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Alameda County Environmental Health

# SUPPLEMENTAL SOIL VAPOR INVESTIGATION REPORT

# April 2010

2960 Castro Valley Blvd. Castro Valley, CA 94546

Case No. RO0002998



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2960 Castro Valley Blvd. Castro Valley, CA 94546

Case No. RO0002998

Prepared by Endpoint Consulting, Inc. 98 Battery St., #200 San Francisco, CA 94111





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#### **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

On behalf of the R R Retail Group, Endpoint Consulting, Inc. (Endpoint) conducted a supplemental soil vapor investigation at the former Dry Cleaning Club of America site (site) located at 2960 Castro Valley Blvd., Castro Valley, California (see Figure 1). The investigation was performed in accordance with Endpoint's *Supplemental Soil Vapor Sampling Workplan* dated January 28, 2010. The work plan was approved by the Alameda County Health Services Agency (ACHCSA) in a letter dated February 25, 2010.

The following sections summarize the results of this round of supplemental field investigation.

#### 2.0 SITE BACKGROUND

The site is located in a mixed commercial/residential area and on the western corner of the Adobe Center Shopping Center, which covers a 3.07-acre parcel of land located on the northeast corner of the intersection of Castro Valley Blvd., and Anita Avenue. The site is entirely encompassed within a multiple-unit, single-story building approximating 45 long by 40 feet wide. The building consists of reinforced concrete block and steel frame construction, with slab-on-grade floors (Property Solutions, Inc., 2002b; AEI Consultants, 2007). Properties immediately surrounding the site include the remaining portions of the strip mall to the east, residential homes to the north and west across Anita Street, and a Chevron gasoline service station immediately to the south (see Figure 1).

Dry cleaning operations at the site date back to 1990 (Property Solutions, Inc., 2002a), continuing until 2002 (Personal Communication with Gabriel Chui). Since 2002, dry cleaning operations have ceased, with the Dry Cleaning Club of America reducing in size to the western-most portion of the site serving solely as a dry cleaning drop off location. This portion of the site has been vacant for a while. During the site visit in March 2010, this part appeared to be under remodeling in preparation of the new occupation by a food business. A restaurant with the address of 2966 Castro Valley (see Figure 2) currently occupies the eastern portion of the site.

Past dry cleaning operations involved the use of PCE in a self-contained, closed-loop dry cleaning unit. Fresh PCE was stored in 10-gallon buckets in the toilet room at the subject property. PCE wastes were temporarily stored in a 16-gallon drum located near the dry cleaning unit and historically removed from the subject property by Safety Kleen under manifest procedures (Property Solutions, 2002b).



# 3.0 PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

Time	Corrective Actions	Report Reference
August 2002	Seven soil gas samples (SG-1 through SG- 7) were collected. 6 soil borings were advanced (SB-1 through SB-6). 6 groundwater samples were collected (W-1 through W-6). VOCs were analyzed for all the samples.	Property Solutions 2002
	PCE was not detected in any soil gas samples. PCE was detected in 3 out of 12 soil samples, with the maximum concentration of 140 $\mu$ g/kg (SB-3 at 3 feet bgs), less than the environmental screening level adopted by the RWQCB (2009) (ESL) (700 $\mu$ g/kg). PCE was detected in 2 of 4 grab groundwater samples collected at a depth of 12 to 13 feet bgs, with detected concentrations ranging from 5.0 ug/L (SB- 1) to 6.8 ug/L (SB-3). No further investigation action is recommended.	
April 2007	Six soil borings were advanced (SB-1 through SB-6). PCE was detected in 2 of 5 soil samples collected, with maximum concentration of 0.076 mg/kg at depth of 1 foot of boring SB-5. PCE was also detected in 3 of 5 groudnwater samples collected, with the maximum concentration of 6.7 $\mu$ g/L in a groundwater sample collected from boring SB-5. Based on the low PCE concentrations detected, remedial action was deemed unnecessary; however, initiation of a case with the ACHCSA was recommended.	AEI 2007



October 2009	Following initiation of a case with the ACHCSA and preparation of a site investigation workplan, one soil boring and five vapor sampling points were advanced at the site. PCE was not detected above the laboratory reporting limit in a groundwater sample collected from soil boring GW-1, located near the sewer clean out.	Endpoint 2009c
	Two sub-slab and 3 soil vapor samples were collected inside the former dry cleaning machine. PCE was detected in 2 soil vapor samples (SV-1 and SS-2) above the commercial/industrial land use ESL, with the maximum detected concentration approximating 3,000 micrograms per cubed meters ( $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ). TCE concentrations were below the ESL.	
	While the commercial/industrial ESL for PCE was exceeded, the conservatively estimated maximum cumulative carcinogenic risk for indoor air exposure to PCE and TCE under commercial/industrial land use was estimated at less than 2.4 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> , which is within the risk management range adopted by the US Environmental Protection Agency.	
	Based on these results, Endpoint recommended that the site is a candidate for case closure; however, the ACHCSA requested one more round of limited vapor sampling to evaluate potential seasonal effects of vapor concentrations beneath the building.	



#### 4.0 SUPPLEMENTAL SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING ACTIVIITES

Per the request of the ACHCSA and in support of site closure, a supplemental soil vapor investigation was conducted at the site. The objective of the soil vapor sampling was to evaluate potential seasonal fluctuations in subsurface contaminant vapor concentrations, as outlined in Endpoint's January 2010 workplan. The vapor sampling included collecting one (1) soil vapor sample (SV-5) and two (2) sub-slab vapor samples (SS-3 and SS-4) from the former location of the dry cleaning machine.

#### 4.1 Soil Vapor Investigation Field Activities

#### 4.1.1 **Pre-Field Activities**

As required by the Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OSHA) Standard "Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response" guidelines (29 CFR 1910.120), and by the California Occupational Health and Safety Administration (Cal-OSHA) "Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response" guidelines (CCR Title 8, Section 5192), Endpoint prepared a site-specific Health and Safety Plan prior to the commencement of fieldwork. The Plan was reviewed by field staff and contractors before beginning field operations.

No permit is required for this investigation event.

#### 4.1.2 Soil Vapor and Sub-slab Vapor Investigation

The locations of the soil vapor and sub-slab vapor samples are illustrated on Figure 2.

On March 22, 2010, the sampling was completed by Vironex, Inc. of Pacheco, California, a State-licensed driller. At location SV-5, inside the building, a soil vapor probe was installed at the proposed depth (5 feet bgs). At locations SS-3 and SS-4, soil vapor probes were set at 4 inches bgs.

Inside the existing restaurant at 2966 Castro Valley Boulevard, within the footprint of the former dry cleaning machine, two sub-slab soil vapor samples (SS-3 and SS-4) and one deeper soil vapor sample (SV-5) were collected. At each location, a drill was used to create a 1-1/4 inch hole in the concrete slab. Following that, rods were advanced using a slide hammer. After the target depth had been achieved, the probes were installed through the center of the rods and then the rods were withdrawn.

Three soil vapor samples (SS-3, SS-4, and SV-5) were collected using 1-liter Summa canisters attached directly to the sampling manifold. Two canisters were used for each hole, to purge the Teflon tubing and collect sub-slab or soil vapor sample. A fresh Summa canister was used for each soil vapor sample. A stepped purge vs. contaminant concentration test was



completed prior to sample collection to determine the optimum purge volume. Based on the highest PID reading from a Tedlar bag, a purge volume of seven casing volumes was used throughout the vapor sampling. At each location, prior to sampling, a shut-in test and a leak test was performed per the work plan. Throughout the sampling process, a clear plastic container (shroud) was used to cover the sample train and filled with helium to test the integrity of the soil vapor sample point seal and all fittings and connections.

After purging the sampling tube, a soil/sub-slab vapor sample was collected in the laboratory cleaned Summa canister. The initial and final canister vacuums were noted and precautions were taken to leave at least 5" Hg vacuum in the canister. A partial vacuum was left in the Summa canister as a means to determine if leakage occurred during transit to the laboratory. The final vacuum gauge reading was recorded on a tag attached to the Summa canister. All samples were labeled and shipped under chain-of-custody documentation to McCampbell Analytical, Inc. (McCampbell), a California state-certified laboratory, for analysis of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by EPA Method TO-15. The field data sheets including purging, leak check test, and sample collection information are presented in Attachment A.

#### Laboratory Analysis:

The vapor samples in summa canisters were transported on the same day to McCampbell Analytical in Pittsburg, California, a State-certified laboratory. The vapor samples were analyzed for EPA Method 8010 constituents by EPA Method TO-15. The laboratory

analytical report is included as Attachment B.

#### Backfill:

Following completion of sampling, all of the borings were backfilled with neat cement grout to surface. Quick-setting concrete was used to seal the borings at the surface.

#### 4.2 Soil Vapor Sampling Results

No significant breakthrough was indicated during the vapor sample collection, as the tracer compound helium was recorded at 0% or less than 5% in the vapor samples relative to the measurements in the shroud (see Table 1 and Attachment A).



As shown on Table 1, PCE was detected at all three sample locations (i.e, SS-3, SS-4, and SV-5), with the highest concentration occurring in the deeper soil vapor sample at SV-5, collected nearest to the depth of the water table; as with the previous round of investigation, the shallower PCE concentrations (i.e, in sub-slab samples) were below the deeper soil vapor sample, confirming concentration reduction with distance toward the ground surface.

Importantly, all detected PCE concentrations were below the commercial/industrial ESL of 1,400  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>, with the exception of the detected concentration of 4,000  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> at SV-5. TCE was only detected at SV-5, with a concentration (150  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>) well below the commercial/industrial ESL (see Table below).

As with the previous round of soil vapor sampling in Fall 2009, while the highly conservative ESL for PCE was exceeded at SV-5, the maximum cumulative carcinogenic risk for the vapor intrusion pathway, conservatively back-calculated below from the detected concentrations relative to the ESL, approximates  $3.04 \times 10^{-6}$  for SV-5 (see table below). This conservative risk estimate is at the lower end of the target acceptable risk management range of  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  to  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  adopted by the USEPA and DTSC.

Importantly, with PCE concentrations declining with distance toward the ground surface, the conservatively estimated vapor intrusion risks associated with PCE in the two sub-slab samples remain well below the target risk management range adopted by the USEPA and DTSC (see table below).

Sample	Chemical	Detected Concentration (ug/m3)	Commercial/Industrial ESL (ug/m3)	Estimated Carcinogenic Risk	
SV-5	PCE	4000	1,400	2.86E-06	
	TCE	150	4,100	1.88E-07	
			Cumulative Risk	3.04E-06	
SS-3	PCE	610	1,400 Cumulative Risk	4.36E-07 <b>4.34E-07</b>	
SS-4	PCE	270	1,400	1.93E-07	
Cumulative Risk     1.93E-07       Target risk level for ESLs = 1 x 10-6					



#### 6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Through the various rounds of investigations performed to date at the site, PCE detections in soil and groundwater beneath the site have been sporadic and have occurred at low concentrations. Specifically, soil concentrations have been below ESLs (Property Solutions, 2002 and AEI, 2007), while groundwater detections have been sporadic with concentrations ranging from non-detect to slightly above the MCL (Property Solutions, 2002, AEI, 2007). Endpoint's previous investigation (Endpoint, 2009) further confirmed the absence of preferential migration along sewer lines and the absence of viable groundwater receptors downgradient of the site.

Building on the Fall 2009 investigation (Endpoint, 2009c), which targeted soil vapor and subslab vapor samples beneath the former dry cleaning machine, this March 2010 supplemental investigation further confirms the residual presence of PCE in soil vapor underlying the site. The maximum concentration of PCE during the Fall 2009 event occurred at 3,000  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>, closely approximated by the maximum detected concentration of 4,000  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> in the Spring 2010 investigation. Combined, the two rounds of soil vapor sampling, reflecting both fall and spring events, have yielded similar results; namely, the maximum PCE concentrations slightly exceeding the commercial/industrial ESL occur in deeper soil vapor samples (5 feet bgs), but decline significantly in concentration at shallower depths in sub-slab samples.

Similar to the Fall 2009 investigation, while a single detection of PCE exceeding the commercial/industrial ESL was encountered in soil vapor during this round of investigation, the maximum detected PCE concentration corresponds to a conservative risk estimate which is at the lower end of the acceptable risk management range (i.e.,  $3.04 \times 10^{-6}$ ). Also similar to the Fall 2009 investigation, PCE concentrations and related risk estimates for shallower sub-slab samples reduce significantly, yielding risks well below the risk management range. Hence, seasonal affects appear to have an insignificant impact on soil vapor concentrations and related risks to indoor air quality.

Based on the available information, the site appears to qualify for low-risk closure and no further action is accordingly recommended.



#### 7.0 **REFERENCES**

AEI, 2007. Phase II Subsurface Investigation, by AEI Consultants, May 8, 2007

Endpoint, 2009a. Supplemental Site Investigation Workplan, by Endpoint Consulting, Inc., June 30, 2009

Endpoint, 2009b. Supplemental Site Investigation Workplan Addendum, by Endpoint Consulting, Inc., August 17, 2009

Endpoint, 2009c. Supplemental Site Investigation Report, by Endpoint Consulting, Inc., October 2009

Endpoint, 2010. Supplemental Soil Vapor Sampling Workplan, by Endpoint Consulting, Inc., January 28, 2010

Property Solutions, 2002. Limited Phase II Subsurface Investigation, by Property Solutions, Inc. September 27, 2002



TABLE

# Table 1 Vapor Analytical Results (March 2010) 2000 Centre Valley Paulo and

2960 Castro Valley Boulevard Castro Valley, California

					Conce	ntration (ug/m <sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup> ) (2)	Leak Check ( Helium Cono (ppm)	centration	Helium Concentration %
Location ID	Sample ID	Sample Location	Sample Depth (feet)	Sample Date	PCE	TCE	cis-1,2-DCE	in vapor sample	in shroud	Vapor/Shroud
SS-3	SS-3	inside Bldg.	0.3	3/22/2010	610	<11	<8.1	0	16,000	0.0%
SS-4	SS-4	inside Bldg.	0.3	3/22/2010	270	<11	<8.1	3,000	160,000	1.9%
SV-5	SV-5	inside Bldg.	5	3/22/2010	4,000	150	<8.1	0	48,000	0.0%
			ESL	- Commercial	1,400	41,000	20,000	na	na	na

Abbreviations:

Bldg. = building (restaurant)

ESL = Environmental Screening Level- Soil Gas (Vapor Intrusion Concerns) (Table E, RWQCB, 2008).

"<" = less than the laboratory reporting limit

na = not available or not applicable

Notes:

#### "--" Not sampled due to no vapor flow.

(1) Sample was collected 3 to 4 inches below the slab.

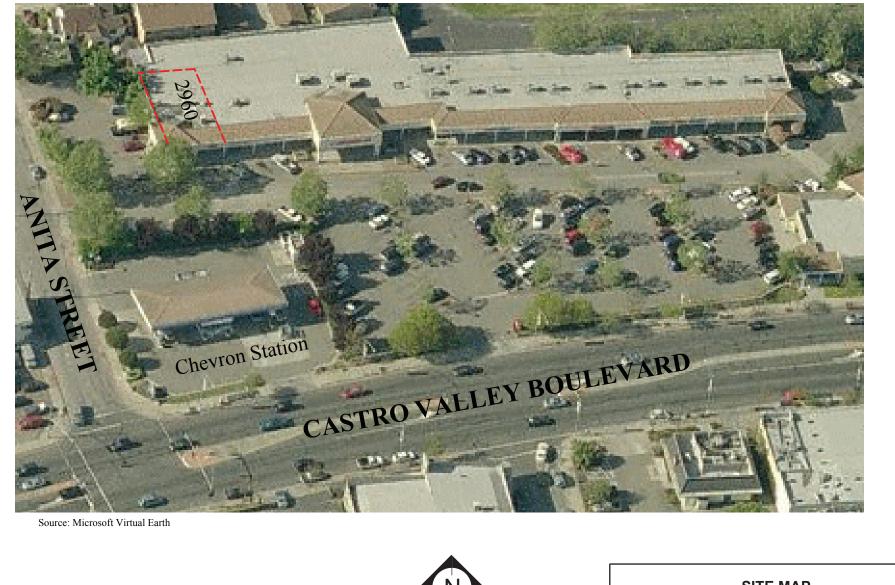
(2) Only detected compounds are shown. Samples were analyzed by McCampbell Analytical Inc., Pittsburg, California, using EPA TO-15 method.

(3) Samples were analyzed by Helium meter in the field.

**Bold** number exceeds ESL-commercial sites.



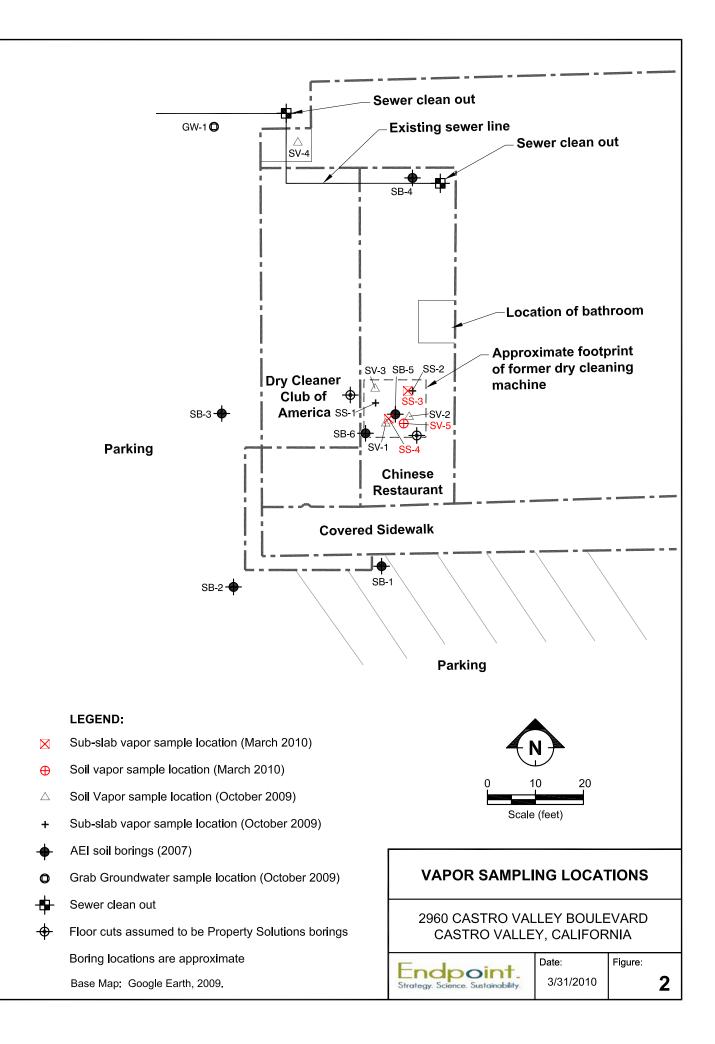
FIGURES



100

	SITE	MAP	
200 300 400 500	2960 CASTRO VAL CASTRO VALLE		
Scale Approximate	Endpoint. Strategy. Science. Sustainability.	Date: 3/31/2010	Figure:

1





# Attachment A

Field Data Sheets

#### FIELD FORM FOR SOIL VAPOR/SUB SLAB SAMPLING

	ab 22 2010			Project Number:			
				Weather: <u>Clear</u> , Sunny Field Personnel: <u>Vironex</u> Tim M., Soug Phos			
		553					
Sub Slab Prob	e No:	55-3 : 9: 45 am	Depth: 4"	Recorded by:			
101-102				01			
				Other			
Surface Thick	ness (i.e., asp	halt or concrete) _	4				
Vacuum Test							
Initial Vacuun	1 Prior to Pun	nping	2000	_ inches of Mercury (Hg)			
Shut-in/Vaccu	m Test	<sup>2</sup> / inches of	Mercury (Hg) held	for <u>5 min</u> seconds			
Field Tubing:	Blank PID R	leading 0	ppmv				
C1	TIC	leted Prior to Pure	ing: X Yes	No			
Shut in/Vaccu	m Test Comp	neted i noi to i dig	ing 10				
Shut in/Vaccu	m Test Comp	neted i nor to i urg	, ing. <u>// </u> 10.				
Shut in/Vaccu	m Test Comp	neted i nor to i urg	. <u> </u>				
		Tracer Gas Concer		]			
		Tracer Gas Concer	ntration	]			
		Tracer Gas Concer	ntration a Vapor Sample by	]			
		Tracer Gas Concer ( PP <sup>mV</sup> ) In roud (%)	ntration a Vapor Sample by Helium Detector	]			
Leak Test	In the Sł	Tracer Gas Concer	ntration a Vapor Sample by	]			
Leak Test	In the Sł	Tracer Gas Concer (ppmV) In proud (%) Max	ntration a Vapor Sample by Helium Detector	]			
Leak Test Tracer Gas Helium	In the Sh Min	Tracer Gas Concer $(pp^{mV})$ In moud (%) Max 3500- 16,000	ntration a Vapor Sample by Helium Detector (ppmv, %)	]			
Leak Test Tracer Gas Helium Helium Conce	In the Sh Min	Tracer Gas Concer $(pp^{mV})$ In moud (%) Max 3500- 16,000 eld Screen Vapor S	ntration a Vapor Sample by Helium Detector (ppmv, %)				

#### Purging

1 Casing Volume: Sub Slab Volume <u>~7 w</u> L

Soil Vapor Probe Volume \_\_\_\_\_ L

Purge Volume	Start Time	End Time	Elapsed Time (min.)	VOCs by PID During Purge Test (ppm)	Hel: PP"
1	12:15		105	0	0
3	12:20		325	0	0
7	12:30		LM 325	0,8	0

#### **Sample Collection**

Sample ID	Time Start	Time Finish	Summa Canister ID	Initial Vacuum (inch of Hg)	Final Vacuum (inch of Hg)	Notes
SS-3	12:32	12:36	5802	-27.5	- 6	

#### FIELD FORM FOR SOIL VAPOR/SUB SLAB SAMPLING

Project Nam	e:2960 Cas	tro Valley Blv	d					
Date: Ma	rch 22, 2010			Project Number:				
Site Location	: 2966 Cast	ro Valley Blvd		Weather: el				
Soil Vapor Pr	robe No:			Field Personnel:	Vironex Tim	M., Sayphone K		
Sub Slab Pro	be No:	554		Field Personnel: <u>Vivonex</u> Tim M., Sayph Recorded by: JH				
Probe Inst	robe No: be No: ballation .	9:45 01	m					
	: Asphalt kness (i.e., asp		rete <u>X</u> Grass e) <u>4</u>	Other	- s.			
	st 1210							
Initial Vacuu	m Prior to Pun	nping	-	inches of Mercury	y (Hg)			
			s of Mercury (Hg) held	for 5 min. secon	rds			
	: Blank PID R							
Shut in/Vacc	um Test Comp	leted Prior to	Purging: X Yes	No				
-								
Leak Test		T 0 0		1				
		Tracer Gas Co		4				
	In the Sh	roud (%)	In a Vapor Sample by Helium Detector					
Tracer Gas	Min	Max	(ppmv,26)					
Heilium	-	160,000	3000	]				
				]				
		0	por Samples is Less than		Concentration in th	e Shroud?		
Yes	1 62	To No		-				
Purging								
1 Casing Vol								
	ume <u>77</u> v							
	robe Volume				1			
Purge	Start Time	End Time	Elapsed Time (min.)	VOCs by PID				
Volume				During Purge				
	1			Test (ppm)				
7	13:27	13:28	lmin 155	0.4				
					]			
Sample Coll	ection							
Sample ID	Time	Time	Summa Canister ID	Initial Vacuum	Final Vacuum	Notes		
Sumple ib	Start	Finish	Summa Camster ID	(inch of Hg)	(inch of Hg)	110105		

- 29

-5

6409

13:3

13:33

55-4

#### FIELD FORM FOR SOIL VAPOR/SUB SLAB SAMPLING

Project Name:2960 Castro Valley Blvd	
Date:March 22, 2010	Project Number:
Site Location:2966 Castro Valley Blvd	Weather: Clear, Summy
Soil Vapor Probe No: $SV-5$	Field Personnel: vironex Tim M., Sayphone K.
Sub Slab Probe No: Probe Installation Time: 10:00am, 5' pepeh	Recorded by: TH
Surface Type: Asphalt Concrete $\cancel{-\infty}$ Grass Gras  Grass Gras  Grass Gras  Gras  Gras  Gras Gras  Gras  Gras Gras Gras	Other

#### Vacuum Test

Initial Vacuum Prior to Pumping	inches of Mercury (Hg)
Shut-in/Vaccum Test 25	inches of Mercury (Hg) held for _ min seconds
Field Tubing: Blank PID Reading	O ppmv
Shut in/Vaccum Test Completed Pr	ior to Purging: Yes No

#### Leak Test

	Tracer Gas Concentration							
	In the S	Shroud (%)	In a Vapor Sample by Helium Detector					
Tracer Gas	Min	Max	(ppmv, %)					
Heliam		48,000	0					

Helium Concentration in Field Screen Vapor Samples is Less than 5% of Minimum Concentration in the Shroud? No Yes X

#### Purging

1 Casing Volume:

Sub Slab Volume \_\_\_\_\_ L Soil Vapor Probe Volume \_\_\_\_\_ ML

Purge Volume	Start Time	End Time	Elapsed Time (min.)	VOCs by PID During Purge Test (ppm)
7	14:05	19:08	3 min 44 s	0,7

#### Sample Collection

Sample ID	Time Start	Time Finish	Summa Canister ID	Initial Vacuum (inch of Hg)	Final Vacuum (inch of Hg)	Notes
5V-5	14:13	14:19		-27	-5	



# Attachment B

Laboratory Analytical Report

McCampbell An "When Ouality		Web: www.mc	low Pass Road, Pittsburg, campbell.com E-mail: m one: 877-252-9262 Fax:	nain@mccampbell.com
Endpoint	Client Project ID: 2960 Ca	astro Valley Blvd,	Date Sampled:	03/22/10
98 Battery Street, Suite 200	Castro Valley		Date Received:	03/22/10
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Client Contact: Jing Heis	ler	Date Reported:	03/29/10
San Francisco, CA 94111	Client P.O.:		Date Completed:	03/26/10

#### WorkOrder: 1003622

March 29, 2010

Dear Jing:

Enclosed within are:

- 1) The results of the **3** analyzed samples from your project: **2960 Castro Valley Blvd, Castro Vall**
- 2) A QC report for the above samples,
- 3) A copy of the chain of custody, and
- 4) An invoice for analytical services.

All analyses were completed satisfactorily and all QC samples were found to be within our control limits.

If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to give me a call. Thank you for choosing

McCampbell Analytical Laboratories for your analytical needs.

Best regards,

Angela Rydelius Laboratory Manager McCampbell Analytical, Inc.

Telephone: (925) 2	1534 Pittsb www.n 52-9262	Willow urg, CA nain@mcc		5) 252-9269	EDF Requi	CHA ROUND TI red? Coelt (N	ME formal)	RUSH No W	rite On (D	48 HR		DAY.
Report To: Jing Hersle	r and	Mehrol	ad Bill To: Me	undad Javahe	er in			Lab Us	e Only			
Company: Endpoi	int		J.							Pi	essurizati	on Gas
				ad Qendpoin-inc.		Pressurized	By		Date			
			E-Mail: jing(	@ endpoint -iac com							N2	He
Tele: (415) 342-3	713		Fax: ( )	9								
Project #:			Project Name:									
Project Location: 2 9	760 0	astro	Valley Blud,	Castro Valley.								
Sampler Signature:		Q	w	J	Notes:				-1			
Field Sample ID	Colle	ection			-	Repo	t 80	10 L	ist	ð,		
(Location)			Canister SN#	Sampler Kit SN#	Analysis	Requested	Indoor	Soil	Ca	nister Pre	ssure/Vacu	um
	Date	Time					Air	Gas	Initial	Final	Receipt	Final (psi)
55-3	3/22/10	12:36	5802		TO-15	5 sololist		X	- 27.5	-6		(p31)
55-4	-	13:37	6409		70-15	8010List		×	-29	-5	S STORAGE	
sv-5		14:19	5804		70-15	8010 List		X	-27	-5		
Relinquished By:	Date:	Time	Densived Bro									
to	3/22/10		Denk Car	to	Temp (°C) : Condition:	nlagud	Vork Order	#:	100362	22		
Relinquished By: Duh Cat	Date:	Time: (735	Received By:	ell	Custody Sea	Is Intact?: Yes						
Relinquished By:	Date:	Time:	Received By:		Shipped via:	V.C.	////1	LUUN	01			

# McCampbell Analytical, Inc.

1534 Willow Pass Rd Pittsburg CA 94565-1701

# CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 1

(925) 252-9262				WorkO	rder: 1003622	Client	Code: EPB		
	WaterTrax	WriteOn	EDF	Excel	Fax	🖌 Email	HardCopy	ThirdParty	J-flag
Report to:				Bi	II to:		Rec	uested TAT:	5 days
Jing Heisler	Email:	jing@endpoint-in	nc.com		Accounts Pay	able			
Endpoint	CC:	mehrdad@endpo	oint-inc.com		Endpoint		_		
98 Battery Street, Suite 200	PO:				98 Battery Str	eet, Suite 200	Dat	te Received:	03/22/2010
San Francisco, CA 94111 415-706-8935 FAX	ProjectNo:	2960 Castro Valle	ey Blvd, Castro Va	lley	San Francisco	o, CA 94111	Dat	te Printed:	03/22/2010

				[				Requ	uested	Tests (	See leg	gend be	elow)			
Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	<b>Collection Date</b>	Hold	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
rr		1				1	1	1	1			1				
1003622-001	SS-3	Soil Vapor	3/22/2010 12:36		Α											
1003622-002	SS-4	Soil Vapor	3/22/2010 13:37		А											
1003622-003	SV-5	Soil Vapor	3/22/2010 14:19		A											

#### Test Legend:

1	TO15-8010_SOIL(UG/M3)	2	
6		7	
11		12	

3	
8	9

4	
9	

5	
10	

The following SampIDs: 001A, 002A, 003A contain testgroup.

Prepared by: Melissa Valles

#### **Comments:**

NOTE: Soil samples are discarded 60 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made (Water samples are 30 days). Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.



# McCampbell Analytical, Inc.

"When Ouality Counts"

### Sample Receipt Checklist

Client Name:	Endpoint				Date a	and Time Received:	3/22/2010	7:48:02 PM
Project Name:	2960 Castro Vall	ey Blvd, Castro	Valley		Check	klist completed and r	eviewed by:	Melissa Valles
WorkOrder N°:	1003622	Matrix <u>Soil Vapor</u>			Carrie	er: <u>Derik Cartan (I</u>	MAI Courier)	
		Chai	n of Cu	stody (COC	c) Informa	ation		
Chain of custody	/ present?		Yes	$\checkmark$	No 🗆			
Chain of custody	v signed when relinqui	ished and received?	Yes	$\checkmark$	No 🗆			
Chain of custody	agrees with sample	labels?	Yes	$\checkmark$	No 🗌			
Sample IDs noted	d by Client on COC?		Yes	$\checkmark$	No 🗆			
Date and Time of	f collection noted by Cl	ient on COC?	Yes	$\checkmark$	No 🗆			
Sampler's name	noted on COC?		Yes	✓	No 🗆			
		5	Sample	Receipt Int	formation	<u>1</u>		
Custody seals in	tact on shipping conta	ainer/cooler?	Yes		No 🗆		NA 🔽	
Shipping contain	er/cooler in good conc	dition?	Yes	$\checkmark$	No 🗆			
Samples in prop	er containers/bottles?		Yes	$\checkmark$	No 🗆			
Sample containe	ers intact?		Yes	$\checkmark$	No 🗆			
Sufficient sample	e volume for indicated	test?	Yes	$\checkmark$	No 🗌			
		Sample Prese	ervatio	n and Hold	<u>Time (HT</u>	) Information		
All samples rece	ived within holding tim	ie?	Yes		No 🗌			
Container/Temp	Blank temperature		Coole	er Temp:			NA 🗹	
Water - VOA via	ls have zero headspa	ce / no bubbles?	Yes		No 🗆	No VOA vials subm	itted 🗹	
Sample labels cl	necked for correct pre	servation?	Yes	$\checkmark$	No 🗌			
Metal - pH accep	otable upon receipt (pH	1<2)?	Yes		No 🗆		NA 🗹	
Samples Receive	ed on Ice?		Yes		No 🗹			

\* NOTE: If the "No" box is checked, see comments below.

Client contacted:

Date contacted:

Contacted by:

Comments:

<u>McCampbell An</u>		<u>c.</u>	1534 Willow Pass Road, Pittsburg, CA 94565-1701 Web: www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com							
"When Ouality				877-252-9262 Fax: 92						
Endpoint	oject ID: 2960	Castro Valley	Date Sampled:	03/22/10						
	Blvd, Ca	stro Valley		Date Received:	03/22/10					
98 Battery Street, Suite 200	Client C	ontact: Jing He	isler	Date Extracted:	03/24/10-03	3/25/10				
San Francisco, CA 94111	Client P.	D.:		Date Analyzed:	03/24/10-03	3/25/10				
			ompounds in µg/1	·						
Extraction Method: TO15	-	ytical Method: TO15			Work Order:	1003622				
Lab ID	1003622-001A	1003622-002A		1						
Client ID	SS-3	SS-4	1003622-003A SV-5		Reporting	Limit fo				
	55 5		57-5		DF					
Matrix	Soil Vapor	Soil Vapor	Soil Vapor		1	-				
DF	1	1	1							
Initial Pressure (psia)	11.9	12.52	12.24		Soil Vapor	W				
Final Pressure (psia)	23.72	24.96	24.42							
	23.12					/T				
Compound			centration		$\mu g/m^3$	ug/L				
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ND	ND		14	NA				
Bromoform	ND	ND	ND		21	NA				
Bromomethane Carbon Tetrachloride	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND		7.9	NA NA				
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND		9.4	NA NA				
Chloroethane	ND	ND	ND		5.4	NA				
Chloroform	ND	ND	ND		9.9	NA				
Chloromethane	ND	ND	ND		4.2	NA				
Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	ND		17	NA				
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	ND	ND		16	NA				
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND		12	NA				
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND		12	NA				
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND		12	NA				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	ND		10	NA				
1.1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	ND		8.2	NA				
1.2-Dichloroethane (1.2-DCA)	ND	ND	ND		8.2	NA				
1.1-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND		8.1	NA				
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND		8.1	NA				
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND		8.1	NA				
1.2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	ND		9.4	NA				
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND		9.2	NA				
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND		9.2	NA				
1.2-Dichloro-1.1.2.2-tetrafluoroethane	ND	ND	ND		14	NA				
Freon 113	ND	ND	ND		16	NA				
Methylene chloride	ND	ND	ND		7.1	NA				
1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	ND		14	NA				
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	ND 4000		14	NA NA				
Tetrachloroethene 1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene	610 ND	270	4000 ND		14	NA NA				
1.2.4-1richlorobenzene 1.1.1-Trichloroethane	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	+	15 11	NA NA				
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	ND ND	ND	ND		11	NA				
Trichloroethene	ND ND	ND ND	150		11	NA				
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND ND	ND	ND		11	NA				
Vinyl Chloride	ND	ND	ND		5.2	NA				
		ogate Recoverie								
%SS1:	92	106	103							
%SS2:	91	108	106							
%SS3:	107	107	105							
Comments					1					

ND means not detected above the reporting limit/method detection limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis.

# surrogate diluted out of range or surrogate coelutes with another peak.

<u> McCampbell An</u>		<u>c.</u>	1534 Willow Pass Road, Pittsburg, CA 94565-1701 Web: www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com							
"When Ouality	Counts"		Telephone: 8	377-252-9262 Fax: 92	5-252-9269					
Endpoint	oject ID: 2960 C	Castro Valley	Date Sampled:	03/22/10						
	Blvd, Ca	stro Valley		Date Received:	03/22/10					
98 Battery Street, Suite 200	Client C	ontact: Jing Heis	ler	Date Extracted:	03/24/10-03	3/25/10				
San Francisco, CA 94111	Client P.			Date Analyzed:						
				•	03/24/10-0.	5/25/10				
Extraction Method: TO15	e	latile Organic Co	mpounds in nL/	$\mathbf{L}^{\mathbf{r}}$	Work Order:	1002622				
		,			work Order:	1003622				
Lab ID	1003622-001A	1003622-002A	1003622-003A		Reporting Limit					
Client ID	SS-3	SS-4	SV-5							
					DF	=1				
Matrix	Soil Vapor	Soil Vapor	Soil Vapor		l					
DF	1	1	1		Soil Vonor	W				
Initial Pressure (psia)	11.9	12.52	12.24		Soil Vapor					
Final Pressure (psia)	23.72	24.96	24.42							
Compound		Conce	entration		nL/L	ug/L				
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Bromoform	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Bromomethane	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Chloroethane	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Chloroform	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Chloromethane	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
1.1-Dichloroethane	ND ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA NA				
1.2-Dichloroethane (1.2-DCA) 1.1-Dichloroethene	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND		2.0	<u>NA</u> NA				
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene	ND ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA NA				
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	ND ND	ND ND	ND		2.0	NA NA				
1.2-Dichloropropane	ND ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
1.2-Dichloro-1.1.2.2-tetrafluoroethane	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Freon 113	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Methylene chloride	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Tetrachloroethene	89	40	580		2.0	NA				
1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	+	2.0	NA				
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Trichloroethene	ND	ND	27		2.0	NA				
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	ND		2.0	NA				
Vinvl Chloride	ND Suri	ND ogate Recoveries	ND (%)		2.0	NA				
%SS1:	92	106	103							
%SS1: %SS2:	92	108	105	1	1					
%\$\$32. %\$\$33:	107	108	105							
	107									

ND means not detected above the reporting limit/method detection limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis.

# surrogate diluted out of range or surrogate coelutes with another peak.



NONE

# McCampbell Analytical, Inc.

"When Ouality Counts"

# QC SUMMARY REPORT FOR TO15

W.O. Sample Matrix: Soil Vapor			QC Matrix: Soil Vapor				BatchID: 49426			WorkOrder 1003622		
EPA Method TO15	ction TO15					Spiked Sample ID: N/A						
Analyte	Sample	Spiked	MS	MSD	MS-MSD	LCS	LCSD	LCS-LCSD	Acceptance Criteria (%)			
Analyte	nL/L	nL/L	% Rec.	% Rec.	% RPD	% Rec.	% Rec.	% RPD	MS / MSD	RPD	LCS/LCSD	RPD
Chlorobenzene	N/A	25	N/A	N/A	N/A	107	107	0	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	N/A	25	N/A	N/A	N/A	117	117	0	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
1,2-Dichloroethane (1,2-DCA)	N/A	25	N/A	N/A	N/A	109	108	0.490	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroetha	N/A	25	N/A	N/A	N/A	92.1	96.9	5.07	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
Freon 113	N/A	25	N/A	N/A	N/A	102	103	0.399	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	N/A	25	N/A	N/A	N/A	112	112	0	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	N/A	25	N/A	N/A	N/A	111	110	0.963	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	N/A	25	N/A	N/A	N/A	89.3	91.1	2.08	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
Trichloroethene	N/A	25	N/A	N/A	N/A	105	103	1.87	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
Xylenes	N/A	75	N/A	N/A	N/A	108	108	0	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
%SS1:	N/A	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	107	106	0.641	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
%SS2:	N/A	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	109	109	0	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
%SS3:	N/A	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	104	104	0	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30

#### BATCH 49426 SUMMARY

Lab ID	Date Sampled	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Lab ID	Date Sampled	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed
1003622-001A	03/22/10 12:36 PM	03/24/10	03/24/10 8:21 PM	1003622-002A	03/22/10 1:37 PM	03/24/10	03/24/10 9:04 PM
1003622-003A	03/22/10 2:19 PM	03/24/10	03/24/10 9:48 PM	1003622-003A	03/22/10 2:19 PM	03/25/10	03/25/10 2:22 PM

MS = Matrix Spike; MSD = Matrix Spike Duplicate; LCS = Laboratory Control Sample; LCSD = Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate; RPD = Relative Percent Deviation.

% Recovery = 100 \* (MS-Sample) / (Amount Spiked); RPD = 100 \* (MS - MSD) / ((MS + MSD) / 2).

\* MS and / or MSD spike recoveries may not be near 100% or the RPDs near 0% if: a) the sample is inhomogenous AND contains significant concentrations of analyte relative to the amount spiked, or b) if that specific sample matrix interferes with spike recovery.

N/A = not enough sample to perform matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate. NR = analyte concentration in sample exceeds spike amount for soil matrix or exceeds 2x spike amount for water matrix or sample diluted due to high matrix or analyte content.

Laboratory extraction solvents such as methylene chloride and acetone may occasionally appear in the method blank at low levels.

DHS ELAP Certification 1644

