Laboratory ID	Matrix	Date Sampled	Date Received
STMW-1	P409042-01	Water	09/23/14 09:30	09/24/14 15:40
STMW-2	P409042-02	Water	09/23/14 09:21	09/24/14 15:40
STMW-3	P409042-03	Water	09/23/14 09:50	09/24/14 15:40
MW-4	P409042-04	Water	09/23/14 09:47	09/24/14 15:40
MW-5	P409042-05	Water	09/23/14 09:42	09/24/14 15:40
	P409042-06	Water	09/23/14 09:10	09/24/14 15:40
MW-6	1 10,0 13 00	******		

2905 Railroad Ave. Ceres, CA 95307 (209)581-9280 Fax (209)581-9282

Environmental Compliance Group, LLC

270 Vintage Drive

Turlock, CA 95382

Project Number: SNS.18281 Project Name: Stop N Save Inc.

Project Manager: Drew Van Allen

Work Order No.: P409042

## Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons @ Gasoline

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Analyzed	Method	Notes
•							
STMW-1 (P409042-01) Water Sampled: 23-Sep-					065 14	8015M	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons @ Gasoline	ND	50	ug/L	1	26-Sep-14	8013M	
Surr. Rec.:		95 %			•	<u></u>	
STMW-2 (P409042-02) Water Sampled: 23-Sep-	14 09:21	Received: 24-Sep	p-14 15:40				
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons @ Gasoline	ND	50	ug/L	1	26-Sep-14	8015M	
Surr. Rec.:		97 %			a a	n	
STMW-3 (P409042-03) Water Sampled: 23-Sep-	-14 09:50	Received: 24-Se	p-14 15:40				
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons @ Gasoline	ND	50	ug/L	1	26-Sep-14	8015M	
Surr. Rec.:		100 %			ff	p	
MW-4 (P409042-04) Water Sampled: 23-Sep-14	09:47 R	Received: 24-Sep-1	14 15:40				
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons @ Gasoline	ND	50	ug/L	1	26-Sep-14	8015M	
Surr. Rec.:		96 %			"	n	
MW-5 (P409042-05) Water Sampled: 23-Sep-14	109:42 F	Received: 24-Sep-	14 15:40				
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons @ Gasoline	ND	50	ug/L	1	26-Sep-14	8015M	
Surr. Rec.:		100 %			v	"	
MW-6 (P409042-06) Water Sampled: 23-Sep-1-	4 09:10 I	Received: 24-Sep-	14 15:40				
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons @ Gasoline	ND	<del> </del>	ug/L	1	26-Sep-14	8015M	
Surr. Rec.:		111 %			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	rt .	

Approved By

**EUSION laboratories** 2905 Railroad Ave. Ceres, CA 95307 (209)581-9280 Fax (209)581-9282

Environmental Compliance Group, LLC

270 Vintage Drive

Turlock, CA 95382

Project Number: SNS.18281 Project Name: Stop N Save Inc.

Project Manager: Drew Van Allen

Work Order No.:

P409042

## Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Analyzed	Method	Notes
STMW-1 (P409042-01) Water	Sampled: 23-Sep-14 09:30	Received: 24-Sep	p-14 15:40				
Benzene	ND	1,0	ug/L	2	02-Oct-14	8260B	
Toluene	ND	1.0	u	i)	#	"	
Xylenes, total	ND	2.0	n	11	tl	ij	
Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	u	n .	#	17	
t-Butanol	1500	10	it.	а	U	И	
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	17	1.0	**	Ħ	#	u	
Di-Isopropyl Ether	ND	1.0	11	0	U	n	
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	ND	1.0	rt	#	ff ff	"	
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	1,0	п	н	п	17	
1.2-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	11	**	11	μ	
1.2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	1.0	n	"	JI		
		96 %			"	"	
Surr. Rec.:							
STMW-2 (P409042-02) Water	Sampled: 23-Sep-14 09:21	Received: 24-Se	p-14 15:40				
Benzene	ND	0.5	ug/L	I	02-Oct-14	8260B	
Toluene	ND	0.5		"	"	"	
Xylenes, total	ND	1.0	11	tt .	ıı		
Ethylbenzene	ND	0,5	н	u .	**	"	
t-Butanol	ND	5.0	u	#	n	#	
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	1.4	0.5	n	п	11	п	
Di-Isopropyl Ether	ND	0.5		ч	Įi.	11	
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	ND	0.5	**	1)	Ħ	н	
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	0.5		44	U	u	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.5	**	17	Ħ	Ħ	
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	. ND		и	u	n n		

Surr. Rec.:

88 %

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2905 Railroad Ave. Ceres, CA 95307 (209)581-9280 Fax (209)581-9282

Environmental Compliance Group, LLC

270 Vintage Drive

Turlock, CA 95382

Project Number: SNS.18281 Project Name: Stop N Save Inc.

Project Manager: Drew Van Allen

Work Order No.:

P409042

Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Analyzed	Method	Notes
STMW-3 (P409042-03) Water	Sampled: 23-Sep-14 09:50	Received: 24-Sep	p-14 15:40				. <u>.</u>
Benzene	ND	0.5	ug/L	1 .	02-Oct-14	8260B	
Toluene	ND	0.5	n	n	п	"	
Xylenes, total	ND	1.0	11	II .	(I		
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.5	"	14	'n	ti.	
t-Butanol	ND	5.0	"	1)	11	u	
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	ND	0.5	"	а	'n	**	
Di-Isopropyl Ether	ND	0.5	u	n	u	"	
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	ND	0.5	11	đ	n	4	
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	0.5	n	H	ii	v	
1.2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.5	"	u	n	ц	
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	0.5	"	11		**	
Surr. Rec.:		87 %			и	n	
MW-4 (P409042-04) Water S	iampled: 23-Sep-14 09:47 R	teceived: 24-Sep-1	4 15:40				
Benzene	ND	2.0	ug/L	4	02-Oct-14	8260B	
Toluene	ND	2.0	19	*	"	"	
Xylenes, total	ND	4.0	u	U	"		
Ethylbenzene	ND	2.0	Ħ	и	"	**	
t-Butanol	1300	20		n	и	n	
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	200	2.0	Ħ	n	n	u	
Di-Isopropyl Ether	ND	2.0	u u	"	u	n	
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	ND	2.0	11	u	H	.1	
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	2.0	**	n	u	17	
• •	ND		u	п	n	0	
1.2-Dichloroethane							

94 %

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Surr. Rec.:

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Environmental Compliance Group, LLC

270 Vintage Drive

Turiock, CA 95382

Project Number: SNS.18281

Project Name: Stop N Save Inc.

Project Manager: Drew Van Allen

Work Order No.:

P409042

## Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Analyzed	Method	Notes
MW-5 (P409042-05) Water	Sampled: 23-Sep-14 09:42 Rece	ived: 24-Sep-1	4 15:40				
Benzene	ND	0.5	ug/L	1	02-Oct-14	8260B	
Toluene	ND	0.5	н	Ħ	t*	"	
Xylenes, total	ND	1.0	U	n .	n n	u	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.5	11	11	**	n	
t-Butanol	ND	5.0	"		· ·	u	
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	8,4	0.5	11	"	**	17	
Di-Isopropyl Ether	ND	0.5	"	ų	ı	u u	
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	ND	0.5	"	я	n	11	
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	0.5	Ħ	1)	vi	11	
1.2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.5	o	u	п	ű	
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	0.5	#	"	11	m .	
		89 %			"	"	
Surr. Rec.:			=				
MW-6 (P409042-06) Water	Sampled: 23-Sep-14 09:10 Reco	eived: 24-Sep-1	14 15:40		<del></del>		
Benzene	ND	0.5	ug/L	i	02-Oct-14	8260B	
Toluene	ND	0.5	"	u .	"	-	
Xylenes, total	ND	1.0	**	11	u	"	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.5	H	"	11	"	
t-Butanol	ND	5.0	ч	n	II	u	
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	14	0.5	#	u	#	**	
Di-Isopropyl Ether	ND	0.5		n	u u	u	
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	ND	0.5	Ħ	**	"	π	
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	0.5		))	"	"	
	ND	0.5	11	и	n	11	
	ND						
1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	0.5		n .	11	····	

Approved By

Surr. Rec.:

2905 Railroad Ave. Ceres, CA 95307 (209)581-9280 Fax (209)581-9282

Environmental Compliance Group, LLC

270 Vintage Drive

Project Number: SNS.18281 Project Name: Stop N Save Inc.

Work Order No.: P409042

Turlock, CA 95382

Project Manager: Drew Van Allen

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons @ Gasoline - Quality Control

## **Argon Laboratories**

Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
			, <u>.</u>						
			Prepared &	Analyzed	09/26/14				
45.5		ug/L	50		91	70-130			
ND	50	n							
			Prepared &	,					
960		цg/L	1000		96	80-120			
			Prepared &	k Analyzed	: 09/26/14				
928		ug/L	1000		93	80-120	3	20	
′ Sou	rce: P409042	-06	Prepared & Analyzed: 09/26/14						
1090		ug/L	1000	ND	109	70-130			
. Soi	ırce: P409042	-06	Prepared &	& Analyzec	i: 09/26/14				
950		ug/L	1000	ND	95	70-130	14	20	
	960 928 ' Sou 1090 . Sou	Result Limit  45.5 ND 50  960  928  Source: P409042  1090  Source: P409042	Result   Limit   Units	Prepared &   Prepared &   Prepared &	Result   Limit   Units   Level   Result	Result   Limit   Units   Level   Result   %REC	Result   Limit   Units   Level   Result   %REC   Limits	Result   Limit   Units   Level   Result   %REC   Limits   RPD	Result   Limit   Units   Level   Result   %REC   Limits   RPD   Limit

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Environmental Compliance Group, LLC

270 Vintage Drive

Turlock, CA 95382

Project Number: SNS.18281 Project Name: Stop N Save Inc.

Project Manager: Drew Van Allen

Work Order No.:

P409042

# Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B - Quality Control

## **Argon Laboratories**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes		
Batch P401104 - EPA 5030B												
Blank (P401104-BLK1)	Prepared & Analyzed: 10/02/14											
Surrogate: Fluorobenzene	45.0		ug/L	50		90	70-130					
Benzene	ND	0.5	11									
l'oluene	ND	0.5	n									
Xylenes, total	ND	1.0	11									
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.5	0									
-Butanol	ИD	5.0	11									
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	ND	0.5	0									
Di-Isopropyl Ether	ND	0.5	n									
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	ND	0.5										
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	0.5	*									
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.5	u									
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	0.5	н									
LCS (P401104-BS1)				Prepared	& Analyzed	i: 10/02/14						
Ethylbenzene	26.1		ug/L	25		104	80-120					
LCS Dup (P401104-BSD1)				Prepared	& Analyzeo	1: 10/02/14						
Ethylbenzene	25.5		ug/L	25		102	80-120	2	20			
Matrix Spike (P401104-MS1)	So	urce: P409042	2-03	Prepared & Analyzed: 10/02/14								
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	23.6		ug/L	25	ND	94	70-130					
Matrix Spike Dup (P401104-MSD1)	So	urce: P409042	2-03	Prepared	& Analyze	d: 10/0 <u>2/</u> 14						
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	23.1		ug/L	25	ND	92	70-130	2	20			
tert-Amyr Methyr Ether			-									

Approved By

**EUTSIGN | laboratories** 2905 Railroad Ave. Ceres, CA 95307 (209)581-9280 Fax (209)581-9282

Environmental Compliance Group, LLC

270 Vintage Drive

Turlock, CA 95382

Project Number: SNS.18281

Project Name: Stop N Save Inc.

Project Manager: Drew Van Allen

Work Order No.:

P409042

## **Notes and Definitions**

DET

Analyte DETECTED

ND

Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit

NR

Not Reported

dry

Sample results reported on a dry weight basis

RPD

Relative Percent Difference

# GROUNDWATER LEVEL DATA FORM

PROJECT NAME: Stop
PROJECT MANAGER: DVA

Stop N Save

PROJECT NUMBER: TASK NUMBER: SNS.18281

SITE ADDRESS:

20570 Stanton Avenue, Castro Valley, CA

WELL ID	TIME	DEPTH TO BOTTOM	DEPTH TO WATER	DEPTH TO PRODUCT	PRODUCT THICKNESS	PRODUCT THICKNESS X 0.8	COMMENTS
STMW-1	deo	22.10	9.05				
STMW-2	677	21.60	8.31				, zw Opi.
STMW-3	8:30	21.45	7.75				
MW-4	0830	12.10	8.40				i
MW-5	<sub>ઉ;</sub> ગ્ર	14.50	8.48				
MW-6	0840	14.55	9.15	<u> </u>			
				-			
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				<u> </u>			
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			,				\$.
							'.
							<u> </u>

FIELD TECHNICIAN:	W	
DATE:	9/27/14	

PROJECT NA PROJECT MA SITE ADDRE	ANAGER: Ī	Stop N Save DVA 20570 Stantor	n Avenue, Cas	7	PROJECT NUMBER: SNS.18281 TASK NUMBER: /alley, CA					
	WELL ID: _	STM	U-1_			TYPE O	F WELL:	Monitoring		
WATER COL	Well <sup>-</sup> Dep	Total Depth: _ th to Water: _ umn Length: _	(feet) 2 <b>7</b> .(0 9.05 1 <b>3</b> .05	,	:	. <b>DIAME</b> <sup>*</sup> 2-inch: _ 4-inch: _ 6-inch: _	TER:	6.75		
,	Water Column	Length x Mu	ltiplier x No. V O. () Multiplier	x	•	Volume 2 olumes	=	Purge Volume		
MULTIPLIER	R DATA: Multiplier for S	Schedule 40 F 2-inch: 4-inch: 6-inch:	PVC; Gallons/L 0.17 0.65 1.5	inear Foot.	Based	l on Casi	ng Diame	ter:		
PURGE MET	Dispo	osable Bailer PVC Bailer ersible Pump Other		SAMPLE N	NETH(		able Bailer Pump: Other:			
ТІМЕ	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	рН	TEMP. (°C)	COND. (uS/cm)	DO	(mg/l)	ORP (mV)	COMMENTS		
	25	<b>-</b> >	22.(			<u>.                                    </u>				
	6.5									
97. (5 9:20 9:25	\$ 2 \$ 4 \$ 7	723	22.1 21.6 21.4	1680						
9:30								554ple		

FIELD TECHNICIAN:	Jh SS	
DATE:	9123114	

PROJECT NAME: PROJECT MANAGER: SITE ADDRESS:	Stop N Save DVA 20570 Stanto	on Avenue, Ca	istro Valley,	PROJECT NUTASK NUMB		SNS.18281
WELL ID	STMI	v.2_		TYPE	OF WELL:	Monitoring
Water Co	l Total Depth: epth to Water: olumn Length:	8.31	Volumes = I	6-inch:		- - -
(ろん) 9 Water Column Le	_	O.() Multiplier		No. Võlumes	=	Purge Volume
MULTIPLIER DATA: Multiplier for	Schedule 40 F 2-inch: 4-inch: 6-inch:	PVC; Gallons/l 0.17 0.65 1.5	Linear Foot	Based on Cas	sing Diame	ter:
·	oosable Bailer PVC Bailer ersible Pump Other		SAMPLE I		able Bailer Pump: Other:	
TIME PURGED (gal)	рН	TEMP. (°C)	COND. (uS/cm)	DO (mg/l)	ORP (mV)	COMMENTS
317 2.5 09/7 4.5 0920 \$.5 0321	7,44	23.5 22.5	(CO)			DR Samuel

FIELD TECHNICIAN:

DATE:

PROJECT NAME: PROJECT MANAGER: SITE ADDRESS:	Stop N Sav DVA 20570 Stan	ton Avenue, C	astro Valley	PROJECT N TASK NUMI V, CA		SNS.18281
WELL ID	: STAM.	-3	_	TYPE	OF WELL:	Monitoring
Water Co	I Total Depth epth to Water olumn Length  JLATION:	775	- -	WELL DIAM 2-inch: 4-inch: 6-inch:		- - -
Water Colum /3 9 O Water Column Le	_ x	fultiplier x No.  Multiplier	Volumes = _ x	Purge Volume  No. Volumes	_ =	7 Purge Volume
MULTIPLIER DATA: Multiplier for	Schedule 40 2-inch: 4-inch: 6-inch:	0.17 0.65	/Linear Foot	Based on Cas	sing Diamet	er:
Submo	osable Bailer PVC Bailer ersible Pump Other		SAMPLE I		able Bailer Pump: Other:	
TIME PURGED (gal)	рН	TEMP. (°C)	COND. (uS/cm)	DO (mg/l)	ORP (mV)	COMMENTS
0851 2.5 0854 5 0855 0850	740° 4-23	रा न	2220			Ser y

FIELD TECHNICIAN: DW

PROJECT PROJECT SITE ADD	MANAGER:	Stop N Sav DVA 20570 Star	ve nton Avenue, C	 Castro Valle	PROJECT N TASK NUM y, CA		SNS.18281
	WELL ID	: <u>M</u> W	-4	_	TYPE	ÖF WELL:	Monitoring
	D	ll Total Depth epth to Water olumn Length	8.40	<u>-</u>	WELL DIAM 2-inch: 4-inch: 6-inch:		- - -
		nn Length x N	Multiplier x No.  O- ( 7  Multiplier		Purge Volume	=	Purge Volume
MULTIPLIE		Schedule 40 2-inch 4-inch 6-inch	: 0.17 : 0.65	/Linear Foo	t Based on Ca	sing Diamet	er:
PURGE ME	Disp Subm	osable Bailer PVC Bailer ersible Pump Other		SAMPLE		able Bailer Pump: Other:	
TIME	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	рН	TEMP. (°C)	COND. (uS/cm)	DO (mg/l)	ORP (mV)	COMMENTS
2945	-6	7-19	23.6	1641			
<b>5947</b>	2	PRY					Sant
<u></u>							

FIELD TECHNICIAN:

DATE:

PROJECT PROJECT SITE ADDR	MANAGER:	Stop N Sav DVA 20570 Stan	e ton Avenue, C	_ astro Valley	PROJECT N TASK NUME /, CA		SNS.18281
	WELL ID	:Mo	v-5	-	TYPE	OF WELL:	Monitoring
	De Water Co	I Total Depth: epth to Water: elumn Length:		- - -	WELL DIAM 2-inch: 4-inch: 6-inch;		
FORGE VO	LUME CALCI Water Colum		lultiplier x No.	Volumes =	Purge Volume	i	
· Wa	(o. ©Z ter Column Le	x	Multiplier		No. Volumes	=	Purge Volume
MULTIPLIE		Schedule 40 2-inch: 4-inch: 6-inch:	0.17 0.65	Linear Foot	Based on Cas	sing Diamet	er:
PURGE ME	Disp Subm	osable Bailer PVC Bailer ersible Pump Other		SAMPLE		able Bailer Pump: Other:	
TIME	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	рН	TEMP. (°C)	COND. (uS/cm)	DO (mg/l)	ORP (mV)	COMMENTS
6939	1.0	6.98	24.2	104			
0937	30	7.00	77.9	16 64			
2642		7.00		(La)			<del></del>
			····				
· .	<u> </u>						
			<del>-</del>				
	<u>-</u> -						
					<u> </u>		····

FIELD TECHNICIAN:

DATE: ex 28

PROJECT PROJECT SITE ADD	MANAGER:	Stop N Sav DVA 20570 Star	ve nton Avenue, (	 Castro Valle	PROJECT I TASK NUM y, CA		SNS.18281
	WELL IC	: MU-	d	_	TYPE	OF WELL	.: Monitoring
WATER C	D	A: ell Total Depth epth to Water olumn Length	G 15	<del>-</del> -	4-inch	IETER:	
PURGE VO	DLUME CALC						
	Water Colur	nn Length $x$ $\hbar$	/lultiplier x No.	Volumes =	Purge Volume	е	
Wa	5-40 ater Column L		<u>∅.()</u> Multiplier		No. Volumes	=	2.75 Purge Volume
MULTIPLIE	R DATA:						
		Schedule 40 2-inch: 4-inch: 6-inch:	0.17 0.65	/Linear Foo	t Based on Ca	sing Diame	ter:
PURGE ME				SAMPLE	METHOD:		
	Disp	osable Bailer		_		sable Bailer	
	Subm	PVC Bailer ersible Pump		_	-	Pump:	
	Subili	eisible Pump Other		-		Other:	
		Othor		<del>.</del>			
TIME	VOLUME PURGED	рН	TEMP.	COND.	DO (mg/l)	ORP	COMMENTO
	(gal)	<u> </u>	(°C)	(uS/cm)	l (ilig/l)	(mV)	COMMENTS
8255		7.56	23.2	1756			
9:05	7	7-39	22.8	1722			
7,03		7.40	22-5	1702			
510	<u> </u>					<del></del>	Jia C
·							

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9[23]14	DATE:
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