



April 30, 1998

REPORT
of
SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ASSESSMENT
ASE JOB NO. 3231
at
The Oliver Rubber Facility
1200 65th Street
Oakland, California

Submitted by:

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report outlines the methods and findings of Aqua Science Engineers, Inc. (ASE)'s various soil and groundwater assessment activities conducted at the Oliver Rubber Company (ORCo) property located at 1200 65th Street in Oakland, California (Figures 1 and 2). The site assessment activities were initiated by ORCo as part of ORCo's Plant I closure activities.

ASE was contracted by ORCo to assist in the evaluation of pit, vault, and concrete floor integrity and document the findings. The determination of pit integrity was ORCo's first step in its methodology to identify subsurface areas that warrant sample collection and analyses. This methodology was discussed with Mr. Amir Gholami of the Alameda County Health Care Service Agency (ACHCSA) during a meeting held at the site on November 20, 1997 and confirmed in a letter dated December 12, 1997 (see Appendix A).

Based on the findings of the integrity evaluations (discussed in Section 3.0 of this report), ASE's March 20, 1998 "Workplan for a Soil and Groundwater Assessment" was submitted to the ACHCSA and was subsequently approved.

2.0 SITE HISTORY

The site has been used since the 1950's primarily as a rubber manufacturing plant. Virgin materials were combined and processed using various mixing machines, milling machines, and conveyors. The rubber product was then either extruded into strip form or molded into tire treads at ORCo's Plant II across Vallejo Street (see Figure 2). The milling machines and conveyor system sat on pedestals above shallow concrete pits. A cooling water system was incorporated within the production area to keep the machines operating at controlled temperatures. This cooling water was then recycled and reused. Chemicals were added to the cooling water to reduce the levels of scaling in the cooling tower, to reduce algae, and to control the pH.

The compound of interest for this investigation is RAFFEX 120. RAFFEX 120 is a heavy petroleum hydrocarbon with the viscosity of tar at elevated temperatures and is used during the production of the rubber for tire treads. A material safety data sheet (MSDS) for RAFFEX 120 is attached in Appendix B. The RAFFEX 120 was stored outside the plant in a subgrade concrete vault, which was heated with steam to maintain the liquid

consistency of the product. The RAFFEX was then pumped inside the building to the process area.

Zinc Stearate was also used during the extrusion of the rubber product to inhibit the product from adhering to itself as it was stacked onto pallets. This activity was performed at the Camelback Conveyor Pit (Figure 2). A copy of the MSDS for Zinc Stearate is included in Appendix B.

Various lubricating oils and greases were used in the milling and mixing machines. Spent lubricating oils and greases were drummed, profiled, and shipped off-site for recycling. Safety solvent cleaning stations were used at the facility during maintenance activities.

Beginning in January 1998 and completed during the week of March 16, 1998, this plant was decommissioned and cleaned by Mid-American Machine, Inc. (MMI) and DECON Environmental Services (DECON), respectively. All plant manufacturing equipment was removed and either shipped to various Oliver plants on the east coast or scrapped as metal salvage. Pressure washing liquids used to clean the building and pits were collected and disposed of off-site. The integrity of the pits and floors were evaluated after cleaning. Based on the findings of the integrity evaluations and ASE's recommendation for sampling locations, where possible, the pits were filled and capped to accommodate scheduled decommissioning activities. The scope of work conducted for this plant closure was discussed and agreed upon by members of Oliver staff and Mr. Amir Gholami of the ACHCSA during his visit to the plant on November 20, 1997. The letter confirming the scope of work is attached in Appendix A.

3.0 VAULTS, PITS AND CONCRETE FLOOR INSPECTIONS AND FINDINGS

On February 10, 1998 and February 17, 1998, ASE inspected the RAFFEX tank vault, various milling and manufacturing machine pits, and the concrete floor surface inside and outside the ORCo Plant I building for determination of concrete integrity (Figure 1). Visual inspection of the concrete surfaces was the sole inspection technique performed by ASE personnel.

The following areas were observed.

3.1 RAFFEX Tank Vault

The dimensions of this vault were approximately 35-feet long, 20-feet wide and 10-feet deep. The walls and floor of this vault were 6 to 8-inches thick concrete. This vault housed three (3) 5,000 gallon tanks which stored RAFFEX. The tanks were heated by a steam source to keep the RAFFEX product in a liquid state.

The floor of this vault appeared to be in relatively fair shape without any obvious holes or significant cracks. The walls of the vault did show signs of integrity failure based on the presence of numerous stains that were generated from shallow groundwater weeping through hairline cracks (see Photographs #1 and #2. The RAFFEX product however never came in contact with the hairline cracks observed on the walls of the vault. Cold joints made the transition from the floor to the walls of the vault. Based on the pooled water found within the vault, it was apparent that shallow groundwater was entering the vault through these cold joints. A sump was identified in the low part of the vault floor which was used to pump water out of the vault. Based on the presence of water within the vault, it appeared that the integrity of the vault was suspect (see Photograph #3). It was the opinion of ASE that if groundwater could come into the vault, water and RAFFEX may have the ability to leave the vault. ASE recommended collection of soil samples from this vault. Details of these samples are discussed in a later section of this report.

The offloading of the RAFFEX from tank trucks was performed at the RAFFEX offloading manifold as depicted on Figure 2. An underground steel pipe, contained in a secondary steel pipe, was used to transport the RAFFEX from the offloading area to the vaulted tanks. Since the subsurface beneath this pipe could not be inspected, ASE recommended soil samples to be collected upon the removal of this underground piping system. Details of these samples are discussed in a later section of this report.

3.2 Camelback Conveyor Pit

- The concrete bottom and sides of this pit appeared to be free of any evident or visible integrity failures such as cracks. This pit had a metal liner that was removed during decommissioning.
- Two (2) 4-inch diameter pipes were found exiting the pit. These exit pipes created a potential integrity failure situation that could have impacted the subsurface soil.

- Two electrical conduit boxes are located on the sidewall of the pit in two separate areas. The integrity of the boxes and conduits within them are a potential source of integrity failure.
- A 1/2-inch wide crack was observed at the edge of the pit/floor intersection. This crack is located adjacent to the location of one of the exit pipes within the pit which is apparently piped to the local sanitary sewer (see Photograph #4).
- Zinc Stearate was used exclusively in this area during the extrusion of the rubber product to inhibit the product from adhering to itself as it was stacked onto pallets. A copy of the MSDS for Zinc Stearate is included in Appendix B.

Based on ASE's inspection of the pit and the location of the proposed sampling locations, this pit was backfilled and resurfaced on February 12, 1998. ASE recommended that the subsurface soil be investigated by drilling soil borings and collecting soil samples on the outside of the pit in the areas of potential integrity concerns detailed above. Details of these samples are discussed in a later section of this report.

3.3 Cooling Water Pump Pits and Water Storage Pits

- The concrete bottom and sides of these associated pits appeared to be free of any evident or visible integrity failures such as cracks.
- Multiple pipes were found exiting the pits which appeared to transfer cooling water to and from the pump pit to the water storage pits. Because only water traveled within these pipes and pits, it appears to ASE that the potential impact to subsurface soil, if any, does not pose a significant concern.

Based on ASE's inspection of these pits, in which sampling was not recommended, these pits were backfilled and resurfaced on February 12, 1998. ASE did not recommend subsurface soil investigation activities related to these pits.

3.4 Three (3) Milling Machine Pits and Calendar Pit

- The concrete bottom and sides of these pits appeared to be free of any evident or visible integrity failures such as cracks.
- Multiple pipes were found exiting these pits; the termination point of some of these pipes has not been determined. These exit pipes create a potential integrity failure situation that could have impacted the subsurface soil (see Photographs #5 and #6).

- Cracks found around the top surface of several of these pits were noted. The cracks are a potential sign of integrity failure (see Photograph #7).
- The concrete pits which housed these various milling machines are noted to be as much as 3-feet thick, but not less than 2-feet thick, with extreme amounts of structural steel rebar for reinforcement.

Based on ASE's inspection of these pits, the thickness of the concrete beneath the pits and the location of the proposed sampling locations, these pits were backfilled and resurfaced during the week of February 23, 1998. ASE recommended that the subsurface soil associated with these pits be investigated by drilling soil borings and collecting soil samples on the outside of these pits in the areas of potential integrity concerns detailed above. Details of these samples are discussed in a later section of this report.

3.5 Three (3) Exposed-Soil Pits and One (1) Round Pit

- The concrete bottom and sides of several small pits were inspected and found to have dirt bottoms, rather than concrete bottoms, creating a potential pathway for contaminants into subsurface soil (see Photograph #8 and #9).
- Multiple entry pipes existing related to the round pit associated with the 84-inch mill. Due to the unknown use of this pit, there exists a potential concern for subsurface contamination due to the pipes described above.

ASE recommended that the subsurface soil associated with these pits be investigated by drilling soil borings and collecting soil samples adjacent to these pits. Based on the sampling results, which are discussed in a later section of this report, ASE has recommended to ORCo that these pits be backfilled and resurfaced.

3.6 Pallet Elevator Shaft

A pallet elevator was used at the site as depicted on Figure 2 and Photograph #10. The shaft of the elevator ended at a depth of 25-feet below ground surface. The shaft appeared to be in relatively fair shape upon its removal; however, the use of a soluble oil as the hydraulic fluid led to the possibility of subsurface soil contamination. Although hydraulic fluids are typically exempt as environmental concerns, ASE recommended a soil sample in this area to determine if the hydraulic ram/shaft had impacted the subsurface soil. Based on the sampling results, which are discussed in a later section of this report, ASE has recommended to ORCo that these pits be backfilled and resurfaced.

3.7 Concrete Floor Surface

Two floor cracks of concern were identified within the building; one in area adjacent to a milling pit, and one where used oils were stored prior to off-site disposal. There existed other cracks within the floor surface of the plant; however these various cracks were not in areas of manufacturing operations. ASE recommended that the subsurface soil associated with these cracks be investigated by drilling soil borings and collecting soil samples adjacent to them. Details of these samples are discussed in a later section of this report.

4.0 SCOPE OF WORK

ASE's basic scope of work for this project was to:

- 1) Conduct and document an inspection of the pits, vault and floor for signs of potential environmental concerns.
- 2) Prepare a workplan and site specific health and safety plan for approval by Mr. Amir Gholami and/or Ms. Susan Hugo of the ACHCSA.
- 3) Obtain a subsurface drilling permit from the Alameda County Public Works Agency (ACPWA).
- 4) Call Underground Service Alert (USA) to have all public utilities in the area marked prior to drilling.
- 5) Core drill through the concrete floor in each boring location.

- 6) Hand auger and or hydraulically drill soil borings within/adjacent to areas of concern raised during the inspection period. Collect soil and/or groundwater samples where appropriate.
- 7) Analyze samples collected during this project at a CAL-EPA certified analytical laboratory for all or a combination of the following: RAFFEX 120 by modified EPA Method 8015, hydrocarbon oil & grease (O&G) by Standard Method 5520 EF, volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by EPA Method 8010, and zinc by EPA Method 6010.
- 8) Backfill the borings with neat cement and finish with concrete.
- 9) Prepare a report detailing the methods and findings of the assessment activities. The report will include tabulated analytical results, drawings, and recommendations for remediation as necessary.

Details of the assessment are presented below.

5.0 SOIL BORING DRILLING AND SAMPLE COLLECTION

Prior to geoprobe drilling, ASE obtained a drilling permit from the Alameda County Public Works Agency, Water Resource Section (Permit # 98WR149). A copy of the drilling permit is included as Attachment C.

5.1 Soil and Groundwater Sampling - February 10, 1998

On February 10, 1998, Vickers Concrete Coring cored two ~~4-inch diameter~~ holes in the concrete floor of the RAFFEX tank vault as shown on Figure 2. Artesian groundwater conditions were encountered upon breaking through the bottom of the vault floor. ASE staff geologist Charlie Rous immediately collected samples of the groundwater using a disposable bailer within the cored borehole. Care was taken to minimize cross-contamination between the groundwater emerging from the borehole and the water ponding on the vault floor. Grab groundwater samples GRAB-A and GRAB-B were collected from each boring. The water samples were collected into pre-cleaned 1-liter glass amber bottles, labeled, and placed into an ice chest containing ice for delivery to the certified analytical laboratory under chain of custody documentation.

Soil sample GRAB-A @ 3.5' was collected 3.5-feet below the vault floor. The soil sample was collected directly from the auger shoe and stored in a glass sample jar, labeled, and placed into an ice chest containing ice for delivery to the analytical laboratory under chain of custody documentation. A soil sample was not collected from soil boring GRAB-B due to the volume of water flowing from the boring.

Soil analytical results are presented in Table One. RAFFEX was detected in the soil sample at 380 parts per million (ppm). RAFFEX was detected in groundwater samples GRAB-A and GRAB-B at 8 ppm and 28 ppm, respectively. The results of the groundwater sample analyses prompted the need for further delineation of the RAFFEX in groundwater; details are discussed in a later section.

5.1a. Vault Backfilling

ASE recommended that the vault be backfilled and resurfaced due to the following:

- The depth of groundwater, being above the depth of the floor of the vault, would make it extremely difficult to excavate soil, and potentially dangerous to the adjacent railroad line.
- RAFFEX is a very heavy petroleum hydrocarbon, much like tar, with a low solubility and potential for mobility
- The RAFFEX tanks have been removed from the site, and the site is being decommissioned
- The area surrounding the ORCo facility is heavy industrial. It is unlikely that groundwater in the area will ever be used for human consumption.

The ACHCSA, in a telephone conversation, agreed with ASE's recommendation to backfill and resurface the vault. The vault was subsequently backfilled and compacted with a granular fill, followed by a cement cap.

5.2 Soil Sampling - March 11, 1998

On March 11, 1998, ASE senior project manager David Allen was on site to witness the removal of the underground pipeline that was used to transport the RAFFEX from the offloading manifold to the RAFFEX tank vault (see Photograph #11 and #12). Three soil samples were collected from the open trench using a hand auger. The samples were identified as Trench-A, Trench-B, and Trench-C. Each soil sample was collected approximately 1-foot below the bottom of the former piping system. Analytical results are tabulated on Table One. Results ranged from 3.8 ppm to 35 ppm RAFFEX.

5.3 Soil Sampling - April 8, 1998

On April 6, 1998 Pacific Concrete Cutting of San Bruno, California cored ten (10) 4-inch diameter concrete cores inside and outside the ORCo facility. On April 8, 1998 Kvilhaugh Well Drilling & Pump Company of Concord, California drilled soil borings BH-1 through BH-12 at the site using a Geoprobe hydraulic sampling rig (see Photograph #13). Soil boring locations are shown on Figure 2. These borings were placed in areas identified by Mr. Amir Gholami of the ACHCSA, ORCo personnel, and Mr. David Allen of ASE, as locations with the greatest potential for the presence of subsurface contaminants. As discussed in Section 5.1, the boring locations were based on the integrity evaluation activities and the results of the grab water samples collected from within the RAFFEX vault. The groundwater gradient was assumed to be to the west towards the San Francisco Bay beneath the site. The drilling was directed by ASE staff geologist Charlie Rous.

Soil borings BH-1 through BH-9 were all advanced inside the ORCo Plant I facility. These interior borings were advanced adjacent to pits, cracks, and the elevator shaft. Boring BH-10 was advanced outside, adjacent to the RAFFEX offloading manifold. Each soil boring was continuously cored from the concrete floor surface to the total depth explored for lithologic and hydrogeologic description. Borings BH-1 through BH-4 and BH-8 through BH-10 were advanced to approximately 5 feet below ground surface (bgs). Boring BH-7 was advanced to approximately 6 feet bgs. Due to poor sample recovery, borings BH-5 and BH-6 were advanced to approximately 9 feet bgs to retrieve an adequate soil sample. Borings BH-11 and BH-12 were advanced outside the building, downgradient of the former RAFFEX tank vault, to a depth of 9-feet and 8.5-feet bgs respectively in order to collect groundwater samples.

Undisturbed soil samples were retained approximately 1 foot below the bottom of each equipment footing or pit, or at the capillary fringe, as drilling progressed for possible chemical analysis. The samples were collected by driving a sampler lined with acetate tubes using hydraulic direct push methods. The tube was cut where an analysis was required. The tube was immediately trimmed, sealed with Teflon tape, plastic end caps and duct tape, labeled, sealed in plastic bags and stored in a cooler with wet ice for transport to Chromalab, Inc. of Pleasanton, California (ELAP #1094) under appropriate chain of custody documentation. Analytical results for the soil samples collected on April 8, 1998 are tabulated in Table Two.

5.4 Groundwater Sampling - April 8, 1998

A temporary PVC well casing was placed in Borings BH-11 and BH-12 for the collection of groundwater samples. Groundwater samples were removed from the borings using a pre-cleaned peristaltic pump and new tubing. The groundwater samples were contained in 1-liter amber glass bottles. The samples were labeled, placed in protective foam sleeves, and stored in a cooler with wet ice for transport to Chromalab under appropriate chain of custody documentation. Analytical results for the groundwater samples collected on April 8, 1998 are tabulated in Table Three. Upon completion of the soil and groundwater sampling, the borings were backfilled with neat cement to the ground surface.

All drilling equipment was cleaned with a TSP solution between sampling intervals and between borings to prevent potential cross-contamination.

5.5 Geology

Sediments encountered during drilling generally consisted of clayey silt to the total depth explored of approximately 9 feet bgs, with the exception of the presence of silty sand and gravel in Borings BH-4 through BH-6 and BH-12. Boring logs BH-1 through BH-12 are presented as Appendix D. Petroleum hydrocarbon impacted soil and groundwater were only noted in borings BH-11 and BH-12. Groundwater was encountered at approximately 4 feet bgs in borings BH-11 and BH-12, where it stabilized.

6.0 SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS

All of the soil samples described in Section 5 above were analyzed by Chromalab for all or a portion of the following: RAFFEX by modified EPA Method 8015, hydrocarbon oil & grease (O&G) by Standard Method 5520 EF, volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by EPA Method 8010, and zinc by EPA Method 6010. The analytical results are tabulated in Tables One and Two, and the certified analytical report and chain of custody documentation are included in Appendix E.

TABLE ONE
Soil Analytical Results
All results are in **parts per million**

SAMPLE ID.	MATRIX	TPH RAFFEX
GRAB-A @ 3.5'	SOIL	380
TRENCH-A	SOIL	3.8
TRENCH-B	SOIL	3.5
TRENCH-C	SOIL	9.6
EPA METHOD	---	8015M

Notes: Detectable concentrations are in **bold**

TABLE TWO
Soil Analytical Results
All results are in parts per million

SAMPLE ID.	TPH RAFFEX	OIL & GREASE	ZINC	All VOCs
BH-1 @ 3'	10	<50	18	< 5.0 - < 50
BH-2 @ 2.5'	6.4	<50	---	< 5.0 - < 50
BH-3 @ 3'	3.1	<50	---	< 5.0 - < 50
BH-4 @ 2'	40	<50	---	< 5.0 - < 50
BH-5 @ 5'	36	<50	---	< 5.0 - < 50
BH-6 @ 6'	10	<50	---	< 5.0 - < 50
BH-7 @ 5.5'	4.7	<50	---	< 5.0 - < 50
BH-8 @ 4'	14	260	---	< 5.0 - < 50
BH-9 @ 4'	5.1	<50	---	< 5.0 - < 50
BH-10 @ 3'	7.5	---	---	< 5.0 - < 50
BH-11 @ 6'	74	---	---	< 5.0 - < 50
BH-12 @ 5.5'	20	---	---	< 5.0 - < 50
EPA METHOD	8015M	5520 EF	6010	8010

Notes: Detectable concentrations are in **bold**.
Non-detectable concentrations are noted by the less than sign (<) followed by the laboratory detection limit.

7.0 GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

The groundwater samples were analyzed by Chromalab for total extractable hydrocarbons as RAFFEX by modified EPA Method 8015. The analytical results are presented below in Table Three, and the certified analytical report and chain of custody forms are included in Appendix E.

TABLE THREE
Groundwater Analytical Results
All results are in parts per million

SAMPLE ID.	LOCATION	TPH RAFFEX
GRAB-A	INSIDE VAULT	8
GRAB-B	INSIDE VAULT	28
BH-11	DOWNGRADIENT OF VAULT	1.2
BH-12	DOWNGRADIENT OF VAULT	4.6
EPA METHOD	---	8015M

Note: Detectable concentrations are in **bold**

8.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

8.1 Former RAFFEX Tank Vault and Associated Piping

RAFFEX was detected in the soil and groundwater in borings BH-11 and BH-12; however, both the soil and groundwater concentrations within these downgradient borings were much less the concentrations of the samples collected from within the vault. The concentrations of RAFFEX found in the soil samples collected from BH-10 and from within the piping trench (Trench A, B, and C) were extremely low, and thus, do not present an environmental concern.

It is the opinion of ASE that for reasons previously mentioned (a) high viscosity and nature of RAFFEX, (b) industrial area, and (c) no use of groundwater in the area, contamination of RAFFEX related to the former vault has been sufficiently characterized and that further assessment or remedial activities are not warranted.

8.2 RAFFEX Within the ORCo Facility

Concentrations of RAFFEX ranging from 3.1 ppm to 40 ppm were identified in soil samples collected at shallow depths below the concrete floor within the ORCo facility.

It is the opinion of ASE, that none of these concentrations present a significant environmental concern, and that that further assessment or remedial activities are not warranted.

8.3 Oil & Grease Within the ORCo Facility

Of the nine soil borings drilled within the ORCo facility, only one contained oil & grease at a concentration of 260 ppm. This boring is located adjacent to a crack in the area previously used to store drums of waste lubricating oils and greases. Borehole BH-7 is approximately 30-feet away and within the same area of drum storage. BH-7 contained non-detectable amounts of oil & grease. Because none of the other boreholes contained concentrations of oil & grease, it is safe to assume that the 260 ppm is localized, and would not present a significant environmental concern because of the concrete surface. *It is the opinion of ASE, that the 260 ppm oil & grease in borehole BH-8 does not present a significant environmental concern, and that that further assessment or remedial activities are not warranted.*

8.4 Zinc Within the ORCo Facility

Zinc Stearate was used during the extrusion of the rubber product to inhibit the product from adhering to itself as it was stacked onto pallets. This process was performed adjacent to the location of borehole BH-1. Zinc was identified in the soil sample collected from BH-1 at 18 ppm.

It is the opinion of ASE that this concentration is insignificant and requires no further assessment or remedial activities.

9.0 REPORT LIMITATIONS

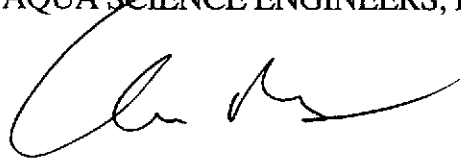
The results of this assessment represent conditions at the time of the soil and groundwater sampling, at the specific locations where the samples were collected, and for the specific parameters analyzed by the laboratory.

This report does not fully characterize the site for contamination resulting from unknown sources or for parameters not analyzed by the laboratory. All of the laboratory work cited in this report was prepared under the direction of an independent CAL-EPA certified laboratory. The independent laboratory is solely responsible for the contents and conclusions of the chemical analysis data.

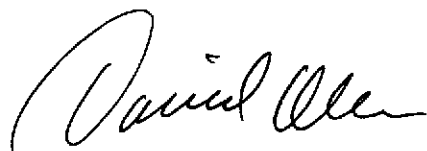
Aqua Science Engineers appreciates the opportunity provide environmental consulting services for this project. Should you have any questions or comments, please feel free to call us at (510) 820-9391.

Respectfully submitted,

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS, INC.



Charlie Rous
Staff Geologist

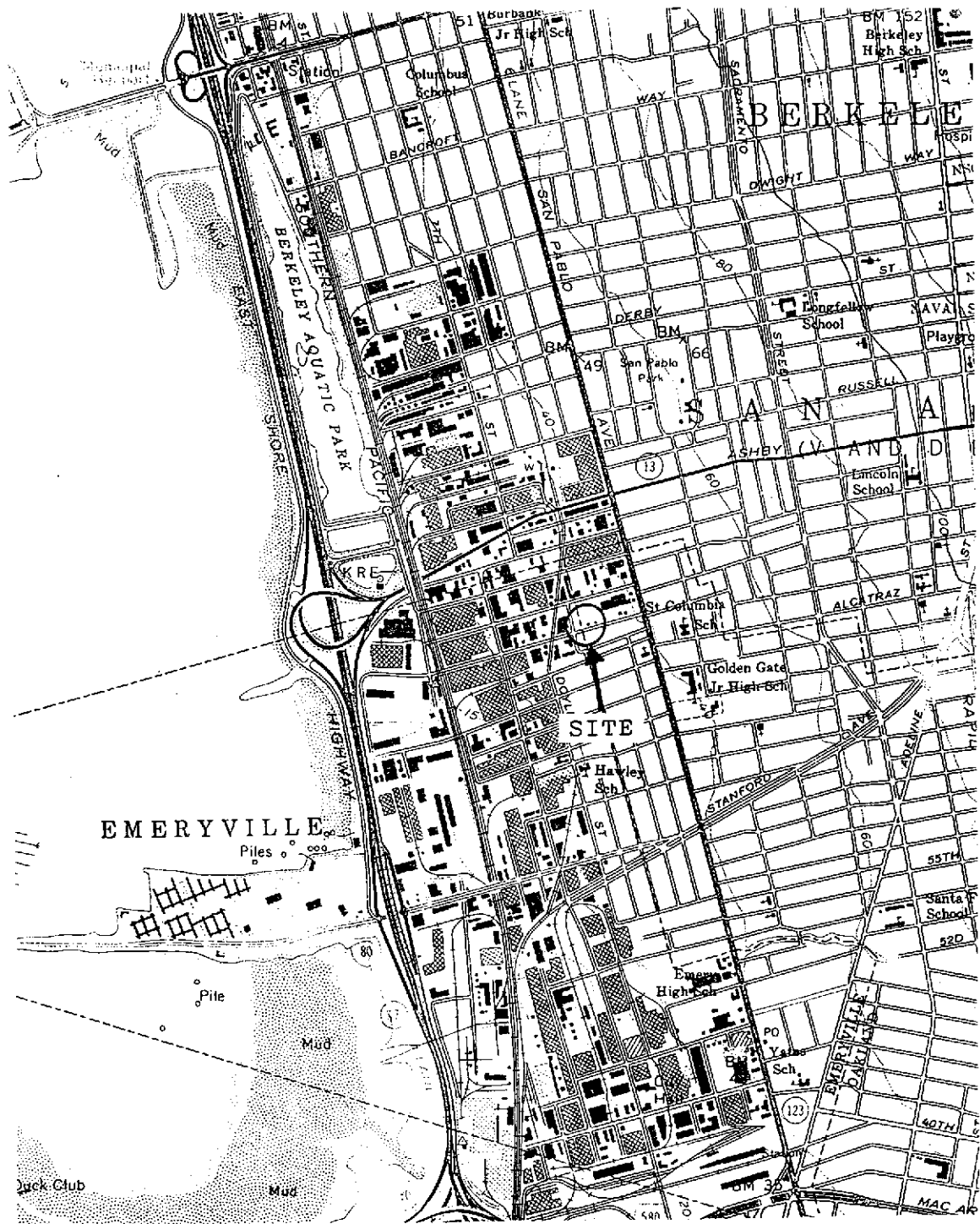


David Allen, R.E.A.
Senior Project Manager

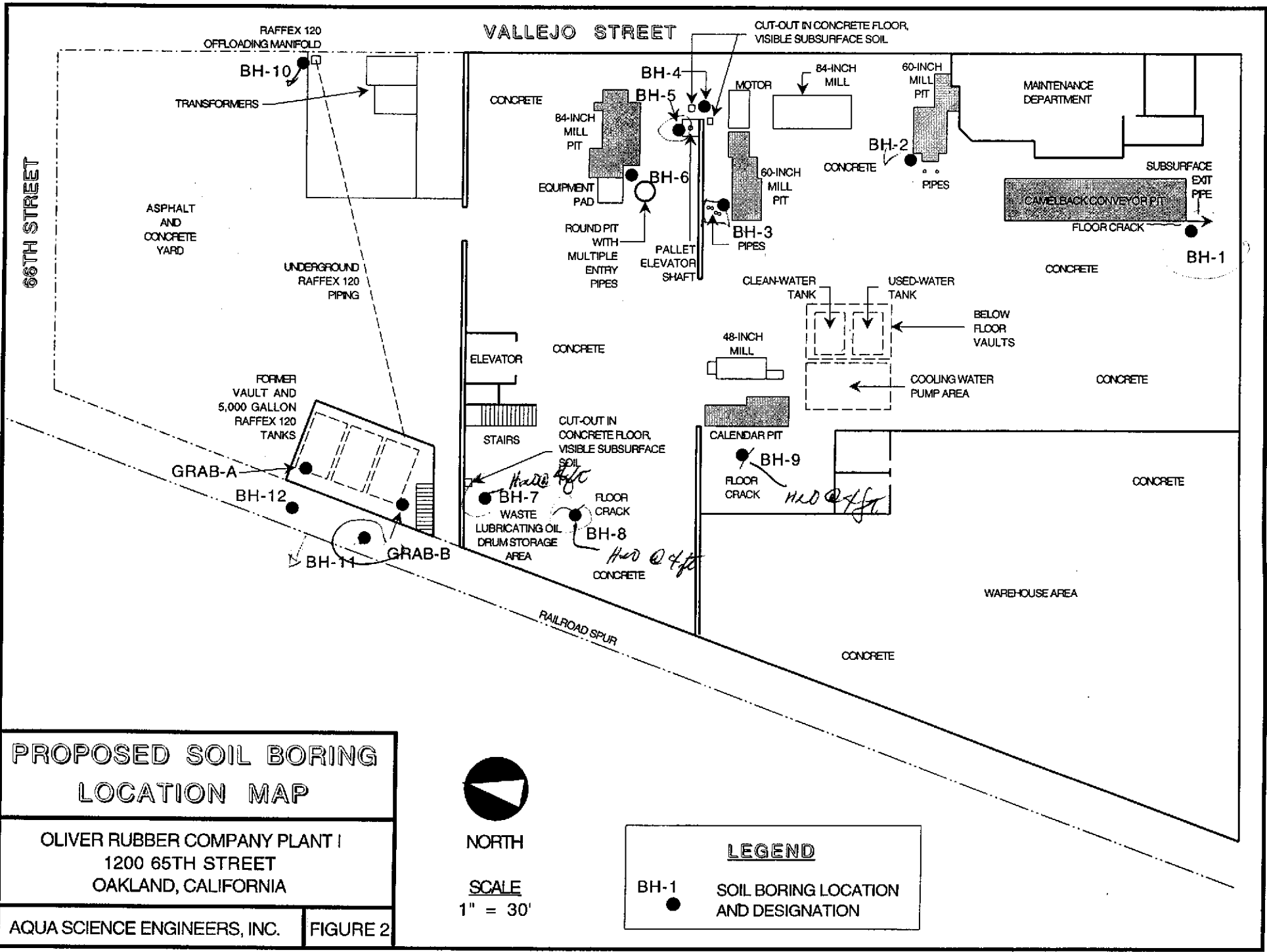


Attachments

Distribution: Mr. Tom Palmer, The Standard Products Company
Mr. David Kuhre, The Oliver Rubber Company
Mr. Amir Gholami, ACHCSA
Ms. Susan Hugo, ACHCSA



SITE LOCATION MAP	
OLIVER RUBBER COMPANY PLANT I 1200 65TH STREET OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA	
Aqua Science Engineers	Figure 1



VALLEJO STREET

66TH STREET

RAFFEX 120 OFFLOADING MANIFOLD

BH-10

TRANSFORMERS

ASPHALT AND CONCRETE YARD

UNDERGROUND RAFFEX 120 PIPING

FORMER VAULT AND 5,000 GALLON RAFFEX 120 TANKS

GRAB-A

BH-12

BH-11

GRAB-B

RAILROAD SPUR

CONCRETE

B4-INCH MILL PIT

EQUIPMENT PAD

ROUND PIT WITH MULTIPLE ENTRY PIPES

BH-6

PALLET ELEVATOR SHAFT

ELEVATOR

CONCRETE

STAIRS

CUT-OUT IN CONCRETE FLOOR, VISIBLE SUBSURFACE SOIL

BH-7

WASTE LUBRICATING OIL DRUM STORAGE AREA

FLOOR CRACK

BH-8

CONCRETE

CUT-OUT IN CONCRETE FLOOR, VISIBLE SUBSURFACE SOIL

BH-4

BH-5

MOTOR

B4-INCH MILL

60-INCH MILL PIT

MAINTENANCE DEPARTMENT

BH-2

CONCRETE

PIPES

CAMELBACK CONVEYOR PIT

FLOOR CRACK

BH-1

CONCRETE

CLEAN-WATER TANK

USED-WATER TANK

BELOW FLOOR VAULTS

48-INCH MILL

COOLING WATER PUMP AREA

CONCRETE

CALENDAR PIT

BH-9

FLOOR CRACK

WAREHOUSE AREA

CONCRETE

PHOTOGRAPHS



Photograph 1 - RAFFEX Tank Vault
Groundwater weeping through hairline cracks.



Photograph 2 - RAFFEX Tank Vault
Closeup of weeping crack.



Photograph 3 - RAFFEX Tank Vault Sump



**Photograph 4 - Camelback Conveyor Pit
Plug inserted in exit pipe; arrow pointing to crack in floor.**



Photograph 5 - Milling Machine Pit Exit Pipes



Photograph 6 - Milling Machine Pit Exit Pipes



Photograph 7 - Milling Machine Pit Crack



Photograph 8 - Pit with exposed soil bottom.



Photograph 9 - Pit with exposed soil bottom.



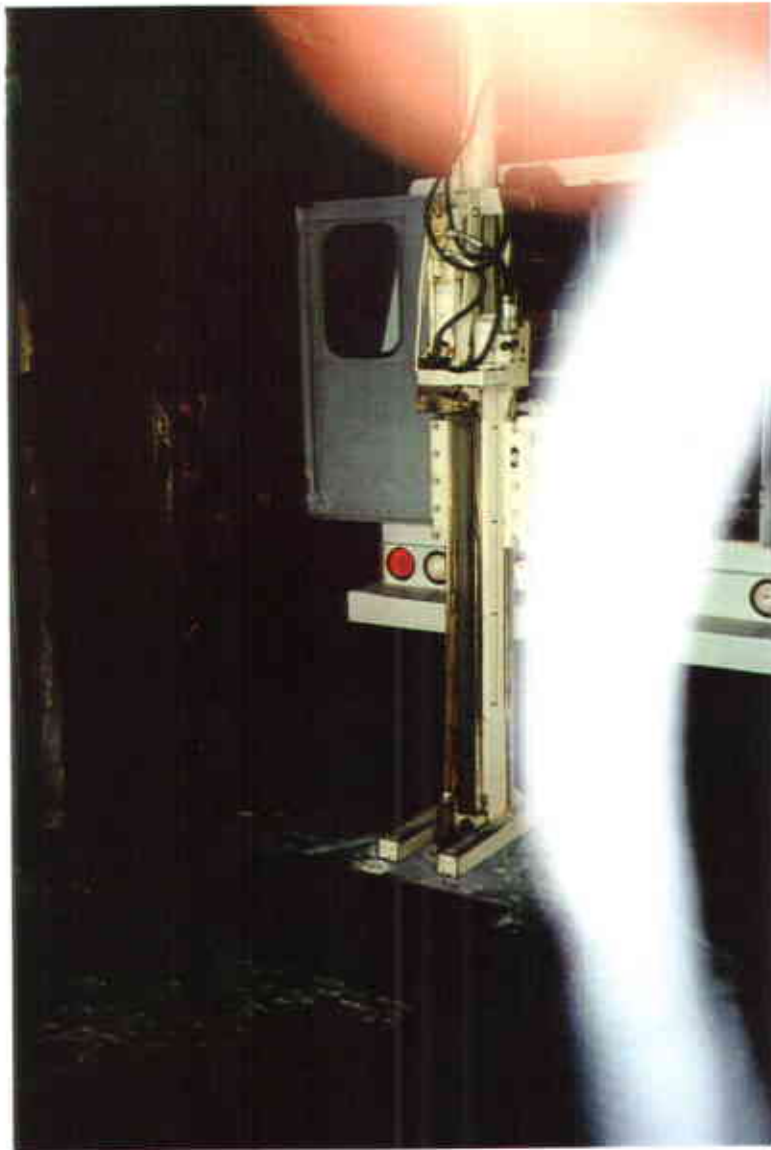
Photograph 10 - Pallet Elevator Shaft



Photograph 11 - RAFFEX Underground Pipeline Removal



Photograph 12 - RAFFEX Underground Pipeline Removal



Photograph 13 - Geoprobe Soil Sampling Rig

APPENDIX A

Letter Dated December 12, 1997 to ACHCSA



THE STANDARD PRODUCTS CO.

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT DIVISION:

2401 SOUTH GULLEY ROAD, DEARBORN, MICHIGAN 48124-2486 • (313) 274-5024

Amir Gholami via Fax (510) 337-9335
Alameda County
Department of Environmental Health
1131 Harbor Bay Parkway
Alameda CA 94502

12/12/97

Dear Mr. Gholami

This letter is to summarize the closure activities planned to be conducted at the Oliver Rubber facility located in Oakland and Emeryville. These activities are consistent with our discussions of November 20th when we met on the site to discuss the closure of the facility. Since then, we have further defined these activities with the assistance of contractors involved in this effort. This further definition delayed my response to you by several weeks.

As we discussed, the following hazardous waste closure activities will be conducted within 120 days after the termination of manufacturing operations:

- Obsolete raw materials, drained fluids, clean-up wastes, treatment residues, and other miscellaneous wastes that meet the definition of a California hazardous waste will be properly managed and recycled or disposed as a hazardous waste. An exception will be aqueous waste generated during cleaning activities that will be treated on site using a transportable treatment unit operated under a Permit-by-Rule application from the DTSC. Treated water will be analyzed to ensure compliance with applicable sanitary sewer requirements prior to discharge.
- Areas where oil containing hazardous waste were accumulated or stored will be cleaned using high pressure washing, sandblasting, and/or other effective methods. With the exception of aqueous wastes, clean-up residues will be properly characterized and recycled or disposed as a California hazardous waste as necessary.
- Areas where rubber tire tread buffing dust were accumulated or stored will be cleaned by sweeping and/or vacuuming followed by high pressure washing and/or other effective measures. With the exception of aqueous wastes, clean-up residues will be properly characterized and recycled or disposed as a California hazardous waste as necessary.

- The DTSC General Information Section in Sacramento will be notified to deactivate the site's generator ID number. Your office will also be copied on this notification.

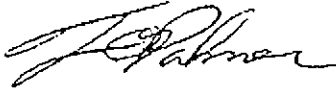
We also discussed other environmental closure activities that will be conducted, and they include the following:

- Removal of three 5,000 gallon unregulated tanks and associated underground piping will be conducted. The tanks will be cleaned on site and then recycled as scrap metal. The vault will be initially scraped and then further cleaned by high pressure washing, sandblasting, or other effective method. The integrity of the vault will be determined visually. Signs of questionable integrity will be further evaluated through subsurface soil samples. The majority of the underground piping will be removed, any visually contaminated soils will be removed by excavation, and the resulting excavation will be sampled. The portion of the piping under or through the transformer pad will be closed in place. The need to sample adjacent to this abandoned piping will be determined based on field observations. The Emeryville Fire Department will be notified, and any necessary permits will be obtained. Your office will be notified in advance of the sampling of the piping excavation and, if necessary, of the soils beneath the vault. With the exception of aqueous wastes, clean-up residues will be properly characterized and recycled or disposed as a California hazardous waste as necessary. The piping excavation and the vault will be backfilled and compacted after satisfactory completion of this work. A report will be prepared to summarize this work and findings.
- Cleaning and integrity determinations of equipment and process water pits will be conducted. The example we specifically discussed was the tread press pit that contains water and hydraulic oil. Cleaning will be accomplished by high pressure washing, sandblasting, or other effective methods. Integrity will be determined visually. Signs of questionable integrity will be further evaluated through subsurface soil samples. With the exception of aqueous wastes, clean-up residues will be properly characterized and recycled or disposed as a California hazardous waste as necessary. The pits will be backfilled and compacted after satisfactory completion of this work.
- Equipment will be drained if necessary and cleaned prior to removal from the site. Most equipment is expected to be sold for reconditioning/reuse or recycled for the scrap metal content. With the exception of aqueous wastes, clean-up residues will be properly characterized and recycled or disposed as a California hazardous waste as necessary.
- Cleaning of manufacturing areas by high pressure washing, sandblasting, or other effective methods will be conducted. With the exception of aqueous wastes, clean-up residues will be properly characterized and recycled or disposed as a California hazardous waste as necessary.

- Notification was sent to all authorities granting permits or licenses to the site which also solicited closure requirements and requirements for termination of permits and/or licenses. Termination of permits/licenses will be completed when appropriate.
- Environmental due diligence as associated with possible property transfers will continue. The due diligence process has already been completed on a significant portion of the site with no significant recognized environmental conditions. The remaining portion of the site will most probably also be evaluated by an environmental due diligence process. Documentation generated during the activities listed above will be referenced as part of the due diligence process.

Thank you for your visit to the site and the recommendations you provided. Dave Kuhre, Steve Brady, and myself look forward to working with you in the future.

Sincerely,



Tom Palmer
The Standard Products Company

cc: D Kuhre via Fax (510) 655-6319
S Brady
R Kessler via Fax (706) 354-1650

APPENDIX B

Material Safety Data Sheets

SAN JOAQUIN REFINING CO., INC.
STANDARD & SHELL STREETS
P. O. BOX 5576
BAKERSFIELD CA 93388
(805) 327-4257

2306

H	HAZARD RATING	
M	4 - SEVERE	HEALTH
I	3 - SERIOUS	FLAMMABILITY
S	2 - MODERATE	REACTIVITY
	1 - SLIGHT	
	0 - MINIMAL	

PAGE 1 OF 2

HMIS

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
("ESSENTIALLY SIMILAR" TO FORM OSHA 20
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET)

PRODUCT NAME: RAFFEX 120
CHEMICAL FAMILY: PETROLEUM, HYDROCARBON
CHEMICAL NAME:

CODE: 3130

CAS NO. 64742-11-6, HEAVY NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE SOLVENT EXTRACT

TYPICAL COMPOSITION: HEAVY NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE SOLVENT EXTRACT 100%

EXPOSURE STANDARD, ACGIH TWA & OSHA PEL - OBSERVE 5 MG/M3 (CUBIC METER OF AIR) FOR MINERAL OILS

PHYSICAL DATA

INITIAL BOILING POINT, 'F: 550	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1): 1.0
VAPOR PRESSURE (MMHg): <0.1	PERCENT VOLATILE, (% BY VOL.): NA
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): NA	EVAPORATION RATE (ETHYL ETHER=1): <1
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: NIL	
APPEARANCE AND ODOR: BLACK LIQUID WITH LITTLE OR NO ODOR ✓	

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT - COC, 'F: 410	FLAMMABLE LIMITS:	LEL	UEL
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: FOAM, WATER FOG, DRY CHEMICAL, CO2		NDA	NDA

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:
DO NO ENTER CONFINED FIRE SPACE WITHOUT PROPER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT
INCLUDING SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. SEE HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION
PRODUCTS.

REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY (THERMAL, LIGHT): STABLE
INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): MAY REACT WITH STRONG OXIDIZERS.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: NORMAL COMBUSTION FORMS CARBON DIOXIDE
AND WATER VAPOR, AND MAY PRODUCE OXIDES OF SULFUR AND NITROGEN.
INCOMPLETE COMBUSTION CAN PRODUCE CARBON MONOXIDE.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



SAN JOAQUIN REFINING CO. INC.
PAGE 2 OF 2 CODE:3130

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS IN CASE OF SPILL: CLEAN UP USING ABSORBENT MATERIAL, SUCH AS EARTH OR SAND.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: OBSERVE FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS COVERING CHEMICAL WASTE SPILLS.

SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION FOR POTENTIAL ROUTES OF ENTRY

EYE: AVOID EYE CONTACT. FLUSH WITH PLENTY OF WATER. IF IRRITATION PERSISTS SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.
SKIN: AVOID SKIN CONTACT. IF CONTACT OCCURS, WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: IF OPERATING CONDITIONS CREATE AIRBORN CONCENTRATIONS WHICH EXCEED THE EXPOSURE STANDARD, THE USE OF AN APPROVED NIOSH/OSHA RESPIRATOR FOR ORGANIC VAPORS OR AIR-SUPPLIED BREATHING EQUIPMENT IS RECOMMENDED.
VENTILATION: USE ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO KEEP THE AIRBORN CONCENTRATIONS OF THIS MATERIAL BELOW THE ESTABLISHED EXPOSURE STANDARD.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS AND SAFE HANDLING

AVOID FIRE, SPARKS, OPEN FLAME. WEAR APPROPRIATE EQUIPMENT TO INSURE THAT PRODUCT DOES NOT CONTACT EYES OR SKIN.

HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EYES: THIS MATERIAL IS NOT EXPECTED TO CAUSE EYE IRRITATION.
SKIN: THIS MATERIAL IS NOT EXPECTED TO CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION.
INGESTION: NOT EXPECTED TO BE ACUTELY TOXIC BY INGESTION. IF SWALLOWED DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING, CALL A PHYSICIAN.
INHALATION: FUMES MAY BE UNPLEASANT AND MAY PRODUCE NAUSEA. REMOVE THE PERSON TO FRESH AIR IF RESPIRATORY DISCOMFORT OCCURS.
EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE: INHALATION OF HIGH CONCENTRATIONS MAY CAUSE DIZZINESS, HEADACHE, OR NAUSEA.

SUSPECTED CANCER AGENT:

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS PETROLEUM OILS SIMILAR TO ONES CATEGORIZED BY THE INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER AS CAUSING SKIN CANCER IN MICE WHEN REPEATEDLY APPLIED FOR MOST OF THE LIFETIME OF THE ANIMAL WITH NO EFFORT MADE TO REMOVE THE OIL BETWEEN APPLICATIONS.

DATE REVISED: 7/94

REVISED BY:

NA = NOT APPLICABLE

NDA = NO DATA AVAILABLE

Crystal

IDENTIFIER

SLAB DIP 9035

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION I - IDENTITY

MANUFACTURER'S NAME [REDACTED]		EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. 215-368-1661	
ADDRESS (Number, Street, City, State, and Zip Code) 601 West 8th Street, Lansdale, PA 19446			
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS N/A		TRADE NAME AND SYNONYMS GS-250 Zinc Stearate Dispersion	
CHEMICAL FAMILY Blend		FORMULA N/A	

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

CAS NO.	PRINCIPAL HAZARDOUS COMPONENT(S)	%	TLV (OSHA)
67-63-0	Isopropyl Alcohol		400 PPM
34590-94-8	Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether		
557-05-1	Zinc Stearate *	28	
*	Requires reporting as Zinc Compound under SARA Title III, Sec. 313.		

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT (°F.)	N/A	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H ₂ O = 1)	N/A
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg.)	N/A	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)	N/A
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1)	N/A	EVAPORATION RATE (_____ = 1)	N/A
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	slight	REACTIVITY IN WATER	N/A
APPEARANCE AND ODOR	Whitepaste, Characteristic odor		pH N/A

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT (Method used) Non-COC	110°F PMCC	FLAMMABLE LIMITS	LOWER	UPPER
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	Foam, CO ₂ Dry Chemical	AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE	N/A	
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES Wear self-contained breathing gear when fire-fighting in confined areas.				
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS N/A				

SECTION V - PHYSICAL HAZARDS

STABILITY	UNSTABLE	X	CONDITIONS TO AVOID
	STABLE		
INCOMPATIBILITY (Materials to avoid) Strong oxidizers			
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide			
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION	MAY OCCUR	X	CONDITIONS TO AVOID
	WILL NOT OCCUR		

1000

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE		Nuisance Dust	
Effects of Overexposure		None expected	
1. Inhalation		None expected	
2. Eyes		May cause irritation	
3. Skin		Prolonged or repeated contact may cause irritation	
4. Ingestion		Unknown	
Chemical Listed as Carcinogen or Potential Carcinogen	National Toxicology Program	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	I.A.R.C. Monographs Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit	ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	Other Exposure Limit Used	
OSHA Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Emergency and First Aid Procedures			
1. Inhalation		Remove to Fresh air	
2. Eyes		Flush with water for 15 minutes and get medical attention.	
3. Skin		Wash with soap and water	
4. Ingestion		Consult a Physician	

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED	
Shovel into containers for reuse or disposal. Scrub area with detergent	
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD	
Incineration or landfill in accordance with Federal, State and Local regulations.	

SECTION VII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (Specify type)		Not required	
VENTILATION	LOCAL EXHAUST	N/A	SPECIAL N/A
	MECHANICAL (General)	N/A	OTHER N/A
PROTECTIVE GLOVES wear for prolonged contact		EYE PROTECTION Goggles	
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT		N/A	

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

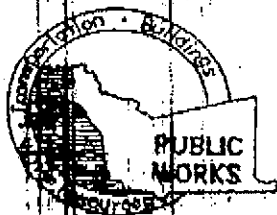
PRECAUTION TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING	
Store indoors - Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.	
OTHER PRECAUTIONS	
Empty container may contain explosive vapors. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Do not cut, puncture or weld on or near this container.	

Prepared by T. Fickert Title Technical Director
 Signature T. Fickert Date 12/22/88

Crystal
 INC.
Crystalline Products Laboratory, Inc.
 601 South St., Camden, NJ 08102
 Telephone: 609-291-8670 - Telex: 210-210-2101

APPENDIX C

Drilling Permit



ALAMEDA COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY

WATER RESOURCES SECTION

951 TURNER COURT, SUITE 300, HAYWARD, CA 94545-2651
PHONE (510) 670-5375 ANDREAS GODFREY FAX (510) 670-5262
(510) 670-5248 ALVIN KAN

DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATION

FOR APPLICANT TO COMPLETE

FOR OFFICE USE

LOCATION OF PROJECT
1490 65th Street
Oakland 94608

PERMIT NUMBER 98 WR 149
WELL NUMBER _____
APN _____

California Coordinates Source _____ ft. Accuracy ± _____ ft.
CON _____ ft. CCE _____ ft.
PIN _____

PERMIT CONDITIONS

Circled Permit Requirements Apply

CLIENT
Name OLIVER RUBBER COMPANY
Address 1490 65th Street Phone 654-7716
City Oakland Zip 94608

A GENERAL

1. A permit application should be submitted so as to arrive at the ACPWA office five days prior to proposed starting date.
2. Submit to ACPWA within 60 days after completion of permitted work the original Department of Water Resources Water Well Drillers Report or equivalent for well projects, or drilling logs and location sketch for geotechnical projects.
3. Permit is void if project not begun within 90 days of approval date.

APPLICANT
Name Alan Swinson Engineers
Address 1490 65th Street Phone (925) 832-4853
City San Ramon, CA Zip 94583

B. WATER SUPPLY WELLS

1. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of cement grout placed by tremie.
2. Minimum seal depth is 50 feet for municipal and industrial wells or 20 feet for domestic and irrigation wells unless a lesser depth is specially approved.

TYPE OF PROJECT
Well Construction Geotechnical Investigation
Cathodic Protection General
Water Supply Contamination
Monitoring Well Destruction

C. GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS INCLUDING PIEZOMETERS

1. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of cement grout placed by tremie.
2. Minimum seal depth for monitoring wells is the maximum depth practicable or 20 feet.

PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY WELL USE
New Domestic Replacement Domestic
Municipal Irrigation
Industrial Other _____

D. GEOTECHNICAL

Backfill bore hole with compacted cuttings or heavy bentonite and upper two feet with compacted material. [In areas of known or suspected contamination, tremied cement grout shall be used in place of compacted cuttings.]

DRILLING METHOD:
Mud Rotary Air Rotary Auger
Cable Other Geoprobe

E. CATHODIC

Fill hole above anode zone with concrete placed by tremie

DRILLER'S LICENSE NO. C-57 482390

F. WELL DESTRUCTION

See attached.

WELL PROJECTS
Drill Hole Diameter _____ in. Maximum _____
Casing Diameter _____ in. Depth 15 ft.
Surface Seal Depth _____ ft. Number 12

G. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

GEOTECHNICAL PROJECTS
Number of Borings 12 Maximum _____
Hole Diameter 2 in. Depth 15 ft.

ESTIMATED STARTING DATE 4-8-98
ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE 4-8-98

APPROVED

DATE 4/6/98

I hereby agree to comply with all requirements of this permit and Alameda County Ordinance No. 73-68.

APPLICANT'S SIGNATURE Robert C. Kistner DATE 3-31-98

APPENDIX D

Boring Logs

SOIL BORING LOG AND COMPLETION DETAILS

Boring BH-1

Project Name: Oliver Rubber

Project Location: 1200 65th Street, Oakland, CA

Page 1 of 1

Driller: Kvilhaug Well Drilling

Type of Rig: Geoprobe

Size of Drill: 2.0" Diameter Direct Push

Logged By: Charlie Rous

Date Drilled: April 8, 1998

Checked By: Robert E. Kitay, R.G. *RK*

WATER AND WELL DATA

Total Depth of Well Completed: NA

Depth of Water First Encountered: 4'


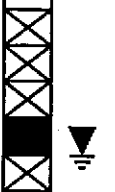

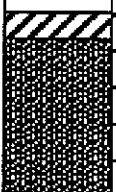
Well Screen Type and Diameter: NA

Static Depth of Water in Boring: 4'

Well Screen Slot Size: NA

Total Depth of Boring: 5.0'

Type and Size of Soil Sampler: 2.0" I.D. Macrocore Sampler

Depth in Feet	BORING DETAIL	Description	SOIL/ROCK SAMPLE DATA				Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION OF LITHOLOGY
			Interval	Water Level	OMV (ppmv)	Graphic Log		standard classification, texture, relative moisture, density, stiffness, odor-staining, USCS designation.
0	 ← Class "H" Portland Cement	 Water Level		0		0	Concrete	
5						Clayey SILT (ML); black; soft; damp; 60-70% silt; 25-35% clay; 5% medium sand; low plasticity; low estimated K; no odor @3'; as above; greenish gray; moist; no odor		
10							End of boring at 5.0'	
15								
20								
25								
30								

SOIL BORING LOG AND COMPLETION DETAILS

Boring BH-2

Project Name: Oliver Rubber

Project Location: 1200 65th Street, Oakland, CA

Page 1 of 1

Driller: Kvilhaug Well Drilling

Type of Rig: Geoprobe

Size of Drill: 2.0" Diameter Direct Push

Logged By: Charlie Rous

Date Drilled: April 8, 1998

Checked By: Robert E. Kitay, R.G. *RK*

WATER AND WELL DATA

Total Depth of Well Completed: NA

Depth of Water First Encountered: 4'





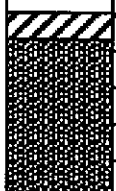
Well Screen Type and Diameter: NA

Static Depth of Water in Boring: 4'

Well Screen Slot Size: NA

Total Depth of Boring: 5.0'



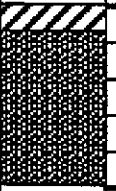
Type and Size of Soil Sampler: 2.0" I.D. Macrocore Sampler

Depth in Feet	BORING DETAIL	Description	SOIL/ROCK SAMPLE DATA				Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION OF LITHOLOGY
			Interval	Water Level	OMV (ppmv)	Graphic Log		
0	 ← Class "H" Portland Cement	 4'			0		0	Concrete
5							Clayey SILT (ML); yellowish brown with dark brown and black; soft; moist; 50-60% silt; 30-40% clay; 10-20% medium to coarse sand; low plasticity; low estimated K; no odor	
10							End of boring at 5.0'	
15								
20								
25								
30								

SOIL BORING LOG AND COMPLETION DETAILS Boring BH-3

Project Name: Oliver Rubber	Project Location: 1200 65th Street, Oakland, CA	Page 1 of 1
Driller: Kvilhaug Well Drilling	Type of Rig: Geoprobe	Size of Drill: 2.0" Diameter Direct Push
Logged By: Charlie Rous	Date Drilled: April 8, 1998	Checked By: Robert E. Kitay, R.G. <i>RK</i>

WATER AND WELL DATA	Total Depth of Well Completed: NA
Depth of Water First Encountered: 4'	Well Screen Type and Diameter: NA
Static Depth of Water in Boring: 4'	Well Screen Slot Size: NA
Total Depth of Boring: 5.0'	Type and Size of Soil Sampler: 2.0" I.D. Macrocore Sampler

Depth in Feet	BORING DETAIL	Description	SOIL/ROCK SAMPLE DATA				Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION OF LITHOLOGY
			Interval	Water Level	OVM (ppmv)	Graphic Log		standard classification, texture, relative moisture, density, stiffness, odor-staining, USCS designation.
0	 ← Class "H" Portland Cement	 4'	0		0	0	Concrete	
5						5	End of boring at 5.0'	
10						10		
15						15		
20						20		
25						25		
30						30		

SOIL BORING LOG AND COMPLETION DETAILS

Boring BH-4

Project Name: Oliver Rubber

Project Location: 1200 65th Street, Oakland, CA

Page 1 of 1

Driller: Kvilhaug Well Drilling

Type of Rig: Geoprobe

Size of Drill: 2.0" Diameter Direct Push

Logged By: Charlie Rous

Date Drilled: April 8, 1998

Checked By: Robert E. Kitay, R.G. *RK*

WATER AND WELL DATA

Total Depth of Well Completed: NA

Depth of Water First Encountered: 4'




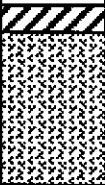

Well Screen Type and Diameter: NA

Static Depth of Water in Boring: 4'

Well Screen Slot Size: NA

Total Depth of Boring: 5.0'

Type and Size of Soil Sampler: 2.0" I.D. Macrocore Sampler

Depth in Feet	BORING DETAIL	Description	SOIL/ROCK SAMPLE DATA				Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION OF LITHOLOGY
			Interval	Water Level	OVM (ppmv)	Graphic Log		
0		Class "H" Portland Cement			0		0	Concrete
5							5	Silty SAND (SM); yellowish brown with olive, gray, and pale yellow; loose; moist; 60-70% medium to coarse sand; 20-30% silt; 10% angular pebbles; non-plastic; medium estimated K; no odor
10							End of boring at 5.0'	
15								
20								
25								
30								

SOIL BORING LOG AND COMPLETION DETAILS

Boring BH-5

Project Name: Oliver Rubber

Project Location: 1200 65th Street, Oakland, CA

Page 1 of 1

Driller: Kvilhaug Well Drilling

Type of Rig: Geoprobe

Size of Drill: 2.0" Diameter Direct Push

Logged By: Charlie Rous

Date Drilled: April 8, 1998

Checked By: Robert E. Kitay, R.G. *RK*

WATER AND WELL DATA

Total Depth of Well Completed: NA

Depth of Water First Encountered: 4'


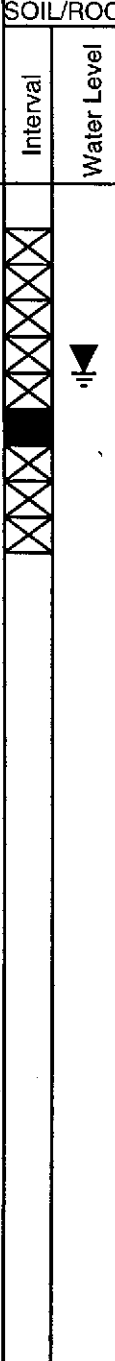


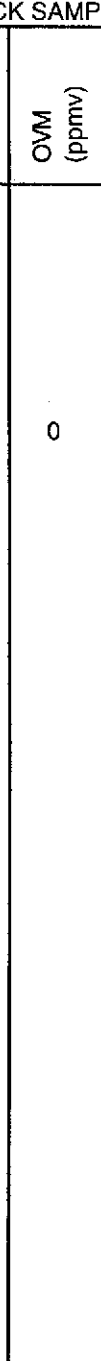
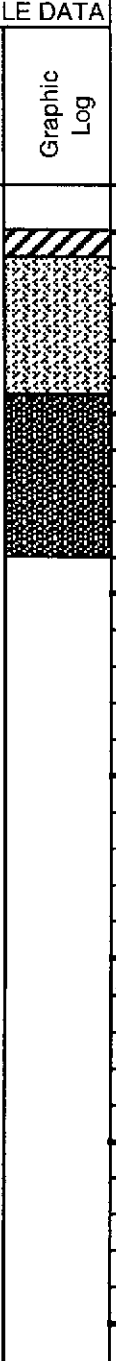
Well Screen Type and Diameter: NA

Static Depth of Water in Boring: 4'

Well Screen Slot Size: NA

Total Depth of Boring: 9.0'

Type and Size of Soil Sampler: 2.0" I.D. Macrocore Sampler

Depth in Feet	BORING DETAIL	Description	SOIL/ROCK SAMPLE DATA				Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION OF LITHOLOGY	
			Interval	Water Level	OM (ppmv)	Graphic Log		standard classification, texture, relative moisture, density, stiffness, odor-staining, USCS designation.	
0	 Class "H" Portland Cement	 Water Level	 Interval	 Water Level	 OVM (ppmv)	 Graphic Log	0	Concrete	
5							Silty SAND (SM); yellowish brown with olive, gray, and pale yellow; loose; moist; 60-70% medium to coarse sand; 20-30% silt; 10% angular pebbles; non-plastic; medium estimated K; no odor		
5							Clayey SILT (ML); dark greenish gray to black; stiff; moist; 50-60% silt; 30-40% clay; 10% coarse sand and angular pebbles; low plasticity; low estimated K; no odor		
10							End of boring at 9.0'		
15									
20									
25									
30									

SOIL BORING LOG AND COMPLETION DETAILS

Boring BH-6

Project Name: Oliver Rubber

Project Location: 1200 65th Street, Oakland, CA

Page 1 of 1

Driller: Kvilhaug Well Drilling

Type of Rig: Geoprobe

Size of Drill: 2.0" Diameter Direct Push

Logged By: Charlie Rous

Date Drilled: April 8, 1998

Checked By: Robert E. Kitay, R.G. ^{RL}

WATER AND WELL DATA

Total Depth of Well Completed: NA

Depth of Water First Encountered: 4'




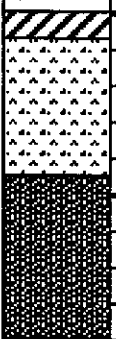
Well Screen Type and Diameter: NA

Static Depth of Water in Boring: 4'

Well Screen Slot Size: NA

Total Depth of Boring: 9.0'

Type and Size of Soil Sampler: 2.0" I.D. Macrocore Sampler

Depth in Feet	BORING DETAIL	Description	SOIL/ROCK SAMPLE DATA				Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION OF LITHOLOGY
			Interval	Water Level	OMV (ppmv)	Graphic Log		
0	 <p>Class "H" Portland Cement</p>			0		0	Concrete	
5						5	Clayey SILT (ML); dark greenish gray; soft; moist; 60-70% silt; 30-40% clay; low plasticity; low estimated K; no odor	
10						10	End of boring at 9.0'	
15						15		
20						20		
25						25		
30						30		

SOIL BORING LOG AND COMPLETION DETAILS

Boring BH-7

Project Name: Oliver Rubber

Project Location: 1200 65th Street, Oakland, CA

Page 1 of 1

Driller: Kvilhaug Well Drilling

Type of Rig: Geoprobe

Size of Drill: 2.0" Diameter Direct Push

Logged By: Charlie Rous

Date Drilled: April 8, 1998

Checked By: Robert E. Kitay, R.G. *R.E.K.*

WATER AND WELL DATA

Total Depth of Well Completed: NA

Depth of Water First Encountered: 4'




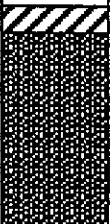


Well Screen Type and Diameter: NA

Static Depth of Water in Boring: 4'

Well Screen Slot Size: NA

Total Depth of Boring: 6.0'

Type and Size of Soil Sampler: 2.0" I.D. Macrocore Sampler

Depth in Feet	BORING DETAIL	Description	SOIL/ROCK SAMPLE DATA				Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION OF LITHOLOGY
			Interval	Water Level	OVM (ppmv)	Graphic Log		standard classification, texture, relative moisture, density, stiffness, odor-staining, USCS designation.
0		Class "H" Portland Cement			0		0	Concrete
5							5	Clayey SILT (ML); dark yellowish brown; soft; moist; 50-60% silt; 20-30% clay; 10% medium sand; 10% angular gravel; low plasticity; low estimated K; no odor
10							10	Refusal at 6.0'
15							15	
20							20	
25							25	
30							30	

SOIL BORING LOG AND COMPLETION DETAILS

Boring BH-8

Project Name: Oliver Rubber

Project Location: 1200 65th Street, Oakland, CA

Page 1 of 1

Driller: Kvilhaug Well Drilling

Type of Rig: Geoprobe

Size of Drill: 2.0" Diameter Direct Push

Logged By: Charlie Rous

Date Drilled: April 8, 1998

Checked By: Robert E. Kitay, R.G. *RE*

WATER AND WELL DATA

Total Depth of Well Completed: NA

Depth of Water First Encountered: 4'






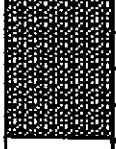
Well Screen Type and Diameter: NA

Static Depth of Water in Boring: 4'

Well Screen Slot Size: NA

Total Depth of Boring: 5.0'

Type and Size of Soil Sampler: 2.0" I.D. Macrocore Sampler

Depth in Feet	BORING DETAIL	Description	SOIL/ROCK SAMPLE DATA				Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION OF LITHOLOGY
			Interval	Water Level	OVM (ppmv)	Graphic Log		standard classification, texture, relative moisture, density, stiffness, odor-staining, USCS designation.
0		Class "H" Portland Cement			0		0	Concrete
5							5	Clayey SILT (ML); black; soft; damp; 50-60% silt; 30% clay; 10-20% angular pebbles; low plasticity; low estimated K; no odor
10							10	End of boring at 5.0'
15							15	
20							20	
25							25	
30							30	

SOIL BORING LOG AND COMPLETION DETAILS

Boring BH-9

Project Name: Oliver Rubber

Project Location: 1200 65th Street, Oakland, CA

Page 1 of 1

Driller: Kvilhaug Well Drilling

Type of Rig: Geoprobe

Size of Drill: 2.0" Diameter Direct Push

Logged By: Charlie Rous

Date Drilled: April 8, 1998

Checked By: Robert E. Kitay, R.G. *RK*

WATER AND WELL DATA

Depth of Water First Encountered: 4'

Total Depth of Well Completed: NA



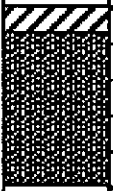
Well Screen Type and Diameter: NA

Static Depth of Water in Boring: 4'

Well Screen Slot Size: NA

Total Depth of Boring: 5.0'

Type and Size of Soil Sampler: 2.0" I.D. Macrocore Sampler

Depth in Feet	BORING DETAIL	Description	SOIL/ROCK SAMPLE DATA				Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION OF LITHOLOGY
			Interval	Water Level	OVM (ppmv)	Graphic Log		
0		Class "H" Portland Cement	0-4'		0		0	Concrete
5			5				Clayey SILT (ML); black; soft; damp; 60-70% silt; 30-40% clay; moderate plasticity; low estimated K; no odor @2.5'; as above; dark greenish gray; no odor	
10							End of boring at 5.0'	
15								
20								
25								
30								

SOIL BORING LOG AND COMPLETION DETAILS

Boring BH-10

Project Name: Oliver Rubber

Project Location: 1200 65th Street, Oakland, CA

Page 1 of 1

Driller: Kvilhaug Well Drilling

Type of Rig: Geoprobe

Size of Drill: 2.0" Diameter Direct Push

Logged By: Charlie Rous

Date Drilled: April 8, 1998

Checked By: Robert E. Kitay, R.G. *RK*

WATER AND WELL DATA

Depth of Water First Encountered: 4'

Total Depth of Well Completed: NA

Well Screen Type and Diameter: NA

Static Depth of Water in Boring: 4'

Well Screen Slot Size: NA

Total Depth of Boring: 5.0'

Type and Size of Soil Sampler: 2.0" I.D. Macrocore Sampler

Depth in Feet	BORING DETAIL	Description	SOIL/ROCK SAMPLE DATA				Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION OF LITHOLOGY
			Interval	Water Level	OMV (ppmv)	Graphic Log		
0		Class "H" Portland Cement					0	Concrete
5							5	Clayey SILT (ML); black; soft; damp; 50-60% silt; 20-30% clay; 20% coarse sand to angular pebbles; low plasticity; low estimated K; no odor @2.5'; as above; dark greenish gray; no odor
10						10	End of boring at 5.0'	
15						15		
20						20		
25						25		
30						30		

SOIL BORING LOG AND COMPLETION DETAILS

Boring BH-11

Project Name: Oliver Rubber

Project Location: 1200 65th Street, Oakland, CA

Page 1 of 1

Driller: Kvilhaug Well Drilling

Type of Rig: Geoprobe

Size of Drill: 2.0" Diameter Direct Push

Logged By: Charlie Rous

Date Drilled: April 8, 1998

Checked By: Robert E. Kitay, R.G. *RK*

WATER AND WELL DATA

Depth of Water First Encountered: 4'

Total Depth of Well Completed: NA




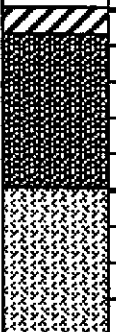
Well Screen Type and Diameter: NA

Static Depth of Water in Boring: 4'

Well Screen Slot Size: NA

Total Depth of Boring: 9.0'

Type and Size of Soil Sampler: 2.0" I.D. Macrocore Sampler

Depth in Feet	BORING DETAIL	Description	SOIL/ROCK SAMPLE DATA				Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION OF LITHOLOGY
			Interval	Water Level	OVM (ppmv)	Graphic Log		
0		Class "H" Portland Cement			7		0	Concrete
5							Clayey SILT (ML); black; soft; damp; 60-70% silt; 20-30% clay; 10% medium sand; low plasticity; low estimated K; no odor wet at 4'	
5							RAFFEX nodules and pockets below water table	
5							Silty SAND (SW); dark grey to black; dense; wet; 50% medium to coarse sand; 20% fine sand; 20% silt; 10% angular gravel; non-plastic; medium estimated K; faint RAFFEX odor	
10							End of boring at 9.0'	
15								
20								
25								
30								

SOIL BORING LOG AND COMPLETION DETAILS

Boring BH-12

Project Name: Oliver Rubber

Project Location: 1200 65th Street, Oakland, CA

Page 1 of 1

Driller: Kvilhaug Well Drilling

Type of Rig: Geoprobe

Size of Drill: 2.0" Diameter Direct Push

Logged By: Charlie Rous

Date Drilled: April 8, 1998

Checked By: Robert E. Kitay, R.G. *RR*

WATER AND WELL DATA

Depth of Water First Encountered: 5.7'

Total Depth of Well Completed: NA




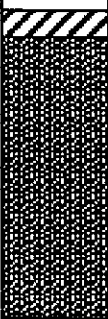
Well Screen Type and Diameter: NA

Static Depth of Water in Boring: 5.3'

Well Screen Slot Size: NA

Total Depth of Boring: 8.5'

Type and Size of Soil Sampler: 2.0" I.D. Macrocore Sampler

Depth in Feet	BORING DETAIL	Description	SOIL/ROCK SAMPLE DATA				Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION OF LITHOLOGY
			Interval	Water Level	OMV (ppmv)	Graphic Log		
0	 <p>Class "H" Portland Cement</p>			0		0	Asphalt	
5						<p>Clayey SILT (ML); black; stiff; damp to moist; 50-60% silt; 30-40% clay; 10% medium to coarse sand; low plasticity; low estimated K; no odor</p> <p>@ 6'; as above; wet; 40-50% silt; 30-40% clay; 20% angular pebbles; low plasticity; low estimated K; faint odor</p>		
10						10	End of boring at 8.5'	
15						15		
20						20		
25						25		
30						30		

APPENDIX E

Certified Analytical Report
and
Chain of Custody Documentation

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

March 12, 1998

Submission #: 9803134

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Dave Allen

Project: OLIVER
Received: March 11, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: TRENCH-C

Spl#: 174625
Sampled: March 11, 1998


Matrix: SOIL
Run#: 11576

Extracted: March 11, 1998
Analyzed: March 11, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (mg/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (mg/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (mg/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
RAFFEX	9.6	1.0	N.D.	102	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.


Bruce Havlik
Chemist


Carolyn House
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

March 12, 1998

Submission #: 9803134

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Dave Allen

Project: OLIVER
Received: March 11, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: TRENCH-B

Spl#: 174624

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: March 11, 1998


Sampled: March 11, 1998

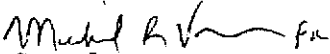
Run#:11576

Analyzed: March 11, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (mg/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (mg/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (mg/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
RAFFEX	35	2.0	N.D.	102	2

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.


Bruce Havlik
Chemist


Carolyn House
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

March 12, 1998

Submission #: 9803134

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Dave Allen

Project: OLIVER
Received: March 11, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: TRENCH-A

Spl#: 174623

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: March 11, 1998


Sampled: March 11, 1998

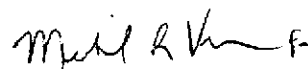
Run#:11576

Analyzed: March 11, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (mg/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (mg/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (mg/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
RAFFEX	3.8	1.0	N.D.	102	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.


Bruce Havlik
Chemist


Carolyn House
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

February 12, 1998

Submission #: 9802149

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER RUBBER
Received: February 10, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: 3 samples for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

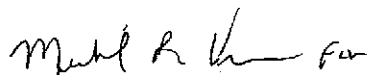
Sampled: February 10, 1998 Matrix: WATER Run#: 11122
Extracted: February 11, 1998
Analyzed: February 11, 1998

Spl#	CLIENT SPL ID	Kerosene (ug/L)	Raffex (ug/L)	Motor Oil (ug/L)
170250	GRAB-A	N.D.	8000	N.D.
Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.				
170251	GRAB-B	N.D.	28000	N.D.
Note: Quantitation base upon a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.				

Sampled: February 10, 1998 Matrix: SOIL Run#: 11126
Extracted: February 11, 1998
Analyzed: February 11, 1998

Spl#	CLIENT SPL ID	Kerosene (ug/L)	Raffex (mg/Kg)	Motor Oil (mg/Kg)
170252	GRAB-A@3.5'	N.D.	380	N.D.
Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.				

Reporting Limits	1.0	1.0	50
Blank Result	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
Blank Spike Result (%)	--	99.8	--


Bruce Havlik
Chemist


Carolyn House
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER

Project#: 3231

Received: April 9, 1998

re: One sample for Volatile Organics by GC/MS analysis.

Method: 8010 Compounds by Method 8260A Sept 1994

Client Sample ID: BH-1@ 3'

Spl#: 180006


Matrix: SOIL

Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12189

Analyzed: April 14, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (ug/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	95.1	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYLEETHER	N.D.	50	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	106	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (CIS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TRANS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	102	1
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1


June Zhao
Chemist


Michael Verona
Operations Manager

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER

Project#: 3231

Received: April 9, 1998

re: One sample for Volatile Organics by GC/MS analysis.

Method: 8010 Compounds by Method 8260A Sept 1994

Client Sample ID: BH-2@ 2.5'

Spl#: 180007


Matrix: SOIL

Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12189

Analyzed: April 14, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (ug/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	95.1	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYLETHER	N.D.	50	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	106	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (CIS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TRANS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	102	1
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1


June Zhao
Chemist


Michael Verona
Operations Manager

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER

Project#: 3231

Received: April 9, 1998

re: One sample for Volatile Organics by GC/MS analysis.

Method: 8010 Compounds by Method 8260A Sept 1994

Client Sample ID: BH-3@ 3'

Spl#: 180008

Matrix: SOIL

Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12189

Analyzed: April 14, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (ug/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	95.1	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYLETHER	N.D.	50	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,3-DICHLOROENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,4-DICHLOROENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	106	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (CIS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TRANS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	102	1
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1

June Zhao
Chemist

Michael Verona
Operations Manager

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER

Project#: 3231

Received: April 9, 1998

re: One sample for Volatile Organics by GC/MS analysis.

Method: 8010 Compounds by Method 8260A Sept 1994

Client Sample ID: BH-4@ 2'

Spl#: 180009


Matrix: SOIL


Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12189

Analyzed: April 14, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (ug/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	95.1	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYLETHER	N.D.	50	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	106	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (CIS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TRANS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	102	1
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1


June Zhao
Chemist


Michael Verona
Operations Manager

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER

Project#: 3231

Received: April 9, 1998

re: One sample for Volatile Organics by GC/MS analysis.

Method: 8010 Compounds by Method 8260A Sept 1994

Client Sample ID: BH-5@ 5'

Spl#: 180010


Matrix: SOIL

Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12196

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (ug/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	94.7	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYLETHER	N.D.	50	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	105	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (CIS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TRANS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	103	1
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1


June Zhao
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Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER

Project#: 3231

Received: April 9, 1998

re: One sample for Volatile Organics by GC/MS analysis.

Method: 8010 Compounds by Method 8260A Sept 1994

Client Sample ID: BH-7@ 5.5'

Spl#: 180011

Matrix: SOIL

Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12196

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (ug/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
BROMOMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYLETHER	N.D.	50	N.D.	--	
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	105	
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (CIS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TRANS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	103	
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	

June Zhao
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April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER

Project#: 3231

Received: April 9, 1998

re: One sample for Volatile Organics by GC/MS analysis.

Method: 8010 Compounds by Method 8260A Sept 1994

Client Sample ID: BH-6@ 6'

Spl#: 180012

Matrix: SOIL

Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12196

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (ug/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	94.7	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYLETHER	N.D.	50	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	105	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (CIS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TRANS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	103	1
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1

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April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER

Project#: 3231

Received: April 9, 1998

re: One sample for Volatile Organics by GC/MS analysis.

Method: 8010 Compounds by Method 8260A Sept 1994

Client Sample ID: BH-8@ 4'

Spl#: 180013


Matrix: SOIL


Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12196

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (ug/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	94.7	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYLETHER	N.D.	50	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	105	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (CIS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TRANS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	103	1
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1


June Zhao
Chemist


Michael Verona
Operations Manager

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER

Project#: 3231

Received: April 9, 1998

re: One sample for Volatile Organics by GC/MS analysis.

Method: 8010 Compounds by Method 8260A Sept 1994

Client Sample ID: BH-9@ 4'

Spl#: 180014

Matrix: SOIL

Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12196

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (ug/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	94.7	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYLETHER	N.D.	50	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	105	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (CIS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TRANS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	103	1
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROFUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1

June Zhao
Chemist

Michael Verona
Operations Manager

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER

Project#: 3231

Received: April 9, 1998

re: One sample for Volatile Organics by GC/MS analysis.

Method: 8010 Compounds by Method 8260A Sept 1994

Client Sample ID: BH-10@ 3'

Spl#: 180015


Matrix: SOIL

Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12196

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (ug/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	94.7	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYLETHER	N.D.	50	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	105	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (CIS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TRANS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	103	1
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1


June Zhao
Chemist


Michael Verona
Operations Manager

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER

Project#: 3231

Received: April 9, 1998

re: One sample for Volatile Organics by GC/MS analysis.

Method: 8010 Compounds by Method 8260A Sept 1994

Client Sample ID: BH-11@ 6'

Spl#: 180016

Matrix: SOIL


Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12196

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (ug/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	94.7	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYLETHER	N.D.	50	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	105	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (CIS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TRANS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	103	1
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1

Note: Surrogate Recoveries demonstrate Matrix interference.


June Zhao
Chemist


Michael Verona
Operations Manager

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER

Project#: 3231

Received: April 9, 1998

re: One sample for Volatile Organics by GC/MS analysis.

Method: 8010 Compounds by Method 8260A Sept 1994

Client Sample ID: BR-12@ 5.5

Spl#: 180017

Matrix: SOIL

Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12196

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (ug/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
BROMOMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	94.7	1
CHLOROETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYLETHER	N.D.	50	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROFORM	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	10	N.D.	--	1
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,3-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,4-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	105	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (CIS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TRANS)	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TETRACHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROETHENE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	103	1
VINYL CHLORIDE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROFLUOROETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	N.D.	5.0	N.D.	--	1

June Zhao
Chemist

Michael Verona
Operations Manager

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEDI analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-1@ 3'

Spl#: 180006

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: April 14, 1998

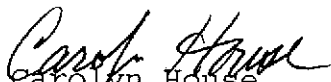
Sampled: April 8, 1998

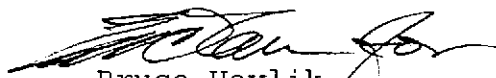
Run#:12163

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

<u>ANALYTE</u>	<u>RESULT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>REPORTING</u> <u>LIMIT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>BLANK</u> <u>RESULT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>BLANK</u> <u>SPIKE</u> (%)	<u>DILUTION</u> <u>FACTOR</u>
RAFFEX	10	1.0	N.D.	100	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample match the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-2@ 2.5'

Spl#: 180007

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: April 14, 1998

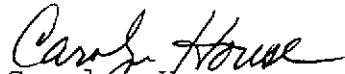
Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#:12163

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (mg/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (mg/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (mg/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
RAFFEX	6.4	1.0	N.D.	100	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEDI analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-3@ 3'

Spl#: 180008

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: April 14, 1998


Sampled: April 8, 1998


Run#:12163

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

<u>ANALYTE</u>	<u>RESULT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>REPORTING</u> <u>LIMIT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>BLANK</u> <u>RESULT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>BLANK</u> <u>SPIKE</u> (%)	<u>DILUTION</u> <u>FACTOR</u>
RAFFEX	3.1	1.0	N.D.	100	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-4@ 2'

Spl#: 180009

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: April 14, 1998

Sampled: April 8, 1998

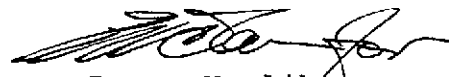
Run#:12163

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

<u>ANALYTE</u>	<u>RESULT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>REPORTING</u> <u>LIMIT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>BLANK</u> <u>RESULT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>BLANK</u> <u>SPIKE</u> (%)	<u>DILUTION</u> <u>FACTOR</u>
RAFFEX	40	1.0	N.D.	100	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-5@ 5'

Spl#: 180010

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: April 15, 1998

Sampled: April 8, 1998

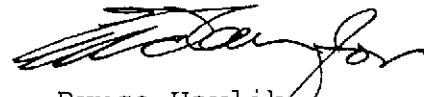
Run#:12202

Analyzed: April 16, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (mg/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (mg/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (mg/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
RAFFEX	36	1.0	N.D.	103	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in the sample match the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-7@ 5.5'

Spl#: 180011

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: April 15, 1998

Sampled: April 8, 1998

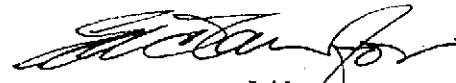
Run#:12202

Analyzed: April 16, 1998

<u>ANALYTE</u>	<u>RESULT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>REPORTING</u> <u>LIMIT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>BLANK</u> <u>RESULT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>BLANK</u> <u>SPIKE</u> (%)	<u>DILUTION</u> <u>FACTOR</u>
RAFFEX	4.7	1.0	N.D.	103	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-6@ 6'

Spl#: 180012

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: April 15, 1998

Sampled: April 8, 1998


Run#:12202

Analyzed: April 16, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (mg/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (mg/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (mg/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
RAFFEX	10	1.0	N.D.	103	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in the sample matched the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-8@ 4'

Spl#: 180013

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: April 15, 1998

Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#:12202

Analyzed: April 16, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (mg/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (mg/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (mg/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
RAFFEX	14	1.0	N.D.	103	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern matched the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-9@ 4'

Spl#: 180014

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: April 15, 1998

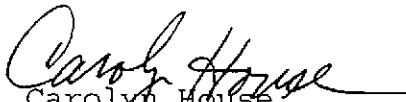
Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#:12202

Analyzed: April 16, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (mg/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (mg/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (mg/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
RAFFEX	5.1	1.0	N.D.	103	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern matched the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-10@ 3'

Spl#: 180015

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: April 14, 1998


Sampled: April 8, 1998


Run#:12163

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

<u>ANALYTE</u>	<u>RESULT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>REPORTING</u> <u>LIMIT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>BLANK</u> <u>RESULT</u> (mg/Kg)	<u>BLANK</u> <u>SPIKE</u> (%)	<u>DILUTION</u> <u>FACTOR</u>
RAFFEX	7.5	1.0	N.D.	100	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-11@ 6'

Spl#: 180016

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: April 14, 1998

Sampled: April 8, 1998

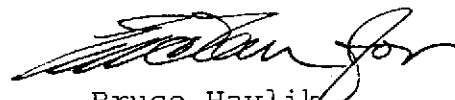
Run#:12163

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (mg/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (mg/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (mg/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
RAFFEX	74	1.0	N.D.	100	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-12@ 5.5'

Spl#: 180017

Matrix: SOIL

Extracted: April 14, 1998


Sampled: April 8, 1998

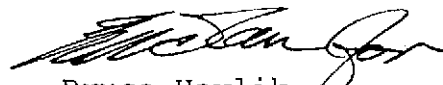
Run#:12163

Analyzed: April 15, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (mg/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (mg/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (mg/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
RAFFEX	20	1.0	N.D.	100	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: 11 samples for Oil and Grease analysis.
Method: 5520 E&F

Sampled: April 8, 1998 Matrix: SOIL Run#: 12230 Extracted: April 16, 1998
Analyzed: April 16, 1998

Spl#	CLIENT SPL ID	OIL & GREASE (mg/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (mg/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (mg/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
180006	BH-1@ 3'	N.D.	50	N.D.	97.8	1
180007	BH-2@ 2.5'	N.D.	50	N.D.	97.8	1
180008	BH-3@ 3'	N.D.	50	N.D.	97.8	1
180009	BH-4@ 2'	N.D.	50	N.D.	97.8	1
180010	BH-5@ 5'	N.D.	50	N.D.	97.8	1
180011	BH-7@ 5.5'	N.D.	50	N.D.	97.8	1
180012	BH-6@ 6'	N.D.	50	N.D.	97.8	1
180013	BH-8@ 4'	260	50	N.D.	97.8	1
180014	BH-9@ 4'	N.D.	50	N.D.	97.8	1
180015	BH-10@ 3'	N.D.	50	N.D.	97.8	1
180016	BH-11@ 6'	N.D.	50	N.D.	97.8	1

for Lulu Frazier
Lulu Frazier
Analyst

Michael Verona
Michael Verona
Operations Manager

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for Miscellaneous Metals analysis.
Method: EPA 3010A/3050A/6010A Nov 1990

Client Sample ID: BH-1@ 3'

Spl#: 180006

Matrix: SOIL


Extracted: April 14, 1998


Sampled: April 8, 1998

Run#: 12172

Analyzed: April 14, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (mg/Kg)	REPORTING LIMIT (mg/Kg)	BLANK RESULT (mg/Kg)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
ZINC	18	1.0	N.D.	105	1


Shafi Barekzai
Chemist


John S. Labash
Inorganics Supervisor

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-11

Spl#: 180018

Sampled: April 8, 1998

Matrix: WATER

Run#: 12149


Extracted: April 13, 1998

Analyzed: April 16, 1998

ANALYTE	RESULT (ug/L)	REPORTING LIMIT (ug/L)	BLANK RESULT (ug/L)	BLANK SPIKE (%)	DILUTION FACTOR
RAFFEX	1200	59	N.D.	61.2	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point RAFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the RAFFEX reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

CHROMALAB, INC.

Environmental Services (SDB)

April 16, 1998

Submission #: 9804168

AQUA SCIENCE ENGINEERS INC

Atten: Charlie Rous

Project: OLIVER
Received: April 9, 1998

Project#: 3231

re: One sample for TEPH analysis.
Method: EPA 8015M

Client Sample ID: BH-12

Spl#: 180019

Matrix: WATER

Extracted: April 13, 1998

Sampled: April 8, 1998


Run#:12149

Analyzed: April 16, 1998

<u>ANALYTE</u>	<u>RESULT</u> (ug/L)	<u>REPORTING</u> <u>LIMIT</u> (ug/L)	<u>BLANK</u> <u>RESULT</u> (ug/L)	<u>BLANK</u> <u>SPIKE</u> (%)	<u>DILUTION</u> <u>FACTOR</u>
RAFFEX	4600	62	N.D.	61.2	1

Note: Quantitation based on a one point REFFEX reference standard. The hydrocarbon pattern in this sample matched the Raffex reference.


Carolyn House
Chemist


Bruce Havlik
Chemist

149/170249-170253

Aqua Science Engineers, Inc.
 2411 Old Crow Canyon Road, #4,
 San Ramon, CA 94583
 (510) 820-9391 - FAX (510) 837-4853

Chain of Custody 30132

DATE 2/10/98 PAGE 1 OF 1

SAMPLERS (SIGNATURE) [Signature] (PHONE NO.) 820 9391 PROJECT NAME OLIVER RUBBER NO. 3231
 ADDRESS 1150 65th Ave., OAKLAND

ANALYSIS REQUEST					TPH- GASOLINE (EPA 5030/8015)	TPH- GASOLINE/BTEX (EPA 5030/8015-8020)	TPH- DIESEL (EPA 3510/8015)	PURGABLE AROMATICS (EPA 602/6020)	PURGABLE HALOCARBONS (EPA 601/8010)	VOLATILE ORGANICS (EPA 624/8240)	BASE/NEUTRALS, ACIDS (EPA 625/6270)	OIL & GREASE (EPA 5520 Ekf or Bgf)	LUFT METALS (S) (EPA 6010-7000)	TITLE 22 (CAM 17) (EPA 6010-7000)	TCLP (EPA 1311/1310)	STLC- CAM WET (EPA 1311/1310)	REACTIVITY CORROSIVITY IGTABILITY	HOLD BOIS TERTH EXTRACTABLES	
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: <u>24 hr TAT Results by Thursday Am</u>	SAMPLE ID.	DATE	TIME	MATRIX															NO. OF SAMPLES
	GRAB-A	2/10/98	11:15	H ₂ O	3	VDA													
	GRAB-A		11:15		3	l													
	GRAB-B		11:45		3	VDA													
	GRAB-B		11:45		3	l													
	GRAB-A @ 3'S	2/10/98	12:00	H ₂ O/S	1														
	GRAB-B @ 3'		12:15		1														
	RAFFEX 120	2/10/98	12:30																

SUBM #: 9802149 REP: PM
 CLIENT: ASE
 DUE: 02/11/98 TO 02/18/98
 REF #: 30132

RUSH

RELINQUISHED BY: <u>[Signature]</u> (signature) (time) <u>17:00</u>	RECEIVED BY: <u>[Signature]</u> (signature) (time)	RELINQUISHED BY: <u>[Signature]</u> (signature) (time)	RECEIVED BY LABORATORY: <u>[Signature]</u> <u>1700</u> (signature) (time)	COMMENTS: <u>24 hr TAT RUN RAFFEX FIRST, THEN RUN OTHER SAMPLES AND COMPARE TO RAFFEX EXTRACTION</u>
Charlie ROUS 2/10/98 (printed name) (date)			Mina Naray 2/16 (printed name) (date)	
Company- ASE	Company-	Company-	Company- CL	

04/16/98 / 180006 - 180019

39247

Aqua Science Engineers, Inc.
 2411 Old Crow Canyon Road, #4,
 San Ramon, CA 94583
 (510) 820-9391 - FAX (510) 837-4853

SUBM #: 9804160 REP: PM
 CLIENT: ASE
 DUE: 04/16/98
 REF #: 39247

study

DATE 4.9.98 PAGE 1 OF 2

SAMPLERS (SIGNATURE)

(PHONE NO.)

PROJECT NAME OLIVER

NO. 3231

[Signature]

820-9391

ADDRESS OAKLAND

ANALYSIS REQUEST

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

SAMPLE ID.	DATE	TIME	MATRIX	NO. OF SAMPLES	TPH-GASOLINE (EPA 5030/8015)	TPH-GASOLINE/BTEX (EPA 5030/8015-8020)	TPH-DIESEL (EPA 3510/8015)	PURGABLE AROMATICS (EPA 602/8020)	PURGABLE HALOCARBONS (EPA 601/8010)	VOLATILE ORGANICS (EPA 624/8240)	BASE/NEUTRALS, ACIDS (EPA 625/8270)	OIL & GREASE (EPA 5520 Ekf or B&F)	LIGHT METALS (5) (EPA 6010-7000)	TITLE 22 (CM 17) (EPA 6010-7000)	TCLP (EPA 1311/1310)	STLC-CM WET (EPA 1311/1310)	REACTIVITY CORROSIVITY IGBTABILITY	TPH-RAFFEX	ZINC
BH-2@2.5'		9:05		1					X			X						X	
BH-3@3'		9:17		1					X			X						X	
BH-4@2'		9:28		1					X			X						X	
BH-5@5'		9:50		1					X			X						X	
BH-7@5.5'		10:31		1					X			X						X	
BH-6@6'		10:10		1					X			X						X	
BH-8@4'		10:50		1					X			X						X	
BH-9@4'		11:00		1					X			X						X	
BH-10@3'		11:25		1					X			X						X	
BH-11@6'		12:35		1					X			X						X	

RELINQUISHED BY:

RECEIVED BY:

RELINQUISHED BY:

RECEIVED BY LABORATORY:

COMMENTS:

[Signature] 13:45
 (signature) (time)

[Signature] 13:45
 (signature) (time)

[Signature] 17:30
 (signature) (time)

[Signature] 17:05
 (signature) (time)

STANDARD
T.A.T.

D. Allen 4/9/98
 (printed name) (date)

[Signature] 4.9.98
 (printed name) (date)

[Signature] 4.9.98
 (printed name) (date)

Chris Pauley 4/9/98
 (printed name) (date)

Company- ASE

Company- *[Signature]*

Company- *[Signature]*

Company- *[Signature]*

5807168

59241

Aqua Science Engineers, Inc.
2411 Old Crow Canyon Road, #4,
San Ramon, CA 94583
(510) 820-9391 - FAX (510) 837-4853

Chain of Custody

DATE 4-7-98 PAGE 2 OF 2

SAMPLERS (SIGNATURE) [Signature] (PHONE NO.) 820-9391 PROJECT NAME OLIVER NO. 3231
ADDRESS OAKLAND

ANALYSIS REQUEST

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

See comments

SAMPLE ID.	DATE	TIME	MATRIX	NO. OF SAMPLES	TPH- GASOLINE (EPA 5030/8015)	TPH- GASOLINE/BTEX (EPA 5030/8015-8020)	TPH- DIESEL (EPA 3510/8015)	PURGABLE AROMATICS (EPA 602/6020)	PURGABLE HALOCARBOINS (EPA 601/6010)	VOLATILE ORGANICS (EPA 624/8240)	BASE/NEUTRALS, ACIDS (EPA 625/6270)	OIL & GREASE (EPA 5520 E&F or B&F)	LEAD METALS (5) (EPA 6010-7000)	TITLE 22 (CAM 17) (EPA 6010-7000)	TCLP (EPA 1311/1310)	STLC- CAM WET (EPA 1311/1310)	REACTIVITY CORROSIONITY IGTABILITY	TPH-RAFFEX
BH-12 ²⁵⁵	4-8	13:25	SOIL	1														X
BH-11	4-8	12:00	Water	2(a,b)														X
BH-12	4-8	13:30	Water	2(a,b)														X

RELINQUISHED BY: <u>[Signature]</u> (signature)	RECEIVED BY: <u>[Signature]</u> (signature)	RELINQUISHED BY: <u>[Signature]</u> (signature)	RECEIVED BY LABORATORY: <u>[Signature]</u> (signature)	COMMENTS: Analyze the liters marked "A" for TPH-RAFFEX.
<u>D. Allen</u> (printed name)	<u>[Signature]</u> (printed name)	<u>[Signature]</u> (printed name)	<u>[Signature]</u> (printed name)	
<u>13:45</u> (time)	<u>13:45</u> (time)	<u>17:17</u> (time)	<u>17:05</u> (time)	
<u>4/7/98</u> (date)	<u>4-9-98</u> (date)	<u>4-9-98</u> (date)	<u>4/9/98</u> (date)	
Company- <u>ASE</u>	Company- <u>[Signature]</u>	Company- <u>[Signature]</u>	Company- <u>[Signature]</u>	<u>STANDARD T.A.T</u>