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By Alameda County Environmental Health at 12:01 pm, Apr 22, 2013

April 17, 2013

Ms. Donna Drogos  
Alameda County Environmental Health  
1131 Harbor Parkway, Suite 250  
Oakland, CA 94502-6577

Subject:     APCD Application  
              Shore Acres Gas  
              403 East 12<sup>th</sup> Street, Oakland, Alameda County, California  
              RO #0002931  
              ECG # GHA.19009

Dear Ms. Drogos:

Enclosed please find a copy of the April 17, 2013 *APCD Application* for the above referenced site prepared by our consultant Environmental Compliance Group, LLC.

I declare, under penalty and perjury, that the information and/or recommendations contained in this report are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Respectfully,



Rashid Ghafoor

April 17, 2013

Bay Area AQMD  
Engineering Division  
939 Ellis Street  
San Francisco, CA 94109

**Subject: Application for New Authority to Construct**  
403 East 12<sup>th</sup> Street, Oakland, Alameda County  
ECG Project #GHA.19009

Dear Sir or Madam:

Environmental Compliance Group, LLC (ECG) has been authorized by Mr. Rashid Ghafoor to submit this application for an authority to construct at the above facility (Figures 1 and 2). The proposed remediation system will consist of a DPE system with a catalytic oxidizer, air stripper, and liquid carbon adsorption vessels.

This application includes:

- Figures depicting site and equipment locations
- Tables documenting historical groundwater soil vapor concentrations
- Regulatory correspondence (Appendix A)
- BAAQMD permit application forms (Appendix B)
- Equipment manufacturer's specification sheets (Appendix C)
- ECG standard operating procedures (Appendix D)
- Laboratory analytical data reports (Appendix E)

## **DUAL PHASE EXTRACTION SYSTEM**

### **Equipment**

Groundwater and soil vapor will be extracted from the subsurface through extraction wells. The system will utilize a 400 standard cubic feet per minute (scfm) blower, a liquid/vapor separator, an air stripper, and a thermal/catalytic oxidizer for treating extracted vapor prior to discharge through an exhaust stack. Extracted groundwater is run through the air stripper and pumped through carbon adsorption vessels prior to discharge to the sanitary sewer. ECG will use the onsite 400 LR T/CAT manufactured by Solleco Industries. The proposed equipment location is shown on Figure 3 and the process and flow diagram for the equipment is shown on Figure 4.

## Operation

Operation and maintenance visits will occur at least twice per month and will include influent and effluent vapor monitoring with a MiniRae portable photoionization detector (PID). Two vapor samples will be collected monthly into Tedlar bags and submitted under chain of custody documentation (COC) to Kiff Analytical Laboratory in Davis, California, a State of California certified laboratory (ELAN #2236). The samples will be analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg), benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, total xylenes (BTEX), and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE). Sampling will be performed in accordance with ECG's standard operating procedures contained in Appendix D.

## Calculations

### Source 1:

The contaminants measured during the DPE pilot test in 2011 at the site are used for process loading. The highest contaminant level of TPHg, benzene, and MTBE were 11,000 parts per million by volume (ppmv), 140 ppmv, and 9.2 ppmv, respectively. The SVE system will operate 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, 52 weeks per year. The SVE equipment has a maximum flow rate of 400 scfm. Full operation of the equipment (1,440 minutes per day), maximum contaminant levels, 98% destruction efficiency from the equipment manufacturer, and molecular weight for TPHg, benzene, and MTBE of 90 pounds mass per pound mole (lb/lbmole), 78.11 lb/lbmole, and 88.15 lb/lbmole, respectively are used below:

$$\text{Emission} = \text{Flowrate}(Q) * \text{InitialConc}(Ci) * MWi * (1-A)$$

$$E_{\text{TPHg}} = 400 \text{ SCFM} * \frac{11,000 \text{ ft}^3}{1 * 10^6 \text{ ft}^3} * \frac{90 \text{ lb}}{\text{lbmol}} * (1-0.98) * \frac{1,440 \text{ min}}{\text{day}} * \frac{\text{lbmol}}{359 \text{ ft}^3} = \frac{31.8 \text{ lb}}{\text{day}}$$

$$E_{\text{Benzene}} = 400 \text{ SCFM} * \frac{140 \text{ ft}^3}{1 * 10^6 \text{ ft}^3} * \frac{78.11 \text{ lb}}{\text{lbmol}} * (1-0.98) * \frac{1,440 \text{ min}}{\text{day}} * \frac{\text{lbmol}}{359 \text{ ft}^3} = \frac{0.35 \text{ lb}}{\text{day}}$$

$$E_{\text{MTBE}} = 400 \text{ SCFM} * \frac{9.2 \text{ ft}^3}{1 * 10^6 \text{ ft}^3} * \frac{88.15 \text{ lb}}{\text{lbmol}} * (1-0.98) * \frac{1,440 \text{ min}}{\text{day}} * \frac{\text{lbmol}}{359 \text{ ft}^3} = \frac{0.026 \text{ lb}}{\text{day}}$$

### Source 2:

The air stripper is capable of producing flow rates of 10 gallons per minute. Contaminants measured during the DPE pilot test performed at the site in 2011 are used for process loading. The highest contaminant level of TPHg, benzene, and MTBE were 33,000 micrograms per liter (ug/L), 3,100 ug/L, and 13,000 ug/L, respectively. Assuming a minimum abatement efficiency of 98% and that 100% of the contaminants are stripped from the water, emissions are shown below:

$$\text{Emission} = \text{Flowrate}(Q) * \text{InitialConc}(Ci) * (1-A)$$

$$E_{\text{TPHg}} = \frac{10 \text{ gal}}{\text{min}} * \frac{3.7 \text{ L}}{\text{gal}} * \frac{11,000 \text{ ug}}{\text{L}} * \frac{\text{g}}{1 * 10^6 \text{ ug}} * (1-0.98) * \frac{1,440 \text{ min}}{\text{day}} * \frac{\text{lb}}{454 \text{ g}} = \frac{0.08 \text{ lb}}{\text{day}}$$

$$E_{\text{Benzene}} = \frac{10 \text{ gal}}{\text{min}} * \frac{3.7 \text{ L}}{\text{gal}} * \frac{3,100 \text{ ug}}{\text{L}} * \frac{\text{g}}{1*10^6 \text{ ug}} * (1-0.98) * \frac{1,440 \text{ min}}{\text{day}} * \frac{\text{lb}}{454 \text{ g}} = \frac{0.007 \text{ lb}}{\text{day}}$$

$$E_{\text{MTBE}} = \frac{10 \text{ gal}}{\text{min}} * \frac{3.7 \text{ L}}{\text{gal}} * \frac{13,000 \text{ ug}}{\text{L}} * \frac{\text{g}}{1*10^6 \text{ ug}} * (1-0.98) * \frac{1,440 \text{ min}}{\text{day}} * \frac{\text{lb}}{454 \text{ g}} = \frac{0.03 \text{ lb}}{\text{day}}$$

The maximum effluent emissions are calculated by summing the emissions from the two sources. The maximum emissions for TPHg, benzene, and MTBE are 31.9 pounds per day (ppd), 0.36 ppd, and 0.06 ppd.

**Abatement 1:**

The secondary pollutants for the thermal/catalytic abatement oxidizer (0.51MMBTU/hr) are calculated on a yearly basis by the following equation:

$$Emission(\text{lb/yr}) = EmissionFactor(\text{lb/MMBTU}) * FiringRate_{max}(\text{MMBTU/hr}) * 8760(\text{hrs/yr})$$

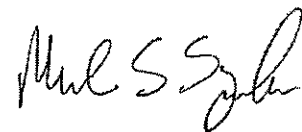
Emission factors in the AQMD permit handbook for NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, PM10, SO<sub>2</sub>, and POC as 0.2, 0.8, 0.075, 0.006, and 0.0054 pounds per MMBTU, respectively. Based on the emission factors the yearly emissions for NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, PM10, SO<sub>2</sub>, and POC are calculated as 898, 3,592, 337, 2.6, and 24 pounds per year, respectively.

If you have any questions, please contact Environmental Compliance Group, LLC at (209) 664-1035.

Respectfully,



Drew Van Allen  
Senior Project Manager

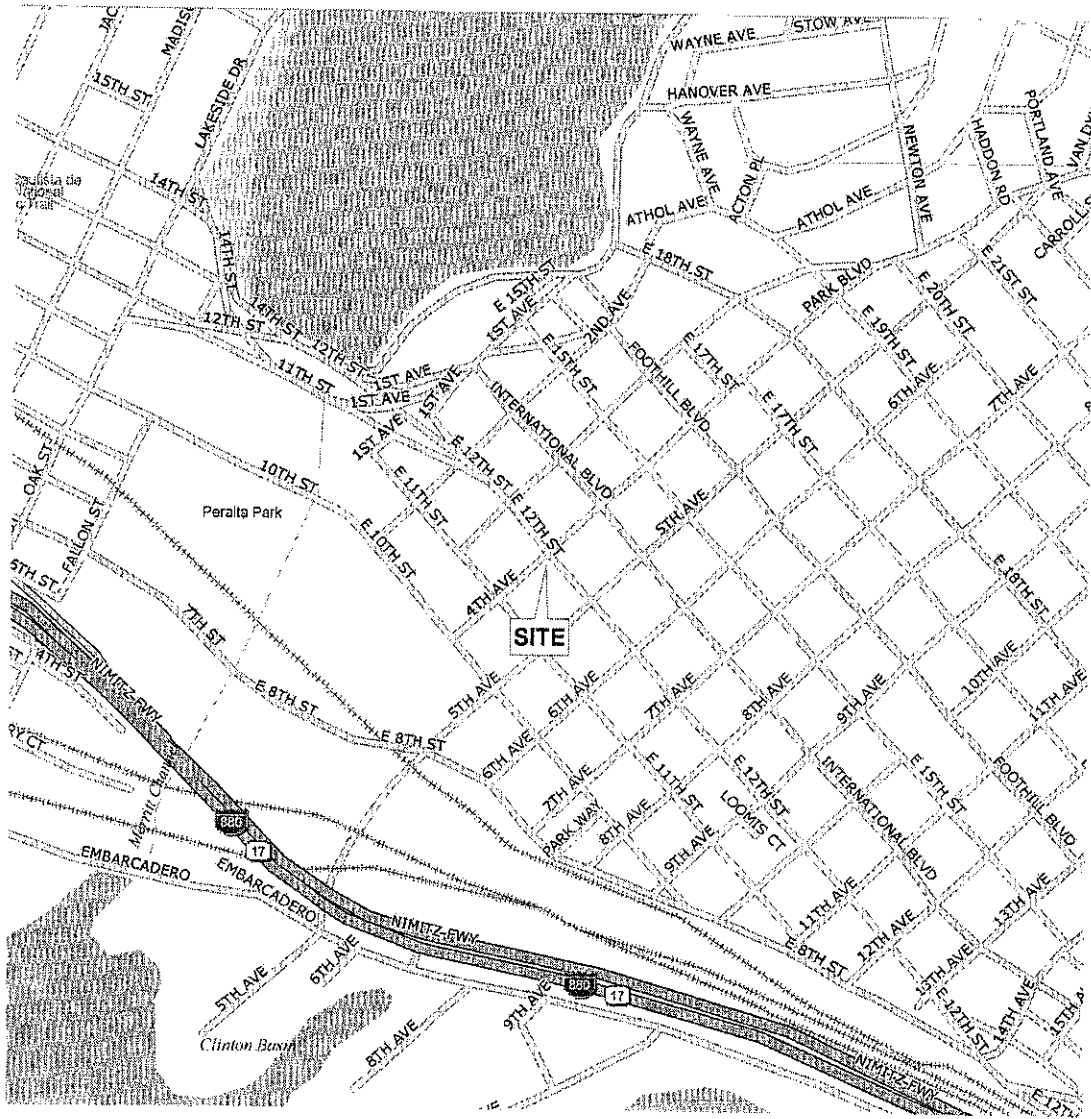


Michael S. Sgourakis  
Principal Geologist  
CA P.G. No. 7194

cc Rashid Ghafoor  
Barbara Jakub, ACEHD




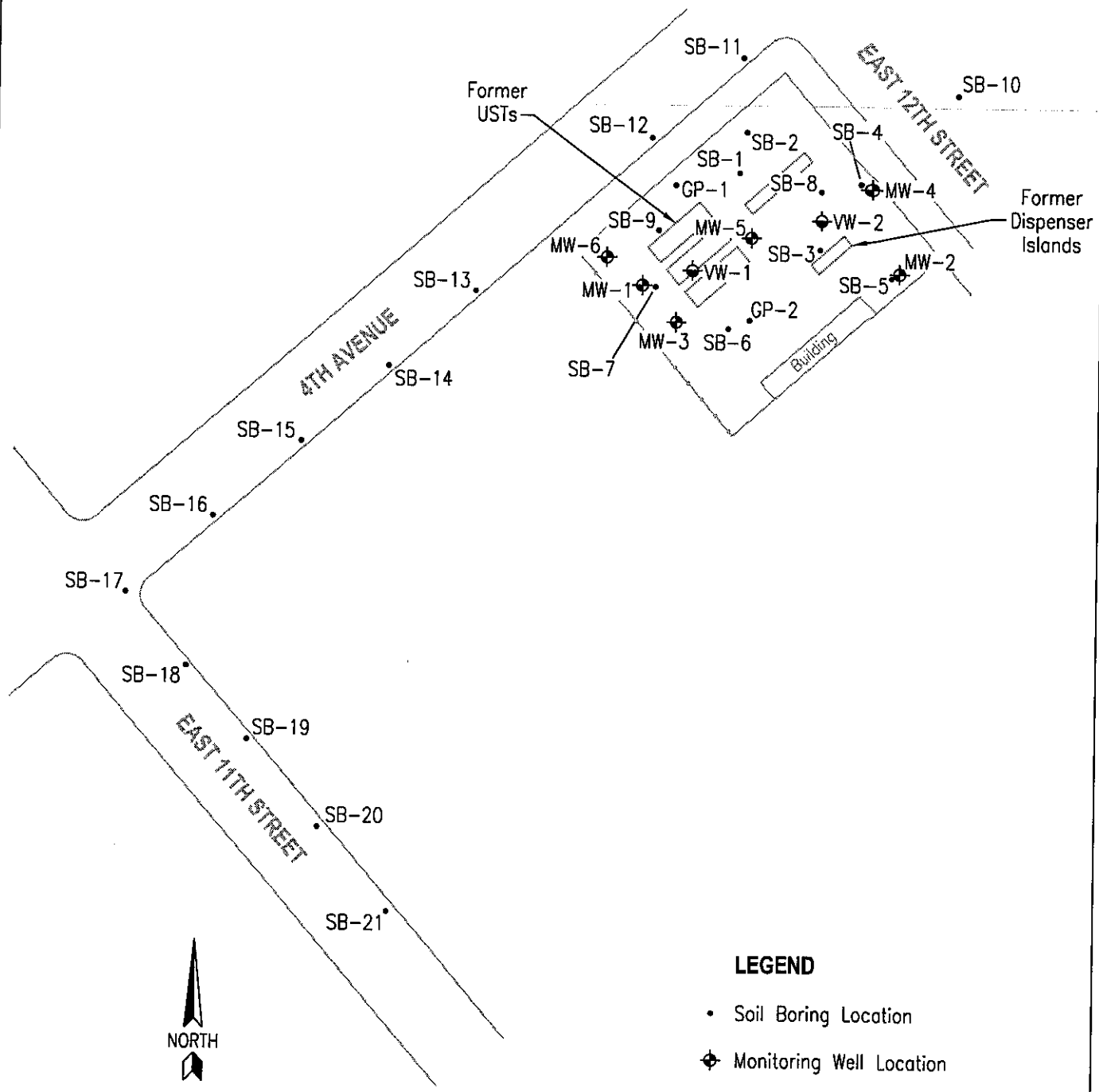
**FIGURES**



0 1,000 2,000

Approximate Scale In Feet  
1 inch = 1,000 Feet

<p><b>FIGURE 1</b></p>	<p align="center"><b>SITE LOCATION MAP</b></p> <p align="center">Shore Acre Gas 403 East 12th Street Oakland, California</p>	 <p><b>Environmental Compliance Group, LLC</b> 270 Vintage Drive, Turlock, CA 95382 Phone: (209) 664-1035</p>
<p>Project Number: GHA.19009</p>		
<p>Date: February 9, 2011</p>		



**LEGEND**

- Soil Boring Location
- ⊕ Monitoring Well Location
- ⊖ Vapor Extraction Well Location



0 50 100  
 Approximate Scale In Feet  
 1 inch = 50 feet

**FIGURE 2**

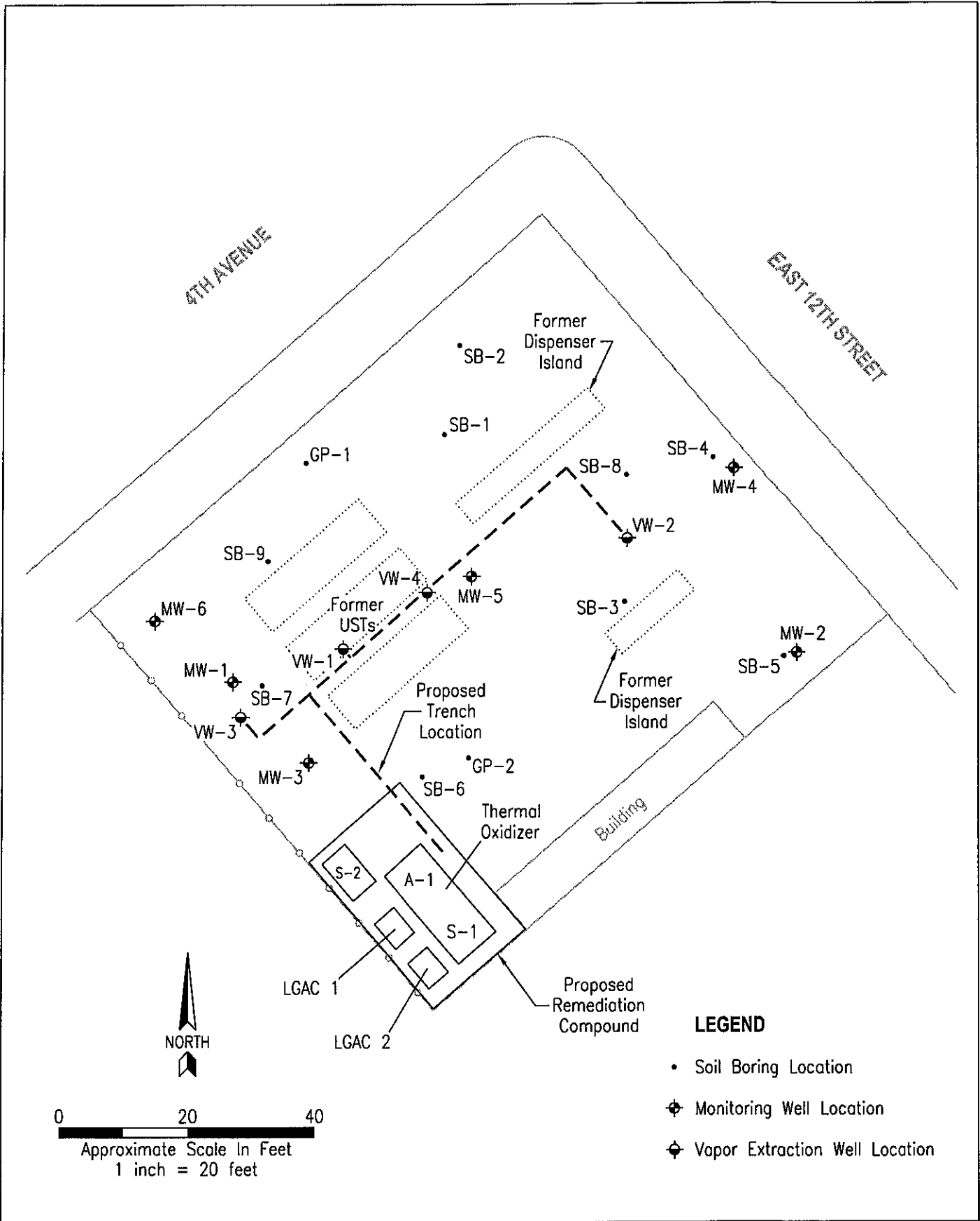
Project Number:  
 GHA.19009

Date:  
 January 4, 2012

**SITE MAP**

Shore Acre Gas  
 403 East 12th Street  
 Oakland, California

**Environmental  
 Compliance  
 Group, LLC**  
 270 Vintage Drive, Turlock, CA 95382  
 Phone: (209) 664-1035



**FIGURE 3**

**Project Number:**  
GHA.19009

**Date:**  
April 19, 2013

**PROPOSED EXTRACTION WELL TRENCH AND  
REMEDICATION COMPOUND LOCATION MAP**

Shore Acre Gas  
403 East 12th Street  
Oakland, California



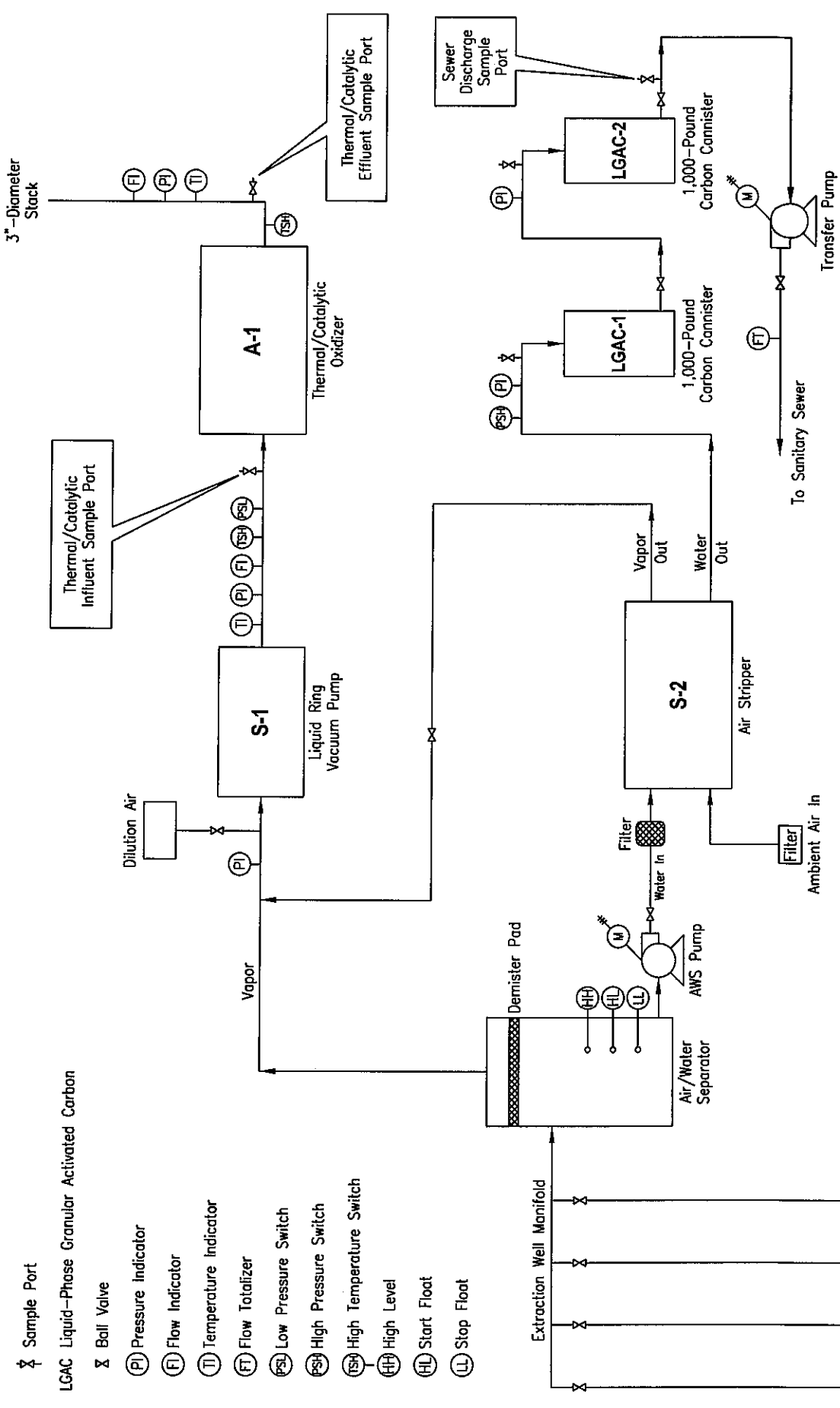
**Environmental  
Compliance  
Group, LLC**

270 Vintage Drive, Turlock, CA 95382  
Phone: (209) 664-1035



**LEGEND**

- ⊗ Sample Port
- LGAC Liquid-Phase Granular Activated Carbon
- ⊗ Ball Valve
- (PI) Pressure Indicator
- (FI) Flow Indicator
- (TI) Temperature Indicator
- (FT) Flow Totalizer
- (PSL) Low Pressure Switch
- (PSH) High Pressure Switch
- (TSH) High Temperature Switch
- (HL) High Level
- (HL) Start Float
- (LL) Stop Float



**Environmental Compliance Group, LLC**  
 270 Vintage Drive, Turlock, CA 95382  
 Phone: (209) 664-1035

**PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM**  
 Shore Acre Gas  
 403 East 12th Street  
 Oakland, California

**FIGURE 9**

Project Number:	GHA.19009
Date:	April 18, 2013

**TABLES**

**Table 3a**  
**Grab Groundwater Sample Results**  
**TPH and BTEX**  
 Shore Acres Gas  
 403 East 12th Street  
 Oakland, California

Sample ID	Collection Date	TPHd (ug/L)	TPHg (ug/L)	Benzene (ug/L)	Toluene (ug/L)	Ethylbenzene (ug/L)	Total Xylenes (ug/L)
<b>Excavation</b>							
Pit Sample 1	August 2009	21,000	21,000	3,800	1,000	1,200	3,700
<b>Direct Push Grab Groundwater Samples</b>							
SB-1	April 2010	---	60	2.9	6.7	2.1	9.7
SB-2		---	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
SB-3		---	170	1.5	11	4.8	27
SB-4		---	6,500	78	440	190	960
SB-5		---	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
SB-6		---	440	<20	<20	<20	<40
SB-7		---	270	<12	<12	<12	<25
SB-8		---	<50	0.6	1.3	0.6	3.3
SB-9		---	<50	<10	<10	<10	<20
SB-10	December 2011	---	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0
SB-11		---	2,300	83	1.9	140	43
SB-12		---	4,700	620	290	84	400
SB-13		---	400	51	2.4	4.2	9.7
SB-14		---	<50	1.7	<0.5	2.1	<1.0
SB-15		---	320	32	0.7	33	25
SB-16		---	4,800	1,600	10	49	<20
SB-17		---	990	290	7.2	27	4.3
SB-18		---	560	8.7	4.9	23	83
SB-19		---	260	7.1	<0.5	16	7.0
SB-21		---	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1.0

**Notes:**

- TPHd - denotes total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel
- TPHg - denotes total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline
- ug/L - denotes micrograms per liter
- <- denotes less than the detection limit
- denotes not analyzed/applicable

**Table 3b**  
**Grab Groundwater Sample Results**  
**Oxygenates and Lead Scavengers**  
 Shore Acres Gas  
 403 East 12th Street  
 Oakland, California

Sample ID	Collection Date	DIPE (ug/L)	ETBE (ug/L)	MTBE (ug/L)	TAME (ug/L)	TBA (ug/L)	1,2-DCA (ug/L)	EDB (ug/L)
<b>Excavation</b>								
Water	February 2000	<10	<10	15,000	39	17,000	<10	<10
<b>Direct Push Grab Groundwater Samples</b>								
SB-1	April 2010	<0.5	<0.5	14	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
SB-2		<0.5	<0.5	45	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
SB-3		<0.5	<0.5	110	<0.5	32	<0.5	<0.5
SB-4		<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<50	<5.0	<5.0
SB-5		<0.5	<0.5	0.6	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
SB-6		<20	<20	4,000	<20	<200	<20	<20
SB-7		<12	<12	2,500	<12	<120	<12	<12
SB-8		<0.5	<0.5	26	<0.5	98	<0.5	<0.5
SB-9		<10	<10	1,800	<10	5,300	<10	<10
SB-10	December 2011	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
SB-11		<1.0	<1.0	22	<1.0	140	<1.0	<1.0
SB-12		<5.0	<5.0	100	<5.0	550	<5.0	<5.0
SB-13		<2.0	<2.0	39	<2.0	3,900	<2.0	<2.0
SB-14		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
SB-15		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
SB-16		<10	<10	<10	<10	<100	<10	<10
SB-17		<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<20	<2.0	<2.0
SB-18		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
SB-19		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5
SB-21		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5

**Notes:**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| ug/L - denotes micrograms per liter        | DIPE - denotes di-isopropyl ether         |
| < - denotes less than the detection limit  | ETBE - denotes ethyl tertiary butyl ether |
| DCA - denotes dichloroethane               | TAME - denotes tertiary amyl ether        |
| EDB - denotes ethylene dibromide           | TBA - denotes tertiary butyl alcohol      |
| MTBE - denotes methyl tertiary butyl ether |   |

**Table 4a**  
**Monitoring Well Data**  
**Water Level, TPH, and BTEX**  
 Shore Acres Gas  
 403 East 12th Street  
 Oakland, California

Well ID TOC	Date Measured	Depth to Groundwater (ft bgs)	Groundwater Elevation (ft amsl)	TPHd (ug/L)	TPHg (ug/L)	Benzene (ug/L)	Toluene (ug/L)	Ethyl-benzene (ug/L)	Total Xylenes (ug/L)
<b>Monitoring Wells</b>									
<b>MW-1</b>	6/23/2011	10.46	20.35	<250	23,000	4,500	820	1,700	3,800
	9/22/2011	12.13	18.68	<50	21,000	4,000	1,500	980	3,000
	12/11/2011	11.69	19.12	---	23,000	2,900	1,000	720	3,000
	3/30/2012	Inaccessible							
	6/1/2012	11.04	19.77	---	<b>40,000</b>	<b>4,100</b>	<b>800</b>	<b>2,700</b>	<b>6,100</b>
<b>MW-2</b>	6/23/2011	10.70	20.59	<250	13,000	1,000	160	370	1,600
	9/22/2011	12.42	18.87	<50	12,000	300	130	470	1,400
	12/11/2011	11.98	19.31	---	8,300	170	120	450	1,500
	3/30/2012	8.55	22.74	<250	17,000	850	700	710	2,900
	6/1/2012	11.26	20.03	<250	<b>5,300</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>1,700</b>
<b>MW-3</b>	6/23/2011	10.79	20.51	<250	55,000	15,000	3,600	2,000	4,300
	9/22/2011	12.60	18.70	<250	77,000	15,000	3,900	1,700	4,900
	12/11/2011	12.13	19.17	---	64,000	12,000	3,100	1,600	4,500
	3/30/2012	7.90	23.40	<120	100,000	17,000	10,000	2,000	8,400
	6/1/2012	11.47	19.83	<120	<b>83,000</b>	<b>15,000</b>	<b>6,000</b>	<b>2,900</b>	<b>10,000</b>
<b>MW-4</b>	6/23/2011	10.62	20.59	<250	47,000	3,500	7,100	2,300	11,000
	9/22/2011	12.25	18.96	<250	46,000	2,000	2,400	1,100	5,300
	12/11/2011	11.89	19.32	---	46,000	2,100	3,400	1,800	7,000
	3/30/2012	8.51	22.70	<250	60,000	6,800	8,200	1,200	5,700
	6/1/2012	11.14	20.07	<250	<b>72,000</b>	<b>9,700</b>	<b>8,500</b>	<b>2,300</b>	<b>9,000</b>
<b>MW-5</b>	6/23/2011	10.12	21.23	<250	130,000	7,100	25,000	13,000	94,000
	9/22/2011	12.53	18.82	<250	120,000	6,900	7,600	3,800	17,000
	12/11/2011	12.09	19.26	---	110,000	7,800	14,000	4,200	20,000
	3/30/2012	8.06	23.29	Sheen - not sampled					
	6/1/2012	11.38	19.97	Sheen - not sampled					
<b>MW-6</b>	6/23/2011	10.43	20.36	<250	11,000	2,400	120	480	840
	9/22/2011	12.10	18.69	<50	15,000	1,500	270	880	2,500
	12/11/2011	11.69	19.10	---	13,000	660	190	610	1,500
	3/30/2012	7.50	23.29	<250	9,500	1,200	160	250	520
	6/1/2012	11.04	19.75	<250	<b>23,000</b>	<b>2,200</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>1,300</b>	<b>3,000</b>

**Table 4a**  
**Monitoring Well Data**  
**Water Level, TPH, and BTEX**  
 Shore Acres Gas  
 403 East 12th Street  
 Oakland, California

Well ID TOC	Date Measured	Depth to Groundwater (ft bgs)	Groundwater Elevation (ft amsl)	TPHd (ug/L)	TPHg (ug/L)	Benzene (ug/L)	Toluene (ug/L)	Ethyl-benzene (ug/L)	Total Xylenes (ug/L)
<b>DPE Wells</b>									
<b>VW-1</b>	6/28/2011	---	---	---	20,000	2,000	490	1,000	2,400
	9/22/2011	12.55	18.71	<120	39,000	3,900	610	1,400	4,600
	12/11/2011	12.09	19.17	---	27,000	2,600	270	1,400	4,400
	3/30/2012	8.06	23.20	<120	21,000	3,100	160	910	2,300
	6/1/2012	11.42	19.84	<120	<b>21,000</b>	<b>2,800</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>3,100</b>
<b>VW-2</b>	6/28/2011	---	---	---	33,000	3,100	2,000	790	3,500
	9/22/2011	12.50	18.90	<250	66,000	2,400	4,500	2,000	11,000
	12/11/2011	12.12	19.28	---	70,000	2,800	6,900	2,700	13,000
	3/30/2012	8.48	22.92	<250	57,000	5,800	5,500	1,200	5,400
	6/1/2012	11.40	20.00	<250	<b>82,000</b>	<b>8,800</b>	<b>8,600</b>	<b>3,300</b>	<b>13,000</b>

**Notes:**

- TOC - denotes top of casing elevation
- TPHg - denotes total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline
- TPHd - denotes total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel
- ft bgs - denotes feet below top of casing
- ft amsl - denotes feet above mean sea level
- ug/L - denotes micrograms per liter
- < - denotes less than the detection limit
- - denotes not available/applicable
- FLH - denotes floating liquid hydrocarbons
- \* - denotes less than six inches of water and considered dry

**Table 4b**  
**Monitoring Well Data**  
**Oxygenates and Lead Scavengers**  
 Shore Acres Gas  
 403 East 12th Street  
 Oakland, California

Well ID TOC	Date Measured	DIPE (ug/L)	ETBE (ug/L)	MTBE (ug/L)	TAME (ug/L)	TBA (ug/L)	1,2-DCA (ug/L)	EDB (ug/L)
<b>Monitoring Wells</b>								
<b>MW-1</b>	6/23/2011	<25	<25	3,000	<25	3,900	<25	<25
	9/22/2011	<50	<50	2,600	<50	2,500	<50	<50
	12/11/2011	<20	<20	1,800	<20	1,600	<20	<20
	3/30/2012	Inaccessible						
	6/1/2012	<20	<20	2,800	<20	1,300	<20	<20
<b>MW-2</b>	6/23/2011	<10	<10	240	<10	640	<10	<10
	9/22/2011	<5.0	<5.0	110	<5.0	260	<5.0	<5.0
	12/11/2011	<2.5	<2.5	45	<2.5	110	<2.5	<2.5
	3/30/2012	<5.0	<5.0	140	<5.0	490	<5.0	<5.0
	6/1/2012	<5.0	<5.0	180	<5.0	490	<5.0	<5.0
<b>MW-3</b>	6/23/2011	<100	<100	8,200	<100	6,400	<100	<100
	9/22/2011	<100	<100	11,000	<100	2,800	<100	<100
	12/11/2011	<100	<100	7,400	<100	1,800	<100	<100
	3/30/2012	<100	<100	13,000	<100	<1,000	<100	<100
	6/1/2012	<50	<50	12,000	<50	<500	<50	<50
<b>MW-4</b>	6/23/2011	<50	<50	<50	<50	<500	<50	<50
	9/22/2011	<25	<25	<25	<25	<250	<25	<25
	12/11/2011	<25	<25	<25	<25	<250	<25	<25
	3/30/2012	<50	<50	56	<50	<500	<50	<50
	6/1/2012	<50	<50	180	<50	<500	<50	<50
<b>MW-5</b>	6/23/2011	<120	<120	440	<120	<1,200	<120	<120
	9/22/2011	<50	<50	670	<50	1,500	<50	<50
	12/11/2011	<120	<120	690	<120	1,600	<120	<120
	3/30/2012	Sheen - not sampled						
	6/1/2012	Sheen - not sampled						
<b>MW-6</b>	6/23/2011	<25	<25	1,100	<25	4,000	<25	<25
	9/22/2011	<12	<12	600	<12	2,800	<12	<12
	12/11/2011	<10	<10	290	<10	1,300	<10	<10
	3/30/2012	<10	<10	990	<10	3,500	<10	<10
	6/1/2012	<10	<10	1,400	<10	2,200	<10	<10

**Table 4b**  
**Monitoring Well Data**  
**Oxygenates and Lead Scavengers**  
 Shore Acres Gas  
 403 East 12th Street  
 Oakland, California

Well ID TOC	Date Measured	DIPE (ug/L)	ETBE (ug/L)	MTBE (ug/L)	TAME (ug/L)	TBA (ug/L)	1,2-DCA (ug/L)	EDB (ug/L)
<b>DPE Wells</b>								
<b>VW-1</b>	6/28/2011	<25	<25	1,500	<25	5,300	<25	<25
	9/22/2011	<50	<50	640	<50	1,800	<50	<50
	12/11/2011	<25	<25	490	<25	1,000	<25	<25
	3/30/2012	<20	<20	370	<20	1,100	<20	<20
	6/1/2012	<25	<25	500	<25	1,700	<25	<25
<b>VW-2</b>	6/28/2011	<25	<25	670	<25	4,100	<25	<25
	9/22/2011	<50	<50	740	<50	1,600	<50	<50
	12/11/2011	<50	<50	540	<50	880	<50	<50
	3/30/2012	<50	<50	1,800	<50	2,800	<50	<50
	6/1/2012	<50	<50	2,600	<50	3,300	<50	<50

**Notes:**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ug/L - denotes micrograms per liter</li> <li>&lt; - denotes less than the detection limit</li> <li>DCA - denotes dichloroethane</li> <li>EDB - denotes ethylene dibromide</li> <li>MTBE - denotes methyl tertiary butyl ether</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DIPE - denotes di-isopropyl ether</li> <li>ETBE - denotes ethyl tertiary butyl ether</li> <li>TAME - denotes tertiary amyl ether</li> <li>TBA - denotes tertiary butyl alcohol</li> <li>--- denotes no data available</li> </ul> |
|---|---|



**Table 6**  
**Dual Phase Extraction Pilot Test**  
**Vapor Analytical Results**  
 Shore Acres Gas  
 403 East 12th Street  
 Oakland, California

Sample ID	Date Measured	TPHg (ppmv)	Benzene (ppmv)	Toluene (ppmv)	Ethyl-benzene (ppmv)	Total Xylenes (ppmv)	MTBE (ppmv)
VW-1-INIT	6/24/2011	190	9.4	1.1	1.3	2.7	1.3
VW-1-DAY 2	6/25/2011	500	15	5.8	4.5	10	2.1
VW-1-END	6/26/2011	1,400	21	13	9.0	23	1.9
VW-2-INIT	6/26/2011	11,000	140	240	84	220	9.2
VW-2-DAY 2	6/27/2011	4,700	68	99	24	64	3.6
VW-2-END	6/28/2011	3,200	44	68	16	43	3.1

**Notes:**

- TPHg - denotes total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline
- MTBE - denotes methyl tertiary butyl ether
- ppmv - parts per million by volume
- < - denotes less than the detection limit

**Table 7**  
**Dual Phase Extraction Pilot Test**  
**Vapor Extraction Summary**  
 Shore Acres Gas  
 403 East 12th Street  
 Oakland, California

Well	Meter (hours)	Influent Flow Rate (scfm)	Influent Sample Results		Extraction Rates (lb/day)		Extraction Mass (lb/day)	
			TPHg (ppmv)	Benzene (ppmv)	TPHg (lb/day)	Benzene (lb/day)	TPHg (lb)	Benzene (lb)
VW-1-INIT	3	150	190	9.4	10.29	0.44	1.29	0.06
VW-1-DAY 2	15	150	500	15	27.08	0.00	13.54	0.00
VW-1-END	39	150	1,400	21	75.81	0.99	75.81	0.99
VW-2-INIT	3.0	50	11,000	140	198.55	2.19	24.82	0.27
VW-2-DAY 2	18.5	50	4,700	68	84.84	1.07	54.79	0.69
VW-2-END	42.5	50	3,200	44	57.76	0.69	57.76	0.69
<b>Total</b>							<b>228.0</b>	<b>2.69</b>

MW<sub>TPHg</sub> = Molecular Weight of TPHg = 90

MW<sub>MtBE</sub> = Molecular Weight of Methyl tert-butyl ether = 88.15

MW<sub>Benzene</sub> = Molecular Weight of Benzene = 78.11

ft<sup>3</sup> = cubic feet

min = minutes

lb/day = pounds per day

ppmv = parts per million by volume = ft<sup>3</sup> / 1x10<sup>6</sup> ft<sup>3</sup>

scfm = standard cubic feet per minute

NS = not sampled

NA = not analyzed

NC = not calculated

Extraction rate = (flow rate(ft<sup>3</sup>/min) x concentration (ft<sup>3</sup> / 1x10<sup>6</sup> ft<sup>3</sup>) x MW<sub>TPHg</sub>(lb/lb-mol) x 1440 min/day)/(359 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb-mol\*)

**APPENDIX A**  
**REGULATORY CORRESPONDENCE**



ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT  
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250  
Alameda, CA 94502-6577  
(510) 567-6700  
FAX (510) 337-9335

February 7, 2013

Rashid Ghafoor and Waseem Iqbal (Sent via e-mail to rashidz1@aol.com)  
226 Havenwood Circle  
Pittsburg, CA 94567

Subject: Revised Corrective Action Plan for Fuel Leak Case No. RO0002931 and GeoTracker Global ID T0600174667, Shore Acres Gas, 403 E 12<sup>th</sup> St., Oakland, CA 94606

Dear Messrs. Ghafoor and Iqbal:

Alameda County Environmental Health (ACEH) staff has reviewed the recently submitted document entitled, *Revised Corrective Action Plan* dated October 25, 2012, which was prepared by Environmental Compliance Group (ECG), LLC for the subject site. The Revised CAP presents an evaluation of three active remediation methods including costs with timeframes to reach clean-up levels. The selected remedial option is dual phase extraction (DPE) based on the time frame and lowest costs of cleanup.

The proposed scope of work to implement DPE is acceptable for public comment at this time. Therefore, we request that you distribute the Fact Sheet (attached) to the attached mailing list. Following distribution of the Fact Sheet, please provide personal verification by e-mail or uploaded letter that the Fact Sheet was distributed by U.S. Mail no later than January 20, 2012.

At the end of the 30-day public comment period, ACEH may request that you address the public comments received. If no public comments are received, ACEH may approve implementation of operation of the DPE provided that technical comment 1 below is incorporated during implementation of DPE. We request that you address the following comments, perform the requested work, and send us the reports described below.

#### **TECHNICAL COMMENTS**

1. **Downgradient Extent of Groundwater Contamination** – Groundwater samples collected from off-site boring SB-16 contained 4,800 micrograms per liter ( $\mu\text{g/L}$ ) total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg) and 1,600  $\mu\text{g/L}$  benzene, yet no off-site downgradient monitoring wells have been installed. Please present a work plan to install an appropriate groundwater monitoring and performance monitoring network along transects by the due date listed below. We anticipate that the transect(s) of wells be installed concurrently with system installation and sampled prior to system startup.

2. **Groundwater Monitoring** - Please implement quarterly monitoring for all monitoring wells and quarterly reporting once remediation begins.
3. **Soil Vapor Sampling** – An evaluation of vapor intrusion at the site and adjacent residential properties have not been performed. Please submit a work plan to evaluate soil vapor by the due date below.
4. **Landowner Notification** - Pursuant to Section 25297.15 (a), ACEH, the local agency, shall not consider cleanup or site closure proposals from the primary or active responsible party, issue a closure letter, or make a determination that no further action is required with respect to a site upon which there was an unauthorized release of hazardous substances from an underground storage tank subject to this chapter unless all current record owners of fee title to the site of the proposed action have been notified of the proposed action by the primary or active responsible party. ACEH is required to notify the primary or active responsible party of their requirement to certify in writing to the local agency that the notification requirement in the above-mentioned regulation has been satisfied and to provide the local agency with a complete mailing list of all record fee title owners.

To satisfy the above-mentioned requirement, please complete the enclosed "List of Landowners Form," and mail it back to ACEH within thirty (30) days from the date of this letter.

5. **Baseline Environmental Project Schedule** The State Water Resources Control Board passed Resolution No. 2012-0062 on November 6, 2012 which requires development of a Path to Closure Plan by December 31, 2013 that addresses the impediments to closure for the site. The Path to Closure must have milestone dates to calendar quarter which will achieve site cleanup and case closure in a timely and efficient manner that minimizes the cost of corrective action. The Project Schedule should include, but not be limited to, the following key environmental elements and milestones as appropriate:
  - Preferential Pathway Study
  - Soil, Groundwater, and Soil Vapor Investigations
  - Initial, Updated, and Final/Validated SCMs
  - Interim Remedial Actions
  - Feasibility Study/Corrective Action Plan
  - Pilot Tests
  - Remedial Actions
  - Soil Vapor and Groundwater Monitoring Well Installation and Monitoring
  - Public Participation Program (Fact Sheet Preparation/Distribution/Public Comment Period, Community Meetings, etc.)
  - Case Closure Tasks (Request for closure documents, ACEH Case Closure Summary Preparation and Review, Site Management Plan, Institutional Controls, Public Participation, Landowner Notification, Well Decommissioning, Waste Removal, and Reporting.)

Please include time for regulatory and RP in house review, permitting, off-site access agreements, and utility connections, etc.

Please use a critical path methodology/tool to construct a schedule with sufficient detail to support a realistic and achievable Path to Closure Schedule. The schedule is to include at a minimum:

- Defined work breakdown structure including summary tasks required to accomplish the project objectives and required deliverables
- Summary task decomposition into smaller more manageable components that can be scheduled, monitored, and controlled
- Sequencing of activities to identify and document relationships among the project activities using logical relationships
- Identification of critical paths, linkages, predecessor and successor activities, leads and lags, and key milestones
- Identification of entity responsible for executing work
- Estimated activity durations (60-day ACEH review times are based on calendar days)

Please submit an electronic copy of the Path to Closure Schedule by the date listed below. ACEH will review the schedule to ensure that all key elements are included.

#### **TECHNICAL REPORT REQUEST**

Please submit technical reports to ACEH (Attention: Barbara Jakub), according to the following schedule:

- **February 19, 2013** – Send out Fact Sheet
- **February 25, 2013** – Verification that Fact Sheet was distributed to the attached mailing list and persons on cc list at the end of this correspondence and Landowner Notification Form
- **March 21, 2013** – Public Comment Period Ends
- **April 8, 2013** – Work Plan  
(File to be named WP\_R\_yyyy-mm-dd)
- **April 8, 2013** – Path to Closure and Schedule  
(File to be named PROJ\_SCH\_yyyy-mm-dd)
- **June 20, 2013** – Quarterly Monitoring Report (2nd Quarter 2013)  
(File to be named GWM\_R\_yyyy-mm-dd)

Messrs. Ghafoor and Iqbal  
RO0002931  
February 7, 2013, Page 4

- **September 20, 2013** – Quarterly Monitoring Report (3rd Quarter 2013)  
(File to be named GWM\_R\_YYYY-mm-dd)
- **December 20, 2013** – Quarterly Monitoring Report (4th Quarter 2013)  
(File to be named GWM\_R\_YYYY-mm-dd)

Should you have any questions or concerns regarding this correspondence or your case, please call me at (510) 639-1287 or send me an electronic mail message at [barbara.jakub@acgov.org](mailto:barbara.jakub@acgov.org).

Sincerely,



Digitally signed by Barbara J. Jakub  
DN: cn=Barbara J. Jakub, o, ou,  
email=barbara.jakub@acgov.org, c=US  
Date: 2013.02.07 16:04:59 -08'00'

Barbara J. Jakub, P.G.  
Hazardous Materials Specialist

Enclosure:      Public Notification of Site Remediation  
                     Mailing List for Fact Sheet  
                     List of Landowners Form Responsible Party(ies) Legal Requirements/Obligations  
                     ACEH Electronic Report Upload (ftp) Instructions

cc:      Michael S. Sgourakis, Environmental Compliance Group, LLC, 270 Vintage Drive,  
            Turlock, CA 95382 (*Sent via E-mail to: [ecg.ust@gmail.com](mailto:ecg.ust@gmail.com)*)  
            Leroy Griffin, Oakland Fire Department, 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Ste. 3341, Oakland,  
            CA 94612-2032 (*Sent via E-mail to: [lgriffin@oaklandnet.com](mailto:lgriffin@oaklandnet.com)*)  
            Donna Drogos, ACEH (*Sent via E-mail to: [donna.drogos@acgov.org](mailto:donna.drogos@acgov.org)*)  
            Barbara Jakub, ACEH (*Sent via E-mail to: [barbara.jakub@acgov.org](mailto:barbara.jakub@acgov.org)*)  
            GeoTracker, e-file

**APPENDIX B**  
**APPLICATION FORMS**





**BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT**  
 939 Ellis Street, San Francisco, CA 94109  
 Engineering Division (415) 749-4990  
 www.baaqmd.gov fax (415) 749-5030

**Form P-101B**  
 Authority to Construct/  
 Permit to Operate

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**1. Application Information**

BAAQMD Plant No. \_\_\_\_\_ Company Name Environmental Compliance Group, LLC  
 Equipment/Project Description SVE Thermal/Catalytic Oxidizer

**2. Plant Information** *If you have not previously been assigned a Plant Number by the District or if you want to update any plant data that you have previously supplied to the District, please complete this section.*

Equipment Location 403 E. 12<sup>th</sup> Street  
 City Oakland Zip Code 94606  
 Mail Address 270 Vintage Drive  
 City Turlock State CA Zip Code 95302  
 Plant Contact Drew Van Allen Title Principal  
 Telephone (209)664-1035 Fax (209)664-1040 Email ecg.ust@gmail.com

NAICS (North American Industry Classification System) see [www.census.gov/epcd/naics02/naico602.htm](http://www.census.gov/epcd/naics02/naico602.htm)

**3. Proximity to a School (K-12)**

The sources in this permit application (check one)  Are  Are not within 1,000 ft of the outer boundary of the nearest school.

**4. Application Contact Information** *All correspondence from the District regarding this application will be sent to the plant contact unless you wish to designate a different contact for this application.*

Application Contact Drew Van Allen Title Principal  
 Mail Address 270 Vintage Drive  
 City Turlock State CA Zip Code 95302  
 Telephone 209/6641035 Fax (209)6641040 Email ecg.ust@gmail.com

**5. Additional Information** *The following additional information is required for all permit applications and should be included with your submittal. Failure to provide this information may delay the review of your application. Please indicate that each item has been addressed by checking the box. Contact the Engineering Division if you need assistance.*

- If a new Plant, a local street map showing the location of your business
- A facility map, drawn roughly to scale, that locates the equipment and its emission points
- Completed data form(s) and a pollutant flow diagram for each piece of equipment. (See [www.baaqmd.gov/Forms/Engineering.aspx](http://www.baaqmd.gov/Forms/Engineering.aspx))
- Project/equipment description, manufacturer's data
- Discussion and/or calculations of the emissions of air pollutants from the equipment

**6. Trade Secrets** *Under the California Public Records Act, all information in your permit application will be considered a matter of public record and may be disclosed to a third party. If you wish to keep certain items separate as specified in Regulation 2, Rule 1, Section 202.7, please complete the following steps.*

- Each page containing trade secret information must be labeled "trade secret" with the trade secret information clearly marked.
- A second copy, with trade secret information blanked out, marked "public copy" must be provided.
- For each item asserted to be trade secret, you must provide a statement which provides the basis for your claim.

**7. Small Business Certification** You are entitled to a reduced permit fee if you qualify as a small business as defined in Regulation 3. In order to qualify, you must certify that your business meets all of the following criteria:

- The business does not employ more than 10 persons and its gross annual income does not exceed \$750,000.
- And the business is not an affiliate of a non-small business. (Note: a non-small business employs more than 10 persons and/or its gross income exceeds \$750,000.)

**8. Green Business Certification** You are entitled to a reduced permit fee if you qualify as a green business as defined in Regulation 3. In order to qualify, you must certify that your business meets all of the following criteria:

- The business has been certified under the Bay Area Green Business Program coordinated by the Association of Bay Area Governments and implemented by participating counties.
- A copy of the certification is included.

**9. Accelerated Permitting** The Accelerated Permitting Program entitles you to install and operate qualifying sources of air pollution and abatement equipment without waiting for the District to issue a Permit to Operate. To participate in this program you must certify that your project will meet all of the following criteria. Please acknowledge each item by checking each box.

- Uncontrolled emissions of any single pollutant are each less than 10 lb/highest day, or the equipment has been precertified by the BAAQMD.
- Emissions of toxic compounds do not exceed the trigger levels identified in Table 2-5-1 (see Regulation 2, Rule 5).
- The source is not a diesel engine.
- The project is not subject to public notice requirements (the source is either more than 1000 ft. from the nearest school, or the source does not emit any toxic compound in Table 2-5-1).
- For replacement of abatement equipment, the new equipment must have an equal or greater overall abatement efficiency for all pollutants than the equipment being replaced.
- For alterations of existing sources, for all pollutants the alteration does not result in an increase in emissions.
- Payment of applicable fees (the minimum permit fee to install and operate each source). See Regulation 3 or contact the Engineering Division for help in determining your fees.

**10. CEQA** Please answer the following questions pertaining to CEQA (California Environmental Quality Act):

A. Has another public agency prepared, required preparation of, or issued a notice regarding preparation of a California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) document (initial study, negative declaration, environmental impact report, or other CEQA document) that analyzes impacts of this project or another project of which it is a part or to which it is related?  YES  NO If no, go to section 10B.

Describe the document or notice, preparer, and date of document or expected date of completion:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

B. List and describe any other permits or agency approvals required for this project by city, regional, state or federal agencies:

Alameda Co. Environmental Health - approval of DPE remediation  
City of Oakland - building permits, sewer discharge permit

C. List and describe all other prior or current projects for which either of the following statements is true: (1) the project that is the subject of this application could not be undertaken without the project listed below, (2) the project listed below could not be undertaken without the project that is the subject of this application:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**11. Certification** I hereby certify that all information contained herein is true and correct. (Please sign and date this form)

Drew Van Allen

Principal

[Signature]

4/15/13

Name of person certifying (print)

Title of person certifying

Signature of person certifying

Date

Send all application materials to the BAAQMD Engineering Division, 939 Ellis Street, San Francisco, CA 94109.



**Data Form A  
ABATEMENT DEVICE**

**BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT**

939 Ellis Street . . . San Francisco, CA 94109 . . . (415) 749-4990 . . . FAX (415) 749-5030

\_\_\_\_\_ for office use only

**Abatement Device:** Equipment/process whose primary purpose is to reduce the quantity of pollutant(s) emitted to the atmosphere.

1. Business Name: Environmental Compliance Group, LLC Plant No: \_\_\_\_\_  
(If unknown, leave blank)

2. Name or Description Thermal/Catalytic Oxidizer Abatement Device No: A-1

3. Make, Model, and Rated Capacity Sollers 400 LR T/CAT Oxidizer

4. Abatement Device Code (See table\*) 4 Date of Initial Operation 7/1/13

5. With regard to air pollutant flow into this abatement device, what source(s) and/or abatement device(s) are immediately upstream?

S- 1 S- 2 S- \_\_\_\_\_ S- \_\_\_\_\_ S- \_\_\_\_\_  
S- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_

6. Typical gas stream temperature at inlet: 200 °F

If this form is being submitted as part of an application for an **Authority to Construct**, completion of the following table is mandatory. If not, and the Abatement Device is *already in operation*, completion of the table is requested but not required.

	Pollutant	Weight Percent Reduction (at typical operation)	Basis Codes (See Table**)
7.	Particulate		
8.	Organics		
9.	Nitrogen Oxides (as NO <sub>2</sub> )		
10.	Sulfur Dioxide		
11.	Carbon Monoxide		
12.	Other: <u>TPHg</u>	<u>95%</u>	<u>3</u>
13.	Other: <u>BTEX</u>	<u>95%</u>	<u>3</u>

14.  Check box if this Abatement Device burns fuel; complete lines 1, 2 and 15-36 on Form C (using the Abatement Device No. above for the Source No.) and attach to this form.

15. With regard to air pollutant flow from this abatement device, what source(s), abatement device(s) and/or emission point(s) are immediately downstream?

S- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_ P- 1 P- \_\_\_\_\_

Person completing this form: Drew Van Allen Date: 4/15/13

**\*ABATEMENT DEVICE CODES**

Code	DEVICE
	ADSORBER (See Vapor Recovery)
	AFTERBURNER
1	CO Boiler
2	Catalytic
3	Direct Flame
4	Flare
5	Furnace-firebox
6	Other
	BAGHOUSE (See Dry Filter)
	CYCLONE (See Dry Inertial Collector and Scrubber)
	DUST CONTROL
68	Water Spray
	DRY FILTER
7	Absolute
8	Baghouse, Pulse Jet
9	Baghouse, Reverse Air
10	Baghouse, Reverse Jet
11	Baghouse, Shaking
12	Baghouse, Simple
13	Baghouse, Other
14	Envelope
15	Moving Belt
16	Other
	DRY INERTIAL COLLECTOR
17	Cyclone, Dynamic
18	Cyclone, Multiple (12 inches dia. or more)
19	Cyclone, Multiple (less than 12 inches dia.)
20	Cyclone, Simple
21	Settling Chamber, Baffled/Louvered
22	Settling Chamber, Simple
23	Other
	ELECTROSTATIC PRECIPITATOR
24	Single Stage
25	Single Stage, Wet
26	Two Stage
27	Two Stage, Wet
28	Other
	INCINERATOR (See Afterburner)
	INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE CONTROL
69	Catalyzed Diesel Particulate Filter
70	Non-Cat. Diesel Part. Filter w/ Active Regeneration
71	Diesel Oxidation Catalyst
72	Oxidation Catalyst
	KNOCK-OUT POT (See Liquid Separator)
	LIQUID SEPARATOR
29	Knock-out Pot
30	Mist Eliminator, Horizontal Pad, Dry
31	Mist Eliminator, Panel, Dry
32	Mist Eliminator, Spray/Irrigated
33	Mist Eliminator, Vertical Tube, Dry
34	Mist Eliminator, Other
35	Other
	NO <sub>x</sub> CONTROL
66	Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR)

Code	DEVICE
67	Non-Selective Catalytic Reduction (NSCR)
73	Selective Non-Catalytic Reduction (SNCR)
	SCRUBBER
36	Baffle and Secondary Flow
37	Centrifugal
38	Cyclone, Irrigated
39	Fibrous Packed
40	Impingement Plate
41	Impingement and Entrainment
42	Mechanically Aided
43	Moving Bed
44	Packed Bed
45	Preformed Spray
46	Venturi
47	Other
	SETTLING CHAMBER (See Dry Inertial Collector)
	SULFUR DIOXIDE CONTROL
48	Absorption and Regeneration, for Sulfur Plant
49	Claus Solution Reaction, for Sulfur Plant
50	Dual Absorption, for H <sub>2</sub> S <sub>04</sub> Plant
51	Flue Gas Desulfurization, for Fossil Fuel Combustion
52	Reduction and Solution Regeneration, for Sulfur Plant
53	Reduction and Stretford Process, for Sulfur Plant
54	Sodium Sulfite-Bisulfite Scrubber, for H <sub>2</sub> S <sub>04</sub> Plant
55	Other
	VAPOR RECOVERY
56	Adsorption, Activated Carbon/Charcoal
57	Adsorption, Silica
58	Adsorption, Other
59	Balance
60	Compression/Condensation/Absorption
61	Compression/Refrigeration
62	Condenser, Water-Cooled
63	Condenser, Other
64	Other
	MISCELLANEOUS
74	Soil Vapor Extraction Abatement System
65	Not classified above

**\*\*BASIS CODES**

Code	Method
0	Not applicable for this pollutant
1	Source testing or other measurement by plant
2	Source testing or other measurement by <b>BAAQMD</b>
3	Specifications from vendor
4	Material balance by plant using engineering expertise and knowledge of process
5	Material balance by <b>BAAQMD</b> using engineering expertise and knowledge of process
6	Taken from AP-42 ("Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors," EPA)
7	Taken from literature, other than AP-42
8	Guess

**BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT**

939 Ellis Street . . . San Francisco, CA 94109 . . . (415) 749-4990 . . . fax (415) 749-5030  
 Website: www.baaqmd.gov

**Data Form C  
 FUEL COMBUSTION SOURCE**

(for District use only)

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New  Modified  Retro

Form C is for all operations which burn fuel except for internal combustion engines (use Form ICE unless it is a gas turbine; for gas turbines use this form). If the operation also involves evaporation of any organic solvent, complete Form S and attach to this form. If the operation involves a process which generates any other air pollutants, complete Form G and attach to this form.

Check box if this source has a secondary function as an abatement device for some other source(s); complete lines 1, 2, and 7-13 on Form A (using the source number below for the Abatement Device No.) and attach to this form.

(If unknown, leave blank)	
1. Company Name: <u>Environmental Compliance Group, LLC</u>	Plant No: _____ Source No. <u>A-1</u>
2. Equipment Name & Number, or Description: <u>Sollero 400 LR T/CAT Oxidizer</u>	
3. Make, Model :	Maximum firing rate: _____ Btu/hr
4. Date of modification or initial operation: _____ (if unknown, leave blank)	
5. Primary use (check one):	
<input type="checkbox"/> electrical generation <input type="checkbox"/> space heat <input type="checkbox"/> waste disposal <input type="checkbox"/> testing <input type="checkbox"/> abatement device <input type="checkbox"/> cogeneration <input type="checkbox"/> resource recovery <input type="checkbox"/> other <input type="checkbox"/> process heat; material heated _____	
6. SIC Number _____ If unknown leave blank	
7. Equipment type (check one)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Internal combustion</b> Use Form ICE (Internal Combustion Engine) unless it is a gas turbine <input type="checkbox"/> gas turbine _____ hp <input type="checkbox"/> other _____ hp	
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Incinerator</b> <input type="checkbox"/> salvage operation <input type="checkbox"/> pathological waste    Temperature _____ °F <input type="checkbox"/> liquid waste <input type="checkbox"/> other _____    Residence time _____ Sec	
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Others</b> <input type="checkbox"/> boiler <input type="checkbox"/> dryer    Material dried, baked, or heated: _____ <input type="checkbox"/> afterburner <input type="checkbox"/> oven <input type="checkbox"/> flare <input type="checkbox"/> furnace <input type="checkbox"/> open burning <input type="checkbox"/> kiln <input type="checkbox"/> other _____	
8. Overfire air? <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no    If yes, what percent _____ %	
9. Flue gas recirculation? <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no    If yes, what percent _____ %	
10. Air preheat? <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no    Temperature _____ °F	
11. Low NO <sub>x</sub> burners? <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no    Make, Model _____	
12. Maximum flame temperature _____ °F	
13. Combustion products: Wet gas flowrate _____ acfm at _____ °F Typical Oxygen Content _____ dry volume % or _____ wet volume % or _____ % excess air	
14. Typical Use _____ hours/day    _____ days/week    _____ weeks/year	
15. Typical % of annual total: Dec-Feb <u>25</u> %    Mar-May <u>25</u> %    Jun-Aug <u>25</u> %    Sep-Nov <u>25</u> %	
16. With regard to air pollutant flow, what source(s) or abatement device(s) are immediately UPSTREAM? S <u>1</u> S <u>2</u> S _____ S _____ S _____ S _____ A _____ A _____ A _____ With regard to air pollutant flow, what source(s) or abatement device(s), and/or emission points are immediately DOWNSTREAM? S _____ S _____ A _____ A _____ P <u>1</u> P _____	

Person completing this form: _____	Date: _____
------------------------------------	-------------

(revised 5/11)

## FUELS

INSTRUCTIONS: Complete one line in Section A for each fuel. Section B is OPTIONAL. Please use the units at the bottom of each table. N/A means "Not Applicable."

### SECTION A: FUEL DATA

	Fuel Name	Fuel Code**	Total Annual Usage***	Maximum Possible Fuel Use Rate	Typical Heat Content	Sulfur Content	Nitrogen Content (optional)	Ash Content (optional)
1.	Natural Gas		44095	512,500	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.								
3.								
4.								
5.								

Use the appropriate units for each fuel	Natural Gas	therm*	Btu/hr	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Other Gas	MSCF*	MSCF/hr	Btu/MSCF	ppm	N/A	N/A
	Liquid	m gal*	m gal/hr	Btu/m gal	wt%	wt%	wt%
	Solid	ton	ton/hr	Btu/ton	wt%	wt%	wt%

### SECTION B: EMISSION FACTORS (optional)

	Fuel Name	Fuel Code**	Particulates		NOx		CO	
			Emission Factor	**Basis Code	Emission Factor	**Basis Code	Emission Factor	**Basis Code
1.								
2.								
3.								
4.								

Use the appropriate units for each fuel: Natural Gas = lb/therm\*  
 Other Gas = lb/MSCF\*  
 Liquid = lb/m gal\*  
 Solid = lb/ton

- Note:**
- \* MSCF = thousand standard cubic feet
  - \* m gal = thousand gallons
  - \* therm = 100,000 BTU
  - \*\* See tables below for Fuel and Basis Codes
  - \*\*\* Total annual usage is: - Projected usage over next 12 months if equipment is new or modified.  
 - Actual usage for last 12 months if equipment is existing and unchanged.

**Fuel Codes				**Basis Codes	
Code	Fuel	Code	Fuel	Code	Method
25	Anthracite coal	189	Natural Gas	0	Not applicable for this pollutant
33	Bagasse	234	Process gas - blast furnace	1	Source testing or other measurement by plant (attach copy)
35	Bark	235	Process gas - CO	2	Source testing or other measurement by BAAQMD (give date)
43	Bituminous coal	236	Process gas - coke oven gas	3	Specifications from vendor (attach copy)
47	Brown coal	238	Process gas - RMG	4	Material balance by plant using engineering expertise and knowledge of process
242	Bunker C fuel oil	237	Process gas - other	5	Material balance by BAAQMD
80	Coke	242	Residual oil	6	Taken from AP-42 (compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, EPA)
89	Crude oil	495	Refuse derived fuel	7	Taken from literature, other than AP-42 (attach copy)
98	Diesel oil	511	Landfill gas	8	Guess
493	Digester gas	256	Solid propellant		
315	Distillate oil	466	Solid waste		
392	Fuel oil #2	304	Wood - hogged		
551	Gasoline	305	Wood - other		
158	Jet fuel	198	Other - gaseous fuels		
160	LPG	200	Other - liquid fuels		
165	Lignite	203	Other - solid fuels		
167	Liquid waste				
494	Municipal solid waste				

(revised: 6/01)



DATA FORM G  
General Air Pollution Source

BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

939 Ellis Street San Francisco, CA 94109 (415) 749-4990 FAX (415) 749-5030 www.baaqmd.gov

Form G is for general air pollution sources. Use specific forms when applicable. If this source burns fuel, then also complete Form C.

- 1. Business Name: Environmental Compliance Group, LLC Plant No: \_\_\_\_\_  
(if unknown, leave blank)
- 2. SIC No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Initial Operation 7/1/13
- 3. Name or Description: SUE blower Source No.: S-1
- 4. Make, Model, and Rated Capacity of Equipment: 25 hp Travianni TR0400S blower
- 5. Process Code<sup>1</sup> 8999 Material Code<sup>2</sup> 572 Usage Unit<sup>2</sup> A<sup>3</sup>
- 6. Total throughput, last 12 mos. 21024000 usage units<sup>2</sup> Maximum operating rate: 24000 usage units<sup>2</sup> /hr
- 7. Typical % of total throughput: Dec-Feb 25 % Mar-May 25 % Jun-Aug 25 % Sep-Nov 25 %
- 8. Typical operating times: 24 hrs/day 7 days/week 52 weeks/year
- 9. For batch or cyclic processes: \_\_\_\_\_ minutes/cycle \_\_\_\_\_ minutes between cycles
- 10. Exhaust gases from source: Wet gas flowrate 400 cfm at 325 °F  
(at maximum operation) Approximate water vapor content 5 volume%

EMISSION FACTORS (at maximum operating rate)

If this form is being submitted as part of an application for an authority to construct, completion of the following table is mandatory. If not, and the Source is already in operation, completion of the table is requested but not required.

If this source also burns fuel, do not include those combustion products in the emission factors below; they are accounted for on Form C. If source test or other data are available for composite emissions only, estimate from those data the emissions attributable to just the general process and show below.

Check box if factors apply to emissions after Abatement Device(s).

	Emission Factors lb/Usage Unit <sup>2</sup>	Basis Code <sup>3</sup>
11. Particulate .....		
12. Organics .....		
13. Nitrogen Oxides (as NO <sub>2</sub> ) .....		
14. Sulfur Dioxide .....		
15. Carbon Monoxide .....		
16. Other: <u>Res (TPH/Hex/MSX)</u>	<u>32.2</u>	<u>3</u>
17. Other: _____		

18. With regard to air pollutant flow from this source, what sources(s), abatement device(s) and/or emission point(s) are immediately downstream?

S- 2 S- \_\_\_\_\_ S- \_\_\_\_\_ A 1 A- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_  
P- \_\_\_\_\_ P- \_\_\_\_\_ P- \_\_\_\_\_ P- \_\_\_\_\_ P- \_\_\_\_\_

<sup>1</sup>See Tables G-1 through G-7 for code  
<sup>3</sup>See Basis Code Table below

<sup>2</sup>See Table G5 or the Material Codes Table (available upon request)

Person completing this form: Drew Van Allen Date: 4/15/13



**DATA FORM G**  
General Air Pollution Source

**BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT**

939 Ellis Street San Francisco, CA 94109 (415) 749-4990 FAX (415) 749-5030 www.baaqmd.gov

Form G is for general air pollution sources. Use specific forms when applicable. If this source burns fuel, then also complete Form C.

1. Business Name: Environmental Compliance Group, LLC Plant No: \_\_\_\_\_  
(if unknown, leave blank)
2. SIC No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Initial Operation 7/1/13
3. Name or Description: Air Stripper Source No.: S- 2
4. Make, Model, and Rated Capacity of Equipment: 5 HP regenerative blower
5. Process Code<sup>1</sup> 0999 Material Code<sup>2</sup> 427 Usage Unit<sup>2</sup> th gal
6. Total throughput, last 12 mos. ~~0~~ usage units<sup>2</sup> Maximum operating rate: ~~0~~ 10 usage units<sup>2</sup> /hr
7. Typical % of total throughput: Dec-Feb 25 % Mar-May 25 % Jun-Aug 25 % Sep-Nov 25 %
8. Typical operating times: 24 hrs/day 7 days/week 52 weeks/year
9. For batch or cyclic processes: \_\_\_\_\_ minutes/cycle \_\_\_\_\_ minutes between cycles
10. Exhaust gases from source: Wet gas flowrate 100 cfm at 325 °F  
(at maximum operation) Approximate water vapor content 5 volume%

**EMISSION FACTORS** (at maximum operating rate)

If this form is being submitted as part of an application for an authority to construct, completion of the following table is mandatory. If not, and the Source is already in operation, completion of the table is requested but not required.

If this source also burns fuel, do not include those combustion products in the emission factors below; they are accounted for on Form C. If source test or other data are available for composite emissions only, estimate from those data the emissions attributable to just the general process and show below.

Check box if factors apply to emissions **after** Abatement Device(s).

	Emission Factors lb/Usage Unit <sup>2</sup>	Basis Code <sup>3</sup>
11. Particulate .....		
12. Organics .....		
13. Nitrogen Oxides (as NO <sub>2</sub> ) .....		
14. Sulfur Dioxide .....		
15. Carbon Monoxide .....		
16. Other: <u>ROC (TPH<sub>3</sub>/SEX/mtbe)</u>	<u>0.12</u>	<u>3</u>
17. Other: _____		

18. With regard to air pollutant flow from this source, what sources(s), abatement device(s) and/or emission point(s) are immediately downstream?

S- \_\_\_\_\_ S- \_\_\_\_\_ S- \_\_\_\_\_ A 1 A- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_  
P- \_\_\_\_\_ P- \_\_\_\_\_ P- \_\_\_\_\_ P- \_\_\_\_\_ P- \_\_\_\_\_

<sup>1</sup>See Tables G-1 through G-7 for code      <sup>2</sup>See Table G5 or the Material Codes Table (available upon request)  
<sup>3</sup>See Basis Code Table below

Person completing this form: Drew Van Allen Date: 4/15/13



BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

939 Ellis Street . . . San Francisco, CA . . . 94109 . . . (415) 749-4990 . . . Fax (415) 749-5030



Form P is for well-defined emission points such as stacks or chimneys only; do not use for windows, room vents, etc.

Business Name: Environmental Compliance Group, LLC Plant No: \_\_\_\_\_

Emission Point No: P- 1

With regard to air pollutant flow into this emission point, what source(s) and/or abatement device(s) are **immediately** upstream?

S- \_\_\_\_\_ S- \_\_\_\_\_ S- \_\_\_\_\_ S- \_\_\_\_\_ S- \_\_\_\_\_  
S- \_\_\_\_\_ A- 1 A- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_ A- \_\_\_\_\_

Exit cross-section area: 1 sq. ft.

Height above grade: 20 ft.

Effluent Flow from Stack

	Typical Operating Condition	Maximum Operating Condition
Actual Wet Gas Flowrate	<u>200</u> cfm	<u>400</u> cfm
Percent Water Vapor	<u>1</u> Vol %	<u>5</u> Vol %
Temperature	<u>250</u> °F	<u>325</u> °F

If this stack is equipped to measure (monitor) the emission of any air pollutants,

Is monitoring continuous?  yes  no

What pollutants are monitored? TPHs, BTEX, MHC

Person completing this form Drew VanAlk Date 4/15/13

BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT
939 Ellis Street . . . San Francisco, CA 94109 . . . (415) 749-4990 . . . FAX (415) 749-5030 OR 4949
WEBSITE: WWW.BAAQMD.GOV

Health Risk Screening Analysis

IMPORTANT: For any permit application that requires a Health Risk Screening Analysis, fill out one form for each source that emits a Toxic Air Contaminant(s) [or for a group of sources that exhaust through a common stack]. Emissions can be from a discrete point source (with stack) or a source with fugitive emissions (area or volume source). You must provide a plot plan (drawn to scale, if possible) and a local map (aerial photos are recommended), which clearly demonstrate the location of your site, the source(s), property lines, and any surrounding buildings [see attached example]. Label streets, schools, residences, and other businesses. List major dimensions of all buildings surrounding the source in Section C.

Plant Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Plant No.: \_\_\_\_\_
Source Description: Thermal catalytic Oxidizer with Air Stripper
Source No.: S- 1 and S-2 (if known) Emission Point No.: P- 1 (if known)

SECTION A (Point Source)

- 1. Does the source exhaust at clearly defined emission point; i.e., a stack or exhaust pipe? [X] YES OR [ ] NO
2. Does the stack (or exhaust pipe) stand alone or is it located on the roof of a building? [X] alone OR [ ] on roof
3. What is the height of the stack outlet above ground level? 20 feet OR \_\_\_\_\_ meters?
4. What is the inside diameter of the stack outlet? 16.9 inches OR \_\_\_\_\_ feet OR \_\_\_\_\_ meters
5. What is the direction of the exhaust from the stack outlet? [ ] horizontal OR [X] vertical
6. Is the stack outlet: [X] open or hinged rain flap OR [ ] rain capped (deflects exhaust downward or horizontally)
7. What is the exhaust flowrate during normal operation? 400 cfm (cubic feet/min) OR \_\_\_\_\_ meters^3/second
8. What is the typical temperature of the exhaust gas? 325 degrees Fahrenheit OR \_\_\_\_\_ degrees Celsius

SECTION B (Area/Volume Source)

This section applies to fugitive emissions that are NOT captured by a collection system nor directly emitted through a stack or other emission point. Volume sources have fugitive emissions generally released within a building or other defined space (e.g., dry cleaner, gasoline station canopy). Area sources are generally flat areas of release (e.g., landfill, quarry).

- 1. Is the emission source located within a building? [ ] YES (go to #2) OR [ ] NO (go to #3)
2. If YES (source inside building), provide building dimensions on line B1 in Section C
a. Does the building have a ventilation system that is vented to the outside? [ ] YES OR [ ] NO
b. If NO (ventilation), are the building's doors & windows kept open during hours of operation? [ ] YES OR [ ] NO
3. If NO (source not inside building), provide a description of the source, dimensions, & indicate location on plot plan.

(Go on to Section C)

### SECTION C (Building Dimensions)

Provide building dimensions. Use Line B1 only for building with source/stack on the roof or with fugitive emissions inside building. Use Lines B2-B9 for buildings surrounding the source (within 300 feet). Distance and direction are optional if map and/or aerial photo are adequately labeled with locations of buildings. Check one for units:  feet OR  meters

B#	Building name or description	Height	Width	Length	Distance To Source	Direction To Source
B1	Building with source:				n/a	n/a
B2	Residence house	25	20	40		
B3	Heald College	25	20	60		
B4	Residence house	25	20	40		
B5	Your Auto center	25	20	40		
B6						
B7						
B8						
B9						

**NOTE:** Label buildings by B# on plot plan, map and/or aerial photo. Provide comments below for any details that need additional clarification (e.g., list buildings that are co-occupied by your employees and other workers, residents, students, etc).

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(Go on to Section D)

### SECTION D (Receptor Locations)

**NOTE:** Indicate on maps or aerial photos the residential and nonresidential areas surrounding your facility.

- Indicate the area where the source is located (check one):
  - zoned for residential use
  - zoned for mixed residential and commercial/industrial use
  - zoned for commercial and/or industrial use
  - zoned for agricultural use
- Distance from source (stack or building) to nearest facility property line = 10 feet OR \_\_\_\_\_ meters
- Distance from source (stack or building) to the property line of the nearest residence = 10 feet OR \_\_\_\_\_ meters
- Describe the nearest nonresidential property (check one):  Industrial/Commercial OR  Other \_\_\_\_\_
- Distance from source (stack or building) to property line of nearest nonresidential site = 10 feet OR \_\_\_\_\_ meters
- Distance from source to property line of nearest school\* (or school site) = 390 feet OR  Greater than 1,000 feet

[Note: Helpful website with California Dept. of Education data: [www.greatschools.net](http://www.greatschools.net)]

Provide the names and addresses of all schools that have property line(s) within 1,000 feet of the source:

La Escuelita Elementary School, 1100 Third Ave, Oakland 94606  
Metwest High School, 314 E. 10th St, Oakland 94606

\*K-12 and more than twelve children only

Google

To see all the details that are visible on the screen, use the "Print" link next to the map.



Las Esvelite  
Elementary  
School

Proposed  
remediation  
system  
location

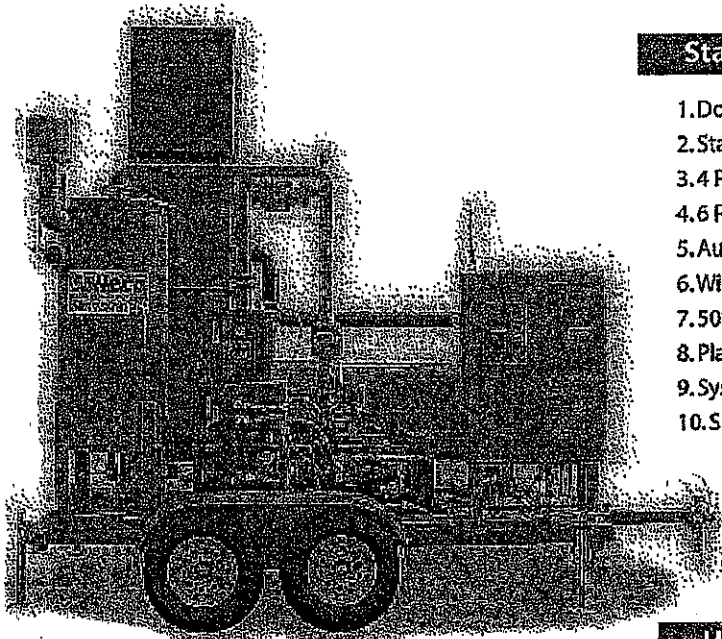
**APPENDIX C**

**MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATION SHEETS**

# Solleco 400LR THERMAL CATALYTIC OXIDIZER

## Standard Features

- Skid mounted system (84" x 120")
- 200 gallon entrained liquid separator
- Oil sealed liquid ring blower
- 400 CFM and up to 28" Hg.
- Oil cooler system with level switches
- 25 HP TEFC motor – 3 Phase
- A-36 steel oxidizer body with ceramic lining
- Excess air burner package
- NEMA 4 – NFPA Fuel train
- NEMA 4 electrical enclosure
- Digital temperature controller
- Digital dilution controller
- Digital high limit controller
- 2 Pen chart recorder
- DP Transmitter with pitot tube
- Analog hour meter



## Standard Options

1. Double axle trailer with jack stands
2. Stainless steel auto drain pump
3. 4 Point chart recorder
4. 6 Point chart recorder
5. Auto dialer telemetry system
6. Wireless telemetry capability
7. 50% efficient heat exchanger
8. Platinum coated monolithic catalyst cell
9. System CSA certification
10. SCAQMD certified permit

## Utility Requirements

208/230 Volt – 3 Phase – 100 Amps  
500 scfh – 5 psig – LPG or Natural Gas

**SOLLECO INC.**  
1270 NORTH RED GUM  
ANAHEIM, CA 92806  
(714) 575-0025 • FAX (714) 575-0026 • [www.solleco.com](http://www.solleco.com)

## **400 TCAT (LR) THERMAL / CATALYTIC OXIDIZER TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

### **Oxidizer Specifications:**

Chamber Length	10 feet
Chamber Retention Time	1 second
Stack Exit Velocity	10 feet / second
Throat Velocity	40 feet / second
Stack Discharge Height	13 feet
Skid Dimensions	7 feet wide / 12 feet long
Trailer Dimensions	9 feet wide / 12 feet long
Chamber Dimensions	40" round outside - 30" round inside
Chamber Internal Lining	Ceramic Fiber
Chamber Mixing Throat Diameter	15" Round
Burner Size	500,000 btu/hr. (Maximum)
Destruction Efficiency	98% +
Maximum VOC Influent (Thermal)	20,000 ppmv (BTEX / MTBE)
Operating Temperature (Thermal)	1400° F to 1650° F
Maximum VOC Influent (Catalytic)	3,500 ppmv (BTEX / MTBE)
Operating Temperature (Catalytic)	600° F to 1200° F
Normal VOC Effluent	< 50 ppmv

### **Blower Specifications:**

Blower Type	Travaini TRO400S
Volumetric Flow	450 CFM maximum
Vacuum Level	Up to 28" Mercury
Motor Type	25 HP TEFC

### **Catalyst Specifications:**

Catalyst Type	Platinum Coated Metal Monolithic
Catalyst Size	23" O.D. x 3.5" Height
Catalyst Volume	.75 ft <sup>3</sup>
Destruction Efficiency	98% +
Maximum VOC Influent	3500 ppmv (BTEX / MTBE)
Normal VOC Effluent	<50 ppmv

### **Utility Specifications:**

Supplemental Fuel	Natural Gas or Propane
Fuel Pressure	2 to 5 psi (Maximum)
Fuel Volume	500 scfh (Maximum)
Electrical Requirements	208/230 Volt - 3 Phase - 100 Amps

## **EZ-Stacker Low Profile Air Stripper**

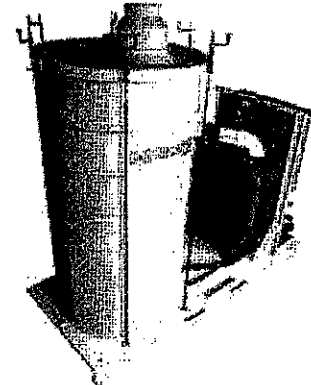
*Stackable high-efficiency air stripper for VOC removal*

The EZ-Stacker is a low profile air stripper used to remove volatile organic compounds (VOC) from groundwater. The exclusive design of the EZ-Stacker stripper results in VOC removal rates up to 99%.

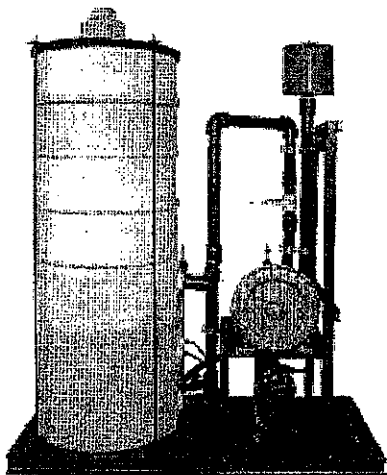
The unique E-Z Stacker configuration consists of a series of integrally-molded shell/tray modules. The multiple sieve tray design uses forced-draft air bubble generation to provide rapid, effective VOC removal (up to 99%).

Every element of the heavy-duty HDPE construction has been engineered for durable, reliable performance with a multi-step positive seal against leakage.

The EZ-Stacker air strippers are available in configurations with 4 or 6 trays, with maximum flow rates from 1 to 40 GPM (4 - 151 LPM).



### **Low Cost, Low Maintenance, Low Flow Performance**



The innovative design of E-Z Stacker™ Air Strippers delivers many advantages to environmental consultants, remediation contractors, and end-users.

E-Z Stacker models are sized and priced to be the most economical choice for many low to moderate flow cleanup applications (up to 40 GPM). Low capital expense and low O & M requirements make the difference.

The unique E-Z Stacker configuration consists of a series of integrally-molded shell/tray modules. The multiple sieve tray design uses forced-draft air bubble generation to provide rapid, effective VOC removal (up to 99%).

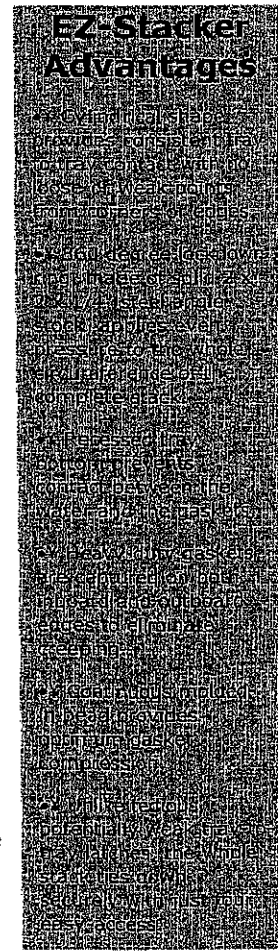
Every element of the heavy-duty HDPE construction has been engineered for durable, reliable performance with a multi-step positive seal against leakage.

### **Easy disassembly cuts cleaning costs**

Disassembly for routine cleaning is a quick, simple, one-person job. The whole stack (4 or 6 trays) can be taken apart by releasing just four connections. Trays have no loose parts when disassembled, and cannot be reassembled incorrectly.

Easy-access fittings allow units to be placed in corners or other tight spaces. Two sizes are available in four or six-tray versions, for maximum flow ranges from 1-25 GPM.

### **EZ-Stacker Advantages**







# Specifications

Model	Flow (GPM)	Dry Weight	Operation Weight	Shell Dimensions	No. Pumps and Weight	Active Area	Normal Airflow	Drawings
EZ-2.4P	1-25 GPM (4-94.6 LPM)	103 lb (46.72 Kg)	483 lb (219 Kg)	27 x 83 in (68.6 x 210.8 cm)	4 x 16 lb (4 x 7.3 Kg)	2.6 sq. ft (0.24 m <sup>2</sup> )	140 cfm (3.95 m <sup>3</sup> /min)	
EZ-2.6P	1-25 GPM (4-94.6 LPM)	135 lb (61.3 Kg)	531 lb (240.9 Kg)	27 x 103 in (68.6 x 261.6 cm)	6 x 16 lb (6 x 7.3 Kg)	2.6 sq. ft (0.24 m <sup>2</sup> )	140 cfm (3.95 m <sup>3</sup> /min)	
EZ-4.4P	1-40 GPM (4-151.4 LPM)	155 lb (70.3 Kg)	1,004 lb (455.4 Kg)	37 x 83 in (94.0 x 210.8 cm)	4 x 24 lb (4 x 10.9 Kg)	5.8 sq. ft (0.54 m <sup>2</sup> )	210 cfm (5.95 m <sup>3</sup> /min)	
EZ-4.6P	1-40 GPM (4-151.4 LPM)	203 lb (92.1 Kg)	1,154 lb (514.4 Kg)	37 x 102 in (94.0 x 259.1 cm)	6 x 24 lb (6 x 10.9 Kg)	5.8 sq. ft (0.54 m <sup>2</sup> )	210 cfm (5.95 m <sup>3</sup> /min)	

\* skid mounted

## Complete EZ-Stacker Engineering Specifications

<b>Materials of construction:</b>	Trays, sump cover, internals	HDPE
	Piping	CPVC
	Skid	Epoxy coated mild steel
	Demister	Polypropylene
<b>Blower Options:</b>	208-230/460 Volt	3 Phase, TEFC, 3.5HP
	115/208-230 Volt,	1 Phase, TEFC, 2.5HP
	208-230/460 Volt,	3 Phase, EXP 4HP
	230 Volt,	1 Phase, EXP 3HP
	All blowers supplied with blower piping and flow throttle	
<b>Sound Rating:</b>	70dB at 10', 74dB at 3' with 230V/1/TEFC blower and two 1/2HP transfer pumps operating	
<b>Stripper Options:</b>	Air flow meter	Sump low pressure switch
	Sump high level switch	Sump high pressure switch
	Stack support kit	Discharge pump level controls

## On Line Air Stripper Modeler

The exclusive QED On Line Air Stripper Modeler has been developed to assist you in selecting the most efficient air stripping package for your groundwater cleanup project.

Run the QED On Line Air Stripper Modeler Now

Print Friendly Version

• QED Environmental Systems, Inc.



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1133 Seventh Street • Oakland, CA 94607 USA  
Tel (510) 891-0880 • Toll-Free in North America (800) 537-1767 • Fax (510) 444-6789

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www.qedenv.com • info@qedenv.com

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**ASC1000**

**Specification Summary**

ASC1000 Liquid Phase Adsorption Filter is designed to treat a wide range of contaminated process streams, ease of handling and economical usage. This adsorber is capable of maximum flow rate of 50 GPM.

**Data Summary:**

Dimensions ..... 48" dia x 56" high  
Maximum Working Pressure ..... 25 psi.  
Vessel Volume ..... 45 cu-ft  
Carbon Capacity ..... 1000 lbs.  
Carbon Bed Volume-Typical ..... 34 Ft<sup>3</sup>  
Maximum Flow ..... 50 GPM  
Empty Bed Contact Time ..... 5.1 MIN @ 50 GPM  
Material ..... Carbon Steel  
Lifting ..... Lugs & Fork/Skid  
Interior Surface Coating ..... 3M ScotchKote 134, 10-15 mil min dft  
Exterior Surface Primer ..... Rust Preventative Epoxy 3 mil min dft  
Exterior Surface Coating ..... High Solids Urethane 3mil min dft  
Standard Color ..... White (Federal Standard 17925)

**UNDERDRAIN:**

Screen ..... 4" x 36" PVC

**WEIGHT:**

Shipping ..... 1890 lbs  
Operating ..... 4280 lbs

**APPENDIX D**

**~~REVIEW~~ STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES**

**EKG**

# **ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE GROUP, LLC**

## **STANDARD OPERATING AND SAFETY AND LOSS CONTROL PROCEDURES**

### **1.0 SOIL BORING/DRILLING SAMPLE COLLECTION AND CLASSIFICATION PROCEDURES**

ECG will prepare a site-specific Health and Safety Plan as required by the Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OSHA) Standard "Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response" guidelines (29 CFR.1910.120). The document will be reviewed and signed by all ECG personnel and subcontractors prior to performing work at the site.

Prior to conducting and subsurface work at the site, Underground Services Alert (USA) will be contacted to delineate subsurface utilities near the site with surface markings. In addition, the first five feet of every location will be hand cleared to a diameter larger than the diameter of the auger or probe as a further precaution against damaging underground utilities. Sites that are currently operated as gas stations will be cleared with a private utility locator prior to drilling activities.

Soil samples to be submitted for chemical analyses are collected into brass or stainless steel tubes. The tubes are placed in an 18-inch long split-barrel sampler. The split-barrel sampler is driven its entire length hydraulically or by 140-pound drop hammer. The split-barrel sampler is removed from the borehole and the tubes are removed. When the tubes are removed from the split-barrel sampler, the tubes are trimmed and capped with Teflon sheets and plastic caps or the soil is removed from the tubes and placed in other appropriate sample containers. The samples are sealed, labeled, and placed in ice under chain-of-custody to be delivered to the analytical laboratory. All samples will be kept refrigerated until their delivery to the analytical laboratory.

One soil sample collected from each split-barrel sampler is field screened with a photoionization detector (PID), flame ionization detector (FID), or other equivalent field screening meter. The soil sample is sealed in a plastic bag or other appropriate container to allow volatilization of volatile organic compounds (VOCs). The field meter is used to measure the VOC concentration in the container's headspace and is recorded on the boring logs at the appropriate depth interval.

Other soil samples collected from each split-barrel sampler are inspected and documented to identify the soil stratigraphy beneath the site and classify the soil types according to the United Soil Classification System. The soil types are recorded on boring logs with the appropriate depth interval and any pertinent field observations. Drilling and sampling equipment are steam cleaned or washed in solution and rinsed in deionized water prior to use, between sample collections and boreholes and after use.

### **2.0 SOIL EXCAVATION SAMPLE COLLECTION AND CLASSIFICATION PROCEDURES**

Soil samples to be submitted for chemical analyses are collected into brass or stainless steel tubes or other appropriate containers. The samples are sealed, labeled, and placed in ice under chain-of-custody (COC) to be delivered to the analytical laboratory. All samples will be kept refrigerated until their delivery to the analytical laboratory.

Select soil samples are placed into a sealed plastic bag or other appropriate container and field screened using a PID, FID, or equivalent meter. Other soil samples collected are inspected and documented to identify the soil stratigraphy beneath the site and classify the soil types according to the United Soil Classification System. The soil types are recorded field notes with the appropriate depth interval and any pertinent field observations. Sampling equipment are steam cleaned or washed in solution and rinsed in deionized water prior to use, between sample collections, and after use. Soil cuttings and rinsewater are temporarily stored onsite pending laboratory analytical results and proper transport and disposal.

### **3.0 SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION AND COC PROCEDURES**

Sample containers are labeled with job number, job name, sample collection time and date, sample collection point, and analyses requested. Sampling method, sampler's name, and any pertinent field observations are recorded on boring logs or excavation field notes. COC forms track the possession of the sample from the time of its collection until the time of its delivery to the analytical laboratory. During sample transfers, the person with custody of the samples will relinquish them to the next person by signing the COC and documenting the time and date. The analytical laboratory Quality Control/Quality Assurance (QA/QC) staff will document the receipt of the samples and confirm the analyses requested on the COC matches the sample containers and preservative used, if any. The analytical laboratory will assign unique log numbers for identification during the analyses and reporting. The log numbers will be added to the COC form and maintained in a log book maintained by the analytical laboratory.

#### **4.0 ANALYTICAL LABORATORY QA/QC PROCEDURES**

The analytical laboratory analyzes spikes, replicates, blanks, spiked blanks, and certified reference materials to verify analytical methods and results. The analytical laboratory QA/QC also includes:

- Routine instrument calibration,
- Complying with state and federal laboratory accreditation and certification programs,
- Participation in U.S. EPA performance evaluation studies,
- Standard operating procedures, and
- Multiple review of raw data and client reports

#### **5.0 HOLLOW STEM AUGER WELL INSTALLATION**

Boreholes for wells are often drilled with a truck-mounted hollow stem auger drill rig. The borehole diameter is at least 4 inches wider than the outside diameter of the well casing. Soil samples are collected and screened as described in **Section 1.0** and decontamination procedures are also the same as described in **Section 1.0**.

Wells are cased with both blank and factory-perforated Schedule 40 PVC. The factory perforations are typically 0.020 inches wide by 1.5 inch long slots, with 42 slots per foot. A PVC cap is typically installed at the bottom of the casing with stainless steel screws. No solvents or cements are used in the construction of the wells. Well stabilizers or centering devices may be installed around the casing to ensure the filter material and grout in the annulus are evenly distributed. The casing is purchased pre-cleaned or steam cleaned and washed prior to installation in the borehole.

The casing is set inside the augers and sand, gravel, or other filter material is poured into the annulus to fill the borehole from the bottom to approximately 1-2 feet above the perforations. A two foot thick bentonite plug is placed above the filter material to prevent the grout from filling the filter pack. Neat cement or sand-cement grout is poured into the annulus from the top of the bentonite plug to the surface. For wells located in parking lots or driveways, or roads, a traffic rated well box is installed around the well. For wells located in landscaped areas or fields, a stovepipe well protection device is installed around the well. Soil cuttings and rinsewater are temporarily stored onsite pending laboratory analytical results and proper transport and disposal.

#### **6.0 MUD AND AIR ROTARY WELL INSTALLATION**

Boreholes for wells can also be drilled with a truck-mounted air rotary or mud rotary drill rig. Air or mud can be used as a drill fluid to fill the borehole and prevent the borehole from caving in and remove drill cuttings. Mud or air can be chosen depending on the subsurface conditions. Soil samples are collected and screened as described in **Section 1.0** and decontamination procedures are also the same as described in **Section 1.0**.

Wells are cased with both blank and factory-perforated Schedule 40 PVC. The factory perforations are typically 0.020 inches wide by 1.5 inch long slots, with 42 slots per foot. A PVC cap is typically installed at the bottom of the casing with stainless steel screws. No solvents or cements are used in the construction of the wells. Well stabilizers or centering devices may be installed around the casing to ensure the filter material and grout in the annulus are evenly distributed. The casing is purchased pre-cleaned or steam cleaned and washed prior to installation in the borehole. Soil cuttings and drilling fluids are temporarily stored onsite pending laboratory analytical results and proper transport and disposal.

The casing is set inside the augers and sand, gravel, or other filter material is poured into the annulus to fill the borehole from the bottom to approximately 1-2 feet above the perforations. A two foot thick bentonite plug is placed above the filter material to prevent the grout from filling the filter pack. Neat cement or sand-cement grout is poured into the annulus from the top of the bentonite plug to the surface. For wells located in parking lots or driveways, or roads, a traffic rated well box is installed around the well. For wells located in landscaped areas or fields, a stovepipe well protection device is installed around the well. Soil cuttings and rinsewater are temporarily stored onsite pending laboratory analytical results and proper transport and disposal.

#### **7.0 WELL DEVELOPMENT**

After well installation, the wells are developed to remove residual drilling materials from the annulus and to improve well production by fine materials from the filter pack. Possible well development methods include pumping, surging, bailing, jetting, flushing, and air lifting. Development water is temporarily stored onsite pending laboratory analytical results and proper transport and disposal. Development equipment are steam cleaned or washed in solution and rinsed in deionized water prior to use, between sample collections and after use. After well development the wells are typically allowed to stabilize for at least 24 hours prior to purging and sampling.

## 8.0 LIQUID LEVEL MEASUREMENTS

Liquid level measurements are made with a water level meter and/or interface probe and disposable bailers. The probe tip attached to a measuring tape is lowered into the well and into the groundwater when a beeping tone indicates the probe is in the groundwater. The probe and measuring tape (graduated to hundredths of a foot) are slowly raised until the beeping stops and the depth to water measurement is recorded. If the meter makes a steady tone, this indicates the presence of floating liquid hydrocarbons (FLH) and the probe and measuring tape are raised until the steady tone stops and the depth to the FLH is measured. Once depth to water and depth to FLH (if present) has been recorded, the probe and measuring tape are lowered to the bottom of the well where the total depth of the well is measured. The depth to water, depth to FLH, and depth to bottom are measured again to confirm the results.

If FLH is encountered in the well, a disposable bailer is lowered into the well and brought back to the surface to confirm the thickness/presence of FLH. To minimize potential for cross contamination between wells, all measurements are done from cleanest to dirtiest well. Prior to beginning liquid level measurements, in between measurements in all wells, and at the completion of liquid level measurements, the water level probe and measuring tape is cleaned with solution (Alconox, Simple Green, or equivalent) and rinsed with deionized water.

## 9.0 WELL PURGING AND SAMPLING

Each well is typically purged of at least three well casing volumes of groundwater prior to collecting a groundwater sample. Purging can continue beyond three well casing volumes if field parameters including pH, temperature, electrical conductivity are not stabilizing during the purging process. If the well is purged dry before the three well casing volumes has been purged, the well is typically allowed to recharge to 80 percent of its initial water level before a groundwater sample is collected.

Purging equipment can include submersible pumps, PVC purging bailers, disposable bailers, air lift pumps, or pneumatic pumps. Prior to beginning well purging, in between each well purging, and at the completion of purging activities, all non-dedicated purging equipment is cleaned with solution (Alconox, Simple Green, or equivalent) and rinsed with deionized water.

Once the well has been purged, it will be sampled with a disposable bailer, PVC bailer, stainless steel bailer, or through a low flow groundwater pump. The groundwater sample is transferred from the bottom of the bailer to reduce volatilization to the appropriate sample container. The sample containers are specified by the analytical laboratory depending on the analyses requested. Sample containers typically include volatile organic compound (VOA) vials with septa of Teflon like materials. The groundwater sample is collected into the VOAs to minimize air bubbles and once the cap has been placed on the VOA, the VOA is tipped upside down to see if air bubbles are present in the VOA. Typically a duplicate VOA is collected from each well to be analyzed by the analytical laboratory, if warranted, to verify results.

Sample containers are labeled as described in Section 3.0 and placed immediately in an ice chest and kept refrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory. A trip blank may also be prepared by the analytical laboratory to travel with the ice chest during transport to the laboratory. Field blanks from equipment that has been decontaminated may be collected in between use in different wells to verify the decontamination procedure is effective. To minimize potential for cross contamination between wells, all wells are purged and sampled from cleanest to dirtiest well.

## 10.0 TEDLAR BAG SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING

Sampling equipment to collect Tedlar bag soil vapor samples includes an air pump, a Tedlar bag which can range in size from 1 to 10 liters, and 3/16-inch diameter polyethylene tubing. The air pump should be equipped with 3/16-inch hose barbs for the polyethylene tubing to attach to. The Tedlar bag must be equipped with a valve for filling and sealing the bag.

When soil vapor samples are collected from remediation equipment, the sample collection port on the remediation equipment is typically fitted with a 3/16-inch hose barb. Prior to collecting soil vapor samples from remediation equipment, air flow, temperature, and pressure or vacuum of the sampling point/remediation equipment are recorded. One end of the polyethylene tubing is connected to the sample collection port and one end is connected to the influent of the air pump, creating an air tight seal. The air pump is turned on and soil vapor from the sample collection port is pumped through the air pump for at least one minute. The air pump is turned off and one end of another piece of polyethylene tubing is connected to the effluent of the air pump and one end is connected to the valve on the Tedlar bag. The valve is opened and the air pump is turned on filling the Tedlar bag with the soil vapor sample until the bag has reached 75% capacity, when the valve on the Tedlar bag is closed and the air pump is turned off.

Tedlar bags are labeled as described in **Section 3.0** and placed immediately in an empty ice chest and kept dry and unrefrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory. After each soil vapor sample collection, the air pump is turned on for five minutes to allow ambient air to clear the air pump and polyethylene tubing.

#### **11.0 SUMMA CANISTER SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING**

Sampling equipment to collect Summa canister soil vapor samples includes a sterilized Summa stainless steel canister under vacuum, ¼-inch diameter polyethylene tubing, and a laboratory calibrated flow meter, if required.

When soil vapor samples are collected from remediation equipment, the sample collection port on the remediation equipment is typically fitted with brass connection with silicone septa that has been threaded into a tapped hole on the piping network. Prior to collecting soil vapor samples from remediation equipment, air flow, temperature, and pressure or vacuum of the sampling point/remediation equipment are recorded. One end of the polyethylene tubing is connected to the brass sample collection port and one end is connected to the canister valve or flow meter, creating an air tight seal. Prior to collecting the soil vapor sample, the valve on the Summa canister is opened to verify the Summa canister has the required vacuum which is recorded. The sample valve or flow meter is opened and the soil vapor sample is collected into the Summa canister and the sample valve is closed and the final vacuum reading (typically greater than 5 inches per square inch) on the Summa canister is recorded.

Summa canisters are labeled as described in **Section 3.0** and placed immediately in an empty ice chest and kept dry and unrefrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory.

#### **12.0 SYRINGE SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING**

Sampling equipment to collect syringe soil vapor samples includes a sterilized, 100 cubic centimeter, gas tight syringe and silicone septa.

When soil vapor samples are collected from remediation equipment, the sample collection port on the remediation equipment is typically fitted with brass connection with silicone septa that has been threaded into a tapped hole on the piping network. Prior to collecting soil vapor samples from remediation equipment, air flow, temperature, and pressure or vacuum of the sampling point/remediation equipment are recorded. The syringe is inserted into the silicone septa and the plunger is purged or pumped at least three times. The sample is collected the fourth time the syringe plunger is extracted and the syringe is removed from the sample collection port and the needle on the syringe is capped with a rubber stopper.

Syringes are labeled as described in **Section 3.0** and placed immediately in an empty ice chest and kept dry and unrefrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory.

#### **13.0 TEDLAR BAG SOIL VAPOR SURVEY, TEMPORARY SAMPLING POINTS**

Sampling equipment to collect Tedlar bag soil vapor survey samples includes an air pump, a Tedlar bag which can range in size from 1 to 10 liters, 3/16-inch diameter polyethylene tubing, and possibly a soil vapor probe. The air pump should be equipped with 3/16-inch hose barbs for the polyethylene tubing to attach to. The Tedlar bag must be equipped with a valve for filling and sealing the bag.

A temporary borehole is advanced using either a slam bar or a direct push drill rig. In the case of the slam bar, once the borehole has been created, a temporary soil vapor probe is inserted into the borehole and advanced with a slide hammer or other physical force two additional feet. A bentonite seal is then placed in the borehole above the soil vapor probe to create an air tight seal and prevent ambient air from entering the sample collection space. In the case of the direct push drill rig, the sampling rod is advanced to the desired depth with a 6-inch retractable vapor screen at the tip. The sample screen on the 6-inch vapor screen is removed and a bentonite seal is then placed in the borehole above the soil vapor probe to create an air tight seal and prevent ambient air from entering the sample collection space.

Once the bentonite seal has set, at least one hour, the soil vapor survey samples are collected into Tedlar bags as described in **Section 10.0**. Tedlar bags are labeled as described in **Section 3.0** and placed immediately in an empty ice chest and kept dry and unrefrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory. After each soil vapor sample collection, the air pump is turned on for five minutes to allow ambient air to clear the air pump and polyethylene tubing.

#### **13.0 TEDLAR BAG SOIL VAPOR SURVEY, TEMPORARY AND REPEATABLE SAMPLING POINTS**

Sampling equipment to collect Tedlar bag soil vapor survey samples includes an air pump, a Tedlar bag which can range in size from 1 to 10 liters, 3/16-inch diameter polyethylene tubing, and possibly a soil vapor probe. The air pump should be equipped with 3/16-inch hose barbs for the polyethylene tubing to attach to. The Tedlar bag must be equipped with a valve for filling and sealing the bag.

### 13.1 TEMPORARY SAMPLING POINTS

A temporary borehole is advanced using either a slam bar or a direct push drill rig. In the case of the slam bar, once the borehole has been created, a temporary soil vapor probe is inserted into the borehole and advanced with a slide hammer or other physical force two additional feet. A bentonite seal is then placed in the borehole above the soil vapor probe to create an air tight seal and prevent ambient air from entering the sample collection space. In the case of the direct push drill rig, the sampling rod is advanced to the desired depth with a 6-inch retractable vapor screen at the tip. The sample screen on the 6-inch vapor screen is removed and a bentonite seal is then placed in the borehole above the soil vapor probe to create an air tight seal and prevent ambient air from entering the sample collection space.

Once the bentonite seal has set, at least one hour, the soil vapor survey samples are collected into Tedlar bags as described in Section 10.0. Tedlar bags are labeled as described in Section 3.0 and placed immediately in an empty ice chest and kept dry and unrefrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory. After each soil vapor sample collection, the air pump is turned on for five minutes to allow ambient air to clear the air pump and polyethylene tubing.

### 13.2 REPEATABLE SAMPLING POINTS

A borehole is advanced using either a hand auger or a drill rig. A 6-inch slotted probe with caps on both ends is placed in the borehole. A Swagelok fitting is attached to one end cap and 3/16-inch diameter Nylon tubing is attached to the Swagelok fitting. A one foot sand pack is placed around the probe and the remainder of the borehole is sealed with a layer of dry bentonite powder, followed by a layer of bentonite chips, and an additional layer of dry bentonite powder. A well box is placed on the surface of the repeatable sampling point and the excess Nylon tubing is placed inside the well box.

Soil vapor survey samples will be collected at least one week after probe installation. In addition, soil vapor survey samples will only be collected after five consecutive precipitation free days and after any onsite irrigation has been suspended.

The soil vapor survey samples are collected into Tedlar bags as described in Section 10.0 or Summa canisters as described in Section 11.0. Tedlar bags or Summa canisters are labeled as described in Section 3.0 and placed immediately in an empty ice chest and kept dry and unrefrigerated until its delivery to the analytical laboratory. After each soil vapor sample collection, the air pump is turned on for five minutes to allow ambient air to clear the air pump and polyethylene tubing.



**APPENDIX E**

**LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT AND  
CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY FORM**



Report Number : 77930

Date : 07/01/2011

## Laboratory Results

Drew Van Allen  
Environmental Compliance Group  
270 Vintage Dr  
Turlock, CA 95381

Subject : 4 Vapor Samples  
Project Name : Shore Acres Gas  
Project Number : GHA.19009

Dear Mr. Van Allen,

Chemical analysis of the samples referenced above has been completed. Summaries of the data are contained on the following pages. Sample(s) were received under documented chain-of-custody. US EPA protocols for sample storage and preservation were followed. Testing procedures comply with the 2003 NELAC standard. All soil samples are reported on a total weight (wet weight) basis unless noted otherwise in the case narrative. Laboratory results relate only to the samples tested. This report may be freely reproduced in full, but may only be reproduced in part with the express permission of Kiff Analytical, LLC. Kiff Analytical, LLC is certified by the State of California under the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (NELAP), lab # 08263CA. If you have any questions regarding procedures or results, please call me at 530-297-4800.

Sincerely,



Joel Kiff



Report Number : 77930

Date : 07/01/2011

Project Name : **Shore Acres Gas**

Project Number : **GHA.19009**

Sample : **VW-1-INIT**

Matrix : Air

Lab Number : 77930-01

Sample Date :06/24/2011

Parameter	Measured Value	Method Reporting Limit	Units	Analysis Method	Date/Time Analyzed
<b>Benzene</b>	<b>9.4</b>	0.20	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 11:21
<b>Toluene</b>	<b>1.1</b>	0.15	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 11:21
<b>Ethylbenzene</b>	<b>1.3</b>	0.15	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 11:21
<b>Total Xylenes</b>	<b>2.7</b>	0.15	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 11:21
<b>Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)</b>	<b>1.3</b>	0.15	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 11:21
<b>TPH as Gasoline</b>	<b>190</b>	15	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 11:21
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Surr)	96.8		% Recovery	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 11:21
Toluene - d8 (Surr)	97.2		% Recovery	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 11:21

Sample : **VW-1-DAY 2**

Matrix : Air

Lab Number : 77930-02

Sample Date :06/25/2011

Parameter	Measured Value	Method Reporting Limit	Units	Analysis Method	Date/Time Analyzed
<b>Benzene</b>	<b>15</b>	0.10	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 18:31
<b>Toluene</b>	<b>5.8</b>	0.090	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 18:31
<b>Ethylbenzene</b>	<b>4.5</b>	0.080	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 18:31
<b>Total Xylenes</b>	<b>10</b>	0.080	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 18:31
<b>Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)</b>	<b>2.1</b>	0.10	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 18:31
<b>TPH as Gasoline</b>	<b>500</b>	8.0	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 18:31
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Surr)	95.8		% Recovery	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 18:31
Toluene - d8 (Surr)	97.6		% Recovery	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 18:31



Report Number : 77930

Date : 07/01/2011

Project Name : **Shore Acres Gas**

Project Number : **GHA.19009**

Sample : **VW-1-END**

Matrix : Air

Lab Number : 77930-03

Sample Date :06/26/2011

Parameter	Measured Value	Method Reporting Limit	Units	Analysis Method	Date/Time Analyzed
<b>Benzene</b>	<b>21</b>	0.20	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 13:58
<b>Toluene</b>	<b>13</b>	0.20	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 13:58
<b>Ethylbenzene</b>	<b>9.0</b>	0.15	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 13:58
<b>Total Xylenes</b>	<b>23</b>	0.15	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 13:58
<b>Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)</b>	<b>1.9</b>	0.20	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 13:58
<b>TPH as Gasoline</b>	<b>1400</b>	20	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 13:58
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Surr)	95.1		% Recovery	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 13:58
Toluene - d8 (Surr)	95.6		% Recovery	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 13:58

Sample : **VW-2-INIT**

Matrix : Air

Lab Number : 77930-04

Sample Date :06/26/2011

Parameter	Measured Value	Method Reporting Limit	Units	Analysis Method	Date/Time Analyzed
<b>Benzene</b>	<b>140</b>	3.0	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 19:08
<b>Toluene</b>	<b>240</b>	2.5	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 19:08
<b>Ethylbenzene</b>	<b>84</b>	2.0	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 19:08
<b>Total Xylenes</b>	<b>220</b>	2.0	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 19:08
<b>Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)</b>	<b>9.2</b>	2.5	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 19:08
<b>TPH as Gasoline</b>	<b>11000</b>	250	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 19:08
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Surr)	99.8		% Recovery	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 19:08
Toluene - d8 (Surr)	98.6		% Recovery	EPA 8260B	06/27/11 19:08

Report Number : 77930  
 Date : 07/01/2011

QC Report : Method Blank Data  
 Project Name : Shore Acres Gas  
 Project Number : GHA.19009

Parameter	Measured Value	Method Reporting Limit	Units	Analysis Method	Date Analyzed	Parameter	Measured Value	Method Reporting Limit	Units	Analysis Method	Date Analyzed
Benzene	< 0.050	0.050	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/2011						
Ethylbenzene	< 0.050	0.050	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/2011						
Toluene	< 0.050	0.050	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/2011						
Total Xylenes	< 0.050	0.050	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/2011						
Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.10	0.10	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/2011						
TPH as Gasoline	< 5.0	5.0	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/27/2011						
1,2-Dichloroethane-44 (Surr)	100		%	EPA 8260B	06/27/2011						
Toluene - d8 (Surr)	98.2		%	EPA 8260B	06/27/2011						



**SAMPLE RECEIPT CHECKLIST**

RECEIVER  
*MMS*  
Initials

SRG#: 77930 Date: 062711

Project ID: Shore Acres Gas

Method of Receipt:  Courier  Over-the-counter  Shipper

**COC Inspection**

Is COC present?  Yes  No

Custody seals on shipping container?  Intact  Broken  Not present  N/A

Is COC Signed by Relinquisher?  Yes  No Dated?  Yes  No

Is sampler name legibly indicated on COC?  Yes  No

Is analysis or hold requested for all samples  Yes  No

Is the turnaround time indicated on COC?  Yes  No

Is COC free of whiteout and uninitialed cross-outs?  Yes  No, Whiteout  No, Cross-outs

**Sample Inspection**

Coolant Present:  Yes  No (includes water)

Temperature °C \_\_\_\_\_ Therm. ID# \_\_\_\_\_ Initial \_\_\_\_\_ Date/Time \_\_\_\_\_  N/A

Are there custody seals on sample containers?  Intact  Broken  Not present

Do containers match COC?  Yes  No  No, COC lists absent sample(s)  No, Extra sample(s) present

Are there samples matrices other than soil, water, air or carbon?  Yes  No

Are any sample containers broken, leaking or damaged?  Yes  No

Are preservatives indicated?  Yes, on sample containers  Yes, on COC  Not indicated  N/A

Are preservatives correct for analyses requested?  Yes  No  N/A

Are samples within holding time for analyses requested?  Yes  No

Are the correct sample containers used for the analyses requested?  Yes  No

Is there sufficient sample to perform testing?  Yes  No

Does any sample contain product, have strong odor or are otherwise suspected to be hot?  Yes  No

Receipt Details

Matrix AR Container type Tedlar # of containers received 4

Matrix \_\_\_\_\_ Container type \_\_\_\_\_ # of containers received \_\_\_\_\_

Matrix \_\_\_\_\_ Container type \_\_\_\_\_ # of containers received \_\_\_\_\_

Date and Time Sample Put into Temp Storage Date: 062711 Time: 0830

**Quicklog**

Are the Sample ID's indicated:  On COC  On sample container(s)  On Both  Not indicated

If Sample ID's are listed on both COC and containers, do they all match?  Yes  No  N/A

Is the Project ID indicated:  On COC  On sample container(s)  On Both  Not indicated

If project ID is listed on both COC and containers, do they all match?  Yes  No  N/A

Are the sample collection dates indicated:  On COC  On sample container(s)  On Both  Not indicated

If collection dates are listed on both COC and containers, do they all match?  Yes  No  N/A

Are the sample collection times indicated:  On COC  On sample container(s)  On Both  Not indicated

If collection times are listed on both COC and containers, do they all match?  Yes  No  N/A

**COMMENTS:**

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Report Number : 77965

Date : 07/01/2011

## Laboratory Results

Drew Van Allen  
Environmental Compliance Group  
270 Vintage Dr  
Turlock, CA 95381

Subject : 2 Vapor Samples  
Project Name : Shore Acres Gas  
Project Number : GHA.19009

Dear Mr. Van Allen,

Chemical analysis of the samples referenced above has been completed. Summaries of the data are contained on the following pages. Sample(s) were received under documented chain-of-custody. US EPA protocols for sample storage and preservation were followed. Testing procedures comply with the 2003 NELAC standard. All soil samples are reported on a total weight (wet weight) basis unless noted otherwise in the case narrative. Laboratory results relate only to the samples tested. This report may be freely reproduced in full, but may only be reproduced in part with the express permission of Kiff Analytical, LLC. Kiff Analytical, LLC is certified by the State of California under the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (NELAP), lab # 08263CA. If you have any questions regarding procedures or results, please call me at 530-297-4800.

Sincerely,



Joel Kiff





Report Number : 77965

Date : 07/01/2011

Project Name : **Shore Acres Gas**

Project Number : **GHA.19009**

Sample : **VW-2-DAY 2**

Matrix : Air

Lab Number : 77965-01

Sample Date :06/27/2011

Parameter	Measured Value	Method Reporting Limit	Units	Analysis Method	Date/Time Analyzed
<b>Benzene</b>	<b>68</b>	0.60	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 00:41
<b>Toluene</b>	<b>99</b>	0.50	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 00:41
<b>Ethylbenzene</b>	<b>24</b>	0.40	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 00:41
<b>Total Xylenes</b>	<b>64</b>	0.40	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 00:41
<b>Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)</b>	<b>3.6</b>	0.50	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 00:41
<b>TPH as Gasoline</b>	<b>4700</b>	80	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 02:55
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Surr)	90.3		% Recovery	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 00:41
Toluene - d8 (Surr)	94.8		% Recovery	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 00:41

Sample : **VW-2-END**

Matrix : Air

Lab Number : 77965-02

Sample Date :06/28/2011

Parameter	Measured Value	Method Reporting Limit	Units	Analysis Method	Date/Time Analyzed
<b>Benzene</b>	<b>44</b>	0.60	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 04:01
<b>Toluene</b>	<b>68</b>	0.50	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 04:01
<b>Ethylbenzene</b>	<b>16</b>	0.40	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 04:01
<b>Total Xylenes</b>	<b>43</b>	0.40	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 04:01
<b>Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)</b>	<b>3.1</b>	0.50	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 04:01
<b>TPH as Gasoline</b>	<b>3200</b>	50	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 04:01
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Surr)	96.1		% Recovery	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 04:01
Toluene - d8 (Surr)	96.3		% Recovery	EPA 8260B	06/30/11 04:01

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**QC Report : Method Blank Data**  
**Project Name : Shore Acres Gas**  
**Project Number : GHA.19009**

Parameter	Measured Value	Method Reporting Limit	Units	Analysis Method	Date Analyzed	Parameter	Measured Value	Method Reporting Limit	Units	Analysis Method	Date Analyzed
Benzene	< 0.050	0.050	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/2011						
Ethylbenzene	< 0.050	0.050	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/2011						
Toluene	< 0.050	0.050	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/2011						
Total Xylenes	< 0.050	0.050	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/2011						
Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.10	0.10	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/2011						
TPH as Gasoline	< 5.0	5.0	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/30/2011						
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Surr)	100		%	EPA 8260B	06/30/2011						
Toluene - d8 (Surr)	101		%	EPA 8260B	06/30/2011						
Benzene	< 0.050	0.050	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/29/2011						
Ethylbenzene	< 0.050	0.050	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/29/2011						
Toluene	< 0.050	0.050	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/29/2011						
Total Xylenes	< 0.050	0.050	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/29/2011						
Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.10	0.10	ppmv	EPA 8260B	06/29/2011						
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (Surr)	100		%	EPA 8260B	06/29/2011						
Toluene - d8 (Surr)	99.4		%	EPA 8260B	06/29/2011						



**SAMPLE RECEIPT CHECKLIST**

RECEIVER  
LJR  
Initials

SRG#: 77965 Date: 062911

Project ID: Shore Acres Gas

Method of Receipt:  Courier  Over-the-counter  Shipper

**COC Inspection**

Is COC present?  Yes  No

Custody seals on shipping container?  Intact  Broken  Not present  N/A

Is COC Signed by Relinquisher?  Yes  No Dated?  Yes  No

Is sampler name legibly indicated on COC?  Yes  No

Is analysis or hold requested for all samples  Yes  No

Is the turnaround time indicated on COC?  Yes  No

Is COC free of whiteout and uninitialed cross-outs?  Yes  No, Whiteout  No, Cross-outs

**Sample Inspection**

Coolant Present:  Yes  No (includes water)

Temperature °C \_\_\_\_\_ Therm. ID# \_\_\_\_\_ Initial \_\_\_\_\_ Date/Time \_\_\_\_\_  N/A

Are there custody seals on sample containers?  Intact  Broken  Not present

Do containers match COC?  Yes  No  No, COC lists absent sample(s)  No, Extra sample(s) present

Are there samples matrices other than soil, water, air or carbon?  Yes  No

Are any sample containers broken, leaking or damaged?  Yes  No

Are preservatives indicated?  Yes, on sample containers  Yes, on COC  Not indicated  N/A

Are preservatives correct for analyses requested?  Yes  No  N/A

Are samples within holding time for analyses requested?  Yes  No

Are the correct sample containers used for the analyses requested?  Yes  No

Is there sufficient sample to perform testing?  Yes  No

Does any sample contain product, have strong odor or are otherwise suspected to be hot?  Yes  No

**Receipt Details**

Matrix AR Container type tedlar # of containers received 2

Matrix \_\_\_\_\_ Container type \_\_\_\_\_ # of containers received \_\_\_\_\_

Matrix \_\_\_\_\_ Container type \_\_\_\_\_ # of containers received \_\_\_\_\_

Date and Time Sample Put into Temp Storage Date: 062911 Time: 1630

**Quicklog**

Are the Sample ID's indicated:  On COC  On sample container(s)  On Both  Not indicated

If Sample ID's are listed on both COC and containers, do they all match?  Yes  No  N/A

Is the Project ID indicated:  On COC  On sample container(s)  On Both  Not indicated

If project ID is listed on both COC and containers, do they all match?  Yes  No  N/A

Are the sample collection dates indicated:  On COC  On sample container(s)  On Both  Not indicated

If collection dates are listed on both COC and containers, do they all match?  Yes  No  N/A

Are the sample collection times indicated:  On COC  On sample container(s)  On Both  Not indicated

If collection times are listed on both COC and containers, do they all match?  Yes  No  N/A

**COMMENTS:**

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