6920 Koll Center Parkway Suite 216 Pleasanton, CA 94566 925.426.2600 Fax 925.426.0106

410 125

Clayton GROUP SERVICES

DO DEC -8 PM W. 07

December 6, 2000

Eva Chu Alameda County Health Care Services 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, California 94502-6577

Clayton Project No. 70-01369.01

Subject:

Soil and Groundwater Sampling at the Shamrock Ford Property

7499 Dublin Boulevard, Dublin, California

Dear Ms. Chu:

On behalf of Shamrock Ford and Safeway, Inc., Clayton is pleased to present you with the attached copy of Clayton's Soil and Groundwater Sampling report for the above referenced property. As discussed on the telephone last week, the property is a remediated leaking underground tank site that received case closure by your office (LOP Case No.: 2127). On behalf of the concerned parties (Shamrock Ford – current property owner, and Safeway, Inc. – prospective purchaser), Clayton wishes to know what recommendations or requirements you may have after you have had a chance to review the attached report.

It was a pleasure to speak with you regarding this site. If you have any questions, please

contact me at (925) 426-2679.

Sincerely,

Donald A. Ashton, RG, REA

Senior Geologist

Environmental Services

DAA

site is in fringe of Main Livermore GW Basin, but Zone 7 says quite a bit of Dublin Subbasin contributes to main Basin

- get virity head construction - at least 2 Sources for GW continn: 1) former UST/OI storage room 2) Haz Mat. Storage area 3) East stop-Sump

- compare [GW] against toogless RBS LS

see & cedynales are exceeded - Yes

what is progress of orte.

can be soil exc near formers USTS

and by bring B.5 where stamed

soil was noted.

Soil chance for disposal if remove



Ms. Eva Chu Alameda County Health Care Services December 6, 2000 Page 2 Clayton Project No. 70-01369.01

Enclosure

C: Brandon Farrell
Safeway, Inc.
5918 Stoneridge Mall Road
Pleasanton, California 94588-3229
925-467-2617

Carlette Gray Shamrock Ford 110 SE 6th Street, 20th Floor Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301 954-769-2003 6920 Koll Center Parkway Suite 216 Pleasanton, CA 94566 925.426.2600 Fax 925.426.0106



Soil and Groundwater Sampling

Shamrock Ford 7499 Dublin Boulevard Dublin, California

Clayton Project No. 70-01369.01 NOVEMBER 2, 2000

Prepared for:

SAFEWAY, INC. Pleasanton, California

Prepared by:

CLAYTON GROUP SERVICES, INC. 6920 Koll Center Parkway Suite 216 Pleasanton, California 94566 925.426.2600



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1.0 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Safeway, Inc. (Safeway) retained Clayton Group Services, Inc. (Clayton) to conduct a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of the Shamrock Ford property located at 7499 Dublin Boulevard, Dublin, Alameda County, California (subject property). The subject property location and site plan are depicted in Figures 1 and 2, respectively. Resumes of environmental professionals involved in this assessment are included in Appendix A.

1.1 LIMITATIONS

The information and opinions rendered in this report are exclusively for use by Safeway. Clayton will not distribute or publish this report without the consent of Safeway except as required by law or court order. The information and opinions expressed in this report are given in response to a limited assignment by Safeway and should be considered and implemented only in light of that assignment. The services provided by Clayton in completing this project have been provided in a manner consistent with normal standards of the profession. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

1.2 BACKGROUND

Clayton was requested to conduct a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) by Safeway for the subject property. The Phase I is concurrently being prepared. During site visits on August 25 and 28, 2000, Clayton observed the subject property and current operations for vehicle repair, maintenance, and parts storage.

The subject property was observed to consist of a main structure that consisted of the former sales showroom, offices, parts department, and west shop area. The facilities were reportedly constructed in 1974. The west shop area consisted of four existing inground hydraulic vehicle lifts, and four patched areas were observed where reportedly three former lifts and an alignment pit/rack had been removed. The west shop contained the following systems:

- an oil-storage room,
- several solvent parts washing stations,
- two floor drains that reportedly drain to an in-ground interceptor sump located just east of the main structure by the parts department,
- a water-based parts cleaner located outside the north roll-up door,
- a hazardous waste storage area, and
- a patched asphalt area along the west wall of the shop where two former underground storage tanks (USTs) were reportedly located.



Asphalt in the exterior parts wash area and hazardous materials storage area was stained from various releases of substances that appeared to extend to a storm drain located about 50 feet north of the building. The former USTs (one 2,000-gallon gasoline tank, and one 1,000-gallon waste oil tank) were removed in 1993. The waste oil tank reportedly leaked and was removed as part of the remediation activities. The Alameda County Health Services Agency (ACHSA) closed the site investigation in 1995.

Clayton obtained an appointment to review the ACHSA site file on September 29, 2000. The file documents indicated that three groundwater-monitoring wells were installed to characterize the site and confirm the groundwater quality in the vicinity of the former USTs. Maps show the three monitoring wells located on the west side of the USTs. Quarterly groundwater monitoring and gradient determinations continually showed the gradient to the east. Based on the confirmation soil samples collected at the time the USTs were removed and the groundwater sample results from the three-upgradient wells, the ACHSA chose to close the LUST case.

Clayton reviewed City of Dublin Building Department files on August 25, 2000. Building department files indicated that the facilities were constructed in 1974 and that various modifications were made to the main structures over the years. Site plans show the existence of a third sump that had not been reported in a 1999 Phase I investigation report by ESI. Mr. Exavier, the Service Manager for the facility, was not previously aware of the existence of the sump and the sump had not been serviced or cleaned out for an unknown period of time. Drawings indicate that the sump collects water from the main facility floor drains and discharges to the sewer main to the south in Dublin Boulevard.

The east shop facility consisted of a set of clustered structures that included the east shop area that formerly contained a spray booth. The shop had several above ground hoists, two solvent parts washing stations, several drums of petroleum products, and two floor drains that reportedly drained to an interceptor sump located at the southwest outside corner of the building. Concrete patches in the northeast corner of the shop were reportedly from a former spray-paint booth. The north portion of the building was being used for parts storage; however, the floor had a "T" shaped patch in the concrete floor that was reportedly part of a former spray booth down-draught air-filter system. The east side of the building was developed as a car detail/wash area with a floor sump used to collect wash water and separate out solids prior to discharge to the sewer system. An adjacent garage area was reportedly used for parts storage. Waste oil and filters were stored along the outside south wall.

Based on the past use of the subject property, Clayton's site observations, and agency file reviews, Clayton recommended that a preliminary sampling be conducted to adequately evaluate the soil and groundwater quality at the subject property to determine if any impacts to the subsurface have occurred.



2.0 SCOPE OF WORK

Clayton proposed a Soil and Groundwater Sampling program (Clayton Proposal No. 00SFOESD263, dated September 8, 2000 for 10 soil borings. Safeway approved the sampling program on October 6, 2000. Through the sampling program, Clayton investigated several environmental concerns as detailed in Section 1.2 of this report. The investigation focused on evaluating soil and groundwater conditions in the targeted areas. The methodology used during this investigation is described in the following subsections.

2.1 PRE-FIELD ACTIVITIES

A specific scope of work was prepared for the sampling program. Prior to conducting the field activities, a health and safety plan specific to the subject property was developed. Clayton also subcontracted a private utility locator, California Underground Surveys, to ensure that underground utilities were not present beneath the boring locations.

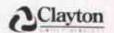
2.2 FIELD ACTIVITIES

On October 12, 2000, Jesse Edmands, Staff Environmental Consultant, Michael Krzeminski, Staff Environmental Consultant, and Donald A. Ashton, Senior Geologist of Clayton, conducted a subsurface investigation at the subject property using direct push Geoprobe drilling equipment operated by Environmental Control Associates of Santa Cruz, California. A total of 11 borings (B-1 through B-11) were advanced on the property at locations depicted on Figure 2 to total depths ranging from 16 to 20 feet below ground surface (bgs).

Borings B-1 through B-4 were advanced within the west shop in order to investigate potential impacts from in-ground hydraulic hoists, a former maintenance pit, and degreaser stations located within the building. In addition, boring B-2 was located in the general downgradient direction relative to the former waste-oil underground storage tank (UST) and the oil-storage room. Boring B-11, drilled in the driveway area, was advanced in the general downgradient direction relative to the former gasoline UST. Boring B-5 was advanced in the hazardous waste storage and parts washing area located on the north side of the west shop building. Boring B-6 was drilled near a storm drain inlet located about 50 feet north of the hazardous materials storage area. Borings B-7 and B-8 were advanced adjacent to sumps located to the east of the parts department and to the west of the east shop building, respectively. Boring B-9 was advanced adjacent to a sump located in the detail shop. Boring B-10 was advanced outside the eastern end of the east shop building and near the western property boundary.

Initially, two soil samples were collected from each of the borings at depths of approximately 1.0 and 5.0 feet bgs. Additional soil samples were collected from borings B-1 and B-9 at 14 and 16 feet bgs, respectively, because no groundwater was found in these borings. However, B-1 at 14 feet bgs was not analyzed as there were no field indications of contamination in the soil sample. Also, an additional soil sample was collected at approximately 7.0 feet bgs in boring B-2 due to physical indications of contamination. The soil from each boring was examined for lithology and inspected for

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indications of contamination (e.g., unusual odors, discoloration, chemical sheen). Boring logs are provided in Appendix B. An organic vapor monitor (OVM) was used to screen headspace samples from select soil samples for ionizable substances at approximately 4-foot intervals within the borings. The soil samples from each boring were collected in acetate liners from the Geoprobe casing and cut into 6-inch sections. The collected soil samples were sealed with Teflon tape and plastic end caps. Each sample was properly labeled and placed in a pre-chilled cooler for transport under formal chain of custody documentation to a state-certified laboratory for analysis.

In order to collect grab-groundwater samples, each boring was completed into a temporary well point. Each boring was advanced into the first encountered groundwater zone, which was generally found to be below about 12 feet bgs. Grab-groundwater samples were then collected using a plastic disposable bailer and decanted into appropriate laboratory prepared containers. Each sample was labeled and placed in a prechilled cooler for transport to a state-certified laboratory under formal chain-of-custody documentation.

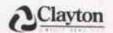
All drilling and downhole sampling equipment were washed and triple rinsed with tap water before use at each boring location. All drilling equipment was decontaminated before it left the subject property. The soil cuttings generated from the drilling activities were collected in 5-gallon buckets and stored onsite pending proper disposal. All exterior boreholes were filled to the surface with neat cement grout after the completion of field activities. The interior borings were filled to approximately 0.5 feet bgs with neat cement grout and filled to the surface with fast-setting concrete.

3.0 LABORATORY ANALYSIS

A total 12 soil and 9 grab groundwater samples were submitted for laboratory analysis to McCampbell Analytical in Pacheco, California; a State of California-certified laboratory. The samples were analyzed by one or more of the following United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) approved methods:

- USEPA Method 8260 for VOCs, including benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes (BTEX, collectively), and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE)
- USEPA Method 8015M/8020 for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as gasoline (TPH-g), diesel (TPH-d), motor oil (TPH-mo); and for BTEX and MTBE. Diesel and motor oil extractions included silica-gel cleanup.
- California LUFT (Leaking Underground Fuel Tank) Metals including cadmium, chromium, lead, nickel, and zinc

The analytical results are summarized in Tables 1 through 4. Copies of the certified analytical data sheets and chain-of-custody documentation are included in Appendix C.



4.0 FINDINGS

Clayton has evaluated the analytical results generated during this limited soil and groundwater investigation. Our findings are summarized in the attached Tables 1-4 and in the following subsections:

4.1 SOIL

During the drilling activities, the soil from the borings (B-1 through B-11) generally consisted of black to olive brown silty clays from the surface to the total depths drilled, which ranged from 16 to 20 feet bgs. No physical evidence of contamination was noted during the drilling activities, except for greenish discolorations and petroleum odors in boring B-2 from 7 to 12 feet bgs. Boring B-2 was drilled approximately 30 feet downgradient of the former waste-oil tank and about 15 feet from the oil-storage room. A soil sample was collected where indications of contamination were noted.

All of the soil samples were analyzed for TPH, BTEX, and MTBE. Only samples B-2 at 4.0 and 7.0 feet bgs and B-6 at 5.0 feet bgs were analyzed for TPH-g. Analytical results indicated that a concentration of TPH-g was detected in B-2 at 7 feet at 25 parts per million (ppm). Concentrations of TPH-d were detected in B-1 through B-3, B-5, and B-7 through B-9 ranging from 1.7 to 2,500 ppm. TPH-mo was detected in samples B-2 at 7 feet, and B-3, B-5, B-7, and B-8 at 5 feet that ranged from 7.5 to 3,700 ppm. No concentrations of BTEX compounds were detected, with the exception of 0.023 ppm of xylenes in B-2 at 7.0 feet. In addition, MTBE was detected in B-4 and B-5 at concentrations ranging from 0.0071 to 0.013 ppm. No other concentrations of VOCs were detected in the soil samples analyzed.

Soil samples collected from borings B-2, and B-7 through B-9, adjacent to or downgradient of the former waste-oil UST and the two sumps, respectively, were analyzed for LUFT metals. Normal background concentrations of metals were detected in the six soil samples analyzed (B-2 at 4.0 and 7.0 feet, B-7 at 6.0 feet, B-8 at 5 feet, and B-9 at 6.0 and 16 feet). Metals detected in these soil samples include chromium (26 to 34 ppm), lead (3.5 to 8.8 ppm), nickel (31 to 44 ppm), and zinc (47 to 57 ppm).

4.2 GRAB GROUNDWATER

Grab-groundwater samples were collected from nine of the eleven borings (B-2 through B-8, B-10, and B-11) and analyzed for TPH, BTEX, and MTBE. No groundwater was encountered in borings B-1 and B-9. Samples B-2, B-6, and B-11 were analyzed for TPH-g; however, only B-11 was found to contain TPH-g at 53 parts per billion (ppb). Concentrations of TPH-d, ranging from 59 to 4,200 ppb, were detected in all grabgroundwater samples analyzed, except for B-7. In addition, concentrations of TPH-mo were detected in B-2, B-5, B-8, B-10, and B-11 ranging from 350 to 53,000 ppb. No BTEX concentrations were detected in the grab-groundwater samples analyzed, except for sample B-11 that contained ethylbenzene at 0.53 ppb and xylenes at 5.2 ppb. Concentrations of MTBE were detected in samples B-3, B-5, and B-8 ranging from 4.1 to 21 ppb. No other concentrations of VOCs were detected in grab-groundwater samples.

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In addition, samples B-7 and B-8 were analyzed for LUFT metals. No concentrations of metals were detected in the groundwater samples.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Clayton's soil and groundwater sampling investigated historical chemical use and storage areas as well as areas downgradient of the former onsite USTs identified during a Phase I environmental site assessment. The samples were collected in a rough area approximately 100 feet wide by 400 feet long that crosses the subject property from near the west property boundary to the east boundary. The analytical results indicate that concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons are present in most soil and groundwater samples collected in this area. The finding of elevated petroleum products in the soil in boring B-2 indicates that releases occurred from the waste-oil UST and possibly the oil storage room. The finding of petroleum products in soil samples from 4 to 5 feet bgs within the service area building, appears to indicate that routine spills and releases to shop floors and in hazardous waste storage areas have impacted the shallow soils in areas where maintenance and product storage occurred. The highest concentrations of petroleum products detected in the groundwater were immediately downgradient from the former waste-oil UST, in the hazardous materials storage area along the north side of the west shop, and at the east side of the east shop building.

The sampling program focused on sampling suspect source areas. The waste-oil release from the former UST appears to have created a plume that extends downgradient to the east. Although boring logs indicate clays in the shallow groundwater zone, which would tend to limit the migration of longer chained hydrocarbons, preferential flow pathways could exist across the property. The property has been continuously used as an automotive repair facility since it was first built in 1974, which may account for the fairly wide spread finding of petroleum hydrocarbons. Additional investigation is required to better evaluate the total extent of contamination at the subject property.

Although the subject property has been found to have petroleum hydrocarbon impacts across a wide area, there are very few findings of volatile substances in the soil and groundwater. MTBE was found in three groundwater samples ranging from 4.1 to 21 ppb (Borings B-3, B-5, and B-8). These relatively low concentrations of MTBE and the other detected VOCs, do not indicate that an extensive remediation of the property is required. It appears that future planned development of the property will likely require the removal of "hot spots" of petroleum contamination in the upper 5 feet of soil, and possibly some additional excavation of contaminated soil in the area of the former waste-oil UST and oil storage room. Clayton recommends that planned future redevelopment activities include a soil-screening program to segregate petroleum impacted soil for proper handling and disposal.



Clayton recommends forwarding the findings from this investigation to the owners of the property, Shamrock Ford, with a request that they properly close all hazardous storage activities, product storage areas, the above ground storage tank system, the three inground interceptor sumps, and the in-ground hydraulic hoists. This report should also be forwarded to the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency (ACHCSA), the lead regulatory agency for hazardous materials oversight, for review and comment. Clayton anticipates that the ACHCSA may require a monitoring program and possible additional characterization; however, the agency will need to determine if any remedial actions will be required.

Report prepared by:

Jesse Edmands

Staff Environmental Consultant

Environmental Services

Report reviewed by:

Donald A. Ashton, RG, REA

Senior Geologist

Environmental Services

Report reviewed by:

A. Rosso, P.E.

Director

Environmental Services

November 2, 2000

TABLE 1 Summary of Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons and VOCs in Soil Samples Shamrock Ford 7499 Dublin Boulevard Dublin, California

Sample Location	Sample Depth (feet)	Date Sampled	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Gasoline Range (C6 to C12)	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Diesel Range (C10 to C23)*	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Motor Oil Range (C18 to C36)*	MTBE (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)	All Other VOCs (mg/kg)
B-1	5	10/12/00	(3.00)	3.1, b	<5.0	<0.005	<0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	< 0.005	<5.0
B-2	4	10/12/00	<1.0	3.5, e	<5.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 5.0
B-2	7h .	10/12/00	25, a	2.500, d	3,799	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.023	<5.0
B-3	5	10/12/00		1.7, e	7.5	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	<5.0
B-4	4	10/12/00		<1.0	<5.0	0.0071	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	<5.0
B-5	5	10/12/00		2.3, e	26	0.013	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	<5.0
B-6	5	10/12/00	<1.0	<1.0	<5.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	<5.0
B-7	5	10/12/00		1.9, e	17	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	< 0.005	<5.0
B-8	5	10/12/00	***	6.2, e	42	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	<5.0
B-9	6	10/12/00	***	2.8, c	<5.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	<5.0
B-9	16	10/12/00		<1.0	<5.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	< 0.005	<5.0
B-10	5	10/12/00	***	<1.0	<5.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	<5.0

Notes:

All units presented as milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) or parts per million (ppm), except for VOCs which are reported in micrograms per kilogram (µg/kg) or ppb VOCs= Volatile Organic Compounds

VOC detection limits are variable (see laboratory data sheets for a specific compound's detection limit)

MTBE = Methyl tert-Butyl Ether

- * = Sample preparation by laboratory included silica gel cleanup
- --- = Analyte not tested
- a = strongly aged gasoline or diesel range coumpounds are significant
- b = may be aged diesel range
- c = diesel range compounds are significant, no recognizable pattern
- d = medium boiling point pattern does not match diesel standard
- e = oil range compounds are significant





TABLE 2 Summary of Later and in Soil Samples

Shamrock Ford 7499 Dublin Boulevard Dublin, California

Sample Location	Sample Depth (feet)	Date Sampled	Cadmium (mg/kg)	Chromium (mg/kg)	Lead (mg/kg)	Nickel (mg/kg)	Zinc (mg/kg)
B-1	5	10/12/00			***		***
B-2	4	10/12/00	< 0.5	28	5.4	31	49
B-2	7	10/12/00	< 0.5	31	6.9	35	54
B-3	5	10/12/00					
B-4	4	10/12/00					
B-5	5	10/12/00					
B-6	5	10/12/00					
B-7	5	10/12/00	< 0.5	26	5.8	35	47
B-8	5	10/12/00	< 0.5	28	8.8	31	50
B-9	6	10/12/00	< 0.5	32	3.5	41	53
B-9	16	10/12/00	< 0.5	34	7.1	44	57
B-10	5	10/12/00					

Notes:

All units presented as milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) or parts per million (ppm)

^{--- =} Analyte not tested

TABLE 3 Summary of Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons and VOCs in Grab Groundwater Samples Shamrock Ford 7499 Dublin Boulevard Dublin, California

Sample Location	Date Sampled	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Gasoline Range (C6 to C12)	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Diesel Range (C10 to C23)	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Motor Oil Range (C18 to C36)	MTBE (μg/L)	Benzene (µg/L)	Ethylbenzene (µg/L)	Toluene (µg/L)	Xylenes (μg/L)	All Other VOCs (µg/L)
B-1	10/12/00		***				400			
B-2	10/12/00	<1.0	740 d	770	<1.0	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<1.0
B-3	10/12/00		59 с	<250	4.1	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<1.0
B-4	10/12/00		72 c	<250	<1.0	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1.0
r Des	10/12/00	-75	4,200 d,ejb	30,000	21	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1.0
B-6	10/12/00	<1.0 b		**-	<1.0	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<1.0
B-7	10/12/00		<50	<250	<1.0	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<1.0
B-8	10/12/00	***	150 d	350	14	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1.0
B-9	10/12/00	***	***							
B-10	10/12/00	7366	110 d	1,200	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<1.0
-51992	10/12/00	53 a,b	4,200 d,b	53,000	<1.0	< 0.5	0.53	<0.5	5.2	<1.0

Notes:

All units presented as micrograms per liter (pg/L) or parts per billion (ppb)*

VOCs = Volatile Organic Compounds

VOC detection limits are variable (see laboratory data sheets for a specific compound's detection limit)

MTBE = Methyl tert-Butyl Ether

- --- = Analyte not tested (Please note that groundwater was not encountered in borings B-1 or B-9)
- a = heavier gasoline range compounds are significant
- b = liquid samples contains more than 5% sediment by volume
- c = diesel range compounds are significant, no recognizable pattern
- d = oil range compounds are significant
- e = medium boiling point pattern does not match diesel standard





TABLE 4 Summary of Dissolved LUFT Metals in Grab Groundwater Samples Shamrock Ford

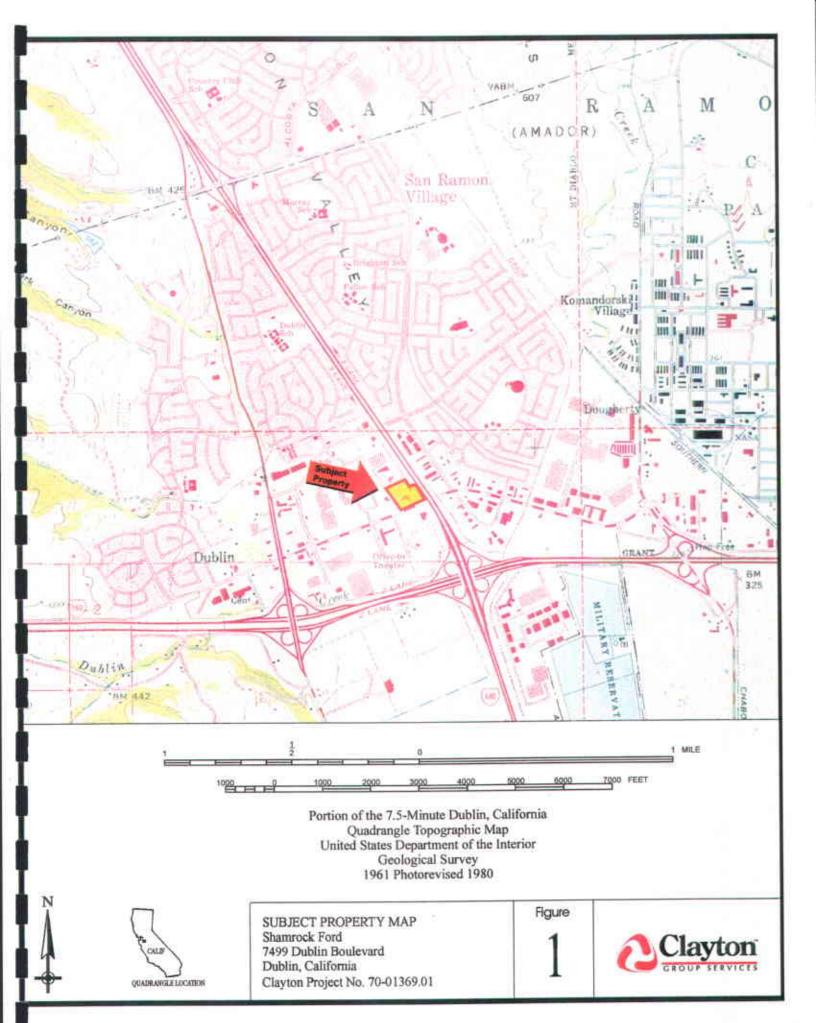
7499 Dublin Boulevard Dublin, California

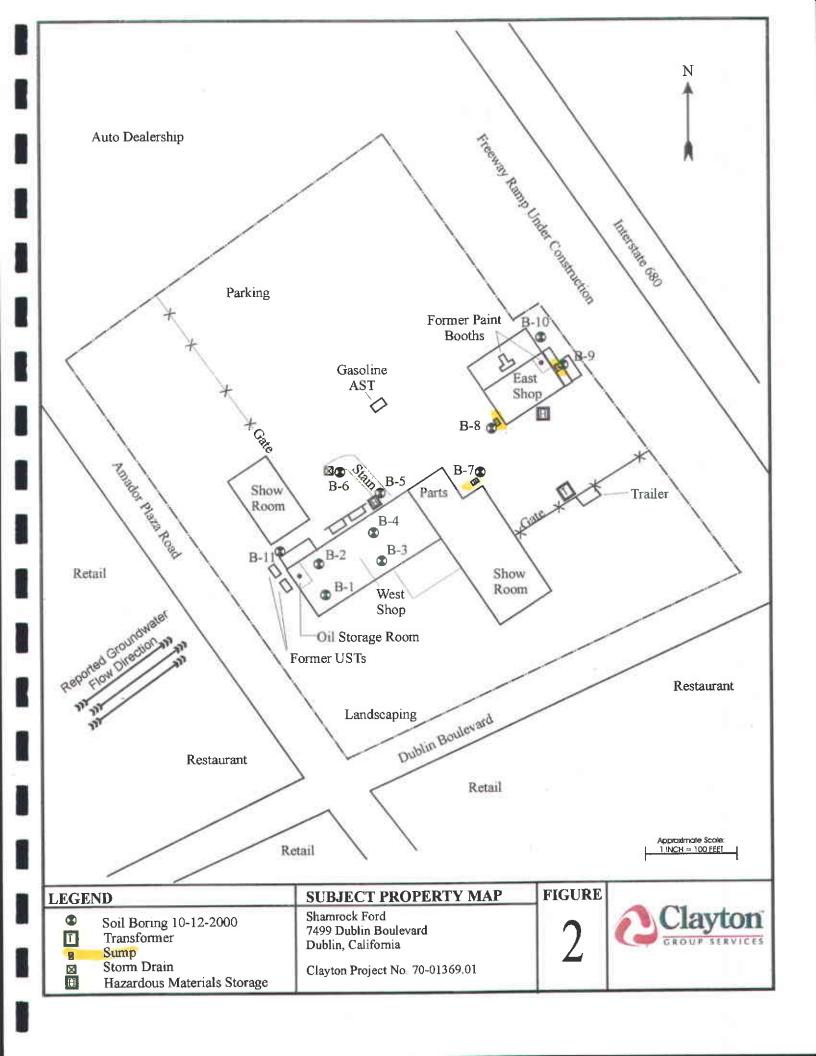
Sample Location	Date Sampled	Cadmium (mg/L)	Chromium (mg/L)	Lead (mg/L)	Nickel (mg/L)	Zinc (mg/L)
B-1	10/12/00					
B-2	10/12/00					700
B-3	10/12/00					
B-4	10/12/00					
B-5	10/12/00				***	
B-6	10/12/00					
B-7	10/12/00	< 0.005	< 0.02	< 0.005	< 0.05	< 0.05
B-8	10/12/00	< 0.005	< 0.02	< 0.005	< 0.05	< 0.05
B-9	10/12/00				***	-0.00
B-10	10/12/00					

Notes:

All units presented as milligrams per liter (mg/L) or parts per million (ppm)

--- = Analyte not tested (Please note that groundwater was not encountered in borings B-1 or B-9)







APPENDIX A RESUMES OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROFESSIONALS



Donald A. Ashton, R.G., REA

Senior Geologist, Environmental Services

Summary of Professional Experience

Mr. Ashton has 13 years of experience conducting environmental assessments. He is experienced in managing Phase I and II site assessments for commercial and industrial sites, including soil and groundwater contamination investigations and remediation, facility closure overviews, and conducting annual tenant audits. Mr. Ashton has extensive experience conducting and managing assessments of industrial sites, commercial shopping centers and strip malls, high-rise buildings, large apartment complexes, undeveloped properties, and multi-site acquisitions. Assessments of commercial/ industrial facilities have included agricultural pesticide formulation facilities, semiconductor/circuit board manufacturers, coal-fired power plants, metal plating facilities, foundries, food processing plants, automotive repair, truck terminals, and dry-cleaning facilities. He has successfully managed numerous projects for financial institutions, fund management firms, property developers, attorney firms, and public agencies. Mr. Ashton also managed numerous environmental assessments for FCC permit compliance for antenna installations at new PCS (digital personnel communications system) sites for a major communications company.

Project Experience

San Francisco Unified School District - Mr. Ashton assessed and/or managed approximately 70 school sites for historical use of underground storage tanks (USTs), conducted historical records/plan reviews, evaluated suspect sites visually, and conducted geophysical surveys, including ground-penetrating radar, writing tank removal specifications for confirmed USTs, monitoring UST removals, and conducting environmental testing for agency site closures.

Property Management Company - Mr. Ashton conducted a Phase I/II investigation at one Silicon Valley multi-tenant site which resulted in a portion of the property being subdivided and the Super Fund site portion being sold to the responsible party for the release. Another portion of the property was found to have a third-party release of 1,1,1-TCA and PCE to the groundwater. Mr. Ashton conducted preliminary characterization investigations and agency records research that connected historical use of the property by the tenant to the release of regulated substances to the groundwater. He then became involved in owner/attorney/tenant negotiations, overseeing characterization investigations by the responsible party (tenant) for the property owner, and also worked with the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) seeking closure of the site on behalf of the property owner.

Pesticide Formulation Site - Mr. Ashton managed a multi-phased characterization of soil and groundwater impact at an agricultural spray service facility where pesticides were previously formulated in Watsonville, California. The site characterization identified commingled plumes of gasoline, DDT and other pesticides, and carrier oil.



Pharmaceutical Firm - Mr. Ashton managed a project for the rapid move and expansion of a pharmaceutical solution manufacturing firm that also manufactured testing equipment. The project included the closure of a hazardous materials business plan in one city and the establishment of a new hazardous materials business plan with a waste minimization program involving regulated substances in the new city.

Employment History

Clayton Group Services, Inc., Pleasanton, California Senior Geologist, Environmental Services 1997 to Present

ATC Associates Inc., California Senior Geologist 1993 to 1997

EMCON Associates, San Jose, California Project Geologist 1991 to 1993

Diagnostic Engineering, Inc., Arcadia, California Evaluator/Geologist 1988 to 1991

Pelagos Corporation, San Diego, California Geologist 1984 to 1988

Education

M.S., Geological Sciences, 1987 San Diego State University, California

B.S., Geological Sciences, 1980 San Diego State University, California

Professional Registrations/Certifications

Registered Geologist, California, No. 5993 Registered Environmental Assessor in California, No. 05624 OSHA 40-hour Hazardous Materials Safety Certification OSHA 8-hour Refresher, Hazardous Materials Safety Certification AHERA - Asbestos Building Inspector AHERA - Asbestos Management Planner



Professional Affiliations

Northern California Geological Society

Publications/Presentations (Co-Authored)

Goss, F., ed., 1989. Environmental Evaluations for Real-Estate Transactions. Published by Government Institutes, Inc., Rockville Maryland, 250 p.

Speaker Environmental Site Assessments, Environmental Data Resources Seminar, November 1995, San Francisco, California.



JESSE D. EDMANDS

Staff Environmental Consultant, Environmental Services

Summary of Professional Experience

Mr. Edmands has experience conducting Phase I and Phase II Environmental Site Assessments (ESAs) throughout the Bay Area for various financial, industrial and commercial clients. Site assessments have included industrial sites, agriculturally related facilities, residential properties, commercial buildings, and undeveloped land. He has conducted numerous Phase I ESAs throughout the San Francisco Bay Area using ASTM Designation E 1597 –97, Standard Practices for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process as a guideline. He has performed limited asbestos surveys, groundwater sampling, well development, historical research, interviews with owner and occupants as well as local government officials, and report generation. Through subsurface investigations including geophysical surveys, active and passive soil gas techniques, and Geoprobe soil sampling, he has identified the presence of many recognized environmental conditions, such as underground storage tanks (USTs), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), petroleum hydrocarbons, MTBE, metals, and pesticides/arsenic in soil and groundwater.

Project Experience

Phase I and Phase II ESAs

Electrical Power Generation Industry

Through initial subsurface soil and groundwater sampling, Mr. Edmands has identified the presence of several industrially-related VOCs, including tetrachloroethylene (PCE), trichloroethylene (TCE), and 1,1 dichloroethene (DCE). In order to further assess the vertical and horizontal extent of the detected contamination, Mr. Edmands has supervised cone penetrometer testing (CPT) at the property involving the collection of lithological data and water samples at discrete depths in specific aquifer zones. In addition, Mr. Edmands has conducted a 54-point active soil gas survey at the property. Finally, with the installation and sampling of four permanent monitoring wells, a comprehensive site characterization was completed and presented to the client.

Phase I and Phase II ESAs

Sheetmetal Fabrication Facility

Through the completion of a Phase I ESA at the subject property, several recognized environmental concerns were noted which included former plating and painting operations which utilized solvent tanks, sumps, and clarifiers. Although closure was granted from the local oversight authority, further site assessment was conducted through a Phase II ESA which included a series of soil and grab groundwater sampling. Mr. Edmands detected the presence of several VOCs in groundwater at elevated concentrations, which include PCE and TCE. Due to the presence of these compounds, Mr. Edmands supervised additional borings throughout the subject building to depths of approximately 40 feet below ground



surface in order to delineate the extent of the contamination. Several hot spots were defined, and Mr. Edmands installed a series of passive soil gas modules throughout the building in order to identify the sources of the contamination.

Employment History

Clayton Group Services, Inc. – Pleasanton, CA Staff Environmental Consultant 1999 to Present

Education

B.A., Environmental Science with Distinction, Minor in Geology, 1999 Boston University, Boston, MA

Professional Registrations and Certifications

EPA/AHERA California Accredited Asbestos Building Inspector, No. 9682 I, 1999 OSHA 40-Hour Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response Training, 1999

Publications and Presentations

Edmands, Jesse 1999. The Uptake and Mobility of Uranium by Black Oak Trees: Implications for Biomonitoring Depleted Uranium Contaminated Groundwater. *Geological Society of America Publication with Abstracts*



Jon A. Rosso, P.E. Director, Environmental Services

Summary of Professional Experience

Mr. Rosso has more than 17 years of experience in the environmental consulting field. He has served in senior technical, project management, litigation support, and construction management capacities on a variety of multidisciplinary projects in the areas of waste management, groundwater hydrology, risk assessment, bedrock investigations, and civil engineering. He has managed various large-scale projects valued at up to \$40 million.

Mr. Rosso has planned and executed hundreds of investigations related to soil and groundwater contamination issues and has worked extensively with regulatory agencies throughout the United States. Mr. Rosso's strong understanding of state and federal environmental regulations and practical solutions provides particular expertise in client/agency negotiations leading to favorable client results. Contaminants of concern on these projects have included volatile organic compounds (VOCs) as dissolved and as dense nonaqueous-phase liquids (DNAPLs); heavy metals; dioxins, pesticides; petroleum hydrocarbons; polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs); asbestos; and polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs).

Mr. Rosso has significant experience with numerous cleanup technologies and understands the feasibility, practicality, and effectiveness of the common options. Remedial systems with which he has extensive experience include large-scale removal, groundwater extraction, encapsulation, groundwater treatment, vapor treatment, dual phase extraction, soil vapor extraction, air sparge systems, biodegradation, oxidation, chemical fixation, barrier systems, hydraulic control, and waste stabilization. Mr. Rosso is currently responsible for overseeing the environmental risk management and remediation practice for Clayton in the Northern California Region, where he is responsible for the quality and budgets of complex environmental scenarios from inception to completion.

Project Experience

Trichloroethane (TCA) Investigation and Remediation

Manufacturing Industry

Mr. Rosso was the project manager, construction manager, and engineer of record for the investigation and remediation of a historical release of more than 1 million pounds of TCA into overburden and bedrock groundwater at a major manufacturing facility in Rhode Island. The groundwater contamination threatened one of the primary drinking water aquifers for Rhode Island. The vertical and lateral extent of the plume was defined using a network of surface water monitoring points and various well types including microwells, overburden monitoring wells, bedrock wells, multiple stage completion wells, and private domestic wells.



Trichloroethane (TCA) Investigation and Remediation (continued)

Sampling data indicated that the dissolved plume encompassed an area of about 200 acres and extended more than a mile from the site. The TCA product, a DNAPL, was found over a quarter mile away from the original source at a depth of 400 feet below the ground surface.

The remediation plan included installing a half-mile-long interceptor subdrain system to hydraulically control and extract the overburden and bedrock groundwater for treatment. The majority of the interceptor subdrain was to be constructed on property that had originally been a land grant from the King of England and is a registered historic property. Archeological investigations on this property, as part of the remediation permitting and planning, uncovered a prehistoric feature approximately 4,000 to 7,000 years old, requiring complete removal and preservation. The archeological investigation, permitting, and removal was performed efficiently and did not impact the project schedule. The remedial design and permit process involved approvals from six divisions of the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM); United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), the U.S. Department of Interior, and various historic preservation commissions.

Mr. Rosso assisted legal counsel with property access, easements, and well closure agreements. To allow construction and operation of the interceptor subdrain to proceed, a revised and amended consent agreement with RIDEM was successfully negotiated. This agreement consolidated key permitting authority among the various divisions and created a freshwater wetland delineation and mitigation plan. As the project manager, construction manager, and engineer of record, Mr. Rosso was responsible for hiring and managing the consultants and contractors, developing the plans and specifications, evaluating bids, awarding the contracts, and approving all payments. Project activities ultimately led to site containment using a system that was essentially passive, with very reasonable annual operating costs.

Superfund Site Remediation

Superfund Site -Former Petroleum Recycling Facility

Mr. Rosso served as program manager for implementation of removal activities at a former petroleum recycling facility in Patterson, California. The abandoned waste oil recycling facility contained about 5.5 million gallons of hazardous waste and hazardous waste water, tank-bottoms sludge, and waste oil. In addition, the site contained 1,200 drums of used oil filters and miscellaneous chemicals. Waste water and sludge were found to be RCRA hazardous waste and to contain dioxin compounds. The project was initiated under an order issued by the USEPA, and work is funded through a Steering Committee representing 21 potentially responsible parties (PRPs) who are cooperating to fund the remediation. The project is two-thirds completed, and the final stage of sludge removal began in November 1999. Working for the PRPs, Mr. Rosso managed the investigation of waste materials,



Superfund Site Remediation (continued)

regulatory interaction, community relations, cost recovery, treatability analysis, value engineering, waste disposal, and site decontamination. USEPA Region IX officials have publicly praised the cleanup project, calling it a "model effort for Superfund removal projects."

Litigation Support

Steel Industry

Mr. Rosso provided litigation support to defend this steel company from a claim that the historic operations of the steel plant contaminated an adjacent property that recycled steel barrels. At issue was a claim that heavy residual petroleum fuel known as Bunker fuel spilled on the client's property and migrated cross-gradient to the adjacent property. Working with an expert witness in chemistry, Mr. Rosso evaluated previous investigations by others, historical aerial photographs and records, regulatory files, depositions, cost estimates, and various remedial investigations and feasibility studies.

Based on the analysis of the available data and computer modeling techniques, Mr. Rosso and Dr. James Bruya (a chemical expert) developed a theory that numerous chemical products were spilled as part of the barrel recycling process and were subsequently affected by caustic cleaning solutions. The theory speculated that modified chemical compounds observed in soil and groundwater samples were then incorrectly interpreted to be residual petroleum fuel hydrocarbons by analytical laboratories that used qualitative analytical techniques. To defend the client, a comprehensive subsurface investigation and laboratory testing program was implemented on both properties to explore the plaintiff's theory of migration and Clayton's theory as source of the contamination. The investigation and specialized laboratory-testing program demonstrated that the source of contamination was the barrel cleaning facility.

Tetrachloroethene (PCE) Investigation and Remediation

Manufacturing Industry

A release of more than 60,000 pounds of PCE into groundwater occurred at a major manufacturing facility in Security, Colorado. The groundwater contamination affected the main aquifer for the area, which supplied 35,000 people with drinking water. Mr. Rosso served as a senior technical advisor for the investigation and remediation of the site. The project team used a network of more than 100 monitoring wells, municipal wells, and domestic wells to define the vertical and lateral extent of the plume, which was more than six miles long. Mr. Rosso developed various alternative remedial plans configured to fit on various offsite properties, evaluated the effectiveness of the scenarios, and developed detailed cost estimates for each conceptual plan including long-term operation costs. The remedial alternatives included groundwater extraction and treatment for hydraulic control, chemical



Tetrachloroethene (PCE) Investigation and Remediation (continued)

reaction walls, soil bentonite walls, air sparging, chemical injection and reaction, and natural attenuation. Based on extensive aquifer testing, subsurface investigation, and computer modeling, a hydraulic control system was designed and presented to the Colorado Department of Public Health, which approved the plan. The system was implemented and appears to be effective.

Site Assessment and Subsurface Investigation

Municipal Redevelopment Agency

As a senior environmental consultant to the San Francisco Redevelopment Agency, Mr. Rosso conducted a site assessment and subsurface investigation for the proposed parking facility at the San Francisco Giants' new baseball park. The environmental site assessment (ESA) identified several issues. First, the property had been part of a major fuel-oil handling facility operating between 1920 and 1930. Aerial photographs from 1930 showed three 40foot-diameter aboveground oil tanks (ASTs) and a pump station onsite. The adjacent properties contained 19 ASTs with one tank measuring 150 feet in diameter. Second, the ESA identified that the site was underlain with 20 to 30 feet of rubble debris from the 1906 earthquake and fire. The subsurface investigation was designed to characterize the subsurface and quantify the remedial issues for the construction of the parking structure. The subsurface investigation confirmed that earthquake debris were present and contaminated with lead, hydrocarbons, and PAHs. Third, the ESA identified significant quantities of heavy hydrocarbons underlying the property. Fuel characterization analyses indicated that the hydrocarbons were residual fuel oil and crude oil. Mr. Rosso reviewed various remedial options with the San Francisco Department of Public Health and reached agreement that the most cost effective and practical remedial plan was to encapsulate the material onsite. These activities were completed in a timely manner, allowing the project to proceed as scheduled on a sound environmental and fiscal basis.

Site Investigations, Evaluations, and Remediation

State Superfund Sites -Landfills

Mr. Rosso investigated, evaluated, and remediated two California State Superfund landfills that contained chromium-contaminated furnace bricks. In the past, a local winery's glass bottle furnaces had been remodeled and the brick linings were placed in uncontrolled landfills. The bricks subsequently released hexavalent and trivalent chromium to groundwater. The assessment involved the installation of monitoring well networks at each landfill to define the vertical and lateral extent of groundwater contamination. Based on review of historical aerial photographs, extensive exploratory trenching programs were developed to locate the bricks within each landfill. The most cost-effective remedial alternative included the complete removal of the contaminated bricks (approximately 5,000 cubic yards) and the extraction and treatment of shallow groundwater. The remedial actions resulted in site closure and removal from the state Superfund list.



Mediation and Litigation Support

Transportation Industry

Mr. Rosso provided mediation and litigation support for a major overnight courier corporation against the San Francisco International Airport regarding cost recovery for hazardous waste remediation encountered during the construction of Taxiway C. The project involved developing defense arguments through extensive historical research, evaluation of investigations by multiple parties, identification of various types of fuel hydrocarbons, analysis of airport cost claims and construction schedule impacts. The work by Mr. Rosso provided a strong basis for the client to negotiate with the airport.

Landfill Investigations

Real Estate Development Industry

A 1,000-acre development was planned for Orinda, California. As part of the environmental assessment of the property, Mr. Rosso investigated four major onsite landfills, which contained construction debris. The landfills were delineated using historic aerial photographs and topographic mapping. The four landfills contained more than 100,000 cubic yards of construction debris. A subsurface investigation was designed to investigate and characterize the landfills, some of which extend to depths of 60 feet below ground surface. The laboratory-testing program demonstrated that three of the landfills did not contain hazardous compounds and could be used as general fill in the development. One of the landfills, which was located in a former quarry, contained high concentrations of lead, hydrocarbons, and PCBs. The contaminated fill material was primarily soil mixed with metal debris, tires, and asphalt. Interviews with former ranch personnel identified the material as Caltrans shoulder scrapping. As part of remedial feasibility study, Mr. Rosso developed surface-water and bedrock groundwater investigations. Based on the results of the investigations, a remedial action plan was developed. Due to toxicity and solubility issues with the fill, the most practical remedial solution was excavation and offsite disposal, which was implemented, allowing the development project to move forward.

Emergency Response and Remediation

Transportation Industry

Mr. Rosso was the onsite technical advisor and project manager for the emergency response and remediation of a massive toxic chemical spill due to a 23-car train derailment north of Houston, Texas. The remedial action included the rapid restoration of the railroad line and the protection of a nearby river. Working with the contractor, Mr. Rosso identified the lateral and vertical extent of soil contamination and developed a remedial program, which involved removing 700,000 gallons of hazardous liquids, excavating 14,000 cubic yards of soil, and restoring the remediated area with a low permeability cap. Working with the Texas regulatory agencies, Mr. Rosso implemented a followup groundwater investigation, which concluded that only minor residual contamination existed following the remediation.



Site Remediation Plans

Real Estate Redevelopment

As project manager, Mr. Rosso prepared site remediation plans for a mixed-use, master-planned, water-oriented development to be built on 50 acres along the shore of San Francisco Bay. Historically, the site was part of a highly industrialized area, which included major steel production and fabrication facilities. Mr. Rosso studied past manufacturing operations and existing site conditions and evaluated various previous investigations conducted by others. As part of this study and studies by others, more than 275 soil samples were collected and chemically analyzed. Statistical evaluation of the data indicated that hydrocarbons and heavy metals were present in near-surface soil in localized areas of the site and did not substantially affect the groundwater. The remediation plan, developed in association with regulatory agencies, consisted of excavating and removing 40,000 cubic yards of contaminated soil from various areas of the site followed by chemical fixation, compaction, and encapsulation of the excavated soil beneath a 5-acre concrete parking structure on the property. The plan was approved and implemented, allowing the development to proceed as planned and in compliance with environmental regulations.

Site Assessments and Remediation

Chemical Industry

Mr. Rosso was project manager for the site assessment and remediation of two inactive evaporation ponds containing 9,000 cubic yards of residual sludge materials from aluminum anodizing processes at a California chemical manufacturing facility. Interacting with the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) on behalf of the client and one of its subsidiaries, Mr. Rosso developed a site characterization program, which focused on defining the subsurface conditions, soil quality, and extent of groundwater contamination. These assessment activities involved drilling and continuously sampling soil borings, installing monitoring and extraction wells, logging geophysical subsurface conditions, and chemically testing soil and groundwater samples. Evaluation studies included investigating the effects of high pH on groundwater geochemistry, treatability studies for nonhazardous disposal of sludge, aquifer testing, and computer modeling for groundwater extraction systems. The remediation consisted of excavating the sludge material, disposing of the material as nonhazardous waste, controlled backfilling and surface grading of the former pond areas, and monitoring geochemical transformations in the groundwater. These activities brought the site into compliance with state environmental regulations.

Site Characterization and Remedial Plans

Food Processing and Distribution Plant

As a senior technical consultant, Mr. Rosso directed site characterization activities and developed remedial plans for a 70-acre food processing and distribution facility in California. Mr. Rosso conducted an ESA of the property and identified several areas of concern including multiple fuel and solvent handling facilities and the former presence of 18 underground storage tanks (USTs), primarily in a fuel tank farm area. Investigations of the



Site Characterization and Remedial Plans (continued)

UST areas indicated significant releases to the subsurface. Free-floating fuel product was found on the groundwater surface. Fuel characterization techniques identified the floating fuel product as a mixture of gasoline and diesel. Various remedial options reviewed in detail included horizontal extraction wells, bioremediation, injection of hydrogen peroxide, product extraction, soil vapor extraction, groundwater sparging, and excavation. Evaluations indicated that the most cost-effective and practical remedial plan was to remove the free product and monitor the natural attenuation of the plume. In addition to onsite issues, chlorinated organic solvents were found in groundwater entering the property from an upgradient source. Mr. Rosso identified potential offsite sources of chlorinated solvents through the use regulatory record and historic aerial photography. This information was used by the client to determine the remedial course of action and allowed the major rehabilitation of the facility to proceed on schedule.

Subsurface Evaluation

Transportation Industry

As project manager, Mr. Rosso evaluated the subsurface conditions for the expansion of a private waste water treatment plant and major access road at the San Francisco International Airport. These renovation projects were located adjacent to major jet fuel distribution facilities not owned by the Airport. The investigation focused on identifying, delineating, and quantifying fuel products in the subsurface. The laboratory testing program included fuel fingerprinting and fuel characterization techniques. The investigation identified jet fuel products floating on the groundwater in several areas. The objective of remedial activities was to protect foundation and pipeline construction workers within the jet fuel contaminated areas. These activities delineated the areas of concern and minimized the uncertainty for the expansion project bidding contractor. This resulted in a more accurate bid and minimized change orders.

Trichloroethene (TCE) Investigations

Manufacturing Facility

As a senior technical advisor, Mr. Rosso investigated the presence of TCE in groundwater beneath two adjacent manufacturing facilities in central California. He assisted the downgradient property owner and its environmental counsel to evaluate the work of opposing consultants, assess and delineate the extent of contamination, and develop a variety of possible remedial actions. The work also included assessing groundwater flow and using numerical simulation models to estimate the fate and transport of chemicals and the extraction systems' zone of capture. These investigations demonstrated the upgradient facility as the major source of contamination. Mr. Rosso provided litigation support to the environmental counsel for the downgradient property owner, evaluated remedial alternatives, and prepared community relations plans. The most cost-effective measures proved to be groundwater extraction and treatment and soil vapor extraction from the vadose zone. As a result of these activities, the client received a favorable settlement.



Contamination Source Investigation

Real Estate Redevelopment

As part of the redevelopment of downtown Hartford, Connecticut, a major bank was foreclosing on several contiguous properties. The ESAs and subsurface investigations by others identified chlorinated solvents in the groundwater on the properties. The main issue for the bank involved the source of the contamination, which the previous consultant believed was onsite. Based on the evaluation of the data, subsurface conditions, and hydrogeologic regime, it appeared that an offsite source was responsible for the chlorinated solvents in the groundwater. The review of regulatory records identified a nearby property that was previously used by a barrel cooperage, which had recycled steel barrels. The former cooperage had been replaced with an office building for the Connecticut Department of Public Works. Regulatory records indicated that the barrel cooperage had recycled chlorinated solvents and apparently had buried a large number of drums, which were uncovered during the construction of the office building. Computer analysis and models demonstrated that the source of contamination was most likely the former barrel cooperage. These findings allowed the bank fund the redevelopment project.

Employment History

Clayton Group Services, Inc. – Pleasanton, California Director, Environmental Services 1998–Present

A. F. Evans Company, Inc. – San Ramon, California Manager of Acquisitions and Project Manager 1997–1998

Treadwell & Rollo, Inc. – San Francisco, California Founding Shareholder, Officer, and Senior Associate Engineer 1988–1997

Geomatrix Consultants, Inc. – San Francisco, California Senior Staff Engineer 1984–1988

Woodward-Clyde Consultants – Oakland, California Staff Engineer 1982–1984



Education

M.S., Civil Engineering (Construction Management), 1988 University of California, Berkeley, California

B.S., Civil Engineering, 1984 University of California, Berkeley, California

Professional Registrations and Certifications

Environmental Assessor: California (inactive)
Licensed Civil Engineer, State of California, No. 45310, 1990
Licensed Civil Engineer, State of Connecticut, No. 7818, 1993
Licensed Civil Engineer, State of Massachusetts, No. 37347, 1993
Licensed Civil Engineer, State of New Jersey, No. 38988, 1995
Licensed Civil Engineer, State of Rhode Island, No. 6057, 1993

Professional Affiliations

American Chemical Society (ACS)
American Society of Civil Engineers, (ASCE)
Chi Epsilon, National Civil Engineering Honor Society
National Ground Water Association (NGWA)



APPENDIX B

BORING LOGS



LOG OF BORING B-1

(Page 1 of 1)

Shamrock Ford 7499 Dublin Boulevard Dublin, California Date Started Hole Diameter : 10/12/00 : 4 inch

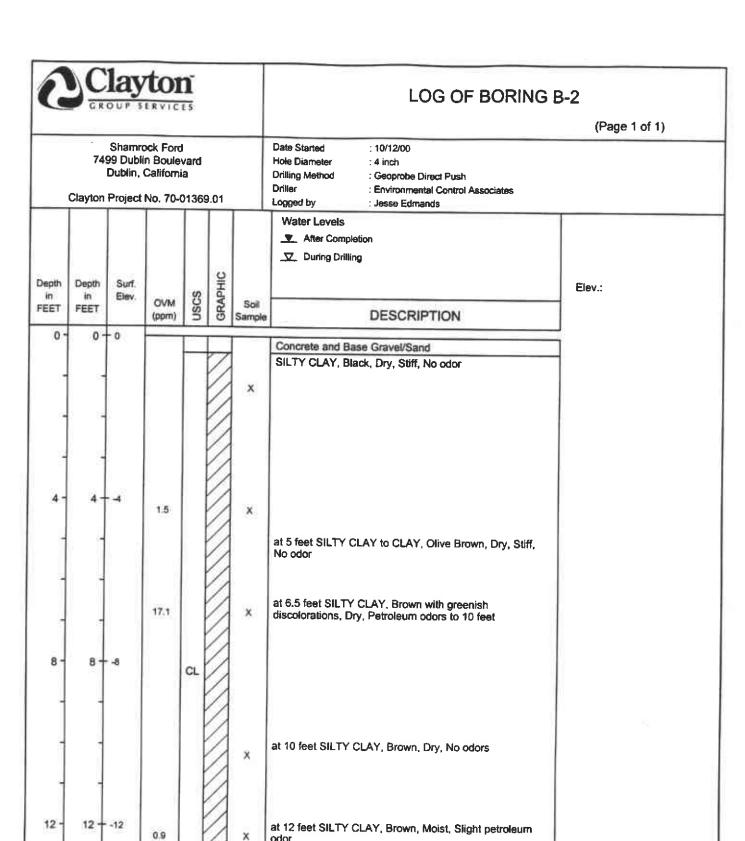
Drilling Method

: Geoprobe Direct Push

Clayton Project No. 70-01369.01							Driller : Environmental Control Associates Logged by : Jesse Edmands
Depth in FEET	Depth in FEET	Surf. Elev.	OVM (ppm)	nscs		Soil	Water Levels ▼ After Completion ▼ During Drilling DESCRIPTION
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-	-						at 6 feet SILTY CLAY to CLAY, Olive Brown, Dry, Stiff, No odor
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	-		5				
-	-						TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING = 16 FEET *NOTE: GROUNDWATER NOT ENCOUNTERED

Elev.:

V70-01369-01/b-1-bor



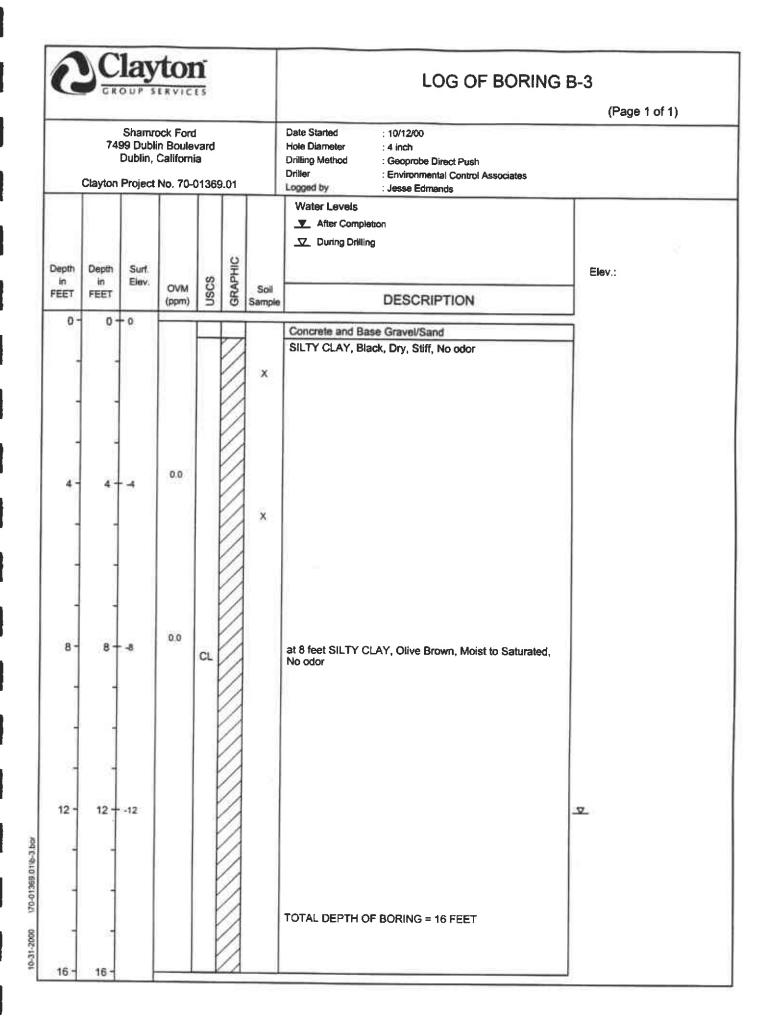
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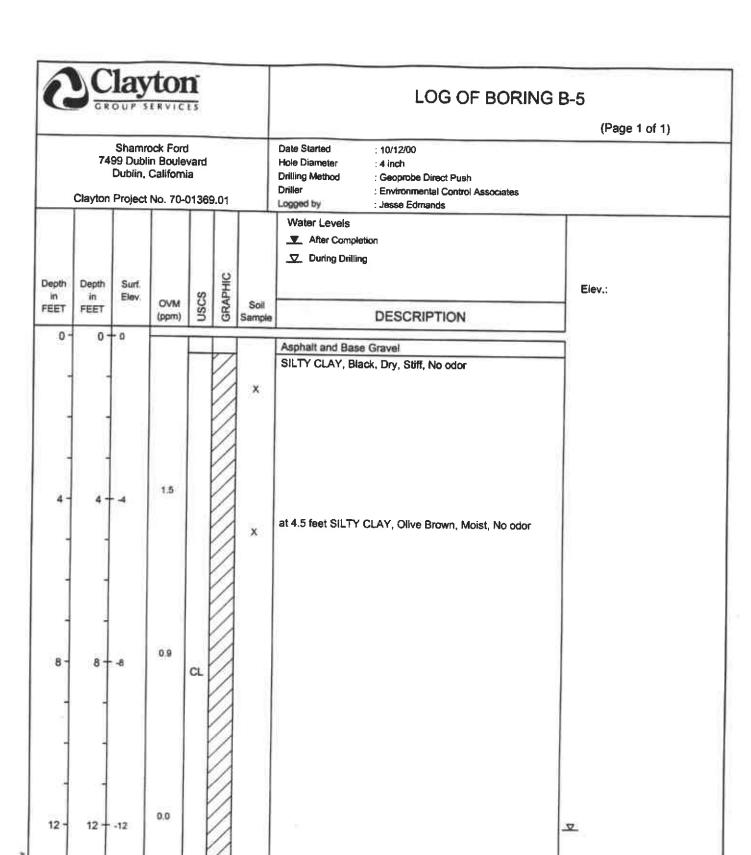
16

TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING = 16 FEET

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Shamrock Ford 7499 Dublin Boulevard Dublin, California Clayton Project No. 70-01369.01 Depth Depth in Elev. OVM SSS Soil (ppm) SSS Soil Depth Surf. Elev. OVM SSS Soil Concrete and Base Gravel/Sand SILTY CLAY, Dive Brown, Moist to Saturated, No odor Concrete and Base Gravel/Sand Silty CLAY, Olive Brown, Moist to Saturated, No odor		B-4	LOG OF BORING			1	to	lay	C	C
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Concrete and Base Gravel/Sand SILTY CLAY, Black, Dry, Stiff, No odor at 4 feet SILTY CLAY, Olive Brown, Moist to Saturated, No odor		Elev.:	▼ After Completion □ During Drilling		RAPHIC	ISCS			in	in
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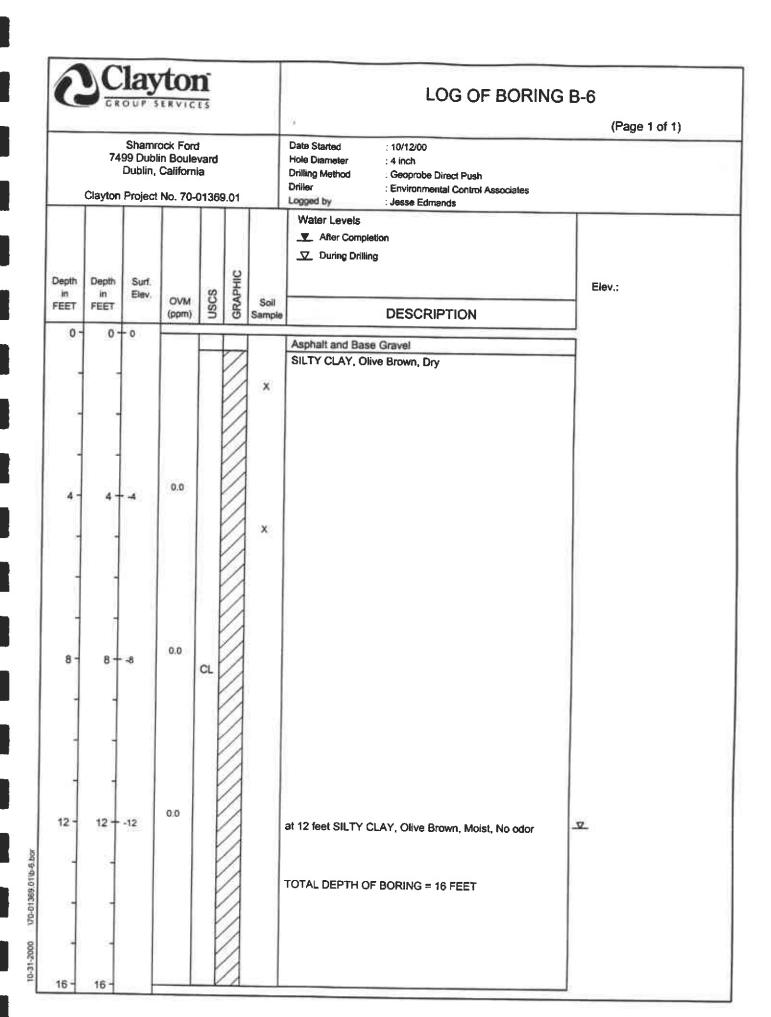


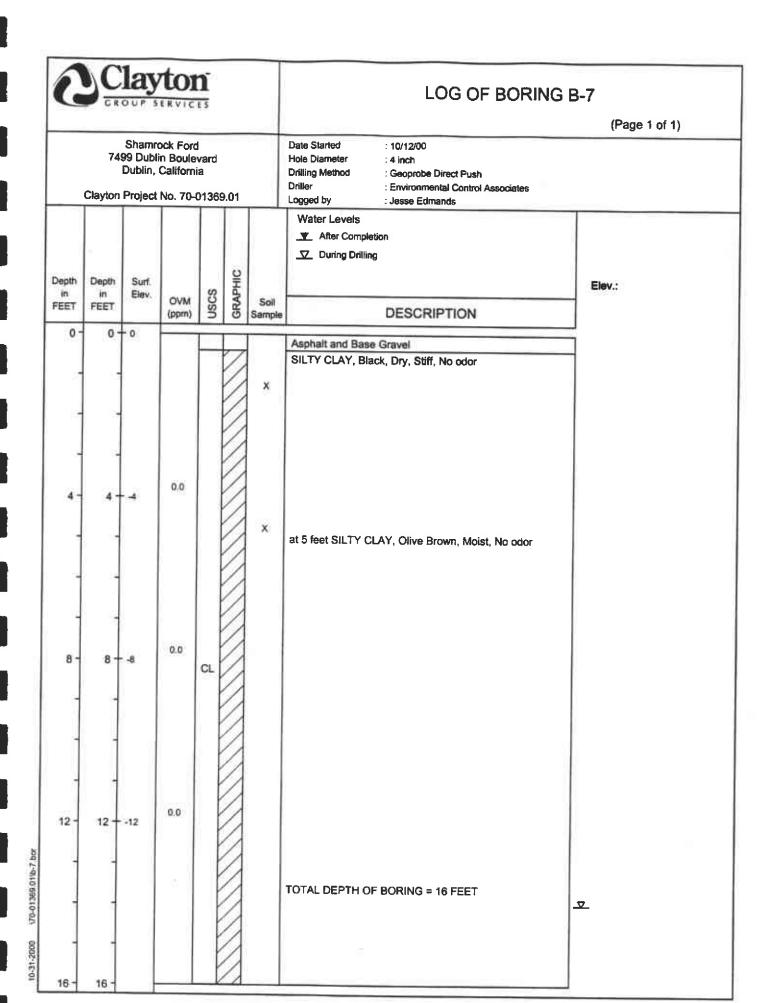
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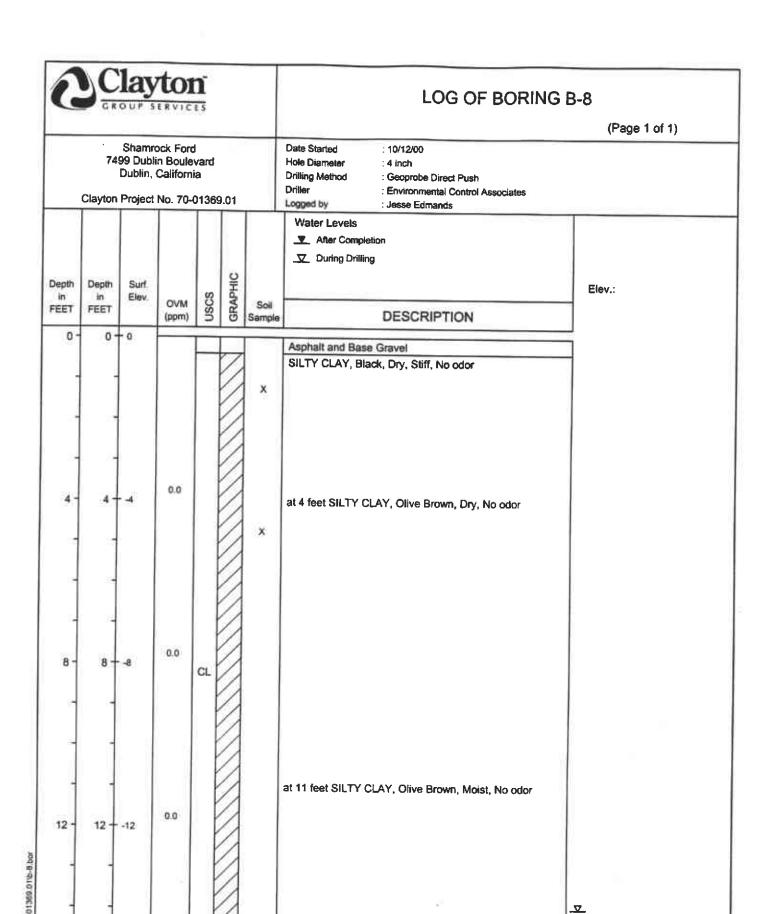
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16

TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING = 16 FEET



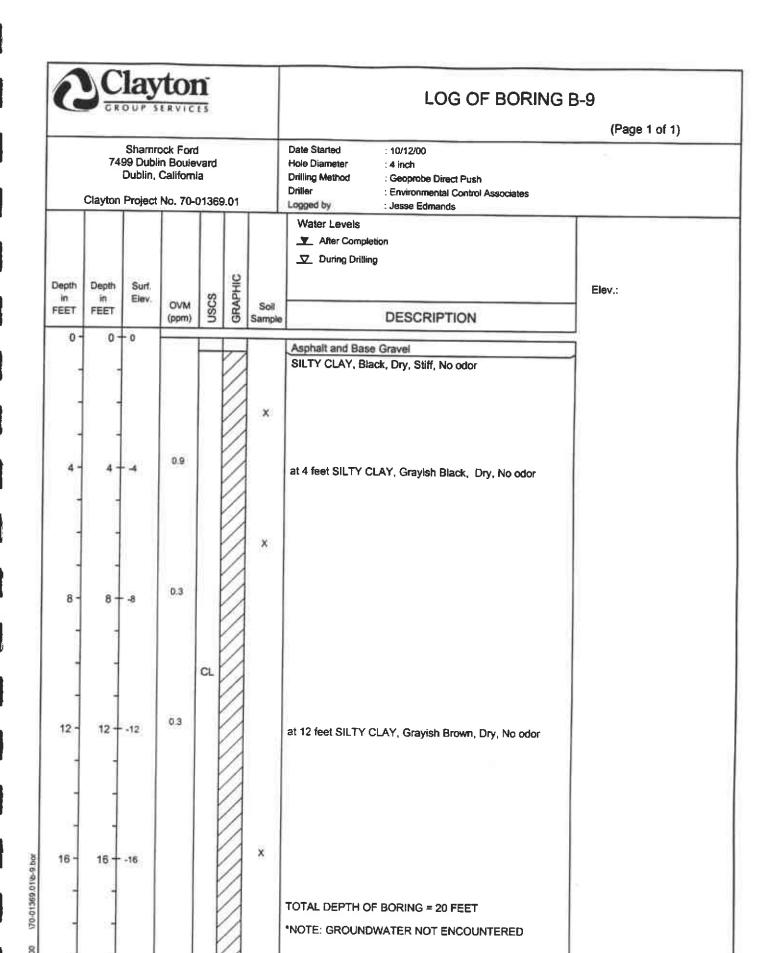


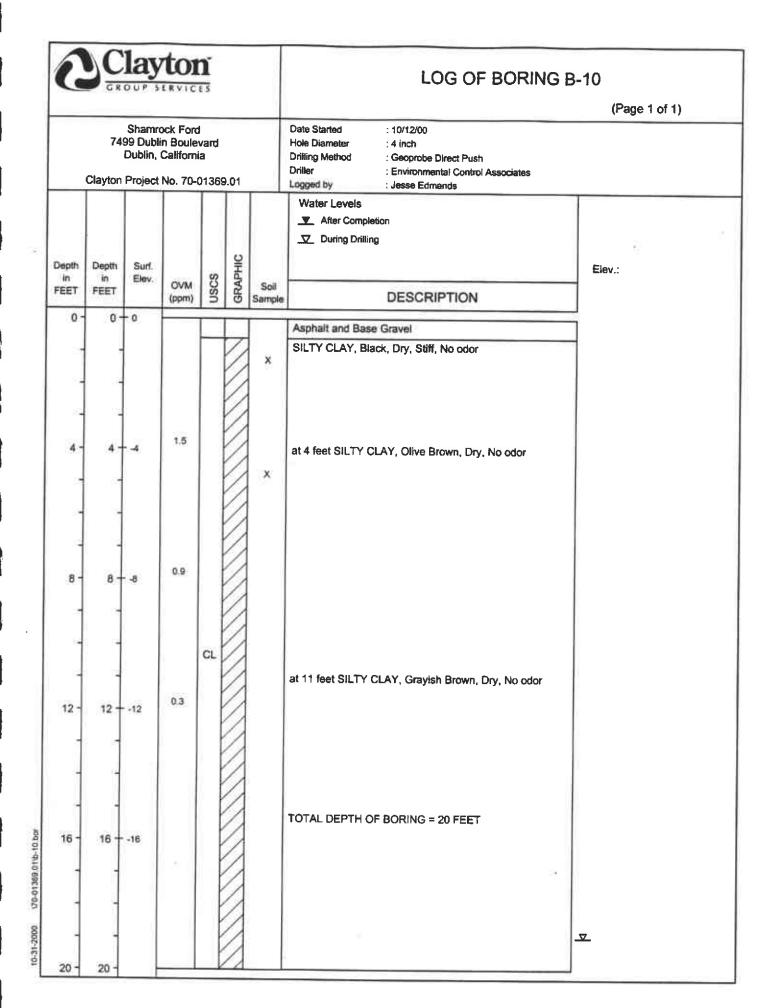


TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING = 16 FEET

16 -

16







LOG OF BORING B-11

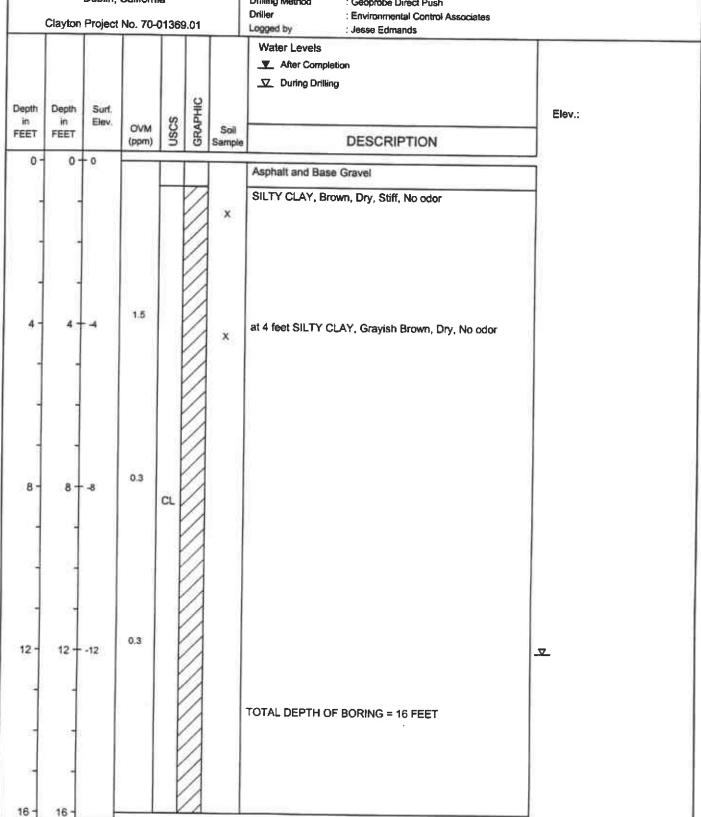
(Page 1 of 1)

Shamrock Ford 7499 Dublin Boulevard Dublin, California

Date Started Hole Diameter : 10/12/00 : 4 inch

Drilling Method

: Geoprobe Direct Push





APPENDIX C LABORATORY ANALYTICAL DATA SHEETS

22448zclay280. doc McCAMPBELL ANALYTICAL INC CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD 110 2" AVENUE SOUTH, #D7 **TURN AROUND TIME** PACHECO, CA 94553-5560 0 Telephone: (925) 798-1620 RUSH Fax: (925) 798-1622 24 1IR 48 HR 72 HR **5 DAY** Report To: Manalul Bill To: SAME Analysis Request Other Comments Company: Clayton Group Service Woll Center Parkeway 50196 TUTOE PARTS / PMA'S by EPA 625 / 8270 / 8310 Tele: 925 - 426 - 2679 Fax: (9) 5-426-0106 Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (418.1) 50197 Project #: 70-01369, 0 Project Name: Shanruck Ford BTEX ONLY (EPA 602 / 8020) Project Location: EPA 608 / 8080 PCB's ONLY LUFT 5 Metals 1/1/4. 50198 H Sampler Signature: EPA 624 / \$240 (\$260) METHOD PRESERVED SAMPLING TPH as Diesel (8015) **MATRIX** 50199 Type Containers EPA 601 / 8010 EPA 608 / 8080 CAM-17 Memis SAMPLE ID LOCATION 50200 Date Air Sludge Other Time HCI HINO, S 50201 ğ 품 K Įβ 10.17 B-161' 50202 B-1251 B-1014' 50203 6-104 50204 × 50205 × B-2@ 10 B-7619, 50206 B-1 G-3@1 50207 4 B-3e5' 50208 B-3 50209 50210 + Received By: Dale: Tinne: Remarks: 10-12 4:30 TPH W silica sel Cleanup Relinguished Dy: Time: Received By: Relinquished By: Date: Received By:

Page

Sent By: McCampbell Analytical McCAMPBELL ANALYTICAL INC. CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD 110 2nd AVENUE SOUTH, #D7 PACHECO, CA 94553-5560 **TURN AROUND TIME** RUSH Telephone: (925) 798-1620 Fax: (925) 798-1622 Report To: DONALD 24 HR 48 HR Bill To: SAME 72 HR Company: Clayfon Grup Services Analysis Request Other Comments 4 M 040- 0; 1 Unter Parkway # 2/6 BTEX ONLY (EPA 602 / 8020) + 14 H-9 Kasanton, CA 94566 50211 W Tele: (9)15-416-2679 BA GAI BAO (BE) + MTBE Fax: (9)25-416-0/06 EPA 625/\$270/8310 70-01369.01 Project Name: Showock Ford Project #: (ই) 50212 Project Location: EPA 608 / 8080 PCB's ONLY Sampler Signature: 50213 SAMPLING MATRIX METHOD TPH 25 Diesel (8015) Total Petroleum Oil & PRESERVED 50214 # PAH's / PNA's by EPA 601 / 8010 EPA 608 / 8080 SAMPLE ID EPA 625 / 8270 CAM-17 Menis LOCATION LUFT 5 Metals Date Time Air Studge Other Ice 50215 Water HCI HNO, Other Soi ğ 圣瓦 50216 St & 3-501 10.11 B-50 5 50217 P 8 3-601 50218 B-68 51 50219 (1) 3 HUIG ANGE B-701 50220 × B-705' 50221 B-201 B-8@51 50222× B-8 4 50223 H B-901 50224 Received By: Time. 50225 Remarks: 4:30 Relinguished By: Date: TPH W/ Silica sel champ Relinquished By: Dale: Time: Received By:

Sent By: McCampbell Analytical



110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553-5560 Telephone: 925-798-1620 Fax: 925-798-1622 http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Clayton Group Services	Client Project 1D: #70-01369.01;	Date Sampled: 10/12/00
6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216	Shamrock Ford	Date Received: 10/12/00
Pleasanton, CA 94566	Client Contact: Donald Ashton	Date Extracted: 10/12/00
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 10/12/00

Gasoline Range (C6-C12) Volatile Hydrocarbons as Gasoline*, with Methyl tert-Butyl Ether* & BTEX*

Lab ID	Client 1D	Matrix	ТРН(g)	МТВЕ	Benzenc	Toluene	Ethylben- zene	Xylenes	% Recovery Surrogate
50200	B-2@4'	s	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	111
50201	B-2@7'	s	25,g	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.023	119
50204	B-2	W	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	97
50215	B-6@5'	s	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	107
50216	B-6	w	ND,i	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	95
50231	B-11	w	53,b,i	ND	ND	ND	0.53	5.2	99
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
			<u> </u>						
		·							
	Limit unless	- w	50 ug/L	5.0	0.5	0,5	0.5	0.5	
ncans not d	stated; ND etected above rting limit	s	1.0 mg/kg	0.05	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	

^{*} water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, wipe samples in ug/wipe, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP and SPLP extracts in ug/L

eluttered chromatogram; sample peak coelules with surrogate peak

^{*}The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified gasoline is significant; b) heavier gasoline range compounds are significant(aged gasoline?); c) lighter gasoline range compounds (the most mobile fraction) are significant; d) gasoline range compounds having broad chromatographic peaks are significant; biologically altered gasoline?; e) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; j) no recognizable pattern.



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Clayton Group Services	Client Project ID: #70-01369.01;	Date Sampled: 10/12/00
6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216	Shamrock Ford	Date Received: 10/12/00
Pleasanton, CA 94566	Client Contact: Donald Ashton	Date Extracted: 10/12/00
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 10/12-10/17/00

Diesel Range (C10-C23) and Oil-Range (C18+) Extractable Hydrocarbons as Diesel and Motor Oil with Silica Gel Clean-Up*

Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(d)'	rion) method GCF1D(3550) or G	% Recovery Surrogate
50197	B-1@5°	S	3.1,e	מא	102
50200	B-2@4*	S	3.5,b	ND	101
50201	B-2@7'	S	2500,c/k	3700	97
50204	B-2	w	740,g	770	102
50206	B-3@5'	S	1.7,g	7.5	101
50207	B-3	w	59,b	ND	99
50209	B-4@4'	S	ND	ND	99
50210	B-4	w	72,b	ND	101
50212	B-5@5°	S	2.3,g	26	97
50213	B-5	W	4200,g,j,i	30,000	102
50215	B-6@5'	S	ND	ND	95
50218	B-7@5	S	1.9,g	17	97
50219	B-7	w	ND	ND	104
50221	B-8@5'	S	6.2,g	42	103
50222	B-8	w	150,g	350	103
50224	B-9@6'	s	2.8,b	ND	101
50225	B-9@16'	S	ND	ND	102
50227	B-10@5'	S	ND	ND	105
50228	B-10	w	110,g	1200	95
50231	B-11	W	4200,g,i	53,000	102
Reporting Limit	unless otherwise	W	50 ug/L	250 ug/L	
	rling limit	S	1.0 mg/kg	5.0 mg/kg	1

^{*}water samples are reported in ug/L, wipe samples in ug/wipe, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP / STLC / SPLP extracts in ug/l.

The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified diesel is significant; b) diesel range compounds are significant; no recognizable pattern; c) aged diesel? is significant); d) gasoline range compounds are significant; c) medium builing point pattern that does not match diesel (kerosene?); f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) oil range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; j) medium boiling point pattern that does not match diesel (stoddard solvent?) k) medium boiling point pattern that does not match diesel (fuel oil?)

^{*} cluttered chromatogram resulting in cocluted surrogate and sample peaks, or; surrogate peak is on elevated baseline, or; surrogate has been diminished by dilution of original extract.



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Clayton Group Services Date Sampled: 10/12/00 Client Project ID: #70-01369.01; Shamrock Ford 6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216 Date Received: 10/12/00 Pleasanton, CA 94566 Client Contact: Donald Ashton Date Extracted: 10/12/00 Client P.O: Date Analyzed: 10/13/00 LUFT Metals* EPA analytical methods 6010/200.7, 239.21 Lab ID Client ID Matrix Extraction^o Cadmium | Chromium % Recovery Lead Nickel Zinc Surrogate 50200 B-2@4' S TTLC ND 28 5.4 31 49 108 50201 B-2@7' S TTLC ND 31 6.9 35 54 106 50218 B-7@51 \$ TTLC ND 26 5.8 35 47 107 50219 **B-7** W Dissolved ND ND ND ND ND N/A 50221 B-8@5' S TTLC ND 28 8.8 31 50 106 50222 B-8 w Dissolved ND ND ND ND ND N/A 50224 B-9@6' S TTLC ND 32 3.5 41 53 103 50225 B-9@16' S TTLC ND 34 7.1 57 99

		-					
Reporting Limit unless	S	TILC	0.5 mg/kg	0.5	3.0	2.0	1.0
otherwise stated: ND means not detected above the reporting limit	W	Dissolved	0.005 mg/L	0.02	0.005	0.05	0.05
		STI.C, TCLP	0.01 mg/1.	0.05	0.2	0.05	0.05

^{*} water samples are reported in mg/L, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / STLC / SPLP extracts in mg/L

^{*} Lead is analysed using EPA method 6010 (ICP) for soils, STLC & TCLP extracts and method 239.2 (AA Furnace) for water samples

^o EPA extraction methods 1311(TCLP), 3010/3020(water, TTLC), 3040(organic matrices, TTLC), 3050(solids, TTLC); STLC - CA Title 22

^{*} DISTLC extractions are performed using STLC methodology except that definized water is substituted for citric acid buffer as the extraction fluid. DISTLC results are not applicable to STLC regulatory limits.

* surrogate diluted out of range; N/A means surrogate not applicable to this analysis

^{*} reporting limit raised due to matrix interference

i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~2 vol. % sediment; this sediment is extracted with the liquid, in accordance with EPA methodologies and can significantly effect reported metal concentrations.



Clayton Group Services		Client Project ID: #70-01369.01; Shannock Ford				Date Sampled: 10/12/00			
6920 Koll Center Parkway	y, Suite 216	Shanno	CK POI	a	Received: 10/12/00				
Pleasanton, CA 94566		Client Contact: Donald Ashton				Extracted: 10/13	-10/17	/00	
		Client P	P.O:	····	Date /	Analyzed: 10/13	-10/17	/00	
		W-8-421		D 000.00	<u> </u>				
EPA method 8260		A QISTII	e Orga	nics By GC/MS					
Lab II				50204					
Client	ID D			B-2					
Matrix				w					
Compound	Concentration*	Reportis	ng Limit	C		T	Reportis	e Limi	
Compound	Concentration	W	S	Compound		Concentration*	WIS		
Acctone (b)	ND	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ne	ND			
Benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide		ND ND	1.0	5.0	
Вготювениене	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene		ND ND	1.0	5.0	
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene		ND ND	5.0	5.0 25	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	lodomethane		ND	1.0	5.0	
Bromoform	ND	1.0	5.0	isopropylbenzene		ND ND	1.0	5.0	
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	p-Isopropyl toluene		ND	1.0	5.0	
n-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Mothyl butyl ketone (4)		ND	1.0		
sec-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride ^[e]		ND<5.0	1.0	5.0 5.0	
tert-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone th	-	ND ND	2.0	10	
Carbon Disultide	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone	g1	ND	1.0	5.0	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Hutyl Ether		ND	1.0	5.0	
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthalene	(MIDL)	ND	5.0	5.0	
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene		ND	1.0	5.0	
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Etherici	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene (8)		DAD DA	1.0	5.0	
Chloroform	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethan	<u> </u>	ND ND	1.0	5.0	
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethan		ND	1.0	5.0	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene		ND	1.0	5.0	
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene in		ND	1.0	5.0	
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		ND	5.0	25	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chioropropane	ND	2.0	10	1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene		ND	5.0	25	
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1.1.1-Trichloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane		ND	1.0	5.0	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0	
1.2-Dichlorocthanc	ND	1.0	5.0	1.3,5-Trimethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acctate (a)		ND	5.0	25	
cis-1,2-Dichlorocthene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (4)		ND	1.0	5.0	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total (a)		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Comments:		·			
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Sur	rogate Re	coveries (%)			
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Dibromofluoromethane			9	8	
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene-d8			11	0	
cis-l ,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	4-Bromotluprobenzene			7		

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

(b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylhenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.

DHS Certification No. 1644





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Clayton Group Services	Client Project ID: #70-01369.01;	Date Sampled: 10/12/00
6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216	Shamrock Ford	Date Received: 10/12/00
Pleasanton, CA 94566	Client Contact: Donald Ashton	Date Extracted: 10/13-10/17/00
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 10/13-10/17/00

Volatile Organics By GC/MS

EPA	method	8260
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Lab II				50207			
Client	ID	-	_	B-3			
Matrix	(_	W			
Compound	Concentration*	Reportin	L emit	Compound	Concentration*	Reportu	ig Limit
<u> </u>		W	S	Conpound	C. INICCII E ALLOCI	W	S
Acetone (6)	ND	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0
Benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	5.0	25
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Iodomethane	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromoform	ND	1.0	5.0	isopropyibenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
Branomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	p-isopropy) toluene	NO	1.0	5.0
n-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (6)	ND	1.0	5.0
sec-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride(e)	ND<5.0	1.0	5.0
tert-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone (*)	ND	2.0	10
Carbon Disulfide	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (g)	ND	1.0	5.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	4.1	1.0	5.0
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthalene	ND	5.0	5.0
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether ^{rei}	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene (k)	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloroform	ND	1.0	5.0	1.1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene	ND	10	5.0
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene"	ND	1.0	5.0
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	25
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	2.0	10	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	25
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichlorocthane	ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichkoroethane	ND	1.0	5.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1.2,3-Trichloropropage	ND	1.0	5.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1.2,4-Trimethylhenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	ИD	1.0	5.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
1,1-Dichloroethere	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acctate (#1)	ND	5.0	25
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (n)	ND	1.0	5.0
trans-1,2-Dichlomethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total to:	ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Comments:		لـــــــا	
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Surregate Re	coveries (%)	- ,	
2.2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Dibromofluoromethane		9	6
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene-d8		<u></u>	_
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	4-Bromotluorobenzene		7	

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L.

DHS Certification No. 1644



ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

⁽b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.



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Clayton Group Services		Client Project ID: #70-01369.01;			Date Sampled: 10/12/00			
6920 Koll Center Parkway,	Suite 216	Sharnrock Ford Date Received: 10/12/00						
Jan Comer I manuay,								
Pleasanton, CA 94566		Client C	ontact:	Donald Ashton	Date E	extracted: 10/13	-10/17/	/00
		Client P.	.O:		Date A	nalyzed: 10/13	-10/17/	/0 0
		Voletile	Ω	nies By GC/MS				
EPA method 8260		A OTS THE	Orga	nics by GC/MS				
Lab ID								
Client 1	D	B-4						
Matrix				W				
Compound	Concentration ⁴	Reporter	g Limit	Compound	i	Concentration*	Reportion	g Live
Composite	Concentration	W	S	Compound		Concentration	w	S
Acetone (b)	ND	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloroproper	1C	ND	1.0	5.0
Benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene		ND	5.0	25
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	lodomethane		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromoform	ND	1.0	5.0	sopropylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromomethanc	ND	1.0	5.0	p-isopropy) toluene		ND	1.0	5.0
n-Butyl benzonc	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (a)		ND	1.0	5.0
sec-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride		ND<5.0	1.0	5.0
tert-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone ***		ND	2.0	10
Carbon Disultide	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone W		ND	1.0	5.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	ND	1.0	5.0
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthalene		ND	5.0	5.0
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene		ND	1.0	5.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Etherica	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene (k)		ND	1.0	5.0
Chloroform	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethan		ND	1.0	5.0
Chloronicthane	ND	1.0	5.0	1.1,2,2-Tetrachloroethan	c	ND	1.0	5.0
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene		ND	1.0	5.0
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene (f)		ND	1.0	5.0
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		ND	5.0	25
1,2-Dibromo-3-chioropropane	ND	2.0	10	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		ND	5.0	25
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichlorocthanc		ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethanc		ND	1.0	5.0
I,3-Dichlombenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene		ND	1.0	5.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane		ND	1.0	5.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		ND ND	1.0	5.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dichioroethane	ND	1.0		1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		ND ND	1.0 5.0	5.0
1,1-Dichioroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acetate (6) Vinyl Chloride (8)		ND		25
eis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	<u> </u>		ND	1.0	5.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total 187		ND	0.1	5.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Comments:				
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	<u>Sur</u>	rogate Ke	ecoveries (%)		

'water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

5.0

5.0

5.1)

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

1.0

1.0

1.0

ND

ND

ND

(b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.

DHS Certification No. 1644

2,2-Dichloropropane
1,1-Dichloropropene

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene



Dibromofluoromethane

4-Bromofluorabenzene

Toluene-d8

94

109

71



Clayton Group Services	į			ID: #70-01369.01;	Date :	Sampled: 10/12	/00		
6920 Koll Center Parkwa	y, Suite 216	Sharriro		d _	Date 1	Received: 10/12/00			
Pleasanton, CA 94566		Client C	Contact	Donald Ashton	Date I	Extracted: 10/13-10/17/00			
	<u> </u>	OI:			 -				
· .·		Client F	'.U: ———	<u> </u>	Date /	Analyzed: 10/13	J-10/17	7/ 0 0	
EPA method 8260		Volatil	e Orga	inies By GC/MS					
Lab (I	<u> </u>		·	50213					
Client	ID			B-5					
Matrix				W					
Compound	Concentration'	Reporti	og Limit	Compound			Reportir	ng Limit	
	Concording	W	S	Сопфошка		Concentration*	W	S	
Acetone (6)	ND	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	:	ND	1.0	5.0	
Benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide		ND	1.0	5.0	
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0	
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene		ND	5.0	25	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	lodomethane		ND	1.0	5.0	
Bromoform	ND	1.0	5.0	supropy benzene		ND	1.0	5.0	
Bromumethane	ND	1.0	5.0	p-Isopropyl toluene		ND	1.0	5.0	
n-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (d)		ND	1.0	5.0	
sec-Butyl benzenc	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride ^(c)		ND<5.0	1.0	5.0	
tert-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone (b)		ND	2.0	10	
Carbon Disultide	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (4)		ND	1.0	5.0	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (M	(TBE)	21	1.0	5.0	
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthalene		ND	5.0	5.0	
Chlorocthane	ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl henzene		ND	1.0	5.0	
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene 163		ND	1.0	5.0	
Chlorogethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0	
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Tetrachiomethene		ND	1.0	5.0	
Dibromochloromethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene (1)		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	2.0	5.0 10	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		ND	5.0	25	
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1.1.3-1 richloroethane		ND	5.0	25	
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		ND ND	1.0	5.0	
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene		ND	1.0	5.0 5.0	
1,4-Dichiorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	-	ND	1.0	5.0	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acetate (m)		ND	5.0	25	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (a)		ND	1.0	5.0	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total		ND	1.0	5.0	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Comments:			لـــــــا		
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Surro	gate Re	coveries (%)			
2.2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Dibromofluoromethanc	<u></u>		9	4	
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene-dB		-)8	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	4-Bromotluorobenzene				8	
									

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

(b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (i) methylbenzene; (m) acctic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.

DHS Certification No. 1644



110 2nd Avenuc South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553-5560 Telephone: 925-798-1620 Fax: 925-798-1622 http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

		$\overline{}$							
Clayton Group Services				-	D: #70-01369.01;	Date S	Sampled: 10/12/	00	
6920 Koll Center Parkway	, Suite 216	St	namroc	k Ford		Date F	Received: 10/12	/00	
Pleasanton, CA 94566		CI	lient C	ontact:	Donald Ashton	Date E	extracted: 10/13	-10/17	/00
		CI	lient P.	.O:		Date A		-10/17	/00
EPA method 8260		V	olatiic	Огда	nics By GC/MS	<u> </u>			
Lab II					50219				
Client					B-7				
Matrix			·						
	<u> </u>		Reportin	متجوز ا د				T	<u> </u>
Compound	Concentration	n*	W	S	Compound		Concentration*	Reporter	
Acetonc (b)	>/5					·		W	S
	ND		5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloroproper	ne	ND	1.0	5.0
Benzenc	ND		1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromobenzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromochloromethane	ND		1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene		ND	5.0	25
Bromodichloromethane	ND		1.0	5.0	lodomethane		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromoform	ND	_	1.0	5.0	Isopropylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromomethane	ND		1.0	5.0	p-isopropyl toluene		ND	1.0	5.0
n-Butyl benzene	ND ND		1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (4)		ND	1.0	5.0
sec-Butyl benzene tert-Butyl benzene	ND ND	∤	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloridele		ND<5.0	1.0	5.0
Carbon Disulfide	ND ND		1.0	5.0	Methyl cthyl ketone (1) Methyl isobutyl ketone (1)		ND ND	2.0	10
Carbon Tetrachionide	ND		1.0	5.0			ND	1.0	5.0
Chlorobenzene	ND ND		1.0	5.0 5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (Naphthalene	WIRE)	ND ND	1.0 5.0	5.0
Chioroethane	ND ND		1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene		ND ND	1.0	5.0 5.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether ^(e)	ND ND		1.0	5.0	Styrene (k:		ND ND	1.0	5.0
Chloroform	ND		1.0	5.0	1.1.1.2-Tetrachloruethan	-	ND ND	1.0	5.0
Chloromethane	ND ND		1.0	5.0	1.1.2.2-Tetrachlornethan		ND ND	1.0	5.0
2-Chlorotolucne	ND	-	1.0	5.0	Tetrachlorocthene		ND ND	1.0	5.0
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	\dashv	1.0	5.0	Toluene (I)		ND	1.0	5.0
Dibromochloromethane	ND	┈╂	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	-	ND	5.0	25
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropanc	ND	-	2.0	10	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		ND	5.0	25
Dibromomethane	ND	╌┨	1.0	5.0	1.1.1-Trichloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND		1.0	5.0	1.1.2-Trichloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene		ND	1.0	5.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	∦	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane		ND ND	1.0	5.0
Dichloreditluuromethane	ND		1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		ND	1.0	5.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	-	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-1 nmethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dichlorocthane	ND	Ī	1.0	5.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
1.1.50.11					Bital				

*water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

Vinyl Acctate (40)

Vinyl Chloride *

Xylenes, total (4)

Dibromofluoromethane

4-Dromofluorobenzene

Comments:

Toluene-d8

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

(b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chlomethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.

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1.1-Dichlorocthene

cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

1,2-Dichloropropane

1,3-Dichloropropane

2,2-Dichlompropane

1,1-Dichloropropene

cis-1.3-Dichloropropene

trans-1,2-Dichlorocthene

Edward Hamilton, Lab Director

ÑD

ND

ND

Surrogate Recoveries (%)

5.0

1.0

1.0

25

5.0

5.0

107



I 10 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553-5560
Telephone: 925-798-1620 Fax: 925-798-1622
http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Clayton Group Services	Client Project ID: #70-01369.01;	Date Sampled: 10/12/00
6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216	Shamrock Ford	Date Received: 10/12/00
Pleasanton, CA 94566	Client Contact: Donald Ashton	Date Extracted: 10/13-10/17/00
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 10/13-10/17/00

Volatile Organics By GC/MS

Lab II)			50222			
Client	ID			B-8			
Matrix	7						
Compound		Record	ng Limis	1		T -	
	Concentration*	W	S	Compound	Concentration*	Reports	ng Limit S
Acelone (b)	ND	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0
Benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide	ND ND	1.0	5.0
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobinadiene	ND	5.0	5.0 25
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	lodomethme	ND	1.0	
Bromoform	ND	1.0	5.0	Isopropylbenzene	ND ND		5.0
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	p-Isopropyl toluene	ND	1.0	5.0
n-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (d)	ND		5.0
sec-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride(e)	ND<5.0	1.0	5.0
tert-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone in	ND ND	1.0	5.0 10
Carbon Disultide	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (8)	ND ND		
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	14	1.0	5.0
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthalene	ND ND	5.0	5.0
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Etherler	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene (4)	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloroform	ND	1.0	5.0	1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		5.0 5.0
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene	ND	1.0	4
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene (1)	ND ND	1.0	5.0
Dibromochloromethane	ND -	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichiorubenzene	ND ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	2.0	10	1,2,4-Trichlumbenzene	ND	5.0	25
Dibromomethane	DN	1.0	5.0	1.1.1-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	1.1.2-Trichlorocthane	ND	1.0	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlomethene	ND	1.0	5.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	l'richloro (luoromethane	ND		5.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND ND	1.0	
1,1-Dichluroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1.3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND NI)	1.0	5.0
l.J-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acetate (a)		1.0	5.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (6)	ND	5.0	25
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total 16	ND	1.0	5.0
I,2-Dichloropropane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Comments:	ND	1.0	5.0
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0				
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Surrogate Ro Dibromofiuoromethane	roverics (%)		
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene-d8		93	-
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	4-Bromufluorobenzene		10	×

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

(b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethuxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenythenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene: (o) dimethylbenzenes.

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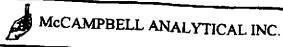
110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553-5560
Telephone: 925-798-1620 Fax: 925-798-1622
http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Clayton Group Services		Client Pr	•	D: #70-01369.01;	<u> </u>	Sampled: 10/12/		
6920 Koll Center Parkway	, Suite 216				Date	received: 10/12	/00	
Pleasanton, CA 94566		Client Contact: Donald Ashton Date Extracted: 10/13-						
		Client P.	.O:		Date A	nalyzed: 10/13	-10/17/	/00
EPA method 8260		Volatik	Orga	nies By GC/MS				
Lab II				50228				
Client	ID .			B-10			-	
Matrix				W				
		Reportis	e Limi				Reportin	-1
Compound	Concentration ⁴	W	S	Compound		Concentration*	W	S
Accione (E)	MO	_		() Di-bl		\m_		
	ND	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichluroprope	inc	ND	1.0	5.0
Benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromochloromethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	l lexachiorobutadiene		ND	5.0	25
Bromodichloromethane		1.0	1 -	10201121112111		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromoform	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Isopropylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromomethane		1.0	5.0	p-isopropyl toluene		ND	1.0	
n-Butyl banzone	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (d)		ND	1.0	5.0
sec-Butyl benzene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride ^(e) Methyl ethyl ketone ^(f)		ND<5.0	1.0	5.0
tert-Butyl henzene	ND ND	1.0		Methyl isobutyl ketone	Lei .	ND ND		5.0
Carbon Disulfide Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0			ND	1.0 1.0	5.0
	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether Naphthalene	(MIBE)	ND	5.0	5.0
Chlorobenzene Chlorochane	ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene		ND ON	1.0	5.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Etherici	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene (8)		ND ND	1.0	5.0
Chloroform	ND ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethar	nc	ND CIN	1.0	5.0
Chloromethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethar		ND	1.0	5.0
2-Chlorotolucne	ND ND	1.0	3.0	Tetrachloroethene		ND	1.0	5.0
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene III		ND	1.0	5.0
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzenc		ND	5.0	25
1,2-Dibmmo-3-chloropropane	ND	2.0	10	1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene		ND ND	5.0	25
Dibromomethanc	ND	1.0	5.0	1.1.1-Trichloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0
1.2-Dichlorubenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichlorocthane		ND	1.0	5.0
1.3-Dichlorobenzenc	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethenc		ND	1.0	5.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	NU	1.0	5.0	Inchlorofluoromethane		ND	1.0	5.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		ND	1.0	5.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylhenzene	:	ND	1.0	5.0
1.2-Dieldoroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzenc		ND	1.0	5.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acctate (m)		ND	5.0	25
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (iii)		ND	1.0	5.0
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total (8)		ND	1.0	5.0
1.2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Comments:	_			
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0		rrogate R	ccoveries (%)		
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Dibrumofluoromethane			9	2
1,1-Dichhoropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene-d8			1	08
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	4-Bromofluorobenzene			7	70

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

⁽b) 2-propagation or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acctic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.



` `		- 1							
Clayton Group Services			Client	Project	ID: #70-01369.01;	Date	Sampled: 10/1	2/00	
6920 Koll Center Parkw	ay, Suite 216		Shamr	ock Fo	rd j	Date	Received: 10/1	2/00	
Pleasanton, CA 94566		1,	Tient	Cantan					<u> </u>
				Contac	t: Donald Ashton	Date	Extracted: 10/1	2/00	
		0	Client	P.O:		Date	Analyzed: 10/1	2 104	
EDA - A ADOCO		٦,	Volati	le Org	anies By GC/MS		. timiyacu, 10/1	3-10/ (B:UU
EPA method 8260					and by Comps				-
Lab i					50197				
Matri	E				B-1@5'				
	×				S				
Compound	Concentration	n ·	Report	ing Limit	C			T	
Acctone (b)			W	S	Compound		Concentration*		ung Linut
Henzene	ND<100		5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		ND	W	S
Bromobenzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide			1.0	5.0
Bromochloromethanc	ND		1.0	5.0	Ethylhenzene		ND ND	1.0	5.0
Bromodichloromethane	ND		1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene		ND -	1.0	5.0
Bromoform	ND		1.0	5.0	lodomethanc		ND	5.0	25
Bromomethane	ND		1.0	5.0	Isopropylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
n-Butyl benzene	ND		1.0	5.0	p-isopropy) toluenc		ND	1.0	5.0
	ND		1.0	5.0	Methyl hutyl ketone (4)	 -	ND	1.0	5.0
sec-Butyl benzenc	ND	\Box	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride(a)			1.0	5.0
tert-Butyl benzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone in		ND<10	1.0	5.0
Carbon Disulfide	ND		1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (g)		ND ND	2.0	10
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	\neg	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (M	TELL	ND	1.0	5.0
Chlorobenzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Naphthalene	11.	ND	1.0	5.0
Chlorocthane	ND		1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene		- DAD	5.0	5.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether ^{ret} Chloroform	ND		1.0	5.0	Styrene (2)		ND	1.0	5.0
	ND	\neg	1.0	5.0	1.1,1,2-Tetrachiorocthane	━	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloromethane	ND		1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	\longrightarrow	ND	1.0	5.0
2-Chlorotoluene	ND		1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene		NI≻25	1.0	5.0
4-Chlorotoluenc	ND		1.0	5.0	Toluenc a.		ND ND	1.0	5.0
Dibromochloromethane	ND		1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		ND DN	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND		2.0	10	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		ND	5.0	25
Dibromomethane	ND		1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		ND ND	5.0	25
1,2-Dichlorobenzenc	ND	_	10	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	 	ND ND	1.0	5.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND		10 8	50	17 11			1.0	5.0

ND

ND

ND

NĎ

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

1.0

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5.0

5.0

5.0

Inchlomethene

Vinyl Acetate (48)

Xylenes, total 16

Comments:

Toluene-d8

Vinyl Chloride (1)

Irichlorofluoromethane

1.2.3-Trichloropropane

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene

Dibromofluoromethane

4-Bromofluorobenzene

DHS Certification No. 1644

1,4-Dichlombenzene

1.1-Dichloroethane

1,2-Dichlorocthane

1,1-Dichloroethene

cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

1.2-Dichloropropane

1.3-Dichloropropane

2,2-Dichloropropane

1,1-Dichloropropene

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

trans-1,2-Dichtoroethene

Dichlorodifluoromethane

Edward Hamilton, Lab Director

Surrogate Recoveries (%)

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

5.0

1.0

1.0

111

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

25

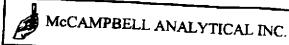
5.0

5.0

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

⁽h) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than -5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n)



Clayton Group Services		Clie	nt Proje	ct ID: #70-01369.01;	Date	Sampled: 10/	 12/00	
6920 Koll Center Parky	vay, Suite 216	Shar	шоск F	ord		Received: 10/		
Pleasanton, CA 94566		Clie	at Conta	ct: Donald Ashton		Extracted: 10/		
ĺ					Dett	Extracted: TU/	12/00	
			14 P.O:		Date .	Analyzed: 10/	13-10/	18/00
EPA method 8260		Vols	tile Or	ganies By GC/MS				
Lab								
	nt ID			50200				
Matr	ix			B-2@4				
Compound	0	Rec	urting Lines	S				
	Concentration	" " "		Compound		Concentration*	Repu	rting Limit
Acctone (6)	ND<100	- ·				Concentration.	W	1 5
Benzenc	ND			trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	;	ND	1.0	
Bromobenzene	ND ND	1.0	3.0	Ethylene dibromide		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0		Ethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
Bromodichloromethane	ND	- 1.0		Hexachlorobutadiene		תא	5.0	25
Bromoform	ND	- 1.0		iodomethane		UN	1.0	5.0
Bromumethane	ND	1.0		Isopropylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
n-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0		p-isopropyl toluene		ND	1.0	5.0
sec-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0		Methyl butyl ketone (4)		ND	1.0	5.0
tert-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride ^(c)		ND<10	1.0	5.0
Carbon Disulfide	ND	1.0		Methyl ethyl ketone (6)		ND	2.0	10
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobulyl ketone (E)		מא	1.0	5.0
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (M Naphthalene	TRE)	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0			ND	5.0	5.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether ^(c)	NI)	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene Styrene (E)		ND	1.0	5.0
Chloroform	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachioroethane		ND	1.0	5.0
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Tetrachioroethene		ND	1.0	5.0
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene (I)		ND<25	1.0	5.0
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	2.0	10	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		NĎ	5.0	25
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichlorocthane	 -	ND	5.0	25
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1.2-Trichloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlornethene		ND	1.0	5.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzenc	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethanc		ND ND	1.0	5.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1.2.3-Trichloroppopane	 }	ND	1.0	5.0

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

 $\overline{\mathsf{ND}}$

ND

ND

1.0

0.1

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

5.0

1.2.3-Trichloropropane

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene

Dibromofluoromethane

4-Bromofluorobenzene

Vinyl Acetate (m

Vinyl Chloride (a)

Xylenes, total 101

Comments:

Loluene-d8

DHS Certification No. 1644

1,1-Dichloroethane

1,2-Dichloroethane

1,1-Dichloroethene

cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

1,2-Dichloropropane

1,3-Dichloropropane

2,2-Dichloropropane

1,1-Dichloropropenc

cis-1,3-Dichloropropenc

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

Edward Hamilton, Lab Director

Surrogate Recoveries (%)

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

1.0

1.0

1.0

5.0

1.0

1.0

111

5.0

5.0

5.0

25

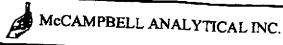
5.0

5.0

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

⁽b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n)



Clayton Group Services Client Project ID: #70-01369.01; Date Sampled: 10/12/00 Shamrock Ford 6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216 Date Received: 10/12/00 Pleasanton, CA 94566 Client Contact: Donald Ashton Date Extracted: 10/12/00 Client P.O: Date Analyzed: 10/13-10/18/00 EPA method 8260

Volatile Organics By GC/MS

Lab I				50201			
Clien				B-2@7'			
Matri	X			S			
Compound	Concentration	n	tag Limit	Compound	C-	Remon	ing Limit
Acctone (b)	ND<100	W	S		Concentration*	W	S
Benzene	מא	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloropropenc	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromobenzene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide	ND	1.0	
Bromochloromethanc	מא	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromodichloromethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	5.0	5.0
Bromoform	ND	1.0	5.0	iodomethane	ND	1.0	25
Dromomethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	İsopropylhenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
n-Butyl benzene		1.0	5.0	p-isopropyl toluene	ND	1.0	5.0 5.0
sec-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (a)	ND	1.0	5.0
tert-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride ^(c)	ND<10	1.0	
Carbon Disulfide	מא	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone (f)	ND	2.0	5.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	0.1	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone is:	ND	1.0	10
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	ND	1.0	5.0
Chioroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthalene	ND	5.0	5.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether ^(c)	ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloroform	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene (F)	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloruethane	ND	1.0	5.0 5.0
2-Chlorotoluene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	1.1.2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND ND	1.0	
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Tetrachlomethene	ND<25	1.0	5.0
Dibromochioromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluenc (f)	ND	1.0	5.0
2 Discourage	ND	1.0	5.0	1.2,3-Trichlombenzene	- ND	5.0	25
,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane Dibromomethane	ND	2.0	10	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND ND		
.2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	i,l,l-Inchloroethane	ND ND	5.0	25
	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0
,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethenc	ND ND	1.0	5.0
,4-Dichlorobenzenc	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND ND	1.0	5.0
,1-Dichloroethanc	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND ND	1.0	5.0
,2-Dichioroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
,1-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acetate (m)	UN UN	0.1	5.0
15-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (6)	CIN	5.0	25
ans-1,2-Dichlorocthene	ND	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total lo:	ND ND	1.0	5.0
,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Comments:	ND	1.0	5.0
3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0		202		
,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0		Surrogate Reco	yeries (%)		
i-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0		Toluene-d8		107	1
s-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0		4-Bromofluorobenzene	<u> </u>	98	

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/1., soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/1. ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

DHS Certification No. 1644

⁽b) 2-propanone or directhyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethenc, (d) 2-hexanone; (c) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than -5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (a) dimethylbenzenes.



110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pachceo, CA 94553-5560 Telephone: 925-798-1620 Fax: 925-798-1622 http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Clayton Group Services Client Project ID: #70-01369.01; Date Sampled: 10/12/00 Shamrock Ford 6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216 Date Received: 10/12/00 Pleasanton, CA 94566 Client Contact: Donald Ashton Date Extracted: 10/12/00 Client P.O: Date Analyzed: 10/13-10/18/00

Lab i	D						
Clien				50206			_
Matri				B-3@5'			
	<u> </u>			S			
Compound	Concentration*	_	Lucuit	Compound		T	ing tun
Acetone (e)	North	W	2	<u></u>	Concentration*	W	14 (14)
Benzene	ND<100	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloropropenc	ND		_
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide	ND	1.0	5
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	1.0	5
Bromaform	ND	1.0	5.0	Indomethane	ND	5.0	1 2
Bromomethanc	ND	1.0	5.0	Isopropylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.
n-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	p-isopropyl toluene	ND	1.0	5.
sec-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (6)	ND	1.0	5.
tert-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride ^(e)	ND<10	1.0	5.
Carbon Disulfide	ND "	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone (1)		1.0	5.
	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (2)	ND	2.0	10
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTRE)	ND	1.0	5.
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthalene	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene	ND ND	5.0	5.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether ^(c)	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene (k)	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloroform	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachioroethane	ND	1.0	5.0
hloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0
-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene (f)	ND<25	1.0	5.0
Dibromachloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1.2.3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	2.0	10	1.2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	25
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	25
,2-Dichlorobenzenc	ND	1.0	5.0		ND	1.0	5.0
,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	1.1,2-Trichloroethanc Trichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0
.4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0		ND	1.0	5.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0
,I-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0
,2-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
, l-Dichlomethene	ND	1.0		1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
is-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acctate [fin]	ND	5.0	25
ans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (a)	ND	1.0	5.0
2-Dichloropropane	ND			Xylenes, total (6)	ND	1.0	5.0
3-Dichloropropune	ND -	1.0		Comments:			
2-Dichloropropane		1.0	5.0	Surrogate Reco	veries (%)		
l-Dichloropropene		1.0		Dibrumofluoromethane	- ` ' - '	105	
s-1,3-Dichloropropene		1.0		Toluene-d8		96	
- 1,2 2.cmotopropene	ND	1.0	5.0	4-Bromotiuorobenzene		123	

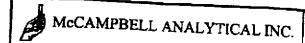
water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

(b) 2-propanone or directhyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than -5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n)

DHS Certification No. 1644





1	Clayton Group Services	Client Project ID: #70-01369.01;	Date Sampled: 10/12/00
- 1	6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216	Shamrock Ford	Date Received: 10/12/00
İ	Pleasanton, CA 94566	Client Contact: Donald Ashton	Date Extracted: 10/12/00
-		Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 10/13-10/18/00
٠,		Volatile Opposion Dr. Conse	

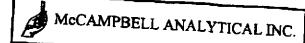
Volatile Organics By GC/MS EPA method 8260 Lab ID 50209 Client ID B-4@4 Matrix

Commercial		· ·		S			
Compound	Concentration*		ing Limit	Compound	C	Report	ing Cámit
Acctone (b)	ND<100	W	S		Concentration*	W	S
Benzene	ND ND	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromobenzene	ND ON	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibrornide	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromodichloromethane	ND -	1.0	5.0	Hexachiorobutadiene	ND	5.0	25
Bromoform	ND	1.0	5.0	lodomethane	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Isopropylbenzenc	ND	1.0	5.0
n-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	p-isopropyl toluene	ND	1.0	5.0
sec-Butyl benzenc	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (4)	ND	1.0	5.0
tert-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chlorideler	ND<10	1.0	5.0
Carbon Disulfide	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone in	ND	2.0	10
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (2)	ND	1.0	5.0
Chlorobenzene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTBf.)	7.1	1.0	5.0
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthalenc	ND	5.0	5.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Etherici	ND ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloroform	ND -	1.0	5.0	Styrene (E)	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloromethane	ND -	1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0
2-Chlorotoluene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ŇĎ	1.0	5.0
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Terrachloroethene	ND<25	1.0	5.0
Dibromochloromethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene ⁽¹⁾	ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropanc	ND ND	1.0	5.0	1.2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	25
Dipromomethane	ND ND	2.0	10	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	25
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethanc	ND	1.0	5.0
,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlornethenc	ND	1.0	5.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0
1,1-Dichloroethanc	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2.3-Trichloropropanc	ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dichloroethanc	ND -	1.0	5.0	1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
1.1-Dichleroethene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	1,3.5-Trimethylhenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
cis-1,2-Dichtoraethene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acetate (80)	ND	5.0	25
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	- ND	1.0	5.0	Vrnyl Chloride (*)	ND	1.0	5.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total [8]	ND	1.0	5.0
1,3-Dichloropropane		1.0	5.0	Comments:			
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Surrogate Rec	overies (%)		
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Dibromofluoromethane		100	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropenc	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene-d8		104	. 1
	NU	1.0	5.0	4-Bromofluorobenzene		90	

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

NO means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

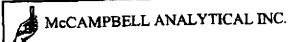
⁽b) 2-propanone or directhyl ketone; (c) (2-chioroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylhenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes



Clayton Group Service			Clica	nt Proj	ect ID: #70-01369.01;	Date	Sampled: 10/	12/00	-	-
6920 Koll Center Parks	vay, Sı	uite 216	SUAT	nrock .	Ford	_	Received: 10			_
Pleasanton, CA 94566		ſ	Clier	it Cont	act: Donald Ashton	 				_
		}				□ Date	Extracted: 10	/12/00		
			Clien 	t P.O:		Date	Analyzed: 10/	13.10/	1000	
EPA method 8260			Vola	tile O	ganics By GC/MS			13-1W	18/00	_
Lab										
Clie	nt ID				50212					_
Map	ìх				B-5@5					-
Compound			Remo	rung Lans	<u> </u>					
	Con	centration*	W		Compound		Concentration*	Каро	tong Limit	-
Acctone (b)	1	001>QN	5.0	+ <u>s</u>			CONCERNATION	W	1 5	_
Benzene	 	ND	1.0		LEGODIONOLOGICAL	2	ND	1.0	5.0	_
Bromobenzene	-	ND	1.0		T and one aminimize		ND	1.0	5.0	
Bromochloromethanc	1	ND	1.0		1		ND	1.0	5.0	_
Bromodichloromethane	1	UN	1.0	5.0			ND	5.0	25	-
Bromoform	1	ND	1.0	5.0	- I and the title the		ND	10	5.0	٦
Bromomethanc	1	ND	1.0	5.0	[supropy]henzenc		ND	1.0	5.0	4
n-Butyl benzene		ND	1.0	5.0	p-Isopropyl toluene	I	ND	1.0	5.0	┪
see-Butyl benzene		ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketune (4) Methylene Chloride(e)		ND ND	1.0	5.0	٦
tert-Butyl benzene		ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone	[ND<10	1.0	5.0	┪
Carbon Disulfide		ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (F)		ND	2.0	10	7
Carbon Tetrachlonde		ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (M		ND	1.0	5.0	1
hlorobenzene Chloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthalene	(186)	13	1.0	5.0	1
		NI)	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene		ND	5.0	5.0	1
-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether ^{ie)}		ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene (E)		ND	1.0	5.0	7
hloromethane		ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	+	ND ND	1.0	5.0]
-Chiorotoluene		ND	0.1	5.0	1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0]
-Chlorotoluene		ND	1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene		ND ND<25	1.0	5.0]
ibromochloromethane		ND	1.0	5.0	Tolucne 37	- -	ND ND	1.0	5.0	ļ
,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		ND	1.0	5.0	1.2.3-Trichlorobenzenc		ND	5.0	5.0	ļ
bromomethane		ND	2.0	10	1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene	_	ND	5.0	25	ı
2-Dichlorobenzene		ND D	1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Tricklorocthane	- +	ND	1.0	25 5.0	ı
3-Dichlorobenzene		ND -	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0	
4-Dichlorobenzene		VD -	1.0	5.0	Trichlomethene		ND	1.0	5.0	
ichtorodifluoromethane		VD -	1.0	5.0	Inchlorofluoromethane		ND	1.0	5.0	
l-Dichloroethane		lo	1.0		1.2.3-Trichloropropane		ND	1.0	5.0	
2-Dichloroethane		(D	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	\Box	ND	1.0	5.0	
l-Dichloroethene		D di	1.0	5.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0	
i-1,2-Dichinmethene		D -	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acetate (iii) Vinyl Chloride (iii)		ND	5.0	25	
ns-1,2-Dichloroethene	N	ט	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total		ND	1.0	5.0	
2-Dichloropropane	N	u	1.0	5.0	Comments:		ND	1.0	5.0	
-Dichloropropane			1.0	5.0						
- International Company						40 Dan-	A AMERICAN			
-Dichloropropane	Ñ		1.0		Dibromoflus	IC NECO	veries (%)			
-Dichloropropane -Dichloropropene -1,3-Dichloropropene		ח	1.0 1.0	5.0 5.0	Dibromofluoromethane Toluene-d8	ic Reco	veries (%)	119		

¹⁰² water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

⁽b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-hutanone; (g) 4-methyl-2pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n)



Clayton Group Services

6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216

Pleasanton, CA 94566

Client Project ID: #70-01369.01;
Shamrock Ford

Client Contact: Donald Ashton

Date Sampled: 10/12/00

Date Received: 10/12/00

Client Contact: Donald Ashton

Date Extracted: 10/12/00

Client P.O:

Date Analyzed: 10/13-10/18/00

Volatile Organics By GC/MS

EPA method 8260 Lab ID				50215			_
Client			-	B-6@5*			
Matrix				S			
		Reporten	Limit	Compound	Concentration*	Reporting	Linnat
Compound	Concentration*	W	S	Compound	Concentration	W	S
Acetone (6)	ND<100	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0
Renzenc	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.
Bromochioromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	5.0	2:
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	ludomethane	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromotorm	ND	1.0	5.0	isopropylbenzene	ND	1.0	S.
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	p-Isopropyl toluene	ND	1.0	5.0
n-Butyl benzenc	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl buryl ketone (6)	ND	1.0	5.
see-Buty! benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chlorideles	ND<10	1.0	5.
tert-Butyl benzene	ND.	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone 10	ND	2.0	16
Carbon Disulfide	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (8)	NĎ	1.0	5.
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	ND	1.0	5.
Chinrobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthalene	ND	5.0	5
Chloroethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzenc	ND	1.0	5.
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Etheriti	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene (1)	ND	1.0	5.
	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,12-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	5
Chloroform	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachlorocthane	ND	1.0	5
Chloromethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene	ND<25	1.0	5
2-Chlorotolucne	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene m	ND	1.0	5
4-Chlorotoluene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1 2
Dibrumochloromethane	ND	2.0	10	1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	1 2
1,2-Dibromo-3-chioropropane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichlomethane	ND	1.0	5
Dibromoniethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	1.1.2-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	5
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene	ND	1.0	1 5
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND -	1.0	5.0	Inchlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	1 3
1,4-Dichlorohenzenc		1.0	5.0	1.2.3-Trichloropropane	ND	1.0	1 5
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	1 3
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND			1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	1 3
1,2-Dichlorochane	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acetate (in)	ND	5.0	
1,1-Dichloroethene	KD	1.0		Vinyl Chloride (a)	ND	1.0	1
cis-1,2-1)ichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0		ND ND	1.0	+
traits-1,2-Dichloroethene	dи	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total	<u> </u>		
1.2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Comments:	lecoveries (%)		
1,3-Dichloropropone	ND	1.0	5.0	,	CESOVETNES (74)		114
2,2-Dichloropropanc	ND	1.0	5.0	Dibromofluoromethane		1	100
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene-d8		i	112
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	4-Bromotluorobenzene			

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L.

DHS Certification No. 1644

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

⁽b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropytacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vo). % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) seetic acid ethenyl ester, (n) chloroethone; (o) dimethylbenzenes.



110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553-5560 Telephone: 925-798-1620 Fax: 925-798-1622 http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Clayton Group Services			Client Project ID: #70-01369.01;				Date Sampled: 10/12/00				
6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216		Sha	ımrock	Ford		Date R	Date Received: 10/12/00				
Pleasanton, CA 94566	Pleasanton, CA 94566		ent Co	ntact:]	Donald Ashton	Date E	xtracted: 10/12/	00			
Client P.C						Date A	nalyzed: 10/13	-10/18/	00		
		Vo	datile	Organ	nics By GC/MS	<u>.</u>	المستناقين المستن				
EPA method 8260											
Lab ID					50218						
Client I	D				B-7@5						
Matrix					S						
Compound	Concentratio		Reporting	Limit	Compound		Concentration*	Reporting	_		
Compound	CORGIGADO	" 「	W	S	Compound			W	S		
Acetone (b)	ND<100	7	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloroprop	enė	ND	1.0	5.0		
Benzenc	ND		1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide		ND	1.0	5.0		
Hromobenzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0		
Brumochloromethane	ND		1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene		ND	5.0	25		
Brumodichluromethane	ND		1.0	5.0	lodomethanc		ND	1.0	5.0		
Bromoform	ND		1.0	5.0	Isopropylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.0		
Bromomethane	ND		1.0	5.0	p-Isopropyl toluene		ND	1.0	5.0		
n-Butyl benzene	ND	_	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone 143		ND	1.0	5.0		
sec-Butyl benzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride "		ND<10	1.0	5.0		
tert-Butyl benzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketonc "		ND	2.0	10		
Carbon Disulfide	ND		1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone	up	ND	0.1	5.0		
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	\neg	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ethe		ND	1.0	5.0		
Chlorobenzenc	ND		1.0	5.0	Naphthalenc		ND	5.0	5.0		
Chloroethane	ND	-1	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene		ND	1.0	5.0		
2-Chloroethy) Vinyl Etherici	ND		1.0	5.0	Styrenc (4)		ND	1.0	5.0		
Chloroform	ND		1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroeth	ane	ND	1.0	5.0		
Chloromethane	ND		1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-1 ctrachioroeth	ane	ND	1.0	5.0		
2-Chlorotoluene	ND		1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene		ND<25	1.0	5.0		
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	\neg	1.0	5.0	Tolucne (III	·	ND	1.0	5.0		
Dibromochloromethanc	ND		1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzen	e _	ND	5.0	25		
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	NU	\neg	2.0	10	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzen	e	מא	5.0	25		
Dibromomethane	ND		1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		ND	1.0	5.0		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND		1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichkoroethane		ND	1.0	5.0		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ИИ		1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene		ND	1.0	5.0		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Trichlomfluoromethan		ND	1.0	5.0		
Dichlorodifluoromethanc	טא		1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropun		ND	1.0	5.0		
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	j	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzer		ND	1.0	5.0		
1,2-Dichloroethanc	ND		1.0	5.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzer	10	ND	1.0	5.0		
1,1-Dichloroethene	סא	7	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acetate (m)		ND	5.0	25		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (8)		ND	1.0	5.0		
trans-1,2-Dichlorocthene	ND		1.0	5.0	Xylenes, tota) 10!		ND	1.0	5.0		
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND		1.0	5.0	Comments:						
1_3-Dichioropropane	GN		1.0	5.0	1	- +	ecoveries (%)				
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND		1.0	5.0	Dibromofluoromethan	e			16		
1,1-Dichioropropene	ND		1.0	5.0	Toluene-d8			1	9R		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND		1.0	5.0	4-Bromofluorobenzen	e		1 1	08		

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L.

DHS Certification No. 1644

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

⁽b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes. Edward Hamilton, Lab Director

110 2nd Avenuc South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553-5560
Telephone: 925-798-1620 Fax: 925-798-1622
http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: mam@mccampbell.com

Clayton Group Services	Client Project ID: #70-01369.01;	Date Sampled: 10/12/00
6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216	Sharnrock Ford	Date Received: 10/12/00
Pleasanton, CA 94566	Client Contact: Donald Ashton	Date Extracted: 10/12/00
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 10/13-10/18/00

Volatile Organics By GC/MS

Lab ID				50221			
Client				B-8@5'			
Matrix				S			
Compound	Concentration*	Reporung Limit		Compound	Concentration*	Reporting	Lionait s
	Concentration :	W	S	Composite		W	S
Acetone (6)	ND<100	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0
Benzenc	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide	מא	1.0	5.0
Bromebenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadienc	ND	5.0	25
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	lodomethanc	NO	1.0	5.0
Bromoform	ND	1.0	5.0	lsopropylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	p-Isopropyl toluene	ND	1.0	5.0
n-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone [4]	ND	1.0	5.0
sec-Butyl benzenc	ND	1.0	5.0	Msthylene Chloride(C)	ND<10	1.0	5.0
tert-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone ²¹³	UN	2.0	2
Carbon Disultide	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (8)	ND	1.0	5.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	ND	1.0	5.0
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthalene	ND	5.0	5.0
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzenc	ND	1.0	5.6
2-Chlomethyl Vinyl Ether (c)	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrenc ^(k)	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloroform	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0
2-Chlorotolucne	ND	1.0	5.0	fetrachlorocthene	ND<25	1.0	5.0
4-Chiorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene (1)	ND	1.0	5.
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ИD	5.0	2:
1.2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	2.0	10	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	2:
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichloruethanc	ND	1.0	5.
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1.2.3-Trichloropropune	ND	1.0	5.
1.1-Dichloroethanc	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-l'rimethy/benzene	ND	1.0	5.
1.2-Dichioroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.
1.1-Dichlorocthene	ND	1.0	5.0	Viny! Acetate Imi	ND	5.0	2
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene	NU	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (n)	ND	1.0	5.
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	ND	10	5.0	Xylenes, total Tol	ND	1.0	5.
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Comments:			
1.3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Surrogate F	tecuveries (%)		
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Dibromofluoromethane		1	11
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene-d8	<u>.</u>		99
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	4-Bromofluorobenzene	**	1	07

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L.

DHS Certification No. 1644

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

⁽b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than -5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluied due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (i) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.

Carbon Tetrachluride

2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether"

Chlorobenzene

Chloroethane

Chloroform

Chioromethane

2-Chlorotoluenc

4-Chlorotoluene

Dibromomethanc

1.2-Dichlomhenzene

1.3-Dichlorobenzenc

1,4-Dichlorobenzene

1.1-Dichloroethane

1,2-Dichloroethane

1.1-Dichloroethene

cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

1,2-Dichleropropane

1.3-Dichloropropane

2,2-Dichloropropane

1,1-Dichloropropene

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

Dichlorodifluoromethanc

Dibromochloromethane

1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane

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McCAMPBELL ANALYTICAL INC.

110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553-5560 Telephone: 925-798-1620 Fax: 925-798-1622 http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Clayton Group Services 6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216 Pleasanton, CA 94566		Clic	Client Project ID: #70-01369.01;				Date Sampled: 10/12/00				
				k Ford		Date Received: 10/12/00					
		Clie	ent Co	ntact:	Donald Ashton	Date Extracted: 10/12/00					
,			ent P.	O:		Date Analyzed: 10/13-10/18/00					
		Vo	olatile	Organ	nics By GC/MS		 				
EPA method 8260											
Lab ID					50224						
Client ID			B-9@6'								
Matrix					S						
Compound	Concentration	n+	Reporting		Сотроила		Concentration*	Reputing	Linna S		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			W	S			ND	1.0	5.0		
Acetone (6)	ND<100		5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloropropo	ne .			5.0		
Benzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide		ND	1.0	5.0		
Bromobenzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene		ND	1.0			
Bromochloromethane	ND		1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene		ND	5.0	25 5.0		
Bromodichloromethane	ND	L	1.0	5.0	Iodomethanc		ND	1.0			
Bramoform	עא		1.0	5.0	Isopropylbenzene		ND	1.0	5.		
Bromomethane	מא		1.0	5.0	p-Isopropyl toluene		ND	1.0	5.		
n-Butyl benzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (6)		ND	1.0	5.		
sec-Butyl benzenc	ND		1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride ^(t)		ND<10	1.0	5.		
tert-Butyl benzene	ND		1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone (1)		ND	2.0	10		
Carbon Disulfide	ND		1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone		ND	1.0	5.		
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND		1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	(MTBE)	ND	1.D	5.		

Naphthalenc

Styrene (k)

Toluene"

n-Propyl benzene

Tetrachioroethene

1,1,1,2-Tetrachioroethane

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethanc

1.2.3-Trichlorobenzene

1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

1,1,2-Trichlomethane

Trichloroflumumethane

1,2,3-Trichloropropane

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene

Dibromofluoromethane

4-Bromofluorobenzene

Trichloroethene

Vinyl Acetate [m]

Vinyl Chloride (a.

Xylenes, total

Comments:

Toluenc-d8

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

ND<10

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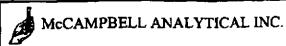
5.0

(b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (l) 2-hutanone; (g) 4-methyl-2pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than -5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chlomethene; (a) dimethylbenzenes.

DHS Certification No. 1644

Edward Hamilton, Lab Director

Surrogate Recoveries (%)



	Voletile Opponies Bu CC/MS	
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 10/13-10/18/00
Pleasanton, CA 94566	Client Contact: Donald Ashton	Date Extracted: 10/12/00
6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216	Shannock rold	Date Received: 10/12/00
Clayton Group Services	Client Project ID: #70-01369.01; Shamrock Ford	Date Sampled: 10/12/00

Lab ID				50225							
Client			B-9@16								
Matrix				Š							
		Reporting	g Lenet		Concentration*	Reporting Lame					
Compound	Concentration*	W	S	Compound	Concentration	W	S				
Acetone (b)	ND<100	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0				
Benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide	ND	1.0	5.0				
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0				
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	5.0	25				
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	iodomethane	ND	1.0	5.0				
Bromoform	ND	1.0	5.0	Isopropylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0				
Bromomethanc	ND	1.0	5.0	p-Isopropy) tolucne	ND	1.0	5.0				
n-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone (d)	ND	1.0	5.0				
sec-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloridetel	N()<10	1.0	ă				
tert-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone (1)	- סא	2.0	Ξ				
Carbon Disultide	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone 18	ND	1.0	S .				
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tort-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	ND	1.0	5.				
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthalone	ND	5.0	5.				
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzenc	ND	1.0	5.				
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether(e)	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene (t)	ND	1.0	5.				
Chloruform	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	5				
Chioromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachlomethane	ND	1.0	5				
2-Chlorololuene	ND	1.0	5.0	Tetrachloroethene	ND<25	1.0	5				
4-Chlorotoluenc	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene (c)	ND	1:0	5				
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	2				
1.2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	2.0	10	1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	2				
Dibromomethans	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethanc	ND	1.0	5				
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	5				
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene	ND	1.0	5				
1.4-Dichlorohenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	5				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	0.0	1.5				
1.1-Dichlorocthane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0					
1.2-Dichlorocthanc	ND	1.0	5.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	.5				
1.1-Dichloroethene	ИΝ	1.0	5.0	Vmyl Acctate (m)	ND	5.0	1 -				
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (*)	ND	1.0	5				
traits-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total (0)	ND	1.0	_ 5				
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	5.0	Comments:							
1,3-Dichlorupropane	ND	1.0	5.0		lecoveries (%)						
2.2-Dichloropropanc	ND	1.0	5.0	Dibromofluoremethane			04				
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene-d8			96				
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0	4-Bromofluorobenzene 129			129				

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLF / SPLP extracts in ug/L

DHS Certification No. 1644

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

⁽b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than -5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylhenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) ethloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.



110 2nd Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553-5560
Telephone: 925-798-1620 Fax: 925-798-1622
http://www.mecampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Clayton Group Services	Client Project ID: #70-01369.01;	Date Sampled: 10/12/00
6920 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 216	Shamrock Ford	Date Received: 10/12/00
Pleasanton, CA 94566	Client Contact: Donald Ashton	Date Extracted: 10/12/00
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 10/13-10/18/00

Volatile Organics By GC/MS

Lab ID				50227							
Client	ID	B-10@5°									
Matrix				S							
		Reporting Limit		Compound	Concentration*	Reporting Lam					
Compound	Concentration*	W	S	Conspound	Concessination	W	Ş				
Acetone (b)	ND<100	5.0	25	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	5.0				
Benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylene dibromide	ND	1.0	5.0				
Bromobenzane	ND	1.0	5.0	Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.0				
Bromothloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	DИ	5.0	25				
Bromodichioromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	Indomethane	ND ND	1.0	5.0				
Bromoform	ND	1.0	5.0	isopropyibenzene	ND	1.0	5.0				
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	p-Isopropyl tolucne	ND	1.0	5.0				
n-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl butyl ketone 40	ND	1.0	5.6				
sec-Butvi benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methylene Chloride(e)	ND<10	1.0	5.0				
tert-Butyl benzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl ethyl ketone (6)	ND	2.0	10				
Carbon Disulfide	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl isobutyl ketone (4)	ND	1.0	5.0				
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	5.0	Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	ND_	1.0	5.				
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Naphthaicne	ND	5.0	5.				
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	n-Propyl benzene	ND _	1.0	5.5				
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether ^(c)	ND	1.0	5.0	Styrene (k)	ND	1.0	5.				
Chloroform	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	5.				
Chloromethans	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachlorocthanc	ND	1.0	5.0				
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	l'etrachloroethene	ND<25	1.0	5.0				
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	5.0	Toluene (I)	ND	1.0	5.				
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1.2.3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	2				
1.2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	2.0	10	1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.0	2:				
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	3.				
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	1.1.2-Trichloroethane	ND_	1.0	5.				
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichloroethene	ND	1.0	5.				
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	5.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropenc	ND	1.0	5.				
1.1-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5				
1.2-Dichlorocthane	ND	1.0	5.0	1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	5.				
	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Acetate (m)	ND	5.0	2				
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Vinyl Chloride (*)	ND	1.0	5				
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Xylenes, total (e)	ND	1.0	5				
trans-1,2-Dichloroethenc	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Comments:							
1,2-Dichloropropane		1.0	5.0		lecoveries (%)						
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND ND	1.0	5.0	Dibromofluoromethane		1 1	05				
2,2-Dichloropropanc	ND			Toluene-d8			95				
951132,1-Dichloropropene cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND ND	1.0	5.0	4-Bromofluorobenzene			132				

water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, soil and studge samples in ug/kg, wipes in ug/wipe and all TCLP / SPLP extracts in ug/L

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

(b) 2-propanone or dimethyl ketone; (c) (2-chloroethoxy) ethene; (d) 2-hexanone; (e) dichloromethane; (f) 2-butanone; (g) 4-methyl-2-pentanone or isopropylacetone; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than -5 vol. % sediment; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content; (k) ethenylbenzene; (l) methylbenzene; (m) acetic acid ethenyl ester; (n) chloroethene; (o) dimethylbenzenes.

DHS Certification No. 1644

