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October 4, 1990

09382,040.02

California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Francisco Bay Region 1800 Harrison Street, Suite 700 Oakland, California 94612

Attention: Mr. Donald Dalke

Dear Mr. Dalke:

Installation of Monitoring Wells MW-21, MW-22, and MW-23 Chinatown Redevelopment Project Area Oakland, California

Introduction

This letter provides information on the installation, development, and sampling of three monitoring wells in the Chinatown Redevelopment Project area and near the Pacific Renaissance Plaza (PRP) site, Oakland, California (Plate 1). Harding Lawson Associates (HLA) installed these wells to monitor groundwater quality and hydraulic conditions in the vicinity of the PRP site. Expansion of the monitoring well network in the vicinity of the PRP site was requested by Mr. Dalke of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region (RWQCB) in letters dated April 4 and May 9, 1990, to Mr. Peter Chen of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Oakland (Agency). In response to these RWQCB requests, HLA prepared a report entitled Investigation Plan, Hydrocarbons in Offsite Groundwater, Chinatown Redevelopment Project Area, Oakland, California, dated June 8, 1990. The three well locations proposed in HLA's plan were approved by the RWQCB in a letter dated July 25, 1990, from Mr. Dalke to Mr. Chen.

Well Installation and Soil Sampling

The well borings were drilled and the 4-inch-diameter monitor wells constructed by Weeks Drilling and Pump of Sebastopol, California using a Mobile B-53 hollow-stem auger rig and augers with an outside diameter of 10 inches. On July 30, 1990, Well MW-21 was completed to a total depth of 37 feet. Monitoring Wells MW-23 and MW-22 were constructed on August 13 and 14, 1990, and completed at depths of 35 feet and 38 feet, respectively. An HLA geologist supervised the drilling and well installation and collected soil samples at 5-foot intervals. The soil samples were screened for volatile organic compounds using an organic vapor analyzer (OVA) to aid in selecting soil samples for analysis. Because OVA readings were indicative of background conditions, samples submitted for analysis were selected on the assumption that contaminants indicative of fuel hydrocarbons, if present, would be encountered near the water table. One soil sample was collected and submitted for laboratory analysis from each boring: at Wells MW-21 and MW-22 samples submitted were from

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just below the water table at depths of 31 feet and 26 feet below ground surface (bgs), respectively, and at MW-23, a sample was submitted from just above the water table at a depth of 20 feet bgs.

Borings were logged using the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) and the Munsell Color Index Chart. Lithologic descriptions and well completion details are shown on Plates 2, 3, and 4.

Drilling and soil sampling equipment was decontaminated prior to and after use according to standard HLA protocol. HLA employees performing field work were safety trained and used Level D protective equipment. Soil cuttings generated from the borings were collected and stockpiled on the PRP site.

Soil samples were submitted to Pace Laboratories, Inc., of Novato, California (PACE), for chemical analysis and were accompanied by completed chain-of-custody forms. Each sample was analyzed for Total Fuel Hydrocarbons (TFH) and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) using EPA Test Methods 8015 (modified) and 8020, respectively (Table 1).

Kister, Savio, and Rei, of El Cerrito, California, surveyed horizontal coordinates, top-of-casing, and ground surface elevations for Wells MW-21, MW-22, and MW-23 on September 13, 1990.

Well Development and Groundwater Sampling

Monitoring Well MW-21 was developed using a submersible pump on August 1, 1990, by pumping approximately 150 gallons of water from the well. On August 21, 1990, Monitoring Wells MW-21, MW-22, and MW-23 were developed using a submersible pump. Approximately 65 gallons of groundwater were pumped from Well MW-21, while 90 gallons and 80 gallons of groundwater were pumped from Wells MW-22 and MW-23, respectively. The discharge water was stored on the PRP site in 55-gallon drums. At least ten well volumes were purged from each well during development.

On August 27, 1990 water level elevations were measured and groundwater samples were collected from each well and submitted to PACE for analysis using EPA Test Methods 8010 and 8020 (Table 3). Measured depths to water and calculated water-level elevations are presented in Table 2.

Chemical Analysis Results

Toluene was detected in the soil sample analyzed from the boring for Well MW-22 at a concentration of 0.082 parts per million (ppm, equivalent to milligrams/kilogram) (Table 1). No other chemicals were detected by Methods 8010/8020 in the three soil samples submitted for analysis.

BTEX compounds were not detected in the groundwater samples from the three wells. The groundwater sample from Well MW-21 contained chloroform and tetrachloroethene at concentrations of 12 parts per billion (ppb, equivalent to

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micrograms/liter) and 33 ppb, respectively (Table 3). The groundwater sample from Well MW-22 contained methylene chloride and trichloroethene at concentrations of 0.6 ppb and 1.9 ppb, respectively. The groundwater sample from Well MW-23 contained chloroform at a concentration of 1.5 ppb. All other EPA Test Method 8010 and 8020 analytes were below their respective detection limits.

Quarterly Sampling

In Section 2.3.3 of HLA's Investigation Plan, quarterly monitoring of selected wells during the dewatering period is proposed. Because of construction delays, the dewatering system, which was scheduled to begin operations in July 1990, is now scheduled to begin operations in November 1990. To provide continuity of monitoring data between the cessation of biotreatment system operations and dewatering, an interim monitoring round was performed in September. Results will be reported to the RWQCB by early November.

If you have any questions or comments regarding this report, please call Mark Egbert at 899-7315 or David Leland at 899-7352; we will be pleased to discuss the report with you.

Yours very truly,

HARDING LAWSON ASSOCIATES

Mark T. Egbert
Project Geologist

David F. Leland Associate Hydrologist

MTE/DFL/lah/B13776-H

Attachments: Table 1 - Results of Chemical Analyses of Soil Samples Collected During Monitoring Well Installation

Table 2 - Groundwater Elevations - August 27, 1990

Table 3 - Results of Chemical Analyses of Groundwater Samples from Monitoring Wells

Plate 1 - Plan of Sites and Vicinity

Plate 2 - Log of Boring and Well Completion Detail MW-21 Plate 3 - Log of Boring and Well Completion Detail MW-22

Plate 4 - Log of Boring and Well Completion Detail MW-23

cc: Peter Chen, Agency Lowell Miller, Alameda County Department of Environmental Health

Table 1. Results of Chemical Analyses of Soil Samples Collected During Monitoring Well Installation

Monitoring Well Name	Sampling Date	Sample Depth (Feet) (a)	Soil Type (b)	TFH (ppm) (c)	BTEX (ppm) (d)
MW-21	7/30/90	31.0 (s)	Silty Sand	ND	ND
MW-22	8/14/90	26.0 (s)	Sand	ND	0.082 (t)
MW-23	8/13/90	21.0	Sand	ND	ND
Detection Limits	·			1	0.005

Concentrations expressed as milligrams of chemical per kilogram of soil mg/kg, equivalent to (ppm), as received by weight.

(a) Feet below ground surface.

(b) Soil descriptions based on the Unified Soil Classification System.

(c) Total Fuel Hydrocarbons, (Light) as Gasoline (EPA 8015).

(d) Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and Xylenes (EPA 8020).

(t) Toluene concentration reported.

(s) Saturated - below the water table.

ND Not Detected.

Table 2. Groundwater Elevations - August 27, 1990

Monitoring Well Name	Top of Casing Elevation (Feet AMSL) (a)	Depth to Groundwater (Feet)	Water Level Elevation (Feet AMSL)
MW-21	38.08	27.52	10.56
MW-22	37.34	22.93	14.41
MW-23	34.23	22.45	11.78

⁽a) Above mean sea level.

Table 3. Results of Chemical Analyses of Groundwater Samples from Monitoring Wells

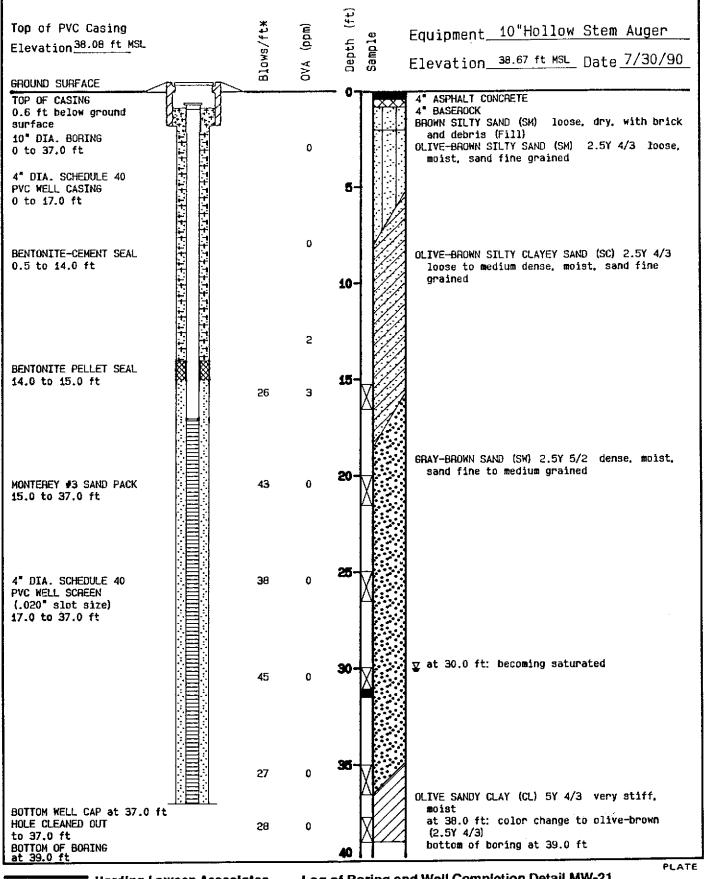
Monitoring Well Name	Sampling Date	Methylene Chloride (ppb)	Chloroform (ppb)	Trichloroethene (ppb)	Tetrachloroethene (ppb)	BTEX (a) (ppb)
MW-21	8/27/90	ND	12	ND	33	ND
MW-22	8/27/90	0.6	ND	1.9	ND	ND
MW-23	8/27/90	ND	1.5	ND	ND	ND
Detection Limits		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.2

Concentrations expressed as micrograms of chemical per liter of water (ug/l, equivalent to ppb), as received by weight.

ND Not Detected.

⁽a) Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and Xylenes.

LARGE MAP REMOVED





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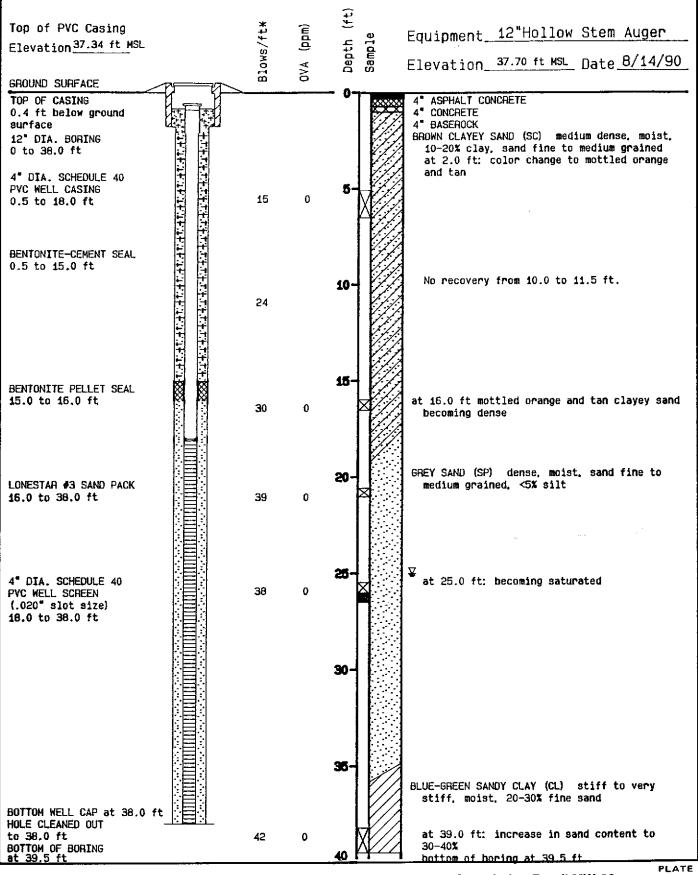
Log of Boring and Well Completion Detail MW-21 Chinatown Redevelopment Project Area

Oakland, California

APPROVED DATE REVISED DATE

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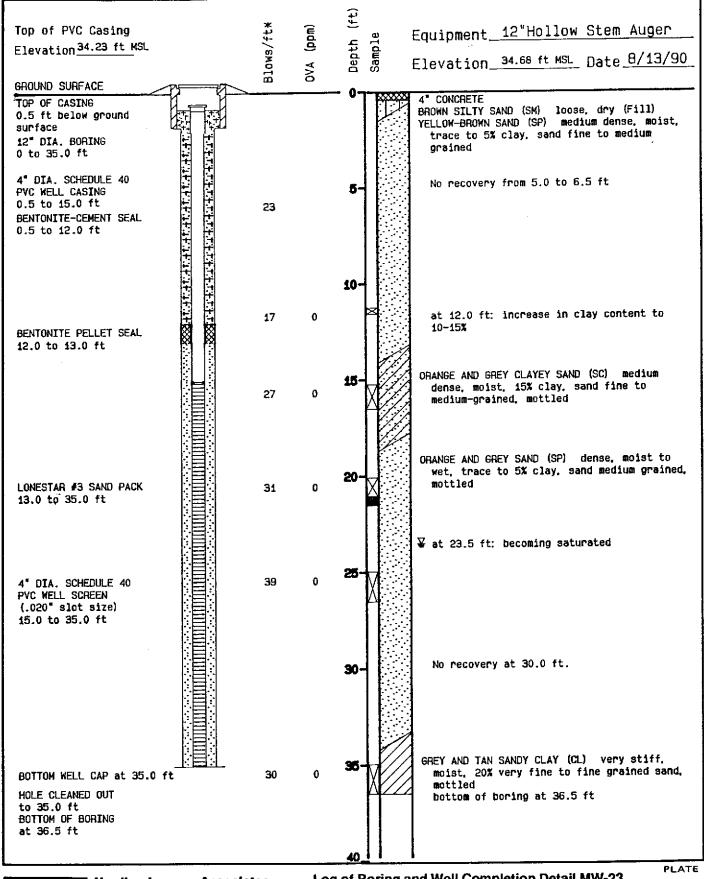
DRAWN

Log of Boring and Well Completion Detail MW-22

Chinatown Redevelopment Project Area Oakland, California

APPROVED DATE REVISED DATE

MTE 9/90





Engineering and **Environmental Services** Log of Boring and Well Completion Detail MW-23 Chinatown Redevelopment Project Area

Oakland, California

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