Environmental Health

14 July 2005 Project 4069.01

Ms. Donna Drogos Alameda County Health Care Services Agency 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, 2nd Floor Alameda, CA 94502

Subject: Site Management Plan

5885 Hollis Street Emeryville, California

Dear Ms. Drogos:

On behalf of Wareham Development, Treadwell & Rollo has prepared the enclosed Site Management Plan (SMP) for the proposed development of the 5885 Hollis Street property for your approval. Correspondence in 2000 and 2001 with Susan Hugo of the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency indicated that there were several environmental issues to be addressed prior to redevelopment of the property (under STID#6687). The previous redevelopment plan, by Marks Management, was for commercial use. Marks Management, the current property owner, is no longer planning on implementing their redevelopment plan. Wareham Development intends to purchase the property and demolish the existing buildings and construct a multi-story office building (likely to be laboratory space) with a sub-grade, mechanically-ventilated parking garage at the Site.

The enclosed SMP has been prepared to address concerns raised by the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency in 2001 regarding the Marks Management Development, as well as issues identified during Treadwell & Rollo's 2005 Phase II Environmental Site Assessment conducted during Wareham Development's due diligence period. A copy of the 3 March 2005 Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Report is also included for your review, although the data from the 2005 report is incorporated into the SMP.

Michael P. McGuire, P.E.

Principal Engineer

Please call me at (510) 874-4500 at extension 554 (Glenn) if you have any questions.

Sincerely yours,

TREADWELL & ROLLO, INC.

Glenn M. Leong Senior Scientist

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Geoff Sears, Wareham Development cc: Ignacio Dayrit, City of Emeryville

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SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN 5885 HOLLIS STREET Emeryville, California

Wareham Development San Rafael, California

> 14 July 2005 Project No. 4069.01



Environmental and Geotechnical Consultants

TABLE OF CONTENTS Treadwell&Rollo

1.0	INTRODUCTION		
	1.1	Purpose and Scope	1
	1.2	Project Responsibilities and Points of Contact	2
2.0	SITE BACKGROUND		2
	2.1	Site Location and Characteristics	
	2.2	Site Geology and Hydrogeology	
	2.3	Development Plans	
3.0	HISTORICAL SITE USE AND ENVIRONMENTAL INVESTIGATIONS		3
	3.1	2000 Investigation	5
		3.1.1 Soil Results	5
		3.1.2 Groundwater Results	6
	(3.2)	January 2005 Investigation	
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON OF	3.2.1 Soil Results	
		3.2.2 Groundwater Results	
	3.3	June 2005 Investigation	
		3.3.1 Soil Results	
		3.3.2 Groundwater Results	12
4.0	TIER 1 ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT		
	4.1	Site Setting	
	4.2	Chemicals of Potential Concern	
	4.3	Exposure Assessment	
	4.4	Risk Evaluation Results	17
5.0	SHORT-TERM AND LONG TERM RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES2		20
	5.1	Construction Worker Health and Safety Recommendations	
	5.2	Soil Management Measures	
	5.3	Post-Excavation Confirmation Soil and Groundwater Sampling	
	5.4	Storm Water Pollution Controls	
	5.5	Groundwater Management	
		5.5.1 Construction-Phase Dewatering	
		5.5.2 Groundwater Intrusion Management	
	5.6	Site Encapsulation	
	5.7	Mechanical Ventilation of Parking Garage	
	5.8	Maintenance Requirements	
	5.9	Contingency Plan	
	5.10	Completion Report	29
	5.11	Restrictions on Future Groundwater Use	30
6.0	LIMI	FATIONS	30
TAB]	LES		
FIGU	RES		
APPI	ENDIX .	A – ACHCSA and Treadwell & Rollo Correspondence	
A DDT	NDIY I	R - June 2005 Laboratory Data	

APPENDICES

Appendix A ACHCSA and Treadwell & Rollo

Correspondence

Appendix B June 2005 Investigation Laboratory Data

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1 Summary of Soil Sample Data - Organics
 Table 2 Summary of Soil Sample Data - Metals
 Table 3 Summary of Groundwater Data - Organics

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1 Site Location Map

Figure 2 Site Plan

Figure 3 Sample Locations

Figure 4 Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soil

Figure 5 Conceptual Site Model



SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN 5885 HOLLIS STREET Emeryville, California

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Site Management Plan (SMP) has been prepared by Treadwell & Rollo Inc. (Treadwell & Rollo) on behalf of Wareham Development for use during the redevelopment of the property located at 5885 Hollis Street in Emeryville, California (the Site), as shown on Figures 1 and 2. The SMP is intended to fulfill the redevelopment requirements provided by the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency (ACHCS) to Marks Management Company (the current property owner) in a letter dated 16 January 2001 regarding chemical concentrations in soil and groundwater at the Site. Marks Management previously considered a redevelopment plan at the Site that included construction of a two-story building with an above ground four-level parking structure. Marks Management is no longer pursuing the previously proposed commercial development. Wareham Development intends to purchase the property and demolish the existing buildings and construct a multi-story building with a mechanically ventilated sub-grade parking garage at the Site. The current plan is for the building to include commercial use, including laboratory space, but residential use has not been completely ruled out for the Site.

1.1 Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this SMP is to provide risk management measures to mitigate worker and Site user and neighbor risks associated with the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons and benzene in subsurface soil and groundwater underneath the Site during and after construction. The measures include procedures and protocols for the identification, handling, management, and disposal of hazardous materials encountered in Site soil and groundwater during redevelopment. The procedures and protocols are designed to facilitate compliance with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations regarding hazardous and industrial waste management.



1.2 Project Responsibilities and Points of Contact

Unless otherwise noted in this document, Wareham Development will be responsible for implementation of the procedures and protocols outlined in this document. Wareham may designate construction/excavation responsibilities to an excavation contractor. Primary contact for the Wareham Development will be Mr. Geoff Sears.

2.0 SITE BACKGROUND

The following subsections describe Site location, Site geology and hydrogeology, and development plans.

2.1 Site Location and Characteristics

The Site is approximately 220 feet by 500 feet in plan dimension and is bounded by Hollis Street to the east, 59th Street to the north, Peladeau Street to the west, and a Chevron Service Station and Powell Street to the south (Figure 1). The Site is currently occupied by four buildings: a one-story concrete building that occupies 5805 through 5885 Hollis Street, a one-story concrete building that occupies 5810 through 5890 Peladeau Street, and two one-story metal framed buildings that occupy the remainder of 5805 Hollis Street. The remaining area is asphalt paved parking (Figure 2).

2.2 Site Geology and Hydrogeology

Approximately 3 to 6 inches of asphalt over aggregate base cover the paved portions of the Site. The aggregate base is generally underlain by clays and clayey sands. Fine to course sands have been encountered at shallow intervals up to 3 feet below ground surface (bgs). Clay observed from the surface to 13 feet bgs apparently becomes stiffer (based on visual observations) with increasing depth.

Groundwater was measured at between 9 and 10 feet bgs in boring TR-31 (Figure 3). This approximate groundwater depth may not represent a stabilized level, as the actual groundwater level in a test boring can take from several hours to days to stabilize.

2.3 Development Plans

The development plans for the Site are still being completed at this time, but conceptually include either commercial/laboratory space or multi-family residential constructed over subgrade parking. It is likely that the parking area will occupy much of the Site footprint. With the exception of raised beds for landscaping, no exposed soil is anticipated for the development.

3.0 HISTORICAL SITE USE AND ENVIRONMENTAL INVESTIGATIONS

Previous land use and environmental investigation information was derived from the following documents:

- Weiss Associates, 1995. Environmental Site Assessment, Emeryville Industrial Court.
 March 14.
- Environmental Resolutions, Inc., 2000. Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, Former Unocal Distribution Plant 9926-999, 5885 Hollis Street, Emeryville, California. June 22.
- Treadwell & Rollo, Inc., 2000a. Environmental Site Characterization, 5885
 Hollis Street, Emeryville, California. May 12.
- Treadwell & Rollo, Inc., 2005. Phase II Environmental Site Assessment, 5885
 Hollis Street, Emeryville, California. March 3.

Prior to 1917, the Site and vicinity appeared to be vacant land. Union Oil Company of California occupied the site from 1917 to 1964. Intermountain Terminal Company, an affiliate of Pacific Intermountain Express Company, owned the property from 1964 to 1974. In 1974, the

Marks Management Company purchased the property and the current buildings, with the exception of the portions of the 5805 building, which was constructed in 1985.

Union Oil Company of California reportedly used the property (including the Chevron service station property to the south of the Site) as a distribution facility, which contained many above-and underground petroleum storage tanks, a garage along Hollis Street, and an auto repair shop along Peladeau Street. Along the southeastern portion of the Site, a total of 40,000-gallons of lubricating oil were reportedly stored in aboveground tanks. Figure 2 indicates the approximate locations of some of the tanks and other features of the Union Oil operations.

During the remodeling of one of the buildings in 1985 and more recently during the widening of 59th Street and the replacement of an underground utility in 1999, petroleum hydrocarbons were discovered in the soil with total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel (TPHd) detected at a maximum concentration of 13,000 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) and total petroleum hydrocarbons as motor oil (TPHmo) at 15,000 mg/kg. The excavated soil was reportedly transported and disposed of at a regulated landfill.

In 1990, an unknown 10,000-gallon underground gasoline storage tank was reportedly located and removed from the Site by a tenant (S. B. Thomas). No records were found in regards to the removal of the underground storage tank. However, according to the property owners, soil contamination was noted during the tank removal and the affected soil was disposed at a regulated landfill.

In April 2000, Treadwell & Rollo performed a subsurface investigation for Marks Management Company that included the collection of soil and grab groundwater samples. In January 2005, Treadwell & Rollo performed a subsurface investigation for Wareham Development that included the collection of soil and grab groundwater samples. Figure 3 presents the sampling locations for the 2000 and January and June 2005 investigations. The results of these investigations are summarized below.

3.1 2000 Investigation

The April 2000 investigation included collection of soil samples from 17 exploratory borings and collection of groundwater grab samples from four exploratory borings. The investigation was conducted to provide additional soil and groundwater data for a proposed development at the Site that was to include demolishing the existing buildings and the construction of a two-story office building with a four-level garage.

3.1.1 Soil Results

Results of the soil sample analyses indicated the presence of:

- total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons (TRPH) up to 9,900 mg/kg,
- total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg) up to 160 mg/kg,
- total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel (TPHd) up to 360 mg/kg,
- total petroleum hydrocarbons as motor oil (TPHmo) up to 6,600 mg/kg
- benzo(a)pyrene up to 660 micrograms per kilogram (ug/kg),
- carbon disulfide up to 17 ug/kg,
- total chromium up to 97 mg/kg,
- lead up to 150 mg/kg,
- nickel up to 110 mg/kg; and,
- zinc up to 110 mg/kg.

The maximum concentration of TRPH and TPHmo were each detected in sample TR-1-4.0, which is located near the northeast corner of the Site near 59th Street. The maximum detected concentration of TPHg was detected at TR-12, which is located near the former oil pump area near the southwest corner of the Site. When encountered elsewhere, TRPH, TPHg, and TPHmo were generally at concentrations one order of magnitude lower. The only volatile organic

compound (VOC) detected at or above the laboratory reporting limits in the soil samples analyzed was carbon disulfide in sample TR-18-15 at a concentration of 17 ug/kg. Benzo(a)pyrene, the only semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOC) detected, was found in 5 of the 9 soil samples analyzed in concentrations ranging from 540 to 600 ug/kg. Figure 4 present the TPHg and TPHmo concentrations in soil.

3.1.2 Groundwater Results

Grab groundwater samples collected from four of the soil borings in 2000 indicated the presence of:

- TRPH up to 9,900 ug/L,
- TPHg up to 3,300 ug/L,
- TPHd up to 700 ug/L,
- TPHmo up to 1,400 ug/L

TPHg was detected in the groundwater collected from boring TR-1 and TR-12 at concentrations of 98 and 3,300 ug/L, respectively. TPHd was also detected in groundwater samples from these borings at concentrations of 130 and 700 ug/L, respectively.

TRPH and motor oil were detected in the groundwater samples collected from borings TR-6 and TR-12 at concentrations of 6,600 and 9,900 ug/L, respectively. TPHmo was detected in the groundwater samples collected from borings TR-6 and TR-9 at concentrations of 1,400 and 420 ug/L, respectively. Grab groundwater samples were not analyzed for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene or xylenes in the 2000 investigation.

The results of the 2000 investigation, together with the 1995 Weiss Associates Environmental Site Assessment, were submitted by Marks Management Company to the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency (ACHCSA) for review related to their proposed development of the Site. In a letter dated 23 June 2000, ACHCSA indicated several issues would need to be

6

addressed prior to development of the Site. Treadwell & Rollo submitted a letter dated 8 August 2000 that addressed the identified issues.

In January 2001, a meeting was held between ACHCSA, Marks Management, their architect, the City of Emeryville, and Treadwell & Rollo to discuss changes in the development plan documented in a letter prepared by Treadwell & Rollo dated 8 December 2000. The revision to the plan included excavation of the entire site to a depth of approximately 10 feet bgs. The following issues were identified by ACHCSA to be addressed prior to development of the Site:

- Potential future groundwater intrusion into the basement of the building.
- Evaluate and demonstrate that the proposed construction activities will not create migration of on-site and off-site contamination during construction and after completion of the development.
- Evaluate vapor seepage into the basement/building and identify human health risks to the occupants of the proposed building.
- Provide to ACHCSA site development specifics, including proposed site configuration and excavation depths.
- Development of a human and environmental risk assessment for the proposed use of the Site, including development of a site conceptual model identifying sources of releases, chemicals of potential concern, routes of exposure (including vapor seepage), and sensitive receptors.
- Development of a short-term and long-term risk management plan to address
 construction health and safety, soil and groundwater management, dust control,
 stormwater prevention, institutional controls, and other protocols for handling soil and
 groundwater.
- Collect confirmation samples for chemicals in soil and groundwater.

- Preparation contingency plan for unexpected conditions encountered during construction.
- A report after completion of development that documents soil and/or groundwater disposed off-site and results of confirmation soil and groundwater sampling.

Copies of the ACHCSA and Treadwell & Rollo correspondence are included in Appendix A.

3.2 January 2005 Investigation

The objective of the January 2005 investigation was to further assess whether hazardous substances or petroleum products that affected soil and/or groundwater beneath the site. The information developed in the ESA prepared by Weiss Associates (1995) and the 2000 investigation indicates that activities from the Union Oil Company distribution facility, the Intermountain Terminal Company truck storage area and parts warehouse and a Chevron Service Station located immediately adjacent to the Site to the south have likely affected soil and groundwater at the Site. In addition, the Site is potentially underlain by artificial (imported) fill material, which frequently contains elevated concentrations of lead. Therefore, the 2005 investigation included advancing nine environmental soil borings (TR-19 through TR-22, TR-25, and TR-28 through TR-31 shown on Figure 2), with the collection of soil samples and the collection of grab groundwater samples from four borings. Soil and groundwater samples were selectively analyzed for TPHd, TPHmo, TPHg, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes (BTEX), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and total lead.

Five additional sampling locations were proposed based on previous site operations, but were inaccessible in January 2005 due to lack of Site access.

3.2.1 Soil Results

TPHd was detected in 17 of 18 soil samples analyzed and ranged from less than 1.0 mg/kg in TR-19 (at 6.0 feet bgs) to a maximum of 1,100 mg/kg in TR-31 (at 2.5 feet bgs). All detections of TPHd were reported with one or more laboratory analytical qualifiers including "individual

samples may exhibit a chromatographic pattern which does not resemble the laboratory standard for diesel fuel", "lighter hydrocarbons may have contributed to the analytical concentration", and "heavier hydrocarbons may have contributed to the analytical concentration". TPHmo was detected in 14 of 18 soil samples analyzed and ranged from less than 5.0 mg/kg in several samples to a maximum of 2,700 mg/kg in TR-31 (at 2.5 feet bgs). Several detections of TPHmo were reported with one or more laboratory qualifiers that indicate that lighter or heavier hydrocarbons may have contributed to the analytical concentration.

TPHg was detected in seven of 18 soil samples analyzed and ranged from less than 1.0 mg/kg in several samples to a maximum of 2,100 mg/kg in TR-25 (at 6.0 feet bgs). Several detections of TPHg were reported with a laboratory qualifier indicating the sample exhibits chromatographic pattern which does not resemble the laboratory standard. Figure 4 present the TPHg and TPHmo concentrations in soil.

Total lead was detected in all four soil samples analyzed. Total lead concentrations in the samples ranged from 5.6 mg/kg in TR-28 (at 2.0 feet bgs) to a maximum of 14 mg/kg in TR-25 (at 2.0 feet bgs). No total lead concentrations were greater than ten times the STLC for lead, therefore no soluble lead tests were performed.

PCBs were detected in one soil sample analyzed. Aroclor-1260 was detected in soil sample TR-25 (at 2.0 feet bgs) at a concentration of 11 micrograms per kilogram (ug/kg). This concentration is below the residential surface soil ESL for PCBs of 220 ug/kg.

3.2.2 Groundwater Results

Groundwater was measured in one boring (TR-31) at 9.88 feet bgs, although this was not a stabilized water level measurement. TPHd was detected in three of four groundwater samples analyzed and ranged from 270 ug/L in TR-31 to 640 ug/L in TR-30. All TPHd detections had laboratory qualifiers indicating that both lighter and heavier hydrocarbons contributed to the total analytical concentration. TPHmo was also detected in three of four samples analyzed and ranged

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from 340 ug/L in TR-29 to a maximum of 1,500 ug/L in TR-31. The TPH-MO detection in TR-29 had a laboratory qualifier indicating that lighter hydrocarbons contributed to the total analytical concentration.

TPHg was only detected in TR-25 with a concentration of 150,000 ug/L. This concentration is in excess of the residential groundwater ESL of 500 ug/L, and may suggest the presence of free-phase hydrocarbons in the subsurface. Benzene was also detected in TR-25 at a concentration of 2,500 ug/L. Toluene was detected in three of four samples analyzed and ranged from 0.56 ug/L in TR-29 to a maximum of 0.85 ug/L in TR-30. Ethylbenzene was detected in TR-25 at a concentration of 3,600 ug/L. Xylenes were detected in all four groundwater samples analyzed. In sample TR-25, total xylenes (the sum of the meta, para, and ortho isomers) were detected at a concentration of 1,720 ug/L. In the remaining three samples, m,p-xylenes were detected at concentrations ranging from 0.57 ug/L in TR-31 (GW) to 0.85 ug/L in TR-30 (GW).

3.3 June 2005 Investigation

Site access was granted in June 2005 at sampling at locations along the south end of the Site. Each of these locations are within the existing Site buildings. Because of the elevated concentrations of TPHg and benzene in groundwater detected at TR-25 during the January 2005 investigation, additional sampling in the area was considered necessary to evaluate the extent of benzene and TPHg in groundwater. The June 2005 investigation included soil and groundwater sampling near the TR-23, TR-24, TR-26, and TR-27 locations previously proposed.

The investigation plan included the collection of groundwater samples and soil samples near the groundwater interface from four locations by advancing a borehole to at least two feet below the groundwater surface. Because the sample locations are within existing buildings, the borings were advanced using hand augering equipment. At boring locations TR-26 and TR-27, an obstruction was encountered approximately 4 feet below ground surface. It appears that the obstruction was concrete and may be a second building slab or foundation. Therefore, no

groundwater samples and only shallow soil samples were collected at TR-26 and TR-27. The laboratory data for the June 2005 investigation are included in Appendix B.

3.3.1 Soil Results

TPHd was detected in the 5 soil samples analyzed and ranged from 46 mg/kg in TR-24 (at 4.0 feet bgs) to a maximum of 2,100 mg/kg in TR-26 (at 4.0 feet bgs). All detections of TPHd were reported with one or more laboratory analytical qualifiers including "individual samples may exhibit a chromatographic pattern which does not resemble the laboratory standard for diesel fuel", "lighter hydrocarbons may have contributed to the analytical concentration", and "heavier hydrocarbons may have contributed to the analytical concentration".

TPHg was detected in three of the five soil samples analyzed and ranged from 2.3 mg/kg in TR-23 (at 4.0 feet bgs) to a maximum of 390 mg/kg in TR-23 (at 9.0 feet bgs). Several detections of TPHg were reported with a laboratory qualifier indicating the sample exhibits chromatographic pattern which does not resemble the laboratory standard. Figure 4 includes the TPHg concentrations in soil.

Benzene was detected only in TR-23 at 97 ug/kg at 4 feet bgs and at 200 ug/kg at 9 feet bgs. Other petroleum-related chemicals detected in the soil samples from TR-23 and TR-26 include the following:

- Ethylbenzene up to 600 ug/kg
- m,p-Xylenes up to 190 ug/kg
- o-Xylenes up to 22 ug/kg
- Isopropylbenzene up to 180 ug/kg
- Propylbenzene up to 480 ug/kg

- 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene up to 69 ug/kg
- 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene up to 250 ug/kg
- Sec-Butylbenzene up to 42 ug/kg
- N-Butylbenzene up to 290 ug/kg
- Naphthalene up to 310 ug/kg

The mix of petroleum related chemicals were also detected in the groundwater samples collected from TR-23 and TR-24, as discussed in Section 3.3.2.

3.3.2 Groundwater Results

The groundwater samples collected from borings TR-23 and TR-24 indicated the presence of TPHd at 8,400 ug/L and 6,800 ug/L, respectively. The TPHd results had laboratory qualifiers indicating that both lighter and heavier hydrocarbons contributed to the total analytical concentration. TPHg was detected at 28,000 ug/L at TR-23 and 91,000 ug/L at TR-24. These concentrations are in excess of the residential groundwater ESL of 500 ug/L, and may suggest the presence of free-phase hydrocarbons in the subsurface. Benzene was also detected at 4,300 ug/L in TR-23 and 2,500 ug/L in TR-24. Other petroleum-related chemicals detected in TR-23 and TR-24 include the following:

- Toluene up to 21 ug/L
- Ethylbenzene up to 990 ug/L
- m,p-Xylenes up to 380 ug/L
- o-Xylenes up to 380 ug/L
- Isopropylbenzene up to 210 ug/L

- Propylbenzene up to 240 ug/L
- 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene up to 290 ug/L
- 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene up to 160 ug/L
- Sec-Butylbenzene up to 70 ug/L
- Naphthalene up to 710 ug/L
- Acetone up to 35 ug/L

4.0 TIER 1 ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT

A Tier 1 Environmental Risk Assessment was developed to identify potential risks to human health and environmental resources associated with chemicals in soil and groundwater under the proposed land use. Included in this risk evaluation are the following subsections:

- Site Setting
- Summary of chemical characterization information
- Description of the exposure assessment methodology used in the risk evaluation, including the exposure setting and exposure pathways
- Evaluation of risk

4.1 Site Setting

Section 2.0 of this SMP presents a description of the Site location, current use, and development plans. The Site is currently under commercial land use and is occupied with four buildings: a one-story concrete building that occupies 5805 through 5885 Hollis Street, a one-story concrete building that occupies 5810 through 5890 Peladeau Street, and two one-story metal framed buildings that occupy 5805 Hollis Street. The remaining area is asphalt paved parking

(Figure 2). The surrounding area consists primarily of commercial land use (including laboratory space), with multi-family residential located within 1 block of the Site.

Groundwater was measured at the Site at 9.88 feet bgs in boring TR-31. This groundwater depth may not represent a stabilized level, as the actual groundwater level in a test boring can take from several hours to days to stabilize. The San Francisco Bay is located over 2000 feet to the west of the Site. Drinking water at the Site and in the surrounding areas is supplied by the East Bay Municipal Utility District from off-site sources.

4.2 Chemicals of Potential Concern

As noted in Section 3.0, TPHd, TPHmo, and TPHg are present in soil in isolated areas of the Site, with TPHg and benzene present near the southern portion of the Site. The list of chemicals of potential concern (COPC) for soil and groundwater were first developed using any chemical with a single detection. Tables 1 through 3 summarize the soil and groundwater data.

For metals in soil, the maximum concentration was compared to background levels of metals in soil (LBNL 2002) to evaluate which metals are present at the Site at or below background levels. The representative background levels were generally arithmetic mean concentrations. Where an arithmetic mean was not developed, the next available value from a list of values was selected (either a 95th percentile, 99th percentile, or median value). If the maximum concentration of a metal in soil did not exceed the background concentration, then the metal was not evaluated further. Tables 1 and 2 present the soil data, as well as the background data used for the metals evaluation.

Following the evaluation of background concentrations of metals, the maximum concentrations of chemicals in soil and groundwater were then used as representative chemical concentrations to evaluate potential human health risks. The use of the maximum concentration likely results in an overestimate of potential exposure and risk at the site, but is consistent with the highly conservative approach incorporated into this risk evaluation.

4.3 Exposure Assessment

Exposure may occur when a person comes into contact with a chemical in the environment. The amount of exposure is dependent upon the amount of the chemical in a specific environmental medium (e.g., soil, groundwater, and/or air), and the frequency, duration and mode of contact with the chemical. The Site is in a highly-urbanized setting, with most of the surface covered with concrete or asphalt. The Site is not adjacent to surface water or shoreline habitat; therefore, an evaluation of potential exposures and risks to terrestrial or ecological receptors is not applicable.

Future land use may include residential development and/or commercial land use. Therefore, this screening-level risk evaluation included an evaluation of potential exposure to a residential receptor and a commercial/industrial receptor.

In general terms, receptors are representative types of potentially exposed populations. Each receptor is evaluated based upon hypothetical exposures developed from an assumed combination of Site conditions, potential population activity patterns, chemical properties, chemical distribution and concentrations, and exposure to the chemical(s). In formal terms, receptors are sets of assumptions that describe "what if" scenarios, but are not actual persons. The assumptions were intended to describe what EPA terms reasonable maximum exposure. Each receptor addresses several "what if" questions that are unlikely to all apply to a single individual. In this way, receptors provide a useful tool for addressing a number of issues at once; however, they do not reflect predictions of actual exposures to any one individual, but are considered conservative points of reference.

The implementation of site-specific health and safety protocols and engineering controls will preclude significant construction worker exposures. Figure 5 presents the potentially complete exposure pathways for the construction worker if no health and safety controls are implemented for the construction worker.

Of the remaining potential site receptors, the residential receptor is the most sensitive receptor due to consideration of children exposures and the expected full-time theoretical exposure. The evaluation of a residential receptor is considered a conservative upper limit of potential exposure and risks for other potential receptors at the Site.

Domestic water in the area is and will continue to be supplied by the East Bay Municipal Utility District from off-site sources. Consequently, the domestic use of groundwater at the site was not considered a complete exposure pathway. Because of no domestic use of groundwater and the no surface water is present at the Site, no direct contact with groundwater is assumed.

The COPCs include TPH-related VOCs as well as non-VOCs. Potential exposure to a residential receptor under unrestricted land use includes direct contact with soil, as well as inhalation exposures from subsurface emissions of VOCs from soil and groundwater to an indoor air environment.

For purposes of this risk evaluation, the residential and commercial/industrial receptors were evaluated for potential exposure to chemicals in soil by including the following exposure pathways:

- Incidental ingestion of soil
- Direct dermal contact with soil
- Inhalation of airborne particles as dust
- Inhalation of VOCs in indoor air from subsurface emissions (VOCs only) from soil
- Inhalation of VOCs in indoor air from subsurface emissions (VOCs only) from groundwater

The only potentially complete exposure pathway evaluated for groundwater was inhalation of VOCs in indoor air from subsurface emissions. These five exposure pathways were evaluated

for the risk evaluation, but the proposed Site development would actually result in preclusion of direct contact with soil.

Under the proposed Site development, the only complete exposure pathways for residential and commercial/industrial receptors would include:

- Inhalation of VOCs in indoor air from subsurface emissions (VOCs only) from soil
- Inhalation of VOCs in indoor air from subsurface emissions (VOCs only) from groundwater

Although these exposure pathways are included in the risk evaluation, exposure will be mitigated by the mechanical ventilation of the lowest level of the garage underlying the occupied areas of the proposed Site development. As noted in Section 5.5.2, subsurface vapor intrusion will also be mitigated by a membrane-based waterproofing system to be installed beneath the lowest level of the parking garage to address potential groundwater intrusion.

The Site development-based exposure pathways are illustrated in the Site Conceptual Model presented in Figure 5. Although not included in the risk evaluation, the non-health and safety protocol-based construction worker exposure pathways are also included in Figure 5.

4.4 Risk Evaluation Results

The risk evaluation included a comparison between the maximum soil and groundwater concentrations and residential land use Environmental Screening Levels (ESLs)¹. The ESLs were developed by the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board based upon residential land use, with an objective of protection of human health. Based upon the results of

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California Regional Water Quality Control Board. 2005. Screening for Environmental Concerns at Sites with Contaminated Soil and Groundwater.

the exposure assessment in Section 4.0 and assuming the Site is not capped by asphalt, concrete or building foundations, the following ESLs were used in the risk evaluation:

- Direct Exposure Screening Levels, Residential and Commercial Exposure Scenario
 (Table K-1 and K-2)
- Groundwater Screening Levels for Evaluation of Potential Vapor Intrusion Concerns (Table E-1a)
- Soil Screening Levels for Evaluation of Potential Vapor Intrusion Concerns (E-1b)
- Environmental Screening Levels for Shallow Soils, Groundwater is Not a Current or Potential Source of Drinking Water (Table B)

The direct exposure screening levels were developed by the RWQCB by integrating exposure from incidental ingestion of soil, dermal contact with soil, and inhalation of fugitive dust emissions from soil. The soil and groundwater screening levels for potential vapor intrusion concerns were developed by the RWQCB by using a computer program of the Johnson and Ettinger model (1991) to estimate indoor air concentrations via vapor intrusion into a theoretical building to evaluate inhalation exposures. The model assumes that the theoretical building has a slab-on-grade foundation and has high permeability vadose zone soils. The environmental screening levels for shallow soil where groundwater is not a current or potential source of drinking water are a summary of levels based upon various potential environmental concerns.

Tables 1 and 2 present the soil data, as well as the screening levels used in the risk evaluation. Table 3 presents the groundwater data, as well as the screening levels used in the risk evaluation. A lead in soil screening level of 255 mg/kg was used in the residential risk evaluation. This value was the 2003 lead in soil ESL for residential land use, and was based upon DTSC's screening level for school sites (2001). The DTSC value of 255 mg/kg value was based on a residential exposure that assumes no consumption of homegrown produce cultivated in lead-affected soil. The lead in soil ESL for residential land use was revised by the RWQCB in 2005 to 150 mg/kg, which is the Cal EPA Human Health Screening Levels (2004) (based on a

residential exposure that assumes consumption of homegrown produce cultivated in lead-affected soil). According to the RWQCB (2005), the 255 mg/kg lead in soil level is appropriate for schools and high-density housing areas, which is consistent with the land use at the proposed development (i.e., no residential gardens fore cultivation of produce). The lower value of 150 mg/kg is appropriate for potential exposures that assume the presence of single family homes. Therefore, the lead in soil screening value of 255 mg/kg was used to evaluate potential residential exposures for the Site.

Comparison of the chemical concentrations in soil to the ESLs indicates that TPHg, TPHd, TPHmo and TRPH in soil exceed the residential and commercial direct contact ESLs. Benzo(a)pyrene in soil also exceeds the residential and commercial direct contact ESLs. No metals exceed the residential or commercial ESLs. Consequently, potential residential and commercial risks exist if the TPHg-, TPHd-, TPHmo-, TRPH-, and benzo(a)pyrene-affected soil remains uncovered and available for exposure.

Comparison of the chemical concentrations of volatile organic compounds in soil to the ESLs indicates that benzene exceeds the residential ESLs for potential vapor intrusion concerns. Consequently, potential residential risks exist if the benzene in soil remains under the proposed development or if the potential inhalation exposures are not mitigated.

Comparison of the groundwater data to the ESLs indicates that TPHg, TPHd, TPHmo and TRPH in groundwater exceed the general water quality ESLs. Benzene in groundwater exceeds the groundwater ESL for protection of indoor air quality at TR-23, TR-24 and TR-25, which are all located near the southwest corner of the Site. Consequently, potential residential and commercial indoor risks exist if the benzene in groundwater remains under the proposed development or if the potential inhalation exposures are not mitigated.

An additional hypothetical risk for the property is potential exposure through groundwater intrusion. Although typical residential or commercial direct contact with groundwater is not expected under future land use following redevelopment, potential groundwater intrusion into the

19 40690102.OAK 14 July 2005

proposed building could result in standing groundwater in the parking level (the lowest levels of the building). If the standing groundwater contained benzene, then the parking garage users may be subject to potential inhalation exposures.

Due to lack of habitat in a highly urbanized environment, no ecological risks were considered applicable. Because there is no surface water at the Site and drinking water at the Site is and will be supplied from off-site sources, the only potential exposure pathway for groundwater is inhalation of VOCs from indoor air vapor intrusion from volatilization of chemicals.

5.0 SHORT-TERM AND LONG TERM RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES

The Tier 1 Environmental Risk Assessment indicated that selected areas of soil were affected by TPH and benzo(a)pyrene that would represent a potential residential and commercial risk if left uncovered. Benzene in groundwater in the southwest corner of the Site represents a potential vapor intrusion risk for residential and commercial indoor air inhalation exposures if the benzene concentrations are not reduced or the potential exposure is unmitigated. Potential groundwater intrusion into the Site building may represent an inhalation risk if benzene -affected groundwater intrudes into the subsurface parking structure to be built beneath the new building at the Site

As part of the proposed development, construction activities will likely require excavation of soil to account for building foundations and the sub-grade mechanically ventilated parking garage. Because foundation designs have not been finalized for the development, the final excavation depth cannot be determined at this time. Based on soil conditions and potential building type, it is speculated that soil excavation depths may reach 12 feet bgs. Construction dewatering may be required. During the planned subsurface activities, the chemicals in soil and groundwater pose risk management and potential health and safety concerns. These concerns, as well as the concerns from the Tier 1 Environmental Risk Assessment, will be addressed through the implementation of protocols and procedures in this SMP. The SMP includes the following short-term and long-term risk management measures to minimize adverse exposure of Site construction and maintenance workers, nearby residents, off-site workers and pedestrians to

40690102.OAK 14 July 2005

hazardous materials during Site development activities and to on-site occupants following development of the Site:

- Construction Worker Health and Safety Recommendations
- Soil Management Measures
- Post-Excavation confirmation soil and groundwater sampling
- Stormwater Pollution Controls
- Groundwater Management
- Site Encapsulation
- Mechanical Ventilation of Parking Garage
- Maintenance Requirements
- Contingency Plan
- Completion Report
- Restriction on Future Groundwater Use

5.1 Construction Worker Health and Safety Recommendations

There are potential health and safety risks associated with the petroleum hydrocarbons and benzo(a)pyrene detected in site soils, as well as volatile organic compounds and petroleum hydrocarbons detected in groundwater. There is the potential for chemicals in soil to affect construction workers at the Site. The routes of potential exposure to the chemicals in soil are:

(1) dermal (skin) contact with the soil; (2) inhalation of volatile emissions and dusts; and

(3) ingestion of the soil. The greatest potential for human exposure to the chemicals in soil will be during soil excavation operations.

The routes of potential exposure to the petroleum hydrocarbons and volatile organic compounds in groundwater are: (1) dermal (skin) contact with groundwater; and (2) inhalation of emissions

from exposed water. The greatest potential for human exposure to the volatile organic compounds in water will be during deep soil excavation operations and dewatering activities.

The abovementioned health risks to on-Site construction workers will be minimized by developing and implementing a comprehensive health and safety plan (HSP), which will be prepared by a certified industrial hygienist. Wareham Development (through their construction contractor) will be responsible for establishing and maintaining proper health and safety procedures to minimize construction worker exposure to site contaminants.

At a minimum, the HSP will include: (1) health and safety training requirements for on-Site personnel; (2) personal hygiene and monitoring equipment to be used during construction to protect and verify the health and safety of the construction workers; (3) additional precautions to be undertaken to minimize direct contact with hazardous substances, including implementation of dust control measures; and (4) a description of the procedures to mitigate any potential health risk to bystanders during subsurface activities. The HSP will be submitted to ACHCSA and the City of Emeryville for review and approval prior to the start of any construction activities.

A Site health and safety officer (HSO) or designee will be onsite during excavation activities to ensure that all health and safety measures are maintained. The HSO will have the authority to direct and, if necessary, stop all construction activities in order to ensure compliance with the HSP.

5.2 Soil Management Measures

Depending on the final building design, soil at the Site may be excavated to 12 feet bgs for a subterranean parking level beneath the proposed building. The proposed construction activities will disturb limited amounts of native soil during the construction of the new foundations, elevator pits, utility lines, and sanitary sewer lines. No native soil will be used as backfill material within the top two feet in the landscape areas or within the utility trenches.

22 40690102.OAK 14 July 2005

All soil handling activities shall comply with the Bay Area Air Quality Management District Regulation 8, Rule 40, including covering of trucks hauling soil on- and off-site. Soil disturbed during construction activities will be stockpiled at locations to be determined prior to any site activities. It is anticipated that the stockpiles will contain at a maximum about 500 cubic yards of soil and will be placed to a maximum height of about 7 feet.

Stockpiles will have one layer of 10-mil polyethylene sheeting (or equivalent), such as Visqueen, on the bottom and one layer of 10-mil polyethylene sheeting (or equivalent) as a covering at all times except when the material is being handled. The top sheeting will be adequately secured so that all surface areas are covered. Temporary berms will be constructed around the stockpile area to control precipitation run-on and run-off during wet weather.

Section 5.5 presents storm water pollution control information that is also applicable to soil stockpiles. In accordance with CCR Title 22, Section 66262.34, no hazardous wastes will be accumulated and stored on the Site longer than 90 days. The site will be secured by fencing at all times and temporary fencing will also be placed around the stockpiles.

The excavation contractor will establish appropriate soil stockpile locations on the Site to properly segregate, cover, moisture control, and profile the excavated soil. Soil profiling criteria will depend on which landfills the soil will be sent to. These procedures will be established by the excavation contractor and coordinated with the proposed landfills prior to initiating soil excavation. It is not anticipated that soil will be reused at the Site for construction-related activities.

The excavation contractor, on behalf of Wareham Development, will be responsible for tracking final soil dispositions. Although the currently available data indicates that no hazardous waste is anticipated from the excavations, any excavated soil considered hazardous waste will be tracked using the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest System (USEPA Form 8700-22), as applicable. Soil not considered hazardous waste will be tracked using nonhazardous bills of ladings. These two systems will be used to comply with appropriate state and local requirements.

40690102.OAK 14 July 2005

The excavation contractor will arrange for transportation of all wastes off-site. Hazardous and non-hazardous waste will be transported to the appropriate disposal facility using a permitted, licensed, and insured transportation company. Transporters of hazardous waste must meet the requirements of 40 CFR 263 and 22 CCR 66263. All trucks transporting bulk hazardous waste will be properly lined and covered with compatible materials. Trucks will be decontaminated prior to any use other than hauling contaminated materials unless the contaminated material was already double-contained.

If soil to be exported off-site is considered a hazardous waste, an appropriate USEPA Generator Identification Number will be recorded on the hazardous waste manifests used to document transport of hazardous waste off-Site. The hazardous waste transporter, disposal facility, and U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) waste description required for each manifest will be determined on a case-by-case basis. A description of the number of containers being shipped, the type of container, and the total quantity of waste being shipped will also be included on each manifest.

The excavation contractor will be responsible for accurate completion of the hazardous waste manifests and nonhazardous bills of lading. Records of all wastes shipped off-site will be maintained by Wareham Development and will be made available for inspection on request. The final destination of wastes transported off-site will be documented in the Completion Report (Section 5.10).

The following records will be kept by Wareham Development for the indicated length of time:

- Copies of uniform hazardous waste manifests signed by the designated waste disposal
 facility will be retained for at least five years from the date the waste was accepted by the
 initial transporter.
- All records pertaining to the characterization of hazardous or nonhazardous waste will be retained for a minimum of three years.

5.3 Post-Excavation Confirmation Soil and Groundwater Sampling

Once the soil excavation has been completed, confirmatory soil and groundwater samples will be collected and analyzed. The soil and groundwater samples will be analyzed for the following: TPHg, TPHd, and TPHmo by EPA Method 8015M; volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by EPA Method 8260; semi-volatile organic compounds by EPA Method 8270; and California Title 22 metals. The analytical results of the confirmation sampling will be presented in our certification report.

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5.4 Storm Water Pollution Controls

Storm water pollution controls will be implemented to minimize storm water runoff and sediment transport from the Site. A Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will be prepared by the excavation contractor prior to soil-related activities. The SWPPP will identify Best Management Practices (BMPs) for activities as specified by the California Storm Water Best Management Practices Handbook (Stormwater Quality Task Force, 1993) and/or the Manual of Standards for Erosion and Sediment Control Measures (ABAG, 1995). The BMPs will include measures guiding the management and operation of the Site to control and minimize potential contribution of Site pollutants to storm runoff.

5.5 Groundwater Management

Groundwater may be encountered during construction activities. Additionally, due to the likely depth of the floor of the sub-grade parking level, there is a potential for groundwater intrusion into the parking level. The following subsections describe the protocols related to construction-phase dewatering and groundwater intrusion management.

5.5.1 Construction-Phase Dewatering

In the event that groundwater must be collected or otherwise extracted to prevent its intrusion into temporary construction pits or new structures, the groundwater will be removed by mechanical devices such as pumps, placed in an appropriate container, and tested to evaluate the

concentration of chemicals present. The groundwater will be disposed in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

Discharge of extracted groundwater to the storm drain will require prior approval of the RWQCB. Discharge of extracted groundwater to the sanitary sewer will require prior approval from the East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD). Transport and disposal of the groundwater at an appropriate off-Site facility will be subject to the facility-specific requirements. All relevant documentation related to construction-phase dewatering will be included in the Completion Report (Section 5.10).

5.5.2 Groundwater Intrusion Management

Since it is likely that below-grade structures extend into groundwater, groundwater intrusion management measures will be necessary. The proposed redevelopment will include installation of a membrane-based waterproof barrier underneath the floor of the parking garage to prevent groundwater intrusion. The membrane material will be compatible with the chemical concentrations detected in groundwater at the Site. The membrane-based waterproofing will eliminate the need for collection of groundwater for off-site discharge. Although not its primary purpose, the waterproofing membrane may also mitigate potential vapor intrusion from the subsurface into the parking garage.

5.6 Site Encapsulation

Potential future site occupant direct contact risks from TPH and benzo(a)pyrene in the soil will be mitigated by encapsulating the soil with the concrete floor slab and exterior walls of the garage and the waterproofing. The concrete floor slab and exterior walls will be considered the soil cap. The encapsulation will sufficiently reduce potential exposures through inhalation of dusts and incidental ingestion of soil and dermal contact with soil by providing a physical barrier, thereby eliminating the exposure pathway between the contaminants in soil and the future Site users.

5.7 Mechanical Ventilation of Parking Garage

The lowest level of the parking garage will be mechanically ventilated for vehicle exhaust as part of its normal operation. Incidentally, any potential vapors that reach the parking garage from subsurface emissions would be ventilated out of the garage, precluding potential vapor transport to occupied areas of the proposed building.

The membrane-based waterproofing for the below-grade structures (Section 5.5.2) and the mechanically ventilated garage together will mitigate potential inhalation of VOCs in indoor air in occupied areas from subsurface emissions from soil and groundwater will be mitigated.

5.8 Maintenance Requirements

The objective of these maintenance requirements is to ensure that the long-term risk management plan measures, specifically encapsulating soil beneath the floor slab, will remain effective during the building's and parking garage's use and occupancy period. The Site owner and operator will maintain this risk management plan, maintenance work plans, and maintenance records in a readily accessible on-site location and shall be responsible for informing any employee or contractor who will perform below grade construction of the environmental conditions, soil management concerns, and health and safety requirements stipulated in this SMP.

These measures will also be enforced during any post-development construction activities such as utility line repair, building expansion, and other activities that may disturb the underlying contaminated soil. To maintain the integrity of the encapsulation layer and to protect future site workers, who may disturb the encapsulation layer, the following procedures must be adhered to by the owner and/or operator of the site:

Notify the ACHCSA and City of Emeryville of any proposed activity expected to disturb
the integrity of the encapsulating layer or soil, thirty (30) calendar days before work
commences. In cases of emergency, the ACHCSA and City of Emeryville shall be



notified within 24 hours and the work should commence in accordance with the mitigation measures described in this risk management plan.

- Prepare a specific work plan that includes a description of the proposed construction activities, soil management plan, and health and safety plan.
- Direct any contractor or employee who disturbs the encapsulating layer and is engaged in any excavation or earth movement at the property to comply with the appropriate local, State, and Federal regulations.
- Direct any contractor or employee engaged in any activities that involve penetrating the encapsulating layer to repair the disturbed area as soon as is practical.
- Direct any contractor or employee engaged in any activities that involve penetrating the membrane-based waterproofing to repair the membrane as soon as practical.
- Control dust by wetting and protect exposed or excavated soil from storm run-on and runoff during the period of excavation, soil movement, or exposure.
- Perform periodic inspections of the garage mechanical ventilation system.
- Determine by appropriate testing whether any excess material removed from the site is hazardous pursuant to State or Federal hazardous criteria. This material must be managed in accordance with all appropriate regulations.
- Provide the ACHCSA and the City of Emeryville with a report that describes the maintenance activities related to the encapsulating layer or excavation of soil.

5.9 Contingency Plan

If underground storage tanks, sumps, and/or associated piping are uncovered during the excavation activities, the following contingency plan will be followed. ACHCSA and the City of Emeryville will be notified and the underground storage tank, sump, and/or associated piping will be removed and properly disposed. The removal will be performed by a licensed contractor in accordance with current Federal and State regulations. In addition, confirmation soil and



groundwater samples will be collected. A tank closure report with be prepared and submitted to ACHCSA and the City of Emeryville.

If unknown areas of suspected petroleum hydrocarbons or other hazardous materials are discovered during the excavation activities, the following contingency plan will be followed. The impacted areas will be excavated, stockpiled on and covered with plastic sheeting, soil samples will be collected and tested for appropriate chemical constituents (petroleum hydrocarbons, volatile organic compounds, semivolatile organic compounds, and metals), and reported to ACHCSA and City of Emeryville. Based on the results of the testing, the soil will be properly disposed of off-site in accordance with the soil management procedures contained in this SMP.

5.10 Completion Report

A Completion Report will be prepared by a third party (other than the excavation contractor) that summarizes the soil and groundwater management activities and any subsequent investigative activities that were completed during redevelopment. Field notes and photographs will be included, as appropriate. The report will also contain laboratory analytical results and figures, as appropriate, to provide detail regarding the amount and type of contamination encountered during various activities.

This report will present a chronology of the construction events, a summary of analytical data, and a description of all mitigation activities at the site. It will also include a certification statement that indicates the mitigation activities have been performed in accordance with this SMP. The Completion Report will be submitted to the ACHCSA for review and approval within 60 days of the completion of all earthwork performed as part of the development project.

29

5.11 Restrictions on Future Groundwater Use

Chemicals are known to be present within the Site in shallow groundwater at concentrations that exceed U.S. and California maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) for drinking water.

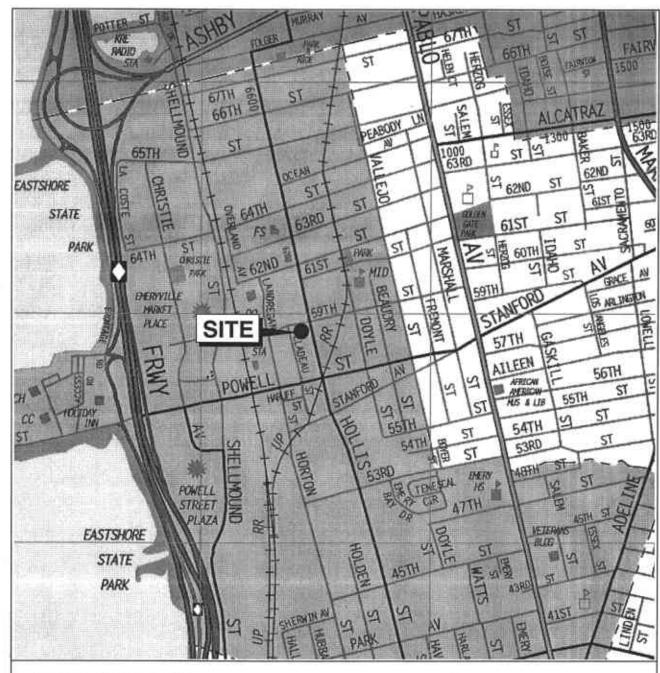
Groundwater within the Site will be restricted for all uses, including, but not limited to, drinking, irrigation, and industrial uses. This requirement will be implemented as a deed restriction on the Site.

6.0 LIMITATIONS

Treadwell & Rollo prepared this Site Management Plan in accordance with our proposal to Wareham Development., dated 30 December 2004. All conclusions and recommendations in this report concerning the property are the professional opinions of the Treadwell & Rollo, Inc., personnel involved with the project, and this report should not be considered a legal interpretation of existing environmental regulations. Opinions presented herein apply to site conditions existing at the time of our assessment, and cannot necessarily be taken to apply to site changes or conditions of which we are not aware and have not had the opportunity to evaluate.

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Base map: The Thomas Guide Alameda County 1999



No scale

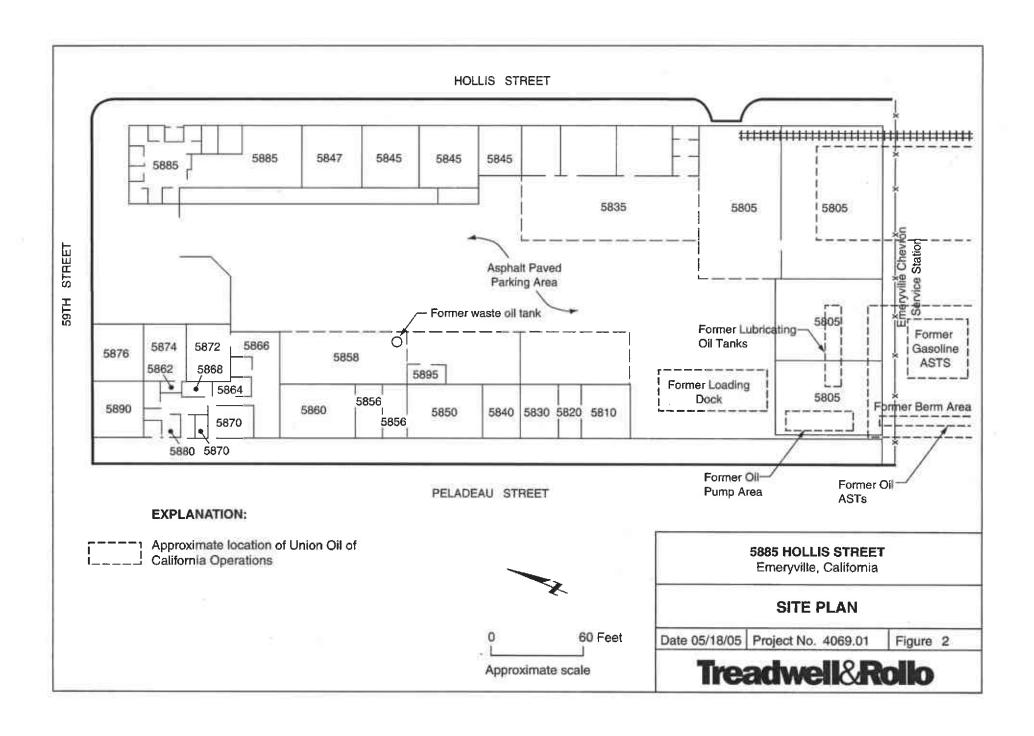
5885 HOLLIS STREET Emeryville, California

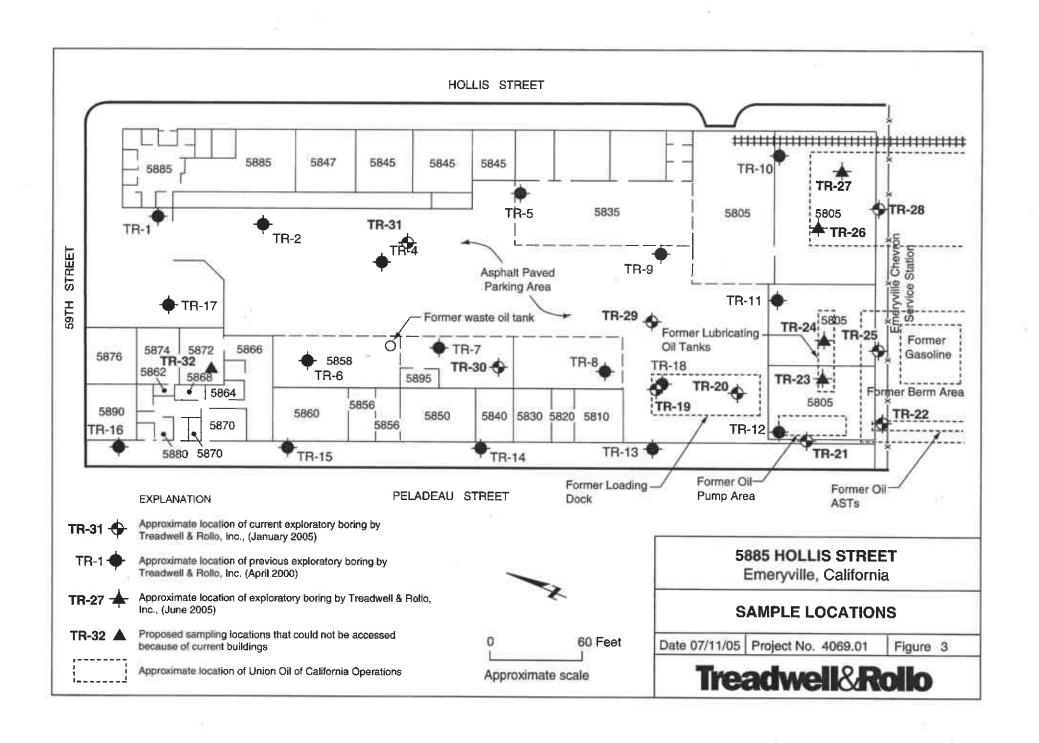
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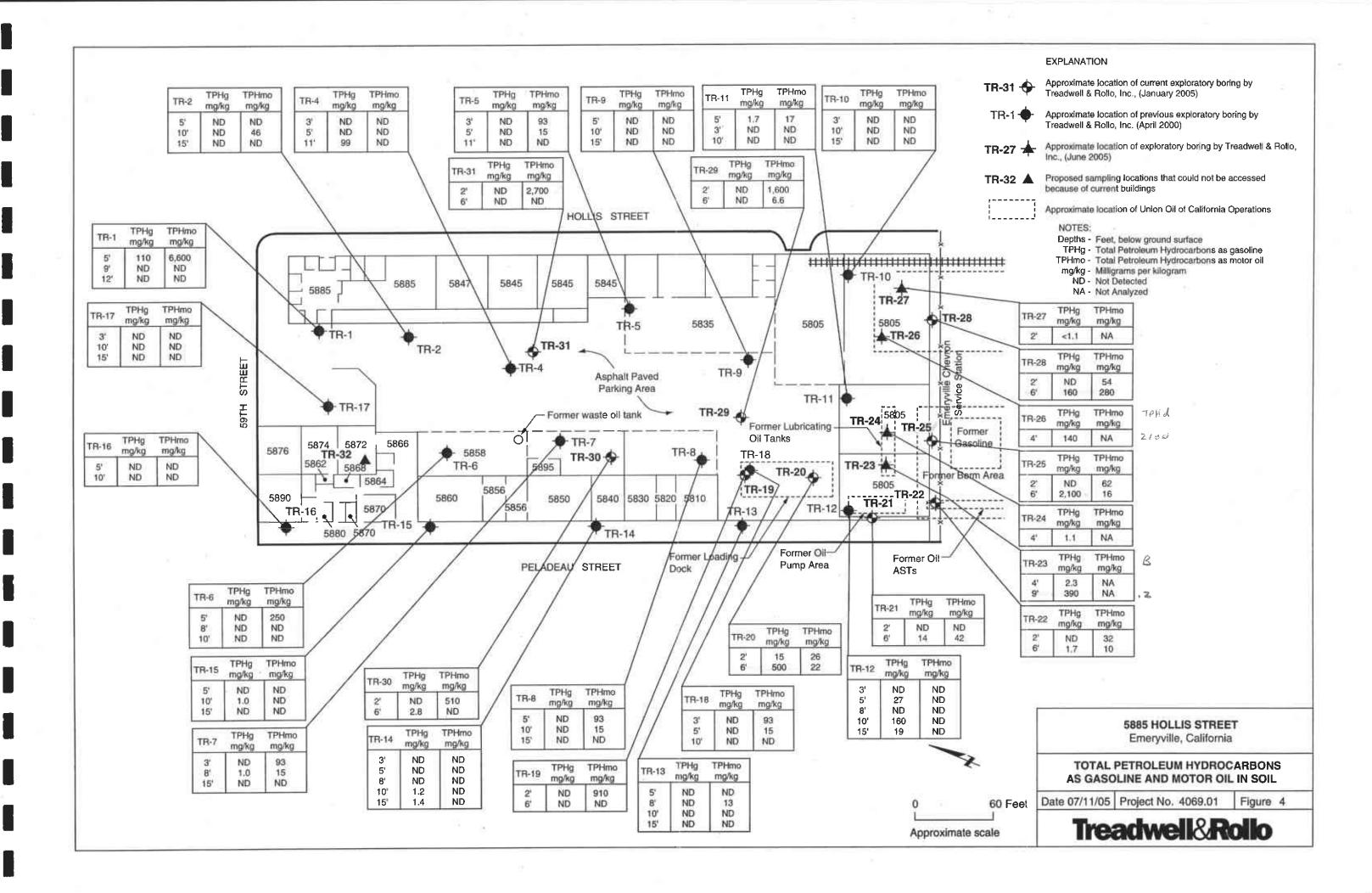
SITE LOCATION MAP

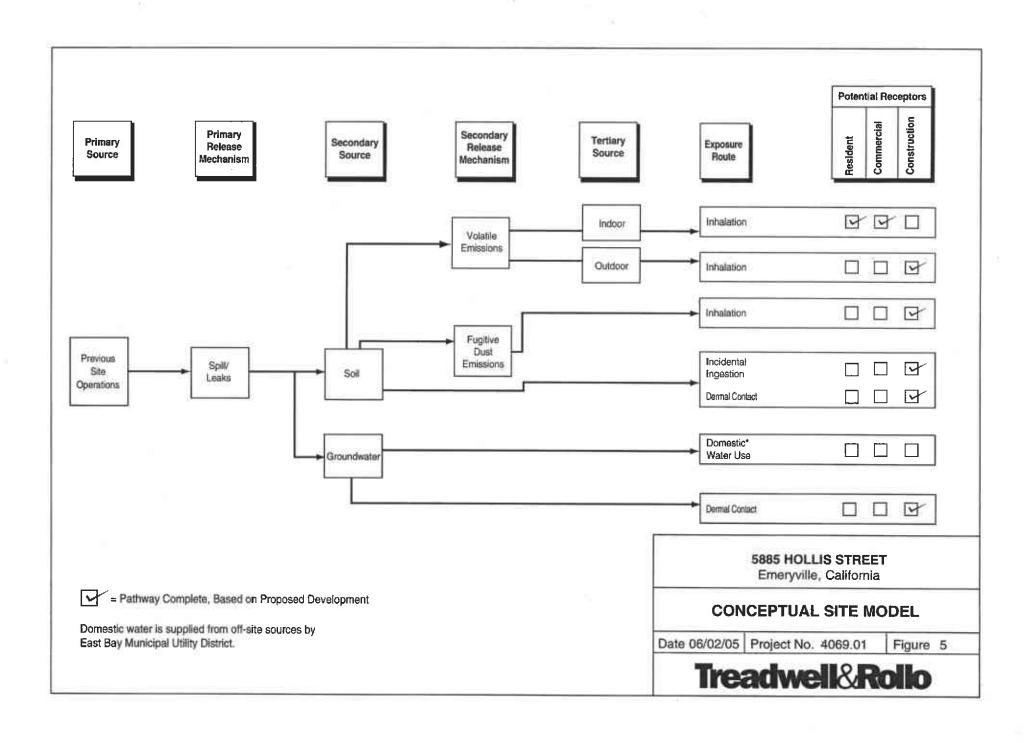
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Figure 1









Sample	Sample	Sample	TPHd	TPHmo	ТРНд	TRPH	VOCs by 8010	Benzene	Acetone	2-Butanone	Isopropyl benzene	Propyl benzene	Ethyl benzene	m,p-Xylenes	o-Xylene
D	Date	Depth	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg
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R-1-7.0	4/6/2000	7						_	-				-	A	
R-I-9.0	4/6/2000	9	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	< 5	< 100	< 20	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
R-1-12.0	4/6/2000	12	ND	ND	ND	ND	220	22/	700	1221		722	7.22	7.22	-
R-1-15.0	4/6/2000	15	11.0	142	1.0	-		40				143		-	
R-2-3.0	4/6/2000	3			_	223	-	-		-			**	(#)	
R-2-5.0	4/6/2000	5	ND	ND	ND	ND	**				44	-	-	***	
R-2-7.0	4/6/2000	7	IND	-	112		-					**	_		**
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	4/6/2000	15	ND	ND ND	ND	ND		27					920	1	
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TR-4-11.0	4/5/2000	10	30	35	9.4	86	7					**		-	
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TR-5-8.0	4/5/2000	8	3.175		NTS) III)	**			**	-	-			
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TR-6-3.0	4/5/2000	3	-	-	-	-	***			**				-	
TR-6-5.0	4/5/2000	5	ND	250	ND	300	ND								**
TR-6-8.0	4/5/2000	8	ND	ND	ND	ND		< 5	< 100	< 20	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
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TR-8-10.0	4/5/2000	10	7.8	ND	ND	ND			**				44		-
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TR-9-15.0	4/5/2000	15	ND	ND	ND	ND						-	-		-
TR-10-3.0	4/6/2000	3	ND	ND	ND	ND				22		2.0	72		120
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TR-11-3.0	4/5/2000	3	ND -	100		350		_		-			-	-	
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Sample	Sample	Sample	трна	ТРИто	TPHg	TRPH	VOCs by 8010	Benzene	Acetone	2-Butanone	Isopropyl benzene	Propyl benzene	Ethyl benzene	m,p-Xylenes	o-Xvlenes
ID	Date	Depth	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg
TR-12-5.0	4/5/2000	5	2.9	ND	27	ND					-		-		
TR-12-8.0	4/5/2000	8	ND	ND	ND	ND		< 5	< 100	< 20	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
TR-12-10.0	4/5/2000	10	30	ND	160	100	***		- SEC	-			- 22	02	22
TR-12-15.0	4/5/2000	15	ND	ND	19	ND	-			2				: <u>=</u>	
TR-13-3.0	4/6/2000	3	184	_				-	-		3.445	_		-	
TR-13-5.0	4/6/2000	5	ND	ND	ND	30	ND	_	1000	5	_	3++3	-	0 440	**
TR-13-8.0	4/6/2000	8	ND	39	ND	52	(++)		-		**			-	
TR-13-10.0	4/6/2000	10	ND	ND	ND	ND		< 5	< 100	< 20	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
TR-13-15 0	4/6/2000	15	ND	ND	ND	ND		-	**		**	44	- 4	_	
TR-14-3.0	4/6/2000	3	ND	ND	ND	ND	122	*1 - A <u>I</u>	22	- 00-	100		722		165
TR-14-5.0	4/6/2000	5	ND	ND	ND	ND		< 5	< 100	< 20	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
TR-14-8.0	4/6/2000	8	ND	ND	ND	ND	(44)	**				- H			
TR-14-10.0	4/6/2000	10	2.3	ND	1.2	ND	***	< 5	< 100	< 20	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
TR-14-15.0	4/6/2000	15	4.0	ND	1.4	ND		-		-	-	-	=		-
TR-15-3_0	4/6/2000	3						-	-	-	277			-	
TR-15-5.0	4/6/2000	5	ND	ND	ND	ND			727			122	74	(2)	725
TR-15-8.0	4/6/2000	8	722				C##.						74	242	
TR-15-10.0	4/6/2000	10	1.3	ND	1.0	ND	**	-	++	***	**	·**	: 44 :	244	-
TR-15-15.0	4/6/2000	15	ND	ND	ND	ND		-	**	_			-	2.45	-
TR-16-3.0	4/6/2000	3	C+4	::			**				-	-	585	-	
TR-16-5 _. 0	4/6/2000	5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND					**		-	*-
TR-16-8.0	4/6/2000	8					=	**			72	2	- 27		1022
TR-16-10.0	4/6/2000	10	ND	ND	ND	ND		- 545	344		545				
TR-16-15.0	4/6/2000	15	-	++		_		-	3#45	-	3+4	*	***		(46
TR-17-3.0	4/6/2000	3	ND	ND	ND	37	(**)	-	(#)				- E	-	
TR-17-5.0	4/6/2000	5		-		**	**		***	-		-	-	-	
TR-17-8.0	4/6/2000	8			-	.77					+	-		-	- +
TR-17-10.0	4/6/2000	10	ND	ND	ND	ND		-	122	122	7223	722	_		P=
TR-17-15.0	4/6/2000	15	ND	ND	ND ND	ND		323	342	-	544		***	222	% =
TR-18-3.0	4/5/2000	3	ND	ND	ND	ND		**		**	-	**	#	- 44	**
TR-18-5.0	4/5/2000	5	ND	ND	ND	ND	***	-	**	- 44.	125			-	100
TR-18-8.0	4/5/2000	8	5.55	-		**	**				-		-	-	-
TR-18-10.0	4/5/2000	10	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	< 5	< 100	< 20	< 5	< 5	<.5	< 5	< 5
TR-18-15.0	4/5/2000	15										- 22		- 22	
TR-19-2.5'	1/20/05	2.5	97 H Y	910	< 1.0	-			_			122	-		
TR-19-6 _. 0'	1/20/05	6.0	< 1.0	< 5.0	< 1.1	(**)				- Fe	<u></u>	240	**		
TR-20-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0	65 L Y	26 H	15	-	270		***	***	(3 11)	**	. +	- H	946
TR-20-6 ₀ '	1/20/05	6.0	320 L	22 L	500 Y					-	S 153			-	
TR-21-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0	1.7 H Y	< 5.0	< 1.0	-	- 7		- "			- 17			
TR-21-6.0	1/20/05	6.0	69 H L	42 L	19										
TR-22-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0	5.5 H Y	32	< 1.0	-					-		**		0 944
TR-22-6 0'	1/20/05	6.0	8.5 H Y	10 H L	1.7 L Y		***	-		-			(e)		
TR-23-4.0'	6/20/05	4.0	250 H, Y	***	2.3 Y	340	-	97	42	14	8.3	13	< 5	< 5	< 5
TR-23-9.0'	6/20/05	9.0	61 L Y		390 Y	***		200	36	23	180	480	600	190	22
TR-24-4.0'	6/15/05	4.0	46.0	-	< 1.1		-	< 5	35	< 10	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
TR-25-2.0	1/20/05	2.0	11 H Y	62	< 1.1		-		-					-	
TR-25-6.0	1/20/05	6.0	44 HLY	16	2,100 Y		122	722		-				-	100
TR-26-4.0	6/15/05	4.0	2100 H L Y		140		-	< 23	< 91	< 45	< 23	< 23	< 23	< 23	< 23
TR-27-2.0	6/15/05	2.0	61 H Y		< 1.0		-	< 5	21	< 10	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
TR-28-2.0	1/20/05	2.0	4.3 H Y	54	< 0.93	3+6	13 90 1		**		P.P.	**		-	38
TR-28-6.0	1/20/05	6.0	140 H L Y	280	160 Y	-		-	**	-			-	-	-

Sample	Sample	Sample	ТРНа	TPHmo	ТРНд	TRPH	VOCs by 8010	Benzene	Acetone	2-Butanone	Isopropyl benzene	Propyl benzene	Ethyl benzene	m.p-Xylenes	o-Xvlenes
ID	Date	Depth	mg/kg	mø/kø	mg/kg	mg/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg
TR-29-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0	160 H Y	1,600	< 1.0	-		-				-	-		100
TR-29-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0	2.8 H Y	6.6 L	< 1.1		-						4		
TR-30-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0	65 H Y	510	< 1.1	,/i			- 44	-			-	-	
TR-30-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0	63 L	< 5.0	2.8 H Y	Q		141				744	722	122	
TR-31-2.5	1/20/05	2.5	1,100 H L Y	2,700	< 1.0	Page 1	P.	1 (44)	5447			744	-	164	. #
TR-31-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0	31HLY	< 5.0	< 1.1		1995	(46)	(200	380	_	· +·	+	(##	**
Representative															
concentration			2100	6600	2100	9900	ND	200	42	23	180	240	600	190	22
TTLC			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
STLC (TCLP) (ug/L)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ESL (Table K-1/E-1b) Residential			400	1000	400	1000	NA	180	1400000	490000	NA	NA	390000	310000	310000
ESL (Table K-2/E-1b) Commercial			750	4600	450	4600	NA	510	3300000	1300000	NA	NA	390000	420000	420000
Representative Concentration vs. Residential ESL			Exceeds ESL	Exceeds ESL	Exceeds ESL	Exceeds ESL	ND	Exceeds ESL	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	NA	NA	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	Less than ESL
Representative Concentration vs. Commercial ESL			Exceeds ESL	Exceeds ESL	Exceeds ESL	E LEGI	ND	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	NA	NA	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	Less than ESL

		6 . 1	1,3,5-Trimethy	1,2,4- Trimethyl	sec-Butyl	para-Isopropyl	n-Butyl		Carbon Disulfide by	Other VOCs	Benzo(a) pyrene	Other SVOCs by		
Sample	Sample	Sample	Ibenzene	benzene	henzene	toluene	benzene	Naphthalene	8260	by 8260	by EPA 8270	8270	Aroclor-1260	
ID TD 1 4 0	Date	Depth	ug/kg	ug/kg	uġ/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg
TR-1-4.0	4/6/2000	4				-	_	< 6600			< 6600	ND	**	5.00
TR-1-7.0	4/6/2000	7	**			0.77		-				**		
TR-1-9.0	4/6/2000	9	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	ND				
TR-1-12.0	4/6/2000	12		94.		- 44				1722				
TR-I-15.0	4/6/2000	15		94		-				822	- 22			
TR-2-3.0	4/6/2000	3			**	-				-	_			124
TR-2-5.0	4/6/2000	5		••		-	-		- 27	-			144	**
TR-2-7.0	4/6/2000	7				-	-				-			-
TR-2-10.0	4/6/2000	10		**		**		-			-			
TR-2-15.0	4/6/2000	15	-	-					- 22					
TR-4-3.0	4/5/2000	3			-			< 330	***		< 330	ND	122	
TR-4-5.0	4/5/2000	5	< 500	< 500	< 500	< 500	< 500	< 500	< 500	ND	-		-	-
TR-4-8.0	4/5/2000	7	200	(++)	(94)	-	-	**		E.E.	1000			(44)
TR-4-11.0	4/5/2000	10				-		-	***	-		166		
TR-5-3.0	4/5/2000	3		-							**			-
TR-5-4.0	4/5/2000	4		144		- 22								
TR-5-6.0	4/5/2000	6	++	5225				-	-	(#)				
TR-5-8.0	4/5/2000	8	- 1			**		-	***	_				-
TR-5-10.0	4/5/2000	10		(**)	**	-	-	C++.:	- #:	-	3 H		£#2	_
TR-5-15.0	4/5/2000	15			-	-	-			-			**	
TR-6-3.0	4/5/2000	3		-					-	_	-			
TR-6-5.0	4/5/2000	5		-	227	722		< 3300		4	< 3300	ND		_
TR-6-8.0	4/5/2000	8	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	ND			22	
TR-6-10.0	4/5/2000	10	**.	-		110	7.00	(++)	***				84	22.
TR-6-15.0	4/5/2000	15	***	-		*		< 330	3**	(++)				-
TR-7-3.0	4/5/2000	3			(**)				-		< 330	ND	***	
TR-7-5.0	4/5/2000	5					84				-	**		
TR-7-8.0	4/5/2000	8	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	ND	_			
TR-7-10.0	4/5/2000	10		_	· **			122	- 22			an .	122	
TR-7-15.0	4/5/2000	15	***		-		(+)		**	-	246	***	**	46
TR-8-3.0	4/5/2000	3	+	_	(++)	**	***	200	E-+-	***	(+c	**		-
TR-8-5.0	4/5/2000	5	<5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	ND		27	**	
TR-8-8.0	4/5/2000	8			,,	-						**		
TR-8-10.0	4/5/2000	10	427			122	_				+		_	
TR-8-15.0	4/5/2000	15			-									
TR-9-3.0	4/5/2000	3		**		186		(#f			722	244		
TR-9-5.0	4/5/2000	5	**	••	() ()	**	••	-		**	-			#5
TR-9-8.0	4/5/2000	8			- 1	- 1			-	-	**		**	
TR-9-10.0	4/5/2000	10	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	ND	-		***	-
TR-9-15.0	4/5/2000	15	- 2	-	-		-	-						
TR-10-3.0	4/6/2000	3		-	***					AT7.				
TR-10-5.0	4/6/2000	5			(#E)	**					24	- 34	**	
TR-10-8.0	4/6/2000	8					-	< 330	÷		< 330	ND		
TR-10-10.0	4/6/2000	10		1			_			2 44 /	÷+:		**	
TR-10-15.0	4/6/2000	15	-			-			-				-	
TR-11-3.0	4/5/2000	3		-									-	
TR-11-5.0	4/5/2000	5						< 330		-	< 330	ND		
TR-11-8.0	4/5/2000	8	443		-					- 4	722	122		<u> </u>
TR-11-10.0	4/5/2000	10			••						7 <u>-</u>		-	
TR-11-15.0	4/5/2000	15	#:	_	(##)		**	-		2.45			**	
TR-12-3.0	4/5/2000	3		_				- 1		-		**	-	

Sample	Sample	Sample	1,3,5-Trimethy lbenzene	1,2,4- Trimethyl benzene	sec-Butyl benzene	para-Isopropyl toluene	n-Butyl benzene	Naphthalene	Carbon Disulfide by 8260	Other VOCs by 8260	Benzo(a) pyrene by EPA 8270	Other SVOCs by 8270	Aroclor-1260	Other PCBs
ID	Date	Depth	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	uġ/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg
TR-12-5.0	4/5/2000	- 5			7.00		-	< 330		-	< 330	ND		
TR-12-8.0	4/5/2000	8	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	ND			**	-
TR-12-10.0	4/5/2000	10	7		- 22				- SE	522	0.55			
TR-12-15.0	4/5/2000	15	122	-	**		-	244	244	E-2	12	Van	102	
TR-13-3.0	4/6/2000	3			140	344	(44)		-	(4)	-		2.22	-
TR-13-5.0	4/6/2000	5						< 330	: e=:	V :=	550	ND		
TR-13-8.0	4/6/2000	8	-	_			_		-	-		***	**	
TR-13-10.0	4/6/2000	10	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	ND				-
TR-13-15.0	4/6/2000	15			**	++	**	_	**	- 4	-	-		-
TR-14-3.0	4/6/2000	.3			22	- 12	+	247	-	_	7/20	723		#7
TR-14-5.0	4/6/2000	5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	ND	570	ND		4.1
TR-14-8.0	4/6/2000	8	_ "			-	_	**	**	-		544	-	
TR-14-10.0	4/6/2000	10	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	ND		**		
TR-14-15.0	4/6/2000	15						< 330		-	540	ND		
TR-15-3.0	4/6/2000	3	**	**	**	**	**		-	-		IND	-	
TR-15-5.0	4/6/2000	5			1	1 4	-		72	12	-			
TR-15-8.0	4/6/2000	8				 		-			846	==	144	
TR-15-10.0	4/6/2000	10		0440				< 330		-	590	ND	**	
TR-15-15.0	4/6/2000	15		-				-			370	TAD.	_	
TR-16-3.0	4/6/2000	3			-	-			-			***	**	
TR-16-5.0	4/6/2000	5		_		-			-		-		***	
TR-16-8.0	4/6/2000	8	-	2			_				12		4	
TR-16-10.0	4/6/2000	10	44	144	2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	944	-	< 330	144		600	ND		
TR-16-15.0	4/6/2000	15		_	546	- 1	_				-	TVD		
TR-17-3.0	4/6/2000	3	-						-			-	-	
TR-17-5.0	4/6/2000	5									-	***		
TR-17-8.0	4/6/2000	8		-				**	-	-			-	
TR-17-10.0	4/6/2000	10			-		_		122	- 2	122	-	**	
TR-17-15.0	4/6/2000	15			-	-			-			-		
TR-18-3.0	4/5/2000	3			-	-	-				**	_		
TR-18-5.0	4/5/2000	5					-	< 330			< 330	ND	G#C 5	
TR-18-8.0	4/5/2000	8				-	_				-		-	
TR-18-10.0	4/5/2000	10	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	ND	<u> </u>	-		
TR-18-15.0	4/5/2000	15				-			722				-	- :-
TR-19-2.5'	1/20/05	2.5				-	-		_	_			-	_7.1
TR-19-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0	44		122			1940	-			_		
TR-20-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0					_							
TR-20-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0	-		-			-					-	
TR-21-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0						-						-
TR-21-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0			105	-		<u> </u>	-				-	
TR-22-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0		-					- 4					
TR-22-6.0	1/20/05	6.0			••			-			-			
TR-23-4.0	6/20/05	4.0	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	<5	< 5.0	ND	-			
TR-23-9.0	6/20/05	9.0	69	250	42	57	290	310	< 4.7	ND				
TR-24-4.0'	6/15/05	4.0	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	<4.6	ND				
TR-25-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0	- 1		-			-	4.0	- 100			11	ND.
TR-25-6.0	1/20/05	6.0		-				-	-5					ND
TR-26-4.0	6/15/05	4.0	< 23	< 23	< 23	< 23	< 23	< 23	< 23	ND				
TR-27-2.0	6/15/05	2.0	< 5	<5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 4.5	ND ND			**	
TR-28-2.0	1/20/05	2.0			:+:	-	< 3 ::	1						NID.
TR-28-6.0	1/20/05	6.0		-	-							-	< 9.6	ND



Sample	Sámple	Sample	1,3,5-Trimethy Ibenzene	1,2,4- Trimethyl benzene	sec-Butyl benzene	para-Isopropyl toluene	n-Butyl benzene	Naphthalene	Carbon Disulfide by 8260	Other VOCs by 8260	Benzo(a) pyrene by EPA 8270	Other SVOCs by 8270	Aroclor-1260	Other PCBs
ID	Date	Depth	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	no/ko	uø/kø	บฮ/ห์ฮ	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg
TR-29-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0			÷ ;	**	**							
TR-29-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0			***	-	-			<u> </u>		-	-	
TR-30-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0	**		**		***	**	**	++	*			
TR-30-6.0	1/20/05	6.0	22	227	227	44			7 🔐	_		122	522	
TR-31-2.5	1/20/05	2,5				- 			4					
TR-31-6.0	1/20/05	6.0		**		***	346	-			:#E		-0	-
Representative										(1)				
concentration			69	250	42	57	290	310	0	35	600	ND	11	ND
TTLC			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	17000	17000
STLC (TCLP) (ug/L)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1700	1700
ESL (Table K-1/E-1b) Residential			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	38	NA	220	NA
ESL (Table K-2/E-1b) Commercial			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	130	NA	740	NA
Representative Concentration vs. Residential ESL		w.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	NA	Exceeds ESL	ND	Less than ESL	ND
Representative Concentration vs. Commercial ESL			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	NA	Exceeds ESL	ND	Less than ESL	ND

^{-- =} not analyzed

< 1 = indicates not detected at the indicated laboratory detection limit

ESL = Environmental Screening Levels established by the SFBRWQCB

H = Laboratory flag indicating heavier hydrocarbons contributed to quantitation

L = Laboratory flag indicating lighter hydrocarbons contributed to quantitation

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

NA = Not available

ND = Not detected at or greater than laboratory detection limit which varies, see laboratory report

PCBs = Polychlorinated Bipbenyls

SFBRWQCB = San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board

STLC = Soluble Threshold Limit Concentration

Table K-1: ESL for Direct Exposure, Residential, 2005.

Table K-2: ESL for Direct Exposure, Commercial/Industrial, 2005.

TCLP = Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure

TPHd = Total Petroleum Hydrcarbons quantified as diesel fuel

TPHg = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons quantified as gasoline

TPHmo = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons quantified as motor oil

TTLC = Total Threshold Limit Concentration

ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram (parts per billion)

Y = Laboratory flag indicating sample exhibits chromatographic pattern which does not resemble standard

APPENDIX A ACHCSA AND TREADWELL & ROLLO CORRESPONDENCE

23 January 2001 Project 2808.01

Susan Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services Environmental Health Services 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, California 94502-6577

Subject:

Emeryville Industrial Court

5885 Hollis Street Emeryville, California

Dear Ms. Hugo:

At our meeting with you and others at the City of Emeryville offices on 12 January 2001, you requested additional information prior to the construction of the proposed Emeryville Industrial Court project (Figures 1). This report incorporates the requested information and describes the relevant aspects of the revised project plans. Previous work by Treadwell & Rollo at the site is documented in two reports: *Environmental Site Characterization* (report dated 12 May 2000) and *Geotechnical Investigation* (report dated 27 July 2000).

EXISTING CONDITIONS

The project site is approximately 220 feet by 550 feet in plan dimension and is bounded by Hollis Street to the east, 59th Street to the north, Peladeau Street to the west, and a Chevron Service Station and Powell Street to the south (Figure 1). The site is currently occupied with four buildings: a one-story masonry and wood building that occupies 5835 through 5885 Hollis Street, a one-story masonry building that occupies 5810 through 5890 Peladeau Street, and two one-story metal framed buildings that occupy 5805 Hollis Street and 5801 through 5808 Peladeau Street. The remaining area of the site is used for at-grade parking and is paved with asphalt and concrete.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

We understand the proposed development for the Emeryville Industrial Court project site will consist of demolishing the existing buildings and the construction of a two-story office building with one level of below ground parking. The parking structure will encompass the entire property, with the office building built over the garage.

Current excavation plans are to remove approximately the top 10 to 11 feet of soil for the building and garage foundation construction. The entirety of this soil will be excavated,

Susan Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services 23 January 2001 Page 2

stockpiled, chemically tested, and properly disposed of off-site. No excavated soil will be re-used on-site.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Previously, we reviewed the Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of Emeryville Industrial Court, Emeryville, California dated 14 March 1995, prepared by Weiss Associates. We also reviewed historical Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps for the subject property.

Prior to 1917, the site and vicinity appeared to be vacant land. Union Oil Company of California occupied the site from 1917 to 1964. Intermountain Terminal Company, an affiliate of Pacific Intermountain Express Company owned the property from 1964 to 1974. In 1974, the current owners of the property purchased the property and the current buildings, with the exception of the 5806-5808 Peladeau Street building, which was constructed in 1985.

Union Oil Company of California reportedly used the property as a distribution facility, which contained many above- and underground petroleum storage tanks, a garage along Hollis Street, and an auto repair shop along Peladeau Street. Along the southeastern portion of the subject property, a total of 40,000 gallons of lubricating oil were reportedly stored in aboveground tanks.

On the basis of our review of historical maps, Intermountain Terminal Company used the property as a truck storage area and parts warehouses. From 1974, the property has been used as office/warehouse space.

During the remodeling of one of the buildings in 1985 and more recently during the widening of 59th Street and the replacement of an underground utility in 1999, petroleum hydrocarbons were discovered in the soil. Diesel was detected at a maximum concentration of 13,000 parts per million and motor oil at 15,000 ppm. The excavated soil was transported and disposed of at a regulated landfill.

In 1990, an unknown 10,000-gallon underground gasoline storage tank was reportedly located and removed from the 5805 Hollis Street property (S. B. Thomas). No records were found in regards to the removal of the underground storage tank. However, according to the property owners, soil contamination was noted during the tank removal and the affected soil was disposed at a regulated landfill. The records for the underground storage tank removal have been requested from the corporate headquarters of S. B. Thomas. When these records are received, a copy will be forwarded to Alameda County Health Care Services.

In April 2000, we performed a subsurface investigation that included collection of soil samples from 17 exploratory borings and collection of four groundwater grab samples from 4 exploratory

Susan Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services 23 January 2001 Page 3

borings. The locations of the exploratory boring are presented on Figure 4. Analytical results are summarized on Tables 1 through 3.

Soil Analytical Results

A total of 59 soil samples were analyzed for gasoline, diesel, motor oil, TRPH, VOCs, SVOCs, and LUFT 5 metals. Low levels of gasoline were detected above method reporting limits in 11 of the 59 samples at concentrations ranging from 1.0 to 160 milligrams per kilograms (mg/kg) or parts per million (ppm). Diesel was detected above method reporting limits in 10 of the 59 soil samples analyzed in concentrations ranging from 1.3 to 360 ppm.

Motor oil was detected above method reporting limits in 11 of the 59 samples at concentrations ranging from 15 to 6,600 ppm. TRPH were detected above method reporting limits in 11 of the 59 samples at concentrations ranging from 30 to 9,900 ppm. The maximum concentrations of TRPH, TPH as gasoline, and TRP as motor oil were detected in sample TR-1-4.0. When encountered elsewhere, these contaminants were generally one order of magnitude lower.

The only volatile organic compounds (VOCs) detected at or above the method reporting limits in the soil samples analyzed was carbon disulfide in sample TR-18-15 at a concentration of 17 micrograms per kilograms (ug/kg) or parts per billion (ppb). Benzo(a)pyrene was the only semi-volatile organic compound (SVOC) detected; it was detected in 5 of the 9 soil samples analyzed in concentrations ranging from 540 to 600 ppb.

With two exceptions, the metal concentrations were within normal¹ background ranges found in the western United States. Elevated concentrations (150 ppm) of total lead were found in samplesTR-1-4.0 and TR-6-3.0.

Groundwater Analytical Results

Groundwater grab samples were collected from borings TR-1, TR-6, TR-9, and TR-12 contained detectable concentrations of total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons (TRPH), total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline, diesel, and motor oil, the metal concentrations detected were within generally accepted background levels. No volatile organic compounds (VOCs) were detected in the groundwater samples.

Gasoline was detected in the groundwater collected from boring TR-1 and TR-12 at concentrations of 98 and 3,300 micrograms per liter (ug/L) or parts per billion (ppb),

¹ "U.S.G.S. Professional Paper 1270, Element Concentrations in Soils and Other Surficial Materials of the Contemninous United States," 1984

Susan Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services 23 January 2001 Page 4

respectively. Diesel was also detected in groundwater samples from these borings at concentrations of 130 and 700 ppb, respectively.

TRPH and motor oil were TRPH was detected in the groundwater samples collected from borings TR-6 and TR-12 at concentrations of 6,600 and 9,900 ppb, respectively. Motor oil was detected in the groundwater samples collected from borings TR-6 and TR-9 at concentrations of 1,400 and 420 ppb, respectively.

SHORT TERM AND LONG TERM RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN

This risk management plan (RMP) presents the measures recommended by Treadwell & Rollo to mitigate worker and site user and neighbor risks associated with the presence of certain constituents in the soil and groundwater at the 5885 Hollis Street project site both during and after construction. Current plans are to excavate about 10 to 11 feet of soil across the entire site, stockpile the excavated soil, chemically test the soil, and properly dispose of all the soil at the proper off-site locations.

The presence of organic and inorganic compounds in the native soil was identified by soil sample analyses, as described in our *Environmental Site Characterization* report dated 12 May 2000. Regulations stipulate that the "disturbance" or excavation of soil with these constituents must include special soil handling procedures and specific worker heath and safety measures. In addition, provisions for long-term maintenance and management practices will be necessary to minimize exposure to future site users. A description of the findings of previous environmental studies and our recommendations for further action are presented in the remainder of this plan.

Subsurface Conditions

Subsurface information from test borings indicates the site is blanketed by approximately 2 to 4 feet of fill. The fill consists of clayey sand and clayey gravel and is underlain by medium stiff to very stiff clay to maximum depths explored. Previous investigations reported encountering groundwater at various depths (from 6 to 14 feet) below existing grade. Groundwater levels are expected to fluctuate depending on rainfall and seasonal conditions, as well as manmade obstructions and possible tidal influences from the Bay.

The results of the laboratory analyses for soil and groundwater samples have detected concentrations of total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons (TRPH), gasoline, diesel, volatile and semi-volatile organic compounds (VOCs and SVOCs), and heavy metals. Our recommended risk management procedures, including contingencies for undiscovered contamination, possible underground storage tanks and associated piping are described in the remainder of this report.



Susan Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services 23 January 2001 Page 5

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MITIGATIVE ACTIONS

The results of the environmental investigation indicate the soil and groundwater at the site contains elevated concentrations of primarily petroleum hydrocarbons. The presence of these and other compounds poses soil management and potential health and safety issues to be addressed as part of the site development activities.

Soil Management

The soil management objectives for the site are to minimize exposure to construction workers at the site, nearby residents, workers and/or pedestrians, and future users of the site to constituents in the soil. The soil that is disturbed during construction activities will be stockpiled at locations to be determined prior to any site activities. It is anticipated that the stockpiles will contain at a maximum about 500 cubic yards of soil and will be placed to a height of about 7 feet. The stockpiled soil will be placed on plastic sheeting, covered with anchored plastic sheeting and kept moist at all times. The site will be secured by fencing at all times and temporary fencing will also be placed around the stockpiles.

The excavation contractor should establish appropriate soil stockpile locations on the site to properly segregate, cover, moisture control, and profile the excavated soil. Soil profiling criteria depends on the proposed landfill location. These procedures should be established by the excavation contractor and coordinated with the proposed landfills prior to initiating soil excavation.

Groundwater Management

The proposed construction activities will most likely encounter groundwater in quantities that will require its removal from the subsurface. With the low permeability of the native soil, which is primarily a clayey material, migration of groundwater on-site and off-site would most likely be minimal. The groundwater will be pumped into appropriate aboveground containers and groundwater samples will be obtained for chemical analyses. The groundwater will be tested for parameters established by the East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD) for discharge of groundwater into the sanitary sewer system. If contamination is detected in the groundwater, the groundwater will be properly treated, i.e. carbon units prior to disposal.

Groundwater Intrusion and Waterproofing

It is expected that the below grade garage will include a two foot thick concrete floor slab and that the exterior walls will be about one foot of concrete. The slab and wall will both be

Susan Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services 23 January 2001 Page 6

waterproofed, so no water intrusion is expected. Once the building and waterproofing design has been completed, copies will be provided to ACHCS and the City of Emeryville.

CONTINGENCY PLAN

If underground storage tanks, sumps, and/or associated piping are uncovered during the excavation activities; the following contingency plan will be followed. ACHCS and the City of Emeryville will be notified and the underground storage tank, sump, and/or associated piping will be remove and properly disposed. The removals will be performed by a licensed contractor in accordance with current Federal and State regulations. In addition, soil and groundwater samples will be collected accordingly. A tank closure report with be prepared and submitted to ACHCS and the City of Emeryville.

If unknown areas of suspected petroleum hydrocarbons or other hazardous materials are discovered during the excavation activities, the following contingency plan will be followed. The impacted areas will be excavated, stockpiled on and covered with plastic sheeting, soil samples will be collected and tested for appropriate chemical constituents (petroleum hydrocarbons, HVOCs, SVOCs, metals), and reported to ACHCS and City of Emeryville. Based on the results of the testing, the soil will be properly disposed of off-site.

HEALTH AND SAFETY ISSUES

Based on our experience on similar sites, there are potential health and safety issues associated with the compounds detected at the site. We judge there may be the potential for these compounds to affect construction workers at the site, nearby residents, workers and/or pedestrians, and future users of the site. The routes of potential exposure to these compounds will be through three pathways: (1) dermal (skin) contact with the soil, (2) inhalation of dusts and/or vapors, and (3) ingestion of the soil.

The most likely potential for human exposure to the compounds in the soil will be during soil excavation operations. Because on-site materials may contain petroleum hydrocarbons and other concentrations in excess of the Proposition 65 guidelines, we recommend that proper health and safety procedures, as well as warning requirements be implemented during construction. The potential health risk to on-site construction workers and the public will be minimized by developing and implementing a comprehensive health and safety plan (HSP). This plan will be prepared for the contractor by a certified industrial hygienist and will be submitted to ACHCS and City of Emeryville for review and approval prior to the start of any construction activities.

The site contractor shall be responsible for establishing and maintaining proper health and safety procedures to minimize worker and public exposure to site contaminants during construction.

Susan Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services 23 January 2001 Page 7

The HSP describes the health and safety training requirements, i.e. trained in accordance with Section 1910.120 of 29 Code of Federal Regulations (HazWoper training), specific personal hygiene, and monitoring equipment that will be used during construction to protect and verify the health and safety of the construction workers and the general public from exposure to constituents in the soil. It may also be necessary to conduct air monitoring to evaluate the amount of airborne particles during excavation and grading. A site health and safety officer (HSO) will be on site at all times during excavation activities to ensure that all health and safety measures are maintained. The HSO will have authority to direct and stop (if necessary) all construction activities in order to ensure compliance with the HSP.

Confirmation Soil and Groundwater Sampling

Once the excavation has been completed, confirmatory soil and groundwater samples will be collected and analyzed. The soil and groundwater samples will be analyzed for the following: total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline, diesel, motor oil, and mineral spirits by EPA Method 8015M, volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by EPA Method 8260, semi-volatile organic compounds by EPA Method 8270, and California Title 22 metals. The analytical results of the confirmation sampling will be presented in our certification report.

Site Encapsulation

The risk of direct contact with the soil by future site users will be mitigated by encapsulating the soil with the concrete floor slab and exterior walls of the garage and the waterproofing. The concrete floor slab and exterior walls will be considered the cap above the soil. The encapsulation will sufficiently reduce the health risk through dermal contact and ingestion by providing a physical barrier, thereby eliminating the exposure pathway between the contaminants and site users.

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

The objective of these maintenance requirements is to ensure that the long-term risk management plan measures, specifically encapsulating soil beneath the floor slab will remain effective during the building's and garage's use and occupancy period. The owner and operator will maintain this risk management plan, maintenance work plans, and maintenance records in a readily accessible on-site location and shall be responsible for informing any employee or contractor, who will perform below grade construction, of the environmental conditions, soil management concerns, and health and safety requirements stipulated in this risk management plan.

Susan Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services 23 January 2001 Page 8

These measures will also be enforced during any post-development construction activities such as utility line repair, building expansion, and other activities that may disturb the underlying contaminated soil. To maintain the integrity of the encapsulation layer and to protect future site workers, who may disturb the encapsulation layer, the following procedures must be adhered to by the owner and/or operator of the site:

- Notify the ACHCS and City of Emeryville of any proposed activity expected to disturb the
 integrity of the encapsulating layer or soil, thirty (30) calendar days before work commences.
 In cases of emergency, the ACHCS and City of Emeryville shall be notified within 24 hours
 and the work should commence in accordance with the mitigation measures described in this
 risk management plan.
- Prepare a specific work plan that includes a description of the proposed construction activities, soil management plan, and health and safety plan.
- Direct any contractor or employee who disturbs the encapsulating layer and is engaged in any excavation or earth movement at the property to comply with the appropriate local, State, and Federal regulations.
- Direct any contractor or employee engaged in any activities that involve penetrating the encapsulating layer to repair the disturbed area as soon as is practical.
- Control dust by wetting and protect exposed or excavated soil from storm run-on and run-off during the period of excavation, soil movement, or exposure.
- Determine by appropriate testing whether any excess material removed from the site is hazardous pursuant to State or Federal hazardous criteria. This material must be managed in accordance with all appropriate regulations.
- Provide the ACHCS and the City of Emeryville with a report that describes the maintenance activities related to the encapsulating layer or excavation of soil.

CERTIFICATION REPORT

Upon completion of the soil management activities, a Certification Report will be prepared by a third party (other than the contractor). This report will present a chronology of the construction events, a summary of analytical data, and a description of all mitigation activities at the site. It will also include a certification statement that indicates the mitigation activities have been performed in accordance with this risk management plan. The Certification Report will be submitted to the Alameda County Health Care Services (ACHCS) for review and approval

Susan Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services 23 January 2001 Page 9

within 60 days of the completion of all earthwork performed as part of the Emeryville Industrial Court project.

We trust this report provides the required information. If you have any questions, please call either of us at 415-955-9040.

Sincerely yours,

TREADWELL & ROLLO, INC.

Peter J. Cusack

Senior Project Scientist

Enclosures

Donald D. Treadwell, PhD, PE

Principal Engineer

#807 P.01/02

ALAMEDA COUNTY
HEALTH CARE SERVICES
AGENCY

DAVID J. KEARS, Agency Director

(3)

Post-it* Fax Note 7671 Daie pages 2—
To PETER CUSACIC From JUSAN HUGO
Co./Dept/KEADWELL & KOLLO Co. A CEHS
Phone # Phone #
Fax # 4/5-255-9044 Fax # 570 337-9337

January 16, 2001

Mr. Fillmore Marks Marks Management Company 44 Montgomery, Suite 850 San Francisco, California 94104 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250
Alameda, CA 94502-6577
(510) 567-6700
FAX (510) 337-9335

RE: Proposed Emeryville Industrial Court (STID# 6687) 5885 Hollis Street, Emeryville, California 94608

Dear Mr. Fillmore:

This letter serves to follow up the meeting we had last Friday, January 12, 2001, attended by Marks Management (Elaine Kirk and yourself), City of Emeryville Building and Planning (Barrie Cromarti), Treadwell and Rollo (Donald Treadwell, Christian Divis and Peter Cusack) and your architect for the project. On July 5, 2000, this agency issued a letter approving the proposed development of the subject site for commercial use provided the issues listed in our June 23, 2000 letter are addressed. The submitted development plan included construction of a two-story building and above ground four level parking garage structure. Treadwell and Rollo submitted a letter report dated August 8, 2000 to address those issues.

As you know, the development plan has changed since that time. Treadwell and Rollo submitted a letter dated December 8, 2000 describing the proposed changes to the development plan which included one level of underground parking covering the entire site. It is my understanding that the entire site will be excavated between ten to eleven feet below ground surface. Because of these proposed changes to the previously submitted plan, the following issues (discussed in our meeting) must be addressed prior to development of the site:

- 1. Potential future groundwater intrusion into the basement of the building must be addressed.
- 2. Evaluate and demonstrate that the proposed construction activities will not create migration of on-site and off-site contamination during construction and after completion of the development of the site. Potential off-site sources should be identified.
- 3. Evaluate vapor seepage into the basement / building and identify human health risk to occupants of the building.
- 4. Site development plan should be revised to incorporate the proposed changes and should include at a minimum the following: description of the project, site map with the location of the proposed building, landscapes, underground parking, known sources or potential sources of contamination, extent of excavation, location of pile drives or elevator shafts if applicable.
- 5. Site conceptual model (SCM) should be prepared to include the proposed changes, identify sources of releases, chemicals of concern (COCs), routes of exposures and sensitive receptors. This should include evaluation of human health and environmental risk assessment for the proposed use of the site. Issue # 3 should be incorporated in the SCM.

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Mr. Fillmore Marks

RE: 5885 Hollis Street, Emeryville, CA 94608

January 16, 2001

Page 2 of 2

- 6. The short term and long-term risk management plan should be revised to incorporate the proposed changes. The short term (construction) risk management plan should include at a minimum the following elements: acceptable health & safety plan for construction workers, soil management plan, groundwater management plan, dust control, stormwater prevention plan, and preventive measures to not create any vertical conduits for contaminants to migrate from shallow to deeper groundwater. The long-term (future) risk management plan should include at a minimum the following items: health and safety plan for fitting construction workers such as utility workers who maybe exposed to residual contaminants that will be left at the site, institutional controls such as deed restriction and capping with clean soil cover at least three feet thick to minimize or eliminate exposure of pardeness and soutine maintenance personnel (e.g. those who repair landscaping irrigation systems) to affected soil. Sidewalks should have at least three to four feet of clean soil cover.
- 7. Confirmation soil and groundwater samples should be collected at the site and should include the following chemicals of concern: TPH gasoline, TPH diesel, TPH motor oil, TPH mineral spirits, chlorinated solvents, volatile organic compounds (VOCst) semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) and metals.

8. The contingency plan should be revised to include the proposed changes.

- 9 Future groundwater monitoring plan for the site should include contamination found on 59th Street and Peleadeau.
- 10. A report should be submitted after completion of the development and should include at a minimum copies of any soil and /or groundwater disposed off site, results of soil and groundwater sampling, site map with location of residual contamination left at the site, etc.

A work plan addressing the above listed issues should be submitted and approved by this agency prior to development of the subject site.

If you have any questions about this letter or the subject site, please contact me at (\$10) 567-6780.

Sincerely,

Susan L. Hugo

Hazardous Materials Specialist

c: Ariu Levi /Thomas Peacock, Environmental Health Services
Ravi Arulanantham, San Francisco Bay RWQCB
Barrie Cromartie / Ignacio Dayrit, City of Emeryville, 1333 Park Street, Emeryville, CA 94608
Peter Cusack, Treadwell & Rollo, 555 Montgomery St., Suite 1300, San Francisco, CA 94111
SH / files

8 August 2000 Project 2808.01

Ms. Susan Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services Environmental Health Services 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, California 94502-6577

Subject:

Emeryville Industrial Court

5885 Hollis Street Emeryville, California

Dear Ms. Hugo:

The following is in response to your letter dated 23 June 2000, in which you requested additional information prior to development of the proposed Emeryville Industrial Court project in Emeryville, California (Figure 1). Treadwell & Rollo, Inc. has previously performed an Environmental Site Characterization report dated 12 May 2000 and a Geotechnical Investigation report dated 27 July 2000.

EXISTING CONDITIONS

The project site is approximately 220 feet by 550 feet in plan dimension and is bounded by Hollis Street to the east, 59th Street to the north, Peladeau Street to the west, and a Chevron Service Station and Powell Street to the south (Figure 1). The site is currently occupied with four buildings: a one-story concrete building that occupies 5805 through 5885 one-story concrete building that occupies 5810 through 5890 Peladeau Street, and two one-story metal-framed buildings that occupy 5805 Hollis Street. The remaining area is asphalt-paved parking.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

We understand the proposed development for the Emeryville Industrial Court project site will consist of demolishing the existing buildings and construct a two-story office building and a four-level parking garage. As shown on Figure 2, the proposed office building will have plan dimensions of about 292 by 196 feet and the proposed garage will have plan dimensions of about 194 by 119 feet. The remaining areas will be landscaped and walkways.

Current excavation plans are to remove approximately the top 5 feet of soil for the building and garage foundation construction. This soil will be excavated, stockpiled, and recompacted throughout the entire site. A schematic of select fill beneath the building and garage footings is shown on Figure 3.

Ms. Susan Hugo 8 August 2000 Page 2

BACKGROUND

Prior to 1917, the site and vicinity appeared to be vacant land. Union Oil Company of California occupied the site from 1917 to 1964. Intermountain Terminal Company, an affiliate of Pacific Intermountain Express Company owned the property from 1964 to 1974. In 1974, the current owners of the property purchased the property and the current buildings, with the exception of the 5806-5808 Peladeau Street building, which was constructed in 1985.

Union Oil Company of California reportedly used the property as a distribution facility, which contained many above- and underground petroleum storage tanks, a garage along Hollis Street, and an auto repair shop along Peladeau Street. Along the southeastern portion of the subject property, a total of 40,000-gallons of lubricating oil were reportedly stored in aboveground tanks.

During the remodeling of one of the buildings in 1985 and more recently during the widening of 59th Street and the replacement of an underground utility in 1999, petroleum hydrocarbons were discovered in the soil with diesel detected at a maximum concentration of 13,000 parts per million (ppm) and motor oil at 15,000 ppm. The excavated soil was transported and disposed of at a regulated landfill.

In 1990, an unknown 10,000-gallon underground gasoline storage tank was reportedly located and removed from the 5805 Hollis Street property (S. B. Thomas). No records were found in regards to the removal of the underground storage tank. However, according to the property owners, soil contamination was noted during the tank removal and the affected soil was disposed at a regulated landfill.

Per your request, the records for the underground storage tank removal have been requested from the Corporate headquarters of S. B. Thomas. When they are received, we will forward a copy to Alameda County Health Care Services.

In April 2000, we performed a subsurface investigation that included collection of soil samples from 18 exploratory borings and collection of four groundwater grab samples from 4 exploratory borings. The locations of the exploratory boring are presented on Figure 4. Analytical results are summarized on Tables 1 through 3.

Soil Analytical Results

A total of 59 soil samples were analyzed for gasoline, diesel, motor oil, TRPH, VOCs, SVOCs, and LUFT 5 metals. Low levels of gasoline were detected above method reporting limits in 11 of the 59 samples at concentrations ranging from 1.0 to 160 milligrams per kilograms (mg/kg) or parts per million (ppm). Diesel was detected above method reporting limits in 10 of the 59 soil samples analyzed in concentrations ranging from 1.3 to 360 ppm.

Ms. Susan Hugo 8 August 2000 Page 3

Motor oil was detected above method reporting limits in 11 of the 59 samples at concentrations ranging from 15 to 6,600 ppm. TRPH were detected above method reporting limits in 11 of the 59 samples at concentrations ranging from 30 to 9,900 ppm. The maximum concentration of TRPH, TPH as gasoline, and TPH as motor oil were each detected in sample TR-1-4.0. When encountered elsewhere, these contaminants were generally one order of magnitude lower.

The only volatile organic compounds (VOCs) detected at or above the method reporting limits in the soil samples analyzed was carbon disulfide in sample TR-18-15 at a concentration of 17 micrograms per kilograms (ug/kg) or parts per billion (ppb). Benzo(a)pyrene was the only semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) detected, it was detected in 5 of the 9 soil samples analyzed in concentrations ranging from 540 to 600 ppb.

The metal concentrations were within expected¹ background ranges found in the western United States, with the exception of elevated total lead in two samples, TR-1-4.0 and TR-6-3.0, whose concentrations were 150 ppm.

Groundwater Results

Groundwater samples collected from borings TR-1, TR-6, TR-9, and TR-12 contained detectable concentrations of total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons (TRPH), and total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline, diesel, and motor oil. The metal concentrations detected were within expected background levels. No volatile organic compounds (VOCs) were detected in the groundwater samples tested.

Gasoline was detected in the groundwater collected from boring TR-1 and TR-12 at concentrations of 98 and 3,300 micrograms per liter (ug/L) or parts per billion (ppb), respectively. Diesel was also detected in groundwater samples from these borings at concentrations of 130 and 700 ppb, respectively.

TRPH and motor oil were detected in the groundwater samples collected from borings TR-6 and TR-12 at concentrations of 6,600 and 9,900 ppb, respectively. Motor oil was detected in the groundwater samples collected from borings TR-6 and TR-9 at concentrations of 1,400 and 420 ppb.

SHORT TERM AND LONG TERM RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN

This section describes the risk management plan (RMP) measures recommended by Treadwell & Rollo, Inc. to mitigate worker and site user and neighbor risks associated with the presence of

[&]quot;U.S.G.S. Professional Paper 1270, Element Concentrations in Soils and Other Surficial Materials of the Conterminous United States," 1984

Ms. Susan Hugo 8 August 2000 Page 4

certain constituents in the soil and groundwater at the 5885 Hollis Street project site both during and after construction.

Current plans are to excavate approximately five feet of soil across the entire site, stockpile the excavated soil, and recompact and re-use the soil beneath the building and parking garage foundation slabs. At this time, minimal off-site disposal is planned for the site. Clean imported fill will be brought in to provide approximately two feet of cover placed on landscaping areas and within utility trenches.

The presence of organic and inorganic compounds in the native soil was identified by soil sample analyses, as described in our Environmental Site Characterization report dated 12 May 2000. Current California Health and Safety Code stipulate that the "disturbance" or excavation of soil with these constituents must include special soil handling procedures and specific worker heath and safety measures. In addition, provisions for long-term maintenance and management practices will be necessary to minimize exposure to future site users. A description of the findings of previous environmental studies and our recommendations for further action are presented in the remainder of this plan.

Subsurface Conditions

Subsurface information from test borings indicates the site is blanketed by approximately 2 to 4 feet of fill, consisting of clayey sand and clayey gravel. The fill is underlain by medium stiff to very stiff clay to maximum depths explored. Previous investigations reported encountering groundwater at various depths varying from 6 to 14 feet below existing grade. Groundwater levels are expected to fluctuate depending on rainfall and seasonal conditions, as well as manmade drainage and possible tidal influences of the Bay.

The results of the laboratory analyses for soil and groundwater samples have detected concentrations of total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons (TRPH), gasoline, diesel, volatile and semi-volatile organic compounds (VOCs and SVOCs), and heavy metals. Our recommended risk management procedures, including contingencies for undiscovered contamination, possible underground storage tanks and associated piping are described in the remainder of this plan.

Recommendations for Mitigative Actions

The results of the environmental investigation indicate the soil and groundwater at the site contains elevated concentrations of primarily petroleum hydrocarbons. The presence of these and other compounds poses soil management and potential health and safety issues to be addressed as part of the site development activities. The soil management objectives for the site are to minimize exposure to constituents in the soil to construction workers at the site, nearby residents, workers and/or pedestrians, and future users of the site.

Ms. Susan Hugo 8 August 2000 Page 5

Soil Management

The proposed construction activities will disturb limited amounts of native soil during the construction of the new foundations, grade beams, elevator pits, utility lines, and sanitary sewer lines. During construction activities, dust control measures will be implemented to reduce exposure. These measures may include moisture-conditioning the soil, using dust suppressants, covering the exposed soil and stockpiles with weighed-down plastic sheeting to prevent exposure of the soil. The site's Health and Safety Plan (prepared by others) will contain additional dust monitoring, action levels, dust control measures, and work stoppage provisions to be followed during construction activities.

All existing soil that is disturbed during construction will be reused on-site as backfill beneath the concrete floor slabs of the proposed building and garage and limited off-site disposal will be performed. This encapsulation will mitigate any direct contact with the soil by future site users. No native soil will be used as backfill material within the top two feet in the landscape areas or within the utility trenches.

Groundwater Management

The proposed construction activities most likely will not encounter groundwater in quantities that will require removal measures. If significant groundwater quantities are encountered during construction, the groundwater will be pumped into appropriate containers and samples will be obtained for chemical analyses. The groundwater will be tested for parameters established by the East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD) for discharge of groundwater into the sanitary sewer system. If contamination is detected in the groundwater, the groundwater will be properly treated prior to disposal.

CONTINGENCY PLAN

If underground storage tanks, sumps, and/or associated piping are uncovered during the excavation activities; the following contingency plan will be followed. ACHCS and the City of Emeryville will be notified and the underground storage tank, sump, and/or associated piping will be removed and properly disposed. The removal will be performed by a licensed contractor in accordance with current Federal and State regulations, and soil and groundwater samples will be collected accordingly. A tank closure report with be prepared and submitted to ACHCS and the City of Emeryville.

If unknown areas of suspected petroleum hydrocarbons or other hazardous materials are discovered during the excavation activities, the following contingency plan will be followed. The impacted area will be excavated, stockpiled on and covered with plastic sheeting, soil samples will be collected and tested for appropriate chemical constituent (petroleum

Ms. Susan Hugo 8 August 2000 Page 6

hydrocarbons, HVOCs, SVOCs, metals), and reported to ACHCS and City of Emeryville. Based on the results of the testing, the soil will be properly disposed of.

Prior to being re-used on-site as backfill, the existing soil that is disturbed will be stockpiled and tested for total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline, diesel, and mineral spirits by EPA Method 8015M, total petroleum hydrocarbons as motor oil by EPA Method 418.1, volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by EPA Method 8010, semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) by EPA Method 8270, and Title 22 Metals by EPA Method 6010/7000. Approximately every 500 cubic yards of stockpiled soil will be sampled by collecting a four-point composite sample. The samples will be collected by using a hand-driven sampler with an inside diameter of two inches, lined with a clean stainless steel tube and driven into the soil. The ends of the sample tube will be covered with Teflon and sealed with plastic end caps, and placing the samples into and ice-cooled chest until delivery to an analytical laboratory. The soil samples collected from the stockpile will be identified by using a progressive numbering sequence with the date of the sample collection and the location. All appropriate regulatory sampling methods, holding times, and detection limits will be followed.

HEALTH AND SAFETY ISSUES

Based on our experience on similar sites, there are potential health and safety issues associated with the compounds detected at the site. The routes of potential exposure to construction workers at the site, nearby residents, workers and/or pedestrians, and future users of the site are via three pathways: (1) dermal (skin) contact with the soil, (2) inhalation of dusts and/or vapors, and (3) ingestion of the soil.

The most likely potential occurrence for human exposure to the compounds in the soil will be during soil excavation operations. Because on-site materials may contain lead and other concentrations in excess of the Proposition 65 guidelines, we recommend that proper health and safety procedures, as well as warning requirements be implemented during construction. The potential health risk to on-site construction workers and the public will be minimized by developing and implementing a comprehensive health and safety plan (HSP) and by minimizing the generation of dust during excavation and development activities. This HSP will be prepared for the contractor by a certified industrial hygienist and will be submitted to ACHCS and City of Emeryville prior to the start of any construction activities. The site contractor shall be responsible for establishing and maintaining proper health and safety procedures to minimize worker and public exposure to site contaminants during construction.

The HSP describes the health and safety training requirements, specific personal hygiene, and monitoring equipment that will be used during construction to protect and verify the health and safety of the construction workers and the general public from exposure to constituents in the soil. It may also be necessary to conduct air monitoring to evaluate the amount of airborne particles during grading. A site health and safety officer (HSO) will be on site at all times during

Ms. Susan Hugo 8 August 2000 Page 7

excavation activities to ensure that all health and safety measures are maintained. The HSO will have authority to direct and stop (if necessary) all construction activities in order to ensure compliance with the HSP.

Site Encapsulation

The risk of direct contact with the soil by future site users will be mitigated by encapsulating the soil with either the concrete floor slab for the proposed office and garage buildings, landscaped areas, asphaltic concrete pavement, and the concrete walkways. The concrete floor slab, landscape areas, asphaltic concrete pavement, and concrete walkways will be considered the cap above the fill. The encapsulation will sufficiently reduce the potential health risk through dermal contact and ingestion by providing a physical barrier, thereby eliminating the exposure pathway between the contaminants and site users.

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

The objective of these maintenance requirements is to ensure that the long-term risk management plan measures, specifically encapsulating soil beneath the floor slab, will remain effective during the building and garage's use and occupancy period. The owner and operator will maintain this risk management plan, maintenance work plans, and maintenance records in a readily accessible on-site location and shall be responsible for informing any employee or contractor, who will perform below grade construction, of the environmental conditions, soil management concerns, and health and safety requirements stipulated in this risk management plan.

These measures will also be enforced during any post-development construction activities such as utility line repair, building expansion, and other activities that may disturb the underlying contaminated soil. To maintain the integrity of the encapsulation layer and to protect future site workers who may disturb the encapsulation layer, the following procedures should be adhered to by the owner and/or operator of the site:

- Notify the ACHCS and City of Emeryville of any proposed activity expected to disturb
 the integrity of the encapsulating layer or soil, thirty (30) calendar days before work
 commences. In case of emergency, the ACHCS and City of Emeryville shall be notified
 within 24 hours and the work should commence in accordance with the mitigation
 measures described in this risk management plan.
- 2. Prepare a specific work plan that includes a description of the proposed construction activities, soil management plan, and health and safety plan.
- Direct any contractor or employee who disturbs the encapsulating layer and is engaged in any excavation or earth movement at the property to comply with the appropriate local, State, and Federal regulations.

Ms. Susan Hugo 8 August 2000 Page 8

- 4. Direct any contractor or employee engaged in any activities that involve penetrating the encapsulating layer to repair the disturbed area as soon as is practical.
- 5. Control dust by wetting exposed soil and protect exposed or excavated soil from storm run-on and run-off during the period of excavation, soil movement, or exposure.
- Determine by appropriate testing whether any excess material removed from the site is hazardous pursuant to State or Federal hazardous criteria. This material must be managed in accordance with all appropriate regulations.
- 7. Provide the ACHCS and City of Emeryville with a report that describes the maintenance activities related to the encapsulating layer or excavation of soil.

CERTIFICATION REPORT

A Certification Report will be prepared by a third party (separate from the contractor) upon completion of soil mitigation activities. This report will present a chronology of the construction events, a summary of analytical data, and a description of all mitigation activities at the site. It will also include a certification statement that indicates the mitigation activities have been performed in accordance with this risk management plan. The Certification Report will be submitted to the Alameda County Health Care Services (ACHCS) for review and approval within 60 days of the completion of all earthwork on the Emeryville Industrial Court project.

We trust this plan provides the information that you require. If you have any questions, please call.

Sincerely yours,

TREADWELL & ROLLO, INC.

Peter J. Cusack

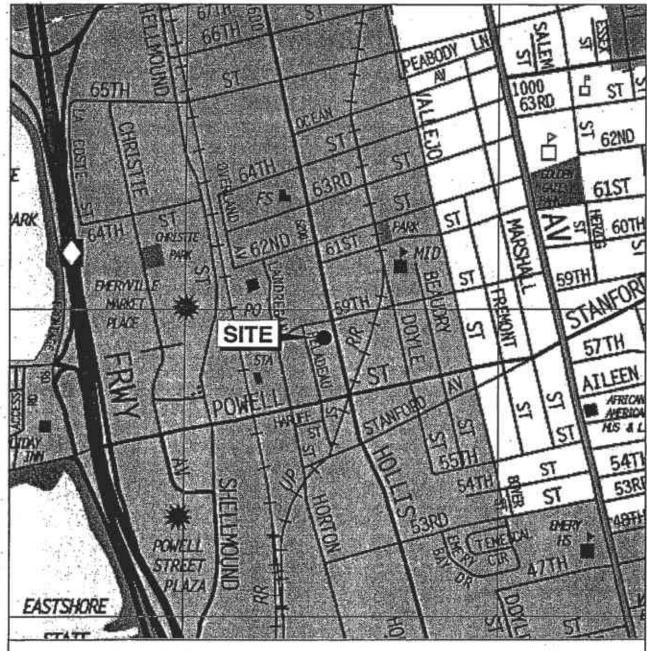
Senior Project Scientist

Philip G. Smith, R.I Principal

28080103.PJC 4

cc: Mr. Filmore Marks - Marks Management Company

FIGURES



Base map: The Thomas Guide Alameda County 1999



No scale

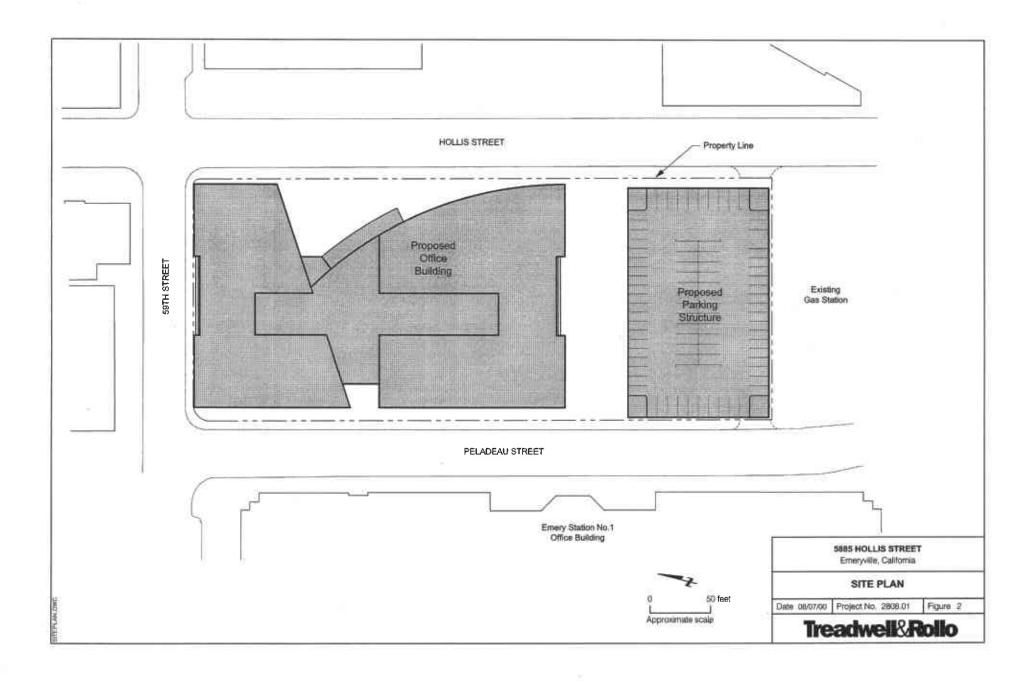
5885 HOLLIS STREET Emeryville, California

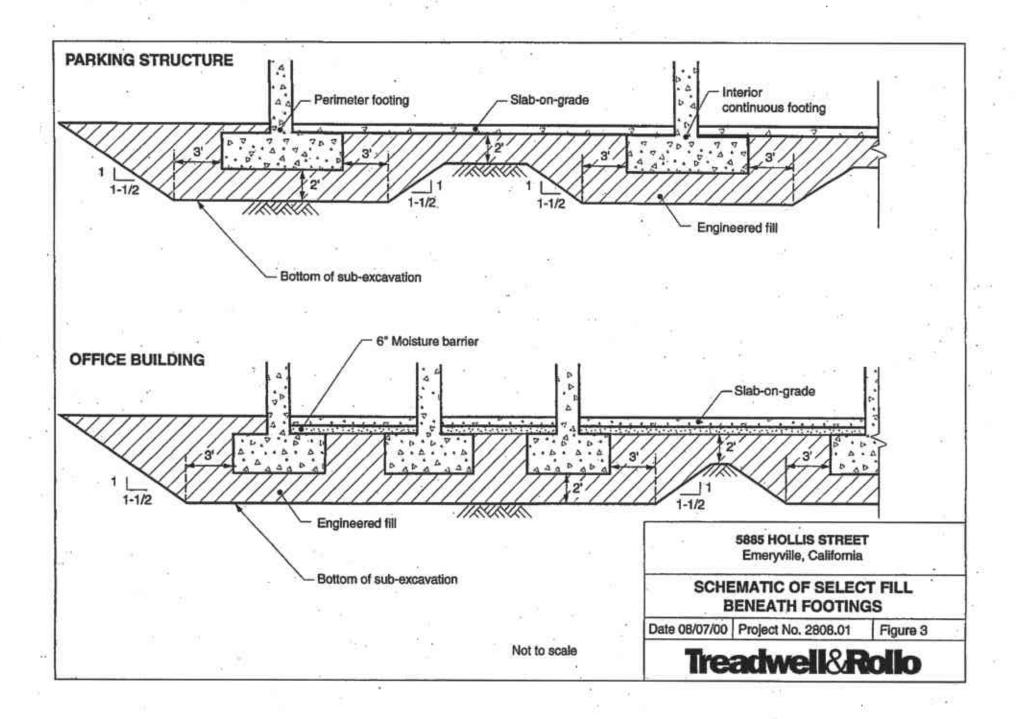
Treadwell&Rollo

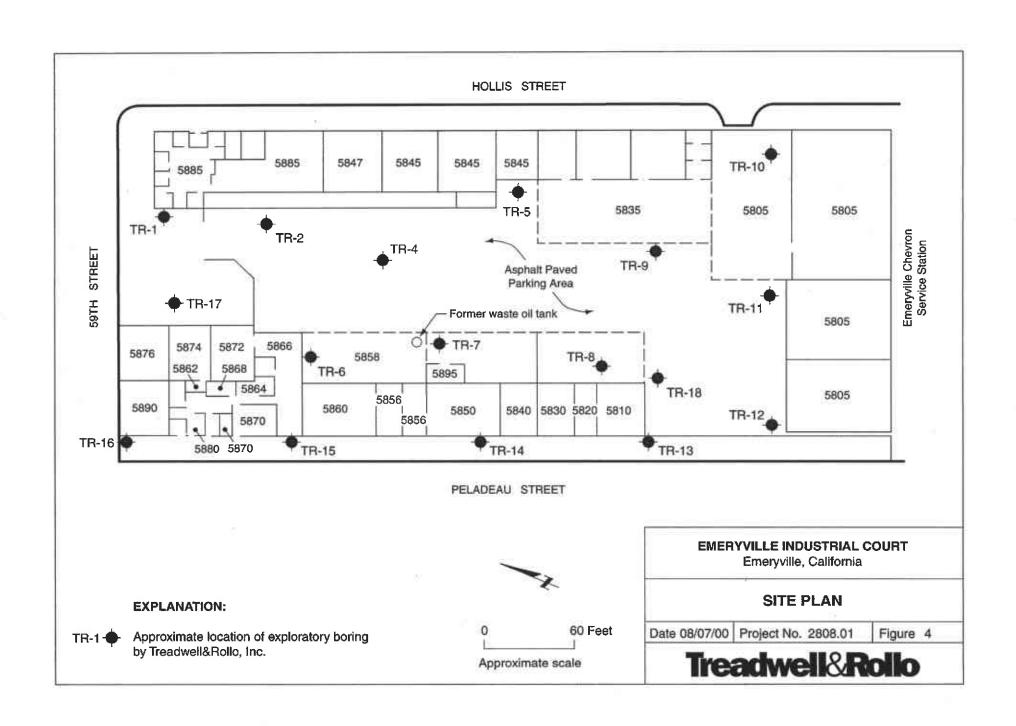
SITE LOCATION MAP

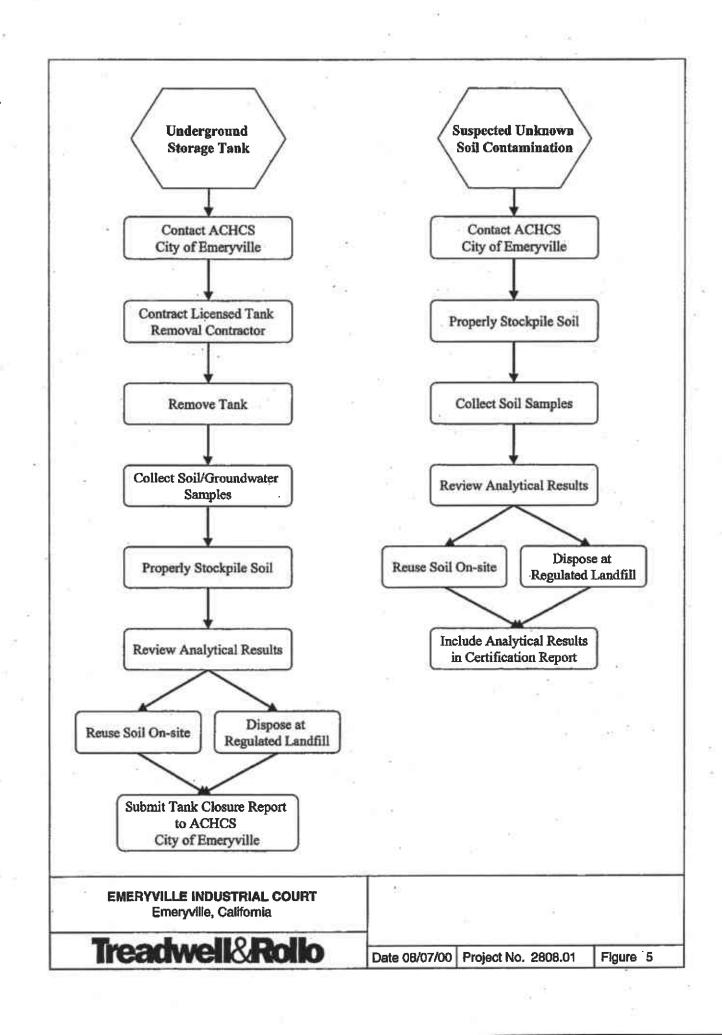
Date 07/08/00 | Project No. 2808.01

Figure 1









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TABLES

Table 1
SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS
Emeryville Industrial Court
Emeryville, California

Sample	Sample	Sample	TRPH	TPH-g	TPH-d	TPH-mo	8010	8260	8270
Number	Date	Depth	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg)
TR-1-4.0	4/6/00	4	###9,900	310	ND	6,600			ND
TR-1-7.0	4/6/00	7		The second second		_		**	
TR-1-9.0	4/6/00	. 9	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
TR-1-12.0	4/6/00	12	ND	ND	ND	ND	_	S	
TR-1-15.0	4/6/00	15	-	_	_	_			
TR-2-3.0	4/6/00	3		-		-		_	
TR-2-5.0	4/6/00	5	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	
TR-2-7.0	4/6/00	7	-	<u>-</u>		_	**	-	
TR-2-10.0	4/6/00	10	36 WE	ND	ND	46			
TR-2-15.0	4/6/00	15	ND .	ND	ND	ND	-		
TR-4-3.0	4/5/00	3	ND	ND	ND	ND	_	_	ND
TR-4-5.0	4/5/00	5	420	99	360	ND	-	ND	
TR-4-8.0	4/5/00	7					_		_
TR-4-11.0	4/5/00	10	863	9,4	30	35		_	-
TR-5-3.0	4/5/00	3 .	140	ND	ND	93			27
TR-5-4.0	4/5/00	4		_				-	
TR-5-6.0	4/5/00	6				-			
TR-5-8.0	4/5/00	8							
TR-5-10.0	4/5/00	10	ND	ND	ND	建設的地方 加度表現	48	t will	-
TR-5-15.0	4/5/00	15	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	••	· -
TR-6-3.0	4/5/00	3							
TR-6-5.0	4/5/00	5	WHITE 300 1	ND	ND	250	ND		ND
TR-6-8.0	4/5/00	8	ND	ND	ND	ND		ND	
TR-6-10.0	4/5/00	10	ND	ND	ND	ND		_	-
TR-6-15.0	4/5/00	15	-	-			••	_	
TR-7-3.0	4/5/00	3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		ND
TR-7-5.0	4/5/00	5	-			-	-	-	_
TR-7-8.0	4/5/00	8	ND	1.0	ND	ND		ND	
TR-7-10.0	4/5/00	10			I -		-	_	
TR-7-15.0	4/5/00	15	ND	ND	ND	ND		_	
TR-8-3.0	4/5/00	3			-				- X
TR-8-5,0	4/5/00	5	ND	ND	6.8	ND		ND	
TR-8-8.0	4/5/00	8	-		1				
TR-8-10.0	4/5/00	10	ND	ND	排程制728	ND	P-0		
TR-8-15.0	4/5/00	15	ND	ND	ND	ND	-		

Table 1
SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS
Emeryville Industrial Court
Emeryville, California

Sample Number	Sample Date	Sample Depth	TRPH	/ TPH-g	трн-а	TPH-mo	8010 (ug/kg)	8260 (ug/kg)	8270 (ug/kg)
	W/15/05		(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	- (ograg)	(ograj)	144-47
TR-9-3.0	4/5/00	3	ND	ND	ND	ND		-	
TR-9-5.0	4/5/00	5	ND	-		-		-	
TR-9-8.0	4/5/00	8	ND	ND	ND	ND		ND	
TR-9-10.0	4/5/00	10	ND	ND ND	ND	ND	-		
TR-9-15.0	4/5/00	15		ND ND	ND	ND			
TR-10-3.0	4/6/00	3	ND	-					-
TR-10-5.0	4/6/00	- 5			110		ND		ND
TR-10-8.0	4/6/00	8	ND	ND .	ND	ND			141
TR-10-10.0	4/6/00	10			110	THE PARTY OF THE P	-		
TR-10-15.0	4/6/00	15	330	ND	ND	180M			
TR-11-3.0	4/5/00	3					- 100		ND
TR-11-5.0	4/5/00	5	ND	1.7	間で21世	P. 17 P. 10 P. 1	ND	-	_
TR-11-8.0	4/5/00	8	ND	ND	ND	ND	-		<u> </u>
TR-11-10.0	4/5/00	10	ND	ND	ND	ND			
TR-11-15.0	4/5/00	15			- 8				-
TR-12-3.0	4/5/00	3	ND	ND	ND	ND			
TR-12-5.0	4/5/00	5	ND	1 ph27	2.9	ND	-	-	ND
TR-12-8.0	4/5/00	8	ND	ND	ND	ND		ND	
TR-12-10.0	4/5/00	10	100	160	30	ND			-
TR-12-15.0	4/5/00	15	ND.	191	ND	ND			
TR-13-3.0	4/6/00	3	-		_	**			
TR-13-5.0	4/8/00	5	30	ND	ND	ND	ND		550***
TR-13-8.0	4/6/00	8	52	ND	ND	39			
TR-13-10.0	4/6/00	10	ND	ND	ND	ND		ND	***
TR-13-15.0	4/6/00	15	ND	ND .	ND	ND	-	_	
TR-14-3.0	4/6/00	3	ND	ND	ND	ND.	-	-	
TR-14-5.0	4/8/00	5	ND	ND	ND	ND	**	ND	570**
TR-14-8.0	4/8/00	8	ND	'ND	ND -	ND	-		
TR-14-10.0	4/6/00	10	ND	1211	23 1	ND		ND	
TR-14-15.0	4/6/00	15	ND	144	HPE4.0	ND	**		540
TR-15-3.0	4/6/00	3	_	-	_		-	-	
TR-15-5.0	4/6/00	5	ND	ND	ND	ND		-	- I
TR-15-8.0	4/6/00	8		-	_				
TR-15-10.0	4/6/00	10	ND	1(0 0	21.3	ND	-	-	590**
TR-15-15.0	4/6/00	15	ND	ND	l ND	ND	-	-	-

Table 1 SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS Emeryville Industrial Court Emeryville, California

Sample	Sample	Sample	TRPH	TPH-9	TPH-d	TPH-mo	8010	8260	8270
Number	Date	Depth.	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg)
TR-16-3.0	4/6/00	3		-	-	-		-	
TR-16-5.0	4/6/00	5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
TR-16-8.0	4/6/00	8	-	-	-		-		
TR-16-10.0	4/6/00	10	ND	ND	ND	ND			600**
TR-16-15.0	4/6/00	15	- 1	-	-	-	-	**	-
TR-17-3.0	4/6/00	3	37	ND	ND	ND	-		-
TR-17-5.0	4/6/00	5	- 1	**	75	-	_	-	
TR-17-8.0	4/6/00	8	-			-	-		-
TR-17-10.0	4/6/00	10	ND	ND	ND	ND		-	**
TR-17-15.0	4/6/00	15	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	
TR-18-3.0	4/5/00	3	ND	ND	ND	ND	-		
TR-18-5.0	4/5/00	5	ND	ND	ND	ND	**	-	ND
TR-18-8.0	4/5/00	8		-	-		-	-	
TR-18-10.0	4/5/00	10	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	17:	-
TR-18-15.0	4/5/00	15	-		-		-	-	-

Notes:

TPHH = EPA Method SM5520 - Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons

TPH-g = EPA Method 8015M - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as gasoline

TPH-d = EPA Method 8015M - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as diesel

TPH-mo = EPA Method 8015 - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as motor oll.

8010 = EPA Method 8010 - Purgeable Halocarbons

8260 = EPA Method 8260 - Volatile Organic Compounds

8270 = EPA Method 8270 - Semi-volatile Organic Compounds

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram (parts per million)

ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram (parts per billion)

BOLD indicates detected at or above the laboratory reporting limit

ND = Not Detected Above Laboratory Reporting Limits

- -- = Not Analyzed or Not Applicable
- * = 17 represents Carbon Disuifide
- ** = Benzo[a]pyrene

Table 2 SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS Emeryville Industrial Court Emeryville, California

Sample	Sample Date	Sample	Cadmium	Chromium	Lead	Nickel	Zinc
Number	F 168 (44. ac.)	Depth	X-10-1				en en en en
	0.000		(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
TR-1-4.0	4/6/00	4	ND -	24	150	21	110
TR-1-7.0	4/6/00	7		-			••
TR-1-9.0	4/6/00	9					
TR-1-12.0	4/6/00	12	-		-		-
TR-1-15.0	4/6/00	15					
TR-2-3.0	4/6/00	3		-	-		
TR-2-5.0	4/6/00	5	ND	45	8.9	32	40
TR-2-7.0	4/6/00	7		-			4.
TR-2-10.0	4/6/00	10	ND	50	-ND	41	41
TR-2-15.0	4/6/00	15	ND	26	ND	37	48
TR-4-3.0	4/5/00	3				114	
TR-4-5.0	4/5/00	5	ND	30	5.8	31	40
TR-4-8.0	4/5/00	7	_				-
TR-4-11.0	4/5/00	10	ND	45	ND	56	54
TR-5-3.0	4/5/00	3		_			_
TR-5-4.0	4/5/00	4	-	-	-		
TR-5-6.0	4/5/00	6		-			_
TR-5-8.0	4/5/00	8	-		***		-
TR-5-10.0	4/5/00	10	ND	49	9.7	70	57
TR-5-15.0	4/5/00	15					
TR-6-3.0	4/5/00	3	-	20 1		•=	_
TR-6-5.0	4/5/00	5	ND	55	150	38	86
TR-6-8.0	4/6/00	8	_	_			-
TR-6-10.0	4/5/00	10	-	_		_	-
TR-6-15.0	4/5/00	15	-				
TR-7-3.0	4/5/00	3	ND	28	ND	23	26
TR-7-5.0	4/5/00	5		-			-
TR-7-8.0	4/5/00	8		_			
TR-7-10.0	4/5/00	10		-	_		_
TR-7-15.0	4/5/00	15		_	-		
TR-8-3.0	4/5/00	3	-	140	1		
TR-8-5.0	4/5/00	5	-		_		
TR-8-8.0	4/5/00	8					-
TR-8-10.0	4/5/00	10	ND	43	8.3	56	49
TR-8-15.0	4/5/00	15		-		-	
TR-9-3.0	4/5/00	3					
TR-9-5.0	4/5/00	5		94	-	-	-
TR-9-8.0	4/5/00	8				_/	
TR-9-10.0	4/5/00	10	ND	8.8	7.6	25	39
TR-9-15.0	1/5/00	15			- 15		
TR-10-3.0	4/6/00	3	ND	47	ND	35	31
TR-10-5.0	4/6/00	5	IND				
TR-10-8.0	4/6/00	8				-	
TR-10-10.0	4/6/00	10	-	-			
TR-10-10.0	4/6/00	15	ND	37	ND	110	61
NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	And the second second				- 140		
TR-11-3.0	4/5/00	3	ND	- 20		64	40.
TR-11-5.0	4/5/00	5	ND_	30	10	64	40
TR-11-8.0	4/5/00	8					
TR-11-10.0	4/5/00	10					
TR-11-15.0	4/5/00	15	-				

Table 2 SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS **Emeryville industrial Court** Emeryville, California

Sample	Sample Date	Sample Depth	Cadmium	Chromium	Lead	Nickel	Zinc
T T	100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100		(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
TR-12-3.0	4/5/00	3	ND	17	6.8	14	28
TR-12-5.0	4/5/00	5	ND	.35	8.2	64	52
TR-12-8.0	4/5/00	8	-	**			
TR-12-10.0	4/5/00	10	-				
TR-12-15.0	4/5/00	15	_		-		
TR-13-3.0	4/6/00	3	_		••		
TR-13-5.0	4/6/00	5	-	- 1	<u> </u>		***
TR-13-8.0	4/6/00	8	ND	97	28	99	73
TR-13-10.0	4/6/00	10					-
TR-13-15.0	4/6/00	15		40) erilej	848	
TR-14-3.0	4/6/00	3					
TR-14-5.0	4/6/00	5	ND	18	ND	15	20
TR-14-8.0	4/6/00	8		10		- 12	_
TR-14-10.0	4/6/00	10	ND	32	ND	33	36
TR-14-15.0	4/6/00	15	.44)		- X+	-	-
TR-15-3.0	4/6/00	3	2.00			-	-
TR-15-5.0	4/6/00	- 5	- ND	39	ND	64	42
TR-15-8.0	4/6/00	8		-	tree .	-	-
TR-15-10.0	4/6/00	10	-		-		44
TR-15-15.0	4/6/00	- 15	-				
TR-16-3.0	4/6/00	3		-	-		
TR-16-5.0	4/6/00	5				-	
TR-16-8.0	4/6/00	8		800			_
TR-16-10.0	4/6/00	10	-	-			
TR-16-15.0	4/6/00	15			-		
TR-17-3.0	4/6/00	3	ND	28	ND	12	19
TR-17-5.0	4/6/00	5	_				-
TR-17-8.0	4/6/00	8		-	4.100		
TR-17-10.0	4/6/00	10	ND	39	ND	53	39
TR-17-15.0	4/6/00	15	-		***		
TR-18-3.0	4/5/00	3	ND	26	9.4	21	26
TR-18-5.0	4/5/00	5			**		
TFI-18-8.0	4/5/00	8			**		
TR-18-10.0	4/5/00	10	ND	37	6.4	83	48
TR-18-15.0	4/5/00	15	-				

Notes:
TPHH = EPA Method SM5520 - Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons

TPH-g = EPA Method 8015M - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as gasoline

TPH-d = EPA Method 8015M - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as diesel

TPH-mo = EPA Method 8015 - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as motor oil.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram (parts per million)

ND = Not Detected Above Laboratory Reporting Limits

BOLD Indicates detected at or above the laboratory reporting limit

-- = Not Analyzed or Not Applicable

Table 3 WATER SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Emeryville Industrial Court Emeryville, California

Sample Number		TRPH (cg/L)	TPH-g	TPH-d	TPH-mo	8010 (ug/L)	8260 (ug/L)	Cadmium (mg/L)	Chromium (mg/L)	Lead (mg/L)	Nickel (mg/L)	Zino (mg/L)
TR-1	4/6/00		98	130	ND	ND	_	ND	0.042	0.032	0.4	0.65
TR-6	4/5/00	6,600	ND	ND	1,400	ND	ND				7.2	-
TR-9	4/6/00	ND	ND	ND	420			-	-			1
TR-12	4/6/00	9,900	3,300	700	ND	ND		ND	0.018	ND	0.34	0.16

Notes:

TPHH = EPA Method SM5520 - Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons

TPH-g = EPA Method 8015M - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as gasoline

TPH-d = EPA Method 8015M - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as diesel

TPH-mo = EPA Method 8015 - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as motor oil.

8010 = EPA Method 8010 - Purgeable Halocarbons

8260 = EPA Method 8260 - Gasoline Oxygenates

ug/L = micrograms per liter or parts per billion

mg/L = miligrams per liter or parts per million

- = Not Analyzed or Not Applicable

BOLD indicates detected at or above the laboratory reporting limit

ND = Not Detected Above Laboratory Reporting Limits

ALAMEDA COUNTY HEALTH CARE SERVICES

AGENCY

DAVID J. KEARS, Agency Director



JUN 2 9 2000

TREADWELL & ROLLO

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577 (510) 567-6700

(510) 567-6700 FAX (510) 337-9335

June 23, 2000

Mr. Fillmore Marks
Marks Management Company
44 Montgomery, Suite 850
San Francisco, California 94104

RE: Proposed Emeryville Industrial Court (STID# 6687) 5885 Hollis Street, Emeryville, California 94608

Dear Mr. Fillmore:

The Alameda County Environmental Health Services (ACEHS) has reviewed the following reports submitted for the above referenced site:

- Environmental Site Assessment (March 15, 1995) prepared by Weiss Associates
- Environmental Site Characterization (May 12, 2000) prepared by Treadwell & Rollo

The subject site has four buildings and currently occupied by tenants. The proposed development for the site consists of demolishing the existing buildings and construction of a two-story office building and a four-level parking garage.

Results of the soil samples collected from seventeen exploratory borings (TR-1 to TR-18) drilled at the site in April 2000 indicated the presence of the following contaminants: 9,900 parts per million (ppm) Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TRPH), 160 ppm Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon (TPH) as gasoline, 360 ppm TPH diesel, 6600 ppm TPH motor oil, 600 ppm benzo[a] pyrene, 17 parts per billion (ppb) carbon disulfide and metals (97 ppm chromium, 150 ppm lead, 110 ppm nickel, 110 ppm zinc). Groundwater samples were collected from four borings (TR-1, TR-6, TR-9 and TR-12) and found up to 9900 ppb TRPH, 3300 ppb TPH gasoline, 700 ppb TPH diesel, 1400 ppb TPH motor oil, 20 ppb 1,4-dichlorobenzene, 18 ppb chloroform, 42 ppb chromium, 32 ppb lead, 400 ppb nickel and 650 ppb zinc.

Based on the review of the referenced reports, the following issues must be addressed prior to development of the subject site:

1. A 10,000-gallon underground storage tank was reportedly removed in 1990 at 5805 Hollis Street which is occupied by S.B. Thomas, one of the tenants at the site. The presence or absence of the tank must be verified. The tank's location must be identified. Records of the disposal of the tank and any stockpiled soil generated during the removal action should be submitted. Results of any soil and /or groundwater samples collected during the removal of the tank should also be submitted.

Mr. Fillmore Marks

RE: 5885 Hollis Street, Emeryville, CA 94608

June 23, 2000 Page 2 of 3

- 2. As you are aware, City of Emeryville acquired a portion of the subject site located on the corner of 59th Street and Peladeau (the former coffee roasters building). During the widening of 59th Street, petroleum hydrocarbon contamination (up to 13,000 ppm TPH diesel and 15,000 ppm TPH motor oil) was detected at the site. These data should be included in evaluating future groundwater monitoring requirements at the site.
- 3. A site conceptual model should be prepared which will identify sources of releases, chemicals of concern (COCs), routes of exposures, and sensitive receptors. This should include evaluation of the human and environmental risk assessment for the proposed use of the site.
- 4. A short term and long term risk management plan should be submitted for the site. The short term (construction) risk management plan should include at a minimum, the following elements: acceptable health & safety plans for construction workers, soil management plan, groundwater management plan, dust control, stormwater prevention plan and preventive measures to not create any vertical conduits for contaminants to migrate from shallow to deeper groundwater. The long term (future) risk management plan should include health and safety plan for future construction workers such as utility workers who maybe exposed to residual contaminants that will be left at the site and institutional controls such as capping and deed restrictions that may be required at the site.
- 5. Any reuse of soil at the site should have prior approval from this agency.
- 6. Confirmation soil and groundwater samples will be required at the site and should include the following chemicals of concern: TPH gasoline, TPH diesel, TPH motor oil, TPH as mineral spirits, chlorinated solvents, volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) and metals.
- 7. A site development plan should be submitted and should include at a minimum the following: description of the project; site map with the location of the proposed buildings, landscapes, basements, underground parking garages, known sources or potential sources of contamination and extent of any excavation associated with construction activities at the site.
- 8. A sump was identified at the site. Please provide more information about the location and usage of the reported sump and evaluate if the sump is a potential source of contamination.
- 9. Please provide us with the information of the type of business Cook Midwest, one of the tenants, used to operate at the site.

Mr. Fillmore Marks

RE: 5885 Hollis Street, Emeryville, CA 94608

June 23, 2000 Page 3 of 3

- 10. A contingency plan should be prepared for the site. The plan should include steps to be taken in the event that any unexpected or unusual condition is encountered during construction activities at the site. This may include uncovering abandoned tanks and associated pipings, hot spots and/ or contamination. Please include a flowchart of steps to be taken as part of the contingency plan.
- 11. A report should be submitted after completion of the development and should include at a minimum copies of any soil and /or groundwater disposed off site, results of soil and groundwater sampling, etc.

If you have any questions about this letter or the subject site, please contact me at (510) 567-6780.

Sincerely,

Susan L. Hugo

Hazardous Materials Specialist

Susan & Hugo

c: Ariu Levi /Thomas Peacock, Environmental Health Services
Betty Graham, San Francisco Bay RWQCB
Barrie Cromartie / Ignacio Dayrit, City of Emeryville, 2200 Powell St., 12th Floor, Emeryville, CA 4608
Peter Cusack, Treadwell & Rollo, 555 Montgomery St., Suite 1300, San Francisco, CA 94111
SH / files

8 December 2000 Project 2808.01

Susan L. Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services Environmental Health Services 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, California 94502-6577

Subject:

Emeryville Industrial Court

5885 Hollis Street Emeryville, California

Dear Ms. Hugo:

We have prepared this letter in response to your recent request regarding the proposed Emeryville Industrial Court project in Emeryville, California (Figure 1). For the project, we previously performed an Environmental Site Characterization (report dated 12 May 2000) and a Geotechnical Investigation (report dated 27 July 2000). We also prepared a letter report dated 8 August 2000, in response to your letters dated 23 June 2000 and 5 July 2000.

Since our letter dated 8 August 2000, development plans have changed to include one level of below ground parking. In our previous letter report, excavation plans were to remove approximately the top 5 feet of soil for the building and garage foundation construction. This soil was to be excavated, stockpiled, and recompacted throughout the site.

Based on current development plans, including the below ground parking, new soil handling procedures will be followed. The proposed below ground parking area will include the entire site. All of the excavated soil will be properly stockpiled and soil samples will be collected and tested. Based on our review of the analytical results, the soil will be properly disposed at a licensed landfill.

Once the excavation has been completed, confirmatory soil samples will be collected and analyzed. Based on these analytical results, a deed restriction and/or additional soil management procedures may be required for the property.

We will be providing construction observation services to Mark Management Company. The Short and Long Term Risk Management Plan, Contingency Plan, Health and Safety Issues, Maintenance Requirements, and Certification Report presented in our 8 August 2000 letter report will be followed as part of the site development activities.



Donald D. Treadwell, PhD, PE

Principal Engineer

Susan L. Hugo Alameda County Health Care Services Environmental Health Services 8 December 2000 Page 2

We trust this letter provides the information that you require. If you have any questions, please call either of us.

Sincerely yours, TREADWELL & ROLLO, INC.

Peter J. Cusack

Senior Project Scientist

cc: Elaine Kirk - Mark Management Company

28080104.PJC

TABLE 2 SUMMARY OF SOIL SAMPLE DATA - METALS 5885 Hollis Street Emeryville, California

Sample Number	Sample Date	Sample Depth	Cadmium	Chromium	Lead	Nickel	Zinc
<u> </u>	الأفرية السياسي		(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ing/kg)	(mg/kg)
TR-1-4.0	4/6/2000	4	ND	24	150	21	110
TR-1-7.0	4/6/2000	7				-	
TR-1-9.0	4/6/2000	9					
TR-1-12.0	4/6/2000	12				-	-
TR-1-15.0	4/6/2000	15					
TR-2-3.0	4/6/2000	3				-	-
TR-2-5.0	4/6/2000	. 5	ND	45	8.9	32	40
TR-2-7.0	4/6/2000	7					
TR-2-10.0	4/6/2000	10	ND	50	ND	41	41
TR-2-15.0	4/6/2000	15	ЙD	26	ND	37	48
TR-4-3.0	4/5/2000	3		-			-
TR-4-5.0	4/5/2000	5	ND	30	5.8	31	40
TR-4-8.0	4/5/2000	7					
TR-4-11.0	4/5/2000	10	ND	45	ND	56	54
TR-5-3.0	4/5/2000	3				-	
TR-5-4.0	4/5/2000	4					
TR-5-6.0	4/5/2000	6					-
TR-5-8.0	4/5/2000	8				-+	
TR-5-10.0	4/5/2000	10	ND	49	9.7	70	57
TR-5-15.0	4/5/2000	15					
TR-6-3.0	4/5/2000	3	-				
FR-6-5.0	4/5/2000	5	ND	55	150	38	86
FR-6-8.0	4/5/2000	8					
TR-6-10.0	4/5/2000	10					
TR-6-15.0	4/5/2000	15					
TR-7-3.0	4/5/2000	3	ND	28	ND	23	26
FR-7-5.0	4/5/2000	5					
<u>FR-7-8.0</u>	4/5/2000	8					
FR-7-10.0	4/5/2000	10					
TR-7-15.0	4/5/2000	15					
TR-8-3.0	4/5/2000	3					
FR-8-5.0	4/5/2000	5					
FR-8-8.0	4/5/2000	8	 NTS				
TR-8-10.0	4/5/2000	10	ND	43	8.3	56	49
ΓR-8-15.0 ΓR-9-3.0	4/5/2000	15					
TR-9-5.0	4/5/2000	5					
TR-9-8.0	4/5/2000 4/5/2000	8		-			
TR-9-10.0	4/5/2000	10	ND	8.8	7.6	25	39
ΓR-9-15,0	4/5/2000	15	ND	- 0.0	7.0		- 39
TR-10-3.0	4/6/2000	3	ND	47	ND	35	31
TR-10-5.0	4/6/2000	5	1117		· ND	33	
TR-10-8.0	4/6/2000	8	-		-		
TR-10-10.0	4/6/2000	10					
TR-10-15.0	4/6/2000	15	ND	37	ND	110	61
TR-11-3.0	4/5/2000	3	ND		ND	110	
TR-11-5.0	4/5/2000	5	ND	30	10	64	40
ΓR-11-8.0	4/5/2000	8					
TR-11-10.0	4/5/2000	10					
TR-11-15.0	4/5/2000	15					
ΓR-12-3.0	4/5/2000	3	ND	17	6.8	14	28
TR-12-5.0	4/5/2000	5	ND	35	8.2	64	52
FR-12-8.0	4/5/2000	8			_		
TR-12-10.0	4/5/2000	10					
ΓR-12-15.0	4/5/2000	15					
FR-13-3.0	4/6/2000	3			-		
TR-13-5.0	4/6/2000	5					
FR-13-8.0	4/6/2000	8	ND	97	28	99	73
ΓR-13-10.0	4/6/2000	10					
TR-13-15.0	4/6/2000	15					
ΓR-14-3.0	4/6/2000	3					
ΓR-14-5,0	4/6/2000	5	ND	18	ND	15	20
ΓR-14-8.0	4/6/2000	8					
FR-14-10.0	4/6/2000	10	ND	32	ND	33	36
ΓR-14-15.0	4/6/2000	15				-	-
ΓR-15-3,0	4/6/2000	3			-		
ΓR-15-5.0	4/6/2000	5	ND	39	ND	64	42
TR-15-8.0	4/6/2000	8					
FR-15-10.0	4/6/2000	10					
TR-15-15.0	4/6/2000	15					
ΓR-16-3.0	4/6/2000	3					
TR-16-5.0	· 4/6/2000	5			_		**
TR-16-8.0	4/6/2000	8					
TR-16-10.0	4/6/2000	10			••		
rr-16-15.0	4/6/2000	15					
FR-17-3.0	4/6/2000	3	ND	28	ND	12	19
f w/fw		1		~~			

TABLE 2 SUMMARY OF SOIL SAMPLE DATA - METALS 5885 Hollis Street Emeryville, California

Sample Number	Sample Date	Sample Depth	Cadmium	Chromium	Lead	Nickel	Zinc
	Leitasiis is	Sidle of	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
TR-17-5.0	4/6/2000	5					
TR-17-8.0	4/6/2000	8	-				
TR-17-10.0	4/6/2000	10	ND	39	ND	53	39
TR-17-15.0	4/6/2000	15					
TR-18-3.0	4/5/2000	3	ND	26	9.4	21	26
TR-18-5.0	4/5/2000	5					
TR-18-8.0	4/5/2000	8					
TR-18-10.0	4/5/2000	10	ND	37	б,4	83	48
TR-18-15.0	4/5/2000	15				-	-
TR-19-2.5'	1/20/05	2.5	-				
TR-19-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0					-
TR-20-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0	-	 -			
TR-20-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0				<u> </u>	
TR-21-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0				-	-
TR-21-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0				_	
TR-22-2.0	1/20/05	2.0					
TR-22-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0		_			
TR-25-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0			14		
TR-25-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0					
TR-28-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0		-	5.6	_	
TR-28-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0		-			
TR-29-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0			9.2		
TR-29-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0					
TR-30-2.0'	1/20/05	2.0			11	-	
TR-30-6.0	1/20/05	6.0				_	
TR-31-2.5'	1/20/05	2.5					
TR-31-6.0'	1/20/05	6.0				110	110
Maximum			ND	97	150	110	110
Background			5.6	58	7	46	64
Representative		ľ					
concentration			ND	97	150	110	110
TTLC			100	2500	1000	2,000	5,000
STLC (TCLP) (mg/l)			1	5	5	20	250.0
ESL (Table K-1)							
Residential			1.7	2300.0	255	150	4,700
ESL (Table K-2)							Ť
Commercial	ļ.		7.4	290000.0	750	1.000	58,000
Representative		-	17	290000.0	,,,,,	1,000	
				T 4h	T	T ann the	Tana the
Concentration vs.	ŀ			Less than	Less than	Less than	Less than
Residential ESL			ND	ESL	ESL	ESL	ESL
Representative						l .	
Concentration vs.	.			Less than	Less than	Less than	Less than
Commercial ESL	I	[ND	ESL	ESL	ESL	ESL

Notes:

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram (parts per million)
ND = Not Detected Above Laboratory Reporting Limits

-- = Not Analyzed or Not Applicable

ESL for Chromium is based on Chromium III

ESL for Lead is based on no ingestion of homegrown produce

ESL = Environmental Screening Levels established by the SFBRWQCB

SFBRWQCB = San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board

Table K-1: ESL for Direct Exposure, Residential, 2005.

Table K-2: ESL for Direct Exposure, Commercial/Industrial, 2005.

TTLC = Total Threshold Limit Concentration

STLC = Soluble Threshold Limit Concentration

TCLP = Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure

BKG = Maximum detected concentration is less than background and not evaluated further

Background = Average Concentrations from LBNL, 2002. If no average concentration available, then value was selected from the following 95th percentile, 99th percentile, and median of detected concentrations (in order, depending upon available values).

LBNL = Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, 2002, Analysis of Background Distributions of Metals in the Soil at Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory. Environmental Restoration Program. June

TABLE 3 SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLE DATA - ORGANICS 5885 Hollis Street Emeryville, California

Sample	Sample	TPHa	ТРНто	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	m.p-Xylene	o-Xvlene	Isopropylbenz ene	Propylbenzen e	1,3,5- Trimethylben zene		sec- Butylbenzen <i>e</i>	Nambthalana	Acetope	Other VOCs
ID :	Date	ue/I	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/I	ug/l	ug/l	ng/l	ng/l	ue/l	ng/l	ие/	me/l	og/l
TR-I	4/6/2000	130	ND	98					**								ND (8010)
TR-6	4/5/2000	ND	1,400	ND	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	<5	< 5	< 100	ND (8260)
TR-9	4/6/2000	ND	420	ND			-		••		_			-			772 (8200)
TR-12	4/6/2000	700	ND	3,300		_	_	_	-	-							ND (8010)
TR-23 (GW)	6/20/2005	8,400 L Y		28,000	4,300	< 25	990	300	< 25	120	240	45	160	< 25	380	< 500	ND (8260)
TR-24 (GW)	6/15/2005	6800 L		91000 Y	2500	31	950	380	380	210	110	290	43	70	710	35	**
TR-25 (GW)	1/20/05	NA	N.A	150,000 Y	2,500	< 10	3,600	1,100	620								
TR-29 (GW)	1/20/05	280 H Y	340 L	< 50	< 0.5	0.61 C	< 0.5	0.60 C	< 0.5								
TR-30 (GW)	1/20/05	640 H Y	960	< 50	< 0.5	0.85 C	< 0.5	0.85 C	< 0.5	-							
TR-31 (GW)	1/20/05	270 H Y	1,500	< 50	< 0.5	0.56 C	< 0.5	0.57 C	< 0.5								ND
Maximum		8400	1500	150000	4300	31	3600	1100	620	210	240	290	160	70	710	35	ND
ESL (Table E-1a)			-						_								
Residential - high] [610														
permeability*		500	640	500	540	380,000	170,000	160,000	160,000	NA NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	3,200	53,000,000	NA
ESL (Table E-1a) Commercial - high permeability*		640	640	500	1,800	380,000	170,000	160,000	160,000	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA i	11,000	150,000,000	NA.
Maximum vs. Residential ESL		Exceeds ESL	Exceeds ESL	Exceeds ESL	Exceeds ESL	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	NA.	NA.	NA.	NA	NA	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	ND
Maximum vs. Commercial ESL		Exceeds ESL	Exceeds ESL	Exceeds ESL	Exceeds ESL	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Less than ESL	Less than ESL	ND

Notes:

Results presented in units indicated at top of table.

ug/l = micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

TPHg = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons quantified as gasoline

TPHd = Total Petroleum Hydrcarbons quantified as diesel fuel

TPHmo = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons quantified as motor oil

VOCs = Volatile Organic Compounds (see laboratory data sheets for complete list of VOCs analyzed)

< 1 = indicates not detected at the indicated laboratory detection limit

ND = Not detected at or greater than the laboratory detection limit which varies, see laboratory report

C = Presence confirmed, but RPD (Relative Percent Difference) between columns exceeds 40%

Y = Laboratory flag indicating sample exhibits chromatographic pattern which does not resemble standard

H = Laboratory flag indicating heavier hydrocarbons contributed to quantitation

L = Laboratory flag indicating lighter hydrocarbons contributed to quantitation

NA = not analyzed

Treadwell&Rollo

APPENDIX B

JUNE 2005 LABORATORY DATA



Curtis & Tompkins, Ltd., Analytical Laboratories, Since 1878

2323 Fifth Street, Berkeley, CA 9471O, Phone (510) 486-0900

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Prepared for:

Treadwell & Rollo 501 14th Street Third Floor Oakland, CA 94612

Date: 29-JUN-05 Lab Job Number: 180104 Project ID: 4069.01

Location: 5885 Hollis Street

This data package has been reviewed for technical correctness and completeness. Release of this data has been authorized by the Laboratory Manager or the Manager's designee, as verified by the following signatures. The results contained in this report meet all requirements of NELAC and pertain only to those samples which were submitted for analysis.

Reviewed by:

Project Manager

Reviewed by: _

peratrons Manage:

This package may be reproduced only in its entirety.

NELAP # 01107CA

Page 1 of _______



CASE NARRATIVE

Laboratory number:

180104

Client:

Treadwell & Rollo

Project:

4069.01

Location:

5885 Hollis Street

Request Date:

06/20/05

Samples Received:

06/20/05

This hardcopy data package contains sample and QC results for two soil samples and one water sample, requested for the above referenced project on 06/20/05. The samples were received cold and intact.

TPH-Purgeables and/or BTXE by GC (EPA 8015B) Water:

No analytical problems were encountered.

TPH-Purgeables and/or BTXE by GC (EPA 8015B) Soil:

High surrogate recovery was observed for bromofluorobenzene (FID) in TR-23-9.0' (lab # 180104-002), due to interference from coeluting hydrocarbon peaks; the corresponding trifluorotoluene (FID) surrogate recovery was within limits. No other analytical problems were encountered.

TPH-Extractables by GC (EPA 8015B) Water:

No analytical problems were encountered.

TPH-Extractables by GC (EPA 8015B) Soil:

No analytical problems were encountered.

Volatile Organics by GC/MS (EPA 8260B) Water:

No analytical problems were encountered.

Volatile Organics by GC/MS (EPA 8260B) Soil:

High recovery was observed for 1,1-dichloroethene in the LCS for batch 103099; this analyte was not detected at or above the RL in the associated samples. Low recoveries were observed for benzene and toluene in the MS/MSD for batch 103099; the parent sample was not a project sample, and the LCS was within limits. High RPD was observed for toluene; this analyte was not detected at or above the RL in the associated samples. High surrogate recoveries were observed for bromofluorobenzene and 1,2-dichloroethane-d4 in TR-23-9.0' (lab # 180104-002), due to matrix interference. No other analytical problems were encountered.

Treadually Dolla

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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	501 14th S		r, Oakland, CA 94612			
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bb Number: 4069.01			. Analysi	Requested		्रांगुनकारम्प्रक
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amplers: STD			<u> </u>			24 hour
ecorder (Signature Réquired):	No.	. Containers	[취취			
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Field Sample dentification No. Date Time Lab Sample	Soil Soil Other HCL HCL	HNO3 Ice Other	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1		Silica gel clean-up Hold	Remarks
R-23-4.0 (e/20/05 1025			XXX			TOTAL NO.
R-23-9.0' 1 1050	N I	1	X XX			
R-23(6W) 1/ 1105	X 4	1	XXX			
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Received Or Ice

SOP Volume:

Client Services

Section:

1.1.2

Page:

Effective Date:

1 of 1

Revision:

10-May-99

Filename:

1 Number L of 3

F:\QC\Forms\QC\Cooler.wpd



COOLER RECEIPT CHECKLIST

T	t: 18104 Date Received: 6-20-05 Number of Cooler To eadwell & Rollo Project: 4069.01	
Logina	Date Received: 9 3 7 Number of Cooler	.8.
Client:	16-640WEIL & ROLLO Project: 4064.01	•
A.	Preliminary Examination Phase Date Opened: 6-20-05 By (print): Toy Windsov (sign)	re fla Tum 1
1.	Did cooler come with a shipping slip (airbill, etc.)?	YES XO
1.	If VEC onter corrier name and airhill number	125 859
2.	If YES, enter carrier name and airbill number: Were custody seals on outside of cooler?	VES NO
4.	How many and where? Seal date: Seal na	me: //a
3.	Were custody seals unbroken and intact at the date and time of arrival?	YES NO WA
4.	Were custody papers dry and intact when received?	
4. 5.	Were custody papers filled out properly (ink, signed, etc.)?	WES NO
	Did you sign the custody papers in the appropriate place?	ÆR NO
6. 7.	Was project identifiable from custody papers?	ALO NO
7	If YES, enter project name at the top of this form.	1-450 110
8.	If required, was sufficient ice used? Samples should be 2-6 degrees C	(VEQ NO
· 0.	Type of ice: [Net Temperature: Cold - N	a lound blank
	Type of ice. Temperature.	10 tring plant
В.	Login Phase	1080
D .	Date Logged In: 6-20-05 By (print) COY Wind SAV (sign), AND	VELLUMN /
1.	Describe type of packing in cooler: IN 200 how 5/100 8	in nover temps !
2.	Describe type of packing in cooler: M zploc type bags/vor & Did all bottles arrive unbroken?	YES NO by
3.	Were labels in good condition and complete (ID, date, time, signature, e	
4.	Did bottle labels agree with custody papers?	
5.	Were appropriate containers used for the tests indicated?	
6.	Were correct preservatives added to samples?	TES NO
7.	Was sufficient amount of sample sent for tests indicated?	VES NO
8.	Were bubbles absent in VOA samples? If NO, list sample Ids below	
9.	Was the client contacted concerning this sample delivery?	
	If YES, give details below.	
	Who was called? By whom?	Date:
•		
Additi	onal Comments:	
IAGGIL		
•		
		
		<u> </u>
Filename	e: F:\qc\forms\qc\cooler.doc	Rev. 1, 4/95



Total Volatile Hydrocarbons 5885 Hollis Street Lab #: 180104 Location: Treadwell & Rollo Prep: EPA 5030B Client: EPA 8015B Analysis: Project#: 4069.01 06/20/05 Sampled: Field ID: TR-23 (GW) 06/20/05 Matrix: Water Received: 06/20/05 Analyzed: Units: ug/L Batch#: 103095

γpe:

SAMPLE

Diln Fac:

20.00

ab ID:

180104-003

Analyte		RL	
Gasoline C7-C12	28,000	1,000	

Surrogate	%RB(Limits
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	130	63-141
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	119	79-139

Гуре:

BLANK

Diln Fac:

1.000

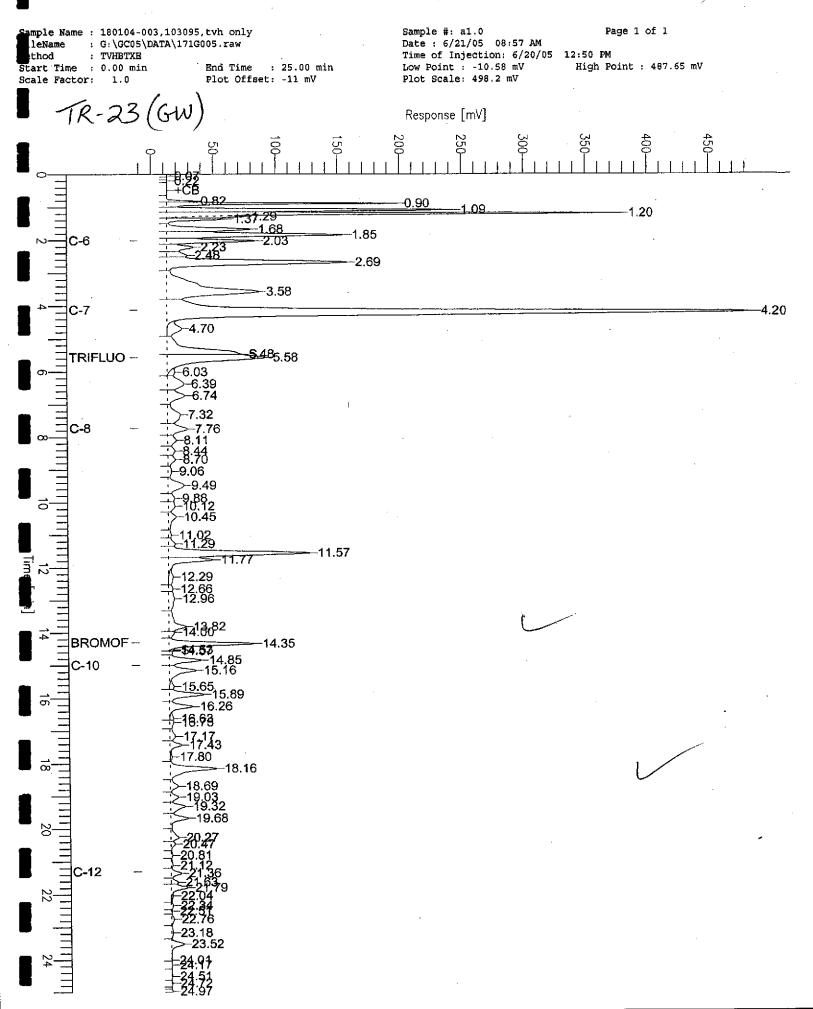
Lab ID:

QC298045

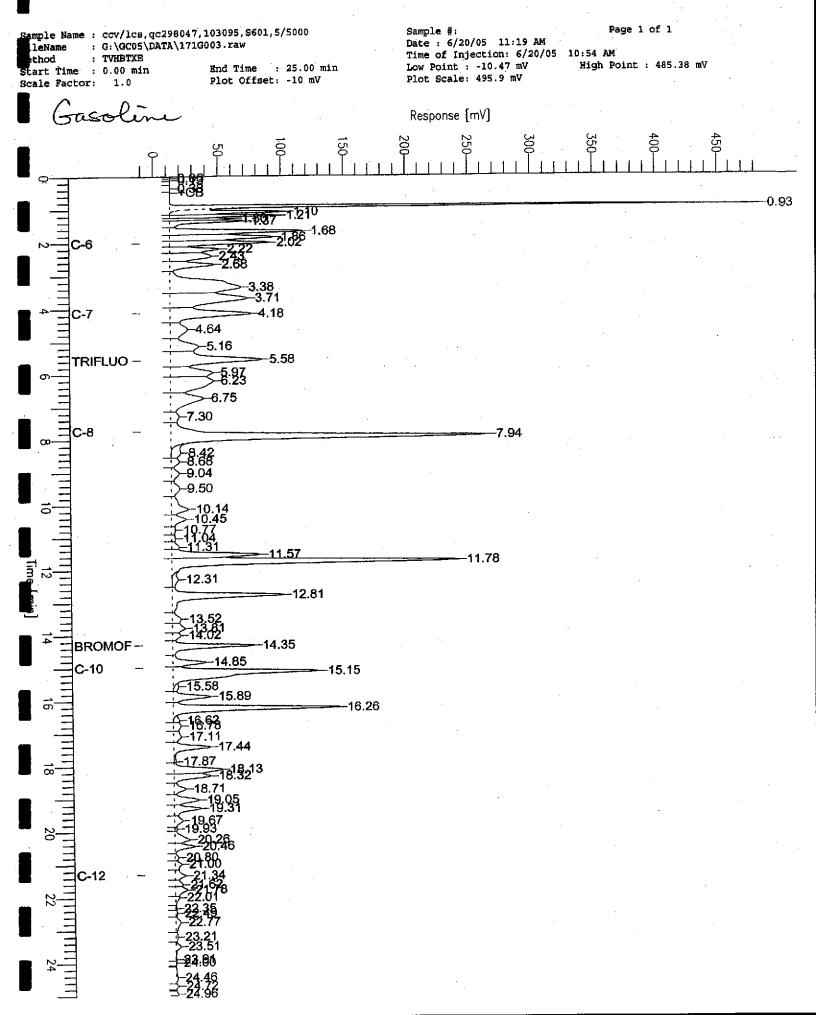
Analyte	Result		
Gasoline C7-C12	ND	50	

Surrogate	%REC	Limits	
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	92	63-141	
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	94	79-139	

Chromatogram



Chromatogram





Batch QC Report

	Total Vol	atile Hydrocarbo	ns
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analýsis:	EPA 8015B
Туре :	LCS	Diln Fac:	1.000
Lab ID:	QC298047	Batch#:	103095
Matrix:	Water	Analyzed:	06/20/05
Units:	ug/L		

Analyte		Spiked	Result	%RI	C Limits	
Gasoline C7-C12		2,000	1,884	94	80-120	
Surrogate	%REC	Limits				
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	132	63-141	 -			
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	115	79-139			-	



atch QC Report

	Total Vol	atile Hydrocarbo	ns
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
Field ID:	ZZZZZZZZZ	Batch#:	103095
MSS Lab ID:	180108-001	Sampled:	06/17/05
Matrix:	Water	Received:	06/20/05
Units:	ug/L	Analyzed:	06/21/05
Diln Fac:	1.000	·	

Type:

MS

Lab ID:

QC298106

Analyte		Spiked	Result	%R	EC Limits
Gasoline C7-C12	169.3	2,000	1,827	83	80-120

Surrogate	%REC	Limits	
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	133	63-141	
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	118	79-139	

<u>T</u>ype:

MSD

Lab ID:

QC298107

Analyte	Spiked	Result	*REC	Limits	RPI) Lim
Gasoline C7-C12	2,000 -	1,844	84	80-120	1	20
	,					
Surrogate	%REC Limits					

Surrogate	%RE(Limits
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	131	63-141
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	114	79-139
	•	



Total Volatile Hydrocarbons Lab #: 180104 Location: 5885 Hollis Street Client: Treadwell & Rollo Prep: EPA 5030B Project#: 4069.01 Analysis: EPA 8015B Matrix: Sòil Sampled: 06/20/05 Units: mg/Kg Received: 06/20/05 Basis: as received Analyzed: 06/20/05 Batch#: 103091

Field ID:

TR-23-4.0'

Lab ID:

180104-001

ype:

SAMPLE

Diln Fac:

1.000

Analyte	Result	RL	
Gasoline C7-C12	2.3 Y	1.1	

Surrogate	%REC	Limite
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	124	60-138
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	124	66-148

ield ID:

TR-23-9.0'

Lab ID:

180104-002

Type:

SAMPLE

Diln Fac:

20.00

Analyte	Result	RL	
Gasoline C7-C12	390 Y	20	

Surrogate	%REC	Limits
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	120	60-138
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	1.62 *	66-148

ype:

BLANK

Diln Fac:

1.000

ab ID:

QC298031

Analyte	Result	RĿ	
Gasoline C7-C12	ND	 1.0	

Surrogate	%RE(C Limits	
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	95	60-138	·
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	97	66-148	

^{*=} Value outside of QC limits; see narrative

Y= Sample exhibits chromatographic pattern which does not resemble standard

D= Not Detected

RL= Reporting Limit

Page 1 of 1

GC19 TVH 'X' Data File (FID)

Sample Name : 180104-001,103091,tvh only Sample #: a Page 1 of 1 leName : G:\GC19\DATA\171X005.raw Date: 6/21/05 10:34 AM thod : TVHBTXE Time of Injection: 6/20/05 12:50 PM Start Time : 0.00 min End Time : 26.80 min Low Point : 7.78 mV High Point : 100.85 mV Scale Factor: 1.0 Plot Offset: 8 mV Plot Scale: 93.1 mV TR-23-4.0' Response [mV] **+H**57 -1.43 2.44 -3.04 -3.36 3.67 C-7 5.60 6.18 -6.92TRIFLUO --7.137.56 -7.88 8.33 8.91 9.38 9.73 10.08 10.34 C-8 10.68 -11.15 11.70 12,10 14.65 **BROMOF-**16.04 \$6.25 16.53 C-10 16.80 17.24 --17.58 17.93 18,24 19.13 **19**.61 -19.86 20.30 20.70 20.99 ---21.39 22.00 22.25 22.64 23.05 --23.39 C-12

GC19 TVH 'X' Data File (FID)

Sample Name : 180104-002,103091,tvh only

LleName : G:\GC19\DATA\171X009.RAW

thod start Time : 0.02 min Scale Factor: 0.0

End Time : 26.80 min

Plot Offset: 7 mV

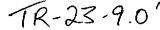
Sample #: a

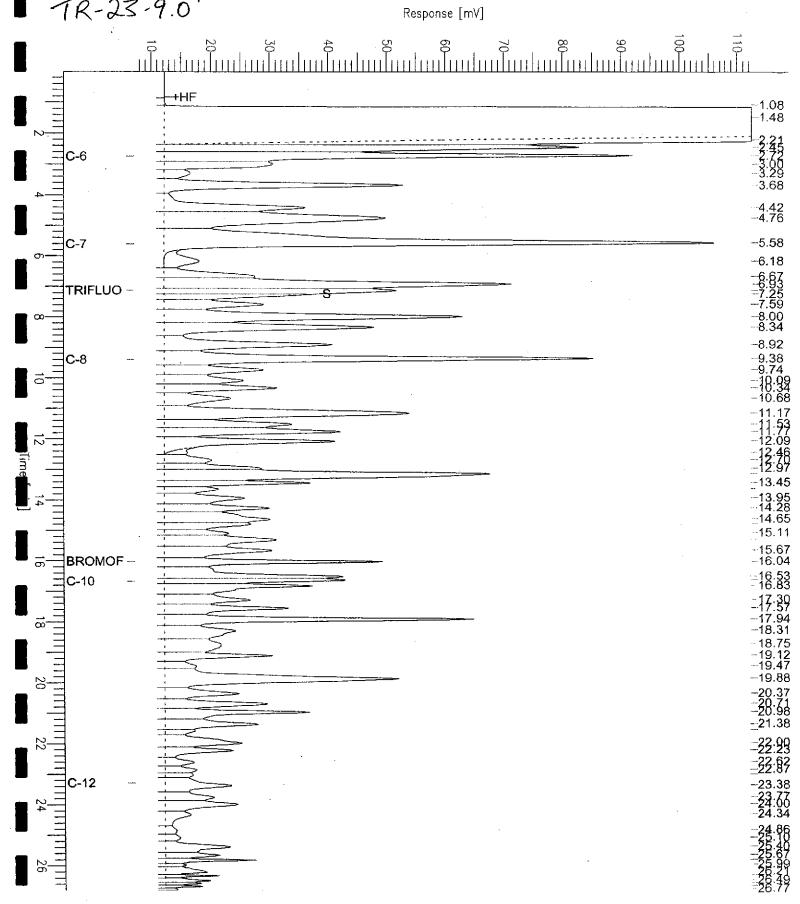
Date: 6/21/05 10:17 AM Time of Injection: 6/20/05 03:11 PM

Low Point : 7.09 mV High Point : 112.54 mV

Page 1 of 1

Plot Scale: 105.4 mV





GC19 TVH 'X' Data File (FID) 103091 nmple Name : ccv/lcs,qc298033,1030191,S601,5/5000 Page 1 of 1 Sample #: Date: 6/20/05 09:16 AM : G:\GC19\DATA\171X003.raw Time of Injection: 6/20/05 08:49 AM : TVHBTXE hod High Point : 420.59 mV Low Point : -8.19 mV End Time : 26.80 min tart Time : 0.00 min Plot Scale: 428.8 mV Plot Offset: -8 mV 1.0 cale Factor: Response [mV] +CB 1.58 -2.72 -3.01 -3.32 >-3.68 >-5.08 -5.61 6.12 TRIFLUO -7.52 7.81 -8.34 8.92 9.38 C-8 9.58 10.08 10.68 10.68 11,18 13.25 13.45 13.96 -14.49 ~16.04 BROMOF --16.53 C-10 -16.82 17.21 --17.57 17.94 18.28 18.78 18.78 19.12 **≥19.3**8 -20.38 --20.72 --20.98 21,38 C-12



atch QC Report

	Spiked		Result	%REC	' Limits	
	10.00		9.989	100	80-120	
%REC	Limits					
117	60-138					
115	66-148					
	%REC	10.00 *REC Limits 117 60-138	10.00 %RBC Limits 117 60-138	10.00 9.989 **REC Limits 117 60-138	10.00 9.989 100 **REC Limits** 117 60-138	10.00 9.989 100 80-120 **REC Limits** 117 60-138



atch QC Report

	Total Vol	atile Hydrocarbo	ons
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
Field ID:	ZZZZZZZZZZ	Diln Fac:	1.000
MSS Lab ID:	180102-022	Batch#:	103091
Matrix:	Soil	Sampled:	06/14/05
Units:	mg/Kg	Received:	06/17/05
Basis:	as received	Analyzed:	06/21/05

Type:

MS

Lab ID:

QC298130

Analyte M	SS Result		CO CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO	%RE	C Limits
Gasoline C7-C12	0.5296	9.901	9.483	90	43-120

Surrogate	2 D TA	Limits	
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	120	60-138	
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	114	66-148	

Type:

MSD

Lab ID:

QC298131

Analyte	3	Spiked	Result	%REC	Limits R	PD Lim
Gasoline C7-C12		9.901	9.393	90	43-120 1	. 27
<u> </u>		······································				

Surrogate	%REC		
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	115	60-138	
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	110	66-148	



	Total Extracta	ble Hydrocarbo	ns .
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 3520C
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
Field ID:	TR-23 (GW)	Sampled:	06/20/05
Matrix:	Water	Received:	06/20/05
Units:	ug/L	Prepared:	06/20/05
Diln Fac:	1.000	Analyzed:	06/21/05
Batch#:	103109		

mpe:

SAMPLE

Lab ID:

180104-003

_									
	Analyt	e j	esul	t		RL			
Diesel	C10-C24		3,400	L	Y	50		-	_

Surrogate REC Limits
Hexacosane 103 55-143

vpe:

BLANK

Lab ID:

QC298097

Analyte	Result	RL	
Diesel C10-C24	ND	50	
Surrogate	%REC Limit	a .	
Heracogane	108 55-14	3	

L= Lighter hydrocarbons contributed to the quantitation

Y= Sample exhibits chromatographic pattern which does not resemble standard

D= Not Detected

L= Reporting Limit

Page 1 of 1

Chromatogram

Sample Name : 180104-003,103109 ileName : G:\GC141CHA\172A005.RAW ethod : ATEH1565.MTH Sample #: 103109 Page 1 of 1 Date: 6/21/05 01:03 PM Time of Injection: 6/21/05 12:24 PM Start Time : 0.01 min End Time : 20.45 min Low Point: -23.83 mV High Point: 1024.00 mV Scale Factor: 0.0 Plot Offset: -24 mV Plot Scale: 1047.8 mV TR-23 (GW) Response [mV] C-10 C-12 C-16 C-22 C-24 -10.0-10.6C-36 =13.6-14.2-14.8-15.5 -16.3-17.4C-50

Chromatogram

Sample #: 500mg/L Page 1 of 1 mple Name : ccv, S778, dsl Date: 6/21/05 12:17 PM : G:\GC17\CHA\172A003.RAW leName Time of Injection: 6/21/05 11:31 AM : ATEH161.MTH ethod Low Point : 23.20 mV High Point: 269.23 mV End Time : 19.93 min Start Time : 0.01 min Plot Scale: 246:0 mV 0.0 Plot Offset: 23 mV ale Factor: Diese Response [mV] C-10 C-16 C-22 C-24 =9.79-10.20 +CB HR -10.59 --10.9: -11.25 -11.62 --11.9: C-36 --12.2: -12.54 -12.8 C-40 -13.26 -13.71 -14.23 14.80 15.6: 16.5 C-50



Batch QC Report

	Total Ext	radtable Hydrodar	bons
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 3520C
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
Matrix:	Water	Batch#:	103109
Units:	ug/L	Prepared:	06/20/05
Diln Fac:	1.000	Analyzed:	06/21/05

Туре:

BS

Lab ID:

QC298098

Analyte	Sniked		S.D.W.A.	7.4 m + 4 m
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		(-4,)	444444
Diesel C10-C24	2,500	2,393	96	50-133

CONCOMMENDATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	*REC	Limits	
Hexacosane	106	55-143	

Type:

BSD

Lab ID:

QC298099

Analyte		Result	%REC	Limits		Liam
Diesel C10-C24	2,500	2,532	101	50-133	6	40

	%REC	Limits	
Hexacosane	111	55-143	



Total Extractable Hydrocarbons 5885 Hollis Street 180104 Location: Lab #: Client: Treadwell & Rollo SHAKER TABLE Prep: EPA 8015B Project#: 4069.01 Analysis: Matrix: Soil Sampled: 06/20/05 Units: mq/Kq Received: 06/20/05 as received 06/20/05 Basis: Prepared:

ield ID:

Batch#:

TR-23-4.01

Diln Fac:

5,000

SAMPLE

103110

Analyzed:

06/21/05

ab ID:

180104-001

*************	Analyt	e Result	K.Li	
Diesel	C10-C24	250 H Y	5.0	

Surr	ogate %RE	C Limits	
Hexacosane	102	51-136	

ield ID:

TR-23-9.0'

Diln Fac:

1.000

Type:

SAMPLE

Analyzed:

06/21/05

ab ID:

180104-002

Result

Diesel C10-C24

61 L Y

O	 Towns of	444	'n.	Š
Surrogate			Φ.	ŝ
	 		_	
	 	-	_	

Hexacosane

51-136 106

ab ID:

BLANK

Analyzed:

06/20/05

OC298100

Cleanup Method: EPA 3630C

Diln Fac:

1.000

Result

Diesel C10-C24

Surrogate %REC Limits Hexacosane

H= Heavier hydrocarbons contributed to the quantitation

L= Lighter hydrocarbons contributed to the quantitation

Y= Sample exhibits chromatographic pattern which does not resemble standard

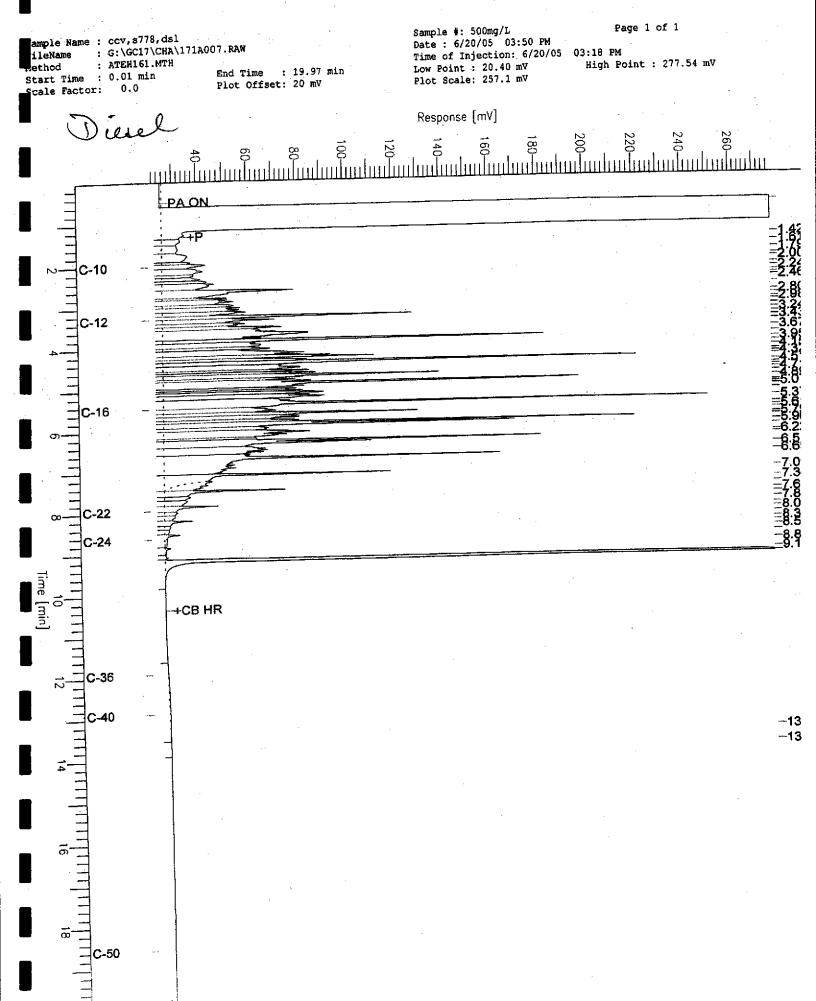
ND= Not Detected

RL= Reporting Limit

Page 1 of 1

Sample #: 103110 Date : 6/21/05 08:36 AM Sample Name: 180104-001,103110 Page 1 of 1 : G:\GC17\CHA\171A030.RAW ethod : ATEH161.MTR tart Time : 0.01 min Time of Injection: 6/21/05 03:50 AM Low Point: 14.52 mV High Po End Time : 19.99 min High Point: 460.57 mV Scale Factor: 0.0 Plot Offset: 15 mV Plot Scale: 446.0 mV TR-23-4.0 Response [mV] PA ON C-10 C-12 C-22 C-24 10.8 11.3 11.3 11.7 112.0 C-36 -13.6-14.5 -15.8 =16.1 -16.5-16.8C-50

ample Name : 180104-002,103110 Page 1 of 1 Sample #: 103110 : G:\GC17\CHA\171A027.RAW Date: 6/21/05 08:13 AM ethod. : ATEH161.MTH Time of Injection: 6/21/05 02:24 AM Start Time : 0.01 min Low Point : 6.88 mV High Point: 740.42 mV End Time : 19.99 min Scale Factor: Plot Offset: 7 mV Plot Scale: 733.5 mV TR-23-9.0 Response [mV] PA ON +P C-10 C-12 C-16 C-22 C-24 C-36 C-40 -13.2 -13.7-14.2 **-14:8** -15.6 -15.8 -16.5-17.4C-50





	Total Exti	actable Hydrocar	bons
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	SHAKER TABLE
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
Гуре:	LCS	Diln Fac:	1.000
Lab ID:	QC298101	Batch#:	103110
Matrix:	Soil	Prepared:	06/20/05
Units:	mg/Kg	Analyzed:	06/20/05
Basis:	as received		

Cleanup Method: EPA 3630C

Analyte	Spiked	Result	*REC	: Limits	
Diesel C10-C24	50.14	46.70	93	52-137	

			 		222
Surrogate	REC	Limits			**
Hexacosane	108	51-136			



	Tatal Pote	ractable Hydrocar	bons
_	IUURI BAU	caccante my erodai	
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	SHAKER TABLE
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
Field ID:	ZZZZZZZZZ	Batch#:	103110
MSS Lab ID:	180071-001	Sampled:	06/16/05
Matrix:	Soil	Received:	06/16/05
Units:	mg/Kg	Prepared:	06/20/05
Basis:	as received	Analyzed:	06/21/05
Diln Fac:	1.000		

Type:

MS

Lab ID:

QC298102

Analyte	MSS Result	Spiked	Result	*RE	C Limits
Diesel C10-C24	4.317	49.96	67.39	126	11-169

Surrogate Hexacosane		
HAYSCOGSDA	120	51-136

Type:

MSD

Lab ID:

Analyte	Spiked	Result	W.F.C	Limits		Lim
Diesel C10-C24	49.85	60.43	113	11-169	11	49

Surrogate	*REC	Limits
Hexacosane	109	51-136



	Purgeable	Organics by GC/	MS
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-23 (GW)	Batch#:	103093
Lab ID:	180104-003	Sampled:	06/20/05
Matrix:	Water	Received:	06/20/05
Units:	ug/L	Analyzed:	06/20/05
Diln Fac:	50.00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Analyte	Result	RL		
Freon 12	ND	50		-
Chloromethane	ND	50	•	
Vinyl Chloride	ND	25		
Bromomethane	ND	50	•	
Chloroethane	ND	50		
Frichlorofluoromethane	ND	50		
Acetone	ИD	500		
Freon 113	ND	250		
l,1-Dichloroethene	ND	25		
Methylene Chloride	ND	500		
Carbon Disulfide	ND	25		
MTBE	ND	25		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	25		
_Vinyl Acetate	ND	500		
l,1-Dichloroethane	ND	25		
2-Butanone	ND	500		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	25		
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	25		
Chloroform	ND	25		
Bromochloromethane	ND	25		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	25		
I,1-Dichloropropene	ND	. 25		
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	25		
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	25		
Benzene	4,300	25		
Frichloroethene	ND	25		
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	25		
Bromodichloromethane	ND	25		
Dibromomethane	ND	25		
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	500		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	25		
Toluene	ND	25	•	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	25	•	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	N D	25		
2-Hexanone	ND	500		
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	25		
Tetrachloroethene	ND	25		

D= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



	Purgeable	organics by GC/	/MS
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-23 (GW)	Batch#:	103093
Lab ID:	180104-003	Sampled:	06/20/05
Matrix:	Water	Received:	06/20/05
Units:	ug/L	Analyzed:	06/20/05
Diln Fac:	50.00		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

			`	
Analyte	R	esult	RL	
Dibromochloromethane	ND		25	
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND		25	
Chlorobenzene	ND		25	•
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		25	•
Ethylbenzene		990	25	
m,p-Xylenes		300	25	•.
o-Xylene	ND	•	25	
Styrene	ND		25	
Bromoform	ND		50	•
Isopropylbenzene		120	25	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		25	•
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND		25	
Propylbenzene		240	25	
Bromobenzene	ND		25	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		45	25	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND		25	
4-Chlorotoluene	ND		25	
tert-Butylbenzene	ND		25	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		160	25	
sec-Butylbenzene	ИD		25	
_para-Isopropyl Toluene	ND		25	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ИD		25	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	4	25	
n-Butylbenzene	ND		25	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND		25	
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND		25	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND		25	
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	4	25	
Naphthalene		380	100	
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND		25	

Surrogate	%REC	Limits	
Dibromofluoromethane	103	80-120	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	102	80-122	·
Toluene-d8	100	80-120	
Bromofluorobenzene	102	80-124	

D= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 2 of 2



	Purgeable	Organics by GC/	rme.
		. organiso e/ oo.	
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Type:	BLANK	Diln Fac:	1.000
Lab ID:	QC298039	Batch#:	103093
Matrix:	Water	Analyzed:	06/20/05
Units:	ug/L		

Analyte	Result	RL	
Freon 12	ND	1.0	
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	
Vinyl Chloride	ND	0.5	
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	
Chloroethane	N D	1.0	
Trichlorofluoromethane	N D	1.0	
Acetone	ND	10	
Freon 113	ND	5.0	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.5	
Methylene Chloride	ND	10	
Carbon Disulfide	ND	0.5	
MTBE	ND	0.5	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.5	
Vinyl Acetate	ND	10	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.5	
2-Butanone	ND	10	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.5	
2,2-Dichloropropane	N D	0.5	
Chloroform	ND	0.5	
Bromochloromethane	ND	0.5	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.5	•
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	. 0.5	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	0.5	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.5	
Benzene	ND	0.5	
Trichloroethene	ND	0.5	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.5	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.5	
Dibromomethane	ND	0.5	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	10	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	N D	0.5	
Toluene	ND	0.5	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.5	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.5	
2-Hexanone	ND	10	
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	0.5	
Tetrachloroethene	ND	0.5	

D= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



l	Purgeable	organics by GC/	'MB
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Гуре:	BLANK	Diln Fac:	1.000
Lab ID:	QC298039	Batch#:	103093
Matrix:	Water	Analyzed:	06/20/05
Units:	ug/L		

Analyte	Result	RL	
Dibromochloromethane	ND	0.5	
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	0.5	:
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.5	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.5	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.5	
m,p-Xylenes	ND	0.5	ı
o-Xylene	ND	0.5	ı
Styrene	ND	0.5	
Bromoform	ND	1.0	
Isopropylbenzene	ND	0.5	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.5	١
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	0.5	١
Propylbenzene	ND	. 0.5	
Bromobenzene	ND	0.5	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.5	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.5	ł
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.5	Į
tert-Butylbenzene	ND .	0.5	ĺ
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.5	
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	0.5	Į
_para-Isopropyl Toluene	ND	0.5	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	N D	0.5	İ
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.5	
n-Butylbenzene	ND	0.5	ļ
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.5	ı
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ИD	0.5	Į
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.5	ļ
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	0.5	
Naphthalene	ND	2.0	
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.5	╝

Surrogate	%REC	Limits
Dibromofluoromethane	100	80-120
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	101	80-122
Toluene-d8	99	80-120
Bromofluorobenzene	103	80-124

D= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 2 of 2



	Purgeable	Organics by GC/	(ms
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Matrix:	Water	Batch#:	103093
Units:	ug/L	Analyzed:	06/20/05
Diln Fac:	1.000		

Туре:

BS

Lab ID:

QC298037

					2000600000
Analyte	Spiked	Kesult	trec	Limits	
1,1-Dichloroethene	25.00	26.35	105	75-121	
Benzene	25.00	26.04	104	80-120	
Trichloroethene	25.00	27.32	109	78-120	
Toluene	25.00	27.10	108	80-120	
Chlorobenzene	25.00	27.01	108	80-120	

Surrogate	%REC	Limite	
Dibromofluoromethane	101	80-120	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	99	80-122	1
Toluene-d8	101	80-120	
Bromofluorobenzene	100	80-124	╝

уре:

BSD

Lab ID:

Analyte	Spiked	Result	%REC	Limits	RPI) Liim
1,1-Dichloroethene	25.00	25.69	103	75-121	3	20
Benzene	25.00	26.16	105	80-120	0	20
Trichloroethene	25.00	26.62	106	78-120	3	20
Toluene	25.00	27.12	108	80-120	0	20
Chlorobenzene	25.00	26.56	106	80-120	2	20

Surrogate	%RBC	Limits
Dibromofluoromethane	100	80-120
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	99	80-122
Toluene-d8	100	80-120
Bromofluorobenzene	101	80-124



	Purgeable	o Organics by GC/	/MS
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-23-4.01	Diln Fac:	1.000
Lab ID:	180104-001	Batch#:	103099
Matrix:	Soil	Sampled:	06/20/05
Units:	ug/Kg	Received:	06/20/05
Basis:	as received	Analyzed:	06/20/05

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Analyte	Result		
Freon 12	ND	10	
Chloromethane	MD	10	
Vinyl Chloride	ND	10	
Bromomethane	ND	10	
Chloroethane	ND	10	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.0	
Acetone	42	20	
Freon 113	ND .	5.0	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	
Methylene Chloride	ND	20	1
Carbon Disulfide	ND	5.0	
MTBE	ND	5.0	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	1
Vinyl Acetate	ND	50	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0	ľ
2-Butanone	14	10	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	
Chloroform	ND	5.0	
Bromochloromethane	ND	5.0	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	5.0	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0	
Benzene	97	5.0	I
Trichloroethene	ND	5.0	ŀ
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	ļ
Bromodichloromethane	ND	5.0	
Dibromomethane	ND	5.0	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	10	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	1
Toluene	ND	5.0	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	i
2-Hexanone	ND	10	
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	
Tetrachloroethene	ND	5.0	

D= Not Detected . L= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



	Purgeable	Organics by GC/	MS
_Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-23-4.0'	Diln Fac:	1.000
Lab ID:	180104-001	Batch#:	103099
Matrix:	Soil	Sampled:	06/20/05
Units:	ug/Kg	Received:	06/20/05
Basis:	as received	Analyzed:	06/20/05

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• •		
ND		
ND		
ND	5.0	4
ND	5.0	
ND	5.0	•
ND	5.0	
8.3	5.0	
ND	5.0	
ND	5.0	
13	5.0	
ND	5.0	
ND	5.0	
ND	5.0	
N D	5.0	
ND	5.0	
M D	5.0	
ND	5.0	
и D	5.0	
ND	5.0	
ND	5.0	
ND	5.0	
ИD	5.0	
ND	5.0	
	ND ND ND 8.3 ND ND ND 13 ND	ND 5.0

Dibromofluoromethane 102 78-120 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 107 80-120 Toluene-d8 101 80-120 Bromofluorobenzene 105 80-120	Surrogate	%REC	Limits
Toluene-d8 101 80-120	Dibromofluoromethane	102	78-120
	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	107	80-120
Bromofluorobenzene 105 80-120	Toluene-d8	101	80-120
	Bromofluorobenzene	105	80-120

D= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 2 of 2



	Purgeable Org	anics by GC/MS	
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-23-9.0	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	180104-002	Sampled:	06/20/05
Matrix:	Soil	Received:	06/20/05
Units:	ug/Kg		

Analyte	Result		Diln Pac	
Freon 12	ND	9.4	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Chloromethane	ND	9.4	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Vinyl Chloride	ND	9.4	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Bromomethane	ND	9.4	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Chloroethane	ND	9.4	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Crichlorofluoromethane	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Acetone	36 ^	19	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Freon 113	. ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Methylene Chloride	ND	19	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Carbon Disulfide	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
MTBE	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Vinyl Acetate	ND	47	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
2-Butanone	23	9.4	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Chloroform	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Bromochloromethane	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
,2-Dichloroethane	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Benzene	200	130	25.00	103173 06/22/05
Trichloroethene	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
,2-Dichloropropane	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Bromodichloromethane	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Dibromomethane	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
1-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	9.4	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
Toluene	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
2-Hexanone	ND	9.4	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05
retrachloroethene	ND	4.7	0.9434	103099 06/20/05

^{*=} Value outside of QC limits; see narrative D= Not Detected

RL= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



	Purgeable	e Organics by GC/	'MS
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-23-9.0'	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	180104-002	Sampled:	06/20/05
Matrix:	Soil	Received:	06/20/05
Units:	ug/Kg		

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Analyte	***************************************	esult	RL	Diln Pac		Analyzed
Dibromochloromethane	ND		4.7	0.9434		06/20/05
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND		4.7	0.9434		06/20/05
Chlorobenzene	ŅD		4.7	0.9434		06/20/05
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		4.7	0.9434		06/20/05
Ethylbenzene		600	. 130	25.00		06/22/05
m,p-Xylenes		190	130	25.00		06/22/05
b-Xylene		22	4.7	0.9434		06/20/05
Styrene	ND	• •	4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
Bromoform	ND		4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
Isopropylbenzene		180	130	25.00	103173	06/22/05
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND		4.7	0.9434		06/20/05
Propylbenzene		480	130	25.00	103173	06/22/05
Bromobenzene	ND		4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		69	4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
2-Chlorotoluene	ND		4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
1-Chlorotoluene	ND		4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
tert-Butylbenzene	ND		4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		250	130	25.00	103173	06/22/05
sec-Butylbenzene		42	4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
para-Isopropyl Toluene		57	4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND		4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
.,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND		4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
n-Butylbenzene		290	130	25.00	103173	06/22/05
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND		4.7	0.9434	103099	06/20/05
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND		4.7	0.9434		06/20/05
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND		4.7	0.9434		06/20/05
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND		4.7	0.9434		06/20/05
Naphthalene		310	130	25.00		06/22/05
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND		4.7	0.9434		06/20/05

Surrogate	*REC	Limite	Diln	Fac Batch# Analyzed
Dibromofluoromethane	89	78-120	0.9434	4 103099 06/20/05
,2-Dichloroethane-d4	132 *	80-120	0.9434	4 103099 06/20/05
Toluene-d8	102	80-120	0.9434	4 103099 06/20/05
Bromofluorobenzene	159 *	80-120	0.9434	4 103099 06/20/05
Prifluorotoluene (MeOH)	89	52-135	25.00	103173 06/22/05

^{*=} Value outside of QC limits; see narrative

D= Not Detected

RL= Reporting Limit Page 2 of 2



	Purgeable	organics by GC/	/MS
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Type:	BLANK	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	QC298064	Diln Fac:	1.000
Matrix:	Soil	Batch#:	103099
Units:	ug/Kg	Analyzed:	06/20/05

Analyte	Result	Ris
Freon 12	ND	10
Chloromethane	ND	10
Vinyl Chloride	ND	10
Bromomethane	ND	10
Chloroethane	MD	10
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.0
Acetone	ND	20
Freon 113	ND	5.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0
Methylene Chloride	ND	20
Carbon Disulfide	ND	5.0
MTBE	ND	5.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0
Vinyl Acetate	ND	50
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0
2-Butanone	ND	10
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0
Chloroform	ND	5.0
Bromochloromethane	ND	5.0
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	5.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0
Benzene	ND	5.0
Trichloroethene	ND	5.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0
Bromodichloromethane	ND	5.0
Dibromomethane	ND	5.0
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0
Toluene	ND	5.0
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0
2-Hexanone	ND	10
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0
Tetrachloroethene	ND	5.0

D= Not Detected L= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



	Purgeable	Organics by GC/	MS
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Туре:	BLANK	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	QC298064	Diln Fac:	1.000
Matrix:	Soil	Batch#:	103099
Units:	ug/Kg	Analyzed:	06/20/05

Analyte	Result	RL
Dibromochloromethane	ND	5.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	50
Chlorobenzene	ND	5.0
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0
Ethylbenzene	ND	5.0
m,p-Xylenes	ND	5.0
o-Xylene	ND	5.0
Styrene	ND	5.0
Bromoform	ND	5.0
Isopropylbenzene	ND	5.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ИD	5.0
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	5.0
Propylbenzene	ND	5.0
Bromobenzene	ND .	5.0
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5.0
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	5.0
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	5.0
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5.0
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	50
para-Isopropyl Toluene	ND	5.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
n-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ИD	5.0
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	5.0
Naphthalene	ND	5.0
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0

Surrogate	%REC	Limits
Dibromofluoromethane	97	78-120
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	103	80-120
Toluene-d8	101	80-120
Bromofluorobenzene	101	80-120

ND= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 2 of 2



	Purgeable	Organics by GC/	/MB
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
_Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Гуре:	BLANK	Diln Fac:	1.000
Lab ID:	QC298351	Batch#:	103173
Matrix:	Water	Analyzed:	06/22/05
Units:	ug/L	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Analyte	Result	RL		
Freon 12	ND	10		
Chloromethane	ND	10		
Vinyl Chloride	ND	10		
Bromomethane	ND	10		
Chloroethane	ND	10		
Frichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.0		
Acetone	ND	20		
Freon 113	ND	5.0		
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0		•
Methylene Chloride	ND	20		
Carbon Disulfide	ND	5.0		
MTBE	ND	5.0		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0		
Vinyl Acetate	ND	50		
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0		
2-Butanone	ND	10		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0		
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0		
Chloroform	ND	5.0	•	
Bromochloromethane	ND	5.0		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0		
l,1-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0		
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	5.0		
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0		
Benzene	ND	5.0		
Frichloroethene	ND	5.0		
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0		
Bromodichloromethane	ND	5.0		
Dibromomethane	ND	5.0		
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	10		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0		
Foluene	ND	5.0		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND ·	5.0		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0		
2-Hexanone	ND	10	,	
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0		
Tetrachloroethene	ND	5.0		

D= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



	Purgeable	organics by GC/	/MS
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Type:	BLANK	Diln Fac:	1.000
Lab ID:	QC298351	Batch#:	103173
Matrix:	Water	Analyzed:	06/22/05
Units:	ug/L	•	

Analyte	Result	RL
Dibromochloromethane	ND	5.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	5.0
Chlorobenzene	ND	5.0
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0
Ethylbenzene	ND	5.0
m,p-Xylenes	ND	5.0
o-Xylene	ND	5.0
Styrene	ND	5.0
Bromoform	ND	5.0°
Isopropylbenzene	ND	5.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	5.0
Propylbenzene	ND	5.0
Bromobenzene	ND	5.0
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5.0
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	5.0
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	5.0
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5.0
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0
para-Isopropyl Toluene	ND	5.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
n-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND	5.0
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	5.0
Naphthalene	ND	5.0
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0

Surrogate	%rec	Limits	
Dibromofluoromethane	100	78-120	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	105	80-120	·
Foluene-d8	101	80-120	·
Bromofluorobenzene	100	80-120	

D= Not Detected
L= Reporting Limit
Page 2 of 2



Units:	ug/Kg	Analyzed:	06/20/05
Matrix:	Soil	Batch#:	103099
Lab ID:	QC298063	Diln Fac:	1.000
Type :	LCS	Basis:	as received
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
	Purgeable	Organics by GC/	MS

Analyte	Spiked	Result	%REC	Limits
1,1-Dichloroethene	50.00	63.64	127 *	77-124
Benzene	50.00	56.00	112	80-120
Trichloroethene	50.00	59.34	119	80-120
Toluene	50.00	58.22	116	80-120
Chlorobenzene	50.00	56.63	113	80-120

Surrogate	*REC	Limits
Dibromofluoromethane	94	78-120
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	99	80-120
Toluene-d8	101	80-120
Bromofluorobenzene	96	80-120



	Purgeable	Organics by GC/	/MS
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Matrix:	Water	Batch#:	103173
Units:	ug/L	Analyzed:	06/22/05
Diln Fac:	1.000	- .	

Type:

BS

Lab ID:

QC298349

Analyte	Spiked	Result	EREC	Limits
1,1-Dichloroethene	25.00	28.16	113	77-124
Benzene	25.00	26.10	104	80-120
${ t Frichloroethene}$	25.00	26.62	106	80-120
Toluene	25.00	25.65	103	80-120
Chlorobenzene	25.00	26.07	104	80-120

Surrogate	%REC	Limits
Dibromofluoromethane	102	78-120
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	102	80-120
Foluene-d8	102	80-120
Bromofluorobenzene	102	80-120

Type:

BSD

Lab ID:

Chlorobenzene	25.00	25.24	101	80-120	3	. 20
Toluene	25.00	26.46	106	80-120	3	20
Frichloroethene	25.00	27.29	109	80-120	3	20
Benzene	25.00	25.96	104	80-120	1	20
1,1-Dichloroethene	25.00	26.55	106	77-124	б	20
Analyte	Spiked	Result	%REC	Limits	RPI	lim (

Surrogate	%REC	Limits	
_Dibromofluoromethane	100	78-120	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	103	80-120	
Toluene-d8	101	80-120	
Bromofluorobenzene	99	80-120	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			



	Purgeable	organics by GC/	(MS
Lab #:	180104	Location:	5885 Hollis Street
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	ZZZZZZZZZ	Diln Fac:	0.9804
MSS Lab ID:	180101-018	Batch#:	103099
Matrix:	Soil	Sampled:	06/13/05
Units:	ug/Kg	Received:	06/17/05
Basis:	as received	Analyzed:	06/21/05

Type:

MS

Lab ID:

QC298104

Analyte	MSS Result	Spiked	Result	%REC	Limits
1,1-Dichloroethene	<0.6852	24.51	22.20	91	70-120
Benzene	23.46	24.51	37.64	58 *	70-120
Trichloroethene	<0.5292	24.51	22.65	92	65-126
Toluene	60.45	24.51	60.68	1 *	64-120
Chlorobenzene	<0.5680	24.51	22.29	91	59-120

Surrogate	%REC	C Limits
Dibromofluoromethane	93	78-120
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	89	80~120
Foluene-d8	95	80-120
Bromofluorobenzene	89	80-120

Type:

MSD

Lab ID:

Analyte	Spiked	Result	%REC	Limite RPD	Lim
1,1-Dichloroethene	24.51	22.07	90	70-120 1	20
Benzene	24.51	42.86	79	70-120 13	20
Frichloroethene	24.51	22.73	93	65-126 0	20
Foluene	24.51	74.76	58 *	64-120 21 *	20
Chlorobenzene	24.51	22.37	91	59-120 0	20

Surrogate	%REC	Limits	
Dibromofluoromethane	90	78-120	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	89	80-120	
Toluene-d8	93	80-120	
Bromofluorobenzene	88	80-120	

^{*=} Value outside of QC limits; see narrative RPD= Relative Percent Difference Page 1 of 1



Curtis & Tompkins, Ltd., Analytical Laboratories, Since 1878

2323 Fifth Street, Berkeley, CA 94710, Phone (510) 486-0900

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Prepared for:

Treadwell & Rollo 501 14th Street Third Floor Oakland, CA 94612

Date: 23-JUN-05 Lab Job Number: 180038 Project ID: 4069.01

Location: 5885 Hollis St

This data package has been reviewed for technical correctness and completeness. Release of this data has been authorized by the Laboratory Manager or the Manager's designee, as verified by the following signatures. The results contained in this report meet all requirements of NELAC and pertain only to those samples which were submitted for analysis.

Reviewed by: Project Manager

Reviewed by:

This package may be reproduced only in its entirety.

NELAP # 01107CA

Page 1 of 44



CASE NARRATIVE

Laboratory number:

180038

Client:

Treadwell & Rollo

Project:

4069.01

Location:

5885 Hollis St

Request Date:

06/15/05

Samples Received:

06/15/05

This hardcopy data package contains sample and QC results for three soil samples and one water sample, requested for the above referenced project on 06/15/05. The samples were received cold and intact.

TPH-Purgeables and/or BTXE by GC (EPA 8015B) Water:

High surrogate recoveries were observed for bromofluorobenzene (FID) and trifluorotoluene (FID) in TR-24-GW (lab # 180038-006), due to interference from coeluting hydrocarbon peaks. No other analytical problems were encountered.

TPH-Purgeables and/or BTXE by GC (EPA 8015B) Soil:

No analytical problems were encountered.

TPH-Extractables by GC (EPA 8015B) Water:

No analytical problems were encountered.

TPH-Extractables by GC (EPA 8015B) Soil:

High recovery was observed for diesel C10-C24 in the MS of TR-24-4.0 (lab # 180038-002), due to matrix interference; the LCS was within limits. High RPD was also observed for diesel C10-C24 in the MS/MSD of TR-24-4.0 (lab # 180038-002), due to matrix interference. No other analytical problems were encountered.

Volatile Organics by GC/MS (EPA 8260B) Water:

Hexachlorobutadiene was detected above the RL in the method blank for batch 103009; this analyte was not detected in the sample at or above the RL. No other analytical problems were encountered.

Volatile Organics by GC/MS (EPA 8260B) Soil:

High recoveries were observed for 1,1-dichloroethene and trichloroethene in the MS/MSD for batch 102980; the parent sample was not a project sample, the LCS was within limits, and these analytes were not detected at or above the RL in the associated samples. High recoveries were observed for trichloroethene in the MS/MSD for batch 103011; the parent sample was not a project sample, the LCS was within limits, and these high recoveries were not associated with any reported results. Response exceeding the instrument's linear range was observed for trichloroethene in the MS for batch 103011; affected data was qualified with "b". No other analytical problems were encountered.

Treadwel & Ro	K
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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Site Name: 5885 Holls Street Street	Environmental and Geo	technical Cón	sultant		F																					5-904			415	-955	-9041		
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Sent to Laboratory (Name): CW1/S QUATOMOKENS LTA Method of Shipment Lab courier Fed Ex Airborne Lup	Relinquished by: (Signati	ure)		Date			Т	ime				R	éce	rived	by b	Lab:	(Sig	natu	re)				D	ate	<u></u>				+	ime			
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SOP Volume:

Client Services

Section:

1.1.2

Page:

1 of 1

Effective Date:

10-May-99

Revision:

Number 1 of 3

Filename:

 $F:\QC\Forms\QC\Cooler.wpd$



COOLER RECEIPT CHECKLIST

Login		·
Clien	it: Toxedwell & 120/10 Project: 4069,01	
Ä.	Preliminary Examination Phase	1
A.	Date Opened: 6-15-05 By (print): Tray Windson (sign) 4 Was	
1.		ES 800
_	If YES, enter carrier name and airbill number:	
2.	•	ES (NO)
	How many and where? Seal date: Seal name:	 ///
3.	Were custody seals unbroken and intact at the date and time of arrival?	
4.	Were custody papers dry and intact when received?	
5.	Were custody papers filled out properly (ink, signed, etc.)?	
6.	Did you sign the custody papers in the appropriate place?	
7.	Was project identifiable from custody papers?	ES NO
	If YES, enter project name at the top of this form.	<u></u>
8.	If required, was sufficient ice used? Samples should be 2-6 degrees C	
	Type of ice: Wet Temperature: Cold - no temp h	ank
D	I asia Dhasa	11.
B.	Login Phase	1/2/
,	Date Logged in: 6/15/25 By (print): 1(0) (Ain 301 (sign) (Avery 4/10)	
1.	Date Logged In: 6 1505 By (print): Tox (sign) Two lines of (sign) Describe type of packing in cooler: 14 ziplet type bags, vers stapped Did all bottles arrive unbroken?	<u>in pap</u> er H
2. 3.	Did an oothes arrive unbroken?	EO NO
3. 4.	Were labels in good condition and complete (ID, date, time, signature, etc.)?\square Did bottle labels agree with custody papers?\square	
4. 5.		
5. 6.	Were appropriate containers used for the tests indicated?	
	Was sufficient amount of sample sent for tests indicated?	
7 . 8.	Were bubbles absent in VOA samples? If NO, list sample Ids below	
o. 9.	Was the client contacted concerning this sample delivery?	
Э.	If YES, give details below.	ES NO
	Who was called? By whom? Date:	
د الله الله	tional Comments:	
Auun	donar Comments:	
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Eilono-	ne: F:\qc\forms\qc\cooler.doc Rev. 1,	4/95
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Total Volatile Hydrocarbons Lab #: 180038 Location: Emeryville Industrial Ct Client: Treadwell & Rollo Prep: EPA 5030B Project#: 4069.01 Analysis: EPA 8015B Field ID: TR-24-GW Sampled: 06/15/05 Matrix: Water Received: 06/15/05 Units: ug/L Analyzed: 06/15/05 Batch#: 102966

ype:

SAMPLE

Diln Fac:

40.00

ab ID:

180038-006

Analyte	Result	RL	
Gasoline C7-C12	91,000 Y	2,000	

Surrogate	%REC	Limits	
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	148 *	63-141	
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	159 *	79-139	

Type:

BLANK

Diln Fac:

1.000

Lab ID:

Analyte		Result	RL	
Gasoline C7-C12	N	D	<u>,</u> 50	
Surrogate	%REC	Limits		
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	97	63-141		
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	103	79-139		

^{*=} Value outside of QC limits; see narrative

Y= Sample exhibits chromatographic pattern which does not resemble standard

D= Not Detected

RL= Reporting Limit

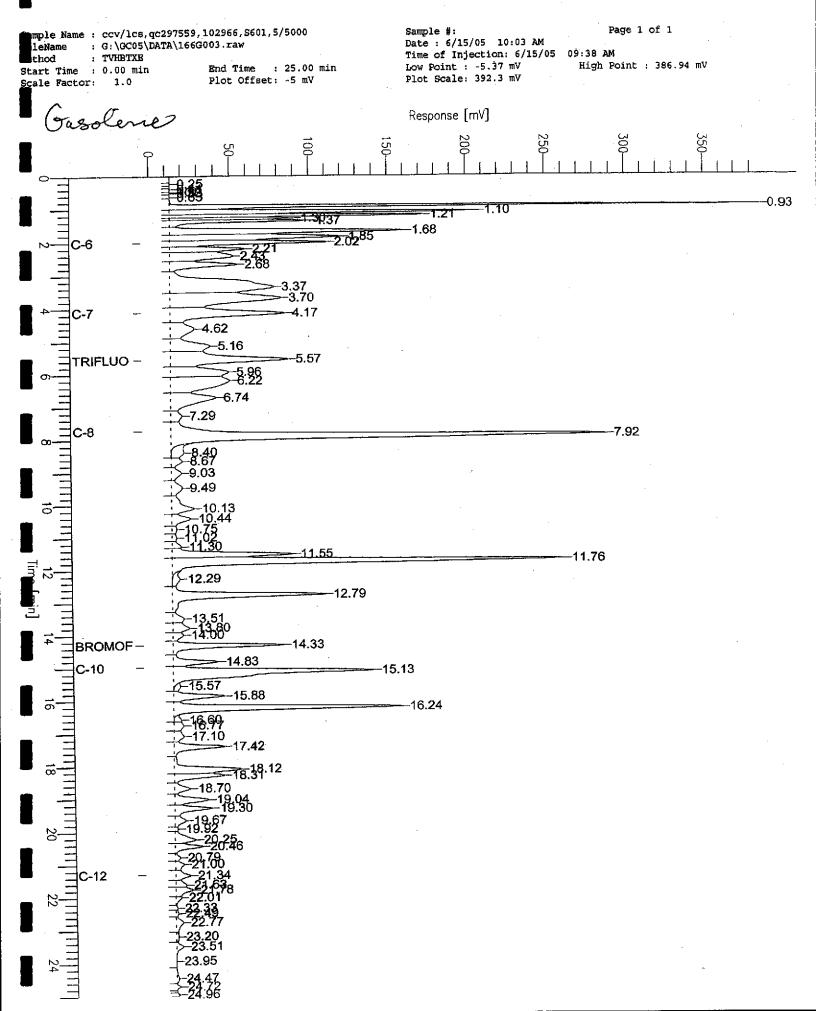
Page 1 of 1

Sample #: a1.0

Page 1 of 1

Sample Name : 180038-006,102966,tvh

Date : 6/16/05 08:51 AM : G:\GC05\DATA\166G014.raw thod : TVHBTXE Start Time : 0.00 min Time of Injection: 6/15/05 06:46 PM End Time : 25.00 min Low Point : 4.75 mV High Point : 179.60 πV Scale Factor: 1.0 Plot Offset: 5 mV Plot Scale: 174.8 mV TR-24-GW Response [mV] 0.93-1.21 C-6 -2.68 C-7 4.17 -4.67 5.47 5.56 TRIFLUO -6.01 -6.74 -7.29 ---8.09 ≥ 8.43 ≥ 8.69 9.04 -10.44 11.53 11.97 1 ----12.27 ____12.64 13.12.95 13.46 -13.70 ---14.01 BROMOF -14.33 **≘14.5**7 -15.014.83 C-10 15.29 15.66 15.66 --16.25 ---16.64 >-17.08 -17.42 17.82 18.69 -19.03 ----19.30 -19.66 19.91 20.43 C-12 -23.15 ----23.48





Units:	ug/L	initially bott.	00, 13, 03
Matrix:	Water	Analyzed:	06/15/05
Lab ID:	QC297559	Batch#:	102966
Туре:	LCS	Diln Fac:	1.000
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Lab #:	180038	Location:	Emeryville Industrial Ct
tab #.		atile Hydrocarbo	

anica y ce					DIMILLS	e accessorance a confession
Gasoline C7-C12		2,000	2,058	103	80-120	
				···		
Surrogate	%REC	Limits				
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	138	63-141				
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	123	79-139				



	Total Vol	atile Hydrocarbo	ns
Lab #:	180038	Location:	Emeryville Industrial Ct
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
_Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
Field ID:	ZZZZZZZZZZ	Batch#:	102966
MSS Lab ID:	180030-002	Sampled:	06/15/05
Matrix:	Water	Received:	06/15/05
Units:	ug/L	Analyzed:	06/15/05
Diln Fac:	1.000		

Type:

MS

Lab ID:

QC297702

Analyte	MSS Result	Spiked	Result	4RI	EC Limits
Gasoline C7-C12	12.77	2,000	1,924	96	80-120

Surrogate	%REC	I Limits
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	138	63-141
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	116	79-139

Type:

MSD

Lab ID:

Gasoline C7-C12		2,000	2,000	99	80-120	4	20
Surrogate	%REC	Limits					
		C 7 7 4 7					
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	137	63-141					



Total Volatile Hydrocarbons Emeryville Industrial Ct Lab #: 180038 Location: Client: Treadwell & Rollo Prep: Analysis: EPA 5030B Project#: 4069.01 EPA 8015B Sampled: Received: 06/15/05 06/15/05 Matrix: Soil mg/Kg Units: 06/15/05 Basis: as received Analyzed: 102985 Batch#:

Field ID: Type: TR-24-4.0

SAMPLE

Lab ID:

180038-002

Diln Fac: 1.000

Analyte Result RL
Gasoline C7-C12 ND 1.1

Surrogate &REC Limits
Trifluorotoluene (FID) 97 60-138
Bromofluorobenzene (FID) 104 66-148

rield ID: Typė: TR-26-4.0 SAMPLE

Lab ID:

180038-004

Diln Fac:

20.00

 Analyte
 Result
 RL

 Gasoline C7-C12
 140 H Y
 20

Surrogate %REC Limits
Trifluorotoluene (FID) 94 60-138
Bromofluorobenzene (FID) 134 66-148

ield ID: ype: TR-27-2.0

SAMPLE

Lab ID:

180038-005

Diln Fac:

1.000

	Result	RL	
N	D	1.0	
*REC	Limits		
95	60-138		
100	66-148		
	N %REC	ND *REC Limits	ND 1.0 *REC_Limits 95 60-138

'ype: ab ID: BLANK

QC297635

Diln Fac:

1.000

T AMBIVLE	● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● 		
Gagoline C7-C12	לווא	1 ^	1
Gasorine C/ Cra	1415	1.0	

Surrogate		: Limits	
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	95	60-138	•
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	101	66-148	

H= Heavier hydrocarbons contributed to the quantitation

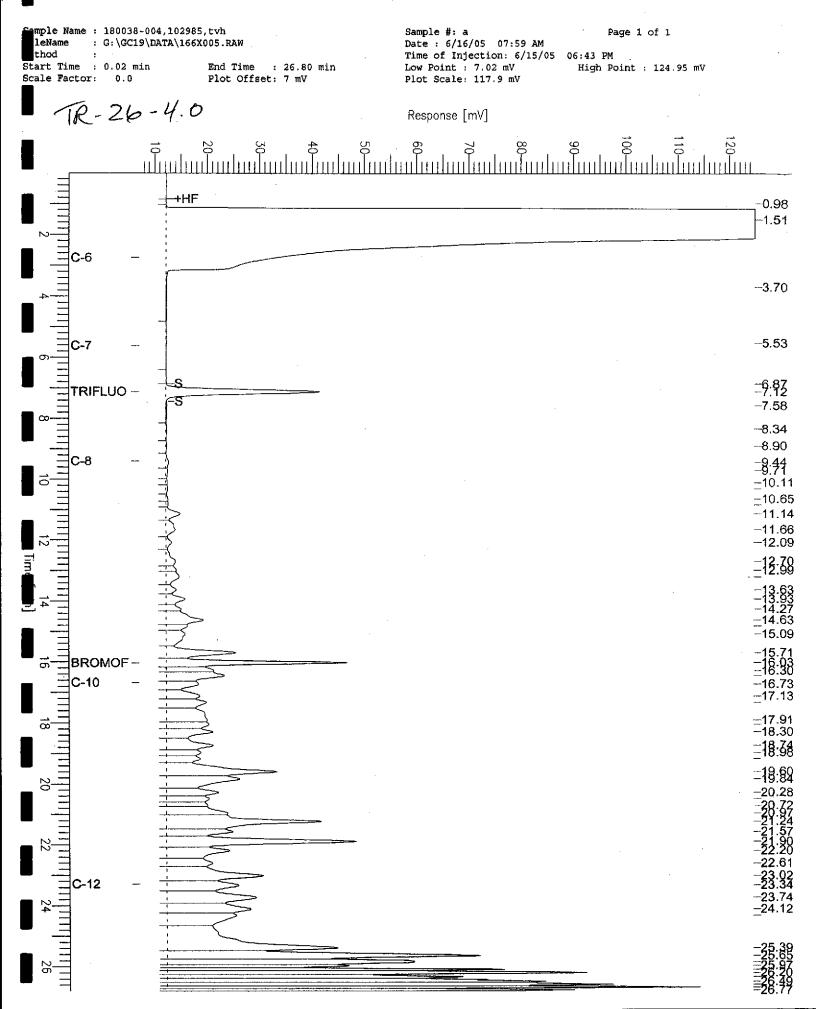
Y= Sample exhibits chromatographic pattern which does not resemble standard

D= Not Detected

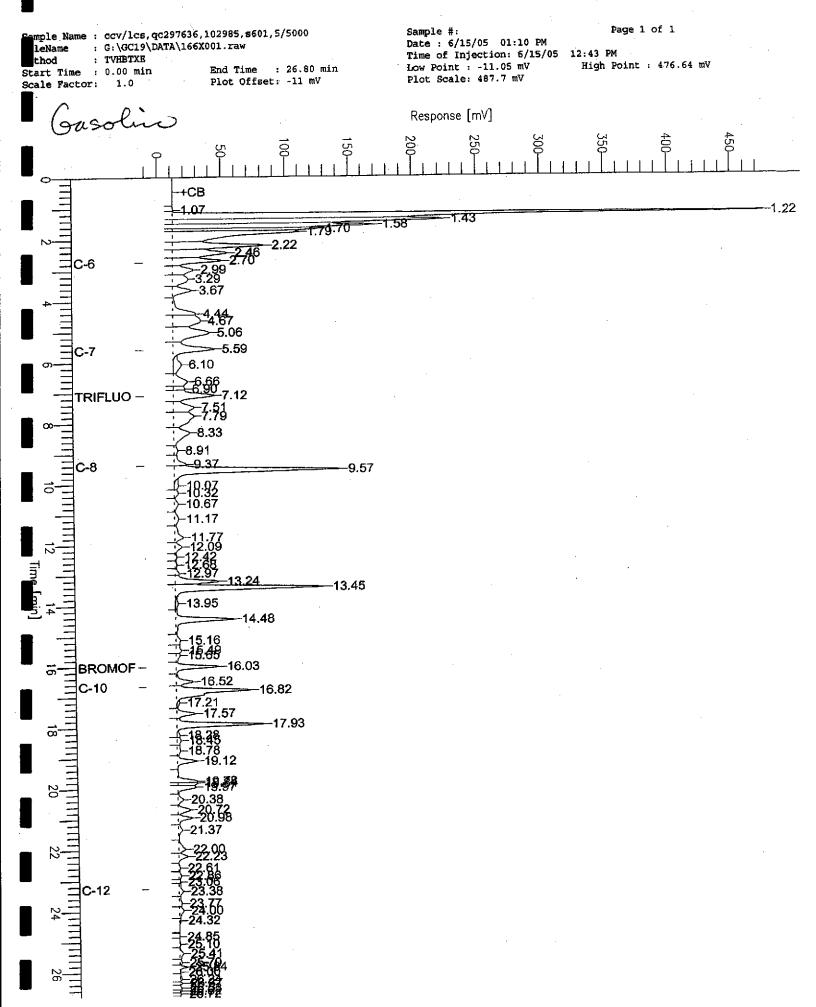
RL= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 1

3.0

GC19 TVH 'X' Data File (FID)



GC19 TVH 'X' Data File (FID)

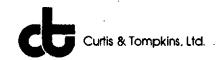




	Total Vola	atile Hydrocarbo	ns
Lab #:	180038	Location:	Emeryville Industrial Ct
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
Туре:	LCS	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	QC297636	Diln Fac:	1.000
Matrix:	Soil	Batch#:	102985
Units:	mg/Kg	Analyzed:	06/15/05

Analyte	Spiked	Result	%REC	Limits	
Gasoline C7-C12	10.00	10.18	102	80-120	
Surrogate	SPEC Limits				

Surrogate	%rec	Limite	
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	118	60-138	
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	115 .	66-148	



	Total Vol	atile Hydrocarbo	ons
Lab #:	180038	Location:	Emeryville Industrial Ct
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
Field ID:	TR-27-2.0	Diln Fac:	1.000
MSS Lab ID:	180038-005	Batch#:	102985
Matrix:	Soil	Sampled:	06/15/05
Units:	mg/Kg	Received:	06/15/05
Basis:	as received	Analyzed:	06/16/05

Type:

MS

Lab ID:

QC297692

Analyte	MSS Result	Spiked	Result	%R	EC Limits
Gasoline C7-C12	<0.1147	10.64	7.199	68	43-120

Surrogate	%REC	Limits
Trifluorotoluene (FID)	121	60-138
Bromofluorobenzene (FID)	102	66-148

Type:

MSD

Lab ID:

Gasoline C7-C12		10.20	7.255	71	43-120	5	27
Surrogate	%REC	Limits					

Trifluorotoluene (FID)	129	60-138				200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	



Total Extractable Hydrocarbons Lab #: 180038 Location: 5885 Hollis St Client: Treadwell & Rollo Prep: EPA 3520C Project#: 4069.01 Analysis: EPA 8015B Field ID: TR-24-GW Sampled: 06/15/05 Water latrix: Received: 06/15/05 Inits: ug/L Prepared: 06/15/05 Batch#: 102992 Analyzed: 06/16/05

Type:

SAMPLE

Diln Fac:

20.00

b ID:

180038-006

Result

RL

iesel C10-C24 68,000 L 1,000

Surrogate

C Limite

Mexacosane DO 55-143

pe:

BLANK

QC297661

Diln Fac:

1.000

Cleanup Method: EPA 3630C

Analyte

Result

RL

iesel C10-C24

ND

50

Surrogate AREC Limits
Lexacosane 112 55-143

L= Lighter hydrocarbons contributed to the quantitation

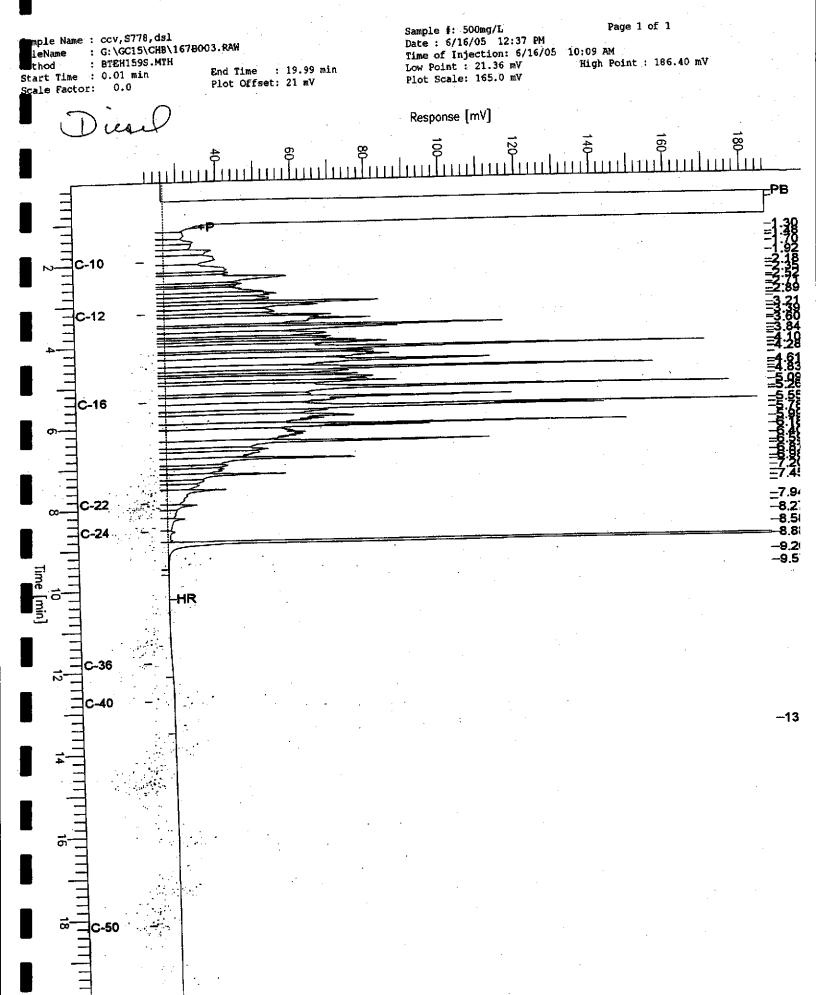
DO= Diluted Out

= Not Detected

Hamiltary Reporting Limit Page 1 of 1

22.1

Sample #: 102992 Page 1 of 1 Date: 6/16/05 01:47 PM ethod : ATEH156S.MTH
Start Time : 0.01 min
Scale Factor: 0.00 Time of Injection: 6/16/05 01:16 PM End Time Low Point: 17.51 mV Plot Scale: 497.6 mV : 20.45 min High Point: 515.12 mV Plot Offset: 18 mV Response [mV] C-10 C-12 C-16 C-22 C-24 C-36 C-50





	Total Extracta	ble Hydrocarbo	ns
ab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 3520C
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
Matrix:	Water	Batch#:	102992
nits:	ug/L	Prepared:	06/15/05
Diln Fac:	1.000	Analyzed:	06/16/05

Cleanup Method: EPA 3630C

QC297662

Analyte		Kesuic	%REC	: Limits	
iesel C10-C24	2,500	2,466	99	50-133	

Surrogate %REC Limits 116 55-143 **lexa**cosane

BSD

Cleanup Method: EPA 3630C

QC297663

	rte Spiked	Result	00 000 00 - E se - T			
Diesel C10-C24	2,500	2,540	102	50-133	3	40

- Surro	deta SDEC Timina	
lexacosane	116 55-143	



Total Extractable Hydrocarbons 5885 Hollis St Location: Lab #: 180038 Treadwell & Rollo SHAKER TABLE Prep: Client: EPA 8015B 06/15/05 06/15/05 Project#: 4069.01 <u> Analysis:</u> Soil Sampled: Matrix: Received: Units: mg/Kg 06/15/05 aš received Prepared: Basis: Batch#: 103004

Field ID:

TR-24-4.0

ype: ab ID: SAMPLE

180038-002

Diln Fac:

1.000

06/16/05 Analyzed:

Result 1.0 Diesel C10-C24

%REC Limits Surrogate 5**1**-136 Hexacosane

Field ID: Type: Bab ID:

TR-26-4.0

SAMPLE

180038-004

Diln Fac: Analyzed: 20.00

06/16/05

Result Analyte 2,100 H L Y Diesel C10-C24 20

Surrogate %REC Limits 51-136 Hexacosane

ield ID: Type: Lab ID:

TR-27-2.0

SAMPLE

180038-005

Diln Fac: Analyzed:

1.000

06/16/05

Analyte 61 H Y 1.0 Diesel C10-C24

Surrogate %REC Limits

Hexacosane

51-136 83

ype: ab ID:

BLANK

QC297704

Analyzed:

06/15/05

Cleanup Method: EPA 3630C

 $\tilde{1}.000$ Diln Fac: Analyte

Result

Diesel Cl0-C24

*REC Limits 98 51-136 Surrogate

Hexacosane

H= Heavier hydrocarbons contributed to the quantitation L= Lighter hydrocarbons contributed to the quantitation

Y= Sample exhibits chromatographic pattern which does not resemble standard

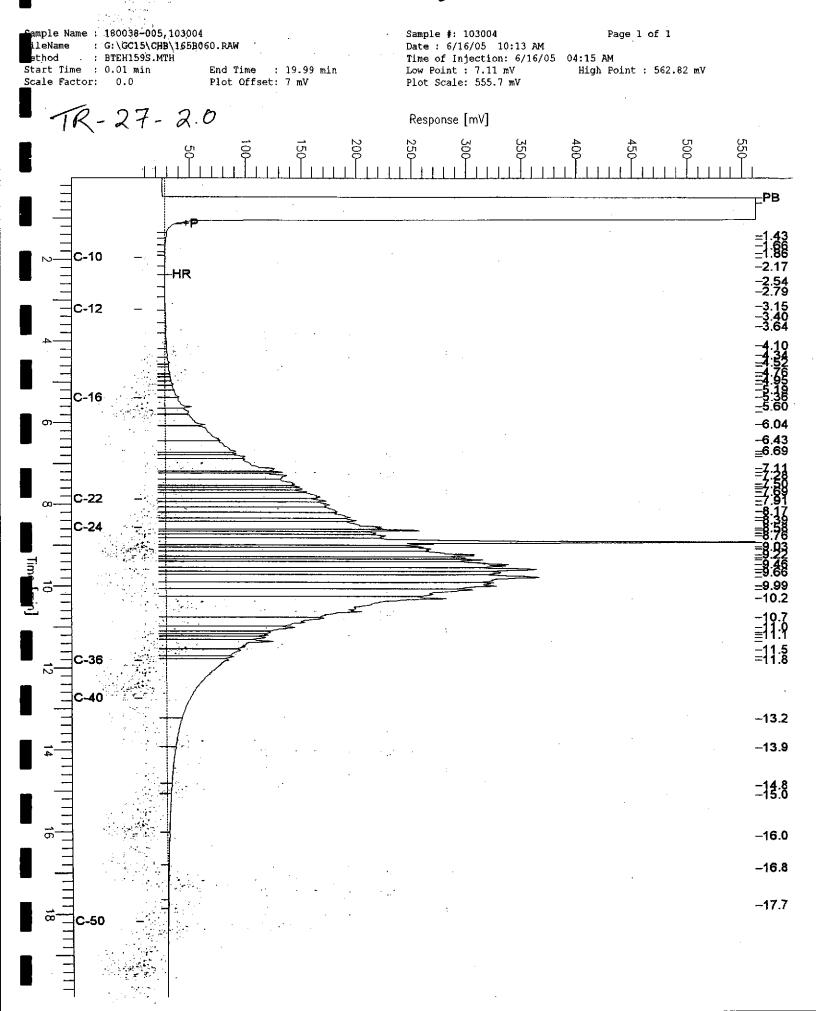
DO= Diluted Out ND= Not Detected

RL= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 1

19.1

ample Name: 180038-002,103004 Sample #: 103004 Page 1 of 1 ileName : G:\GC15\CHB\165B054.RAW Date: 6/16/05 10:10 AM : BTEH159S.MTH Time of Injection: 6/16/05 01:19 AM Start Time : 0.01 min Scale Factor: 0.0 End Time : 19.99 min Low Point : 14.95 mV High Point: 366.43 mV Plot Offset: 15 mV Plot Scale: 351.5 mV TR-24-4.0 Response [mV] -1.23 -1.53 C-10 HR =2.11 C-12 C-16 C-22 C-24 10.4 10.4 10.4 10.4 10.4 C-36 -12.6C-40 -13.5-13.9 _14.7 -16.0-16.8-17.7C-50 -18.4

ample Name : 180038-004,103004 11eName : G:\GC11\CHA\166A050.RAW Sample #: 103004 Page 1 of 1 Date: 6/16/05 01:04 PM : ATEH156S.MTH Time of Injection: 6/16/05 12:40 PM Start Time : 0.01 min-End Time : 20.45 min Low Point : 25.17 mV High Point: 518.87 mV Scale Factor: Plot Offset: 25 mV Plot Scale: 493.7 mV TR-26-4.0 Response [mV] C-10 C-12 C-16 C-22 C-24 C-36 ~13.9 -17.4C-50



Page 1 of 1 Sample #: 500mg/L Sample Name : ccv, \$778, dsl Date: 6/14/05 03:59 PM : G:\GC15\CHB\165B003.RAW Time of Injection: 6/14/05 03:36 PM : BTEH159S.MTH High Point : 213.44 mV thod Low Point : 20.64 mV End Time : 19.99 min Plot Offset: 21 mV Start Time : 0.01 min Plot Scale: 192.8 mV Scale Factor: 0.0 Response [mV] C-10 C-12 C-16 C-22 C-24 +CB HR C-36 -12. C-40 C-50



	Total	Extractable Hydrocari	bons
ab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	SHAKER TABLE
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
Type:	LCS ·	Diln Fac:	1.000
Lab ID:	QC297705	Batch#:	103004
Matrix:	Soil	Prepared:	06/15/05
Jnits:	mg/Kg	Analyzed:	06/15/05
Basis:	as received		

eleanup Method: EPA 3630C

Analyte	Spiked	Result	*REC	Limits
Diesel C10-C24	49.95	55.20	111	52-137
•				
Surrogate	%REC Limits			

Hexacosane 116 51-136



	iotai exti	ractable Hydrocar	
⊿ab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
 Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	SHAKER TABLE
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8015B
ield ID:	TR-24-4.0	Batch#:	103004
MSS Lab ID:	180038-002	Sampled:	06/15/05
Matrix:	Soil	Received:	06/15/05
Jnits:	mg/Kg	Prepared:	06/15/05
Basis:	as received	Analyzed:	06/16/05
Diln Fac:	1.000		

pe:

MS

Lab ID:

QC297706

%REC Limits MSS Result Spiked Result 243.7 394 * 11-169 50.32 Diesel C10-C24 45.55

%REC Limits Surrogate 92 51-136

Hexacosane

ηpe:

MSD

Lab ID:

QC297707

Analyte	Spiked	Result	& REC	Limits RPD L	m
Diesel C10-C24	49.91	117.9	145	11-169 69 * 4	9

Surrogate %REC Limits 51-136 106 Hexacosane

^{*=} Value outside of QC limits; see narrative RPD= Relative Percent Difference Page 1 of 1



	Purgeable	Organics by GC/	(MS
		•	
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-24~GW	Batch#:	103009
Lab ID:	180038-006	Sampled:	06/15/05
Matrix:	Water	Received:	06/15/05
Units:	\mathtt{ug}/\mathtt{L}	Analyzed:	06/16/05
Diln Fac:	33.33		

Analyte	Result	RL	
Freon 12	, ND	33	
Chloromethane	ND	33	
Vinyl Chloride	ND	1 7	
Bromomethane	ND	33	
Chloroethane	ND	33	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	33	
Acetone	ND	330	
Freon 113	ND	170	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	. 17	
Methylene Chloride	ND	330	
Carbon Disulfide	ND	17	
MTBE	ND	17	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ИD	17	
Vinyl Acetate	ND	. 330	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	17	
2-Butanone	ИD	330	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1 7	
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	17	
Chloroform	ND	17	
Bromochloromethane	ND	17	
1,1,1-Trichloroethaπe	ND	. 17	
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	17	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	17	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	17	
Benzene	2,500	17	
Trichloroethene	ND	17	•
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	17	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	17	
Dibromomethane	ND	17	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	330	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	17	
Toluene	31	17	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	17	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	17	
2-Hexanone	ND	330	
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	17	
Tetrachloroethene	ND	17	

TD= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



	Paraeshie	Organics by GC	/Ma
	e me A commen	ciganics by GC,	EAG
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-24-GW	Batch#:	103009
Lab ID:	180038-006	Sampled:	06/15/05
Matrix:	Water	Received:	06/15/05
Units:	ug/L	Analyzed:	06/16/05
Diln Fac:	33.33	•	

000000000000000000000000000000000000000			
	esult		
		17	
		17	
ND		17	
ND		17	
	950	17	
. • .	380	17	
ND		17	
ND		17	
ND		33	
	210	17	
ND		17	
ND		17	•
	360	17	
ND		17	
	110	17	
ND		17	
ND		17	
ND	:	. 17	
	290	17	
	43	17	·
	70	17	
ND		17	
ND		17	
ND		17	
\mathbf{N} D		17	
ND		17	
ND		17	
ND		17	
	710	67	
ND		17	;
		ND ND ND 950 380 ND ND ND ND ND 110 ND	ND 17 ND 17

Surrogate	%REC	C Limits	
Dibromofluoromethane	97	80-120	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	99	80-122	
Toluene-d8	99	80-120	
Bromofluorobenzene	97	80-124	1

D= Not Detected *L= Reporting Limit Page 2 of 2



	Purgeable	Organics by GC/	/MS
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Туре:	BLANK	Diln Fac:	1.000
Lab ID:	QC297728	Batch#:	103009
Matrix:	Water	Analyzed:	06/16/05
Units:	ug/L_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Analyte	Result	RL	
Freon 12	ND	1.0	
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	
Vinyl Chloride	ND	0.5	
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	
Acetone	ND	10	
Freon 113	ND	5.0	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.5	
Methylene Chloride	ND	10	
Carbon Disulfide	ND	0.5	
MTBE	ND	0.5	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.5	
Vinyl Acetate	ND	10	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.5	
2-Butanone	ND	10	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.5	
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.5	
Chloroform	ND	0.5	
Bromochloromethane	ND	0.5	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.5	•
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	0.5	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	0.5	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.5	
Benzene	ND	0.5	
Trichloroethene	ND	0.5	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.5	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.5	
Dibromomethane	ND	0.5	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	10	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ИD	0.5	
Toluene	ND	0.5	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.5	• .
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.5	
2-Hexanone	ND	10	
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	0.5	
Tetrachloroethene	ND	0.5	

D= Not Detected %L= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



	Purgeable	organics by GC/	/MS
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Type: Lab ID:	BLANK	Diln Fac:	1.000
Lab ID:	QC297728	Batch#:	103009
Matrix:	Water	Analyzed:	06/16/05
Units:	ug/L	-	•

Analyte	Resu	It RL
Dibromochloromethane	ND	0.5
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	0.5
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.5
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.5
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.5
m,p-Xylenes	ND	0.5
o-Xylene	ND	0.5
Styrene	ND	0.5
Bromoform	ND	1.0
Isopropylbenzene	ND	0.5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.5
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	0.5
Propylbenzene	ND	0.5
Bromobenzene	ND	0.5
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.5
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.5
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.5
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	0.5
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.5
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	0.5
_para-Isopropyl Toluene	ND	0.5
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.5
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.5
n-Butylbenzene	ND	0.5
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.5
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND	0.5
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.5
Hexachlorobutadiene		0.9
Naphthalene	ND	2.0
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ИD	0.5

Surrogate	%REC	Limits
- Dibromofluoromethane	97	80-120
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	97	80-122
Toluene-d8	97	80-120
Bromofluorobenzene	101	80-124

D= Not Detected

kL= Reporting Limit

Page 2 of 2



	Purgeal	ole Organics by GC/MS	
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Matrix:	Water	Batch#:	103009
Units:	ug/L	Analyzed:	06/16/05
Diln Fac:	1.000		

туре:

BS

Lab ID:

QC297726

Analyte	Spiked	Result	%REC	Limits
1,1-Dichloroethene	25.00	29.06	116	75-121
Benzene	25.00	24.55	98	80-120
Trichloroethene	25.00	25.74	103	78-120
Toluene	25.00	24.84	99	80-120
Chlorobenzene	25.00	25.81	103	80-120

Surrogate	%REC	Limits	
	96	80-120	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	96	80-122	
Toluene-d8	98	80-120	
Bromofluorobenzene	100	80-124	

ype:

BSD

Lab ID:

QC297727

Analyte	Spiked	Result	*REC	Limits	RPI) Liim
1,1-Dichloroethene	25.00	30.16	121	75-121	4	20
Benzene	25.00	25.31	101	80-120	3	20
Trichloroethene	25.00	26.33	105	78-120	2	20
Toluene	25.00	25.45	102	80-120	2	20
Chlorobenzene	25.00	26.44	106	80-120	2	20

Surrogate	%REC	C Limits
Dibromofluoromethane	98	80-120
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	95	80-122
Toluene-d8	97	80-120
Bromofluorobenzene	99	80-124
		·



	Purgeable	e Organics by GC,	/MS
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-24-4.0	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	180038-002	Sampled:	06/15/05
Matrix:	Soil	Received:	06/15/05

Analyte	Result	RL	Diln Pac	
Freon 12	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
-Chloromethane	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Vinyl Chloride	ND	10	1:000	102980 06/15/05
Bromomethane	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Chloroethane	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Acetone	35	, 20	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Freon 113	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Methylene Chloride	ND	20	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Carbon Disulfide	ND	4.6	0.9259	103011 06/16/05
MTBE	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Vinyl Acetate	ND	50	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
2-Butanone	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Chlo roform	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Bromochloromethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Benzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Trichloroethene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Bromodichloromethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Dibromomethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Toluene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
2-Hexanone	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Tetrachloroethene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Dibromochloromethane	ND .	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05

ND= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



	Durgesh).	organics by GC	PM S
	r ur geanar	ordenron with any	***
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-24-4.0	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	180038-002	Sampled:	06/15/05
Matrix:	Soil	Received:	06/15/05
Units:	ug/Kg	•	

Analyte	Result	RL	Diln	Fac Batch# Analyzed
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Chlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Ethylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
m,p-Xylenes	N D	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
o-Xylene	ИD	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Styrene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Bromoform	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Isopropylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Propylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Bromobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
para-Isopropyl Toluene	N D	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	N D	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
n-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Naphthalene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05

Surrogate	*REC	Limits	Diln F	ac Batch#	Analyzed	
Dibromofluoromethane	97	78-120	1.000	102980	06/15/05	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	102	80-120	1.000	102980	06/15/05	
Toluene-d8	101	80-120	1.000	102980	06/15/05	·
Bromofluorobenzene	106	80-120	1.000	102980	06/15/05	



	Transport 1	organics by GC,	(MG
•	Furgeaux	s ordenres by act	LAG
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-26-4.0	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	180038-004	Diln Fac:	4.545
Matrix:	Soil	Sampled:	06/15/05
Units:	ug/Kg	Received:	06/15/05

Analyte	Result	RL	Batch# Analyzed
Freon 12	ND	45	102980 06/15/05
Chloromethane	ND	45	102980 06/15/05
Vinyl Chloride	ND	45	102980 06/15/05
Bromomethane	ND	4 5	102980 06/15/05
-Chloroethane	ND	45	102980 06/15/05
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
Acetone	ND	91	102980 06/15/05
Freon 113	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
Methylene Chloride	ND	91	102980 06/15/05
Carbon Disulfide	ND	23	103011 06/16/05
MTBE	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
Vinyl Acetate	ND	230	102980 06/15/05
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
2-Butanone	ND	4 5	102980 06/15/05
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
Chloroform	N D	23	102980 06/15/05
Bromochloromethane	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
T1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND ·	23	102980 06/15/05
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
Benzene	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
Trichloroethene	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
Bromodichloromethane	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
Dibromomethane	· ND	23	102980 06/15/05
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	45	102980 06/15/05
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
Toluene	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	M D	23	102980 06/15/05
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
2-Hexanone	ИD	45	102980 06/15/05
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	23	102980 06/15/05
Tetrachloroethene	ИD	23	102980 06/15/05
Dibromochloromethane	ND	23	102980 06/15/05

D= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



	Purgeable	organics by GC/	'MS
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-26-4.0	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	180038-004	Diln Fac:	4.545
Matrix:	Soil	Sampled:	06/15/05
Units:	ug/Kg	Received:	06/15/05

Analyte	Result	RL	Batch# Anal	# COLOGO COLO
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	23	102980 06/1	· '
Chlorobenzene	. N D	23	102980 06/1	· ·
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	23	102980 06/1	· ·
Ethylbenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	•
m,p-Xylenes	ND	23	102980 06/1	•
o-Xylene	ND	23	102980 06/1	•
Styrene	ND	23	102980 06/1	.5/05
Bromoform	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
Isopropylbenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
Propylbenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
Bromobenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
4-Chlorotoluene	ND.	23	102980 06/1	5/05
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
para-Isopropyl Toluene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
n-Butylbenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND .	23	102980 06/1	5/05
Naphthalene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	23	102980 06/1	5/05

Surrogate	%REC	Limits	Batch#	Analyzed
Dibromofluoromethane	97	78-120	102980	06/15/05
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	100	80-120	102980	06/15/05
Toluene-d8	99	80-120	102980	06/15/05
Bromofluorobenzene	112	80-120	102980	06/15/05



	Purgeable Orga	anics by GC/MS	
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-27-2.0	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	180038-005	Sampled:	06/15/05
Matrix:	Soil	Received:	06/15/05
Units:	ug/Kg		

Analyte	Result	RL	Diln Fac	Batch# Analyzed
Freon 12	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
_Chloromethane	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Vinyl Chloride	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Bromomethane	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Chloroethane	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Frichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Acetone	21	20	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Freon 113	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Methylene Chloride	ND	20	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Carbon Disulfide	ND	4.5	0.9091	103011 06/16/05
MTBE	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Vinyl Acetate	ND	50	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
2-Butanone	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Chloroform	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Bromochloromethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Benzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Trichloroethene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Bromodichloromethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
_Dibromomethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Toluene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
2-Hexanone	ND	10	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Tetrachloroethene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Dibromochloromethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05

D= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



	Purgeable	Organics by GC/	/MS
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	TR-27-2.0	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	180038-005	Sampled:	06/15/05
Matrix:	Soil	Received:	06/15/05
Units:	ug/Kg		

Analyte	Result	RL	Diln	Fac Batch# Analyzed
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Chlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Ethylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
m,p-Xylenes	ND .	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
o-Xylene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Styrene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Bromoform	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Isopropylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Propylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Bromobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1-Chlorotoluene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
cert-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ИD	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
para-Isopropyl Toluene	N D	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
n-Butylbenzene	N D	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Naphthalene	, ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1.000	102980 06/15/05

Surrogate	*REC	Limits	Diln F	Fac Batch# Analyzed
Dibromofluoromethane	96	78-120	1.000	102980 06/15/05
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	96	80-120	1.000	102980 06/15/05
roluene-d8	98	80-120	1.000	102980 06/15/05
Bromofluorobenzene	102	80-120	1.000	102980 06/15/05



	Purgeable	Organics by GC/	'MS
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Type:	BLANK	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	QC297610	Diln Fac:	1.000
Matrix:	Soil	Batch#:	102980
Units:	ug/Kg	Analyzed:	06/15/05

Analyte	Result	RL
Freon 12	ND	10
Chloromethane	ND	10
Vinyl Chloride	ND	10
Bromomethane	ND	10
Chloroethane	ND	10
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.0
Acetone	ND	20
Freon 113	ND	5.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0
Methylene Chloride	ND	20
Carbon Disulfide	ND	5.0
MTBE	ND	5.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0
Vinyl Acetate	N D	50
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0
2-Butanone	ND	10
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0
Chloroform	ND	5,0
Bromochloromethane	ND	5.0
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	5.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0
Benzene	ND	5.0
Trichloroethene	ND	5.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0
Bromodichloromethane	ND	5.0
Dibromomethane	ND	5.0
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	10
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0
Toluene	ND	5.0
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0
2-Hexanone	N D	10
1,3-Dichloropropane	И D	5.0
Tetrachloroethene	ND	5.0

D= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



	Purgeable Org	anics by GC/MS	
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Туре:	BLANK	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	QC297610	Diln Fac:	1.000
Matrix:	Soil	Batch#:	102980
Units:	ug/Kg	Analyzed:	06/15/05

Analyte	Result	RL
Dibromochloromethane	ND	5.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	5.0
Chlorobenzene	ND	5.0
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0
Ethylbenzene	ND	5.0
m,p-Xylenes	ND	5.0
o-Xylene	ND .	5.0
Styrene	ND	5.0
Bromoform	ND	5.0
Isopropylbenzene	ND	5.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	5.0
Propylbenzene	ND	5.0
Bromobenzene	ND	5.0
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5.0
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	5.0
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	5.0
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5.0
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	5,0
para-Isopropyl Toluene	ND	5.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
n-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND	5.0
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	5.0
Naphthalene	ND	5.0
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0

Surrogate	%REC	Limits			
■ Dibromofluoromethane	101	78-120			
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	103	80-120			
Toluene-d8	99	80-120			
Bromofluorobenzene	101	80-120		,	

ND= Not Detected RL= Reporting Limit Page 2 of 2



Units:	ug/Kg	Analyzed:	06/16/05
Matrix:	Soil	Batch#:	103011
Lab ID:	QC297735	Diln Fac:	1.000
Туре :	BLANK	Basis:	as received
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Tab #:		Organics by GC/	

			_
Analyte	Result	RL	
Freon 12	ND	10	
Chloromethane	ND	10	
Vinyl Chloride	ND	10	
Bromomethane	ND	10	
Chloroethane	ND	10	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.0	
Acetone	ND	20	•
Freon 113	ND	5.0	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	
Methylene Chloride	ND	20	
Carbon Disulfide	ND	5.0	
MTBE	ND	5.0	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	
Vinyl Acetate	ND	50	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0	
2-Butanone	N D	10	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	
Chloroform	ND	5.0	
Bromochloromethane	ND	5.0	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	5.0	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0	•
Benzene	ND	5.0	
Trichloroethene	ND	5.0	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	5.0	-
Dibromomethane	ND	5.0	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	ND	10	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	
Toluene	ND	5.0	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	
2-Hexanone	ND	10	
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	
Tetrachloroethene	ND	5.0	

D= Not Detected L= Reporting Limit Page 1 of 2



	Purgeable	Organics by GC)	/MS
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Type:	BLANK	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	QC297735	Diln Fac:	1.000
Matrix:	Soil	Batch#:	103011
Units:	ug/Kg	Analyzed:	06/16/05

Analyte	Result	RL
-Dibromochloromethane	ND	5.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	5.0
Chlorobenzene	ND	5.0
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0
Ethylbenzene	ND	5.0
m,p-Xylenes	ND	5.0
o-Xylene	ND	5.0
Styrene	ND	5.0
Bromoform	ND	5 0
Isopropylbenzene	ND	5.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	5.0
Propylbenzene	ND	5.0
Bromobenzene	ND	5.0
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	N D	5.0
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	5.0
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	5.0
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5.0
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0
para-Isopropyl Toluene	ND	5.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
n-Butylbenzene	ND	5.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND	5.0
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	5.0
Naphthalene	ND	5.0
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0

Surrogate	%REC	Limits	
Dibromofluoromethane	95	78-120	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	98	80-120	
Toluene-d8	99	80-120	
Bromofluorobenzene	98	80-120	



	Purgeable	organics by GC/	'MS
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Type:	LCS	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	QC297611	Diln Fac:	1.000
Matrix:	Soil	Batch#:	102980
Units:	ug/Kg	Analyzed:	06/15/05

Analyte	Spiked	Result	%REC	Limits
1,1-Dichloroethene	50.00	60.94	122	77-124
Benzene	50.00	51.36	103	80-120
Trichloroethene	50.00	54.53	109	80-120
Toluene	50.00	53.24	106	80-120
Chlorobenzene	50.00	52.88	106	80-120

Surrogate	%RE(Limits	
Dibromofluoromethane	96	78-120	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	90	80-120	
Toluene-d8	98	80-120	
Bromofluorobenzene	98	80-120	



	Purgeable Orga	anics by GC/MS	
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Туре:	LCS	Basis:	as received
Lab ID:	QC297732	Diln Fac:	1.000
Matrix:	Soil	Batch#:	103011
Units:	ug/Kg	Analyzed:	06/16/05

Analyte	Spiked	Result	%REC	Limits
1,1-Dichloroethene	50.00	59.23	118	77-124
Benzene	50.00	51.85	104	80-120
Trichloroethene	50.00	54.05	108	80-120
Toluene	50.00	53.45	107	80-120
Chlorobenzene	50.00	52.74	. 105	80-120

Surrogate	%REC	Limits	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	000000000000000
→ Dibromofluoromethane	96	78-120	1
1 2 Diehlamashbana di	97	00 100	1
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	9/	80-120	1
Toluene-d8	100	80-120	- 1
10140110 40	200		- 1
Bromofluorobenzene	98	80-120	- 1



	Purgeable Org	anics by GC/MS	
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	ZZZZZZZZZZ	Diln Fac:	1.000
MSS Lab ID:	180005-001	Batch#:	102980
Matrix:	Soil	Sampled:	06/13/05
Units:	ug/Kg	Received:	06/14/05
Basis:	as received	Analyzed:	06/15/05

ype:

MS

Lab ID:

QC297664

Analyte	MSS Result	Spiked	Result	%REC	Limits
1,1-Dichloroethene	<0.6852	50.00	56.77	114	70-120
Benzene	<0.5652	50.00	49.10	98	70-120
Trichloroethene	2.378	50.00	73.43	142 *	65-126
Toluene	<0.4612	50.00	49.70	99	64-120
Chlorobenzene	<0.5680	50.00	46.66	93	59-120

Surrogate	%REC	Limits
Dibromofluoromethane	97	78-120
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	97	80-120
Toluene-d8	101	80-120
Bromofluorobenzene	99	80-120

rvpe

MSD

Lab ID:

QC297665

1	Analyte	Spiked	Result	*REC	Limits	RPD	Lin
۹	1,1-Dichloroethene	50.00	60.33	121 *	70-120	6	20
	Benzene	50.00	52.50	105	70-120	7	20
	Trichloroethene	50.00	89.76	175 *	65-126	20	20
ļ	Toluene	50.00	53.60	107	64-120	8	20
٦	Chlorobenzene	50.00	51.59	103	59-120	10	20

Surrogate	%RBC	C Limits
Dibromofluoromethane	95	78-120
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	96	80-120
Toluene-d8	98	80-120
Bromofluorobenzene	97	80-120

^{*=} Value outside of QC limits; see narrative RPD= Relative Percent Difference Page 1 of 1



	Purgsable	Organics by GC/	EM
Lab #:	180038	Location:	5885 Hollis St
Client:	Treadwell & Rollo	Prep:	EPA 5030B
Project#:	4069.01	Analysis:	EPA 8260B
Field ID:	ZZZZZZZZZZ	Diln Fac:	1.000
MSS Lab ID:	180005-001	Batch#:	103011
Matrix:	Soil	Sampled:	06/13/05
Units:	ug/Kg	Received:	06/14/05
Basis:	as received	Analyzed:	06/16/05

MS

Lab ID:

QC297733

Analyte	MSS Result	Spiked	Kesult	*****	ODSCHINES.
1,1-Dichloroethene	<0.6852	50.00	47.07	94	70-120
Benzene	<0.5652	50.00	58.99	118	70-120
Trichloroethene	1.036	50.00	101.5 >LR b	201 .*	65-126
Toluene	<0.4612	50.00	59.49	119	64-120
TChlorobenzene	<0.5680	50.00	58.04	116	59-120

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Surrogate	\$ REC	Limits	
Dibromofluoromethane	97	78-120	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	101	80-120	
■ Toluene-d8	101	80-120	
Bromofluorobenzene	98	80-120	

MSD

Lab ID:

QC297734

Analyte	Spiked	Result	*REC	Limits	RPD	Lim
1,1-Dichloroethene	50.00	56.19	112	70-120	18	20
Benzene	50.00	51.55	103	70-120	13	20
■ Trichloroethene	50.00	87.52	173 *	65-126	NC	20
Toluene	50.00	52.88	106	64-120	12	20
Chlorobenzene	50.00	50.48	101	59-120	14	20

Surrogate	%REC	Limits
Dibromofluoromethane	92	78-120
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	97	80-120
Toluene-d8	102	80-120
Bromofluorobenzene	98	80-120

^{*=} Value outside of QC limits; see narrative

b= See narrative

NC= Not Calculated

LR= Response exceeds instrument's linear range RPD= Relative Percent Difference

Page 1 of 1